







MONITORING YEAR 1
ANNUAL REPORT
FINAL

CATFISH POND MITIGATION SITE

Durham County, NC NCDEQ Contract No. 007424 DMS Project No. 100039 USACE Action ID No. 2018-00424 NCDWR Project No. 2018-0196

Data Collection Period: April-December 2020 Draft Submission Date: December 8, 2020 Final Submission Date: February 2, 2021

PREPARED FOR:



NC Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

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jlorch@wildlandseng.com Phone: 919.851.9986 **Mitigation Project Name Catfish Pond Mitigation Site USACE Action ID** 2018-00424 DWR Permit DMS ID 100039 2018-0196 River Basin Neuse Date Project Instituted 1/10/2018 03020201 **Cataloging Unit** Stream/Wet. Service Area Neuse 03020201 County Durham Date Printed 7/27/2020

BROWNING.KIMBERLY.DANIELLE.1527683510

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Date: 2020.08.26 11:00:49 -04'00'

Signature of Official Approving Credit Release

Credit Release Milestone		Warm Stream Credits						
Project Credits	Scheduled Releases %	Estimated Scheduled Release #	Proposed Released#	Not Approved # Releases	Approved Credits	Anticipated Release Year	Actual Release Date	
1 - Site Establishment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2 - Year 0 / As-Built	30.00%	1,124.640	1,124.640	0.000	1,124.640	2020	7/27/2020	
3 - Year 1 Monitoring	10.00%	374.880				2021		
4 - Year 2 Monitoring	10.00%	374.880				2022		
5 - Year 3 Monitoring	10.00%	374.880				2023		
6 - Year 4 Monitoring	5.00%	187.440				2024		
7 - Year 5 Monitoring	10.00%	374.880				2025		
8 - Year 6 Monitoring	5.00%	187.440				2026		
9 - Year 7 Monitoring	10.00%	374.880				2027		
Stream Bankfull Standard	10.00%	374.880				2022		
			Totals		1,124.640			

Total Gross Credits	3,748.800
Total Unrealized Credits to Date	0.000
Total Released Credits to Date	1,124.640
Total Percentage Released	30.00%
Remaining Unreleased Credits	2,624.160

Notes

Contingencies (if any)

Project Quantities

Mitigation Type	Restoration Type Restoration Enhancement II	Physical Quantity
Warm Stream	Restoration	1,492.000
Warm Stream	Enhancement II	5,642.000

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Wildlands Engineering, Inc. (Wildlands) implemented a full delivery project at the Catfish Pond Mitigation Site (Site) for the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). A total of 7,140 linear feet of perennial and intermittent streams were restored and enhanced in Durham County, NC. The Site is expected to generate 3,748.800 stream mitigation units when calculated along stream centerlines. The Site is located approximately 12 miles north of the City of Durham and approximately 3 miles east of the Orange/Durham County border (Figure 1). The Site is in the Neuse River Basin 8-Digit Hydrologic Unit Code 03020201 and NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Subbasin 03-04-01. The Site contains Catfish Creek and 3 unnamed tributaries. The streams drain to Mountain Creek, which flows into Little River, the Eno River, and then Falls Lake. Falls Lake is classified as Water Supply Waters (WS-IV) and Nutrient Sensitive Waters (NSW). The 20.73-acre Site is protected with a permanent conservation easement.

The Site is located within a DMS Targeted Local Watershed as discussed in the 2010 Neuse River Basin Restoration Priorities (RBRP), which highlights the importance of riparian buffers for stream restoration projects (Breeding, 2010). Current and past degradation at the Site includes an in-line pond, extensive logging, farm road crossings, stream channelization, and livestock access to streams and buffers.

The project goals established in the Catfish Pond Site Mitigation Plan (Mitigation Plan) (Wildlands, 2019) were completed with consideration of goals and objectives described in the Neuse River RBRP. The project goals established include:

- Exclude cattle from project streams;
- Reconnect channels with floodplains and riparian wetlands to allow a natural flooding regime;
- Improve the stability of stream channels;
- Improve instream habitat;
- Restore and enhance native floodplain and streambank vegetation; and
- Permanently protect the Site from harmful uses.

The project will contribute to achieving goals for the watershed discussed in the Neuse River RBRP and provide ecological benefits within the Neuse River Basin. While benefits such as habitat improvement and geomorphic stability are limited to the Site, others, such as reduced pollutant and sediment loading, have farther reaching effects.

Site construction, seeding, and tree planting were completed in March and April 2020. As-built surveys were conducted in March and April 2020. Monitoring Year 1 (MY1) assessments and site visits were completed in October and November 2020 to assess the conditions of the project.

Overall, the Site has met the required vegetation and stream success criteria for MY1. The average vegetation plot stem density for the Site is 544 planted stems per acre and is therefore on track to meet the MY3 interim requirement of 320 planted stems per acre. Sporadic populations of multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora), Chinese privet (Ligustrum sinense), and Japanese honeysuckle (Lonicera japonica), along with scattered stems of princess tree (Paulownia tomentosa) and tree of heaven (Ailanthus altissima) were treated with various herbicide application approaches in May and September 2020. Follow up treatments are scheduled for winter 2020/2021. Project streams are stable and functioning. Cross-sections show slight deviations from as-built due to sediment deposition and the establishment of vegetation. A bankfull event was documented on both Catfish Creek Reach 6 and UT1 Reach 2 during MY1.

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CATFISH POND MITIGATION SITE

Monitoring Year 1 Annual Report

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Section 1: PROJECT OVERVIEW

The Catfish Pond Mitigation Site (Site) is located in Durham County approximately 12 miles north of the City of Durham and approximately 3 miles east of the Orange/Durham County border (Figure 1). The Site is located within the Falls Lake Water Supply Watershed, which is within the Neuse River Basin. Both the Neuse River and Falls Lake have been designated as Nutrient Sensitive Water. The Site is within Hydrologic Unit Code 03020201020040 and is located within the Neuse River Targeted Local Watershed (Figure 1) as identified in the 2010 Neuse River Basin Priorities (RBRP) (Breeding, 2010). The Site is in the Carolina Slate Belt of the Piedmont Physiographic Province (USGS, 1998). The project watershed consists primarily of agricultural and forested land. Approximately 197 acres drain to the downstream end of Catfish Creek and 30 acres drain to Mountain Tributary for a total Site drainage area of 227 acres.

The project streams consist of Catfish Creek and three unnamed tributaries (UT1, UT2, and Mountain Tributary). Mitigation work within the Site included restoration and enhancement II of 7,140 linear feet of intermittent and perennial stream channels (Figure 2 and Table 1). The riparian areas were planted with native vegetation to improve habitat and protect water quality. The final Mitigation Plan (Wildlands, 2019) was submitted to and accepted by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) in July 2019. Construction activities were completed by Main Stream Earthwork, Inc. in March 2020. Planting and seeding activities were completed by Bruton Natural Systems, Inc. and Canady's Landscaping and Erosion in March and April 2020. Baseline monitoring (MY0) was conducted in March and April 2020. Annual monitoring will occur for seven years with the closeout anticipated to commence in 2027 provided the success criteria are met. Appendix 1 provides additional details on project activity, history, contact information, and background information for the Site.

The Site is located on 2 parcels under single ownership. A conservation easement was recorded on 20.73 acres. The project is expected to provide 3,748.800 stream mitigation units (SMU) at closeout. A Project Vicinity Map and directions are provided in Figure 1 and a Project Component/Asset Map is illustrated in Figure 2.

1.1 Project Goals and Objectives

Prior to construction activities, one of the primary causes of degradation on the Site was the creation of an in-line pond on Catfish Creek Reach 6 sometime between 1940 and 1955. During that same time extensive logging and farm road construction took place at the Site. In 1972, aerial photographs suggest that portions of UT1 had been straightened for agricultural purposes. Catfish Creek above and below the pond, UT2, and Mountain Tributary showed few signs of channel manipulation, but were impaired due to historical livestock access. Table 4 in Appendix 1 and Tables 10a-b in Appendix 4 present additional information on pre-restoration conditions.

The project is intended to provide numerous ecological benefits helping achieve goals for the watershed discussed in the Neuse River RBRP. While benefits such as habitat improvement and geomorphic stability are limited to the Site, reduced nutrient and sediment loading have farther reaching effects. The table below describes expected outcomes to water quality and ecological processes and provides project goals and objectives. The project goals and objectives were developed as part of the Mitigation Plan (Wildlands, 2019) considering the goals and objectives listed in the Neuse River RBRP and strive to maximize ecological and water quality uplift within the watershed.

Goals	Objectives	Expected Outcomes
Exclude cattle from project streams.	Install fencing around conservation easements adjacent to cattle pastures to remove livestock.	Reduce and control sediment inputs; reduce and manage nutrient inputs; reduce and manage fecal coliform inputs. Contribute to protection of or improvement to a Water Supply Waterbody.
Reconnect channels with floodplains and riparian wetlands to allow a natural flooding regime.	Reconstruct stream channels for bankfull dimensions and depth relative to the existing floodplain. Remove existing berms to reconnect channel with adjacent wetlands.	Raise water table and hydrate riparian wetlands. Allow more frequent flood flows to disperse on the floodplain. Support geomorphology and higher-level functions.
Improve the stability of stream channels.	Construct stream channels that will maintain stable cross-sections, patterns, and profiles over time.	Significantly reduce sediment inputs from bank erosion. Reduce shear stress on channel boundary. Support all stream functions above hydrology.
Improve instream habitat.	Install habitat features such as constructed riffles, cover/lunker logs, and brush toes into restored/enhanced streams. Add woody materials to channel beds. Construct pools of varying depth.	Increase and diversify available habitats for macroinvertebrates, fish, and amphibians leading to colonization and increase in biodiversity over time. Add complexity including LWD to streams.
Restore and enhance native floodplain and streambank vegetation.	Plant native tree and understory species in riparian zone and plant appropriate species on streambank.	Reduce sediment inputs from bank erosion and runoff. Increase nutrient cycling and storage in floodplain. Provide riparian habitat. Add a source of LWD and organic material to stream. Support all stream functions.
Permanently protect the project Site from harmful uses.	Establish conservation easements on the Site.	Protect Site from encroachment on the riparian corridor and direct impact to streams and wetlands. Support all stream functions.

1.2 Monitoring Year 1 Data Assessment

Annual monitoring and site visits were conducted during Monitoring Year 1 (MY1) to assess the condition of the project. The vegetation, stream, and hydrology success criteria for the Site follow the approved success criteria presented in the Mitigation Plan (Wildlands, 2019).

1.2.1 Vegetative Assessment

Planted woody vegetation is being monitored in accordance with the guidelines and procedures developed by the Carolina Vegetation Survey-EEP Level 2 Protocol (Lee et al., 2008). During baseline monitoring (MYO) a total of six standard 10-meter by 10-meter vegetation plots and one 5-meter by 20-meter vegetation plot were established within the project easement area. An additional two random vegetation plots are monitored annually, in which a new center point is arbitrarily chosen each year within the conservation easement.

The final vegetation success criteria at the end of MY7 are the survival of 210 planted stems per acre averaging 10 feet in height. Interim success criteria are the survival of 320 planted stems per acre at the

end of MY3 and 260 planted stems per acre with an average stem height of 7 feet at the end of MY5. No one species shall account for more than 50% of the required number of stems within any vegetation plot at the end of MY7.

