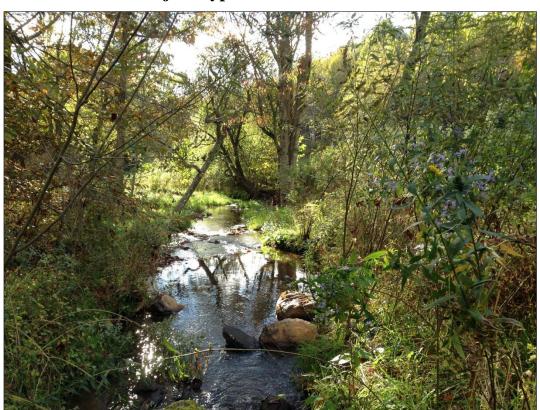
Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site EEP Project #92533 Contract # D06056-A **USACE Action ID #SAW-2008-2251** DWQ 404 #08-1185

Monitoring Year 05 Project Type: Stream Restoration





KCI Associates of NC, Inc. Landmark Center II, Suite 220 4601 Six Forks Road Raleigh, NC 27609



NCDENR-EEP 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

Submitted: January 2015

Table 1a. Project Setting	and Classifications
Dog Bite Stream Restorat	ion Site
County	Mitchell
General Location	Bakersville
Basin	French Broad
Physiographic Region	Mountains
USGS Hydro Unit	06010108040010
NCDWQ Sub-basin	04-03-06
Trout Water	Yes
Project Performers	
Source Agency	NCEEP
Provider	KCI Technologies
Designer	KCI Associates of NC
Monitoring Firm	KCI Associates of NC
Planting	Bruton Nurseries and
Flanding	Landscapes
Property Interest Holder	NCEEP

Table 1b. Project Activity and Ro Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site		
Activity or Report	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Restoration Plan	2007/2008	Jul 08
Final Design	-	Feb 09
Construction	-	Sep 09
Planting	-	Dec 09
Baseline Monitoring (Year 0)	Oct 09 / Mar 10	Apr 10
First Year Monitoring	Oct 10	Dec 10
Second Year Monitoring	Oct 11	Dec 11
Third Year Monitoring	Aug-Sept 12	Dec 12
Supplemental Planting	-	Spring 2012
Invasive species treatment	-	Dec 13
Fourth Year Monitoring	Oct 13	Dec 13
T1 headcut repair	-	Dec 13
Supplemental Planting	-	Spring 2014
Fifth Year Monitoring	March/Aug 14	Dec 14

1.0 PROJECT SETTING AND BACKGROUND SUMMARY

The Dogbite Stream Restoration Site is a full-delivery project that was developed for the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP). The project restored, enhanced, and preserved 3,689 linear feet of White Oak Creek (WOC) and its tributaries.

The project streams had become degraded primarily through poor grazing management, vegetation removal, and channelization. Historically, the site was cleared and converted into pasture except for isolated, narrow strips of riparian vegetation along the streams. White Oak Creek was also channelized to go around two ponds. Prior to restoration, many of the project streams were experiencing severe bank erosion and bed degradation.

Over the course of the project, the following supplemental planting and site maintenance has been conducted. In 2011, the vegetation maintenance included planting additional bare-root trees in various locations throughout the site that were found to have low densities of planted trees. Invasive control was conducted from 2010 to 2013 with herbicide application targeting multiflora ros (Rosa multiflora), white poplar (Populus alba) and burdock (Articum minus). In 2013, a headcut forming near the top of T1 was identified as a risk to the stability of the project and was repaired. In the spring of 2014, additional 1 gallon containerized trees were planted in areas of low density.

2.0 PROJECT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The goals and objectives of the restoration project are as follows:

Restoration Goals:

- Restore the stream's riparian buffer.
- Create a stable network of headwater streams.

Restoration Objectives:

- Plant a functional Montane Alluvial Forest community along with a Montane Oak-Hickory Forest to create an effective riparian buffer.
- Arrest bed elevation lowering and stream widening.
- Create in-stream habitat by restoring a profile with defined pools and adding woody debris habitat structures.
- Stop bank erosion by developing the appropriate channel dimension and by stabilizing with vegetation.
- Remove the livestock waste pond adjacent to the stream.
- Exclude livestock from the riparian areas with fencing

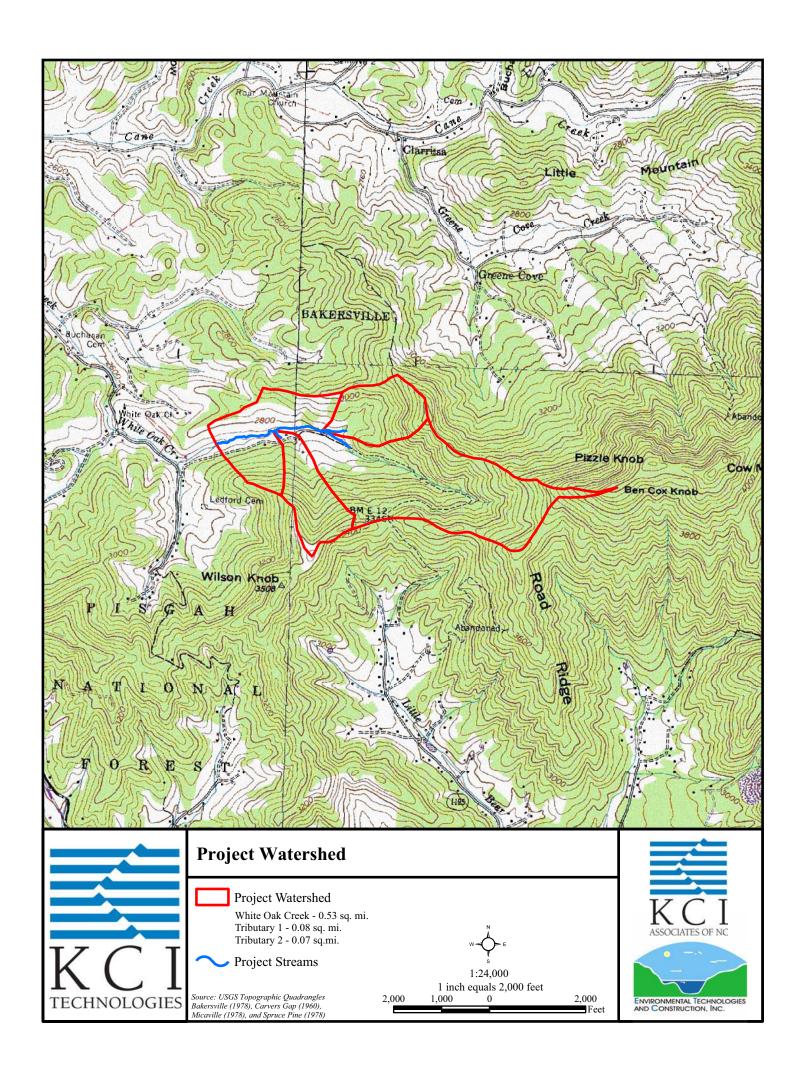
3.0 **SUCCESS CRITERIA**

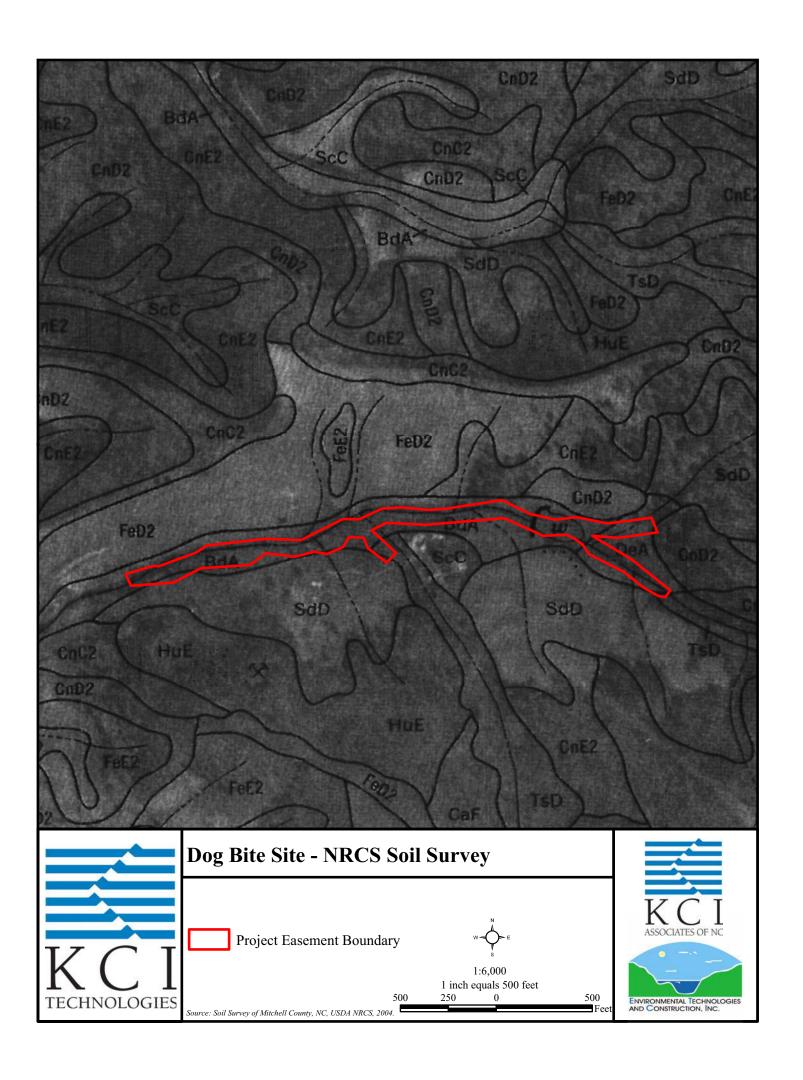
Table 2. Suce Dog Bite Stre	cess Criteria eam Restoration Site
Feature	Success Criteria
Stream	Minimal changes to the measured stream characteristics, demonstrating system stability. At least two bankfull events occurring in separate years over the course of the monitoring period.
Vegetation	Average of 260 stems/acre, as indicated by permanent vegetation plots after 5 years of monitoring.

