<u>MITIGATION PLAN</u> and AS-BUILT BASELINE REPORT VICKI'S THICKET RIPARIAN BUFFER MITIGATION SITE CRAVEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA (EEP Contract No. 002283) [DWQ Reference No. 10-0652]



Prepared for:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA



Prepared by:

Restoration Systems, L.L.C. 1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604

And

Axiom Environmental, Inc. 20 Enterprise Street, Suite 7 Raleigh, North Carolina 27607



August 2010



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Restoration Systems, LLC has completed riparian buffer restoration at the Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") through the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) Full Delivery Process (RFP 16-001383) to provide 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site is located approximately 3.5 miles southeast of Dover in Craven County. The Site is located in United States Geological Survey Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03020202080010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-04-08) of the Neuse River Basin. Site streams drain to Core Creek (Stream Index 27-90), which is included on the draft 2008 303(d) list for impaired biological integrity and low dissolved oxygen resulting from agricultural crop production.

Prior to construction, the Site was characterized by ditched agricultural land used for row crop production. Land use practices including the maintenance and removal of vegetation, regular plowing, and use of agricultural chemicals had resulted in degraded water quality.

The goals and objectives of this project focused on improving local water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished by the following.

- 1. Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agriculture production by a) ceasing the application of agricultural herbicides, pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural materials into and adjacent to Site ditches and open waterways and b) providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to ditches and waterways to treat surface runoff that may be laden with sediment and/or agricultural pollutants.
- 2. Reducing sedimentation/siltation within on-Site and downstream receiving waters by a) increasing retention time for surface waters entering and leaving the Site, b) reducing erosion associated with vegetation maintenance and agricultural plowing to Site ditches, and c) planting a forested vegetative buffer adjacent to Site ditches and waterways.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation by ripping compacted soils and revegetating the Site to increase frictional resistance on floodwaters crossing the Site.
- 4. Providing terrestrial wildlife habitat including a forested riparian corridor within an area that was previously cleared and highly dissected by agricultural land use.

This project was constructed in late winter/early spring 2010. Planting of the entire 31.35-acre Site resulted in **28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units**. The Site will be protected by a permanent conservation easement. Baseline measurements/evaluations indicate that Site vegetation compares favorably to plans as set forth in the detailed restoration plan.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Location and Setting

Restoration Systems, LLC has completed riparian buffer restoration at the Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") through the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) Full Delivery Process (RFP 16-001383) to provide 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site is located approximately 3.5 miles southeast of Dover in Craven County (Figure 1, Appendix A). The Site is located in United States Geological Survey Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03020202080010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-04-08) of the Neuse River Basin (USGS 1974).

Directions to the Site from Kinston, North Carolina:

- > Take 70 East for approximately 8 miles
- > Take the Dover exit and follow Old 70/Wilson Street for approximately 4.3 miles east
- > Turn right over the railroad tracks to wire gate.
- > Site coordinates:
 - o Latitude 35.18812°N, Longitude 77.38613°W (NAD83/WGS84)

1.2 **Project Goals and Objectives**

The goals and objectives of this project focused on improving local water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished by the following.

- 1. Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agriculture production by a) ceasing the application of agricultural herbicides, pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural materials into and adjacent to Site ditches and open waterways and b) providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to ditches and waterways to treat surface runoff that may be laden with sediment and/or agricultural pollutants.
- 2. Reducing sedimentation/siltation within on-Site and downstream receiving waters by a) increasing retention time for surface waters entering and leaving the Site, b) reducing erosion associated with vegetation maintenance and agricultural plowing to Site ditches, and c) planting a forested vegetative buffer adjacent to Site ditches and waterways.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation by ripping compacted soils and revegetating the Site to increase frictional resistance on floodwaters crossing the Site.
- 4. Providing terrestrial wildlife habitat including a forested riparian corridor within an area that was previously cleared and highly dissected by agricultural land use.

1.3 Project Structure, Restoration Type, and Approach

Prior to construction, the Site was characterized by ditched agricultural land used for row crop production. Land use practices including the maintenance and removal of vegetation, regular plowing, and use of agricultural chemicals had resulted in degraded water quality.

