JOSH STEIN
Governor
D. REID WILSON
Secretary
MICHAEL ABRACZINSKAS
Director



Enter XX or Calendar Date

Jeffery Kevwitch Vice President of Operations Thomas Built Buses, Inc – Courtesy Road Facility 1408 Courtesy Road High Point, NC 27260

SUBJECT: Air Quality Permit No. 03209T23

Facility ID: 4100822 Thomas Built Buses, Inc

High Point Guilford County Fee Class: Title V PSD Class: Minor

Dear Mr Keywitch:

In accordance with your completed Air Quality Permit Application for a renewal of your Title V permit, we are forwarding herewith Air Quality Permit No. 03209T23 authorizing the construction and operation, of the emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) specified herein. Additionally, any emissions activities determined from your Air Quality Permit Application as being insignificant per 15A North Carolina Administrative Code 02Q .0503(8) have been identified as such in the permit. Please note the requirements for the annual compliance certification are contained in General Condition P in Section 4. The current owner is responsible for submitting a compliance certification for the entire year regardless of who owned the facility during the year.

As the designated responsible official it is your responsibility to review, understand, and abide by all of the terms and conditions of the attached permit. It is also your responsibility to ensure that any person who operates any emission source and associated air pollution control device subject to any term or condition of the attached permit reviews, understands, and abides by the condition(s) of the attached permit that are applicable to that particular emission source.

If any parts, requirements, or limitations contained in this Air Quality Permit are unacceptable to you, you have the right to file a petition for contested case hearing in the North Carolina Office of Administrative Hearings. Information regarding the right, procedure, and time limit for permittees and other persons aggrieved to file such a petition is contained in the attached "Notice Regarding the Right to Contest A Division of Air Quality Permit Decision."

The construction of new air pollution emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s), or modifications to existing emission source(s) and air pollution control device(s) described in this permit must be covered under an Air Quality Permit issued by the Division of Air Quality prior to construction unless the Permittee has fulfilled the requirements of NCGS 143-215.108A(b) and received written approval from the Director of the Division of Air Quality to commence construction. Failure to receive an Air Quality Permit or written approval prior to commencing construction is a violation of NCGS



Jeffery Kevwitch Enter XX or Calendar Date Page 2

143-215.108A and may subject the Permittee to civil or criminal penalties as described in NCGS 143-215.114A and 143-215.114B.

Guilford County has triggered increment tracking under PSD for PM₁₀ and SO₂. However, this permit renewal does not consume or expand increments for any pollutants.

This Air Quality Permit shall be effective from *(Enter Permit Issuance Date)* until *(Enter Permit Expiration Date)*, is nontransferable to future owners and operators, and shall be subject to the conditions and limitations as specified therein.

Should you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Jacob Larson at (919) 707-8407 or jacob.larson@deq.nc.gov.

Sincerely yours,

Mark J. Cuilla, EIT, CPM, Chief, Permitting Section Division of Air Quality, NCDEQ

Enclosure

c: Brad Akers, EPA Region 4 (Permit and Review) Laserfiche [4100822]

NOTICE REGARDING THE RIGHT TO CONTEST A DIVISION OF AIR QUALITY PERMIT DECISION

Right of the Permit Applicant or Permittee to File a Contested Case: Pursuant to NCGS 143-215.108(e), a permit applicant or permittee who is dissatisfied with the Division of Air Quality's decision on a permit application may commence a contested case by filing a petition under NCGS 150B-23 in the Office of Administrative Hearings within 30 days after the Division notifies the applicant or permittee of its decision. If the applicant or permittee does not file a petition within the required time, the Division's decision on the application is final and is not subject to review. The filing of a petition will stay the Division's decision until resolution of the contested case.

Right of Other Persons Aggrieved to File a Contested Case: Pursuant to NCGS 143-215.108(e1), a person other than an applicant or permittee who is a person aggrieved by the Division's decision on a permit application may commence a contested case by filing a petition under NCGS 150B-23 within 30 days after the Division provides notice of its decision on a permit application, as provided in NCGS 150B-23(f), or by posting the decision on a publicly available Web site. The filing of a petition under this subsection does not stay the Division's decision except as ordered by the administrative law judge under NCGS 150B-33(b).

General Filing Instructions: A petition for contested case hearing must be in the form of a written petition, conforming to NCGS 150B-23, and filed with the Office of Administrative Hearings, 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh NC, 27609, along with a fee in an amount provided in NCGS 150B-23.2. A petition for contested case hearing form may be obtained upon request from the Office of Administrative Hearings or on its website at https://www.oah.nc.gov/hearings-division/filing/hearing-forms. Additional specific instructions for filing a petition are set forth at 26 NCAC Chapter 03.

Service Instructions: A party filing a contested case is required to serve a copy of the petition, by any means authorized under 26 NCAC 03 .0102, on the process agent for the Department of Environmental Quality:

William F. Lane, General Counsel North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality 1601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1601

If the party filing the petition is a person aggrieved other than the permittee or permit applicant, the party **must also** serve the permittee in accordance with NCGS 150B-23(a).

* * *

Additional information is available at https://www.oah.nc.gov/hearings-division/hearing-process/filing-contested-case. Please contact the OAH at 984-236-1850 or oah.postmaster@oah.nc.gov with all questions regarding the filing fee and/or the details of the filing process.

Summary of Changes to Permit

The following changes were made to Air Permit No. 03209T23:*

Page No.	Section	Description of Changes
Throughout		Updated all dates and permit revision numbers
4	1 Emission Source Table	 Revised descriptor for ES-PP03 per applicant request. No physical changes were made. Added (MACT MMMM and PPPP) to ES-PP03 emission source ID No. Revised descriptor for CD-DC1 per applicant request. No physical changes were made. Revised descriptor for ES-CB600 and ES-CONT400 to include "maximum heat input" to conform with current shell language
6	2.1 A	Moved sources ES-MJ and ES-PC from 2.1 A to 2.1 D
10	2.1 B.3	Removed MRR from Natural Gas sources
10	2.1 B.4	Added two-year recordkeeping requirement to NSPS Dc requirement
12	2.1 B.5	Updated reporting requirements to include electronic reporting requirements
14	2.1 D	Added section 2.1 D for Sources ID No. ES-MJ and ES-PC
15	2.2 A	Added Table 2.2 A.1
17	2.2 A.2.c.i(B)(1)(b)	 Added test method ASTM D2369-10 per the July 08, 2020 MACT PPPP update
19	2.2 A.2.c.ii(A)(3)	 Added density determining clarification included in the July 08, 2020 MACT PPPP update
23	2.2 A.2.f.viii	Added deviation recordkeeping requirement included in the July 08, 2020 MACT PPPP update
23	2.2 A.2.g.vii.(D) and (E)	Added deviation reporting requirement included in the July 08, 2020 MACT PPPP update
26	3 Insignificant Sources Table	 Updated IES-1 descriptor to Caustic metal parts cleaning system Updated IES-2 and IES-3 descriptor to Solvent metal parts cleaning system Updated IES-16, IES-17 and IES-18 descriptor to Pretreatment parts washer for Powder Paint Line
27-34	Section 4	• Updated General Conditions to version 8.0, 07/10/2024 from version 5.3, 08/21/2018

^{*} This list is not intended to be a detailed record of every change made to the permit but a summary of those changes.



State of North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Air Quality

AIR QUALITY PERMIT

Permit No.	Replaces Permit No.(s)	Effective Date	Expiration Date
03209T23	03209Т22	XXXX*	XXXX**

NOTE: Per General Condition K, a permit application for the renewal of this Title V permit shall be submitted no later than [enter date six months prior to expiration date].

Until such time as this permit expires or is modified or revoked, the below named Permittee is permitted to construct and operate the emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) specified herein, in accordance with the terms, conditions, and limitations within this permit. This permit is issued under the provisions of Article 21B of Chapter 143, General Statutes of North Carolina as amended, and Title 15A North Carolina Administrative Codes (15A NCAC), Subchapters 02D and 02Q, and other applicable Laws.

Pursuant to Title 15A NCAC, Subchapter 02Q, the Permittee shall not construct, operate, or modify any emission source(s) or air pollution control device(s) without having first submitted a complete Air Quality Permit Application to the permitting authority and received an Air Quality Permit, except as provided in this permit.

Permittee: Thomas Built Buses, Inc. – Courtesy Road Facility

Facility ID: 4100822
Primary SIC Code: 3713
NAICS Code: 336211

Facility Site Location: 1408 Courtesy Road

City, County, State, Zip: High Point, Guilford- County, North Carolina 27260

Mailing Address: 1408 Courtesy Road

City, State, Zip: High Point, North Carolina 27260

Application Number(s): 4100822.24A

Complete Application Date(s): September 30, 2024

Division of Air Quality, Winston Salem Regional Office

Regional Office Address: 450 West Hanes Mill Road, Suite 300 Winston-Salem, North Carolinna 27609

Permit issued this the XX day of XXXXX, XXXX.

Mark J. Cuilla, EIT, CPM, Chief, Air Permitting Section By Authority of the Environmental Management Commission

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SECTION 4: GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

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List of Acronyms

AOS Alternative Operating Scenario
BACT Best Available Control Technology

BAE Baseline Actual Emissions

Btu British thermal unit CAA Clean Air Act

CAM Compliance Assurance Monitoring
CEMS Continuous Emission Monitoring System

CEDRI Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO Carbon Monoxide

COMS Continuous Opacity Monitoring System

CSAPR Cross-State Air Pollution Rule

DAQ Division of Air Quality

DEQ Department of Environmental Quality
EMC Environmental Management Commission
EPA Environmental Protection Agency

FR Federal Register

GACT Generally Available Control Technology

GHGs Greenhouse Gases
HAP Hazardous Air Pollutant

LAER Lowest Achievable Emission Rate

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology

NAA Non-Attainment Area

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NAICS North American Industry Classification System

NCAC North Carolina Administrative Code NCGS North Carolina General Statutes

NESHAP National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

NO_X Nitrogen Oxides

NSPS New Source Performance Standard

NSR New Source Review

OAH Office of Administrative Hearings
PAE Projected Actual Emissions
PAL Plantwide Applicability Limitation

PM Particulate Matter

PM_{2.5} Particulate Matter with Nominal Aerodynamic Diameter of 2.5 Micrometers or Less PM₁₀ Particulate Matter with Nominal Aerodynamic Diameter of 10 Micrometers or Less

POS Primary Operating Scenario

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration

PTE Potential to Emit

RACT Reasonably Available Control Technology

SIC Standard Industrial Classification SIP State Implementation Plan

SO₂ Sulfur Dioxide TAP Toxic Air Pollutant tpy Tons Per Year

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

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SECTION 1- PERMITTED EMISSION SOURCE(S) AND ASSOCIATED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE(S) AND APPURTENANCES

