# FINAL YEAR 4 (2019) ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT

## NEIGHBORS BRANCH/WALTON CRAWLEY BRANCH STREAM & WETLAND RESTORATION SITE

NCDMS Project No. 92872
Contract No. D09023S
USACE Action ID No. SAW-2009-917 & NCDWR Project No. 10-0122
SCO No. 08-07308-01
McDowell County, North Carolina

Data Collection: May-November 2019 Submission: January 2020



#### PREPARED FOR:

N.C. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES 1601 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27699-1601

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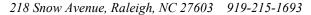
Data Collection: May-November 2019 Submission: January 2020



#### PREPARED BY:

AXIOM ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 218 SNOW AVENUE RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27603

### Axiom Environmental, Inc.





January 14, 2020

Mr. Matthew Reid North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services 5 Ravenscroft Drive, #102 Asheville, North Carolina 28801

RE: Neighbors Branch/ Walton Crawley Branch Monitoring (DMS Project # 92879, Contract # D09023S) Final Year 4 (2019) Annual Monitoring Report

12-004.21

#### Dear Matthew:

Axiom Environmental, Inc. (AXE) is pleased to provide you with two hard copies and one cd of electronic files for the Final Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Year 4 (2019) Annual Monitoring Report. We received your comments via email on January 7, 2020 and have addressed them as follows.

• Streams: Please add the following or similar to discussion regarding Areas of Concern: In March 2019, DMS developed implemented an adaptive management plan and repaired several areas of concern that were identified in the MY3 report. The work included removing debris that was dumped in the easement near the downstream end of Walton Crawley Branch and around two culverted crossings outside the easement. A log J-hook structure at approximately sta: 21+35 on Walton Crawley Branch was repaired by hand. The material behind the vane arm had scoured out during a high flow event and this material was replaced by hand. The final repair consisted of stabilizing a log J-hook structure near sta: 26+65 on Walton Crawley Branch and repairing approximately 20 feet of adjacent stream bank erosion. The eroding banks were upstream of the structure and were damaged during a high flow event. If these banks were not repaired, the log J-hook would likely fail in the future. The banks were regraded, matted and live staked. During the stream bank repairs, the log J-hook structure was stabilized by adding additional rock and ensuring the footer and header logs were intact. The repairs that occurred in March 2019 have been successful, and the areas will be continued to be monitored for any changes.

This verbiage was added to the stream discussion section.

- Vegetation: Thank you for identifying the downed fence. Please revise sentence recommending that the fence be repaired to: DMS has notified and is working with the land owner to repair the downed fence. This revision was made.
- Vegetation: Please revise discussion regarding foot path to better reflect MY4 conditions. Please add the following
  sentence or something similar: The footpath and foot-bridge identified in MY3 that extends through the conservation
  easement just north of UT-1 remains. DMS and DEQ Stewardship worked with the land owner to limit the width of
  the path to a minimum cutting for foot traffic only. This foot path will continue to be monitored to ensure no additional
  vegetation is disturbed.

This revision was made.

Please remove discussion regarding the plastic pipe installed. This pipe is outside the conservation easement. As a result, DMS is unable to regulate the land owner activities.
 The discussion of the plastic pipe has been removed.

#### Axiom Environmental, Inc.

NC Division of Mitigation Services Neighbors Branch/ Walton Crawley Branch Monitoring Page 2 of 2



- Table 2: Please add the following activities and dates:
  - o Repair/Maintenance March 2019
  - o Invasive Species Treatment August and September 2019

These items were added to table 2.

- CCPV: Please remove dense shrubby bushclover from CCPV. This species has not been high priority species in the past with the regulatory agencies. Please update Table 6 to exclude bushclover as well. Shrubby bushclover occurrences were removed from the CCPV and table 6.
- CCPV: Please add the locations of debris removal and repaired structures to CCPV and add a callout (see attached map).

Callouts were added to highlight the locations of debris removal and repaired structures.

- Cross sections: The summary data on some of the cross sections does not match the Table 11 data. I think MY3 data may be showing on the graphs. Please verify and correct as necessary for all occurrences. Digital deliverable comment is referring to this as well.
  - Cross-section graphs have been updated to reflect year 4 data.
- Stream spatial features in the DMS geodatabase do not match reported values in asset table and the stream asset features provided in the CCPV folder were not segmented or clearly defined as they are reported in the asset table. Please provide features that characterize the creditable assets that have been reported, ensuring that features are segmented and attributed as they are in the asset table and that feature lengths match the linear feet reported. All wetland feature areas match creditable acreage.

The "Stream\_Assets.shp" shapefile has been updated to match the asset table.

- Cross section figures display values in summary data tables that are not representative of MY4 data, as indicated by table 11. There are also references in the provided cross section excel sheet between low top of bank and bankfull depth, and these values may be equal, but they should be separately identified to prevent future errors if they deviate. Although it is indicated in table 11 that the new methodology for calculating bank height ratio was used, this cannot be verified without a clear indication of the low top of bank and bankfull elevations used. Please consider identifying these data, or using the DMS template for cross section calculations.
  - Cross-section graphs have been updated to reflect year 4 data. Bankfull elevation and LTOB elevations have been identified on the cross-section graphs as well.
- Please provide DMS with the wetland hydrology and precipitation data that were used to create groundwater gage figures.

Wetland hydrology and precipitation has been provided in the digital submittal.

Please let us know if you have any questions or comments regarding any component of this submittal. Thank you for the opportunity to continue to assist the Division of Mitigation Services with this important project.

Sincerely,

AXIOM ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Kenan R. Jernigan *Project Scientist* 

Attachments: 2 hard copies Year 4 (2019) Neighbors Branch/ Walton Crawley Branch Annual Monitoring Report 1 CD containing digital support files

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#### 1.0 PROJECT SUMMARY

The North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS) has established the Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (Site). The primary goals of the project focused on improving water quality and long term stability by reducing nutrient loading from the on-site cattle and horse operation, reducing excess sedimentation input from Site channel banks and contributing non-jurisdictional tributaries/drainages, reducing excess sedimentation from Site access roads and deteriorated crossings, increasing the attenuation of floodwater flows, reintroducing natural watershed flows to Walton Crawley Branch by removing a pond and restoring the channel through its natural valley, and restoring and enhancing aquatic and riparian habitat. Long term stability will be evidenced by channels maintaining stable inverts and banks over an extended period of time.

These goals were accomplished through the following objectives.

- Reduce point (i.e. cattle/horses directly accessing the channel) and non-point source (i.e. stormwater runoff through pastures) pollution associated with an on-site cattle and horse operation by installing exclusionary fencing along the stream and riparian buffer, and by providing a vegetative buffer on stream banks and adjacent floodplains to treat nutrient enriched surface runoff from adjacent pastureland.
- Stabilize degraded portions of on-site streams, eroding ephemeral/stormwater channels, and existing maintained dirt roads to reduce sediment inputs. Stabilization methods included:
  - Restoring a stable dimension, pattern, and profile to selected sections of channels to ensure the channel will transport and attenuate watershed flows and sediment loads without aggrading or degrading.
  - Stabilize selected channel banks by excavating bankfull benches, placing stream structures to reduce shearing forces on outside meander bends, and planting native vegetative species to provide soil stability.
  - Stabilize ephemeral/stormwater channels by planting native vegetation along eroded banks and floodplain and constructing stabilization weirs through the channel valley to lower facet slopes and decrease erosion.
  - Place gravel along existing degraded soil roads that are situated adjacent to Site streams.
- Reintroduce natural watershed flows to Walton Crawley Branch by restoring the channel through the low point of the natural valley and removing a dam that impedes natural down valley flows.
- Improve aquatic habitat by enhancing stream bed variability, providing shading/covered areas within the stream channel, and introducing woody debris in the form of rootwads, log vanes, and log sills.
- Enhance fish passage within Neighbors Branch and Walton Crawley Creek. This was accomplished by eliminating a pond and restoring the stream through the natural valley and by restoring Neighbors Branch and replacing an existing perched culvert to allow fish passage upstream.
- Enhance riparian wildlife habitat by:
  - Fencing cattle out of existing wetlands and planting impacted wetlands with native vegetative species. Wetlands were also restored by raising Site stream inverts to allow groundwater tables to rise throughout the affected valleys.
  - o Fencing livestock out of existing and restored riparian buffers as well as installing alternative watering devices that will ensure livestock have sufficient watering areas. This is detailed further in the Farm Management Plans completed for the Site by NCDMS.
  - Vegetating the existing fescue dominated riparian buffers with native trees, shrubs, herbs, and grasses. Forest vegetation species were selected by studying a Reference Forest Ecosystem located on-site and reviewing Montane Alluvial Forest species listed in

Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation (Schafale and Weakley 1990).

• Creating wildlife corridors through agricultural lands which have significantly dissected the landscape. The corridors will provide connectivity to a diversity of habitats including mature forest, early successional forest, stream-side forest, riparian wetlands, and uplands.

The Site is located approximately six miles southeast of the town of Marion (Figure 1, Appendix B). The Site is situated due southwest of the intersection of Deer Park Road and Harmony Grove Road in McDowell County, North Carolina and is located within the United States Geological Survey (USGS) Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03050101040010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-08-30) of the Catawba River Basin and will service USGS 8-digit Cataloging Unit 03050101.

The contributing watersheds are characterized primarily by forest land (approximately 84 percent of the total area) with pasture at the lower elevations (approximately 10 percent of the total area) and low-density residential development scattered along the outer fringes of the watershed. Impervious surfaces appear to account for approximately one percent of the watershed land surface. Prior to Site construction, riparian vegetation had been removed, stream channels were manipulated, and hoof shear from livestock on stream banks and floodplain soils was responsible for degraded water quality and unstable channel characteristics (stream entrenchment, erosion, and bank collapse).

Project mitigation efforts resulted in the following:

- Restore 2456 linear feet of Site streams
- Enhance (Level I) 202 linear feet of Site streams
- Enhance (Level II) 1863 linear feet of Site streams
- Preserve 3139 linear feet of Site streams
- Restore 0.52 acre of existing hydric soils to riparian wetlands
- Enhance 1.62 acres of riparian wetlands
- Preserve 1.29 acres of riparian wetlands

The Muddy Creek Restoration Partnership (Partnership) was formed in 1998 to address impacts to the Muddy Creek Watershed. The Partnership completed the *Muddy Creek Watershed Restoration Initiative Feasibility Report and Restoration Plan* (Watershed Plan) for the Muddy Creek Watershed in December of 2003 (MCRP 2003). Since 2004 NCDMS has informally participated in the Partnership by implementing priority projects named by the partnership and adopted the 2003 report as part of its Local Watershed Plan (LWP). The NCDMS's *Upper Catawba River Basin Restoration Priorities* (2009) identifies North Muddy Creek as a Targeted Local Watershed (TLW). The Site is located within the North Muddy Creek Watershed. In 2008 NCDMS contracted with a consulting firm to conduct outreach programs with landowners and identify additional project sites in the Muddy Creek Watershed.

The primary goals identified by the Partnership's Watershed Plan include the following.

- 1. Restore the Watershed to its Full Intended Use
- 2. Restore Riparian Buffers
- 3. Enhance Open Space Preservation
- 4. Improve Water Quality
- 5. Restore Physical Habitat
- 6. Establish a Trout Fishery

The Watershed Plan listed the following components of watershed restoration to be expected:

- 1. Natural Channel Design Stream Restoration
- 2. Riparian Reforestation
- 3. Livestock Exclusion
- 4. Riparian Forest Preservation

These four components were included within the *Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Site Mitigation Plan* (NCDMS 2013). The project restored the watershed to its full intended use by restoring a stream, floodplain, and riparian wetland ecosystem through stream and wetland restoration, enhancement, and preservation. The project restored riparian buffers through revegetation of buffer zones with native riparian and wetland species along all Site streams. The project enhanced open space preservation by placing Site streams, wetlands, and their buffers into a permanent conservation easement. The overall Site helps improve water quality by reducing sedimentation in on-Site streams and planted a vegetated riparian buffer that filters nutrients from adjacent pasturelands. Additionally, exclusionary fencing and alternate watering devices removed livestock from accessing on-site channels and riparian buffers. The project restored and enhanced physical habitat for both aquatic and terrestrial species by planting native vegetation along stream banks and riparian buffers, creating wildlife corridors through a dissected landscape, and restoring bedform variability to Site streams. The stabilization of streams and buffers in the project area enhanced water quality in downstream receiving waters, which should help in the re-establishment of the watershed's ability to host trout and enhance their ability to propagate.

Site design was completed on March 7, 2013. Site construction and planting were completed in December 2015. Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and project attributes are summarized in Tables 1-4 (Appendix A).

<u>Stream Success Criteria</u>: Success criteria for stream restoration will include 1) successful classification of the reach as a functioning stream system (Rosgen 1996) and 2) channel variables indicative of a stable stream system.

Collected data will be utilized to determine the success in restoring stream channel stability. Specifically, the width-to-depth ratio and bank-height ratios should be indicative of a stable or moderately unstable channel with minimal changes in cross-sectional area, channel width, and/or bank erosion along the monitoring reach. In addition, channel abandonment and/or shoot cutoffs must not occur and sinuosity values must remain relatively constant. Visual assessment of instream structures will be conducted to determine if failure has occurred. Failure of a structure may be indicated by collapse of the structure, undermining of the structure, abandonment of the channel around the structure, and/or stream flow beneath the structure.

Stream Dimension: General maintenance of a stable cross-section and hydrologic access to the floodplain features over the course of the monitoring period will generally represent success in dimensional stability. Some changes in dimension (such as lowering of bankfull width) should be expected. Riffle cross-sections should generally maintain a bank-height ratio approaching 1.0, with some variation in this ratio naturally occurring. Pool cross-sections naturally adjust based on recent flows and time between flows, therefore more leeway on pool cross-section geometry is expected.

<u>Stream Pattern and Profile</u>: The profile should not demonstrate significant trends towards degradation or aggradation over a significant portion of a reach. Additionally, bed form variables should remain noticeably intact and consistent with original design parameters that were based off

of reference conditions. Pattern features should show little adjustment over the standard 5-year monitoring period and will be monitored to ensure adjustment is minor prior to close out.

<u>Substrate</u>: Substrate measurements should indicate the progression towards or the maintenance of the known distributions from the design phase.

<u>Sediment Transport</u>: There should be an absence of any significant trend in the aggradational or depositional potential of the channel.

<u>Hydraulics</u>: A minimum of two bankfull events must be documented within the standard 5-year monitoring period. The two bankfull events shall occur within separate years.

<u>Vegetation Success Criteria</u>: Success criteria have been established to verify that the vegetation component supports community elements necessary for forest development. Success criteria are dependent upon the density and growth of characteristic forest species. An average density of 320 stems per acre of planted stems must be surviving in the first three monitoring years. Subsequently, 290 planted stems per acre must be surviving in year 4, and 260 planted stems per acre in year 5.

<u>Wetland Hydrology Success Criteria</u>: Target hydrological characteristics include saturation or inundation for 5 to 12.5 percent of the growing season, during average climatic conditions. During growing seasons with atypical climatic conditions, groundwater gauges in reference wetlands may dictate threshold hydrology success criteria (75 percent of reference). These areas are expected to support hydrophytic vegetation. If wetland parameters are marginal as indicated by vegetation and/or hydrology monitoring, a jurisdictional determination will be performed.

#### 2.0 METHODS

Monitoring of restoration efforts will be performed for five years, or until success criteria are fulfilled. Monitoring is proposed for the stream channel, vegetation, and wetland hydrology. In general, the restoration success criteria, and required remediation actions, are based on the *Stream Mitigation Guidelines* (USACE et al. 2003). Monitoring features are described below and are depicted on Figures 2A-B (Appendix B).

#### **Streams**

The restored stream reaches are proposed to be monitored for geometric activity as follows.

- 1750 linear feet of stream profile
- 5 riffle cross-sections
- 3 pool cross-section

The data will be presented in graphic and tabular format. Data to be presented will include 1) cross-sectional area, 2) bankfull width, 3) average depth, 4) maximum depth, 5) width-to-depth ratio, 6) meander wavelength, 7) belt-width, 8) water surface slope, and 9) sinuosity. Substrate analysis will be evaluated through pebble counts at five cross sections and data presented as a D50 for stream classification and tracking purposes. The stream will subsequently be classified according to stream geometry and substrate (Rosgen 1996). Significant changes in channel morphology will be tracked and reported by comparing data in each successive monitoring year. Annual photographs will include 43 fixed station photographs (Appendix B). In addition, the Site contains two stream crest gauges to assist with documentation of

bankfull events. One bankfull event was documented during monitoring year 4 (2019) making a total of at least six bankfull events occurring in four separate monitoring years (Table 12, Appendix E).