As constructed, Site activities restored historic riparian buffer functions by planting the entire 31.35-acre Site with native riparian vegetation. This resulted in 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units (Table 1, Appendix B and Figure 2, Appendix A). Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units were verified by North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) representative Lia Myott Gilleski during a field visit conducted on June 17, 2010. A copy of the verification letter is included in Appendix D. Approximately 2.97 acres of the Site exist outside of the 200-foot buffer area. These areas were planted; however, the area is not eligible to provide credit. The target natural community consisted of Coastal Plain Bottomland Hardwood

Forest (Schafale and Weakley 1990). Table 5 (Appendix C) outlines woody species planted within the Site. Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and background information are summarized in Tables 2-4 (Appendix B).

2.0 MONITORING PLAN

Monitoring of Site restoration efforts will be performed for vegetation components of the Site for five years or until success criteria are fulfilled. After planting was completed, an initial evaluation was performed to verify planting methods were successful and to determine initial species composition and density. Twenty-one sample vegetation plots (10-meter by 10-meter) were installed within the Site as per guidelines established in CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.0 (Lee et al. 2006). In each sample plot, vegetation parameters to be monitored include species composition and species density. Visual observations of the percent cover of shrub and herbaceous species will also be documented by photograph.

3.0 SUCCESS CRITERIA

Characteristic Tree Species include woody tree and shrub species planted at the Site or outlined for the appropriate plant community in Schafale and Weakley (1990). An average density of 320 stems per acre of Characteristic Tree Species must be surviving after year 5 monitoring.

4.0 MAINTENANCE AND CONTINGENCY

In the event that success criteria are not fulfilled, a mechanism for contingency will be implemented. If vegetation success criteria are not achieved based on average density calculations from combined plots over the entire restoration area, supplemental planting may be performed with tree species approved by regulatory agencies. Supplemental planting will be performed as needed until achievement of vegetation success criteria.

5.0 **BASELINE SAMPLING RESULTS**

Quantitative sampling of vegetation was conducted following Site planting in April 2010. An average of 784 planted stems per acre was recorded within vegetation plots. In addition, stems counts within each individual plot were well-above the required 320 stems per acre and species diversity was high with 6-10 species per plot. Results are provided in Appendix C.

