# BEAMON'S RUN BUFFER AND WETLAND RESTORATION SITE (BARNHILL FARM) MONITORING REPORT (2011)

Greene County, North Carolina EEP Project No. 24



Prepared for: North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1652



Status of Plan: Final Project Planted: 2000 Data Collected: 2011 Submission Date: November 2011

## Monitoring Firm:



Stantec Consulting Services Inc 801 Jones Franklin Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27606

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### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The purpose of Beamon's Run Riparian Wetland and Buffer Restoration project is to improve water quality by providing a more ecologically effective and efficient riparian buffer. The establishment and protection of a vegetated buffer along the floodplain of any stream provides a number of benefits, which include streambank stability from mature root systems, in-stream shade from the overhanging leaf canopy, organic detritus that fuels food chains, habitat and travel corridors for native wildlife species, and filtering of sediments and other potential pollutants from surface and subsurface flow (NCSRI, 2003). The natural riparian buffer along the project's section of Beamon's Run had been disturbed by past agricultural practices and portions of it had been used as a tire dump. The tires and associated debris were removed and the buffer was planted with native wetland species to restore functionality to the buffer. The primary objective of the project was to protect and improve water quality by removing and transforming pollutants with buffers and wetlands.

The goals as listed in the NC Wetlands Restoration Program (WRP) Project Summary were to:

1. Restore agricultural land to riparian buffer to increase removal of nutrients

### 2. Improve wildlife habitat

The conservation easement of the project is made up of two tracts: Tract A encompasses 47.53 acres along the right bank of Beamon's Run (including a 2.11 acre open pit area); Tract B encompasses 32.38 acres along the left bank of Contentnea Creek. Beamon's Run is a warm water stream in the Neuse River Basin of the Coastal Plain region in Greene County, North Carolina. Site investigation and design services were provided by PBS&J, Inc. The records available at this time indicated that construction and the bulk of the planting at the site occurred over the winter of 2000. Using the 2000 as-built plan, areas that did not appear to contain any of the planted species, were outside the 200' buffer limit, or exhibited a much older mature plant community were excluded from the monitoring effort. Based on the revised areas, the project consists of 10.001 acres of Neuse River riparian buffer restoration, 195 feet of streambank stabilization, and 0.15 acres of wetland restoration.

No monitoring plan was originally prepared for this site and no monitoring program began at this site when construction was completed. NCSU staff from the Biological and Agricultural Engineering Department and the Water Resources Research Institute made an initial monitoring visit on October 14, 2003. They compiled the first monitoring report submitted in March of 2004. In 2009, Stantec began monitoring the site's vegetation. Monitoring in 2011 revealed that 6 of the 12 plots (50%) of plots meet planted success requirements, however, 83% of the plots have >320 planted and volunteer native hardwood stems per acre. It is difficult to discern the exact reasons for poor planted species survival in the vegetation plots and elsewhere on the site since it has been 11 years since vegetation installation.

During the initial assessment conducted in March 2011, several beaver dams were observed on-site near vegetation plots 3, 8A, and 12A. Despite the presence of the beaver dams no recent signs of beaver activity were observed in the vegetation plots. It was also noted during the initial assessment that vegetation in areas that had been previously mowed and/or damaged by beavers appears to be regenerating. Plants that were resprouting from stumps as well as numerous small saplings of desired species were observed.

The annual vegetation monitoring occurred on August 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>, 2011 and found that little change has occurred over the past year at Beamon's Run. The beaver dams are still in place near vegetation plots 3, 8A, and 12A with no recent beaver damage in the vegetation plots. There was some minor damage to vegetation outside the vegetation plots that occurred from strong winds. This wind damage occurred near vegetation plots 7, 8A, 9, and 10; however the only vegetation plot impacted was vegetation plot 7. Vegetation plot 7 had a tree (outside the plot) fall into the plot and on top of two planted stems, both stems are still alive and should recover without incident (see Photo 7). Areas that were previously mowed continue to regenerate, except for a small strip (~1 m wide) parallel to the farm path and inside the easement that extends approximately from vegetation plot 8A to vegetation plot 10. This area appears to have been sprayed with some type of herbicide, but did not negatively impact any vegetation plots or planted areas. Common invasives onsite still include Lespedeza and Japanese honeysuckle but have not expanded since 2010 and do not seem to be a major concern for desirable vegetation establishment. Lespedeza occurs along the field edges while Japanese honeysuckle is prevalent across the entire site. A few areas, particularly in the eastern portions of the site, the honeysuckle is dense and could cause problems in the future. Currently the invasives are not affecting planted woody vegetation. It is recommended that the invasives continued to be monitored for potential issues in the future.

Credit is not being sought for the stream stabilization or wetland restoration conducted for the project. Therefore, as per NCEEP, no stream assessment or hydrologic monitoring took place at the Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site.

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly Restoration Plan) documents available on NCEEP's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from NCEEP upon request.

### 1.0 Methodology

Vegetation onsite was first visually assessed to determine the general areas of viable planted vegetation. Using the 2000 as-built plan, areas that did not appear to contain any of the planted species, were outside the 200' buffer limit, or exhibited a much older mature plant community were excluded from the monitoring effort. These areas are shown on the maps in Appendix B. The 200' buffer was taken from the normal edge of the surface water.

