

Daniels Farm #2 Wetland Restoration Site Franklin County, North Carolina

> Tar-Pam 03020101 Contract # D05025

Monitoring Report Year 3

Submitted to:

North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Ecosystem Enhancement Program

Submitted by:

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ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES AND CONSTRUCTION, INC.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Daniels Farm #2 Wetland Restoration Project has restored, enhanced, and preserved a Piedmont Bottomland Hardwood wetland community along the Tar River in central Franklin County. This project hopes to improve water quality and protect aquatic habitat in a predominantly agricultural area with the restoration and enhancement of 19.7 acres of wetland and the preservation of 10.4 acres of wetland. The restoration site had undergone severe degradation from unrestricted agricultural activities and human-induced disturbances.

This monitoring report presents the data and findings from the third growing season following construction. Included in this report are analyses of both hydrologic and vegetation monitoring results as well as local climatic conditions throughout the growing season. Monitoring activities included sampling vegetation survivability at eleven locations, monitoring groundwater elevations at five locations, and documenting general site conditions at seven permanent photograph points within the wetland restoration area. In addition, daily precipitation was recorded. These data were evaluated and verified using the climatic data for Louisburg, North Carolina. Field investigations were conducted in June and November 2008. Supporting data and site photographs are included in the report appendices.

The 14.4 acres of wetland restoration were planted at a density of 680 trees per acre and the 5.2 acres of wetland enhancement were planted at a density ranging from 100 to 200 trees per acre. There were eleven vegetation monitoring plots established throughout the restoration area and one monitoring plot in the enhancement area. The 2008 vegetation monitoring of the restoration areas revealed an average density of 418 trees per acre, which is above the minimum requirement of 320 trees per acre needed to meet the success criteria at the end of the five-year monitoring period.

During the 2008 monitoring year, wetland hydrology was achieved at all four wells in the restoration area, the well in the preservation area, and the well in the reference wetland. Groundwater was within 12 inches of the soil surface in excess of 12 consecutive days (5% of the growing season) at each well, with all but one of the gauges exceeding the hydrological success criteria for more than 12.5% of the growing season.

The daily rainfall data depicted on the gauge data graphs were obtained from the on-site precipitation gauge. The precipitation gauge was installed on the site in 2003 prior to project implementation. The daily rainfall data obtained for Louisburg, North Carolina shows that Louisburg had average rainfall during the growing season in 2008 and correlated to the precipitation data recorded on-site.

Soils in the restoration portion of the site have been determined to be predominately Roanoke. Since this soil is already considered hydric, no success criteria or monitoring is required.

Site photographs were taken from seven permanent photo documentation points established along the property boundary. Photo documentation facilitates the qualitative evaluation of the conditions or changes in the restored wetland. The photo point locations were selected in order to document representative site conditions.

The results of the 2008 monitoring of the Daniels Farm #2 Wetland Restoration Project indicate that the site is on track to meeting the project success criteria.

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1.0 SUMMARY

1.1 Vegetation

The 14.4 acres of wetland restoration were planted at a density of 680 trees per acre and the 5.2 acres of wetland enhancement were planted at a density ranging from 100 to 200 trees per acre. Eleven vegetation plots were established in order to encompass 2% coverage of the restored wetland acreage. The 2008 vegetation monitoring of the planted areas revealed an average density of 418 trees per acre, which is above the minimum requirement of 320 trees per acre (Appendix A). Since planting, an attempt has been made to identify all of the trees, but three trees remain unidentifiable due to a lack of leaves. A total of eight trees per vegetation monitoring plot are needed to meet the 320 trees per acre minimum requirement.

Table 1:	Vegetation	Monitoring	Results
1 4010 11	, egetation	1. IOIIICOI IIIS	results

Plot Number	Willow Oak	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Laurel Oak	Yellow Poplar	Bald Cypress	Overcup Oak	Green Ash	Cherrybark Oak	Unknown	Total - Year 3	Density - Year 3 (Trees/Acres)
1	3	7				1		2		13	520
2					4		11			15	600
3		2					1	2		5	200
4	2	1		1			1	2		7	280
5		1			2		3			6	240
6		3	1		1	4	4	1		13	560
7	1	6						3		11	440
8		4				3	3			10	400
9		1			4	2	7		1	15	600
10		4				2	2	3		11	440
11						3	3		2	8	320
									Tota I	ll Average Density	418

 Table 2: Vegetation History (Trees/Acre)

Plot #	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
1	680	520	520		
2	680	600	600		
3	400	320	200		
4	600	400	280		
5	360	320	240		
6	640	520	560		
7	600	520	440		
8	680	440	400		
9	600	600	600		
10	720	560	440		
11	520	520	320		

Vegetative monitoring also took place in the enhancement vegetation plot. The plot evaluated the tree layer (greater than or equal to 3 inches DBH) and sapling/shrub layer. There were no changes in species dominance in the enhancement plot as compared to the baseline conditions prior to the restoration project.

1.2 Hydrology

The wetland wells used to monitor site hydrology were installed in early May 2006. The maximum number of consecutive days that the groundwater was within 12 inches of the surface was determined for each groundwater gauge. This number was converted into a percentage of the 236-day growing season. Table 3 presents the hydrological monitoring results for 2008. Wetland hydrology was achieved at all of the wells on the site; groundwater was within 12 inches of the soil surface in excess of 12 consecutive days (5% of the growing season) at each well (Tables 3 and 4). Based on these data, the site has exceeded the minimum duration of near surface saturation for the 2008 growing season, from March 20th to November 11th (Appendix B). Climatic data for the 2008 growing season were analyzed in comparison to historical data to determine whether 2008 was a normal year in terms of climatic conditions; this is a precursor to validating the results of the wetland monitoring. The historical data were collected from the NRCS, Water and Climate Center, "Climate Analysis for Wetlands by County" website. This evaluation concluded that 2008 was an average year for rainfall during the growing season. Rainfall was within the 30th to 70th percentiles for the months of March, May, June, July, August, and November. Rainfall was less than the 30th percentile threshold in October. April and September rainfall was greater than the 70th percentile threshold in October.

A stream gauge was installed on the unnamed tributary to the Tar River (UTTR) in order to evaluate the influence of flooding on the site. There was one flood event recorded in 2008 on September 9.

