<u>YEAR 4 (2010)</u> <u>ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT</u> ANDERSON SWAMP WETLAND RESTORATION SITE EDGECOMBE COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

(CONTRACT D06048) FULL DELIVERY PROJECT TAR-PAMLICO RIVER BASIN CATALOGING UNIT 03020102





Prepared for:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA



Restoration Systems, LLC 1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 Prepared by:

And



Axiom Environmental, Inc. 20 Enterprise Street, Suite 7 Raleigh, North Carolina 27607

November 2010

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Restoration Systems has completed restoration of nonriverine wetlands at the Anderson Swamp Wetland Restoration Site to assist the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program in fulfilling restoration goals in the region. The Site is located approximately 6 miles north of Tarboro, in northern Edgecombe County. The Site encompasses approximately 25 acres of land that was used for agricultural row crop production and land application of hog lagoon effluent prior to Site restoration. The project provides 21.3 acres of restored or enhanced nonriverine forested wetlands and 3.7 acres of nonriverine upland flats, with benefits to water quality and wildlife in a watershed that is highly dissected for agriculture and timber production.

Primary activities at the Site were designed to restore agricultural fields that had been ditched, drained, and cleared for row crop production. Prior to implementation, the 25-acre Site was characterized by row crops and was underlain by approximately 12.9 acres of hydric soil that had been effectively drained and 8.4 acres of hydric soil with jurisdictional wetland hydrology. Restoration activities included (1) ditch cleaning prior to backfill, (2) ditch rerouting, (3) depression construction, (4) impervious ditch plug construction, (5) ditch backfilling, (6) wetland soil surface scarification, and (7) plant community restoration.

As constructed, the 25-acre Site provides 12.9 acres of nonriverine wetland restoration, 8.4 acres of nonriverine wetland enhancement, and 3.7 acres of forested upland buffer for a total of 17.1 Nonriverine Wetland Mitigation Units.

Nine vegetation plots (10-meters by 10-meters in size) were surveyed in June 2010 for the Year 4 (2010) monitoring season. Based on the number of stems counted, average densities were measured at 656 planted stems per acre surviving in Year 4 (2010). The dominant species identified at the Site were planted stems of cherrybark oak (*Quercus pagoda*), willow oak (*Quercus phellos*), swamp chestnut oak (*Quercus michauxii*), and water oak (*Quercus nigra*). No vegetation problem areas were noted during the Year 4 (2010) monitoring season.

Three of the five monitored gauges within restoration areas were inundated/saturated within 12 inches of the surface for greater than 5 percent of the growing season. However, rainfall for the Year 4 (2010) growing season was below normal with 16.8 inches of rain occurring from March to August 2010 compared to 30-year historic mean rainfall of 24.0 inches occurring from March to August. Since the Year 4 (2010) monitoring season rainfall was below normal, comparisons to reference groundwater gauges were made. All five groundwater gauges should be considered successful for the Year 4 (2010) monitoring season.

In summary, the restoration site achieved success criteria for vegetation and hydrology attributes in the Fourth Monitoring Year (2010).

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARYi	ĺ
1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND	
1.1 Location and Setting	
1.2 Project Objectives	
1.3 Project Structure, Restoration Type, and Approach	
1.4 Project History and Background	ı
2.0 PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS	
2.1 Vegetation Assessment	
2.1.1 Vegetation Success Criteria	
2.1.2 Vegetative Problem Areas	
2.2 Wetland Assessment)
2.2.1 Wetland Success Criteria)
2.2.2 Wetland Problem Areas)
2.2.3 Wetland Criteria Attainment)
3.0 CONCLUSIONS	,
4.0 REFERENCES	,

FIGURES

Figure 1.	Site Location	2
0	Annual Climatic Data vs. 30-year Historic Rainfall Data	

TABLES

Table 1.	Site Restoration Structures and Objectives	. 3
	Project Activity and Reporting History	
	Project Contacts Table	
	Project Background Table	
	Planted Species and Reference Forest Ecosystem	
Table 6.	Wetland Criteria Attainment for Year 4 (2010)	. 6
Table 7.	Summary of Groundwater Gauge Results	. 8
Table 8.	Summary of Planted Vegetation Plot Results	. 8

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A. VEGETATION DATA

- Vegetation Survey Data Tables
 Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos
 APPENDIX B. HYDROLOGY DATA

	2010	Ground	dwater	Gauge	Data
4	2010	Ground	uwater	Gauge	Data

APPENDIX C. MONITORING PLAN VIEW

1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

1.1 Location and Setting

Restoration Systems, L.L.C. (Restoration Systems) has completed restoration of nonriverine wetlands at the Anderson Swamp Wetland Restoration Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") to assist the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP) in fulfilling wetland mitigation goals in the region. The Site, located approximately 6 miles north of Tarboro in northern Edgecombe County, will provide 17.1 nonriverine wetland mitigation units (Figure 1). The Site is located in United States Geological Survey (USGS) Catologing Unit (CU) 03020102060010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality [NCDWQ] Subbasin 03-03-04) of the Tar Pamlico River Basin and will service the USGS 8-digit CU 03020102.

