





MONITORING YEAR 4 ANNUAL REPORT

Final

MANEY FARM MITIGATION PROJECT

Chatham County, NC NCDEQ Contract 005793 DMS Project Number 96314 USACE Action ID Number 2014-01825 NCDWR Project Number 2014-0338

Data Collection Period: January - October 2019 Draft Submission Date: October 21, 2019 Final Submission Date: November 19, 2019

PREPARED FOR:



NC Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1652 Mitigation Project Name Maney Farm Stream Mitigation Site County Chatham USACE Action ID 2014-01825 DMS ID Date Project Instituted 2/21/2014 NCDWR Permit No 2014-0338

River Basin Cape Fear Date Prepared 7/12/2019
Cataloging Unit 03030002

| | | | Strea | m Credits | | | Wetland Credits | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|--------------|--------------|
| Credit Release Milestone | Scheduled | Warm | Cool | Cold | Anticipated | Actual | Scheduled | Riparian Riverine | Riparian Non- riverine | Non-riparian | Scheduled | Coastal | Anticipated | Actual |
| Potential Credits (Mitigation Plan) | Releases | 4,921.600 | | | Release Year | Release Date | Releases | | | | Releases | | Release Year | Release Date |
| Potential Credits (As-Built Survey) | (Stream) | 4,947.930 | | | (Stream) | (Stream) | (Forested) | | | | (Coastal) | | (Wetland) | (Wetland) |
| Potential Credits (IRT Approved) | 1 | 4,921.600 | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 1 (Site Establishment) | N/A | | | | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 2 (Year 0 / As-Built) | 30% | 1,484.379 | | | 2016 | 5/16/2016 | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 3 (Year 1 Monitoring) | 10% | 494.793 | | | 2017 | 4/3/2017 | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 4 (Year 2 Monitoring)* | 10% | 481.630 | | | 2018 | 4/25/2018 | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 5 (Year 3 Monitoring) | 10% | 492.160 | | | 2019 | 4/26/2019 | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 6 (Year 4 Monitoring) | 5% | | | | 2020 | | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 7 (Year 5 Monitoring) | 10% | | | | 2021 | | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 8 (Year 6 Monitoring) | 5% | | | | 2022 | | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| 9 (Year 7 Monitoring) | 10% | | | | 2023 | | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| Stream Bankfull Standard | 10% | 492.160 | | | 2018 | 4/25/2018 | N/A | | | | N/A | | N/A | N/A |
| Total Credits Released to Date | | 3,445.122 | | | | | | | | | | | | _ |

NOTES:

4/25/2018: Year 2 Monitoring (or 10%) credits were 492.16. Adjustment required due to IRT concerns on how the as-built credits were calculated (-10.53)

CONTINGENCIES:

Signature of Wilmington District Office of Approving Credit Release

27 Sept 2019

Date

- 1 For NCDMS, no credits are released during the first milestone
- 2 For NCDMS projects, the second credit release milestone occurs automatically when the as-built report (baseline monitoring report) has been made available to the NCIRT by posting it to the NCDMS Portal, provided the following criteria have been met:
 - 1) Approval of the final Mitigation Plan
 - 2) Recordation of the preservation mechanism, as well as a title opinion acceptable to the USACE covering the property
 - 3) Completion of all physical and biological improvements to the mitigation site pursuant to the mitigation plan
 - 4) Reciept of necessary DA permit authorization or written DA approval for porjects where DA permit issuance is not required
- 3 A 10% reserve of credits is to be held back until the bankfull event performance standard has been met

Mitigation Project Name Maney Farm Stream Mitigation Site DMS ID 96314

River Basin Cape Fear Cataloging Unit 03030002

County Chatham
Date Project Instituted 2/21/2014
Date Prepared 7/12/2019

USACE Action ID 2014-01825 NCDWR Permit No 2014-0338

| DEBITS | (released | cradite | only) |
|--------|-----------|---------|-------|
| | | | |

| DEBITS (rele | eased credits or | niy) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Ratios | 1 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| | | | Stream Restoration | Stream Enhancment I | Stream Enhancement II | Stream Preservation | Riparian Restoration | Riparian Creation | Riparian Enhancement | Riparian Preservation | Nonriparian Restoration | Nonriparian Creation | Nonriparian Enhancement | Nonriparian Preservation | Coastal Marsh Restoration | Coastal Marsh Creation | Coastal Marsh Enhancement | Coastal Marsh Preservation |
| As-Built Amoun | its (feet and acres) | | 3,860.000 | 633.000 | 1,599.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| As-Built Amoun | ts (mitigation credi | ts) | 3,860.000 | 422.000 | 639.600 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percentage Rele | eased | | 70% | 70% | 70% | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Released Amou | | | 2,702.000 | 443.100 | 1,119.300 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Released Amou | | | 2,702.000 | 295.400 | 447.720 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NCDWR Permit | USACE Action ID | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013-0517 | | NCDOT TIP R-2413A/B - NC 68 Connector, Guilford County | 1,169.700 | 184.200 | 479.700 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2015-02641 | | 44.800 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2015-01907 | | 66.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2016-01091 | | 154.000 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2016-0438 | 2016-01081 | | 125.100 | 61.400 | 64.917 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015-0819 | 2015-01791 | | | | 94.970 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013-0918 | 2005-21386 | NCDOT TIP U-2525B / C - Greensboro Eastern Loop | 756.400 | 134.200 | 319.800 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013-0918 | 2005-21386 | NCDOT TIP U-2525B / C - Greensboro Eastern Loop | 386.000 | 63.300 | 159.900 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remaining Amo | ounts (feet / acres) | | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.013 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Remaining Amo | | | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.005 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | · | | 1 | 1 | |

PREPARED BY:



312 West Millbrook Road, Suite 225 Raleigh, NC 27609

Jason Lorch

jlorch@wildlandseng.com Phone: 919.851.9986

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Wildlands Engineering Inc. (Wildlands) implemented a full delivery project at the Maney Farm Mitigation Project (Site) for the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) to restore and enhance a total of 6,092 linear feet (LF) of perennial and intermittent streams in Chatham County, NC. The Site is expected to generate 4,922 stream mitigation units (SMUs) by closeout. The Site is located northwest of Pittsboro, NC and north of Silk Hope, NC in the Cape Fear River Basin 8-Digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 03030002 (Figure 1). The Site is also within the Cane Creek Targeted Local Watershed (HUC 03030002050050), which flows into Cane Creek and eventually into the Haw River. The streams are all unnamed tributaries (UT) to South Fork Cane Creek (SF) and are referred to herein as UTSF, UT1, UT2, UT3, UT4, and UT5.

The Site is located within the Cane Creek Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) which is discussed in DMS's 2009 Cape Fear River Basin Restoration Priorities (RBRP). The RBRP identifies the need to improve aquatic conditions and habitats as well as promoting good riparian conditions in the Cane Creek watershed. Prior to the restoration activities, the Site was maintained as cattle pasture and is one of the 51 animal operations referenced in the RBRP. The Site drains to the Haw River, which flows to B. Everett Jordan Lake (Jordan Lake). The 2005 NCDWR Cape Fear River Basinwide Water Quality Plan indicates that Jordan Lake is a drinking water supply (WS-IV), a primary area for recreation, and a designated Nutrient Sensitive Water which calls for reduction of non-point source pollution. The water supply watershed boundary for Jordan Lake is just six miles downstream from the Site. The Cape Fear watershed is also discussed in the 2005 North Carolina Wildlife Resource Commission's Wildlife Action Plan where sedimentation is noted as a major issue in the basin. Maps within the Wildlife Action Plan indicate that Priority Species are present along Cane Creek. Restoration activities at the Site directly addressed non-point source stressors by removing cattle from the streams, creating stable stream banks, restoring a riparian corridor, and placing 16.69 acres of land under permanent conservation easement.