Early in year 1 (2016), several structures were damaged by significant storm events that occurred shortly after Site construction. Warranty repair work was completed in October 2016 to address these issues. The repaired structures remained stable during year 4 (2019). One stream area of concern remained during year 4 (2019) monitoring. The header of a drop structure at the bottom of a series of structures on UT-1 to Neighbors Branch (approximately 11+15) has failed, causing serious degradation in the accompanying pool and downstream riffle (Area of Concern #1, Figure 2A, Appendix B). The down-cutting is a threat to the integrity of the rock structure above the pool. Overall site streams were exhibiting stability and no areas of additional instability were observed.

In March 2019, DMS developed implemented an adaptive management plan and repaired several areas of concern that were identified in the MY3 report. The work included removing debris that was dumped in the easement near the downstream end of Walton Crawley Branch and around two culverted crossings outside the easement. A log J-hook structure at approximately sta: 21+35 on Walton Crawley Branch was repaired by hand. The material behind the vane arm had scoured out during a high flow event and this material was replaced by hand. The final repair consisted of stabilizing a log J-hook structure near sta: 26+65 on Walton Crawley Branch and repairing approximately 20 feet of adjacent stream bank erosion. The eroding banks were upstream of the structure and were damaged during a high flow event. If these banks were not repaired, the log J-hook would likely fail in the future. The banks were regraded, matted and live staked. During the stream bank repairs, the log J-hook structure was stabilized by adding additional rock and ensuring the footer and header logs were intact. The repairs that occurred in March 2019 have been successful, and the areas will be continued to be monitored for any changes.

#### Vegetation

Restoration monitoring procedures for vegetation will monitor plant survival and species diversity. Planted areas within the Site include approximately 12.3 acres. After planting of the area was completed, eight vegetation plots were installed and monitored at the Site; annual monitoring results can be found in Appendix C. Annual measurements of vegetation will consist of 8 CVS vegetation plots.

A photographic record of plant growth should be included in each annual monitoring report; current monitoring photographs are included in Appendix B. During the first year, vegetation will receive a cursory, visual evaluation on a periodic basis to ascertain the degree of overtopping of planted elements by nuisance species. Subsequently, quantitative sampling of vegetation will be performed as outlined in the CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (Lee et al. 2008) in September of the first monitoring year and annually between June 1 and September 30 for the remainder of the monitoring period until vegetation success criteria are achieved.

Year 4 stem count measurements indicate planted stem densities are well-above the required 290 stems per acre. Planted stem density across the Site is 440 planted stems per acre (excluding livestakes) (Table 9, Appendix C). In addition, all eight individual CVS plots met success criteria based on planted stems alone. Therefore, the Site is currently meeting vegetation success criteria.

Several dense populations of Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) were observed along Walton Crawley Branch (Figure 2B, Appendix B). Additional populations of privet and multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) was observed scattered throughout Site restoration reaches in quantities below mapping thresholds. NCDMS currently has implemented an invasive management plan and is under contract for the remaining monitoring period. During the last site visit invasive treatment areas were closely inspected, currently

treatments throughout the site have been extremely successful. These areas will continue to be closely monitored and mapped during subsequent site visits.

Several areas of compromised easement integrity were observed during year 4 (2019). The fence on the northeast side of the crossing over UT-2 to Neighbors Brach has been compromised by large amounts of sediment during several high flow events. DMS has notified and is working with the landowner to repair the downed fence. Additionally, the footpath and foot-bridge identified in MY3 that extends through the conservation easement just north of UT-1 remains. DMS and DEQ Stewardship worked with the landowner to limit the width of the path to a minimum cutting for foot traffic only. This foot path will continue to be monitored to ensure no additional vegetation is disturbed. These areas are depicted on Figures 2A-B (Appendix B), and NCDMS is working with the landowner to resolve these issues.

#### **Wetland Hydrology**

Two groundwater monitoring gauges were installed to take measurements after hydrological modifications were performed at the Site. Hydrological sampling will occur during the growing season (March 26 to November 5). Approximate locations of gauges are depicted on Figure 2A (Appendix B) and hydrology data can be found in Appendix E.

Both gauges were saturated or inundated for well over 12.5 percent of the growing season. The first 44 days of the growing season data was lost due to data logger failure, the gauges were replaced and the groundwater level at both gauges remained within 12 inches of the surface for 181 days. Based on previous years of monitoring both gauges would likely have been inundated for the entire growing season. Wetland hydrology is currently meeting success criteria.

#### 3.0 REFERENCES

- Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation. Version 4.2. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Muddy Creek Restoration Partners (MCRP), 2003. Feasibility Report and Restoration Plan for the Muddy Creek Watershed.
- North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS). 2013. Neighbor Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Mitigation Site Mitigation Plan. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). 2009. Upper Catawba River Basin Restoration Priorities 2009 (online). Available: http://www.nceep.net/services/restplans/Upper\_Catawba\_RBRP\_2009.pdf [March 12, 2009]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Rosgen D. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology. Pagosa Springs, Colorado.
- Schafale, M.P. and A.S. Weakley. 1990. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC), Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), and North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. State of North Carolina.
- Weather Underground. 2017. Station KFQD at Bostic, North Carolina (online). Available: www.wunderground.com/history/airport/KFQD/ [November 28, 2017]. Weather Underground.
- Weather Underground. 2018. Station KEHO at Shelby, North Carolina (online). Available: https://www.wunderground.com/history/monthly/us/nc/shelby/KEHO/date/2018-10 [November 8, 2018]. Weather Underground.

## Appendix A. Site Location Map and Background Tables

Figure 1. Site Location
Table 1. Project Mitigation Components
Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History
Table 3. Project Contacts Table
Table 4. Project Attributes Table

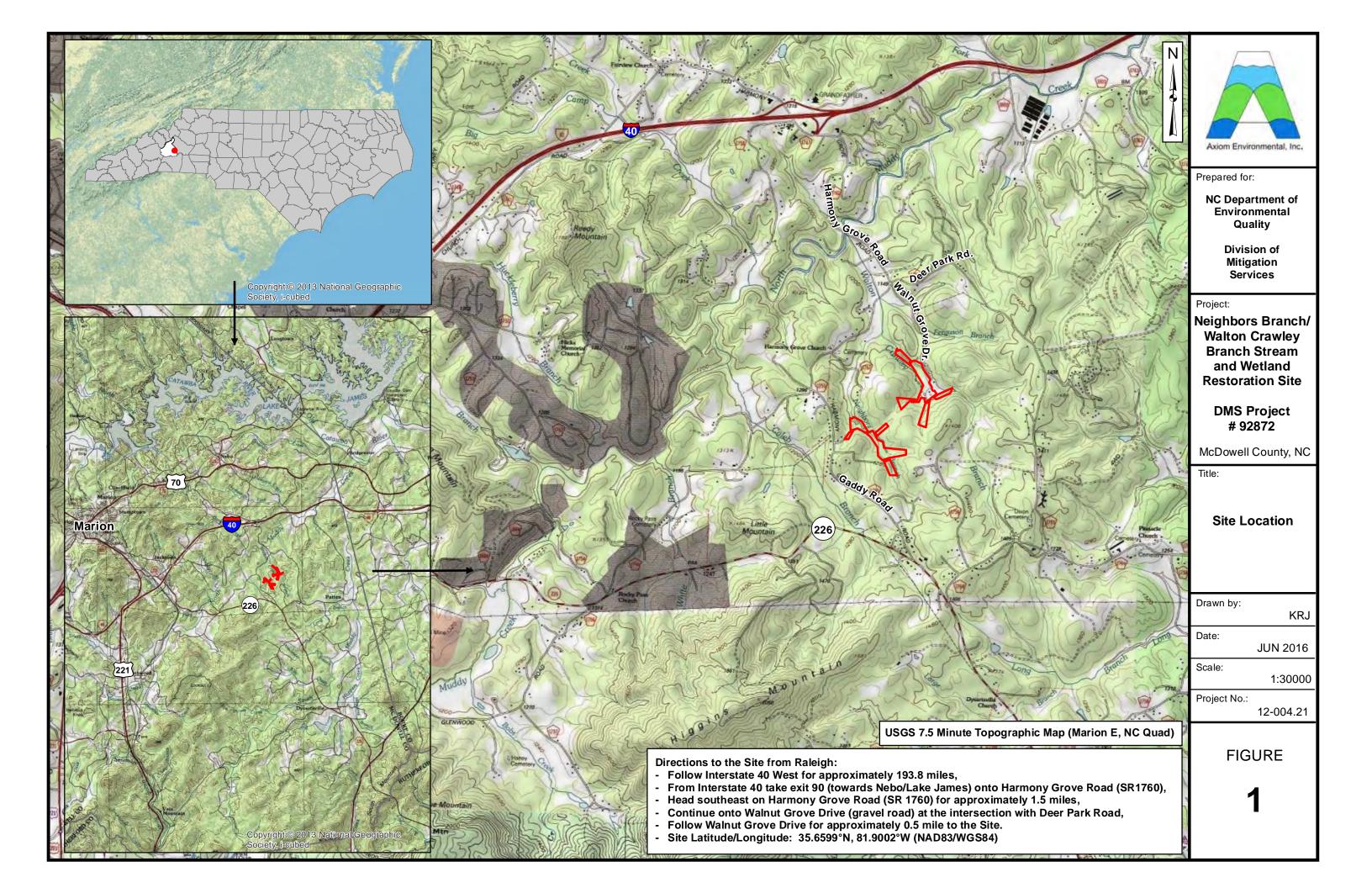


Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits
Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site/ DMS Number 92872

				Mitigatio	on Credit Summation	ns			
Stream	Rij	oarian Wetland	Nonripa	rian Wetland	Bu	ffer	Nit	rogen Offset	Phosphorous Offset
3954		1.59			-				
			1	Pro	jects Components	1		1	
Project Component –or-l ID	Reach	Stationing	Existing Footage or Acreage	Restoration Footage or Acreage	Restoration Level/Equivalent	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Credits		Comment
Walton Crawley		15+40 - 27+36 (09+37 - 21+68)		1196 1231-35 = 1196	Restoration (PI)	1:1	1186	break at the road credit summation powerline ROV Removed 35 fe	to natural valley. The easement crossing has been removed from n. A 20 foot reach lies within a W and will receive half credit. et from credit calculations for road crossing.
Walton Crawley		29+11 – 29+23	2498	12	Enhance I	1.5:1	8	Bank gra	ading and stabilization.
Walton Crawley		27+36 – 29+11 29+23 – 29+90		242	Enhance II	2.5:1	97	invasive plants.	t of easement area and remove The easement break at 29+90 oved from credit summation.
Walton Crawley		10+00 - 15+40 29+90 - 35+01		1051	Preservation	5:1	210		break has been removed from redit summation.
UT 1 Walton Crawley As-built Plan Stationir		18+13 - 20+01 (10+00 - 11+88)		188 188	Restoration (PI)	1:1	188		el through existing pond and ect to Walton Crawley.
UT 1 Walton Crawley	y	14+83 – 18+13	872	330	Enhance II	2.5:1	132	i	t of easement area and remove nvasive plants.
UT 1 Walton Crawley	y	10+00 - 14+83		483	Preservation	5:1	97		break has been removed from redit summation.
UT 2 Walton Crawley As-built Plan Stationir		10+00 - 13+83 (10+00 - 13+83) 16+36 - 18+02 (10+00 - 11+66)	600	549 549	Restoration (PI)	1:1	549		o the center of the valley, away om toe of slope.
UT 2 Walton Crawley	y	13+83 – 16+36		253	Enhance II	2.5:1	101	i	t of easement area and remove invasive plants.
Neighbors Branch As-built Plan Stationir	ng	24+74 - 29+97 (09+93 - 15+52)	2262	523 559 – 36 = 523	Restoration (PI)	1:1	523	invert raised from break at the road cr Removed 36 fe	through low point of valley and a perched culvert. The easement crossing has been removed from redit summation.  et from credit calculations for road crossing.

Neighbors Branch	18+89 – 19+09		20	Enhance I	1.5:1	13	Place channel structure and stabilize bank. The easement break has been removed from credit summation.
Neighbors Branch	18+69 – 18+89 19+09 – 24+74 29+97 – 33+39		927	Enhance II	2.5:1	371	Fence cattle out of easement area and matt, seed, and plant vegetation on scoured banks.
Neighbors Branch	09+67 – 18+69		902	Preservation	5:1	180	The easement break has been removed from credit summation.
UT 1 Neighbors Branch As-built Plan Stationing	$   \begin{array}{c}     10+56 - 10+95 \\     11+50 - 12+81 \\     (10+06 - 10+44 \\     10+77 - 12+09)   \end{array} $	281	170 170	Enhance I	1.5:1	113	Bank grading and stabilization.
UT 1 Neighbors Branch	10+00 - 10+56 10+95 - 11+50		111	Enhance II	2.5:1	44	Fence cattle out of easement area and plant vegetation.
UT 3 Neighbors Branch	11+72 – 18+75	703	703	Preservation	5:1	141	
Riparian Wetland		0.0	0.52	Restoration	1:1	0.52	Restore hydrology to hydric soils adjacent to Neighbors Branch.
Riparian Wetland		1.62	1.62	Enhancement	2:1	0.81	Plant native vegetation on impacted wetlands and fence cattle.
Riparian Wetland		1.29	1.29	Preservation	5:1	0.26	

#### **Length and Area Summations**

Restoration Level	Stream (linear footage)	Riparian Wetland (acreage)		Riparian Wetland (acreage)		Nonriparian Wetland (acreage)	Buffer (square feet)	Upland (acres)
		Riverine	Non-Riverine					
Restoration	2,456	0.52						
Enhancement (Level I)	202	1.62						
Enhancement (Level II)	1,863							
Preservation	3,139	1.29						
Totals	7,660	3.43						
Mitigation Units	3,954 SMUs	1.59 Riparian WMUs		0.00 Nonriparian WMUs				

#### **BMP Elements**

Element	Location	Purpose/Function	Notes

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site / DMS Number 92872

Activity or Deliverable	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Project Institution	Complete	of Benvery
Mitigation Plan	April 2009	March 7, 2013
Permits Issued	11pm 2009	1,141011 7, 2013
Final Design – Construction Plans		April 2014
Construction		December 2015
Temporary S&E Mix applied to Entire Project Site		December 2015
Permanent Seed Mix applied to the Entire Project Site		December 2015
Bare Root; Containerized; and B&B Plantings for the Entire Project Site		December 2015
Baseline Monitoring Document (Year 0 Monitoring Baseline)	April 2016	July 2016
Repair		October 2016
Year 1 Monitoring	November 2016	January 2017
Year 2 Monitoring	November 2017	December 2017
Year 2 Vegetation Monitoring	August 30, 2017	
Year 2 Geomorphology Monitoring	February 22, 2017	
Year 3 Monitoring	November 2018	November 2018
Year 3 Vegetation Monitoring	September 26, 2018	
Year 3 Geomorphology Monitoring	March 22, 2018	
Repair/Maintenance	==	March 2019
Year 4 Monitoring	November 2019	January 2020
Year 4 Vegetation Monitoring	July 2019	
Year 4 Geomorphology Monitoring	May 2019	
Invasive Species Treatment		August & September 2019
Year 5 Monitoring		

Table 3. Project Contact Table
Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site / DMS Number 92872

Designer	Florence & Hutcheson Engineering
	(Now HDR)
	5121 Kingdom Way, Suite 100
	Raleigh, NC 27607
	Kevin Williams (919) 851-6066
<b>Construction Plans and Sediment and</b>	Florence & Hutcheson Engineering
<b>Erosion Control Plans</b>	(Now HDR)
	5121 Kingdom Way, Suite 100
	Raleigh, NC 27607
	Kevin Williams (919) 851-6066
<b>Construction Contractor</b>	Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.
	Mount Airy, NC
	(336) 320-3849
Planting Contractor	Keller Environmental
_	7291 Haymarket Lane
	Raleigh, NC 27615
	Jay Keller (919) 749-8259
As-built Surveyor	Turner Land Surveying. PLLC
-	3719 Benson Drive
	Raleigh, NC 27609
	Elisabeth Turner (919) 827-0745
<b>Baseline Data Collection</b>	Axiom Environmental, Inc.
	218 Snow Avenue
	Raleigh, NC 27603
	Grant Lewis (919) 215-1693

**Table 4. Project Baseline Information and Attributes** 

Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site / DMS Number 92872

	Project Information							
Project name	Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Mitigation Site							
Project county	McDowell County, North Carolina							
Project area (Acres)	33.4							
Project coordinates (lat/long)	35.6599°N, 81.9002°W							
P	roject Watershed Summary Information							
Physiographic region	Blue Ridge							
Project river basin	Catawba River Basin							
USGS hydrologic unit (8 digit)	03050101							
NCDWQ Sub-basin	03-08-30							
Project drainage area (acres)	678							
% Drainage area impervious	< 1%							
CGIA land use classification								