The following table contains a summary of all permitted emission sources and associated air pollution control devices and appurtenances:

	ins a summary of all permitted emission sources and a	Control	tion control devices and appurchances.
Emission Source ID No.	Emission Source Description	Device ID No.	Control Device Description
ES-1	Natural gas-fired process hot water heater	NA	NA
(NSPS, Dc;	(15 million Btu per hour maximum		
MACT, DDDDD)	permitted heat input)		
ES-PP03 (MACT, MMMM and PPPP)	Automated dry powder coating operation equipped with powder recovery consisting of the following:	CD-DC1	Dust Collector for Powder Coating Booth (8,128 square feet of total filter surface area)
	-one powder paint booth (BTH03) controlled by the dust collector (ID No. CD-DC1)		
	-natural gas-fired cure oven (consisting of 2 zones with a 2.8 million Btu per hour maximum heat input each) (OV10 and OV11)		
	-natural gas-fired side-wall air makeup unit (1.65 million Btu per hour maximum heat input) (WAM03)		
ES-CB600	Natural gas-fired boiler (25.1 million Btu	NA	NA
(MACT, DDDDD)	per hour maximum heat input)	27.	
ES-CONT400	Natural gas-fired boiler (16.7 million Btu per hour maximum heat input)	NA	NA
(MACT, DDDDD) ES-D-Line	Bus painting line consisting of the	NA	NA
(MACT, MMMM	following:		
and PPPP)	-Prep and wipe down booth (BTH30),		
	-Paint booth (BTH31),		
	Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input; OV15),		
	-Cool down booth (BTH32),		
	-Prep and wipe down booth (BTH33),		
	-White roof/black rail paint booth (BTH34), and		
	-Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input, OV16).		
Minotour line (MACT, MMMM	Bus painting line consisting of the following:	NA	NA
and PPPP)	-Prep and wipe down booth (BTH35),		
	-Paint booth (BTH36),		
	-Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input, OV17),		

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	-Cool down booth (BTH37),		
	-Prep and wipe down booth (BTH38),		
	-White roof/black rail paint booth (BTH39), and		
	-Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input, OV18).		
ES-MJ (MACT, MMMM and PPPP)	Metal and plastic body joining operations using adhesives (including stations such as: windshields, doors, glasses, floor covering, interior and exterior seams, and body and roof sheets)	NA	NA
ES-D21 (MACT, ZZZZ)	diesel-fired emergency generator (665 horsepower maximum capacity)	NA	NA
ES-PC (MACT, MMMM and PPPP)	Facility-wide parts cleaning operations	NA	NA

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SECTION 2 - SPECIFIC LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS

2.1 Emission Source(s) and Control Devices(s) Specific Limitations and Conditions

The emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) and appurtenances listed below are subject to the following specific terms, conditions, and limitations, including the testing, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements as specified herein:

A. The following sources:

- Two dry-filter type paint lines (ID Nos. ES-D-Line and Minotour line) and associated natural gas-fired curing ovens
- Automated dry powder coating operation equipped with powder recovery including one powder paint booth controlled by the dust collector and a natural gas-fired cure oven and a natural gas-fired side-wallair makeup unit (ID No ES-PP03) with associated Dust Collector for Powder Coating Booth (ID No. CD-DC1)

The following table provides a summary of limits and standards for the emission source(s) described above:

Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
Particulate matter	For $P \le 30$, $E = 4.10(P)^{0.67}$	15A NCAC 02D .0515
	For $P > 30$, $E = 55.0(P)^{0.11} - 40$	
	Where:	
	E = allowable emission rate in pounds per hour	
	P = process weight in tons per hour	
Sulfur dioxide	2.3 pounds per million Btu heat input	15A NCAC 02D .0516
X7' '11 ' '	20 '	15 A NGA G 02D 0521
Visible emissions	20 percent opacity	15A NCAC 02D .0521
Hazardous air pollutants	See Section 2.2 A.1	15A NCAC 02D .1111
	0.31 kilograms of organic HAP per liter of coating	(40 CFR Part 63, Subpart MMMM)
	solids used	
Hazardous air pollutants	See Section 2.2 A.2	15A NCAC 02D .1111
	0.16 kilograms of organic HAP per liter of coating	(40 CFR Part 63, Subpart PPPP)
	solids used	
Odors	State-enforceable only	15A NCAC 02D .1806
	See Section 2.2 B.1	
	The facility may not cause objectionable odors beyond	
	the facility boundary.	

1. 15A NCAC 02D .0515: PARTICULATES FROM MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES

a. Emissions of particulate matter from these emission sources shall not exceed an allowable emission rate as calculated by the following equations:

For
$$P \le 30$$
, $E = 4.10(P)^{0.67}$
For $P > 30$, $E = 55.0(P)^{0.11} - 40$

Where:

E = allowable emission rate in pounds per hour

P = process weight in tons per hour

Liquid and gaseous fuels and combustion air are not considered as part of the process weight.

Testing [15A NCAC 02O .0508(f)]

b. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 A.1.a. above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0515.

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Monitoring [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

- c. Particulate matter emissions from this source (ID No. ES-PP03) shall be controlled by the bagfilter (ID No. CD-DC1). To ensure compliance, the Permittee shall perform inspections and maintenance as recommended by the manufacturer. In addition to the manufacturer's inspection and maintenance recommendations, or if there are no manufacturer's inspection and maintenance recommendations, as a minimum, the inspection and maintenance requirement shall include the following:
 - i. a monthly visual inspection of the system ductwork and material collection unit for leaks; and
 - ii. an annual (for each 12-month period following the initial inspection) internal inspection of the bagfilter's structural integrity.

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0515 if the ductwork and bagfilters are not inspected and maintained.

Recordkeeping [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

- d. For emission sources (ID Nos. ES-D-Line and Minotour Line), the Permittee shall maintain production records such that the process rates "P" in tons per hour, as specified in the formulas contained above can be derived, and shall make these records available to DAQ authorized representative upon request. The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0515 if the production records are not maintained or the types of materials and finishes are not monitored
- e. The results of inspection and maintenance required by Section 2.1 A.1.c, above, shall be maintained in a logbook (written or electronic format) on-site and made available to an authorized representative upon request. The logbook shall record the following:
 - i. the date and time of each recorded action;
 - ii. the results of each inspection;
 - iii. the results of any maintenance performed on any control device; and
 - iv. any variance from manufacturer's recommendations, if any, and corrections made.

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0515 if these records are not maintained.

Reporting [15A NCAC 20Q .0508(f)]

- f. No reporting is required for particulate emissions from these sources (ID Nos. ES-D-Line and Minotour Line).
- g. The Permittee shall submit the results of any maintenance performed on any control device within 30 days of a written request by the DAO.
- h. The Permittee shall submit a summary report of the monitoring and recordkeeping activities given in Sections 2.1 A.1.c and e above postmarked on or before January 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between July and December and July 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between January and June. All instances of deviations from the requirements of this permit must be clearly identified.

2. 15A NCAC 02D .0516: SULFUR DIOXIDE EMISSIONS FROM COMBUSTION SOURCES

a. Emissions of sulfur dioxide from these sources shall not exceed 2.3 pounds per million Btu heat input. Sulfur dioxide formed by the combustion of sulfur in fuels, wastes, ores, and other substances shall be included when determining compliance with this standard.

<u>Testing</u> [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

b. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 A.2.a above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0516.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

c. No monitoring/recordkeeping/reporting is required for sulfur dioxide emissions from the firing of natural gas in these sources.

3. 15A NCAC 02D .0521: CONTROL OF VISIBLE EMISSIONS

a. Visible emissions from these emission sources shall not be more than 20 percent opacity when averaged over a six-minute period except that six-minute periods averaging not more than 87 percent opacity may occur not more than once in any hour nor more than four times in any 24-hour period.

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Testing [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

b. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 A.3.a above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0521.

Monitoring [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

- c. To ensure compliance, once a month the Permittee shall observe the emission points of these sources for any visible emissions above normal. The monthly observation must be made for each month of the calendar year period to ensure compliance with this requirement. If visible emissions from these sources are observed to be above normal, the Permittee shall either:
 - i. take appropriate action to correct the above-normal emissions as soon as practicable and within the monitoring period and record the action taken as provided in the recordkeeping requirements below, or
 - ii. demonstrate that the percent opacity from the emission points of the emission source in accordance with 15A NCAC 02D .2610 (Method 9) for 12 minutes is below the limit given in Section 2.1 A.3.a above.

The Permittee shall be deemed to be in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0521 if the required monthly observations are not conducted as required; or if the above-normal emissions are not corrected within the monitoring period or the percent opacity demonstration cannot be made.

Recordkeeping [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

- d. The results of inspection and maintenance shall be maintained in a logbook (written or electronic format) on site and made available to an authorized representative upon request. The logbook shall record the following:
 - i. the date and time of inspections;
 - ii. the results of each observation and/or test noting those sources with emissions that were observed to be in noncompliance along with any corrective actions taken to reduce visible emissions; and
 - iii. the results of any corrective actions performed.

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0521 if these records are not maintained.

Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508 (f)]

e. The Permittee shall submit a summary report of the monitoring and recordkeeping requirements in Sections 2.1 A.3.c and d above, postmarked on or before January 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between July and December and July 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between January and June. All instances of deviations from the requirements of this permit must be clearly identified.

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B. The following sources:

- Two natural gas-fired boilers (ID Nos. ES-CB600 and ES-CONT400), and
- Natural gas-fired process hot water heater (ID No. ES-1)

Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
Particulate matter	Particulate emissions shall not exceed: 0.4 pounds per million Btu heat input from boilers (ID Nos. ES-CB600 and ES-CONT400) 0.34 pounds per million Btu heat input from the hot water heater (ID No. ES-1)	15A NCAC 02D .0503
Sulfur dioxide	2.3 pounds per million Btu heat input	15A NCAC 02D .0516
Visible emissions	20 percent opacity for sources (ID Nos. ES-CB600 and No. ES-1) 40 percent opacity for source (ID No. ES-CONT400)	15A NCAC 02D .0521
Hazardous air pollutants	Recordkeeping requirements (ID No. ES-1 only)	15A NCAC 02D .0524 40 CFR 60, Subpart Dc
Hazardous air pollutants	Work practice standards.	15A NCAC 02D .1111 (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD)
Odors	State-enforceable only The facility may not cause objectionable odors beyond the facility boundary.	15A NCAC 02D .1806

1. 15A NCAC 02D .0503: PARTICULATES FROM FUEL BURNING INDIRECT HEAT EXCHANGERS

- a. Emissions of particulate matter from the combustion of natural gas that are discharged from each of these sources (ID Nos. ES-CB600 and ES-CONT400) shall not exceed 0.4 pounds per million Btu heat input.
- b. Emissions of particulate matter from the combustion of natural gas that are discharged from this source (**ID No. ES-1**) shall not exceed 0.34 pounds per million Btu heat input.

Testing [15A NCAC 02Q .0508 (f)]

c. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Sections 2.1 B.a or b above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0503.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508 (f)]

d. No monitoring/recordkeeping/reporting is required for particulate emissions from the firing of natural gas in these sources (ID Nos. ES-1, ES-CB600, and ES-CONT400).

2. 15A NCAC 02D .0516: SULFUR DIOXIDE EMISSIONS FROM COMBUSTION SOURCES

a. Emissions of sulfur dioxide from these sources (**ID Nos. ES-1, ES-CB600, and ES-CONT400**) shall not exceed 2.3 pounds per million Btu heat input. Sulfur dioxide formed by the combustion of sulfur in fuels, wastes, ores, and other substances shall be included when determining compliance with this standard.