The project goals established in the Mitigation Plan (Wildlands, 2015) were developed with careful consideration of goals and objectives described in the Cape Fear RBRP plan. The project goals included:

- Exclude cattle from project streams resulting in reduced pollutant inputs including fecal coliform, nitrogen, and phosphorous;
- Stabilize eroding stream banks resulting in reduced inputs of sediment into streams;
- Construct stream channels that are laterally and vertically stable resulting in a network of streams capable of supporting hydrologic, biologic, and water quality functions;
- Improve instream habitat resulting in improved aquatic communities within the streams;
- Reconnect channels with floodplains so that floodplains are inundated relatively frequently
 resulting in groundwater recharge, floodplain wetland and vernal pool inundation, and reduced
 shear stress on channels during larger flow events;
- Restore and enhance native floodplain forest resulting in stream shading, reduced thermal loads, woody input sources, and reduced flood flow velocities allowing for pollutants and sediments to settle; and
- Permanently protect the project site from harmful uses therefore ensuring that development and agricultural damage is prevented.

The project is helping meet the goals for the watershed and providing numerous ecological benefits within the Cape Fear River Basin. While many of these benefits are limited to the project area; others, such as pollutant removal and reduced sediment loading have farther-reaching effects. In addition, protected parcels downstream of the Site promote cumulative project benefits within the watershed.

i

The Site construction and as-built surveys were completed between October 2015 and February 2016. A conservation easement is in place on 16.69 acres of the riparian corridors to protect them in perpetuity.

Monitoring Year 4 (MY4) site visits and assessments were completed between the months of March and October 2019 to visually assess the conditions of the project and collect stream hydrology data. Per Interagency Review Team (IRT) guidelines, detailed monitoring and analysis of vegetation, substrate, and channel cross-sectional dimensions were not required during MY4. Visual observations, hydrology data, and management practices are included in this report. To preserve the clarity and continuity of reporting structure, this report maintains section and appendix numbering from previous monitoring reports. Omitted sections are denoted in the table of contents.

Overall, Site performance for vegetation, stream geomorphology, and hydrology meet success criteria for MY4. Vegetation appears to be healthy based on visual assessment and densities will be evaluated in MY5. Invasive species will be treated throughout the Site in the fall of 2019. Visual observation indicated that stream channels have remained geomorphically stable during MY4. Beaver activity occurred downstream of the Site but impounded water on the lower portion of the Site. Persistent flow and multiple bankfull events were recorded on all streams during MY4.

MANEY FARM MITIGATION PROJECT

Monitoring Year 4 Annual Report

| TABL | | | |
|------|--|--|--|

| Section 1: PROJECT | T OVERVIEW | 1-1 |
|--|---|--------|
| 1.1 Project Go | oals and Objectives | 1-1 |
| _ | ng Year 4 Data Assessment | |
| 1.2.1 Vege | etative Assessment | 1-3 |
| 1.2.2 Vege | etation Areas of Concern | 1-3 |
| 1.2.3 Strea | am Assessment | 1-3 |
| 1.2.4 Strea | am Areas of Concern | 1-3 |
| 1.2.5 Hydro | rology Assessment | 1-3 |
| 1.2.6 Main | ntenance Plan | 1-4 |
| 1.3 Monitorin | ng Year 4 Summary | 1-4 |
| Section 2: METHOD | DOLOGY | 2-1 |
| Section 3: REFEREN | NCES | 3-1 |
| APPENDICES | | |
| Appendix 1 | General Tables and Figures | |
| Figure 1 | Project Vicinity Map | |
| Figure 2 | Project Component/Asset Map | |
| Table 1 | Project Components and Mitigation Credits | |
| Table 2 | Project Activity and Reporting History | |
| Table 3 | Project Contact Table | |
| Table 4 | Project Information and Attributes | |
| Appendix 2 Figure 3.0-3.2 Table 5a-g Table 6 | Visual Assessment Data Integrated Current Condition Plan View Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table Vegetation Condition Assessment Table Stream Photographs Vegetation Photographs | |
| Appendix 3* | Vegetation Plot Data | |
| Table 7a-c | Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment | |
| Table 8 | CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata | |
| Table 9a-b | Planted and Total Stem Counts | |
| Appendix 4* | Morphological Summary Data and Plots | |
| Table 10a-d | Baseline Stream Data Summary | |
| Table 11a-b | Morphology and Hydraulic Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Se | ction) |
| Table 12a-g | Monitoring Data – Stream Reach Data Summary | |
| | Cross Section Plots | |
| | Reachwide and Cross Section Pebble Count Plots | |
| Table 13 | Bank Pin Table | |
| Appendix 5 | Hydrology Summary Data | |
| Table 14 | Verification of Bankfull Events | |
| | Monthly Rainfall Data | |
| | Recorded In-Stream Flow Events | |





Section 1: PROJECT OVERVIEW

The Maney Farm Mitigation Project (Site) is located in northwestern Chatham County within the Cape Fear River Basin (USGS Hydrologic Unit 03030002). The Site is located off Center Church Road northwest of Pittsboro, and north of Silk Hope, North Carolina. The Site is located in the Carolina Slate Belt of the Piedmont Physiographic Province (USGS, 1998). The project watershed consists primarily of agricultural and wooded land. The drainage area for the project site is 211 acres (0.33 square miles).

The project streams consist of six unnamed tributaries to South Fork Cane Creek. Stream restoration reaches include UTSF (Reach 1 and 2) and UT5. Stream enhancement I (EI) and enhancement II (EII) reaches included UT1 (Reach A and B), EI; UT1 (Reach C), EI; UT2 (Reach A), EII; U2 (Reach B), EI; UT3 (Reach A), EII; UT3 (Reach B), EI; and UT4 (Reach A), EII; UT4 (Reach B), EI. Mitigation work within the Site included restoration and enhancement of 6,092 linear feet (LF) of perennial and intermittent stream channels. The riparian areas were planted with native vegetation to improve habitat and protect water quality. Construction activities were completed by Land Mechanic Designs, Inc. in January 2016. Planting and seeding activities were completed by Bruton Natural Systems, Inc. in February 2016. A conservation easement (16.69 ac; Deed Book 1537, Page 876) has been recorded and is in place along the stream and riparian corridors to protect them in perpetuity within a tract owned by the M. Darryl Lindley Revocable Trust. The project is expected to provide 4,922 stream mitigation units (SMU's) by closeout.

Directions and a map of the Site are provided in Figure 1 and project components are illustrated for the Site in Figure 2.

1.1 Project Goals and Objectives

Prior to construction activities, the streams and vegetative communities on the Site had been severely impacted due to livestock having direct access to the streams and riparian zones. Table 4 in Appendix 1 and Tables 10a through 10d in Appendix 4 of MY3 Report present the pre-restoration conditions in detail.

