FINAL MONITORING REPORT (MY1)

ALLIANCE HEADWATERS MITIGATION SITE

Johnston County, North Carolina

NCDEQ Contract No. 6832 DWR ID No. 20160405 DMS ID No. 97086 USACE Action ID No. SAW-2016-00882 RFP No. 16-006477

> Neuse River Basin HUC 03020201

Data Collection: January-November 2020 Submission: January 2021



Prepared for:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES
1652 MAIL SERVICE CENTER
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27699-1652

Alliance Headwaters -- Year 1 (2020) Monitoring Summary

General Notes

- No encroachment was identified in Year 1 (2020)
- No evidence of nuisance animal activity (i.e., heavy deer browsing, beaver activated, etc.) was observed.
- Wide-spread wetland gauge malfunctions occurred further discussion below and within Section
 2.1 of the Monitoring Report.
- Project Photos Appendix H

Streams

- Stream monitoring measurements indicate minimal changes in the cross-sections as compared to as-built data. The channel geometry compares favorably with the proposed conditions outlined in the Detailed Restoration Plan and as constructed.
- Across the Site, all in-stream structures are intact and functioning as designed. No stream areas of
 concern were identified during year 1 (2020) monitoring. Tables for year 1 (2020) data and annual
 quantitative assessments are included in Appendix D.
- All seven flow gauges recorded continuous flow for more than the 30-days. Flow periods ranged from 97 to 201 consecutive days (Appendix H).
- Two bankfull events were documented during year 1 (2020) monitoring, April 30, 2020, & November 19, 2020 (Table 17, Appendix H).

Wetlands

• Sixteen of the twenty-nine groundwater gauges met success criteria. Ten gauges malfunctioned, and the manufacturer was unable to retrieve any usable data. Across the Site, the development of herbaceous hydrophytic species is abundant. RS originally installed Onset's Bluetooth enabled HOBO MX2001 Water Level Loggers, which we identified as highly accurate water level and temperature gauge. In the end, using this type of logger may have been the issue for failure, in that the freeze-thaw cycle during the winter of 2019/2020 likely compromised these gauges and allowed moisture to enter the gauge and eventually cause misreadings and/or gauge failure. In January of 2021, all twenty-nine groundwater gauges were replaced with a standard Onset HOBO pressure-based water level data logger.

RS and Axiom conducted a comprehensive review of the gauge data, including multiple site visits, and could not determine a pattern or reasoning behind the gauge failure/malfunction. In an abundance of caution, an additional five wetland gauges are to be installed ahead of the 2021 growing season in areas of the Site we feel need additional data points (Near GW 7, GW1/2, GW 12-15, GW19, and vegetation plots 31/32). RS will provide a wetland update to DMS ahead of the 2021 growing season, including gauge location and soil profiles.

In general, on-site observations indicate wetland re-establishment is trending towards achieving success criteria. Given the degree of watershed manipulation before restoration, including the complete disconnection of the watershed via perimeter ditching, we feel the Site has responded well in its first-year post-restoration.

Vegetation

 All 32 fixed vegetation monitoring plots met success in year 1 with an average of 502 planted stems/acre, down from 531 in MYO. Additionally, 14 random transects met success, ranging from 405 to 1,052 stems/acre. No areas of vegetation concern were identified in year 1.

Site Monitoring Activity and Reporting History

Project Millstones	Stream Monitoring Complete	Vegetation Monitoring Complete	Wetland Monitoring	Data Analysis Complete	Completion or Delivery
Construction Earthwork	-			-1	July 31, 2019
Planting					January 16, 2020
As-Built Documentation	Dec. 11-16, 2020	Jan. 16-17, 2020		January 2020	March 2020
Year 1 Monitoring	July 23, 2020	July 27-28, 2020	Jan. – Nov. 2020	November 2020	January 2021

Site Maintenance Report (2020)

Invasive Species Work	Maintenance work
None	None

RS Response to DMS comments on Draft Yr. 1 (2020) Monitoring Report

1. Some of the summary data in the tables with the cross-section pictures (pages 58-75) do not match the morphology data shown on table 14b. Please QC this and ensure the numbers are correct.

Cross-section plots and morphology tables were checked, and all data is now matching and correct.

CCPV. Please provide location of soil temp probe on legend and map per IRT request. It may also be beneficial to label hydroperiods on the gauges (add to attribute table and label) to show overall trends that may help in IRT discussions of gauge performance.

The soil temperature probe/rain gauge location was added to Figure 2. Additionally, hydroperiods for the groundwater gauges (in percent of growing season) were added to the labels on Figure 2.

- 3. Provide response to IRT MY0 comments in MY1 report as appendix. *IRT MY0 comment responses are included as Appendix F.*
- 4. It appears that some gauges are responding slower than others to hydrology modifications. This is especially apparent in the lower section of UT1R3 where road removal was part of restoration. It may be helpful if RS has any explanation of why this may be occurring in the text. The other areas where gauges did not meet appear to be trending toward success or located on borders of credit, suggesting additional gauges may be helpful in future years to provide credit insurance. Please also ensure that offsets are accounted for correctly to ensure that that is not the issue. We concur; please see added wetland discussion in the Executive Summary and Section 2.1 of the Report.

FINAL MONITORING REPORT (MY1)

ALLIANCE HEADWATERS MITIGATION SITE

Johnston County, North Carolina

NCDEQ Contract No. 6832 DWR ID No. 20160405 DMS ID No. 97086 USACE Action ID No. SAW-2016-00882 RFP No. 16-006477

> Neuse River Basin HUC 03020201

Data Collection: January-November 2020 Submission: January 2021

Prepared for:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES
1652 MAIL SERVICE CENTER
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27699-1652

Prepared by:



Restoration Systems, LLC 1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 Contact: Raymond Holz 919-755-9490 (phone) 919-755-9492 (fax) And



Axiom Environmental, Inc. 218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 Contact: Grant Lewis 919-215-1693 (phone)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 PROJECT SUMMARY	1
1.1 Project Goals & Objectives	
1.2 Project Background	
1.3 Project Components and Structure	
1.4 Success Criteria	
2.0 METHODS	3
2.1 Monitoring	2
3.0 REFERENCES	

APPENDICES

Appendix A. Background Tables and Map

Figure 1. Site Location

Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Units

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Table 4. Project Attributes Table

Appendix B. Visual Assessment Data

Figures 2 & 2A-2B. Current Conditions Plan View

Tables 5A-5H. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment

Vegetation Plot Photographs

Appendix C. Vegetation Data

Table 7. Planted Bare Root Woody Vegetation

Table 8. Total Stems by Plot and Species

Table 9. Temporary Vegetation Plot Data

Table 10. MY1 Planted Vegetation Totals

Table 11. MY1 Temporary Vegetation Plot Planted Vegetation Totals

Appendix D. Stream Geomorphology Data

Tables 12A-12E. Baseline Stream Data Summary

Tables 13A-13E. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)

Tables 14A-14D. Monitoring Data-Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters-Cross-sections)

Tables 15A-15E. Monitoring Data-Stream Reach Data Summary

Cross-Section Plots

Appendix E. Hydrology Data

Tables 16A-G. Channel Evidence

Stream Gauge Graphs

Table 17. Verification of Bankfull Events

Figure E1. 30/70 Percentile Graph for Rainfall

Table 18. Groundwater Hydrology Data

Groundwater Gauge Graphs

Appendix F. Responses to MYO IRT Comments

Appendix G. Site Photos

Appendix H. Notice of Credit Release

1.0 PROJECT SUMMARY

Restoration Systems, LLC has established the North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS) Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site (Site).

1.1 Project Goals & Objectives

Project goals and associated objectives are summarized in Table A.

Table A: Summary of Goals and Objectives for the Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Project

Goals	Objectives	Pre-construction Functional Status	Post-construction Functional Status						
	Goals Specific to the Neuse River and Hannah Creek Watershed Discussed in the RBRP (NCDMS 2010 and 2015) and <i>Neuse River Basinwide Plan</i> (NCDWQ 2009)								
Remove Direct Nutrient Inputs from Agricultural Lands	 Restoration and enhancement of minimum 50-foot riparian buffers along all Project reaches Protection of riparian buffers with a perpetual conservation easement Reducing the amount of land in active row crop agriculture Decreasing drainage to restore wetlands, promoting higher water table conditions, and denitrification 	Not Functioning	Functioning						
Remove Direct Sediment Inputs from Agricultural Lands	 Restoration of stabilized headwater stream systems Restoration of wetlands and riparian buffers to filter runoff Increase the distance between active farming operations and receiving waters Stabilization of gullies and ditches 	Not Functioning	Functioning						
	Additional Benefits to Hannah Creek Significant Natural	Heritage Area							
Improved Aquatic Habitats	 Restoration of appropriate bed form diversity, headwater stream/wetland form, and in-stream structures to provide suitable habitat Restoration of self-sustaining stream/wetland headwaters Restoration of riparian buffer vegetation to provide organic matter and shade 	Not Functioning	Functioning						
Improved Connectivity	 Restore connectivity to historic remnant channel features. Improved aquatic connectivity to Hannah Creek 	Not Functioning	Functioning						

1.2 Project Background

The Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site (Site) is in Johnston County, approximately six miles southeast of Four Oaks and one mile east of US 701 (Figure 1, Appendix A). The Project is located within the NC Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) targeted watershed for the Neuse River Basin Hydrologic Unit (HU) 03020201150020 and the NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) subbasin 03-04-04.

A review of historic aerials of the Site, and adjacent parcels, taken in 1939, 1965, 1971, 1988, and 2005, revealed that while agriculture was prevalent in the area, much of the Site was not converted to agricultural uses until after 1997/1998. Additional aerial photographs from Google Earth show that before construction, the project site had been manipulated for agricultural production numerous times between

1997/1998 and 2019. The channelization of perimeter ditches to carry stream flow served to undermine the hydrologic connection between the headwaters of UT3 and UT4 (located in the forested sections of the Site) from their downstream channels. In addition, two small impoundments were excavated on the historical flow paths of UT1 and UT3 during this time. The Site has existed in its pre-construction condition since approximately 2005.

Current land use near the Site is predominately agriculture (crop and livestock production) and silviculture. While the Site is near (< 6 miles) to two major interstates (I-95 and I-40), there are no foreseeable signs of impending land use changes or development pressure that would impact the Project's watershed. The conservation easement will eliminate the potential for future development and/or agricultural use in the floodplain areas of the restored streams.

1.3 Project Components and Structure

Proposed Site restoration activities generated 6029 Stream Mitigation Units (SMUs) and 39.4 riverine Wetland Mitigation Units (WMUs) within a 71.7-acre conservation easement as the result of the following.

- Restoration of 6,529 linear feet of stream channels that have been straightened and channelized for agricultural purposes
- Restoration of 32.6 acres of drained hydric soil to riparian riverine wetlands as the result of stream restoration activities and ditch plugging
- Areas of potential wetland riparian riverine restoration total approximately 7.0 acres of drained soils with hydric inclusions
- Enhancement of 0.38 acres of jurisdictional riparian headwater forest through stream realignment activities and supplemental wetland plantings
- Creation of 1.99 acres of riparian riverine wetlands in areas of drained hydric soil requiring bench excavation
- Preservation of 16.39 acres of jurisdictional riparian riverine wetlands located within forested headwater systems

Additional activities that occurred at the Site included the following.

- Planting 49.9 acres of the Site with 35,200 stems (planted species and densities by zone are included in Table 7 [Appendix C])
- Application of permanent seed mix across 49.9 acres of the Site and temporary seed mix consisting of grain rye, millet, clover, and turnip

Site design was completed in October 2018. Construction started on May 13, 2019, and ended within a final walkthrough on July 31, 2019. The Site was planted on January 16, 2020. Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and background information are summarized in Tables 1-4 (Appendix A).

1.4 Success Criteria

Performance criteria outlined in the NCDMS Mitigation Plan Template (ver. 10/2015), and US Army Corps of Engineers – Wilmington District Public Notice: Notification of Issuance of Guidance for Compensatory Stream and Wetland Mitigation Conducted for Wilmington District (October 24, 2016), will be followed and are briefly outlined below. Monitoring data collected on the Site will include reference photos, plant survival analyses, channel stability analyses, wetland hydrological analysis, and biological data if specifically required by permit conditions.

Monitoring will be conducted for seven years, unless the USACE, in consultation with the Interagency Review Team (IRT), agrees that monitoring may be terminated early. Early closure will only be provided through written approval from the USACE in consultation with the IRT. Annual monitoring reports will be submitted to the NCDMS by RS no later than November 30 of each monitoring year.

Table B: Success Criteria

Streams

- All streams must maintain an Ordinary High-Water Mark (OHWM), per RGL 05-05.
- A continuous surface flow must be documented each year for at least 30 consecutive days.
- Bank height ratio (BHR) cannot exceed 1.2 for a majority of measured cross sections on a given reach.
- Entrenchment ratio (ER) must be 2.2 or above for a majority of measured riffle cross-sections on a given reach
- BHR and ER should not change by more than 10% in any given year for a majority of a given reach.
- Must document the occurrence of at least 4 bankfull events in separate years during the monitoring period.

Wetland Hydrology

Saturation or inundation within the upper 12 inches of the soil surface for, at a minimum, 10 percent of the
growing season during average climatic conditions. Note: Soil temperature for growing season establishment
will be determined using a continuously logging soil probe installed at the rain gauge. Soil temperature will
be measured from mid-February through the end of April (at a minimum).

Vegetation

- Within planted portions of the Site, a minimum of 320 stems per acre must be present at year 3; a minimum of 260 stems per acre must be present at year 5; and a minimum of 210 stems per acre must be present at year 7.
- Trees must average 7 feet in height at year 5 and 10 feet in height at year 7.
- Planted and volunteer stems are counted, provided they are included in the approved planting list for the Site.
- Any single species can only account for 50% of the required stems per monitoring plot.

2.0 METHODS

Monitoring requirements and success criteria outlined in this plan follow the October 24, 2016, NC Interagency Review Team *Wilmington District Stream and Wetland Compensatory Mitigation Update*. Monitoring will be conducted by Axiom Environmental, Inc. Annual monitoring reports of the data collected will be submitted to the NCDMS by Restoration Systems no later than December 31 of each monitoring year data is collected. The monitoring schedule is summarized in Table C.

Table C: Monitoring Schedule

•							
Resource	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
Streams	х	х	х		х		Х
Wetlands	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х
Vegetation	х	х	х		х		х
Visual Assessment	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Report Submittal	х	х	х	х	х	х	х

2.1 Monitoring

The monitoring parameters are summarized in Table D.

Stream Summary

All streams are functioning as designed, and no stream areas of concern were observed during year 1 (2020) monitoring. Stream morphology data is available in Appendix D.

Wetland Summary

Summary of Monitoring Period/Hydrology Success Criteria by Year

Year	Soil Temperatures/Date Bud	Monitoring Period Used for	10 Percent of
	Burst Documented	Determining Success	Monitoring Period
2020 (Year 1)	March 2, 2020*	March 2-November 4 (248 days)	25 days

^{*}Based on observed/documented bud burst and data collected from a soil temperature data logger located on the Site.

Sixteen of the twenty-nine groundwater gauges met success criteria for the year 1 (2020) monitoring period (Appendix E). Ten gauges malfunctioned, and the manufacturer was unable to retrieve any usable data. Across the Site, the development of herbaceous hydrophytic species is abundant. RS originally installed Onset's Bluetooth enabled HOBO MX2001 Water Level Loggers, which we identified as highly accurate water level and temperature gauge. In the end, using this type of logger may have been the issue for failure, in that the freeze-thaw cycle during the winter of 2019/2020 likely compromised these gauges and allowed moisture to enter the gauge and eventually cause misreadings and/or gauge failure. In January of 2021, all twenty-nine groundwater gauges were replaced with a standard Onset HOBO pressure-based water level data logger.

RS and Axiom conducted a comprehensive review of the gauge data, including multiple site visits, and could not determine a pattern or reasoning behind the gauge failure/malfunction. In an abundance of caution, an additional five wetland gauges are to be installed ahead of the 2021 growing season in areas of the Site we feel need additional data points (Near GW 7, GW1/2, GW 12-15, GW19, and vegetation plots 31/32). RS will provide a wetland update to DMS ahead of the 2021 growing season, including gauge location and soil profiles.

In general, on-site observations indicate wetland re-establishment is trending towards achieving success criteria. Given the degree of watershed manipulation before restoration, including the complete disconnection of the watershed via perimeter ditching, we feel the Site has responded well in its first-year post-restoration.

Vegetation Summary

During quantitative vegetation sampling, 32 sample plots (10-meter by 10-meter) were installed within the Site as per guidelines established in *CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation*, *Version 4.2* (Lee et al. 2008). Measurements also included 14 random sample plots (25-meter by 4-meter). Measurements of all 46 plots resulted in an average of 618 planted stems/acre excluding livestakes. Additionally, all individual plots met success criteria (Tables 8-11, Appendix C).

Table D: Monitoring Summary

Stream Parameters								
Parameter	Method	Schedule/Frequency	Number/Extent	Data Collected/Reported				
Stream Profile	Full longitudinal survey	vey As-built (unless otherwise required) All restored stream channels		Graphic and tabular data.				
Stream Dimension	Cross-sections	Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	Total of 16 cross-sections on restored channels	Graphic and tabular data.				
Channel Stability	Visual Assessments	Yearly	All restored stream channels	Areas of concern to be depicted on a plan view figure with a written assessment and photograph of the area included in the report.				
	Additional Cross-sections	Yearly	Only if instability is documented during monitoring	Graphic and tabular data.				
Stream Hydrology	Continuous monitoring of surface water gauges and/or trail camera	Continuous recording through the monitoring period	Total of 7 surface water gauges: One gauge on UT1 – R2, UT1 – R3, UT1A, UT2, UT3 – R1, UT3 – R2, and UT4	Surface water data for each monitoring period as depicted in Figures 2A-2B.				
Bankfull Events	Continuous monitoring of surface water gauges and/or trail camera	Continuous recording through the monitoring period	Total of 7 surface water gauges: One gauge on UT1 – R2, UT1 – R3, UT1A, UT2, UT3 – R1, UT3 – R2, and UT4	Surface water data for each monitoring period				
	Visual/Physical Evidence	Continuous through the monitoring period	All restored stream channels	Visual evidence, photo documentation, and/or rain data.				
		Wetland Parame	ters					
Parameter	Method	Schedule/Frequency	Number/Extent	Data Collected/Reported				
Wetland Hydrology	Groundwater gauges	Years 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 throughout the year, with the growing season defined as March 1-November 4	26 gauges spread throughout restored wetlands	Soil temperature at the beginning of each monitoring period to verify the start of the growing season, groundwater and rain data for each monitoring period				
		Vegetation Param	eters					
Parameter	Method	Schedule/Frequency	Number/Extent	Data Collected/Reported				
Vegetation	Permanent vegetation plots 0.0247 acre (100 square meters) in size; CVS- EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (Lee et al. 2008)	As-built, Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	32 plots spread across the Site	Species, height, planted vs. volunteer, stems/acre				
establishment and vigor	Annual random vegetation plots, 0.0247 acre (100 square meters) in size	As-built, Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	18 plots randomly selected each year	Species and height				

3.0 REFERENCES

- Griffith, G.E., JM Omernik, J.A. Comstock, M.P. Schafale, W.H. McNab, D.R. Lenat, T.F. MacPherson, J.B. Glover, and VB Shelbourne. 2002. Ecoregions of North Carolina and South Carolina. US Geological Survey, Reston, Virginia.
- Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, SD. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation. Version 4.2. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS). 2014. Stream and Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Guidelines. North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2005. Cape Fear River Basinwide Water Quality Plan. Available:
 - https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/planning/basin-planning/water-resource-plans/cape-fear-2005 [December 8, 2016]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR). 2016. Standard Operating Procedures for Collection and Analysis of Benthic Macroinvertebrates (Version 5.0). (online). Available: https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/Water%20Quality/Environmental%20Sciences/BAU/NCDWRMacroin-vertebrate-SOP-February%202016 final.pdf
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2009. Small Streams Biocriteria Development. Available:
 - http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=2d54ad23-0345-4d6e-82fd-04005f48eaa7&groupId=38364
- North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). 2009. Cape Fear River Basin Restoration Priorities 2009 (online). Available:
 - http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document_library/get_file?uuid=864e82e8-725c-415e-8ed9-c72dfcb55012&groupId=60329
- North Carolina Stream Functional Assessment Team. (NC SFAT 2015). N.C. Stream Assessment Method (NC SAM) User Manual. Version 2.1.
- North Carolina Wetland Functional Assessment Team. (NC WFAT 2010). NC Wetland Assessment Method (NC WAM) User Manual. Version 4.1.

- Schafale, M.P. and A.S. Weakley. 1990. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Simon A, Hupp CR. 1986. Geomorphic and Vegetative Recovery Processes Along Modified Tennessee Streams: An Interdisciplinary Approach to Disturbed Fluvial Systems. Forest Hydrology and Watershed Management. IAHS-AISH Publ.167.
- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). 2016. Web Soil Survey (online). Available: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx [August 2016].
- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). 1960. Soil Survey of Alamance County, North Carolina. Soil Conservation Service.

APPENDIX A: BACKGROUND TABLES AND MAP

Figure 1. Site Location

Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Units

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Table 4. Project Attributes Table

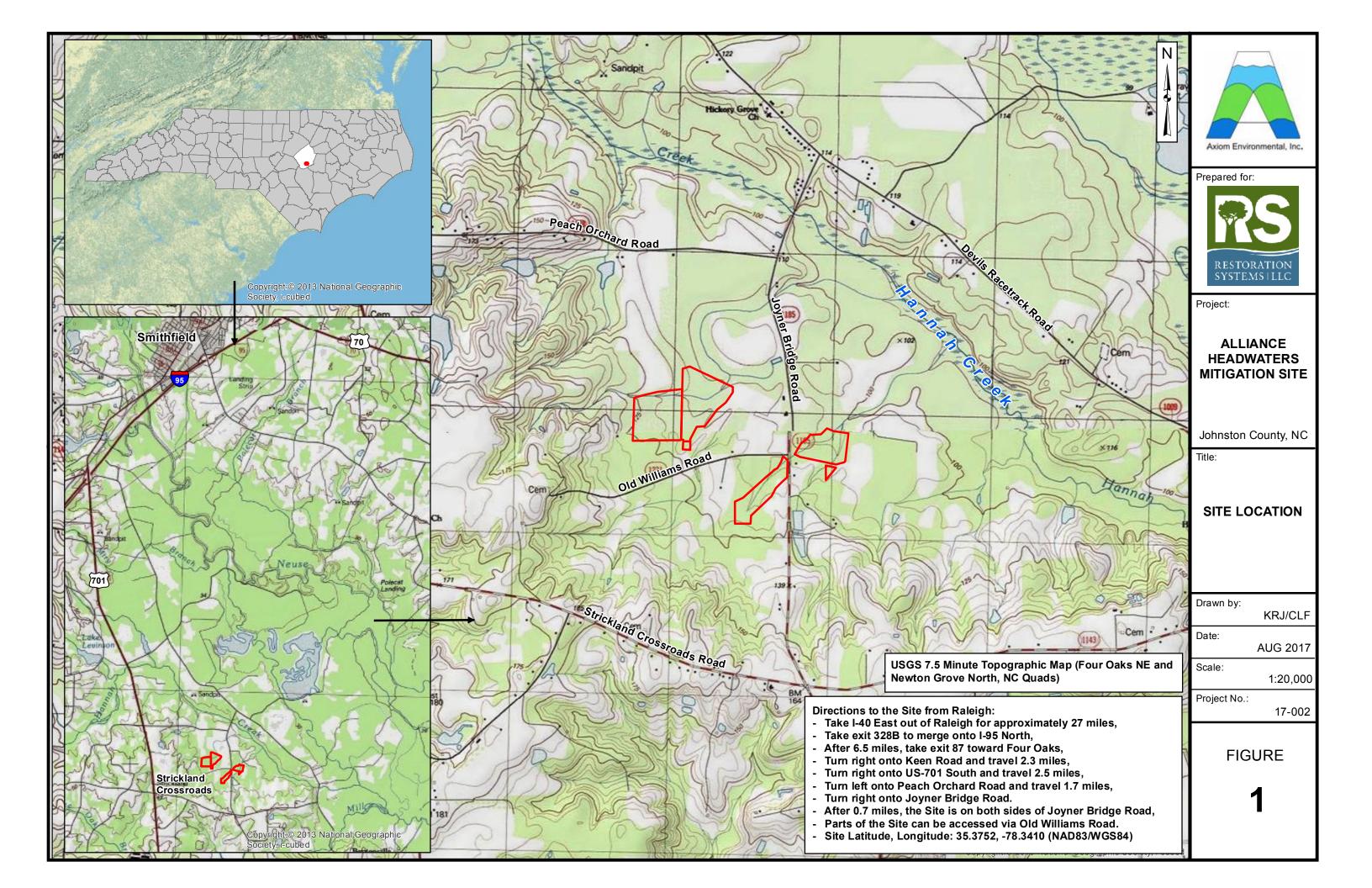


Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits Alliance Headwaters Restoration Site

Reach ID	Stream Stationing/ Wetland Type	Existing Footage/ Acreage	Mitigation Plan Footage/ Acreage	Restoration Footage/ Acreage	Restoration Level	Restoration or Restoration Equivalent	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Credits	Comment
UT 1A	10+00 to 10+87		87	87	Restoration	87	1:1	87	
UT 1 Reach 1	10+00 to16+71		671	671	Restoration	671	1:1	671	
UT 1 Reach 2	16+71 to 30+33	4761	1362	1362	Restoration	1362-70= 1292	1:1	1292	70 feet is outside of the easement and is therefore non-credit generating.
UT 1 Reach 3	10+00 to 24+63		1463	1463	Restoration	1463-149= 1314	1.3:1	1011	149 feet is outside of the easement and is therefore non-credit generating.
UT 2	10+00 to 19+97	<1	997	997	Restoration	997-146= 851	1.3:1	655	146 feet either does not have proper buffer width or is outside of the easement and is therefore non-credit generating.
UT 3 Reach 1	10+00 to 16+39		639	639	Restoration	639	1:1	639	
UT 3 Reach 2	16+39 to 29+15	3313	1276	1276	Restoration	1276-132= 1144	1:1	1144	132 feet is outside of the easement and is therefore non-credit generating.
UT 4	10+00 to 15+31	1142	531	531	Restoration	531	1:1	531	
Wetland R1	Riparian Riverine	0	7.11	7.108	Restoration	7.108	1:1	7.108	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R2	Riparian Riverine	0	6.97	6.973	Restoration	6.973	1.3:1	5.364	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R3	Riparian Riverine	0	18.47	18.473	Restoration	18.473	1:1	18.473	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R4	Riparian Riverine	0	0.29	0.285	Restoration	0.285	1:1	0.285	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R5	Riparian Riverine	0	0.95	0.950	Restoration	0.950	1:1	0.950	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R6	Riparian Riverine	0	0.90	0.896	Restoration	0.896	1:1	0.896	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R7	Riparian Riverine	0	0.28	0.284	Restoration	0.284	1:1	0.284	Wetland Restoration

Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits (continued) Alliance Headwaters Restoration Site

Reach ID	Stream Stationing/ Wetland Type	Existing Footage/ Acreage	Mitigation Plan Footage/ Acreage	Restoration Footage/ Acreage	Restoration Level	Restoration or Restoration Equivalent	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Credits	Comment
Wetland R8	Riparian Riverine	0	1.47	1.472	Restoration	1.472	1.3:1	1.132	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R9	Riparian Riverine	0	0.87	0.867	Restoration	0.867	1.3:1	0.667	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R10	Riparian Riverine	0	1.11	1.105	Restoration	1.105	1:1	1.105	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R11	Riparian Riverine	0	0.97	0.970	Restoration	0.970	1:1	0.970	Wetland Restoration
Wetland R12	Riparian Riverine	0	0.17	0.170	Restoration	0.170	1:1	0.170	Wetland Restoration
Wetland E1	Riparian Riverine	0.38	0.38	0.384	Enhancement	0.384	3.25:1	0.118	Wetland Enhancement
Wetland C1	Riparian Riverine	0	0.54	0.540	Creation	0.540	10:1	0.054	Wetland Creation
Wetland C2	Riparian Riverine	0	0.55	0.546	Creation	0.546	13:1	0.042	Wetland Creation
Wetland C3	Riparian Riverine	0	0.90	0.901	Creation	0.901	10:1	0.090	Wetland Creation
Wetland P1	Riparian Riverine	16.39	16.39	16.392	Preservation	16.392	10:1	1.639	Wetland Preservation

Length & Area Summations by Mitigation Category						
Restoration Level Stream (linear footage) Riparian Wetland (acrea						
Restoration	6529*	39.553				
Enhancement		0.384				
Creation		1.987				
Preservation		16.392				

^{*}An additional 497 linear feet of stream restoration is located outside of the conservation easement and is therefore not included in this total or in mitigation credit calculations.

