# UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO BEAR SWAMP CREEK STREAM RESTORATION SITE

2007 Annual Monitoring Report (Year 5)

Franklin County
EEP Project No. 27
Design Firm: Arcadis G&M of North Carolina, Inc.



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Prepared for: NCDENR/ ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

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#### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Unnamed Tributary (UT) to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") was constructed for the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP) to provide compensatory stream mitigation in the Tar/Pamlico River Basin. This stream restoration project is located on an unnamed tributary to Bear Swamp Creek at the Murphy Hay Farm just north of the Town of Louisburg. This project involves the permanent exclusion of cattle from the stream, stabilization of eroding stream banks, installation of cross-vane structures for habitat, and the planting of a forested riparian buffer.

The following report summarizes the monitoring activities that have occurred in the past year (the fifth year of project monitoring) at the Site. Site construction began and was completed in July 2002. As-built surveys for the Site were performed in August 2002. First year monitoring was conducted in September 2003, and has continued through the current fifth year of monitoring. The Site must demonstrate vegetative criteria success and a stable restored stream channel for a minimum of five years or until the Site is deemed successful. The following paragraphs summarize the results of the 2007 year monitoring.

#### **Vegetation Monitoring**

Vegetation monitoring for Year 5 was performed based on the Carolina Vegetation Survey (CVS) Levels 1 and 2 (Lee et al. 2006). CVS methodology determines density and survival of planted species, and individuals resulting from natural regeneration. Plot locations are consistent with previous years and plot size consists of 5m x 20m. Based on recommendations by EEP, Plot 4 was not surveyed in the current monitoring Year 5. The taxonomic standard for vegetation follows *Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and surrounding areas* (Weakley, 2007).

Vegetation success criteria for the forested riparian restoration areas are based on a minimum survival of 260 stems per acre of planted species at the end of Year 5. Volunteer woody vegetation will also be included in the survivability calculations. Based on the fifth year surveys, the average count of the surviving planted species is 293 stems per acre. If volunteer species are included, the total number of stems increases to 8690 stems per acre. The Site meets and exceeds the established success criteria for vegetation based on the survival of the planted species.

The apparent cause of mortality for some planted species is competition from fast-growing woody species, principally *Pinus taeda*, and from large herbs such as *Sorghum halapense*, *Solidago* sp., and *Eupatorium capillifolium*. Other early successional species in abundance on the site include red maple (*Acer rubrum*) and sweet gum (*Liquidambar styraciflua*). The heavy loblolly pine colonization is a continuing nuisance as pines compete with the more desirable species for light and nutrients. Drought conditions ranging from moderate to extreme have afflicted Franklin County for the duration of the growing season and may be responsible for some species mortality.

## **Stream Enhancement Monitoring**

Success criteria for the restored stream reach has been established to confirm that no significant changes have occurred to the dimension, pattern, profile, and bed material over the 5-year monitoring period. Location surveys of the constructed features were conducted to verify the performance of the stream. A total station survey was performed to describe the stream longitudinal profile and five permanent stream

cross-sections (3 riffles and 2 pools). A modified Wolman pebble count and assessment of the constructed features was also undertaken.

Overall, the stream channel bed form is stable. However, many of the grade control structures (rock vanes) in the stream have failed which has led to low to moderate bed degradation immediately behind these structures. Of the twenty-four rock vanes that were installed, sixteen are not performing their intended function. Three vanes have water piping through or behind the structure, six have filled in with sediment and have become obsolete, and the remaining seven are flooded from beaver dams throughout the lower portion of the Site. A total of eight beaver dams were observed within the UT to Bear Swamp Creek and significant impoundments have formed behind them. One beaver dam, constructed at the upstream culvert invert, posed a potential flood hazard to the Murphy Hay Farm driveway. In late 2007, beaver trapping and removal was carried out at the Site to prevent offsite flooding, continued negative impacts to the stream, and potential nuisance impacts to the adjacent landowners.

Based on the cross-sections and visual observations, the channel dimensions have not changed significantly. The stream was designed as a B5c (step-pool) stream (Rosgen 1996), which provides a sand bed channel with moderate entrenchment and a moderate width-depth ratio. During the current survey, bankfull indicators continue to be found at a significantly lower elevation than those described by the designer. The current classification measurements also exhibit a very low width-depth ratio and entrenchment consistent with an E-channel. Pebble counts show no significant change to the channel substrate which is composed primarily of sand and fine gravel.

#### 2.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

#### 2.1 LOCATION AND SETTING

The Site is located north of Louisburg in Franklin County, NC, immediately south of West Dyking Road (SR 1235) at the Murphy Hay Farm (Figure 1, Appendix A). From Raleigh follow Highway 401 north to Louisburg. Approximately one mile past the Highway 561 split in Louisburg take a left onto West Dyking Road. The Murphy Hay Farm will be approximately one mile on your left. The entrance to the stream restoration area is accessed by several cattle gates located along an electrified fence. The stream restoration reach begins approximately 460 feet upstream of the driveway crossing and ends approximately 775 feet downstream.

#### 2.2 RESTORATION STRUCTURE AND OBJECTIVES

Approximately 1400 linear feet of an Unnamed Tributary (UT) to Bear Swamp Creek were identified on the 32-acre Murphy Hay Farm. The stream had severely degraded and eroded significantly due to past vegetation removal and the unrestricted access of cattle. The torrential rain events associated with Hurricanes Fran and Floyd provided the final impetus for restoration work. The stream originates at a pond approximately 500 feet east of West Dyking Road and 1000 feet east of the project. Land use in the watershed consists of agriculture, pasture, forest, and single-family residential.

The design of the new stream included both Priority II and III stream restoration. The degraded F5 and G5c stream types were restored to a B5c (Rosgen 1996). Approximately 664 linear feet of new channel was constructed; and 771 linear feet of stream was stabilized in-place. Approximately 800 tons of rock was used to construct 24 rock vanes throughout the reach (Figure 2-1, 2-2, 2-3, Appendix A). The vanes were designed to improve hydraulic flow and reduce shear stress. The vanes were to provide bed stabilization and improved stream habitat by creating pools. The steep, eroded banks were graded back and expanded to increase the entrenchment ratio. Root wads were also installed to provide bank protecting and additional habitat diversity. Approximately 2.4 acres of riparian vegetation was also established along the restored channel in Zone 1 (inner 30 feet) of the Tar/Pamlico Riparian Buffer. This riparian buffer zone has been fenced to exclude cattle. Site construction began and was completed in July 2002. Project monitoring began the next year in September 2003.

The objective of this project is to restore habitat and water quality to the restored reach and the Tar-Pamlico River Basin as a whole. By stabilizing the streambed and banks, the restoration will improve water quality by reducing the amount of sediment contributed to the watershed. Exclusion of cattle and establishment of a permanent riparian buffer should further help reduce sediment and nutrient input. The newly established riparian buffer will provide shade, thereby reducing water temperatures, and increase habitat and food for wildlife.

UT	Exhibit Table I. Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27											
Project Segment or Reach ID	Restoration Type	Approach	Linear Footage or Acreage*	Stationing	Comments							
Reach 1	R	P2/P3	780 linear feet	Exact locations unknown								
Keach 1	EII	SSS	600 linear feet	Exact locations unknown								
Riparian Vegetation Re-establishment	R		2.4 acres	N/A								

<sup>\*</sup>Linear footage values in the table are from the current year's survey. Linear footage values provided in the project's Mitigation Plan are 780 linear feet of restoration and 680 linear feet of stabilization – reaches are not distinguished on figures or in text narrative

R = Restoration P2 = Priority II P3 = Priority III

SSS = Stream Bank Stabilization EII = Enhancement II

## 2.3 PROJECT HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

Exhibit Table II. Project Act	ivity and Reporting H	istory	
UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Re	estoration Site / EEP P	roject No. 27	
		Data	Actual
	Scheduled	Collection	Completion
Activity Report	Completion	Complete	or Delivery
Restoration Plan	NA*	NA*	NA*
Final Design (90%)	NA*	NA*	NA*
Construction	NA*	NA*	July 2002
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area	NA*	NA*	NA*
Permanent seed mix applied to reach/segments	NA*	NA*	NA*
Bare Root Seedling Installation	NA*	NA*	NA*
Mitigation Plan	NA*	NA*	April 2003
Minor repairs made filling small washed out areas			May 2003
Final Report	NA*	NA	July 2003
Year 1 Vegetation Monitoring	NA*	Fall 2003	Jan 2004
Year 1 Stream Monitoring	NA*	Sept 2003	Jan 2004
Year 2 Vegetation Monitoring	NA*	NA*	NA*
Year 2 Stream Monitoring	NA*	NA*	NA*
Year 3 Vegetation Monitoring	Dec 2005	Oct 2005	Dec 2005
Year 3 Stream Monitoring	Dec 2005	Nov 2005	Dec 2005
Year 4 Vegetation Monitoring	Dec 2006	Nov 2006	Dec 2006
Year 4 Stream Monitoring	Dec 2006	Nov 2006	Dec 2006
Year 5 Vegetation Monitoring	Dec 2007	Sep 2007	Dec 2007
Year 5 Stream Monitoring	Dec 2007	Sep 2007	Dec 2007

<sup>\*</sup>NA – Historical project documents necessary to provide this data were unavailable at the time of this report submission.

Exhibit Table III. Project Contacts								
UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27								
Designer	Mr. Robert Lepsic							
	801 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 300							
Arcadis G&M of North Carolina, Inc. (ARCADIS)	Raleigh, NC 27607							
	(919) 854-1282							
Construction Contractor	130 Penmarc Drive, Suite 108							
	Raleigh, NC 27603-2434							
SEI Environmental, Inc.								
Planting Contractor	2889 Lowery Street							
	Winston Salem, NC 27101							
North State Environmental, Inc.	(336) 725-2010							
Seeding Contactor	NA*							
NA*								
Seed Mix Sources	NA*							
Nursery Stock Suppliers	NA*							
Monitoring Performers	EcoScience Corporation							
	1101 Haynes Street, Suite 101							
	Raleigh, NC 27604							
	(919) 828-3433							
Stream Monitoring POC	Jens Geratz							
Vegetation Monitoring POC	Elizabeth Scherrer							

<sup>\*</sup>NA – Historical project documents necessary to provide this data were unavailable at the time of this report submission.

Exhibit Table IV. Project Background								
UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27								
Project County	Franklin							
Drainage Area	0.26 square miles							
Impervious cover estimate (%)	<1 percent							
Stream Order	1st order							
Physiographic Region	Piedmont							
Ecoregion (Griffith and Omernik)	Northern Outer Piedmont							
Rosgen Classification of As-built	B5c							
Cowardin Classification	Stream (R3UB2)							
Dominant soil types	Wake-Saw-Wedowee Complex (WaB)							
	Wedowee (WeB, WeC)							
	Wake-Wateree-Wedowee Complex (WbD)							
Reference Site ID	000543201A							
USGS HUC for Project and Reference	03020101040010							
NCDWQ Sub-basin for Project and Reference	03-03-01							
NCDWQ classification for Project and Reference	WS-IV, NSW							
Any portion of any project segment 303d listed?	No							
Any portion of any project segment upstream of a 303d	No							
listed segment?								
Reasons for 303d listing or stressor	N/A							
Percent of project easement fenced	30-foot buffer fenced around entire reach							

# 3.0 PROJECT MONITORING AND RESULTS

## 3.1 VEGETATION ASSESSMENT

## 3.1.1 Soil Data

Exhibit Table V. Preliminary Soil Data UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27								
Series	Max Depth (in.)	% Clay on Surface	K	Т	OM %			
Wake-Saw-Wedowee Complex (WaB)	32	3-20	0.15-0.28	1-4	0.5-3			
Wedowee (WeB, WeC)	32	5-20	0.24-0.28	4	0.5-3			
Wake-Wateree-Wedowee Complex (WbD)	54	2-20	0.15-0.28	1-4	0.5-3			

# 3.1.2 Vegetation Problem Areas

	Exhibit Table VI. Vegetative Problem Areas								
UT	UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27								
Feature / Issue	Station # / Range	Probable Cause	Photo #						
Inconing Donaletions	Throughout, but especially at	loblolly pine (Pinus taeda): seeding	1 and 2						
Invasive Populations	Vegetation Plot 1	from adjacent stands	(Appendix B)						

#### 3.1.3 Stem Counts

Vegetation monitoring for Year 5 was performed based on the Carolina Vegetation Survey (CVS) Levels 1 and 2 (Lee et al. 2006). Plot locations are consistent with previous years and plot size remained 5m x 20m. Based on recommendations by EEP, Plot 4 was not surveyed in the current monitoring year. Stem counts were conducted for all woody species, including volunteer species. The taxonomic standard for vegetation follows *Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and surrounding areas* (Weakley, 2007). An inventory of planted species is given in Table VIIa, while volunteer species are listed in Table VIIb. Photos of vegetation problem areas and vegetation plots can be found in Appendix B.