Reach Summary Information

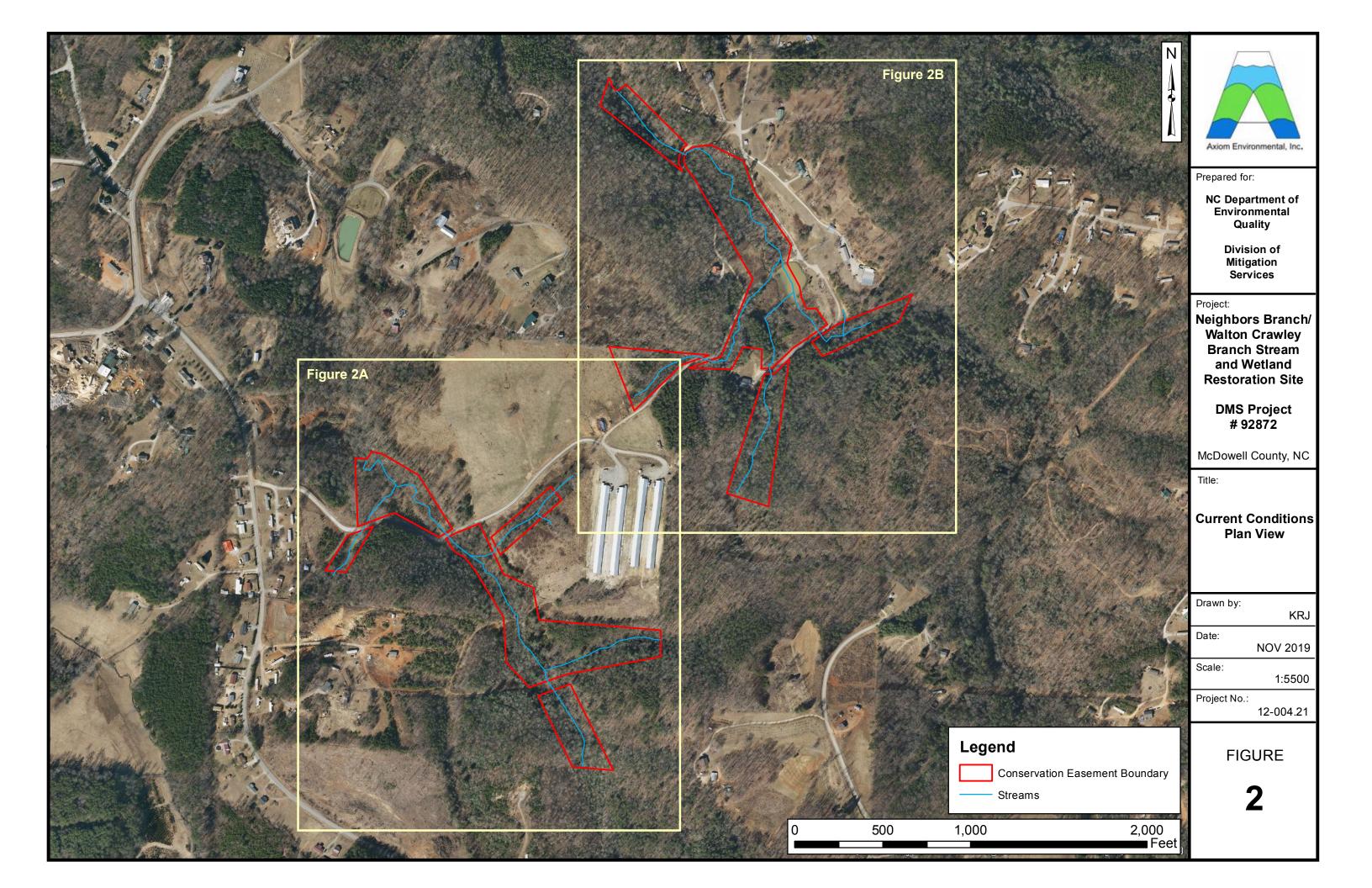
Parameters	Walton Crawley	UTs to Walt Bra	•	Neighbors	UTs to Neighbors Branch		
	Branch	UT 1	UT 2	Branch	UT 1	UT 3	
Length of reach (linear feet)	2529	1001	802	2339	281	875	
Valley classification	VIII	II	II	VIII	II	II	
Drainage area (acres)	458	29	20	220	13	15	
NCDWQ stream identification score	18.5	25	25	33.5	23.5	16.5	
NCDWQ water quality classification	С	С	C	С	С	C	
Morphological description (stream type)	B4/5c-G4/5	E5	E5-G5	E5/4-G5/4	E5/4	E5	
Design Rosgen stream type	C4	E/C5	E/C5	C4	E5/4	E5	
Evolutionary trend							
Design approach (P1, P2, P3, E, etc.)	PI, EI, EII, & P	PI, EII, & P	PI & EII	PI, EI, EII, & P	EI & EII	P	
Underlying mapped soils	Elsinboro, Evard, Hayesville	Evard	Evard, Hayesville	Hayesville, Iotla	Evard	Hayesville	
Drainage class	Well	Well	Well	Well / SW Poorly	Well	Well	
Soil hydric status	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric / Hydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	
Slope	0.0340	0.0380	0.0545	0.0260	0.0820	0.0656	
FEMA classification	Not Mapped	Not Mapped	Not Mapped	Not Mapped	Not Mapped	Not Mapped	
Native vegetation community	Forest / Pasture	Forest	Forest	Forest / Pasture	Forest / Forest		
% Composition of exotic invasive spp.	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	

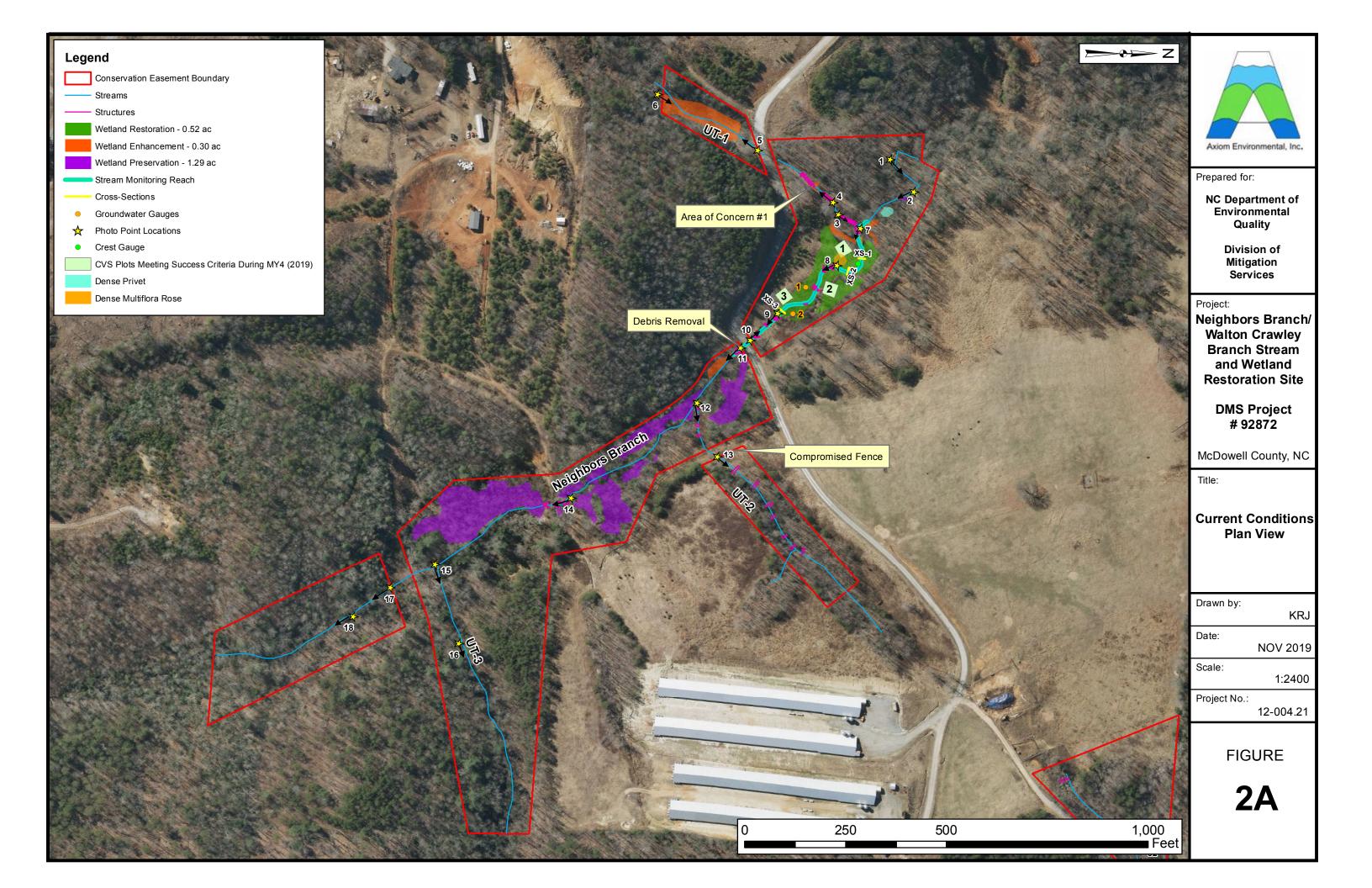
	Wetla	nd Summary I	nformation				
Parameters	Walton Crawley	UTs to Walte Brai	•	Neighbors	UTs to Neighbors Branch		
	Branch	UT 1	UT 2	Branch	UT 1	UT 3	
Size of wetland (acres)	0.95	0.37	N/A	1.88	0.23	N/A	
Wetland type	Riparian Riverine	Riparian Riverine	N/A	Riparian Riverine	Riparian Riverine	N/A	
Mapped soil series	Wehadkee	Wehadkee	N/A	Wehadkee	Wehadkee	N/A	
Drainage class	poorly	poorly	N/A	poorly	poorly	N/A	
Soil hydric status	hydric	hydric	N/A	hydric	hydric	N/A	
Source of hydrology	Overbank and springs	Overbank and springs	N/A	Overbank and springs	Overbank and springs	N/A	
Hydrologic impairment	Cleared	Invasives	N/A	Drained/ Cleared/ Invasives	Invasives	N/A	
Native vegetation community	Forest / Pasture	Forest	N/A	Forest / Pasture	Forest	N/A	
% Composition of exotic invasive spp.	<5	<5	N/A	<5	<5	N/A	
•	Reg	gulatory Consid	lerations	•	•		
Regulation	Applicable?		Resolved?		Suppor Documen	_	
Waters of the US – Section 404	Yes		Yes		SAW-200	09-917	
Waters of the US – Section 401	Yes		Yes		SAW-200	09-917	
Endangered Species Act	Yes	Yes		No Effe CE Doce			
Historic Preservation Act	Yes		Yes		CE Doci		
Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA/CAMA)	No		NA NA		1		
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	No		NA		NA	1	
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No		NA		NA	<u> </u>	

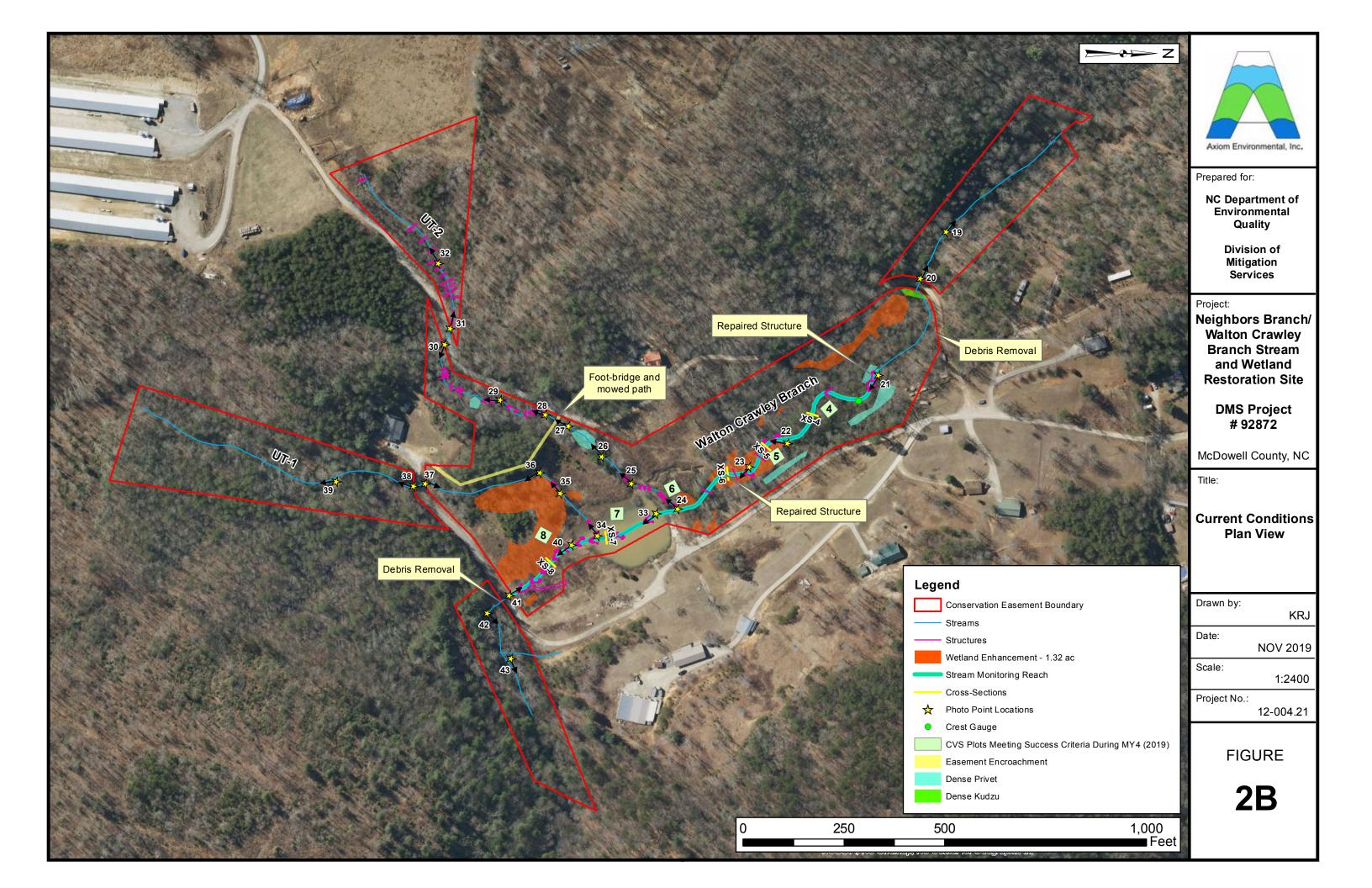
#### Appendix B Visual Assessment Data

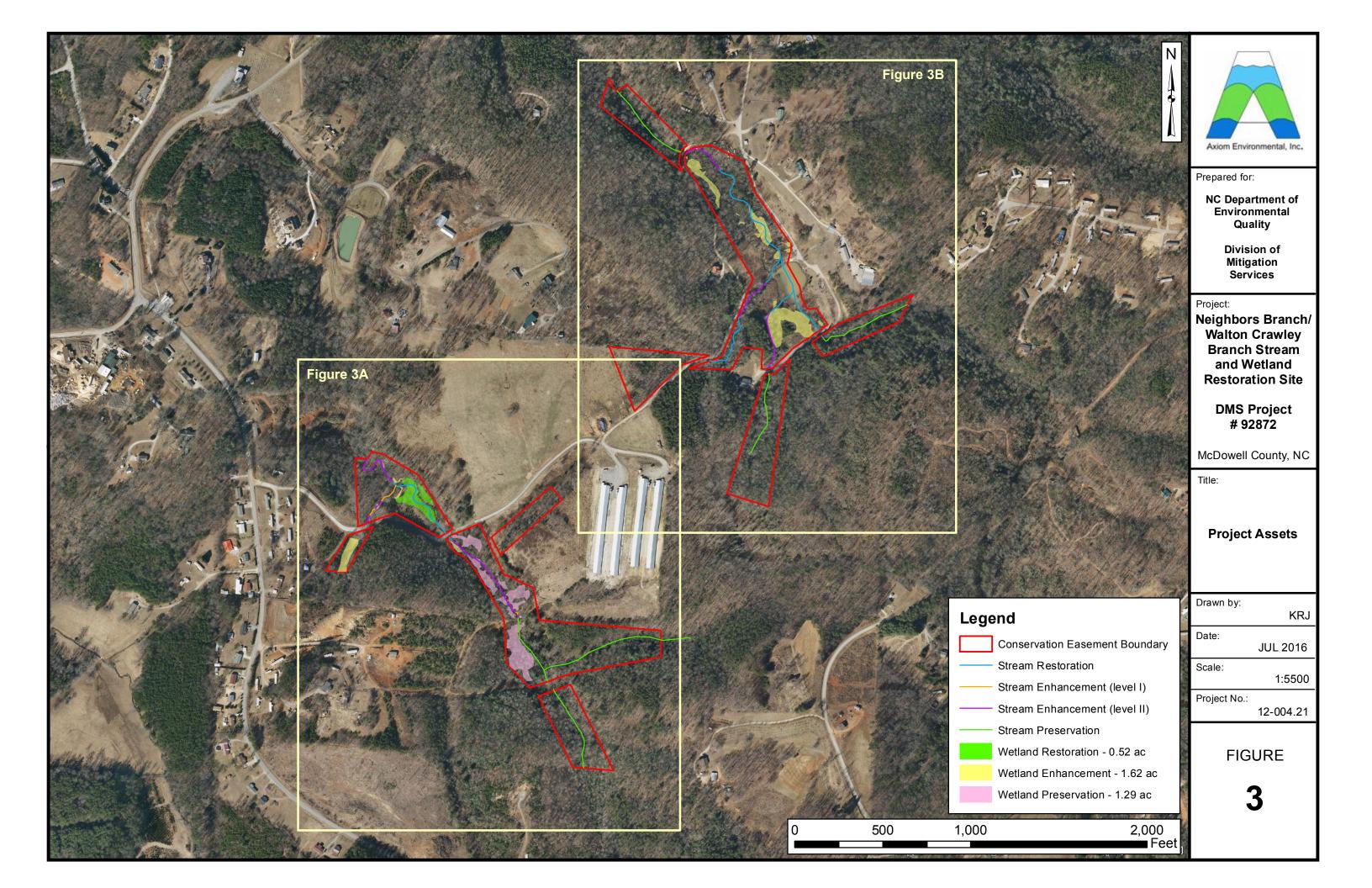
Figures 2, 2A-2B. Current Conditions Plan View
Figures 3, 3A-3B. Project Assets