Twelve vegetative sample plots were randomly selected using GIS and established within the project easement in 2009. The plots were quantitatively monitored during the 2011 growing season on August 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup>, 2011. Species composition, density, and survival were observed during the site visit. The Carolina Vegetation Survey (CVS, 2008) methodology was utilized for vegetative monitoring. Level 2 (planted and natural stems) methodology was completed on all monitored plots. It must be noted that due to the age of the planted species, in some plots, it was difficult to distinguish planted species from volunteers during the 2009 monitoring effort. However, best professional judgment along with knowledge of project planting zones by species enabled vegetation data to be collected. The planted vegetation zones included oak mix, longleaf pine, river birch, and cypress.

The vegetative success criteria are based on the North Carolina rule 15A NCAC 2B 0242 Neuse River Basin: Nutrient Sensitive Waters Management Strategy: Mitigation Program for Protection and Maintenance of Existing Riparian Buffers (2000). The final vegetative success criteria will be the survival of 320 planted native hardwood stems per acre after 5 years. As per NCEEP, the cypress wetland area was only monitored for vegetation within the 200' riparian buffer, and not wetland hydrology. Streams were also not monitored as part of this project.

### 2.0 References

Lee, Michael T., R. K. Peet, S. D. Roberts, and T. R. Wentworth. 2008. *CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2* (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm).

NCEEP. 2010. Procedural Guidance and Content Requirements for EEP Monitoring Reports. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, NC. Version 1.3 January 15, 2010.

NCSRI. 2003. *Stream Restoration – A Natural Channel Design Handbook*. North Carolina Stream Restoration Institute. Raleigh, NC.

NC Administrative Code: 15A NCAC 2B 0242, Neuse River Basin: Nutrient Sensitive Waters Management Strategy: Mitigation Program for Protection and Maintenance of Existing Riparian Buffers, Raleigh, NC. 2000.

