Monitoring Report

Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site EEP Contract 004739 EEP Project Number 95363

Monitoring Year 01



Prepared for:



NCEEP, 1652 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

Construction Completed: March 2014 Data Collection: 2014 Submitted: December 2014

Design and Monitoring Firm



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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY / PROJECT ABSTRACT

The Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site, (TBWRS) completed in March 2014, restored 10.6 acres of non-riparian wetland along with 0.4 acre of upland preservation. The TBWRS is a non-riparian wetland system in the Cape Fear Basin (03030007 8-digit HUC) in southern Duplin County, North Carolina. Historically, the project area has been substantially modified to maximize row crop production. The project offers the chance to restore impacted agricultural lands to non-riparian wetland habitat. The project is located in the 14-digit HUC 03030007090040 (Rock Fish Creek), which the EEP has identified as a Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) (NCDENR, EEP 2009).

The project site is protected by an 11.72-acre permanent conservation easement held by the State of North Carolina. TBWRS is located on a single parcel located off of Cornwallis Road approximately two miles northwest of Wallace, North Carolina. The project site is bounded by Cornwallis Road to the west, a ditch along the property line to the south, and agricultural land to the east and north. Prior to construction, the site was actively used for row crop farming. The site had a long history of hydrologic modification in order to allow for farming to take place on the property.

The Cape Fear River Basin Restoration Priorities state the goals for the TBWRS's 14-digit HUC are to expand restoration opportunities and repair riparian buffers (NCDENR EEP, 2009). The project goals for TBWRS are in line with the basin priorities and include the following:

- Slow and treat the runoff of upslope agricultural drainage.
- Restore a Hardwood Flats Community.
- Develop valuable wetland habitat niches within a drained agricultural landscape.

The project goals will be addressed through the following objectives:

- Fill field ditches to restore surface flow retention and elevate local groundwater levels.
- Redevelop longer wetland flow patterns to increase surface flow retention time.
- Modify an existing pond to its natural seep condition to feed the downslope wetland.
- Restore a native forested hardwood wetland community using natives trees and seed mixes.

There are three non-credit generating areas on the site. There is 0.4-acre of uplands located in the forested northeastern corner of the project boundary. This area remained undisturbed and is included in the TBWRS conservation easement. There is a 0.2 acre utility easement on the west side of the site along Cornwallis Road that remained undisturbed. Additionally, the southernmost ditch, located adjacent to project easement, was left open and not filled. It is anticipated that leaving this ditch open will have minimal impacts to the overall hydrologic performance of the site. The hydrologic influence of this ditch was modeled using Lateral Effect, a software program that determines the lateral effect of a drainage ditch or borrow pit on adjacent wetland hydrology (NCSU BAE, 2011). This analysis determined that the potential horizontal drainage influence averages 76'. Due to the fact that the southern ditch cannot be filled because of the potential for hydrologic trespass, the area immediately adjacent to the ditch will not be a credit generating part of the site. It is assumed that with the onsite modifications, such as filling ditches and surface roughening, the entire site will have more surface and groundwater, which may decrease the effect of the ditch. For this reason, the non-credit generating portion of the site is assumed to be half of the zone of influence for the ditch.

The TBWRS provided mitigation for wetland impacts within Hydrologic Unit 03030007 by restoring 10.6 acres of wetland and preserving 0.4-acre of uplands, generating 10.6 riparian wetland mitigation units (WMU's). The TBWRS will be monitored to determine if the project is on-track to meeting jurisdictional wetland status. The wetland site will be deemed successful once hydrology is established and vegetation success criteria are met.

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report and in the Mitigation Plan documents available on the EEPs website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices are available from EEP upon request.

2.0 MONITORING RESULTS

The TBWRS will be monitored to determine if the project is on-track to meeting jurisdictional wetland status. The wetland restoration area will be deemed successful once hydrology is established and vegetation success criteria are met. The site will be monitored for at least seven years or until the success criteria are achieved.

2.1 VEGETATION MONITORING

The success criteria for the planted species in the mitigation area will be based on survival and growth. The site will demonstrate the re-establishment of targeted vegetative communities based on survival and growth of planted species and volunteer colonization, with an average stem density of 320 stems/acre after three years, 288 stems/acre after four years, 260 stems/acre after five years, and 210 stems/acre after seven years to be considered successful. To determine the success of the planted mitigation area, ten permanent vegetation monitoring plots (10 by 10 meters) have been established in the wetland restoration area at a density that statistically represents the total mitigation acreage. The average density of these plots will determine whether the site meets success criterion.

The first-year vegetation monitoring was based on the Level 2 CVS-EEP vegetation monitoring protocol. The site's average density for this monitoring period was 894 planted stems/acre. All ten plots had greater than 320 planted stems/acre. Including volunteers, the site averaged 955 total stems/acre. In general the site is well vegetated, with widespread herbaceous coverage and healthy planted stems.

2.2 HYDROLOGY MONITORING

Wetland hydrology will be monitored with a series of automatic gauges that record water table depth. The site must present continuous saturated or inundated hydrologic conditions for an average of 8% of the growing season with a 50% probability of reoccurrence during normal weather conditions. A "normal" year is based on NRCS climatological data for Duplin County using the 30th to 70th percentile thresholds as the range of normal as documented in the USACE Technical Report "Accessing and Using Meteorological Data to Evaluate Wetland Hydrology, April 2000." The soil survey for Duplin County does not contain growing season data; therefore, due to its close proximity, the Sampson County soil survey was used. The estimated growing season begins March 18 and ends November 11 (239 days). The water table of the restored wetlands must be within 12" of the soils surface continuously for at least 8% (19 days) of the 239-day growing season. KCI will monitor soil temperature to verify that the local growing season is consistent with the NRCS published data and reserves the right to present this information as a modifier to the number of days of saturation that is required to achieve jurisdictional status. Wetland hydrology will be monitored with sixteen automatic gauges that record water table depth.

Due to the inherent variability in the site's soils and associated drainage characteristics, it is unlikely that the project will exhibit uniform hydrologic conditions across the site, making a single hydrologic performance criterion unrepresentative of the site's performance. As such, the gauge data can be evaluated and presented as a spatial average with each gauge representing the area half the distance to adjacent gauges.

The spatial average will be the calculated value for comparison with the performance standard for credit validation. Gauges representing areas not achieving a minimum of 6.5% saturation will be considered non-attaining even if the spatial average exceeds the credit validation performance standard.

The wetland gauges will be checked and/or downloaded every other month. Daily data will be collected from the automatic gauges over the 7-year monitoring period.

To monitor the effect of the unfilled ditch described in Section 1.0, four sets of coupled gauges were installed perpendicular to the unfilled ditch. Each set includes a gauge that is 40' from the open ditch and another that is 75' from the ditch. An additional two gauges were installed between the coupled gauges to monitor hydrology less than 40' from the open ditch in the non-credit bearing zone. This data was collected for informational/research purposes only.

The daily rainfall data were obtained from the NC State Climate Office for a local weather station in Wallace, NC. In 2014, the months of April and June experienced above average rainfall, while March and May experienced average rainfall. The months of July, August, September, October, and November recorded below average rainfall for the site. Overall, the area experienced below average rainfall during the 2014 growing season.