Overall Assets Summary				
Asset Category	Overall Credits			
Stream	6029.384			
Riparian Riverine Wetland	39.354			

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History Alliance Headwaters Restoration Site

Activity or Deliverable	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Technical Proposal (RFP No. 16-006477)	October 15, 2015	October 28, 2015
Institution Date (NCDMS Contract No. 6832)		March 21, 2016
404 Permit		December 3, 2018
Mitigation Plan		October 12, 2018
Construction Plans		October 12, 2018
Site Construction		May 13, 2019-July 31, 2019
Planting		January 16, 2020
As-built Baseline Stream Data Collection	December 11-16, 2019	
As-built Baseline Vegetation Data Collection	January 16-17, 2020	
As-built Baseline Monitoring (MY0)	October 2019 – January 2020	March 2020
Monitoring Year 1 (2020) Stream Data Collection	July 23, 2020	
Monitoring Year 1 (2020) Vegetation Data Collection	July 27-28, 2020	
Monitoring Year 1 (MY1)	January-November 2020	January 2021

Table 3. Project Contacts Table Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site

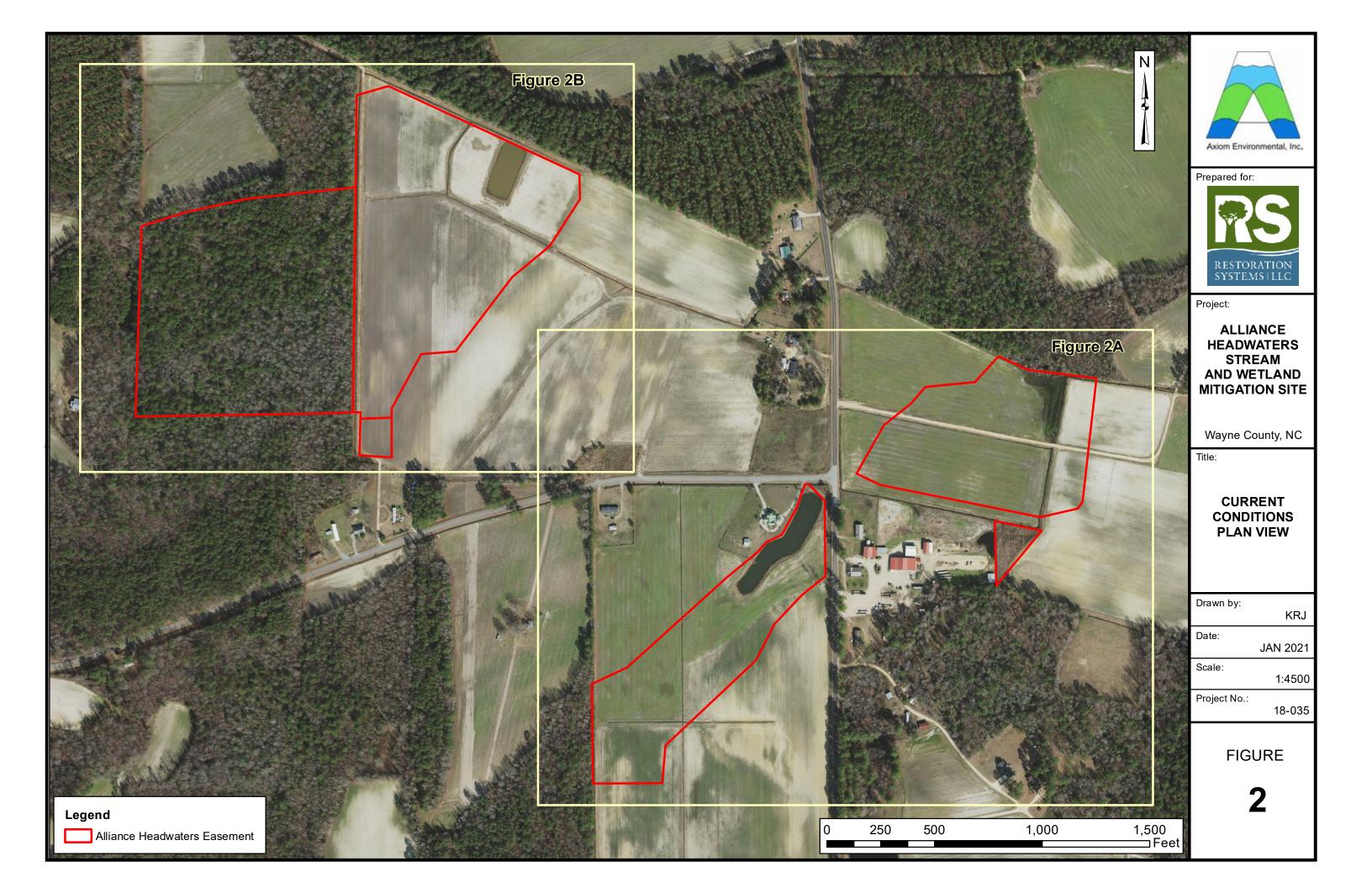
Full Delivery Provider Restoration Systems 1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 Worth Creech 919-755-9490	Construction Contractor Land Mechanic Designs 780 Landmark Road Willow Spring, NC 27592 Lloyd Glover 919-639-6132
Designer, Construction Plans, and Sediment/Erosion Control Plans Ecosystem Planning & Restoration 1150 SE Maynard Road, Suite 140 Cary, NC 27511 Kevin Tweedy, PE 919-999-0262	Planting Contractor Restoration Systems 1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 Josh Merritt 919-755-9490
As-built Surveyor K2 Design Group 5688 US Highway 70 East Goldsboro, NC 27534 John Rudolph 919-751-0075	Baseline & Monitoring Data Collection Axiom Environmental, Inc. 218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, NC 27603 Grant Lewis 919-215-1693

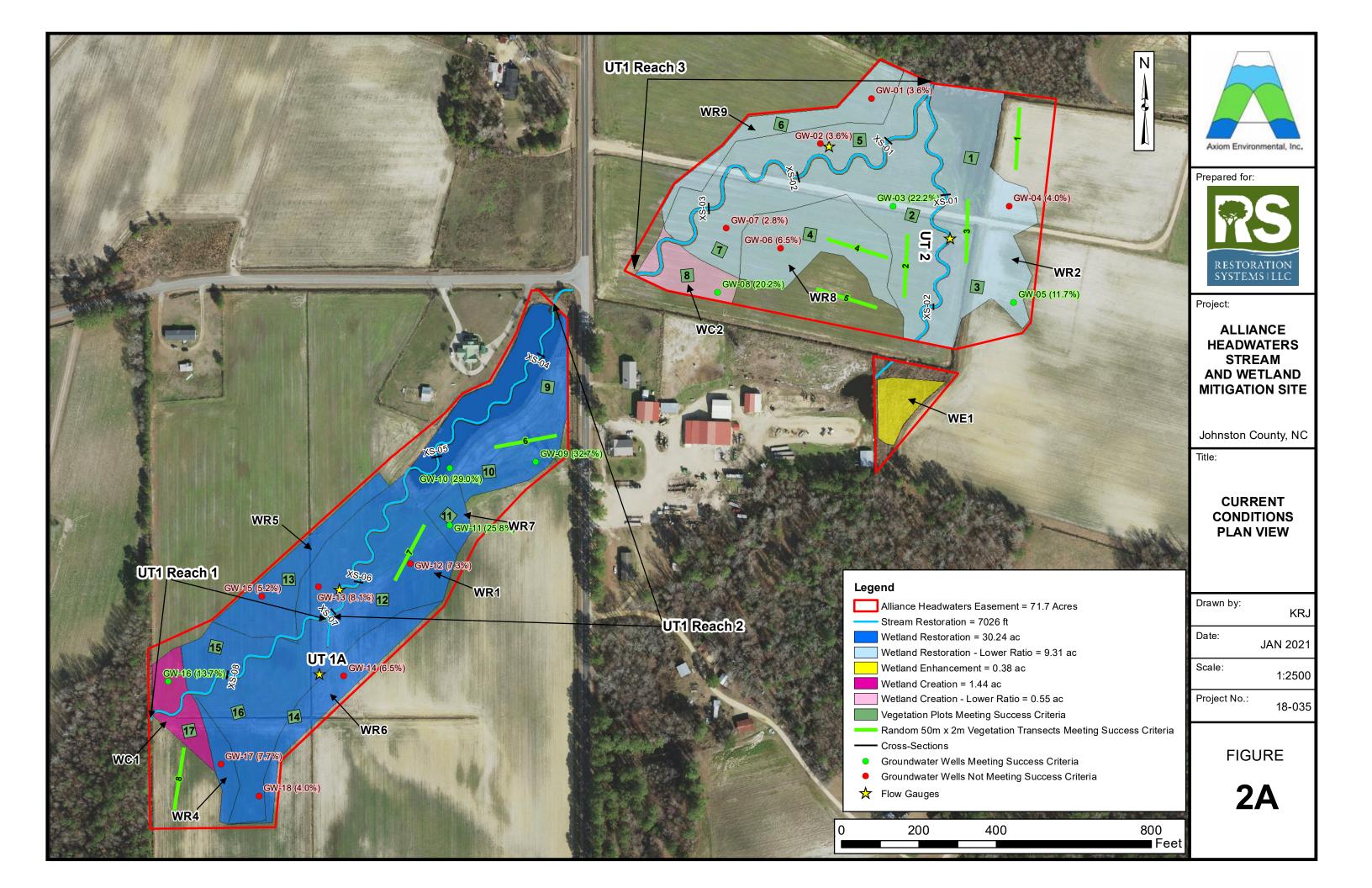
Table 4. Project Attribute Table
Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site

Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Si		roject Informatio	n e						
Project Name	<u> </u>			atawa Naitiantian Cit	-				
		Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site							
Project County		Johnston County, North Carolina							
Project Area (acres)		71.7							
Project Coordinates (latitude & latitu	ide)		35.372028º	N, 78.340514ºW					
Planted area (acres)				49.9					
	Project Wat	ershed Summary	Information						
Physiographic Province			Coas	stal Plain					
Project River Basin			N	leuse					
USGS HUC for Project (14-digit)			03020	201150020					
NCDWR Sub-basin for Project			03	-04-04					
Project Drainage Area (acres)			132	2 to 546					
Percentage of Project Drainage Area	that is			420/					
Impervious				<2%					
CGIA Land Use Classification			Agriculture & F	orested/Scrublanc	l				
Reach Summary Information									
Parameters	UT1	UT1A	UT2	UT 3	UT4				
Length of reach (linear feet)	3495	87	997	1915	531				
Valley Classification &			Alluvial, unconfi	ned					
Confinement		1	· T		T				
Drainage Area (acres)	546	6.4	147	354	132				
NCDWR Stream ID Score	Blue Line	NA	Blue Line	27.25	27.25				
Perennial, Intermittent, Ephemeral	Perennial	Intermittent	Perennial	Perennial/ Intermittent	Perennial/ Intermittent				
NCDWR Water Quality Classification			C, NSW						
Proposed Stream Classification (Rosgen 1996)	C5	C5	C5	C5	C5				
Underlying Mapped Soils			Leaf silt loam	1	•				
Drainage Class			Poorly-draine	d					
Hydric Soil Status	Hydric								
FEMA Classification			NA						
Native Vegetation Community		Coasta	l Plain Small Stre	am Swamp					
Watershed Land Use/Land Cover (Site)	31% forest,6			sity residential/imp	pervious surface				
Percent Composition of Exotic Invasive Vegetation	<2%								

APPENDIX B: VISUAL ASSESSMENT DATA

Figures 2 & 2A-2B. Current Conditions Plan View Tables 5A-5H. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment Vegetation Plot Photographs





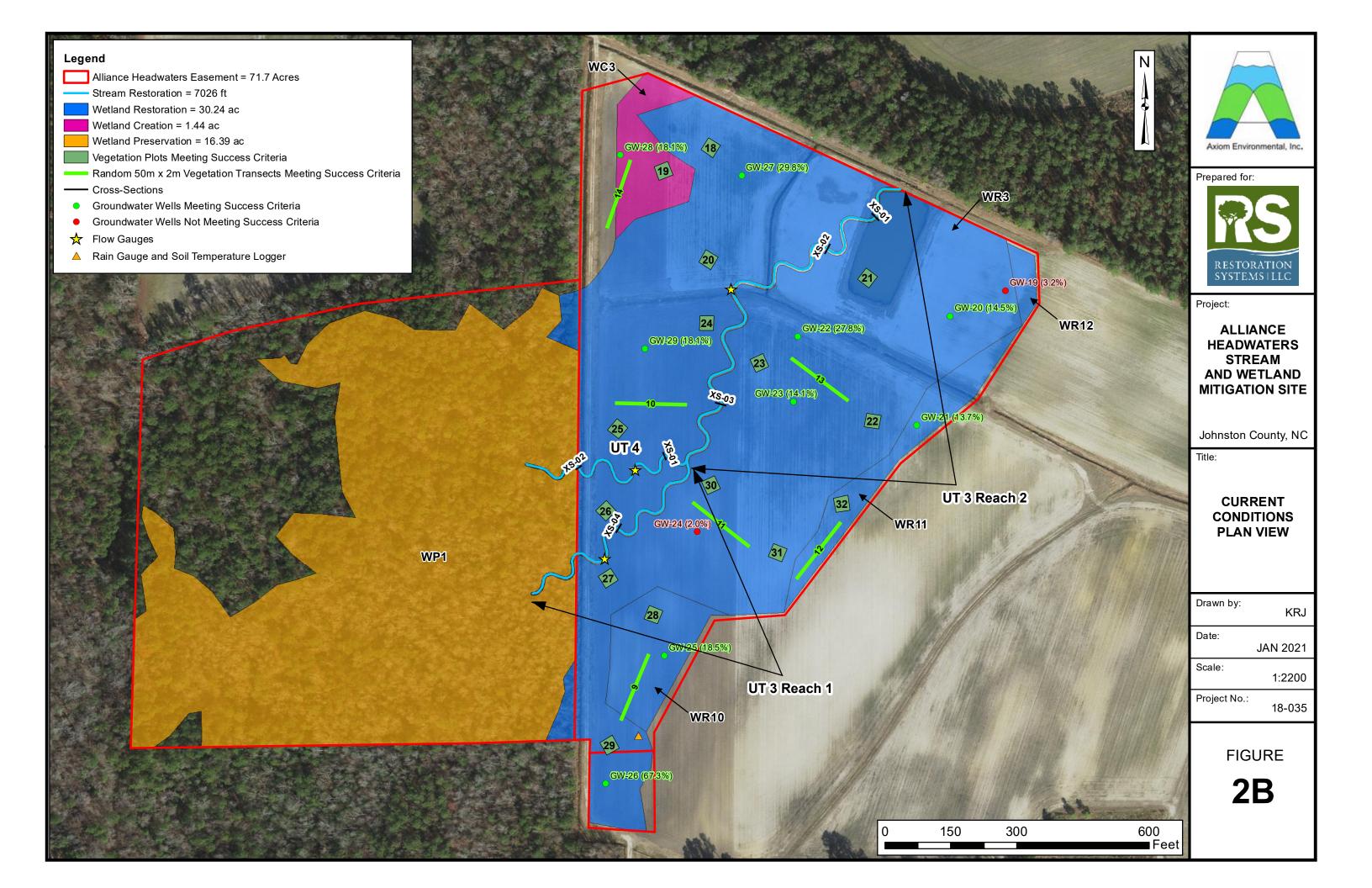


Table 5A <u>Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment</u>
Reach ID Alliance UT-1 Reach 1
671

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	14	14			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	13	13			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	13	13			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	13	13			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	13	13			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	13	13			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	13	13			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	13	13			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	13	13			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	13	13			100%			

Table 5B Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID Alliance UT-1 Reach 2
Assessed Length 1373

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	27	27			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	28	28						
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	28	28			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	28	28			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	28	28			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	25	25			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	25	25			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	25	25			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	25	25			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio > 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	25	25			100%			

Table 5C <u>Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment</u>
Reach ID Alliance UT-1 Reach 3
Assessed Length 1451

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	20	20			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	19	19			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	19	19			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	19	19			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	19	19			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	18	18			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	18	18			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	18	18			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	18	18			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio > 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	18	18			100%			

Table 5D <u>Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment</u>
Reach ID Alliance UT-1A
Assessed Length 87

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	3	3			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	2	2			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	2	2			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	2	2			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	2	2			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	2	2			NA			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	2	2			NA			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	2	2			NA			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	2	2			NA			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ∼ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	2	2			NA			

Table 5E Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID Alliance UT-2
Assessed Length 997

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	15	15			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	14	14			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	14	14			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	14	14			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	14	14			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	14	14			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	14	14			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	14	14			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	14	14			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio > 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	14	14			100%			

Table 5F
Reach ID
Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Alliance UT-3 Reach 1
639

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	11	11			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	11	11			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	11	11			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	11	11			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	11	11			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	11	11			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	11	11			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	11	11			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	11	11			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio > 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	11	11			100%			

Table 5G Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID Alliance UT-3 Reach 2
Assessed Length 1276

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	19	19			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	19	19			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	19	19			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	19	19			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	19	19			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	18	18			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	18	18			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	18	18			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	18	18			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	18	18			100%			

Table 5H

Reach ID

Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Alliance UT-4

531

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	Aggradation - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	9	9			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ≥ 1.6)	9	9			100%			
		Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)	9	9			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	9	9			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	9	9			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	9	9			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	9	9			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	9	9			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	9	9			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio > 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	9	9			100%			

Table 6

Vegetation Condition Assessment

Alliance Headwaters

Planted Acreage

49.9

Tidifica Acicage	49.9					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
2B. Low Planted Stem Density Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	None	0.25 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%

			_		
Fac	Δm	ant	Acr	2	$\alpha \Delta$
∟aɔ	CIII	CIIL		сa	чc

71.7

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	None	1000 SF	none	0	0.00	0.0%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	None	none	none	0	0.00	0.0%

^{1 =} Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

^{2 =} The acreage within the easement boundaries.

^{3 =} Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1,2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

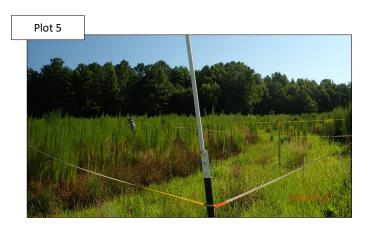
^{4 =} Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern spcies are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by DMS such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the protects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likley trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in *red italics* are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where isolated specimens are found, particularly ealry in a projects monitoring history. However, areas of discreet, dense patches will of course be mapped as polygons. The symbology scheme below was one that was found to be helpful for symbolzing invasives polygons, particularly for situations where the condition for an a















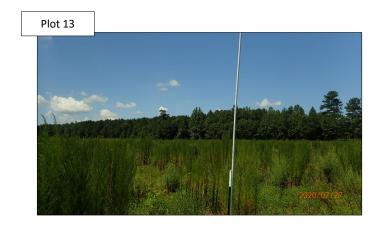












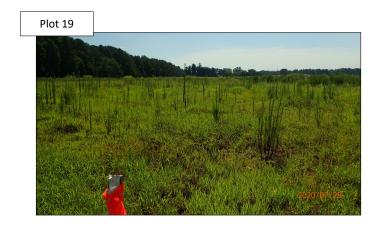












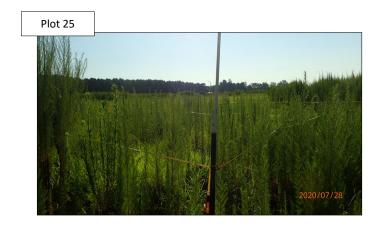


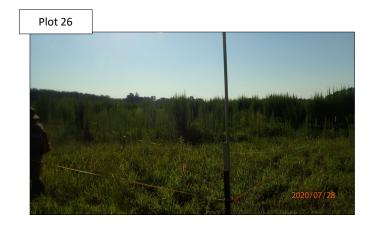




















Alliance Headwaters MY-01 (2020) Vegetation Monitoring Photographs Taken July 2020





APPENDIX C: VEGETATION DATA

- Table 7. Planted Bare Root Woody Vegetation
- Table 8. Total Stems by Plot and Species
- Table 9. Temporary Vegetation Plot Data
- Table 10. MY1 Planted Vegetation Totals
- Table 11. MY1 Temporary Vegetation Plot Planted Vegetation Totals

Table 7. Planted Bare Root Woody Vegetation Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site

Species	Upland Planting	Riparian Planting	Total Stems
Betula Nigra	0	2,900	2,900
Morella cerifera	0	1,300	1,300
Carpinus caroliniana	300	0	300
Diospyros virginiana	100	0	100
Liriodendron tulipifera	500	2,800	3,300
Magnolia virginiana	0	1,600	1,600
Morus rubra	100	0	100
Nyssa sylvatica	700	300	1,000
Persea palustris	0	800	800
Prunus serotina	400	0	400
Quercus alba	800	0	800
Quercus bicolor	0	500	500
Quercus laurifolia	0	2,000	2,000
Quercus shumardii	0	200	200
Quercus lyrata	0	4,200	4,200
Quercus michauxii	800	3,900	4,700
Quercus pagoda	650	3,050	3,700
Taxodium distichum	0	4,500	4,500
Ulmus americana	0	2,800	2,800
	4,350	30,850	35,200

^{*}Some species planted onsite were not included in the mitigation plan, including *Morella cerifera*, *Morus rubra*, *Quercus bicolor*, and *Quercus shumardii*. These were determined to be viable substitutions that were made based on bare-root stem availability at the time of site planting.

Table 8. Planted Stems by Plot and Species
CVS Project Code 18035. Project Name: Alliance Headwaters

																		Cı	ırrent Plo	ot Da	ita (MY1 2020))														
			180	035-01-0	0001	180	035-0	L-0002	18	3035-0	1-0003	18	8035-0	1-0004	18	035-01	-0005	1803	5-01-0006	6	18035-01-0	0007	18035-0	1-0008	18035-	01-00	009	180	35-01-0	0010	180	35-01-	0011	180	35-01	-0012
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoL	S P-al	II T	PnoL	LS P-all	I T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P	-all T		PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS P-al	I T	PnoLS P-a	II T	•	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	1	. 1	1	1 3	3	3	3	2	2 2	2			:	1	1 1	3	3	3	2 2	2														
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree																										<u> </u>								
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																										<u> </u>								'
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree																																		
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree								5	5 5	5													3	3	3	1	1	1						
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	Tree	5	5	5	3	3	3	3						1	1	1 1											i								T '
Morella cerifera	wax myrtle	shrub				2	2	2	2	3	3 3	3													1	1	1	2	2	2						T '
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree																										i								T '
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree																1	1	1					1	1	1	i								T '
Persea palustris	swamp bay	tree													1	1	1 1	2	2	2			1	1	1 1	1	1	i								
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree																1	1	1								i '								
Quercus	oak	Tree	3	3	3	3 4	L	4	4				4	4 4	ļ			1	1	1	6 6	6	8	8	8			3	3	3	4	4	1 4	3	3	3 3
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree											1	1 1	L						1 1	1						i '			1	1	1 1			
Quercus bicolor	swamp white oak	Tree																										i '								
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree																							1	1	1									
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	2	2	2	2				1	1 1	1			:	1	1 1	1	1	1	6 6	6	5					2	2	2	4	4	1 4			
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree											4	4 4	ļ			2	2	2					4	4	4							1		1 1
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	Tree								1	1 1	1			:	1	1 1				1 1	1	. 1	1	1 1	1	1							2		2 2
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree																2	2	2					1	1	1									
Taxodium distichum	bald cypress	Tree											4	4 4	1 8	3	8 8	4	4	4	2 2	2	1	1	1 1	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	5	,	5 5
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree	6	6	6	5			1	.1	11 11	1			:	1	1 1											i '								
Unknown		Shrub or Tree																					1	1	1											
		Stem count	17	17	17	12	2 :	12 1	2 2	.3	23 23	3 1	13	13 13	3 14	1 1	.4 14	17	17	17	18 18	18	12	12	L2 14	14	14	10	10	10	12	12	2 12	11	. 1	1 11
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1		1		1			1		i T	1			1			1	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.0	2		0.0)2		0.0	2		0.02	2		0.02		0.02		0.0)2	0.	02		i T	0.02			0.02			0.02	
		Species count	5	5	5	5 4		4	4	6	6 6	5	4	4 4	1	7	7 7	9	9	9	6 6	6	5	5	5 9	9	9	5	5	5	4	4	1 4	4		4 4
		Stems per ACRE	688	688	688	485.6	485	.6 485.	6 930.	.8 930	0.8 930.8	526	5.1 526	5.1 526.1	566.6	566.	.6 566.6	688	688	688	728.4 728.4	728.4	485.6 485	5.6 485	.6 566.6 56	6.6	566.6	404.7	404.7	404.7	485.6	485.6	485.6	445.2	445.	2 445.2

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%
Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

PnoLS = Planted excluding livestakes

P-all = Planted including livestakes

T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes

T includes natural recruits

Table 8. Planted Stems by Plot and Species (continued)
CVS Project Code 18035. Project Name: Alliance Headwaters

																Curren	t Plot D	ata (M	Y1 2020))												
			180	35-01-0013	180	035-01-0	014	18035-01-0	015	18035-01	-0016	18	035-01-	0017	180	35-01-	0018	180	035-01-0	0019	180	35-01-0020	18	035-01-	0021	1803	5-01-002	22	18035-01-0	0023	18035-	01-0024
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoL	S P-all	Т	PnoLS F	.P-all T	\Box	PnoLS P-all	T	PnoLS P-a	all T
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	1	1	1 4	4	4	3 3	3	3 1	1 1	L									5	5	5			2	2	2				
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree																														
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																														
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree																														
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree			2	2	2			1	1 1	L																			1	1
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	Tree													1	1	. 1				1	1	1	1 1	. :						3	3
Morella cerifera	wax myrtle	shrub			2	. 2	2					2	2 2	2 2	3	3	3	2	2 2	2						1	1	1				
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree								2	2 2	2																				
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree						1 1	1	L																				1		
Persea palustris	swamp bay	tree	1	1	1							:	լ 1	1																1		
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree										3	3 3	3																1		
Quercus	oak	Tree	2	2	2 1	. 1	1	2 2	2	2 1	1 1	L 3	3 3	3	4	. 4	. 4	. 2	2 2	2	1	1	1	6 6	5 6	5 4	4	4	4 4	ļ /	1	
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	1	1	1			2 2	2	2																				1		
Quercus bicolor	swamp white oak	Tree								2	2 2	2																		1		
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree						1 1	1	L		4	1 4	1 4															1 1	. 1	1	
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	1	1	1 2	2	2			6	6 6	5 2	2 2	2 2	1	1	. 1	. 2	2 2	2										1	1	1
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	3	3	3			1 1	1	1 1	1 1	L																	2 2	2 2	2	
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	Tree	1	1	1 1	. 1	1					3	3 3	3	1	1	. 1				1	1	1			4	4	4		1	3	3
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree																												1		
Taxodium distichum	bald cypress	Tree			5	5 5	5											2	2 2	2				4 4	1 4	1 2	2	2	6 6	ز (ĵ 2	2
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree			1	. 1	1								4	. 4	1 4	. 1	l 1	1										1		
Unknown		Shrub or Tree																											1 1	. 1	ı	
		Stem count	10	10	18	18	18	10 10	10	14 1	4 14	18	3 18	18	14	14	14	. 9	9	9	8	8	8 1	1 11	1	13	13	13	14 14	14	4 10	10 1
		size (ares)		1		1		1		1			1			1			1			1		1			1		1			1
		size (ACRES)		0.02		0.02		0.02	-	0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02		0.02			0.02		0.02		0	.02
		Species count		7	7 8	8	8	6 6	6	7	7 7	7	7 7	7 7	6	6	6	5	5 5	5	4	4	4	3	3	5	5	5	5 5	, 5	5 5	5
	•	Stems per ACRE	404.7	404.7 404	.7 728.4	728.4	728.4	404.7 404.7	404.7	566.6 566.	6 566.6	728.4	728.4	728.4	566.6	566.6	566.6	364.2	364.2	364.2	323.7	323.7 323	3.7 445.	2 445.2	445.2	526.1	526.1 5	26.1	566.6 566.6	566.6 ر	3 404.7 40)4.7 404

