

October 2, 2025

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NFIP Eastern Branch Planner











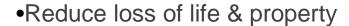
- Identifies & maps flood hazard areas
- Provides a framework for floodplain management regulations
- Makes flood insurance available in Communities that participate in the NFIP







# **NFIP Goals**



- Reduce rising disaster relief costs & taxpayer-funded disaster costs
- •Communicate the importance of hazard mitigation (flood resistant construction, guide future development, & prohibit development in floodplains that would increase flood levels)
- Make Federally backed insurance coverage available to property owners
- •Restore & protect natural resources & functions of floodplains











# **Community Participation in the NFIP**

A **VOLUNTARY** program based on a mutual agreement between the Federal government and the local community:

In exchange for adopting, implementing and enforcing a Floodplain Management Ordinance

- Federally-backed flood insurance is made available to property owners throughout the community.
- Federal disaster assistance and mitigation grant programs made available.







## **Role of NFIP Participating Community**

- Review floodplain development permit applications and issue/deny floodplain development permits for ALL <u>development</u> in the SFHA
- Inspect development to ensure compliance with local ordinances
- Maintain floodplain development records
- Assist in preparation & revision of floodplain maps
- Help citizens obtain information on flood hazards, floodplain map data, flood insurance, & proper construction measures







#### For Floodplain Management purposes

#### What is Floodplain Development?

"Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials."









National Flood Insurance Program

# **Elevation Certificate**

and Instructions

2022 EDITION





### **Elevation Certificate Form**

- Verify Regulatory Compliance
- Supporting documentation for map revision & amendment applications
- Provide better/recent data to insurance companies to see if a better rate is available
- <u>NOTE:</u> Data collected on this form is for the construction & utility service to a single <u>STRUCTURE</u> only – not the lot or other improvements.



# The Community's EC Review

Community Officials <u>MUST review</u> Elevation Certificate's (ECs) before accepting them to ensure:

- Completeness
- Reasonableness/Accuracy
  - Compliance

NFIP requires the Finished Construction EC for all:

- New Construction
  - Additions
- Substantial Improvements

To structures located in the Special Flood Hazard Area.



# Question???????

A property owner needs a copy of the elevation certificate for their structure.









# Answer...

- ✓ The local permitting jurisdiction
- ✓ Surveyor
- ✓ Previous/Current Owner
- ✓ Insurance Agent

State NFIP staff do NOT have a database of ECs.