The MY1 vegetative survey was completed in October 2020. Vegetation monitoring resulted in an average stem density of 544 planted stems per acre, which is well above the interim success criteria of 320 stems per acre required at MY3. There is an average of 13 stems per plot. All 9 vegetation plots individually met the interim success criteria and are on track to meet the final success criteria required for MY7. Refer to Appendix 2 for vegetation plot photographs and the vegetation condition assessment table and Appendix 3 for vegetation data tables.

1.2.2 Vegetation Areas of Concern

Before construction, the Site had sporadic areas of multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*), Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*), and Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*). There were also a few scattered stems of princess tree (*Paulownia tomentosa*) and tree of heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*). Multiflora rose was treated throughout the Site in May 2020 using a foliar application of triclopyr. The scattered princess tree and tree of heaven individuals were treated in September 2020 using a stem injection of imazapyr. The remaining Chinese privet on the site will be treated during the winter of 2020/2021 using a combination of methods including foliar and cut stump applications. Herbicide application for Japanese honeysuckle treatment is also scheduled for MY2. While invasive species have been greatly reduced, Wildlands recognizes that multiple treatments are typically needed for effective invasive plant control and will likely conduct follow up treatments in subsequent monitoring years as necessary.

Areas along the edge of the easement adjacent to the livestock pastures were dominated by pasture grasses such as tall fescue (*Festuca arundinacea*). These areas received a broadcast application of glyphosate and were seeded with the permanent native seed mix prior to planting. Wildlands completed ring sprays around the base of trees in most of the remaining areas dominated by tall fescue. These ring sprays were completed soon after tree planting and significantly reduced tall fescue cover in an 18"-30" radius around each tree. A few small areas were left untreated by ring sprays for comparison.

1.2.3 Stream Assessment

Morphological surveys for MY1 were conducted in October 2020. Streams within the Site are stable and functioning as designed. All cross-sections at the Site show minimal change in the bankfull cross-sectional area and width-to-depth ratio. Bank height ratios are 1.0 or less. Entrenchment ratios are over 1.4 for B channels and 2.2 for C channels. Cross-section graphs show slight deviations from as-built due to sediment deposition and establishment of vegetation. Some sediment deposition in pools is natural and expected. Reachwide substrate measurements indicate the maintenance of coarser materials in the riffle reaches and finer particles in the pools. Visual inspection does not indicate reachwide vertical instability so longitudinal profile surveys are not required. Refer to Appendix 2 for the visual stability assessment table, Integrated Current Condition Plan View map, and stream photographs. Refer to Appendix 4 for the morphological data and plots.

1.2.4 Stream Areas of Concern

No stream areas of concern were identified during MY1.

1.2.5 Hydrology Assessment

By the end of MY7, four or more bankfull events must have occurred in separate years within the restoration reaches. One bankfull event was recorded on Catfish Creek Reach 6 and one was recorded on UT1 Reach 2. Refer to Appendix 5 for hydrologic data.

1.2.6 Wetland Assessment

As requested by NCDWR, four groundwater wells with pressure transducers were installed and monitored within the existing wetlands zones (one along Catfish Creek Reach 4 and three along UT1 Reach 2). The purpose of these gauges is to assess potential effects to wetland hydrology from the construction of the restored stream channels. The monitoring results are not tied to performance standards. All gauges are downloaded and maintained quarterly.

The measured hydroperiod ranged from 5.3% (14 days) to 41.0% (109 days) of the growing season. Groundwater gauges were not installed until mid-March after construction completion, resulting in a data gap during the first 18 days of the growing season. Refer to Appendix 5 for wetland hydrology data.

1.2.7 Adaptive Management Plan

From construction completion through MY1, sporadic areas of invasive species were treated via various forms of herbicide applications. Both the scattered Chinese privet and Japanese honeysuckle are scheduled for herbicide treatment in MY2. Wildlands will continue to monitor and control invasive species at the Site during subsequent monitoring years.

Trees planted in areas of competition with tall fescue are being observed closely. Based on current conditions, no additional treatment is necessary at this time.

1.3 Monitoring Year 1 Summary

All vegetation plots met the MY3 interim requirement of 320 planted stems per acre. Sporadic invasive vegetation was treated in May and September 2020 and follow up treatments are scheduled for winter 2020/2021. Project streams are stable and functioning as designed. Cross-sections show limited deviations from as-built due to sediment deposition and vegetation establishment. A bankfull event was documented on both Catfish Creek Reach 6 and UT1 Reach 2 during MY1.

Summary information and data related to the performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Mitigation Plan (Wildlands, 2019) available on DMS's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices are available from DMS upon request.

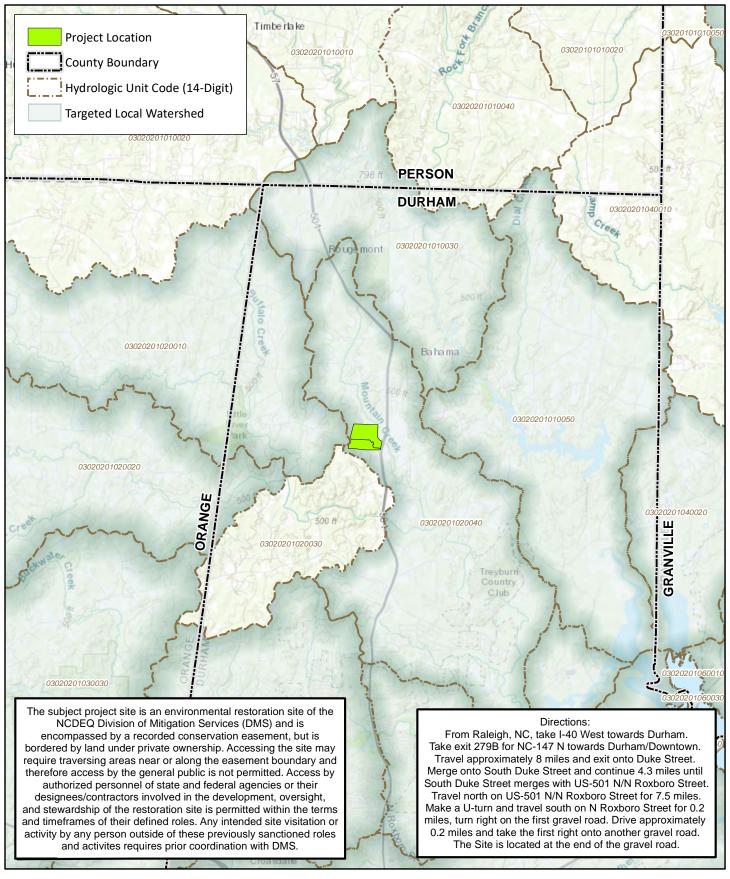
Section 2: METHODOLOGY

Geomorphic data was collected following the standards outlined in The Stream Channel Reference Site: An Illustrated Guide to Field Techniques (Harrelson et al., 1994) and in Stream Restoration: A Natural Channel Design Handbook (Doll et al., 2003). Integrated Current Condition View mapping for MY1 was recorded using a Garmin GLO receiver with 3-meter accuracy and processed using ArcGIS. Pressure transducers were installed in riffle cross-sections to measure bankfull events and were monitored throughout the year. Hydraulic monitoring instrument installation and monitoring methods are in accordance with the Wilmington District Stream and Wetland Compensatory Mitigation Update, released by the North Carolina Interagency Review Team (NCIRT, 2016). Vegetation monitoring protocols followed the Carolina Vegetation Survey-EEP Level 2 Protocol (Lee et al., 2008).

Section 3: REFERENCES

- Breeding, R. 2010. Neuse River Basin Restoration Priorities. North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Accessed at:
 - https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Mitigation%20Services/Watershed_Planning/Neuse_River_Basin/FINAL% 20RBRP%20Neuse%202010 %2020111207%20CORRECTED.pdf
- Doll, B.A., Grabow, G.L., Hall, K.A., Halley, J., Harman, W.A., Jennings, G.D., and Wise, D.E. 2003. Stream Restoration A Natural Channel Design Handbook.
- Harrelson, C.C; Rawlins, C.L.; Potyondy, John P. 1994. Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique. Gen. Tech. Rep. RM-245. Fort Collins, CO: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Forest and Range Experiment Station. Accessed at: https://www.fs.fed.us/biology/nsaec/fishxing/fplibrary/Harrelson_1994_Stream_Channel_Reference_Sites_An_Illustrated.pdf
- Lee, M.T., Peet, R.K., Roberts, S.D., & Wentworth, T.R. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation Version 4.2. Accessed at: http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/protocol/cvs-eep-protocol-v4.2-lev1-2.pdf
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- Rosgen, D.L. 1994. A classification of natural rivers. Catena 22:169-199.
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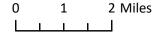
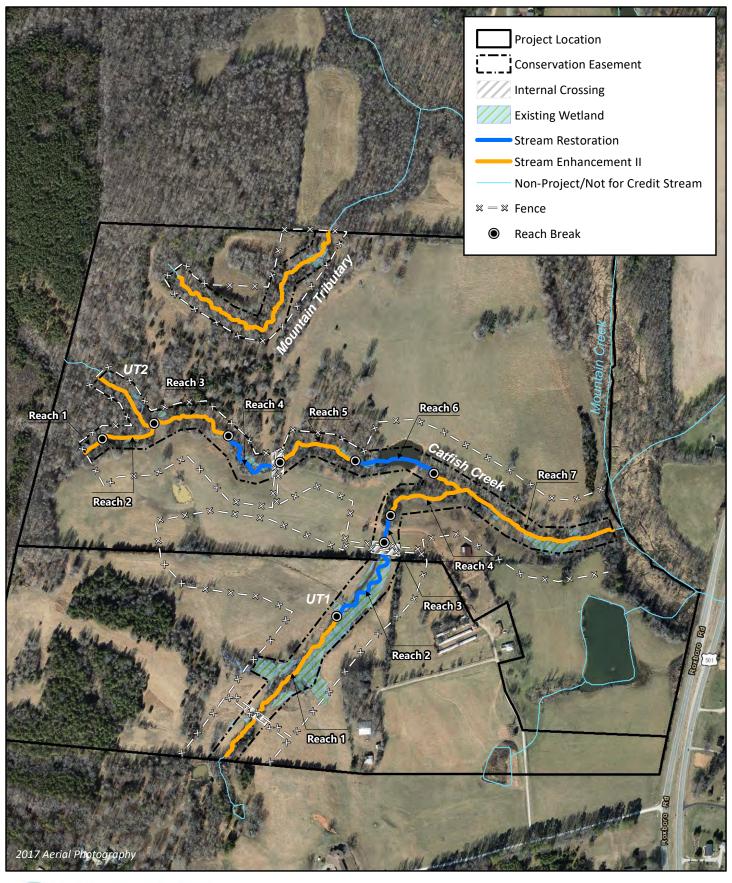




Figure 1. Project Vicinity Map Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 – 2020





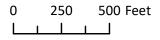


Figure 2. Project Component/Asset Map Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 – 2020