Directions to the Site from Tarboro, North Carolina, are as follows:

- > Travel north on NC Route 44 for approximately 5 miles
- > At Leggett, turn right on Draughn Road and travel approximately 4 miles
- > Turn right on Bethleham Church Road and travel approximately 1 mile
- > The Site is on the right

1.2 **Project Objectives**

The primary components of the restoration project included 1) ditch cleaning prior to backfill, 2) ditch rerouting, 3) depression construction, 4) impervious ditch plug construction, 5) ditch backfilling, 6) floodplain soil scarification, and 7) plant community restoration.

1.3 Project Structure, Restoration Type, and Approach

A conservation easement has been placed on the Site to incorporate all restoration activities. The Site contains 21.3 acres of hydric soils within an interstream flat and an additional 3.7 acres of upland slopes. The purpose of this project was to restore and enhance nonriverine wetlands within the Site, in addition planting the Site with native woody vegetation.

Prior to construction, the entire tract was utilized for agricultural row crop production and land application of hog lagoon effluent. The Site is situated within a terrace on the western rim of the Fishing Creek floodplain between a headwater tributary to Maple Swamp and an Unnamed Tributary (UT) to Fishing Creek. The landowner regularly dredged the channel in preparation for agricultural practices and an extensive ditch system had been excavated to drain the Site. Site agricultural practices contributed to degraded water quality, decreased wetland function, and decreased headwater storage benefits to Maple Swamp and Fishing Creek.

The primary goals of the nonriverine wetland restoration project focused on improving water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring wildlife habitat and were accomplished by the following.

- 1. Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agricultural row crop production including a) cessation of broadcasting fertilizer, pesticides, and other agricultural chemicals into and adjacent to Site drainage ditches, b) cessation of land application of area hog lagoon effluent, and c) preemption and treatment of agricultural runoff by providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to headwater streams and wetlands.
- 2. Restoring wetland hydroperiods that satisfy wetland jurisdictional requirements and approximate the Site's natural range of variation.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation through removal of interfield ditches and enhancing groundwater storage capacity.



- 4. Restoring and reestablishing natural community structure, habitat diversity, and functional continuity.
- 5. Enhancing and protecting of the Site's full potential of wetland functions and values in perpetuity.

Primary activities at the Site included 1) wetland restoration, 2) wetland enhancement, 3) soil scarification, and 4) plant community restoration. Table 1 describes the Site restoration structures and objectives, which have provided 17.1 Nonriverine Wetland Mitigation Units by the following.

- Restoring approximately 12.9 acres of wetland through filling agricultural ditches, removal of spoil castings, eliminating row crop production activities, and planting with native forest vegetation.
- Enhancing approximately 8.4 acres of wetland through eliminating row crop production activities and planting with native forest vegetation.
- Reforesting the entire floodplain with native forest species.

Restoration Segment/ Reach ID	Station Range	Restoration Type/Approach*	Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	WMUs
Nonriverine Wetlands		Restoration	12.9	1:1	12.9
Nonriverine Wetlands		Enhancement	8.4	2:1	4.2
Mitigation Unit Summations					
Nonriverine Wetland					
17.1 WMU					

Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and Objectives

1.4 **Project History and Background**

Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and background information are summarized in Tables 2-4.

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Activity or Report	Actual Completion or Delivery
Restoration Plan	November 2006
Final Design	February 2007
Construction	March 2007
Planting	March 2007
Mitigation Plan / As-Built	April 2007
Year 1 monitoring	November 2007
Year 2 monitoring	November 2008
Year 3 monitoring	July 2009
Year 4 monitoring	November 2010

 Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Full Delivery Provider	Restoration Systems
run Denvery i tovider	
	1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211
	Raleigh, North Carolina 27604
	George Howard and John Preyer (919) 755-9490
Designer and Years 2-4 (2008-2010)	Axiom Environmental, Inc.
Monitoring Performers	20 Enterprise St, Suite 7
	Raleigh, North Carolina 27607
	W. Grant Lewis (919) 215-1693
Construction Contractor	Anderson Farms
	179 NC 97 East
	Tarboro, NC 27886
	Gary Wilkerson and Richard Anderson (252) 823-4730
Planting Contractor	Carolina Silvics
	908 Indian Trail Road
	Edenton, NC 27932
	Dwight McKinney (919) 523-4375
Year 1 (2007) Monitoring Performers	ARACDIS G&M of North Carolina, Inc.
	801 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 300
	Raleigh, NC 27607
	Ben Furr and Keven Duerr (919) 854-1282