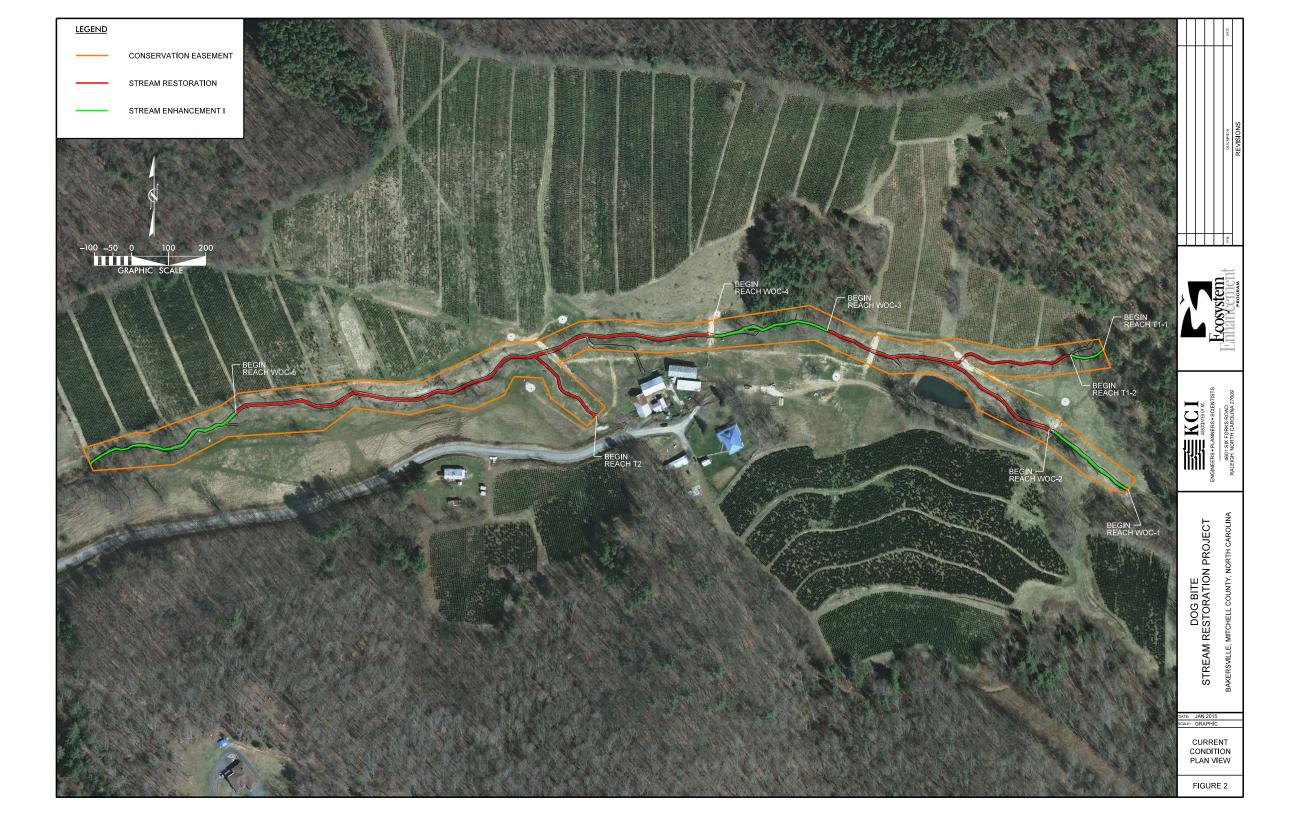
Table 3. Project As	sets					
Dog Bite Stream Ro	estoration Site					
Project Streams						
Project Segment / Reach ID	Pre-Restoration Feet	Туре	Approach	As - Built Footage or Acreage	Stationing	Stream Mitigation Units (SMU)
WOC-1	254	EI		253	10+00 - 12+53	169
WOC-2	633	R	P2/3	663	12+70 - 19+50	663*
WOC-3	349	EI	-	318	19+50 - 22+68	212
WOC-4	1,374	R	P2/3	1,332	22+85 - 36+34	1,332*
WOC-5	458	EI	-	448	36+35-40+82	299
T1-1	95	EI	-	96	50+00 - 50+96	64
T1-2	336	R	P2/3	334	50+96 - 54+45	334
T2	219	R	P2/3	245	60+00 - 62+45	245
	TOTAL			3,689		1,323
R = Restoration			P2/3 = Combin	nation of Prior	ity 2 and 3	