Exhibit Table UT to Bear						-			
Species		Pl	ots		Year 2 Totals <sup>1</sup>	Year 3 Totals	Year 4 Totals	Year 5 Totals	Survival %
	1	2	3	5					
Shrubs									
Tag alder									
(Alnus serrulata)					0	0	0	0	
Silky dogwood									
(Cornus amomum)	1				13	12	1	1	8
Winterberry									
(Ilex verticillata)					0	0	0	0	
Black willow <sup>2</sup>									
(Salix nigra)	7	1			19	29	7	8	42
Elderberry									
(Sambucus Canadensis)					0	0	0	0	
Trees									
River birch									
(Betula nigra)	9				0	6	13	9	N/A
Ironwood									
(Carpinus caroliniana)					1	0	0	0	0
Green ash									
(Fraxinus pennsylvanica)		6			8	8	7	6	75
Black walnut									
(Juglans nigra)		2			3	3	2	2	66
Red mulberry									
(Morus rubra)					1	0	0	0	0
Hophornbeam									
(Ostrya virginiana)			1		5	0	2	1	20
Swamp chestnut oak									
(Quercus michauxii)	1			1	3	5	3	2	66
Cherrybark oak									
(Quercus pagoda)					1	0	2	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Initial Totals for planted species within vegetation plots are not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Species not found on initial survey. Current individuals are volunteers.

A total of 29 stems of planted species were counted in the four plots. Stem density per acre for Plots 1, 2, 3, and 5 are 728, 364, 40, and 40 stems per acre. The average density for planted species in all plots is 293 stems per acre, which exceeds the established success criteria of 260 stems per acre for vegetation at year 5.

Silky dogwood and elderberry have survived and grown on moister and more exposed sites on the stream banks, but have largely been out-competed in the drier upland sites where the vegetation plots are located. Survival of tag alder, winterberry, ironwood, red mulberry, and cherrybark oak appears to have been very poor. The apparent cause of mortality for these species is competition from fast-growing woody species, principally loblolly pine, and from large herbs such as Johnson grass (*Sorghum halapense*), goldenrod (*Solidago* sp.), and dog fennel (*Eupatorium capillifolium*). Drought conditions may have also contributed to poor survival throughout the Site.

Exhibit Table VIIb. Stem Counts for Volunteer Species Arranged by Plot UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27								
UT to Dear Sw	amp Cr		ani Kesu lots	oration s	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Species	1	2	3	5	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals
Boxelder (Acer negundo)	1	2		1	0	3	3	4
Red maple (Acer rubrum)	44			3	51	73	23	47
Eastern baccharis								
(Baccharis halimifolia)		4			0	2	8	4
Sugarberry ( <i>Celtis laevigata</i> )					0	2	0	0
Persimmon								
(Diospyros virginiana)					0	1	1	0
Easter red cedar								
(Juniperus virginiana)				1	0	0	1	1
Sweetgum								
(Liquidambar styraciflua)	15			50	20	26	39	65
Tulip poplar								
(Liriodendron tulipifera)	1			1	7	2	3	2
Loblolly pine (Pinus taeda)	395	107	54	57	250	547	654	613
Sycamore								
(Platanus occidentalis)					0	1	0	0
Black cherry (Prunus serotina)		1		8	0	5	12	9
Winged sumac (Rhus copallina)					1	0	0	0
Smooth sumac (Rhus glabra)	44				2	43	0	44
Winged elm ( <i>Ulmus alata</i> )	23				0	41	11	23
Possumhaw (Viburnum nudum)					0	3	1	0
Chinese privet (Ligustrum sinense)		1			0	0	1	1

A total of 813 stems of volunteer species were counted in the four plots. Density per acre for Plots 1 through 5 is 21,165, 4,654, 2,185, and 4,897 respectively, with an average of 8,225 volunteer woody stems per acre. Density for Plots 1 through 5, including planted and volunteer species, is 21,894, 5,018, 2,226, and 4,937 respectively, with an average of 8519 stems per acre.

Aggressive recruitment of *Pinus taeda* continues at the Site, especially at the northeastern end (Appendix B). A mixed pine-hardwood woodlot near this area provides a nearby source of pine propagules. The northeastern end of the Site, near Plot 1, also features abundant *Rhus* shrubs, principally *Rhus glabra*. While these are abundant, they do not generate the dense shade found under pine saplings. The unbranched stems and weak vegetative growth result in an open understory where grasses and herbs flourish.

An informal inventory of herbaceous species on the site was also taken. Dominant herbaceous species over the Site as a whole are listed below:

long-stalked aster (Symphyotrichum dumosum)
beggar ticks (Bidens frondosa)
Indian strawberry (Potentilla indica)
purple coneflower (Echinacea purpurea)
bottlebrush grass (Elymus hystrix)
dog fennel (Eupatorium capillifolium)
Joe Pye weed (Eupatorium fistulosum)
narrowleaf sunflower (Helianthus angustifolius)
Japanese honeysuckle (Lonicera japonica)

pokeweed (Phytolacca americana) smartweed (Persicaria sp.) curly dock (Rumex crispus) horse nettle (Solanum carolinense) goldenrod (Solidago sp.) Johnson grass (Sorghum halapense) poison ivy (Toxicodendron radicans) ironweed (Vernonia sp.)

## 3.2 STREAM ASSESSMENT

#### 3.2.1 Bankfull Events

	Exhibit Table VIII. Verification of Bankfull Events UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27								
Date of Data Collection									
08/28/2007	July 2007	Crest Gauge (Water level was 6-8 inches above bankfull)	7 (Appendix C)						

#### 3.2.2 Bank Stability Assessment

	Exhibit Table IX. BEHI and Sediment Export Estimates UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27														
Time	Segment/	Linear			Ve	ery									Sediment
Point	Reach	Feet	Ext	reme	Hi	gh	Hi	gh	Mo	derate	Lo	w	Very 1	Low	Export
			ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	Ft	%	Tons/year
Year 5	Reach 1														
	Above	463.3							20	4			443.3	96	3.4
	Road														
Year 5	Reach 2														
	Below	916.7							20	2			896.7	98	6.2
	Road														

## 3.2.3 Stream Problem Areas

# Exhibit Table X. Stream Problem Areas UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27

Feature Issue	Station Numbers	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Vane 2, filled in		Low slope, excess sediment	8**
Vane 3, structure failure		Piping, steep vane arms	
Vane 4, filled in		Low slope, excess sediment	
Vane 5, filled in		Low slope, excess sediment	
Vane 6, structure failure		Piping, steep vane arms	
Vane 8, structure failure		Piping, steep vane arms	
Vane 11, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	9**
Vane 14, filled in		Low slope, excess sediment	
Vane 15, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	
Vane 16, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	
Vane 17, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	
Vane 18, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	
Vane 19, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	
Vane 20, flooded		Beaver dam downstream of structure*	
Vane 22, filled in		Low slope, excess sediment	
Vane 24, filled in		Low slope, excess sediment	

<sup>\*</sup> Beaver trapping and removal was carried out at the Site in late 2007.

A stream problem area plan view and photos of problem areas are provided in Appendix C

Exhibi	it Table XI. Ca	tegorical Stre	am Feature Vis	sual Stability A	Assessment	
UT to	o Bear Swamp	Creek Stream	Restoration Si	te / EEP Proje	ect No. 27	
		Segment/Re	each: 1,380 fee	t		
Feature	Initial	MY-01*	MY-02*	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
A. Riffles	100%	NA	NA	80%	80%	84%
B. Pools	100%	NA	NA	91%	91%	100%
C. Thalweg	100%	NA	NA	88%	88%	100%
D. Meanders	100%	NA	NA	77%	77%	100%
E. Bed General	100%	NA	NA	95%	95%	99%
F. Rock Vanes	100%	NA	NA	82%	71%	77%
G. Root Wads	100%	NA	NA	86%	86%	88%

<sup>\*</sup>NA – Historical project documents necessary to provide this data were unavailable at the time of this report submission.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Photos are representative of similar stream problem areas at other vanes

				Exhibit	Table XII. Baseline Morphology and Hydraulic Summary	I. Baseli	ine Morp	hology 8	and Hyd	raulic St	ımmary	1						
				to bear	O I to bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / E.F. Project No. 2/ 1,380 linear feet	Creek S	tream Kestorau 1,380 linear feet	estoratio ear feet	n Site / 1	SEF FFO	Ject No.	/ 7						
Parameter	OSG	USGS Gage Data**	ata**	Reg I	Regional Curve Interval**	rve	Pre-Exis	Pre-Existing Condition*	dition*	Proje	Project Reference Stream*	suce		Design*		7	As-built*	
Dimension	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med
BF Width (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.7	NA	NA	NA	11.0	11.8	11.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	8.1	10.7	9.6
Floodprone Width (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	V/N	N/A	NA	NA	NA	25.5	0.08	40.6	14.0	22.0	18.0	11.4	19.0	13.5
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.5	NA	NA	NA	10.3	14.0	12.1	8.6	9.8	8.6	8.1	10.7	9.3
BF Mean Depth (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0	NA	NA	NA	6.0	1.2	1.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	6.0	1.0	1.0
BF Max Depth (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	1.9	2.4	2.1	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.6
Width/Depth Ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.7	NA	NA	NA	11.0	11.8	10.7	12	12	12	8.2	11.4	10.0
Entrenchment Ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	2.2	2.4	2.3	1.4	2.2	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8
Wetted Perimeter(ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.7	NA	NA	NA	13.2	14.0	13.6	11.6	11.6	11.6	1.01	12.7	11.6
Hydraulic radius (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.0	NA	NA	NA	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7	8.0	8.0	8.0
Pattern																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	0.9	8.0	7.0	20.0	0.08	37.0	5.5	82.5	31.3
Radius of Curvature (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	63.0	390.0	240.0	55.0	342.0	199.0	11.0	221.0	77.8
Meander Wavelength (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	21.0	88.0	46.0	18.0	77.0	40.0	42.4	236.9	121.3
Meander Width ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	0.5	0.7	9.0	2.0	8.0	3.7	0.6	8.6	3.3
Profile																		
Riffle length (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Riffle slope (ft/ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	0.001	0.14	0.04	0.0015	0.132	0.067	0.0026	0.0238	0.0108
Pool length (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	7.0	13.0	9.3	6.0	11.0	8.0	3.9	30.6	11.1
Pool spacing (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	22.0	0.69	42.0	19.0	61.0	37.0	31.7	115.5	53.5
Substrate																		
d50 (mm)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	3	3	3	0.2	0.2	0.2	6.0	0.4	0.4
d84 (mm)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NA	NA	49.7	49.7	49.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	16	16	16
Additional Reach Parameters																		
Valley Length (ft)		N/A			N/A			NA			NA			1,300			1,300	
Channel Length (ft)		N/A			N/A			NA			NA			1,435			1,435	
Sinuosity		N/A			N/A			NA			1.1			1.1			1.1	
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		N/A			N/A			NA			0.016			0.0157			0.0154	
BF slope (ft/ft)		N/A			N/A			NA			0.016			0.0157			0.0154	
Rosgen Classification		N/A			N/A			NA			В5с			В5с			B5c	
		:					4 / 1 / 1 / 1											

\*NA-Historical project documents were unavailable at the time of report submission. \*\* N/A-Not applicable.