Testing [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

b. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 B.2.a above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0516.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

c. No monitoring/recordkeeping/reporting is required for sulfur dioxide emissions from the firing of natural gas in these sources (ID Nos. ES-1, ES-CB600, and ES-CONT400).

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3. 15A NCAC 02D .0521: CONTROL OF VISIBLE EMISSIONS

- a. Visible emissions from these sources (**ID Nos. ES-CB600 and ES-1**) shall not be more than 20 percent opacity when averaged over a six-minute period. However, six-minute averaging periods may exceed 20 percent not more than once in any hour and not more than four times in any 24-hour period. In no event shall the six-minute average exceed 87 percent opacity.
- b. Visible emissions from this source (ID No. ES-CONT400) shall not be more than 40 percent opacity when averaged over a six-minute period. However, six-minute averaging periods may exceed 40 percent not more than once in any hour and not more than four times in any 24-hour period. In no event shall the six-minute average exceed 90 percent opacity.

Testing [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

c. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 b.3.a and b above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0521.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

d. No monitoring/recordkeeping/reporting is required for visible emissions from the firing of natural gas in these sources.

4. 15A NCAC 02D .0524: NEW SOURCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS (40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc)

a. **For (ID Nos. ES-1)**, the Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions, including the notification, testing, recordkeeping, and monitoring requirements contained in Environmental Management Commission Standard 15A NCAC 02D .0524 "New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)" as promulgated in 40 CFR 60 Subpart Dc "Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units," including Subpart A "General Provisions."

Recordkeeping [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

b. The Permittee shall record and maintain records of the amounts of each fuel fired during each month. [40 CFR 60.48c(g)(2)] These records shall be maintained by the Permittee for a period of two years following the date of such record. [40 CFR 60.48c(i)] The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0524 if these recordkeeping requirements are not met.

5. 15A NCAC 02D .1111: MAXIMUM ACHIEVABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD)

Applicability [40 CFR 63.7485]

a. For these sources (**ID Nos. ES-1, ES-CB600, and ES-CONT400**; i.e. existing boilers designed to burn gas-1 fuels), the Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions, including the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting contained in Environmental Management Commission Standard 15A NCAC 02D .1111 "Maximum Achievable Control Technology" (MACT) as promulgated in 40 CFR 63, Subpart DDDDD "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Major Sources: Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers and Process Heaters" and Subpart A "General Provisions."

Definitions and Nomenclature [40 CFR 63.7575]

b. For the purpose of this permit condition, the definitions and nomenclature contained in 40 CFR 63.7575 shall apply.

40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A General Provisions [40 CFR 63.7565]

c. The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A General Provisions according to the applicability of Subpart A to such sources as identified in Table 10 to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD.

Compliance Date

d. The Permittee shall complete the initial tune up and the one-time energy assessment no later than May 20, 2019. [40 CFR 63. 7510(e), 63.56(b)] *These requirements have been met.*

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General Compliance Requirements [40 CFR 63.7505(a), 63.7500(f)]

e. The Permittee shall be in compliance with the work practice standards in this Subpart. These standards apply at all times the affected unit is operating.

Work Practice Standards [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

- f. The Permittee shall conduct an annual tune-up of the process heater as specified below.
 - As applicable, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any components of the burner as necessary (burner inspection may be delayed until the next scheduled unit shutdown);
 - ii. Inspect the flame pattern, as applicable, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern. The adjustment should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available;
 - iii. Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, as applicable, and ensure that it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly (inspection may be delayed until the next scheduled unit shutdown);
 - iv. Optimize total emissions of carbon monoxide. This optimization should be consistent with the manufacturer's specifications, if available, and with any NOx requirement to which the unit is subject.
 - v. Measure the concentrations in the effluent stream of carbon monoxide in parts per million, by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, before and after the adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer.

[40 CFR 63.7500(a), 63.7540(a)(10)]

- g. Each annual tune-up shall be conducted no more than 13 months after the previous tune-up. [40 CFR 63.7515(d)]
- h. If the unit is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 calendar days of startup. [40 CFR 63.7540(a)(13), 63.7515(g)]
- i. At all times, the Permittee must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator that may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source. [40 CFR 63.7500(a)(3)]

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .1111 if the requirements in Sections 2.1 B.5.f through i are not met.

Energy Assessment Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(b)]

j. The Permittee shall have a one-time energy assessment performed by a qualified energy assessor. [40 CFR 63.7500(a)(1), Table 3 to 40 CFR Subpart DDDDD] *This requirement has been met February 2016.*

Recordkeeping Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f), 40 CFR 63.7555]

- k. The Permittee shall keep the following:
 - i. A copy of each notification and report submitted to comply with this Subpart, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status, or semiannual compliance report that has been submitted, according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(2)(xiv). [40 CFR 63.7555(a)(1)]
 - ii. Maintain on-site and submit, if requested by the Administrator, an annual report containing the information in subparagraphs (A) through (C) below:
 - (A) The concentrations of carbon monoxide in the effluent stream in parts per million by volume, and oxygen in volume percent, measured before and after the adjustments of the source;
 - (B) A description of any corrective actions taken as a part of the combustion adjustment; and
 - (C) The type and amount of fuel used over the 12 months prior to the annual adjustment, but only if the unit was physically and legally capable of using more than one type of fuel during that period. Units sharing a fuel meter may estimate the fuel use by each unit.

[40 CFR 63.7540(a)(10)(vi)]

- iii. The associated records for Sections 2.1 B.5.e through i, including the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment) of the required air pollution control and monitoring equipment. [40 CFR 63.10(b)(2)(ii)]
- 1. The Permittee shall:
 - i. maintain records in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review;
 - ii. keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record; and

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iii. keep each record on site for at least 2 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. The Permittee can keep the records offsite for the remaining 3 years. [40 CFR 63.7560, 63.10(b)(1)]

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .1111 if records are not maintained per Sections 2.1 B.5.k and l, above.

Reporting Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

- m. The following reporting requirements apply:
 - i. The Permittee shall submit compliance reports to the DAQ on an annual basis. Annual reports shall cover the periods from January 1 to December 31. The Permittee shall submit the compliance report postmarked on or before January 30 for the preceding reporting period. [40 CFR 63.7550(a) and (b)]
 - ii. This report shall also be submitted electronically via the Compliance and Emissions Data Reporting Interface (CEDRI). (CEDRI can be accessed through the EPA's Central Data Exchange (CDX) (https://cdx.epa.gov/).) The Permittee shall use the appropriate electronic report in CEDRI for this subpart. Instead of using the electronic report in CEDRI for this subpart, the Permittee shall submit an alternate electronic file consistent with the XML schema listed on the CEDRI Web site (http://www.epa.gov/ttn/chief/cedri/index.html), once the XML schema is available. If the reporting form specific to this subpart is not available in CEDRI at the time that the report is due, the Permittee shall submit the report to the Administrator at the appropriate address listed in 40 CFR 63.13. The Permittee shall begin submitting reports via CEDRI no later than 90 days after the form becomes available in CEDRI. [40 CFR 63.7550(h)(3)]
 - iii. The compliance report shall contain the following information:
 - (A) company name and address;
 - (B) process unit information, emissions limitations, and operating parameter limitations;
 - (C) date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period;
 - (D) date of the most recent tune-up for each unit required according to **Section 2.1 B.3.f.** Include the date of the most recent burner inspection; and
 - (E) statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report.

[40 CFR 63.7550(a) and (c), Table 9 to Subpart DDDDD]

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .1111 if these reporting requirements are not met.

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C. Diesel fired emergency generator (ID Nos. ES-D21)

The following table provides a summary of limits and standards for the emission source described above:

Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
Sulfur dioxide	2.3 pounds per million heat input	15A NCAC 02D .0516
Visible emissions	20% opacity	15A NCAC 02D .0521
Hazardous air pollutants	None.	15A NCAC 02D .1111 (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ)

1. 15A NCAC 02D .0516: SULFUR DIOXIDE EMISSIONS FROM COMBUSTION SOURCES

a. Emissions of sulfur dioxide from this source (ID No. ES-D21) shall not exceed 2.3 pounds per million Btu heat input. Sulfur dioxide formed by the combustion of sulfur in fuels, wastes, ores, and other substances shall be included when determining compliance with this standard.

Testing [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

b. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 C.1.a above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0516.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

c. No monitoring/recordkeeping/reporting is required for sulfur dioxide emissions from the firing of diesel fuel in source (ID No. ES-D21).

2. 15A NCAC 02D .0521: CONTROL OF VISIBLE EMISSIONS

a. Visible emissions from these emission sources (ID No. ES-D21) shall not be more than 20 percent opacity when averaged over a six-minute period except that six-minute periods averaging not more than 87 percent opacity may occur not more than once in any hour nor more than four times in any 24-hour period.

Testing [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

b. If emissions testing is required, the testing shall be performed in accordance with General Condition JJ. If the results of this test are above the limit given in Section 2.1 C.2.a above, the Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .0521.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

No monitoring/recordkeeping/reporting is required for visible emissions from the firing of diesel fuel in source (ID No. ES-D21).

3. 15A NCAC 02D .1111: MAXIMUM ACHIEVABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ)

Applicability [40 CFR 63.6585, 63.6590(a)(1)(i)]

a. For this emission source (ID No. ES-D21), existing stationary RICE with a site rating of more than 500 brake HP located at a major source of HAP emissions), the Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions, including the monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting contained in Environmental Management Commission Standard 15A NCAC 02D .1111 "Maximum Achievable Control Technology" (MACT) as promulgated in 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ "National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines" and Subpart A "General Provisions".

Stationary RICE subject to limited requirements [40 CFR 63.6590(b)]

b. Pursuant to 40 CFR 63.6590(b)(3)(iv), this source does not have to meet the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ and Subpart A, including initial notification requirements.