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%
Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

PnoLS = Planted excluding livestakes

P-all = Planted including livestakes

T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes

T includes natural recruits

Table 8. Planted Stems by Plot and Species (continued)
CVS Project Code 18035. Project Name: Alliance Headwaters

												Current	t Plot D	ata (MY	1 2020)										Annual	Means		
			1803	5-01-0	025	180	35-01-0026	180	35-01-0	0027	180	35-01-0	0028	180	35-01-0	0029	180	35-01-00	030	180	35-01-	0031	18035-01-0032	M	Y1 (202	20)	MY	(0 (2020)	,
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all 1	Γ	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS P-all T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P	?-all T	
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree															3	3	3	1	1	. 1		32	32	32	36	36	36
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree																		1	1	1		1	1	1			
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																									2	2	2
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree																									2	2	2
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	3	3	3																			16	16	16	26	26	26
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	Tree												1	1	1								16	16	16	28	28	28
Morella cerifera	wax myrtle	shrub	1	1	1	2	2	2			1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1					25	25	25	29	29	29
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree																						2	2	2	3	3	3
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree																						3	3	3	12	12	12
Persea palustris	swamp bay	tree																		1	1	1		8	8	8	12	12	12
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree																						4	4	4	5	5	5
Quercus	oak	Tree	1	1	1			2	2	2	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3					74	74	74	101	101	101
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree																						6	6	6	2	2	2
Quercus bicolor	swamp white oak	Tree	1	1	1																			3	3	3	2	2	2
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree															2	2	2					9	9	9	13	13	13
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	1	1	1						1	. 1	1	1	1	1							1 1	1 36	36	36	10	10	10
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree				1	1	1 1	1	1										6	6	6	5 5	5 31	31	31	18	18	18
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	Tree				6	6 (5 1	1	1	. 2	. 2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1					32	32	32	34	34	34
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree																						3	3	3	1		
Taxodium distichum	bald cypress	Tree	2	2	2			2	2	2	. 3	3	3	2	2	2							1 1	1 61	61	61	60	60	60
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree						5	5	5							2	2	2				2 2	2 33	33	33	21	21	21
Unknown		Shrub or Tree																						2	2	2	4	4	4
		Stem count	9	9	9	9	9 !	9 11	11	11	. 8	8	8	8	8	8	12	12	12	9	9	9	9 9	9 397	397	397	420	420	420
		size (ares)		1			1		1			1			1			1			1		1		32		<u> </u>	32	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02	•	0.02		0.79			0.79	
		Species count		6	6	3	3	3 5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	1 4	4 4	4 20	20	20		20	20
		Stems per ACRE	364.2	364.2	364.2	364.2	364.2 364.3	2 445.2	445.2	445.2	323.7	323.7	323.7	323.7	323.7	323.7	485.6	485.6	485.6	364.2	364.2	364.2	364.2 364.2 364.	2 502.1	502.1	502.1	531.1	531.1 5	31.1

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%
Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

PnoLS = Planted excluding livestakes

P-all = Planted including livestakes

T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes

T includes natural recruits

Table 9. MY1 Temporary Vegetation Plot Data

Alliance Headwaters Restoration Site

Species	T-1 (20°)	T-2 (186°)	T-3 (202°)	T-4 (303°)	T-5 (302°)	T-6 (243°)	T-7 (219°)
Betula nigra		5	6	1	1	2	1
Liriodendron tulipifera	1			3		2	
Magnolia virginiana		1	2				1
Morella cerifera		2	1	1			1
Nyssa Spp.	2					1	
Persea palustris							
Quercus spp.	1						
Quercus alba	1				2		
Quercus lyrata				2	1	1	2
Quercus michauxii	6	2	7	3	5	10	10
Quercus nigra				3	1		
Quercus pagoda			1		4	1	1
Taxodium distichum				7	4	3	10
Total Number of Stems	11	10	17	20	18	20	26
Stems/Acre	445	405	688	809	728	809	1052

Table 9. Temporary Vegetation Plot Data (continued) Alliance Headwaters Restoration Site

Species	T-8 (175°)	T-9 (28°)	T-10 (141°)	T-11 (122°)	T-12 (28°)	T-13 (310°)	T-14 (18°)
Betula nigra		5	5	3	2	2	1
Liriodendron tulipifera	2		2	2	2		
Magnolia virginiana			1	4	4	1	1
Morella cerifera			2			2	3
Nyssa Spp.							
Persea palustris							
Quercus spp.	7	1		4			3
Quercus alba	1						
Quercus lyrata	7	5					
Quercus michauxii	8		2	3	6	3	6
Quercus nigra					3	1	
Quercus pagoda			2	4		1	
Taxodium distichum		4	4	5	5	3	
Total Number of Stems	25	15	18	25	22	13	14
Stems/Acre	1012	607	728	1012	890	526	567

Table 10. MY1 Planted Vegetation Totals Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site

Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site		
Plot #	Planted Stems/Acre	Success Criteria Met?
1	688	Yes
2	486	Yes
3	931	Yes
4	526	Yes
5	567	Yes
6	688	Yes
7	728	Yes
8	445	Yes
9	567	Yes
10	405	Yes
11	486	Yes
12	445	Yes
13	405	Yes
14	728	Yes
15	405	Yes
16	567	Yes
17	728	Yes
18	567	Yes
19	364	Yes
20	324	Yes
21	445	Yes
22	526	Yes
23	526	Yes
24	405	Yes
25	364	Yes
26	364	Yes
27	445	Yes
28	324	Yes
29	324	Yes
30	486	Yes
31	364	Yes
32	364	Yes
Average Planted Stems/Acre	500	Yes

Table 11. MY1 Temporary Vegetation Plot Planted Vegetation Totals Alliance Headwaters Mitigation Site (continued)

Transect#	Planted Stems/Acre	Success Criteria Met?
T-1	445	Yes
T-2	405	Yes
T-3	688	Yes
T-4	809	Yes
T-5	728	Yes
T-6	809	Yes
T-7	1052	Yes
T-8	1012	Yes
Т-9	607	Yes
T-10	728	Yes
T-11	1012	Yes
T-12	890	Yes
T-13	526	Yes
T-14	567	Yes
Average Planted Stems/Acre	734	Yes

APPENDIX D: STREAM GEOMORPHOLOGY DATA

Tables 12A-12E. Baseline Stream Data Summary

Tables 13A-13E. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic

Containment Parameter Distributions)

Tables 14A-14D. Monitoring Data-Dimensional Morphology Summary

(Dimensional Parameters-Cross-sections)

Tables 15A-15E. Monitoring Data-Stream Reach Data Summary

Cross-Section Plots

				F	Project	Name	/Numb					e Stream D		Summary nt/Reach: UT	1/Rea	nch 1&2 (203	3 feet)								
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C		. ojout		Existing	_		.ouu.		nna Creek Re	_	Still Creek I		Cole Proper		Design			ı	/lonitor	ing Bas	eline	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean Ma	х	Min Mean	Max	Min Med	Max	Min Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)					8.4	13.3		24				9.7		7.4		6.5		6.5 - 7.5		7.1		7.9	8.6		2
Floodprone Width (ft)					100	100		100										100		100		100	100		2
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					1.43	1.68		2.25				0.8		0.82		0.6		0.50 - 0.7	0	0.5		0.5	0.5		2
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)												0.75 - 1.00		0.75 - 1.00)	0.75 - 1.0	0	0.60 - 0.7	1	0.9		1	1.1		2
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					12.9	22.2		42				8		6.1		3.8		3.0 - 4.0		3.6		4	4.4		2
Width/Depth Ratio												12		9		10		14		14		15.6	17.2		2
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3	1.65		2				> 3.0		> 3.0		> 3.0		6.9 - 10.2	2	11.6		12.9	14.1		2
																				0.9		1	1.1		2
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.7	3.0		3.3				1.0 - 1.2		1.0 - 1.2		1.0 - 1.2	!	1.0		1.0		1.0	1.0		2
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)																		7.0 - 30.0)	9	28.6	28.45	49.5	10.7	35
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					1															0.000	0.010	0.009	0.021	0.007	13
Pool Length (ft)					No dist	tinct repe	titive pa straighte			d pools										4.3	10.9	9.14	39.8	7.5	27
Pool Max depth (ft)						due to	Suaignie	aning ac	uvides.											1.7		1.8	2		3
Pool Spacing (ft)					1															25.3	49.8	50.71	89.2	14.7	35
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																									
Radius of Curvature (ft)					1							1.5 - 2.8	T	2.9 - 6.4		1.2 - 2.3									
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					No dist	inct repe	titive par straighte			d pools			T												
Meander Wavelength (ft)					1	due to	straignte	ening ac	uviues.																
Meander Width Ratio					1							1.4 - 2.1		2.1 - 6.6		5.4 - 8.2	!								
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																									
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																									
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification							Incise	d B5c				C5/E5		E5		E5/C5		C5					C5		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)																		1.4 -2.1				1	.4 -2.1		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)													T					4.2 -8.4							
Valley length (ft)													T												
Channel Thalweg length (ft)													T					2033					2033		
Sinuosity (ft)							1	1				1.22 - 1.59	T	1.22 - 1.59)	1.22 - 1.5	9	1.26 -1.2	9			1.2	26 -1.29		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)							0.0	07			0.	0027 - 0.0088	T	0.0027 - 0.00	88	0.0027 - 0.0	088	0.0026 - 0.0	049			(.0049		
BF slope (ft/ft)													T												
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																									
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric													T												
Biological or Other													T												

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

^{1—}The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare). 3. Utilizing XS measurement data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodsplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.
4 = Proportion of Deed schizbfullig banks that are evenful passed on the visual survey for comparison to monotineing data; 2. Of vulnetheaded only if the undersheded of the vulnetheaded only if the undershed description of the vulnetheaded only if the undershed description of the vulnetheaded only if the vulnetheaded on vulnetheaded on vulnetheaded on vulnetheaded

					Projec	ct Nam	e/Num	nber (A			Baseline Stream Data waters/97086) - Segr		each 3 (1463 feet)							
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	Table							Johanna Creek Ref	Still Creek Ref	Cole Property Ref	Design		ı	Monitor	ring Bas	eline	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	1	LL	1 111	Fa	Min	Mean	Med	May	SD ⁵	n	Min Mean Max	Min Mean Max	Min Med Max	Min Med Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)			OL.	Lq.			IVICU		OD	-"-	9.7	7.4	6.5	9.9	10.4	Wican	10.4	10.4	- 05	1
Floodprone Width (ft)											0.7	7.5	0.0	100	100		100	100	-	1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)											0.8	0.82	0.6	0.5 - 0.7	0.8		0.8	0.8		1
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.6	0.7		0.8			0.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1.00	0.93	1.4		1.4	1.4		1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)											8	6.1	3.8	7.0	8.4	t	8.4	8.4		1
Width/Depth Ratio					6.6						12	9	10	14	13	 	13	13		1
Entrenchment Ratio				1							> 3.0	> 3.0	> 3.0	6.7	9.6	 	9.6	9.6		1
Entrenchment Ratio	1				1.0	1.00		_			, 5.0	- 5.0	- 5.0	0.7	1.4	l	1.4	1.4		1
10					27	3.0		33	1		1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0	1.0	1	1.0	1.0	 	1
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.7	5.0		5.5			1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0	1.0	<u> </u>	1.0	1.0		
Riffle Length (ft)		1		1								l	1	14.0 - 25.0	12.2	39.6	38.7	63.2	12.7	23
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					1							1	1	11.0 20.0	0.001	0.006	0.003	0.029	0.009	10
Pool Length (ft)					No dist					d pools					4.7	13	11.75	32	6.4	22
Pool Max depth (ft)					1	due to	straighte	ening ac	tivities.						1.9	2.1	2.1	2.3		2
Pool Spacing (ft)					1										37.3	68	73.78	87.5	13.9	22
Pattern				•													•			
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																				
Radius of Curvature (ft))				No dist	inct rene	titive na	ttern of	riffles an	d nools	1.5 - 2.8	2.9 - 6.4	1.2 - 2.3							
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft))				NO dist					u poois										
Meander Wavelength (ft))					440 10	ou aigini	orming ac												
Meander Width Ratio											1.4 - 2.1	2.1 - 6.6	5.4 - 8.2							
Transport parameters																				
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²	2																			
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																				
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²	2																		1	
Additional Reach Parameters																				
Rosgen Classification	n						Incise	ed B5c			C5/E5	E5	E5/C5	C5				C5		
Bankfull Velocity (fps))													1.5				1.5		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs))					-		-						10.7						
Valley length (ft)																				
Channel Thalweg length (ft)														1463				1463		
Sinuosity (ft)											1.22 - 1.59	1.22 - 1.59	1.22 - 1.59	1.35				1.35		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)					-		0.0	J26			0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0018	-		(0.0028		
BF slope (ft/ft)															!	!	 			₩
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres))											!	.			_				
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks																				
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																				
Biological or Other																				

BIOlogical or Outer 1

1 The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing XS measurement data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodphin area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

									Table	12c. I	Baseline	Stream Data	Summary										$\overline{}$
					Р	roject N	lame/l	Numbe	er (Allia	ance H	eadwat	ers/97086) - S	Segment/Ŕe	ach: UT	T2 (996.7 feet)								
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve		Pre-E	Existinç	Cond	ition		Johan	na Creek Ref	Still Cree	k Ref	Cole Property Ref	Desi	gn		N	M onitor	ing Bas	əline	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	_	LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean Max	Min Mear	n Max	Min Med Max	Min Me	d Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)		LL	UL	Eq.	5	6	ivieu	7	30	"	IVIIII	9.7	7.4		6.5	7.5		9.9	Weari	9.9	9.9	30	1
Floodprone Width (ft)					100	100		100				9.1	7.4		0.5	100		100		100	100	-	-
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					100	100		100				0.8	0.82	,	0.6	0.6		0.6		0.6	0.6		$\frac{1}{1}$
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.6	0.7		0.8			0	.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1		0.75 - 1.00	0.7		1.3		1.3	1.3		1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	1				1	1.75		2.5			_	8	6.1	.00	3.8	4.0		6.1		6.1	6.1		1
Width/Depth Ratio					6.6	8.6	-	10.6				12	9		10	14		16.1		16.1	16.1	$\vdash \vdash$	1
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3	1.65	-	2				> 3.0	> 3.0)	> 3.0	5.6		10.1		10.1	10.1	$\vdash \vdash$	1
Entrenchment Ratio	1											- 0.0	- 0.0		- 0.0	0.0		1.3		1.3	1.3		
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.7	3.0		3.3				1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1	2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0		1.0		1.0	1.0	\vdash	1
Profile	<u>'l</u>					3.0						1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1		1.0 - 1.2	1.0						-	
Riffle Length (ft)				1	I						I		T T		T	14.0 -	50.0	15.7	29.9	28.44	52.3	10.8	11
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					N					d a contra								0.000	0.014	0.004	0.014	0.005	8
Pool Length (ft)					No dist	inct repe	titive pat straighte			d pools						1		2.4	14.2	12.38	28.4	7.4	17
Pool Max depth (ft)						uue to :	suaignie	illing ac	uviues.									1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6		1
Pool Spacing (ft)																		34.5	55.6	54.92	73.1	10.7	16
Pattern																							
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																						igsquare	lacksquare
Radius of Curvature (ft)					No dist	inct repe	titive pat	tern of r	riffles an	d pools		1.5 - 2.8	2.9 - 6	5.4	1.2 - 2.3							igspace	\vdash
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)							straighte																-
Meander Wavelength (ft)			1									1.4 - 2.1	2.1 - 6		5.4 - 8.2							$oldsymbol{oldsymbol{}}$	-
Meander Width Ratio												1.4 - 2.1	2.1 - 0	0.0	5.4 - 6.2								
Transport parameters																							
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																							
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																							
Additional Reach Parameters																_							
Rosgen Classification							G	5				C5/E5	E5		E5/C5	C5					C5		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)			.		.											2.1					2.1		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)																8.4							
Valley length (ft)					-											00-	,				007		-
Channel Thalweg length (ft) Sinuosity (ft)					!		1				1	.22 - 1.59	1,22 - 1	EO	1,22 - 1,59	997		!			997 1.22		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)					 		0.0					027 - 0.0088	0.0027 - 0		0.0027 - 0.0088	0.00		1			1.22		
BF slope (ft/ft)							0.0	- F			0.00	0.0000	0.0027 - 0		3.0021 - 0.0000	3.00							
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																							
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks													1										
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric													i										
Biological or Other																i e							

BIOlogical or Outer 1

- The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing XS measurement data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodphin area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

					Pr	oject N	lame/N	lumbe				e Stream Data ers/97086) - S	a Summary segment/Reach: UT	3 (1914.8 feet)								
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve		Pre-	Existing	Cond	ition		Joha	nna Creek Ref	Still Creek Ref	Cole Property Ref	Design			ı	Monitor	ing Bas	eline	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean Max	Min Mean Max	Min Med Max	Min Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)					5	6		7				9.7	7.4	6.5	7.5 - 9.2		7.3		8.1	8.9		2
Floodprone Width (ft)					100	100		100							100		100		100	100		2
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)												0.8	0.82	0.6	0.6 - 0.7		0.6		0.6	0.6		2
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.6	0.7		8.0				0.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1.00	0.7 - 0.86	3	1		1	1		2
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)					1	1.75		2.5				8	6.1	3.8	4.0 - 6.0		4.3		4.9	5.4		2
Width/Depth Ratio					6.6	8.6		10.6				12	9	10	14		12.4		13.5	14.7		2
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3	1.65		2				> 3.0	> 3.0	> 3.0	4.3 - 5.3		11.2		12.5	13.7		2
																	1.0		1.0	1.0		2
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.7	3.0		3.3				1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0		1.0		1.0	1.0		2
Profile																						
Riffle Length (ft)															8.0 - 29.8	3	22.1	39	35.67	60.9	10	29
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					No dist	inct repe	titive pat	tern of	riffles ar	d pools							0.001	0.005	0.005	0.010	0.003	14
Pool Length (ft)							straighte										7	10.7	10.06	16.8	2.5	28
Pool Max depth (ft)							Ü	•									1.6 45.6	1.65	1.65 60.35	1.7 91.7	11.3	2 28
Pool Spacing (ft)													<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L		45.6	63	60.35	91.7	11.3	20
Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft)			1								ı		T T	T T					T			$\overline{}$
Radius of Curvature (ft)												1.5 - 2.8	2.9 - 6.4	1.2 - 2.3								\vdash
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					No dist		titive pat			d pools		1.0 2.0	2.0 0.1	1.2 2.0								
Meander Wavelength (ft)						due to	straighte	ning ac	tivities.													
Meander Width Ratio												1.4 - 2.1	2.1 - 6.6	5.4 - 8.2								
Transport parameters																						
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																						
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																						
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																						
Additional Reach Parameters																						
Rosgen Classification							Incised	d B5c				C5/E5	E5	E5/C5	C5					C5		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)															1.9 - 2.6				1	9 - 2.6		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)		\vdash													7.5 - 15.4	l						
Valley length (ft)													ł	1	1015					1015		
Channel Thalweg length (ft) Sinuosity (ft)							1				1	1.22 - 1.59	1.22 - 1.59	1.22 - 1.59	1915 1.21 - 1.3	0				1915 1 - 1.38		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)					0.003							1.22 - 1.59	0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0038 - 0.0		-			0.0033		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (I/II) BF slope (ft/ft)							0.0	00			0.0	1021 - 0.0000	3.0027 - 0.0000	3.0027 - 0.0000	0.0030 - 0.00	070	1		т `	,.0000		
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																						_
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks													 	1								
% of Reach with Eroding Banks Channel Stability or Habitat Metric											-		1	1	 							
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric Biological or Other											-		1	1	 							
Biological or Other																						

BIOlogical or Unter:

1 The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing XS measurement data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the termor riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are croding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

					Р	roject N	Name/	Numb			Baseline Stream Data eadwaters/97086) - S		T4 (530.9 feet)							
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve		Pre-l	Existin	g Cond	lition		Johanna Creek Ref	Still Creek Ref	Cole Property Ref	Design		ı	Monitor	ring Bas	eline	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Ea.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min Mean Max	Min Mean Max	Min Med Max	Min Med Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)				-4	5	6		7			9.7	7.4	6.5	6.5	7.5		7.5	7.5	┢▔	1
Floodprone Width (ft)					100	100		100			0.1	***	0.0	100	100		100	100	 	1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)											0.8	0.82	0.6	0.5	0.5		0.5	0.5		1
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.6	0.7		0.8			0.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1.00	0.75 - 1.00	0.61	0.9		0.9	0.9		1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					1	1.75		2.5			8	6.1	3.8	3.0	3.8		3.8	3.8	<u> </u>	1
Width/Depth Ratio					6.6	8.6		10.6			12	9	10	14	14.8		14.8	14.8	ullet	1
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3	1.65		2			> 3.0	> 3.0	> 3.0	6.2	13.3		13.3	13.3	ullet	1
Little Horitine it Matic											0.0	0.0	0.0		0.9		0.9	0.9	\vdash	1
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.7	3.0		3.3			1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0	\vdash	1
Profile)			1	2	0.0		0.0			1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0 - 1.2	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.0		-
Riffle Length (ft)			1	1	Г							I	I	10.0 -11.0	17.4	36.6	31.69	74.4	16.6	9
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					1							1	1	10.0 11.0	0.006	0.008	0.008	0.015	0.003	9
Pool Length (ft)					No dist	inct repe				d pools					5.2	9.5	9.34	12.3	2.3	9
Pool Max depth (ft)					1	due to	straighte	ening ac	tivities.						1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4		1
Pool Spacing (ft)					1										21.2	49.6	46.5	75.4	15.6	9
Pattern			-	-												-	-	-		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)					No diet	inct repe	titive na	ttern of	rifflee on	d noole	1.5 - 2.8	2.9 - 6.4	1.2 - 2.3							
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					NO dist		straighte			u poois										
Meander Wavelength (ft)						440 10	ou aigiit	Jimig ac												1
Meander Width Ratio											1.4 - 2.1	2.1 - 6.6	5.4 - 8.2							
Transport parameters																				
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2																	I			
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																				
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																				
Additional Reach Parameters					•								•			_				
Rosgen Classification											C5/E5	E5	E5/C5	C5				C5		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	Ī													2.1				2.1	-	
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)														6.2						
Valley length (ft)																				
Channel Thalweg length (ft)														531				531		
Sinuosity (ft)											1.22 - 1.59	1.22 - 1.59	1.22 - 1.59	1.36				1.36		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)											0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0027 - 0.0088	0.0057			(0.0051		
BF slope (ft/ft)																				
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																				
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks																				
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																				
Biological or Other																				

BIOlogical or Outer 1

1 The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing XS measurement data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodphin area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

Table 13a. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions) Project Name/Number (Alliance Headwaters/97086) - Segment/Reach: UT1/Reach 1&2 (2033 feet)

Parameter	Р	re-Exis	sting (Condition	Johani	na Creel	k Refe	rence F	leach Data	St	ill Creek	Refer	ence Re	ach Data	Cole F	ropery Refere	nce Rea	ach Data	Design			As	-built/Bas	eline	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																					58	10	23 9		
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	100)			1	00					100				10	10									
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)																									
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																									
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																									

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sitt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates 3 = Assign bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Roagen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of

the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide

Table 13b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions) Project Name/Number (Alliance Headwaters/97086) - Segment/Reach: UT1/Reach 3 (1463 feet)

Parameter		Pre-E	xisting Conditio	n	Joh	nanna Creek	Reference I	Reach Data	S	till Creek Referen	ce Reach I	Data	Cole Pro	pery Refe	rence Reach Da	а	[Design			As-built/l	Baselin	е	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																				59 11	19	11		
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	1	00				100				100			100											
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)																								
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																								
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																								

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sitt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Enterorhment Class Assignithin the reach flootage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach flootage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates 3 = Assignibin the reach flootage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach flootage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be neces

The listed here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the edeted of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BRIT have been addressed n prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constration distribution of these parameters, leaving the meader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the nexA. This means that the distributions of these parameters, leaving the meader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the nexA. This means that the distribution of these parameters would include data than too hither cors-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a none complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 13c. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions) Project Name/Number (Alliance Headwaters/97086) - Segment/Reach: UT2 (996.7 feet)

Parameter	Pr	e-Exis	ting C	ondit	tion	Joh	anna	Creek Referei	nce Reach Data	S	till Creek Referen	ce Re	ach D	ata	Cole	Prope	ry Refe	rence	Reach	n Data		D	esign				As-b	uilt/Base	line	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																									53	10	25	12		
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	100						100				100					100														
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)																														
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																														
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																														

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sitt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assignibin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates 3 = Assignibin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary

- The intent here is to provide the readeric consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.
- ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distribution of these parameters, leaving the madericonsumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters, leaving the madericonsumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters, leaving the madericonsumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters, leaving the madericonsumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the sample tha

Table 13d. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions) Project Name/Number (Alliance Headwaters/97086) - Segment/Reach: UT3 (1914.8 feet)

Project Name/Number (Alliance Headwaters/97086) - Segment/Reach: UT4 (530.9 feet)

Parameter	Pre	e-Exis	ting C	ondit	ion	Joh	nanna	Creek Refere	ence R	Reach Data	Sti	ill Creek Referend	e Re	ach Da	ata	Cole	Prope	ry Refe	rence F	Reach [Data		Des	sign			P	\s-bui	lt/Baseli	ne	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																										63	10	17	10		
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	100						100					100					100														
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)																															
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																															
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																															

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Enthenchment Class Assignibin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates 3 = Assignibin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Fodmotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

- The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.
- The read PIRT have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-section measurements), however, these subsamples have often founded entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distributions of these parameters, kewing the readericonsumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riflles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide

Table 13e. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)

Parameter	Pre	e-Exist	ing Co	ondition	Johanna Cree	k Refe	rence	Reach Data	St	ill Creek R	efere	nce Re	ch Data	Cole Pr	opery Reference	Reac	h Data	Design			As-buil	t/Baselin	е
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																				63 1	16	10	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	100				100					100				100									
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)																							
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																							
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																							

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Ritlle, Run, Pool, Clide, Step; Sill/Clay, Sand, Crawel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, dsp = max subpave 2 = Entrenchment Class Assignibin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assignibin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2.3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosoen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

Footnotes 2.4 - Insec cases: as cooling fount about on the recogenism cases contains and the read parties of the read of the r

				Tab	ole 14	a. Mo	onito	ring C)ata -	Dime	nsion	al Mo	rpho	logy :	Sumr	nary	(Dime	nsior	nal Pa	arame	ters -	- Cros	ss Se	ction	s)										
								-					-			-	•				1,2,3				•										
		С	ross S	ection							ection				Ï			ection			-,-,-	(Section	4 (Pod	ol)			(ross S	ection	5 (Riffl	e)	
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used																																			
Bankfull Width (ft)	15.4	16.1						16.4	20.3						10.4	14.6						10.2	11.7						8.6	16.7					
Floodprone Width (ft)	NA	NA						NA	NA						100	100						NA	NA						100	100					
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.9	0.9						1.1	0.9						0.8	0.6						0.9	0.8						0.5	0.3					
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.9	2.1						2.3	2.3						1.4	1.2						1.7	1.6						1.1	1.0					
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	14.5	14.5						18.5	18.5						8.4	8.4						9.0	9.0						4.4	4.4					
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	NA	NA						NA	NA						12.9	25.4						NA	NA						16.8	63.4					
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	NA	NA						NA	NA						9.6	6.8						NA	NA						11.6	6.0					
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.9	2.2						2.3	2.4						1.4	1.3						1.7	1.8						1.1	1.0					
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.00	1.05						1.00	1.04						1.00	1.08						1.00	1.13						1.00	1.00					
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft2)	23.4	26.7						20.1	24.1						11.4	11.3						16.9	14.0						8.8	12.5					
d50 (mm)																																			
		С	ross S	ection	6 (Poc	ol)			(ross S	Section	7 (Poo	I)			(ross S	ection	8 (Riffl	le)															
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+														
Record elevation (datum) used																																			
Bankfull Width (ft)	10.4	13.4						8.0	8.8						7.1	7.0																			
Floodprone Width (ft)	NA	NA						NA	NA						100	100																			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.5						0.9	8.0						0.5	0.5																			
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	2.0	1.2						1.8	1.8						0.9	0.8									ĺ		1								
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	6.1	6.1						6.8	6.8						3.6	3.6																			1
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	NA	NA						NA	NA						14.0	13.6																		\Box	· -
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	NA	NA						NA	NA						14.1	14.3																			
Low Bank Height (ft)	2.0	1.3						1.8	1.9						0.9	0.8																			
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.08						1.0	1.06						1.0	1.00																			ı
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²)	12.8	12.4						11.7	11.2						6.1	4.8																			
d50 (mm)																											T								