				Exhil UT to	Exhibit Table JT to Bear Sw	XIII.	Morph Treek St	ology:	and Hya Restora	Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary III to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27	Monitor / EEP	ing Sur Project	nmary No. 27								
Parameter		Cros	Cross-Section 1*	n 1*			Cros	Cross-Section 2*	on 2*			Cro	Cross-Section 3*	on 3*				Cross-Section 4*	ction 4*		
			Riffle					Riffle					Pool					Pool	ol		
Dimension	MY1 N	MY2 M	MY3 MY	MY4 MY5	MY+	MY1 N	MY2 M	MY3 M	MY4 MY5	75 MY+	MY1	MY2 N	MY3 M	MY4 MY5	75 MY	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5 N	MY
BF Width (ft)	NA	NA 5	5.0 6.5	.5 5.3		NA	NA 3	3.4 3.	.1 3.1		NA	NA	5.0	6.9	9	NA	NA	4.1	7.7	6.8	
Floodprone Width (ft)	NA	NA 9	9.5 11.1	1 11.3		NA	NA 7	7.3 5	5.6 4.2	6)	NA	NA	9.8	13.1 9.14	4	NA	NA	32.4	17.7	8.91	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	NA	NA 2	2.6 3.	3.4 3.5		NA	NA 1	9 2	.6 1.1		NA	NA	1.9	2.0   1.1	1	NA	NA	9.3	11.9	14.3	
BF Mean Depth (ft)	NA	NA 0	0.5 0.5	.5 0.7		NA	NA 0	0.6 0	0.8 0.3	~	NA	NA	0.4 0	0.3 0.2	2	NA	NA	2.2	1.5	1.6	
BF Max Depth (ft)	NA	NA 0	0.7 0.8	8.		NA	NA 0	0.8	9.0 6.0		NA	NA	0.6	0.6 0.4	4	NA	NA	3.2	2.1	2.0	
Width/Depth Ratio	NA	NA 9	9.6	12.2 8.1		NA	NA 6	6.1 3	3.7 8.8	~	NA	NA	13.3 2.	24.5 19.4	4.	NA	NA	1.9	5.0	5.6	
Entrenchment Ratio	NA	NA 1	1.9	.7 1.2		NA	NA 2	2.1	1.8 1.6		NA	NA	2.0	9 1.4	4	NA	NA	7.8	2.3	2.1	
Wetted Perimeter(ft)	NA	NA 6	6.0 6.	6.0 5.1		NA	NA 4	4.6 4	4.4 2.8	3	NA	NA	5.8 5.	.8 5.6	9	NA	NA	12.9	12.9	10.1	
Hydraulic radius (ft)	NA	NA 0	9.0 8.0	6 0.7		NA	NA 0	0.4 0	0.6 0.4	1	NA	NA	0.3 0	0.3 0.2	2	NA	NA	0.7	6.0	1.4	
Substrate																					
d50 (mm)	0.4	NA 0.	0.33 1.8	8. 1.4		NA	NA 0.	0.73	1.4 1.1	1	1.9	NA (	0.65	1.0 0.55	25	6.9	NA	0.87	0.43	1.5	
d84 (mm)	3.0	NA 0.	0.65 3.9	9 5.5		NA	NA 4	4.5 5.	5.2 5.5	16	2937	NA	1.5 5	5.4 0.98	80	3129	NA	1.6	0.97	2.3	
Parameter	W	MY-01 (2003)*	103)*	4	MY-02 (2	(2004)*		MY	MY-03 (2005)	)5)	M	MY-04 (2006)	(9007		MY-05	MY-05 (2007)			MY+		
Pattern	Min	Max	Med	d Min	Max		Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	þ
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	13.3	62.7	33.2	NA NA	NA		NA 1	13.3	62.7	33.2	13.3	62.7	33.2		13.3 6	62.7	33.2				
Radius of Curvature (ft)	40.0	500.0	158.5	S NA	NA		NA 4	40.0	500.0	158.5	40.0	500.0	158.5		40.0	500.0	158.5				
Meander Wavelength (ft)	19.2	112.4	57.0	NA C	NA		NA 1	19.2	112.4	57.0	19.2	112.4	57.0		19.2	112.4	57.0				
Meander Width ratio	1.3	6.3	3.4	NA	NA		NA	2.8	23.9	12.1	2.8	23.9	12.1		4.3	7.5	5.9				
Profile**																					
Riffle length (ft)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	3.8	62.7	28.0	3.8	62.7	28.0		3.6 4	1.94	17.2				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)	0.002	0.049	0.020	O NA	NA		NA 0	0.001	0.061	0.014	0.001	0.061	0.014		0.005 0.	0.128 0	0.025				
Pool length (ft)	3.7	23.9	12.6	5 NA	NA		NA	1.8	22.7	5.2	1.8	22.7	5.2		1.7 3	39.0	8.61				
Pool spacing (ft)	17.7	69.3	41.6	5 NA	NA		NA 1	14.0	183.0	64.6	14.0	183.0	64.6		4.0 5	54.9	22.1				
Additional Reach Parameters																					
Valley Length (ft)		1,300			NA				1,300			1,300			1,	1,300					
Channel Length (ft)		1,435			NA				1,439			1,439	•		13	1380					
Sinuosity		1.1			NA				1.1			1.1				Т.					
Water Surface Slope (fl/ft)		0.0161			NA				0.0153			0.0153	3		0.0	0.0154					
BF slope (ft/ft)		0.0161			NA				0.0165			0.0165	5		0.0	0.0158					
Rosgen Classification		B5c			NA			7	E5/B5c			E5/B5c	ာင္		П	E5					
		1.11.	.,			4	40 100		-		-		61. 1.7	-4-	31.			-	-		

\*NA-Historical project documents were unavailable at the time of report submission \*\*Due to beaver impoundments below the road crossing, profile data were derived from the upstream reach only

				Exhi UT	Exhibit Table UT to Bear		f. cont. mp Cr	chibit Table XIII. cont. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site / EEP Project No. 27	hology eam Re	and H	lydraul ion Site	ic Mon	itoring ' Projec	Summ t No. 2	ary 7							
Parameter		Ö	Cross Section 5*	ction 5	*																	
			Rif	Riffle																		
Dimension	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY1 MY2 MY3 MY4 MY5 MY+ MY1	MY+ 1	MY1	MY2 MY3 MY4 MY5 MY+ MY1 MY2 MY3 MY4 MY5 MY+ MY1 MY2 MY3 MY4 MY5 MY+ MY1 MY2 MY3 MY4 MY5 MY+	IY3 M	Y4 M	Y5 M	'+ MY	71 MY.	2 MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	MY1 N	AY2 N	IY3 M	Y4 MY	75 MY
BF Width (ft) NA		NA	5.7	6.7	8.4																	
Floodprone Width (ft)	NA	NA	10.1	13.4	13.5																	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	VΝ	NA	6.1	8.6	10.3																	
BF Mean Depth (ft)	NA	NA	1.1	1.5	1.2																	
BF Max Depth (ft) NA		NA	1.3	1.9	2.3																	
Width/Depth Ratio NA		NA	5.3	4.6	8.9																	
Entrenchment Ratio	NA	NA	1.8	2.0	1.7																	
Wetted Perimeter(ft)	NA	NA	7.9	7.9	8.1																	
Hydraulic radius (ft)	NA	NA	0.8	1.2	1.3																	
Substrate																						
d50 (mm)	0.4	NA	1.5	4.0	6.9																	
d84 (mm)	3.0	NA	NA 14.0	9.7	20																	

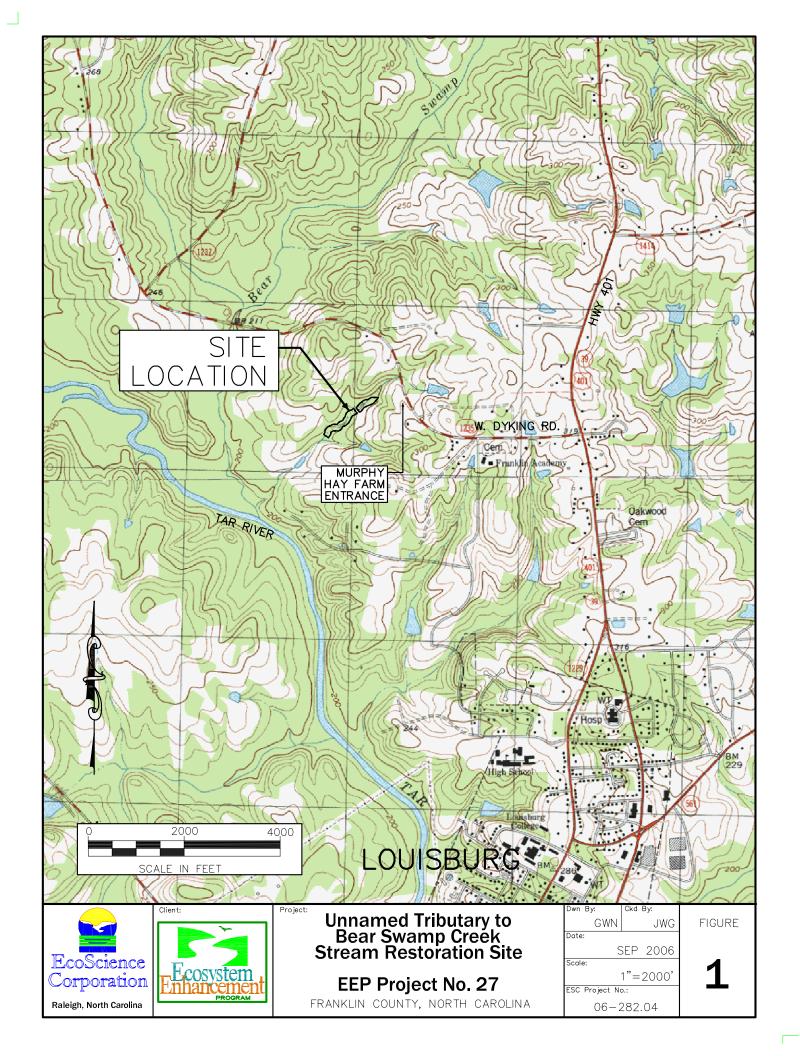
\*NA-Historical project documents were unavailable at the time of report submission.