During the site's first growing season, all four of the gauges located 75' from the ditch had continuous saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for 8% (19 days) of the 239 day growing season (March 18 to November 11). Two of the four gauges located 40' from the ditch also met this metric while neither of the two gauges located less than 40' from the ditch achieved 8% continuous saturation. In the restoration area, only two gauges were below 8% saturation. These two gauges, Gauges 12 and 13, both had continuous saturation for approximately 6% of the growing season, only 5 days less than the 8% metric. It is expected that with more establishment time, all of the gauges within the credit bearing area will be above 8% in future monitoring years. Since gauges 12 and 13 were below 6.5% continuous saturation, these gauges were excluded from the analysis to determine the spatial average for the hydrology of the entire site. The exclusion of these two gauges lead to 2.43 acres of the 10.6 acre wetland restoration area being excluded, for a total of 8.17 acres. This analysis is based off percent saturation contours for the restoration area calculated from the gauge data. Because there was not a gauge installed in the central northern portion of the site, an estimated data point was used to create the contours. The percent saturation for this data point is based on comparing observations in this location to the conditions at the other gauges. Since this portion of the site has an active seep, it has more standing water and is the most frequently saturated part of the site. For this reason, the percent saturation for this data point was made to match the highest of all of the established gauges. Before the 2015 growing season begins, an additional gauge will be installed within this part of the site. Following the method described above and as illustrated in the figure in Appendix D, it is determined that based on the spatial average, the attaining portion of the site was continuously saturated for 10.8% of the growing season and met the hydrology success criteria of 8% for the first year of monitoring. As mentioned above, it is expected that the entire site will attain the hydrology success criteria in future years.

3.0 METHODOLOGY

The CVS-EEP protocol, Level 2 (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm) was used to collect vegetation data from the site. The vegetation monitoring was completed on November 3, 2014.

4.0 REFERNCES

Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm)

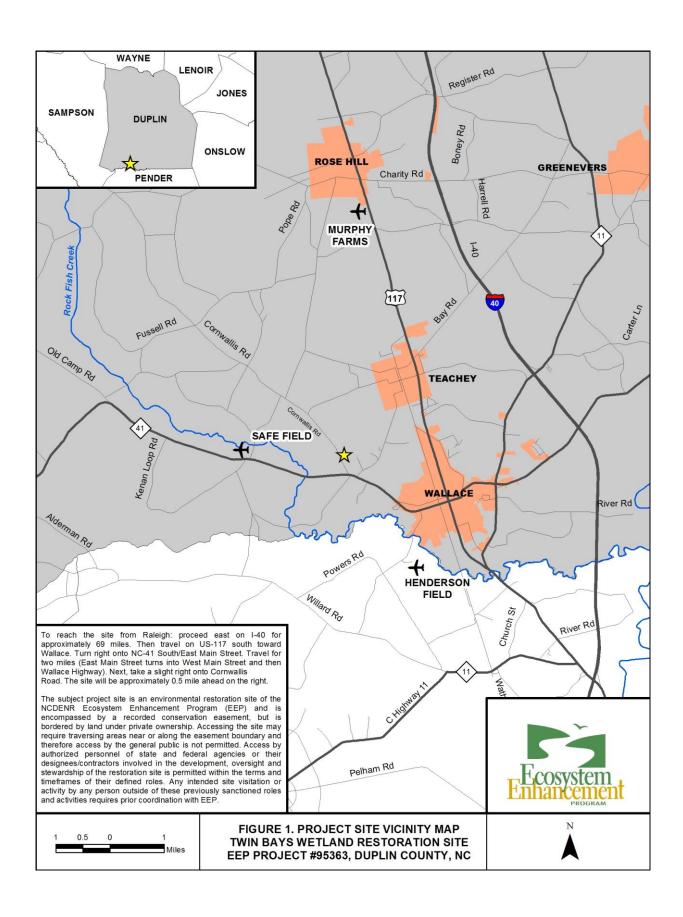
NCDENR, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. 2009. Lower Yadkin Pee-Dee River Basin Priorities 2009. Raleigh, NC. http://www.nceep.net/services/restplans/Yadkin_Pee_Dee_RBRP_2009_Final.pdf

NCSU BAE. North Carolina State University, Biological and Agricultural Engineering. 2011. Method to Determine Lateral Effect of a Drainage Ditch on Adjacent Wetland Hydrology. Last accessed 11/2012 at: http://www.bae.ncsu.edu/soil_water/projects/lateral_effect.html

USACE. 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. USACE, NCDENR-DWQ, USEPA, NCWRC.

Appendix A

Project Vicinity Map and Background Tables



Twin Bays Wetla	nd Restora	ation Site,	EEP Proj	ect # 9530	53				
			-		ation Cr	edits			
	Stre	Stream Riparian Non-riparian Buffer Wetland				Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphorous Nutrient Offset	
Type	R	RE	R	RE	R	RE			
Acres					10.6				
Credits					10.6				
TOTAL CREDITS						10.6			
				Project	Compo	nents			
Project Component -or- Reach ID	Loca	oning/ ation	Exis Foot Acre	age/		proach PII etc.)	Restoration -or- Restoration Equivalent	Restoration Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio
Wetland Area	Southern of pr	al and n portion roject ment	10.6	10.6 acres -			Restoration	10.6 acres	1:1
				Compon	ent Sum	mation			
Restoration Level		eam r feet)		rian Wetla (acres)	and		arian Wetland acres)	Buffer (square feet)	Upland (acres)
			Riverine		on- rerine				
Restoration						10	.6 acres		
Enhancement									
Enhancement I									
Enhancement II									
Creation									
Preservation									0.4 acre
High Quality Preservation									
TOTAL		-	1		-	10.	.6 acres	-	0.4 acre
TOTAL WMU			-		-		10.6	-	-

Table 2. Project Activity & Reporting History Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site, EEP Project # 95363		
Activity or Report	Data Collection Complete	Actual Completion or Delivery
Mitigation Plan		Oct 13
Final Design - Construction Plans		Dec 13
Construction		Feb/March 14
Planting		March 14
Baseline Monitoring/Report	April 14	May 14
Year 1 Monitoring	Nov 14	Dec 14

Table 3. Project Contacts Twin Bays Wetland Restoration	Site FEP Project # 95363										
Design Firm KCI Associates of North Carolina, PC											
Design I II III	Landmark Center II. Suite 220										
	4601 Six Forks Rd.										
	Raleigh, NC 27609										
	Contact: Mr. Tim Morris										
	Phone: (919) 278-2512										
	Fax: (919) 783-9266										
Construction Contractor	KCI Environmental Technologies and Construction, Inc.										
	Landmark Center II, Suite 220										
	4601 Six Forks Rd.										
	Raleigh, NC 27609										
	Contact: Mr. Tim Morris Phone: (919) 278-2512 Fax: (919) 783- 9266										
Planting Contractor	Forestree Management Co.										
g	1280 Maudis Road										
	Bailey, NC 27807										
	Contact: Mr. Tony Cortez										
	Phone: (252) 243-2513										
Monitoring Performers											
MY-00-01	KCI Associates of North Carolina, PC										
	Landmark Center II, Suite 220										
	4601 Six Forks Rd.										
	Raleigh, NC 27609										
	Contact: Mr. Adam Spiller										
	Phone: (919) 278-2514										
	Fax: (919) 783-9266										