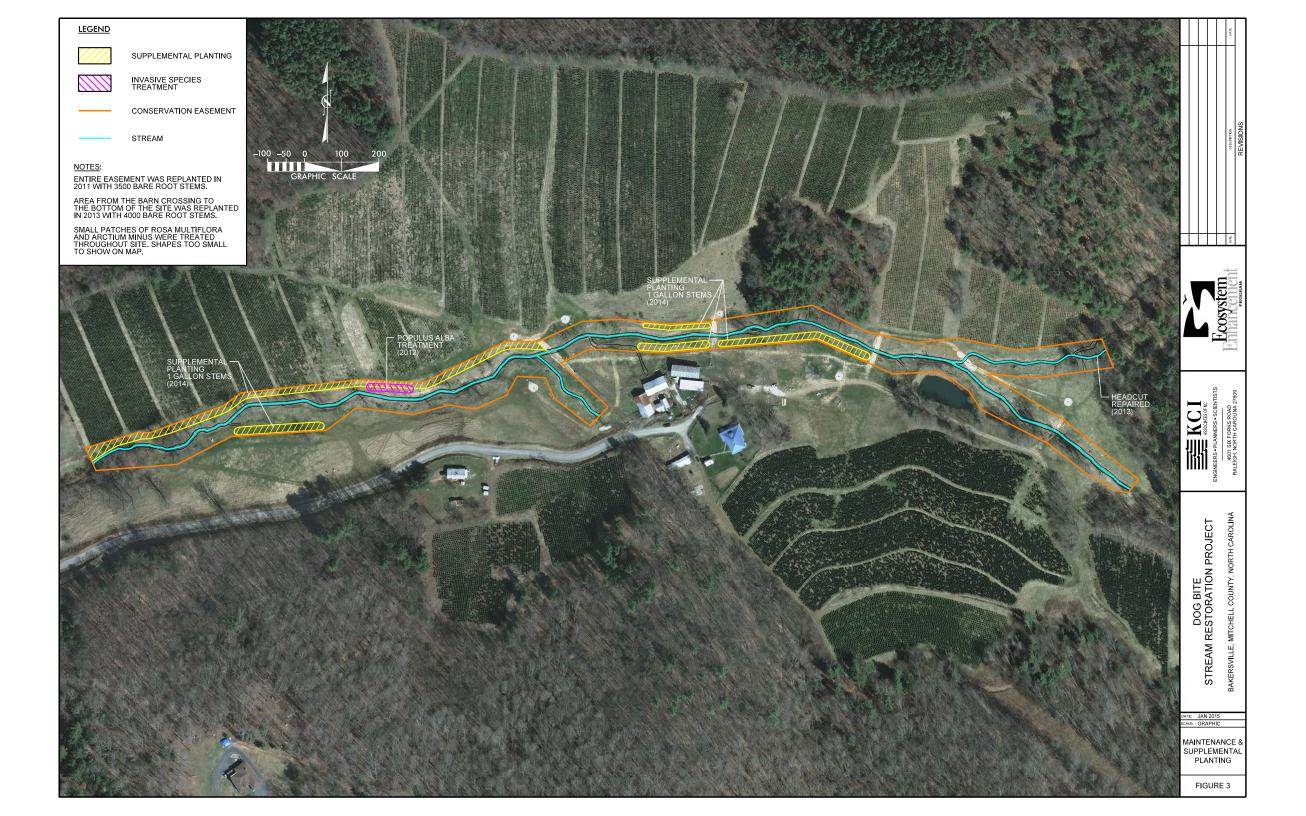
EI= Enhancement I

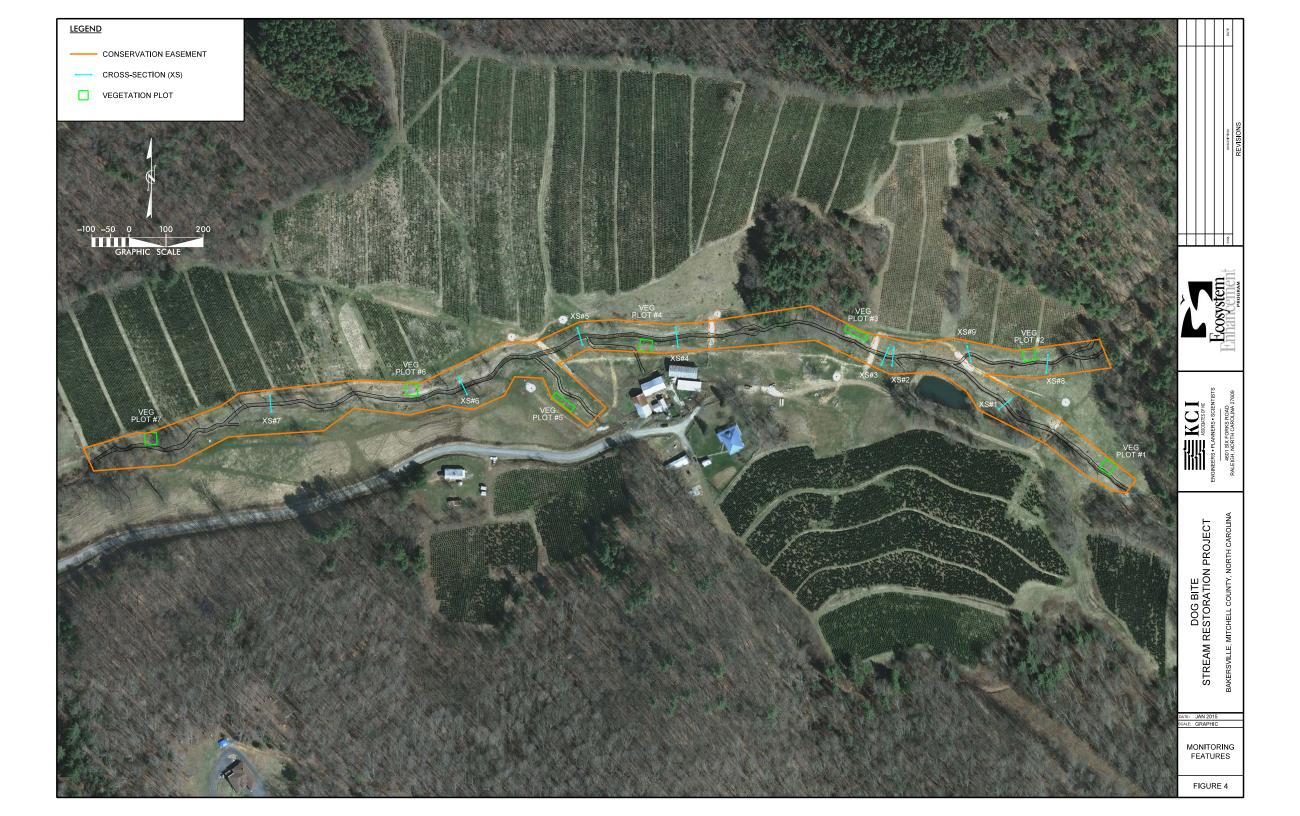
Easement exceptions for landowner ford crossings were excluded for these calculations.