## Online Resources

FRIS – <a href="http://fris.nc.gov">http://fris.nc.gov</a>

ReadyNC - <a href="http://readync.gov">http://readync.gov</a>

Flood.NC.gov – <a href="http://flood.nc.gov">http://flood.nc.gov</a>

FIMAN – <a href="http://fiman.nc.gov">http://fiman.nc.gov</a>

FloodSmart - <a href="http://floodsmart.gov">http://floodsmart.gov</a>

FEMA - <a href="http://fema.gov">http://fema.gov</a>

Rready - <a href="https://www.ready.gov">https://www.ready.gov</a>







# If you need flood zone/risk information for a property, where do you personally go to find that information?

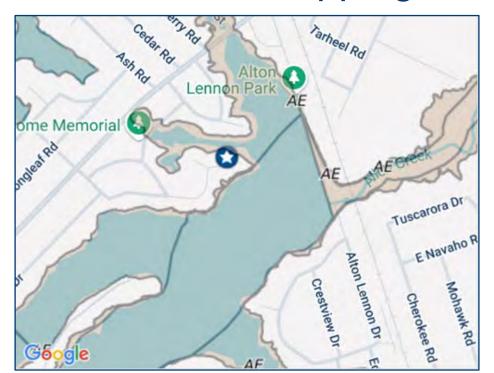








## MLS Flood Mapping?

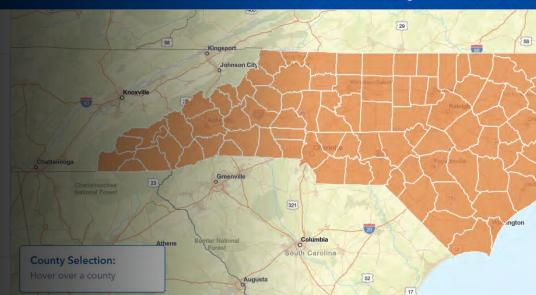






#### ome to the North Carolina Flood Risk Information System (FRIS)

# Flood Risk Information System

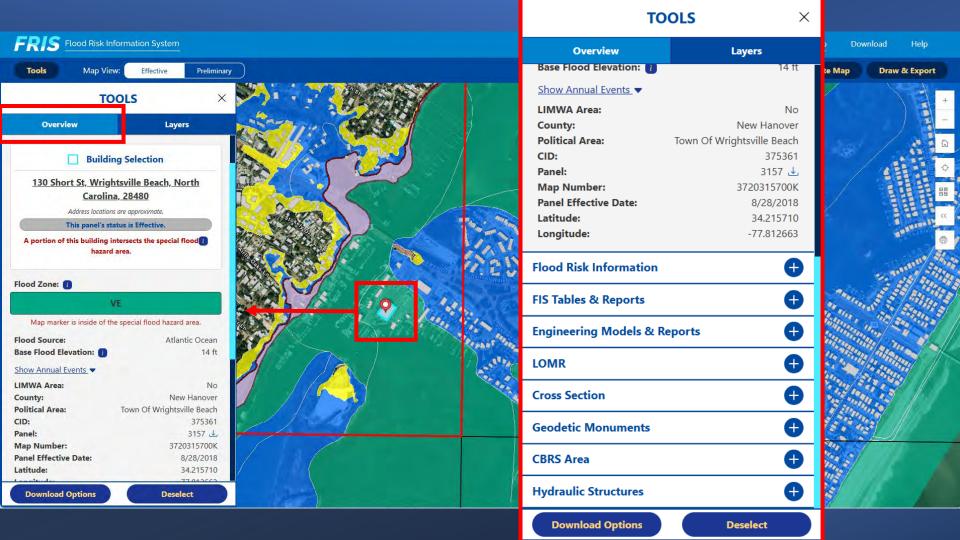


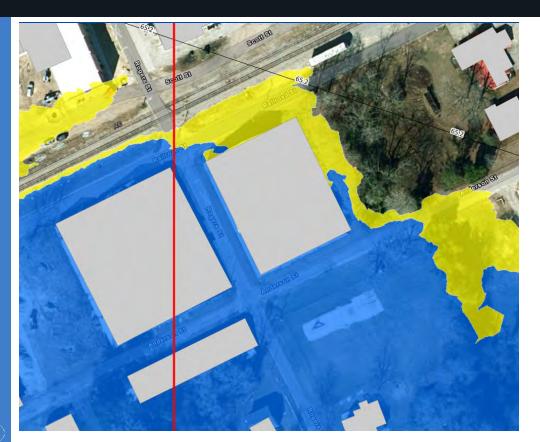
#### **About FRIS**

ovides this website as a public service to the citizens of North Carolina. The Flood Risk Information System (FRIS) contains digitally assessments, and reports that are database driven. This site also provides geospatial data, along with hydraulic and hydrologic. The North Carolina Floodplain Mapping Program has made every effort to ensure accuracy of this information. Contact inform Brogram is available at flood.nc.gov under the Contacts Menu, frishelp@ncdps.gov or (919) 715-5711.