# **Project Vicinity Map and Background Tables** Appendix A.

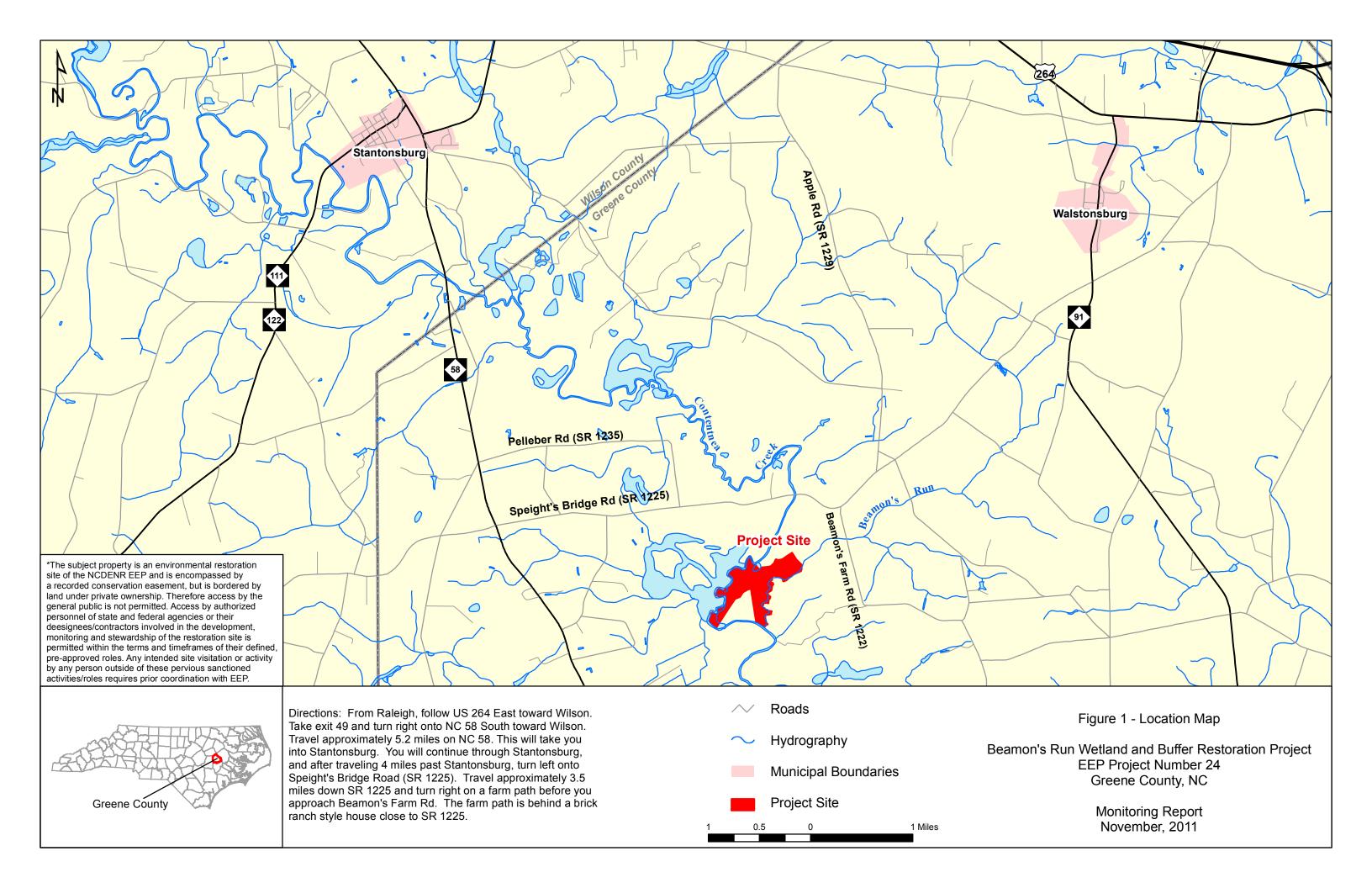


	Table 1a. Project Components										
	Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site/EEP Project No. 24										
Reach ID	Existing Feet/Acres	Type	Approach	Footage or Acreage	Stationing	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Units	Comment			
Riverine Wetland			Prepare and plant					Cypress community near Contentnea Creek. Credit not being sought for wetland			
Restoration (ac)	0.15	R	wetland areas	0.15				restoration.			
Neuse Riparian Buffer Restoration (lf)	10.00	R	Prepare and plant buffers	10		1:1	10.00	Within 200' buffer along both Beamon's Run and Contentnea Creek			