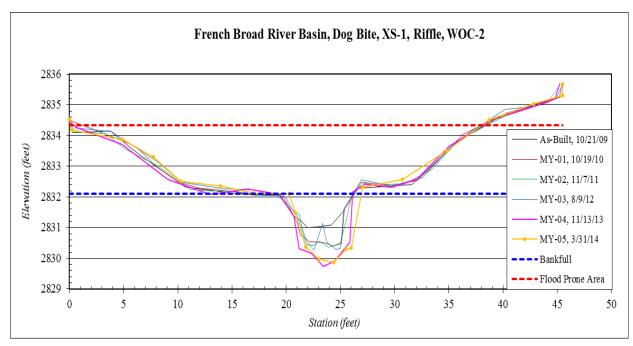


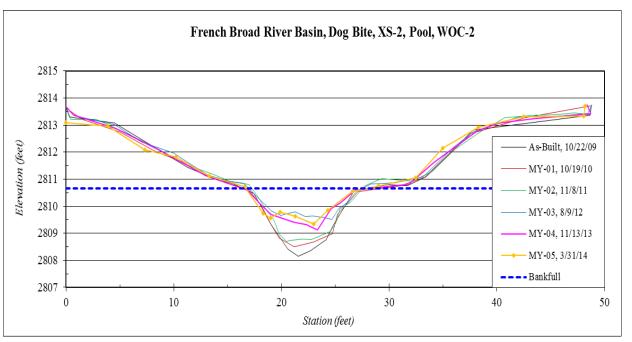


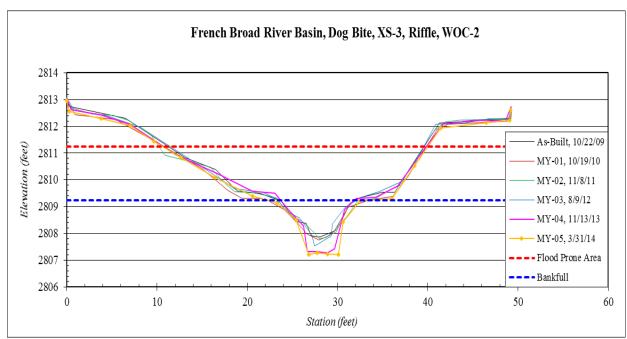


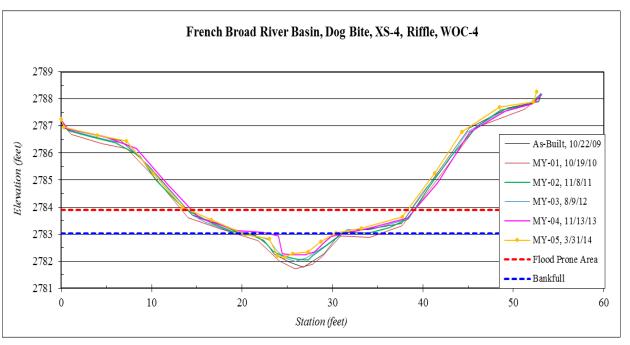




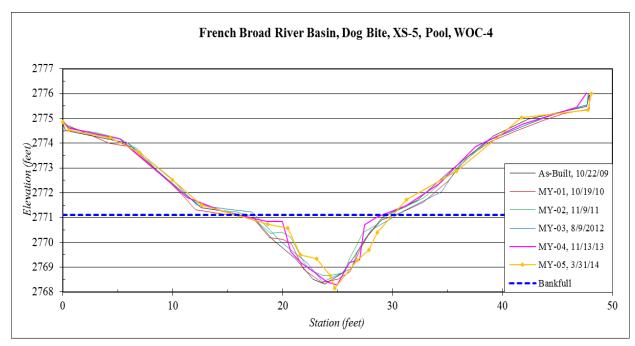


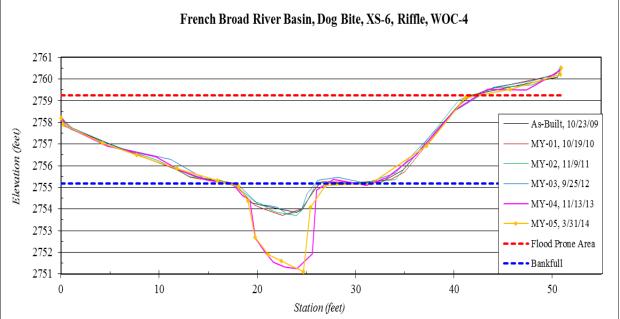


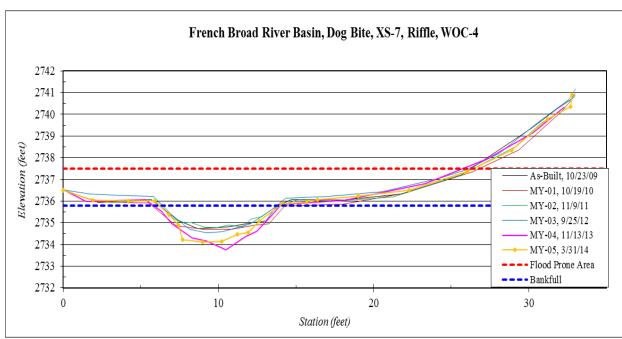


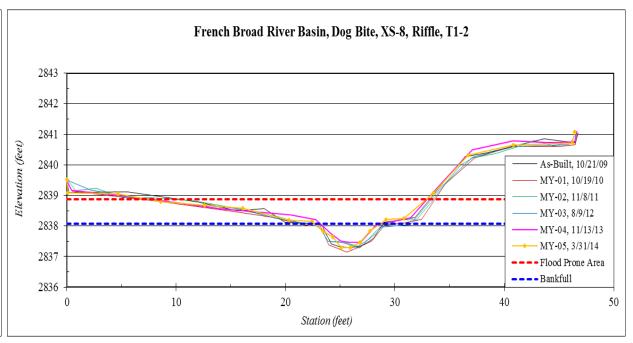


Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site

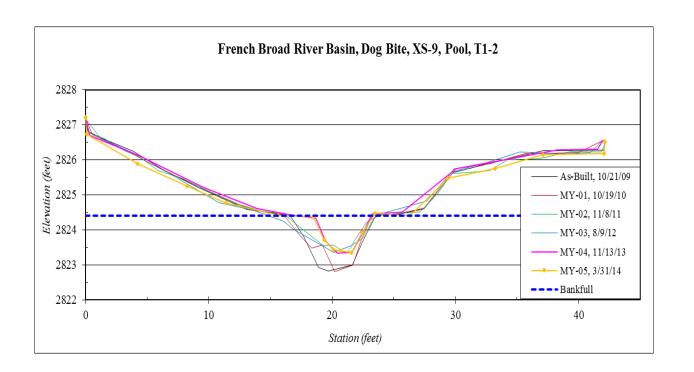


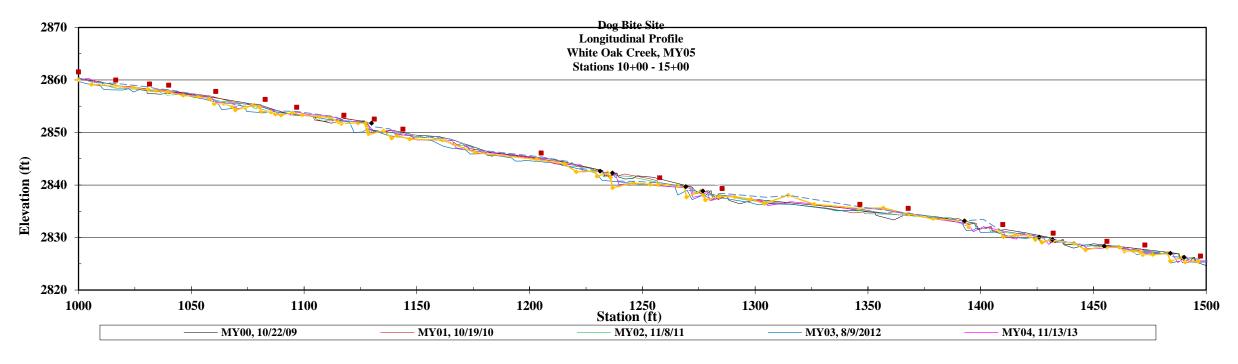


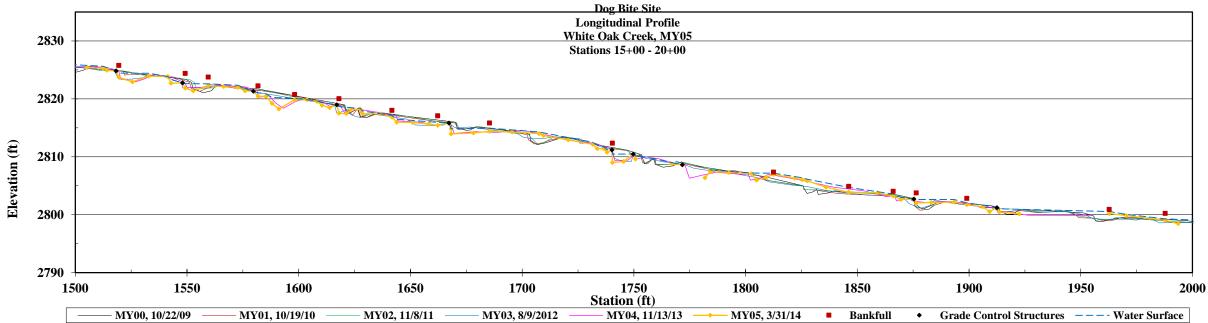


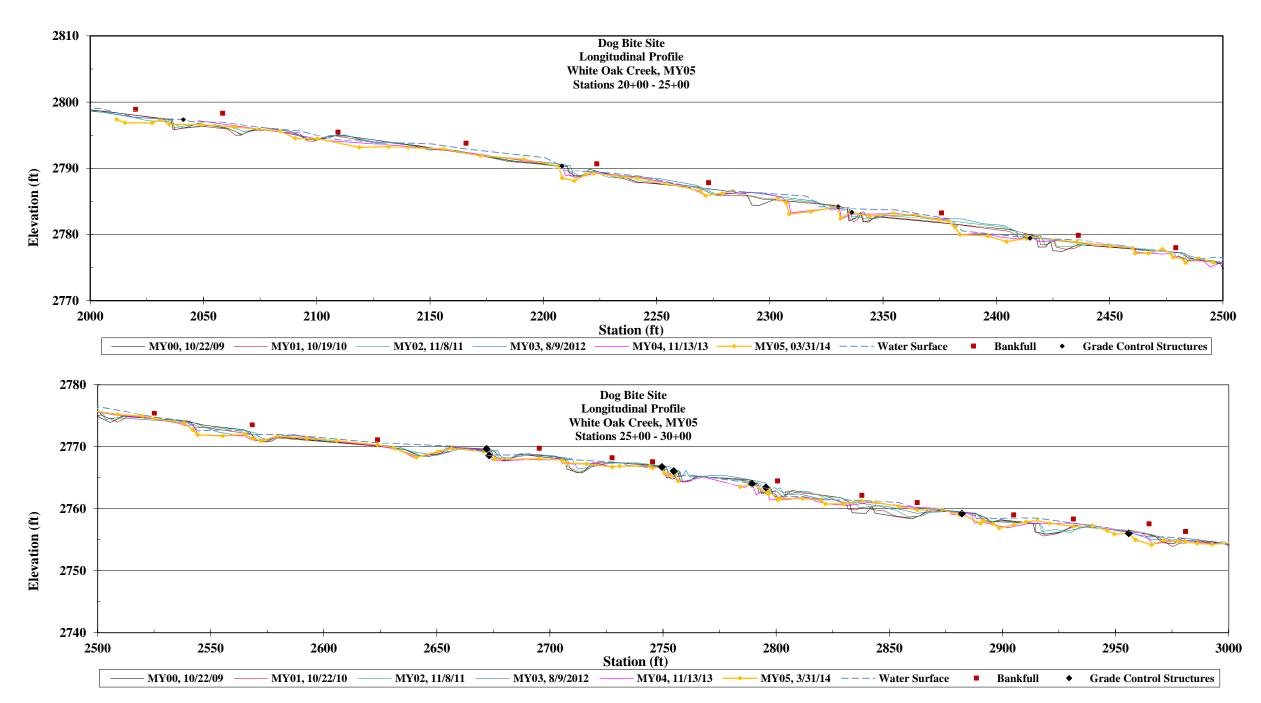


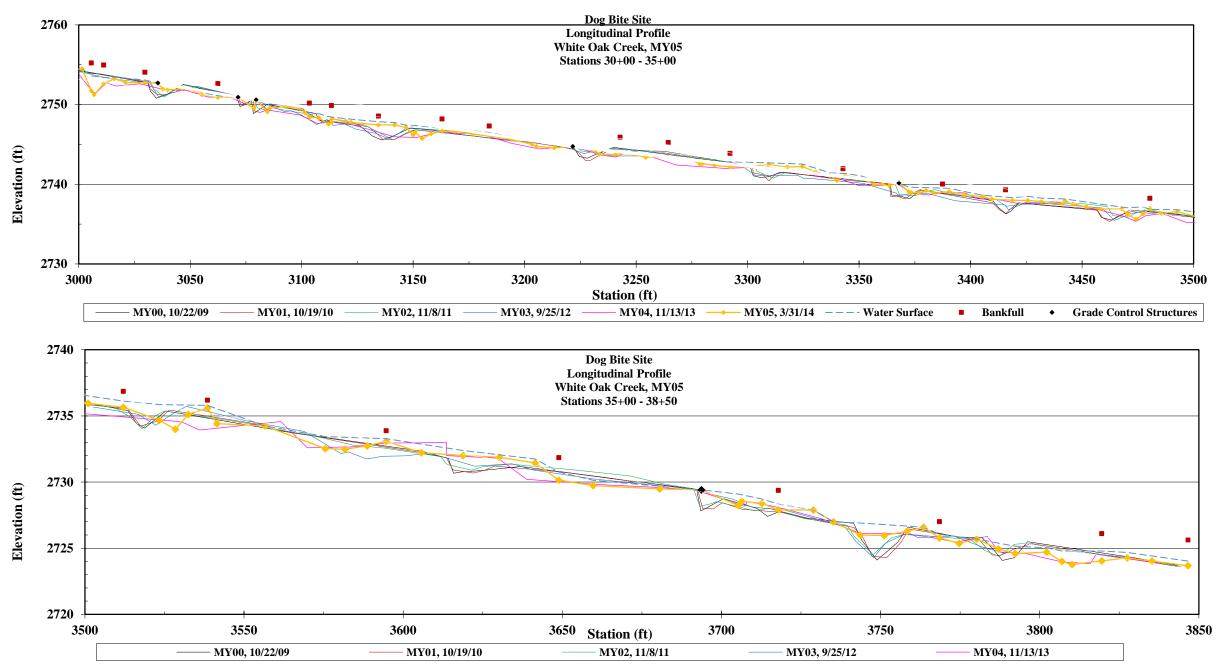
Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site

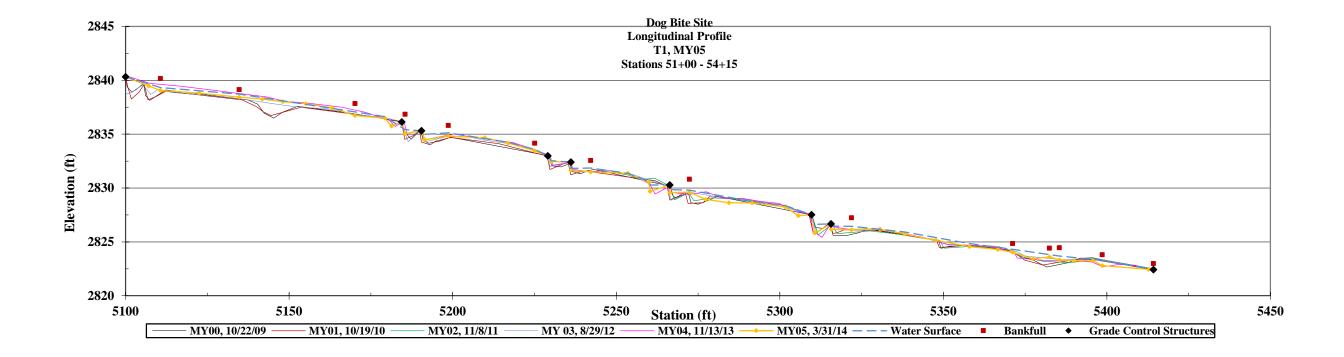












Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site			C C	4 1					C	741 1	2				C	4: 0	,	
Parameter			Cross-S		-					Section 2	2				Cross-S		5	
			Rif	ffle					P	ool					Ri	ffle		
Reach			WO	C-2					W	OC-2					WC	C-2		
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Bankfull Width (ft)	6.8	6.4	7.3	7.5	7.0	6.8	9.1	9.6	10.1	11.3	11.6	11.2	7.4	7.4	7.9	8.3	8.1	10.8
Floodprone Width (ft)	26	29	30	32	39	38	1	-	-	-	ı	-	21	22	21	26	29	29
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	4.8	7.1	7.7	6.9	10.8	10.6	12.7	11.9	12.0	9.0	8.9	8.1	5.5	5.4	5.2	6.6	9.0	10.8
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.7	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.0
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.7	1.9	2.0
Width/Depth Ratio	9.6	5.8	6.9	8.2	4.5	4.4	1	-	-	-	ı	-	10.0	10.1	12.0	10.4	7.3	10.8
Entrenchment Ratio	3.8	4.5	4.1	4.3	5.6	5.6	-	-	-	-	1	-	2.8	3.0	2.7	2.9	3.6	2.7
Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	1	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Substrate																		
d50 (mm)	51	44	18	32	7	0	9.6	2.7	22	66	18	7	65	15	60	26	9	5
d84 (mm)	100	87	60	64	55	8	47	50	41	120	63	17	130	120	130	86	64	17