Well #	<5%	5% - 8%	8% - 12.5%	>12.5%	Maximum Number of Consecutive Days	Dates Meeting Success
1				Х	80	March 20 – June 7
2			Х		19	March 30 – April 18
3				Х	44	April 20 – June 2
4				Х	81	March 20 – June 8
Preservation Wetland				Х	236	March 20 – November 11
Ref. Wetland				Х	75	March 20 – June 2

Table 3: 2008 Hydrologic Monitoring Results

 Table 4. Hydroperiod History

Well #	Pre-Restoration	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
1	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		
2	<5%	>12.5%	8% - 12.5%	8% - 12.5%		
3	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		
4	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		
5	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		
6	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		
7	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		
8	<5%	>12.5%	>12.5%	>12.5%		

2.0 DATA ANALYSIS

2.1 Vegetation

Vegetation on the site has recovered well from the extreme drought conditions in 2007. The herbaceous vegetation has not caused excessive stress on the planted stems, and many trees have grown above the herbaceous layer. In 2008 three plots revealed densities less than 320 trees per acre. The baseline data from plots 3 and 5 indicates that these two plots were planted at lower than average densities. This means that the mortality of just a few trees can bring the density below the success criteria. Considering that all three plots below 320 trees per acre are in the same area, it is likely that across the entire site, this area was the most detrimentally affected by the drought in 2007. Future monitoring will reveal if any of these trees resprout under normal precipitation conditions. The planted trees on the rest of the site have had less mortality and are surviving at higher densities.

2.2 Hydrology

Wetland restoration on the site focused on the removal of hydrologic alterations, which included filling the primary ditches, plugging the lateral ditches, removing ditch spoil to restore natural drainage, installing water diversion features to redistribute the surface hydrology, placing restrictive berms to reduce runoff and enhance infiltration, and recreating microtopography across the site to enhance surface water retention and storage. Based on the hydrological results, this site has met and exceeded the criteria outlined in the wetland restoration plan. Plugging and filling ditches combined with the other hydrogical restoration methods have resulted in increased short-term surface and subsurface water storage and subsequent increase in the duration and elevation of the seasonally high water table.

2.3 Soils

Soils in the restoration portion of the site have been determined to be predominantly Roanoke with small inclusions of Altavista and Wahee. Roanoke is listed as a hydric soil on the state and federal hydric soils lists. As this soil is already considered hydric, no success criteria or monitoring are required.

3.0 MAINTENANCE/MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

There were no maintenance/management actions taken during 2008.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS

Findings from this monitoring year indicate that the site is on track to meet the success criteria developed for the project. The success criteria for vegetation states that there must be an average of 320 trees per acre of planted vegetation at the end of five years of monitoring and that non-target species must not constitute more than 20% of the woody vegetation based on permanent plots. The 2008 vegetation monitoring of the planted areas revealed an average density of 418 trees per acre, which is above the minimum requirement of 320 trees per acre. Non-target species did not constitute more than 20 percent of the woody vegetation based on permanent vegetation monitoring plots.

For the 2008 monitoring year, the site's gauges showed that the project is meeting the hydrologic success criteria of saturation within 12 inches of the surface continuously for at least 5% of the growing season. All but one of the gauges exceeded the hydrological success criteria for more than 12.5% of the growing season.

Appendix A Vegetation Monitoring Plot Data Sheets

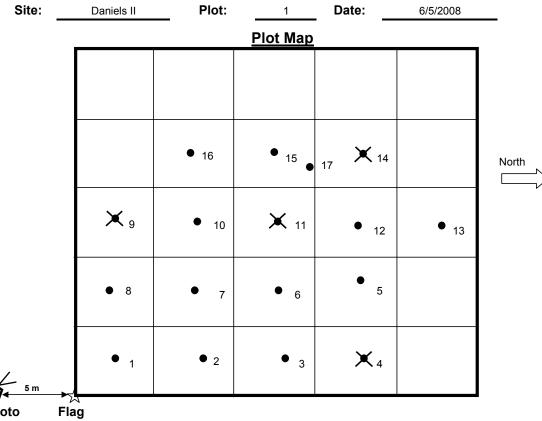


Photo Point

ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.84	3	Top has died back
2	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.91	3	
3	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.93	3	
4	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)			Dead
5	Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	0.29	2	Resprout from base
6	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.16	2	Resprout from base
7	Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	0.80	3	
8	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.96	3	Top has died back
9	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)			Dead
10	Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	0.13	2	Resprout from base
11	Unknown species			Dead
12	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.86	4	
13	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.90	4	
14	Unknown species			Dead
15	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.64	4	
16	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.80	4	
17	Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	0.90	4	

Species	Percent of Total
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	7.7%
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	53.8%
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	23.1%
Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	15.4%

<u>Density:</u>

Total Number of Trees	13	Ι	0.025 acres	=	520	trees / acre
Survivability: Total Number of Trees	13	Ι	17 trees x 100	=	76	% survivability





2nd Year Monitoring

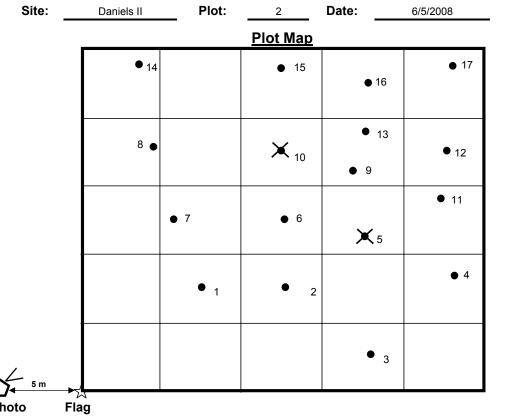




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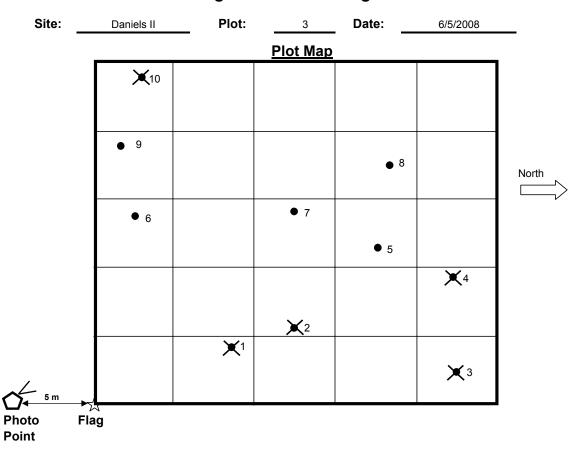
ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	0.99	3	
2	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.37	4	
3	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.93	3	
4	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.96	4	
5	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)			Dead
6	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.99	4	
7	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.17	3	
8	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.68	3	
9	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.38	4	
10	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)			Dead
11	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	1.20	4	
12	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.98	3	Browsed at top
13	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	0.56	4	
14	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.21	4	
15	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.11	3	
16	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.62	4	
17	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	1.10	4	