Table 1. Mitigation Assets and Components

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

		_		PR	OJECT COMP	ONENTS_			
Reach ID	Existing Footage	Mitigation Plan Footage	Mitigation Category	Restoration Level	Priority Level	Mitigation Ratio (X:1)	As-Built Footage	Credits (SMU)	Comments
					STREAMS				
Catfish Creek Reach 1	115	115	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	115	46.000	Invasive Control, Conservation Easement
Catfish Creek Reach 2	323	323	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	323	129.200	Invasive Control, Grade Control Structures, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
Catfish Creek Reach 3	474	473	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	474	189.200	Invasive Control, Grade Control Structures, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
Catfish Creek Reach 4	369	374	Warm	R	P1	1.0	373	374.000	Full Channel Restoration, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
	65	72	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	72	0.000	Culvert Crossing
Catfish Creek Reach 5	459	460	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	460	184.000	Grade Control Structures, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion, Conservation Easement
Catfish Creek Reach 6	466	454*	Warm	R	P1	1.0	444	454.000	Full Channel Restoration, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion, Farm Pond Drained
Catfish Creek Reach 7	1,087	1,071*	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	1,087	428.400	Invasive Control, Grade Control Structures, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
	307	263	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	263	105.200	Invasive Control, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
UT1 Reach 1	42	42	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	42	0.000	Culvert Crossing
	717	717	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	711	286.800	Invasive Control, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
UT1 Reach 2	430	515	Warm	R	P1	1.0	520	515.000	Full Channel Restoration, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
	60	60	N/A	N/A	N/A	0.0	61	0.000	Culvert Crossing
UT1 Reach 3	154	149	Warm	R	P2	1.0	149	149.000	Full Channel Restoration, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
UT1 Reach 4	447	446	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	446	178.400	Invasive Control, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion
UT2	412	412	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	412	164.800	Invasive Control, Grade Control Structures, Livestock Exclusion
Mountain Tributary	1,362	1,362	Warm	EII	N/A	2.5	1,362	544.800	Invasive Control, Grade Control Structures, Planted Buffer, Livestock Exclusion

^{*}Due to a stationing error in the Mitigation Plan, linear feet and associated credits were overestimated on Catfish Creek Reach 6 and underestimated on Reach 7 for a net overage of 10.6 SMUs. Stream credits were calculated using Mitigation Plan footage because the 10.6 SMUs represent only 0.28% of the total stream credits.

	PROJECT CREDITS									
Restoration Level		Stream			n Wetland	Non-Riparian	Coastal			
Restoration Level	Warm	Cool	Cold	Riverine	Non-Riverine	Wetland	Marsh			
Restoration	1,492.000									
Enhancement I										
Enhancement II	2,256.800									
Preservation										
Re-Establishment										
Rehabilitation										
Enhancement										
Creation										
Total^	3,748.800									

[^]Credits have been adjusted to include changes in stream alignment on Catfish Creek Reach 6 due to bedrock in the floodplain.

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Activity or Report		Data Collection Complete	Completion or Scheduled Delivery	
Mitigation Plan		July 2019	July 2019	
Final Design - Construction Plans		August 2019	August 2019	
Construction		February-March 2020	March 2020	
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area ¹		March 2020	March 2020	
Permanent seed mix applied to reach/segments ¹		April 2020	April 2020	
Bare root and live stake plantings for reach/segments		March 2020	March 2020	
Deceling Manifesting December (Very O)	Stream Survey	March-April 2020	l 2020	
Baseline Monitoring Document (Year 0)	Vegetation Survey	March 2020	June 2020	
Competitive Vegetation Treatment ²			April-May 2020	
Invasive Vegetation Treatment			May & September 2020	
ear 1 Monitoring	Stream Survey	October 2020	December 2020	
real 1 Monitorning	Vegetation Survey	October 2020	December 2020	
Year 2 Monitoring	Stream Survey	2021	December 2021	
real 2 Monitorning	Vegetation Survey	2021	December 2021	
Vaca 2 Manitaria	Stream Survey	2022	December 2022	
Year 3 Monitoring	Vegetation Survey	2022	December 2022	
Year 4 Monitoring			December 2023	
Vaca E Manitagia	Stream Survey	2024	December 2024	
Year 5 Monitoring	Vegetation Survey	2024	December 2024	
Year 6 Monitoring			December 2025	
Year 7 Monitoring	Stream Survey	2026	December 2026	
Teal 7 Worldoning	Vegetation Survey	2026	December 2026	

¹Seed and mulch is added as each section of construction is completed.

Table 3. Project Contact Table

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

	Wildlands Engineering, Inc.
Designer	497 Bramson Ct, Suite 104
Daniel Johnson, PE	Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464
	843.277.6221
	Main Stream Earthwork, Inc.
Construction Crew	631 Camp Dan Valley Rd
	Reidsville, NC 27320
	Bruton Natural Systems, Inc
Planting Contractor	P.O. Box 1197
	Fremont, NC 27830
	Canady's Landscaping & Erosion
Seeding Contractor	256 Fairview Acres Rd
	Lexington, NC 27295
Seed Mix Sources	Garrett Wildflower Seed Farm
	1591 Cleveland Rd
	Smithfield, NC 27577
	Ernst Conservation Seeds, Inc.
ing Contractor Mix Sources ery Stock Suppliers Roots	8884 Mercer Pike
	Meadville, PA 16335
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Dykes and Sons Nursery and Greenhouse
Bare Roots	825 Maude Etter Rd
	McMinnville, TN 37110
Live Stakes	Bruton Natural Systems, Inc
	Foggy Mountain Nursery
	797 Helton Creek Rd
	Lansing, NC 28643
Monitoring Performers	Wildlands Engineering, Inc.
Monitoring, POC	Jason Lorch
monitoring, i de	919.851.9986

 $^{^2\}mbox{Herbicide}$ ring sprays around the base of planted stems.

Table 4. Project Information and Attributes Catfish Pond Mitigation Site

DMS Project No. 100039

Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

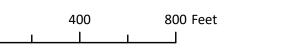
Wolltoning Teal 1 - 2020							
	PROJECT IN	FORMATIO	V				
Project Name	Catfish Pond N						
County	Durham Count						
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude)	36° 9′ 48.03″ N	•	S" \A/				
Project Area (acres)	20.73	1, 76 34 37.0	5 VV				
Planted Acreage (acres of woody stems planted)	8.00						
PROJECT W	ATERSHED SI	JMMARY II	IFORMATIO	N			
Physiographic Province	Carolina Slate	Belt of the Pie	dmont Physiog	graphic Provinc	ce		
River Basin	Neuse River						
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit	03020201						
USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-digit	030202010200	040					
DWR Sub-basin	03-04-01						
Project Drainiage Area (acres)	227 (Catfish Cr	eek - 197, Mo	untain Tributa	ry - 30)			
Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area	0.0%						
CGIA Land Use Classification	45.6% forester	d. 54.2% cultiv	ated. 0.2% we	tland			
REA	CH SUMMAF						
ILA	CIT SOIVIIVIAI	AT IN ORIVI		Cattials Cuasis			
Parameters	P4	l pa		Catfish Creek	p-	l pc	P.7
Longth of Roach (linear foot) Roct Rectoration	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7
Length of Reach (linear feet) - Post-Restoration	115	323	474	373	460	444	1,087
Valley Confinement (confined, moderately confined, unconfined)	Confined	Confined	Confined	Unconfined	Moderately Confined	Moderately Confined	Moderately Confined
Drainage Area (acres)	17	17	53	56	61	70	197
Perennial, Intermittent, Ephemeral	I	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
NCDWR Stream Identification Score	35.00		30.00	45.25			
NCDWR Water Quality Classification			W	S-II/HQW/NS\	N		
Morphological Description (stream type) - Pre-Restoration	E5b/E4b	E5b/E4b	E4	Incised E6	C4b	N/A	C4b
Morphological Description (stream type) - Post-Restoration	E5b/E4b	E5b/E4b	E4	C4	C4b	B4a	C4b
Evolutionary Trend (Simon's Model) - Pre-Restoration	IV	IV	IV	IV	IV	N/A	V
FEMA Classification			No	ne			Zone AE
Parameters		U	Γ1		UT2	Mountair	n Tributary
raiameters	R1	R2	R3	R4	012	Wiodiitali	Tilbutary
Length of Reach (linear feet) - Post-Restoration	974	520	149	446	412	1,:	362
Valley Confinement (confined, moderately confined, unconfined)	Unconfined	Moderately Confined	Moderately Confined	Confined	Confined	Moderate	ly Confined
Drainage Area (acres)	75	105	107	108	32	3	30
Perennial, Intermittent, Ephemeral	Р	Р	P	Р	ī		ı
NCDWR Stream Identification Score	t i		.50	· · ·	26.00	26	5.00
NCDWR Water Quality Classification	1			S-II/HQW/NSV			
Morphological Description (stream type) - Pre-Restoration	E4	C6	E4b	E4b	C3b/C4b	E	4b
Morphological Description (stream type) - Post-Restoration	E4	C4	B4a	E4b	C3b/C4b		4b
Evolutionary Trend (Simon's Model) - Pre-Restoration	IV	V	IV	IV	IV		V
FEMA Classification	.,	<u> </u>		None			•
	GULATORY C	ONSIDERAT	IONS				
Regulation			10113	Sunno	rting Docume	ntation	
Waters of the United States - Section 404	Applicable Yes	Resolved Yes	USACE Na		nit No. 27 and		er Quality
Waters of the United States - Section 401	Yes	Yes	00,102,110		ification No. 4		ici quanty
Division of Land Quality (Dam Safety)	N/A	N/A		Cert	N/A	134.	
Endangered Species Act	Yes	Yes	Catfish Pond Mitigation Plan; per the Categorical Exclusion research and response by US Fish and Wildlife Service the "proposed action [this project] is not likely to adversely affect any federally listed endangered or threatened species, their formally designated critical habitat, or species currently proposed for listing under the Act."				sed action [in rally listed nated critical
Historic Preservation Act	Yes	Yes	Correspondence from SHPO on March 5, 2018 stated they were aware of "no historic resources which would be affected by the project."				
Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)/Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	N/A	N/A			N/A		
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Yes	Yes	Durham Cou		Development d on October		9800041 was
Essential Fisheries Habitat	N/A	N/A			N/A		
L		·	·				

^{(---):} Data was not provided.