Table 4b. Morphology and Hydraulio	c Monit	oring S	Summar	y conti	nued													
Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site				•														
Parameter			Cross-S	ection 4					Cross-S	Section :	5				Cross-S	ection 6	<u>,</u>	
			Rif	fle					P	ool					Rit	ffle		
Reach			WO	C-4					W	OC-4					WC	C-4		
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Bankfull Width (ft)	9.1	10.7	10.6	11.6	8.7	10.2	11.6	12.3	12.7	12.9	13.2	14.2	8.6	8.5	9.2	8.9	10.0	14.4
Floodprone Width (ft)	26	27	26	26	26	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	29	30	26	40	43
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	6.2	7.2	6.0	5.6	3.8	4.4	16.9	16.7	15.6	17.5	16.2	16.8	7.6	7.7	7.9	7.0	23.2	21.8
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	2.3	1.5
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.8	3.0	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4	3.9	4.1
Width/Depth Ratio	13.4	15.9	18.7	24	19.9	23.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.7	9.4	10.7	11.3	4.3	9.5
Entrenchment Ratio	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.9	2.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.3	3.4	3.3	2.9	4.0	3.0
Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Substrate																		
d50 (mm)	94	82	38	85	29	5	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.220	0.170	0.088	100	90	71	83	10	2
d84 (mm)	150	160	110	140	59	35	0.11	0.15	0.17	23.00	0.22	0.18	150	130	120	150	55	18

Table 4c. Morphology and Hydraulic	Monit	oring S	ummar	y conti	nued													
Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site																		
Parameter			Cross-S	ection 7	1				Cross-S	ection 8	3				Cross-S	ection 9		
			Rif	fle					Rif	ffle					Po	ol		
Reach			WO	C-4					T1	1-2					T1	2		
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Bankfull Width (ft)	9.0	8.5	8.2	8.0	8.3	7.9	5.5	5.8	6.7	9.4	5.0	5.9	6.9	7.1	7.4	8.9	6.2	5.1
Floodprone Width (ft)	26	26	25	25	25	37	21	27	21	25	20	25	ı	i	-	-	-	-
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area (ft ²)	8.1	7.0	6.1	7.7	10.1	8.9	3.0	3.3	2.9	3.1	2.0	2.5	6.8	6.2	4.5	4.8	3.3	3.3
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.4	2.2	1.7	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.6	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1
Width/Depth Ratio	10.0	10.3	11.0	8.3	6.8	7.0	10.1	10.2	15.5	28.5	12.5	13.9	ı	i	-	-	-	-
Entrenchment Ratio	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.8	4.6	3.1	2.9	4.0	4.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substrate																,		
d50 (mm)	90	68	98	52	15	2	90	97	74	68	5	6	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.062	0.440	2.0
d84 (mm)	130	120	170	110	60	8	170	150	240	150	49	42	0.10	0.062	0.062	0.062	29.0	15.0

Table 5. Verification of B	ankfull Events		
Dog Bite Stream Restorat	tion Site		
Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo Number
None in 2010 or 2011			
August 9, 2012	Unknown	Photographed on site	#1, see below
November 11, 2013	Unknown	Photographed on site	#2, see below
November 11, 2013	Unknown	Photographed on site	#3, see below
March 31, 2014	Unknown	Photographed on site	#4, see below
March 31, 2014	Unknown	Photographed on site	#5, see below



Photo #1 – Bankfull Evidence (wrack lines), 8/9/2012



Photo #2 – Bankfull Evidence on (wrack lines), 11/11/2013



Photo #3 – Bankfull Evidence on (wrack lines), 11/11/2013



Photo #4 – Bankfull Evidence on (wrack lines), 3/31/2014



Photo #5 -Bankfull Evidence on (wrack lines), 3/31/2014

Table 6. CVS Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot and Species
Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site

			Dog B	ite-A-00	001	Dog Bi	ite-A-00	002	Dog B	ite-A-0	003	Dog B	ite-A-0	004	Dog B	ite-A-00	005	Dog Bi	te-A-0(006	Dog B	ite-A-0	007
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub				2	2	2															
Amelanchier arborea	common serviceberry	Tree	1	1	1																		
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree				1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3			2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Calycanthus floridus	eastern sweetshrub	Shrub	1	1	1																		
Carya alba	mockernut hickory	Tree							1	1	1												
Clethra alnifolia	coastal sweetpepperbush	Tree																1	1	1			
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Tree																					1
Fagus grandifolia	American beech	Tree									6												
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree			3			2			1	2	2	2			3						
Hamamelis virginiana	American witchhazel	Tree				2	2	2							1	1	1	1	1	1			
Ilex verticillata	common winterberry	Shrub				1	1	1															
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree							3	3	3				3	3	3			1	1	1	1
Lindera benzoin	Northern spicebush	Tree																					1
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	2	2	4	4	4	5	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	1	1	2				1	1	1												1
Pinus strobus	eastern white pine	Tree									17									1			
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	6	6	6							1	1	1			1						
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	1	1	1				7	7	7	4	4	4	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
Quercus montana	chestnut oak	Tree							1	1	3				2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Quercus palustris	pin oak	Tree							1	1	1							1	1	1	1	1	1
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree			1	9	9	9															
Rhus sp.	sumac	Shrub									11												
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree									1												
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree																		2			
Sambucus canadensis	American elderberry	Tree												2									
		Stem count	12	12	19	19	19	22	16	16	54	12	12	14	8	8	14	9	9	13	7	7	12
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1			1	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02	
		Species count		6	8	6	6	7	8	8	13	5	5	6	5	5	8	7	7	10	6	6	9
		Stems per ACRE		486	769	769	769	890	647	647	2185	486	486	567	324	324	567	364	364	526	283	283	486

Table 6. CVS Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot and Species Cont.

Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site

			MY	5 (2014)	MY4	(2013)	MY3	3 (2012))	MY2	2 (2011))	MY	1 (2010))	MY((2010)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Aesculus flava	yellow buckeye	Tree									7									
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Amelanchier arborea	common serviceberry	Tree	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	7	7	9	3	3	6	3	3	4	3	3	3	6	6	6	7	7	7
Calycanthus floridus	eastern sweetshrub	Shrub	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	4
Carpinus caroliniana var. virginiana	American hornbeam	Tree															1			
Carya sp.	hickory	Tree						2												
Carya alba	mockernut hickory	Tree	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Clethra alnifolia	coastal sweetpepperbush	Tree	1	1	1															
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Tree			1															
Fagus grandifolia	American beech	Tree			6			1			5									
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	2	2	11			8			1			1						
Hamamelis virginiana	American witchhazel	Tree	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
Ilex verticillata	common winterberry	Shrub	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree	7	7	8	7	7	8	7	7	8	7	7	7	4	4	4			
Lindera benzoin	northern spicebush	Shrub			1															
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	12	12	16	11	11	18	11	11	15	12	12	14	8	8	8			
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	2	2	4	4	4	4	5	5	7	5	5	5	6	6	6			
Pinus strobus	eastern white pine	Tree			18			9			6									
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	7	7	8	6	6	11	6	6	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Quercus	oak	Tree										2	2	2	3	3	3	15	15	15
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	16	16	17	14	14	16	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16	16	6	6	6
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree																1	1	1
Quercus montana	chestnut oak	Tree	7	7	9	3	3	4	3	3	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	5	5	5
Quercus palustris	pin oak	Tree	3	3	3															
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	9	9	10	9	9	10	10	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8			
Rhus glabra	smooth sumac	Shrub			11															
Rhus sp.	sumac	shrub						4			3									
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree			1			1			1									
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree			2															
Sambucus canadensis	American elderberry	Tree			2															
Unknown		Shrub or Tree													2	2	2	70	70	70
		Stem count	83	83	148	66	66	111	71	71	107	73	73	76	72	72	73	114	114	114
		size (ares)		7			7			7			7			7			7	
		size (ACRES)		0.17			0.17			0.17			0.17			0.17			0.17	
		Species count	17	17	25	14	14	20	14	14	20	15	15	16	16	16	17	8	8	8
		Stems per ACRE		480	827	388	388	653	410	410	619	422	422	439	416	416	422	659	659	659

Table 7. Vegetati	on History (s	tems/acre)								
Dog Bite Stream	Restoration	Site								
Plot Number	MY-00	MY-01	MY-	02	MY-	-03	MY-	04	MY-	-05
			planted	total	planted	total	planted	total	planted	total
1	809	647	567	647	526	728	526	728	486	728
2	688	647	850	850	850	890	809	849	769	890
3	647	567	567	567	567	1,416	567	1,497	647	2,185
4	567	242	202	202	162	202	162	445	486	567
5	607	324	445	445	445	445	405	607	324	567
6	728	202	40	40	40	40	0	0	364	526
7	567	283	283	324	283	607	202	324	283	486
Buffer Average			422	439	410	619	382	636	480	827

4.0 EEP RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

The stream is functioning as designed and has not developed any significant problems. The monitored cross-sections and profiles indicate some changes over the course of monitoring, but the stream in these areas is not trending towards instability.