Oak and Green ash volunteers present within this plot

Sp	ecies		Percer	nt of Total			
Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pe</i>	nnsylvanica)		7:	3.3%	1		
Bald cypress (Taxodium	n distichum)		20	6.7%	-		
					-		
					-		
Density: Total Number of					J		
Trees	15	1	0.02	5 acres	=	600	trees / acre
Survivability:							
Total Number of Trees	15	Ι	17 trees	x 100	=	88	% survivability
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ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Unknown species			Dead
2	Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)			Missing
3	Unknown species			Dead
4	Unknown species			Dead
5	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.60	3	
6	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.57	4	
7	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.58	3	
8	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.73	4	
	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.56	3	Top has died back
10	Unknown species			Dead
		1		

r

Species	Percent of Total
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	20.0%
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	40.0%
Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	40.0%

Density: Total Number of

Total Number of Trees	5	1	0.025 acres	=	200	trees / acre
<u>Survivability:</u>						

our vivability.						
Total Number of Trees	5	Ι	10 trees	X	100	





50

% survivability

=

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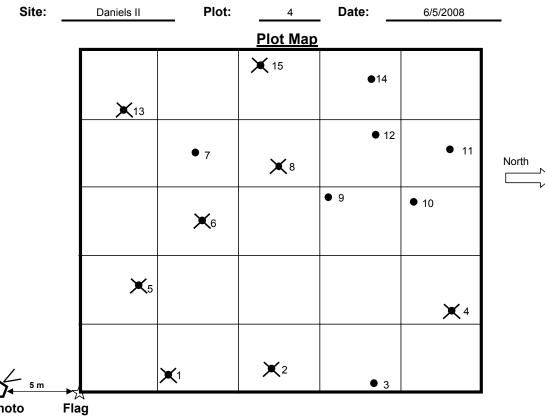


Photo Point

ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Unknown species			Dead
2	Unknown species			Dead
	Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	0.25	2	Resprout from base
4	Unknown species			Dead
5	Unknown species			Dead
6	Unknown species			Dead
7	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.64	4	
8	Unknown species			Dead
9	Tulip poplar (Liriodendron tulipfera)	0.40	4	
10	Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	0.51	2	Resprout from base
11	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.30	3	Resprout from base
12	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.58	4	
13	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)			Dead
14	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.33	3	Resprout from base
15	Unknown species			Dead

Species		Percent of Total			
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)		14.3%			
Tulip poplar (Liriodendron tulipfera)		14.3%			
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michaux	ii)	14.3%			
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)		28.6%			
Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)		28.6%			
Density: Total Number of Trees 7 Survivability:	1	0.025 acres	=	280	trees / acre
Total Number of 7	I	15 trees x 100	=		% survivability

2nd Year Monitoring

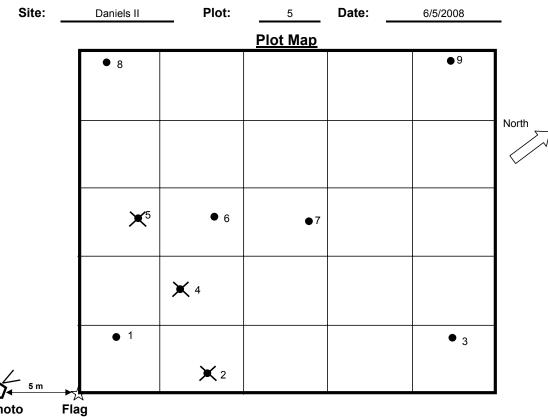


Photo Point

ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	1.28	4	
	Unknown species			Dead
3	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.98	4	
4	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)			Dead
	Unknown species			Dead
6	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	1.72	4	
7	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.01	3	
8	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.21	3	
9	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.88	4	

Species		Percent of Total		
Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)		50.0%		
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michaux	ii)	16.7%		
Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)		33.3%		
			-	
Density:				
Total Number of				
		0.025 acres	=	240

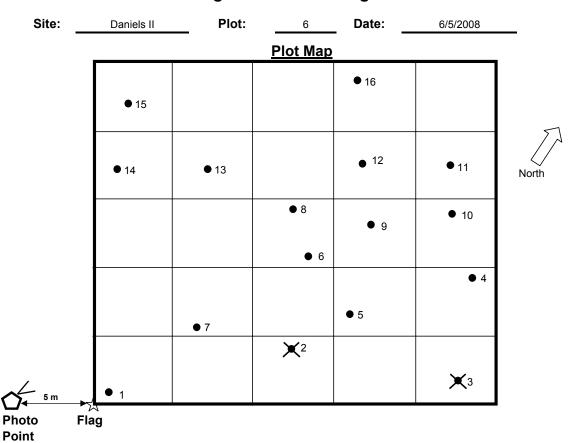
Survivability:

Total Number of Trees	6	Ι	9 trees	x	100	=	67	% survivability
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2nd Year Monitoring



Comment ID Species Height (m) Vigor 1.37 4 1 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 2 Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda) Dead 3 Unknown species Dead 4 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 0.85 2 Browsed on top 2 5 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 0.40 Resprout from base 0.94 4 6 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) Resprout from base 7 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.21 2 8 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.06 4 0.77 9 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 3 1.95 10 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 4 11 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.00 4 Browsed on top 3 Resprout from base 12 Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda) 0.40 13 Laurel oak (Quercus laurifolia) 0.37 3 Resprout from base 14 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.55 3 15 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.48 3 16 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 0.55 Resprout from base 2

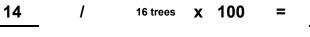
Species	Percent of Total
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	28.6%
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	28.6%
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	21.4%
Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	7.1%
Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	7.1%
Laurel oak (Quercus laurifolia)	7.1%

