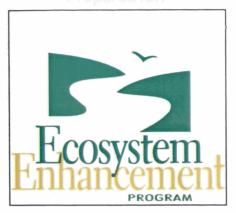
MITIGATION REPORT

RECEIVED

SEP 1 9 2006

RESTORATION SITENT PROGRAM

Prenared for



Project Manager: Guy Pearce Raleigh, North Carolina

Prepared by:

ECOSCIENCE CORPORATIONProject Manager: Jens **Geratz**1101 Haynes Street, Suite 101
Raleigh, North Carolina 27604

APRIL 2006

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

EcoScience Corporation (ESC) was retained by the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP) to provide stream, wetland, and Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration/enhancement design services for the Whitelace Creek Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (hereafter referred to as the Site). The Site, confined within an EEP-owned conservation easement, is located west of Kinston in Lenoir County, North Carolina (see Figure A). It comprises approximately 37.0 acres, and is located in the Neuse River Basin (Cataloguing Unit 03020202).

Pre-Construction Site Conditions

Whitelace Creek, the major drainage feature on-Site, was previously dredged and straightened to accommodate past land uses (i.e., a large dairy operation and other agricultural practices). The creek is a second-order stream that flows approximately 5,966 linear feet throughout the Site before its confluence with the Neuse River approximately 0.9 miles downstream of the Site boundary. Jurisdictional riverine wetlands were identified adjacent to the stream in many areas. However, particularly in upstream portions of the Site, channel dredging activities likely reduced the acreage of riverine wetlands by lowering the streambed elevation, thereby adversely affecting wetland hydrology.

Restoration Plan

In order to provide Level 1 stream enhancement and riverine wetland restoration, a floodplain was excavated at the bankfull stage elevation adjacent to the existing channel. Excavated areas were planted with appropriate indigenous species to mimic native riverine wetland communities in the Middle Coastal Plain physiographic province. Stream stabilization (streambank stabilization) was provided by planting riparian areas adjacent to the channel with similar native, woody vegetation.

Wetland enhancement was achieved by restoring the appropriate woody vegetation community types within on-Site wetland areas identified in the Site's jurisdictional delineation.

Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration was accomplished by planting denuded areas on-Site with appropriate indigenous species to recreate natural plant communities. Riparian buffer enhancement was achieved in a similar manner by augmenting on-Site forested areas with native species plantings.

Post-Construction Site Conditions

On-Site restoration activities provided the following project totals (see Table 1 and Figures B and C for additional details):

- Level 1 Stream Enhancement (Priority 2): 3,693 linear feet
- Streambank Stabilization: 2.208 linear feet
- Riverine Wetland Restoration: 7.7 acres

- Riverine Wetland Enhancement: 13.0 acres
- Neuse River Riparian Buffer Restoration: 27.1 acres
- Neuse River Riparian Buffer Enhancement: 7.2 acres

Numerous ecological benefits are anticipated as a result of on-Site restoration activities. Floodplain excavation adjacent to Whitelace Creek will restore the characteristic flood regime to the stream as well as provide a lateral hydrologic input to restored wetland areas along the floodplain. Restored and enhanced wetland and Neuse River Riparian Buffer areas will help to improve water quality via nutrient removal, increase local vegetative biodiversity, provide wildlife habitat, and serve as a forested corridor, linking the Site with adjacent natural areas.

Monitoring Plan

In order to ensure the Site meets regulatory stream, wetland, and riparian buffer restoration monitoring criteria, each parameter on-Site will be monitored annually for five (5) years or until success criteria has been achieved. Refer to Figure D and Section 3.0 (Monitoring Plan) of the Mitigation Plan for details.

Three (3) permanent cross-sections have been established to monitor stream enhancement reaches. Success criteria for stream enhancement will include 1) successful classification of enhanced reaches as functioning systems (Rosgen 1996), and 2) channel stability indicative of a stable stream system. In addition, a stream crest gauge has been installed to verify the required occurrence of at least two bankfull events over the course of the five year monitoring period.

Site groundwater hydrology will be monitored by seven (7) auto-logging monitoring gauges. Gauges will be downloaded monthly throughout the growing season. Hydrologic success criteria will be achieved by gauges registering groundwater levels within the upper 12 inches of the soil surface for a minimum number of consecutive days corresponding to at least 12.5 percent of the growing season in Lenoir County under normal annual precipitation. Under drought conditions, off-Site groundwater reference data from three (3) nearby gauges will be used to evaluate Site groundwater hydrologic success.

Fifteen (15) 10 X 10m² vegetation monitoring plots have been established to monitor Site vegetation. Stem counts of planted and volunteer species as well as an assessment of planted stem survivability will be performed annually. Vegetative monitoring success criteria will be achieved by plot data indicating an average number of planted stems per acre exceeding 320 stems/acre after the third year of monitoring and 260 stems/acre after the fifth and final year of project monitoring.

If vegetative success criteria are not achieved, supplemental plantings will be performed with native species approved by the appropriate regulatory agencies. Supplemental plantings will be performed as needed until success criteria are achieved.

Table 1: Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives

| Table 1.1 Toject Miligation Office and Objectives | | | | | |
|---|------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------------|---|
| Project Segment | Mitigation | | Restored Linear Footage | | |
| or Reach ID | Type | Approach | or Acreage | Stationing | Comment |
| Reach 1 | E1 | P2 | 3,693 l.f. | 0+35 – 37+58 | Total accounts for 30 l.f. gap in easement at road crossing |
| Reach 2 | S | SS | 2,208 l.f. | 37+58 – 59+66 | |
| Riverine Wetland Restoration | R | P2 | 7.7 ac | NA | Stations 0+00 – 37+58 mark the extents of floodplain grading |
| Riverine Wetland Enhancement | E | NA | 13.0 ac | NA | |
| Neuse River Buffer Restoration | R | NA | 27.1 ac | NA | |
| Neuse River Buffer Enhancement | E | NA | 7.2 ac | NA | |

R = Restoration

P2 = Priority 2

E1 = Stream Enhancement 1

SS = Streambank Stabilization

S = Stabilization

E = Wetland/Riparian Buffer Enhancement

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

ESC was retained by the EEP to provide stream, wetland, and Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration/enhancement design services for the Whitelace Creek Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (Site). The Site, confined within an EEP-owned conservation easement, is located west of Kinston in Lenoir County, North Carolina. It comprises approximately 37.0 acres, and is located in the Neuse River Basin (Cataloguing Unit 03020202). Whitelace Creek, the primary Site waterway, is a second-order stream that flows approximately 5,966 linear feet throughout the Site before its confluence with the Neuse River approximately 0.9 miles downstream of the Site boundary. Prior to restoration activities, the channel had been dredged and straightened to accommodate past agricultural land uses (primarily a large dairy operation), which impacted adjacent wetland and riparian buffer areas.

The Site watershed comprises a drainage area of approximately 10.1 square miles, and supports a mixture of agricultural, light residential, and expanding commercial development land uses.

The goals of the Site restoration effort included stream channel enhancement, riverine wetland restoration and enhancement, and Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration and enhancement. On-Site stream enhancement and riverine wetland restoration was achieved by excavating a floodplain adjacent to the existing stream banks to enable bankfull stage and higher flows to exit the channel, simultaneously providing a lateral hydrologic input for restored riparian wetlands. These and all other areas within the Site were planted with appropriate native species to recreate historic, native plant communities, which also provided wetland enhancement and Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration and enhancement on-Site.

On-Site restoration activities provided the following project totals (see Table 1 and Figures B and C for additional details):

- Level 1 Stream Enhancement (Priority 2): 3,693 linear feet
- Streambank Stabilization: 2,208 linear feet
- Riverine Wetland Restoration: 7.7 acres
- Riverine Wetland Enhancement: 13.0 acres
- Neuse River Riparian Buffer Restoration: 27.1 acres
- Neuse River Riparian Buffer Enhancement: 7.2 acres

In addition to the stream, wetland, and riparian buffer restoration totals provided above, two on-Site livestock waste lagoons were effectively decommissioned as a result of project work. Both former lagoons were incorporated into the Site design to serve as large, semi-permanent floodplain pools, further diversifying wildlife and aquatic flora habitat.

2.0 RESTORATION SUMMARY

2.1 Project Mitigation Goals

The primary project goals were the restoration of stable dimension, pattern, and profile for Whitelace Creek and restoration of adjacent riverine wetlands. At the time of the Site's Restoration Plan development, detailed channel surveys indicated that over time, the channel had passively regained a profile and pattern consistent with stable streams in the Middle Coastal Plain physiographic province. However, past channel dredging had lowered the channel invert sufficiently so that the stream's bankfull elevation was within the existing stream banks. Thus, restoration of the stream's natural flood regime was of primary importance for both stream enhancement and riverine wetland restoration, as overbank flooding provided a major hydrologic input to wetland areas adjacent to the channel.

Secondary goals of the project included streambank stabilization, riverine wetland enhancement, and Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration and enhancement. These goals were achieved via site planting. See Section 2.1 (Site Restoration Approaches) for details.

2.1 Site Restoration Approaches

2.1.1 Stream Channel Enhancement

Level 1 stream channel enhancement (Station 0+35 to 37+58) was achieved by restoring Whitelace Creek's bankfull dimensions to reflect those exhibited by reference streams in similar geographic contexts within the Middle Coastal Plain physiographic province. This was accomplished by the excavation of a bankfull bench/floodplain adjacent to the existing channel, thereby re-establishing the stream's bankfull elevation at the tops of its banks to enable bankfull and higher flows to exit the channel.

Floodplain excavation occurred adjacent to the stream's southern bank in the upper portions of the Site, and then along both banks downstream of this point to the bridge crossing. Downstream of the bridge, floodplain excavation occurred in areas off both banks of the channel. The attached as-built drawings and Figure B depict where floodplain excavation occurred on-Site. The total stream channel length improved by floodplain excavation (level 1 enhancement) is 3,693 linear feet.

2.1.2 Streambank Stabilization

Downstream of the furthest extent of floodplain excavation (station 37+58), the channel and its associated floodplain areas were planted with characteristic riverine wetland plant assemblages (Station 37+58 to 59+66). This provided streambank stabilization by enhancing bank stability with woody vegetation as well as adding floodplain roughness to dissipate higher-energy flood flows upon tree maturity. The total length of stream channel improved by streambank stabilization is 2,208 linear feet (Figure B). A portion of this stream length was estimated because the channel loses its definition as a result of beaver activity in the vicinity.

2.1.3 Riverine Wetland Restoration

Riverine wetland restoration was performed by excavating floodplain areas adjacent to Whitelace Creek that were previously mapped as hydric soil units. Floodplain excavation effectively lowered the ground surface in excavated areas closer to the seasonal high water table. In addition, floodplain excavation restored Whitelace Creek's natural flood regime, enabling bankfull and higher flows to spread out over the floodplain, providing an additional hydrologic input. The total area of riverine wetland restoration is 7.7 acres (Figure B).

In order to diversify floodplain habitat and increase microtopographical complexity, small floodplain pools (approximately 4 X 5 X 4 feet) were intermittently placed along the extents of excavated floodplain areas. Additionally, trees, shrubs, and other woody debris unable to be left in place as a result of excavation activity were piled immediately upstream of floodplain pools to provide cover and additional habitat.

2.1.4 Riverine Wetland Enhancement

Riverine wetland enhancement was accomplished by restoring the characteristic, native plant communities to jurisdictional wetland areas previously identified on-Site outside the limits of wetland restoration areas. Excavation (aside from incidental grading in enhancement areas immediately adjacent to restoration areas) was not performed in wetland enhancement areas. The total area of riverine wetland enhancement is 13.0 acres (Figure B).

2.1.5 Neuse River Riparian Buffer Restoration

In accordance with DWQ riparian buffer restoration guidelines, un-forested and sparsely forested areas within the conservation easement were planted with appropriate native plant species to achieve Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration. Many un-forested areas on the Site were a result of prior agricultural land use and other disturbances. The total area of Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration is 27.1 acres (Figure C).

2.1.6 Neuse River Riparian Buffer Enhancement

Also in accordance with DWQ guidelines, areas previously forested with uncharacteristic vegetative cover or areas with woody species stem counts exceeding the minimum thresholds required for riparian buffer restoration were planted with appropriate native species to achieve Neuse River Riparian Buffer enhancement. The total area of Neuse River buffer enhancement is 7.2 acres (Figure C).

2.1.7 Livestock Waste Lagoon Decommissioning

In addition to the creditable restoration activities performed on-Site discussed above, two former livestock waste lagoons were decommissioned to North Carolina Division of the Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) specifications (refer to the Lagoon Closure Report in Appendix C). Where necessary (i.e., in lagoon areas with sufficiently high nutrient levels monitored by water quality sampling), waste was removed from the lagoons and disposed of in accordance with DENR guidelines. The lagoons were

incorporated into the Site design and graded into larger, semi-permanent floodplain pools, providing additional wildlife and aquatic flora habitat.

3.0 MONITORING PLAN

In order to ensure the Site meets regulatory stream, wetland, and riparian buffer restoration monitoring criteria, each parameter on-Site will be monitored annually for five (5) years or until success criteria has been achieved. Refer to Figure D for monitoring plan details.

3.1 Stream Channel

Three (3) stream channel cross-sections have been established to monitor any potential instability and adverse changes in channel geometry (see Figure D for cross-section locations). Measured parameters will include cross-sectional area, bankfull width, average and maximum bankfull depth, and width-to-depth ratio. Cross-sections will be surveyed in the first, third, and fifth years of project monitoring. Channel geomorphic data will be analyzed and present in the Site's Annual Monitoring Reports. Success criteria for stream enhancement will include 1) successful classification of the reach as a functioning system (Rosgen 1996), and 2) channel stability indicative of a stable stream system.