With multiple bankfull events since construction, the stream has met the success criterion of at least two bankfull events occurring in separate years over the course of the monitoring period.

The monitored vegetation plots within the stream buffer revealed that the planted vegetation is growing well with 480 stems/acre. The planted vegetation has been doing well, with some plots experiencing more mortality than others. This mortality can be attributed to normal losses after the initial planting as well as aggressive growth from the site's herbaceous vegetation. The site also has vigorous volunteers, which will increase the overall vegetation success of the site.

Overall the stream and the site's vegetation condition indicate that it is on a path to success. The EEP recommends that this site be closed out with the requested 1,323 SMUs.

Pre-Construction Photos (2006)

















Post-Construction Photos MY-05



Photo Point 1: View looking upstream, from ford crossing near Station $12+50.\ 3/31/14$ - MY 05



Photo Point 2: View looking downstream, near Station 14+00. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 3: View looking upstream at the confluence of WOC and T1. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 4: View looking upstream taken near Station 20+50. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 4: View looking downstream near Station 20+50. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 5: View left side of stream at WOC, near Station 26+25. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 5: View right side of stream, near Station 26+25. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 6: View looking upstream at T2, near Station 27+75. 3/3/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 7: View looking upstream near Station 29+25. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 7: View looking downstream near Station 29+25. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 8: View looking upstream near Station 34+00. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 9: View looking upstream near Station 39+25. 3/3/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 9: View looking downstream near Station 34+00. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 10: View looking upstream on T1 near Station 51+00. 3/3/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 10: View looking downstream on T1 near Station 51+00. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 11: View looking upstream on T1 near Station 52+50. 3/31/14 - MY 05



Photo Point 12: View looking upstream on T2 near Station 60+50. 3/31/14 - MY 05

Appendix A Watershed Planning Summary To be completed by the EEP Watershed Planner.

Appendix B Land Ownership and Protection To be completed by the EEP Property Section.

Appendix C NCDWQ 401/USACE Section 404

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS

WILMINGTON DISTRICT

Action ID. SAW-2008-2251 County: Mitchell USGS Quad: Micaville and Spruce

Pine Pine

GENERAL PERMIT (REGIONAL AND NATIONWIDE) VERIFICATION

Property Owner / Authorized Agent: Adam Spiller, KCI Technologies, Inc.

Address: 4601 Six Forks Road, Suite 220

Raleigh, NC 27609
Telephone No.: 919-783-9214

Size and location of property (water body, road name/number, town, etc.): White Oak Creek and two unnamed tributaries flowing through an approximate 7.3 acre tract located at the end of Wilson Dairy Road near Bakersville, NC (Dog Bite Stream Restoration Site).

Description of projects area and activity: <u>To restore and enhance reaches of White Oak Creek and two unnamed tributaries</u>. 2,580 LF of restoration and 1,156 LF of enhancement work is to be undertaken using natural channel design techniques. The work will consist of channel relocations, reforming banks and/or bed within the existing channel, installing grade control and habitat structures, stabilizing incoming seeps and drainages, installing livestock exclusion fencing, and replanting riparian buffers.

Applicable Law:	Section 404 (Clean Water Act, 33 USC 1344)	
	Section 10 (Rivers and Harbors Act, 33 USC 4	03)
A .1 1 .1	D 1 10 1D 137 1	

Authorization: Regional General Permit Number: Nationwide Permit Number: 27

Your work is authorized by the above referenced permit provided it is accomplished in strict accordance with the attached conditions and your submitted plans. Any violation of the attached conditions or deviation from your submitted plans may subject the permittee to a stop work order, a restoration order and/or appropriate legal action.

Special Conditions

- 1. All work must be performed in strict compliance with the plans received by this office on August 1, 2008, which are a part of this permit. Any modification to the permit plans must be approved by the USACE prior to implementation
- 2. Failure to institute and carry out the details of these special conditions will result in a directive to cease all ongoing and permitted work within waters and/or wetlands associated with the permitted project, or such other remedies and/or fines as the District Engineer or his authorized representatives may seek.
- 3. The permittee shall require its contractors and/or agents to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit in the construction and maintenance of this project, and shall provide each of its contractors and/or agents associated with the construction or maintenance of this project with a copy of this permit, and any authorized modifications. A copy of this permit, and any authorized modifications, including all conditions, shall be available at the project site during construction and maintenance of this project.
- 4. This permit does not authorize temporary placement or double handling of excavated or fill material within waters or wetlands outside the permitted area.
- 5. Conditions 1-3 and 5-9 of the attached North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission letter of August 20, 2008 are hereby incorporated as special conditions of this permit.
- 6. The permittee will report any violation of these conditions or violations of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act in writing to the Wilmington District, U. S Army Corps of Engineers, within 24 hours of the permittee's discovery of the violation.

This verification will remain valid until the expiration date identified below unless the nationwide authorization is modified, suspended or revoked. If, prior to the expiration date identified below, the nationwide permit authorization is reissued and/or modified, this verification will remain valid until the expiration date identified below, provided it complies with all requirements of the modified nationwide permit. If the nationwide permit authorization expires or is suspended, revoked, or is modified, such that the activity would no longer comply with the terms and conditions of the nationwide permit, activities which have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence in reliance upon the nationwide permit, will remain authorized provided the activity is completed within twelve months of the date of the nationwide permit's expiration, modification or revoke the authorization.

Activities subject to Section 404 (as indicated above) may also require an individual Section 401 Water Quality Certification. You should contact the NC Division of Water Quality (telephone (919) 733-1786) to determine Section 401 requirements.

For activities occurring within the twenty coastal counties subject to regulation under the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA), prior to beginning work you must contact the N.C. Division of Coastal Management.

This Department of the Army verification does not relieve the permittee of the responsibility to obtain any other required Federal, State or local approvals/permits.

If there are any questions regarding this verification, any of the conditions of the Permit, or the Corps of Engineers regulatory program, please contact David Baker at 828-271-7980.

Corps Regulatory Official	David Baker	Date: October 6, 2008
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Expiration Date of Verification: October 6, 2010

The Wilmington District is committed to providing the highest level of support to the public. To help us ensure we continue to do so, please complete the attached customer Satisfaction Survey or visit http://regulatory.usacesurvey.com/ to complete the survey online.

Determination of Jurisdiction:

A. Based on preliminary information, there appear to be waters of the US including wetlands within the above described project area. This preliminary determination is not an appealable action under the Regulatory Program Administrative Appeal Process (Reference 33 CFR Part 331).
B. There are Navigable Waters of the United States within the above described project area subject to the permit requirements of Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.
C. There are waters of the US and/or wetlands within the above described project area subject to the permit requirements of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA)(33 USC § 1344). Unless there is a change in the law or our published regulations, this determination may be relied upon for a period not to exceed five years from the date of this notification.
D. The jurisdictional areas within the above described project area have been identified under a previous action. Please reference jurisdictional determination issued Action ID
Basis of Jurisdictional Determination: White Oak Creek is a tributary to the French Broad River which is a Section 10 navigable-in-fact waterway (TNW).
Appeals Information: (This information does not apply to preliminary determinations as indicated by paragraph A. above).
Attached to this verification is an approved jurisdictional determination. If you are not in agreement with that approved jurisdictional determination, you can make an administrative appeal under 33 CFR 331. Enclosed you will find a Notification of Appeal Process (NAP) fact sheet and request for appeal (RFA) form. If you request to appeal this determination you must submit a completed RFA form to the following address:
District Engineer, Wilmington Regulatory Program Attn: David Baker, Project Manager 151 Patton Avenue, Room 208 Asheville, North Carolina 28801
In order for an RFA to be accepted by the Corps, the Corps must determine that it is complete, that it meets the criteria for appeal under 33 CFR part 331.5, and that it has been received by the Division Office within 60 days of the date of the NAP. Should you decide to submit an RFA form, it must be received at the above address within 60 days from the <i>Issue Date</i> below.
It is not necessary to submit an RFA form to the Division Office if you do not object to the determination in this correspondence.
Corps Regulatory Official:
Issue Date: October 6, 2008 Expiration Date: October 6, 2013

SURVEY PLATS, FIELD SKETCH, WETLAND DELINEATION FORMS, PROJECT PLANS, ETC., MUST BE ATTACHED TO THE FILE COPY OF THIS FORM, IF REQUIRED OR AVAILABLE.