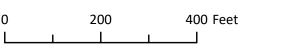


Figure 3a. Integrated Current Condition Plan View Map
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site
DMS Project No. 100039
Monitoring Year 1 – 2020

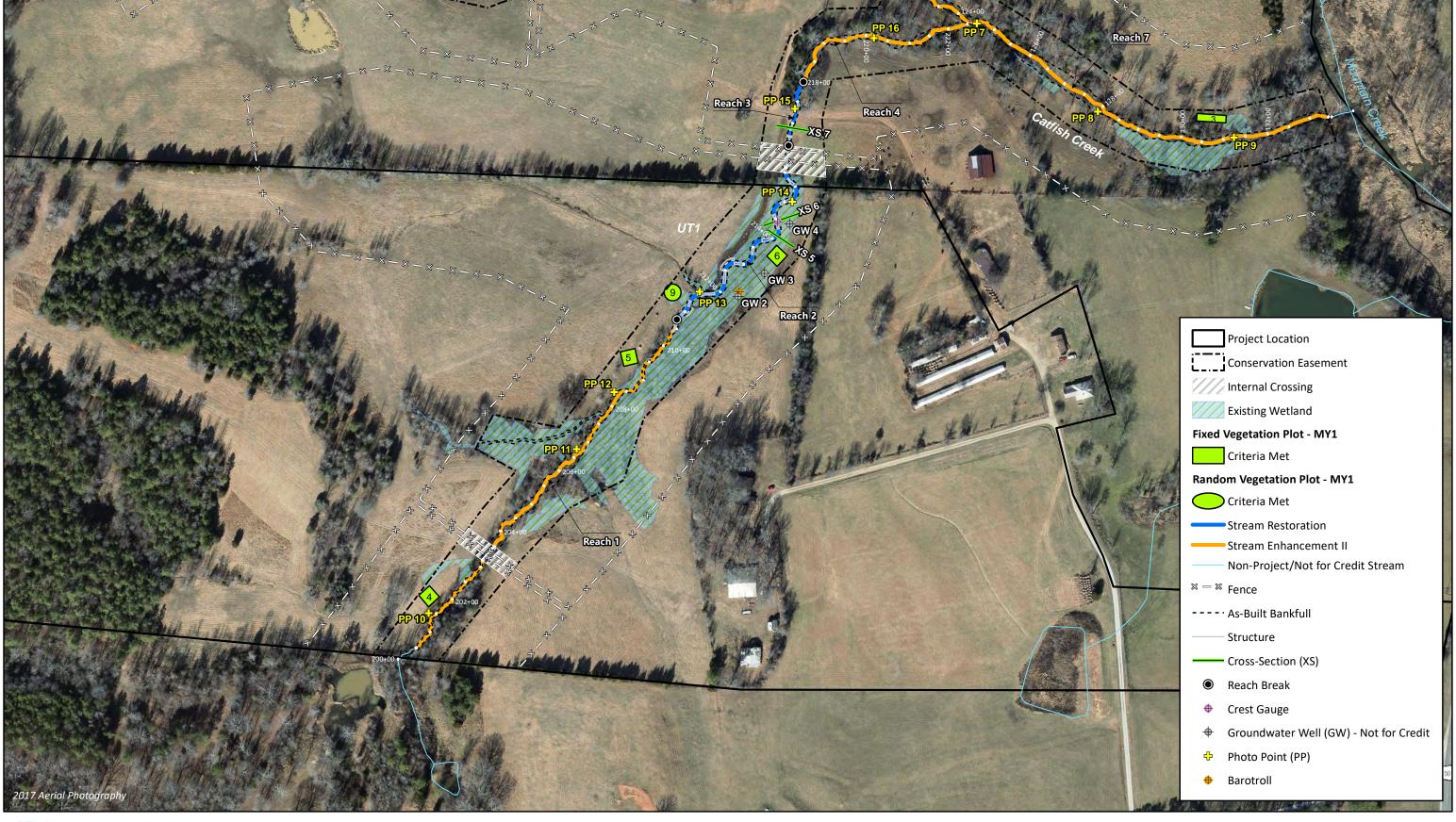






Table 5a. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table Caffish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish Creek Reach 4

Catfish Creek Rea Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-Built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	(Riffle and Run Units)	Degradation		T	0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate	7	7			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient	7	7			100%			
	Condition	Length Appropriate	7	7			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	7	7			100%			
	g.	Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	7	7			100%			
2. Bank	1						I		l	
	1. Scoured/Eroded	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, caving, or collapse.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
		T T		Totals	0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
3. Engineered Structures ¹	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	0	0			N/A			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			N/A			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			N/A			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%.	4	4			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth: Bankfull Depth≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow.	4	4			100%			

 $^{^{1}}$ Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5b. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table Catfish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish Creek Reach 6

Catfish Creek Reach 6										
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-Built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	(Riffle and Run Units)	Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate	14	14			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient	15	15			100%			
	Condition	Length Appropriate	15	15			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	14	14			100%			
	, and the second	Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	15	15			100%			
2. Bank		1	1				I		I	
2. Bulk	1. Scoured/Eroded	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
		I		Totals	0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
3. Engineered Structures ¹	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	1	1			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	1	1			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	1	1			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%.	0	0			N/A			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining "Max Pool Depth: Bankfull Depth≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow.	0	0			N/A			

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5c. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table Catfish Pond Mitigation Project

Catfish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

UT1 Reach 2

UT1 Reach 2										
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-Built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	(Riffle and Run Units)	Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate	10	10			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient	10	10			100%			
	Condition	Length Appropriate	10	10			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) Thalweg centering at downstream of	10	10			100%			
		meander bend (Glide)	10	10			100%			
2. Bank						1	1	1		
	1. Scoured/Eroded	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
2 Fasings and		I		Totals	0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
3. Engineered Structures ¹	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	o	0			N/A			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			N/A			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			N/A			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%.	2	2			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow.	2	2			100%			

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5d. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table Catfish Pond Mitigation Project

Catfish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

UT1 Reach 3

UT1 Reach 3										
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-Built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	(Riffle and Run Units)	Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate	3	3			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient	4	4			100%			
	Condition	Length Appropriate	4	4			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	4	4			100%			
	Ü	Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	4	4			100%			
2. Bank							1			
	1. Scoured/Eroded	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
3. Engineered		ı		Totals	0	0	100%	n/a	n/a	n/a
Structures ¹	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	0	0			N/A			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			N/A			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			N/A			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%.	0	0			N/A			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth: Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow.	0	0			N/A			

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment Table

Catfish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Planted Acreage

8.00

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold (Ac)	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1	0	0	0%
woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.		0.1	0	0	0%
		Total	0	0	0%
Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 Ac	0	0	0%
	0	0.0	0%		

Easement Acreage 20.73

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold (SF)	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
Invasive Areas of Concern	Areas of points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1,000	0	0	0%
Areas of points (if too small to render as polygo map scale).		none	0	0	0%

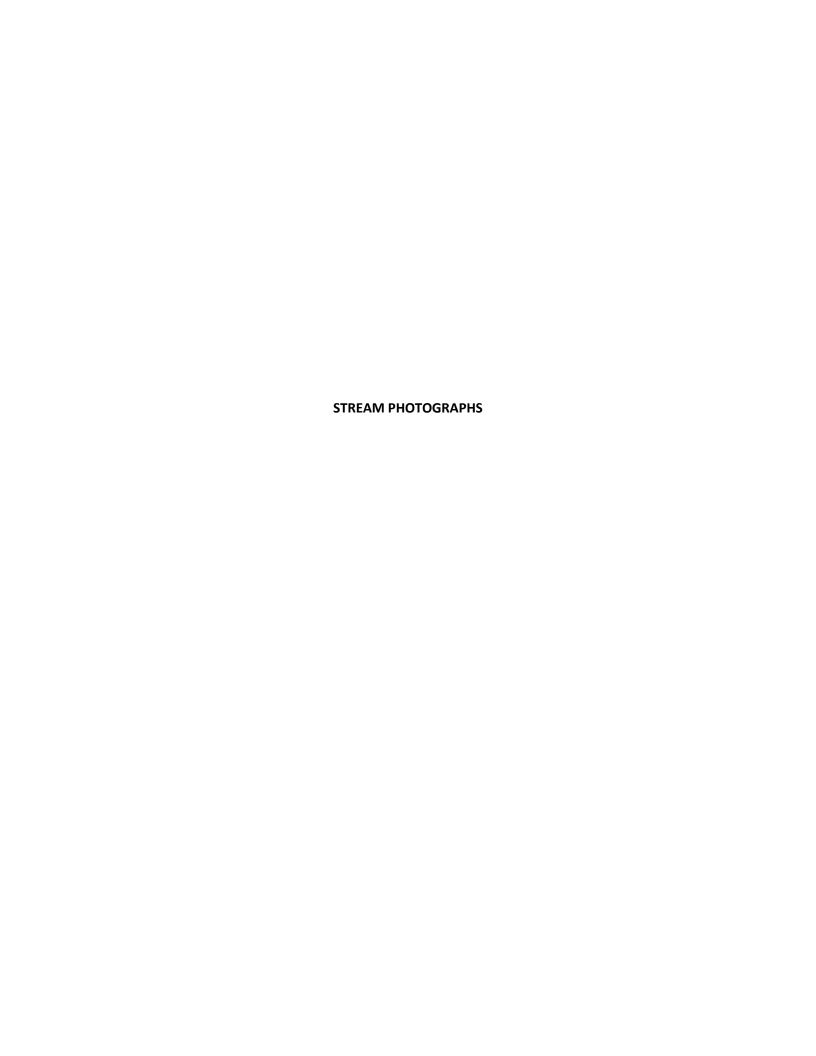
















PHOTO POINT 19 Mountain Trib – upstream (10/22/2020)

PHOTO POINT 19 Mountain Trib - downstream (10/22/2020)



PHOTO POINT 20 Mountain Trib – upstream (10/22/2020)



PHOTO POINT 20 Mountain Trib – downstream (10/22/2020)







FIXED VEG PLOT 7 (10/06/2020)







RANDOM VEG PLOT 9 (10/06/2020)



Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment Table

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039

Plot	Success Criteria Met*	Tract Mean
Fixed Veg Plot 1	Yes	
Fixed Veg Plot 2	Yes	
Fixed Veg Plot 3	Yes	
Fixed Veg Plot 4	Yes	
Fixed Veg Plot 5	Yes	100%
Fixed Veg Plot 6	Yes	
Fixed Veg Plot 7	Yes	
Random Veg Plot 8	Yes	
Random Veg Plot 9	Yes	

^{*}Based on the interim target stem density for MY3 of 320 planted stems per acre.

Table 8. CVS Vegetation Tables - Metadata Catfish Pond Mitigation Site

= In	- 1 4
Report Prepared By	Tasha King
Date Prepared	10/30/2020 9:37
Database Name	CatfishPond_MY1_cvs-v2.5.0.mdb
Database Location	F:\Monitoring\Catfish Pond\MY1 - 2020
Computer Name	CHARLOTTEINTERN
File Size	84144128
DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT	
Metadata	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and project data.
Project Planted	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes.
Project Total Stems	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
Plots	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
Damage	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
Planted Stems by Plot and Spp	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
ALL Stems by Plot and Spp	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
PROJECT SUMMARY	
Project Code	100039
Project Name	Catfish Pond Mitigation Site
Description	Stream and Buffer Restoration Project
Sampled Plots	7

Table 9a. Fixed Plots: Planted and Total Stem Counts

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 **Monitoring Year 1 - 2020**

								Cur	rent Plo	t Data	(MY1 2	020)					
				VP 1			VP 2			VP 3			VP 4			VP 5	
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Aesculus flava	Yellow Buckeye	Shrub Tree	1	1	1												
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree				1	1	1	1	1	1						
Diospyros virginiana	American Persimmon	Tree									12						
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree				2	2	2						1	3	3	3
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	Tree															
Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore	Tree	4	4	4	7	7	7	3	3	3	8	8	8	2	2	2
Quercus alba	White Oak	Tree				2	2	2									
Quercus lyrata	Overcup Oak	Tree							2	2	2	1	1	1			
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Tree	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	3
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	5	5	5				3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	3
Quercus shumardii	Shumard Oak	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
	Unknown Species	Tree															
		Stem count	14	14	14	15	15	15	12	12	12	12	12	12	13	13	13
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1	•		1	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02	
		Species count	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	5	5	6	5	5	5
		Stems per ACRE	567	567	567	607	607	607	486	486	486	486	486	486	526	526	526

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

Volunteer species included in total

PnoLS - Planted Stems Excluding Live Stakes

P-all - All Planted Stems

T - All Woody Stems

Table 9a. Fixed Plots: Planted and Total Stem Counts

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 **Monitoring Year 1 - 2020**