A stream crest gauge has been installed on-Site to monitor for the occurrence of bankfull events (see Figure D for crest gauge location). In order to achieve success criteria, at least two bankfull events must occur over the course of the five year monitoring period.

3.2 Groundwater Hydrology

Seven (7) auto-logging groundwater monitoring gauges have been installed in a manner representing characteristic Site groundwater levels and topographic variability (see Figure D for monitoring gauge locations). Three (3) off-Site reference gauges have also been installed in wetlands in the Site vicinity with similar groundwater hydrologic regimes (see Figure E for reference gauge locations). Gauges will be downloaded monthly throughout the growing season. Hydrologic success criteria will be achieved by registering groundwater levels within the upper 12 inches of the soil surface for a minimum number of consecutive days corresponding to at least 12.5 percent of the growing season in Lenoir County under normal annual precipitation. However, if drought conditions prevent the Site from achieving hydrologic success criteria, the on-Site gauge hydroperiods must meet or exceed 75 percent of the hydroperiods exhibited by the reference gauges.

3.3 Vegetation

Fifteen (15) 10 X 10m² vegetation monitoring plots have been installed to monitor planted wetland and Neuse River Riparian Buffer restoration and enhancement areas. Plots will be monitored annually, and a stem count of planted and volunteer species as well as an assessment of survivability of planted stems will be performed. Vegetative monitoring success will be achieved by plot data indicating an average number of

planted stems per acre exceeding 320 stems/acre after the third year of monitoring and 260 stems/acre after the fifth and final year of project monitoring.

4.0 MAINTENNANCE AND CONTINGENCY PLANS

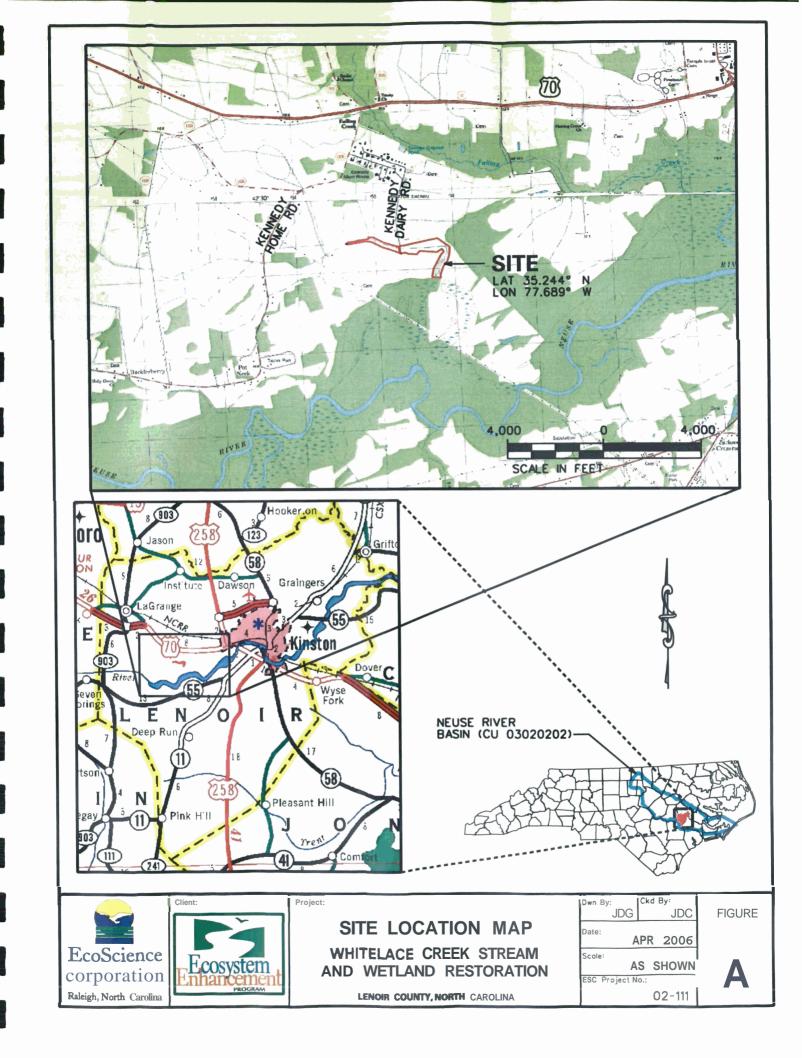
If vegetation success criteria are not achieved by on average planted stem/acre density calculations from combined sample plot data, supplemental plantings will be performed with native tree species approved by the appropriate regulatory agencies (i.e., the EEP, USACE, and DWQ). Supplemental plantings will be performed as needed until vegetative success criteria are achieved.

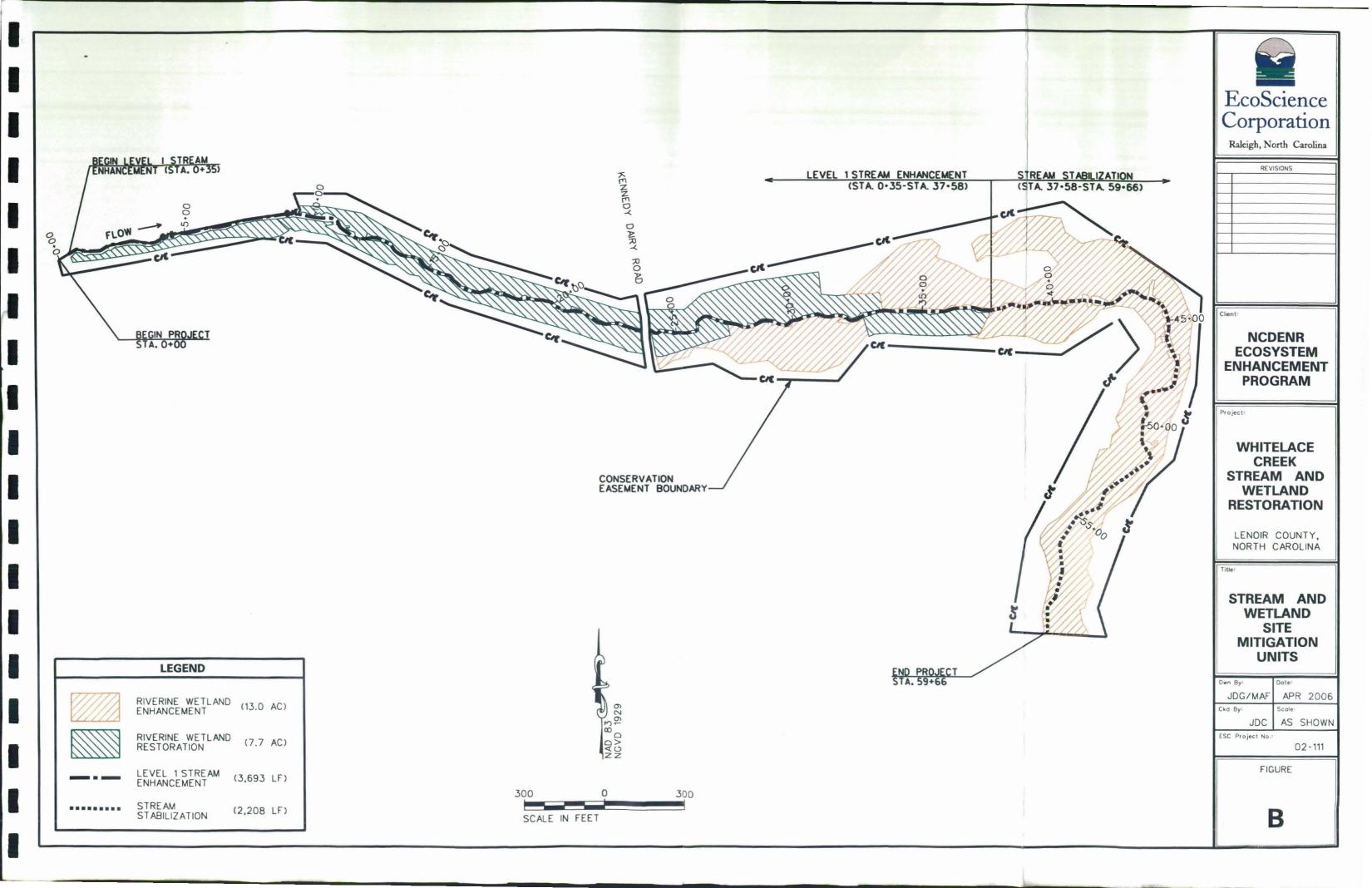
Beaver activity has been observed in channel areas downstream of the conservation easement boundary. Throughout the five-year monitoring period, the Site will be periodically monitored for beaver activity encroachment into the conservation easement. If beaver activity is observed on-Site, EEP will be notified to pursue remedial measures.