This Site is intended to provide numerous ecological benefits within the Cape Fear River Basin. While many of these benefits are limited to the Maney Farm Mitigation Project area, others such as pollutant removal and reduced sediment loading have more far-reaching effects. Expected improvements to water quality and ecological processes are outlined below as project goals and objectives. These project goals were established and completed with careful consideration of goals and objectives that were described in the RBRP and to meet the DMS mitigation needs while maximizing the ecological and water quality uplift within the watershed.

The following project goals and related objectives established in the mitigation plan (Wildlands, 2015) include:

| Goal | Objective | Expected Outcomes |
|---|--|--|
| Exclude cattle from project streams | Install fencing around conservation easements adjacent to cattle pastures. | Reduce pollutant inputs including fecal coliform, nitrogen, and phosphorous. |
| Stabilize eroding stream banks | Reconstruct stream channels with stable dimensions. Add bank revetments and instream structures to protect restored/enhanced streams. | Reduce inputs of sediment into streams. |
| Construct stream channels that are laterally and vertical stable | Construct stream channels that will maintain a stable pattern and profile considering the hydrologic and sediment inputs to the system, the landscape setting, and the watershed conditions. | Return a network of streams to a stable form that is capable of supporting hydrologic, biologic, and water quality functions. |
| Improve instream habitat | Install habitat features such as constructed riffles and brush toes into restored/enhanced streams. Add woody materials to channel beds. Construct pools of varying depth. | Improve aquatic communities in project streams. |
| Reconnect channels with floodplains so that floodplains are inundated relatively frequently | Reconstructing stream channels with appropriate bankfull dimensions and depth relative to the existing floodplain. | Raise local groundwater elevations. Inundate floodplain wetlands and vernal pools. Reduce shear stress on channels during larger flow events. |
| Restore and enhance native floodplain forest | Plant native tree and understory species in riparian zone. | Create and improve forested riparian habitats. Provide a canopy to shade streams and reduce thermal loadings. Create a source of woody inputs for streams. Reduce flood flow velocities on floodplain and allow pollutants and sediment to settle. |
| Permanently protect the project site from harmful uses | Establish a conservation easement on the site. | Ensure that development and agricultural uses that would damage the site or reduce the benefits of the project are prevented. |

The design streams were restored to the appropriate type based on the surrounding landscape, climate, and natural vegetation communities but also with strong consideration to existing watershed conditions and trajectory. The final mitigation plan was submitted and accepted by the DMS in August 2015. Construction activities were completed by Land Mechanic Designs, Inc. in January 2016. Planting and seeding activities were completed by Bruton Natural Systems, Inc. in February 2016. Baseline monitoring (MYO) was conducted between January 2016 and February 2016. Annual monitoring will be conducted for seven years with the close-out anticipated to commence in 2023 given the success criteria are met. Appendix 1 provides more detailed project activity, history, contact information, and watershed/site background information for the Site.

1.2 Monitoring Year 4 Data Assessment

Annual monitoring and quarterly site visits were conducted during MY4 to assess the condition of the project. The stream and vegetation success criteria for the Site follows the approved success criteria presented in the Maney Farm Mitigation Project Mitigation Plan (Wildlands, 2015).

1.2.1 Vegetative Assessment

Detailed vegetation inventory and analysis is not required during MY4. Visual assessment during MY4 indicated that vegetation is healthy and performing adequately to attain interim success criteria of 260 planted stems per acre and the end of MY5 and terminal success criteria of 210 planted stems per acre and averaging ten feet in height.

1.2.2 Vegetation Areas of Concern

Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) is located immediately adjacent to the project; however, this farm is certified organic and the landowner will not allow Wildlands to treat or remove this privet from his property. As a result, scattered populations of Chinese privet have become established along the perimeter of the conservation easement. Scattered populations of Chinese privet along UTSF Reach 1 (Figure 3.0) will be retreated during the fall of MY4. Privet will continue to be monitored and treated in subsequent monitoring years.

1.2.3 Stream Assessment

Detailed dimensional survey and analysis is not required for MY4. Visual monitoring indicated that the stream channel is performing as desired. No deposition or erosion exceeding approximate natural levels was observed. See Appendix 2 for stream photographs and visual assessment data.

During a site visit on September 26, 2019 dry channel conditions were observed at the Site. This is not unexpected for a small Slate Belt stream during drought conditions. Chatham County was experiencing moderate drought conditions at that time according to the United States Drought Monitor (2019).

1.2.4 Stream Areas of Concern

During the summer of 2019 beaver activity occurred downstream of the project but impounded water onto the Site. The property owner of the parcel downstream was reluctant to allow beaver to be removed from his property. Since then the beaver have moved farther downstream from the Site as water levels in the channel have dropped below normal. The stream and vegetation were not damaged while inundated for a short period but will be monitored to assure no long-lasting damage occurred. This area will continue to be monitored for beaver activity.

1.2.5 Hydrology Assessment

At the end of the seven-year monitoring period, two or more bankfull events must have occurred in separate years within the restoration reaches. Restoration reaches UTSF Reach 1 and 2 along with UT5 had multiple bankfull events throughout MY4. The crest gauge on UTSF Reach 1 malfunctioned and data from the flow gauge on UTSF Reach 1 was used in lieu of the malfunctioned device. The crest gauge on UTSF Reach 1 will be replaced. Bankfull events were also recorded on all restoration reaches during MY1, MY2, and MY3 resulting in attainment of the stream hydrology assessment criteria. In addition, the presence of baseflow must be documented within the intermittent reach of UTSF Reach 1 for a minimum of 30 consecutive days during a normal precipitation year. Results from the flow gage established on UTSF Reach 1 indicate the stream is maintaining baseflow as expected for an intermittent stream. Baseflow was recorded for 75% of the monitoring period (268 consecutive and total days). Refer to Appendix 5 for hydrologic data.

1.2.6 Maintenance Plan

The privet population described in Section 1.2.2 will be treated in the fall of 2019.

1.3 Monitoring Year 4 Summary

Visual assessment indicated that all project streams are geomorphically stable and functioning as designed. Beaver activity occurred downstream of the project and impounded water on the Site. No significant damage occurred, but the area will continue to be monitored for beaver activity. Survival and growth of planted trees appear to meet interim success criteria. Invasive patches of Chinese privet will be treated in MY4. Hydrology criteria have been attained for the duration of the project and multiple bankfull events and persistent flow were recorded again during MY4.

Summary information and data related to the performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the mitigation plan documents available on DMS's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices are available from DMS upon request.

Section 2: METHODOLOGY

Geomorphic data was collected following the standards outlined in The Stream Channel Reference Site: An Illustrated Guide to Field Techniques (Harrelson et al., 1994) and in the Stream Restoration: A Natural Channel Design Handbook (Doll et al., 2003). All Integrated Current Condition Mapping was recorded using a Trimble handheld GPS with sub-meter accuracy and processed using Pathfinder and ArcGIS. Crest gages and pressure transducers were installed in surveyed riffle cross sections and monitored throughout the year. Hydrologic monitoring instrument installation and monitoring methods are in accordance with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE, 2003) standards. Vegetation monitoring protocols followed the Carolina Vegetation Survey-EEP Level 2 Protocol (Lee et al., 2008).