Table 4. Project Information Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site,	FFP Project # 95363										
Project Name	EET Troject# 95505	Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Si	te								
County	Duplin County										
Project Area (acres)	11.72 acres										
Project Coordinates (lat. and long.)	34.748418 N , -78.027129 W										
	Project Watershed Summary Information										
Physiographic Province	Coastal Plain										
River Basin	Cape Fear										
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit	03030007	USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-dig	it 03030007090040								
DWQ Sub-basin		18-74-29b									
Project Drainage Area (acres)		25.4 acres									
Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area		2%									
CGIA Land Use Classification	93% Cultivated, 2%	6 Mixed Shrubland, and 5% Low-Ir	tensity Development								
Wet	land Summary Informa	ation (Post-Restoration)									
Parameters		Wetland Area									
Size of Wetland (acres)		10.6 acres									
Wetland Type (non-riparian, riparian riverine or riparian non-riverine)	Non-riparian										
Mapped Soil Series	(Torhunta, Murvi	Rains lle/Leon and Udorthents by detailed	l soil investigation)								
Drainage class	,	Poorly drained	,								
Soil Hydric Status		Drained Hydric									
Source of Hydrology		Hillside seepage / precipitation									
Hydrologic Impairment		Ditching and Crops									
Native vegetation community		Hardwood Flats Community									
Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation		0%									
	Regulatory Cor	nsiderations	g 41								
Regulation	Applicable?	Resolved?	Supporting Documentation								
Waters of the United States – Section 404	Yes	Yes, received 404 permit	N/A								
Waters of the United States – Section 401	Yes	Yes, received 401 permit	N/A								
Endangered Species Act*	No	N/A	N/A								
Historic Preservation Act*	eservation Act* No N/A N/A										
Coastal Zone Management Act * (CZMA)/ Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	No	N/A	N/A								
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	No	N/A	FEMA Floodplain Checklist								
Essential Fisheries Habitat*	No	N/A	N/A								

Appendix B

Visual Assessment Data

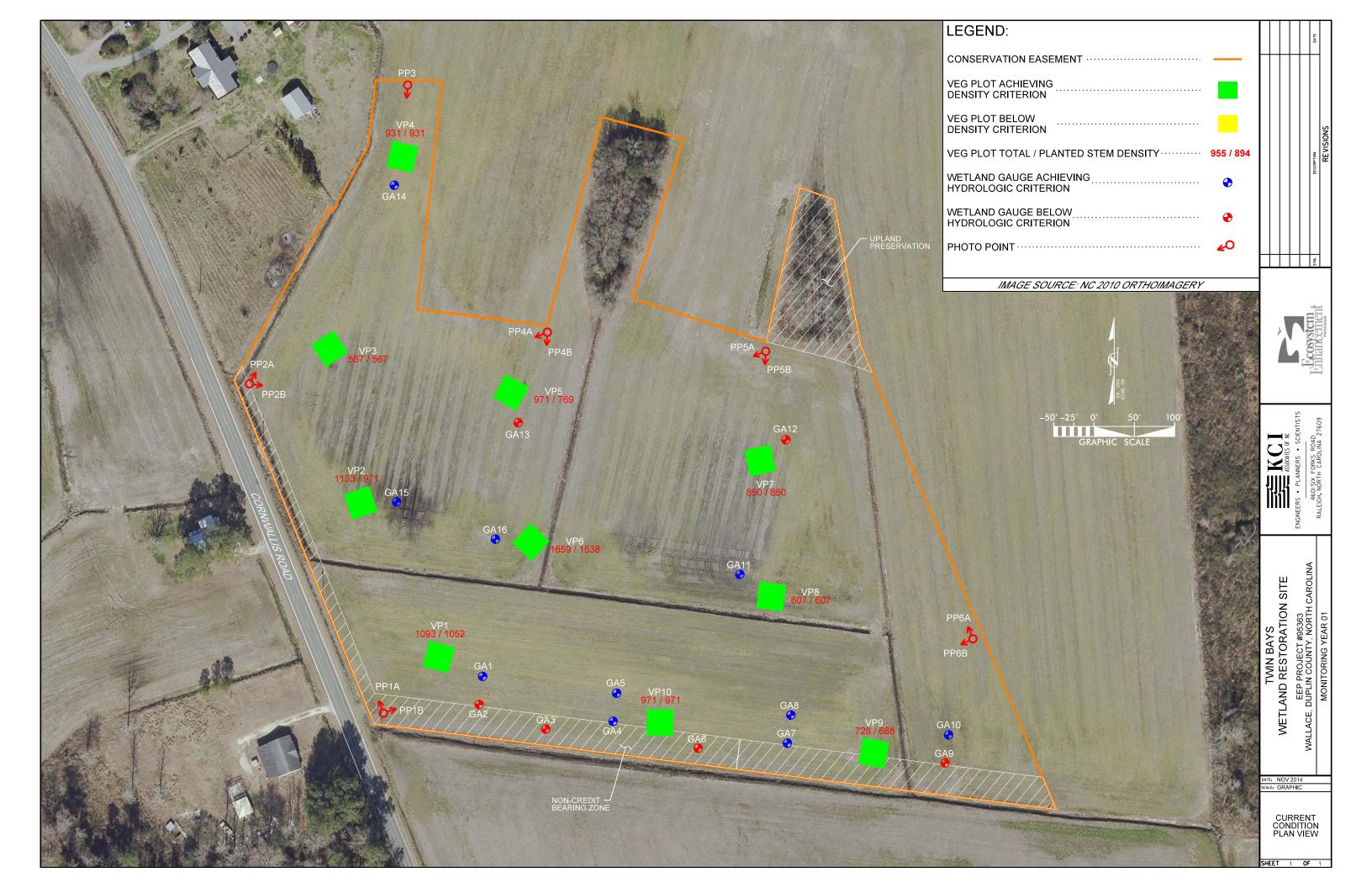


Table 5. Vegetation Condition Assessment

Twin Bays Restoration Site, EEP Project #95363

Planted Acreage 10.6

Easement Acreage 11.7

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acre	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acre	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acre	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cui	mulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%
4. Invasive Areas of Concern	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1,000 SF	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
	_					
5. Easement Encroachment Areas	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	none	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%