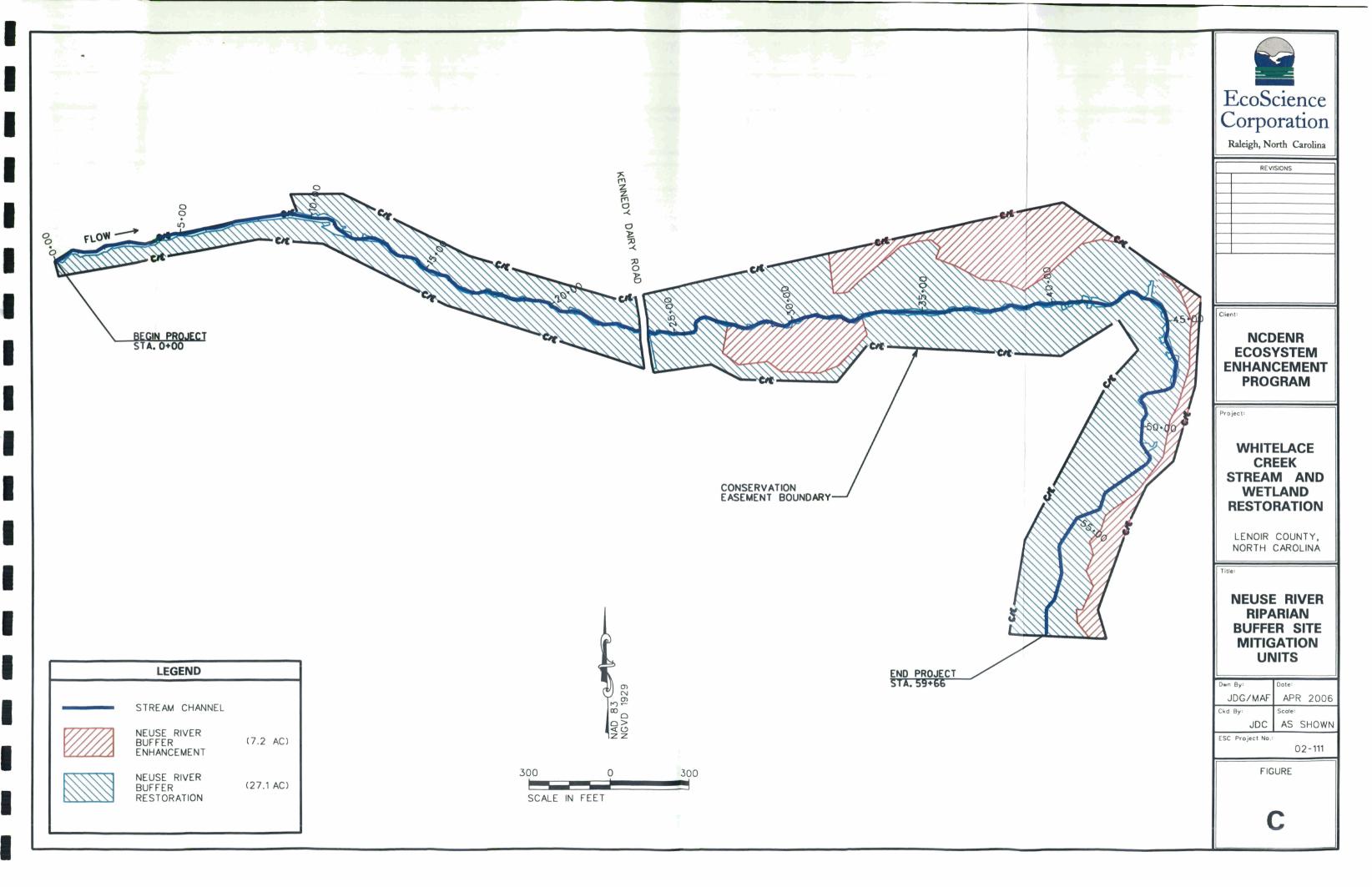
5.0 REFERENCES

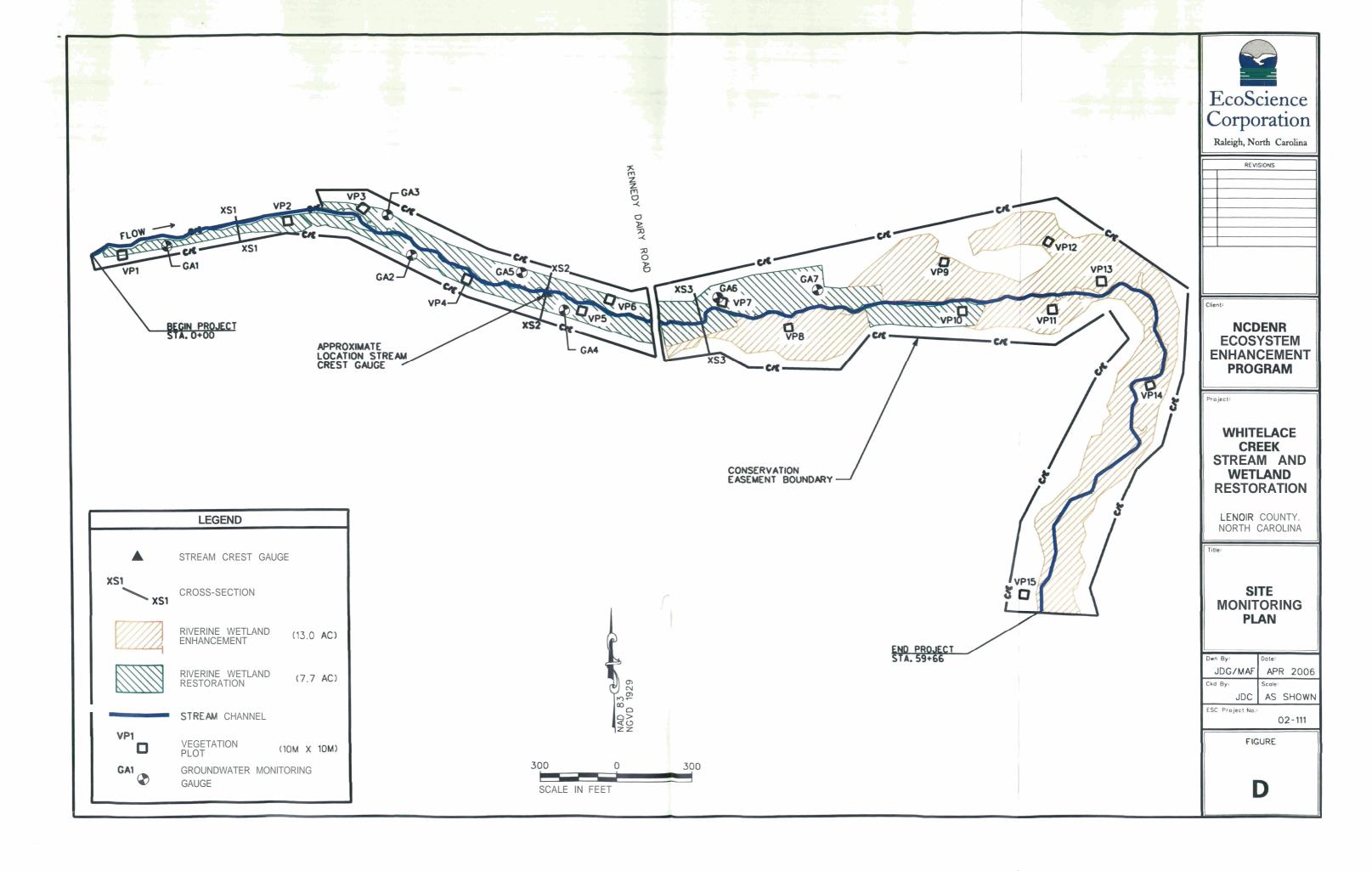
Rosgen, D. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology. Pagosa Springs, Colorado

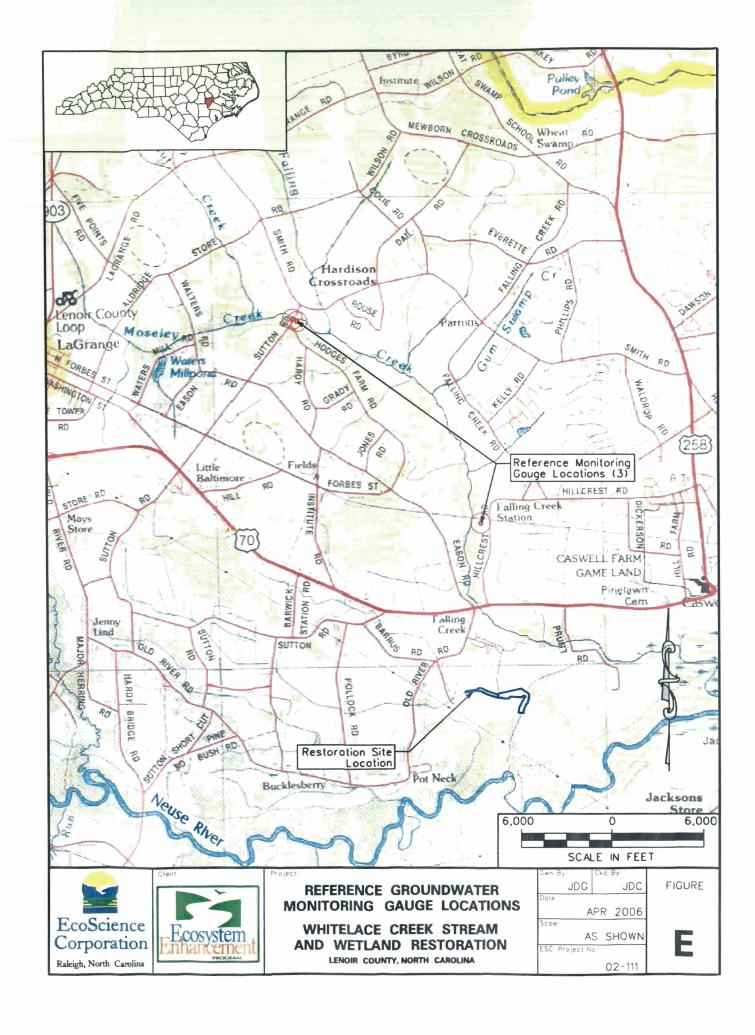
APPENDIX A: FIGURES



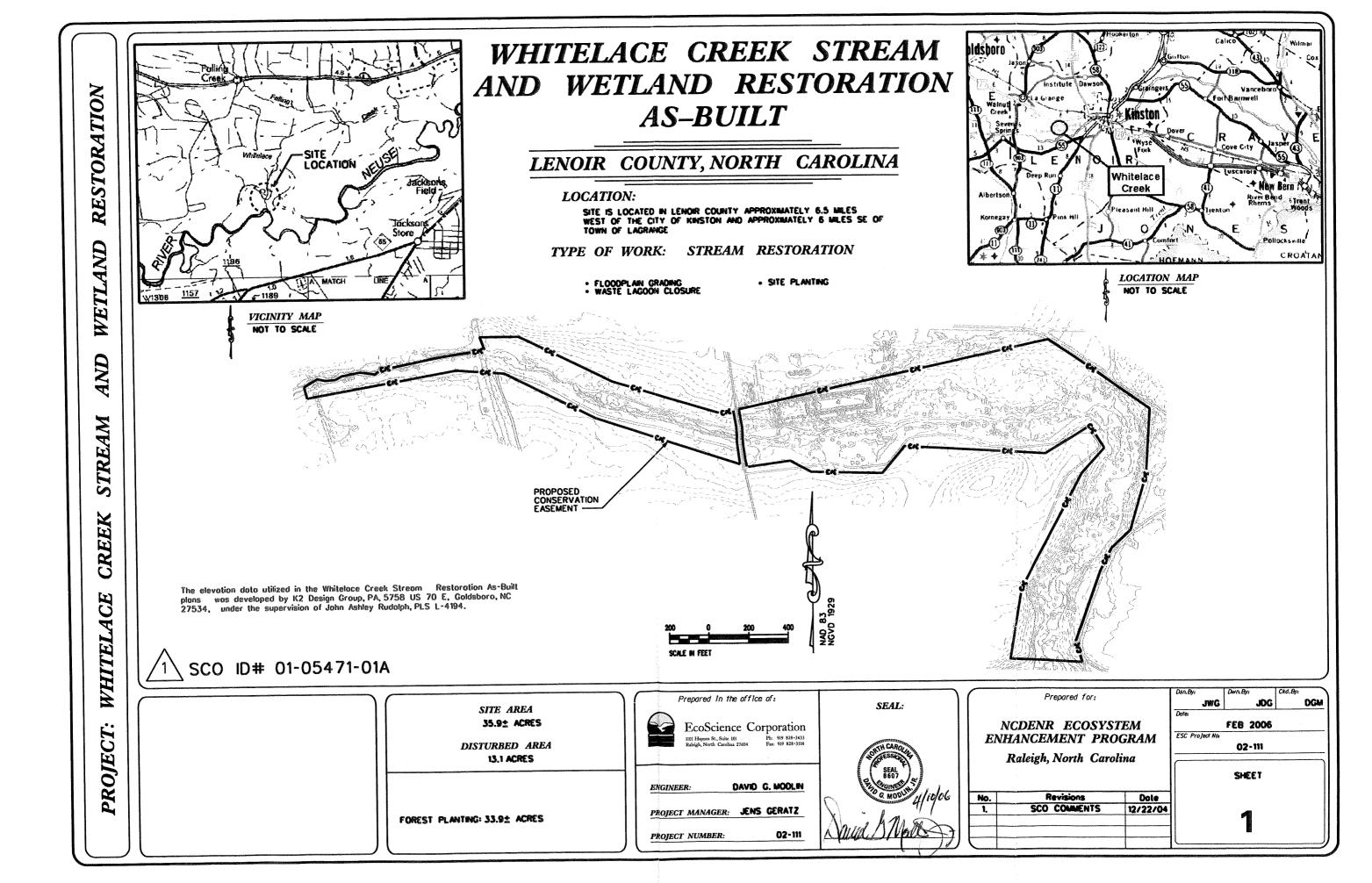








APPENDIX B: AS-BUILT DRAWINGS



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- 1C: FLOOD PLAIN ELEVATIONS TABLE
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- 3: SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES
- 4: EXISTING CONDITIONS
- 5: OVERALL SITE PLAN
- 6-9: SITE PLANS
- EC1-EC3: EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 - EC4: EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
 - L1: PLANTING PLAN
 - X1: CROSS-SECTIONS

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCING

- 1. INSTALL SAFETY FENCE, TEMPORARY CHANNEL CROSSING, AND TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.
- 2.ESTABLISH STAGING AREA AS DEPICTED ON THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, AND MARK CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ACCESS LOCATIONS WITH VISIBLE MARKERS. CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE CONTAINED WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS AS DEPICTED ON THE PLANS OR AS SPECIFIED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES AND RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION FOR PROPER TIMING, REMOVAL AND DISTRIBUTION OF SLUDGE MATERIAL FROM THE SMALL WASTE LAGOON.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE THE VALLEY FLOODPLAIN BEGINNING AT THE UPSTREAM END (STATION 0.00) AS SHOWN ON PLAN SHEETS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE THE CONTAINMENT BERMS FOR THE WASTE LAGOONS TO THE FLOODPLAIN ELEVATION AND TIE IN TO THE EXISTING GRADES.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLACE THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL IN WINDROW FASHION IN THE ADJACENT FIELD AS DEPICTED IN THE PLANS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE IMPROVEMENTS TO THE ROAD CROSSING AND INSTALL THE ROLLING DIP AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHEETS.
- 7. AFTER ALL EARTH WORK IS COMPLETED AND STABILIZED, THE CONTRACTOR WILL REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES, TEMPORARY CHANNEL CROSSING, AND SCARIFY ANY COMPACTED AREAS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE DISKED OR PLOWED TO DEVELOP COMPLETE MICRO TOPOGRAPHY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER AND SEEDED AND MULCHED. THE AREA OF THE TEMPORARY CHANNEL CROSSING SHALL BE RESTORED TO FLOODPLAIN ELEVATION, PROTECTED WITH COIR FIBER MATTING, SEEDED AND MULCHED.
- 9. ONCE GRADING IS COMPLETE, THE CLASS B STONE USED FOR THE TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING AND SILT FENCE STONE OUTLET MAY BE UTILIZED ALONG KENNEDY DAIRY ROAD IN AREAS SHOWN REQUIRING CLASS B RIP RAP. SOME CLASS A STONE MAY BE MIXED AT THE ENGINEER'S DIRECTION.

GENERAL NOTES

1. ALL WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

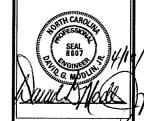
A) NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND STRUCTURES, ENGLISH" DATED JANUARY 2002, AND ANY SUPPLEMENTS THERETO ISSUED PRIOR TO THE DATE OF RECEIPT OF BIDS.

B) NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION "ROADWAY STANDARD DRAWINGS, ENGLISH" DATED JANUARY 2002 AND ANY SUPPLEMENTS ISSUED THERETO PRIOR TO THE DATE OF RECEIPT OF BIDS.

- C) REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES.
- 2. ALL CONSERVATION EASEMENT CORNER MARKERS SHALL BE PLACED BY OTHERS.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY EXISTING CONDITIONS AND DIMENSIONS WHICH AFFECT NEW WORK PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING ANY DISTURBANCE OR DAMAGE TO UTILITIES AND SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR IMMEDIATELY REPAIRING ANY DAMAGES AT A COST INCIDENT TO THIS CONTRACT. CALL BEFORE YOU DIG 800-632-4949
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR MAY UTILIZE THE DESIGNATED STAGING AREA AND THE AREA INSIDE THE PROPOSED CONSERVATION EASEMENT FOR STAGING AND STOCKPILING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE OF VEGETATION ALONG THE STREAM BANK.
- 7. THE COORDINATE SYSTEM IS THE NAD 83 STATE PLANE GRID.
- 8. THE VERTICAL DATUM IS BASED ON NVD 1929.