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data for ma prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

				Tak	ole 14															arame				ction	s)									
						P	roject	t Nam						vaters	/9708	36) - S	Segm	ent/R	each	: UT2	(996.7	7 feet))											
		(Cross S	Section	1 (Pod	ol)				cross S	Section	2 (Riffl	e)																					
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+													1		1					
Record elevation (datum) used																											T					-		
Bankfull Width (ft)									10.9																									
Floodprone Width (ft)		NA							100																									
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)		0.3							0.6																							'		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.1							1.5																								└	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)		8.8						6.1																								'		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio									19.5																									
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio									9.2																								└	
Low Bank Height (ft)									1.6																									
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio						_			1.07																								<u></u>	
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²)	10.9	6.7						10.8	10.1																									
d50 (mm)																																		
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹																																		
Record elevation (datum) used																																		
Bankfull Width (ft)																																		
Floodprone Width (ft)																											1		1			\Box		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																											Ī			Ī				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)																											1		1				-	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)																																	-	
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		1	1	1	 	1	1	1	1	!	1			 		1	1	1	1	1	1	1					1 -	1	1 -	 	 	\vdash	-	
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		1	1	1	 	1	1	1	1	!	1			 		1	1	1	1	1	1	1					† 	1	1 -	 	 	\vdash	-	
Low Bank Height (ft)		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	t	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					+	+	1	1	1	-	_	-
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	 	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				1	1	1	1	ł –		-	-	
5	1	1-	1	1-	l 	1	1	1-	1	 	+			l 	1	1-	 	+	1	+	1	 	 	 		-	+	+	+	 	 	\vdash	 	_
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²) d50 (mm)	_	₩	₩	₩	 	1	₩	₩	1	₩	+		_	 	₩	₩	₩	+	₩	+	₩	⊢			_	_	+	+	+	 		$m{phantom{\phantom{phantom{\phanto$	\vdash	\vdash
d50 (mm)						1			1																									

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission in a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional date for ma prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

				Tak	ole 14													ensio						ction	s)									\neg
						Pr	oject	Name	e/Nur	nber	(Alliaı	1се Н	eadw	aters	/9708	6) - S	egm	ent/Re	ach:	UT3 (1914.	8 feet)											
			Cross S	ection	1 (Pod	ol)			(Cross S	Section	2 (Riff	le)				Cross	Section	3 (Po	ol)			C	ross S	ection	4 (Riff	le)							\neg
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+						
Record elevation (datum) used																																		
Bankfull Width (ft)	11.0	15.8						8.9	9.0							14.8						7.3	8.0											
Floodprone Width (ft)		NA							100							NA						100												
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)		0.6						0.6	0.6						0.9	0.9						0.6	0.5											
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.7						1.0	1.1						1.7	2.0						1.0	1.0											
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)		10.2			I	I		5.4	5.4	1		I	I	<u> </u>	12.7	12.7						4.3	4.3						1					
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio									15.0							NA						12.4												
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		NA						11.2								NA							12.5											
Low Bank Height (ft)		1.7						1.0	1.1						1.7	2.0						1.0	1.0						<u> </u>					
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio									1.00							1.00						1.00												
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²)	14.1	17.1						16.8	18.4						22.9	16.2						7.6	10.9											
d50 (mm)																																		
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹																																		
Record elevation (datum) used																																		
Bankfull Width (ft)																																		
Floodprone Width (ft)																													1					
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																													1					
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	İ	Ī			1	1				İ	Ī	1	1	1	i	i	i i	1	İ		1					İ	İ	i	1	i			-	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					Ī	Ī				1		Ī	Ī	i			i	1			i –								1				\neg	
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		1			1	1					1	1	1	1			t	1	t		t					t	t		1					_
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		1			t	t				1	1	t	t	t		1	t	1	t	1	t					t	t	1	1	1	1		 -	_
Low Bank Height (ft)		1			 	 	1			1	1	 	 	 		1	t -	+	1	1	 					1	1	1	1	1	1		 -	
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	•	1	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	†	+	1	1	 				t	1	1	1	1	1	1	H	 -+	_
	1	1			l 	l 	1		-	+	1-	l 	l 	 	1	1	╁	+-	 	+	 	\vdash			-	 	 	1	╂	1	1		 -+	
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²) d50 (mm)	1	-	-		\vdash	\vdash		-		+-	-	\vdash	\vdash	 	\vdash	1	+-	+-	\vdash	+	 				—	\vdash	\vdash	1	+-	1	-	\vdash	 $-\!\!\!+$	
(mm) USD				1																1														,

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

				Tab	le 14															ramet			tions	s)						
						Pr	roject	Nam	e/Nu	nber	(Allia	nce H	eadw	/aters	/9708	36) - S	egme	ent/Re	each:	UT4 (530.9	feet)								,
		(Cross S	ection	1 (Poo	l)			(ross S	ection	2 (Riffl	e)																	\neg
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+																-
Record elevation (datum) used																														
Bankfull Width (ft)									11.7																					
Floodprone Width (ft)		NA							100																					
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.7	0.7						0.5	0.3																					
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.4	ļ					0.9	0.8																					
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)		7.9						3.8	3.8																		<u> </u>			
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		NA							36.0																					
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		NA						13.3																						
Low Bank Height (ft)								0.9																						
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio									1.00																					
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²)	13.3	13.1						8.0	5.3																					
d50 (mm)																														
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹																														
Record elevation (datum) used																														
Bankfull Width (ft)																														
Floodprone Width (ft)																														
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																														_
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)																														
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)		1	Î								Î															Ī	Ī			-
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		1	i –								i																1			
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		1	i –								i																1			_
Low Bank Height (ft)		1	t						1		t															t	1			_
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio		1	t						t		1															t	1			_
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²)			t						t		t										1	\neg				t	1			
d50 (mm)		t	t		 				t		t											_				t	1			_
doo (IIIIII)																														_

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

	1											E	xhibi	t Tab	le 15a	a. Mo	nitori	na Da	ta - S	tream	Read	ch Dat	ta Sur	nmar	v											—
										Proie	ct Na											leach:				(203	3 feet	t)								
Parameter			Base	eline						Y-1						Y-2						Y- 3						Y- 4					M	Y- 5		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.1		7.9	8.6		2	7		11.9	16.7		2																	1	1					\Box	_
Floodprone Width (ft)	100		100	100		2	100		100	100		2																								
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.5		0.5	0.5		2	0.5		0.5	0.5		2																								
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.9		1	1.1		2	0.8		0.9	1		2																								
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	3.6		4	4.4		2	3.6		4	4.4		2																								
Width/Depth Ratio	14		15.6	17.2		2	13.8		23.6	33.4		2																								
Entrenchment Ratio	11.6		12.9	14.1		2	6		10.1	14.3		2																								
Low Bank Height (ft)	0.9		1.0	1.1		2	0.8		0.9	1.0		2																								
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1.0		1.0	1.0		2	1.0		1.0	1.0		2																								
Profile																																				
Riffle Length (ft)	9	28.6	28.5	49.5	10.7	35																														
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	13																														
Pool Length (ft)	4.3	10.9	9.14	39.8	7.5	27																														
Pool Max depth (ft)	1.7		1.8	2		3																														
Pool Spacing (ft)	25.3	49.8	50.7	89.2	14.7	35																														
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)																Bottorr	a data w	II not be	nicolly b	n colloct	od unloa	ss visual	data di	monoio	nal data	or profi	lo data	indicato								
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																Fallen	i uata w	ii not ty	olcally bi	sigi	nificant	shifts fro	m basel	ine	iai uata	or pron	ie uata	iiiuicate								
Meander Wavelength (ft)																																				
Meander Width Ratio																																				
Additional Reach Parameters																																				
Rosgen Classification			С	5																																
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			20	133																																
Sinuosity (ft)				-1.29																																
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0	049																																
BF slope (ft/ft)																																				
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																				
³ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													<u> </u>		<u> </u>																			Щ.	لـــــا	
³ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																		<u> </u>		
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks			(0																																
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																																				

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sill/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

	1											F	xhihi	t Tah	e 15h	Mo	nitori	na Da	ta - S	tream	Rea	ch Da	ta Su	mmai	v											\neg
										Proi	ect N															(1463	feet)									
Parameter		Min Mean Med Max SD ⁴ n Min Mean Med Max SD ⁴ 10.4 10.4 10.4 10.4 10.6 14.6 14.6 14.6 100											Ī			Y-2			1	o o g		/- 3						Y- 4					M	′- 5		_
		Min Mean Med Max SD ⁴ n Min Mean Med Max SD ⁴ 1 14.6 14.6 14.6 100																																		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Name Name												Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	10.4 10.4 10.4 1 14.6 14.6 14.6 1 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1 100																																			
Floodprone Width (ft)						1						1																								
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	ft) 0.8 0.8 0.8 1 0.8 0.8 1																																			
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.4					1	1.2		1.2			1																								
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	8.4		8.4	8.4		1	8.4		8.4	8.4		1																								i
Width/Depth Ratio						1						1																								
Entrenchment Ratio			9.6			1	6.8					1																								
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.4		1.4	1.4		1	1.3		1.3	1.3		1																								
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1.0		1.0	1.0		1	1.1		1.1	1.1		1																								
Profile																																				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0	0.01	0	0.03	0.01	10																														
Pool Length (ft)	4.7	13	11.8	32	6.4	22																														
Pool Max depth (ft)	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.3																																
Pool Spacing (ft)	37.3	68	73.8	87.5	13.9	22																														
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)																	n data w																			
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																Patterr	n data w	II not ty	pically b			ss visuai shifts fro			nai data	a or pro	iie data	indicate								
Meander Wavelength (ft)																				5																
Meander Width Ratio																																				
Additional Reach Parameters	-																																			
Rosgen Classification				5																																
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			14																																	
Sinuosity (ft)				35																																
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0	028									_						_												_					
BF slope (ft/ft)																																				
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																				
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																	1																		1	
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																				
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks				0																																
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other	1																																			

Biological or Other I
Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Rtifle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step: Sit/Clax, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

												-	xhibi	t Tab	le 15c	. Mo	nitori	na Da	ıta - S	tream	Read	ch Da	ta Su	mmai	ν											
											Proie											ent/R				7 feet	t)									
Parameter			Base	eline					M'	Y-1						Y-2						/- 3						Y- 4					M	Y- 5		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only		Mean			SD ⁴	n		Mean			SD ⁴		Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	9.9		9.9			1	10.9			10.9		1																								Щ
Floodprone Width (ft)			100	100		1	100		100	100		1					1																			—
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)		_	0.6	0.6		1	0.6		0.6	0.6		1		ļ													<u> </u>				_					——'
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.3		1.3	1.3		1	1.5		1.5	1.5		1																								Щ
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	6.1		6.1	6.1		1	6.1		6.1	6.1		1																								
Width/Depth Ratio			16.1			1	19.5			19.5		1																								<u>. </u>
Entrenchment Ratio			10.1			1	9.2		9.2	9.2		1																								Щ
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.3		1.3	1.3		1	1.5		1.5	1.5		1																								
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1.0		1.0	1.0		1	1.1		1.1	1.1		1																								
Profile																																				
Riffle Length (ft)	15.7	29.9	28.4	52.3	10.8	11																														
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	8																														
Pool Length (ft)					7.4	17																														
Pool Max depth (ft)						1																														
Pool Spacing (ft)	34.5	55.6	54.9	73.1	10.7	16																														
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)																Dattor	doto w	II not tu	nicolly b	o collect	od unlor	ss visual	data d	imonoio	nal data	or prof	filo data	indicate		_	_					
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																rallen	i uata w	ii not ty	pically b			shifts fro			ilai uate	a or pror	ille uata	iiiuicate		_	_					
Meander Wavelength (ft)																														_	_					
Meander Width Ratio																																				
Additional Reach Parameters	•						•																													
Rosgen Classification			С																																	
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			996																																	
Sinuosity (ft)			1.2																																	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.00	J31																																
BF slope (ft/ft)																	_								_						1					
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																				
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																	1																			<u> </u>
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																				
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks			C)																																
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																																				

Biological or Other I
Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Rtifle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step: Sit/Clax, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

	ı —											_	vhib!	Tab	0.15-	Ma	nitori	na Da	to C	troo	. Doc	oh De	to C	mms												—
											Projec											ch Da ent/Re				8 for	ıt)									•
Parameter			Ras	eline					М	Y-1	rioje	ot iva	IIE/IV	iiiibe		Y-2	IIeau	water	3/3/0	JU) - C		/- 3	acii.	013	(1314	.0 166		Y- 4			1		M	'- 5		_
			Dus	CITIC						1-1					.,,						.,,,	- 0						1- 4						- 0		_
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.3		8.1	8.9		2	8		8.5	9		2																							-	
Floodprone Width (ft)	100		100	100		2	100		100			2																								
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6		0.6	0.6		2	0.5		0.6	0.6		2																								
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1		1	1		2	1		1.1	1.1		2																								
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	4.3		4.9	5.4		2	4.3		4.9	5.4		2																							\neg	
Width/Depth Ratio	12.4		13.5	14.7		2	14.9		15	15		2																							\neg	
Entrenchment Ratio	11.2		12.5	13.7		2	11.1		11.8	12.5		2																								
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.0		1.0	1.0		2	1.0		1.1	1.1		2																								
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1.0		1.0	1.0		2	1.0		1.0	1.0		2																							-	
Profile																																				
Riffle Length (ft)						29																														
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)						14																														
Pool Length (ft)																																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						2																														
Pool Spacing (ft)	45.6	63	60.4	91.7	11.3	28																														
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)		ļ														Dottorr	doto w	II not tu	nicolly b	o collect	od unlor	ss visual	l data d	imonoic	anal date	or prof	ilo doto	indicate		_						
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)		ļ														raucii	i uata w	ii not ty	pically b			shifts fro			Jilai Uate	a or pro	iie uata	iiiuicate		_						
Meander Wavelength (ft)		<u> </u>																		_							_				1					_
Meander Width Ratio																																				
Additional Reach Parameters	•						•																													
Rosgen Classification				5																																
Channel Thalweg length (ft)				14.8																																
Sinuosity (ft)				- 1.38																																
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0	033																											-					
BF slope (ft/ft)				_				_		_	_				_		_	_		_							_	_	_	_	-	_	_			
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																				
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																																				
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																				
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks																																				
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																																				

Biological or Other

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sill/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobbile, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

												_	vhihi	t Tah	lo 150	Mo	nitori	na Da	ta - S	troam	Pos	ch Da	ta Suu	mmai	٠,											\neg
											Proie											ent/R				9 feet	1)									
Parameter			Base	eline					M	Y-1	ojo	01 110		unioc		Y-2	Houc	wate	0,0,0	,00,		/- 3	cuoii.	0.14	(000.	0 100		Y- 4			1		M	/- 5		_
																						-														
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.5			7.5		1	11.7			11.7		1																								
Floodprone Width (ft)			100			1	100		100	100		1																								
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.5		0.5	0.5		1	0.3		0.3	0.3		1																								
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.9		0.9	0.9		1	0.8		0.8	0.8		1																								1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	3.8		3.8	3.8		1	3.8		3.8	3.8		1																								1
Width/Depth Ratio	14.8		14.8	14.8		1	36		36	36		1																						\Box		
Entrenchment Ratio	13.3			13.3		1	8.5		8.5	8.5		1																								
Low Bank Height (ft)	0.9		0.9	0.9		1	0.8		0.8	0.8		1																								
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1.0		1.0	1.0		1	1.0		1.0	1.0		1																								1
Profile																																				
Riffle Length (ft)																																				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)																																				
Pool Length (ft)					2.3	9																														
Pool Max depth (ft)						1																														
Pool Spacing (ft)	21.2	49.6	46.5	75.4	15.6	9																														
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)																D-#				!!		ss visual					la data	in diameter								
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																Patterr	i data w	ii not ty	pically b			ss visuai shifts fro			nai data	or proi	ne data	indicate	-							
Meander Wavelength (ft)																				·										_	_				-	_
Meander Width Ratio																																				
Additional Reach Parameters	•						•																													
Rosgen Classification			С																																	
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			530																																	
Sinuosity (ft)			1.3																																	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.00	051																											1					
BF slope (ft/ft)								_				_		_	_		_	_						_					_	_	1	_	_		_	
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%		lacksquare																																		
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																																		لـــــا		ı
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																				
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks																																				
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																																				

Biological or Other

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sill/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobbile, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

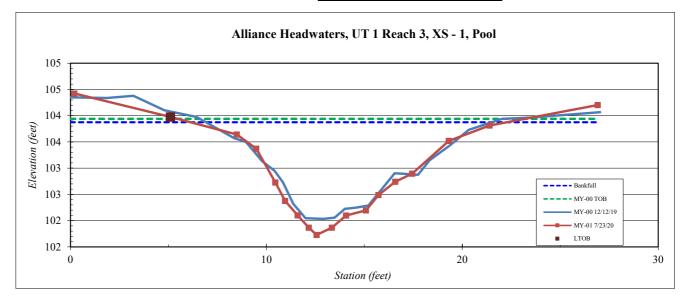
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 3, XS - 1
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

G4 4°	El 4º
Station	Elevation
0.2	104.42
5.1	103.98
8.5	103.64
9.5	103.37
10.5	102.73
11.0	102.38
11.6	102.10
12.2	101.87
12.6	101.73
13.3	101.87
14.1	102.10
15.1	102.20
15.7	102.49
16.6	102.74
17.4	102.90
19.3	103.52
21.4	103.81
26.9	104.20
	1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	103.9
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	14.5
Bankfull Width:	16.1
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.1
Low Bank Height:	2.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.9
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.05



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



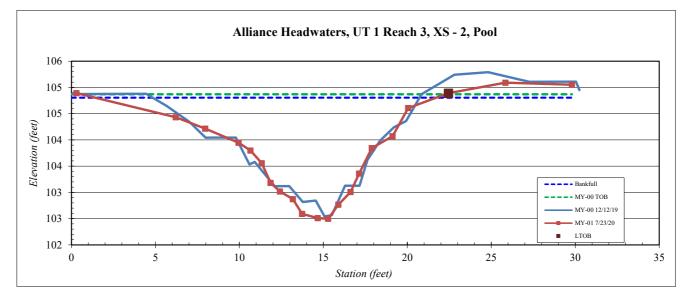
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 3, XS - 2
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.3	104.89
6.2	104.43
8.0	104.22
9.9	103.95
10.7	103.80
11.3	103.56
11.9	103.18
12.4	103.02
13.2	102.87
13.7	102.59
14.7	102.51
15.3	102.50
15.9	102.77
16.6	103.01
17.1	103.36
17.9	103.84
19.1	104.07
20.1	104.61
22.4	104.89
25.8	105.09
29.8	105.05

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	104.8
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	18.5
Bankfull Width:	20.3
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.3
Low Bank Height:	2.4
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.9
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.04



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



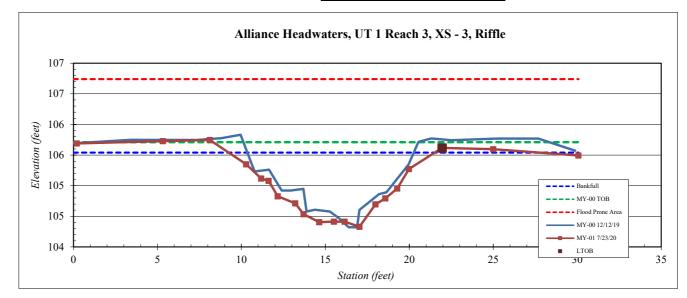
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 3, XS - 3
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.2	105.69
5.3	105.73
8.1	105.75
10.3	105.35
11.2	105.12
11.6	105.08
12.2	104.83
13.2	104.71
13.7	104.53
14.6	104.41
15.5	104.41
16.1	104.41
17.0	104.33
18.0	104.70
18.6	104.79
19.3	104.95
20.0	105.27
22.0	105.62
25.0	105.60
30.1	105.49

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	105.5
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	8.4
Bankfull Width:	14.6
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	106.7
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.2
Low Bank Height:	1.3
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.6
W / D Ratio:	25.4
Entrenchment Ratio:	6.8
Bank Height Ratio:	1.08



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



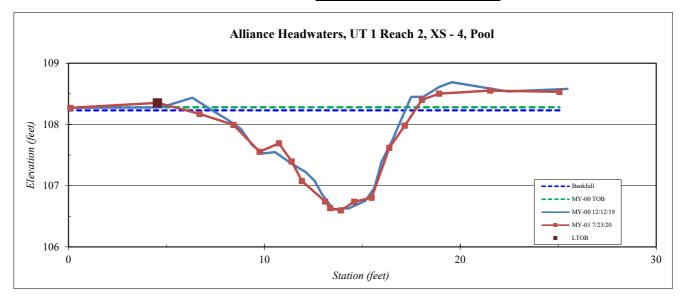
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 2, XS - 4
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.1	108.27
4.5	108.35
6.7	108.17
8.4	107.99
9.8	107.55
10.7	107.69
11.4	107.40
11.9	107.08
13.1	106.74
13.4	106.63
13.9	106.60
14.6	106.74
15.5	106.80
16.4	107.62
17.2	107.98
18.0	108.40
18.9	108.50
21.5	108.55
25.1	108.53

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	108.2
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	9.0
Bankfull Width:	11.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.6
Low Bank Height:	1.8
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.8
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.13



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



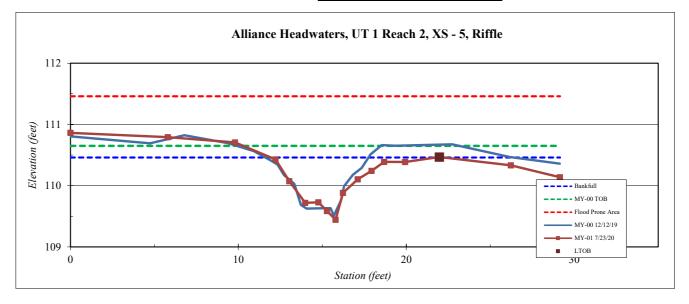
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 2, XS - 5
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

_	
Station	Elevation
0.0	110.86
5.8	110.79
9.8	110.71
12.2	110.43
13.0	110.07
14.0	109.72
14.8	109.73
15.3	109.59
15.8	109.44
16.2	109.88
17.1	110.11
17.9	110.24
18.7	110.39
19.9	110.39
22.0	110.47
26.2	110.33
29.2	110.14

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	110.5
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	4.4
Bankfull Width:	16.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	111.5
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.0
Low Bank Height:	1.0
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.3
W / D Ratio:	63.4
Entrenchment Ratio:	6.0
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



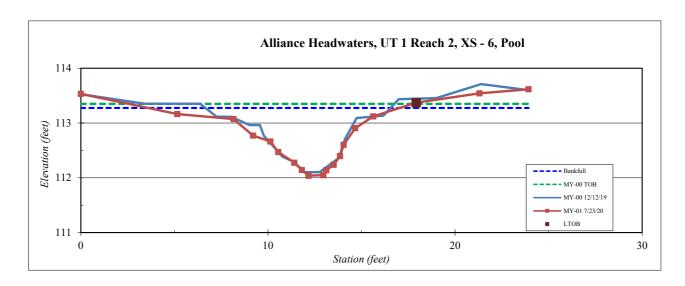
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 2, XS - 6
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	113.5
5.2	113.2
8.2	113.1
9.2	112.8
10.1	112.7
10.6	112.5
11.4	112.3
11.8	112.1
12.2	112.0
13.0	112.0
13.1	112.1
13.5	112.2
13.9	112.4
14.0	112.6
14.7	112.9
15.6	113.1
17.9	113.4
21.3	113.5
23.9	113.6
-	
-	

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	113.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	6.1
Bankfull Width:	13.4
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.2
Low Bank Height:	1.3
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.5
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.08



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



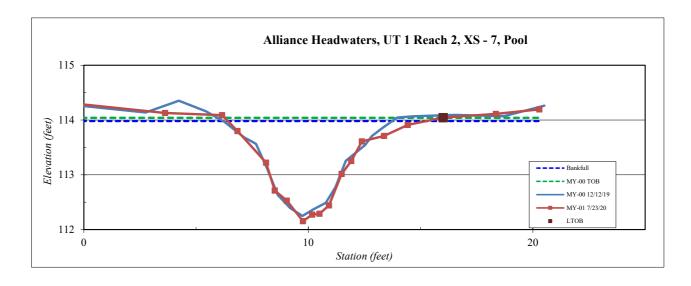
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 2, XS - 7
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
-0.1	114.3
3.6	114.1
6.2	114.1
6.8	113.8
8.1	113.2
8.5	112.7
9.0	112.5
9.8	112.2
10.2	112.3
10.5	112.3
10.9	112.4
11.5	113.0
11.9	113.3
12.4	113.6
13.4	113.7
14.4	113.9
16.0	114.0
18.4	114.1
20.3	114.2

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	114.0
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	6.8
Bankfull Width:	8.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.8
Low Bank Height:	1.9
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.8
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.06







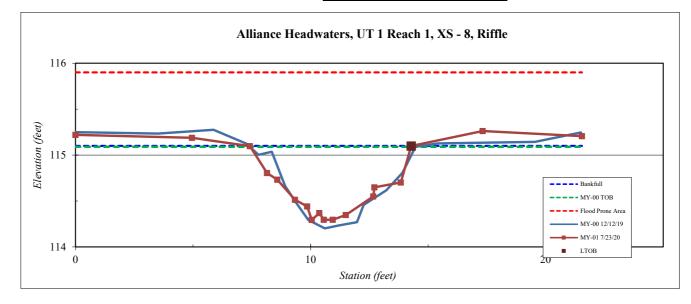
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 1 Reach 1, XS - 8
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	115.22
5.0	115.19
7.4	115.10
8.1	114.80
8.6	114.73
9.3	114.51
9.9	114.44
10.1	114.29
10.4	114.37
10.6	114.30
10.9	114.30
11.5	114.35
12.7	114.55
12.7	114.65
13.8	114.70
14.3	115.10
17.3	115.26
21.5	115.21

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	115.1
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	3.6
Bankfull Width:	7.0
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	115.9
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	0.8
Low Bank Height:	0.8
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.5
W / D Ratio:	13.6
Entrenchment Ratio:	14.3
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



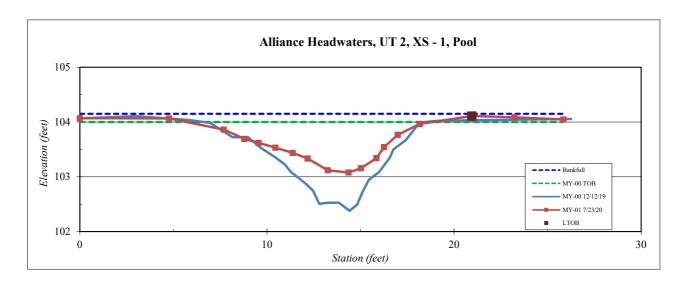
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 2, XS - 1
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	104.1
4.8	104.1
7.7	103.9
8.8	103.7
9.6	103.6
10.4	103.5
11.4	103.4
12.2	103.3
13.2	103.1
14.4	103.1
15.0	103.2
15.9	103.3
16.3	103.5
17.0	103.8
18.2	104.0
21.0	104.1
23.2	104.1
25.8	104.0

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	104.2
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	8.8
Bankfull Width:	25.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.1
Low Bank Height:	1.0
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.3
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	0.91