Table 4. Project Background Table

Project County	Edgecombe County, North Carolina
Physiographic Region	Coastal Plain
Ecoregion	Southeastern Plains
Cowardin Classification	PFO1B
Dominant Soil Types	Roanoke loam, Wickham sandy loam
Reference Site ID	Immediately south of Site
USGS HUC	03020102
NCDWQ Subbasin	03-03-04
NCDWQ Classification	WS-IV NSW
Any portion of any project segment 303d listed?	No
Any portion of project upstream of a 303d listed segment?	No
Reasons for 303d listing or stressor	Not Applicable
% of project easement fenced	0%

1.5 Monitoring Plan View

Monitoring activities for the Site, including relevant structures and utilities, project features, specific project structures, and monitoring features are detailed in the monitoring plan view in Appendix C. Site features including vegetation, wetland hydrology, and photographic documentation were monitored in Year 4 (2010).

2.0 PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS

2.1 Vegetation Assessment

Nine vegetation plots (10 meters by 10 meters in size) were sampled in June 2010 for Year 4 (2010) monitoring as outlined in the *CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.0* (Lee et al. 2006) (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm); results are included in Appendix A. The taxonomic standard for vegetation used for this document was *Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and Surrounding Areas* (Weakley 2007). The locations of vegetation monitoring plots were placed to accurately represent the entire Site and are depicted on the monitoring plan view in Appendix C.

2.1.1 Vegetation Success Criteria

Success criteria have been established to verify that the vegetation component supports community elements necessary for floodplain forest development. Success criteria are dependent upon the density and growth of characteristic forest species. Additional success criteria are dependent upon density and growth of "Characteristic Tree Species." Characteristic Tree Species include planted species and species identified through inventory of a reference (relatively undisturbed) forest community used to orient the planting plan. All canopy tree species planted and identified in the reference forest will be utilized to define "Characteristic Tree Species" as termed in the success criteria. Table 5 below outlines planted and reference forest species.

Planted Species	Reference Species
Swamp Black Gum (Nyssa biflora)	Willow Oak (Quercus phellos)
Laurel Oak (Quercus laurifolia)	Swamp Chestnut Oak (Quercus michauxii)
Swamp Chestnut Oak (Quercus michauxii)	Water Oak (Quercus nigra)
Cherrybark Oak (Quercus pagodaefolia)	Sweet Gum (Liquidambar styraciflua)
Water Oak (Quercus nigra)	Loblolly Pine (Pinus taeda)
Willow Oak (Quercus phellos)	Red Maple (<i>Acer rubrum</i>)
Sweetbay (Magnolia virginiana)	River Birch (Betula nigra)
	Swamp Black Gum (Nyssa biflora)
	Highbush Blueberry (Vaccinium corymbosum)
	Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)
	Sweetbay (Magnolia virginiana)
	Horse Sugar (Symplocos tinctoria)
	Sweet Pepperbush (Clethra alnifolia)
	Ironwood (Carpinus caroliniana)
	Spicebush (Lindera benzoin)
	American Holly (<i>Ilex opaca</i>)

Table 5. Planted Species and Reference Forest Ecosystem

Success criteria dictate that an average density of 320 stems per acre of Character Tree Species must be surviving in the first three monitoring years. Subsequently, 290 Character Tree Species per acre must be surviving in year 4 and 260 Character Tree Species per acre in year 5.

2.1.2 Vegetative Problem Areas

Vegetation sampling across the Site was well-above the required average density with 656 planted stems per acre. No vegetation problem areas were noted during the Year 4 (2010) monitoring season.

2.2 Wetland Assessment

Five groundwater monitoring gauges and two reference groundwater gauge were maintained and monitored throughout the Year 4 (2010) growing season. Graphs of groundwater hydrology and precipitation from a nearby rain station in Tarboro (Weather Underground 2010) through April 25, 2010 and an onsite rain gauge after April 25, 2010 are included in Appendix B.

2.2.1 Wetland Success Criteria

Target hydrological characteristics include saturation or inundation for at least 5 percent of the growing season (12 days), during average climatic conditions. This value is based on DRAINMOD simulations for 60 years of rainfall data in an old field stage. These areas are expected to support hydrophytic vegetation. If wetland parameters are marginal as indicated by vegetation and/or hydrology monitoring, a jurisdictional determination will be performed in these areas.

In atypical dry years, the hydroperiod must exceed 75 percent of the hydroperiod exhibited by the reference gauges. Reference gauge data will be used to compare wetland hydroperiods between the restoration areas and relatively undisturbed reference wetlands. This data will supplement regulatory evaluation of success criteria and also provide information that shall allow interpretation of mitigation success in years not supporting "normal" rainfall conditions.