REVISIONS



Client:

NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Project:

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY,

Title:

INDEX OF SHEETS / GENERAL NOTES

| Dan By: | | Dwn By: |
|---------|-----|----------|
| | JWG | JDG |
| Ckd By: | | Date: |
| | DGM | FEB 2006 |
| | | |

ESC Project No.

02-111

NO SCALE

SHEET

1A

ECOSCIENCE CORPORATION

ELEMENT SYMBOLOGY

TOPOGRAPHY & HYDROGRAPHY

| MAJOR CONTOUR | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| MINOR CONTOUR | |
| GRAVEL /DIRT ROAD | |
| PAVED ROAD | |
| WETLAND /SWAMP | # # # # |
| DIRECTION OF FLOW | |
| EXISTING STREAM | |
| EXISTING WETLAND BOUNDARY | — -WLB— - |
| HIGH QUALITY WETLAND BOUNDARY | —HQ WLB— |
| MEDIUM QUALITY WETLAND BOUNDARY | -MQ WLB- |
| LOW QUALITY WETLAND BOUNDARY | LQ WLB |
| PROPOSED WETLAND BOUNDARY | WLB |
| SPOT ELEVATION | |

BOUNDARIES, PROPERTIES, AND EASEMENTS

| COUNTY LINE | |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| CITY LINE | |
| PROPERTY LINE | ——P— |
| EXISTING IRON PIN | e e |
| RIGHT OF WAY | —R/W— |
| PROPERTY MONUMENT | æ |
| PARCEL NUMBER | 6 |
| BENCHMARK | BM300_ |
| NCDOT MONUMENT | © BL-5 |
| UTILITY EASEMENT | ——- E —— |
| POWER LINE | ——— P——— |
| EXISTING EASEMENT | E |
| PROPOSED CONSERVATION EASEMENT | c/E |

BUILDINGS & OTHER STRUCTURES

| BUILDINGS | 5 |
|--|--------------------|
| WELL | Q. |
| MONITORING WELL | Δ |
| BRIDGE | |
| BOX CULVERT OR TUNNEL | Z |
| CULVERT | } |
| BRIDGE WING WALL, HEAD WALL, AND END WALL |)conc ww(|
| HEAD AND END WALL | CONC HW |
| PIPE CULVERT | ====: |
| FOOTBRIDGE | > |
| DRAINAGE BOXES | СВ |
| EXISTING FENCE | xxx- |
| POWER POLE | • |
| TELEPHONE POLE | • |
| LIGHT POLE | ¤ |
| POWER LINE TOWER | \boxtimes |
| SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE | • |
| STORM SEWER MANHOLE | S |
| SANITARY SEWER | —ss-ss— |
| STORM SEWER | ss |
| FOOTBRIDGE | ****************** |
| TRAIL, FOOTPATH | |
| RAIL ROAD | CSX TRANSPORTATION |

PROPOSED FEATURES AND STRUCTURES

| LOG-VANE | |
|---|--|
| CROSS-VANE | A |
| RADIUS OF CURVATURE CENTER MARK | + _{R2} |
| CHANNEL CROSSING | |
| MODIFIED CROSS-VANE | A |
| J-HOOK VANE | 608 |
| STEP CROSS-VANE | |
| TEMPORARY STAGING AREA, SOIL STOCKPILING | |
| NEW CHANNEL | ~ |
| BORROW AREA | |
| CHANNEL BACKFILL | |
| GRADE CONTROL SILL | |
| MEANDER REVETMENT | |
| RIPRAP APRON | |
| IMPERVIOUS CHANNEL BLOCK | |
| TOP OF RIFFLE | € TR1 |
| BOTTOM OF RIFFLE | • |
| CONSTRUCTED BERM | |
| | |
| PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE | |
| | • |
| PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE | |
| PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE | |
| PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE PROPOSED FENCE PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOURS | —————————————————————————————————————— |
| PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE PROPOSED FENCE PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOURS PROPOSED MINOR CONTOURS | 755 |
| PROPOSED SAFETY FENCE PROPOSED FENCE PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOURS PROPOSED MINOR CONTOURS PROPOSED DIVERSION DITCH | 755 |

VEGETATION

| ; | SINGLE TREE & |
|---|--------------------------|
| : | SINGLE SHRUB 0 |
| - | EXISTING WOODS LINE |
| | PROPOSED CLEARING LIMITS |



REVISIONS



Client:

NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Project:

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

ELEMENT SYMBOLOGY

SHEET

1B

| WHITELACE CREEK FLOOD PLAIN ELEVATIONS | | Avg. Floodplain Elev. | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Station | Floodplain Elevation | K2 Design Topo Shot | |
| 1+75 | 38.46 | 37.64 | |
| 3+25 | 38.31 | 37.43 | |
| 5+50 | 38.11 | 37.62 | |
| 8+00 | 37.85 | 37.3 | |
| 10+00 | 37.70 | 37.01 | |
| 10+25 | 37.68 | 37.12 | |
| 10+75 | 37.62 | 37.1 | |
| 10+85 | 37.59 | 36.9 | |
| 11+75 | 37.50 | 36.9 | |
| 12+00 | 37.47 | 36.78 | |
| 12+50 | 37.42 | 36.85 | |
| 12+60 | 37.38 | 36.9 | |
| 13+30 | 37.32 | 36.6 | |
| 13+55 | 37.29 | 36.77 | |
| 14+10 | 37.24 | 36.8 | |
| 14+25 | 37.22 | 37.18 | |
| 14+25 | 37.19 | 37.15 | |
| | 37.16 | 37.16 | |
| 14+90 15+25 | 37.10 | 37.10 | |
| 15+75 | 37.09 | 37.05 | |
| 16+30 | 37.02 | 36.89 | |
| 16+95 | 36.96 | 36.45 | |
| | 36.90 | 36.3 | |
| 17+50 | 36.87 | 36.5 | |
| 17+90 | 36.80 | 36.25 | |
| 18+60 | 36.77 | 36.21 | |
| 18+75 | | 36.1 | |
| 19+25 | 36.72 | 36.05 | |
| 19+50 | 36.69 | 35.71 | |
| 19+75 | 36.65 | | |
| 20+25 | 36.62 | 35.82 | |
| 20+65 | 36.58 | 35.7 | |
| 20+90 | 36.51 | 35.62 | |
| 21+60 | 36.45 | 36.08 | |
| 25+00 | 36.20 | 36.64 | |
| 25+50 | 36.15 | 35.76 | |
| 25+60 | 36.12 | 35.75 | |
| 26+10 | 36.05 | 35.71 | |
| 26+65 | 35.98 | 35.2 | |
| 27+30 | 35.90 | 35.13 | |
| 27+65 | 35.87 | 35.12 | |
| 28+00 | 35.83 | 34.85 | |
| 28+35 | 35.79 | 34.83 | |
| 28+85 | 35.74 | 35.13 | |
| 29+10 | 35.71 | 35.2 | |
| 30+00 | 35.63 | 35.5 | |
| 30+85 | 35.55 | 35.08 | |
| 31+25 | 35.50 | 35.01 | |
| 31+65 | 35.44 | 34.8 | |
| 32+30 | 35.38 | 34.7 | |
| 33+00 | 35.31 | 34.66 | |
| 33+50 | 35.26 | 34.41 | |
| 34+65 | 35.14 | 34.83 | |
| 35+50 | 35.05 | 34.59 | |
| 35+53 | 35.00 | 34.58 | |



REVISIONS



Client

NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Project

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Title

FLOOD PLAIN ELEVATIONS TABLE

| | Dwn By: | |
|-----|---------|------|
| JWG | | JD |
| | Dote: | |
| DGM | FEB | 2006 |
| | JWG | JWG |

Scole:

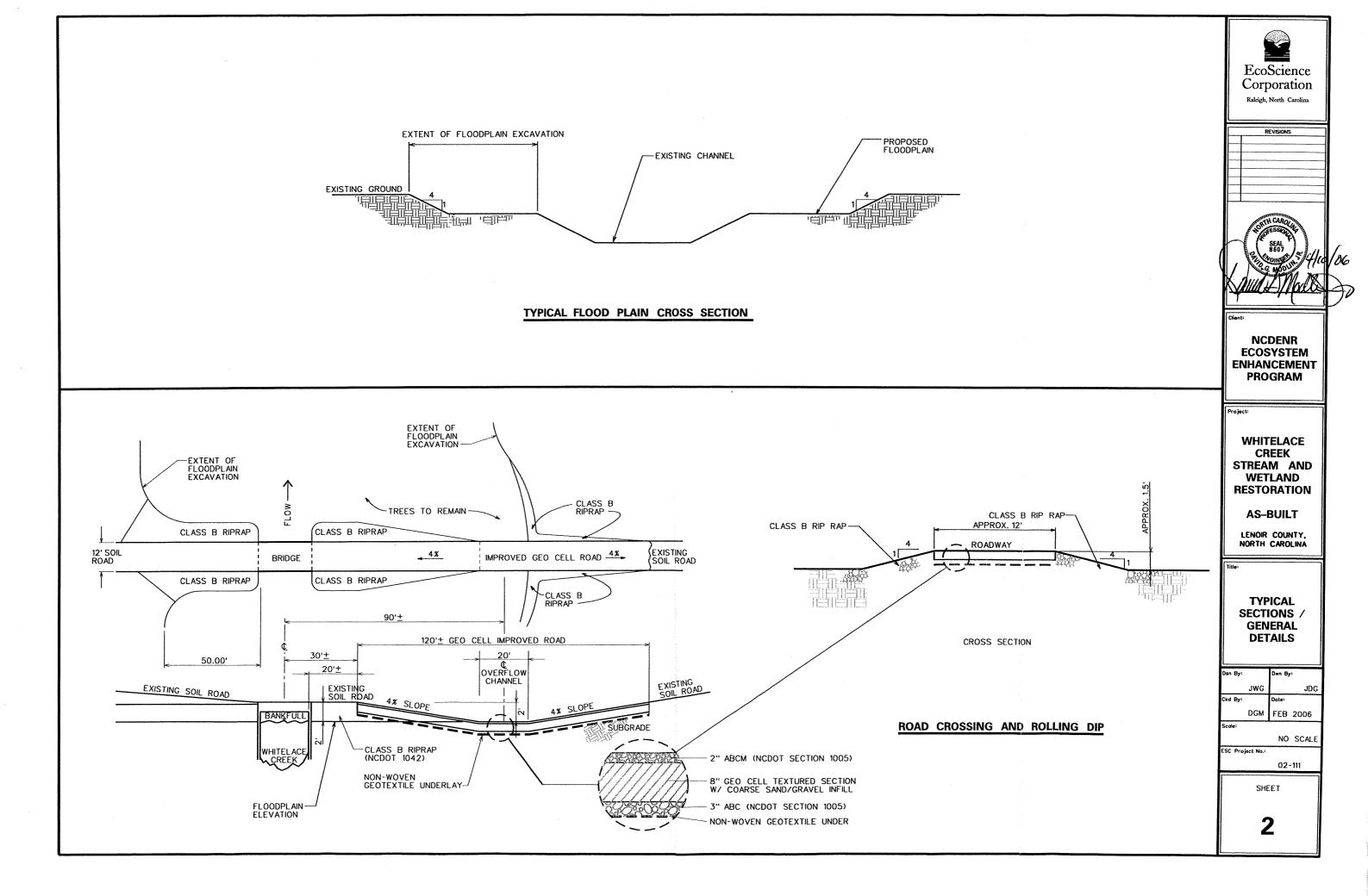
NO SCALE

02-111

ESC Project No.:

SHEET

1C



SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

| ITEM NO. | ITEM DESCTRIPTION | QUANTITY | UNIT |
|----------|------------------------------------|----------|------|
| 800 | Mobilization | 1 | LS |
| SP | Construction Surveying | 1 | LS |
| SP | Grading | 1 | LS |
| SP | Sludge Removal | 1 | LS |
| 1032 | 54-Inch Corragated Metal Pipe | 48 | LF |
| 1056 | Filter Fabric, Type 2 | 600 | SY |
| 1605 | Temporary Silt Fence | 7382 | LF |
| 1610 | Stone for Erosion Control, Class B | 140 | TON |
| 1610 | Sediment Control Stone | 40 | TON |
| 1610 | Aggregate Base Course, ABC | 21 | TON |
| 1042 | RipRap, Class B | 10 | TON |
| 1630 | Silt Excavation | 150 | CY |
| 1615 | Temporary Mulching | 9.8 | ACR |
| 1620 | Seed for Temporary Seeding | 490 | LB |
| 1620 | Fertilizer for Temporary Seeding | 2 | TON |
| 1660 | Permanent Seeding and Mulching | 9.8 | ACR |
| 1661 | Seed for Repair Seeding | 245 | LB |
| 1661 | Fertilizer for Repair Seeding | 0.5 | TON |
| 1670 | Bare Root Seedlings | 33792 | EA |
| SP | Coir Fiber Matting | 350 | SY |
| SP | Geoweb | 160 | SY |
| SP | Safety Fence | 720 | LF |
| SP | Disking/Scarification | 9.8 | ACR |

Note: Quantities are estimated based on typical sections with a 20 % contingency for bid purposes. It is the contractors responsibility to verify quantities.