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D. The following sources:

- Metal body joining operation using adhesives (ID No. ES-MJ)
- Facility-wide parts cleaning operations (ID No. ES-PC)

The following table provides a summary of limits and standards for the emission source(s) describe above:

Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
Hazardous air pollutants	See Section 2.2 A.1 0.31 kilograms of organic HAP per liter of coating solids used	15A NCAC 02D .1111 (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart MMMM)
Hazardous air pollutants	See Section 2.2 A.2 0.16 kilograms of organic HAP per liter of coating solids used	15A NCAC 02D .1111 (40 CFR Part 63, Subpart PPPP)
Odors	State-enforceable only See Section 2.2 B.1 The facility may not cause objectionable odors beyond the facility boundary.	15A NCAC 02D .1806

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2.2 Multiple Emission Source(s) Specific Limitations and Conditions

A. The following sources in Table 2.2 A.1:

Table 2.2 A.1

		Control	
F		Control	
Emission Source	T	Device	
ID No.	Emission Source Description	ID No.	Control Device Description
	Automated dry powder coating operation equipped with powder recovery consisting of the following: -one booth (BTH03) controlled by the dust collector (ID No. CD-DC1) -natural gas-fired dry-off oven (consisting of 2 zones with a 2.8 million Btu per hour burner each) (OV03) and -natural gas-fired side-wallair makeup unit	CD-DC1	Dust Collector for Powder Coating Booth (8,128 square feet of total filter surface area)
	(1.65 million Btu per hour maximum heat		
	input) (WAM03)		
	Bus painting line consisting of the following: -Prep and wipe down booth (BTH35), -Paint booth (BTH36), -Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input, OV17), -Cool down booth (BTH37), -Prep and wipe down booth (BTH38), -White roof/black rail paint booth (BTH39), and -Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input, OV18).	NA	NA
	Bus painting line consisting of the following: -Prep and wipe down booth (BTH30), -Paint booth (BTH31), Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input; OV15), -Cool down booth (BTH32), -Prep and wipe down booth (BTH33), -White roof/black rail paint booth (BTH34), and -Bake oven (natural gas-fired with 1.5 million Btu per hour heat input, OV16).	NA	NA
	Metal and plastic body joining operations using adhesives (including stations such as: windshields, doors, glasses, floor covering, interior and exterior seams, and body and roof sheets)	NA	NA
ES-PC	Facility-wide parts cleaning operations	NA	NA

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The following table provides a summary of limits and standards for the emission source(s) describe above:

Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
Hazardous Air Pollutants	0.31 kg organic HAP emitted per liter of coating solids used, during each 12 month period.	15A NCAC 02D .1111 (MACT, Subpart MMMM)
Hazardous Air Pollutants	0.16 kg organic HAP emitted per kg of coating solids used, during each 12 month period.	15A NCAC 02D .1111 (MACT, Subpart PPPP)

1. 15A NCAC 02D .1111: MAXIMUM ACHIEVABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY

a. The Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions contained in Environmental Management Commission Standard 15A NCAC 02D .1111 "Maximum Achievable Control Technology" as promulgated in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart MMMM "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Surface Coating of Miscellaneous Metal Parts and Products", for the applicable existing sources as shown in Table 2.2 A.1.

Emission Limits [40 CFR 63.3890]

b. For each existing general use coating affected source, the Permittee shall limit organic HAP emissions to no more than 0.31 kg (2.6 lb) organic HAP per liter (gal) coating solids used during each 12-month compliance period.

Monitoring/Recordkeeping/Reporting [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

c. The Permittee shall demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart MMMM by demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart PPPP as detailed in Section 2.2 A.2, below. The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .1111 if the required monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements are not met.40 CFR 63.3881 (c)(16)

2. 15A NCAC 02D .1111: MAXIMUM ACHIEVABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY

a. The Permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions contained in Environmental Management Commission Standard 15A NCAC 02D .1111 "Maximum Achievable Control Technology" as promulgated in 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPPP "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Surface Coating of Plastic Parts and Products", for the applicable existing sources as shown in Table 2.2 A.1.

Emission Limits [40 CFR 63.4490]

b. For each existing general use coating affected source, the Permittee shall limit organic HAP emissions to no more than 0.16 kg (0.16 lb) organic HAP emitted per kg (lb) coating solids used during each 12-month compliance period.

Compliance Options [40 CFR 63.4491]

- c. The Permittee shall include all coatings, thinners and/or other additives, and cleaning materials used in the affected source when determining whether the organic HAP emission rate is equal to or less than the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b above. To make this determination, the Permittee shall use at least one of the following two compliance options. The Permittee may apply any of the compliance options to an individual coating operation, or to multiple coating operations as a group, or to the entire affected source. The Permittee may use different compliance options for different coating operations, or at different times on the same coating operation. The Permittee may employ different compliance options when different coatings are applied to the same part, or when the same coating is applied to different parts. However, the Permittee may not use different compliance options at the same time on the same coating operation. If the Permittee switches between compliance options for any coating operation or group of coating operations, he shall document this switch as required by Section 2.2 A.2.f.iii below, and shall report it in the next semiannual compliance report required in Section 2.2 A.2.g below.
 - i. <u>Compliant material option.</u> Demonstrate that the organic HAP content of each coating used in the coating operation(s) is less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, and that each thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used contains no organic HAP. The Permittee shall meet all of the following requirements to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission limit using this option:
 - (A) The Permittee completed the initial compliance demonstration on January 29, 2009.
 - (B) The Permittee may use the compliant material option for any individual coating operation, for any group of coating operations in the affected source, or for all the coating operations in the affected source. The Permittee shall use the emission rate without add-on controls option for any coating operation in the affected source for which he does not use this option. To demonstrate initial compliance using the compliant material

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option, the coating operation or group of coating operations must use no coating with an organic HAP content that exceeds the applicable emission limits in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above and must use no thinner and/or other additive, or cleaning material that contains organic HAP. Use the procedures in this section on each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material in the condition it is in when it is received from its manufacturer or supplier and prior to any alteration. The Permittee does not need to re-determine the organic HAP content of coatings, thinners and/or other additives, and cleaning materials that are reclaimed on-site (or reclaimed off-site if the Permittee has documentation showing that he received back the exact same materials that were sent off-site) and reused in the coating operation for which he uses the compliant material option, provided these materials in their condition as received were demonstrated to comply with the compliant material option.

- (1) <u>Determine the mass fraction of organic HAP for each material used.</u> The Permittee shall determine the mass fraction of organic HAP for each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during the compliance period by using one of the following options:
 - (a). Method 311 (Appendix A to 40 CFR part 63). The Permittee may use Method 311 for determining the mass fraction of organic HAP by using the following procedures:
 - (i). Count each organic HAP that is measured to be present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)-defined carcinogens as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4) and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. For example, if toluene (not an OSHA carcinogen) is measured to be 0.5 percent of the material by mass, the Permittee does not have to count it. Express the mass fraction of each organic HAP for which the Permittee counts, as a value truncated to four places after the decimal point (e.g., 0.3791)
 - (ii). Calculate the total mass fraction of organic HAP in the test material by adding up the individual organic HAP mass fractions and truncating the result to three places after the decimal point (e.g., 0.763).
 - (b). Method 24 (Appendix A to 40 CFR part 60). For coatings, the Permittee may use EPA Method 24 to determine the mass fraction of nonaqueous volatile matter and use that value as a substitute for mass fraction of organic HAP. As an alternative to using EPA Method 24, the Permittee may use ASTM D2369-10 (Reapproved 2015). For reactive adhesives in which some of the HAP react to form solids and are not emitted to the atmosphere, the Permittee may use the alternative method contained in appendix A to this Subpart, rather than EPA Method 24. The Permittee may use the volatile fraction that is emitted, as measured by the alternative method in appendix A to 40 CFR 63, Subpart PPPP, as a substitute for the mass fraction of organic HAP.
 - (c). <u>Alternative method.</u> The Permittee may use an alternative test method for determining the mass fraction of organic HAP once the Administrator has approved it. The Permittee shall follow the procedure in 63.7(f) to submit an alternative test method for approval.
 - (d). Information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material. The Permittee may rely on information other than that generated by the test methods specified in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(B)(1)(a) through (c) above, such as manufacturer's formulation data, if it represents each organic HAP that is present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for OSHA-defined carcinogens as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4) and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. For example, if toluene (not an OSHA carcinogen) is 0.5 percent of the material by mass, the Permittee does not have to count it. For reactive adhesives in which some of the HAP react to form solids and are not emitted to the atmosphere, the Permittee may rely on manufacturer's data that expressly states the organic HAP or volatile matter mass fraction emitted. If there is a disagreement between such information and results of a test conducted according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(B)(1)(a) through (c) above, then the test method results will take precedence unless, after consultation, the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of DAQ that the formulation data are correct.
 - (e). Solvent blends. Solvent blends may be listed as single components for some materials in data provided by manufacturers or suppliers. Solvent blends may contain organic HAP, which must be counted toward the total organic HAP mass fraction of the materials. When test data and manufacturer's data for solvent blends are not available, the Permittee may use the default values for the mass fraction of organic HAP in these solvent blends listed in Table 3 or 4 to this Subpart. If the Permittee uses the tables, he shall use the values in Table 3 for all solvent blends that match Table 3 entries according to the instructions for Table 3, and may use Table 4 only if the solvent blends in the materials do not match any of the solvent blends in Table 3 and he knows only

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whether the blend is aliphatic or aromatic. However, if the results of a Method 311 (Appendix A to 40 CFR part 63) test indicate higher values than those listed on Table 3 or 4 to this Subpart, the Method 311 results will take precedence unless, after consultation, he demonstrates to the satisfaction of DAQ that the formulation data are correct.

- (2) Determine the mass fraction of coating solids for each coating. The Permittee shall determine the mass fraction of coating solids (kg (lb) of coating solids per kg (lb) of coating) for each coating used during the compliance period by a test, by information provided by the supplier or the manufacturer of the material, or by calculation, as specified in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.2 (a) through (c) below.
 - (a). Method 24 (Appendix A to 40 CFR part 60). The Permittee may use Method 24 for determining the mass fraction of coating solids. For reactive adhesives in which some of the liquid fraction reacts to form solids, the Permittee may use the alternative method contained in Appendix A to this Subpart, rather than Method 24, to determine the mass fraction of coating solids.
 - (b). <u>Alternative method</u>. The Permittee may use an alternative test method for determining the solids content of each coating once the Administrator has approved it. The Permittee must follow the procedure in Sec. 63.7(f) to submit an alternative test method for approval.
 - (c). <u>Information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material</u>. The Permittee may obtain the mass fraction of coating solids for each coating from the supplier or manufacturer. If there is disagreement between such information and the test method results, then the test method results will take precedence unless, after consultation the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the DAQ that the formulation data are correct.
- (3) <u>Calculate the organic HAP content of each coating</u>. The Permittee may determine the organic HAP content, kg (lb) organic HAP emitted per kg (lb) coating solids used, of each coating used during the compliance period using the following equation:

$$H_{c} = \frac{W_{c}}{S_{c}}$$

Where:

Hc = Organic HAP content of the coating, kg (lb) of organic HAP emitted per kg (lb) coating solids used.

Wc = Mass fraction of organic HAP in the coating, kg organic HAP per kg coating, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.1 above.

Sc = Mass fraction of coating solids, kg coating solids per kg coating, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.2 above.