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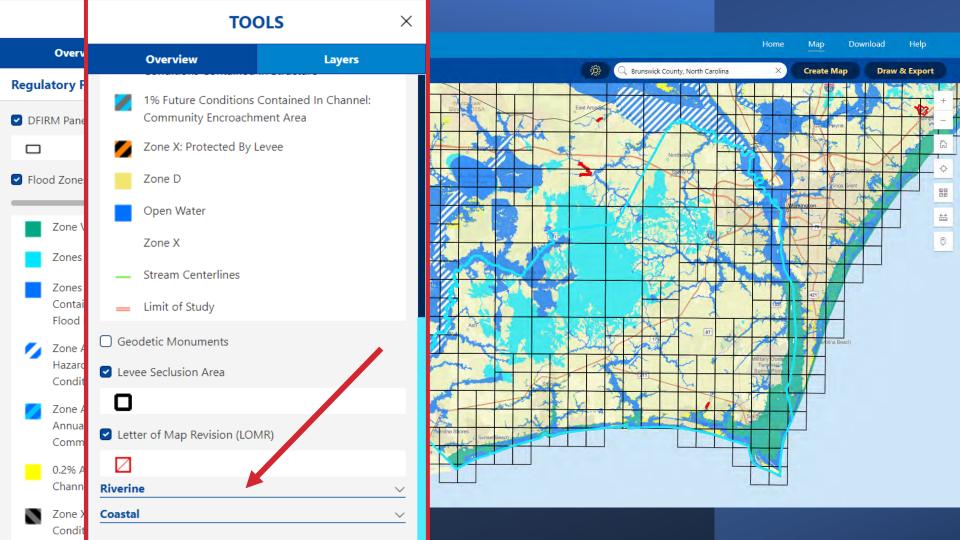


# Structures that cross 2 different flood zones...

- You must click in both zones to get that zones information under the Overview tab.
- The most restrictive flood zone applies to the structure.









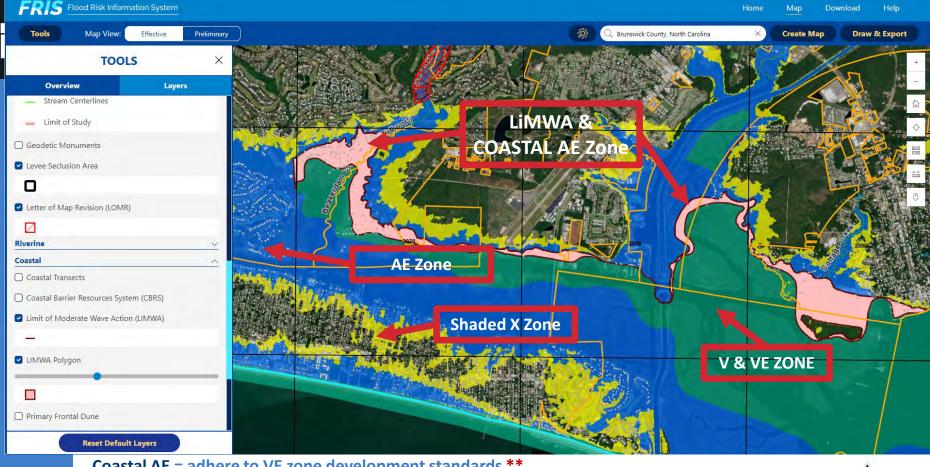
# FRIS symbology and what it means for development

- A = No Base Flood Elevations (BFE); usually 2-feet above highest adjacent grade
- AE = BFE; usually with a local adopted freeboard to top of finished floor
  - AE Non-encroachment Area (NEA) = No-Rise Analysis by Engineer \*
  - AE Floodway = No-Rise Analysis by Engineer \*



\* No-Rise Analyses - Required for ALL development including fill, grading, storage of materials, etc.