EARTHWORK SUMMARY

| LOCATION | UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION | EMBANKMENT +% | BORROW | WASTE |
|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|
| 0+00 - 8+75 | 3,337 | -0- | -0- | 3,337 |
| 8+75 - 23+00 | 14,271 | -0- | -0- | 14,271 |
| 23+00 - 37+38.07 | 12,745 | - 0 - | - 0 - | 12,745 |
| PROJECT TOTAL | 30,353 | - 0 - | - 0 - | 30,353 |
| USE | 30,400 | -0- | - 0 - | 30,400 |

| WHITELACE CREEK STREAM RESTORATION | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Stream Flows and Shear Stress | | | | | | |
| | | | _ | | | | |
| Whitelace Creek | at Kenned | y Dairy Fa | rm Road | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| F | lows in Cf | -S | | | | | |
| 1-Yr. Event | 60 | T | T | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2-Yr. Event | 148 | | | | | | |
| 10-Yr. Event 400 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Shear Stress in LB/SQ.FT. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Existing | Left OB | Channel | Right OB | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1-Yr, Event | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 2-Yr. Event | 0.00 | 0.24 | 0.01 | | | | |
| 10-Yr. Event 0.08 0.31 0.05 | | | | | | | |



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| | OFFICE SOLUTION | |



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NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

roject:

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

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SUMMARY OF QUANTITIES

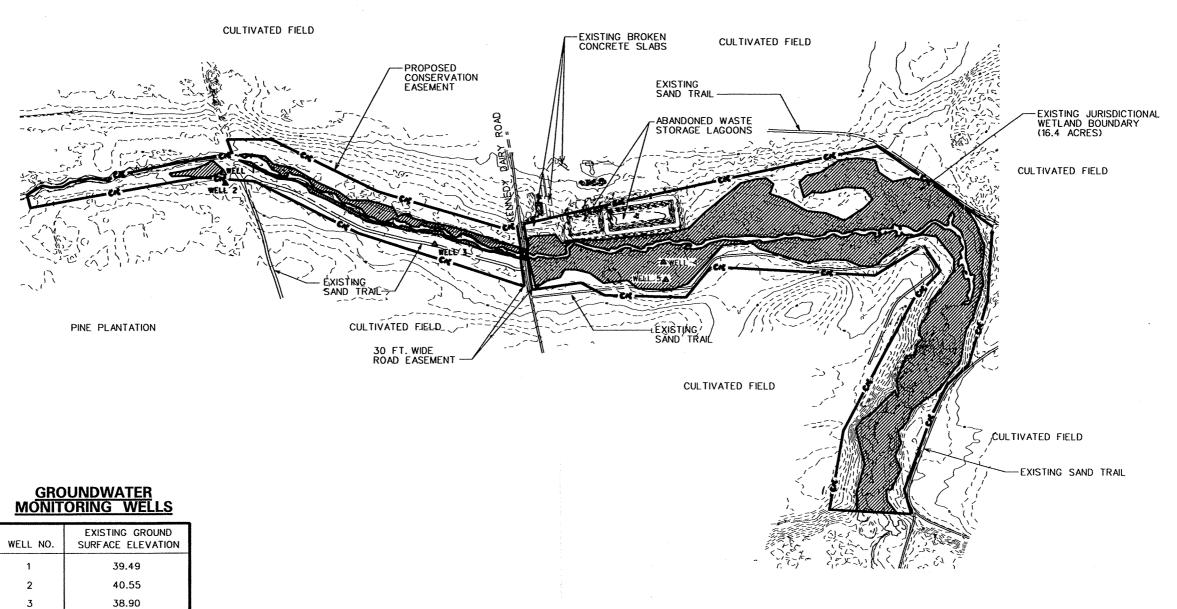
| Dan By: | | Dwn By: |
|---------|-----|----------|
| | JWG | JDG |
| Ckd By: | | Date: |
| | DGM | FEB 2006 |
| Scole: | | 1. 200 |

NO SCALE

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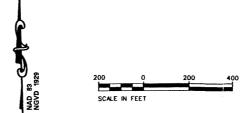
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3



NOTE: MONITORING WELLS SHALL BE REMOVED BY ECOSCIENCE CORPORATION PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, THE WELLS WILL BE REPOSITIONED BY ECOSCIENCE CORPORATION.

35.95 35.68





REVISIONS

Client:

NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Project:

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

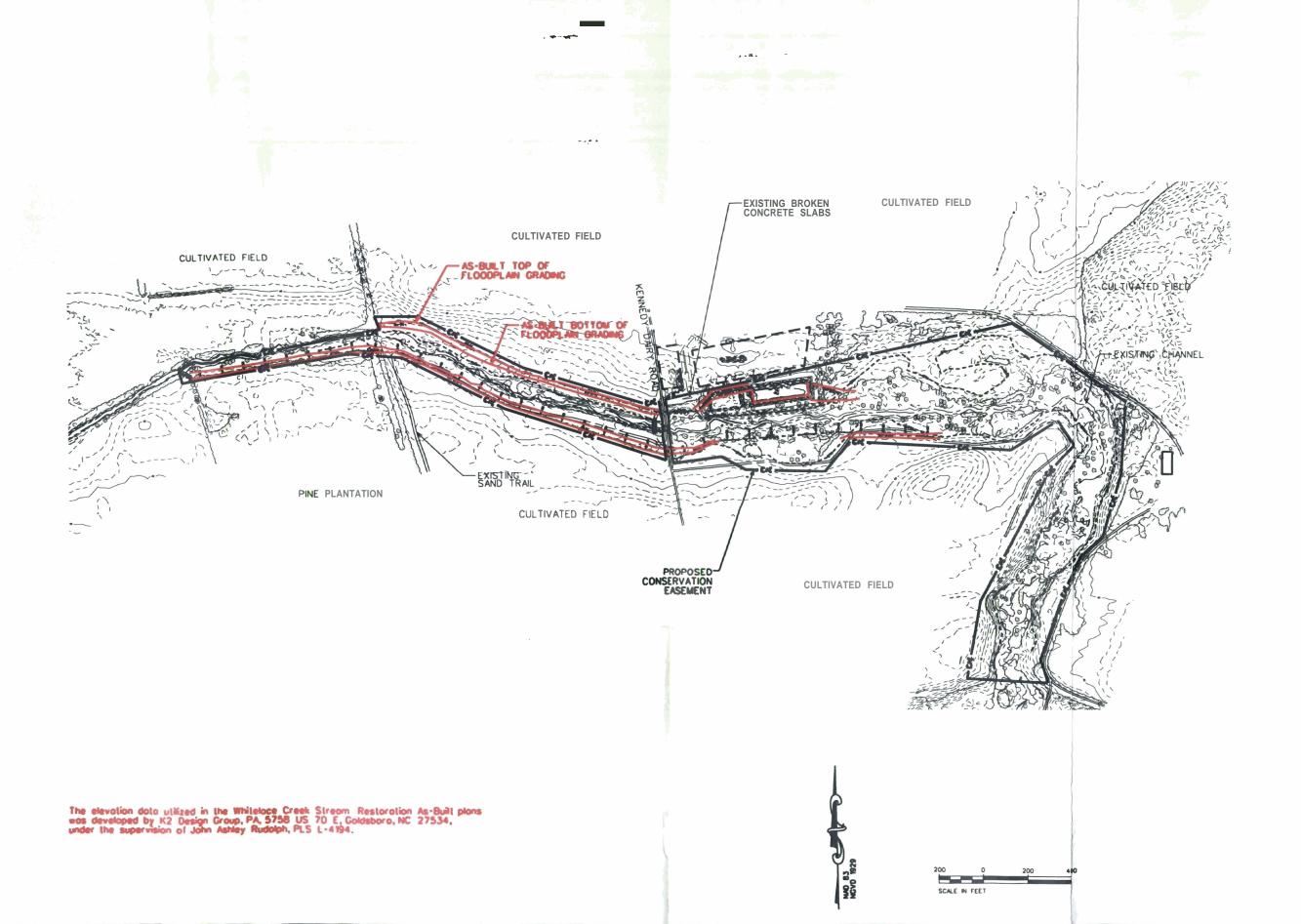
LENOIR COUNTY.
NORTH CAROLINA

Title:

EXISTING CONDITIONS

| Dsn By: | | Dwn By | : |
|---------|-----------|--------|------|
| | JWG | | JDG |
| Ckd By: | | Date: | |
| | DGM | FEB | 2006 |
| Scole: | | | |
| | | 1"-: | 200' |
| ESC Pro | ject No.: | | |
| | | 02 | -111 |
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Client:

NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

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WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY.
NORTH CAROLINA

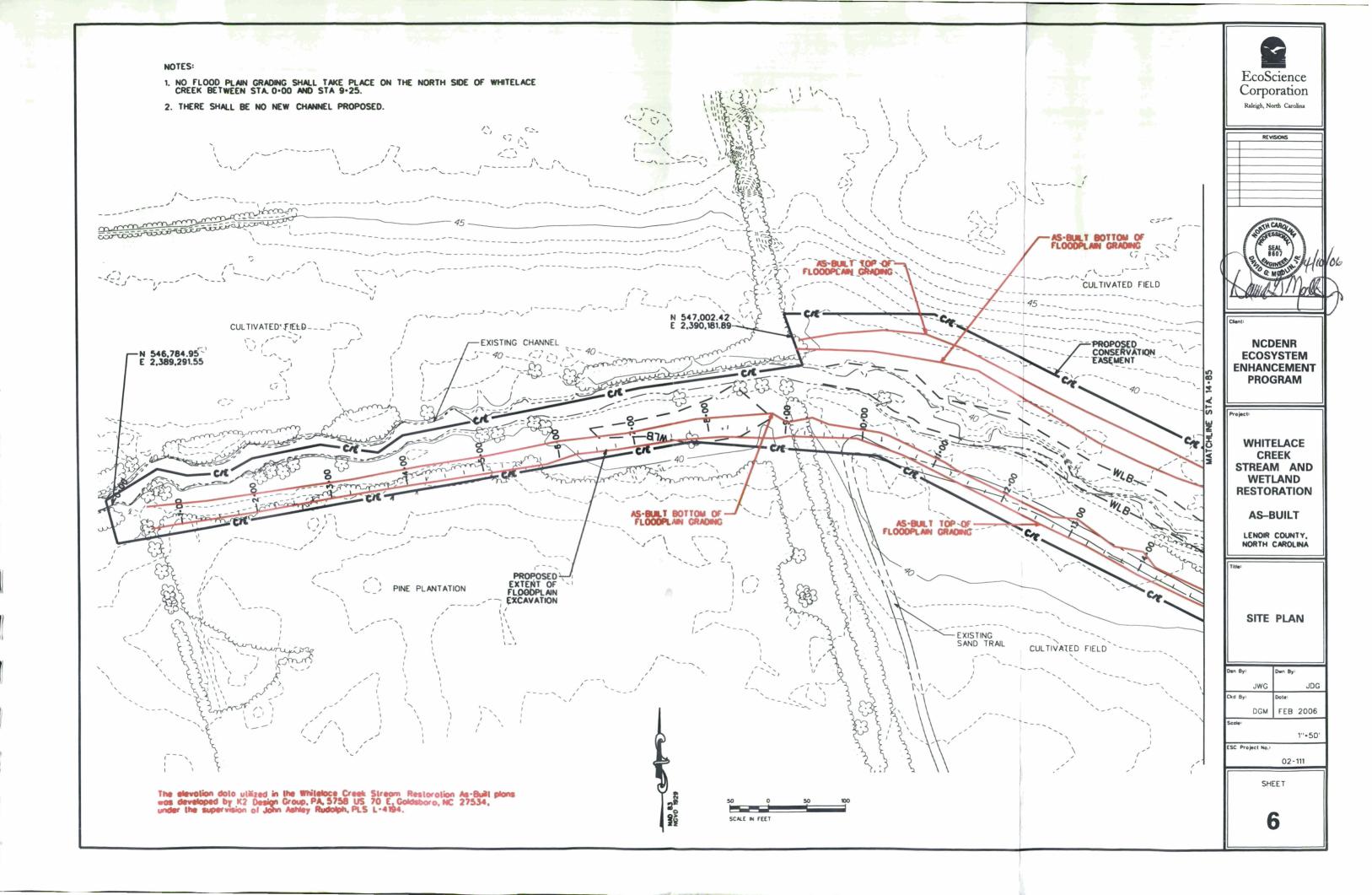
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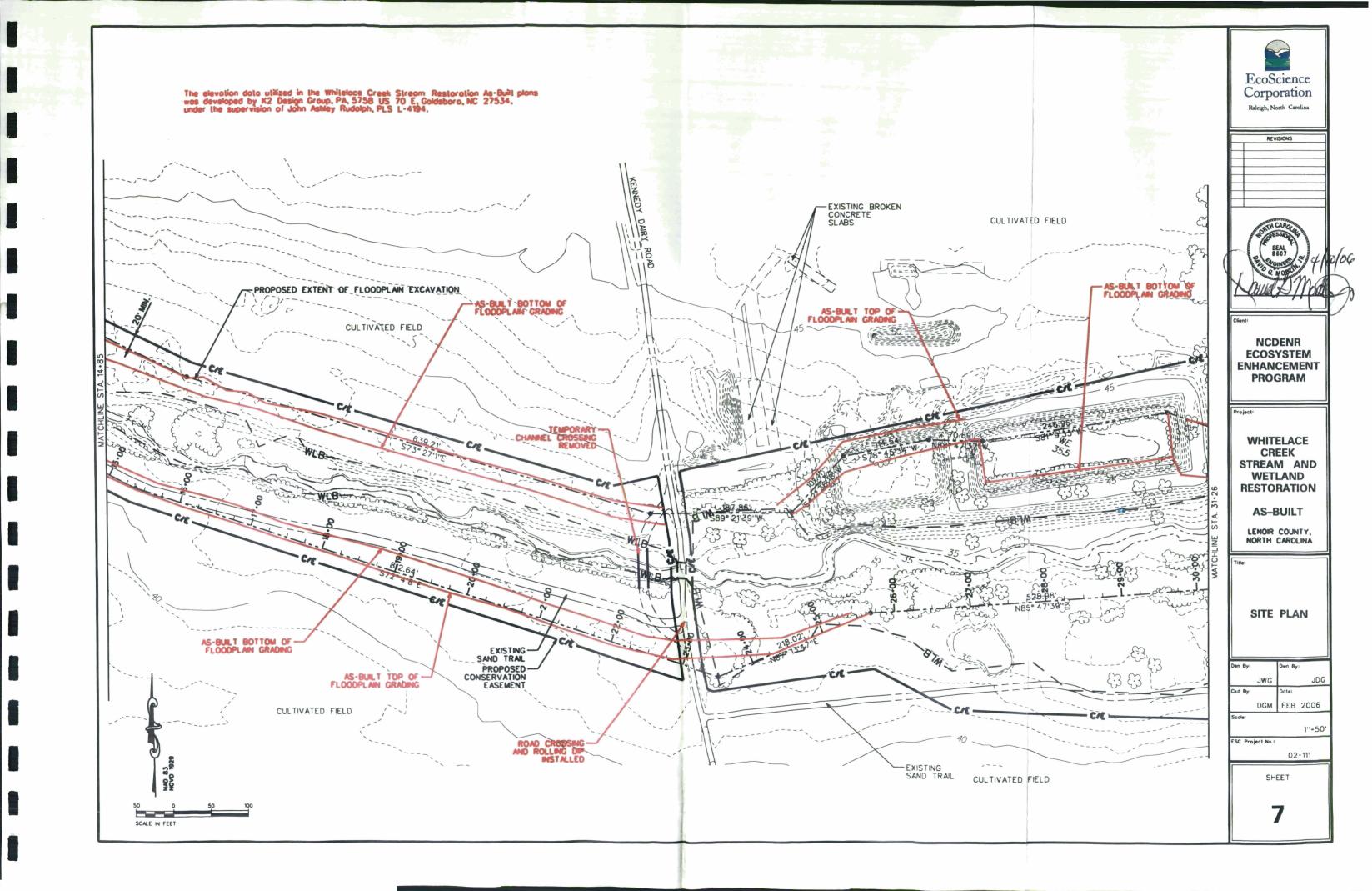
OVERALL SITE PLAN