Density:

Total Number of Trees	14	Ι	0.025 acres	=	560	trees / acre

Survivability:

Total Number of
Trees







88

% survivability

2nd Year Monitoring

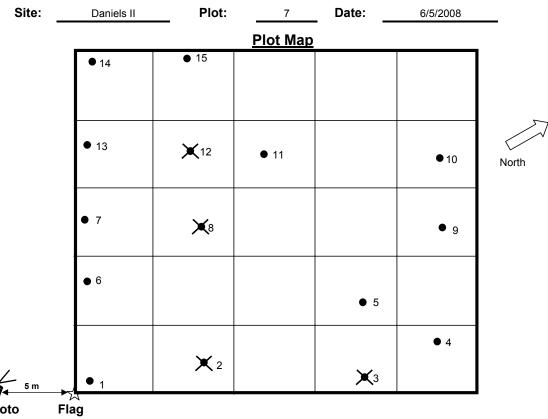


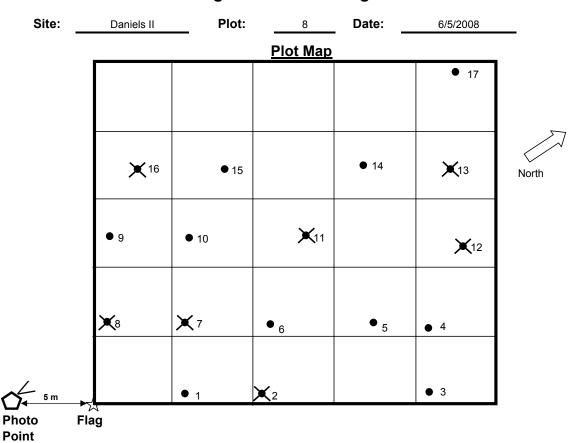
Photo Point

D	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.40	3	
2	Unknown species			Dead
3	Unknown species			Dead
4	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.55	3	
5	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.67	3	
6	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.28	3	Resprout from base
7	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.44	3	
8	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)			Dead
9	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.43	3	Resprout from base
10	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.38	3	
11	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.30	3	Resprout from base
12	Unknown species			Dead
13	Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	0.31	3	Resprout from base
14	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.68	3	Main stem has died back
15	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.71	4	

	Species		Percent of To	tal			
Swamp chestnut oak (ıxii)	54.5%				
Cherrybark oak (Querc	us pagoda)		36.4%				
Willow oak (Quercus p	hellos)		9.1%				
Density:							
Total Number of	11	1	0.025 acres				
Trees	<u> </u>	'	0.020 acres		=	440	trees / acre
Survivability:							
Total Number of							
Trees	11	/	15 trees 🛛 🗙	100			
11000					=	73	% survivability
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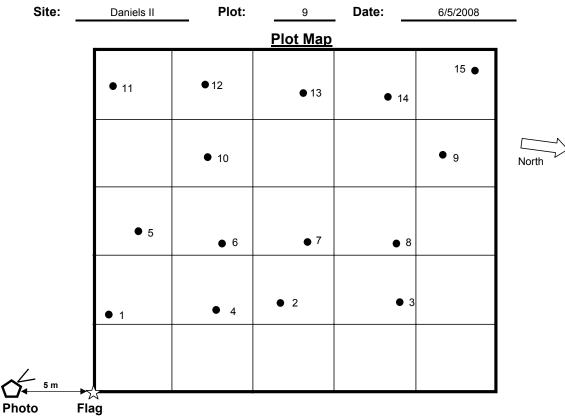
Comment ID Species Height (m) Vigor 0.81 1 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 3 2 Unknown species Dead 3 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.90 3 4 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.90 3 3 5 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.83 1.25 4 6 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 7 Unknown species Dead 8 Unknown species Dead 0.47 Resprout from base 9 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 3 10 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 0.67 2 Resprout from base 11 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) Dead 12 Unknown species Dead 13 Unknown species Dead 14 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.60 3 15 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.48 3 Resprout from base 16 Unknown species Dead 17 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 0.29 3 Resprout from base

Species	Percent of Total			
Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)	30.0%			
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	30.0%			
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	40.0%			
Density: Total Number of Trees 10	/ 0.025 acres	=	400	trees / acre
Survivability: Total Number of Trees 10	/ 17 trees x 100	=	59	% survivability
	ł.			





2nd Year Monitoring



Point

1 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.89 3 2 Unknown species 0.62 2 3 Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii) 0.44 2 Resprout from base 4 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 0.67 3 3 5 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.49 4 6 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 0.55 3 Resprout from base 7 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.76 3 8 9 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.39 4 4 10 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.25 4 9 9 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.39 4 4 10 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.93 3 11 11 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.46 4 4 12 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.31 4 4 13 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.41 3 1 1 14 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.81	D	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
3Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)0.442Resprout from base4Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)0.6735Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.4946Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)0.553Resprout from base7Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.7638Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.2549Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.39410Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.93311Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.46412Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.31414Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.413	1	Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)	0.89	3	
4Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)0.6735Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.4946Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)0.553Resprout from base7Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.7638Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.2549Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.39410Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.93311Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.93311Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.46412Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.38413Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.31414Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.413	2	Unknown species	0.62	2	
5 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.49 4 6 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 0.55 3 Resprout from base 7 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.76 3 8 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.25 4 9 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.39 4 10 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.93 3 11 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.46 4 12 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.38 4 13 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.31 4 14 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.41 3	3	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.44	2	Resprout from base
6Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)0.553Resprout from base7Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.7638Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.2549Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.39410Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.93311Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.46412Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.38413Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.31414Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.413	4	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	0.67	3	
7Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.7638Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.2549Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.39410Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.93311Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.46412Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.38413Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.31414Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.413	5	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.49	4	
8Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.2549Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.39410Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)0.93311Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)1.46412Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.38413Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)1.31414Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)1.413	6	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	0.55	3	Resprout from base
9 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.39 4 10 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 0.93 3 11 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.46 4 12 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.38 4 13 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.31 4 14 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.41 3	7	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.76	3	
10 Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>) 0.93 3 11 Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>) 1.46 4 12 Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>) 1.38 4 13 Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>) 1.31 4 14 Bald cypress (<i>Taxodium distichum</i>) 1.41 3	8	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.25	4	
11 Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>) 1.46 4 12 Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>) 1.38 4 13 Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>) 1.31 4 14 Bald cypress (<i>Taxodium distichum</i>) 1.41 3	9	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	1.39	4	
12 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.38 4 13 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.31 4 14 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.41 3	10	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.93	3	
13 Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) 1.31 4 14 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.41 3	11	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.46	4	
14 Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum) 1.41 3	12	Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	1.38	4	
	13	Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>)	1.31	4	
15 Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica) 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 4 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81 1 1.81 1.81	14	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	1.41	3	
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Species	Percent of Total
Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)	46.7%
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	6.7%
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	13.3%
Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)	26.7%
Unknown species	6.7%