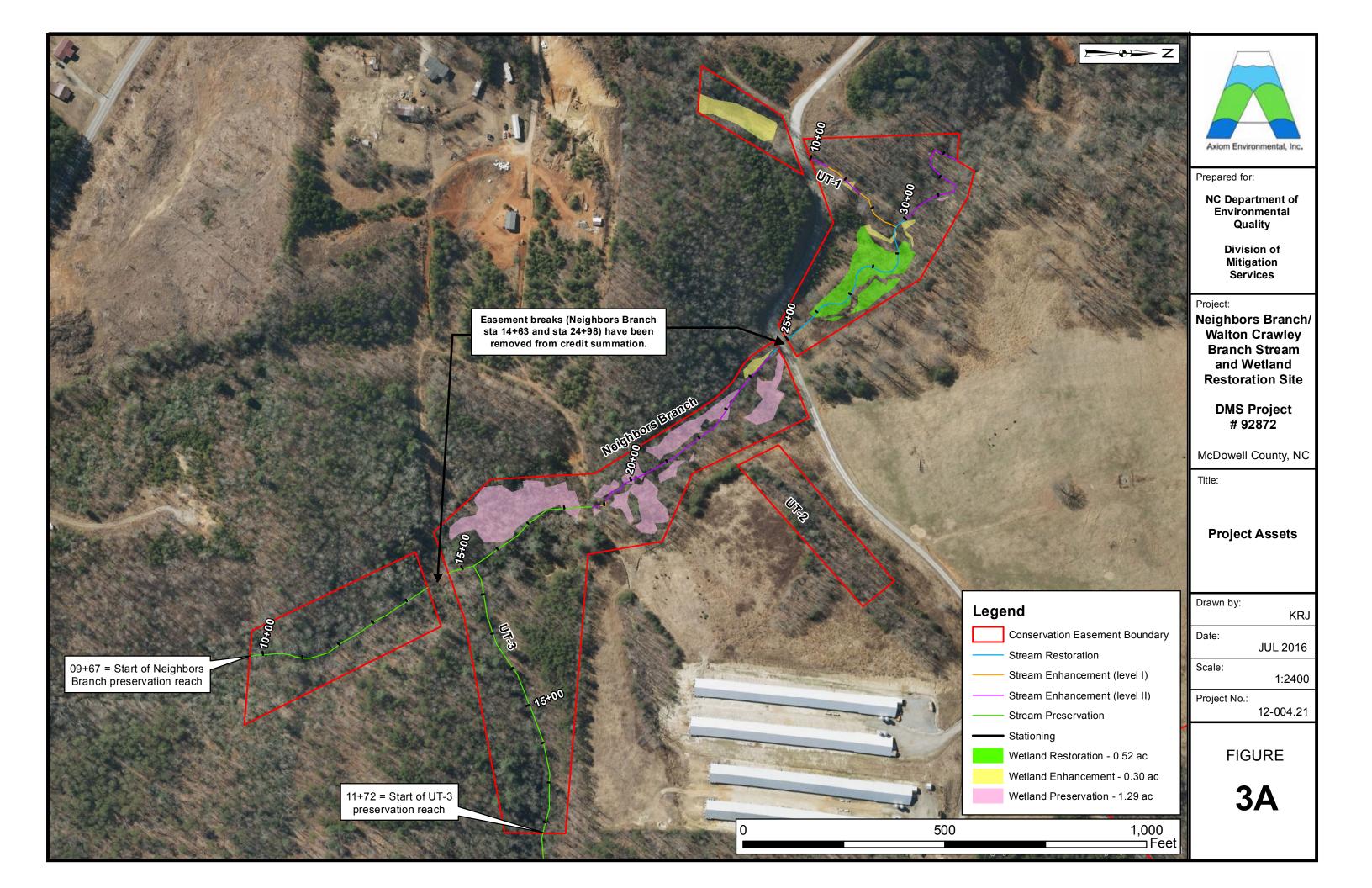
Tables 5A-5E. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment
Stream Fixed Station Photo Points
Vegetation Plot Photos











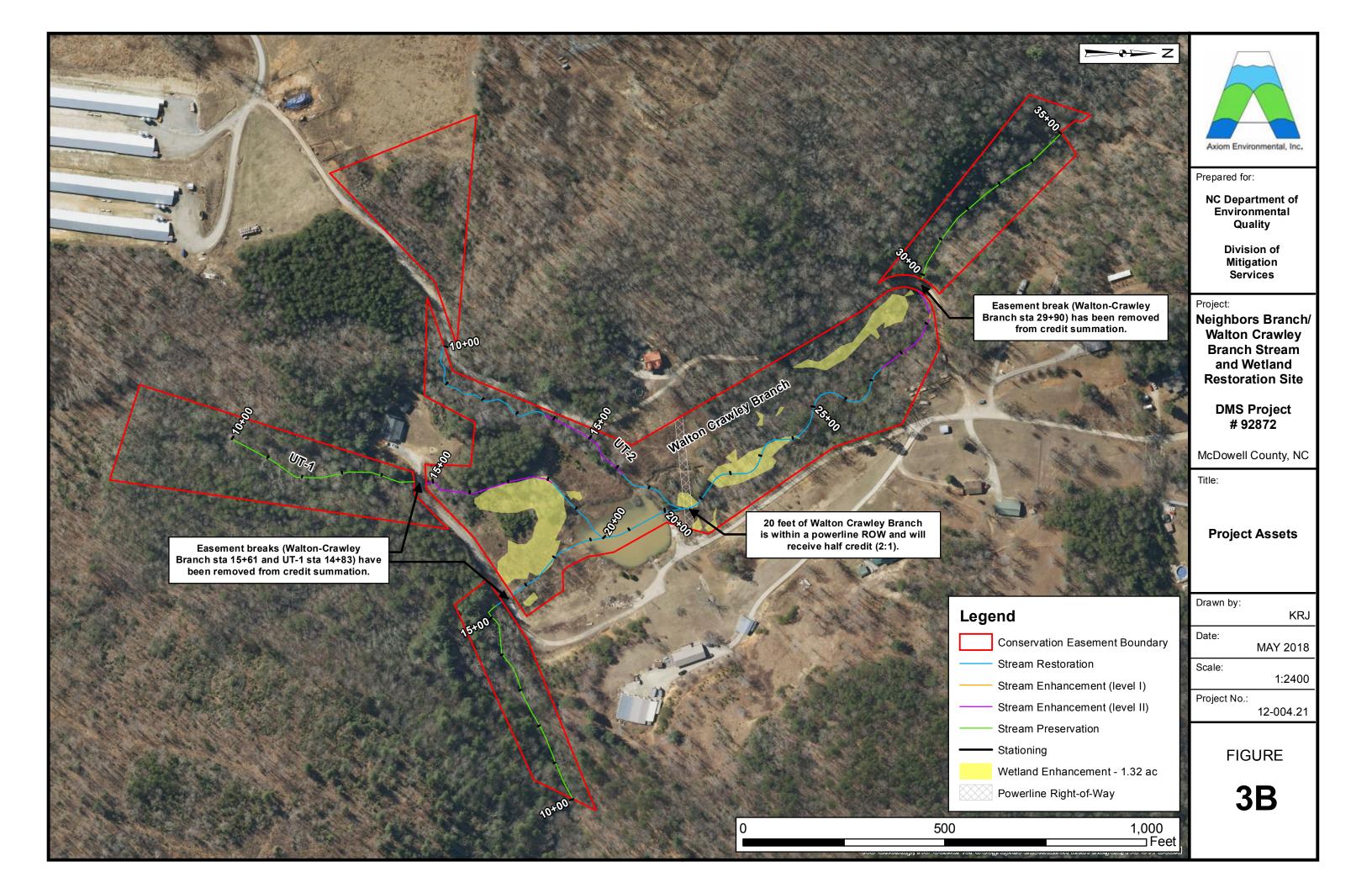


Table 5A <u>Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment</u>
Reach ID Walton Crawley Branch
Assessed Length 1450

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability     (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	26	26			100%	1		
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	25	25			100%	1		
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	25	25			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	25	25			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	25	25			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	24	24			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	24	24			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	24	24			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	23	24			96%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	24	24			100%			

Table 5B Reach ID Assessed Length

#### Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

UT1 to Walton Crawley Branch

518

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability     (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	8	8			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	7	7			100%	1		
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	7	7			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	7	7			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	7	7			100%			
	•		•				•	•		
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	10	10			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	10	10			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	10	10			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	10	10			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	10	10			100%			

Table 5C <u>Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment</u>
Reach ID UT2 to Walton Crawley Branch
Assessed Length 802

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability     (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	12	12			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	13	13			100%	1		
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	13	13			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	13	13			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	13	13			100%			
							•	•		
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	12	12			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	12	12			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	12	12			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	12	12			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	12	12			100%			

Table 5D Reach ID Assessed Length

#### Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Neighbors Branch

1470

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability     (Riffle and Run units)	<u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	22	22			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	21	21			100%	1		
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	21	21			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	21	21			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	21	21			100%			
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>							
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	16	16			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	16	16			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	16	16			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	16	16			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	16	16			100%			

Table 5E Reach ID Assessed Length Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

UT1 to Neighbors Branch

281

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability     (Riffle and Run units)	<u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			1	60	79%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	19	20			95%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	19	19			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	19	19			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	19	19			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	19	19			100%			
		•								
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	17	20			85%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	17	20			85%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	20	20			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	17	20			85%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	17	20			85%			

#### Table 6

#### **Vegetation Condition Assessment**

#### **Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Mitigation Project**

Planted Acreage<sup>1</sup>

11.78

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
2B. Low Planted Stem Density Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
Total					0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	None	0.25 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
Cumulative Tota					0.00	0.0%

Easement Acreage<sup>2</sup>

33.4

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern <sup>4</sup>	Dense populations of Chinese privet, multiflora rose, and kudzu	1000 SF	blue, orange, and green	9	0.24	0.7%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas <sup>3</sup>	Mowed footpath and footbridge contructed within easement.	none	yellow	1	0.07	0.2%

- 1 = Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.
- 2 = The acreage within the easement boundaries.
- 3 = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1,2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.
- 4 = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern spoies are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, density, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by DMS such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likley trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in red italics are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where isolated specimens are found, particularly ealry in a projects monitoring history. However, areas of discreet, dense patches will of course be mapped as polygons. The symbology scheme below was one that was found to be helpful for symbolzing invasives polygons, particularly for situations where the condition f

#### **Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs** May & November 2019



Photo Point 3 – UT-1 to Neighbors Branch



Photo Point 5 – UT-1 to Neighbors Branch





Photo Point 4 – UT-1 to Neighbors Branch



Photo Point 6 – UT-1 to Neighbors Branch

#### Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs May & November 2019

(continued)





Photo Point 9 – Neighbors Branch





Photo Point 12 – UT-2 to Neighbors Branch





# Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs May & November 2019 (continued)



Photo Point 14 – Neighbors Branch

Photo Point 15 – UT-3 to Neighbors Branch

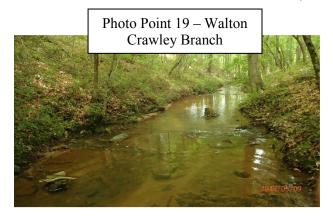




Photo Point 17 – Neighbors Branch



# Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs May & November 2019 (continued)













### Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch **Fixed Station Photographs** July & November 2019

(continued)

Photo Point 25 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 27 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 29 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 26 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 28 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch





# Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs June & July 2019 (continued)

Photo Point 31 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 33 - Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 35 – UT-1 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 32 – UT-2 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 34 – UT-1 to Walton Crawley Branch

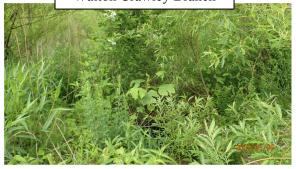


Photo Point 36 – UT-1 to Walton Crawley Branch



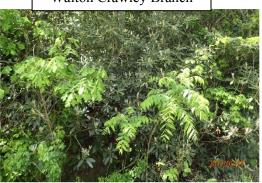
## **Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs** June & July 2019

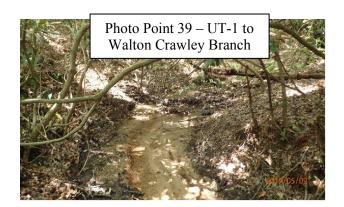
(continued)

Photo Point 37 – UT-1 to Walton Crawley Branch



Photo Point 38 – UT-1 to Walton Crawley Branch





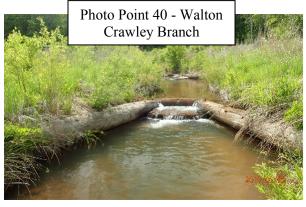


Photo Point 41 - Walton Crawley Branch

Photo Point 42 - Walton Crawley Branch



# Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Fixed Station Photographs June & July 2019 (continued)

Photo Point 43 - Walton Crawley Branch



### Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Vegetation Monitoring Photographs Taken July 2019



## Appendix C. Vegetation Data

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Success Summary
Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata
Table 9. Total Planted Stems by Plot and Species

**Table 7. Vegetation Plot Success Summary** 

Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Tract Mean
1	Yes	
2	Yes	
3	Yes	
4	Yes	1000/
5	Yes	100%
6	Yes	
7	Yes	
8	Yes	

Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata

	DULL D. L.
Report Prepared By	Phillip Perkinson
Date Prepared	7/22/2019 15:09
database name	Axiom-NeighborsWalton-2019MY3-A-v2.3.1.mdb
	S:\Business\Projects\12\12-004 EEP Monitoring\12-004.21 Neighbors
database location	Bob\Neighbors Branch and Walton Crawley Branch\2019 MY-04\CVS
computer name	PHILLIP-LT
file size	58728448
DESCRIPTION OF WORK	SHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT
	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s)
Metadata	and project data.
	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This
Proj, planted	excludes live stakes.
	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes
Proj, total stems	live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems,
Plots	missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of
Damage	total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
Planted Stems by Plot and	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot;
Spp	dead and missing stems are excluded.
<b>ALL Stems by Plot and</b>	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural
spp	volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
PROJECT SUMMARY	
Project Code	92872
project Name	Neighbors Branch/ Walton Crawley Branch
River Basin	Catawba
length(ft)	
stream-to-edge width (ft)	
Required Plots	
(calculated)	
Sampled Plots	8