Section 3: REFERENCES

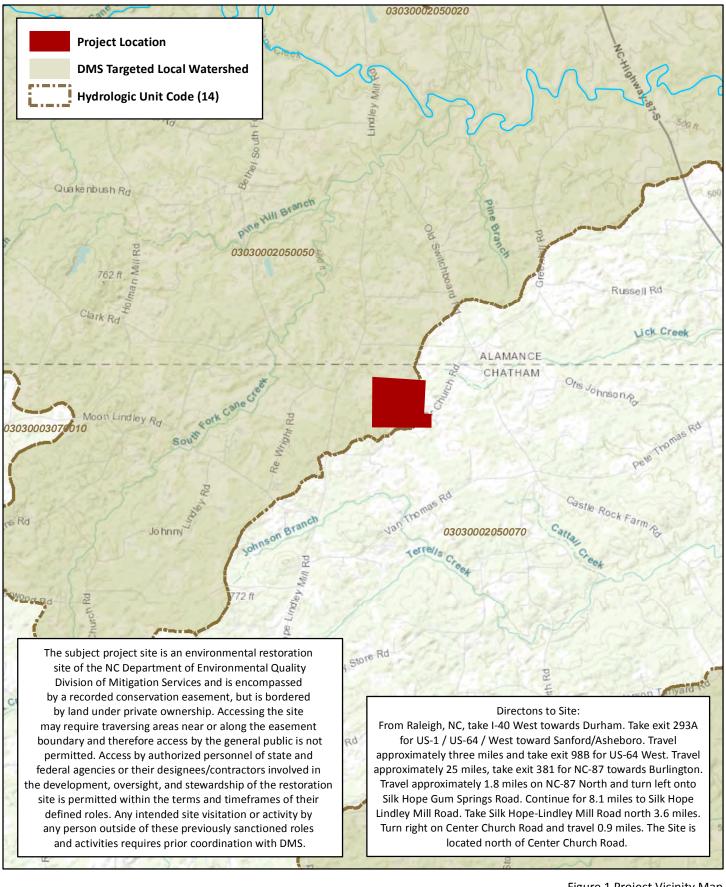
- Doll, B.A., Grabow, G.L., Hall, K.A., Halley, J., Harman, W.A., Jennings, G.D., and Wise, D.E. 2003. Stream Restoration A Natural Channel Design Handbook.
- Harrelson, C.C., Rawlins, C.L., Potyondy, J.P. 1994. *Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique*. Gen. Tech. Rep. RM-245. Fort Collins, CO: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Forest and Range Experiment Station. 61 p.
- Lee, M.T., Peet, R.K., S.D., Wentworth, T.R. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation Version 4.2. Retrieved from http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/protocol/cvs-eep-protocol-v4.2-lev1-5.pdf.
- North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources. 2005. Division of Water Quality (NCDWR). Cape Fear River Basinwide Water Quality Plan. Accessed online at: http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=2eddbd59-b382-4b58-97ed-c4049bf4e8e4&groupId=38364
- North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). 2009. Cape Fear River Basin Restoration Priorities. Accessed online at: http://www.nceep.net/services/lwps/cape_fear/RBRP%20Cape%20Fear%202008.pdf
- North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission. 2005. Wildlife Action Plan. Accessed online at: http://www.ncwildlife.org/portals/0/Conserving/documents/ActionPlan/WAP_complete.pdf
- United States Army Corps of Engineers. 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. USACE, NCDENR-DWQ, USEPA, NCWRC.
- United States Drought Monitor. 2019.

http://www.droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

United States Geological Survey. 1998. North Carolina Geology. http://www.geology.enr.state.nc.us/usgs/carolina.htm

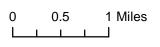
Wildlands Engineering, Inc. 2015. Maney Farm Mitigation Project Mitigation Plan. DMS, Raleigh, NC.

APPENDIX 1. General Tables and Figures

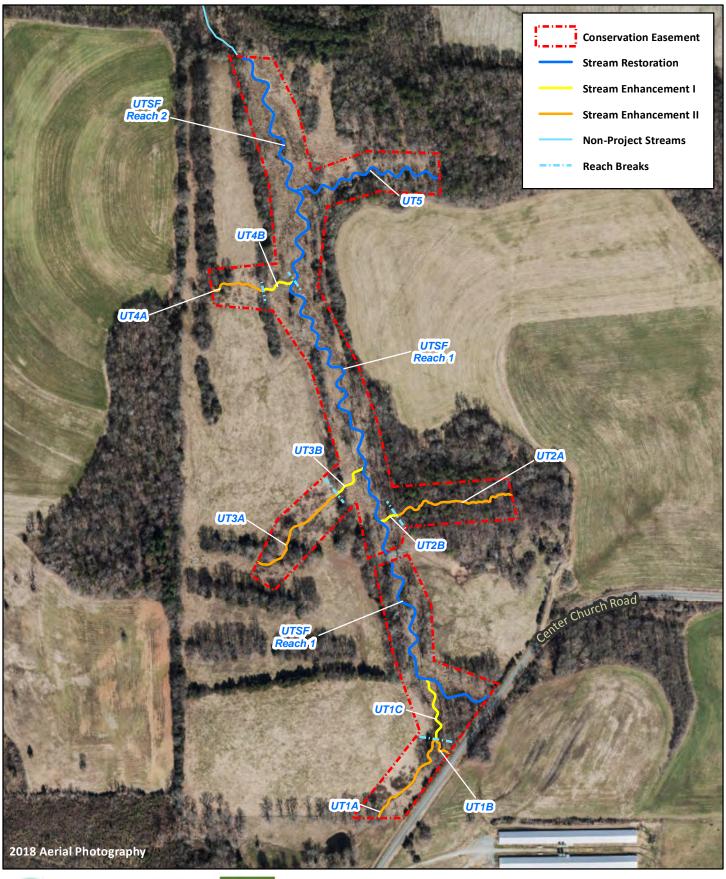
















0 175 350 Feet

Figure 2 Project Component/Asset Map Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

| | Mitigation Credits | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|----|----------|---------|------------|------------|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Stream | | Riparian | Wetland | Non-Ripari | an Wetland | Buffer | Nitrogen Nutrient Offset | Phosphorous Nutrient Offset | | | |
| Туре | R | RE | R | RE | R RE | | | | | | | |
| Totals | 4,922 | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | | | |