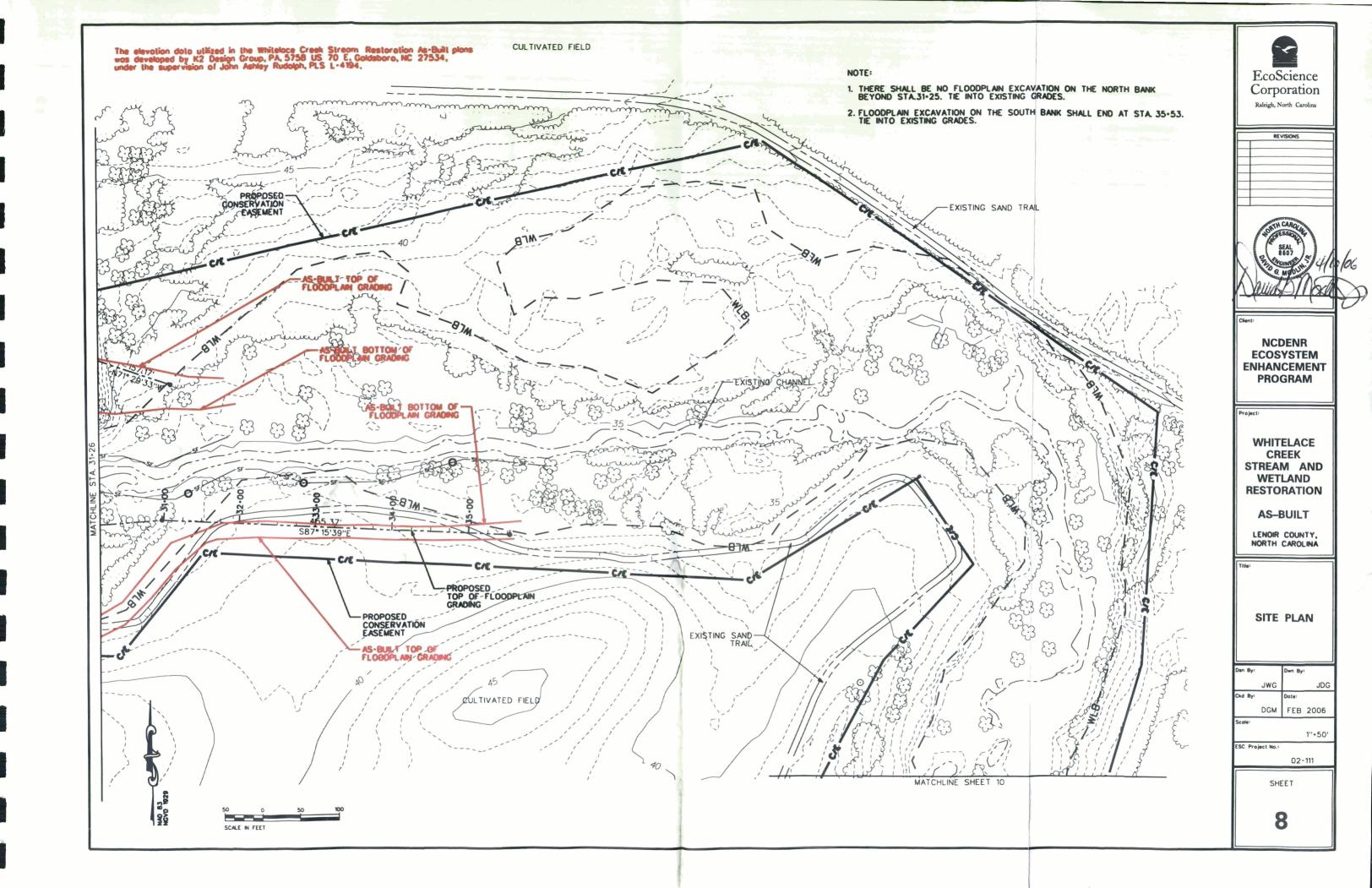
| Dan By: | | Dwn By: |
|---------|-----------|----------|
| | JWG | JDG |
| Ckd By: | | Dote: |
| | DGM | FEB 2006 |
| Scale: | | |
| | | 1"-200" |
| ESC Pro | ject No.: | |
| | | 02-111 |

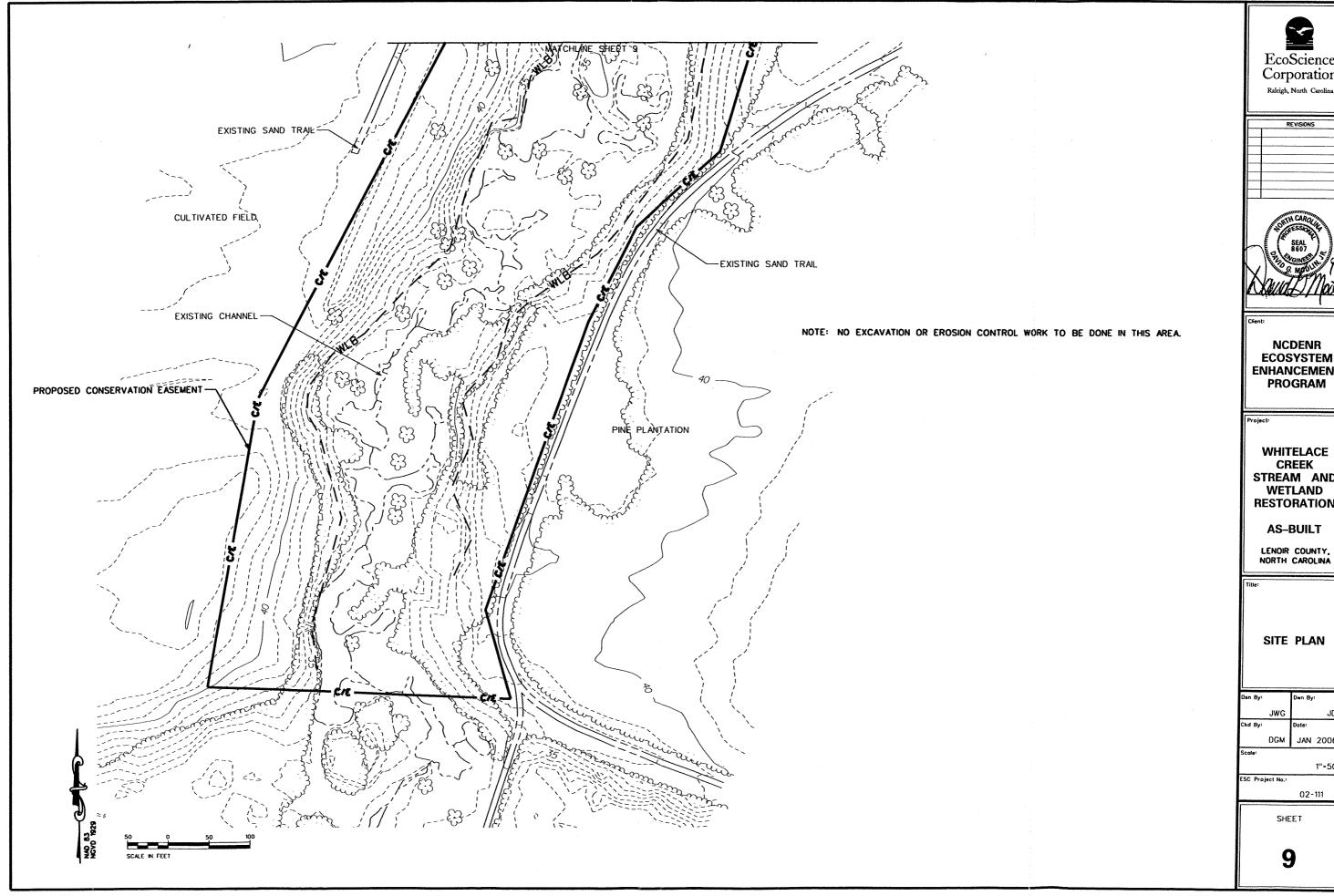
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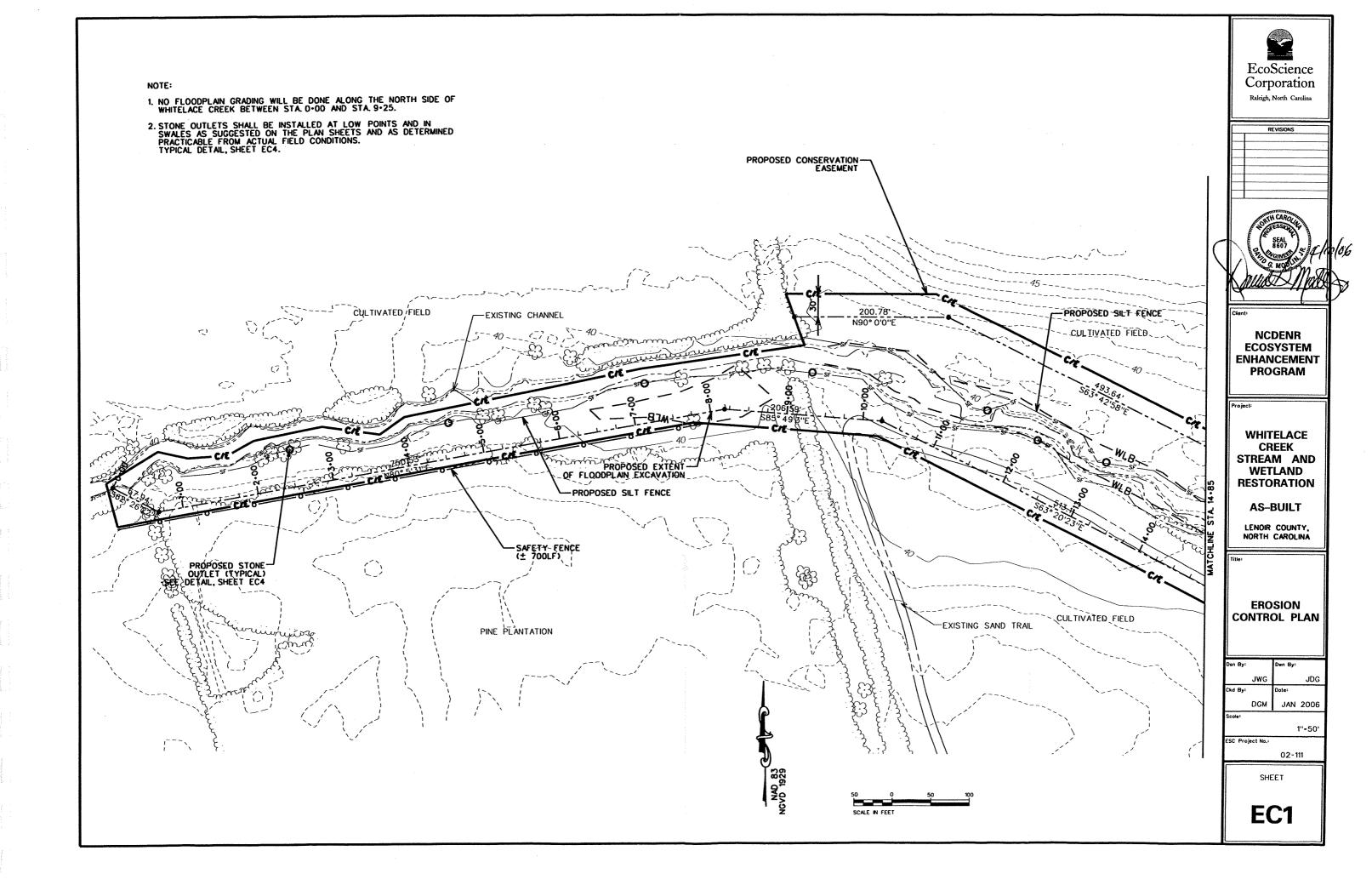