Photo Reference Points



PP1a - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP1a - MY01 - 11/3/14



PP1b-MY-00-4/10/14



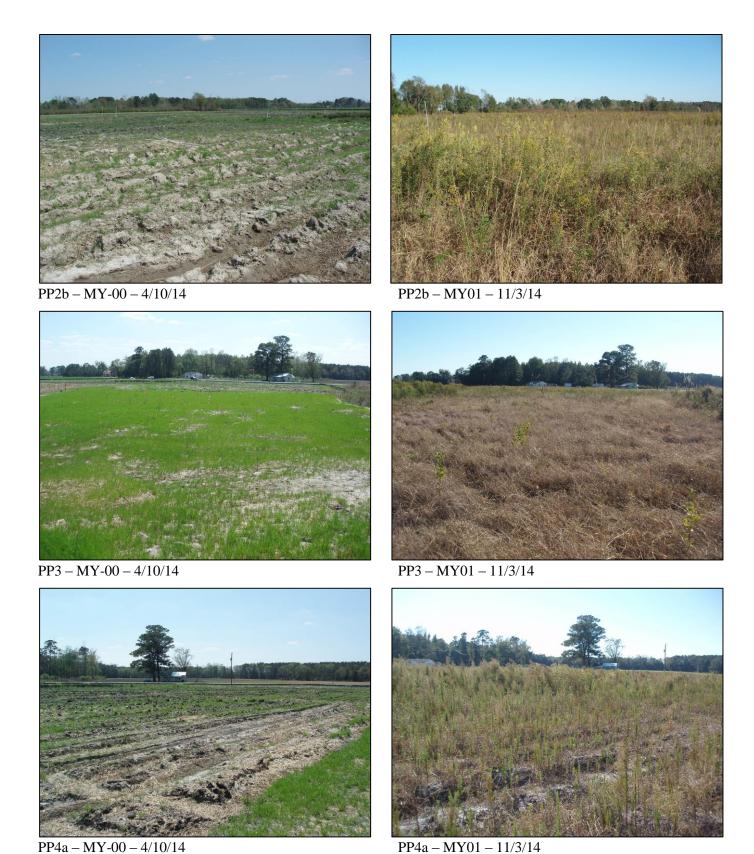
PP1b - MY01 - 11/3/14



PP2a - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP2a - MY01 - 11/3/14





PP5b - MY01 - 11/3/14

PP5b - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP6a – MY-00 – 4/10/14



PP6a - MY01 - 11/3/14



PP6b- MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP6b - MY01 - 11/3/14

Vegetation Plot Photos



 $\overline{\text{Veg Plot } \#1} - \overline{\text{MY-0}} 1 - 11/3/14$



Veg Plot #2 - MY-01 - 11/3/14



Veg Plot #3 - MY-01 - 11/3/14



Veg Plot #4 - MY-01 - 11/3/14



Veg Plot #5 - MY-01 - 11/3/14



Veg Plot #6 – MY-01 – 11/3/14



Veg Plot #7 – MY-01 – 11/3/14



Veg Plot #9 – MY-01 – 11/3/14



Veg Plot #8 – MY-01 – 11/3/14



Veg Plot #10 – MY-01 – 11/3/14

Appendix C

Vegetation Plot Data

O	Plot Criteria Attainment on Site EEP Project #95363		
Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Monitoring Year 01 Planted Stem Density (stems/acre)	Monitoring Year 01 Total Stem Density (stems/acre)
1	Yes	1052	1093
2	Yes	971	1133
3	Yes	567	607
4	Yes	931	931
5	Yes	769	971
6	Yes	1538	1659
7	Yes	850	850
8	Yes	607	607
9	Yes	688	728
10	Yes	971	971

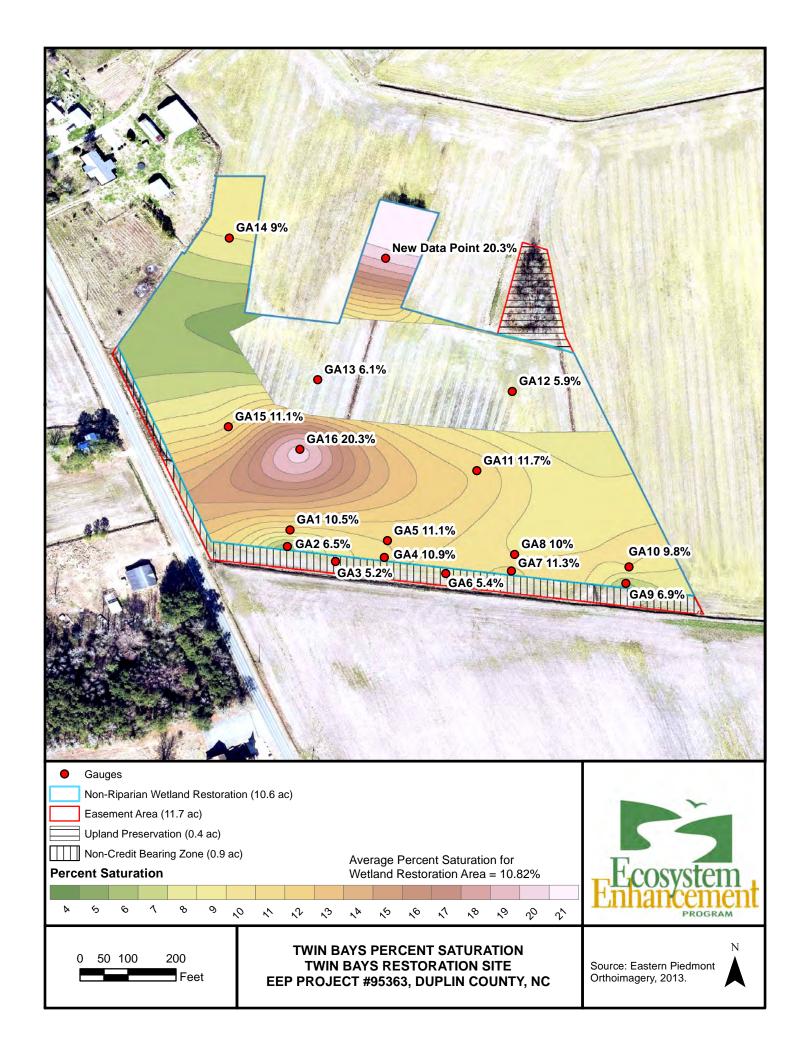
Table 7. CVS Vegetation I	Plot Metadata
Twin Bays Restoration Site	EEP Project #95363
Report Prepared By	Dale Prihoda
Date Prepared	11/14/2014 13:44
database name	KCI-2014-T.mdb
database location	M:\2012\20122265 TwinBays\Monitoring\Vegetation CVS Database
computer name	12-3ZV4FP1
file size	61734912
DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHE	ETS IN THIS DOCUMENT
Metadata	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and
rictatata .	project data.
Proj, planted	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This
1 1 oj, planteu	excludes live stakes.
Proj, total stems	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes
1 1 og, total stellis	live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
Plots	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems,
	missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
Damage	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of
	total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
Planted Stems by Plot and Spp	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead
z innica z tenze zy z iot una z pp	and missing stems are excluded.
ALL Stems by Plot and spp	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural
	volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
PROJECT SUMMARY	
Project Code	95363
project Name	Twin Bays Restoration Site
Description	Wetland restoration site
River Basin	Cape Fear
area (sqm)	24523.92
Required Plots (calculated)	10
Sampled Plots	10

Table 8. CVS Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot and Species EEP Project Code 95363. Project Name: Twin Bays Restoration Site