| R | RE | R | RE | R | RE | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|---|--|--|------------------------|--|
| 4,922 | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A N/A | | /A | | | |
| Project Components | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reach ID | As-Built Stationing / Location | Existing Footage / Acreage | Approach | Restoration or Res | Restoration or Restoration Equivalent | | Restoration or Restoration Equivalent Restoration Footage / Acreage Mitig | | Restoration Footage / Acreage | | Credits (SMU / WMU) | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TSF - Reach 1 | 100+00 - 108+39 108+80 - 121+63 | 2,298 | P1 | Resto | oration | 2,1 | 122 | 1:1 | 2,122 | | | |
| TSF - Reach 2 | 121+63 - 132+24 | 1,209 | P1 | Resto | oration | 1,0 | 061 | 1:1 | 1,061 | | | |
| UT1A | 250+00 - 253+90 | 390 | EII | Resto | Restoration 390 2.5:1 | | 2.5:1 | 156 | | | | |
| UT1B | 199+08 - 200+00 | 101 | EII | Resto | oration | 9 | 2 | 2.5:1 | 37 | | | |
| UT1C | 200+00 - 202+60 | 166 | EI | Resto | oration | 26 | 50 | 1.5:1 | 173 | | | |
| UT2A | 295+15 - 300+00 | 485 | EII | Resto | oration | 48 | 34 | 2.5:1 | 194 | | | |
| UT2B | 300+00 - 300+74 | 44 | EI | Resto | oration | 7 | 3 | 1.5:1 | 49 | | | |
| UT3A | 395+79 - 400+00 | 418 | EII | Resto | oration | 42 | 21 | 2.5:1 | 168 | | | |
| UT3B | 400+00 - 401+63 | 84 | El | Resto | oration | 10 | 52 | 1.5:1 | 108 | | | |
| UT4A | 497+87 - 500+00 | 217 | EII | Resto | oration | 2: | 212 | | 85 | | | |
| UT4B | 500+00 - 501+38 | 40 | EI | Resto | oration | 138 | | 1.5:1 | 92 | | | |
| UT5 | 602+00 - 608+77 | 778 | P1 | Resto | oration | 67 | 77 | 1:1 | 677 | | | |
| | 4,922 Reach ID ITSF - Reach 1 ITSF - Reach 2 UT1A UT1B UT1C UT2A UT2B UT3A UT3B UT4A | A,922 0 | A,922 O | A,922 O | A,922 | A,922 | As-Built Stationing | A-922 0 N/A N/A | As-Built Stationing Existing Footage / Acreage Approach Restoration or Restoration Equivalent Restoration Footage / Acreage Mitigation Ratio | | | |

| | Component Summation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Restoration Level | Stream (LF) | Riparian Wetland (acres) | | | | | | Upland (acres) | | | | | |
| | | Riverine | Non-Riverine | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restoration | 3,860 | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| Enhancement | | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| Enhancement I | 633 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Enhancement II | 1,599 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Creation | | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | |
| Preservation | - | - | - | - | | - | | | | | | | |
| High Quality Preservation | - | - | - | - | | - | | | | | | | |

^{*} Credit calculations were originally calculated along the as-built thalweg and updated to be calculated along stream centerlines for Monitoring Year 2 after discussions with NC IRT.

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No.96314

Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

| Activity or Report | | Data Collection Complete | Completion or Scheduled Delivery |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Mitigation Plan | | July 2014 | August 2015 |
| Final Design - Construction Plans | | July 2014 | August 2015 |
| Construction | | October 2015 - January 2016 | January 2016 |
| Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area ¹ | | October 2015 - January 2016 | January 2016 |
| Permanent seed mix applied to reach/segments ¹ | | October 2015 - January 2016 | January 2016 |
| Bare root and live stake plantings for reach/segments | | February 2016 | February 2016 |
| Baseline Monitoring Document (Year 0) | Stream Survey | February 2016 | April 2016 |
| Baseline Monitoring Document (Year O) | Vegetation Survey | February 2016 | April 2016 |
| Wass 4 Marshavian | Stream Survey | September 2016 | December 2016 |
| Year 1 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | September 2016 | December 2016 |
| Voor 2 Monitoring | Stream Survey | March 2017 | December 2017 |
| Year 2 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | August 2017 | December 2017 |
| Vern 2 Maniterior | Stream Survey | April 2018 | December 2018 |
| Year 3 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | August 2018 | December 2018 |
| Invasive Vegetation Treatment | | | October 2018 |
| Van A Manitaria | Stream Survey | Not Required | December 2019 |
| Year 4 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | Not Required | December 2019 |
| Van F. Manitanian | Stream Survey | 2020 | December 2020 |
| Year 5 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | 2020 | December 2020 |
| Voor & Monitoring | Stream Survey | 2021 | December 2021 |
| Year 6 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | 2021 | December 2021 |
| Voor 7 Monitoring | Stream Survey | 2022 | December 2022 |
| Year 7 Monitoring | Vegetation Survey | 2022 | December 2022 |

¹Seed and mulch is added as each section of construction is completed.

Table 3. Project Contact Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Site DMS Project No. 96314 **Monitoring Year 4 - 2019**

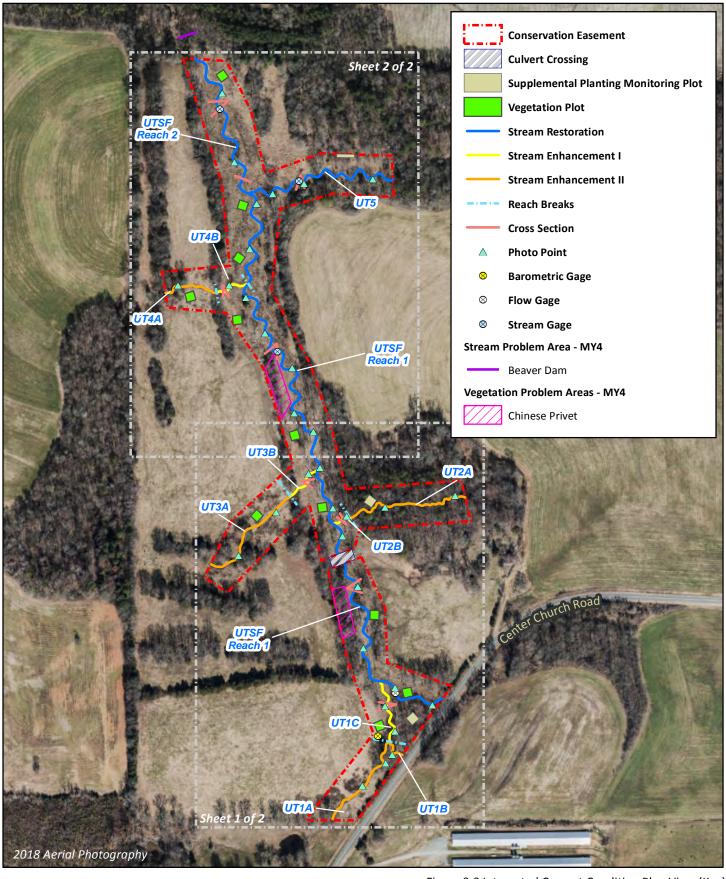
| | Wildlands Engineering, Inc. |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Designer | 312 West Millbrook Road, Suite 225 |
| Jeff Keaton, PE | Raleigh, NC 27609 |
| | 919.851.9986 |
| | Land Mechanic Designs, Inc. |
| Construction Contractor | 126 Circle G Lane |
| | Willow Spring, NC 27592 |
| | Bruton Natural Systems, Inc |
| Planting Contractor | P.O. Box 1197 |
| | Fremont, NC 27830 |
| | Land Mechanic Designs, Inc. |
| Seeding Contractor | 126 Circle G Lane |
| | Willow Spring, NC 27592 |
| Seed Mix Sources | Green Resource, LLC |
| Nursery Stock Suppliers | |
| Bare Roots | Bruton Natural Systems, Inc |
| Live Stakes | |
| Monitoring Performers | Wildlands Engineering, Inc. |
| Monitoring, POC | Jason Lorch |
| Miditioning, 1 de | 919-851-9986 |