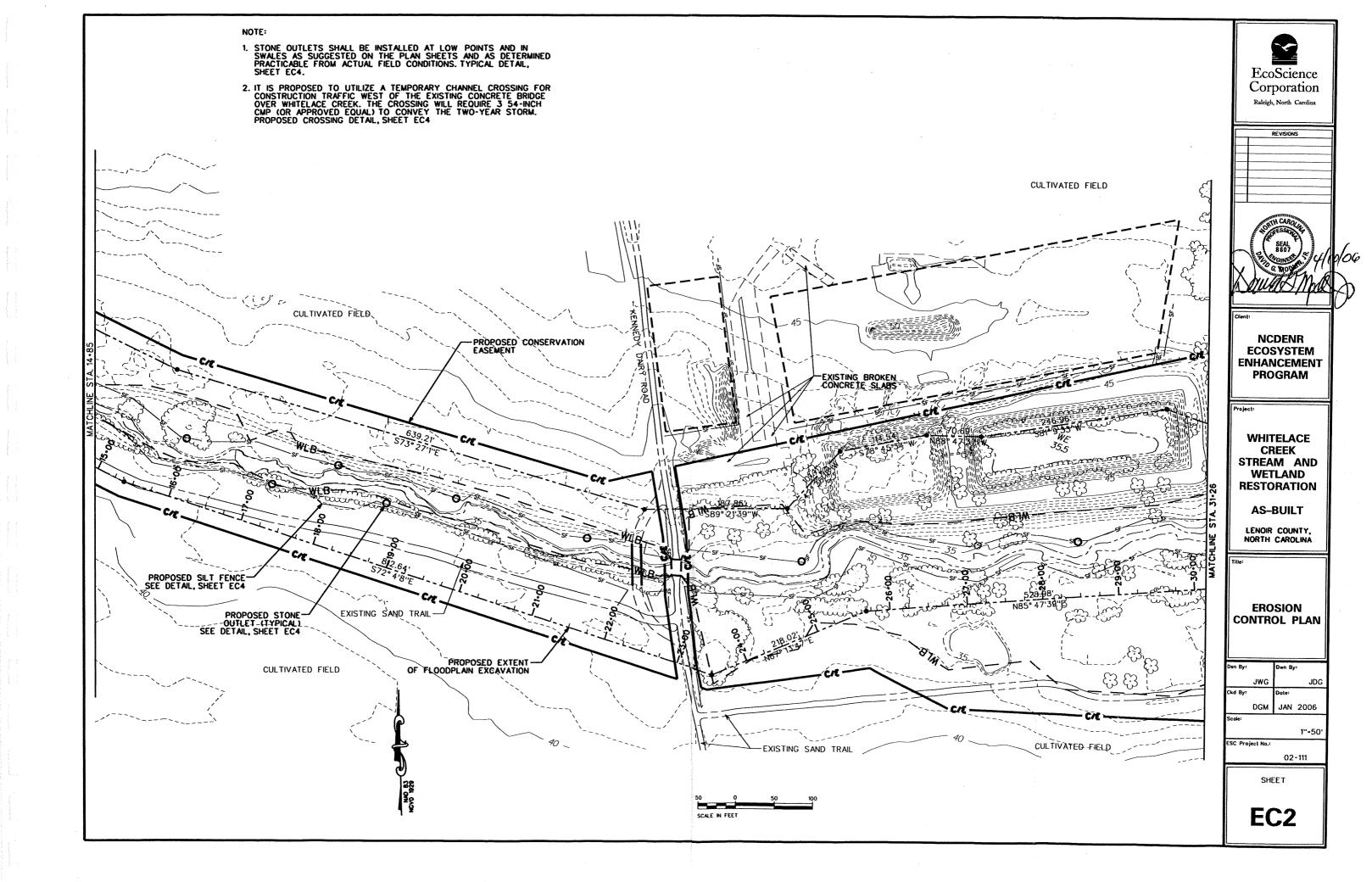
NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

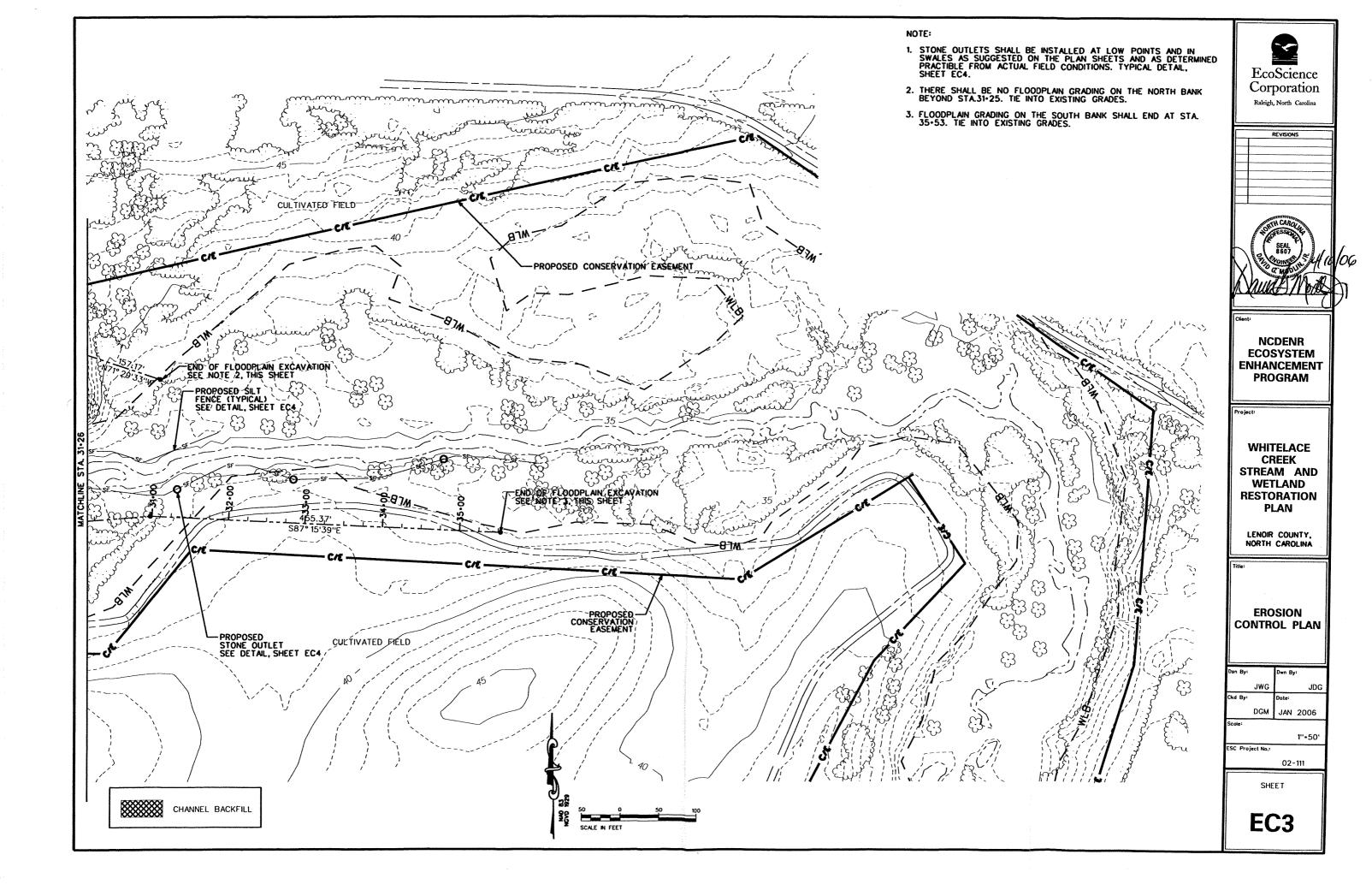
WHITELACE **CREEK** STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

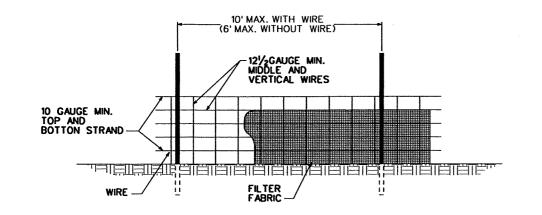
| Dan By: | | Dwn By: |
|---------|-----|----------|
| | JWG | JDG |
| Ckd By: | | Dote: |
| | DGM | JAN 2006 |
| Scole: | | |

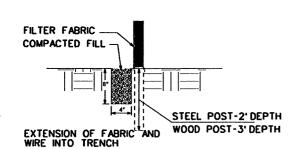
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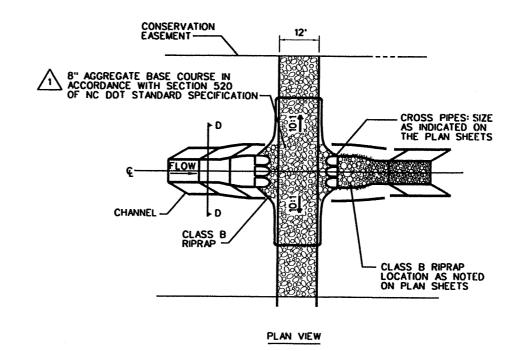


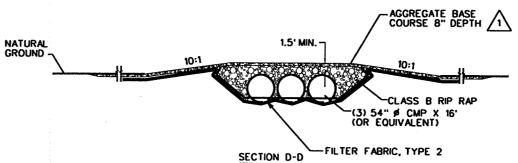
NOTES:

- 1. USE WIRE A MINIMUM OF 32"
 IN WIDTH AND WITH A MINIMUM
 OF 6 LINE WIRES WITH 12" STAY SPACING.
- 2. USE FILTER FABRIC A MINIMUM OF 36" IN WIDTH AND FASTEN ADEQUATELY TO THE WIRE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 3. PROVIDE 5' STEEL POST OF THE SELF-FASTENER ANGLE STEEL TYPE.
- 4. USE 6" WOOD POST WITH 3" DIAMETER.

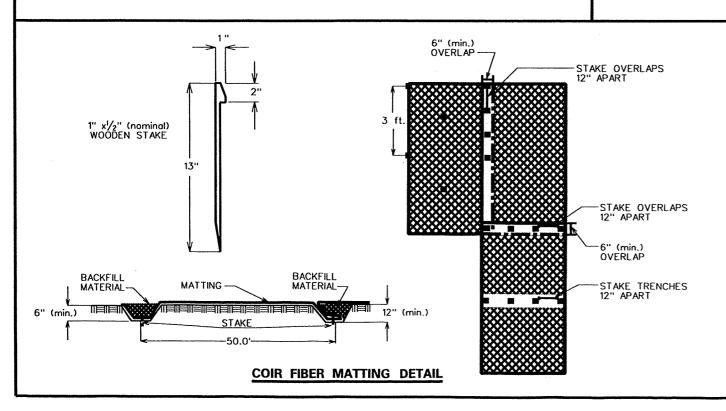
NCDOT BMP'S FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES, 5.1.1, AUGUST 2003

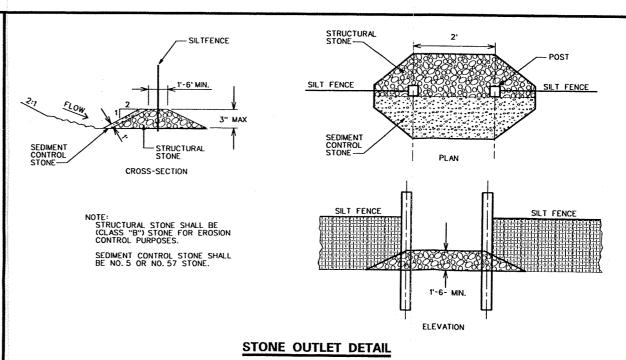
TEMPORARY SILT FENCE NCDOT STD, DWG. 1605.01





TEMPORARY CHANNEL CROSSING DETAIL







1 PER BOOER COMENTS -01/27/05

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NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

roject

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Title:

EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

| isn By: | | Dwn By: |
|---------|-----|----------|
| | JWG | JDG |
| kd By: | | Date: |
| | DGM | JAN 2006 |
| | | |