Density:

Total Number of Trees	15	Ι	0.025 acres	=	600	trees / acre
• • • • • • • •						

/ 15 trees x 100 =

Survivability:

Total Number of Trees



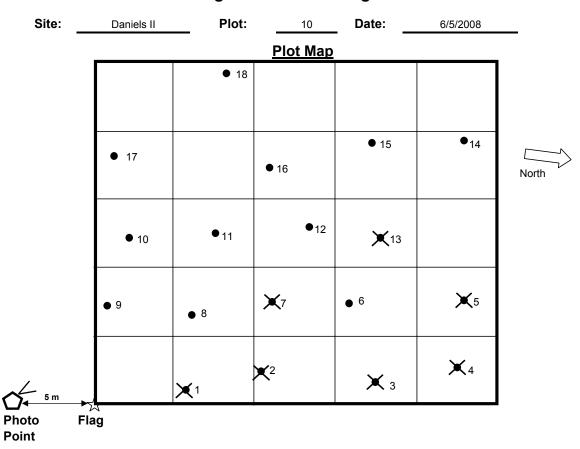
15



100

% survivability

2nd Year Monitoring



ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)			Dead
2	Laurel oak (Quercus laurifolia)			Dead
3	Unknown species			Dead
4	Unknown species			Dead
5	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)			Dead
6	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.75	3	
7	Unknown species			Dead
8	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.68	3	
9	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.46	3	Top died back
10	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.71	3	Top died back
11	Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	0.51	1	Top died back
12	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.43	3	Top died back
13	Unknown species			Dead
14	Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>)	0.29	2	Resprout from base
15	Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)	1.14	3	
16	Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	0.46	3	
17	Green ash (<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>)	1.21	4	
18	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	0.36	3	

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Species	Percent of Total
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	18.2%
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	18.2%
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	36.4%
Cherrybark oak (Quercus pagoda)	27.3%

Density: Total Number of 11 - 1 440 0.025 acres = trees / acre Trees Survivability: Total Number of Trees 11 1 18 trees x 100 = 61 % survivability





2nd Year Monitoring

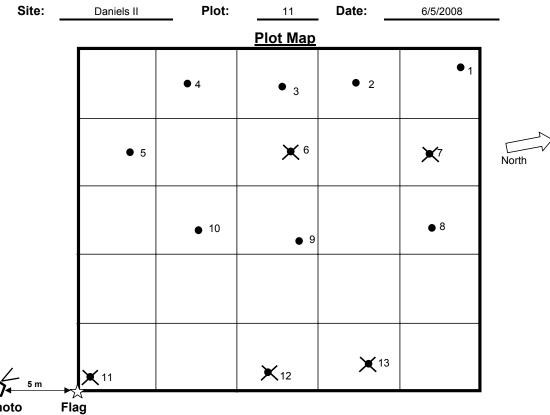


Photo Point

ID	Species	Height (m)	Vigor	Comment
1	Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>)	0.37	3	
2	Unknown species	0.23	2	
3	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.69	3	
4	Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>)	0.63	2	
5	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	0.94	3	
	Unknown species			Dead
7	Overcup oak (<i>Quercus lyrata</i>)			Missing
8	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	1.06	3	Resprout from beaver damage
9	Unknown species	0.51	3	
10	Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	2.40	3	Resprout from base
11	Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)			Missing
12	Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)			Missing
	Bald cypress (Taxodium distichum)			Missing

Species	Percent of Total
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	37.5%
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata)	37.5%
Unknown	25.0%

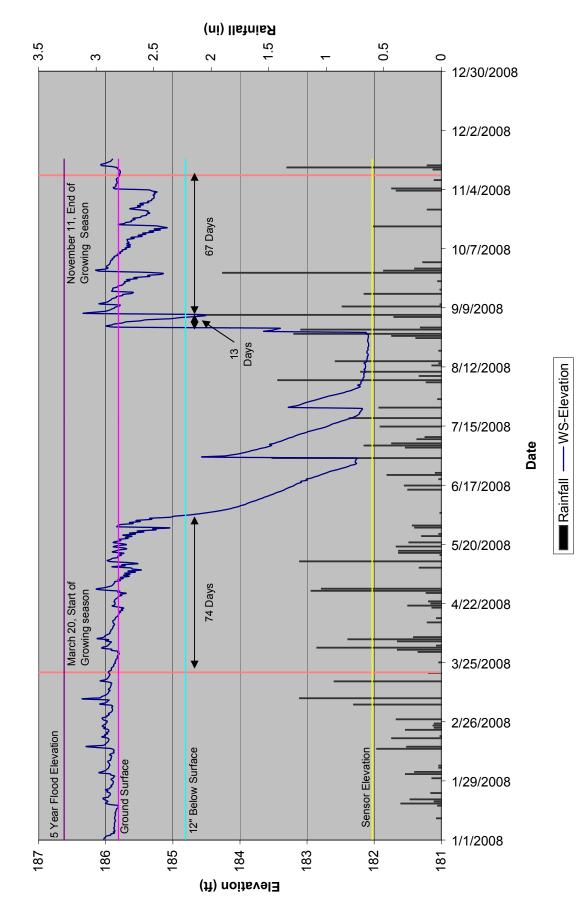
Density: Total Number of 8 1 320 0.025 acres = trees / acre Trees Survivability: Total Number of Trees 8 1 62 13 trees **x 100** = % survivability