				Current	Plot D	ata (MY	1 2020)				Annua	Means		
				VP 6			VP 7		M	Y1 (202	.0)	М	Y0 (202	:0)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Aesculus flava	Yellow Buckeye	Shrub Tree							1	1	1	1	1	1
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree				7	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	9
Diospyros virginiana	American Persimmon	Tree						1			13			
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	8	7	7	7
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	Tree						2			2			
Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore	Tree	6	6	6	6	6	6	36	36	36	36	36	36
Quercus alba	White Oak	Tree				1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3
Quercus lyrata	Overcup Oak	Tree							3	3	3	3	3	3
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Tree	2	2	2				11	11	11	11	11	11
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	3	3	3				15	15	15	15	15	15
Quercus shumardii	Shumard Oak	Tree	2	2	2	1	1	1	11	11	11	11	11	11
	Unknown Species	Tree										1	1	1
		Stem count	14	14	14	16	16	16	96	96	96	97	97	97
		size (ares)		1			1			7			7	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.17			0.17	
		Species count	5	5	5	5	5	7	9	9	11	10	10	10
		Stems per ACRE	567	567	567	647	647	647	555	555	555	561	561	561

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

Volunteer species included in total

PnoLS - Planted Stems Excluding Live Stakes

P-all - All Planted Stems

T - All Woody Stems

Table 9b. Random Plots: Planted and Total Stem Counts

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 **Monitoring Year 1 - 2020**

			Cui	rrent Plot D	ata (MY1 20	020)		Annual	Means	
			V	P 8	VI	P 9	MY1	(2020)	MY0	(2020)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	Te	Total	Te	Total	Te	Total	Te	Total
Aesculus flava	Yellow Buckeye	Shrub Tree							3	3
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	1	1	1	1	2	2	4	4
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree	3	3	3	3	6	6	1	1
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweetgum	Tree	3	3			3	3		
Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore	Tree	5	5	2	2	7	7	7	7
Quercus alba	White Oak	Tree	1	1			1	1	1	1
Quercus lyrata	Overcup Oak	Tree							1	1
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Tree	1	1	5	5	6	6	2	2
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree			1	1	1	1	4	4
Quescus shumardii	Shumard Oak	Tree	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree			3	3	3	3		
Ulmus	Elm	Tree	1	1			1	1		
Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood Viburnum	Shrub Tree							1	1
		Stem count	16	12	16	13	32	25	26	26
		size (ares)		1		1		2		2
		size (ACRES)	0.	.02	0.	02	0	.05	0.	05
		Species count	8	8	7	7	10	10	10	10
		Stems per ACRE	647	486	647	526	647	506	526	526

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

Volunteer species included in total

Te - Number of stems including exotic species

Total - Number of stems excluding exotic species



Table 10a. Baseline Stream Data Summary

Catfish Creek Reach 4 & UT1 Reach 2																	
		PRE-RESTORATI	ON CONDITION		REF	ERENCE R	REACH DA	TA			DES	SIGN			AS-BUILT/	BASELINE	
Parameter	Gage	Catfish Creek Reach 4	UT1 Reach 2		UT4 edar Creek)	UT to W	ells Creek		Varnals eek		n Creek ich 4	_	T1 ach 2		h Creek ach 4		T1 ich 2
		Min Max	Min Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle																	
Bankfull Width (ft)		7.0	16.7		7.3	6.2	8.6	9.3	10.5		3.5	1	1.5		3.1		0.0
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹		12.0	22.0	:	20.1	16.0	22.0	60.0	100.0	19	9.0	25.0	58.0	20	0.00		0.00
Bankfull Mean Depth		0.9	0.4		0.6	0.6	1.0	1.5	1.7).7).9		0.8).8
Bankfull Max Depth		1.3	0.9		1.1	0.9	1.4	1.5	1.7	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.3		1.2		5
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	N/A	6.4	7.1		4.2	3.9	6.3	10.3	12.3		5.8		9.9		5.4		3.0
Width/Depth Ratio		7.7	39.5		12.6	6.1	12.6	8.1	9.3		2.6	1	3.4		0.2		2.4
Entrenchment Ratio ¹		1.7	1.3		2.7	1.9	4.1	5.7	10.0		2.2	2.2	5.0		4.6		0.1
Bank Height Ratio		2.2	2.4		1.0	1.0	1.8		L.0		0		1.0		1.0		0
D50 (mm)						-		-		-		-		2	8.5	3	7.5
Profile																	
Riffle Length (ft)																	
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)				0.006	0.049	0.017	0.078	0.024	0.057	0.016	0.026	0.007	0.012	0.011	0.042	0.004	0.027
Pool Length (ft)	N/A																
Pool Max Depth (ft)	14/75	1.4		1.4	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.5	2.6		1.3		2.6	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.8
Pool Spacing (ft)				17.6	24.1	17.0	63.0	7.8	82.0	48.0	61.0	36.0	64.0	35.0	78.0	30.0	71.0
Pool Volume (ft ³)																	
Pattern																	
Channel Beltwidth (ft)				3.2	5.7	10.0	35.0	15.0	45.0	21.0	38.0	33.0	48.0	21.0	38.0	33.0	48.0
Radius of Curvature (ft)				5.3	12.6	2.3	32.0	8.3	47.3	21.0	35.0	18.0	26.0	21.0	35.0	18.0	26.0
Rc:Bankfull Width (ft/ft)	N/A			0.7	1.7	0.3	4.0	0.6	3.2	2.5	4.1	1.6	2.3	2.5	4.1	1.6	2.3
Meander Length (ft)				10.2	17.0					109.0	120.0	93.0	125.0	109.0	120.0	93.0	125.0
Meander Width Ratio				0.4	0.8	1.3	4.4	1.0	3.0	2.5	4.5	2.9	4.2	2.5	4.5	2.9	4.2
Substrate, Bed and Transport Parameters																	
Ri%/Ru%/P%/G%/S%																	
SC%/Sa%/G%/C%/B%/Be%																	
410/435/450/404/405/4100						0.1/0.6	/4.5/53/	2.9/9.2/1	15.0/56.0/					SC/6.6	9/16.0/	SC/S0	C/0.5/
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95/d100	N/A					96	5/x	88	8.0	_		-		60.9/107	7.3/>2048	56.9/10	7.3/256
Reach Shear Stress (Competency) lb/ft ²		0.56	0.26							-				0	.65	0.	.13
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																	
Stream Power (Capacity) W/m ²																	
Additional Reach Parameters																	
Drainage Area (SM)		0.09	0.16		0.11	1 0	.13	0	.41	0	.09	0	.16	0	.09	0	.16
Watershed Impervious Cover Estimate (%)			0%									0%	.10		0.0		
Rosgen Classification		E6	C6		C4		C4		I/E4	(24		C 4	,	C4		C4
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		2.8	3.0	5.2	6.1		3.8	4.4	5.2		3.0		2.1		3.2		.1
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	i	18.0	21.0	21.7	25.8		5.0		4.0		7.0		0.6		0.6		9.6
Q-NFF regression																	
Q-USGS extrapolation	N/A																
Q-Mannings	1																
Valley Length (ft)	1					-				-		-				-	
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)	1	369 (65 crossing)	430 (60 crossing)			-				374 (72	crossing)	515 (60	crossing)	373 (72	crossing)		crossing)
Sinuosity		1.07	1.06		1.05		.41		.20		.18		.23		.18		.23
Bankfull Slope (ft/ft)		0.016	0.020	0	.016	0.0	020	0.	020	0.0	014	0.0	005	0.	014	0.0	005

Banktrull Slope (tr/tt) 0.016 0.020 0.016

1 Differences between Design and As-Built/Baseline calculations are due to the ranges used in Design and field surveyed measurements used in As-Built/Baseline. (--): Data was not provided.

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish Reach 6 & UT1 Reach 3

		PRE-RESTORAT	ION CON	DITION	REF	ERENCE	REACH DATA		DES	IGN			AS-BUILT/B	ASELINE	
Parameter	Gage	Catfish Creek Reach 6	Rea	T1 ich 3 h 4 XS)	UT to He	nry Fork	Agony Acres		h Creek ach 6	U1 Read			sh Creek each 6		JT1 ach 3
		Min Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle															
Bankfull Width (ft)		N/A ¹	6.2	8.1	3.2	7.7	11.1	8	3.5	8.	.0	7.7	9.0	1	6.5
Floodprone Width (ft) ²		N/A ¹	2	2.0	6.3	13.3	25.2	12.0	21.0	11.0	20.0	30.0	100.0	6	0.0
Bankfull Mean Depth		N/A ¹	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.7	().6	0.	.6	0.7	0.8	1	0.8
Bankfull Max Depth		N/A ¹	0.9	1.1	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3		1.5
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	N/A	N/A ¹	4.2	6.2	1.3	3.6	7.4		5.3	4.	.9	5.7	7.0		5.4
Width/Depth Ratio		N/A ¹	9.2	10.5	5.2	16.4	16.6	1	3.8	13	1.0	10.2	11.6		7.8
Entrenchment Ratio ²		N/A ¹	2.8	3.6	1.7	2.0	2.3	1.4	2.5	1.4	2.5	3.3	13.1		9.3
Bank Height Ratio		N/A ¹	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.0		1.0	1			1.0		1.0
D50 (mm)		N/A N/A ¹		1.5		1.0	50.6			-		34.4	40.6		4.1
Profile		IN/A	1				30.0					34.4	40.0		
Riffle Length (ft)					1			1		1					
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		N/A ¹			0.050	0.070		0.031	0.045	0.049	0.055	0.005	0.059	0.040	0.093
Pool Length (ft)		IV/A			0.030	0.070		0.031	0.043	0.043	0.055	0.003	0.033	0.040	0.033
Pool Max Depth (ft)	N/A	N/A ¹			-	_	1.6	7	2.3	3.	.0	1.5	2.4	1.8	2.6
Pool Spacing (ft)		N/A ¹			14.1	24.9		13.0	51.0	11.0	28.0	7.9	142.1	19.0	32.0
, ,,,		IN/A			14.1	24.3		13.0	31.0	11.0	28.0	7.5	142.1	15.0	32.0
Pool Volume (ft ³)															
Pattern						_						1			
Channel Beltwidth (ft)		N/A ³			N/		N/A ³		/A ³	N/			N/A ³		I/A ³
Radius of Curvature (ft)		N/A ³			N/		N/A ³		/A ³	N/			N/A ³		I/A ³
Rc:Bankfull Width (ft/ft)	N/A	N/A ³	-		N/	'A ³	N/A ³		/A ³	N/	'A ³	1	N/A ³	N	I/A ³
Meander Length (ft)		N/A ³	-		N/	'A ³	N/A ³	N	/A ³	N/	'A ³	1	N/A ³	N	I/A ³
Meander Width Ratio		N/A ³	-		N/	'A ³	N/A ³	N	/A ³	N/	'A ³	1	N/A ³	N	I/A ³
ubstrate, Bed and Transport Parameters															
Ri%/Ru%/P%/G%/S%															
SC%/Sa%/G%/C%/B%/Be%															
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95/d100	N/A		-				2.0/12.9/50.6/ 168.1/>2048.1				-		32.92/50.6/ 545.2/>2048		10/23.2/ 0.7/>204
D 1 Cl Cl (C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	N/A	1.52	1	.89			108.1/>2048.1	1					1.86		89
Reach Shear Stress (Competency) lb/ft ² Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull		1.52	1.	.03								•	1.80		63
Stream Power (Capacity) W/m ² Additional Reach Parameters															
Drainage Area (SM)		0.11	1 0	.16	0.0	05	0.15	Ι 0	.11	0.:	16		0.11	1 6).16
Watershed Impervious Cover Estimate (%)			.0%	.10				<u> </u>	0.0			·	0.09		
Rosgen Classification				4b		4a	В3	В	4a	B4	1a		B4a		34a
Bankfull Velocity (fps)				5.1	3.8	5.4	4.9		1.0	4.			4.9		3.5
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)				1.0		2.0	37.0		0.9	21			28.4		0.1
Q-NFF regression	N/A														
Q-USGS extrapolation	N/A														
Q-Mannings															
Valley Length (ft)															
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)		466		54					54	14			444		149
Sinuosity				.10	1.		1.04		.04	1.0			1.05		02
Bankfull Slope (ft/ft)			0.0	038	0.0)42	0.050	0.	043	0.0	154	0	0.043	0	.061

¹ Catfish Creek Reach 6 was an embankment pond and thus had no existing channel characteristics.