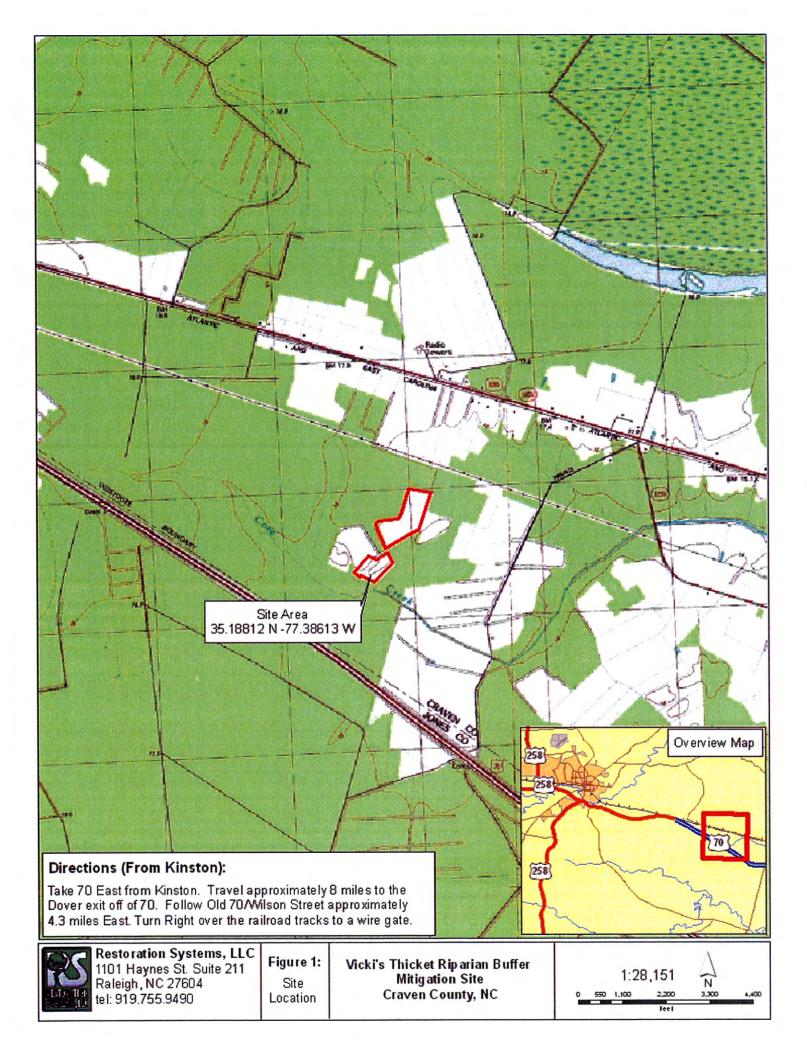
6.0 **REFERENCES**

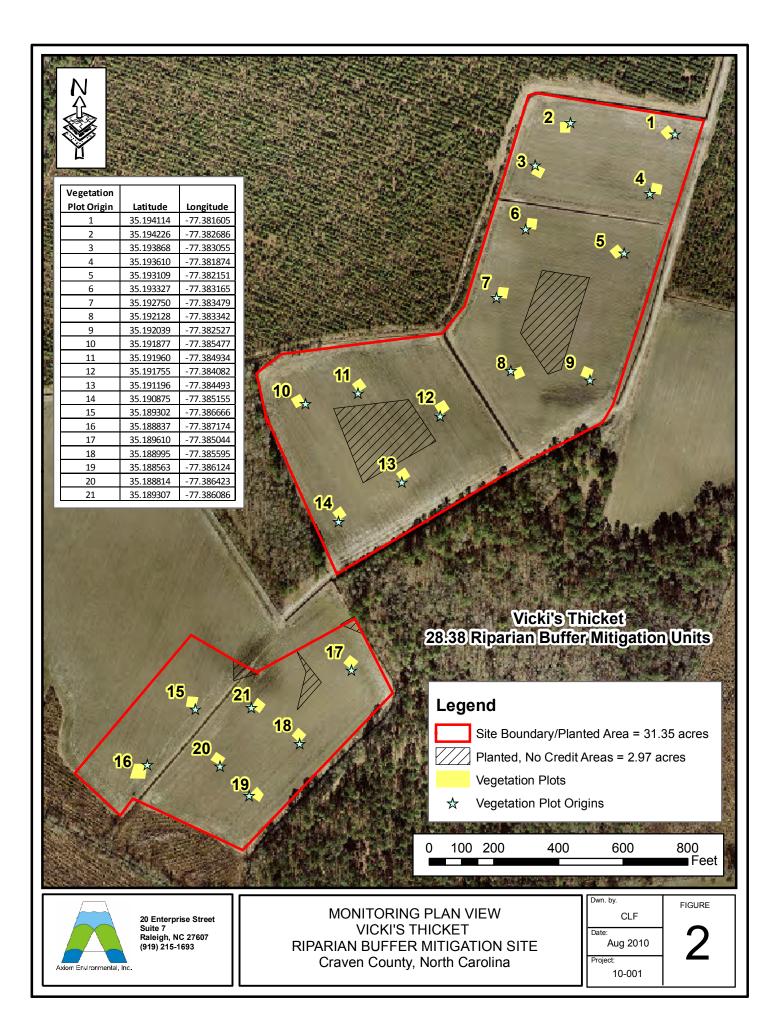
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- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2007. Redbook, Surface Waters and Wetlands Standards. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2008a. Draft North Carolina Water Quality Assessment and Impaired Waters List (2008 Integrated 305(b) and 303(d) Report) (online). Available: http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/tmdl/documents/B.Draft2008303dList.pdf [November 10, 2008]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2008b. Draft Basinwide Planning Program: Neuse River Basinwide Water Quality Plan-June 2008. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Schafale, M.P. and A.S. Weakley. 1990. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.

United States Geological Survey (USGS). 1974. Hydrologic Unit Map - 1974. State of North Carolina.