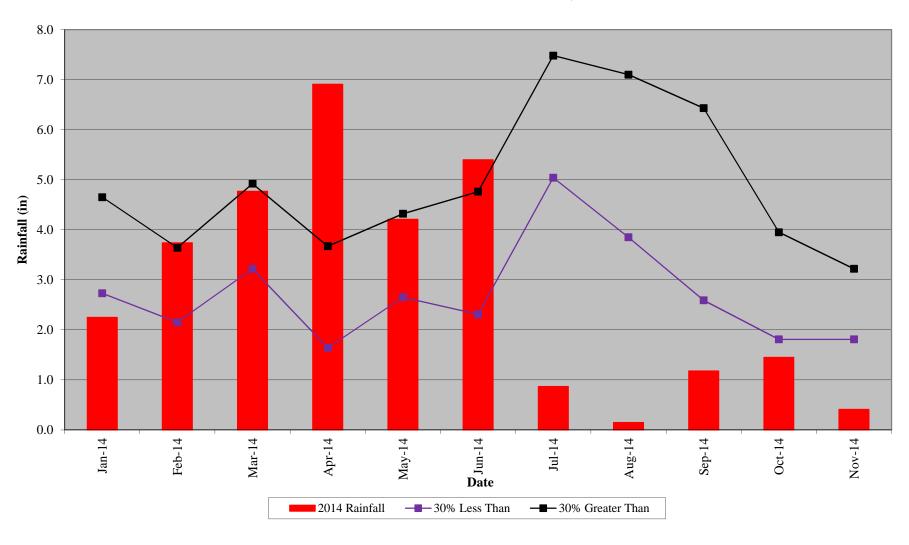
				Current Plot Data (MY1 2014)							Annual Means																						
			95363-01-	-0001	953	63-01-000	2	953	63-01-0	0003	95363-01	-0004	953	63-01-0005	95	363-01	-0006	95363-0	01-0007	953	63-01-0	800	9536	3-01-0	9009	9536	3-01-0010)	MY1	(2014)	N	VIYO (20)14)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all T		PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoL	S P-all	Т	PnoLS P-a	II T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS F	-all T	Pn	oLS P-a	all T	PnoLS	S P-all	Т
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree			1			1	. 1	1					3					2	. 2	2							3	3	7 5	5 !	5 5
Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	Shrub			5	5	5						3	3	3														8	8	8 11	1 13	1 11
Baccharis halimifolia	eastern baccharis	Shrub					3			1					2										1						7		
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	5	5	5			1	. 1	1	3	3 3	6	6	6 1	6 1	.6 16			1	. 1	1	5	5	5	11	11	11	48	48	48 47	7 47	7 47
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree			11	. 11	11	1	. 1	1	1	1 1				9	9 9	2	2	2									24	24	24 5	5 ′	5 5
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree					1																								1		
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree						1	. 1	1																			1	1	1 18	8 18	8 18
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	Tree						1	. 1	1			4	4	4	1	1 1	6	6	5 1	. 1	1							13	13	13 17	7 17	7 17
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree														3	3 3												3	3	3		
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	11 1	1 1	1 4	4	4	2	. 2	2	6	6 6	5			7	7	12	12 13	2 10	10	10	2	2	2				54	54	54		
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	Tree									11 1	1 11	. 2	2	2								3	3	3	7	7	7	23	23	23 22	2 22	2 22
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree																					6	6	6	3	3	3	9	9	9		
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree															(1)														3		
Taxodium distichum	bald cypress	Tree	5	5	5																					1	1	1	6	6	6 1	1	1 1
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree																													8	8 '	8 8
Unknown		Shrub or Tree						3	3	3	1	1 1	. 3	3	3			1	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	10	10	10 104	4 104	4 104
Vaccinium corymbosum	highbush blueberry	Shrub	5	5	5 4	4	4	4	4	4	1	1 1	. 1	1	1	2	2 2			1	. 1	1				1	1	1	19	19	19 22	2 22	2 22
		Stem count	26 2	6 2	7 24	24	28	14	14	15	23 2	3 23	19	19	24 3	8 3	8 41	21	21 2:	1 15	15	15	17	17	18	24	24	24	221	221 23	36 260	0 260	0 260
		size (ares)	1			1			1		1			1		1		1	1		1			1			1		1	.0		10	
		size (ACRES)	0.02			0.02			0.02		0.02			0.02		0.02	<u> </u>	0.0	02		0.02			0.02			0.02		0.	25		0.25	,
		Species count	4	4	5 4	4	6	8	8	9	6	6 6	6	6	8	6	6	4	4	4 5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	13	13	16 11	1 13	1 11
		tems per ACRE		2 109	3 971	971 1	1133	567	567	607	931 93	1 931	769	769 9	71 153	8 153	8 1659	850	350 850	607	607	607	688	688	728	971	971	971	894	894 9	55 1052	2 1052	2 1052

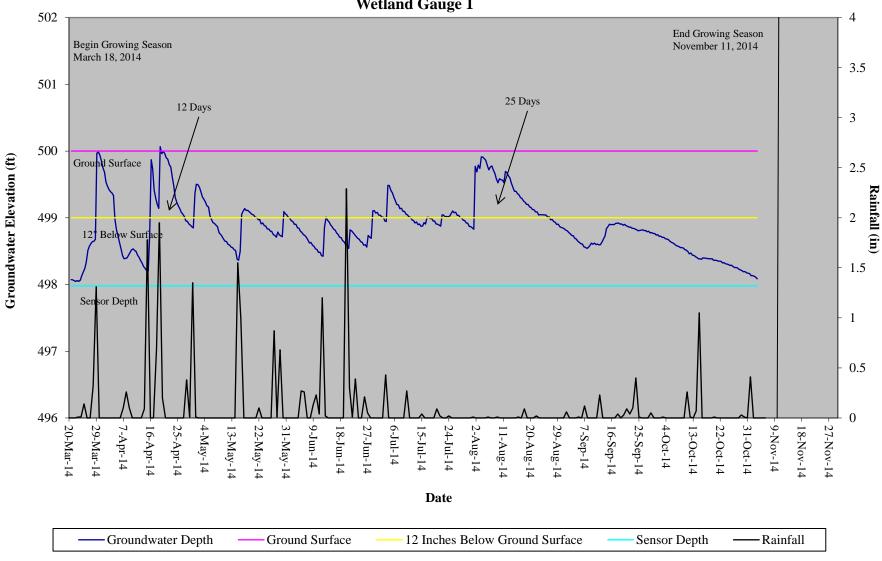
Appendix D

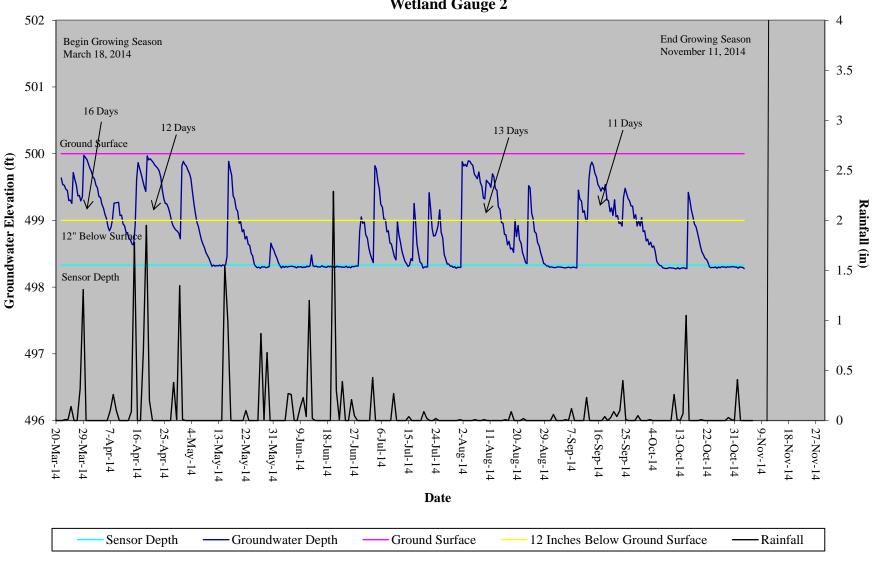
Hydrologic Data



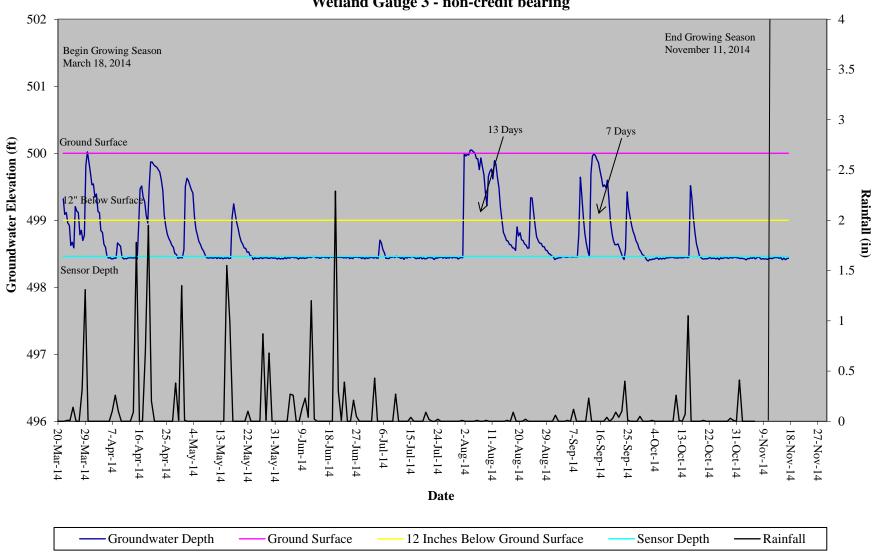
Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site 30-70 Percentile Graph WETS Station Name: Warsaw, NC