² Differences between Design and As-Built/Baseline calculations are due to the ranges used in Design and field surveyed measurements used in As-Built/Baseline.

³ Pattern data is not applicable for B-type channels.

^{(---):} Data was not provided.

N/A: Not Applicable

Table 11. Cross-Section Morphology Monitoring Summary

					Cat	fish Cre	ek Rea	ch 4									Cat	fish Cre	ek Rea	ch 6				
		Cro	ss-Secti	on 1 (P	ool)			Cros	s-Section	on 2 (Ri	ffle)			Cros	s-Section	on 3 (Ri	iffle)			Cros	s-Sectio	on 4 (Ri	ffle)	
	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area	467.55	N/A					466.93	467.08					444.72	444.80					432.39	432.41				
Bank Height Ratio - Based on AB Bankfull ¹ Area	N/A	N/A					1.0	<1.0					1.0	<1.0					1.0	1.0				
Thalweg Elevation	465.36	465.65					465.71	465.90					443.45	443.53					431.20	431.24				
LTOB ² Elevation	467.55	467.56					466.93	466.95					444.72	444.70					432.39	432.40			 	
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)	2.2	1.9					1.2	1.0					1.0	1.2					1.2	1.2				
LTOB ² Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	14.4	12.3					6.4	5.3					5.7	4.9					7.0	6.9				
						UT1 R	each 2								UT1 R	each 3								
		Cro	ss-Secti	on 5 (P	ool)			Cros	s-Section	on 6 (Ri	ffle)			Cros	s-Section	on 7 (Ri	iffle)							
	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7						
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area	446.13	N/A					445.98	446.05					442.36	442.40										
Bank Height Ratio - Based on AB Bankfull ¹ Area	N/A	N/A					1.0	1.0					1.0	1.0										
Thalweg Elevation	443.44	443.52					444.52	444.73					440.83	440.87										
LTOB ² Elevation	446.13	446.19					445.98	446.01					442.36	442.34										
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)	2.7	2.7					1.5	1.3					1.5	1.5										
LTOB ² Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	20.1	19.5					8.0	7.5					5.4	5.0										

¹Bank Height Ratio (BHR) takes the As-built bankful area as the basis for adjusting each subsequent years bankfull elevation.

²LTOB Area and Max depth - These are based on the LTOB elevation for each years survey (The same elevation used for the LTOB in the BHR calculation). Area below the LTOB elevation will be used and tracked for each year as above. The difference between the LTOB elevation and the thalweg elevation (same as in the BHR calculation) will be recroded and tracked above as LTOB max depth.

Table 12a. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish Creek Reach 4

Parameter	As-Built,	/Baseline	М	Y1	IV	IY2	N	1Y3	N	/IY5	IV	1Y7
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		•				•				•		
Bankfull Width (ft)	8	.1	7	.9								
Floodprone Width (ft)	2	00	20	00								
Bankfull Mean Depth	0	.8	0	.7								
Bankfull Max Depth	1	2	1	.0								
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	6	.4	5	.3								
Width/Depth Ratio	10	0.2	11	L.7								
Entrenchment Ratio	24	4.6	25	5.4								
Bank Height Ratio	1	0	<1	1.0								
Profile												
Riffle Length (ft)												
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.0110	0.0420										
Pool Length (ft)												
Pool Max Depth (ft)	1.9	2.2										
Pool Spacing (ft)		78.0										
Pool Volume (ft ³)												
Pattern												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	21	38										
Radius of Curvature (ft)	21	35										
Rc:Bankfull Width (ft/ft)	2.5	4.1										
Meander Wave Length (ft)		120.0										
Meander Width Ratio	2.5	4.5										
Additional Reach Parameters												
Rosgen Classification		C4										
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)	373 (72	crossing)										
Sinuosity (ft)	1.	.18										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)												
Bankfull Slope (ft/ft)	0.0	014										
Ri%/Ru%/P%/G%/S%												
SC%/Sa%/G%/C%/B%/Be%	nenanaeanaeanaaanaa											
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95/d100		9/16.0/	0.08/1.4	11/11.4/								
410/433/430/484/493/4100	60.9/107	7.3/>2048	54.7/10	7.3/256								
% of Reach with Eroding Banks	C	1%	0	%								

^{*}Morphological survey and analysis not required for MY4 and MY6.

Table 12b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish Creek Reach 6

Parameter	As-Built/	Baseline	IV	IY1	M	Y2	N	1Y3	IV	1Y5		1 Y7
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle												
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.7	9.0	7.2	9.4								
Floodprone Width (ft)	30	100	30	100								
Bankfull Mean Depth	0.7	0.8	C).7								
Bankfull Max Depth	1.2	1.3	1	2								
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	5.7	7.0	4.9	6.9								
Width/Depth Ratio	10.2	11.6	10.7	12.8								
Entrenchment Ratio	3.3	13.1	3.2	13.8								
Bank Height Ratio	1	.0	<1.0	1.0								
Profile												
Riffle Length (ft)			_									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.005	0.059										
Pool Length (ft)												
Pool Max Depth (ft)	1.5	2.4										
Pool Spacing (ft)	8	142										
Pool Volume (ft ³)												
Pattern												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	N/	A ¹										
Radius of Curvature (ft)	N/	A ¹										
Rc:Bankfull Width (ft/ft)	N/											
Meander Wave Length (ft)	N/											
Meander Width Ratio	N/	A ¹										
Additional Reach Parameters												
Rosgen Classification	B4	l a										
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)	44	14										
Sinuosity (ft)	1.0	05										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)												
Bankfull Slope (ft/ft)	0.0	143										
Ri%/Ru%/P%/G%/S%												
SC%/Sa%/G%/C%/B%/Be%												
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95/d100	16.56/32			.57/51.2/								·
u10/u55/u50/u64/d95/d100	2580.3/354	15.2/>2048	113.8/2	07.2/362								
% of Reach with Eroding Banks	0'	%	C)%								

N/A: Not Applicable

¹ Pattern data is not applicable for B-type channels. *Morphological survey and analysis not required for MY4 and MY6.

Table 12c. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary

Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

UT1 Reach 2

Parameter	As-Built,	/Baseline	MY:	1	IV	IY2	N.	1Y3		MY5	IV	1Y7
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle			·			•				•		•
Bankfull Width (ft)	10	0.0	10.1	1								
Floodprone Width (ft)	2	00	200)								
Bankfull Mean Depth	0	.8	0.7	'								
Bankfull Max Depth		.5	1.3	}								
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	8	.0	7.5									
Width/Depth Ratio	12	2.4	13.5	5								
Entrenchment Ratio	20	0.1	19.8	8								
Bank Height Ratio	1	.0	1.0)								
Profile												
Riffle Length (ft)			<u>_</u>									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.004	0.027										
Pool Length (ft)												
Pool Max Depth (ft)	2.1	2.8										
Pool Spacing (ft)		71.0										
Pool Volume (ft ³)												
Pattern												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	33.0	48.0										
Radius of Curvature (ft)	18.0	26.0										
Rc:Bankfull Width (ft/ft)	1.6	2.3										
Meander Wave Length (ft)	93.0	125.0										
Meander Width Ratio	2.9	4.2										
Additional Reach Parameters												
Rosgen Classification		24										
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)		crossing)										
Sinuosity (ft)		23										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)			_									
Bankfull Slope (ft/ft)	0.0	005										
Ri%/Ru%/P%/G%/S%												
SC%/Sa%/G%/C%/B%/Be%												
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95/d100).5/56.9/ 3/256	SC/0.27/16 190.9/									
% of Reach with Eroding Banks	0	%	0%)								

^{*}Morphological survey and analysis not required for MY4 and MY6.

Table 12d. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary

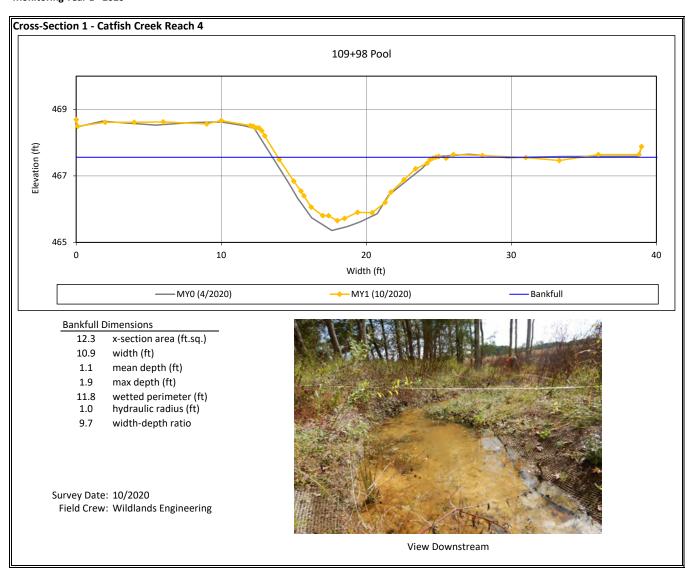
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

UT1 Reach 3

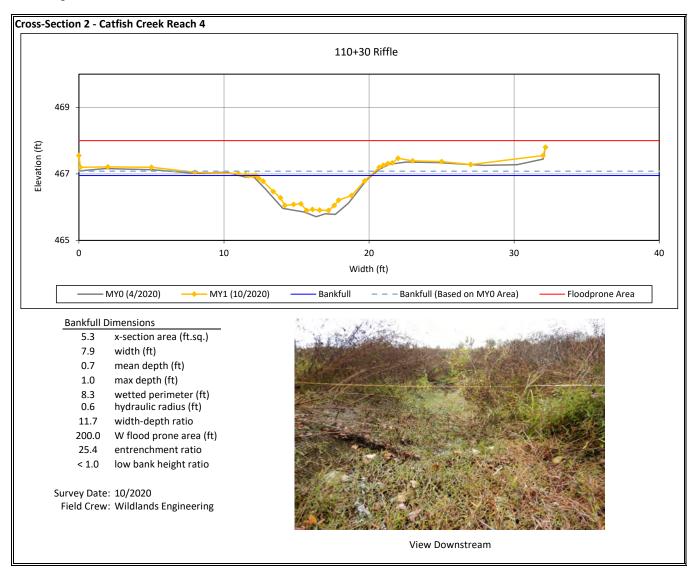
Parameter	As-Built,	/Baseline	M	IY1	N	/IY2	IV	1Y3		MY5	IV	IY7
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle												
Bankfull Width (ft)	6	5.5	6	5.0								
Floodprone Width (ft)	e	50	6	50								
Bankfull Mean Depth	0).8	0).8								
Bankfull Max Depth	1	5	1	5								
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	5	5.4	5	5.0								
Width/Depth Ratio	7	'.8	7	'.1								
Entrenchment Ratio	9).3	10	0.0								
Bank Height Ratio	1	0	1	0								
Profile												
Riffle Length (ft)												
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.040	0.093										
Pool Length (ft)												
Pool Max Depth (ft)	1.8	2.6										
Pool Spacing (ft)		32.0										
Pool Volume (ft ³)			_									
Pattern												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	N,	/A ¹										
Radius of Curvature (ft)	N,	/A ¹										
Rc:Bankfull Width (ft/ft)	N,	/A ¹										
Meander Wave Length (ft)	N,	/A ¹										
Meander Width Ratio	N,	/A ¹										
Additional Reach Parameters												
Rosgen Classification	В	4a										
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)	1	49										
Sinuosity (ft)	1.	.02										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)												
Bankfull Slope (ft/ft)	0.0	061										
Ri%/Ru%/P%/G%/S%												
SC%/Sa%/G%/C%/B%/Be%												
416/426/460/494/405/4400	SC/7.10/2	23.2/71.7/	SC/16/47	7.7/227.6/								
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95/d100	120.7,	/>2048	3197.8	3/>2048								
% of Reach with Eroding Banks	C)%	C)%	_							
1 Datham data is not annihable for D tong about												