Table 4. Project Information and Attributes

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 **Monitoring Year 4 - 2019**

| | Proie | ect Inform | ation | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|--|---|---------------------------|
| Project Name | | m Mitigation | | | | | | | |
| County | Chatham C | | ı site | | | | | | |
| Project Area (acres) | 16.69 | ounty | | | | | | | |
| Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude) | | 0" N, 79° 20 | '38.00" W | | | | | | |
| | ct Watersh | | | nation | | | | | |
| Physiographic Province | Carolina Sla | | , | | | | | | |
| River Basin | Cape Fear | ate beit | | | | | | | |
| USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit | 03030002 | | | | | | | | |
| USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-digit | 030300020 | 50050 | | | | | | | |
| DWR Sub-basin | 03-06-04 | | | | | | | | |
| Project Drainiage Area (acres) | 211 | | | | | | | | |
| Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area | 3% | | | | | | | | |
| CGIA Land Use Classification | 69% – Agric | culture/Man | aged Herba | ceous; 28% | – Forested/ | Scrubland; 3 | % - Develop | ed | |
| | Reach Su | mmary Inf | ormation | | | | | | |
| Parameters | UTSF-R1 | UTSF-R2 | UT1A | UT1B | UT1C | UT2A/B | UT3A/B | UT4A/B | UT5 |
| Length of Reach (linear feet) - Post-Restoration | 2,122 | 1,061 | 390 | 92 | 260 | 557 | 583 | 350 | 677 |
| Drainage Area (acres) | 115 | 211 | 16 | 4 | 19 | 11 | 10 | 20 | 76 |
| NCDWR Stream Identification Score | 27/37 | 37 | 21 | 25.5 | 28 | 26/30 | 20.75 | 22.5 | 32.5 |
| NCDWR Water Quality Classification | ļ | 1 . | 1 | 1 | N/A | 1 | T | | |
| Morphological Desription (stream type) | I/P | P | ı | ı | l l | I/P | l l | - 1 | P |
| Evolutionary Trend (Simon's Model) - Pre-Restoration | II/IV | II/IV | III | V | II/IV | II/V | V/VI | II/V | 11/111 |
| Underlying Mapped Soils | Ci | d Silt Loam, | | | | n Complex, | | siity Clay Loa | am |
| Drainage Class | | | | | | y Well Drain | | | |
| Soil Hydric Status Slope | 0.0131 | 0.0086 | 0.0187 | 0.0396 | 0.0187 | cent slopes 0.0366 | 0.0377 | 0.0232 | 0.0139 |
| FEMA Classification | 0.0131 | 0.0080 | 0.0167 | 0.0390 | X X | 0.0300 | 0.0377 | 0.0232 | 0.0139 |
| Native Vegetation Community | | | | Piedmor | nt Bottomlaı | nd Forest | | | |
| Percent Composition Exotic Invasive Vegetation - Post-Restoration | | | | 110011101 | 2% | 14 1 01 050 | | | |
| | Regulato | ory Consid | erations | | | | | | |
| Degulation | Negulati | | | | Resolved? | | Cummon | ina Daguna | untation. |
| Regulation | | Applicable? | | | | | | ting Docume | |
| Waters of the United States - Section 404 | | Х | | | Х | | | R 401 Water | |
| Waters of the United States - Section 401 | | X | | | Х | | | ication No. | |
| Division of Land Quality (Dam Safety) | | N/A | | | N/A | | | N/A | |
| Endangered Species Act | X | | X | | | Maney Farm Mitigation Plan; Wildlands determined "no effect" on Chatham County listed endangered species. The USFWS responded on April 4, 2014 and concurred with NCWRC stating that "the proposed action is not likely to adversely affect any federally-listed endangered or threatened species, their formally designated critical habitat, or species currently proposed for listing under the Act." | | | |
| Historic Preservation Act | | х | | | Х | | were not resources | , 2014 indica aware of an that would by the projec | y historic be affected |
| Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)/Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) | | N/A | | | N/A | | | N/A | |
| FEMA Floodplain Compliance | | x | | | x | | Correspondence from Chatham County Public Works Director on January 12, 2015 stated that a floodplain development permit is not required since work is not located in a Special Flood Hazard Area. | | |
| Essential Fisheries Habitat | | N/A | | | N/A | | | N/A | |
| 255CTCGFF ISHCFFC5 FIGOREAC | 1 | 11/14 | | İ | 11/1 | | l . | . 17/71 | |

APPENDIX 2. Visual Assessment Data







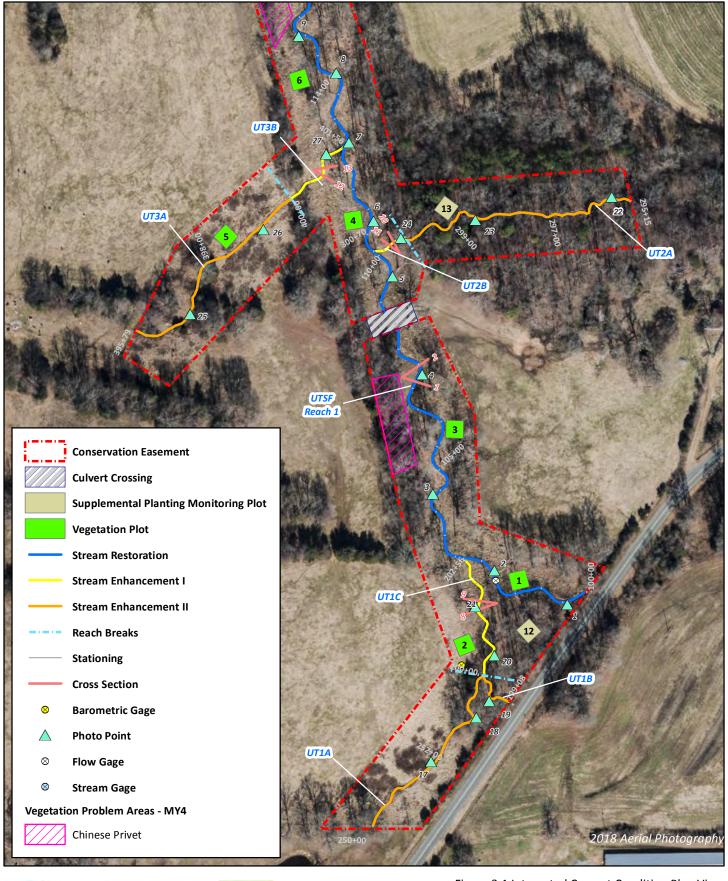
0 175 350 Feet

Figure 3.0 Integrated Current Condition Plan View (Key)