NO SCALE

SC Project No.: 02-111

SHEET

EC4

| . Vegetation Association (Planting area) | | Streamside Assemblage | Bottomland Hardwood Forest | Cypress- Gum Swamp | Mesic Hardwood Forest | Streamhead Atlantic White Cedar Forest | TOTAL |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-----------|
| Area | (acres) | 2.3 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 11.7 | 0.3 | 33.9 |
| Planted St | Planted Stems Per Acre (Spacing) | | 680/acres (8x8) | 680/acres (8x8) | 680/acres (8x8) | 1210/acres (6x6) | - |
| (6) | # planted | (5x5) # planted | # planted | # planted | # planted | # planted | |
| SPECIES' | (% total) | (% total) | (% total) | (% total) | (% total) | (% total) | # planted |
| ronwood | Carpinus caroliniana | 400 | - | - | | - | 400 |
| Possum-haw | llex decidua | 400 | | | | - | 400 |
| River Birch | Betula nigra | 400 | - | - | - | - | 400 |
| American Sycamore | Platanus occidentalis | 400 | | - | - | - | 400 |
| American Elm | Ulmus americana | 400 | 325 | - | - | - | 725 |
| Green Ash | Fraxinus pennsylvanica | 400 | 325 | 340 | - | - | 1,065 |
| Willow Oak | Quercus phellos | 400 | 650 | - | 600 | - | 1,850 |
| Tulip Poplar | Liriodendron tulipifera | 400 | 325 | - | 400 | 60 | 1,185 |
| Swamp Tupelo | Nyssa biflora | 400 | 650 | 2,040 | - | 60 | 3,150 |
| Bald Cypress | Texodium distichum | 400 | 650 | 2,720 | - | | 3,770 |
| Cherrybark Oak | Quercus pagoda | | 325 | - | 800 | | 1,125 |
| Laurel Oak | Quercus laurifolia | - | 650 | - | 400 | | 1,050 |
| Overcup Oak | Quercus lyrata | - | 650 | 340 | - | | 990 |
| Swamp Chestnut Oak | Quercus michauxii | - | 650 | 340 | | - | 990 |
| Water Oak | Quercus nigra | _ | 325 | - | - | | 325 |
| Water Hickory | Carya aquatica | - | 325 | 340 | - | | 665 |
| Atlantic White Cedar | Chamaecyparis thyoides | _ | 650 | - | - | 200 | 850 |
| Carolina Ash | Fraxinus caroliniana | _ | | 340 | - | - | 340 |
| Swamp Cottonwood | Populus heterophylia | _ | - | 340 | - | - | 340 |
| White Oak | Quercus alba | _ | | - | 1,200 | - | 1,200 |
| Southern Red Oak | Quercus falcate | _ | - | - | 1,200 | - | 1,200 |
| American Beech | Fagus grandifolia | - | | | 1,200 | - | 1,200 |
| Northern Red Oak | Quercus rubra | - | - | - | 800 | - | 800 |
| PignutHickory | Carya glabra | - | - | - | 800 | - | 800 |
| Black Gum | Nyssa sylvatica | | - | - | 400 | | 400 |
| Pond Pine | Pinus seratina | - | - | - | | 80 | 80 |
| Glant Cane | Arundinaria gigantea | 680/acre | 680/acre | T | - | - | 8,092 |
| | TOTAL | 5.564 | 13,028 | 6,800 | 8,000 | 400 | 33,792 |

Total 33.9

PLANTING NOTES:

- 1) SITE PLANTING SHALL TAKE PLACE IN WINTER (DECEMBER MARCH).
 IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING DELIVERY TO THE SITE, ALL PLANTS WITH
 BARE ROOTS, IF NOT PROMPTLY PLANTED, SHALL BE HEELED-IN
 CONSTANTLY MOIST SOIL OR SAWDUST IN AN ACCEPTABLE MANNER CORRESPONDING TO GENERALLY ACCEPTED HORTICULTURAL PRACTICES.
- 2) SITE PREPARATION IS EXPECTED TO ENTAIL SCARIFICATION OF THE DISTURBED AREAS WITHIN THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT. A SOIL SURFACE WITH MICROTOPOGRAPIC RELIEF (SMALL SCALE LOCAL DIFFERENCES IN TOPOGRPHY INCLUDING MOUNDS SWALES AND PITS) IS DESIREABLE PRIOR TO PLANTING.
- 3) BARE ROOT VEGETATION MAY BE PLANTED IN A HOLE MADE BY A MATTOCK, DIBBLE, PLANTING BAR, OR OTHER MEANS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ROOT-STOCK SHALL BE PLANTED IN A VERTICAL POSITION WITH THE ROOT COLLAR APPROXIMATELY ONE-HALF INCH BELOW THE SOIL SURFACE. SOIL SHALL BE REPLACED AROUND THE PLANTED VEGETATION AND TAMPED TO REMOVE AIR POCKETS.
- 4) SHUBS AND TREE SPECIES WILL BE PLANTED RANDOMLY AND PLANTED AT EVEN SPACING COMENSURATE WITH DENSITIES LISTED IN THE PLANTING TABLE. BARE ROOT GIANT CANE RHIZOMES (8-10 INCHES IN LENGTH) WILL BE PLANTED THROUGHOUT THE STREAMSIDE ASSEMBLAGE AND BOTTOMLAND HARDWOOD COMMUNITY ON APPROXIMATELY 8-FOOT CENTERS FOR A PLANTING DENSITY OF 680 RHIZOMES PER ACRE.

SUBSTITUTIONS:

1. 80 ATLANTIC WHITE CEDAR FOR 80 POND PINE. 2. 340 GREEN ASH FOR 340 CAROLINA ASH.



NCDENR ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

WHITELACE CREEK STREAM AND WETLAND **RESTORATION**

AS-BUILT

LENOIR COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

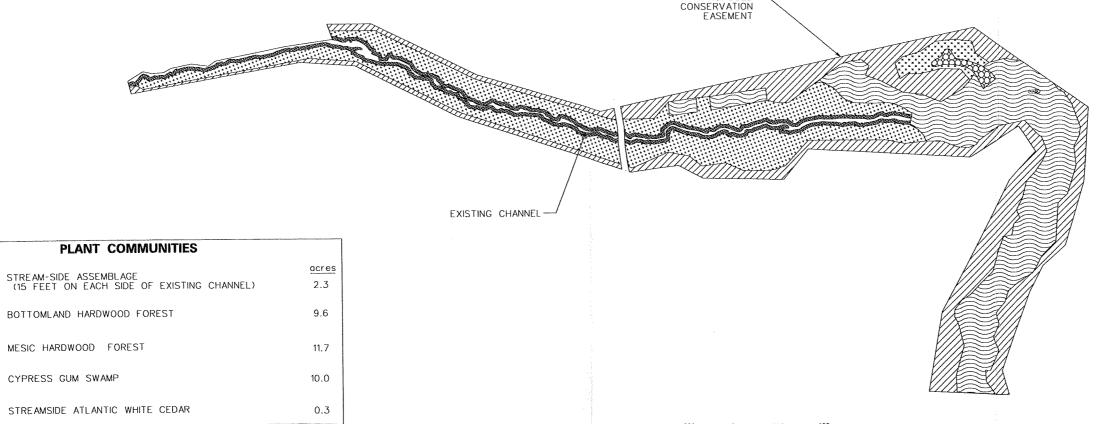
PLANTING PLAN

| Dan By: | | Dan By: |
|---------|-----|----------|
| | JWG | JDG |
| Cad By: | | Dote: |
| | DGM | JAN 2006 |

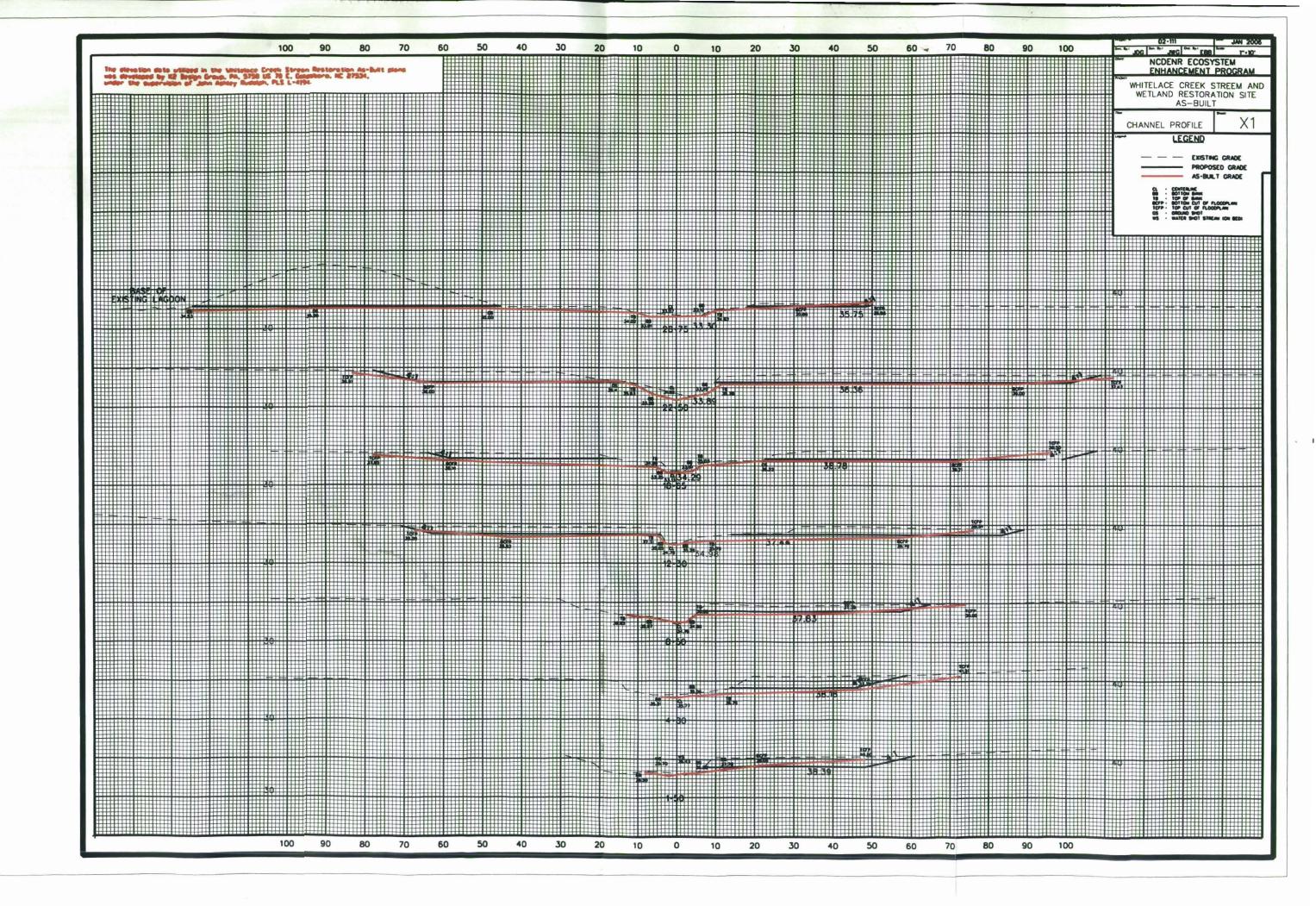
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02-111

SHEET



PROPOSED -



APPENDIX C: LAGOON REPORT CLOSURE FORM

Animal Waste Storage Pond and Lagoon Closure Report Form (Please type or print all information that does not require a signature)

| General Informat | uon: | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|
| Name of Farm: Ke | nnedy Home | Facility No:_ | 54 - 102 | |
| Owner(s) Name: | Baptist Children's Ho | ome | <u></u> | • |
| Mailing Address: | Kennedy Home Road | | Dhana M. G | 50 500 000 |
| _ | Kinston NC 28501 | | | |
| • | 15/11/2001 13/12 20/101 | | County: | . Lenoir |
| Deration Descripe Type of Swine o Wean to Feeder o Feeder to Finish o Farrow to Wean o Farrow to Feeder o Farrow to Finish o Gilts o Boars Will the farm mainta Will other lagoons be How many lagoons as (Name) Marlene S Water Quality's W for notification of the start of closure, which | tion (remaining animals only): ex if there will be no animals on this fallease provide the following information: No. of Animals Type of Poult a Layer b Non-La Type of Beef c Brood c Feeders c Stockers Other Type of in a number of animals greater than in operation at this farm after this re left in use on this farm?: 0 alver ashington Regional Office (all pending closure of this pond or lage) information is correct and complete information is correct and complete | rm after lagoon closure. In on the animals that will by No. of Animals yer No. of Animals of Livestock: the 2H .0217 threshold one closes? of the Water Quality Size map on back) was soon. This notification late). | If there will still be remain. Type of Dair o Milkin o Dry o Hoifers o Calves Number of Ani. d? ection's staff in the contacted on was at least 24 h. | wanimals on the site of No. of Animals 8 mals: Yes No X Yes No X the Division of 8/1/05 (date) ours prior to the |
| Carolina General State | ites if I fail to properly close out the | to enforcement action per lagoon. | per Article 21 of | the North |
| Name of Land Owner | r (Please Print): Richard | Potetit | | |
| Signature: | | | Date: 8/22/05 | |
| sludges have been remote been stabilized as necessary Name of Technical Spaffiliation; NC DENR Address (Agency); 943 | Washington Sq Mall Washington | e owner and verified by rate, all input pipes had all disturbed areas. | | quids and , all slopes have |
| Signature: | who com | | Date: 8 | |
| | | | | |
| T) - 4 | - 1 | | | |

Return within 15 days following completion of animal water storage pond or lagoon closure to: N. C. Division Of Water Quality- Aquifer Protection Section

Compliance Group 1636 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1636