¹ Pattern data is not applicable for B-type channels.
*Morphological survey and analysis not required for MY4 and MY6. N/A: Not Applicable

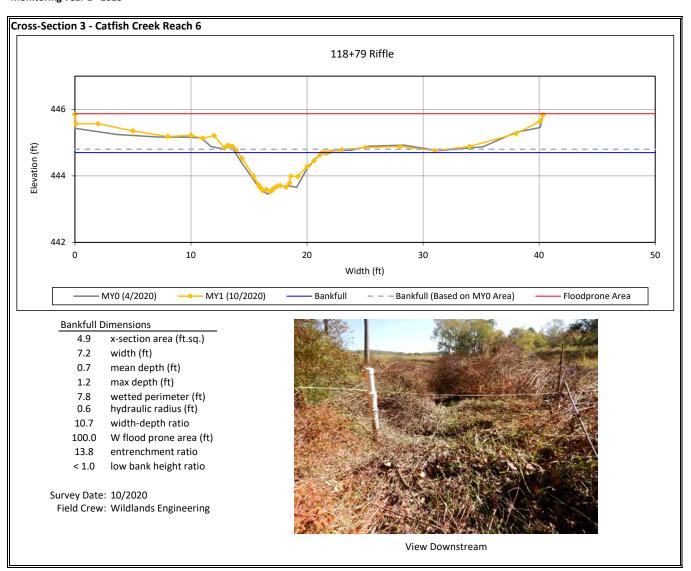
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039



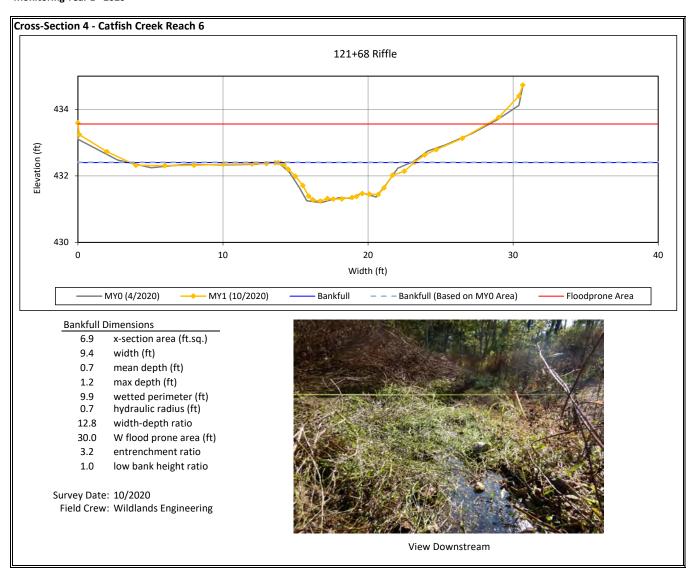
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039



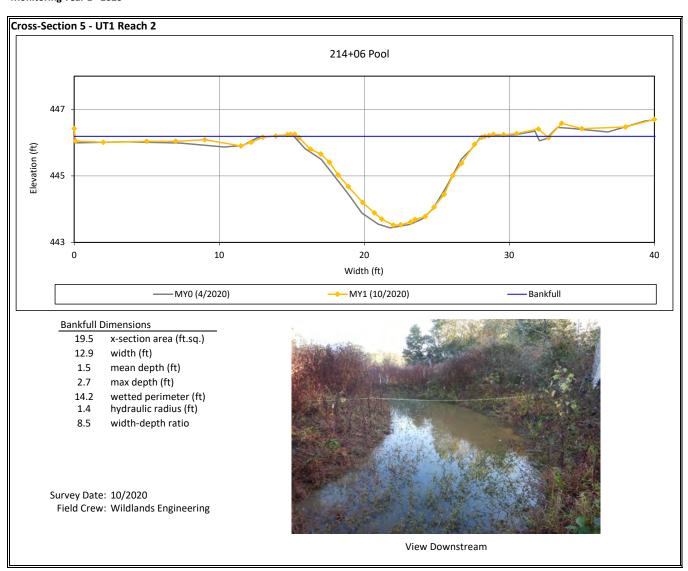
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039



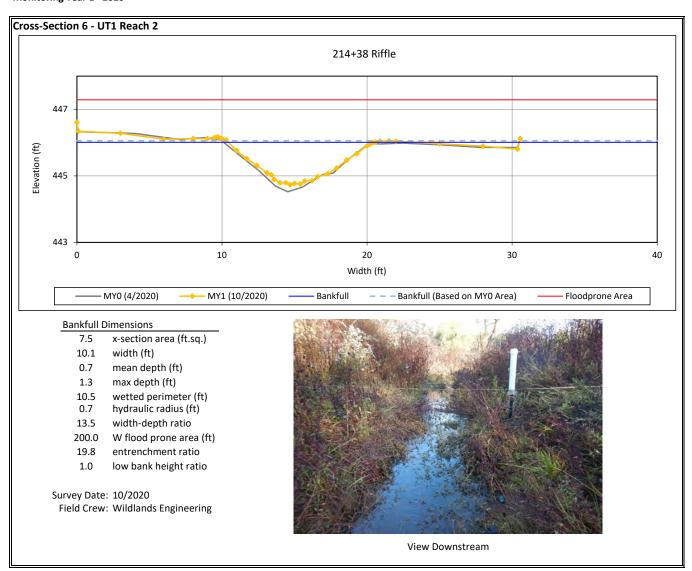
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039



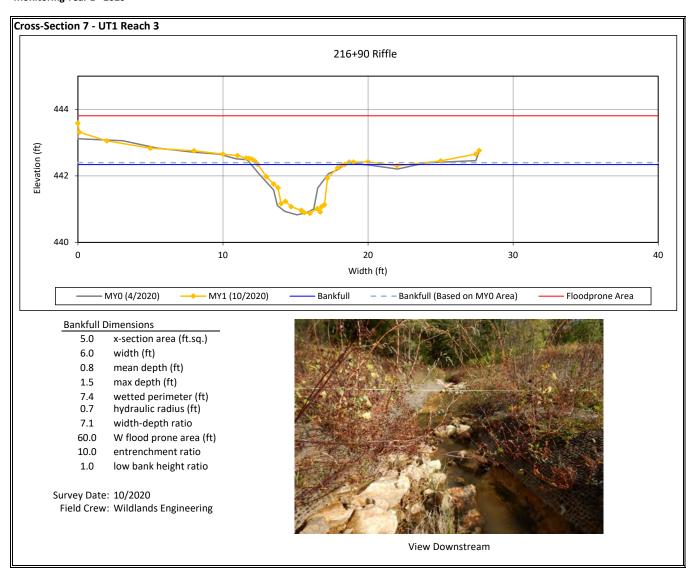
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039



Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039



Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039

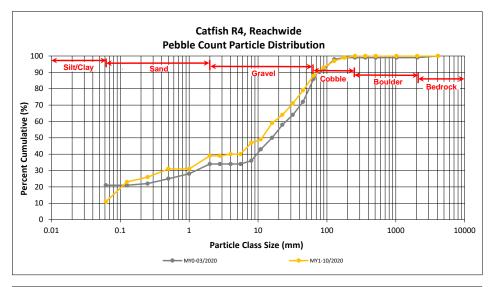


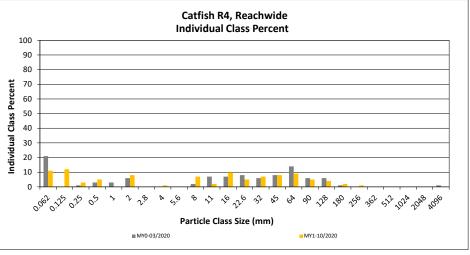
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish R4, Reachwide

		Diame	ter (mm)	Particle Count			Reach Summary		
Par	ticle Class						Class	Percent	
		min	max	Riffle	Pool	Total	Percentage	Cumulative	
SILT/CLAY	Silt/Clay	0.000	0.062	2	9	11	11	11	
	Very fine	0.062	0.125	1	11	12	12	23	
SAND	Fine	0.125	0.250	1	2	3	3	26	
	Medium	0.25	0.50	1	4	5	5	31	
יכ	Coarse	0.5	1.0					31	
	Very Coarse	1.0	2.0	3	5	8	8	39	
	Very Fine	2.0	2.8					39	
	Very Fine	2.8	4.0		1	1	1	40	
	Fine	4.0	5.6					40	
	Fine	5.6	8.0	2	5	7	7	47	
JEL	Medium	8.0	11.0		2	2	2	49	
GRAVEL	Medium	11.0	16.0	4	6	10	10	59	
•	Coarse	16.0	22.6	3	2	5	5	64	
	Coarse	22.6	32	6	1	7	7	71	
	Very Coarse	32	45	8		8	8	79	
	Very Coarse	45	64	9		9	9	88	
	Small	64	90	5		5	5	93	
COBBLE	Small	90	128	3	1	4	4	97	
COBY	Large	128	180	2		2	2	99	
	Large	180	256		1	1	1	100	
	Small	256	362				_	100	
.068	Small	362	512					100	
BOULDER	Medium	512	1024					100	
	Large/Very Large	1024	2048					100	
BEDROCK	Bedrock	2048	>2048					100	
			Total	50	50	100	100	100	

Reachwide						
Channel materials (mm)						
D ₁₆ =	0.08					
D ₃₅ =	1.41					
D ₅₀ =	11.4					
D ₈₄ =	54.7					
D ₉₅ =	107.3					
D ₁₀₀ =	256.0					



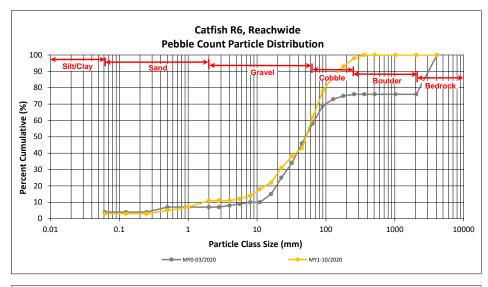


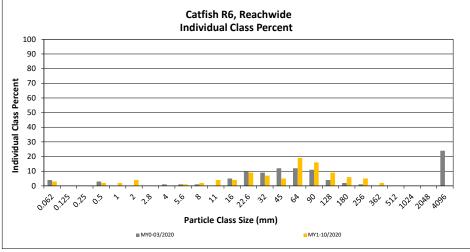
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Catfish R6, Reachwide