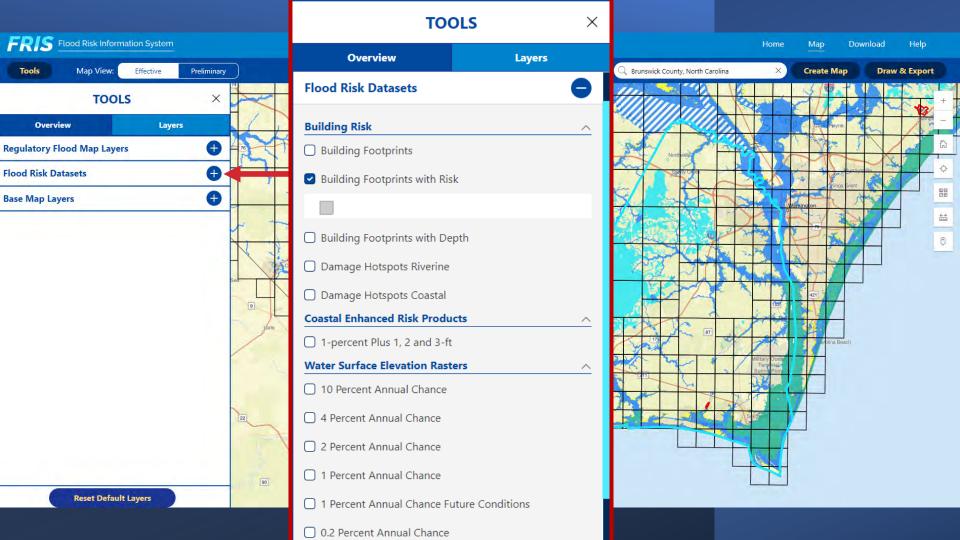


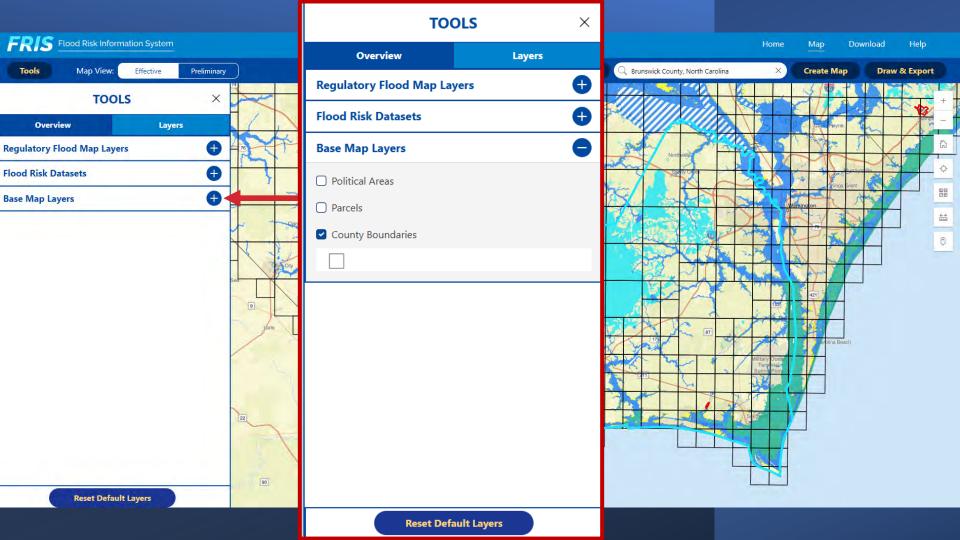
Coastal AE = adhere to VE zone development standards \*\*

VE = BFE; usually with local adopted freeboard to bottom of lowest horizontal structural member \*\*



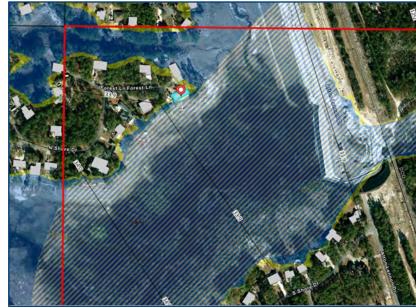






## MLS Detail Vs. NC FRIS









**Road Conditions** 

**Power Outages** 

Shelters

Flood Gauges - FIMAN

Disaster Assistance

**Re-entry Registration** 

#### **Get Prepared**



#### PLAN

Discuss with your family what to do before, during, and after an emergency. The more prepared you are, the better you will be.



#### **PREPARE**

Make an emergency supplies kit before a disaster with basic items your family may need in or after an emergency. Be sure everyone knows where the kit is



#### STAY INFORMED

Know the hazards where you live. Have a way to monitor severe weather and receive emergency alerts for your location.