- (4) Compliance demonstration. The calculated organic HAP content for each coating used during the initial compliance period must be less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above; and each thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during the initial compliance period must contain no organic HAP, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.1 above. The Permittee shall keep all records required by Section 2.2 A.2.g below. As part of the notification of compliance status required in Section 2.2 A.2.f below, the Permittee shall identify the coating operation(s) for which the facility used the compliant material option and submit a statement that the coating operation(s) was (were) in compliance with the emission limitations during the initial compliance period because the facility used no coatings for which the organic HAP content exceeded the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, and the facility used no thinners and/or other additives, or cleaning materials that contained organic HAP, determined according to the procedures in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.1 above.
- (C) (1) For each compliance period to demonstrate continuous compliance, the Permittee shall use no coating for which the organic HAP content (determined using Equation 1 of Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.3 above) exceeds the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, and use no thinner and/or other additive, or cleaning material that contains organic HAP, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.1 above. A compliance period consists of 12 months. Each month, after the end of the initial compliance period described in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.A above, is the end of a compliance period consisting of that month and the preceding 11 months.
 - (2) If the Permittee chooses to comply with the emission limitations by using the compliant material option, the use of any coating, thinner and/or other additive, or cleaning material that does not meet the criteria specified in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.C.1 above is a deviation from the emission limitations that must

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- be reported as specified in Section 2.2 A.2.f.vi below and/or Section 2.2 A.2.g.ix below.
- (3) As part of each semiannual compliance report required by Section 2.2 A.2.g below, the Permittee shall identify the coating operation(s) for which the Permittee used the compliant material option. If there were no deviations from the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, submit a statement that the coating operation(s) was (were) in compliance with the emission limitations during the reporting period because he used no coatings for which the organic HAP content exceeded the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, and he used no thinner and/or other additive, or cleaning material that contained organic HAP, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.B.1 above.
- (4) The Permittee shall maintain records as specified in Section 2.2 A.2.f below.
- ii. Emission rate without add-on controls option. Demonstrate that, based on the coatings, thinners and/or other additives, and cleaning materials used in the coating operation(s), the organic HAP emission rate for the coating operation(s) is less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, calculated as a rolling 12-month emission rate and determined on a monthly basis. The Permittee shall meet all of the following requirements to demonstrate compliance with the emission limit using this option.
 - (A) The Permittee may use the emission rate without add-on controls option for any individual coating operation, for any group of coating operations in the affected source, or for all the coating operations in the affected source. The Permittee shall use the compliant material option for any coating operation in the affected source for which he does not use this option. To demonstrate initial compliance using the emission rate without add-on controls option, the coating operation or group of coating operations must meet the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above. When calculating the organic HAP emission rate according to this section, do not include any coatings, thinners and/or other additives, or cleaning materials used on coating operations for which the Permittee uses the compliant material option. The Permittee does not need to re-determine the mass of organic HAP in coatings, thinners and/or other additives, or cleaning materials that have been reclaimed on-site (or reclaimed off-site if the Permittee has documentation showing that he received back the exact same materials that were sent off-site) and reused in the coating operation for which he uses the emission rate without add-on controls option. If the Permittee uses coatings, thinners and/or other additives, or cleaning materials that have been reclaimed on-site, the amount of each used in a month may be reduced by the amount of each that is reclaimed. That is, the amount used may be calculated as the amount consumed to account for materials that are reclaimed.
 - (1) <u>Determine the mass fraction of organic HAP for each material</u>. Determine the mass fraction of organic HAP for each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during each month according to the requirements in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(B)(1) above.
 - (2) <u>Determine the mass fraction of coating solids</u>. Determine the mass fraction of coating solids (kg (lb) of coating solids per kg (lb) of coating) for each coating used during each month according to the requirements in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(B)(2) above.
 - (3) Determine the density of each material. Determine the density of each liquid coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during each month from test results using ASTM D1475-13 or ASTM D2111-10 (Reapproved 2015) (both incorporated by reference, see 63.14), information from the supplier or manufacturer of the material, or reference sources providing density or specific gravity data for pure materials. If there is disagreement between ASTM D1475-13 or ASTM D2111-10 (Reapproved 2015) and other such information sources, the test results will take precedence unless, after consultation the Permittee demonstrates to the satisfaction of the DAQ that the formulation data are correct. If the Permittee purchases materials or monitors consumption by weight instead of volume, they do not need to determine material density. Instead, they may use the material weight in place of the combined terms for density and volume in Equations 1A, 1B, 1C, and 2 below.
 - (4) <u>Determine the volume of each material used</u>. Determine the volume (liters) of each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during each month by measurement or usage records. If the Permittee purchases materials or monitors consumption by weight instead of volume, he does not need to determine the volume of each material used. Instead, the Permittee may use the material weight in place of the combined terms for density and volume in Equations 1A, 1B, 1C and 2 below.
 - (5) <u>Calculate the mass of organic HAP emissions</u>. The mass of organic HAP emissions is the combined mass of organic HAP contained in all coatings, thinners and/or other additives, and cleaning materials used during each month minus the organic HAP in certain waste materials. Calculate the mass of organic HAP emissions using Equation 1 of this section.

$$H_a = A + B + C - R_w$$
 (Eq. 1)

Where:

He = Total mass of organic HAP emissions during the month, kg.

A = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 1A of this section.

B = Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners and/or other additives used during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 1B of this section.

C = Total mass of organic HAP in the cleaning materials used during the month, kg, as calculated in Equation 1C of this section.

Rw = Total mass of organic HAP in waste materials sent or designated for shipment to a hazardous waste TSDF for treatment or disposal during the month, kg, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(B)(5)(d) below. (The Permittee may assign a value of zero to RW if he does not wish to use this allowance.)

(a). Calculate the kg of organic HAP in the coatings used during the month using Equation 1A below:

$$A = \sum_{i=1}^{m} (Vol_{e,i})(D_{e,i})(W_{e,i})$$
 (Eq. 1A)

Where:

A = Total mass of organic HAP in the coatings used during the month, kg

Vol_{c,i} = Total volume of coating, i, used during the month, liters.

D_{c,i} = Density of coating, i, kg coating per liter coating.

W_{c,i} = Mass fraction of organic HAP in coating, i, kg organic HAP per kg coating. For reactive adhesives, use the mass fraction of organic HAP that is emitted as determined using the method in Appendix A to this Subpart.

m = Number of different coatings used during the month.

(b). Calculate the kg of organic HAP in the thinners and/or other additives used during the month using Equation 1B of this section:

$$B = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (Vol_{t,j})(D_{t,j})(W_{t,j})$$
 (Eq. 1B)

Where:

B = Total mass of organic HAP in the thinners and/or other additives used during the month, kg.

 $Vol_{t,j}$ = Total volume of thinner and/or other additive, j, used during the month, liters.

 $D_{t,j}$ = Density of thinner and/or other additive, j, kg per liter.

 $W_{t,j}$ = Mass fraction of organic HAP in thinner and/or other additive, j, kg organic HAP per kg thinner and/or other additive. For reactive adhesives, use the mass fraction of organic HAP that is emitted as determined using the method in Appendix A to this Subpart.

n = Number of different thinners and/or other additives used during the month.

(c). Calculate the kg of organic HAP in the cleaning materials used during the month using Equation 1C of this section:

$$C = \sum_{k=1}^{p} \left(Vol_{s,k} \right) \! \left(D_{s,k} \right) \! \left(W_{s,k} \right) \qquad (Eq. \ 1C)$$

Where:

C = Total mass of organic HAP in the cleaning materials used during the month, kg.

 $Vol_{s,k}$ = Total volume of cleaning material, k, used during the month, liters.

 $D_{s,k}$ = Density of cleaning material, k, kg per liter.

W_{s,k} = Mass fraction of organic HAP in cleaning material, k, kg organic HAP per kg material.

p = Number of different cleaning materials used during the month.

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- (d). If the Permittee chooses to account for the mass of organic HAP contained in waste materials sent or designated for shipment to a hazardous waste TSDF in Equation 1 of this section, then he shall determine the mass according to the procedures in 40 CFR 63.4551 (e)(4).
- (6) <u>Calculate the total mass of coating solids used</u>. Determine the total mass of coating solids used, kg, which is the combined mass of coating solids for all the coatings used during each month, using Equation 2 of this section:

$$M_{st} = \sum_{i=1}^{m} (Vol_{c,i})(D_{c,i})(M_{s,i})$$
 (Eq. 2)

Where:

Mst = Total mass of coating solids used during the month, kg.

Volc, i = Total volume of coating, i, used during the month, liters.

Dc,i = Density of coating, i, kgs per liter coating, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(B)(3) above

Ms,i = Mass fraction of coating solids for coating, i, kgs solids per kg coating, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(B)(2) above

m = Number of coatings used during the month.

(7) <u>Calculate the organic HAP emission rate</u>. Calculate the organic HAP emission rate for the compliance period, kg (lb) organic HAP emitted per kg (lb) coating solids used, using Equation 3 of this section:

$$H_{yr} = \frac{\sum_{y=1}^{n} H_e}{\sum_{v=1}^{n} M_{st}}$$
 (Eq. 3)

Where:

Hyr = Average organic HAP emission rate for the compliance period, kg organic HAP emitted per kg coating solids used.

He = Total mass of organic HAP emissions from all materials used during month, y, kg, as calculated by Equation 1 of this section.

Mst = Total mass of coating solids used during month, y, kg, as calculated by Equation 2 of this section.

y = Identifier for months.

Number of full or partial months in the compliance period (for the initial compliance period, n equals 12 if the compliance date falls on the first day of a month; otherwise n equals 13; for all following compliance periods, n equals 12).

- (8) Compliance demonstration. The organic HAP emission rate for the initial compliance period calculated using Equation 3 of this section must be less than or equal to the emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above. The Permittee shall keep all records as required by Section 2.2 A.2.f below. As part of the notification of compliance status required by Section 2.2 A.2.f below, the Permittee shall identify the coating operation(s) for which he used the emission rate without add-on controls option and submit a statement that the coating operation(s) was (were) in compliance with the emission limitations during the initial compliance period because the organic HAP emission rate was less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, determined according to the procedures in this section.
- (B) (1) To demonstrate continuous compliance, the organic HAP emission rate for each compliance period, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(2) through (7) above, must be less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above. A compliance period consists of 12 months. Each month after the end of the initial compliance period described in Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A) above is the end of a compliance period consisting of that month and the preceding 11 months. The Permittee shall perform the calculations in Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(1) through (7) above on a monthly basis using data from the previous 12 months of operation.

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- (2) If the organic HAP emission rate for any 12-month compliance period exceeded the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, this is a deviation from the emission limitation for that compliance period and must be reported as specified in Sections 2.2 A.2.f.vi and 2.2 A.2.g.x below.
- (3) As part of each semi-annual compliance report required by Section 2.2 A.2.g below, the Permittee shall identify the coating operation(s) for which he used the emission rate without add-on controls option. If there were no deviations from the emission limitations, the Permittee shall submit a statement that the coating operation(s) was (were) in compliance with the emission limitations during the reporting period because the organic HAP emission rate for each compliance period was less than or equal to the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, determined according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(B)(1) through (7) above.
- (4) The Permittee shall maintain records as specified in Section 2.2 A.2.f below.

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .1111 if it does not conduct a monthly compliance demonstration as required above or if the compliance demonstration shows an exceedance of the emission limitations in Section 2.2 A.2.b above.

Operating Limits/Work Practice Standards [40 CFR 63.4492 and 63.4493]

d. For the above existing sources on which the Permittee uses the compliant material option in Section 2.2 A.2.c.i above or the emission rate without add-on controls option in Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii above, the Permittee is not required to meet any operating limits or work practice standards.

Notifications [40 CFR 63.4510]

e. The Permittee shall submit the notifications in 63.7(b) and (c), 63.8(f)(4), and 63.9(b) through (e) and (h) that apply by the dates specified in those sections, except as provided in Section 2.2 A.2.f below.

