Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 Summary and Status

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Summary of the Act

- Reauthorization of NFIP for 5 years (9/30/2017)
- Reforms and Changes
 - Flood Insurance –subsidized rates
 - Mapping
 - Mitigation Programs
 - Flood In Progress Determinations
 - Studies
 - Building Code Enforcement



- Removes subsidized <u>pre-FIRM</u> rates for specified classes of structures (7/6/2012)
 - Not primary residence
 - Severe repetitive loss property
 - Incurred flood damage cumulatively in excess of fair market value
 - Business property
 - Flood damages and "substantial improvements exceeding 30% of fair market value"

- Removes subsidized <u>pre-FIRM</u> rates for specified classes of structures
 - New policies, lapsed policies or policies for newly purchased property
 - Property owner who refused a FEMA mitigation offer or repetitive or severe repetitive loss property
 - 25% annual rate increases until full-risk rates attained



- Increase limit on annual rate increases within any risk class from 10% to 20% (7/6/2012)
- Severe Repetitive Loss for single family residence as 4 or more claims, each exceeding \$5,000, or cumulatively more than \$20,000
- Allow installment payment of premiums

- Limits on banks' force placement of flood insurance
- Flood map changes-higher rates phased in over 5 years at 20% per year
- Increased penalties for lender non-compliance
- Increased minimum deductibles
- Rates must cover average historical loss year including catastrophic loss years



- National Flood Insurance Reserve Fund of at least 1% of total potential loss exposure
- Ten year repayment of current debt (\$20+ b)
- Amends RESPA to require explanation of availability of NFIP coverage or private coverage
- "Alternative Loss Allocation" wind damage vs. water damage



Reforms - Mapping

- Technical Mapping Advisory Council advise FEMA on mapping issues
- National Flood Mapping Program intensifed mapping effort
- Requires FEMA to notify property owners when included or removed from mandatory insurance requirements
- Authorized up to \$400 million

Reforms - Mapping

- Scientific Resolution Panel arbitrate contested appeals of map revisions
- Remove limitation on state contributions to updated mapping
- Study federal interagency coordination of flood mapping

Reforms - Mitigation

- Consolidate NFIP funded mitigation programs into a single program
- Allows required Flood Mitigation Plan to be part of a community's multi-hazard mitigation plan
- Removes beach nourishment as an allowed mitigation activity
- Adds elevation, relocation or floodproofing of utilities as allowed mitigation activities
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Reforms - Mitigation

- Adds demolition and rebuild as a allowed mitigation activity
- Allows direct mitigation grants from FEMA if determined that local government do not have capacity
- Caps on federal grants for state and community mitigation plan development
- Denial of grant funds if not paid out in 5 years

Reforms - Mitigation

- Restructures federal share requirements
 - Up to 100% for severe repetitive loss structures (4+ claims of over \$5,000 or 2+ claims exceeding structure value)
 - Up to 90% for repetitive loss structures (2 claims over 10 years averaging at least 25% of structure value)
 - Up to 75% for other approved mitigation activities



Reforms – Flood in Progress

- FEMA must develop process for determining when a flood event has commenced
 - Current 30 day waiting period for flood insurance (some exceptions)
 - In some cases flood events are taking more than
 30 to develop
 - Particular issue in Mid-Western flooding



Reforms – Studies

- An assortment of studies are required including
 - Analysis of increasing max limits for residential and commercial structures
 - Annual financial reports including efforts to buy substantially damage properties and analyses
 - A GAO report on Pre-FIRM structures and owners
 - FEMA and GAO study of reinsurance and privatization



Reforms – Studies

- GAO study on business interruption and additional living expense
- FEMA study of using national recognized building codes as a part of floodplain management



Reforms – Studies

- FEMA-National Academy of Science study of encouraging maintenance of flood insurance and methods for affordability framework, including targeted assistance
- Federal Insurance Office study of current markets for natural catastrophe insurance in US including affordability
- Study why only 45 of 565 Native American tribes participate in NFIP

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Reforms – Building Code

- Allow Community Development Block Grant funds
 - For staffing and local building code enforcement
 - Providing flood hazard and flood insurance info to local residents



- Contentious issues
 - Rate increases
 - Grandfathering



- Contentious issues
 - Rate increases
 - 1/1/2013 Begin phase out of Pre-FIRM non-primary residences
 - 25% annual increases until premiums reflect full risk rates
 - Section 100205 of Biggert-Waters (BW 12)



- Contentious issues
 - Rate increases
 - 10/1/2013 Begin phase out of for
 - Business properties
 - Severe Repetitive Loss residential properties with subsidized rates
 - Owners of property with cumulative claims exceeding fair market value of property
 - 25% annual increases until premiums reflect full risk rates
 - Section 100205 of Biggert-Waters (BW 12)



- Contentious issues
 - Rate increases
 - 10/1/2013 Begin phase out of for
 - Owners of property no insured upon enactment of BW 12
 - Lapsed NFIP policies
 - Property purchased after the enactment of BW12
 - Full risk rates apply
 - Section 100205 of Biggert-Waters (BW 12)



- Contentious issues
 - Grandfathering Rule in effect 10/1/2012
 - Built in compliance (built before 12/31/1974 or initial FIRM date of the community)
 - Continuous coverage no lapse in coverage
 - Pre-FIRM construction could continue its original rating even after map changes



- Contentious issues
 - Loss of Grandfathering scheduled to go into effect 10/1/2013 (Delayed until 9/30/14 may require 12 to 18 months to fully implement)
 - Several Notes and modifications to the Flood Manual
 - Transfers of property subject to Pre-FIRM rates due to purchase, or assignment associated with a purchase <u>no longer</u> <u>eligible</u>
 - Effective upon purchase date Pre-FIRM building must be rated using <u>full-risk rates</u> based on map in effect on date of purchase



Questions?

No rock or other object throwing permitted!