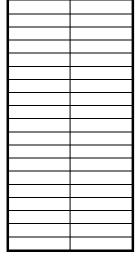
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 2, XS - 1
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

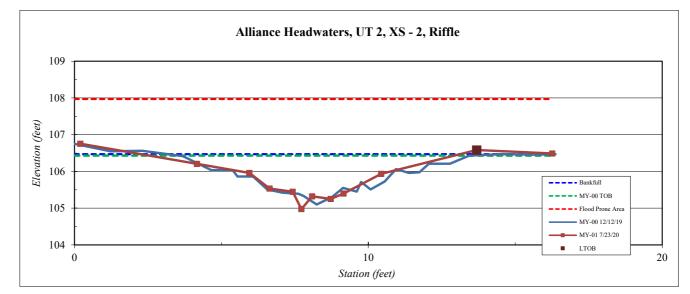
Station	Elevation
0.2	106.8
4.2	106.2
6.0	106.0
6.6	105.5
7.4	105.4
7.7	105.0
8.1	105.3
8.7	105.3
9.2	105.4
10.4	105.9
13.7	106.6
16.3	106.5

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	106.5
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	6.1
Bankfull Width:	10.9
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	108.0
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.5
Low Bank Height:	1.6
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.6
W / D Ratio:	19.5
Entrenchment Ratio:	9.2
Bank Height Ratio:	1.07



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----





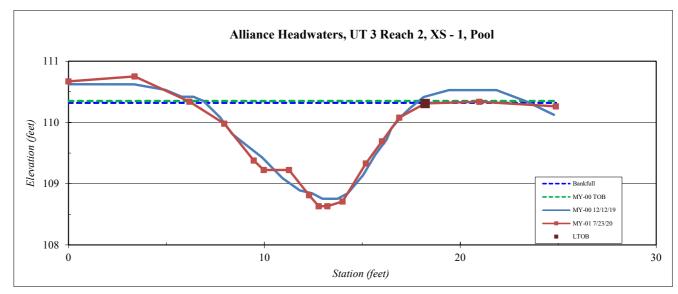
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 3 Reach 2, XS - 1
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	110.7
3.4	110.8
6.2	110.3
8.0	110.0
9.5	109.4
10.0	109.2
11.3	109.2
12.3	108.8
12.8	108.6
13.2	108.6
14.0	108.7
15.2	109.3
16.0	109.7
16.9	110.1
18.2	110.3
21.0	110.3
24.9	110.3

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	110.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	10.2
Bankfull Width:	15.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.7
Low Bank Height:	1.7
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.6
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



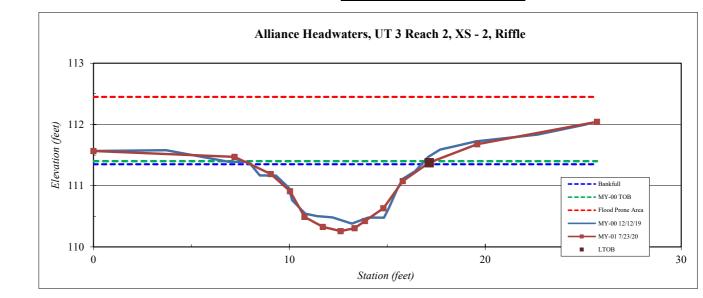
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 3 Reach 2, XS - 2
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Elevation
111.6
111.5
111.2
110.9
110.5
110.3
110.3
110.3
110.4
110.6
111.1
111.4
111.7
112.0

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	111.4
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	5.4
Bankfull Width:	9.0
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	112.5
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.1
Low Bank Height:	1.1
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.6
W / D Ratio:	15.0
Entrenchment Ratio:	11.1
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type C5	
----------------	--



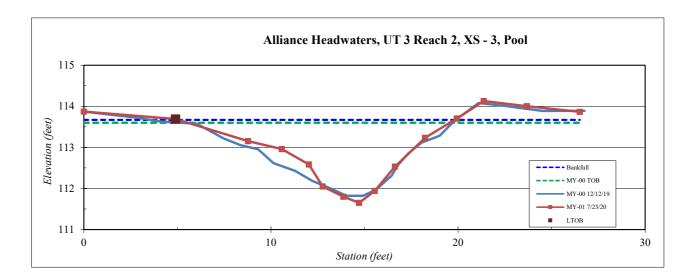
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 3 Reach 2, XS - 3
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.0	113.9
4.9	113.7
8.8	113.2
10.6	113.0
12.0	112.6
12.8	112.0
13.9	111.8
14.7	111.7
15.5	111.9
16.6	112.5
18.2	113.2
19.9	113.7
21.4	114.1
23.7	114.0
26.5	113.9

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	113.7
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	12.7
Bankfull Width:	14.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.0
Low Bank Height:	2.0
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.9
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type	C5
-------------	----



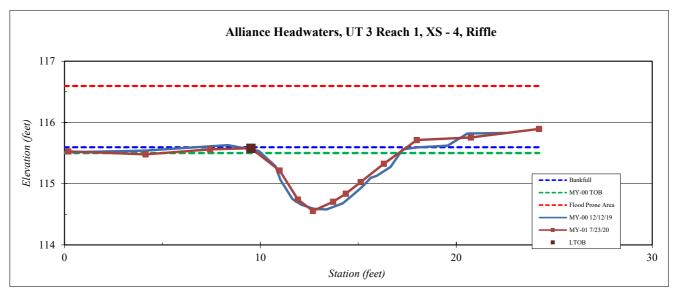
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 3 Reach 1, XS - 4
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Field Crew:	
Station	Elevation
0.2	115.5
4.1	115.5
7.4	115.6
9.5	115.6
11.0	115.2
11.9	114.7
12.7	114.6
13.7	114.7
14.4	114.8
15.1	115.0
16.3	115.3
18.0	115.7
20.7	115.8
24.2	115.9

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	115.6
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	4.3
Bankfull Width:	8.0
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	116.6
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.0
Low Bank Height:	1.0
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.5
W / D Ratio:	14.9
Entrenchment Ratio:	12.5
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type	C5



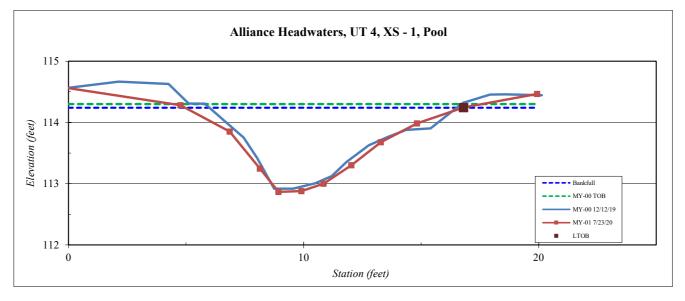
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 4, XS - 1
Feature	Pool
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Field Crew:	
Station	Elevation
-0.1	114.57
4.8	114.28
6.9	113.85
8.1	113.25
8.9	112.87
9.9	112.88
10.9	113.00
12.0	113.30
13.3	113.68
14.8	113.98
16.8	114.24
19.9	114.47
	1
	1
	1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	114.2
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	7.9
Bankfull Width:	11.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.4
Low Bank Height:	1.4
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.7
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



|--|



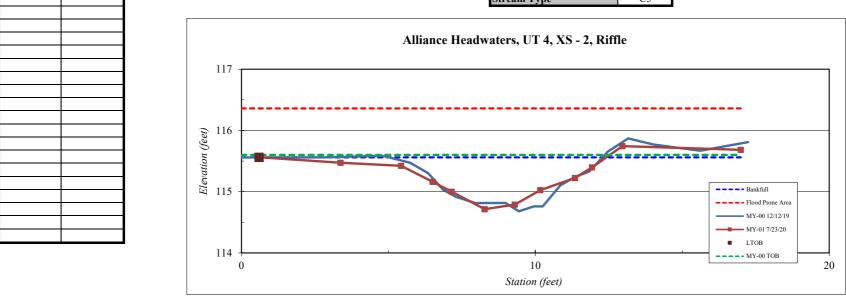
Site	Alliance Headwaters
Watershed:	Neuse River, 03020201
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 2
Feature	Riffle
Date:	7/23/2020
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith

Station	Elevation
0.6	115.56
3.4	115.47
5.4	115.42
6.5	115.16
7.2	115.00
8.3	114.71
9.3	114.79
10.2	115.03
11.4	115.22
11.9	115.40
13.0	115.74
17.0	115.68

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	115.6
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	3.8
Bankfull Width:	11.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	116.4
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	0.8
Low Bank Height:	0.8
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.3
W / D Ratio:	36.0
Entrenchment Ratio:	8.5
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00



Stream Type	C5



APPENDIX E: HYDROLOGY DATA

Tables 16A-G. Channel Evidence Stream Gauge Graphs Table 17. Verification of Bankfull Events Figure E1. 30/70 Percentile Graph for Rainfall Table 18. Groundwater Hydrology Data Groundwater Gauge Graphs

Table 16A. UT1 Downstream Channel Evidence

UT1 Downstream Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	201						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



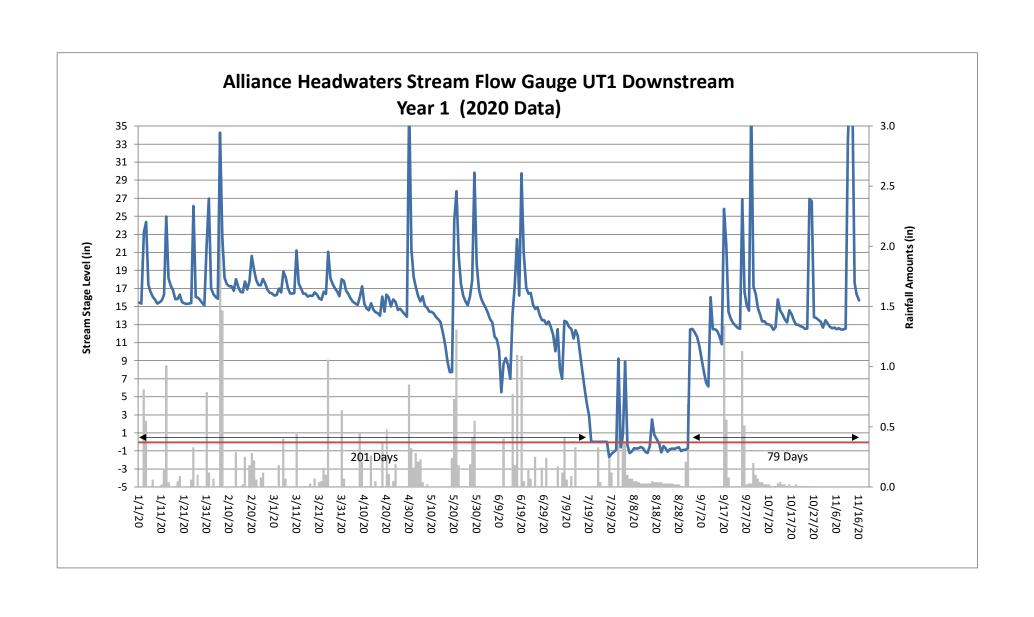


Table 16B. UT1 Upstream Channel Evidence

UT1 Upstream Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	190						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



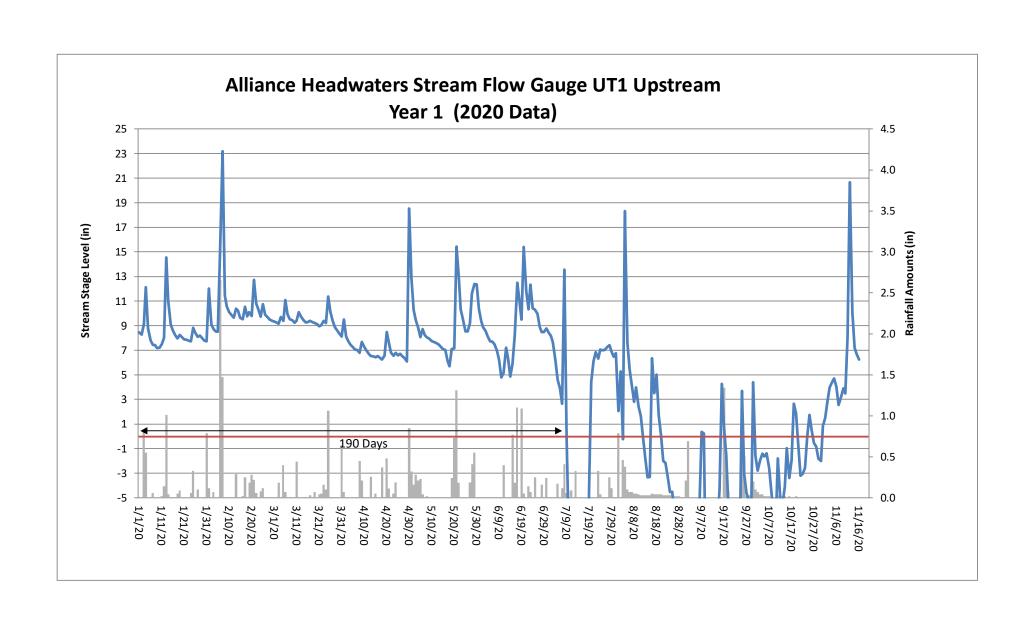


Table 16C. UT1A Channel Evidence

UT1A Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	97						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



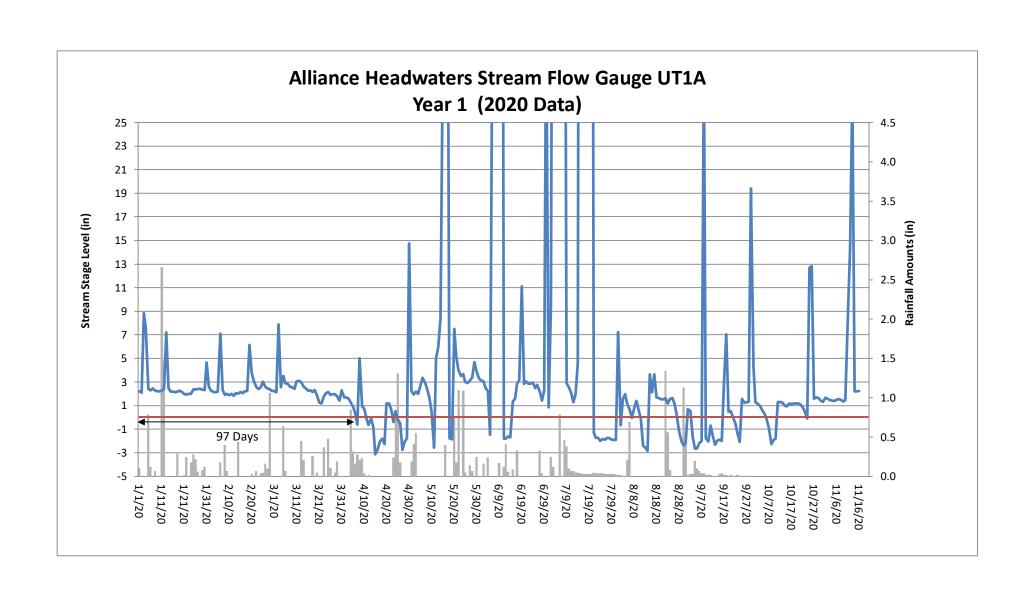


Table 16D. UT2 Channel Evidence

UT2 Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	199						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



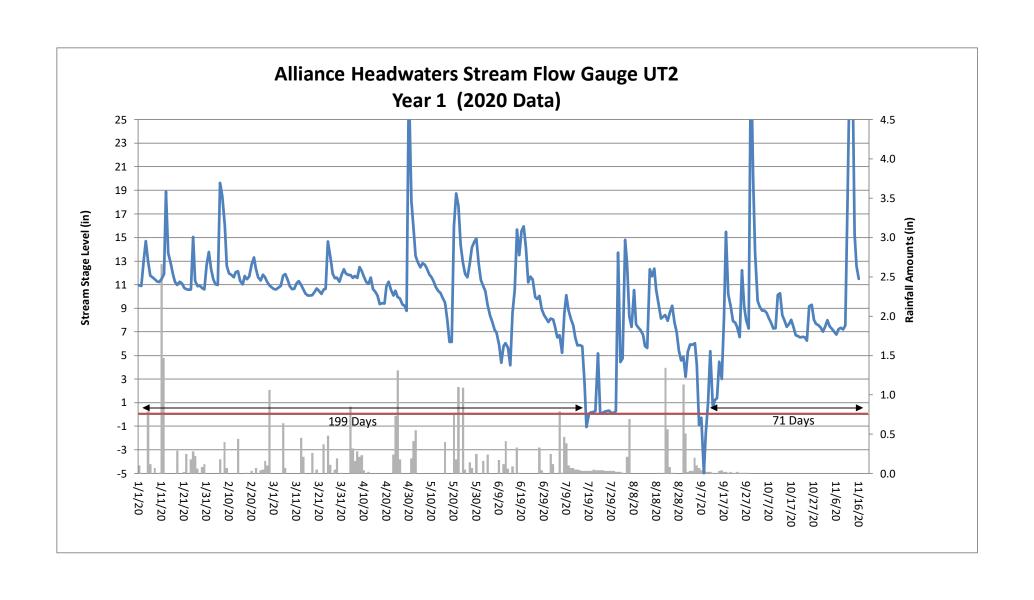


Table 16E. UT3 Downstream Channel Evidence

UT3 Downstream Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	119						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



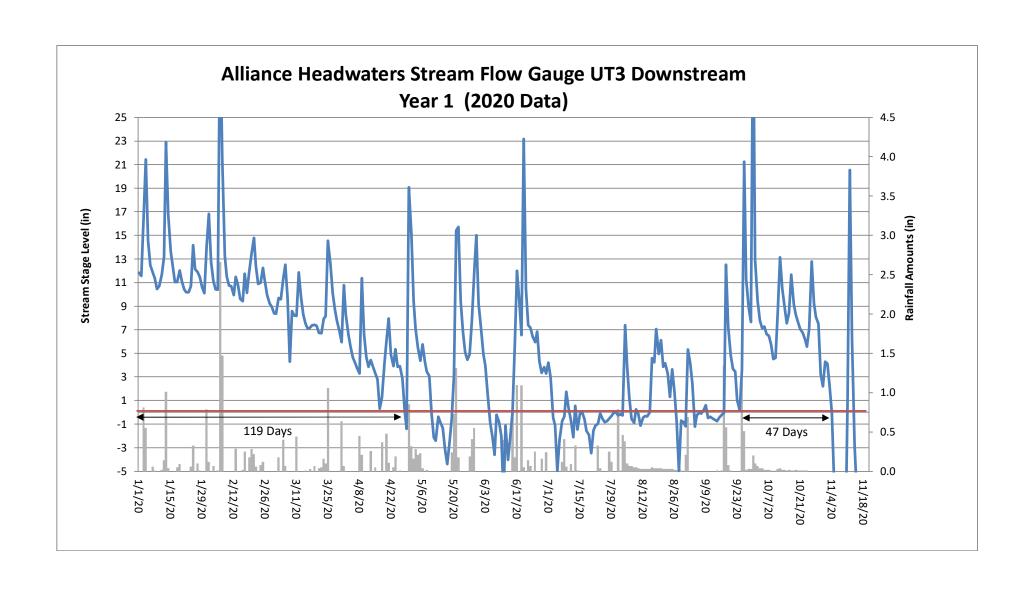


Table 16F. UT3 Upstream Channel Evidence

UT3 Upstream Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	136						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



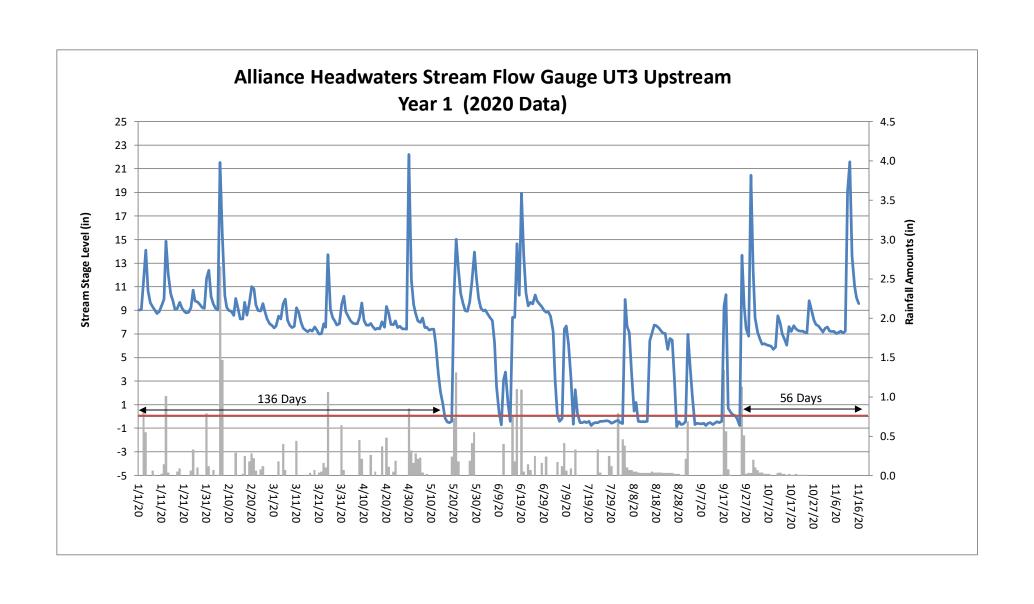


Table 16G. UT4 Channel Evidence

UT4 Channel Evidence	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)
Max consecutive days channel flow	130						
Presence of litter and debris (wracking)	Yes						
Leaf litter disturbed or washed away	Yes						
Matted, bent, or absence of vegetation (herbaceous or otherwise)	Yes						
Sediment deposition and/or scour indicating sediment transport	Yes						
Water staining due to continual presence of water	Yes						
Formation of channel bed and banks	Yes						
Sediment sorting within the primary path of flow	Yes						
Sediment shelving or a natural line impressed on the banks	Yes						
Change in plant community (absence or destruction of terrestrial vegetation and/or transition to species adapted for flow or inundation for a long duration, including hydrophytes)	Yes						
Development of channel pattern (meander bends and/or channel braiding) at natural topographic breaks, woody debris piles, or plant root systems	Yes						
Exposure of woody plant roots within the primary path of flow	No						
Other:							



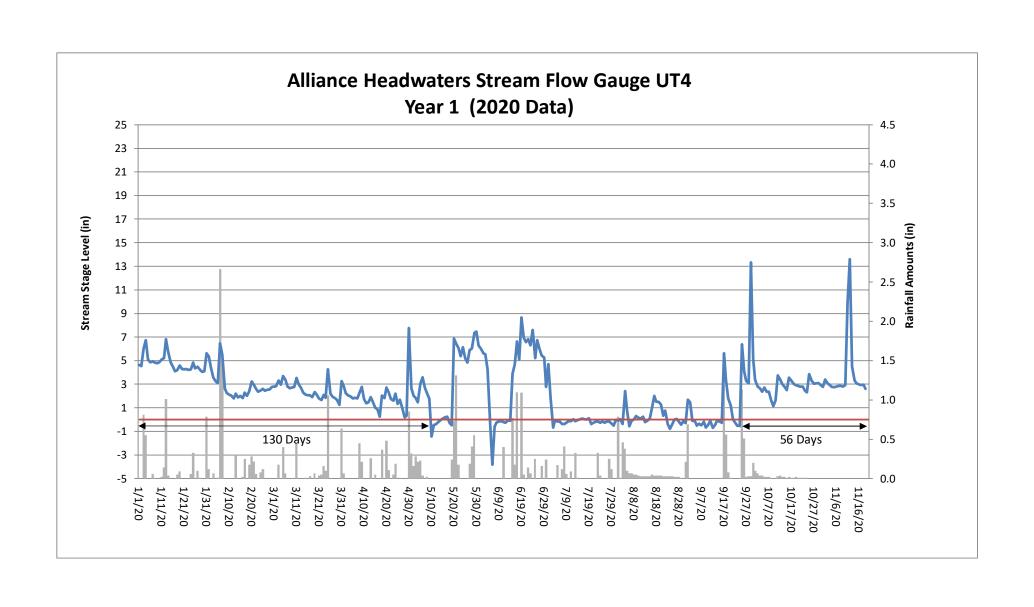


Table 17. Verification of Bankfull Events

Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo (if available)
April 30, 2020	April 30, 2020	Stream gauges and trail cameras captured a bankfull event at UT3 after 1.17 inches of rain was documented between April 30 and May 1, 2020 at an onsite rain gauge	1
November 19, 2020	November 12, 2020	Wrack and laid-back vegetation were observed outside the TOB of UT1 after 3.61 inches of rain was documented between November 12 and 13, 2020 at a nearby weather station.	2





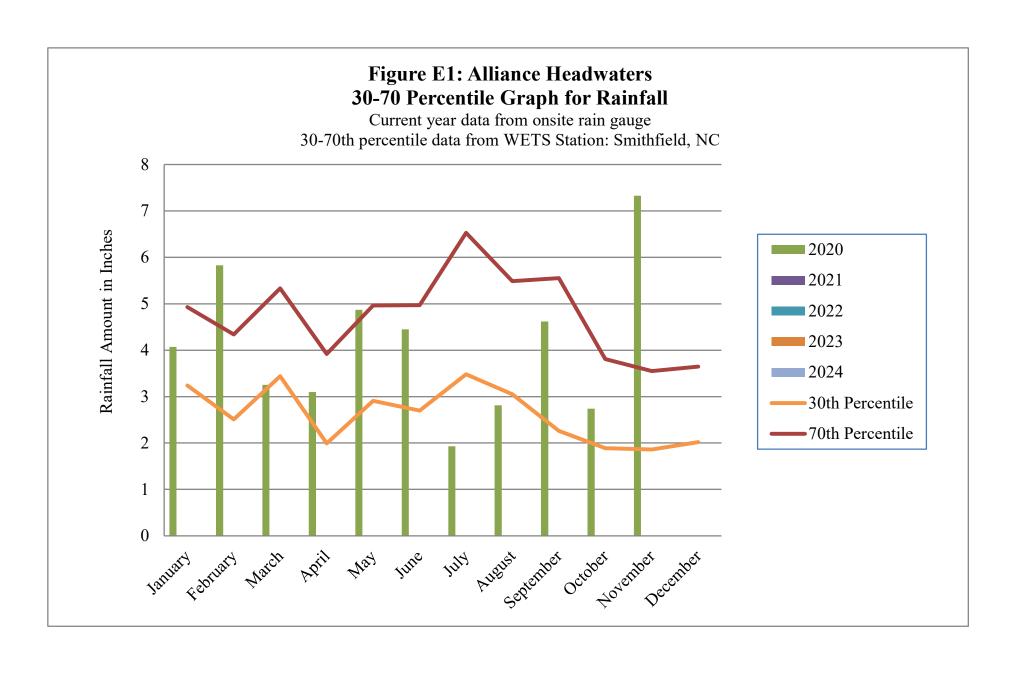
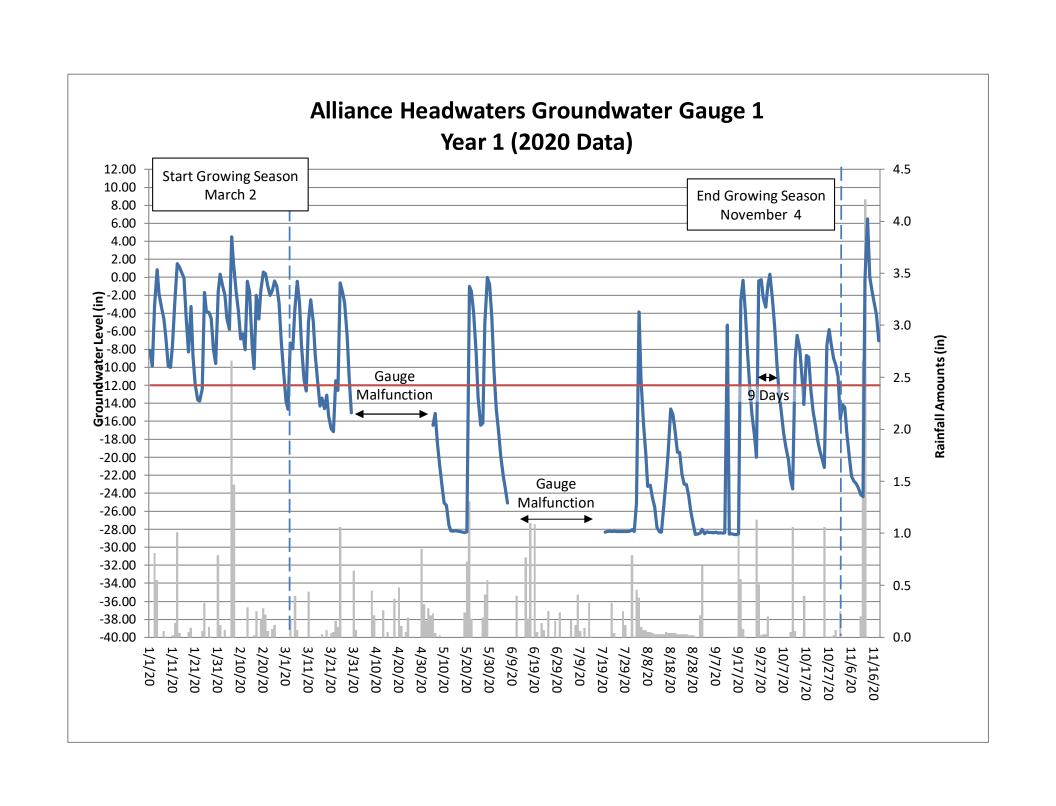