Recordkeeping [40 CFR 63.4530]

- f. The Permittee shall collect and keep records of the data and information specified below. Failure to collect and keep these records is a deviation from the applicable standard.
 - i. A copy of each notification and report submitted to comply with this Subpart, and the documentation supporting each notification and report;
 - ii. A current copy of information provided by materials suppliers or manufacturers, such as manufacturer's formulation data, or test data used to determine the mass fraction of organic HAP and density for each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material, and the mass fraction of coating solids for each coating. If the Permittee conducted testing to determine mass fraction of organic HAP, density, or mass fraction of coating solids, he shall keep a copy of the complete test report. If the Permittee uses information provided by the manufacturer or supplier of the material that was based on testing, he shall keep the summary sheet of results provided by the manufacturer or supplier. The Permittee is not required to obtain the test report or other supporting documentation from the manufacturer or supplier;
 - iii. For each compliance period, the records specified below:
 - (A) A record of the coating operations on which the Permittee used each compliance option and the time periods (beginning and ending dates and times) for each option;
 - (B) For the compliant material option, a record of the calculation of the organic HAP content for each coating, using Equation 1 of Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(A)(3) above; and
 - (C) For the emission rate without add-on controls option, a record of the calculation of the total mass of organic HAP emissions for the coatings, thinners and/or other additives, and cleaning materials used each month using Equations 1, 1A through 1C, and 2 of Sections 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(5) through (7) above; and, if applicable, the calculation used to determine mass of organic HAP in waste materials according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(5)(d) above; the calculation of the total mass of coating solids used each month using Equation 2 of Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(6) above; and the calculation of each 12-month organic HAP emission rate using Equation 3 of Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(7) above.
 - iv. A record of the name and mass of each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during each compliance period. If the Permittee is using the compliant material option for all coatings at the source, he may maintain purchase records for each material used rather than a record of the mass used;
 - v. A record of the mass fraction of organic HAP for each coating, thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used during each compliance period;
 - vi. A record of the mass fraction of coating solids for each coating used during each compliance period;
 - vii. If the Permittee uses an allowance in Equation 1 of Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(5) above for organic HAP contained

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in waste materials sent to or designated for shipment to a treatment, storage, and disposal facility (TSDF), he shall keep records in accordance with 40 CFR 63.4350(g).

- viii. Facility must keep records of deviations reported under 2.2 A.2.g.vii and viii, to include the following information:
 - (A) The date, time, and duration of the deviation.
 - (B) A list of the affected sources or equipment for which the deviation occurred and the cause of the deviation.
 - (C) An estimate of the quantity of each regulated pollutant emitted over any applicable emission limit listed in section 2.2 A.2.b.
 - (D) A record of actions taken to minimize emissions in accordance with 40 CFR 63.4500(b) and any corrective actions taken to return the affected unit to its normal or usual manner of operation

The Permittee shall be deemed in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 02D .1111 if the above records are not maintained.

Reporting [40 CFR 63.4520]

- 3. The Permittee shall submit a summary report of the monitoring and recordkeeping activities given in Section 2.2 A.2.c through f, above, postmarked on or before January 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between July and December and July 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between January and June. All instances of deviations from the requirements of this permit must be clearly identified. The report shall contain the following information:
 - i. Company name and address;
 - ii. Statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the content of the report
 - iii. Date of report and beginning and ending dates of the reporting period;
 - iv. Identification of the compliance option or options specified in Section 2.2 A.2.c above that was used on each coating operation during the reporting period. If the Permittee switched between compliance options during the reporting period, he shall report the beginning and ending dates for each option used;
 - v. If the Permittee used the emission rate without add-on controls compliance option (Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii above), the calculation results for each rolling 12-month organic HAP emission rate during the 6-month reporting period
 - vi. If there were no deviations from the emission limitations in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above that apply, a statement that there were no deviations from the emission limitations during the reporting period
 - vii. If the Permittee used the compliant material option and there was a deviation from the applicable organic HAP content requirements in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, the following information:
 - (A) Identification of each coating used that deviated from the applicable emission limit, and each thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material used that contained organic HAP, and the date, time, and duration each was used;
 - (B) The calculation of the organic HAP content (using Equation 1 of Section 2.2 A.2.c.i.(A)(3) above) for each coating identified above. The Permittee does not need to submit background data supporting this calculation (e.g., information provided by coating suppliers or manufacturers, or test reports);
 - (C) The determination of mass fraction of organic HAP for each thinner and/or other additive, and cleaning material identified above. The Permittee does not need to submit background data supporting this calculation (e.g., information provided by material suppliers or manufacturers, or test reports); and
 - (D) A statement of the cause of each deviation. On and after January 5, 2021, a statement of the cause of each deviation (including unknown cause, if applicable).
 - (E) The number of deviations and, for each deviation, a list of the affected source or equipment, an estimate of the quantity of each regulated pollutant emitted over any applicable emission limit in § 63.4490, a description of the method used to estimate the emissions, and the actions you took to minimize emissions in accordance with 40 CFR 63.4500(b).
 - viii. If the Permittee used the emission rate without add-on controls option and there was a deviation from the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above, the following information:
 - (A) The beginning and ending dates of each compliance period during which the 12-month organic HAP emission rate exceeded the applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b. above;
 - (B) The calculations used to determine the 12-month organic HAP emission rate for the compliance period in which the deviation occurred. The Permittee shall submit the calculations for Equations 1, 1A through 1C, 2, and 3 of Sections 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(5) through (7) above; and if applicable, the calculation used to determine mass of organic HAP in waste materials according to Section 2.2 A.2.c.ii.(A)(5) above. The Permittee does not need to submit background data supporting these calculations (e.g., information provided

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by materials suppliers or manufacturers, or test reports); and

- (C) A statement of the cause of each deviation (including unknown cause, if applicable); and
- (D) The number of deviations, date, time, duration, a list of the affected source or equipment, an estimate of the quantity of each regulated pollutant emitted over any applicable emission limit in Section 2.2 A.2.b above, a description of the method used to estimate the emissions, and the actions taken to minimize emissions.

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B. Facility-Wide

Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
Odors	State-enforceable only Control odorous emissions such that there are no complaints.	15A NCAC 02D .1806

State-enforceable only

1. 15A NCAC 02D .1806: CONTROL AND PROHIBITION OF ODOROUS EMISSIONS

a. The Permittee shall not operate the facility without implementing management practices or installing and operating odor control equipment sufficient to prevent odorous emissions from the facility from causing or contributing to objectionable odors beyond the facility's boundary.

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SECTION 3 - INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES PER 15A NCAC 02Q .0503(8)

Emission Source ID No.	Emission Source Description ^{1,2}
IES-14	Spray booth used in R&D
IES-15	Various welding operations
IES-20	Segmented horizontal storage tank (diesel fuel-2,000 gallon capacity, transmission fluid-750 gallon capacity, antifreeze-1,500 gallon capacity and engine oil-750 gallon capacity)
IES-4	six day tanks (80 gallons each)
IES-1	Caustic metal parts washing system
IES-2 and IES-3	Two solvent metal parts washing system
IES-16, IES-17 and IES-18	Pretreatment parts washer for Powder Paint Line
IES-22	Plasma cutting operations
IES-23	Gasoline-fired portable generator 16 horsepower maximum capacity (WLD-5159)
IES-LC	Laser cutting operations with two associated cartridge filters, venting indoors
IES-25	Facility-wide miscellaneous natural gas combustion sources not subject to MACT Subpart DDDDD and with an individual heat input less than 10 million Btu per hour
IES-Maintenance	Facility-wide maintenance activities

Because an activity is insignificant does not mean that the activity is exempted from an applicable requirement (Federal or State) or that the Permittee is exempted from demonstrating compliance with any applicable requirement.

² When applicable, emissions from stationary source activities identified above shall be included in determining compliance with the permit requirements for toxic air pollutants under 15A NCAC 02D .1100 "Control of Toxic Air Pollutants" or 02Q .0711 "Emission Rates Requiring a Permit."

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SECTION 4 - GENERAL CONDITIONS (version 8.0, 07/10/2024)

A. General Provisions [NCGS 143-215 and 15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(16)]

- 1. Terms not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meaning assigned to such terms as defined in 15A NCAC 02D and 02Q.
- 2. The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations, and restrictions set forth in this permit are binding and enforceable pursuant to NCGS 143-215.114A and 143-215.114B, including assessment of civil and/or criminal penalties. Any unauthorized deviation from the conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and/or enforcement action by the DAQ.
- 3. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permits that may be required for other aspects of the facility which are not addressed in this permit.
- 4. This permit does not relieve the Permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted facility, or from penalties therefore, nor does it allow the Permittee to cause pollution in contravention of state laws or rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission.
- 5. Except as identified as state-only requirements in this permit, all terms and conditions contained herein shall be enforceable by the DAQ, the EPA, and citizens of the United States as defined in the Federal Clean Air Act.
- 6. Any stationary source of air pollution shall not be operated, maintained, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the DAQ, unless the source is exempted by rule. The DAQ may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause air pollution in violation of any of the applicable requirements. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded, or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of this permit.

B. **Permit Availability** [15A NCAC 02Q .0507(k) and .0508(i)(9)(B)]

The Permittee shall have available at the facility a copy of this permit and shall retain for the duration of the permit term one complete copy of the application(s) and any information submitted in support of the application package. The permit and application shall be made available to an authorized representative of the Department of Environmental Quality upon request.

C. Severability Clause [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(2)]

In the event of an administrative challenge to a final and binding permit in which a condition is held to be invalid, the provisions in this permit are severable so that all requirements contained in the permit, except those held to be invalid, shall remain valid and must be complied with.

D. **Submissions** [15A NCAC 02Q .0507(e) and 02Q .0508(i)(16)]

Except as otherwise specified herein, one copy of all documents, reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications, request for renewal, and any other information required by this permit shall be submitted to the appropriate Regional Office. Refer to the Regional Office address on the cover page of this permit. For continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) reports, continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) reports, quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC) reports, acid rain CEM certification reports, and NOx budget CEM certification reports, one copy shall be sent to the appropriate Regional Office and one copy shall be sent to:

Supervisor, Stationary Source Compliance North Carolina Division of Air Quality 1641 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1641

All submittals shall include the facility name and Facility ID number (refer to the cover page of this permit).

E. **Duty to Comply** [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(3)]

The Permittee shall comply with all terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit. Noncompliance with any permit condition except conditions identified as state-only requirements constitutes a violation of the Federal Clean Air Act. Noncompliance with any permit condition is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application.

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F. Circumvention - STATE ENFORCEABLE ONLY

The facility shall be properly operated and maintained at all times in a manner that will effect an overall reduction in air pollution. Unless otherwise specified by this permit, no emission source may be operated without the concurrent operation of its associated air pollution control device(s) and appurtenances.

G. Title V Permit Modifications

1. Administrative Permit Amendments [15A NCAC 02O .0514]

The Permittee shall submit an application for an administrative permit amendment in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0514.

- Transfer in Ownership or Operation and Application Submittal Content [15A NCAC 02Q .0524 and 02Q .0505]
 The Permittee shall submit an application for an ownership change in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q.0524 and 02Q 0505
- 3. Minor Permit Modifications [15A NCAC 02Q .0515]

The Permittee shall submit an application for a minor permit modification in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0515.