Table 9. Total Planted Stems by Plot and Species

Project Code 92872. Project Name: Neighbors Branch/ Walton Crawley Branch

_													Curren	t Plot D	ata (M)	<b>/4 201</b> 9	)									
			928	72-01-	0001	928	72-01	-0002	92	872-01-	0003	928	72-01-	0004	928	72-01-	0005	928	72-01-	0006	928	372-01-	0007	928	72-01-0	3008
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoL	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree	2	2	. 2					2 2	2 2	. 5	5	5	1	1	1									1
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub																								1
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree				1		1 1		5 5	5 5	4	4	4							1	1 1	. 1	. 1	1	1
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																								
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree			4					1 1	1				1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1 2	2 2	. 2	2 2	2	. 2
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree								4 4	1 4	1	1	. 1	6	6	6	5	5	5 5	5 2	2 2	. 2	2 1	1	1
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree			9									8	1	1	1						2	2		
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree										1	1	. 1												
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree				1		1 1	L																1	
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	7	7	16	6		6 13	3	4 4	14			4			1				4	4	. 4	1 2	2	. 2
Quercus	oak	Tree																							1	
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree													1	1	1	4	4	1 4	1 2	2 2	. 2	2		
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	1	1	. 1							1	1	. 1										2	2	. 2
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	Tree																						2	2	. 2
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree																								
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	Shrub						1																		
		Stem count	10	10	32	8		8 16	1	6 16	5 26	12	12	24	10	10	11	10	10	) 10	) 11	11	. 13	10	10	12
		size (ares)		1			1			1	•		1			1			1			1			1	-
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02	
		Species count	3	3	5	3		3 4		5 5	5 5	5	5	7	5	5	6	3	3	3	3	5	6	6	6	
		Stems per ACRE	404.7	404.7	1295	323.7	323.	7 647.5	647.	647.5	1052	485.6	485.6	971.2	404.7	404.7	445.2	404.7	404.7	404.7	445.2	445.2	526.1	404.7	404.7	485.6

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10% Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

PnoLS = Planted excluding livestakes

P-all = Planting including livestakes

T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes

T includes natural recruits

Table 9. Total Planted Stems by Plot and Species (continued)

Project Code 92872. Project Name: Neighbors Branch/ Walton Crawley Branch

									Anr	ual Me	ans						
			M	IY4 (201	9)	M	Y3 (201	.8)	M	Y2 (201	.7)	M	Y1 (201	.6)	M	Y0 (201	.6)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree	10	10	11	10	10	14	10	10	10	11	11	11	6	6	17
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub			1												
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	15	15	15	16	16	16
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub										1	1	1	1	1	1
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	7	7	11	5	5	5	5	5	8	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	24	24	24	31	31	31
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	1	1	20	1	1	12	1	1	8			3			
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1			
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	6	6	6
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	23	23	54	23	23	41	24	24	59	28	28	81	29	29	29
Quercus	oak	Tree										1	1	1			
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	2	2	2	4	4	4
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	12	12	12	12	12	12
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree									6			3			10
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	Shrub			1						2						4
		Stem count	87	87	144	87	87	121	87	87	140	100	100	159	107	107	132
		size (ares)		8			8			8			8			8	
		size (ACRES)		0.20			0.20			0.20			0.20			0.20	
		Species count	11	11	13	11	11	11	11	11	13	12	12	14	10	10	12
		Stems per ACRE	440.1	440.1	728.4	440.1	440.1	612.1	440.1	440.1	708.2	505.9	505.9	804.3	541.3	541.3	667.7

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

PnoLS = Planted excluding livestakes

P-all = Planting including livestakes

T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes

T includes natural recruits

## Appendix D. Stream Measurements and Geomorphology Data

Cross Section Plots
Longitudinal Profile Plots
Substrate Plots
Tables 10A-10B. Baseline Stream Data Summary
Tables 11A-11D. Monitoring Data-Dimensional Data Summary

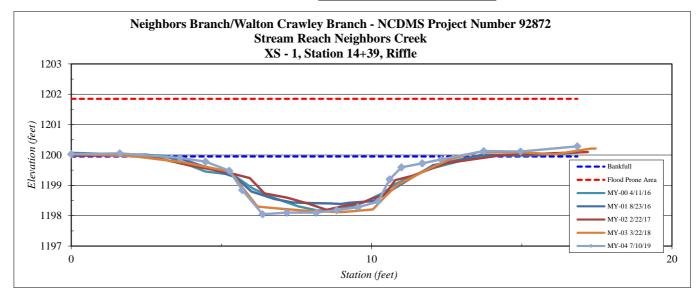
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 1, Riffle
Reach	Neighbors Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.00	1200.03
1.62	1200.05
3.62	1199.91
4.47	1199.78
5.26	1199.48
5.70	1198.85
6.38	1198.05
7.18	1198.10
8.16	1198.10
8.84	1198.18
9.54	1198.28
10.21	1198.46
10.60	1199.20
10.99	1199.59
11.69	1199.73
12.33	1199.86
13.7	1200.13
15.0	1200.11
16.9	1200.29

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1200.0
LTOB Elevation:	1200.0
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	9.5
Bankfull Width:	9.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1201.9
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.9
Low Bank Height:	1.9
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.0
W / D Ratio:	10.1
Entrenchment Ratio:	10.2
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type E		Stream Type	Е
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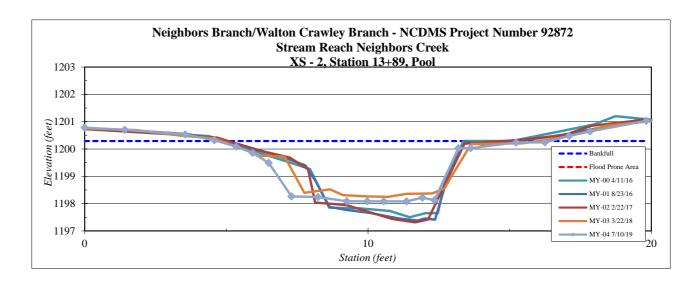
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 2, Pool
Reach	Neighbors Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	1200.8
1.4	1200.7
3.6	1200.5
4.6	1200.3
5.3	1200.1
5.9	1199.9
6.5	1199.5
7.3	1198.3
8.2	1198.2
9.2	1198.1
10.0	1198.1
10.6	1198.1
11.4	1198.1
11.9	1198.2
12.3	1198.1
13.2	1200.0
13.6	1200.0
15.2	1200.2
16.2	1200.2
17.1	1200.5
17.8	1200.6
19.8	1201.03

SUMMARY DATA	•
Bankfull Elevation:	1200.3
LTOB Elevation:	1200.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	14.0
Bankfull Width:	11.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.2
Low Bank Height:	2.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.2
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type	E
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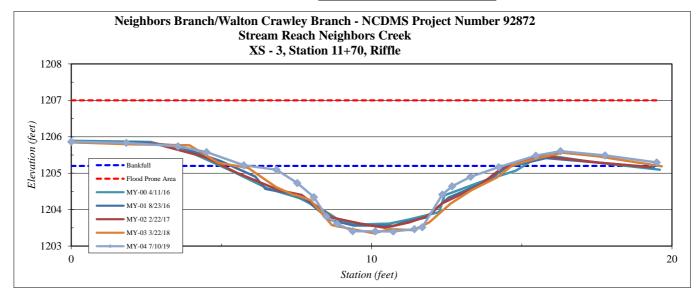
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 3, Riffle
Reach	Neighbors Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.00	1205.87
1.83	1205.83
3.56	1205.74
4.51	1205.58
5.75	1205.22
6.84	1205.09
7.53	1204.73
8.08	1204.34
8.50	1203.82
8.86	1203.61
9.37	1203.41
10.13	1203.41
10.72	1203.40
11.43	1203.46
11.69	1203.52
12.36	1204.41
12.7	1204.64
13.3	1204.90
14.2	1205.16
15.5	1205.48
16.3	1205.61
17.8	1205.49
19.5	1205.30

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1205.2
LTOB Elevation:	1205.2
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	8.1
Bankfull Width:	8.5
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1207.0
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.8
Low Bank Height:	1.8
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.0
W / D Ratio:	8.9
Entrenchment Ratio:	11.8
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



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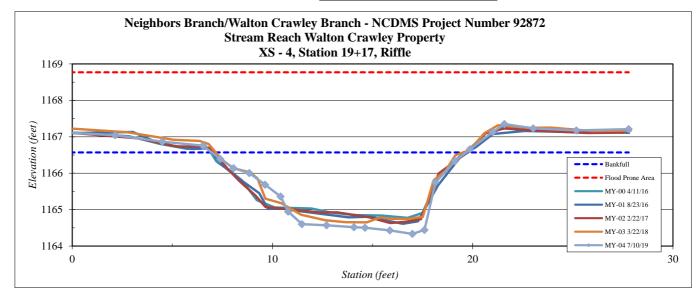
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 4, Riffle
Reach	Walton Crawley Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
-0.10	1167.11
2.14	1167.04
4.50	1166.86
6.54	1166.76
7.39	1166.39
8.06	1166.14
8.84	1166.01
9.63	1165.69
10.41	1165.36
10.78	1164.95
11.47	1164.60
12.71	1164.57
14.07	1164.52
14.62	1164.50
15.86	1164.43
16.99	1164.33
17.6	1164.44
18.1	1165.74
19.12	1166.33
19.86	1166.66
21.00	1167.13
21.59	1167.35
23.02	1167.23
25.18	1167.17
27.79	1167.21

Bankfull Elevation:	1166.6
LTOB Elevation:	1166.8
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	17.9
Bankfull Width:	12.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1168.8
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.2
Low Bank Height:	2.5
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.4
W / D Ratio:	9.0
Entrenchment Ratio:	7.9
Bank Height Ratio:	1.1



Stream Type E



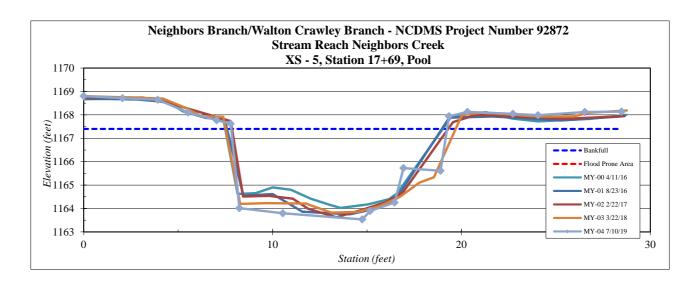
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 5, Pool
Reach	Walton Crawley Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	1168.8
2.1	1168.7
3.9	1168.6
5.5	1168.1
7.0	1167.8
7.8	1167.6
8.2	1164.0
10.5	1163.8
14.7	1163.5
15.2	1163.9
16.5	1164.3
16.9	1165.7
18.9	1165.6
19.3	1167.9
20.3	1168.1
22.7	1168.0
24.1	1168.0
26.5	1168.1
28.5	1168.1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1167.4
LTOB Elevation:	1167.6
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	35.1
Bankfull Width:	11.4
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.9
Low Bank Height:	4.1
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	3.1
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.1



Stream Type	Е
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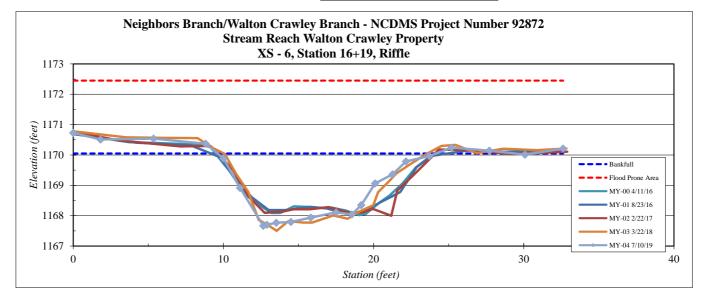
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 6, Riffle
Reach	Walton Crawley Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.00	1170.73
1.82	1170.51
5.35	1170.54
8.82	1170.37
10.00	1169.89
11.11	1168.92
12.65	1167.67
12.90	1167.70
13.52	1167.77
14.50	1167.79
15.82	1167.94
17.51	1168.11
18.56	1168.04
19.18	1168.35
20.10	1169.06
21.26	1169.36
22.2	1169.79
23.7	1169.96
25.2	1170.25
27.7	1170.14
30.1	1170.01
32.6	1170.21

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1170.1
LTOB Elevation:	1170.1
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	20.2
Bankfull Width:	14.6
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1172.5
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.4
Low Bank Height:	2.4
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.4
W / D Ratio:	10.6
Entrenchment Ratio:	6.8
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type E
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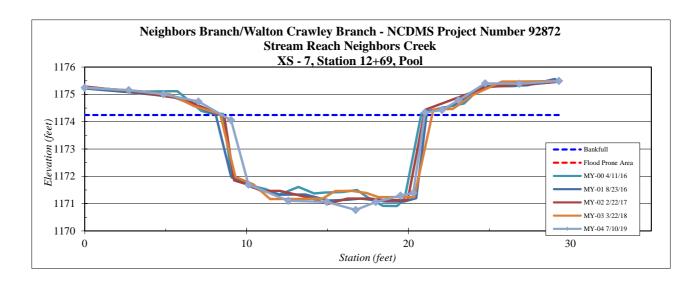
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 7, Pool
Reach	Walton Crawley Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	1175.2
2.7	1175.2
4.9	1175.0
7.0	1174.7
9.0	1174.1
10.1	1171.7
12.6	1171.1
15.0	1171.1
16.7	1170.8
18.0	1171.1
19.5	1171.3
20.3	1171.4
21.0	1174.3
22.1	1174.4
23.1	1174.8
24.7	1175.4
26.8	1175.4
29.3	1175.5

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1174.2
LTOB Elevation:	1174.2
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	34.1
Bankfull Width:	12.5
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.5
Low Bank Height:	3.1
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.7
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	<1



Stream Type	E
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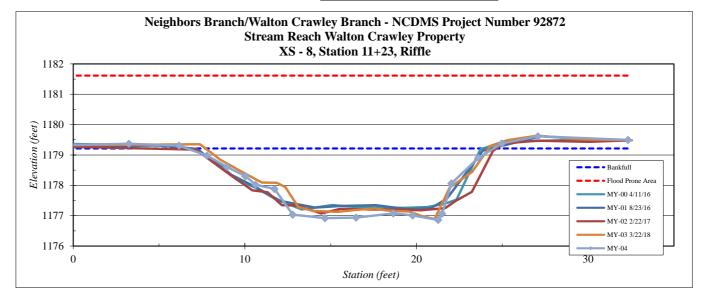
Site	Neighbors Br./Walton Crawley Br.
Project Number:	92872
XS ID	XS - 8, Riffle
Reach	Walton Crawley Branch
Date:	7/10/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
-0.30	1179.33
3.25	1179.37
6.17	1179.31
7.80	1178.98
8.96	1178.61
10.04	1178.30
10.63	1178.02
11.73	1177.88
12.79	1177.03
14.67	1176.92
16.49	1176.94
18.65	1177.08
19.78	1177.01
21.26	1176.86
21.50	1177.07
22.04	1178.06
23.6	1178.91
25.0	1179.38
27.1	1179.62
32.3	1179.50

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1179.2
LTOB Elevation:	1179.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	27.0
Bankfull Width:	17.9
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1181.6
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.4
Low Bank Height:	2.4
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.5
W / D Ratio:	11.9
Entrenchment Ratio:	5.6
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



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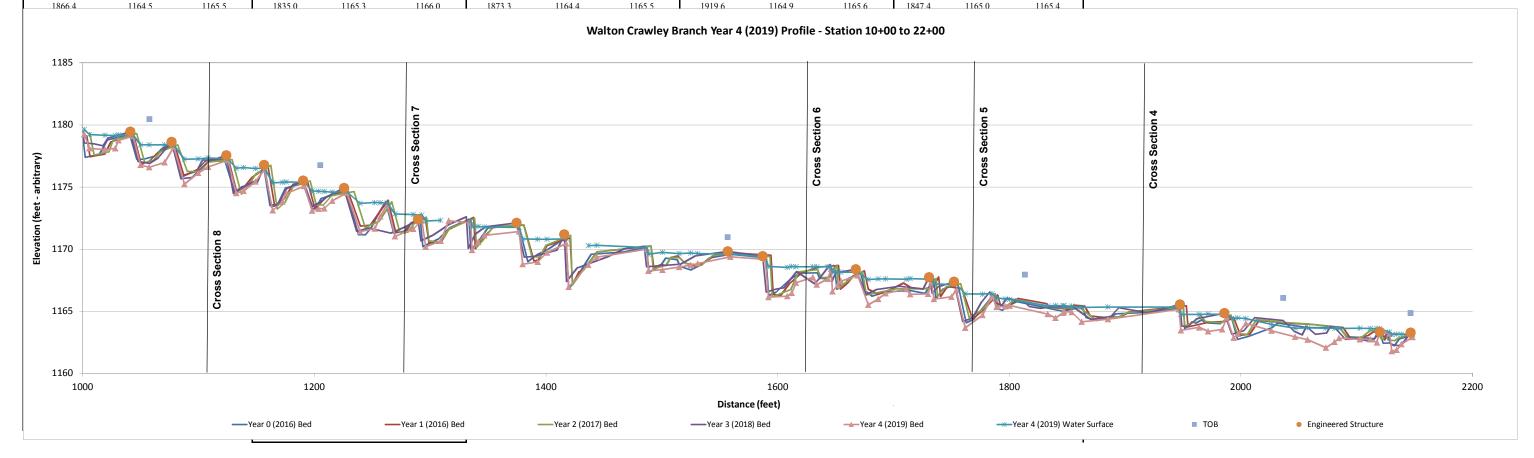
 Project Name
 Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch - Profile