Permit Number:	SAW-2008-2251	
Permit Type:	NW27	
Name of County:	Mitchell	
Name of Permittee:	Adam Spiller, KCI T	Γechnologies, Inc.
Date of Issuance:	October 6, 2008	
Project Manager:	David Baker	
	he activity authorized by action and return it to the	this permit and any mitigation required by the he following address:
Attention: CE 151 Patton Av	rps of Engineers SAW-RG-A enue, Room 208 th Carolina 28801-5006	
Corps of Engineers re		ject to a compliance inspection by an U.S. Army to comply with this permit you are subject to a.
accordance with the te		e above referenced permit has been completed in ne said permit, and required mitigation was litions.
Signature of	Permittee	Date





William G. Ross Jr., Secretary North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

> Coleen H. Sullins, Director Division of Water Quality

August 14, 2008

DWQ Project # 08-1185 Mitchell County

KCI Technologies, Inc. Attn: Adam Spiller 4601 Six Forks Road, Suite 220 Raleigh, NC 27609

Subject Property:

Dog Bite Site Stream Restoration

UT to White Oak Creek [040306, 7-2-59-9, C;Tr]

Approval of 401 Water Quality Certification with Additional Conditions

Dear Mr. Spiller:

You have our approval, in accordance with the attached conditions and those listed below, to place fill within or otherwise impact 3,718 feet of streams for the purpose of stream restoration at the subject property, as described within your application dated July 31, 2008 and received by the N.C. Division of Water Quality (DWQ) on August 1, 2008. After reviewing your application, we have decided that the impacts are covered by General Water Quality Certification Number 3689 (GC 3689). The Certification allows you to use Nationwide Permit(s) 27 when issued by the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). In addition, you should obtain or otherwise comply with any other required federal, state or local permits before you go ahead with your project including (but not limited to) Erosion and Sediment Control, and Non-discharge regulations. Also, this approval to proceed with your proposed impacts or to conduct impacts to waters as depicted in your application shall expire upon expiration of the 404 or CAMA Permit.

This approval is for the purpose and design that you described in your application. If you change your project, you must notify us and you may be required to send us a new application. If the property is sold, the new owner must be given a copy of this Certification and approval letter and is thereby responsible for complying with all conditions. If total fills for this project (now or in the future) exceed one acre of wetland or 150 linear feet of stream, compensatory mitigation may be required as described in 15A NCAC 2H .0506 (h). This approval requires you to follow the conditions listed in the attached certification and any additional conditions listed below.

The Additional Conditions of the Certification are:

1. Impacts Approved

The following impacts are hereby approved as long as all of the other specific and general conditions of this Certification (or Isolated Wetland Permit) are met. No other impacts are approved including incidental impacts:



1 100 1	Amount Approved (Units)	The state of the s
Stream		Plan Location or Reference
	3,718 (feet)	PCN page 9 of 13
404/CAMA Wetlands	0 (acres)	NA
Waters	0 (acres)	NA
Buffers	0 (square ft.)	NA NA
Deutsch (1)	(INA

2. Erosion & Sediment Control Practices

Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best Management Practices in order to protect surface waters standards:

- a. The erosion and sediment control measures for the project must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Planning and Design Manual.
- b. The design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
- c. For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the North Carolina Surface Mining Manual.
- d. The reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the reclamation in accordance with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act.

3. No Waste, Spoil, Solids, or Fill of Any Kind

No waste, spoil, solids, or fill of any kind shall occur in wetlands, waters, or riparian areas beyond the footprint of the impacts depicted in the Pre-Construction Notification. All construction activities, including the design, installation, operation, and maintenance of sediment and erosion control Best Management Practices, shall be performed so that no violations of state water quality standards, statutes, or rules occur.

4. No Sediment & Erosion Control Measures w/n Wetlands or Waters

Sediment and erosion control measures shall not be placed in wetlands or waters without prior approval from the Division. If placement of sediment and erosion control devices in wetlands and waters is unavoidable, design and placement of temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or stream beds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and down stream of the above structures. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be removed and the natural grade restored within two (2) months of the date that the Division of Land Resources or locally delegated program has released the project.

5. Certificate of Completion

Upon completion of all work approved within the 401 Water Quality Certification or applicable Buffer Rules, and any subsequent modifications, the applicant is required to return the attached certificate of completion to the 401 Oversight/Express Review Permitting Unit, North Carolina Division of Water Quality, 1650 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC, 27699-1650.

6. Stream and Buffer Restoration

You have our approval for your proposed final stream and wetland restoration plans. The stream and wetland restoration must be constructed, maintained, and monitored according to the plans approved by this Office. Any repairs or adjustments to the site must be made according to the approved plans or must receive written approval from this Office to make the repairs or adjustments.

7. Vegetation Monitoring and Success Criteria

DWQ supports the proposed CVS-EEP monitoring protocol, and expects that planting and success evaluation at the site will reflect not only stem counts, but also the diversity of the targeted community types described in section 5.3 of the plan.

8. Harvesting of Stream Bed Materials

As part of the construction of the restored stream channel, bed material should be harvested from riffles in the existing stream channel for use in the riffles in the new channel.

Violations of any condition herein set forth may result in revocation of this Certification and may result in criminal and/or civil penalties. The authorization to proceed with your proposed impacts or to conduct impacts to waters as depicted in your application and as authorized by this Certification shall expire upon expiration of the 404 or CAMA Permit.

If you do not accept any of the conditions of this Certification (associated with the approved wetland or stream impacts), you may ask for an adjudicatory hearing. You must act within 60 days of the date that you receive this letter. To ask for a hearing, send a written petition, which conforms to Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes to the Office of Administrative Hearings, 6714 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, N.C. 27699-6714. This certification and its conditions are final and binding unless you ask for a hearing.

This letter completes the review of the Division of Water Quality under Section 401 of the Clean Water Act. If you have any questions, please telephone Cyndi Karoly in the Central Office in Raleigh at 919-733-9721 or Kyle Barnes in the DWQ Washington Regional Office at 336-771-5000.

Calaan II Culling

CHS/EWK

Enclosures:

GC 3689

Certificate of Completion

cc:

USACE Asheville Regulatory Field Office DWQ Asheville Regional Office DLR Asheville Regional Office File Copy Central Files

 $File name: \ 081185 Dog Bite Stream Restoration (Mitchell) 401$

Water Quality Certification No. 3689

GENERAL CERTIFICATION FOR STREAM RESTORATION, ENHANCEMENT AND STABILIZATION PROJECTS AND WETLAND AND RIPARIAN RESTORATION AND CREATION ACTIVITIES INCLUDING THOSE ELIGIBLE FOR U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NATIONWIDE PERMIT NUMBERS 13 (BANK STABILIZATION) AND 27 (WETLAND AND RIPARIAN RESTORATION AND CREATION), AND REGIONAL PERMIT 197800080 (BULKHEADS AND RIPRAP) AND RIPARIAN AREA PROTECTION RULES (BUFFER RULES)

Water Quality Certification Number 3689 is issued in conformity with the requirements of Section 401, Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 of the United States and subject to the North Carolina Division of Water Quality Regulations in 15A NCAC 2H .0500 and 15A NCAC 2B .0200 for the discharge of fill material to waters as described in 33 CFR 330 Appendix A (B) (13) and (27) of the Corps of Engineers regulations (i.e., Nationwide Permit Numbers 13 and 27) and Regional Permit 197800080. The category of activities shall include stream bank stabilization or stream restoration activity as long as impacts to waters or significant wetlands are minimized; wetland and riparian restoration or creation; and the construction and maintenance of bulkheads on non-Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) lakes.

The State of North Carolina certifies that the specified category of activity will not violate applicable portions of Sections 301, 302, 303, 306 and 307 of the Public Laws 92-500 and 95-217 if conducted in accordance with the conditions set forth.

All proposed fill or modification of wetlands and/or waters, including streams and streambanks, under this General Certification requires application to, and written approval from the Division of Water Quality (the "Division"), regardless of the purpose of the restoration, enhancement, stabilization, or creation activity.

Bank Stabilization projects qualifying for Nationwide Permit 13 for erosion protection of up to 500 feet of stream banks to protect property are exempt from the requirement for written approval.

Any impacts to riparian buffers associated with this work in the Neuse, Tar-Pamlico, Randleman and Catawba River Basins (or any other basins with Riparian Area Protection Rules [Buffer Rules] in effect at the time of application [in accordance with 15A NCAC 2B .0200]) will require written approval, *unless* the activities are listed as "EXEMPT" from these Rules-

In accordance with North Carolina General Statute Section 143-215.3D(e), written approval for a 401 Water Quality General Certification must include the appropriate fee. If a project also requires a CAMA Permit, then one payment to both agencies shall be submitted and will be the higher of the two fees.

Conditions of Certification:

- Activities shall meet the definitions, design, and monitoring protocols specified within the US Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District Regulatory Guidance Letter (RGL02-02) and the Stream Mitigation Guidelines (April 2003) or any subsequent updates to these documents.
- No waste, spoil, solids, or fill of any kind shall occur in wetlands, waters, or riparian areas beyond the footprint of the impacts depicted in the Pre-construction Notification and/or those authorized by this Certification, including incidental impacts. All construction activities, including the design, installation, operation, and maintenance of sediment and erosion control

Water Quality Certification N°. 3689

Best Management Practices, shall be performed so that no violations of state water quality

Standard Erosion and Sediment Control Practices

Erosion and sediment control practices must be in full compliance with all specifications governing the proper design, installation and operation and maintenance of such Best

- Design, installation, operation, and maintenance of the sediment and erosion control measures must be such that they equal, or exceed, the requirements specified in the most recent version of the North Carolina Sediment and Erosion Control Manual. The devices shall be maintained on all construction sites, borrow sites, and waste pile (spoil) projects, including contractor-owned or leased borrow pits associated with the project.
- For borrow pit sites, the erosion and sediment control measures must be designed, installed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the most recent version of the
- Reclamation measures and implementation must comply with the requirements of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Act and the Mining Act of 1971.
- Sufficient materials required for stabilization and/or repair of erosion control measures and stormwater routing and treatment shall be on site at all times, except for publicly funded linear transportation projects when materials can be accessed offsite in a timely manner..
- If the project occurs in waters or watersheds classified as Primary Nursery Areas (PNA's), Trout (Tr), SA, WS-I, WS-II, High Quality (HQW), or Outstanding Resource (ORW) waters, then the sediment and erosion control requirements contained within Design Standards in Sensitive Watersheds (15A NCAC 04B .0124) supercede all other

No Sediment and Erosion Control Measures in Wetlands or Waters

Sediment and erosion control measures should not be placed in wetlands or waters outside of the permitted impact areas without prior approval by the Division. If placement of sediment and erosion control devices in wetlands and waters is unavoidable, design and placement of temporary erosion control measures shall not be conducted in a manner that may result in dis-equilibrium of wetlands or stream beds or banks, adjacent to or upstream and down stream of the above structures. All sediment and erosion control devices shall be removed and the natural grade restored within two (2) months of the date that the Division of Land Resources or locally delegated program has released the project.