4. Significant Permit Modifications [15A NCAC 02Q .0516]

The Permittee shall submit an application for a significant permit modification in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0516.

5. Reopening for Cause [15A NCAC 02Q .0517]

The Permittee shall submit an application for reopening for cause in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0517.

H. Changes Not Requiring Permit Modifications

1. Reporting Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)]

Any of the following that would result in new or increased emissions from the emission source(s) listed in Section 1 must be reported to the Regional Supervisor, DAQ:

- a. changes in the information submitted in the application;
- b. changes that modify equipment or processes; or
- c. changes in the quantity or quality of materials processed.

If appropriate, modifications to the permit may then be made by the DAQ to reflect any necessary changes in the permit conditions. In no case are any new or increased emissions allowed that will cause a violation of the emission limitations specified herein.

- 2. Section 502(b)(10) Changes [15A NCAC 02Q .0523(a)]
 - a. "Section 502(b)(10) changes" means changes that contravene an express permit term or condition. Such changes do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene federally enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements.
 - b. The Permittee may make Section 502(b)(10) changes without having the permit revised if:
 - i. the changes are not a modification under Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act;
 - ii. the changes do not cause the allowable emissions under the permit to be exceeded;
 - iii. the Permittee notifies the Director and EPA with written notification at least seven days before the change is made; and
 - iv. the Permittee shall attach the notice to the relevant permit.
 - c. The written notification shall include:
 - i. a description of the change;
 - ii. the date on which the change will occur;
 - iii. any change in emissions; and
 - iv. any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.
 - d. Section 502(b)(10) changes shall be made in the permit the next time that the permit is revised or renewed, whichever comes first.
- 3. Off Permit Changes [15A NCAC 02Q .0523(b)]

The Permittee may make changes in the operation or emissions without revising the permit if:

- a. the change affects only insignificant activities and the activities remain insignificant after the change; or
- b. the change is not covered under any applicable requirement.
- 4. Emissions Trading [15A NCAC 02Q .0523(c)]

To the extent that emissions trading is allowed under 15A NCAC 02D, including subsequently adopted maximum achievable control technology standards, emissions trading shall be allowed without permit revision pursuant to 15A NCAC 02Q .0523(c).

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I.A Reporting Requirements for Excess Emissions [15A NCAC 02D .0535(f) and 02Q .0508(f)(2)]

- 1. "Excess Emissions" means an emission rate that exceeds any applicable emission limitation or standard allowed by any rule in Sections .0500, .0900, .1200, or .1400 of Subchapter 02D; or by a permit condition; or that exceeds an emission limit established in a permit issued under 15A NCAC 02Q .0700. (Note: Definitions of excess emissions under 02D .1110 and 02D .1111 shall apply where defined by rule.)
- 2. If a source is required to report excess emissions under NSPS (15A NCAC 02D .0524), NESHAPS (15A NCAC 02D .1110 or .1111), or the operating permit provides for periodic (e.g., quarterly) reporting of excess emissions, reporting shall be performed as prescribed therein.
- 3. If the source is not subject to NSPS (15A NCAC 02D .0524), NESHAPS (15A NCAC 02D .1110 or .1111), or these rules do NOT define "excess emissions," the Permittee shall report excess emissions in accordance with 15A NCAC 02D .0535 as follows:
 - a. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 02D .0535, if excess emissions last for more than four hours resulting from a malfunction, a breakdown of process or control equipment, or any other abnormal condition, the owner or operator shall:
 - i. notify the Regional Supervisor or Director of any such occurrence by 9:00 a.m. Eastern Time of the Division's next business day of becoming aware of the occurrence and provide:
 - name and location of the facility;
 - nature and cause of the malfunction or breakdown;
 - time when the malfunction or breakdown is first observed;
 - expected duration; and
 - estimated rate of emissions;
 - ii. notify the Regional Supervisor or Director immediately when corrective measures have been accomplished; and
 - iii. submit to the Regional Supervisor or Director within 15 days a written report as described in 15A NCAC 02D .0535(f)(3).

I.B Reporting Requirements for Permit Deviations [15A NCAC 02D .0535(f) and 02Q .0508(f)(2)]

- "Permit Deviations" for the purposes of this condition, any action or condition not in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit including those attributable to upset conditions as well as excess emissions as defined above lasting less than four hours.
- 2. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f)(2), the Permittee shall report deviations from permit requirements (terms and conditions) quarterly by notifying the Regional Supervisor or Director of all other deviations from permit requirements not covered under 15A NCAC 02D .0535. A written report to the Regional Supervisor shall include the probable cause of such deviation and any corrective actions or preventative actions taken. The responsible official shall certify all deviations from permit requirements.

I.C Other Requirements under 15A NCAC 02D .0535

The Permittee shall comply with all other applicable requirements contained in 15A NCAC 02D .0535, including 15A NCAC 02D .0535(c) as follows:

- 1. Any excess emissions that do not occur during start-up and shut-down shall be considered a violation of the appropriate rule unless the owner or operator of the sources demonstrates to the Director that the excess emissions are a result of a malfunction. The Director shall consider, along with any other pertinent information, the criteria contained in 15A NCAC 02D .0535(c)(1) through (7).
- 2. 15A NCAC 02D .0535(g). Excess emissions during start-up and shut-down shall be considered a violation of the appropriate rule if the owner or operator cannot demonstrate that excess emissions are unavoidable.

J. RESERVED

K. Permit Renewal [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(e) and 02Q .0513(b)]

This 15A NCAC 02Q .0500 permit is issued for a fixed term not to exceed five years and shall expire at the end of its term. Permit expiration terminates the facility's right to operate unless a complete 15A NCAC 02Q .0500 renewal application is submitted at least six months before the date of permit expiration. If the Permittee or applicant has complied with 15A NCAC 02Q .0512(b)(1), this 15A NCAC 02Q .0500 permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied. Permit expiration under 15A NCAC 02Q .0400 terminates the facility's right to operate unless a complete 15A NCAC 02Q .0400 renewal application is submitted at least six months before the date of permit expiration for facilities subject to 15A NCAC 02Q .0400 requirements. In either of these events, all terms and conditions of these permits shall remain in effect until the renewal permits have been issued or denied.

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L. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(4)]

It shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

M. <u>Duty to Provide Information (submittal of information)</u> [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(9)]

- 1. The Permittee shall furnish to the DAQ, in a timely manner, any reasonable information that the Director may request in **writing** to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit.
- 2. The Permittee shall furnish the DAQ copies of records required to be kept by the permit when such copies are requested by the Director. For information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee may furnish such records directly to the EPA upon request along with a claim of confidentiality.

N. **Duty to Supplement** [15A NCAC 02Q .0507(f)]

The Permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information to the DAQ. The Permittee shall also provide additional information as necessary to address any requirement that becomes applicable to the facility after the date a complete permit application was submitted but prior to the release of the draft permit.

O. Retention of Records [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(f) and 02Q .0508(l)]

The Permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and supporting information for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Supporting information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring information, and copies of all reports required by the permit. These records shall be maintained in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. Any records required by the conditions of this permit shall be kept on site and made available to DAQ personnel for inspection upon request.

P. Compliance Certification [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(n)]

The Permittee shall submit to the DAQ and the EPA (Air Enforcement Branch, EPA, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, GA 30303 or through the EPA CEDRI) postmarked on or before March 1 a compliance certification (for the preceding calendar year) by a responsible official with all terms and conditions in the permit (including emissions limitations, standards, or work practices), except for conditions identified as being State-enforceable Only. It shall be the responsibility of the current owner to submit a compliance certification for the entire year regardless of who owned the facility during the year. The compliance certification shall comply with additional requirements as may be specified under Sections 114(a)(3) or 504(b) of the Federal Clean Air Act. The compliance certification shall specify:

- 1. the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
- 2. the compliance status (with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification);
- 3. whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
- 4. the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source during the certification period;
- 5. each deviation and take it into account in the compliance certification; and
- 6. as possible exceptions to compliance, any periods during which compliance is required and in which an excursion or exceedance as defined under 40 CFR Part 64 (CAM) occurred.

Q. Certification by Responsible Official [15A NCAC 02Q .0520]

A responsible official shall certify the truth, accuracy, and completeness of any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit. All certifications shall state that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

R. Permit Shield for Applicable Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0512]

- 1. Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with applicable requirements, where such applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in the permit as of the date of permit issuance.
- 2. A permit shield shall not alter or affect:
 - a. the power of the Commission, Secretary of the Department, or Governor under NCGS 143-215.3(a)(12), or EPA under Section 303 of the Federal Clean Air Act;
 - b. the liability of an owner or operator of a facility for any violation of applicable requirements prior to the effective date of the permit or at the time of permit issuance;
 - c. the applicable requirements under Title IV; or

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- d. the ability of the Director or the EPA under Section 114 of the Federal Clean Air Act to obtain information to determine compliance of the facility with its permit.
- 3. A permit shield does not apply to any change made at a facility that does not require a permit or permit revision made under 15A NCAC 02Q .0523.
- 4. A permit shield does not extend to minor permit modifications made under 15A NCAC 02Q .0515.

S. <u>Termination, Modification, and Revocation of the Permit</u> [15A NCAC 02Q .0519]

The Director may terminate, modify, or revoke and reissue this permit if:

- 1. the information contained in the application or presented in support thereof is determined to be incorrect;
- 2. the conditions under which the permit or permit renewal was granted have changed;
- 3. violations of conditions contained in the permit have occurred;
- 4. the EPA requests that the permit be revoked under 40 CFR 70.7(g) or 70.8(d); or
- 5. the Director finds that termination, modification, or revocation and reissuance of the permit is necessary to carry out the purpose of NCGS Chapter 143, Article 21B.

T. <u>Insignificant Activities</u> [15A NCAC 02Q .0503]

Because an emission source or activity is insignificant does not mean that the emission source or activity is exempted from any applicable requirement or that the owner or operator of the source is exempted from demonstrating compliance with any applicable requirement. The Permittee shall have available at the facility at all times and made available to an authorized representative upon request, documentation, including calculations, if necessary, to demonstrate that an emission source or activity is insignificant.

U. **Property Rights** [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(8)]

This permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property or any exclusive privileges.

V. <u>Inspection and Entry</u> [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(l) and NCGS 143-215.3(a)(2)]

- 1. Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the Permittee shall allow the DAQ, or an authorized representative, to perform the following:
 - a. enter the Permittee's premises where the permitted facility is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - b. have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - c. inspect at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices any source, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
 - d. sample or monitor substances or parameters, using reasonable safety practices, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements at reasonable times.

Nothing in this condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the Permittee under Section 114 or other provisions of the Federal Clean Air Act.

2. No person shall refuse entry or access to any authorized representative of the DAQ who requests entry for purposes of inspection, and who presents appropriate credentials, nor shall any person obstruct, hamper, or interfere with any such authorized representative while in the process of carrying out his official duties. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of civil penalties.