 Reach
 Walton Crawley Branch, Station 10+00 - 22+00

Feature Profile
Date 7/10/19
Crew Perkinson, Keith

01011	r entingen, reetin													
	2016			2016			2017			2018			2019	
7	Year 0 Monitoring \Sui	rvey	<b>Y</b>	Year 1 Monitoring \S	Survey	3	Year 2 Monitoring \	Survey	<b>Y</b>	Year 3 Monitoring \S	Survey		Year 4 Monitoring	g \Survey
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation
2147.7	1163.1	1163.3	2147.7	1163.1	1163.4	2146.6	1163.2	1163.3	2146.6	1163.3	1163.5	2148.1	1162.9	1163.1
2136.7	1162.8	1163.4	2127.6	1163.2	1163.6	2135.8	1162.8	1163.3	2140.5	1162.5	1163.5	2138.6	1162.4	1163.1
2132.5	1162.2	1163.3	2123.9	1162.7	1163.6	2132.9	1162.6	1163.2	2136.4	1162.2	1163.5	2134.3	1161.9	1163.1
2128.3	1162.5	1163.3	2121.6	1163.4	1163.7	2127.3	1162.7	1163.3	2129.5	1162.3	1163.5	2130.2	1161.8	1163.1
2122.8	1162.4	1163.5	2114.1	1163.3	1163.9	2125.3	1163.1	1163.5	2126.2	1163.3	1163.7	2128.4	1163.2	1163.3
2119.2	1163.5	1163.7	2109.9	1163.0	1163.9	2122.6	1162.7	1163.5	2124.8	1162.9	1163.7	2119.8	1163.3	1163.6
2115.3	1162.8	1163.7	2101.0	1162.9	1163.9	2120.6	1162.8	1163.6	2121.8	1163.1	1163.7	2117.4	1162.5	1163.6
2104.0	1162.9	1163.8	2094.9	1162.8	1163.8	2119.4	1163.6	1163.7	2120.0	1163.3	1163.8	2111.7	1162.7	1163.6
2091.7	1162.9	1163.8	2088.3	1163.7	1164.1	2111.5	1163.4	1163.8	2113.2	1162.6	1163.9	2102.8	1162.7	1163.6
2085.1	1163.6	1163.9	2060.8	1163.9	1164.4	2103.9	1162.9	1163.7	2097.8	1162.8	1163.9	2084.8	1162.8	1163.6
2057.2	1163.7	1164.3	2048.0	1164.0	1164.4	2092.7	1162.7	1163.8	2090.3	1162.7	1163.9	2080.8	1162.5	1163.6
2031.9	1164.0	1164.5	2015.6	1164.3	1164.8	2085.5	1163.7	1163.9	2080.4	1163.7	1164.2	2073.5	1162.0	1163.6
2026.5	1163.7	1164.6	2007.5	1163.1	1164.8	2058.9	1164.0	1164.3	2077.4	1163.8	1164.3	2057.6	1162.7	1163.6
2007.1	1163.0	1164.6	1999.5	1163.1	1164.8	2037.4	1164.1	1164.5	2073.9	1163.3	1164.2	2046.8	1162.9	1163.6
1997.2	1162.7	1164.6	1993.9	1164.5	1165.0	2013.4	1164.3	1164.7	2064.6	1163.1	1164.2	2026.4	1163.4	1163.9
1991.6	1164.6	1165.0	1986.7	1164.2	1165.0	2005.8	1163.1	1164.7	2056.5	1163.8	1164.5	2004.3	1164.0	1164.4
1981.9	1164.0	1164.9	1972.6	1164.1	1165.0	1996.8	1163.2	1164.7	2052.9	1163.1	1164.5	1997.4	1163.2	1164.5
1969.8	1164.1	1164.9	1954.3	1163.7	1165.1	1991.4	1164.7	1164.9	2046.1	1163.4	1164.4	1993.7	1162.9	1164.4
1966.1	1164.3	1164.9	1953.1	1165.4	1165.6	1983.0	1164.1	1164.9	2036.5	1164.3	1164.6	1987.8	1164.5	1164.7
1961.1	1164.0	1165.0	1916.9	1165.1	1165.6	1969.1	1164.2	1165.0	2011.7	1164.5	1165.0	1983.8	1163.5	1164.7
1957.7	1164.1	1164.9	1903.5	1164.9	1165.6	1965.6	1164.6	1164.9	2002.3	1163.4	1165.0	1971.6	1163.4	1164.8
1951.6	1163.6	1165.0	1895.6	1164.5	1165.6	1960.0	1164.2	1164.9	1992.1	1163.1	1164.9	1963.9	1163.7	1164.7
1950.3	1165.3	1165.4	1881.5	1164.5	1165.6	1951.5	1163.8	1164.9	1985.7	1164.8	1165.1	1948.3	1163.4	1164.7
1916.9	1164.9	1165.5	1870.0	1164.6	1165.6	1950.2	1165.4	1165.5	1961.6	1164.4	1165.1	1946.6	1165.1	1165.3
1892.2	1164.8	1165.5	1864.9	1165.4	1165.8	1901.2	1164.9	1165.5	1953.9	1163.7	1165.1	1885.1	1164.3	1165.3
1886.9	1164.5	1165.5	1856.2	1165.5	1165.9	1893.4	1164.5	1165.5	1949.0	1163.8	1165.1	1862.7	1164.1	1165.3
1875.7	1164.2	1165.5	1851.4	1165.2	1165.9	1881.7	1164.5	1165.5	1947.3	1165.5	1165.6	1853.9	1164.9	1165.4
1866.4	1164.5	1165.5	1835.0	1165.3	1166.0	1873 3	1164.4	1165.5	1919.6	1164 9	1165.6	1847 4	1165.0	1165.4

	2016	2016	2017	2018	2019
Avg. Water Surface Slope	0.0145	0.0143	0.0146	0.0145	0.0144
Riffle Length	24	24	25	20	22
Avg. Riffle Slope	0.0032	0.0055	0.0030	0.0087	0.0055
Pool Length	25	23	22	27	26
Pool to Pool Spacing	43	42	41	41	47



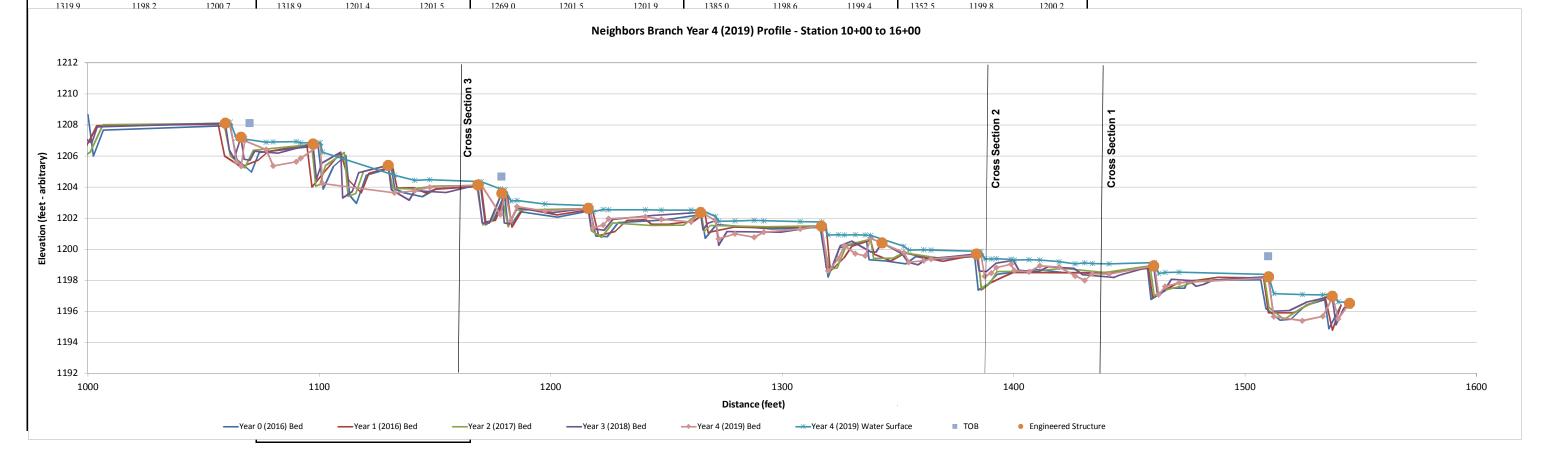
Project Name Reach Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch - Profile

Neighbors Branch, Station 10+00 - 16+00 Profile 7/10/19

Feature Date Crew Perkinson, Keith

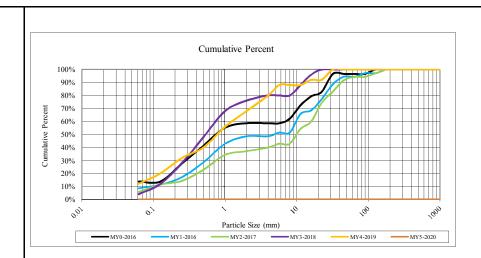
**	r entingon, reetin													
	2016			2016			2017			2018			2019	
Y	ear 0 Monitoring \Sur	rvey	Y	Year 1 Monitoring \S	Survey	Y	ear 2 Monitoring \S	Survey	,	Year 3 Monitoring \S	Survey	1	Year 4 Monitoring	Survey
Station	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation
1541.4	1196.4	1196.4	1541.4	1196.4	1196.4	1535.4	1197.0	1196.9	1545.0	1196.5	1196.6	1545.0	1196.5	1196.6
1536.2	1194.9	1196.4	1537.7	1194.8	1196.4	1524.5	1196.2	1196.9	1542.7	1196.2	1196.6	1540.2	1195.5	1196.6
1534.4	1196.7	1196.9	1534.6	1196.8	1196.9	1516.8	1195.5	1196.9	1539.2	1195.1	1196.5	1537.8	1196.9	1197.1
1526.1	1196.4	1196.9	1527.5	1196.5	1196.9	1510.4	1196.2	1196.9	1537.6	1197.0	1197.0	1533.6	1195.7	1197.0
1519.8	1195.5	1196.9	1521.1	1195.9	1196.9	1508.3	1198.2	1198.2	1526.8	1196.6	1197.0	1524.8	1195.4	1197.1
1515.2	1195.4	1196.9	1510.1	1195.9	1197.0	1478.7	1197.9	1198.3	1519.1	1196.0	1197.1	1512.5	1195.6	1197.1
1508.9	1196.2	1197.0	1507.9	1198.1	1198.3	1473.5	1197.6	1198.3	1512.1	1196.0	1197.1	1509.9	1198.1	1198.4
1506.7	1198.0	1198.2	1488.4	1198.2	1198.3	1465.3	1197.4	1198.4	1510.1	1198.2	1198.3	1471.4	1197.8	1198.5
1475.6	1198.0	1198.3	1475.6	1197.9	1198.3	1460.7	1197.0	1198.3	1486.0	1198.0	1198.4	1465.4	1197.6	1198.5
1473.9	1197.5	1198.3	1470.3	1197.8	1198.3	1458.8	1198.9	1198.9	1482.1	1197.7	1198.4	1462.6	1197.1	1198.4
1467.1	1197.5	1198.3	1460.0	1196.9	1198.3	1439.4	1198.5	1198.9	1478.8	1197.6	1198.4	1460.8	1198.9	1199.1
1459.3	1196.8	1198.4	1458.2	1198.8	1199.0	1421.4	1198.7	1199.0	1475.7	1198.0	1198.4	1441.2	1198.4	1199.0
1457.8	1198.8	1198.9	1434.3	1198.4	1199.0	1408.3	1198.6	1199.0	1468.2	1198.1	1198.4	1433.9	1198.4	1199.1
1439.1	1198.5	1199.0	1429.2	1198.5	1199.0	1392.8	1198.6	1199.0	1465.0	1197.3	1198.5	1430.7	1198.0	1199.1
1421.5	1198.5	1199.0	1399.7	1198.5	1199.1	1389.8	1197.8	1199.0	1462.1	1197.1	1198.5	1426.5	1198.3	1199.1
1410.0	1198.7	1199.0	1395.0	1198.2	1199.1	1386.0	1197.5	1199.0	1460.4	1198.9	1199.1	1419.7	1198.8	1199.2
1393.1	1198.4	1199.1	1390.1	1197.8	1199.1	1384.4	1199.6	1199.7	1445.7	1198.3	1199.0	1411.4	1198.9	1199.3
1388.5	1197.7	1199.0	1386.0	1197.4	1199.1	1367.0	1199.4	1199.7	1443.0	1198.2	1199.1	1406.6	1198.5	1199.3
1384.7	1197.4	1199.0	1384.5	1199.7	1199.7	1352.5	1199.8	1199.9	1442.8	1198.2	1199.1	1400.3	1198.6	1199.3
1383.2	1199.5	1199.7	1369.3	1199.2	1199.8	1348.0	1199.4	1199.9	1429.8	1198.4	1199.1	1398.8	1199.0	1199.3
1364.9	1199.3	1199.8	1353.1	1199.7	1199.9	1339.4	1199.4	1200.1	1426.0	1198.8	1199.0	1392.6	1198.8	1199.4
1357.6	1199.5	1199.9	1346.9	1199.2	1200.0	1338.2	1200.6	1200.7	1414.9	1198.9	1199.4	1390.4	1198.4	1199.4
1353.4	1199.0	1199.9	1339.7	1199.7	1200.2	1327.7	1200.3	1200.6	1410.5	1198.5	1199.3	1387.4	1198.2	1199.4
1344.8	1199.2	1199.9	1338.2	1200.6	1200.7	1323.7	1198.8	1200.6	1402.2	1198.6	1199.4	1385.9	1199.6	1199.8
1337.5	1199.3	1200.3	1330.0	1200.2	1200.7	1320.3	1198.7	1200.7	1399.9	1199.3	1199.4	1364.3	1199.4	1199.9
1336.4	1200.5	1200.7	1326.7	1199.4	1200.8	1316.8	1201.5	1201.5	1392.3	1199.1	1199.5	1361.1	1199.3	1200.0
1324.7	1200.1	1200.7	1320.8	1198.6	1200.7	1293.6	1201.4	1201.6	1388.2	1198.5	1199.5	1354.6	1199.1	1199.9
13199	1198.2	1200.7	1318 9	1201.4	1201.5	1269.0	1201.5	1201.9	1385.0	1198 6	1199 4	1352.5	1199.8	1200.2

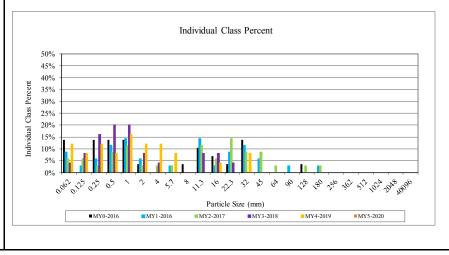
	2016	2016	2017	2018	2019
Avg. Water Surface Slope	0.0222	0.0220	0.0221	0.0225	0.0240
Riffle Length	28	26	31	19	18
Avg. Riffle Slope	0.0043	0.0046	0.0041	0.0082	0.0140
Pool Length	12	15	12	9	17
Pool to Pool Spacing	36	34	38	26	30



Project Name: Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site							
Cross-Section: 1							
	Feature	: Riffle		****			
D : //	35 4 1 1	G: ( )	TF 4 1 //	2019			
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	3	4%	4%		
	very fine sand	0.125	2	8%	12%		
	fine sand	0.250	3	16%	28%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	2	20%	48%		
	coarse sand	1.00	4	20%	68%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	3	8%	76%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	3	4%	80%		
	fine gravel	5.7	2	0%	80%		
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	80%		
	medium gravel	11.3	0	8%	88%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	1	8%	96%		
	course gravel	22.3	0	4%	100%		
	course gravel	32.0	2	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%		
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%		
G 111	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
<b>.</b>	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
TOTAL % of v	vhole count		25	100%	100%		

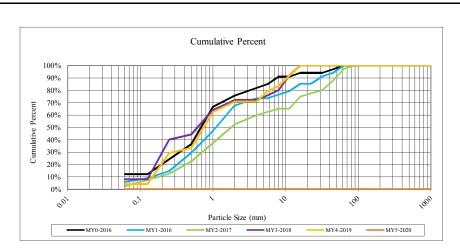
Summary Data					
D50	0.8				
D84	5				
D95	25				