**Nuclear Emergencies** 

Hurricane Guide





### Flood.NC.gov



Frequently Asked Questions

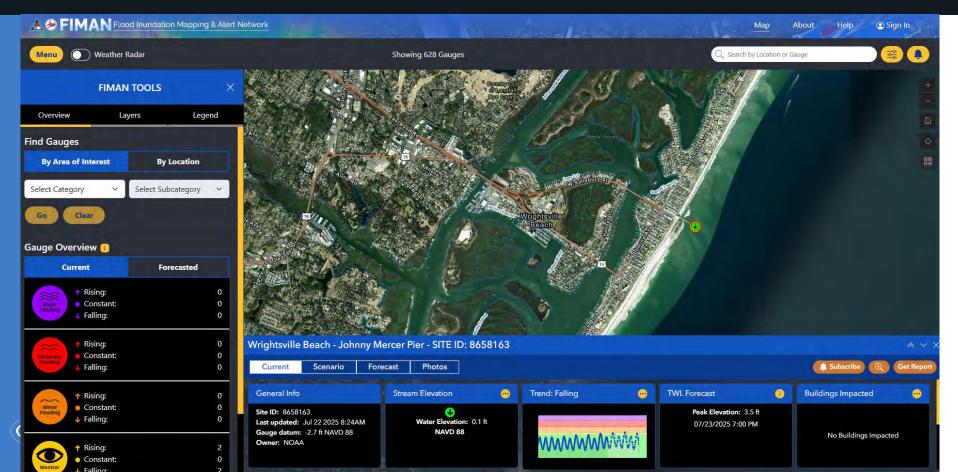
How do I determine if the structure is in the SFHA?
 Check the Flood Risk Information System Website: FRIS
 Will an elevation certificate be required?

A How do I know if the property has been removed from the SFHA?

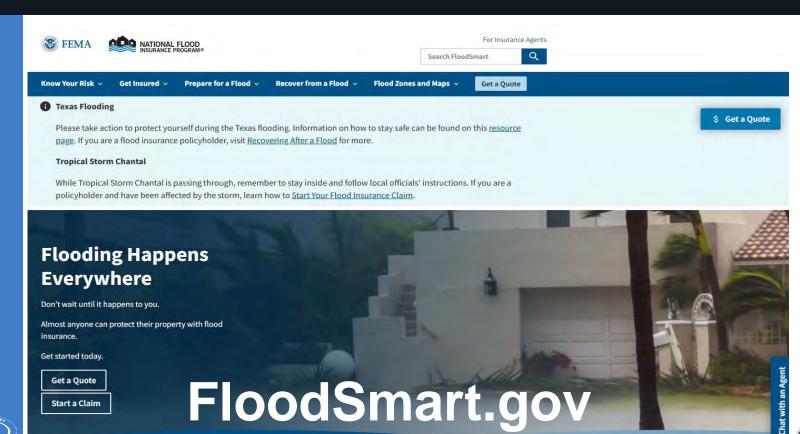


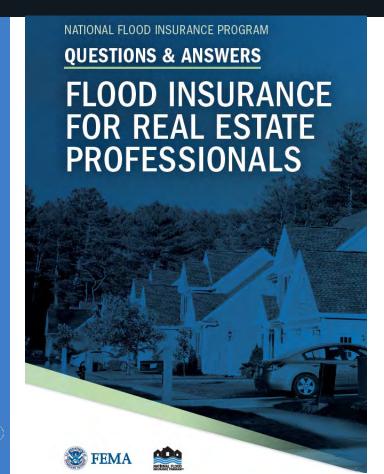














# **Emergency Financial First Aid Kit (EFFAK)**

Strengthen Your Financial Preparedness for Disasters and Emergencies

September 2019 FEMA P-1075

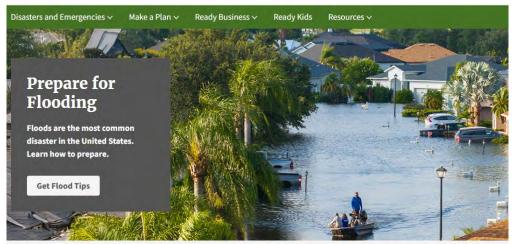












https://www.ready.gov/



#### Flooding

If you approach a flooded road or walkway, follow this rule: turn around, don't drown! Prepare for Flooding Now



#### Thunderstorms & Lightning

Lightning is a leading cause of injury and death from weather-related hazards.