		Diame	ter (mm)	Particle Count			Reach Summary		
Par	ticle Class						Class	Percent	
		min	max	Riffle	Pool	Total	Percentage	Cumulative	
SILT/CLAY	Silt/Clay	0.000	0.062	1	2	3	3	3	
	Very fine	0.062	0.125					3	
Sano	Fine	0.125	0.250					3	
	Medium	0.25	0.50	1	1	2	2	5	
	Coarse	0.5	1.0		2	2	2	7	
	Very Coarse	1.0	2.0	2	2	4	4	11	
	Very Fine	2.0	2.8					11	
	Very Fine	2.8	4.0					11	
	Fine	4.0	5.6		1	1	1	12	
	Fine	5.6	8.0		2	2	2	14	
.166	Medium	8.0	11.0	1	3	4	4	18	
GRAVEL	Medium	11.0	16.0	3	1	4	4	22	
·	Coarse	16.0	22.6	8	1	9	9	31	
	Coarse	22.6	32	5	2	7	7	38	
	Very Coarse	32	45	4	1	5	5	43	
	Very Coarse	45	64	15	4	19	19	62	
	Small	64	90	11	5	16	16	78	
ale	Small	90	128	8	1	9	9	87	
CORBLE	Large	128	180	6		6	6	93	
•	Large	180	256	3	2	5	5	98	
	Small	256	362	2		2	2	100	
BOULDER	Small	362	512					100	
	Medium	512	1024					100	
	Large/Very Large	1024	2048					100	
BEDROCK	Bedrock	2048	>2048					100	
		•	Total	70	30	100	100	100	

Reachwide						
Channel materials (mm)						
D ₁₆ =	9.38					
D ₃₅ =	27.57					
D ₅₀ =	51.2					
D ₈₄ =	113.8					
D ₉₅ =	207.2					
D ₁₀₀ =	362.0					



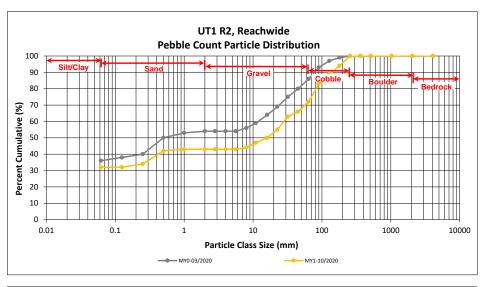


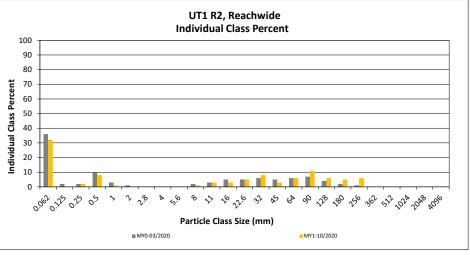
Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

UT1 R2, Reachwide

		Diame	ter (mm)	Particle Count			Reach Summary		
Par	ticle Class						Class	Percent	
cu (ci		min	max	Riffle	Pool	Total	Percentage	Cumulative	
SILT/CLAY	Silt/Clay	0.000	0.062	4	28	32	32	32	
	Very fine	0.062	0.125					32	
SAND	Fine	0.125	0.250		2	2	2	34	
	Medium	0.25	0.50		8	8	8	42	
יל	Coarse	0.5	1.0		1	1	1	43	
	Very Coarse	1.0	2.0					43	
	Very Fine	2.0	2.8					43	
	Very Fine	2.8	4.0					43	
	Fine	4.0	5.6					43	
	Fine	5.6	8.0		1	1	1	44	
NEL.	Medium	8.0	11.0	1	2	3	3	47	
GRAVEL	Medium	11.0	16.0		3	3	3	50	
	Coarse	16.0	22.6	5		5	5	55	
	Coarse	22.6	32	3	5	8	8	63	
	Very Coarse	32	45	3		3	3	66	
	Very Coarse	45	64	6		6	6	72	
	Small	64	90	11		11	11	83	
RIE	Small	90	128	6		6	6	89	
CORRIE	Large	128	180	5		5	5	94	
-	Large	180	256	6		6	6	100	
	Small	256	362					100	
.0 ^{ER}	Small	362	512					100	
BOULDER	Medium	512	1024					100	
	Large/Very Large	1024	2048					100	
BEDROCK	Bedrock	2048	>2048					100	
•	•		Total	50	50	100	100	100	

Reachwide						
Channel materials (mm)						
D ₁₆ =	Silt/Clay					
D ₃₅ =	0.27					
D ₅₀ =	16.0					
D ₈₄ =	95.4					
D ₉₅ =	190.9					
D ₁₀₀ =	256.0					



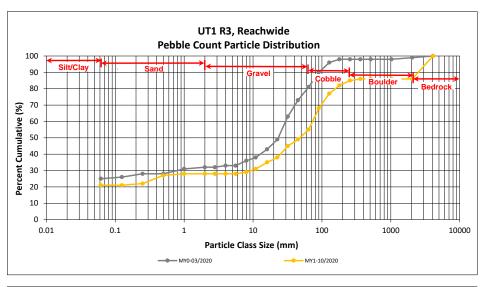


Catfish Pond Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

UT1 R3, Reachwide

		Diame	ter (mm)	Particle Count			Reach Summary		
Par	ticle Class						Class	Percent	
SILT/CLAY Silt/Clay		min	max	Riffle	Pool	Total	Percentage	Cumulative	
SILT/CLAY	Silt/Clay	0.000	0.062	3	18	21	21	21	
	Very fine	0.062	0.125					21	
_	Fine	0.125	0.250	1		1	1	22	
SAND	Medium	0.25	0.50	1	4	5	5	27	
יכ	Coarse	0.5	1.0		1	1	1	28	
	Very Coarse	1.0	2.0					28	
	Very Fine	2.0	2.8					28	
	Very Fine	2.8	4.0					28	
	Fine	4.0	5.6					28	
	Fine	5.6	8.0		1	1	1	29	
JEL	Medium	8.0	11.0	2		2	2	31	
GRAVEL	Medium	11.0	16.0	1	3	4	4	35	
	Coarse	16.0	22.6	2	1	3	3	38	
	Coarse	22.6	32	5	2	7	7	45	
	Very Coarse	32	45	3	1	4	4	49	
	Very Coarse	45	64	4	2	6	6	55	
	Small	64	90	11	2	13	13	68	
ale	Small	90	128	6	3	9	9	77	
COBBLE	Large	128	180	3	2	5	5	82	
	Large	180	256	3		3	3	85	
	Small	256	362	1		1	1	86	
BOULDER	Small	362	512					86	
	Medium	512	1024					86	
	Large/Very Large	1024	2048					86	
BEDROCK	Bedrock	2048	>2048	4	10	14	14	100	
			Total	50	50	100	100	100	

Reachwide							
Channel materials (mm)							
D ₁₆ =	Silt/Clay						
D ₃₅ =	16.00						
D ₅₀ =	47.7						
D ₈₄ =	227.6						
D ₉₅ =	3197.8						
D ₁₀₀ =	>2048						



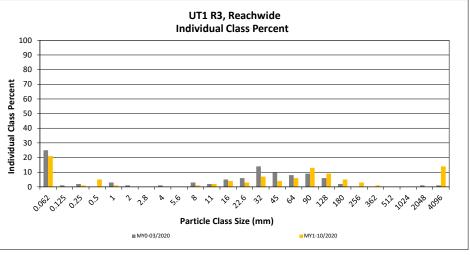


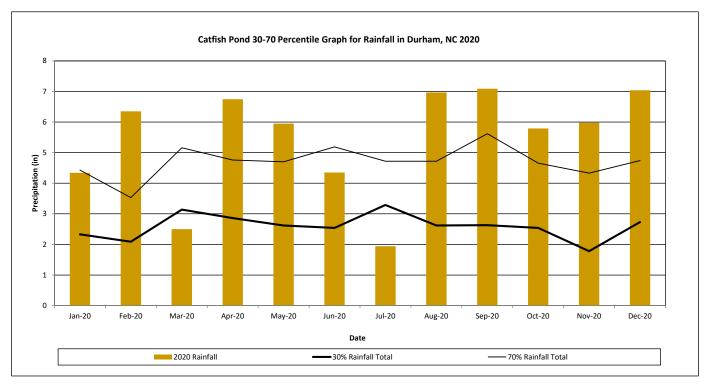


Table 13. Verification of Bankfull Events

Catfish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039 Monitoring Year 1 - 2020

Summary of Recorded Bankfull Events for Monitoring Years 1 through 7									
Danah	Date of Occurrence MY1 (2020) MY2 (2021) MY3 (2022) MY4 (2023) MY5 (2024) MY6 (2025) MY7 (2026)								
кеасп								Method	
Catfish Creek Reach 6	10/11/2020							Pressure	
UT1 Reach 2	12/14/2020							Transducer	

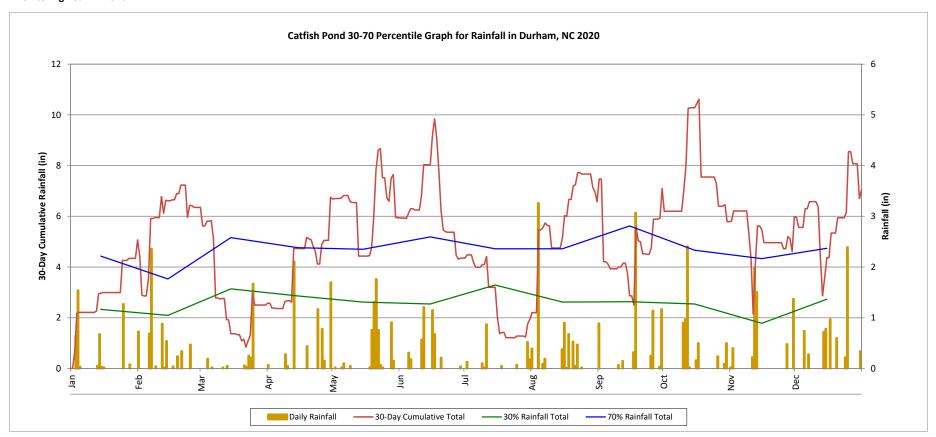
Monthly Rainfall Data



 $^{^{1}}$ 2020 monthly rainfall from USDA Station Durham 10.7 NNE.

 $^{^{2}}$ 30th and 70th percentile rainfall data collected from weather station Roxboro 7 ESE, NC (USDA, 2020).

30-Day Cumulative Total Rainfall Data



¹ 2020 monthly rainfall from USDA Station Durham 10.7 NNE.

 $^{^{2}}$ 30th and 70th percentile rainfall data collected from weather station Roxboro 7 ESE, NC (USDA, 2020).

Table 14. Wetland Gauge Summary

Catfish Pond Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 100039

	Summary of Groundwater Gauge Results for Monitoring Years 1 through 7*										
Gauge		Max Consecutive Days During Growing Season (Percentage)									
	MY1 (2020)	MY2 (2021)	MY3 (2022)	MY4 (2023)	MY5 (2024)	MY6 (2025)	MY7 (2026)				
1	14 Days (5.3%)										
2	100 Days (37.6%)										
3	109 Days (41.0%)										
4	59 Days (22.2%)										

^{*}Data collected for informational purposes only, no success criteria is associated with the wetland areas.