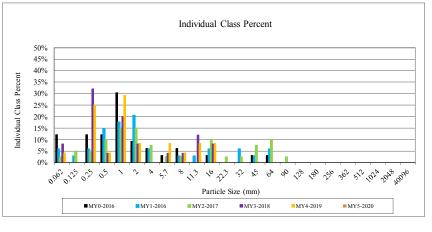




Project Name: Neighbors B		•	am and W	etland Rest	oration Site
	Cross-Se Feature				
	reature	Killie	1	2019	
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	1	8%	8%
V	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	8%
	fine sand	0.250	6	32%	40%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	1	4%	44%
	coarse sand	1.00	7	20%	64%
	very coarse sand	2.0	2	8%	72%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	72%
	fine gravel	5.7	2	4%	76%
	fine gravel	8.0	1	4%	80%
	medium gravel	11.3	2	12%	92%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	2	8%	100%
	course gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
Doulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
TOTAL % of w	hole count		24	100%	100%

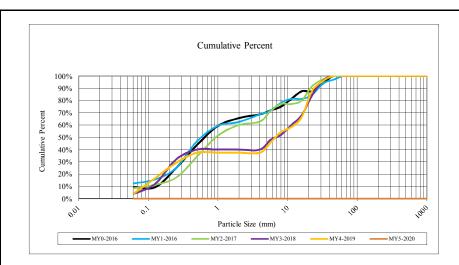
Summary Data						
D50	0.7					
D84	8					
D95	13					

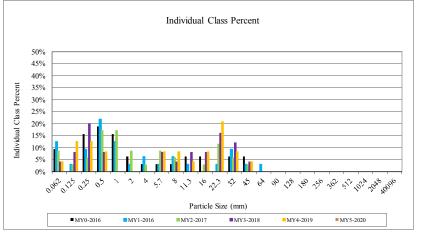




Project Name: Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site							
Cross-Section: 4  Feature: Riffle							
	reature	Кипе		2019			
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	1	4%	4%		
•	very fine sand	0.125	3	8%	12%		
	fine sand	0.250	3	20%	32%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	2	8%	40%		
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	40%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	40%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	40%		
	fine gravel	5.7	2	8%	48%		
	fine gravel	8.0	2	4%	52%		
	medium gravel	11.3	1	8%	60%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	2	8%	68%		
	course gravel	22.3	5	16%	84%		
	course gravel	32.0	2	12%	96%		
	very coarse gravel	45	0	4%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%		
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%		
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
·	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
Donaci	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
TOTAL % of v	vhole count		25	100%	100%		

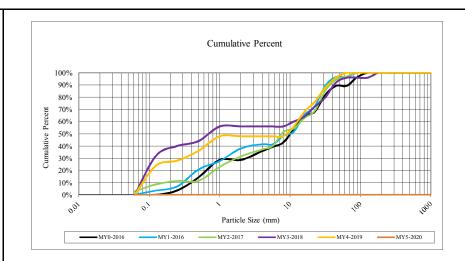
Summary Data					
D50	6.4				
D84	20				
D95	26				

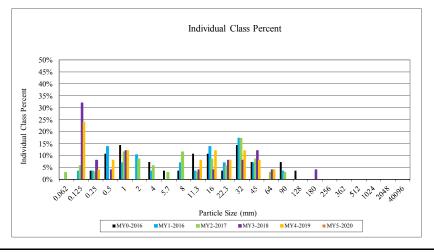




Project Name: Neighbors			am and W	etland Rest	oration Site
	Cross-Se				
	Feature	: Riffle		2010	
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	2019 Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%
Siluciay	very fine sand	0.002	6	32%	32%
	fine sand	0.250	1	8%	40%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	2	4%	44%
Sanu	coarse sand	1.00	3	12%	56%
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	56%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	56%
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	56%
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	56%
	medium gravel	11.3	2	4%	60%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	3	4%	64%
	course gravel	22.3	2	8%	72%
	course gravel	32.0	3	8%	80%
	very coarse gravel	45	2	12%	92%
	very coarse gravel	64	1	4%	96%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	96%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	96%
Copple	large cobble	180	0	4%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
Douluei	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
TOTAL % of	whole count		25	100%	100%

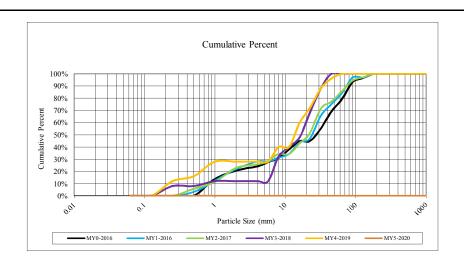
Summary Data					
D50	8.7				
D84	28				
D95	43				





Project Name: Neighbors	oject Name: Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site							
	Cross-Section: 8							
	Feature	Riffle	ı	2010				
Description	Material	Size (mm)	2019 Total # Item % Cum %					
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%			
Sit/Clay	very fine sand	0.062		0%	0%			
	fine sand	0.123	0	8%	8%			
Sand	medium sand	0.230	3	0%	8%			
Sanu			1					
	coarse sand	1.00	3	4%	12%			
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	12%			
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	12%			
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	12%			
	fine gravel	8.0	3	20%	32%			
	medium gravel	11.3	0	8%	40%			
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	5	8%	48%			
	course gravel	22.3	3	20%	68%			
	course gravel	32.0	4	20%	88%			
	very coarse gravel	45	2	12%	100%			
	very coarse gravel	64	1	0%	100%			
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%			
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%			
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%			
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%			
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%			
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%			
Donner	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%			
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%			
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%			
TOTAL % of	whole count		25	100%	100%			

Summary Da	ıta
D50	13.3
D84	29
D95	43



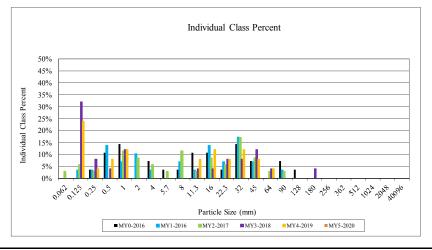


Table 10a. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Neighbors Creek) Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site - NCDMS Project Number 92872

Parameter	Gauge		Regional C	urve	Pre-Exist	ting Cor	ndition (	Neighbo	ors Cr)		Reference	Reach(	es) Data		Design	(Neighbo	ors Cr)	N	Ionitorin	ıg Baseli	ne (Neig	hbors Cı	r)
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Max	Med	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)					5.4			5.9			12.7						11.0	9.6		11.1	12.5		2
Floodprone Width (ft)					7.4			17.1			150						70			100			2
BF Mean Depth (ft)					0.9			1.1			0.9						0.8	0.8		0.8	0.8		2
BF Max Depth (ft)					1.2			1.5			1.2						1.1	1.5		1.7	1.8		2
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					4.9			6.5			11.4						8.3	8.0		9.0	9.9		2
Width/Depth Ratio					5.3			5.8			14.1						14.0	12.0		13.8	15.6		2
Entrenchment Ratio					1.4			2.9			11.8						6.4	8.0		9.2	10.4		2
Bank Height Ratio					1.6			2.6			1.0						1.0			1.0			2
Profile																•							
Riffle length (ft)																		5.4	28.3	25.5	64.7	18.2	13
Riffle slope (ft/ft)					0.025			0.035			0.0344						0.0120	0.0000	0.0043	0.0022	0.0121	0.0046	13
Pool length (ft)																		6.5	11.9	10.4	21.3	5.2	15
Pool Max depth (ft)					1.7			1.8			2.2						2.0	2.8		2.8	2.8		1
Pool spacing (ft)					16.4			99.2		38.8			64.7		33.0	56.1		7.0	36.1	37.9	74.7	19.8	15
Pattern																							
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					8			22		30.5			32		27.5	66		27.5			66		2
Radius of Curvature (ft)					5			22		14.5			20		22	44		22			44		2
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					0.9			1.5		1.1			1.6		2	4		2			4		2
Meander Wavelength (ft)					30			128		95			98		44	110		44			110		2
Meander Width ratio					1.5			4.1		2.4			2.5		4	10		4			10		2
Transport parameters																							
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>																							
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																							
Additional Reach Parameters																							
Rosgen Classification		G5/4 - E5/4 C								С				E	C C								
Bankfull Velocity (fps)			3.86 - 5.09																				
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)							25																
Valley Length (ft)																							
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																				54			
Sinuosity							)1 - 1.21					1.22				1.18				1.			
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)						0.01	9 - 0.02	04			(	0.0205				0.008				0.0			
BF slope (ft/ft)																				-			
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																							
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																							
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																							
Biological or Other					I																		

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Walton Crawley Property) Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site - NCDMS Project Number 92872

Parameter	Gauge		Regional C	urve	Pre-Exist	ing Cor	ndition (	WC Pro	operty)		Reference	Reach(	es) Data		Design	(WC Pro	operty)	M	Ionitorin	g Baseli	ne (WC	Property	y)
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Max	Med	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)					7.9			9.4			12.7						15.5	13.2		14.3	16.8		3
Floodprone Width (ft)					12.9			16.8			150				55	90				100			3
BF Mean Depth (ft)					0.8			0.9			0.9						1.1	1.3		1.4	1.5		3
BF Max Depth (ft)					0.9			1.1			1.2						1.4	1.9		2.0	2.0		3
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					6.2			8.4			11.4						16.6	17.6		19.4	25.0		3
Width/Depth Ratio					10.2			10.4			14.1						14.0	10.2		10.2	11.2		3
Entrenchment Ratio					1.6			1.8			11.8						4.5	6.0		7.0	7.6		3
Bank Height Ratio					1.0			2.8			1.0						1.0			1.0			3
Profile																							
Riffle length (ft)																		6.7	23.9	16.2	58.1	18	20
Riffle slope (ft/ft)					0.024			0.030			0.0344						0.0077	0.0000	0.0032	0.0018	0.0113	0.0036	20
Pool length (ft)																		7.9	24.8	24.8	63.1	10.8	27
Pool Max depth (ft)					1.9			2.1			2.2						2.4	1.3		1.4	1.5		2
Pool spacing (ft)					6.0			40.8		38.8			64.7		15.5	79.2		14.9	42.5	36.4	93.6	21.3	27
Pattern																							
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					16			25		30.5			32		38.8	93		38.8			93		2
Radius of Curvature (ft)					5			14		14.5			20		31	62		31			62		2
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					0.5			1.5		1.1			1.6		2	4		2			4		2
Meander Wavelength (ft)					103			121		95			98		77.5	155		77.5			155		2
Meander Width ratio					11			12.9		2.4			2.5		5	10		5			10		2
Transport parameters																							
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>																							
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																							
Additional Reach Parameters																							
Rosgen Classification		B/G							C				C				E/	C					
Bankfull Velocity (fps)				3.9-7.5																			
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)							24-63																
Valley Length (ft)																							
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																				11			
Sinuosity							.01-1.2					1.22				1.1				1.			
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)						0.01	35-0.03	40			(	0.0205				0.0045				0.0			
BF slope (ft/ft)																				-			
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																							
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																							
	Channel Stability or Habitat Metric							-															
Biological or Other																							

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections)

Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site - NCDMS Project Number 92872

		Cre	oss Section	1 (Neigh	bors Brai	nch)			Cro	oss Section	n 2 (Neigh	bors Brai	nch)			Cre	oss Section	n 3 (Neigh	bors Brai	nch)	
Parameter				Riffle							Pool							Riffle			
Dimension*	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)	12.5	11.1	11.9	9.5	9.8			8.5	10.4	9.7	12.8	11.7			9.6	8.7	8.9	8.2	8.5		
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.0			1.6	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.2			0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0		
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.9			2.8	2.9	3.0	2.2	2.2			1.5	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8		
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.7	1.9			2.8	2.9	3.0	2.2	2.2			1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	9.9	9.6	9.5	9.5	9.5			13.6	14.1	14.0	14.0	14.0			8.0	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1		
Width/Depth Ratio	15.8	12.8	14.9	9.5	10.1			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			11.5	9.3	9.8	8.3	8.9		
Entrenchment Ratio	8.0	9.0	8.4	10.5	10.2			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			10.4	11.5	11.2	12.2	11.8		
Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	·		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0		
d50 (mm)	0.8	4.9	9.8	0.8	0.8										0.7	1.1	1.8	0.8	0.7		

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning in Year 3 (2018), the bankfull elevation and channel cross section dimensions are calculated using a fixed Abkf as described in the Standard Measurement of the BHR Monitoring Parameter provided by NCIRT and NCDMS (9/2018).

Table 11b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary
Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site - NCDMS Project Number 92872

Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Bra Parameter				ghbors Br			Ť		7-1 (Neigh	bors Bra	nch)			M	Y-2 (Neig	hbors Bra	nch)			M	Y-3 (Neigl	ibors Bra	nch)			MY	-4 (Neigh	ibors Brai	nch)			MY	7-5 (Neigh	bors Bran	ch)	
									( 8						, ··· 8												, · · · <b>g</b>						· ( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)	9.6		11.1	12.5		2	8.7		9.9	11.1		2	8.9		10.4	11.9		2	8.2		9.0	9.7		2	8.5		9.2	9.8		2						
Floodprone Width (ft)			100			2			100			2			100			2			100			2			100			2						
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.8		0.8	0.8		2	0.9		0.9	0.9		2	0.8		0.9	0.9		2	1.0		1.0	1.0		2	1.0		1.0	1.0		2						
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.5		1.7	1.8		2	1.5		1.6	1.6		2	1.6		1.7	1.8		2	1.7		1.7	1.7		2	1.8		1.9	1.9		2						
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	8.0		9.0	9.9		2	8.1		8.9	9.6		2	8.1		8.8	9.5		2	8.1		8.8	9.5		2	8.1		8.8	9.5		2						
Width/Depth Ratio	12.0		13.8	15.6		2	9.7		11.0	12.3		2	9.9		12.4	14.9		2	8.3		9.1	9.9		2	8.9		9.5	10.1		2						
Entrenchment Ratio	8.0		9.2	10.4		2	9.0		10.3	11.5		2	8.4		9.8	11.2		2	10.3		11.3	12.2		2	10.2		11.0	11.8		2						
Bank Height Ratio			1.0			2			1.0			2			1.0			2	1.0		1.0	1.1		2	1.0		1.0	1.0		2						
Profile																																				
Riffle length (ft)	5.4	28.3	25.5	64.7	18.2	13	7.2	26.2	24.9	58.5	17.6	12	8	31	30	66	18	12	2	19	13	55	15	19	6	18	16	39	10	13						•
Riffle slope (ft/ft)	0.0000	0.0043	0.0022	0.0121	0.0046	5 13	0.0000	0.0046	0.0035	0.0157	0.0046	12	0.0000	0.0041	0.0028	0.0143	0.0042	12	0.0000	0.0082	0.0026	0.0482	0.0127	19	0.0000	0.0140	0.0057	0.0657	0.0204	13.0000						
Pool length (ft)	7	12	10	21	5	15	7	15	15	26	5	16	4	12	11	27	6	14	3	9	8	20	4	21	5	17	12	48	13	16						
Pool Max depth (ft)	2.8		2.8	2.8		1	2.9		2.9	2.9		1	3.0		3.0	3.0		1	2.2		2.2	2.2		1.0	2.2		2.2	2.2		1.0						
Pool spacing (ft)	7	36	38	75	20	15	7	34	32	74	19	16	11	38	38	74	19	14	7	26	26	63	15	21	10	30	26	70	16	15						
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	27.5			66		2																														
Radius of Curvature (ft)	22			44		2																														
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	2			4		2																														
Meander Wavelength (ft)	44			110		2																														
Meander Width ratio	4			10		2																														
Additional Reach Parameters																																				
Rosgen Classification			E/C	C-type					E/C	-type					E/C	C-type					E/C	-type					E/C	-type								
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)			5	541					5.	47					:	538					5	48					4	84								
Sinuosity			1	.18					1.	18					1	.18					1	.18					1.	.18								
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0	0222					0.0	022					0.	0221					0.0	)225					0.0	024								
BF slope (ft/ft)			-						-												-						-									
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%																																				
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																																				
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																																				
% of Reach with Eroding Banks				0						0						0						0				•	•	0	•			•				
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																																				

Table 11c. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections)

Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site - NCDMS Project Number 92872

		Cro	ss Section	a 4 (Walto	on Crawle	y Br)			Cro	oss Section	15 (Walto	n Crawley	(Br)			Cro	ss Section	6 (Walto	n Crawley	Br)			Cr	oss Section	7 (Walte	on Crawle	y Br)			Cre	oss Section	n 8 (Walto	on Crawle	y Br)	
Parameter				Riffle							Pool							Riffle							Pool							Riffle			
Dimension*	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)	13.2	13.1	13.0	13.0	12.7			11.9	11.7	11.9	12.2	11.4			14.3	14.5	14.2	13.2	14.6			12.2	13.0	12.6	13.0	12.5			16.8	16.9	17.4	17.2	17.9		
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4			2.8	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.1			1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.4			2.7	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7			1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5		
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2			3.7	4.0	4.1	3.6	3.9			2.0	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.4			3.4	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.5			2.0	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.4		
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.5			3.7	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.1			2.0	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.4			3.4	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.1			2.0	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.4		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	17.6	18.2	17.9	17.9	17.9			32.9	35.2	35.1	35.1	35.1			19.4	19.5	20.2	20.2	20.2			33.0	35.9	34.1	34.1	34.1			25.0	24.4	27.0	27.0	27.0		
Width/Depth Ratio	9.9	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			10.5	10.8	10.0	8.6	10.6			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			11.3	11.7	11.2	11.0	11.9		
Entrenchment Ratio	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.9			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			7.0	6.9	7.0	7.6	6.8			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			6.0	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.6		
Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
d50 (mm)	0.7	0.6	0.9	7.0	6.4										99	9.4	77	0.8	8.7										26.5	23.4	20.9	18.0	13.3	1	

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning in Year 3 (2018), the bankfull elevation and channel cross section dimensions are calculated using a fixed bankfull Area as described in the Standard Measurement of the BHR Monitoring Parameter provided by NCIRT and NCDMS (9/2018).