Get Thunder and Lightning Tips







# Development Standards



### Coastal Construction Manual

Principles and Practices of Planning, Siting, Designing, Constructing, and Maintaining Residential Buildings in Coastal Areas (Fourth Edition)

FEMA P-55 / Volume I / August 2011

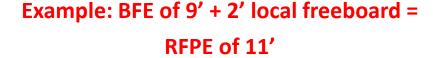
# Mitigation Measures





# Regulatory Flood Protection Elevation (RFPE)

- ➤ Base Flood Elevation PLUS Freeboard (BFE + Freeboard)
- ➤ Freeboard the elevation required by a local jurisdiction above the base flood elevation
- ➤ Higher standard adopted by the local jurisdiction
  - Higher level of protection for structures
  - Community Rating System (CRS) Points = increased flood insurance discounts (in the SFHA and out)



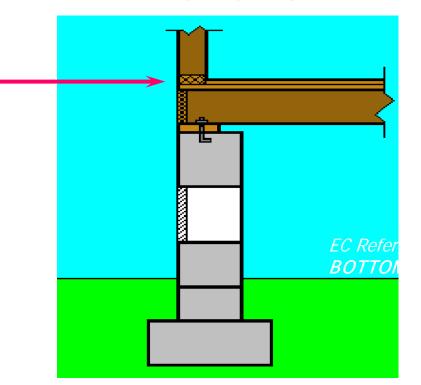






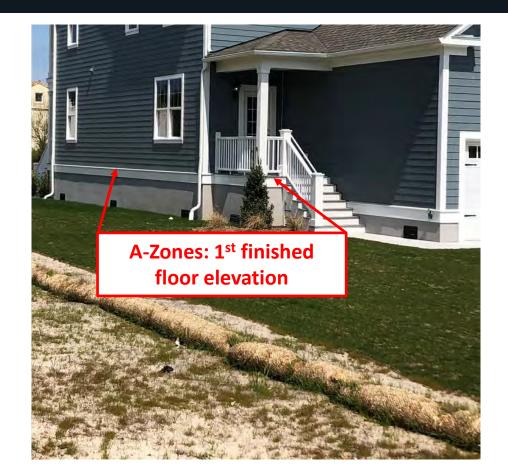
## Lowest Floor in ZONE A, AE, AH, & AO

The lowest floor is measured at the top of the sub-floor, slab or grade for regulatory & flood insurance purposes







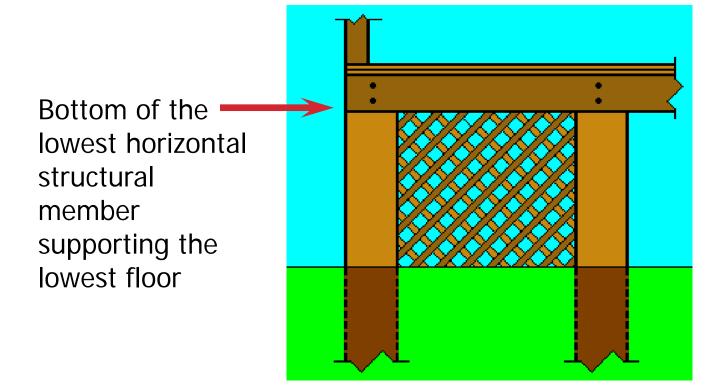








## Lowest Floor in ZONE V, VE & Coastal AE













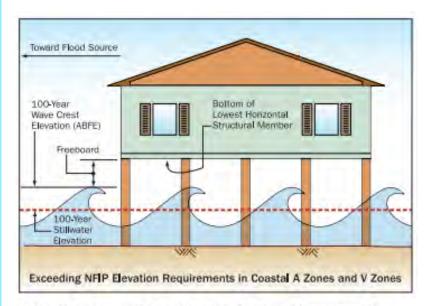
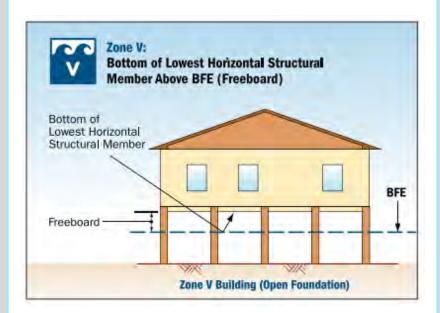


Figure 7. Recommended construction in Coastal A zones and V zones.