Appendix A. Figures

Figure 1. Site Location Figure 2. Monitoring Plan View





Appendix B. General Tables

Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and ObjectivesTable 2. Project Activity and Reporting HistoryTable 3. Project Contacts TableTable 4. Project Attributes Table

Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and Objectives

Component Summation						
Restoration Level	Riparian buffer mitigation was completed by planting the entire 31.35-acre					
Riparian Buffer Restoration	Site with native forest vegetation; credit was received for 28.38 acres of the					
28.38 Buffer Mitigation Units	Site.					

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

	Data Collection	Completion
Activity or Report	Complete	or Delivery
Final Restoration Plan		July 2010
Site Planting		Late winter/early
		spring 2010
Mitigation Plan	April 2010	August 2010

Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Designer	Restoration Systems, LLC	
	1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211	
	Raleigh, North Carolina 27604	
	(919) 755-9490	
Planting Contractor	Carolina Silvics	
-	908 Indian Trail Road	
	Edenton, North Carolina 27932	
	Dwight McKinney (252) 482-8491	

Table 4. Project Attribute Table

Project County	Craven County, North Carolina
Physiographic Region	Coastal Plain
Ecoregion	Carolina Flatwoods and Mid-Atlantic Floodplains/Low
	Terrace
Project River Basin	Neuse
USGS 14-digit HUC	030202080010
NCDWQ Subbasin	03-04-08
Within EEP Watershed Plan Extent?	Yes-Targeted Local Watershed
WRC Class	Warm
% of project easement fenced	0 %
Beaver activity observed during design phase	No

Appendix C. Vegetation Data

Table 5. Planted Woody SpeciesVegetation Survey Data TablesVegetation Monitoring Plot Photographs

 Table 5. Planted Woody Vegetation

Species		Quantity
American elm (Ulmus americana)		4500
Black gum (Nyssa sylvatica)		1500
Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)		1500
Loblolly pine (Pinus taeda)		4500
Northern red oak (Quercus rubra)		3000
River birch (Betula nigra)		1500
Sugarberry (Celtis laevigata)		1500
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)		4500
Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis)		3000
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)		4500
	TOTAL	30,000

CVS Database Output

Living planted stems, excluding live stakes, per acre: Negative (red) numbers indicate the project failed to reach requirements in a particular year.

Project Code	Project Name	River Basin	Year 0 (baseline)
VT	Vickies Thicket	Neuse	784.32

Total stems, including planted stems of all kinds (including live stakes) and natural/volunteer stems:

Project Code	Project Name	River Basin	Year 0 (baseline)
VT	Vickies Thicket	Neuse	784.3193176

Vigor							
vigor	Count	Percent					
0	1	0.2					
1	29	7.1					
2	116	28.4					
3	254	62.3					
4	8	2					

Vigor by Species

Species	CommonName	4	3	2	1	0	Missing	Unknown
Betula nigra	river birch	1	25	5	7			
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry		5					
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	2	21	5				
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine		23	18		1		
	swamp chestnut							
Quercus michauxii	oak		33	10				
Quercus phellos	willow oak	4	23	12	2			
Sambucus								
canadensis	Common Elderberry		25	8				
Quercus	oak		4	20	7			
Quercus rubra	northern red oak		15	18	1			
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay		2					
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	1	37	7				
Ulmus americana	American elm		38	10	2			
Unknown			3	3	10			
13	12	8	254	116	29	1		

Damage

Damage	Count	Percent Of Stems
(no damage)	264	64.7
Unknown	143	35
Game	1	0.2

Damage by Species

		Count of Damage	(no		
Species	CommonName	Categories	damage)	Game	Unknown
Betula nigra	river birch	12	26		12
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	0	5		
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	0	2		
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	5	23		5
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	18	24		18
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	7	38		7
Quercus	oak	27	4		27
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	10	33		10
Quercus phellos	willow oak	14	27		14
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	19	15		19
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	8	25	1	7
Ulmus americana	American elm	11	39		11
Unknown		13	3		13
13	12	144	264	1	143

Damage by Plot

plot	Count of Damage Categories	(no damage)	Game	Unknown
1	7	12		7
2	10	13	1	9
3	4	15		4
4	4	17		4
5	6	19		6
6	10	13		10
7	7	15		7
8	9	5		9
9	9	10		9
10	8	14		8
11	10	10		10
12	10	19		10
13	9	11		9
14	4	20		4
15	8	13		8
16	3	11		3
17	4	10		4
18	8	6		8
19	5	11		5
20	7	7		7
21	2	13		2
21	144	264	1	143