Streambank Stabilization (lf)	195	S	Construction and installation of brush mattresses for bank stabilization	195				In three areas along both Beamon's Run and Contentnea Creek. Credit not being sought for stream stabilization.			
R = Restoration S = Stabilization											

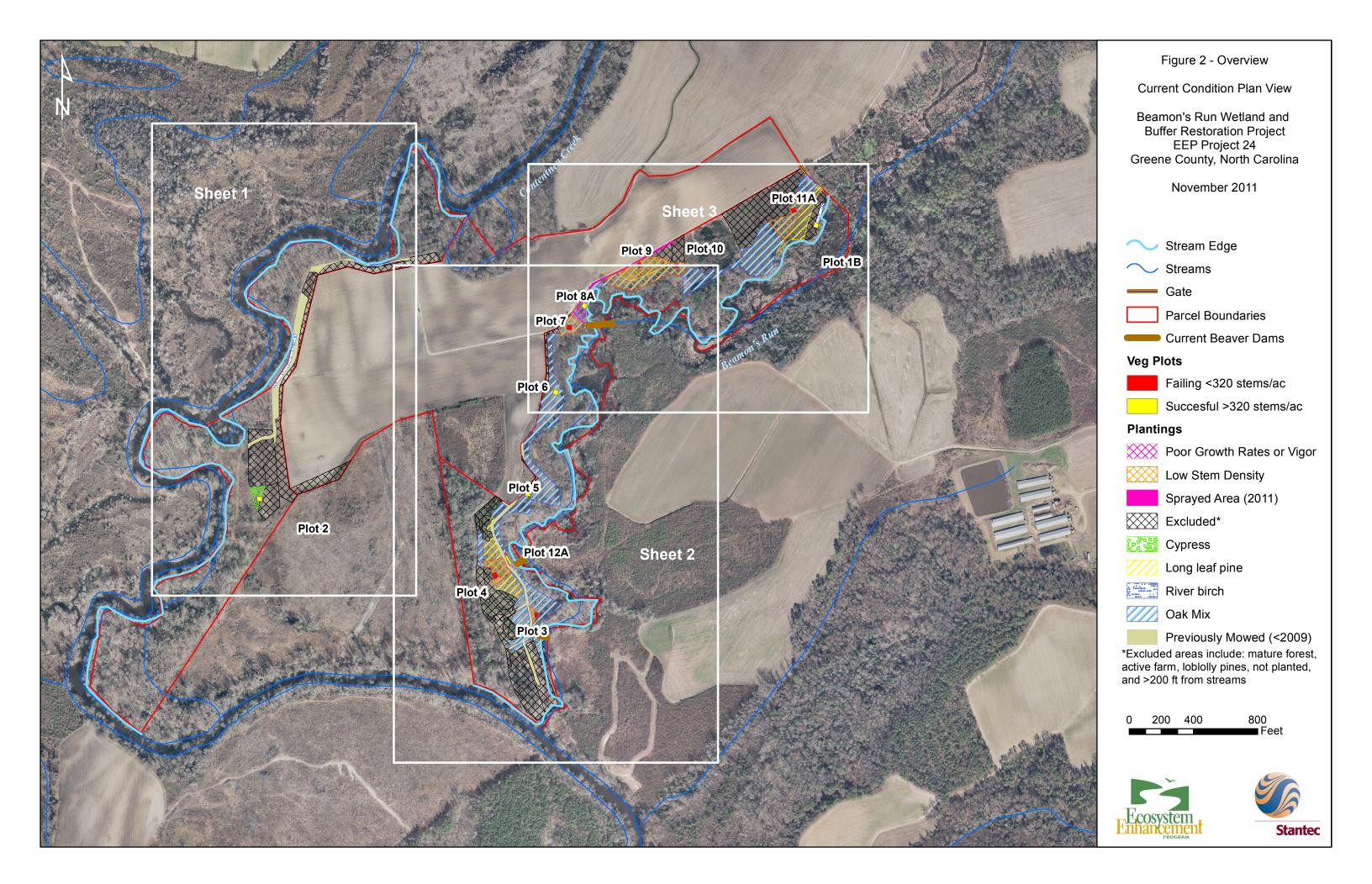
		Ta	able 1b. Compo	nent Summations						
Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site/EEP Project No. 24										
Restoration Level	Stream (lf)	Riparian W	Vetland (Ac)	Non-Riparian (Ac)	Upland (Ac)	Buffer (Ac)	BMP			
		Riverine	Non-Riverine							
Restoration						10.00				
Enhancement										
Enhancement I										
Enhancement II										
Creation										
Preservation										
HQ Preservation										
Totals						10.00	BMP Count			
MU Totals						10.00				
	= Non-App	olicable								