5. Construction Stormwater Permit NCG010000

Upon the approval of an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan issued by the Division of Land Resources (DLR) or a DLR delegated local erosion and sedimentation control program, an NPDES General stormwater permit (NCG010000) administered by the Division is automatically issued to the project. This General Permit allows stormwater to be discharged during land disturbing construction activities as stipulated by conditions in the permit. If your project is covered by this permit [applicable to construction projects that disturb one (1) or more acres], full compliance with permit conditions including the sedimentation control plan, self-monitoring, record keeping and reporting requirements are required. A copy of this permit and monitoring report forms may be found at http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/su/Forms_Documents.htm.

The North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) shall be required to be in full compliance with the conditions related to construction activities within the most recent version of their individual NPDES (NCS000250) stormwater permit.

Water Quality Certification No. 3689

6. Construction Moratoriums and Coordination

If activities must occur during periods of high biological activity (i.e. sea turtle or bird nesting), then biological monitoring may be required at the request of other state or federal agencies and coordinated with these activities. This condition can be waived through written concurrence on a case by case basis upon reasonable justification.

All moratoriums on construction activities established by the NC Wildlife Resources Commission (WRC), US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), NC Division of Marine Fisheries (DMF), or National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) to lessen impacts on trout, anadromous fish, larval/post-larval fishes and crustaceans, or other aquatic species of concern shall be implemented. This condition can be waived through written concurrence on a case by case basis upon reasonable justification.

Work within the twenty-five (25) designated trout counties or identified state or federal endangered or threatened species habitat shall be coordinated with the appropriate WRC, USFWS, NMFS, and/or DMF personnel.

NC Wildlife Resources Commission will not object to construction of Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) 'urgent and compelling' sites during the spawning period provided these projects are, to the extent appropriate and practical, constructed by:

- a. Using flow diversion structures such as sandbags;
- b. Placing large-size rock toes and filter cloth backing for stabilization sites before backfilling; and
- c. Excavating new channel alignments in dry areas.

Construction at non-'urgent and compelling' sites shall not occur during the spawning period to minimize the potential adverse effects of multiple construction activities on trout or anadromous fish resources in this stream.

7. Work in the Dry

All work in or adjacent to stream waters shall be conducted in a dry work area. Approved best management practices from the most current version of the NC Sediment and Erosion Control Manual, or the NC DOT Construction and Maintenance Activities Manual, such as sandbags, rock berms, cofferdams, and other diversion structures shall be used to minimize excavation in flowing water. Exceptions to this condition require submittal to, and approval by, the Division.

8. Riparian Area Protection (Buffer) Rules

Activities located in the protected 50-foot wide riparian areas (whether jurisdictional wetlands or not) within the Neuse, Tar-Pamlico, Randleman, Catawba (or any other basin with buffer rules), shall be limited to "uses" identified within and constructed in accordance with 15A NCAC 2B .0233, .0259, .0250 and .0243, and shall be located, designed, constructed, and maintained to have minimal disturbance to protect water quality to the maximum extent practicable through the use of best management practices. All buffer rule requirements, including diffuse flow requirements, must be met.

9. Water Supply Watershed Buffers

The 100-foot wide (high-density development) or the 30-foot wide vegetative buffer (all other development) must be maintained adjacent to all perennial waters except for allowances as

Water Quality Certification No. 3689

provided in the Water Supply Watershed Protection Rules [15A NCAC 2B .0212 through .0215].

- 10. If concrete is used during the construction, then a dry work area should be maintained to prevent direct contact between curing concrete and stream water. Water that inadvertently contacts uncured concrete should not be discharged to surface waters due to the potential for elevated pH and possible aquatic life/fish kills.
- 11. Any rip-rap shall be of such a size and density so as not to be able to be carried off by wave or current action and consist of clean rock or masonry material free of debris or toxic pollutants. Rip-rap shall not be installed in the streambed except in specific areas required for velocity control and to ensure structural integrity of bank stabilization measures. If rip-rap is to be installed within the streambed, the amount_and location must be_approved in writing by the Division of Land Resources and Division of Water Quality. However, rock vanes, wing deflectors, and similar structures for grade control and bank protection are acceptable.
- 12. If an environmental document is required under NEPA or SEPA, then this General Certification is not valid until a Finding of No Significant Impact or Record of Decision is issued by the State Clearinghouse.
- 13. Additional site-specific conditions may be added to the written approval attached to this Certification in order to ensure compliance with all applicable water quality and effluent standards.
- 14. This Certification shall expire three (3) years from the date of the approval letter from DWQ or on the same day as the corresponding Nationwide Permit. In accordance with General Statute 136-44.7B, certifications issued to the NCDOT shall expire only upon expiration of the federal 404 Permit. The conditions in effect on the date of issuance of Certification for a specific project shall remain in effect for the life of the project, regardless of the expiration date of this Certification. If the construction process for approved activities will overlap the expiration and renewal date of the corresponding 404 Permit and the Corps allows for continued use of the 404 Permit, then the General Certification shall also remain in effect without requiring re-application and re-approval to use this Certification for the specific impacts already approved.
- 15. The applicant/permittee and their authorized agents shall conduct all activities in a manner consistent with State water quality standards (including any requirements resulting from compliance with §303(d) of the Clean Water Act), and any other appropriate requirements of State and Federal Law. If the Division determines that such standards or laws are not being met, including failure to sustain a designated or achieved use, or that State or Federal law is being violated, or that further conditions are necessary to assure compliance, then the Division may reevaluate and modify this General Water Quality Certification.

16. Certificate of Completion

When written authorization is required for use of this certification, upon completion of all permitted impacts included within the approval and any subsequent modifications, the applicant shall be required to return the certificate of completion attached to the approval. One copy of the certificate shall be sent to the DWQ Central Office in Raleigh at 1650 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC, 27699-1650.

Non-compliance with or violation of the conditions herein set forth by a specific project shall result in revocation of this Certification for the project and may also result in criminal and/or civil penalties.

Water Quality Certification N°. 3689

The Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality may require submission of a formal application for Individual Certification for any project in this category of activity if it is determined that the project is likely to have a significant adverse effect upon water quality including state or federally listed endangered or threatened aquatic species or degrade the waters so that existing uses of the wetland or downstream waters are precluded.

Public hearings may be held for specific applications or group of applications prior to a Certification decision if deemed in the public's best interest by the Director of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality.

Effective date:

November 1, 2007

DIVISION OF WATER QUALITY

В

Coleen H. Sullins

Director

History Note: Water Quality Certification Number 3689 replaces Water Quality Certification (WQC) Number 3399 issued March 2003, Water Quality Certification (WQC) Number 3495 issued December 31, 2004, and Water Quality Certification (WQC) Number 3626 issued March 2007. This WQC is rescinded when the Corps of Engineers reauthorizes Nationwide Permits 13 or 27 or Regional Permit 197800080 or when deemed appropriate by the Director of the Division of Water Quality.

Certification of Completion

DWQ Project No.:	Cour	ıty:	-			
Applicant:	·		s =	8	*	
Project Name:	±25	5	·		10 (a) (x)	
Date of Issuance of Wetland Permit:	6		(4) N	3 ²⁰⁻²²	=	
	Certifica	te of Con	pletion	# #21		
Upon completion of all work approved subsequent modifications, the applicant is North Carolina Division of Water Qualification to DWQ by the applicant, the a certificates from all of these.	s required to ret ity, 1650 Mail	urn this ce Service C	ertificate to the	ne 401 Overs gh, NC, 2769	sight/Express Pe 99-1650. This	ermitting Unit, form may be
Applicant's Certification	**	9# . #7		· ×	120	
I,	, hereby s	state that	to the best o	f my chilitie	due care and	diligence was
compliance and intent of the 401 Water (and other supporting materials. Signature:	•	Date: _	Duller Kul	es, me appro		specifications,
Agent's Certification	. W	*	. S			-
ised in the observation of the construct compliance and intent of the 401 Water Quand other supporting materials.		the constr	uction was	observed to	be built withi	n substantial
ignature:		Date: _	55			
andscape Architect, Surveyor, etc.) in the reekly, full time) the construction of the pand diligence was used in the observation obstantial compliance and intent of the 4 pecifications, and other supporting material	as a ane State of Nor project, for the F of the construct 01 Water Qua	duly re th Carolin Permittee l	gistered Pro a, having be hereby state that the cons	en authorize that, to the b truction was	ed to observe (est of my abilit observed to be	ies, due care built within
gnature:	Registration No),	u e e	Date		

Appendix D Debit Ledger Closeout Coordinator to obtain.