Final N Vicki's	litigation Plan & As-built Baseline Report	Thicket Riaprian Buffer Mitigation Site (EEP Contract Number 002283)
	Final Mitigatio	Vicki's Thicke

	səisəqs #	∞	8	6	7	6	8	8	6	6	9	9	10	8	6	7	9	9	6	4	9	7
	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	769	931	769	850	1012	931	890	567	728	890	808	1174	809	971	850	567	567	567	647	567	607
	Total Living Stems PER ACRE	769	931	769	850	1012	931	890	567	728	890	809	1174	809	971	850	567	567	567	647	567	607
	Natural (Volunteer) Stems PER ACRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	769	931	769	850	1012	931	890	567	728	890	608	1174	808	971	850	292	567	567	647	567	607
	Planted Living Stems per ACRE	769	931	769	850	1012	931	890	567	728	890	809	1174	809	971	850	567	567	567	647	567	607
	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	19	23	19	21	25	23	22	14	18	22	20	29	20	24	21	14	14	14	16	14	15
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	Natural (Volunteer) Stems	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	19	23	19	21	25	23	22	14	18	22	20	29	20	24	21	14	14	14	16	14	15
U	Planted Living Stems	19	23	19	21	25	23	22	14	18	22	20	29	20	24	21	14	14	14	16	14	15
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Total Planted ^{Ctome}				28	41		45	31		43	41	34)	33		50	16	407
Common	river birch	sugarberry	sweetbay	blackgum	loblolly nine	American	sycamore	oak	swamp chestnut	oak	willow oak	northern red oak	Common	Elderberry	American	elm		12
Concine	Betula niera	Celtis laevigata	Magnolia virginiana	Nyssa sylvatica	ep	-	occidentalis	Quercus	Quercus	michauxii	Quercus phellos	Quercus ruhra	Sambucus	canadensis	Ulmus	americana	Unknown	13

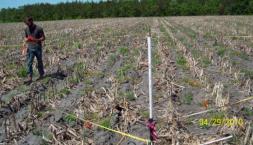
Vickies Thicket Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010



Plot 3

















Plot 8



Vickies Thicket Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010 (continued)



Final Mitigation Plan & As-built Baseline Report Vicki's Thicket Riaprian Buffer Mitigation Site (EEP Contract Number 002283)

Vickies Thicket Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010 (continued)









Plot 20

No Photo Available



Appendix D. NCDWQ Verification Letter



North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Division of Water Quality Coleen H. Sullins Director

Dee Freeman Secretary

Beverly Eaves Perdue Governor

August 13, 2010

Craven County DWQ #: 10-0652

Mr. Tim Baumgartner EEP Full Delivery Section 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27604

Re: Vicki's Thicket Preliminary Restoration Approval

Dear Mr. Baumgartner:

The Division of Water Quality received a final restoration plan for the Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site on August 10, 2010. On June 17, 2010, Lia Myott Gilleski conducted a site visit to the above referenced site. By copy of this correspondence, DWQ approves the concept presented in the restoration plan and that it is expected to produce 28.38 acres of nutrient offset credit for Neuse 03020202. The As-built report will provide a more accurate credit accounting.

Please copy DWQ with the As-built report and yearly monitoring reports, referencing the EEP Contract number (and DWQ number if applicable).

Please feel free to contact Lia Myott Gilleski at (919) 733-1786 if you have any questions regarding this correspondence.

Sincerely

Ian McMillan, Acting Supervisor 401 Oversight/Express Review Program

Cc (w/out encl.) File Copy (Lia M. Gilleski) Chris Pullinger – DWQ WaRO John Huisman – DWQ Nonpoint Source Planning Unit Cyndi Karoly – DWQ Wetlands and Stormwater Branch

401 Oversight/Express Review Permitting Unit 1650 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1650 Location: 2321 Crabtree Blvd., Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 Phone: 919-733-1786 \ FAX: 919-733-6893 Internet: http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/ncwetlands/