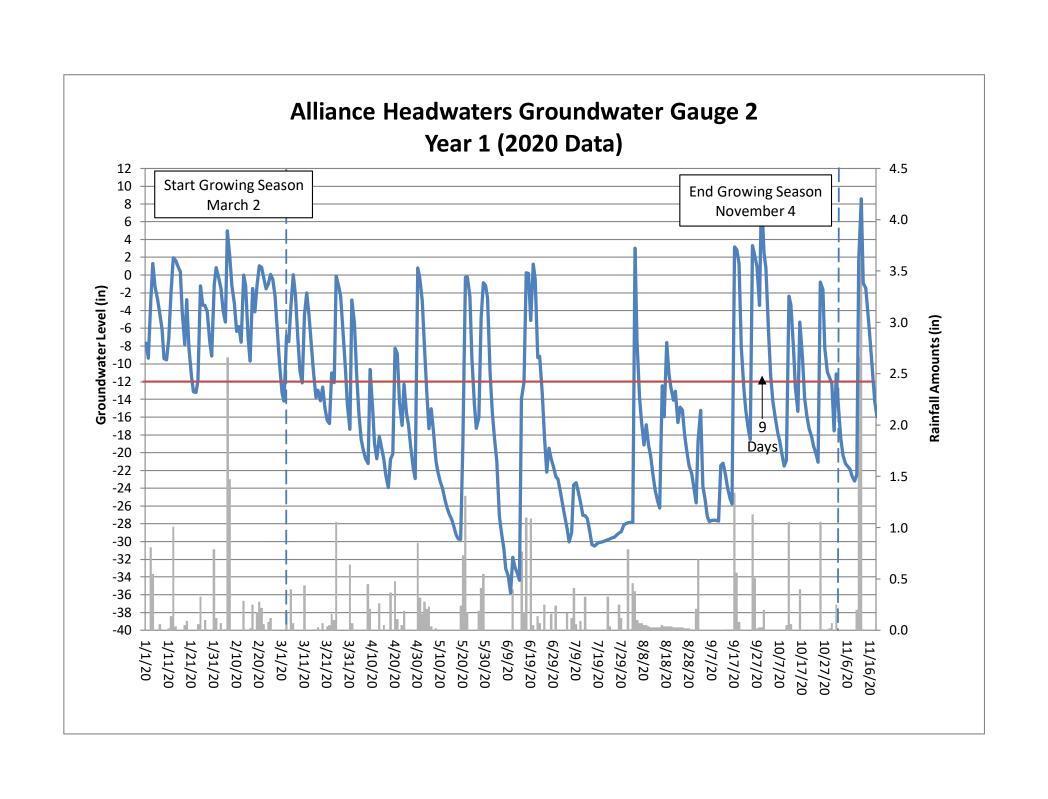
Table 18. Groundwater Hydrology Data

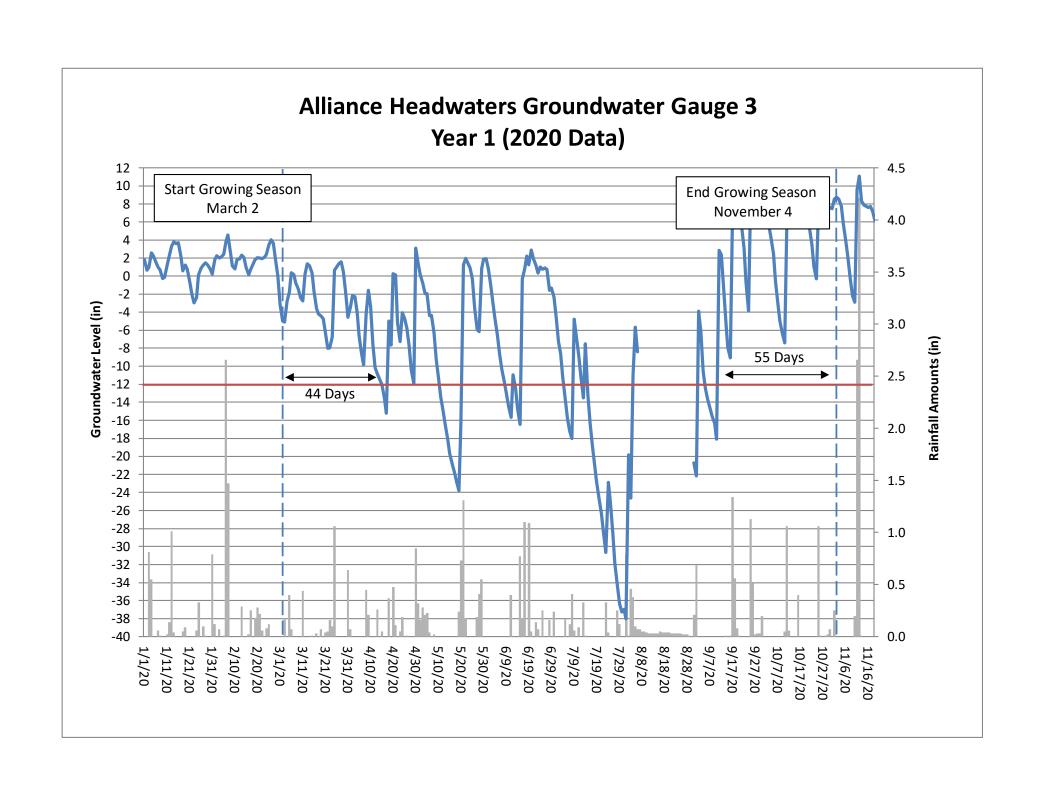
Gauge	Success Criteria Achieved/Max Consecutive Days During Growing Season (Percentage)									
	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)			
1	No 9 days (3.6%)									
2	No 9 days (3.6%)									
3	Yes 55 days (22.2%)									
4	No 10 days (4.0%)									
5	Yes 29 days (11.7%)									
6	No 16 days (6.5%)									
7	No 7 days (2.8%)									
8	Yes 50 days (20.2%)									
9	Yes 75 days (32.7%)									
10	Yes 72 days (29.0%)									
11	Yes 64 days (25.8%)									
12	No 18 days (7.3%)									
13	No 20 days (8.1%)									
14	No 16 days (6.5%)									
15	No 13 days (5.2%)									
16	Yes 34 days (13.7%)									
17	No 19 days (7.7%)									
18	No 10 days (4.0%)									
19	No 8 days (3.2%)									

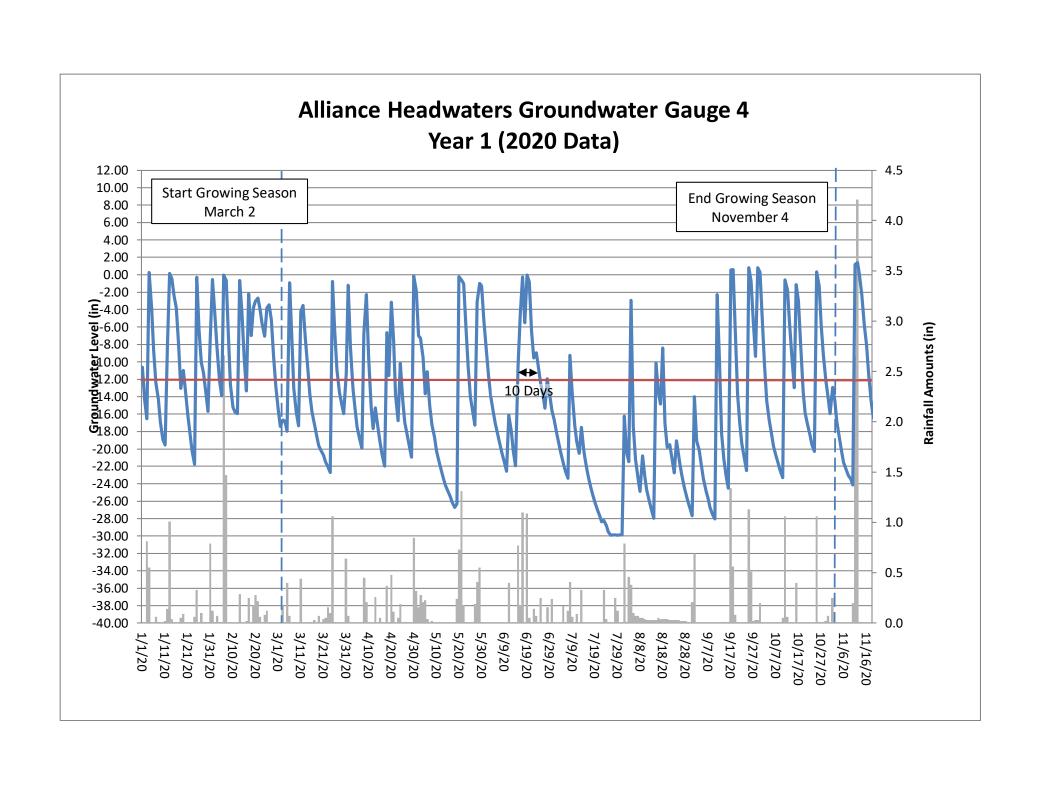
Table 18. Groundwater Hydrology Data (continued)

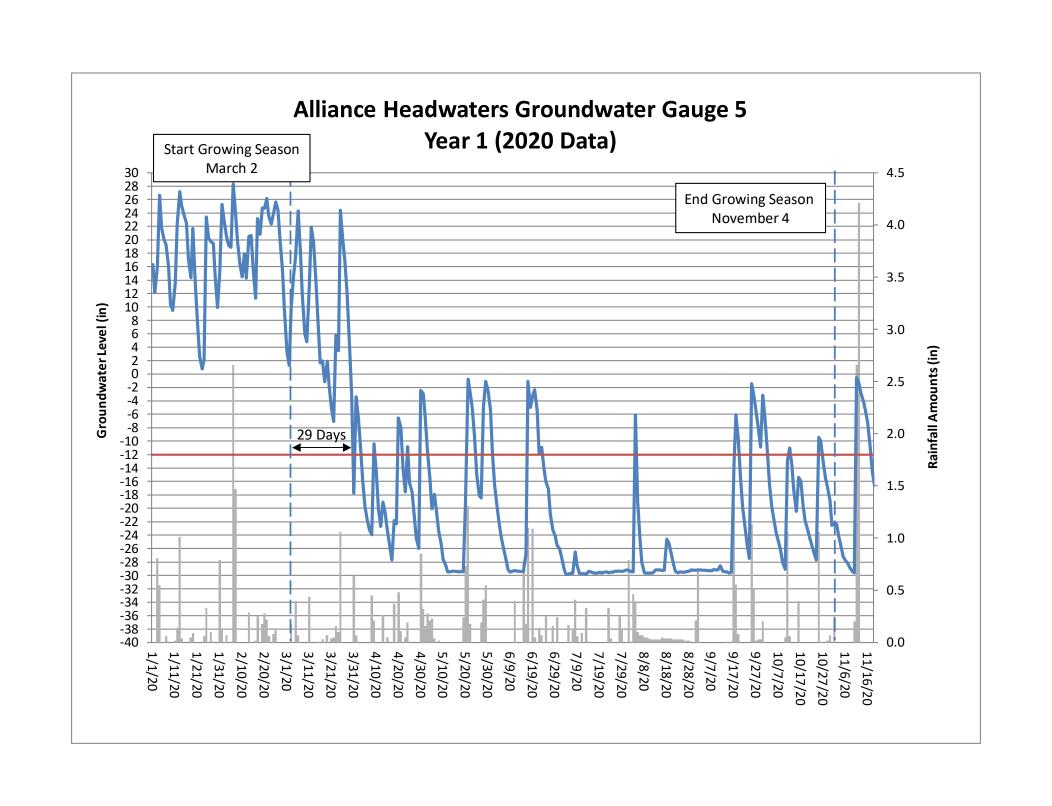
Gauge	Success Criteria Achieved/Max Consecutive Days During Growing Season (Percentage)									
	Year 1 (2020)	Year 2 (2021)	Year 3 (2022)	Year 4 (2023)	Year 5 (2024)	Year 6 (2025)	Year 7 (2026)			
20	Yes 36 days (14.5%)									
21	Yes 34 days (13.7%)									
22	Yes 69 days (27.8%)									
23	Yes 35 days (14.1%)									
24	No 5 days (2.0%)									
25	Yes 46 days (18.5%)									
26	Yes 167 days (67.3%)									
27	Yes 74 days (29.8%)									
28	Yes 45 days (18.1%)									
29	Yes 45 days (18.1%)									