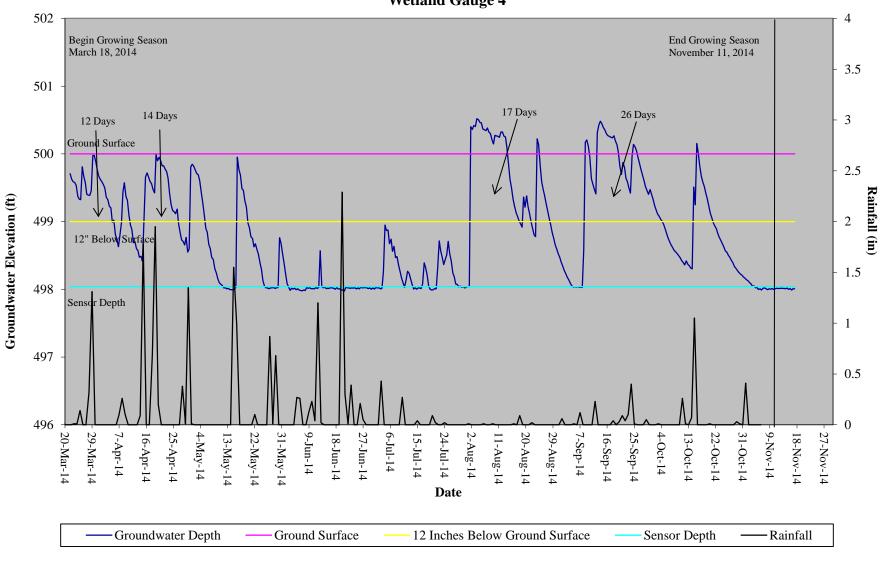


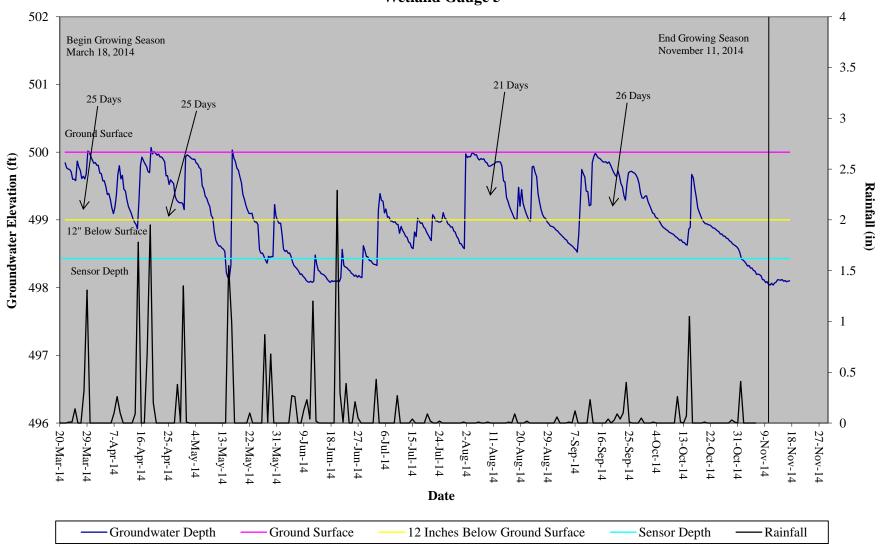




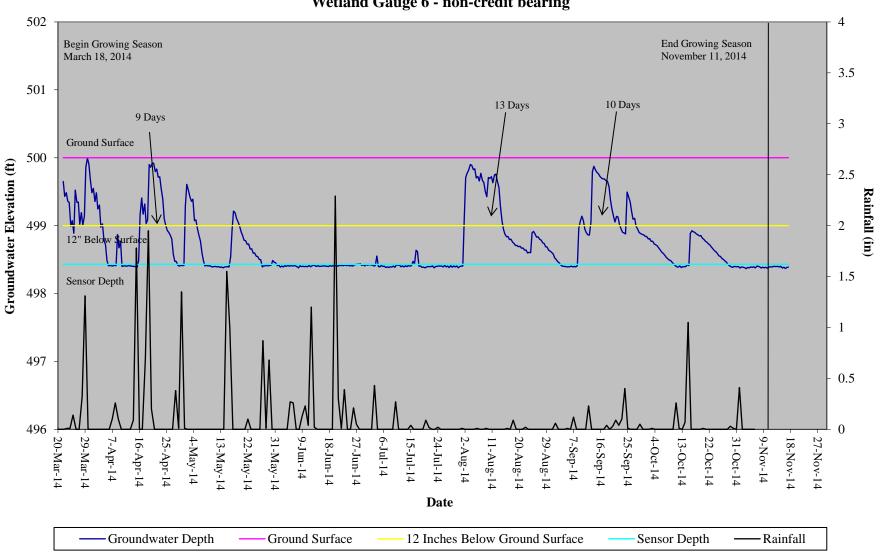
Twin Bays Restoration Site Hydrograph Wetland Gauge 3 - non-credit bearing