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History											
Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site/EEP Project No. 24											
Activity or Deliverable	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery									
Restoration Plan	unknown	unknown									
Final Design - 90%	unknown	unknown									
Construction	2000	2000									
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area	2000	2000									
Permanent seed mix applied to entire project area	2000	2000									
Bare Root Seedling Installation	2000	2000									
Mitigation Plan / As-built (Year 0 Monitoring - baseline)	May, 2000	May, 2000									
Final Report	unknown	unknown									
Monitoring Report (NCSU)	Mar, 2004	Mar, 2004									
Monitoring Report (Stantec) 2009	Dec, 2009	Dec, 2009									
Monitoring Report (Stantec) 2010	Oct, 2010	Nov, 2010									
Monitoring Report (Stantec) 2011	Aug, 2011	Nov, 2011									

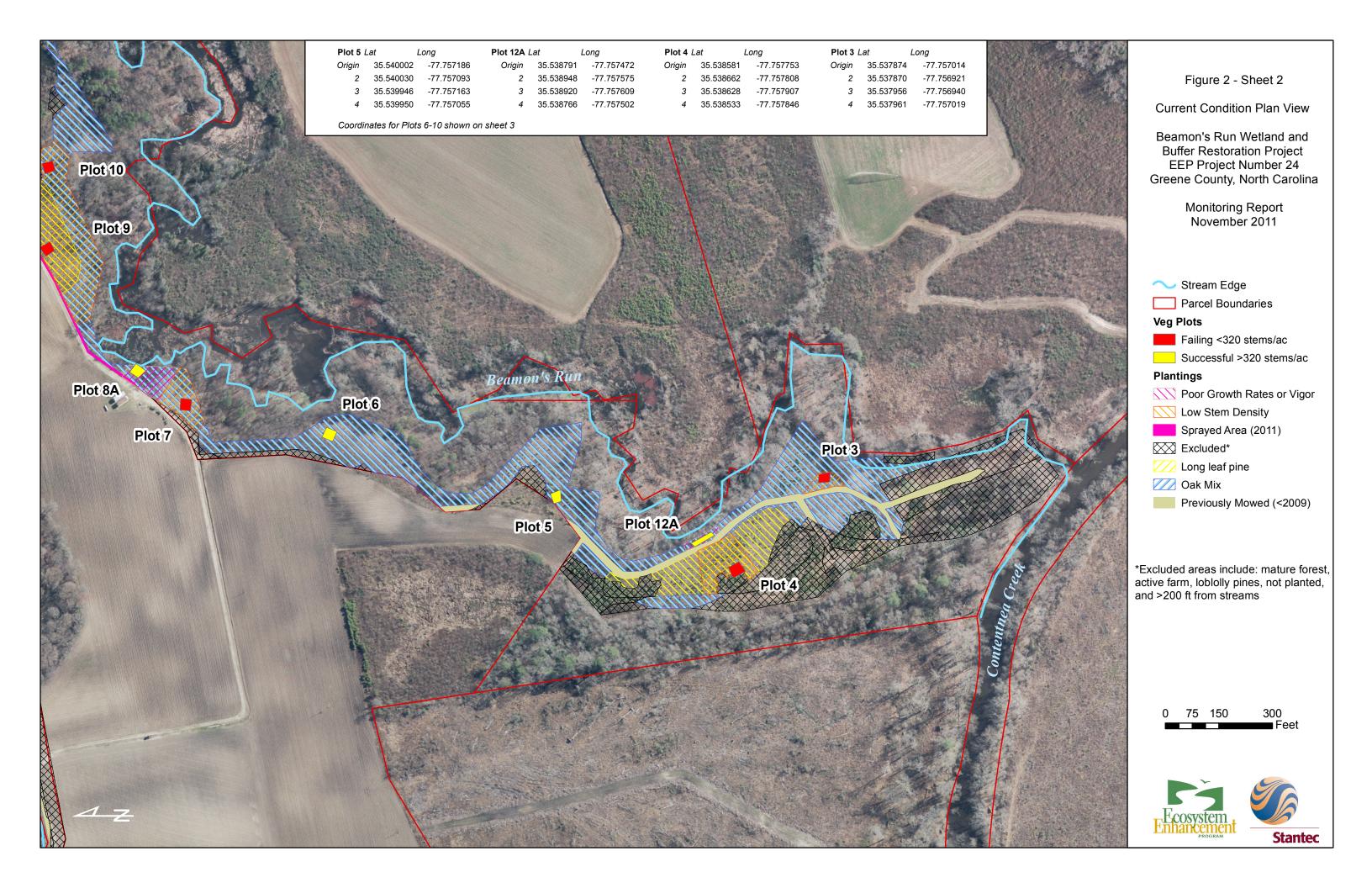
Table 3.	Project Contacts Table
Beamon's Run Buffer and W	etland Restoration Site/EEP Project No. 24
Designer	PBS&J
	1616 East Millbrook Road
	Suite 310
	Raleigh, NC 27609
Construction Contractor	unknown
Planting Contractor	unknown
Seeding Contractor	unknown
Seed Mix Sources	unknown
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Denton's Nursery (longleaf)
	3535 NC 42 West
	Wilson, NC 27893
	NC Division of Forest Resources (bare roots)
	762 Claridge Nursery Road
	Goldsboro, NC 27530
Monitoring Performers (2003)	NCSU BAE Dept & Water Quality Group
	Campus Box 7637
	Raleigh NC 27695
	(919) 515-8240
Monitoring Performers (2009 -	Stantec Consulting Services, Inc.
2010)	801 Jones Franklin Road, Ste 300
	Raleigh, NC 27606
Vegetation Monitoring POC	Larry Hobbs (919)851-6866
	Amber Coleman (919)851-6866