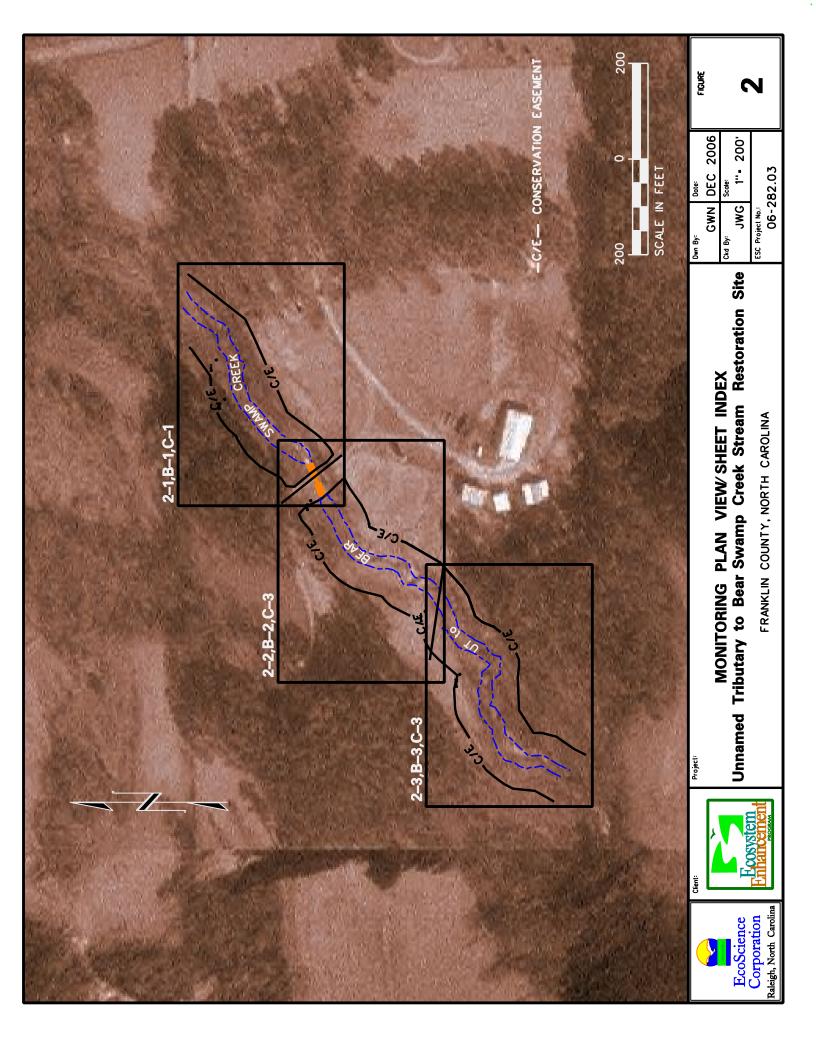
## 4.0 REFERENCES

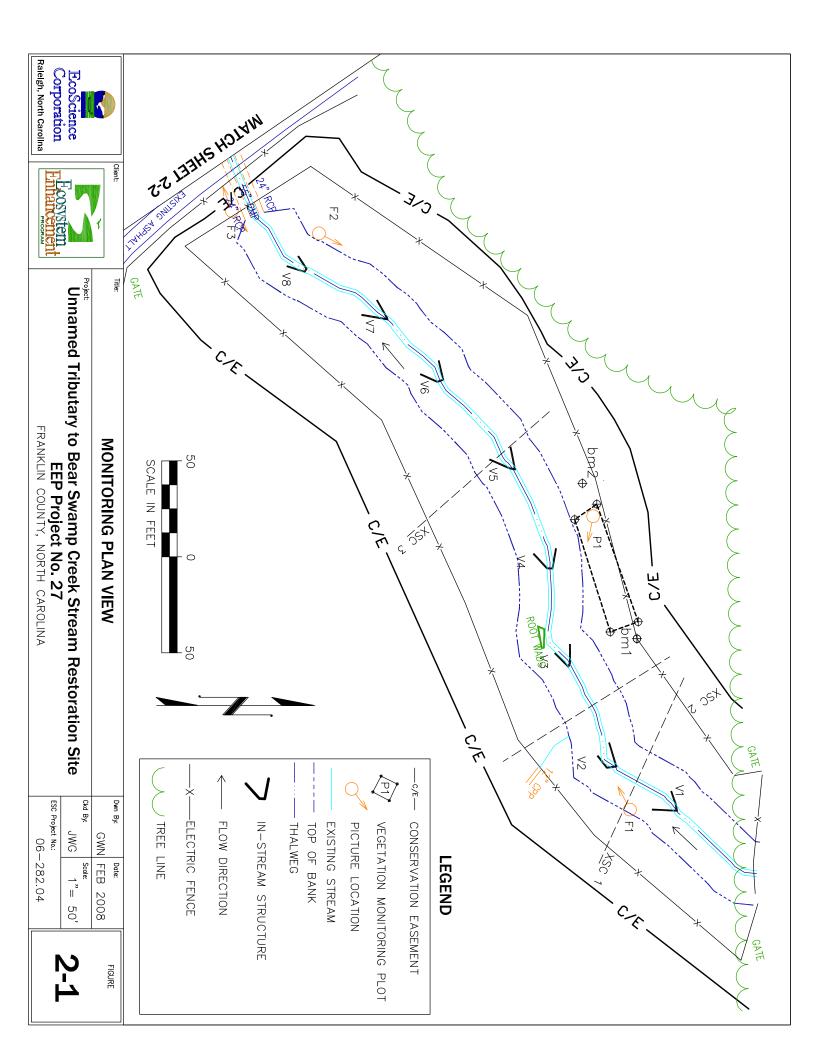
- Lee, Michael T., R. K. Peet, S. D. Roberts, and T. R. Wentworth. 2006 CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.0 (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm)
- Weakley, A.S. 2007. Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and surrounding areas. Working draft of January 2007. University of North Carolina Herbarium, North Carolina Botanical Garden, University of North Carolina. 1015pp.