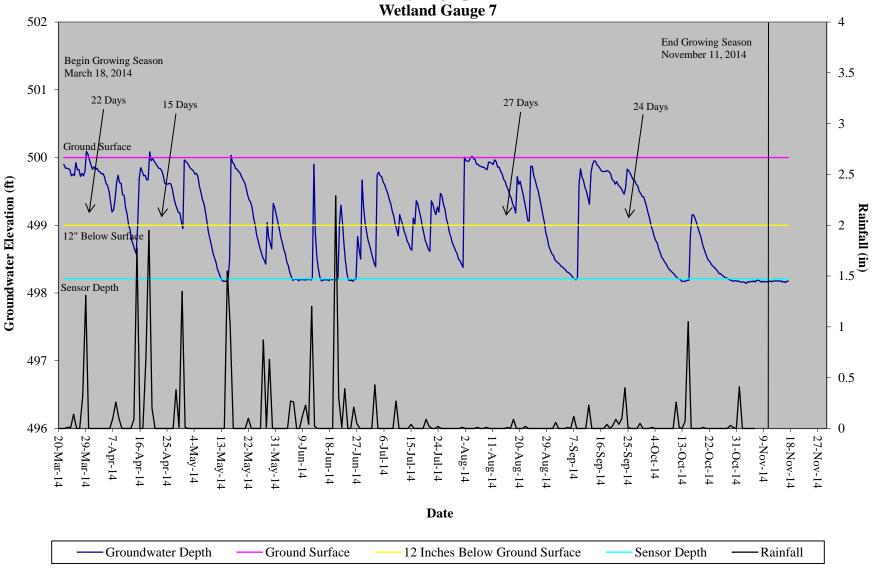


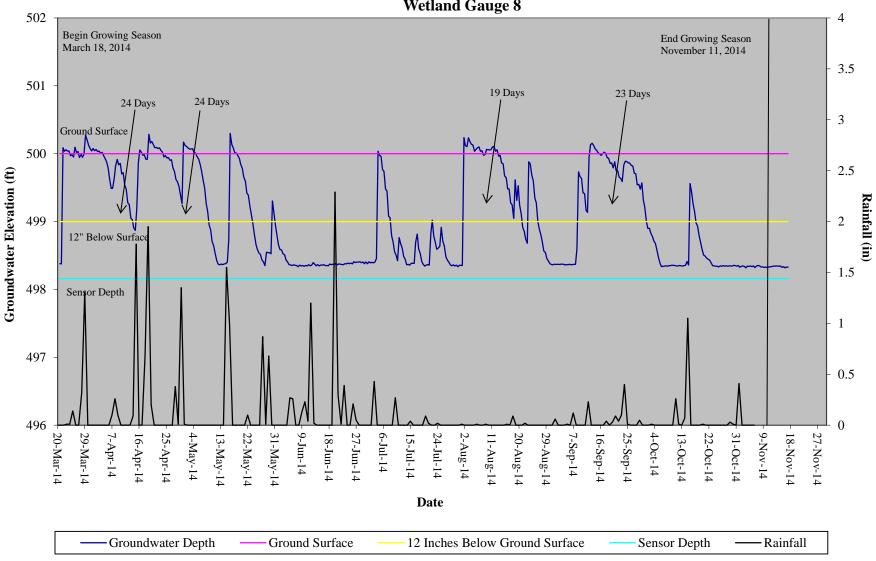


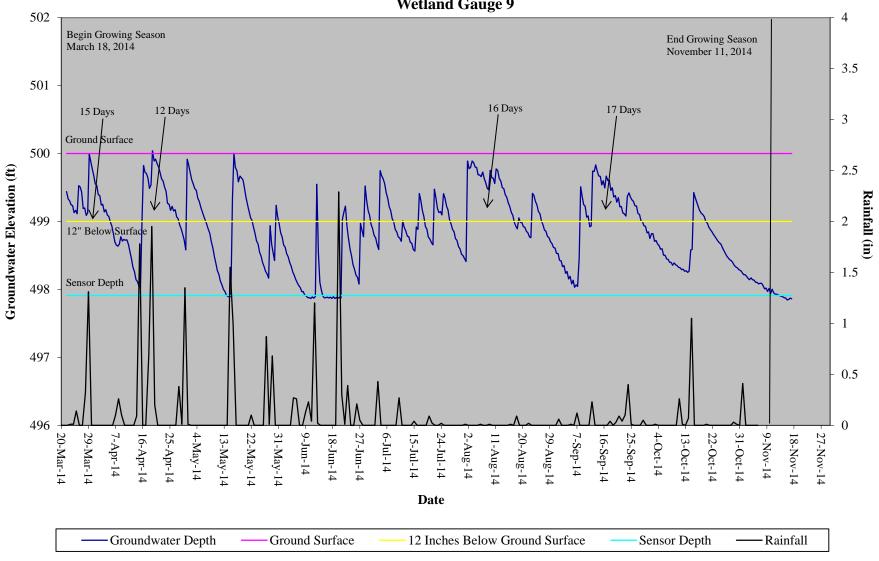


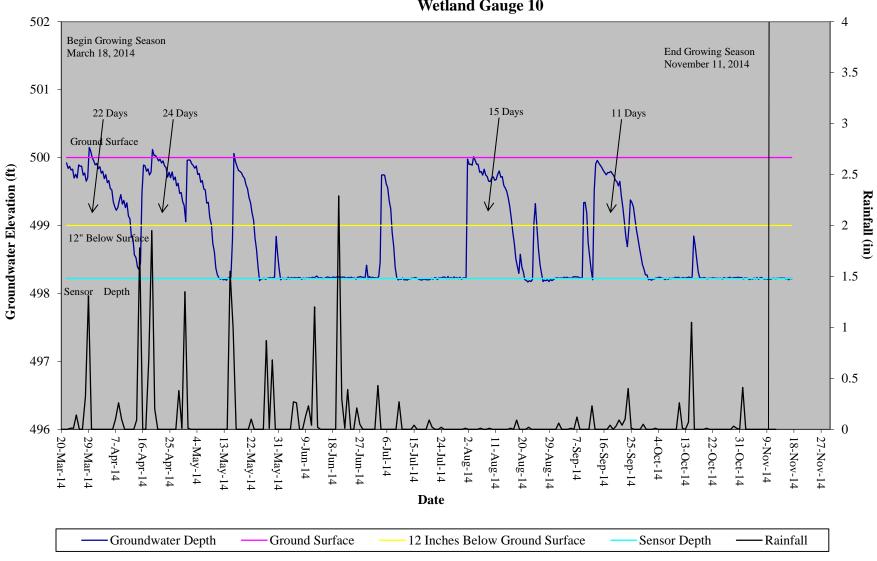
Twin Bays Restoration Site Hydrograph Wetland Gauge 6 - non-credit bearing