Maney Farm Mitigation Project

DMS Project No. 96319

Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

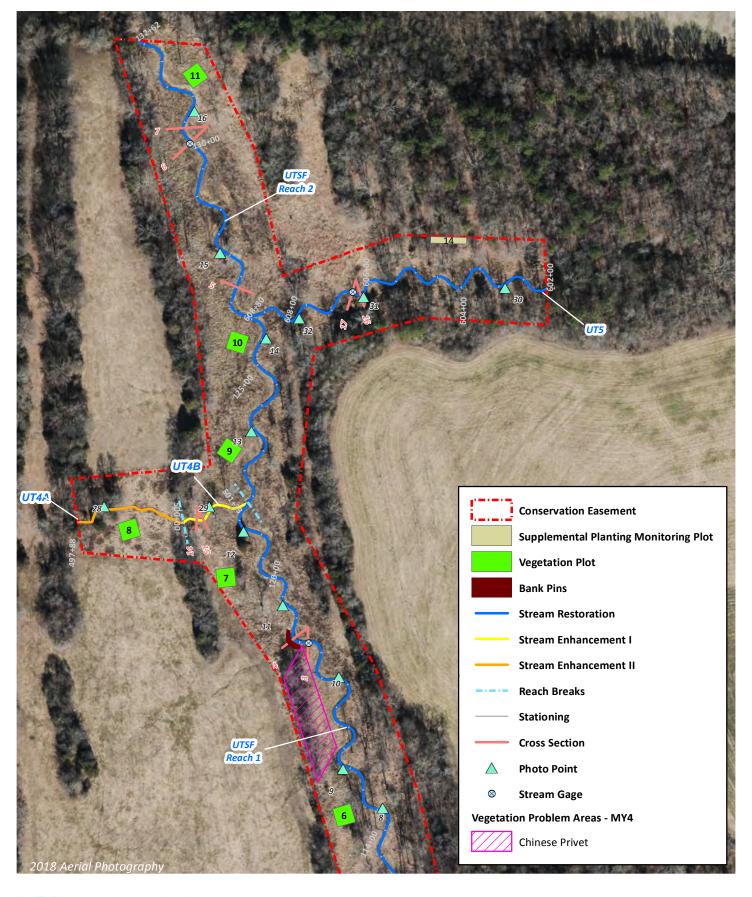






0 90 180 Feet

Figure 3.1 Integrated Current Condition Plan View
Maney Farm Mitigation Project
DMS Project No. 96314
Monitoring Year 4 - 2019







0 85 170 Feet

Figure 3.2 Integrated Current Condition Plan View
Maney Farm Mitigation Project
OMS Project No. 96314
Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

Table 5a. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

UTSF Reach 1 (2,122 LF)

| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 38 | 38 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. Beu | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 38 | 38 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 38 | 38 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 37 | 37 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 38 | 38 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Internacional (Gilac) | | | | l | ! | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | | | | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | 30 | 30 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | 14 | 14 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth: Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | 14 | 14 | | | 100% | | | |

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5b. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 **Monitoring Year 4 - 2019**

UTSF Reach 2 (1,061 LF)

| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 17 | 17 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. beu | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4.71.1 | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | | | I | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | 10 | 10 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | 7 | 7 | | | 100% | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | 7 | 7 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | 3 | 3 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | 3 | 3 | | | 100% | | | |

 $^{^{1}}$ Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5c. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

UT1C (260 LF)

| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 9 | 9 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. beu | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 8 | 8 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 8 | 8 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 8 | 8 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 8 | 8 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | | | I | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |

 $^{^{1}}$ Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5d. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

UT2B (73 LF)

| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 3 | 3 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 2 | 2 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 2 | 2 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 2 | 2 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 2 | 2 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | | | | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5e. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

UT3B (162 LF)

| UT3B (162 LF) | | | | | | | | | <u>.</u> | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 4.54 | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 5 | 5 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1 | | I | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |

 $^{^{1}}$ Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5f. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

UT4B (138 LF)

| UT4B (138 LF) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 4.5.4 | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 5 | 5 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 4 | 4 | | | 100% | | | |
| | I | Integrated bend (onde) | | | | |) | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | l l | T T | | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 5g. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

UT5 (677 LF)

| Major Channel Category | Channel Sub-Category | Metric | Number Stable, Performing as Intended | Total Number in As-Built | Number of Unstable Segments | Amount of Unstable Footage | % Stable, Performing as Intended | Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation | Adjust % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | 1. Vertical Stability | Aggradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| | (Riffle and Run Units) | Degradation | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | | | |
| 1. Bed | 2. Riffle Condition | Texture/Substrate | 17 | 17 | | | 100% | | | |
| 1. beu | 3. Meander Pool | Depth Sufficient | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | Condition | Length Appropriate | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | | Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run) | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 4. Thalweg Position | Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide) | 16 | 16 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 1. Scoured/Eroded | Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| 2. Bank | 2. Undercut | Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat. | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 3. Mass Wasting | Bank slumping, calving, or collapse | | | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | I | I | | Totals | 0 | 0 | 100% | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | 1. Overall Integrity | Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs. | 9 | 9 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 2. Grade Control | Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill. | 9 | 9 | | | 100% | | | |
| 3. Engineered Structures ¹ | 2a. Piping | Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms. | 9 | 9 | | | 100% | | | |
| | 3. Bank Protection | Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |
| | 4. Habitat | Pool forming structures maintaining ~Max Pool Depth : Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at baseflow. | n/a | n/a | | | n/a | | | |

¹Excludes constructed riffles since they are evaluated in section 1.

Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment Table

Maney Farm Mitigation Project

DMS Project No. 96314

Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

Planted Acreage

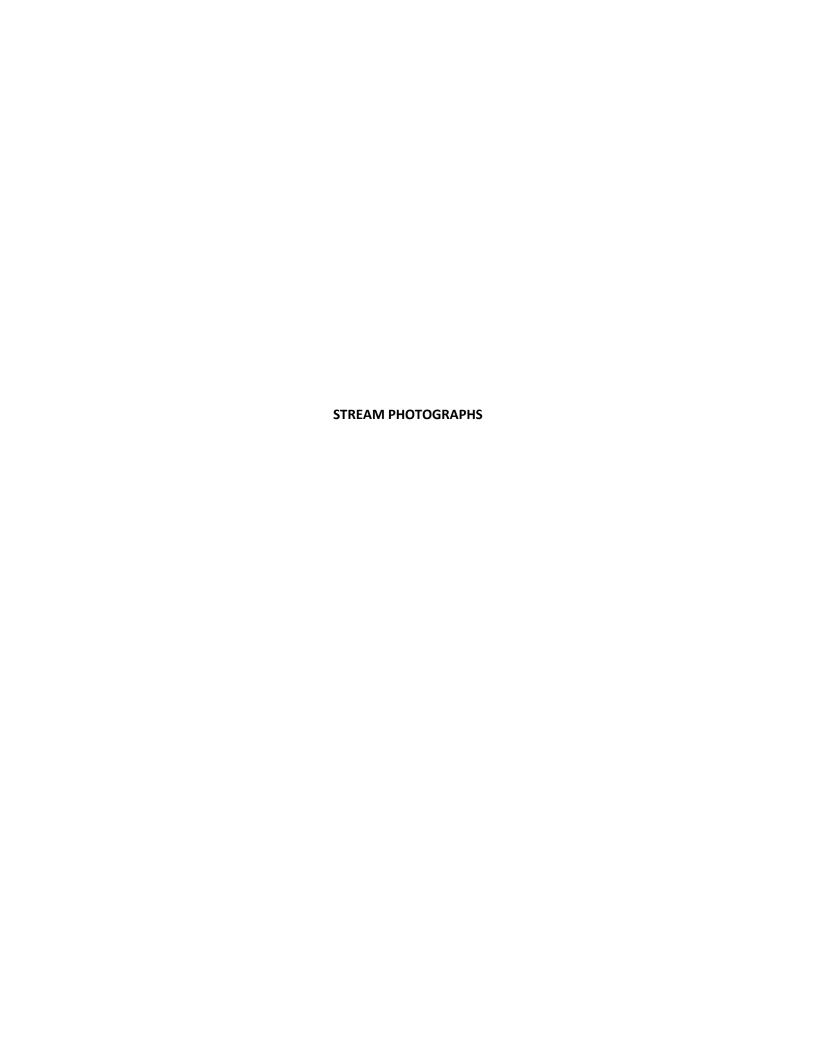
16

| Vegetation Category | Definitions | | Number of Polygons | Combined Acreage | % of Planted Acreage |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| Bare Areas | Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material | 0.1 | 0 | 0 | 0.0% |
| Low Stem Density Areas | Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria. | | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0% |
| | | Total | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0% |
| Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor | Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year. | 0.25 Ac | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| | Cun | nulative Total | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0% |