CUREDITATION PROGRAM







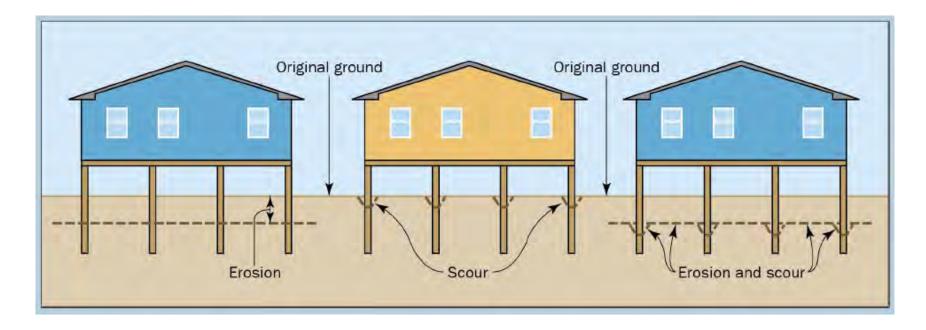










Figure 1: Three neighboring buildings with varying degrees of elevation and damage on Fort Myers Beach, Florida, after Hurricane Ian. The right-most building has the lowest elevation of the three and the most damage to the lower levels, whereas the middle building has the highest elevation and minimal damage to the lower levels.



**Bonita Springs, FL Hurricane Ian** 





Designing for Flood Levels Above the Minimum Required Elevation After Hurricane Ian

Recovery Advisory 1

uly 2023



### **BUT WAIT.....**

Where do the regulations and guidance come from?

- Research following past events
- Field investigations post event
- Collaboration among engineers, researchers, home builders, Institute for Business and Home Safety, International Code Council, National Association of Home Builders, US Dept. of Housing and Urban Development, local community officials, etc.



# **Protecting Existing Structures**



### Purchase Flood Insurance Lower Your Flood Risk

✓ Elevate utilities (include duct work)

✓ Install flood openings

✓ Elevate building

✓ Flood proof (non-residential only)

✓ Relocate









# Flood Openings

Permanent Opening in a Wall that Allows the Free Passage of Water in Both Directions, AUTOMATICALLY, without Human Intervention.

A Window, a Door, or a Garage Door is <a href="NOT">NOT</a> Considered an Opening.

Vents MAY be installed into a door or garage door.



#### Requirements for Flood Openings in Foundation Walls and Walls of Enclosures

Below Elevated Buildings in Special Flood Hazard Areas In Accordance with the National Flood Insurance Program

NFIP Technical Bulletin 1 / March 2020





### Minimum Requirements for Foundation Openings

- ➤ Minimum of <u>two openings</u> on different sides of EACH enclosed area.
- The total net area of all openings must be at least one (1) square inch for each square foot of enclosed area.
- The bottom of all required openings shall be no higher than **one foot** above the adjacent grade at each opening.
- ➤ Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other "automatic" coverings or devices, provided they permit the automatic flow of floodwaters in both directions.







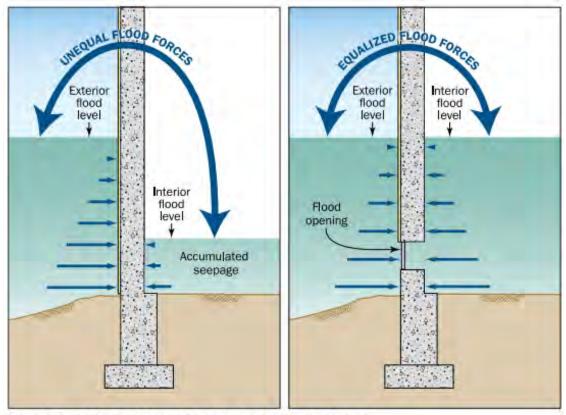






Figure 1: Equalizing flood forces (hydrostatic loads) on exterior walls

# Is the Standard Air Vent acceptable to be used as a flood opening or flood vent?







## Standard Air Vent



Figure 17: Standard air vent that is unacceptable as a flood opening because it is not disabled in the open position.