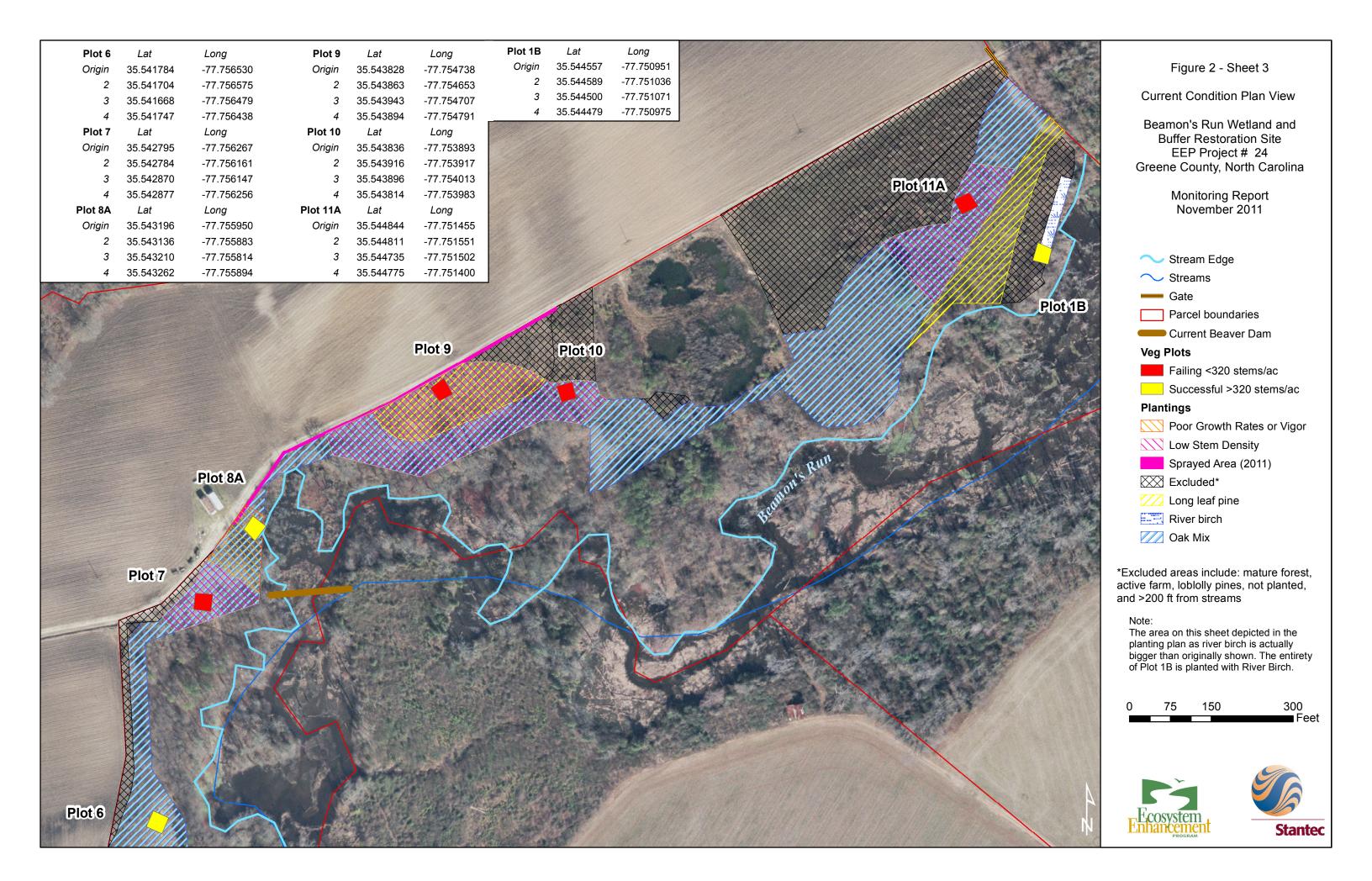
Table 4 . Project A	Attributa Tabla
Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland R	
Dealholl's Rull Bullet and Wettand R	
Project County	Greene
Physiographic Region	Coastal Plain
Ecoregion Ecoregion	Southeastern Floodplains and Low Terraces
Project River Basin	Neuse
USGS HUC for Project (14 digit)	03020203050010
NCDW Q Sub-basin for Project	03-04-07
Within Extent of EEP Watershed Plan?	No
WRC Class (Warm, Cool, Cold)	Warm
% of project easement fenced or demarcated	Field edges demarcated
Beaver activity observed during design phase?	U
beaver derivity observed during design phase.	
Restoration Compone	ent Attribute Table
	Buffer, Wetland, and Stream
Drainage Area	8.5 sq mi
Stream Order	3rd order
Restored length (feet)	N/A
Perennial or Intermittent	Perennial
Watershed type (Rural, Urban, Developing, etc)	Rural
NCDWQ AU/Index number	27-86-13
NCDWQ Classification	C SW NSW
303d listed?	No
Upstream of a 303d listed segment?	No
Reasons for 303d listing or stressor	N/A
Total acreage of easement	79.9
Total vegetated acreage within the easement	79.9
Total planted acreage as part of the restoration	24.5
Rosgen classification of pre-existing	N/A
Rosgen classification of As-built	N/A
Valley type	N/A
Valley slope	N/A
Valley side slope range	N/A
Valley toe slope range	N/A
	PFO1A - Palustrine, Forested, Broad-leaved
	deciduous, temp. flooded (dominant
Cowardin Classification	classification)
Trout waters designation	N/A
Species of concern, endangered etc.? (Y/N)	U
Dominant soil series characteristics	
Series	Kenansville fine sand
Depth	>72 inches
Clay %	7
	0.1
T	5 tons/acre/year