Table 11d. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary
Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Stream and Wetland Restoration Site - NCDMS Project Number 92872

Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Bra	anch stre					DMS FIG	ject Num																													
Parameter		Base	eline (Walt	on Crawle	ey Br)			MY	-1 (Waltor	n Crawley	Br)			MY	7-2 (Walto	n Crawley	(Br)			MY	Y-3 (Walto	n Crawle	y Br)			MY	7-4 (Walto	on Crawle	y Br)			MY	-5 (Walto	n Crawley	Br)	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)	13.2		14.3	16.8		3	13.1		14.5	16.9		3	13.0		14.2	17.4		3	13.0	)	13.2	17		3	12.7		14.6	17.9		3						
Floodprone Width (ft)			100			3			100			3			100			3			100			3			100			3	<b>⊥</b>					
BF Mean Depth (ft)			1.4	1.5		3	1.3		1.4	1.4		3	1.4		1.4	1.5		3	1.4		1.5	1.6		3	1.4		1.4	1.5		3	<b>⊥</b>					
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.9		2.0	2.0		3	1.9		2.0	2.0		3	2.0		2.0	2.1		3	2.0		2.4	2.5		3	2.2		2.4	2.4		3	<b>⊥</b>					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	17.6		19.4	25.0		3	18.2		19.5	24.4		3	17.9		20.2	27.0		3	17.9	1	20.2	26.4		3	17.9		20.2	27.0		3						
Width/Depth Ratio	10.2		10.2	11.2		3	9.4		11.2	12.1		3	9.3		10.1	11.6		3	8.6		9.4	10.9		3	9.0		10.6	11.9		3						
Entrenchment Ratio	6.0		7.0	7.6		3	5.9		6.9	7.6		3	5.7		7.0	7.7		3	5.9		7.6	7.7		3	5.6		6.8	7.9		3	1					
Bank Height Ratio			1.0			3			1.0			3			1.0			3	1.0		1.0	1.1		3	1.0		1.0	1.1		3	1					
Profile																																				
Riffle length (ft)	6.7	23.9	16.2	58.1	18	20	6	24	20	73	17	22	7	25	19	72	19	21	3	20	16	58	14	19	6	22	17	62	17	19	Ί					
Riffle slope (ft/ft)	0.0000	0.0032	0.0018	0.0113	0.0036	20	0.0000	0.0055	0.0015	0.0241	0.0071	21	0.0000	0.0030	0.0013	0.0124	0.0041	21	0.000	0.0087	0.0040	0.0481	0.0131	19.00	0.0000	0.0055	0.0021	0.0303	0.0082	18.0000	,					
Pool length (ft)	8	25	25	63	11	27	6	23	22	41	9	27	6	22	20	57	10	28	5	27	25	63	14	28	9	26	25	58	12	28						
Pool Max depth (ft)	1.3		1.4	1.5		2	3.2		3.6	4.0		2	3.3		3.7	4.1		2	3.0		3.3	3.6		2.0	3.5		3.7	3.9		2.0						
Pool spacing (ft)	15	43	36	94	21	27	20	42	35	94	19	27	6	41	35	94	22	28	6	41	37	102	21	28	20	47	42	113	24	28						
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	38.8			93		2																														
Radius of Curvature (ft)	31			62		2																														
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	2			4		2																														
Meander Wavelength (ft)				155		2																														
Meander Width ratio	5			10		2																														
Additional Reach Parameters																																				
Rosgen Classification			E/C	-type			l		E/C-	-type					E/C	-type			T		E/C	-type			T .		E/C	-type			$\overline{}$					-
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)				148					11							141						147						147							-	
Sinuosity			1	.1					1.	.1					1	.1					1	.1					1	1.1								
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0	145					0.0	143					0.0	)146					0.0	145					0.0	0144								-
BF slope (ft/ft)															-						-															
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%																																				
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																															1					
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																																				
% of Reach with Eroding Banks				0					(	0						0						0						0								
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																															1					

## Appendix E. Hydrology Data

Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events
Table 13. Wetland Hydrology Criteria Attainment Summary
Figure E1. 30-70 Percentile Graph for Rainfall
Groundwater Gauge Graphs

**Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events** 

Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Site (DMS Project Number 92872)

Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo (if available)
August 19, 2016	July 4, 2016	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after approximately 1.88 inches of rain documented* in one day.	
May 18, 2017	April 23, 2017	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after approximately 1.76 inches of rain documented* in one day.	
May 9, 2018	April 24, 2018	Crest gauge data along with wrack observed on the floodplains of both Neighbors Branch and Walton Crawley Branch indicate a bankfull event after 3.89 inches of rain documented** over two days.	1-2
September 25, 2018	September 16, 2018	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after 2.42 inches of rain** resulting from the remnants of Hurricane Florence.	
November 8, 2018	October 11, 2018	Crest gauge data along with wrack, sediment, and laid-back vegetation indicate a bankfull event after 2.79 inches of rain** resulting from Hurricane Michael.	3
November 13, 2019	October 31, 2019	Crest gauge data along with visual evidence throughout the site indicate an overbank event occurred after approximately 3.15 inches of rain***	4

<sup>\*</sup>Weather Underground 2017

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> National Weather Service



Photo 3: Wrack, sediment, and laid back vegetation in the floodplain of Neighbors Branch



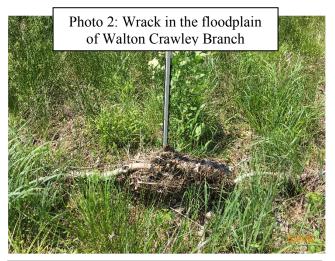


Photo 4: Reclining vegetation in the floodplain of Neighbors Branch



<sup>\*\*</sup>Weather Underground 2018

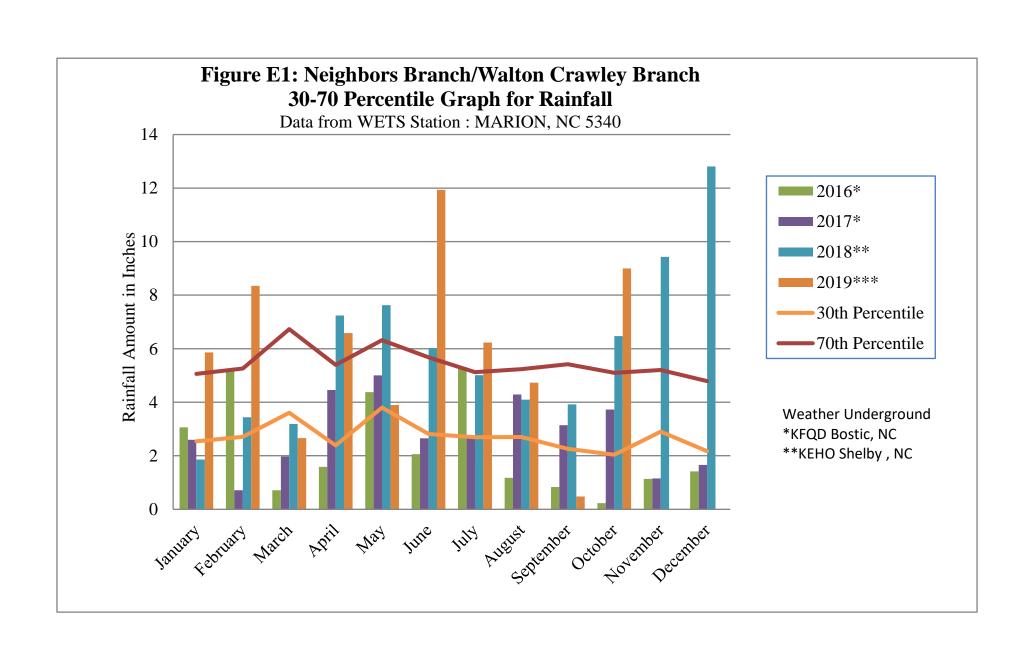
Table 13. Wetland Hydrology Criteria Attainment Summary Neighbors Branch/Walton Crawley Branch Site (DMS Project Number 92872)

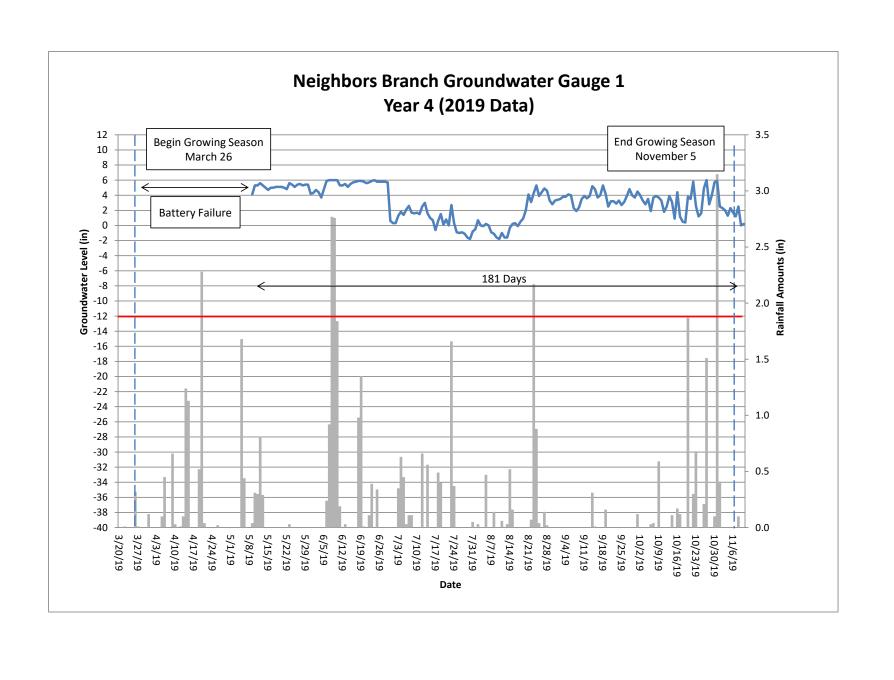
Gauge	Success Crit		Consecutive Days D Percentage)	uring Growing S	eason
	Year 1 (2016)	Year 2 (2017)	Year 3 (2018)	Year 4 (2019)	Year 5 (2020)
1	Yes/208 Days (92.4%)	Yes/225 Days* (100%)	Yes/225 Days** (100%)	Yes/181 Days (80%)	
2	Yes/164 Days (72.9%)	Yes/225 Days (100%)	Yes/225 Days^ (100%)	Yes/181 Days (80%)	

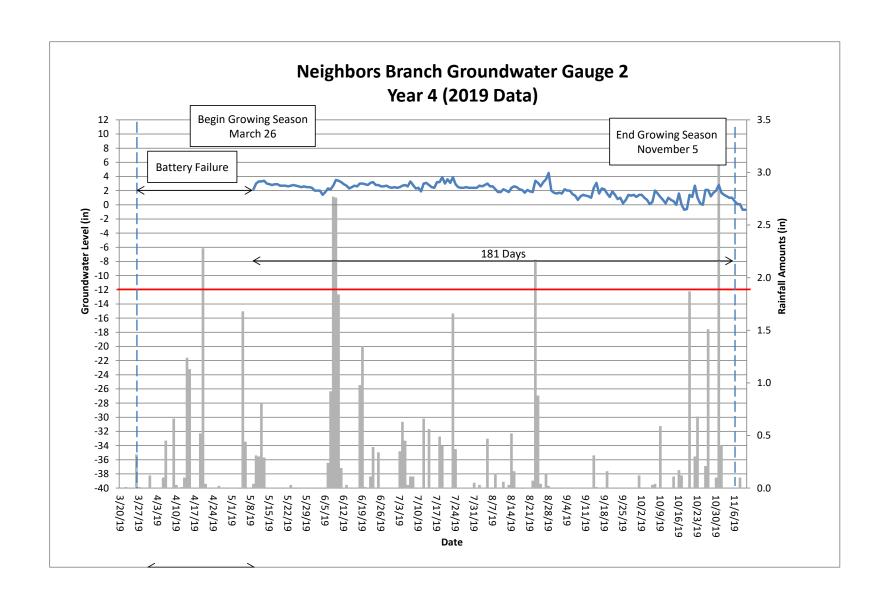
<sup>\*</sup>Gauge 1 malfunctioned for 6 days (July 29 to August 3, 2017); however, based on precipitation data as well as data from Gauge 2, it is expected that this gauge would have continued to be saturated/inundated during this 6 day period.

\*\*Gauge 1 batteries died several time throughout the growing season due to excessive inundation resulting in data loss; however, groundwater was at or near the soil surface for the entire 2018 growing season.

^Gauge 2 missed several days of data collection due to a malfunction caused by excessive inundation during the remnants of Hurricane Florence. It began collecting points again once overbank flow receded.







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Appendix F. Remedial Action
Progress Report for Neighbors Branch (DMS #92872) and Bobs Creek (DMS #92879) Invasive Vegetation Management



## Progress Report for Neighbors Branch (DMS #92872) and Bobs Creek (DMS #92879) Invasive Vegetation Management

### 15 August 2019:

Jason York worked at Bob's Creek. A foliar spray using 3% glyphosate (Rodeo) was applied to Privet (*Ligustrum sp.*) and Multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) on the field edges and banks of Bobs Creek in polygons 3 and 4 (see attached map). A small patch of Privet was found in polygon 5 along the stream bank. Stems were either hand-pulled or cut and stump treated with 50% glyphosate in an area approximately 150 sq. feet. Polygon 6 was inspected and only one stem of Tree of Heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*) was found and was cut and stump treated with 50% glyphosate. Polygon 9 was also inspected, and no invasive species were found. In total 4 gallons of 3% glyphosate and 12 ounces of 50% glyphosate were used.

#### 4 September 2019:

Jason York worked at Neighbors Branch in polygon 6, where a moderately dense infestation of *Ailanthus* is located. Hack and squirt and cut stump applications were performed using 50% glyphosate. Individual stems are scattered throughout the polygon but concentrated along the stream channel and road. 84 ounces of 50 glyphosate were used.

#### **19 September 2019:**

Jason York and Holland Youngman worked at Neighbors Branch in polygons 6, 9, and 10. Foliar spray using 3% glyphosate was applied to the "vegetation problem areas" in polygon 9. This consisted of mostly Privet, although one stem of Ailanthus was encountered and treated using the hack and squirt method with 50% glyphosate. Foliar spray was applied from the edges of the areas (the road and along the stream side) and a repeat treatment will be done after the initial spray has defoliated the Privet and exposes stems growing in the "interior" of the dense patches. A few scattered stems of multiflora rose were also found. A small patch of kudzu is located near the wetland area towards the upstream end of the first "vegetation problem area." This was foliar sprayed along with the Privet, however it will most likely need retreatment and mechanical removal as kudzu does not always respond well to glyphosate. Several small Privet stems were either hand-pulled or stump treated with 50% glyphosate in the "veg problem area" on the western side of the stream channel. The infestation has spread beyond the previously identified boundaries and will require further mechanical and chemical treatment.



A kudzu patch along the road between polygon 9 and 10 was foliar sprayed using 4% triclopyr (Element 3A). The patch extends uphill towards the private residence and was sprayed along the eastern side of the road up to the point where the easement diverges from the gravel road. Polygon 10 was inspected and only two small stems of multi-flora rose were found and stump treated using 50% glyphosate.

Hack and squirt and cut stump application continued in polygon 6 on *Ailanthus*. Approximately ¾ of the stems have been treated. Some stems remain untreated towards the uphill part of the polygon.

In total 8 gallons of 3% glyphosate, 4 gallons of 4% triclopyr, and 21 ounces of 50% glyphosate were used.