- × Can be closed manually
- × Does not allow the automatic entry and exist of water
- Not acceptable as a flood opening UNLESS <u>disabled</u> in the OPEN position



### Flood Proofing

(Non-residential Only)

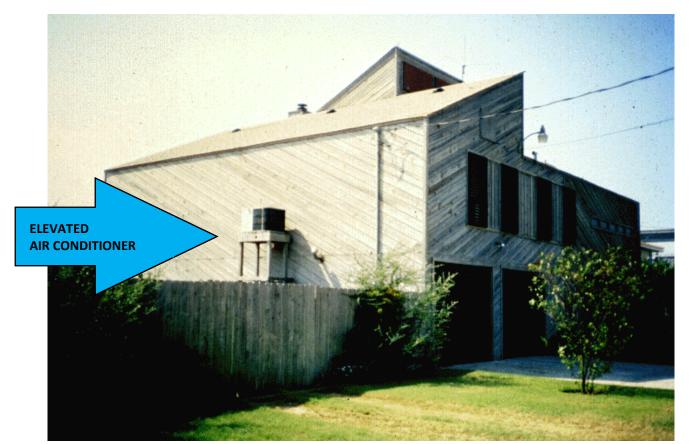






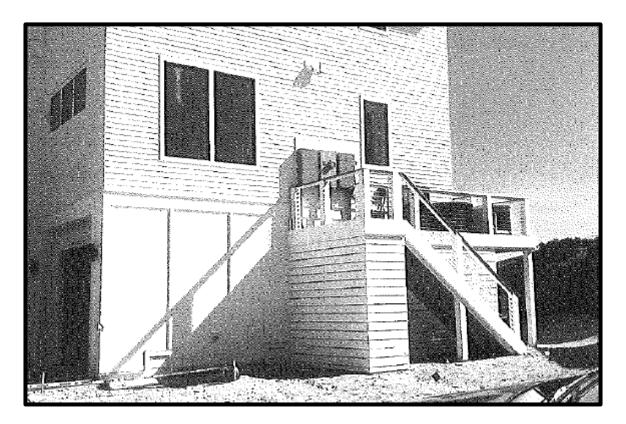
















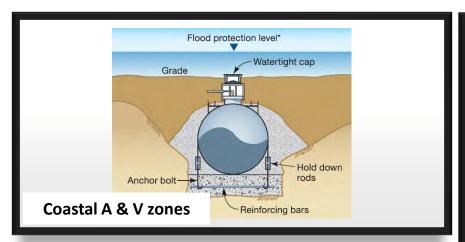


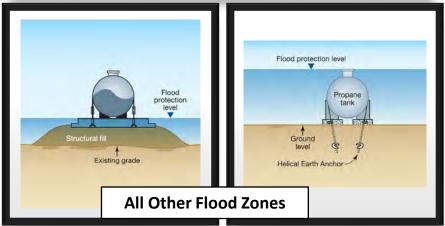
# Other Development

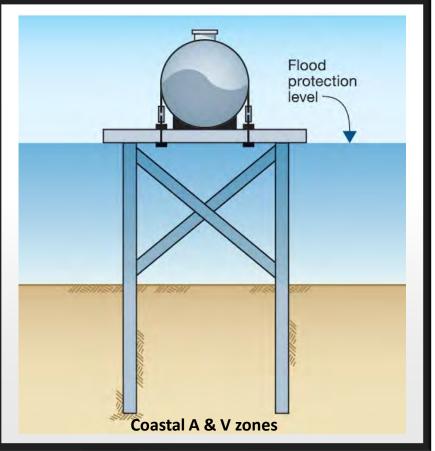
**Fuel Tanks** 













# **NFIP Lapsed**

What Happens If the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Lapses? | Congress.gov | Library of Congress

https://www.congress.gov/crs-product/IN10835





### **NC NFIP Contact Information**

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Questions?
Thank You for having me!