# Appendix B. Visual Assessment









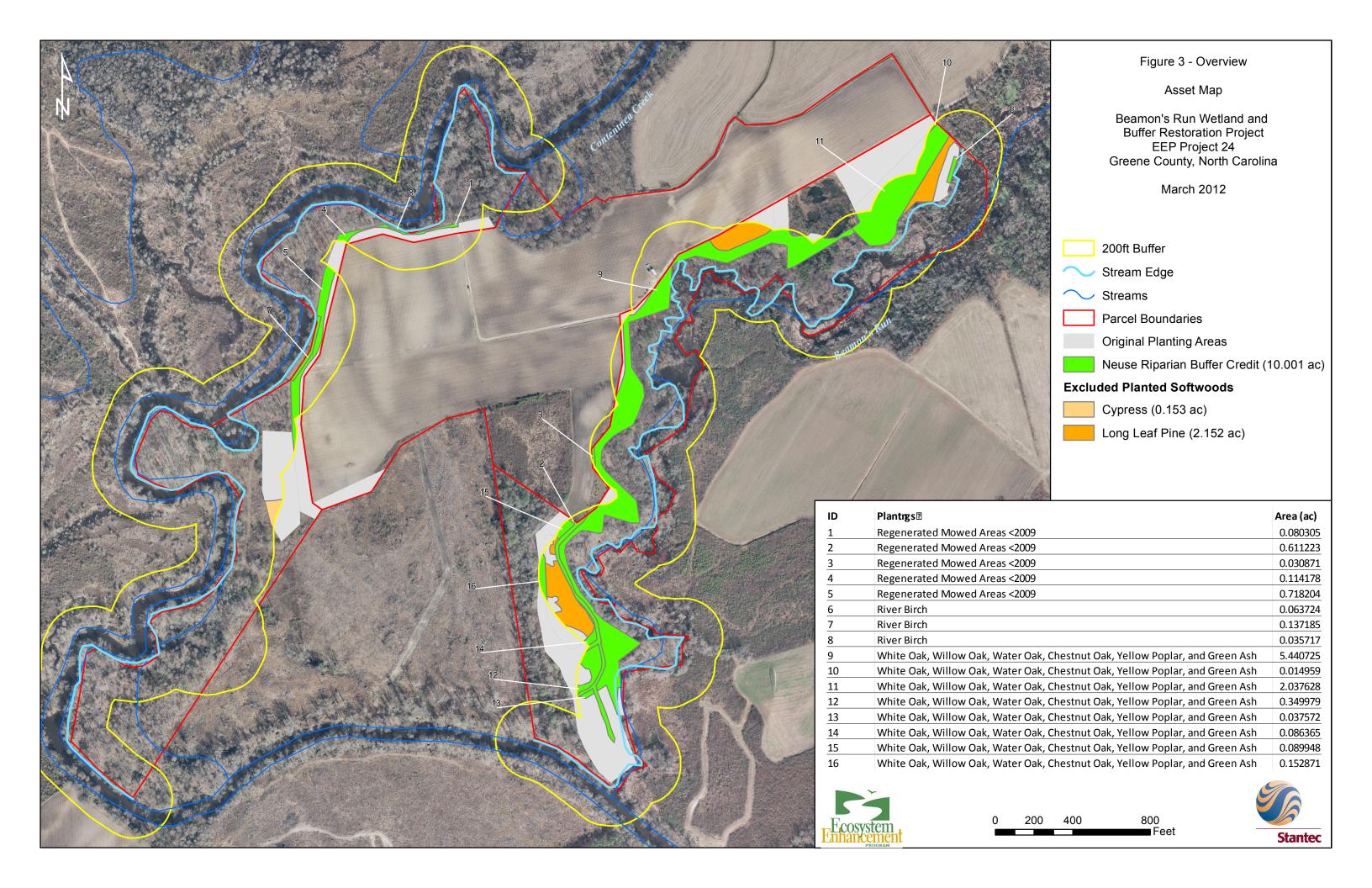


	Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assess	ment	•		
	Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site	EEP Project No. 24			
Planted acreage	16.9				
					% of
			Number of	Combined	Planted
Vegetation Category	Definitions	CCPV Depiction	Polygons	Acreage	Acreage
1. Bare Areas (sprayed areas)	Very limited cover of woody material	Magenta polygon	1	0.06	0.4%
	Woody stem densities below target levels for stem	Orange hatched			
2. Low Stem Density	count success criteria	polygons	5	2.52	14.9%
		Total	6	2.58	15.3%
	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are	Pink hatched			
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	obviously small given the monitoring year	polygons	2	0.27	1.6%
		Total	8	2.85	16.9%
Easement acreage	79.9				
					% of
			Number of	Combined	Planted
Vegetation Category	Definitions	CCPV Depiction	Polygons	Acreage	Acreage
4. Invasive areas of concern		None	0	0	0.0%
5. Encroachment areas	Mowed areas prior to 2009	Beige polygons	4	1.64	9.7%

### **Vegetation Plot Photos**



**Photo Station 1** – Vegetation Plot 1B



**Photo Station 2** – Vegetation Plot 2



**Photo Station 3** – Vegetation Plot 3



**Photo Station 4** – Vegetation Plot 4



**Photo Station 5** – Vegetation Plot 5



**Photo Station 6** – Vegetation Plot 6



**Photo Station 7** – Vegetation Plot 7



**Photo Station 8** – Vegetation Plot 8A



**Photo Station 9** – Vegetation Plot 9



**Photo Station 10** – Vegetation Plot 10



**Photo Station 11** – Vegetation Plot 11A



**Photo Station 12** – Vegetation Plot 12A

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# Appendix C. Vegetation Plot Data

Table	7. Veg Plot Criteria Attainr	nent							
Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site/EEP Project No. 24									
	Vegetation Survival								
Vegetation Plot ID	Threshold Met?	Tract Mean							
VP1B	Y (688)								
VP2	Y (405)								
VP3	N (202)	50%							
VP4	N (0)								
VP5	Y (445)								
VP6	Y (567)								
VP7	N (81)								
VP8A	Y (526)								
VP9	N (0)	(337 stems/acre)							
VP10	N (162)								
VP11A	N (81)								
VP12A	Y (728)								

Table	8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata
	and Wetland Restoration Site/EEP Project No. 24
Report Prepared By	Alex Baldwin
Date Prepared	10/10/2011 11:15
·	
database name	Stantec_Beamon2011_A_MTLFixed.mdb
database location	U:\175613003\Beamon\project\site_data\cvs
computer name	BALDWINA
file size	34480128
ine size	34400120
DECORPTION OF WORKSHEETS	
DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHEETS	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a
Metadata	summary of project(s) and project data.
Netauata	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for
Proj, planted	each year. This excludes live stakes.
1 10J, panieu	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each
	year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all
Proj, total stems	natural/volunteer stems.
	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live
Plots	stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
	List of most frequent damage classes with number of
Damage	occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species
Planted Stems by Plot and Spp	for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species
	(planted and natural volunteers combined) for each plot; dead
ALL Stems by Plot and spp	and missing stems are excluded.
PROJECT SUMMARY	
Project Code	BR
project Name	Beamon's Run Restoration Project
Description	
River Basin	Neuse
length(ft)	
stream-to-edge width (ft)	
area (sqm)	
Required Plots (calculated)	
Sampled Plots	0