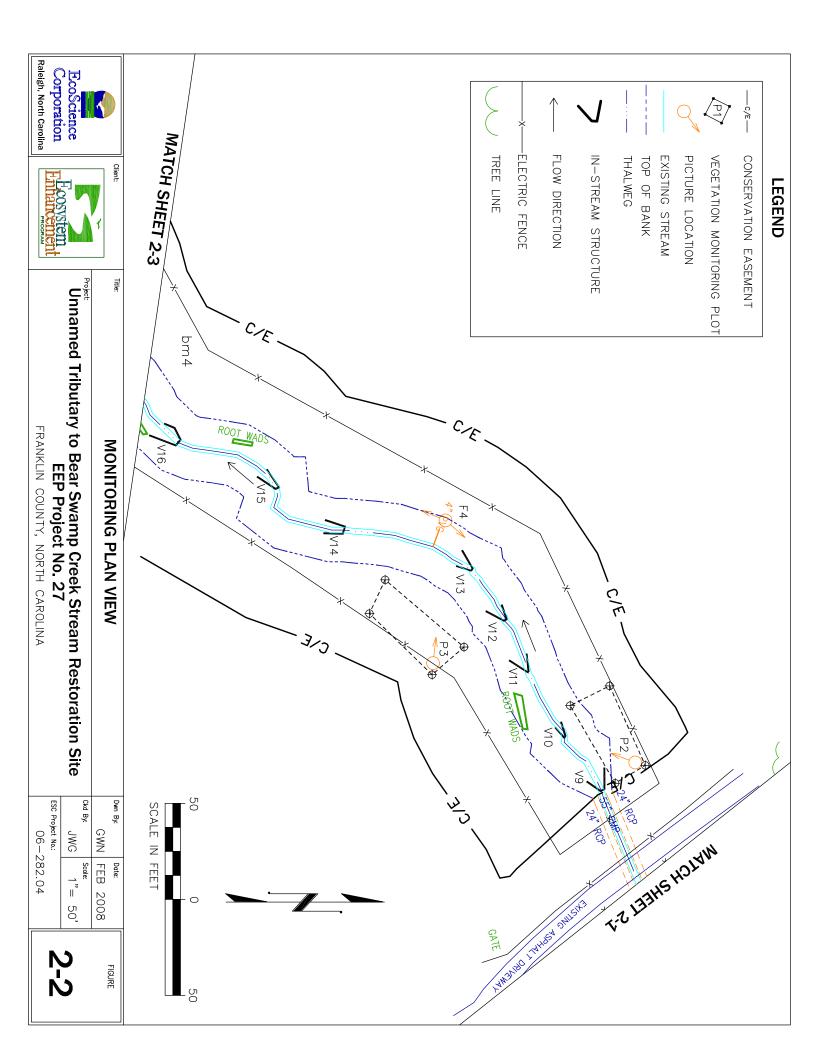
## APPENDIX A

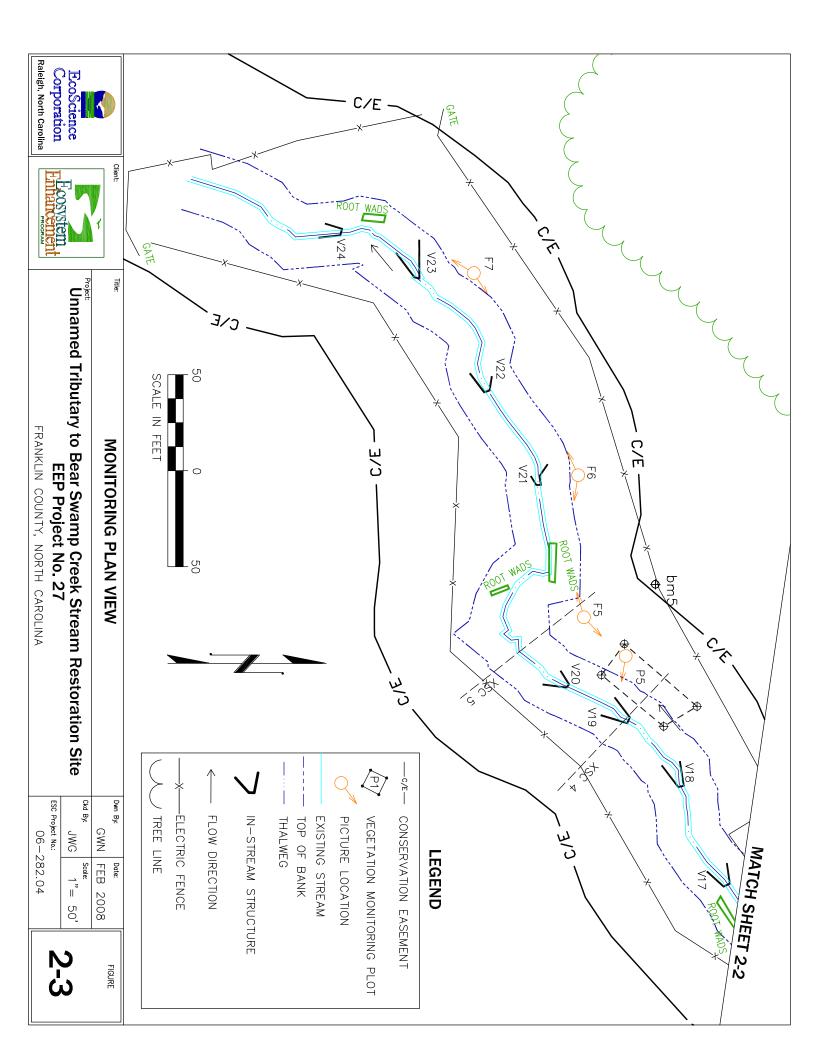
## **FIGURES**





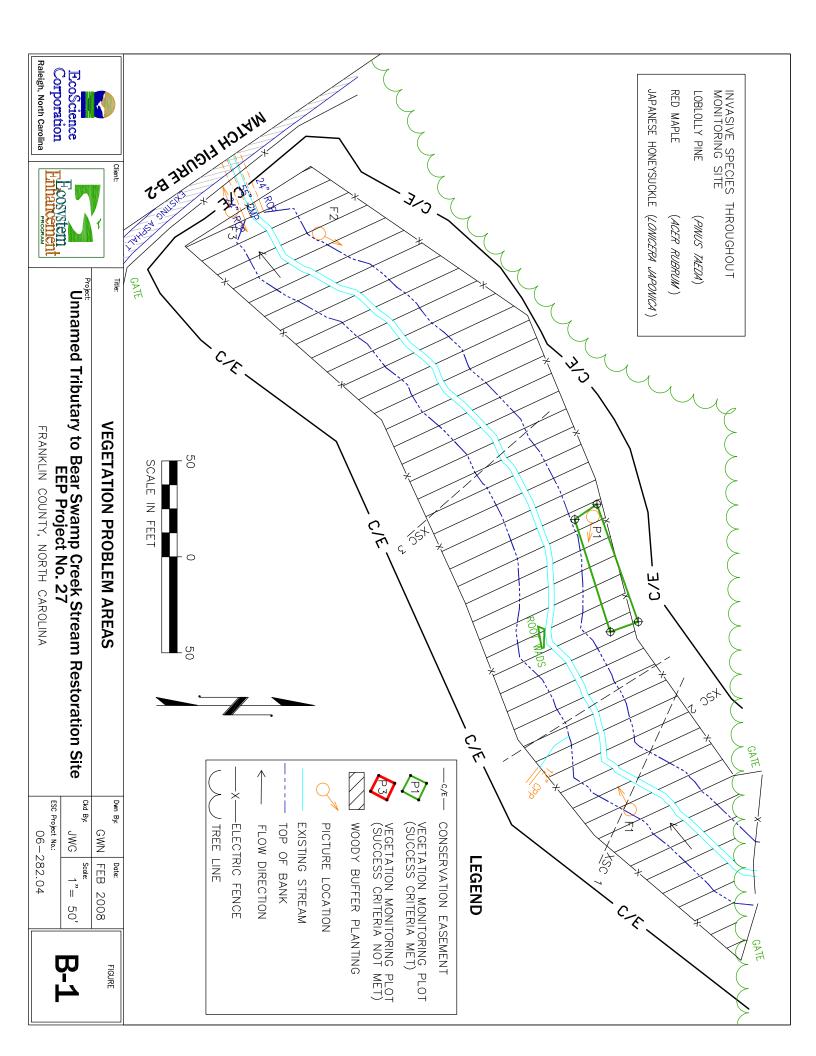


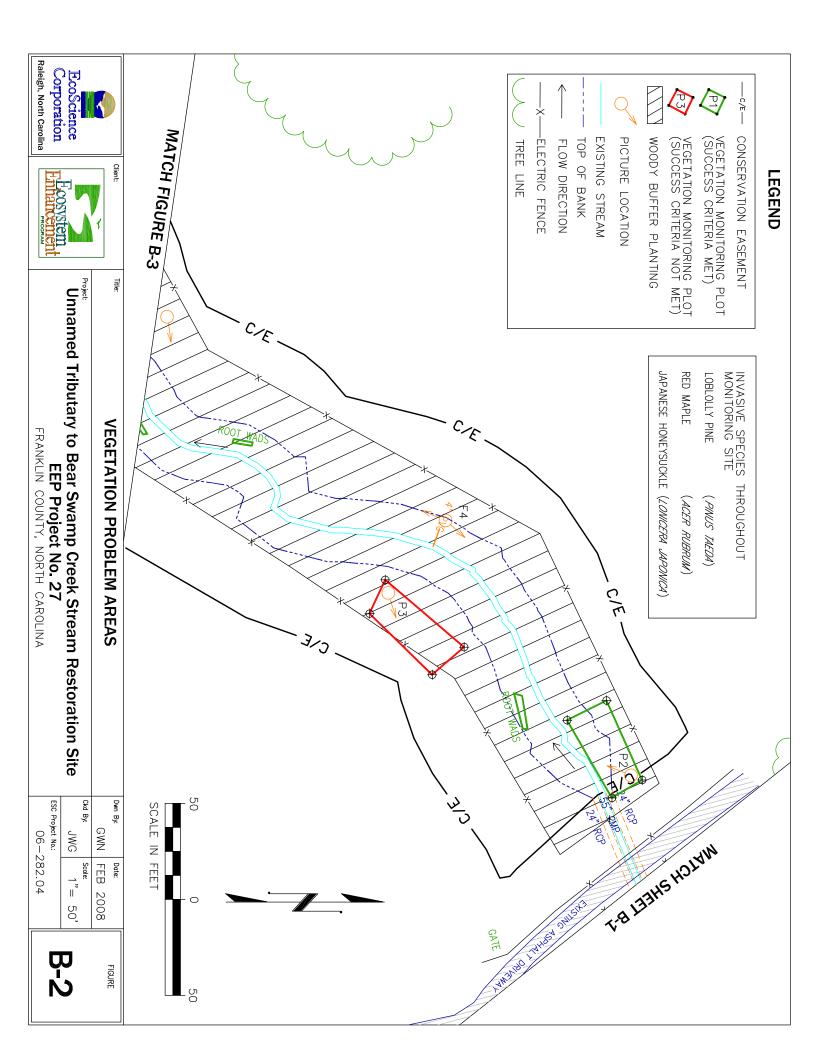


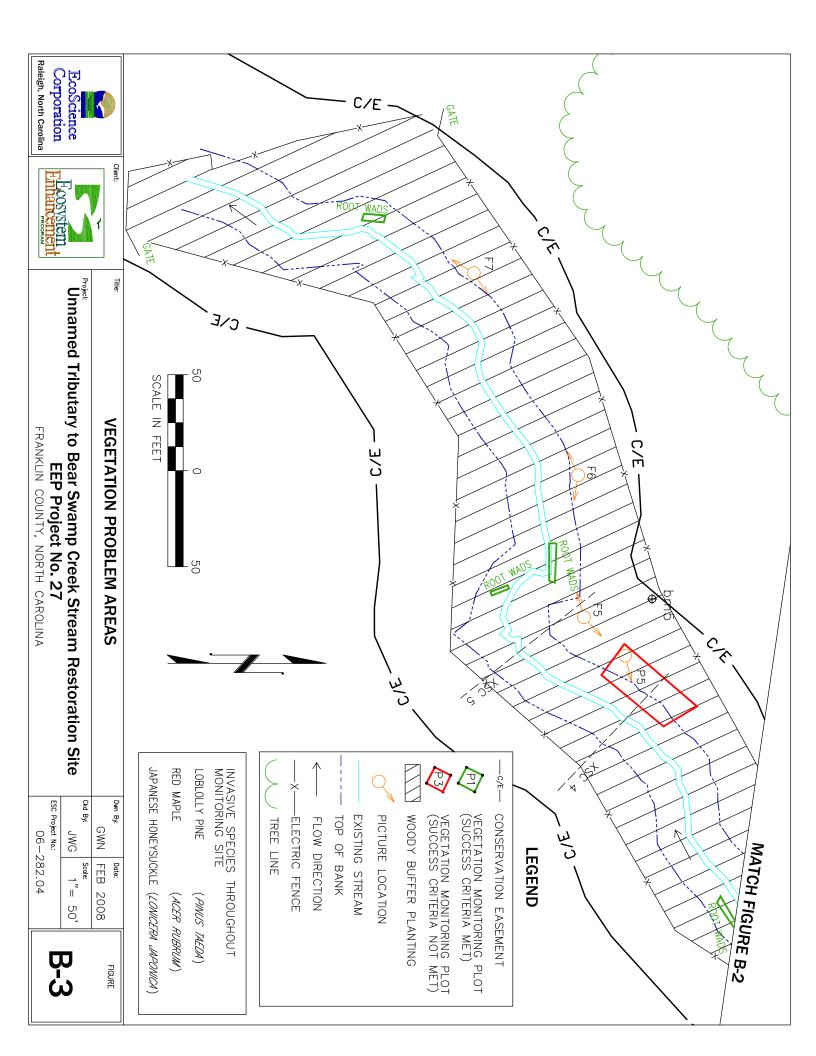


## APPENDIX B

## **VEGETATION DATA**







## UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site Representative Vegetation Problem Areas



Photo 1. Heavy loblolly pine colonization near Station 1+00.



Photo 2. Heavy loblolly pine colonization near Station 10+00.

# Unnamed Tributary to Bear Swamp Creek Restoration Site Year-5 Vegetation Survey Data Tables

	Sten	Coun	ts for	Eacl	Species A	Arranged by	Plot		
		Plo	ts		Year 2 Totals	Year 3 Totals	Year 4 Totals	Year 5 Totals	Survival %
Species	1	2	3	5					
Shrubs									
Tag alder (Alnus serrulata)					0	0	0	0	
Silky dogwood (Cornum amomum)	1				13	12	1	1	8
Winterberry ( <i>Ilex verticillata</i> )					0	0	0	0	
Black willow (Salix nigra)	7	1			19	29	7	8	42
Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)					0	0	0	0	
Trees									
River birch (Betula nigra)	9				0	6	13	9	N/A
Ironwood (Carpinus caroliniana)					1	0	0	0	0
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)		6			8	8	7	6	75
Black walnut (Juglans nigra)		2			3	3	2	2	66
Red mulberry (Morus rubra)					1	0	0	0	0
Hophornbeam (Ostrya virginiana)			1		5	0	2	1	20
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	1			1	3	5	3	2	66
Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)					1	0	2	0	0

Total 18 9 1 1
Density (trees/acre) 728 364 40 40
Average Density 293

# Unnamed Tributary to Bear Swamp Creek Restoration Site Year-5 Vegetation Survey Data Tables

Ste	em Coun	ts for V	olunte	er Speci	es Arrange	d by Plot		
		Plo			Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Species	1	2	3	5	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals
Boxelder								
(Acer negundo)	1	2		1	0	3	3	4
Red maple								
(Acer rubrum)	44			3	51	73	23	47
Eastern baccharis								
(Baccharis halimifolia)		4			0	2	8	4
Sugarberry								
(Celtis laevigata)					0	2	0	0
Persimmon								
(Diospyros virginiana)					0	1	1	0
Easter red cedar								
(Juniperus virginiana)				1	0	0	1	1
Sweetgum								
(Liquidambar styraciflua)	15			50	20	26	39	65
Tulip poplar								
(Liriodendron tulipifera)	1			1	7	2	3	2
Loblolly pine								
(Pinus taeda)	395	107	54	57	250	547	654	613
Sycamore								
(Platanus occidentalis)					0	1	0	0
Black cherry								
(Prunus serotina)		1		8	0	5	12	9
Winged sumac								
(Rhus copallina)					1	0	0	0
Smooth sumac								
(Rhus glabra)	44				2	43	0	44
Winged elm	1							
(Ulmus alata)	23				0	41	11	23
Possumhaw								
(Viburnum nudum)					0	3	1	0
Chinese privet								
(Ligustrum sinense)		1			0	0	1	1

 Total
 523
 115
 54
 121

 Density (trees/acre)
 21165
 4654
 2185
 4897

 Average Density
 8225

<b>Combined Stem Counts for Plant</b>	ed and Volu	nteer Speci	ies Arranged	by Plot
	Plot 1	Plot 2	Plot 3	Plot 5
Total	541	124	55	122
Density (trees/acre)	21894	5018	2226	4937
Average Density	8519			

## UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site (Year 5) Vegetation Plot Photos



Photo 3. Plot 1 taken July 31, 2007 from the northwest corner looking southeast.



Photo 4. Plot 2 taken July 31, 2007 from the northwest corner looking southeast.

## UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site (Year 5) Vegetation Plot Photos



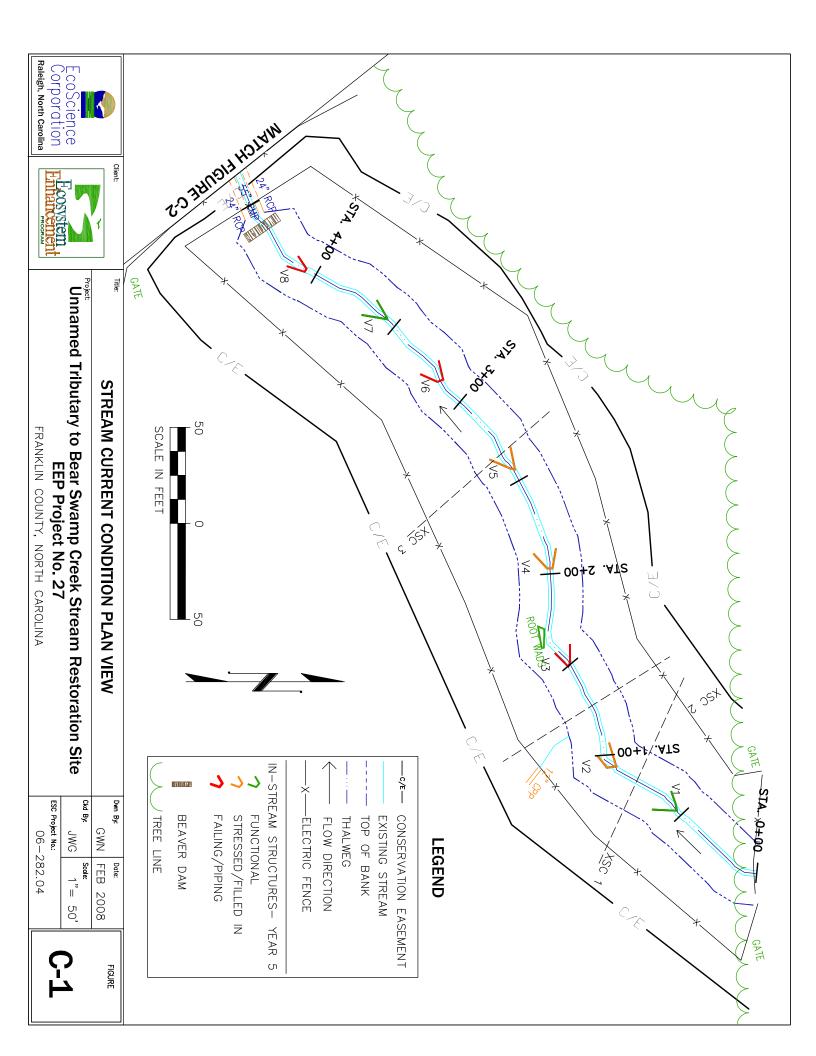
Photo 5. Plot 3 taken July 31, 2007 from the northeast corner looking southwest.