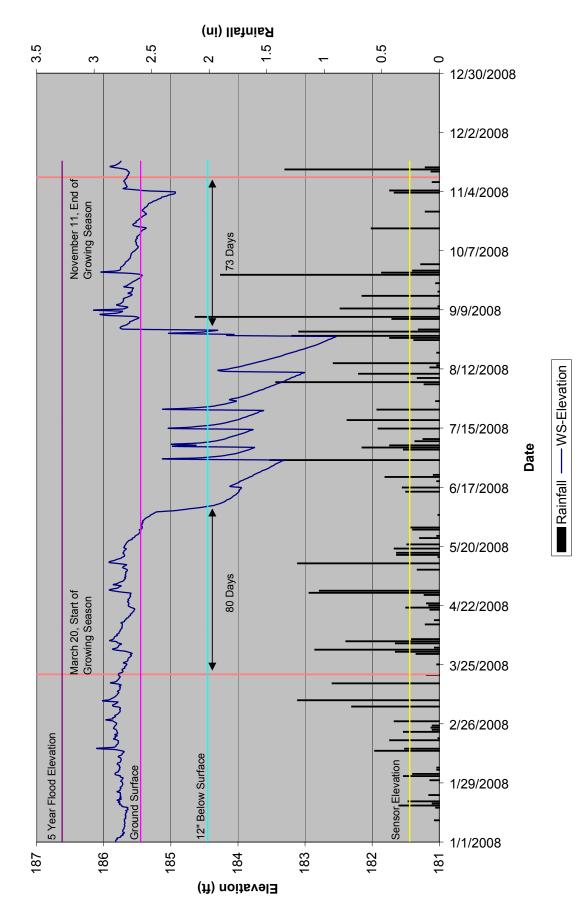


2nd Year Monitoring

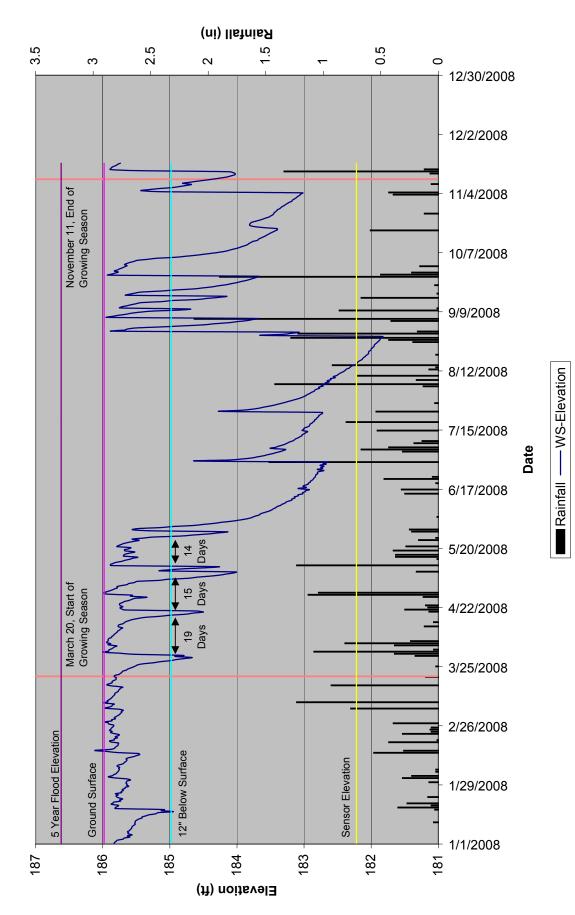
Appendix B Hydrologic Monitoring and Hydroperiod