														Ta	able 9. C	VS Stem Cou	nt Total	and Plai	nted by Plot	and Spe	cies															$\top$		
														Beam	on's Ru	n Buffer and	Wetland	Restora	ation Site/EE	P Proje	ct No. 24																	
																Curre	nt Plot D	ata (MY	10 2011)																Annual N	leans		$\overline{}$
			EBF	R-AC/N	J-11A	EBR-	AC/NJ	I-12A	EBF	R-AC/NJ	I-8A	EBR-LH/AC	-0002	EBR-LH/A	C-0003	EBR-LH/A	C-0004	EBR-	LH/AC-0005	EBR-	-LH/AC-0006	EBR-	-LH/AC-1B	EB	R-LH/RA-	0007	EBR-LI	1/RA-00	09	BR-LH/RA	A-0010	MY	/10 (201	1)	MY9 (20	J10)	MY8 (20	.009)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P-all	T	PnoLS P-al	Т	PnoLS P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all T	Pnol	S P-all	т Р	noLS P	-all T	Pr	oLS P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all 1	Г	PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS P-all	Т
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree																																				1
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree			5			3			15						130	o	20	o				86					3		17			279		98		114.2
Baccharis halimifolia		Shrub			2																1			4										7		11		22
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree																			6	17	17	17								17	17	23	17 1	.7 39	17 1	17 52
Carpinus	hornbeam	Tree																																				1
Carpinus caroliniana	american hornbeam	Tree						9																							2			11		12		9
Chamaecyparis thyoides																								2										2				
Crataegus	hawthorn	Tree																																		4		5
Crataegus monogyna		Tree		1									4			1		1																5				
Fraxinus pennsylvanica		Tree	1	1	1			1	7	7	8	2 2	2 2					1	1	1 1	1 1			1							1	11	11	13	11 1	.1 13	11 1	11 13
Ilex decidua	possumhaw	Shrub	1	1	1			9								i			1	5				1										26		27		19
llex opaca	american holly	Tree	1	1	2			1										5		1	2			3								1		14		11		9
Ligustrum sinense		Exotic	1										1											2										3		4		3
Liguidambar styraciflua		Tree	1		4			5			31						25	5		9	1			18		3			2		27			125		93		108.5
'		Tree	1		1			_					1											4										5		3		5
Mimosa		Exotic	1										1													1								1				
Morella cerifera		Shrub	1		1								1											2										3		2		2
Nyssa biflora	. ,	Tree	1										1																							1		1
Nyssa sylvatica		Tree									1					1																		1				+
Pinus palustris	0-	Softwood Tree			1											1	1 1			1							3	3	3			4	4	5	4	4 5	4	4 4
Pinus taeda	<u> </u>	Softwood Tree			6			1					2			3	50	)		2	13								1		2			80	-	44		45.5
Prunus serotina		Tree						1					_				50				10										_			1		2		1
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree		, :	2 2	1	1	1	1	1	3			2	2	,		7	7 4	) 4	4 4				2 2	2				1	1 3	20	20	57	19 1	9 49	20 2	20 78
Quercus falcata		Tree	1 -	1	-				-		J				1			t			1 1				1					1			20	3,	- 23			1
Quercus lyrata		Tree														1 1								-												1		+ -
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak															1 1				6	6 6			-					2			6	6	8	6	6 8		1
Quercus montana		Tree	1											1		1		1		<del>                                     </del>				-								Ŭ	Ü			-	6	6 6
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	1	+	1	16	16	47	4	Δ	6		2			1 1				1										2	2 2	22	22	62	22 2	2 37	24 2	24 31
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree				1	1	1	1	1	1	8 9	3 14	3	3	3	10	3	3 1	2 3	3 3			10					1	1	1 1	20	20	56		0 36		20 38
Quercus rubra		Tree	t	1							1	,	14			1	10		J 1.		41	l l		10					1	_	1 1	20	20	43	20 2	49		46
Salix nigra		Tree	1	$\dagger$	<b>†</b>								1		1					t	71			1			-		1		1			1		1	-+	2
Toxicodendron radicans		Vine	t	1									1		1					1		l l		1							1			-		+ +		300
Unknown	unknown	unknown	t	1	1								1		1					1		l l		1										1		+		300
Vaccinium		Shrub		1	1			1					1		-	1	+	1		1	<del>                                     </del>	1		1			-+				+			1		+ +	-+	+
v accomuni	J. GEDETTY	Stem coun		, .	2 14	18	18	69	13	13	66	10 10	22	5	5	5 0	0 175	11	11 8	3 14	14 64	17	17	138	2 2	5	0	0	9	4	4 53	96	96	704	95 9	5 457	98 9	98 522.7
		size (ares	1	1	14	10	1	, 03	13	1	- 50	10  1	·	1	ا ا	1			1	1 14	1	1/	1	.55	<u> </u>		٧,	1		1	-1 33	, ,,,,	12	704	11		12	
		size (ACRES		0.02		1	0.02			0.02		0.02		0.0		0.0		1	0.02	1	0.02		0.02	-	0.02			0.02	-	0.02		1	0.30	-	0.27		0.30	
		Species coun	1	1	1 5	2	2.02	1 9	Δ	Δ.02	2	2 2	) 4	2	2		0 5	3	3	5 4	4 8	1	1	6	1 1	2	0	0.02	5	3	3 7	6	6.50	16		6 17		6 20
		Stems per ACRE	80.9/	1 80 9/	1 566 6	728 4	728 4	2792	526 1	526.1	2671	404.7 404.7	7 890 3	202.3 202	3 242	3 0	0 7082	445 2	445.2 3359	566.6	566.6 2590	688	688 5!	585 80.9	4 80.94	202.3	0	0 3	64 2 1	51.9 161.	9 2145	323.7	323.7	2374	Ü	U 1/	330.5 330.	
		*Only includes		_		_	,20.4	2,32	520.1	320.1	20,1	.54.7 404.1	050.5	202.3 202	.5 2-72.0	1 9	5 ,002	775.2	. 15.2 333	500.0	230.0 2330	000	555 5.	,00.0		202.3	J	0 3	U 1.2 1	,1.5 101.	2143	323.7	323.7	23,4	5.5.5 545.	, 1001	555.5 550.	5 1705

# Appendix D. Stream Survey Data

No stream assessment took place at the Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site

# Appendix E. Hydrology Data

No hydrologic monitoring took place at the Beamon's Run Buffer and Wetland Restoration Site.	