W. Annual Fee Payment [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(10)]

- 1. The Permittee shall pay all fees in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0200.
- 2. Payment of fees may be by check or money order made payable to the N.C. Department of Environmental Quality. Annual permit fee payments shall refer to the permit number.
- 3. If, within 30 days after being billed, the Permittee fails to pay an annual fee, the Director may initiate action to terminate the permit under 15A NCAC 02Q .0519.

X. Annual Emission Inventory Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0207]

The Permittee shall report by **June 30 of each year** the actual emissions of each air pollutant listed in 15A NCAC 02Q .0207(a) from each emission source within the facility during the previous calendar year. The report shall be in or on such form as may be established by the Director. The accuracy of the report shall be certified by a responsible official of the facility.

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Y. Confidential Information [15A NCAC 02Q .0107 and 02Q .0508(i)(9)]

Whenever the Permittee submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to 15A NCAC 02Q .0107, the Permittee may also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to the EPA upon request. All requests for confidentiality must be in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0107.

Z. Construction and Operation Permits [15A NCAC 02Q .0100 and .0300]

A construction and operating permit shall be obtained by the Permittee for any proposed new or modified facility or emission source which is not exempted from having a permit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of 15A NCAC 02Q .0100 and .0300.

AA. Standard Application Form and Required Information [15A NCAC 02Q .0505 and .0507]

The Permittee shall submit applications and required information in accordance with the provisions of 15A NCAC 02Q .0505 and .0507.

BB. Financial Responsibility and Compliance History [15A NCAC 02Q .0507(d)(3)]

The DAQ may require an applicant to submit a statement of financial qualifications and/or a statement of substantial compliance history.

CC. Refrigerant Requirements (Stratospheric Ozone and Climate Protection) [15A NCAC 02Q .0501(d)]

- If the Permittee has appliances or refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which use Class I or II
 ozone-depleting substances such as chlorofluorocarbons and hydrochlorofluorocarbons listed as refrigerants in 40 CFR
 Part 82 Subpart A Appendices A and B, the Permittee shall service, repair, and maintain such equipment according to
 the work practices, personnel certification requirements, and certified recycling and recovery equipment specified in 40
 CFR Part 82 Subpart F.
- 2. The Permittee shall not knowingly vent or otherwise release any Class I or II substance into the environment during the repair, servicing, maintenance, or disposal of any such device except as provided in 40 CFR Part 82 Subpart F.
- 3. The Permittee shall comply with all reporting and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 82.166. Reports shall be submitted to the EPA or its designee as required.

DD. Prevention of Accidental Releases - Section 112(r) [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(h)]

If the Permittee is required to develop and register a Risk Management Plan with EPA pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, then the Permittee is required to register this plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 68.

EE. National Emission Standards Asbestos – 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M [15A NCAC 02D .1110]

The Permittee shall comply with all applicable standards for demolition and renovation activities pursuant to the requirements of 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M. The permittee shall not be required to obtain a modification of this permit in order to perform the referenced activities.

FF. Title IV Allowances [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(1)]

This permit does not limit the number of Title IV allowances held by the Permittee, but the Permittee may not use allowances as a defense to noncompliance with any other applicable requirement. The Permittee's emissions may not exceed any allowances that the facility lawfully holds under Title IV of the Federal Clean Air Act.

GG. Air Pollution Emergency Episode [15A NCAC 02D .0300]

Should the Director of the DAQ declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the Permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the Permittee's previously approved Emission Reduction Plan or, in the absence of an approved plan, with the appropriate requirements specified in 15A NCAC 02D .0300.

HH. Registration of Air Pollution Sources [15A NCAC 02D .0202]

The Director of the DAQ may require the Permittee to register a source of air pollution. If the Permittee is required to register a source of air pollution, this registration and required information will be in accordance with 15A NCAC 02D .0202(b).

II. Ambient Air Quality Standards [15A NCAC 02D .0501(c)]

In addition to any control or manner of operation necessary to meet emission standards specified in this permit, any source of air pollution shall be operated with such control or in such manner that the source shall not cause the ambient air quality standards in 15A NCAC 02D .0400 to be exceeded at any point beyond the premises on which the source is located. When

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controls more stringent than named in the applicable emission standards in this permit are required to prevent violation of the ambient air quality standards or are required to create an offset, the permit shall contain a condition requiring these controls.

JJ. General Emissions Testing and Reporting Requirements [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(16)]

Emission compliance testing shall be by the procedures of Section .2600, except as may be otherwise required in Rules .0524, .1110, or .1111 of Subchapter 02D. If emissions testing is required by this permit or the DAQ or if the Permittee submits emissions testing to the DAQ to demonstrate compliance for emission sources subject to Rules .0524, .1110, or .1111, the Permittee shall provide and submit all notifications, conduct all testing, and submit all test reports in accordance with the requirements of 15A NCAC 02D .0524, .1110, or .1111, as applicable. Otherwise, if emissions testing is required by this permit or the DAQ or if the Permittee submits emissions testing to the DAQ to demonstrate compliance, the Permittee shall perform such testing in accordance with 15A NCAC 02D .2600 and follow the procedures outlined below:

- 1. The owner or operator of the source shall arrange for air emission testing protocols to be provided to the Director prior to air pollution testing. Testing protocols are not required to be pre-approved by the Director prior to air pollution testing. The Director shall review air emission testing protocols for pre-approval prior to testing if requested by the owner or operator at least **45 days** before conducting the test.
- 2. Any person proposing to conduct an emissions test to demonstrate compliance with an applicable standard shall notify the Director at least **15 days** before beginning the test so that the Director may at his option observe the test.
- 3. The owner or operator of the source shall arrange for controlling and measuring the production rates during the period of air testing. The owner or operator of the source shall ensure that the equipment or process being tested is operated at the production rate that best fulfills the purpose of the test. The individual conducting the emission test shall describe the procedures used to obtain accurate process data and include in the test report the average production rates determined during each testing period.
- 4. Two copies of the final air emission test report shall be submitted to the Director not later than **30 days** after sample collection unless otherwise specified in the specific conditions. The owner or operator may request an extension to submit the final test report. The Director shall approve an extension request if he finds that the extension request is a result of actions beyond the control of the owner or operator.
 - a. The Director shall make the final determination regarding any testing procedure deviation and the validity of the compliance test. The Director may:
 - i. Allow deviations from a method specified under a rule in this Section if the owner or operator of the source being tested demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Director that the specified method is inappropriate for the source being tested.
 - ii. Prescribe alternate test procedures on an individual basis when he finds that the alternative method is necessary to secure more reliable test data.
 - iii. Prescribe or approve methods on an individual basis for sources or pollutants for which no test method is specified in 15A NCAC 02D .2600 if the methods can be demonstrated to determine compliance of permitted emission sources or pollutants.
 - b. The Director may authorize the DAQ to conduct independent tests of any source subject to a rule in 15A NCAC 02D to determine the compliance status of that source or to verify any test data submitted relating to that source. Any test conducted by the Division of Air Quality using the appropriate testing procedures described in 15A NCAC 02D .2600 has precedence over all other tests.

KK. Reopening for Cause [15A NCAC 02Q .0517]

- 1. A permit shall be reopened and revised under the following circumstances:
 - a. additional applicable requirements become applicable to a facility with remaining permit term of three or more years;
 - additional requirements (including excess emission requirements) become applicable to a source covered by Title IV:
 - the Director or EPA finds that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit; or
 - d. the Director or EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- 2. Any permit reopening shall be completed or a revised permit issued within 18 months after the applicable requirement is promulgated. No reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is after the expiration of the permit term unless the term of the permit was extended pursuant to 15A NCAC 02O .0513(c).
- 3. Except for the state-enforceable only portion of the permit, the procedures set out in 15A NCAC 02Q .0507, .0521, or .0522 shall be followed to reissue the permit. If the State-enforceable only portion of the permit is reopened, the

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procedures in 15A NCAC 02Q .0300 shall be followed. The proceedings shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists.

- 4. The Director shall notify the Permittee at least 60 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except in cases of imminent threat to public health or safety the notification period may be less than 60 days.
- 5. Within 90 days, or 180 days if the EPA extends the response period, after receiving notification from the EPA that a permit needs to be terminated, modified, or revoked and reissued, the Director shall send to the EPA a proposed determination of termination, modification, or revocation and reissuance, as appropriate.

LL. Reporting Requirements for Non-Operating Equipment [15A NCAC 02Q .0508(i)(16)]

The Permittee shall maintain a record of operation for permitted equipment noting whenever the equipment is taken from and placed into operation. When permitted equipment is not in operation, the requirements for testing, monitoring, and recordkeeping are suspended until operation resumes.

MM. Fugitive Dust Control Requirement [15A NCAC 02D .0540]

As required by 15A NCAC 02D .0540 "Particulates from Fugitive Dust Emission Sources," the Permittee shall not cause or allow fugitive dust emissions to cause or contribute to substantive complaints or excess visible emissions beyond the property boundary. If substantive complaints or excessive fugitive dust emissions from the facility are observed beyond the property boundaries for six minutes in any one hour (using Reference Method 22 in 40 CFR, Appendix A), the owner or operator may be required to submit a fugitive dust plan as described in 02D .0540(f).

"Fugitive dust emissions" means particulate matter from process operations that does not pass through a process stack or vent and that is generated within plant property boundaries from activities such as: unloading and loading areas, process areas, stockpiles, stock pile working, plant parking lots, and plant roads (including access roads and haul roads).

NN. Specific Permit Modifications [15A NCAC 02Q .0501 and .0523]

- 1. For modifications made pursuant to 15A NCAC 02Q .0501(b)(2), the Permittee shall file a Title V Air Quality Permit Application for the air emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) on or before 12 months after commencing operation.
- 2. For modifications made pursuant to 15A NCAC 02Q .0501(c)(2), the Permittee shall not begin operation of the air emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) until a Title V Air Quality Permit Application is filed and a construction and operation permit following the procedures of Section .0500 (except for Rule .0504 of this Section) is obtained.
- 3. For modifications made pursuant to 502(b)(10), in accordance with 15A NCAC 02Q .0523(a)(1)(C), the Permittee shall notify the Director and EPA (Air Permitting Branch, EPA, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street SW, Atlanta, GA 30303 or through the EPA CEDRI) in writing at least seven days before the change is made.
 - a. The written notification shall include:
 - i. a description of the change at the facility;
 - ii. the date on which the change will occur;
 - iii. any change in emissions; and
 - iv. any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.
 - b. In addition to this notification requirement, with the next significant modification or Air Quality Permit renewal, the Permittee shall submit a page "E5" of the application forms signed by the responsible official verifying that the application for the 502(b)(10) change/modification, is true, accurate, and complete. Further note that modifications made pursuant to 502(b)(10) do not relieve the Permittee from satisfying preconstruction requirements.

OO. Third Party Participation and EPA Review [15A NCAC 02Q .0521, .0522 and .0525(7)]

For permits modifications subject to 45-day review by the federal EPA, EPA's decision to not object to the proposed permit is considered final and binding on the EPA and absent a third party petition, the failure to object is the end of EPA's decision-making process with respect to the revisions to the permit. The time period available to submit a public petition pursuant to 15A NCAC 02Q .0518 begins at the end of the 45-day EPA review period.