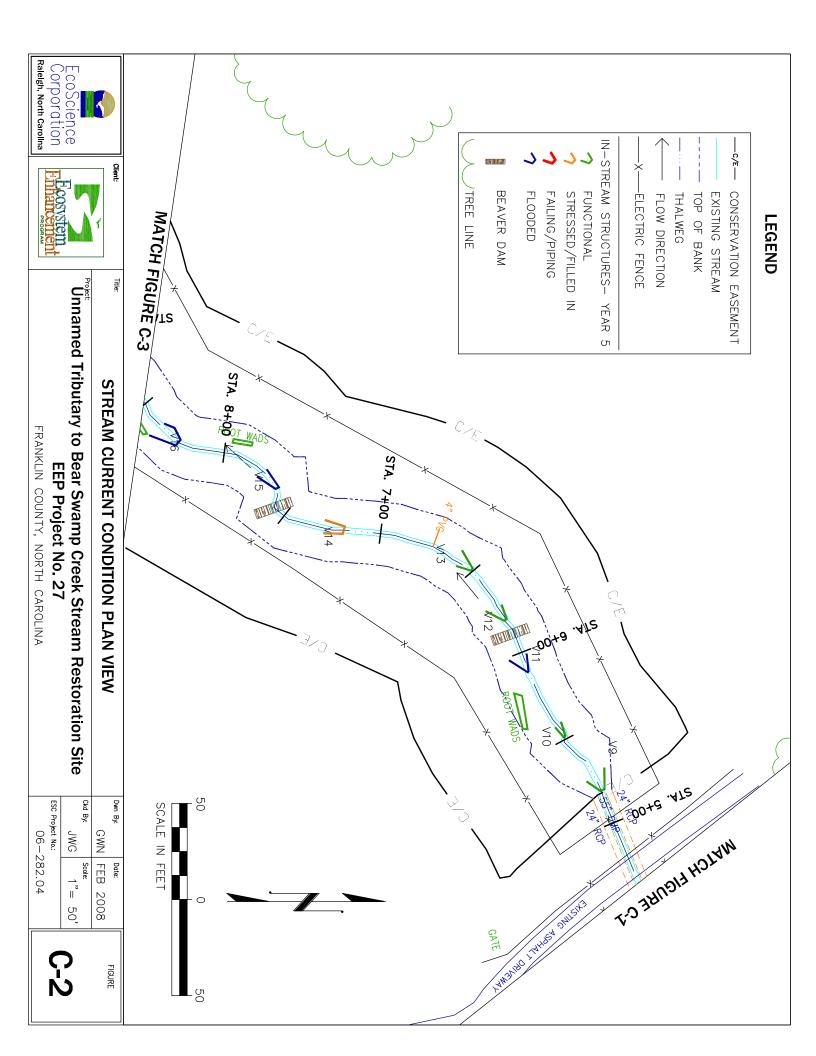


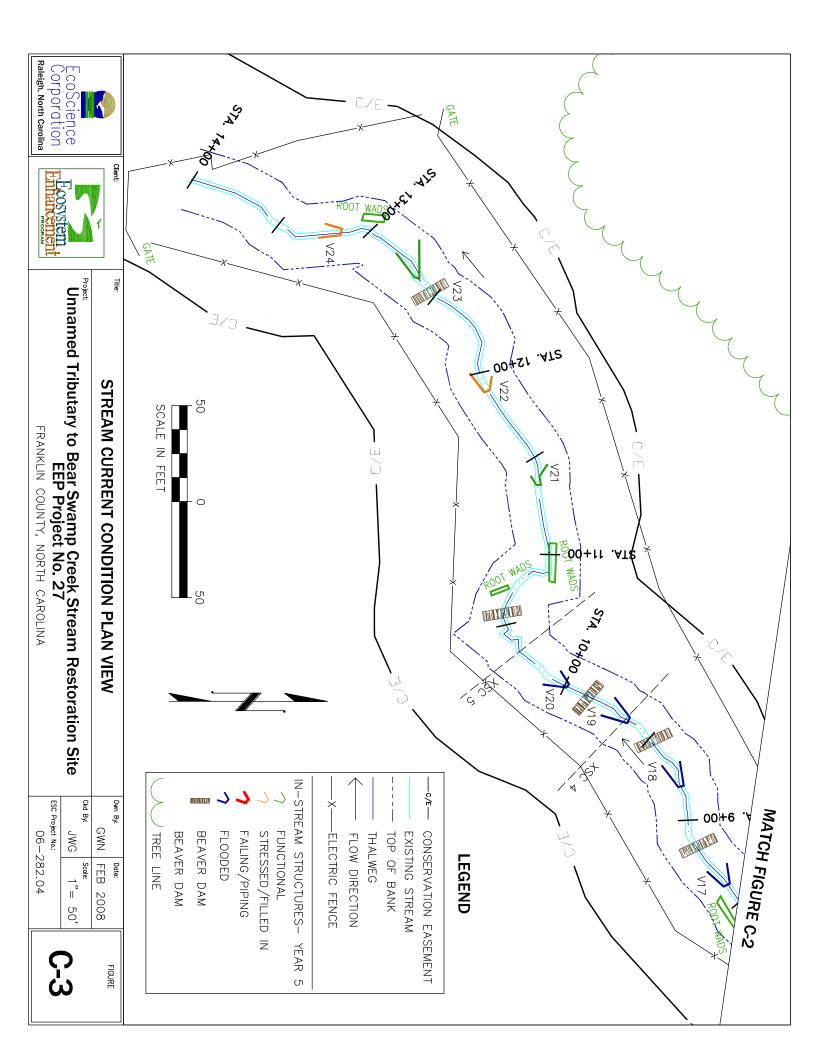
Photo 6. Plot 5 taken July 31, 2007 from the southwest corner looking northeast.

## APPENDIX C

## STREAM GEOMORPHOLOGY DATA







#### UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site (Year 5) Verification of Bankfull Event



Photo 7. Crest gauge showing particulate deposited 6-8 inches above bankfull during a storm event in July 2007.

#### UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Restoration Site (Year 5) Stream Problem Areas



Photo 8. Rock vane 14 has filled in with sediment but stream remains stable.



Photo 9. Rock vane 20 flooded from downstream beaver dams.



Photo 10. Photo Station 1 taken August 28, 2007 looking downstream.



Photo 11. Photo Station 2 taken August 28, 2007 looking upstream.



Photo 12. Photo Station 3 taken August 28, 2007 looking upstream.



Photo 13. Photo Station 3 taken August 28, 2007 looking downstream.



Photo 14. Photo Station 4 taken August 28, 2007 looking upstream.



Photo 15. Photo Station 4 taken August 28, 2007 looking downstream.



Photo 16. Photo Station 5 taken August 28, 2007 looking upstream.



Photo 17. Photo Station 5 taken August 28, 2007 looking downstream.



Photo 18. Photo Station 6 taken August 28, 2007 looking upstream.



Photo 19. Photo Station 6 taken August 28, 2007 looking downstream.



Photo 20. Photo Station 7 taken August 28, 2007 looking upstream.

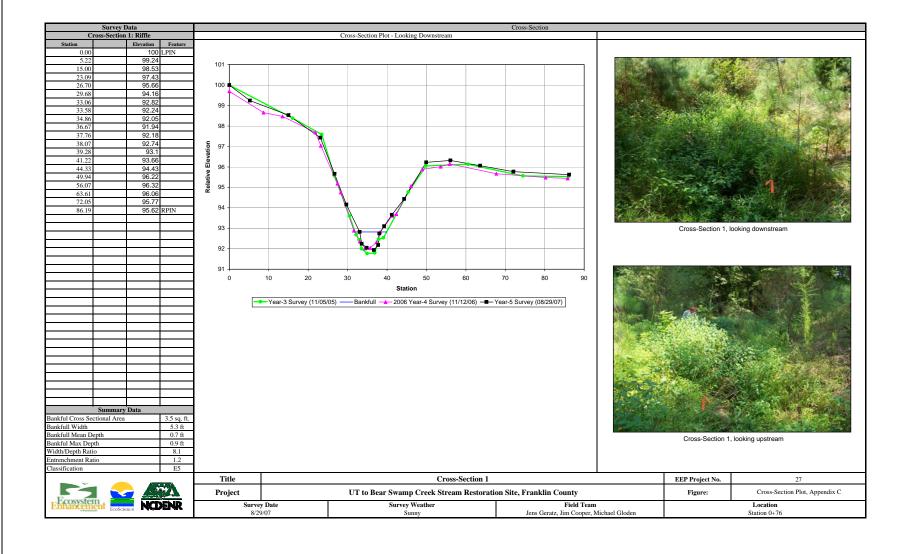


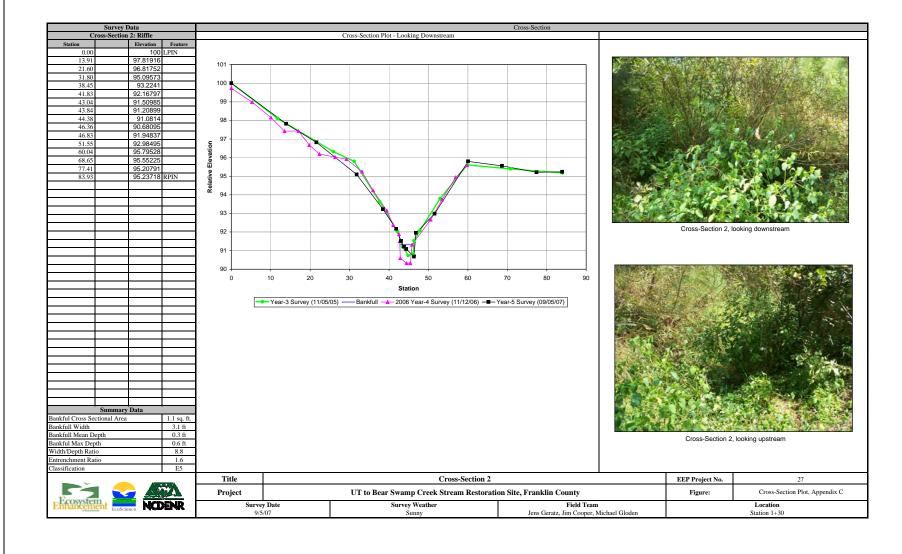
Photo 21. Photo Station 7 taken August 28, 2007 looking downstream.