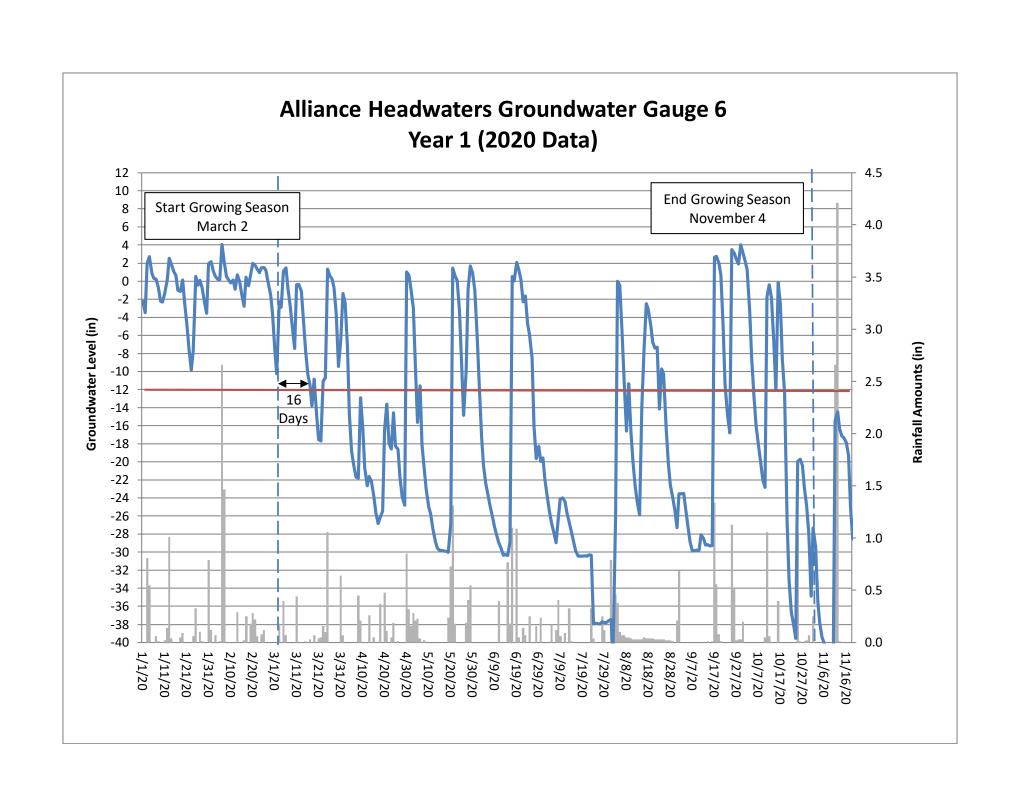


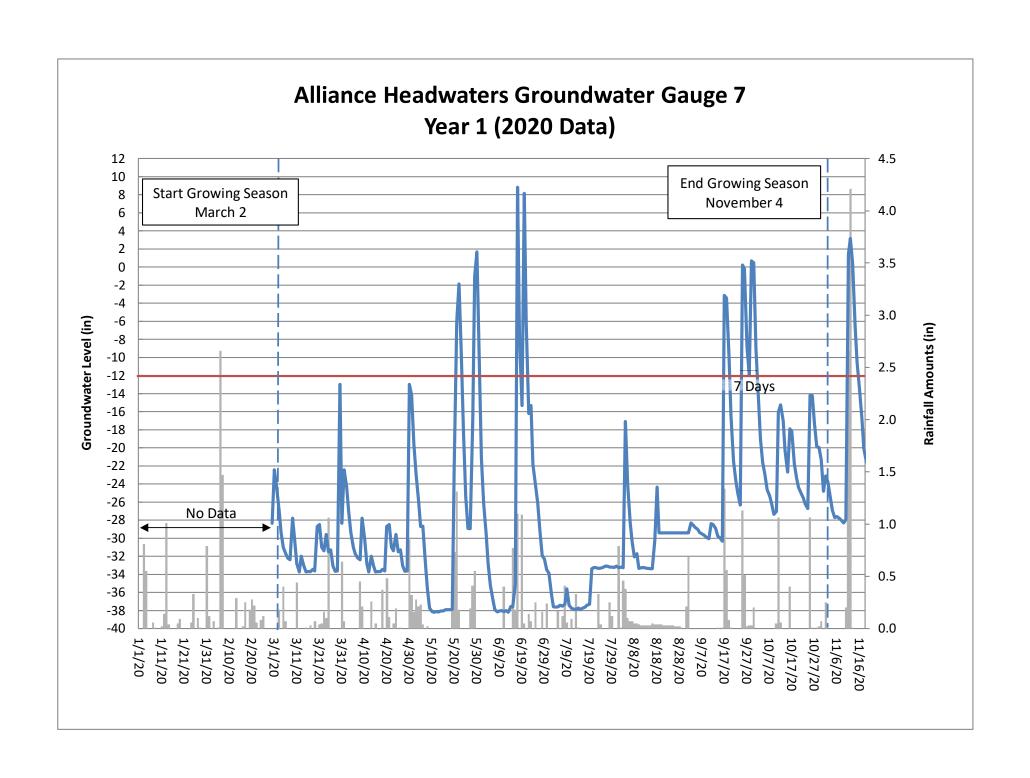


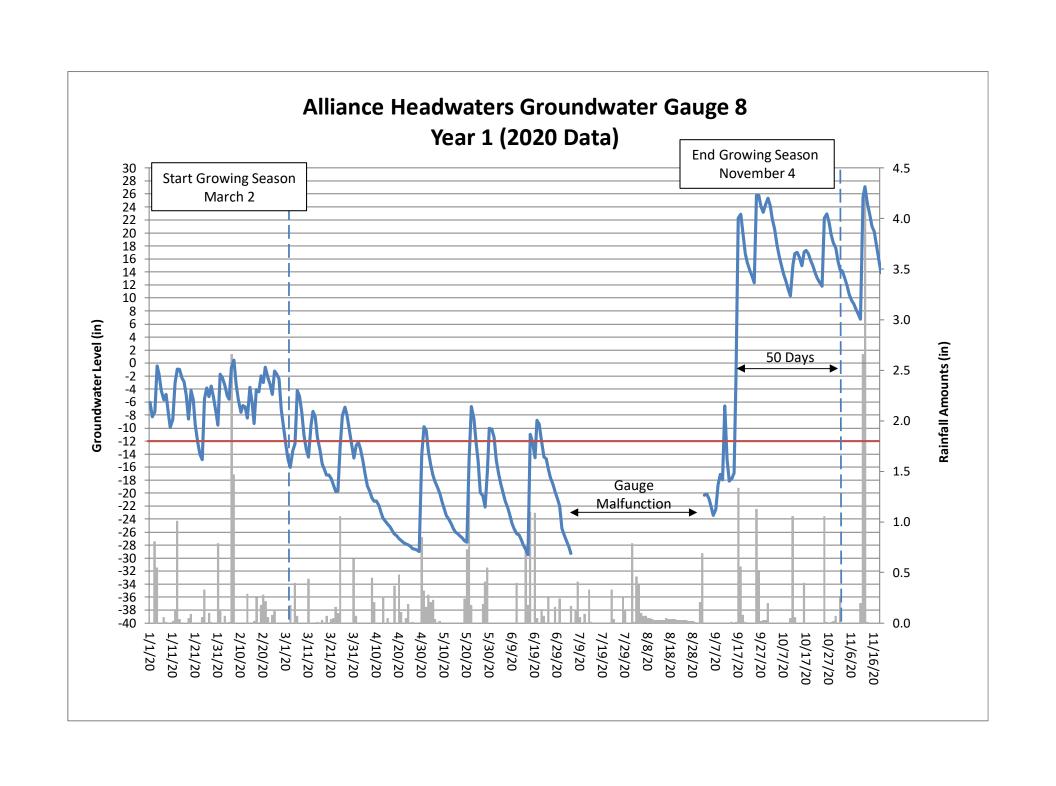


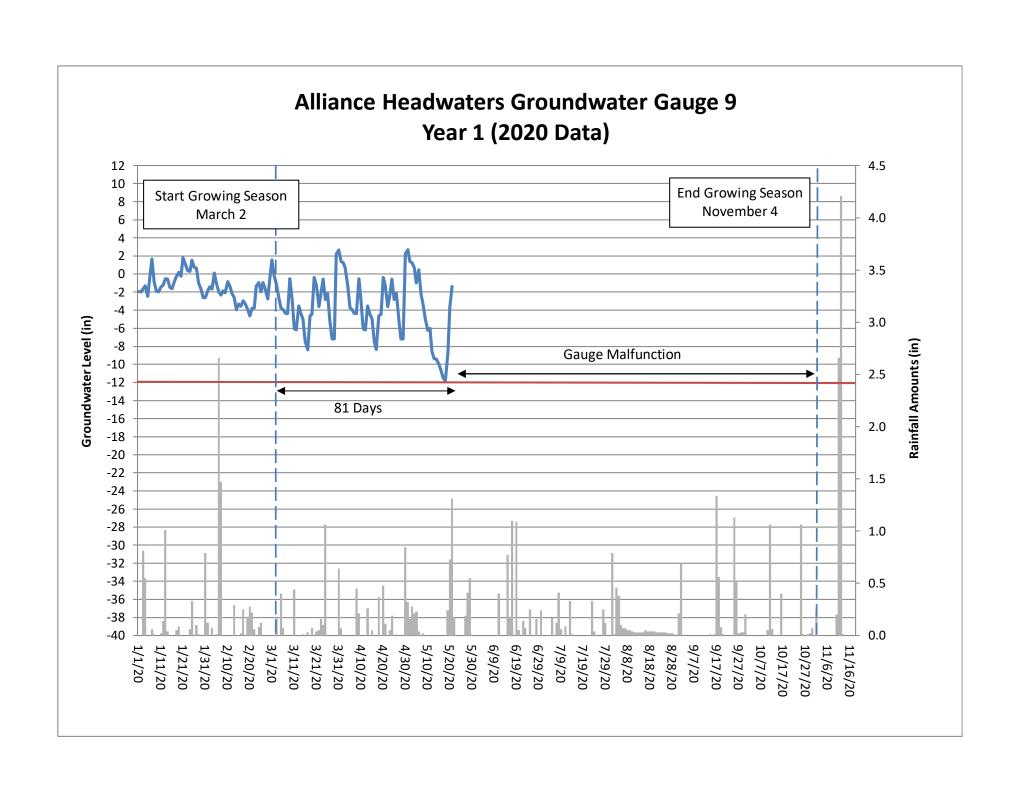


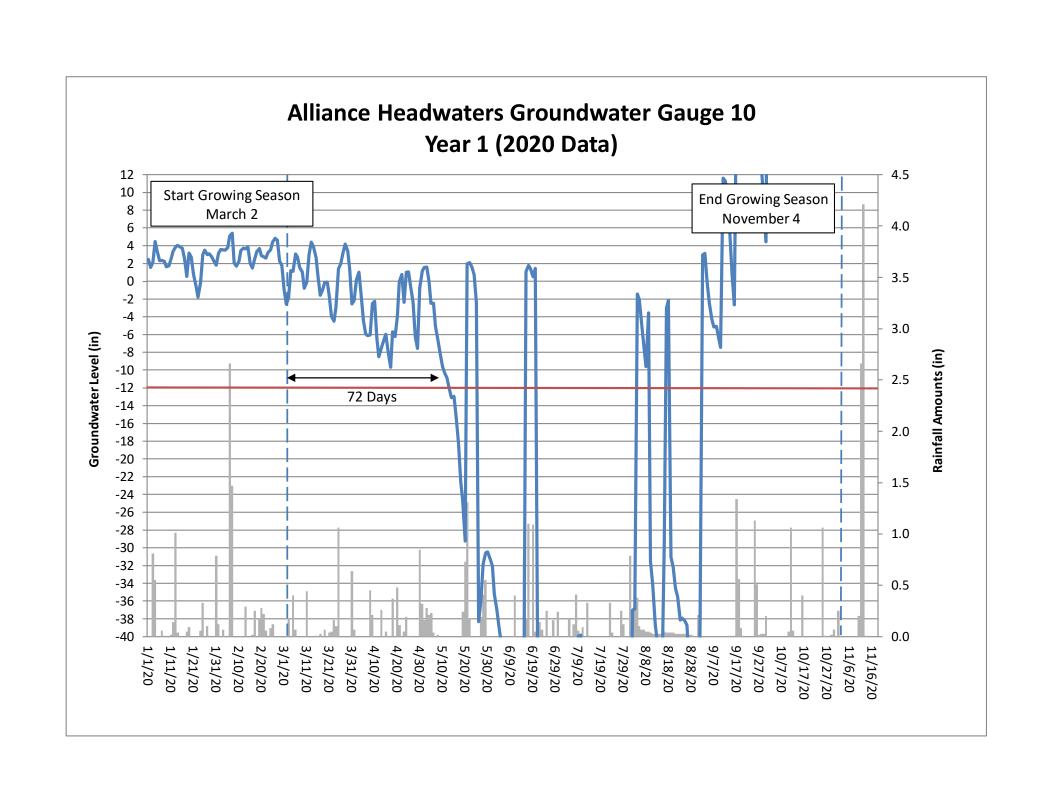


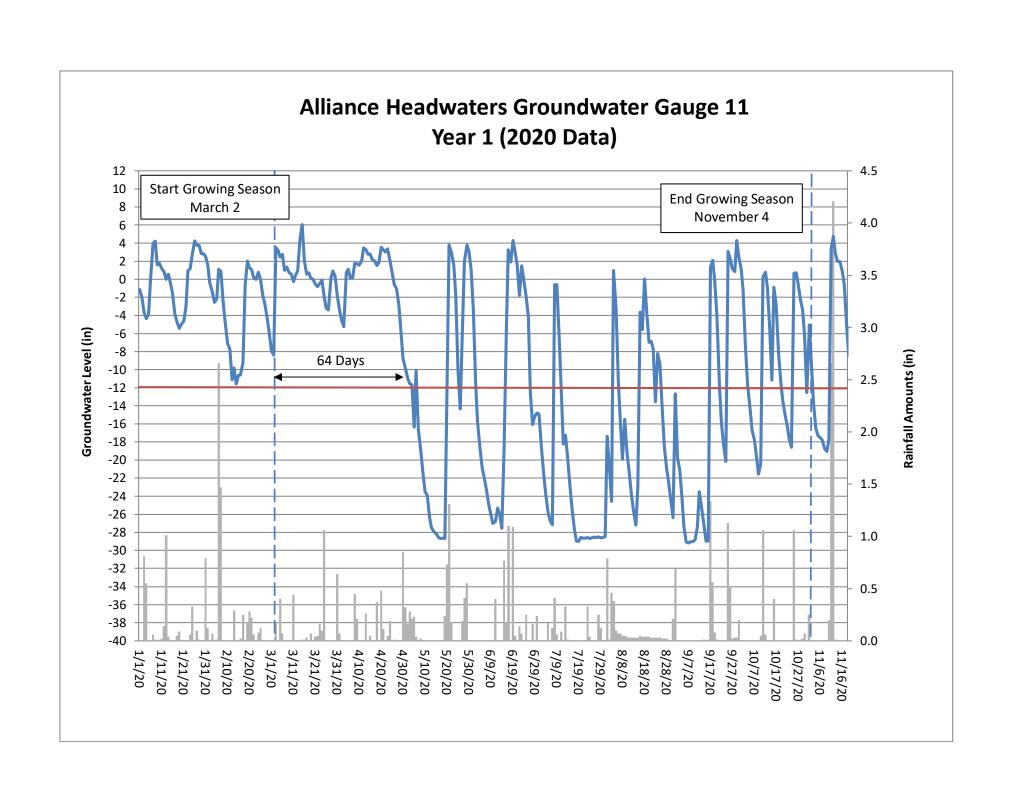


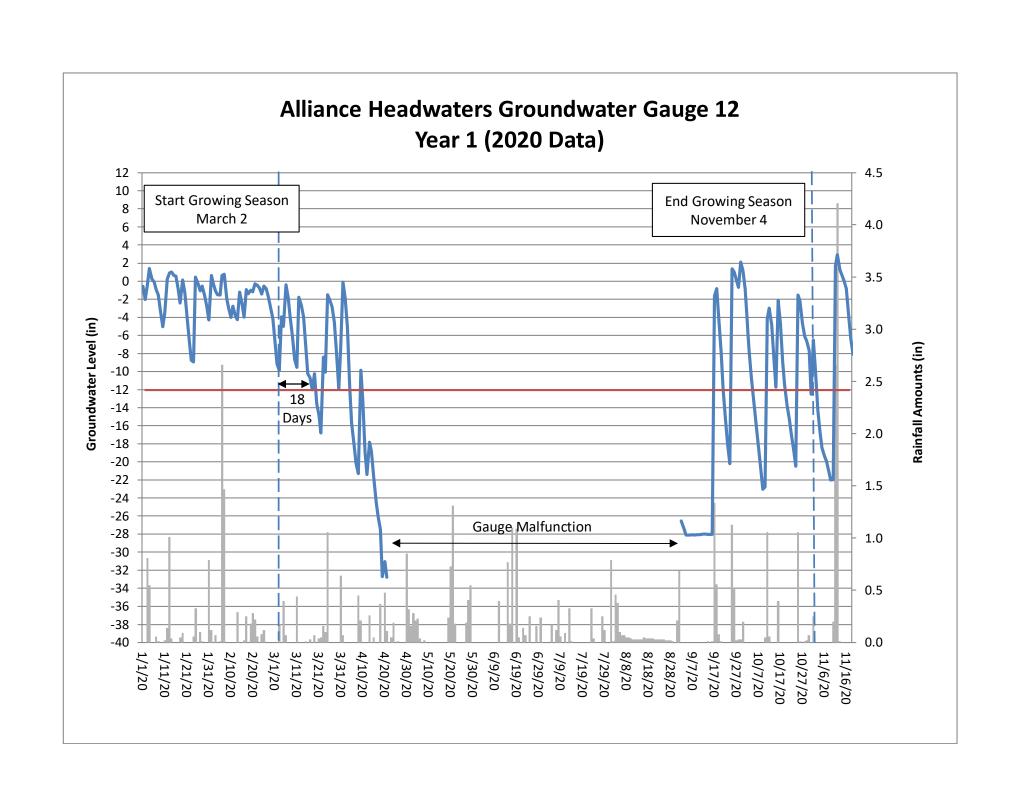


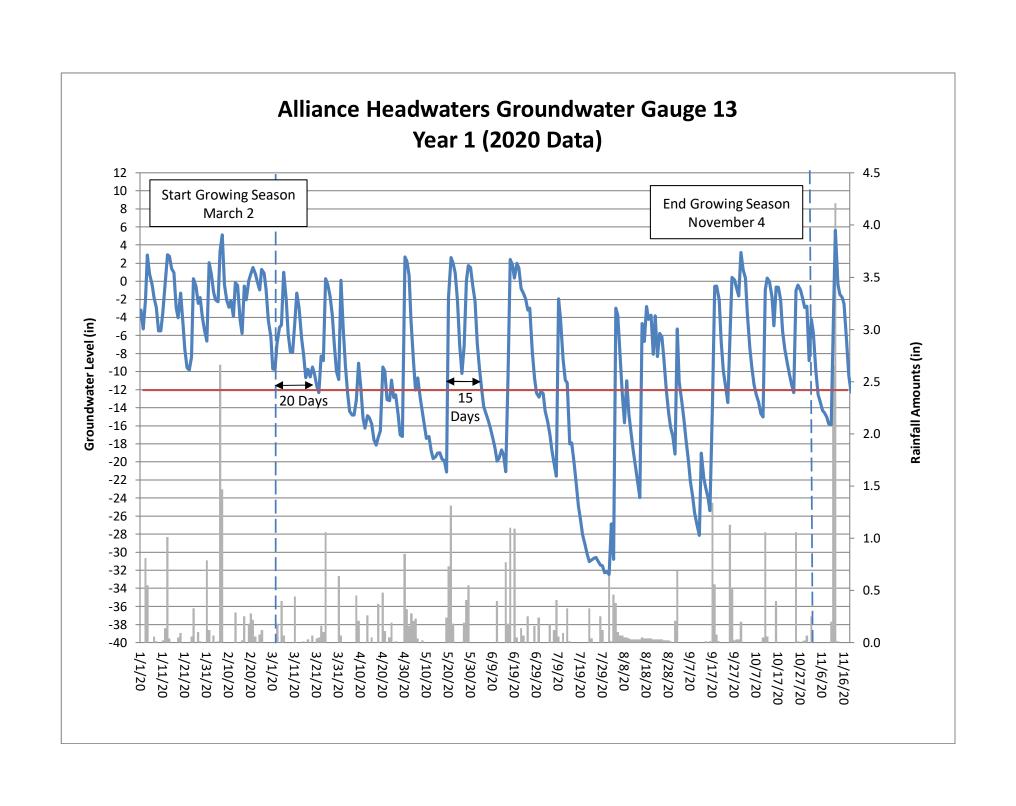


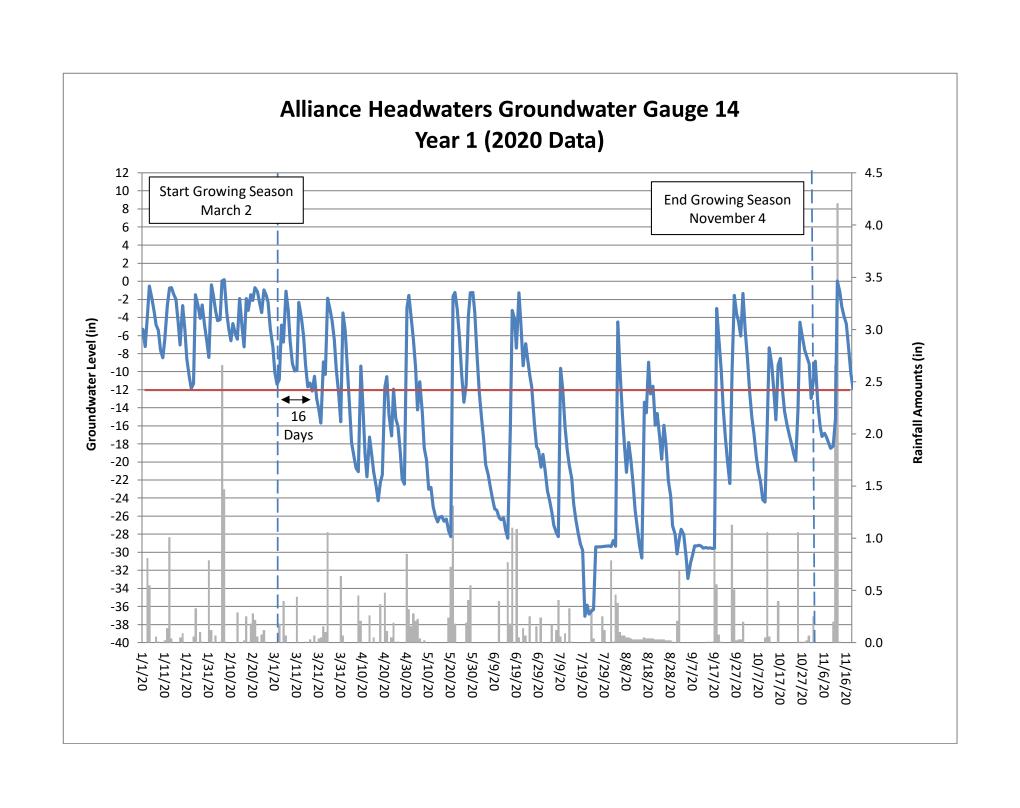


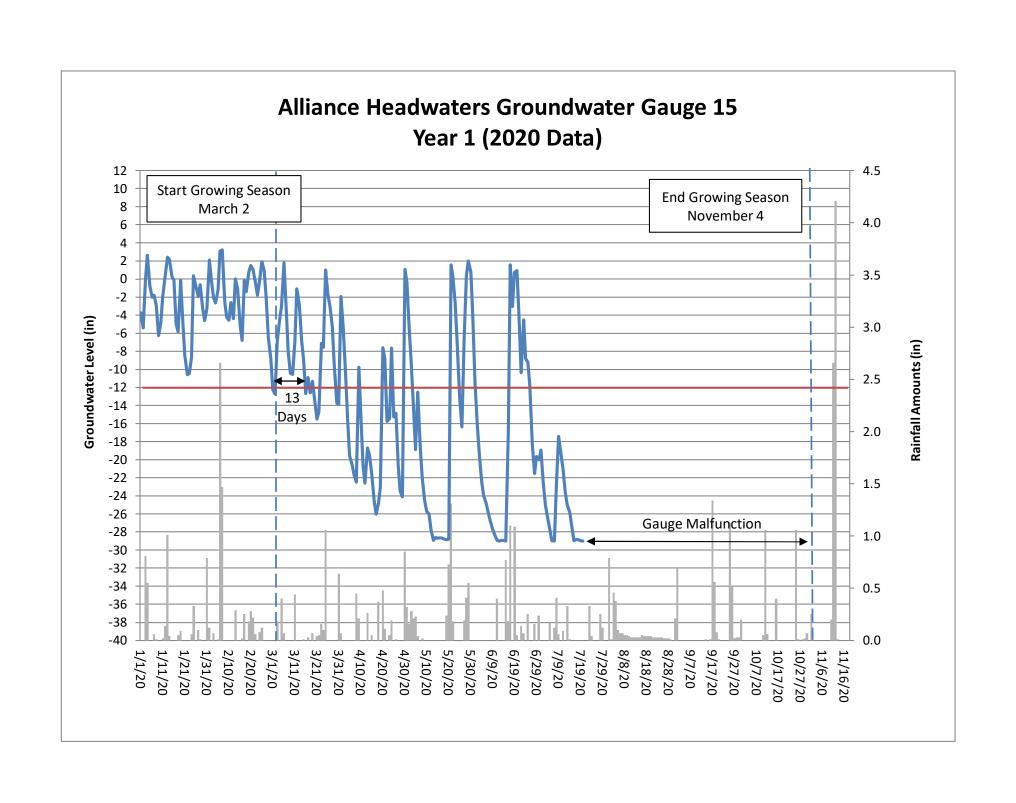


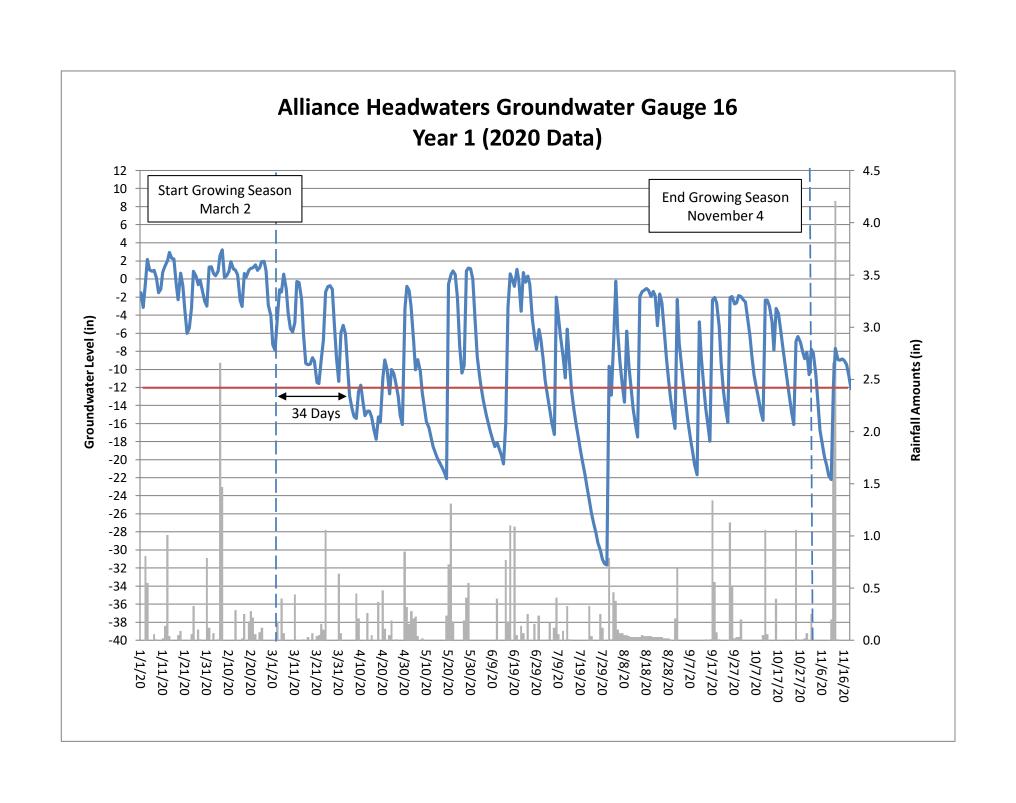


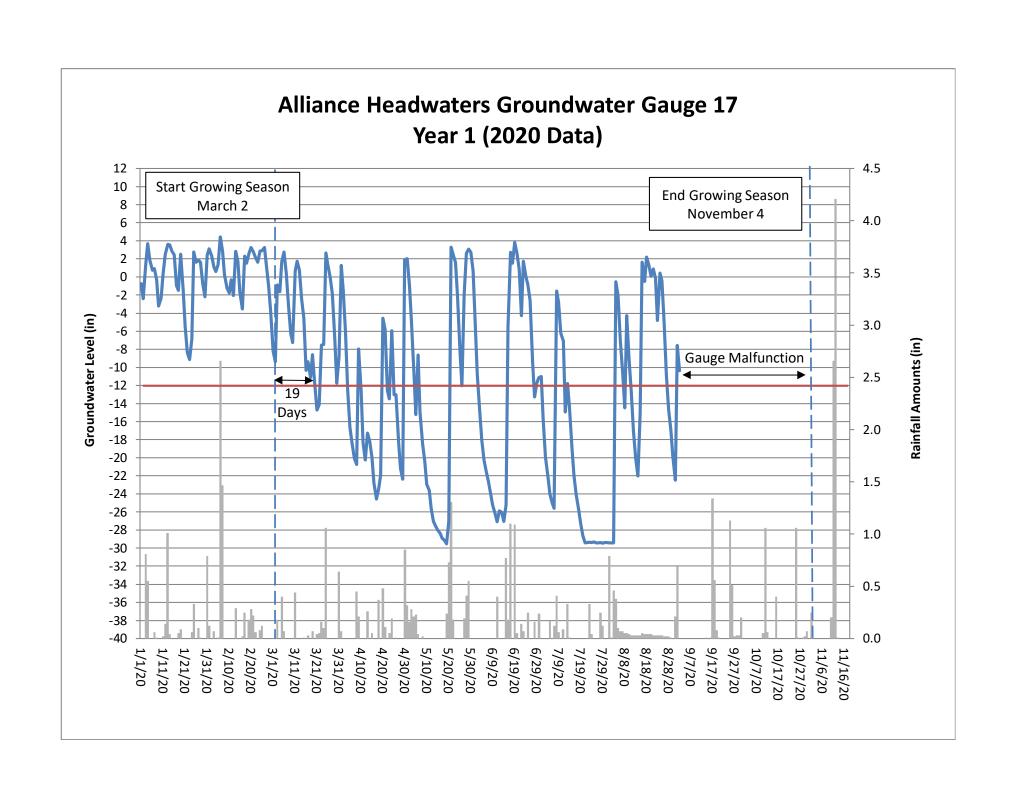


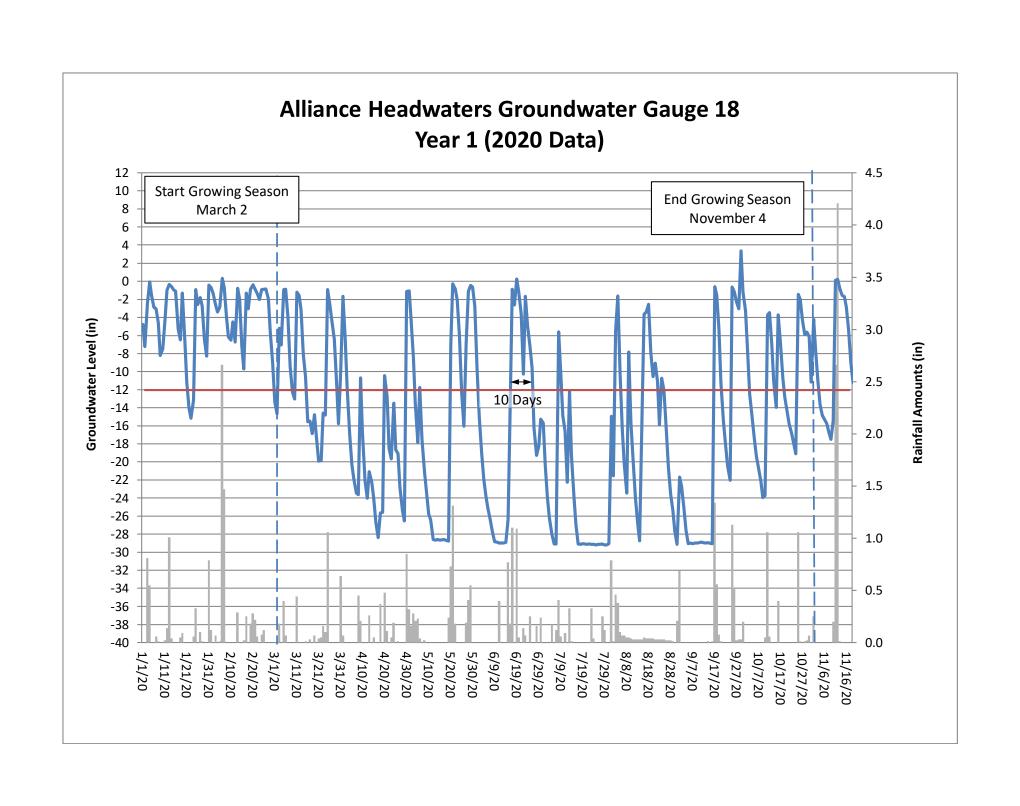


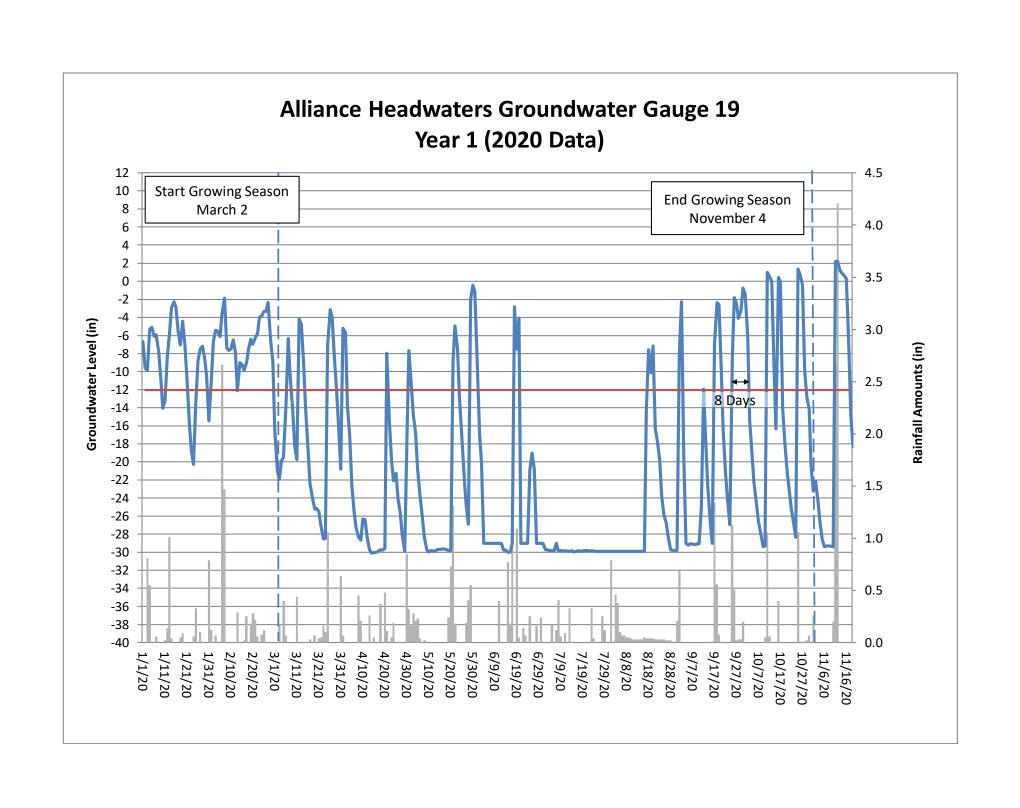


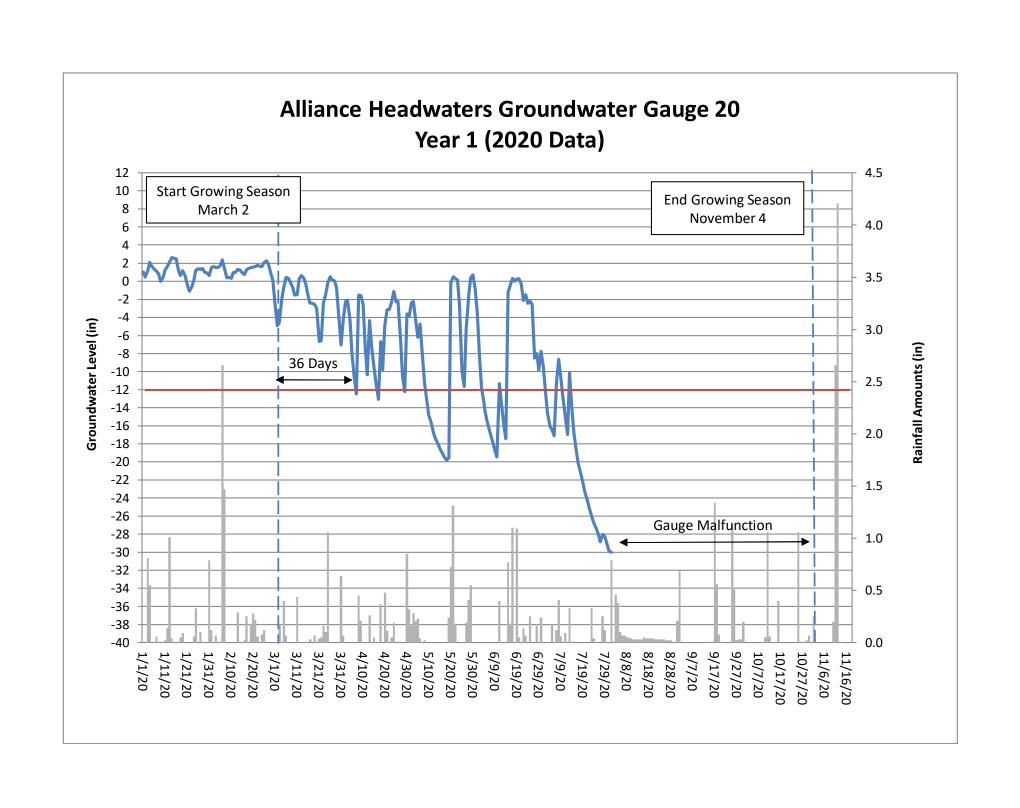


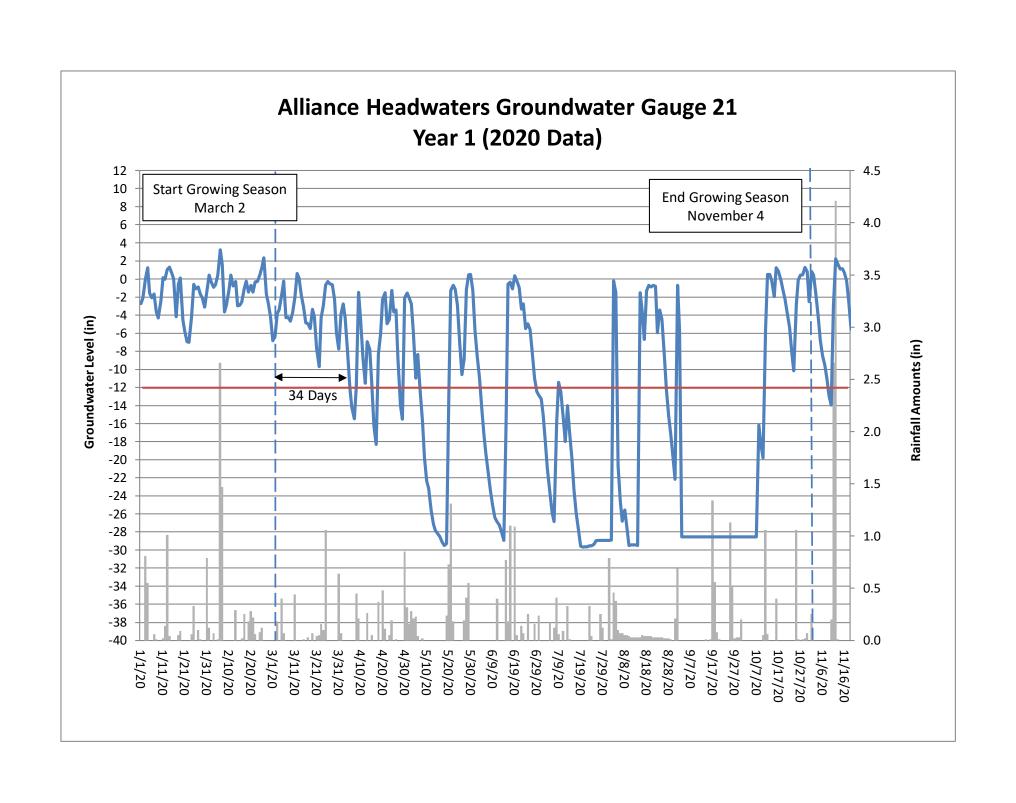


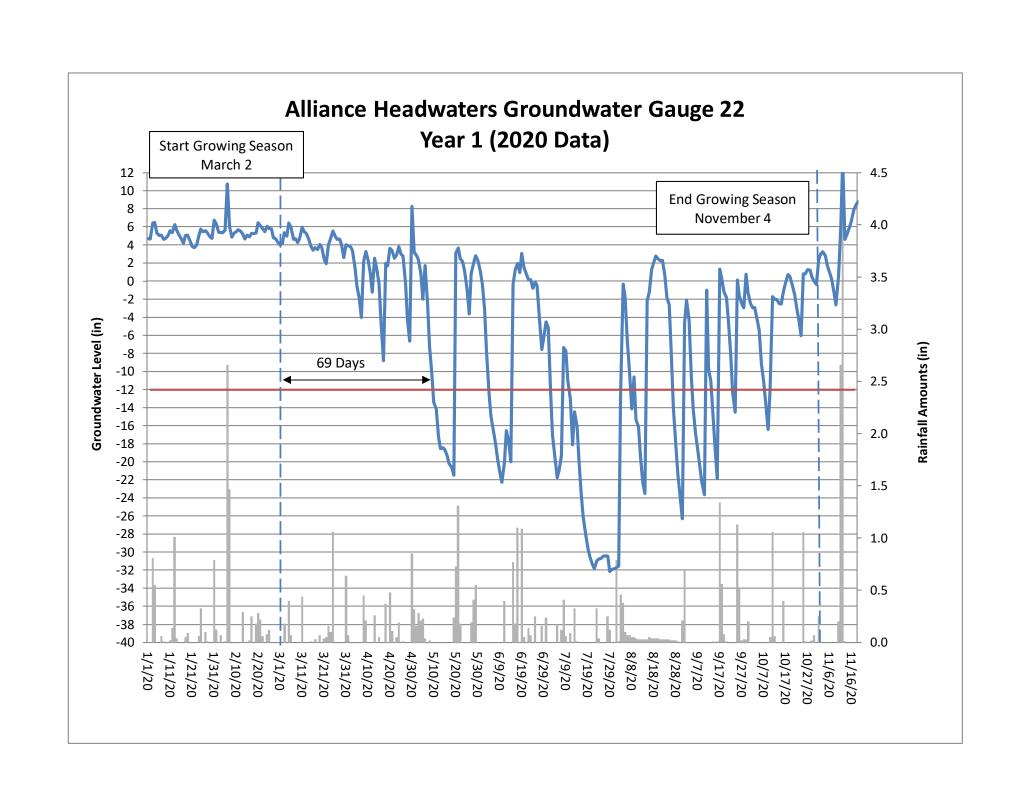


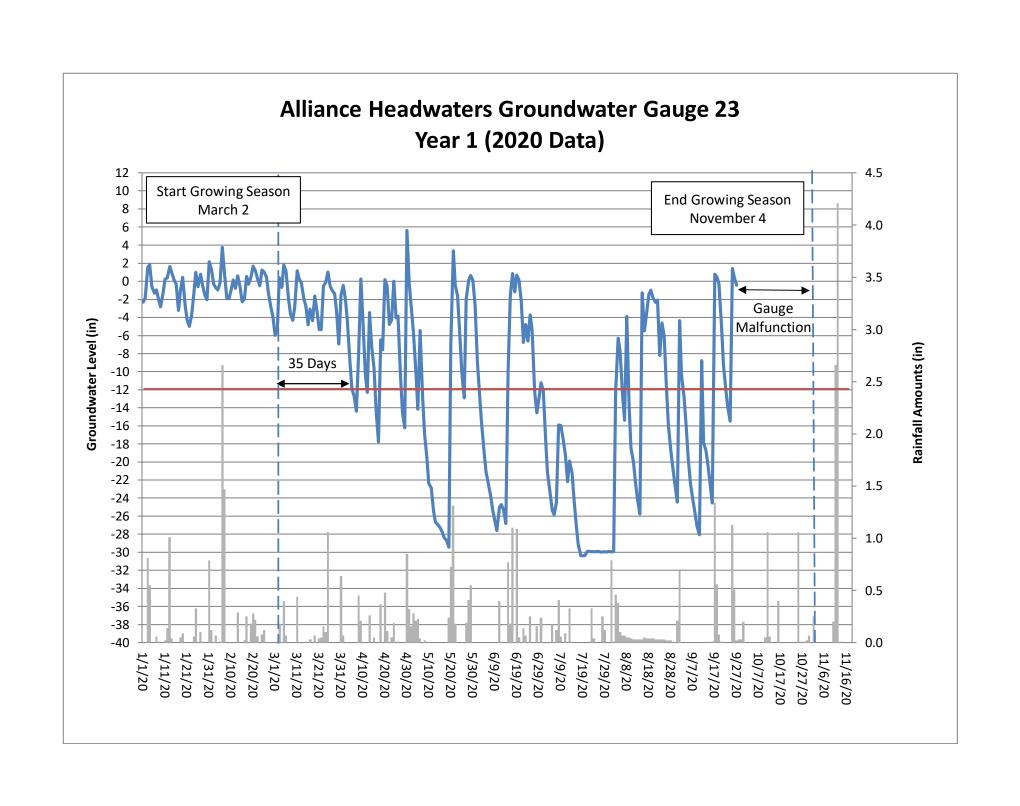


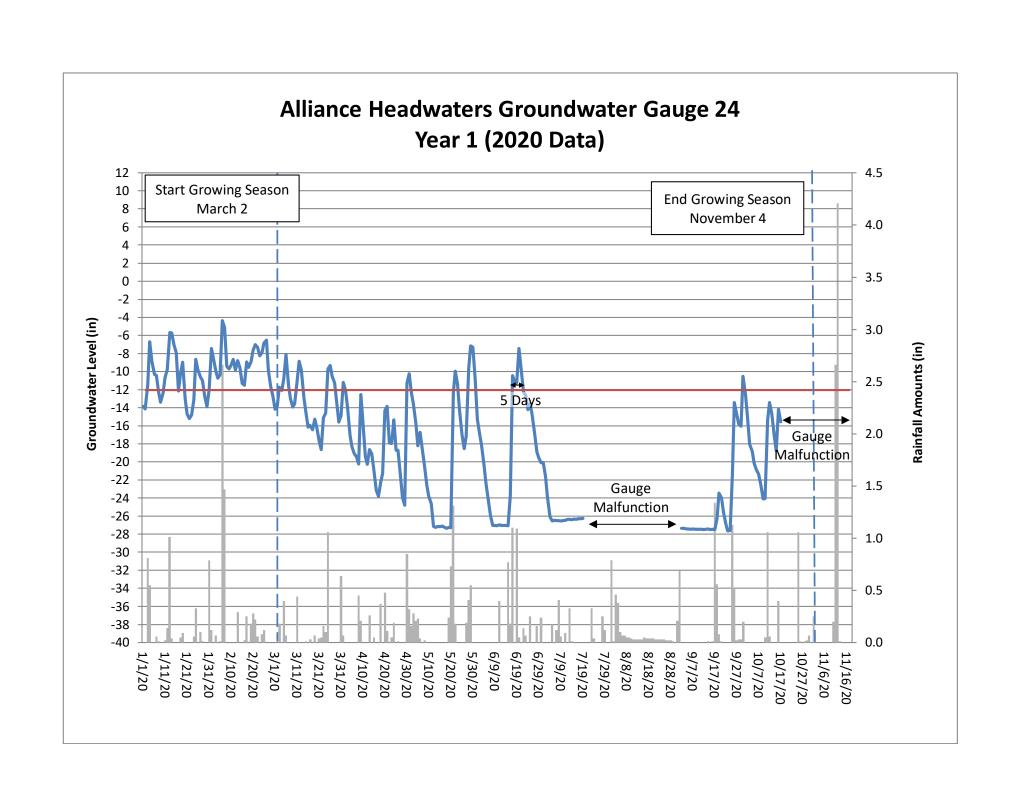


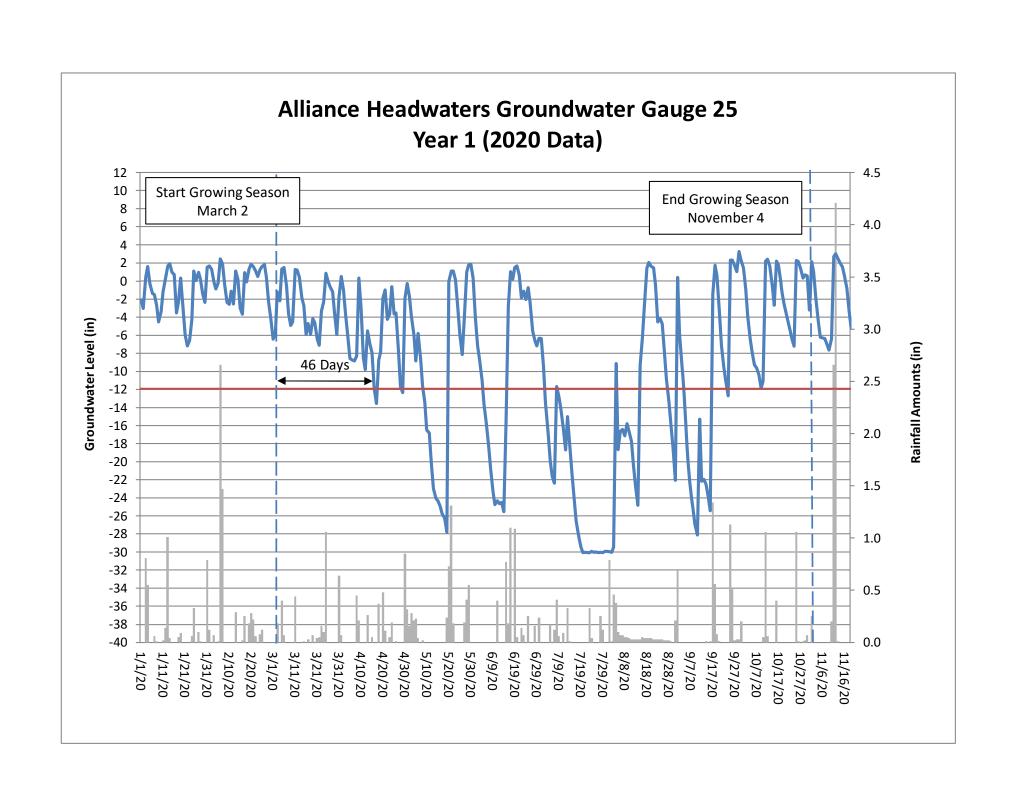


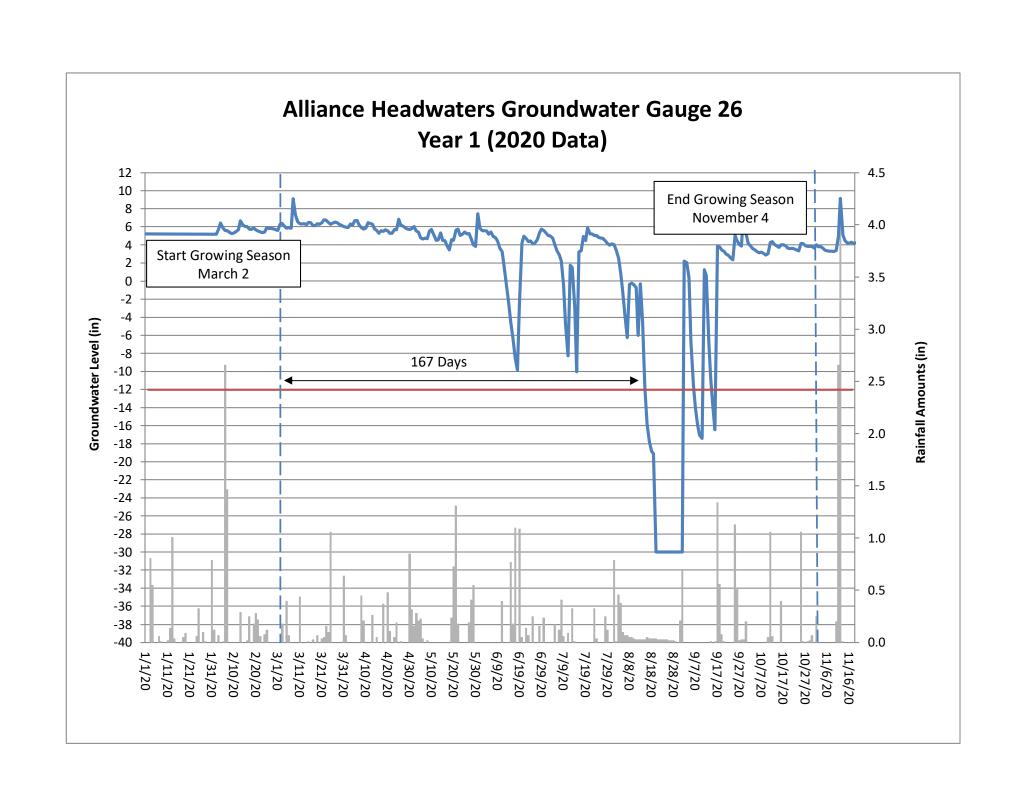


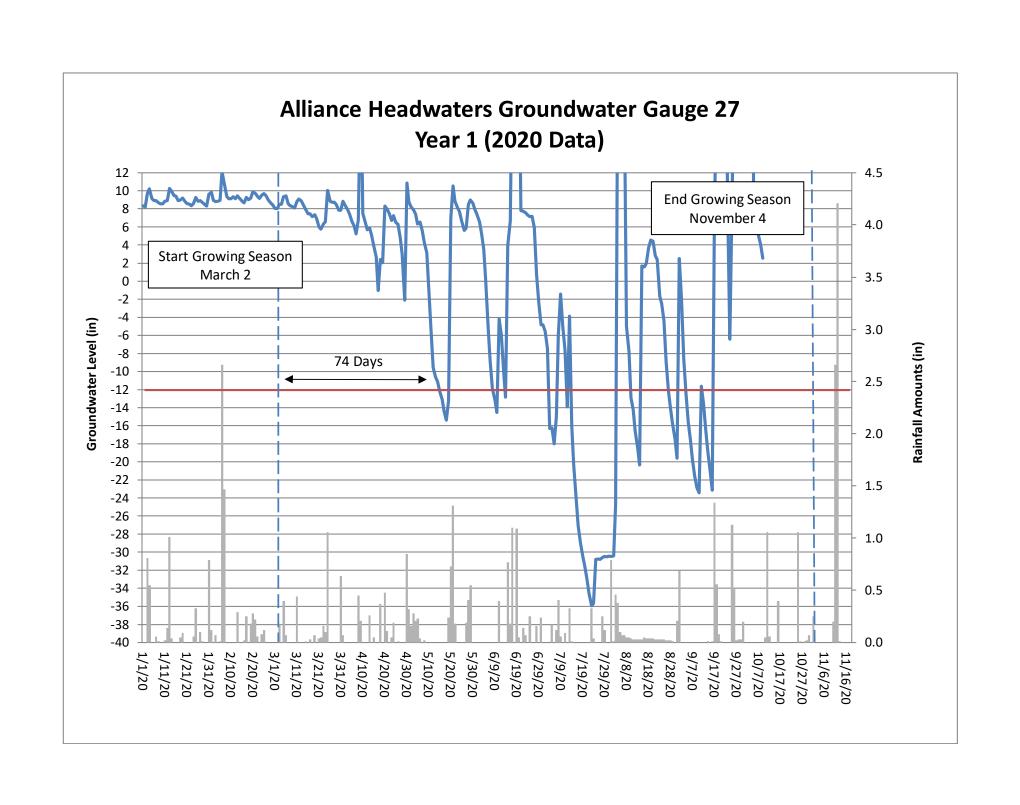


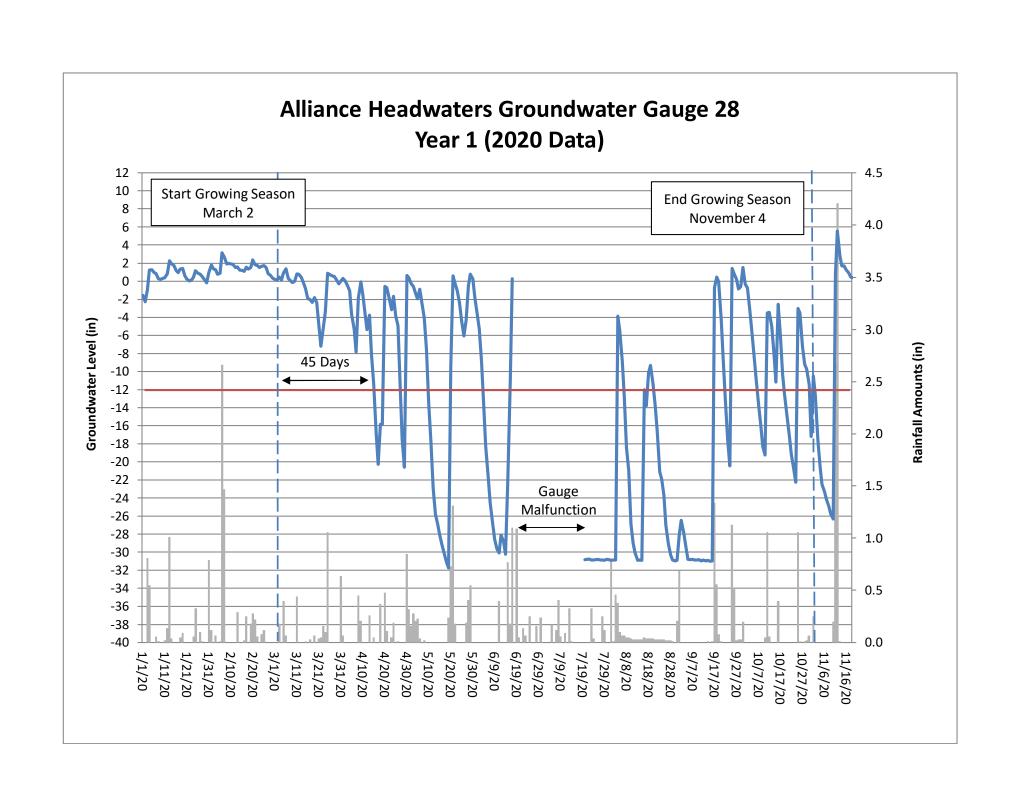


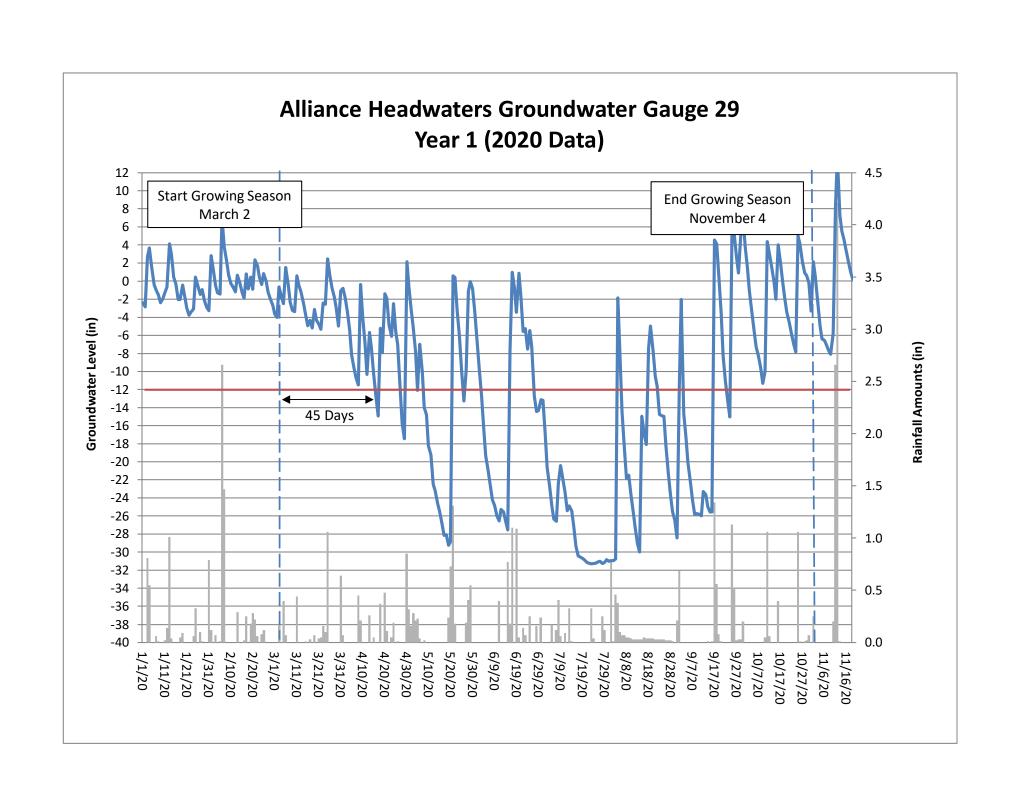












APPENDIX F: RESPONSES TO MYO IRT COMMENTS

Response to IRT Comments - As-Built and Baseline Monitoring Document

Comments Received April 22nd, 2020 IRT Site Visit May 20th, 2020 (DWR only – Mac Haupt & Erin Davis)

Comments Received (Black Text) & Responses (Blue Text)

EPA Comments, Todd Bowers:

- 1. Monitoring Summary table lists "Wetland Restoration" and would be appropriately called "Wetland Hydrology" as that is the parameter of interest here. While I understand that hydrology and growing season are tied together and the trees have only been in the ground for 3 months, much of it outside the growing season, it would be interesting and potentially beneficial to have hydrology data going back to installation. Data from groundwater gauges is listed as a parameter scheduled to be monitored as part of the as-built report.
 Groundwater gauge data was not monitored for the Asbuilt Report as gauges were not installed until late 2019. "Asbuilt" was included in the "Schedule/Frequency" column of the Monitoring Summary table in error and has been removed. This report depicts groundwater gauge data from January 1, 2020 through the growing season.
- 2. Vegetation Plot #15 needs close attention as supplemental planting may be needed in the vicinity. Overall averages look normal for just planted.

Vegetation plot 15 and all other vegetation plots met success criteria during year 1 (2020).

- 3. Figure 1 Project Name is erroneous.
 - The Figure 1 Project name was updated.
- 4. Figure 2A Wetland Restoration acreage is erroneous (Should be approximately 9.5 acres instead of 30.24)

 DMS feels it is prudent to show the site-wide wetland acreage and stream footage on Figures 2A and 2B to avoid confusion with site assets.
- Figure 2A Wetland Creation (WC1) should be 0.54 acres instead of 1.44 acres
 DMS feels it is prudent to show the site-wide wetland acreage and stream footage on Figures 2A and 2B to avoid confusion with site assets.
- Figure 2B Wetland Restoration acreage should be approximately 20.7 acres (30.24 listed)
 DMS feels it is prudent to show the site-wide wetland acreage and stream footage on Figures 2A and 2B to avoid confusion with site assets.
- 7. Figure 2B Wetland Creation (WC3) should be 0.90 acres instead of 1.44 acres

 DMS feels it is prudent to show the site-wide wetland acreage and stream footage on Figures 2A and 2B to avoid confusion with site assets.

DWR Comments, Mac Haupt:

- 1. Please be sure to include the soil temperature probes on the CCPV for the monitoring reports. The rain gauge and soil temperature probe were added to Figure 2A.
- 2. Will need to watch a few areas of wetland restoration given some of the grading, particularly upper UT1- R3, and other similar areas.

Understood

3. The drone footage was good. I would recommend next time to include the inset map for full flight after construction as well.

Understood

4. Some drone photos at the end of the document were good to see the tributaries coming out of the headwater wetland. Perhaps more of these in the future.

Additional photos were added to the Year 1 (2020) Monitoring Report. We will continue to supply photos with the annual monitoring report.

APPENDIX G: SITE PHOTOS



UT1 Reach 3 & UT2



UT2 (XC-02)



UT2 Downstream



UT2 – Flow Gauge



UT1 Reach 3 – Upstream



UT1 Reach 3 – Flow Gauge



UT1 Reach 2



UT1 Reach 1 & 2 + UT1A



UT1 Reach 1



UT1 Reach 1 & UT1A Confluence



UT1 Reach 2 – XS-06



UT3 & UT4



UT3 & UT4



UT3 & UT4 Confluence



UT3



UT4



Looking south of UT3 Reach 1 (GW Gauge 25 & 26)



Looking north of UT4 (GW Gauge 28 & 29)

APPENDIX H: NOTICE OF CREDIT RELEASE