Easement Acreage

17

| Vegetation Category | Definitions | | Number of Polygons | Combined Acreage | % of Easement Acreage |
|--|--|-------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Areas of points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale). | | 1,000 | 2 | 0.4 | 2.4% |
| | | | | | |
| Easement Encroachment Areas | Areas of points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale). | none | 0 | 0 | 0% |













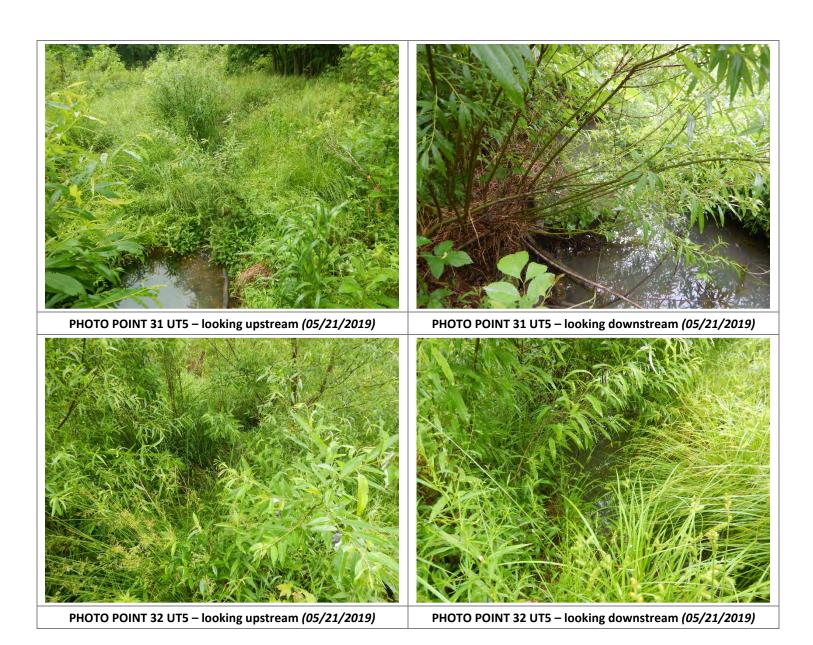


















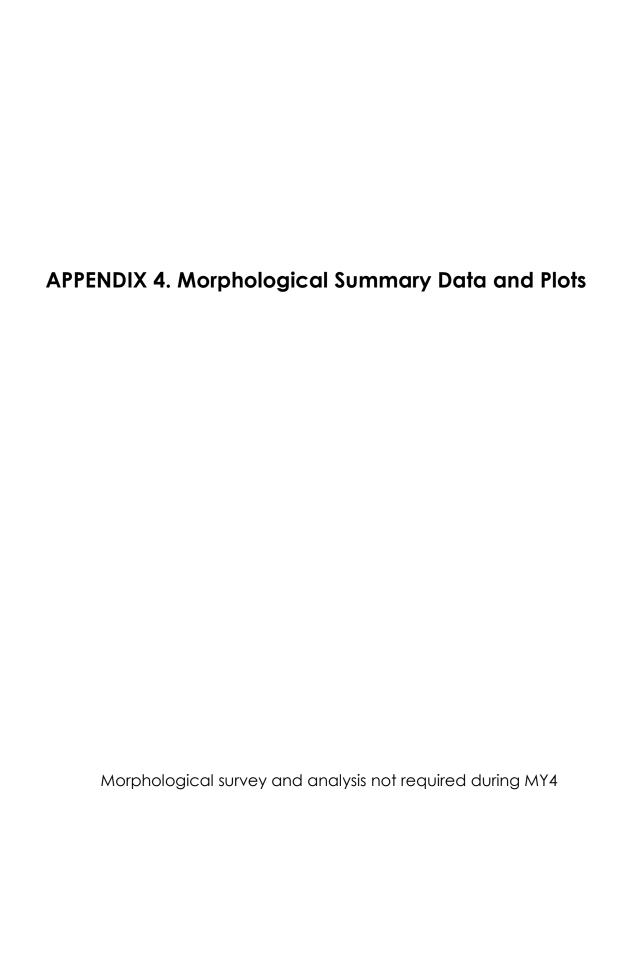




Vegetation Plot 13 – (08/07/2019)

Vegetation Plot 14 – (08/07/2019)

APPENDIX 3. Vegetation Plot Data Vegetation inventory and analysis not required during MY4



APPENDIX 5. Hydrology Summary Data

Table 14. Verification of Bankfull Events

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314

Monitoring Year 4 - 2019

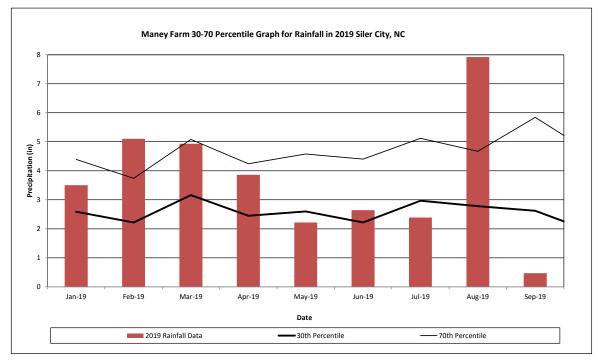
| | MY1 | | MY2 | | MY3 | | MY4 | | |
|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|---|
| | Date of Data | Date of | |
| Reach | Collection | Occurrence | Collection | Occurrence | Collection | Occurrence | Collection | Occurrence | Method |
| UTSF Reach 1 | 8/8/2016 | 2/16/2016 | 3/9/2017 | 1/9/2017 | 4/10/2018 | 5/16/2018 | 9/26/2019 | 3/21/2019 | |
| OTSF REACH I | 0/0/2010 | 2/10/2010 | 10/17/2017 | 7/23/2017 | 10/22/2018 | 9/17/2018* | *** | 4/19/2019 | Crost Cogo/ |
| UTSF Reach 2 | 8/9/2016 | 2/17/2016 | 3/9/2017 | 1/9/2017 | 10/22/2018 | ** | 9/26/2019 | 3/21/2019 | - Crest Gage/ - Pressure - Transducer |
| | | | 10/17/2017 | 7/23/2017 | | | | 4/19/2019 | |
| UT5 | 8/10/2016 | 2/18/2016 | 3/9/2017 | 1/9/2017 | 4/10/2018 | 5/16/2018 | 9/26/2019 | 3/21/2019 | |
| 015 | 0/10/2016 | 2/10/2010 | 10/17/2017 | 7/23/2017 | 10/22/2018 | 9/17/2018* | 3/20/2019 | 4/19/2019 | |

^{*}Hurricane Florence

Monthly Rainfall Data

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314

Monitoring Year 4 - 2019



¹ 2019 monthly rainfall from USDA Station SILER CITY (317924)

^{**}Crest gauge data malfunctioned

^{***}Flow gauge data from UTSF Reach 1 was used in place of the crest gague due to equipment malfunction.

² 30th and 70th percentile rainfall data collected from weather station Siler City 2 S, NC7924 (USDA, 2019).

Recorded In-Stream Flow Events

Maney Farm Mitigation Project DMS Project No. 96314 **Monitoring Year 4 - 2019**