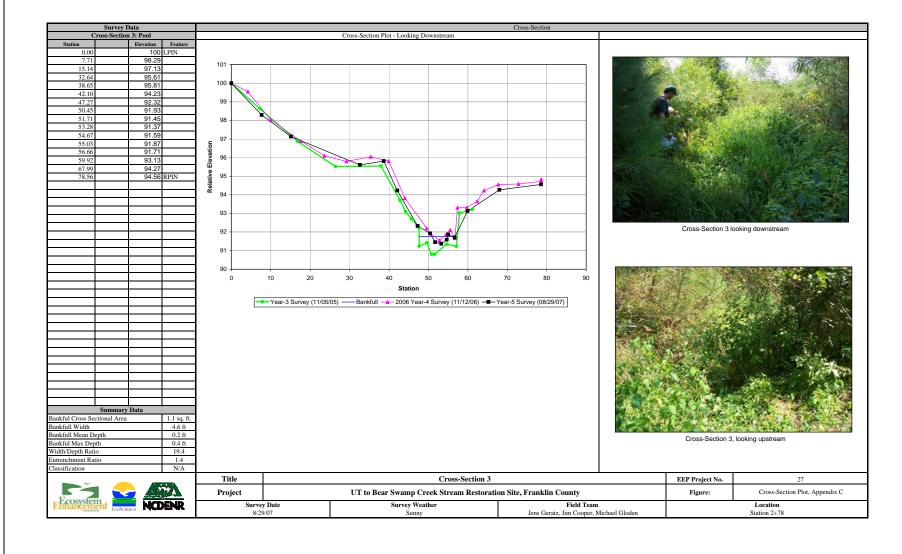
	Table B1. Visual Morphologic	cal Stability Ass	sessment			
	UT to Bear Swamp Creek Stream Rest 1,380 linear		EP Project	No. 27		
Feature	Metric (per As-built and reference baselines)	(# Stable)	Total	Total	%	Feature
Category		Number	number	Number	Perform	Perform
		Performing	per	/ feet in	in Stable	Mean or
		as	As-	unstable	Condition	Total
		Intended <sup>1</sup>	built <sup>2</sup>	state		
A. Riffles	1. Present?	21	25	N/A	84	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	21	25	N/A	84	
	3. Facet grade appears stable?	21	25	N/A	84	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	21	25	N/A	84	
	5. Length appropriate?	21	25	N/A	84	84%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g not subject to severe aggrad. or migrat.?)	34	24	N/A	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	34	24	N/A	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	34	24	N/A	100	100%
C. Thalweg	1. Upstream of meander bend (run/inflection) centering?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
	2. Downstream of meander (glide/inflection) centering?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	100%
D. Meanders	Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	100%
E. Bed	General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
General	2. Channel bed degradation – areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	N/A	N/A	1/22	98	99%
F. Vanes	Free of back or arm scour?	16	24	N/A	67	
1. Valles	2. Height appropriate?	18	24	N/A	75	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	22	24	N/A	92	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures? <sup>3</sup>	18	24	N/A	75	77%
G. Wads/	1. Free of scour?	7	8	N/A	88	
Boulders	2. Footing stable?	7	8	N/A	88	88%

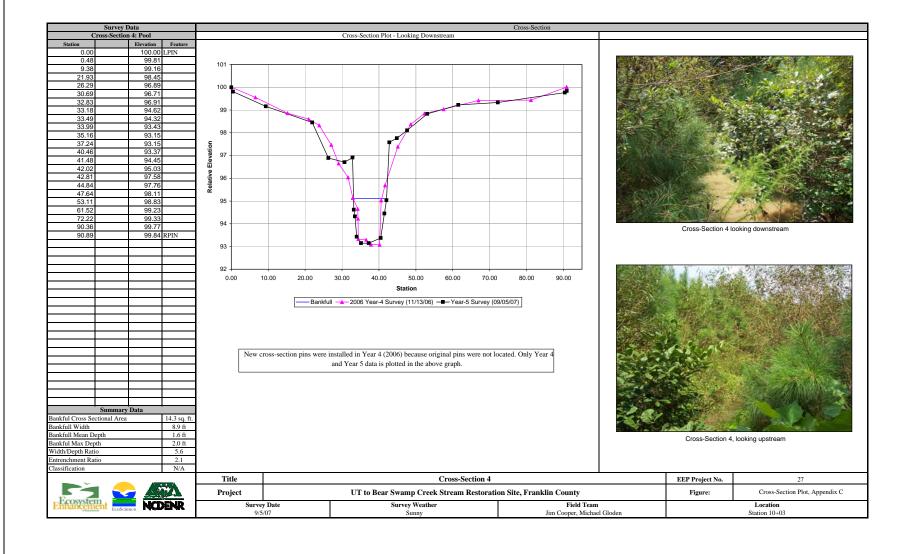
<sup>1.</sup> Includes constructed riffles and pools that are functioning as intended, as well as any others observed in the field.

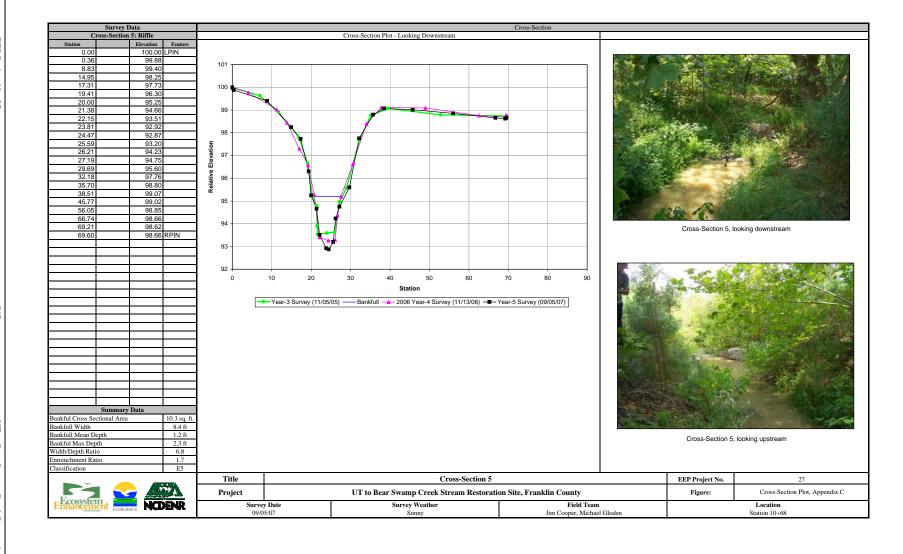
Based on Rosgen type B stream with every structure having an associated riffle and pool.
 Flooding from beaver dams within UT to Bear Swamp Creek prohibited an evaluation of some vanes. Any vanes observed to be piping or failing during Year 4 Monitoring, but are currently flooded, are still considered failing in Year 5.









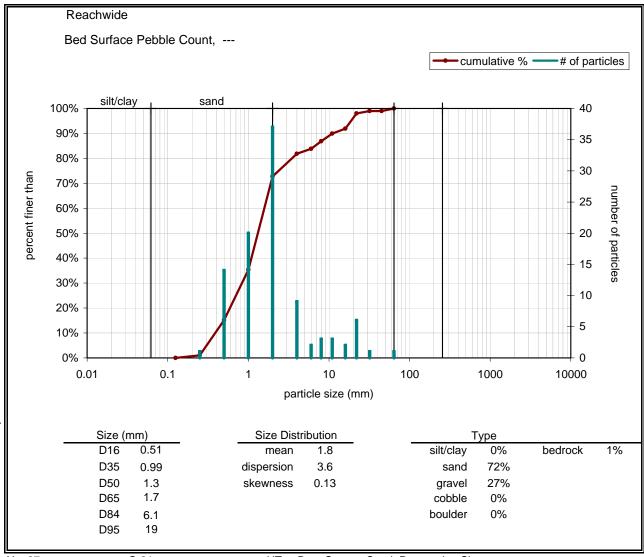


#### UT to Bear Swamp Creek Longitudinal Profile Data (Year-5)

	TW	WS	BKF		TW	WS	BKF
Station	Elevation	Elevation	Elevation	Station	Elevation	Elevation	Elevation
0.00	92.99	93.23	L	367.90	88.51	89.27	<u>I</u>
6.47	92.91	93.23		369.68	89.14	89.42	90.12
12.25	92.80	93.16		373.29	88.84	88.96	
14.96	92.71	93.08	94.00	374.30	86.22	88.43	
46.58	92.55	93.16	93.91	379.56	87.60	88.25	
48.67	92.79	93.14		383.52	87.97	88.39	
53.08	93.10	93.11		390.81	87.75	88.34	
54.32	91.23	92.84		395.07	87.91	88.34	
59.18	91.66	92.84		403.72	87.78	88.34	89.01
66.90	92.25	92.65		421.74	87.34	88.14	
68.97	92.24	92.81		423.72	88.16	88.26	
97.36	92.42	92.62		425.78	84.61	87.98	
98.51	91.54	92.30		437.22	86.19	87.98	
100.34	91.33	92.24	93.25	453.69	86.09	87.86	
106.07	91.74	92.24		460.46	87.68	87.86	
115.57	91.41	92.24		463.27	87.09	87.86	
119.61	91.48	92.24		534.34	86.17	87.11	
123.34	91.83	92.24		538.50	86.80	87.11	
130.52	91.81	92.10		543.18	82.65	87.11	97.20
133.95	91.58	92.04	02.00	556.36	85.72	86.18	87.20
142.15 146.40	91.55 91.51	91.98 92.02	92.90	560.26 571.38	85.12 85.04	85.66 85.29	
159.58	91.57	92.02		574.94	82.55	84.87	
162.23	90.68	91.73		578.31	82.93	84.87	
175.28	90.86	91.33		585.16	83.91	84.83	
181.14	90.85	91.33		586.90	83.43	84.91	
192.61	90.70	91.33		599.84	83.71	84.91	
201.25	90.77	91.22		610.79	84.67	84.91	85.24
206.11	90.79	91.23		612.70	81.61	84.86	
214.13	91.10	91.05	91.88	620.59	81.80	84.86	
217.31	90.38	91.00		637.15	84.56	84.91	
225.93	90.65	91.00		639.30	83.37	84.91	
228.55	90.74	90.99		644.04	83.47	84.91	
250.05	90.64	90.99		645.80	81.06	82.39	
269.73	90.08	90.67		653.03	81.20	82.41	
273.91	89.95	90.76		657.06	82.03	82.45	83.50
275.61	90.12	90.68		666.48	81.88	82.39	
278.28	90.38	90.73		669.68	80.74	82.40	
289.58	90.07	90.73	90.75	674.62	81.88	82.37	
311.94	89.68	90.73		676.49	82.51	82.37	
324.37	89.23	89.51		680.03	79.74	81.96	
330.54	87.14	89.24		688.28	79.86	82.03	
337.95	88.24	89.24		692.44	81.14	81.99	
346.19	88.24	89.24		700.07	81.78	82.04	
355.93	88.40	89.30		712.03	81.43	81.79	82.61

	TW	WS	BKF		TW	WS	BKF
Station	Elevation	Elevation	Elevation	Station	Elevation	Elevation	Elevation
721.16	81.06	81.72		1077.77	76.27	76.27	
732.58	80.49	81.79		1082.84	75.67	76.27	
743.62	80.65	81.72		1086.05	74.02	74.70	
747.69	80.99	81.81		1093.62	73.70	74.55	
754.07	80.46	81.83	82.33	1099.62	74.15	74.68	75.40
777.40	80.00	81.93		1112.46	74.62	74.60	
787.04	80.43	81.83		1122.69	74.39	74.60	
793.13	81.48	81.77		1128.24	74.02	74.28	
797.19	80.70	80.95		1131.24	73.35	74.30	
797.40	78.16	80.90		1143.02	73.54	74.31	
804.99	79.13	80.98		1156.27	73.57	74.25	74.95
813.34	79.27	80.96		1177.19	73.93	74.08	
824.66	79.42	80.98		1180.36	70.74	73.36	
835.92	79.03	80.92		1187.18	71.23	73.36	
848.50	79.51	81.00		1192.01	72.28	73.35	
856.20	78.56	81.00		1199.59	72.67	73.36	74.34
877.08	79.05	80.99		1215.76	72.80	73.36	
882.78	77.99	80.99		1222.22	72.47	73.39	
897.31	78.34	80.98		1234.85	73.07	73.27	
910.01	78.81	80.98		1242.11	72.91	73.36	
913.10	80.64	80.98		1249.71	72.31	73.36	
919.32	78.94	80.10		1261.01	72.46	73.34	
924.42	77.90	80.10		1269.17	71.40	73.36	
927.34	76.79	80.10	80.38	1274.60	71.91	73.35	
937.45	76.98	80.13		1286.33	71.88	73.36	
943.46	77.15	80.13		1292.35	72.27	73.36	
947.32	78.11	80.13		1295.62	73.00	73.33	73.96
955.00	76.94	80.14		1301.05	72.28	72.68	
962.13	76.90	80.08		1310.04	72.44	72.46	
967.01	79.85	80.08		1312.12	70.68	72.41	
972.55	77.26	77.69		1317.61	70.70	72.43	
979.80	76.77	77.46	78.07	1321.81	71.63	72.41	
984.54	76.13	77.45		1326.99	72.01	72.42	
992.67	76.51	77.41		1342.26	71.79	72.11	
999.23	77.48	77.41		1345.01	71.44	72.09	
999.55	74.19	77.27		1348.93	71.28	72.04	
1003.59	74.46	77.27		1353.14	71.35	72.09	<b>50.</b> 50
1009.47	75.83	77.20		1359.26	71.99	72.01	72.70
1016.12	76.03	77.21		1387.92	71.47	71.66	
1029.60	76.23	77.20		1392.68	70.80	71.52	
1033.56	76.91	77.20		1398.96	70.73	71.52	
1036.61	76.68	76.81	77.74	1403.30	71.05	71.44	
1038.74	73.93	76.84	77.76	1412.22	71.24	71.43	
1048.46	75.01	76.80		1427.53	70.95	71.27	
1053.59	75.88	76.75		1451.49	70.41	70.84	
1067.76	75.34	76.84					
1074.01	76.17	76.84					