2016-00882 **USACE Action ID Mitigation Project Name Alliance Headwaters Stream Mitigation Site** DMS ID 97086 **DWR Permit** 16-0405v2 **River Basin** Neuse **Date Project Instituted** 3/21/2016 Neuse 03020201 **Cataloging Unit** 03020201 Stream/Wet. Service Area

Date Prepared

3/25/2020

Signature & Date of Official Approving Credit Release

1 - For NCDMS, no credits are released during the first milestone

Johnston

- 2 For NCDMS projects, the initial credit release milestone occurs when the as-built report (baseline monitoring report) has been approved by the NCIRT and posted to the NCDMS Portal, provided the following criteria have been met:
- 1) Approved of Final Mitigation Plan

County

- 2) Recordation of the preservation mechanism, as well as a title opinion acceptable to the USACE covering the property.
- 3) Completion of all physical and biological improvements to the mitigation site pursuant to the mitigation plan.
- 4) Receipt of necessary DA permit authorization or written DA approval for projects where DA permit issuance is not required.
- 3 A 10% reserve of credits is to be held back until the bankfull event performance standard has been met.

Credit Release Milestone	Warm Stream Credits								
Project Credits	Scheduled Releases %	Proposed Releases %	Proposed Released #	Not Approved # Releases	Approved Credits	Anticipated Release Year	Actual Release Date		
1 - Site Establishment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2 - Year 0 / As-Built	30.00%	30.00%	1,808.815	0.000	1,808.815	2020	3/25/2020		
3 - Year 1 Monitoring	10.00%					2021			
4 - Year 2 Monitoring	10.00%					2022			
5 - Year 3 Monitoring	10.00%					2023			
6 - Year 4 Monitoring	5.00%					2024			
7 - Year 5 Monitoring	10.00%					2025			
8 - Year 6 Monitoring	5.00%					2026			
9 - Year 7 Monitoring	10.00%					2027			
Stream Bankfull Standard	10.00%								
			Totals		1,808.815				

Total Gross Credits	6,029.384
Total Unrealized Credits to Date	0.000
Total Released Credits to Date	1,808.815
Total Percentage Released	30.00%
Remaining Unreleased Credits	4,220.569

Credit Release Milestone	Riparian Credits								
Project Credits	Scheduled Releases %	Proposed Releases %	Proposed Released #	Not Approved # Releases	Approved Credits	Anticipated Release Year	Actual Release Date		
1 - Site Establishment	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
2 - Year 0 / As-Built	30.00%	30.00%	11.807	0.000	11.807	2020	3/25/2020		
3 - Year 1 Monitoring	10.00%					2021			
4 - Year 2 Monitoring	10.00%					2022			
5 - Year 3 Monitoring	15.00%					2023			
6 - Year 4 Monitoring	5.00%					2024			
7 - Year 5 Monitoring	15.00%					2025			
8 - Year 6 Monitoring	5.00%					2026			
9 - Year 7 Monitoring	10.00%					2027			
Stream Bankfull Standard	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
			Totals		11.807				

Total Gross Credits	39.354
Total Unrealized Credits to Date	0.000
Total Released Credits to Date	11.807
Total Percentage Released	30.00%
Remaining Unreleased Credits	27.547

Mitigation Project Name Alliance Headwaters Stream Mitigation Site

DMS ID 97086
River Basin Neuse
Cataloging Unit 03020201
County Johnston

USACE Action ID
DWR Permit
Date Project Instituted
Stream/Wet. Service Area
Date Prepared

2016-00882 16-0405v2 3/21/2016 Neuse 03020201 3/25/2020

Notes

Contingencies (if any)

Project Quantities

Mitigation Type	Restoration Type	Physical Quantity
Warm Stream	Restoration	6,529.000
Riparian	Restoration	40.460
Riparian	Creation	1.090
Riparian	Enhancement	0.380
Riparian	Preservation	16.390

Debits							Stream Restoration Credits	Riparian Restoration	Riparian Restoration Equivalent Credits
Beginning Balance (mitigation credits)							6,029.384	37.598	1.756
Unrealized Credits							0.000	0.000	0.000
Converted Credits							0.000	0.000	0.000
Owning Program	Req. Id	TIP#	Project Name	USACE Permit #	DWR Permit #	DCM Permit #			
NCDOT Stream & Wetland ILF Program	REQ-008290	R-2721A	R-2721A - NC 540 - West of NC 55 to East of SR 1389	2009-02240	2018-1249		1,808.815		
Statewide Stream & Wetland ILF Program	REQ-002988		Town of Cary Windsor Oaks Water/Sewer Ext		2006-0613			0.095	
Statewide Stream & Wetland ILF Program	REQ-006127		Austin Creek Phase 2	2011-01676	2014-0695			0.216	
Statewide Stream & Wetland ILF Program	REQ-006448		Knightdale Station	2015-01553	2015-0838			0.490	
Statewide Stream & Wetland ILF Program	REQ-006546		Martin Marietta's Benson Quarry	2014-00845	1995-0153			10.479	
Statewide Stream & Wetland ILF Program	REQ-006546		Martin Marietta's Benson Quarry	2014-00845	1995-0153				0.527
Remaining Available balance (Released credits)						0.000	0.000	0.000	
Remaining balance (mitigation credits)						4,220.569	26.318	1.229	