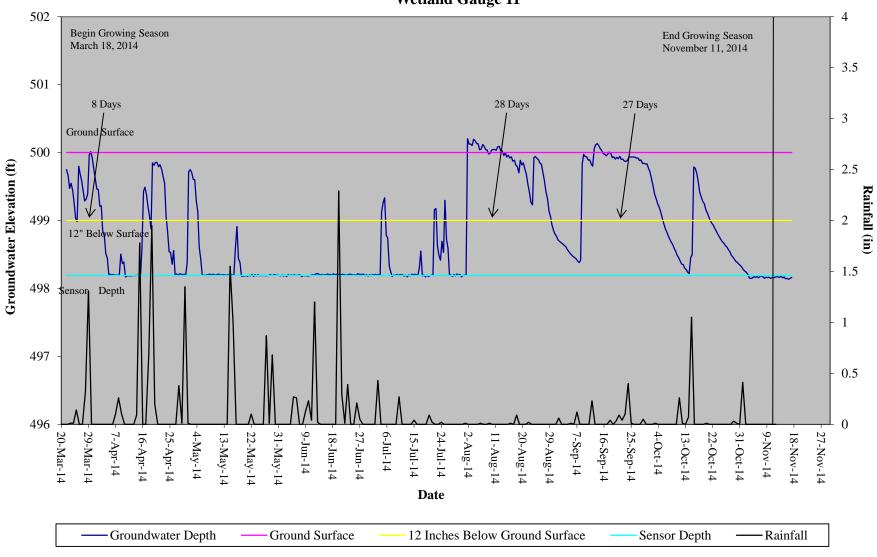


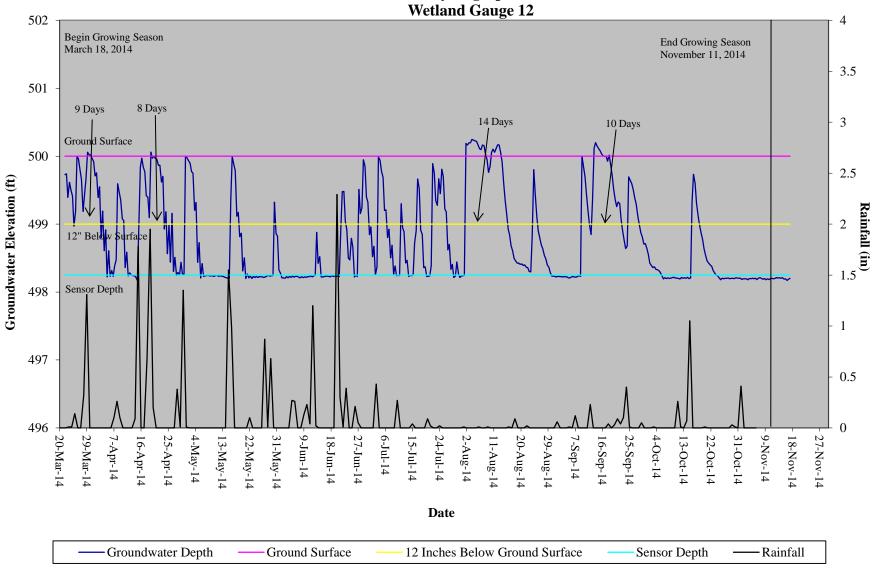


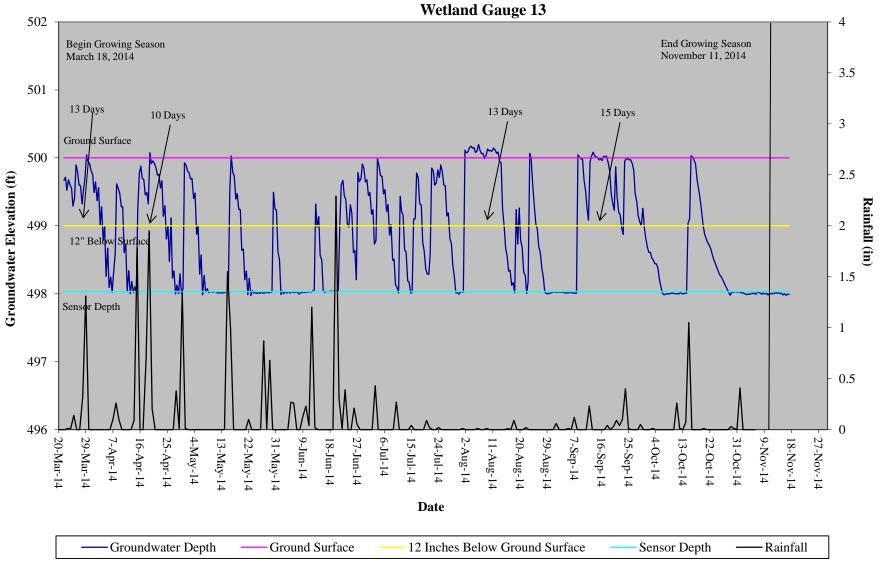


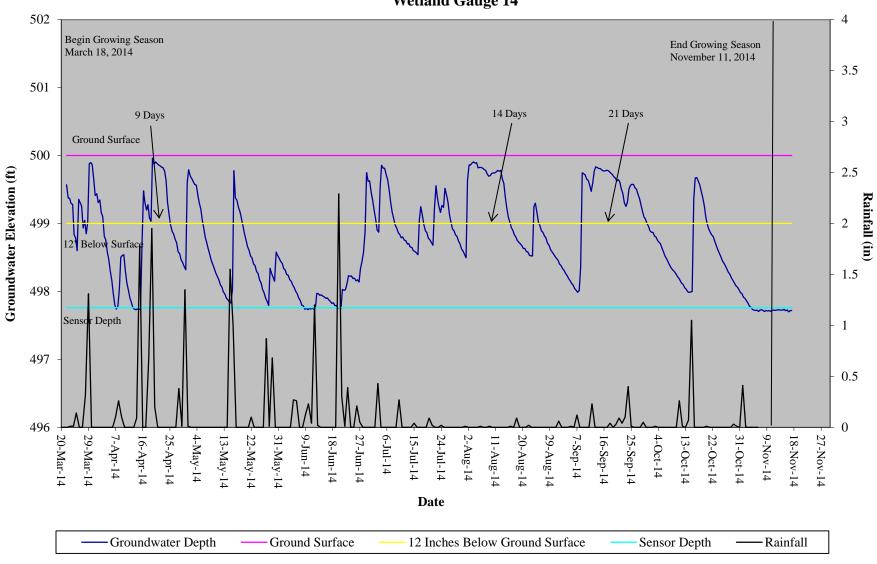


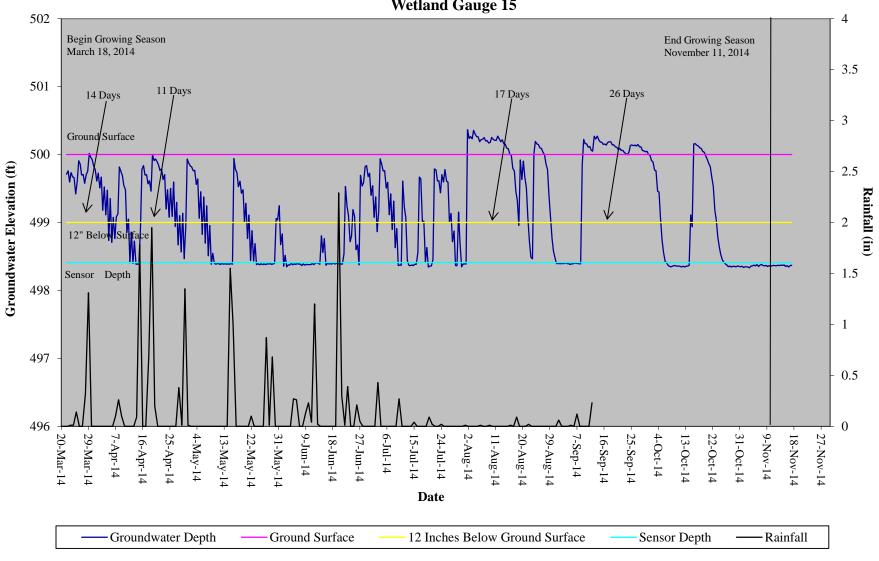












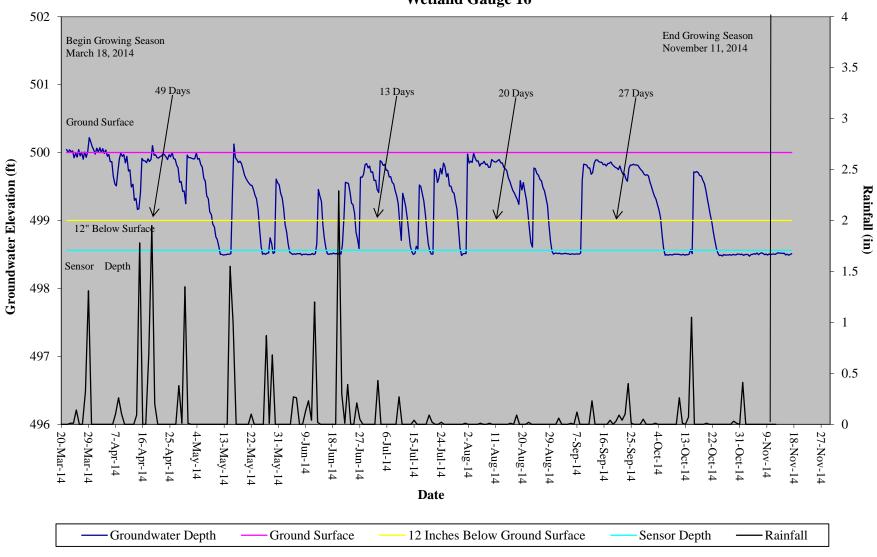


Table 9. Wo	-													
.,	Greater than 8% Continuous Saturation/Max Consecutive Days During Growing Season (Percentage)													
Gauge #	MY-01 MY-02 MY-03 MY-04 MY-05 MY-06 MY- 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 202													
Gauge 1	Yes/25 (10.5%)													
Gauge 2	No/16 (6.5%)													
Gauge 3*	No/13 (5.2%)													
Gauge 4	Yes/26 (10.9%)													
Gauge 5	Yes/27 (11.1%)													
Gauge 6*	No/13 (5.4%)													
Gauge 7	Yes/27 (11.1%)													
Gauge 8	Yes/24 10.0%													
Gauge 9	No/17 (6.9%)													
Gauge 10	Yes/24 (9.8%)													
Gauge 11	Yes/28 (11.7%)													
Gauge 12	No/14 (5.9%)													
Gauge 13	No/15 (6.1%)													
Gauge 14	Yes/22 (9.0%)													
Gauge 15	Yes/27 (11.1%)													
Gauge 16	Yes/49 20.3%													

^{*=}Gauge in the non-credit bearing zone