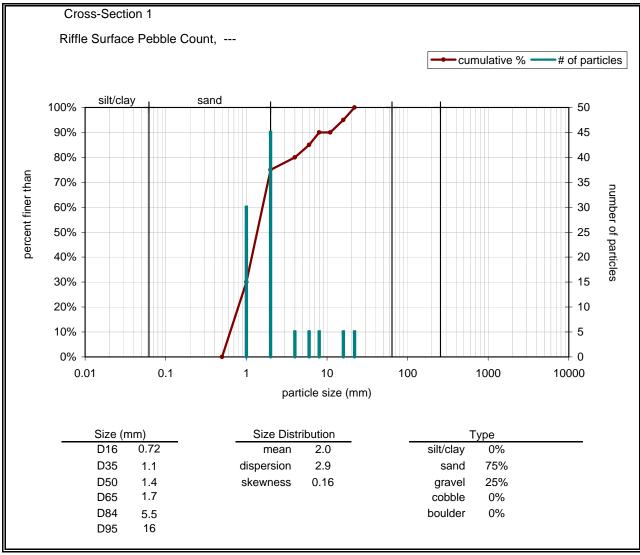
Bed Surface ▼					
Material Size Range (mm)	Count				
silt/clay 0 - 0.062					
very fine sand 0.062 - 0.125					
fine sand 0.125 - 0.25	1				
medium sand 0.25 - 0.5	14				
coarse sand 0.5 - 1	20				
very coarse sand 1 - 2	37				
very fine gravel 2 - 4	9				
fine gravel 4 - 6	2				
fine gravel 6 - 8	3				
medium gravel 8 - 11	3				
medium gravel 11 - 16	2				
coarse gravel 16 - 22	6				
coarse gravel 22 - 32	1				
very coarse gravel 32 - 45					
very coarse gravel 45 - 64	1				
small cobble 64 - 90					
medium cobble 90 - 128					
large cobble 128 - 180					
very large cobble 180 - 256					
small boulder 256 - 362					
small boulder 362 - 512					
medium boulder 512 - 1024					
large boulder 1024 - 2048					
very large boulder 2048 - 4096					
total particle count:	99				
bedrock	1				
clay hardpan					
detritus/wood					
artificial					
total count:	100				
Note: Reach-wide classification count					



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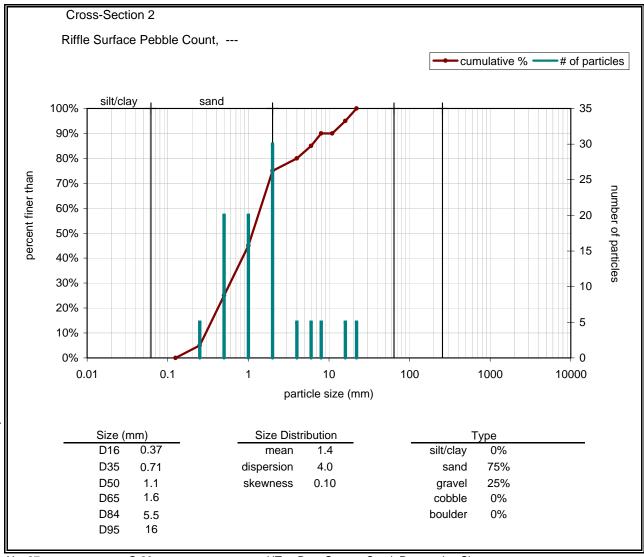
UT to Bear Swamp Creek Restoration Site

Riffle Surface	
Material Size Range (mm)	Count
silt/clay 0 - 0.062	
very fine sand 0.062 - 0.125	
fine sand 0.125 - 0.25	
medium sand 0.25 - 0.5	
coarse sand 0.5 - 1	30
very coarse sand 1 - 2	45
very fine gravel 2 - 4	5
fine gravel 4 - 6	5
fine gravel 6 - 8	5
medium gravel 8 - 11	
medium gravel 11 - 16	5
coarse gravel 16 - 22	5
coarse gravel 22 - 32	
very coarse gravel 32 - 45	
very coarse gravel 45 - 64	
small cobble 64 - 90	
medium cobble 90 - 128	
large cobble 128 - 180	
very large cobble 180 - 256 small boulder 256 - 362	
small boulder 362 - 512	
medium boulder 512 - 1024	
large boulder 1024 - 2048	
very large boulder 2048 - 4096	
total particle count:	100
bedrock	
clay hardpan	
detritus/wood	
artificial	
total count:	100
Note: XS1 (Riffle) Pebble Count	



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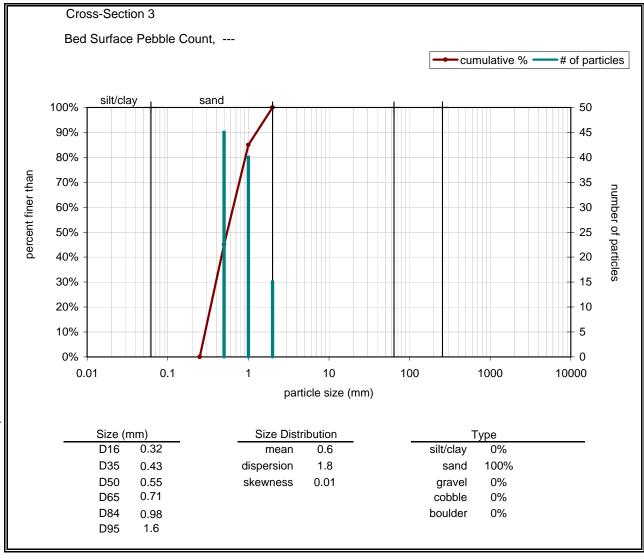
Riffle Surface $\blacksquare$	
Material Size Range (mm)	Count
silt/clay 0 - 0.062	
very fine sand 0.062 - 0.125	
fine sand 0.125 - 0.25	5
medium sand 0.25 - 0.5	20
coarse sand 0.5 - 1	20
very coarse sand 1 - 2	30
very fine gravel 2 - 4	5
fine gravel 4 - 6	5
fine gravel 6 - 8	5
medium gravel 8 - 11	
medium gravel 11 - 16	5
coarse gravel 16 - 22	5
coarse gravel 22 - 32	
very coarse gravel 32 - 45	
very coarse gravel 45 - 64	
small cobble 64 - 90	
medium cobble 90 - 128	
large cobble 128 - 180	
very large cobble 180 - 256 small boulder 256 - 362	
medium boulder 512 - 1024	
large boulder 1024 - 2048	
very large boulder 2048 - 4096	
total particle count:	100
bedrock	
clay hardpan	
detritus/wood	
artificial	
total count:	100
Note: XS2 (Riffle) Pebble Count	



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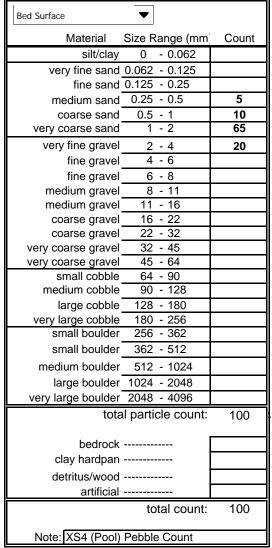
UT to Bear Swamp Creek Restoration Site

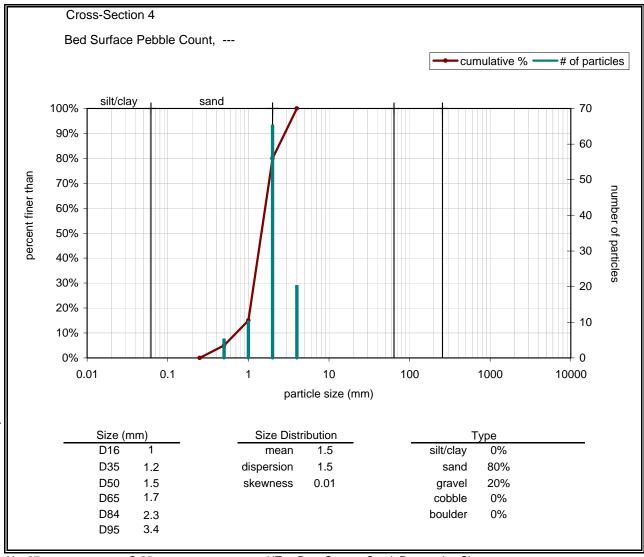
Bed Surface ▼					
Material Size Range (mm	Count				
silt/clay 0 - 0.062					
very fine sand 0.062 - 0.125					
fine sand 0.125 - 0.25					
medium sand 0.25 - 0.5	45				
coarse sand 0.5 - 1	40				
very coarse sand 1 - 2	15				
very fine gravel 2 - 4					
fine gravel 4 - 6					
fine gravel 6 - 8					
medium gravel 8 - 11					
medium gravel 11 - 16					
coarse gravel 16 - 22					
coarse gravel 22 - 32					
very coarse gravel 32 - 45					
very coarse gravel 45 - 64					
small cobble 64 - 90					
medium cobble 90 - 128					
large cobble 128 - 180					
very large cobble 180 - 256 small boulder 256 - 362					
small boulder 362 - 512					
medium boulder 512 - 1024					
large boulder 1024 - 2048					
very large boulder 2048 - 4096					
total particle count:	100				
bedrock					
clay hardpan					
detritus/wood					
artificial					
total count:	100				
Note: XS3 (Pool) Pebble Count					



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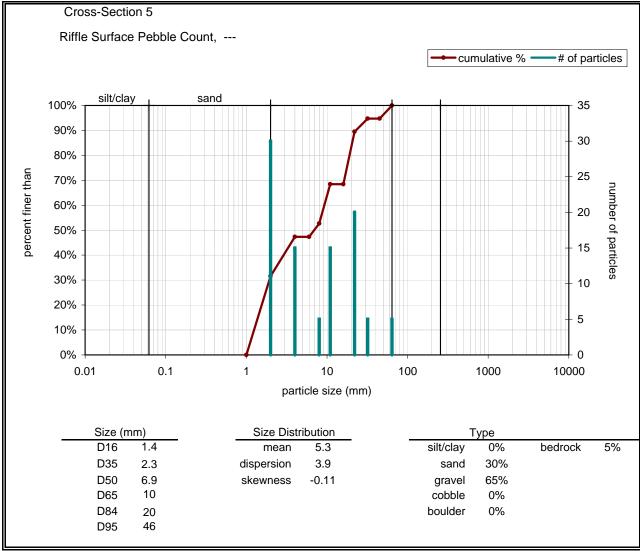
UT to Bear Swamp Creek Restoration Site





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Riffle Surface				
Material Size Range (mm)	Count			
silt/clay 0 - 0.062				
very fine sand 0.062 - 0.125				
fine sand 0.125 - 0.25				
medium sand 0.25 - 0.5				
coarse sand 0.5 - 1				
very coarse sand 1 - 2	30			
very fine gravel 2 - 4	15			
fine gravel 4 - 6				
fine gravel 6 - 8	5			
medium gravel 8 - 11	15			
medium gravel 11 - 16				
coarse gravel 16 - 22	20			
coarse gravel 22 - 32	5			
very coarse gravel 32 - 45				
very coarse gravel 45 - 64	5			
small cobble 64 - 90				
medium cobble 90 - 128				
large cobble 128 - 180				
very large cobble 180 - 256				
small boulder 256 - 362				
small boulder 362 - 512				
medium boulder 512 - 1024				
large boulder 1024 - 2048				
very large boulder 2048 - 4096				
total particle count:	95			
bedrock	5			
clay hardpan				
detritus/wood				
artificial				
total count:	100			
Note: XS5 (Riffle) Pebble Count				



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UT to Bear Swamp Creek Restoration Site