Daniels II Reference Gauge Hydrograph

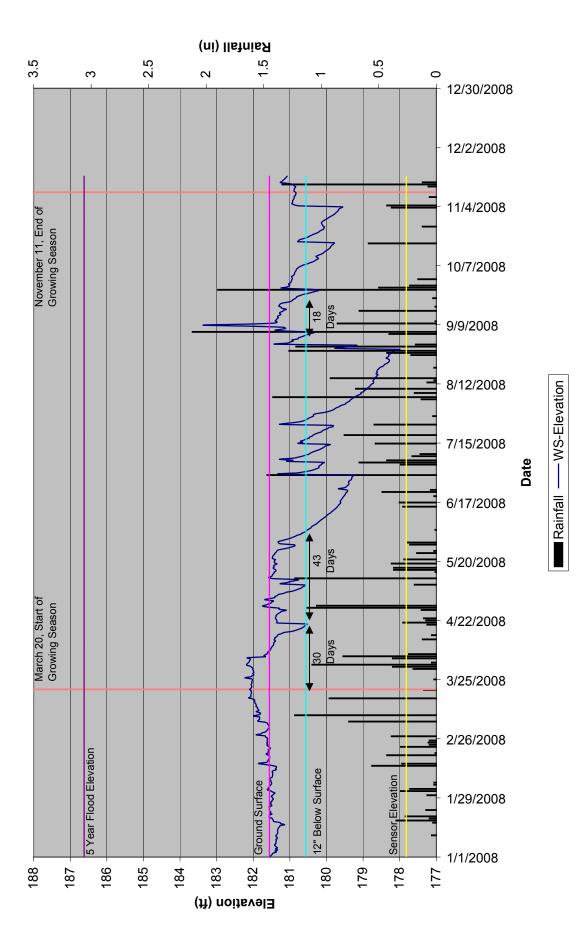


Daniels II Gauge 1 Hydrograph

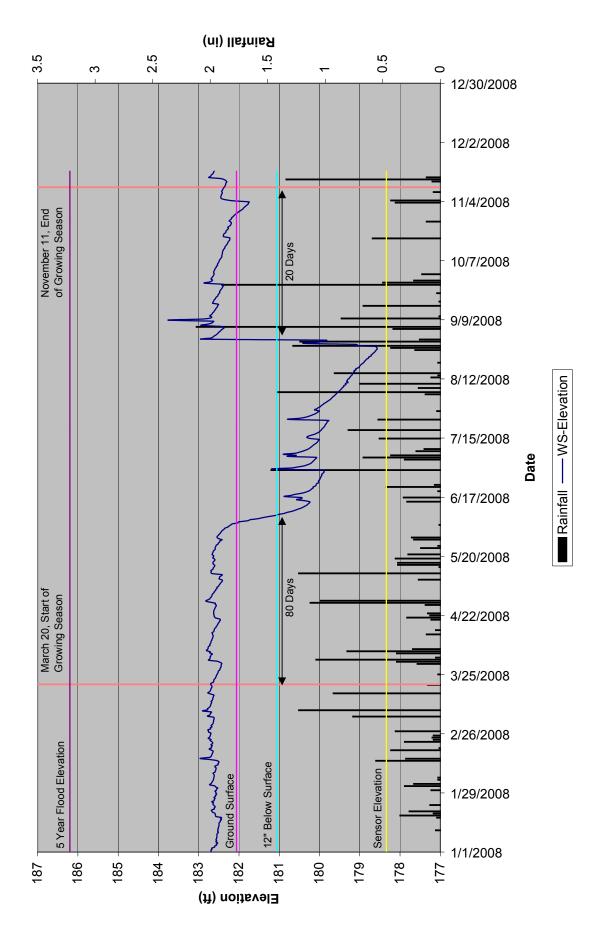


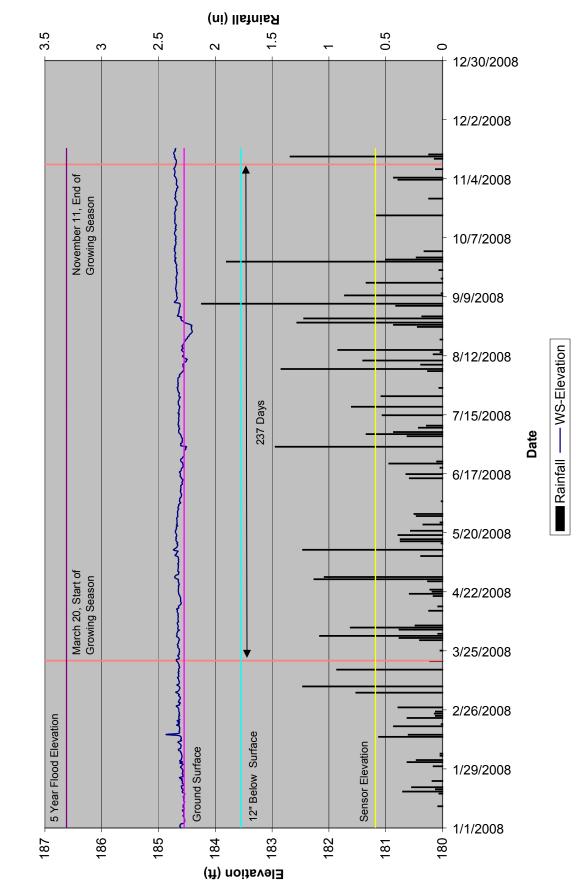
Daniels II Gauge 2 Hydrograph

Daniels II Gauge 3 Hydrograph



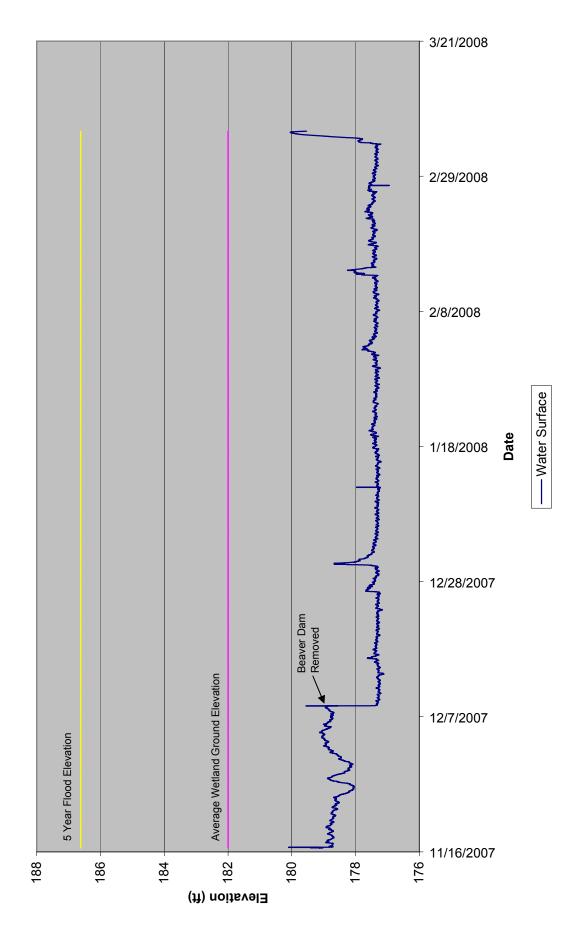
Daniels II Gauge 4 Hydrograph



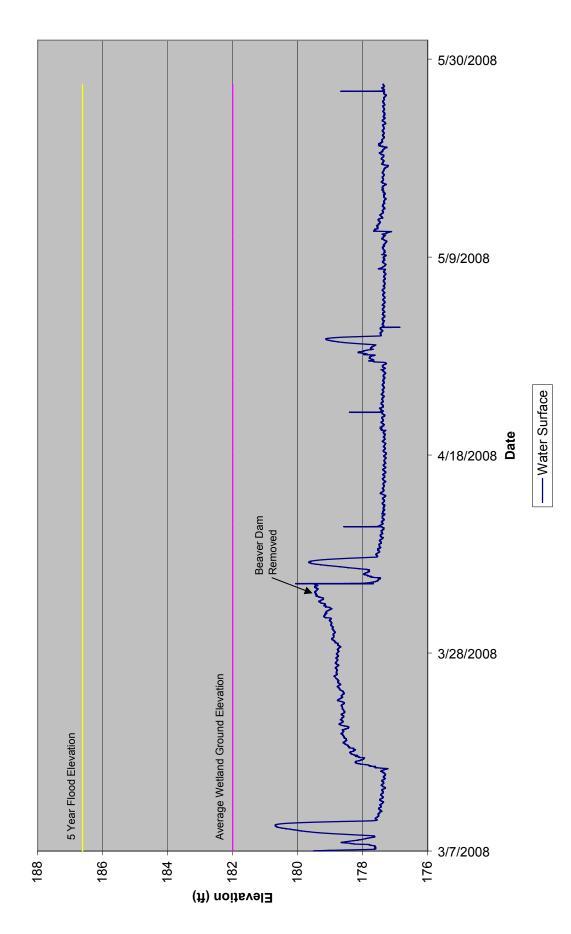


Daniels II Gauge 5 (Preservation) Hydrograph

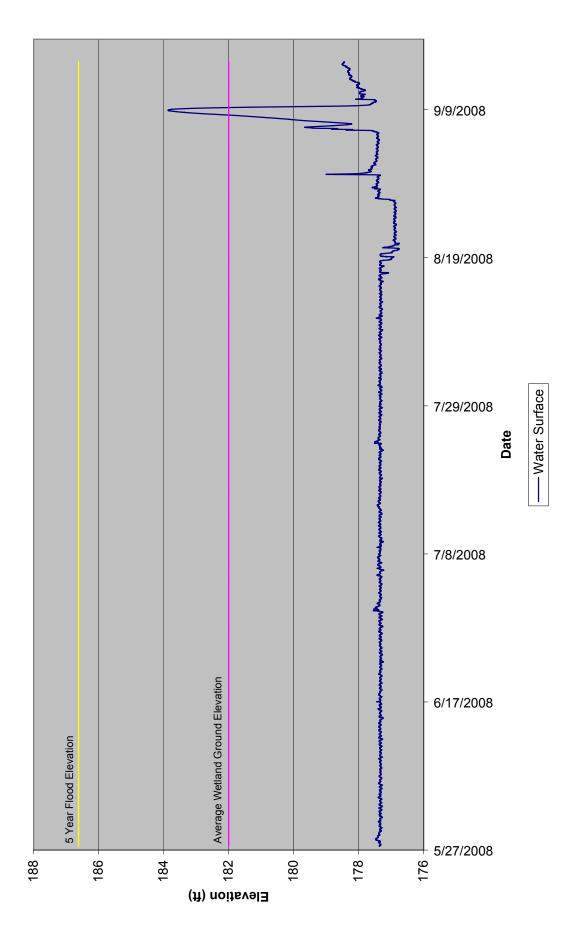
Daniels II Stream Hydrograph 11/16/07 to 03/07/08



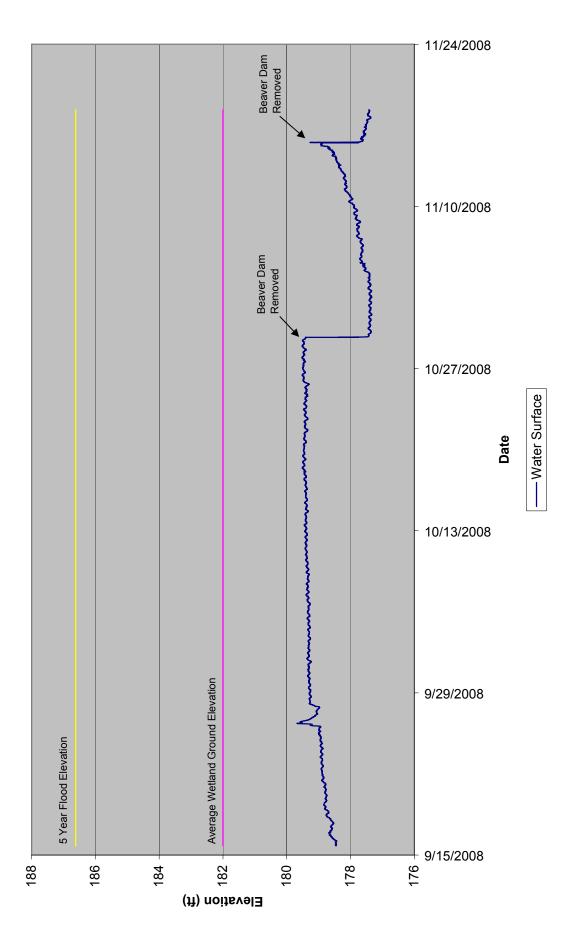
Daniels II Stream Hydrograph 03/07/08 to 05/27/08



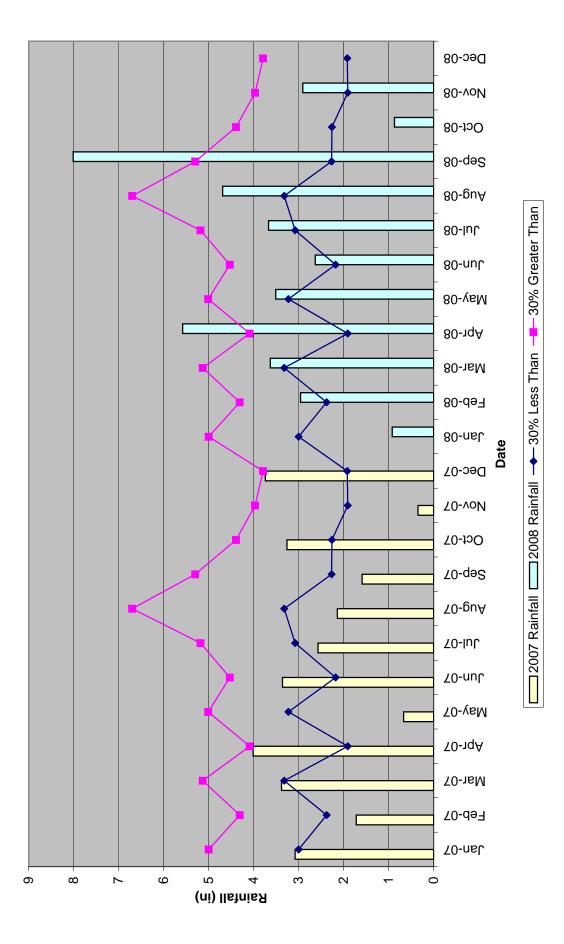
Daniels II Stream Hydrograph 05/27/08 to 09/15/08











Appendix C Permanent Photograph Points



Photo Point 1: View looking west with the enhancement wetland on the left. 6/5/08 – MY03



Photo Point 2: View looking south toward enhancement wetland. 6/5/08 – MY03



Photo Point 3A: View looking east toward Vegetation Plot # 5. 8/8/08 – MY03



Photo Point 3B: View looking south toward preservation wetland. 8/8/08 - MY03



Photo Point 4A: View looking east with enhancement wetland on the right. 6/5/08 – MY03



Photo Point 4B: View looking west with enhancement wetland on the left. 6/5/08 – MY03



Photo Point 5: View looking south. 6/5/08 – MY03



Photo Point 6A: View looking northwest toward Vegetation Plot #6. 8/8/08 – MY03



Photo Point 6B: View looking south. 8/8/08 – MY03



Photo Point 7: View looking north. 8/8/08 – MY03