2.2.2 Wetland Problem Areas

No wetland problem areas were identified within the Site during Year 4 (2010) monitoring.

2.2.3 Wetland Criteria Attainment

Three of the five monitored gauges within restoration areas were inundated/saturated within 12 inches of the surface for greater than 5 percent of the growing season, which extends from March 21 to November 10 (235 days) (Table 6). However, rainfall for the Year 4 (2010) growing season was below normal with 16.8 inches of rain occurring from March to August 2010 compared to the 30-year historic mean rainfall of 24.0 inches occurring from March to August. Since the Year 4 (2010) monitoring season rainfall was below normal, comparisons to reference groundwater gauges were made. All five groundwater gauges should be considered successful for the Year 4 (2010) monitoring period. Hydrographs containing groundwater and precipitation data for each gauge can be found in Appendix B.

Gauge ID	Hydrology Threshold Met?	Hydrophytic Vegetation Criteria Met?	Site Mean	Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Site Mean
1	Yes	Yes		1	Yes	
2	Yes	Yes		2	Yes	
3	Yes	Yes	100 %	3	Yes	
4	Yes	Yes		4	Yes	
5	Yes	Yes		5	Yes	100 %
				6	Yes	
				7	Yes	
				8	Yes	1
				9	Yes	

Table 6. Wetland Criteria Attainment for Year 4 (2010)	Table 6.	Wetland Criteria	Attainment for	Year 4 (2010)
--	----------	------------------	----------------	---------------



3.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Site achieved the defined (or targeted) success criteria during a year with less than normal rainfall, with saturation (free water) within one foot of the soil surface for a minimum of 75 percent of the period the reference gauges were saturated during the growing season, for all five Site groundwater gauges in the Fourth Monitoring Year (2010). A summary of groundwater gauge data for the entire monitoring period is included in Table 7. Also, all vegetation plots across the Site were above the required 320 stems per acre with an average of 656 tree stems per acre in the Fourth Monitoring Year (Year 2010) (Table 8).

Gauge	e Success Criteria Achieved/Max Consecutive Days During Growing Season (Percentage)						
	Year 1 (2007)*	Year 2 (2008)*	Year 3 (2009)*	Year 4 (2010)*	Year 5 (2011)		
1	Yes/15 days (6 percent)	Yes/60 days (26 percent)	Yes/32 days (13.6 percent)	Yes/28 days (11.9 percent)			
2	No/1 days (0.4 percent)	No/2 days (0.8 percent)	No/2 days (0.8 percent)	Yes/6 days (2.6 percent)			
3	Yes/15 days (6 percent)	Yes/38 days (16 percent)	Yes/30 days (12.8 percent)	Yes/17 days (7.2 percent)			
4	Yes/6 days (3 percent)	Yes/31 days (13 percent)	Yes/23 days (9.8 percent)	Yes/21 days (8.9 percent)			
5	Yes/7 days (3 percent)	Yes/5 days (2 percent)	Yes/8 days (3.4 percent)	Yes/10 days (4.3 percent)			
Ref 1	7 days (3 percent)	5 days (2 percent)	6 days (2.6 percent)	6 days (2.6 percent)			
Ref 2	7 days (3 percent)	5 days (2 percent)	7 days (3.0 percent)	7 days (3.0 percent)			

*Rainfall was below normal; therefore, Site gauges were compared to reference gauges for success.

Dia4	PI	anted Stems/Acr	e Counting Towa	rds Success Crite	ria
Plot	Year 1 (2007)	Year 2 (2008)	Year 4 (2010)	Year 5 (2011)	
1	607	445	364	526	
2	931	931	931	971	
3	607	607	688	728	
4	647	769	809	769	
5	324	486	526	486	
6	688	728	728	688	
7	364	526	526	567	
8	324	647	607	647	
9	405	526	526	526	
Average of All Plots (1-9)	544	630	634	656	

Table 8. Summary of Planted Vegetation Plot Results

4.0 REFERENCES

- Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. Technical Report Y-87-1. United States Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi.
- Lee, Michael T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2006. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.0. (online). Available: http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA). 2004. Climatography of the United States No. 20; Monthly Station Climate Summaries, 1971-2000. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service, National Climatic Data Center, Asheville, North Carolina.
- Rosgen, D. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology (Publisher). Pagosa Springs, Colorado.
- Weakley, Alan S. 2007. Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and Surrounding Areas (online). Available: <u>http://www.herbarium.unc.edu/WeakleysFlora.pdf</u> [February 1, 2008]. University of North Carolina Herbarium, North Carolina Botanical Garden, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina.
- Weather Underground. 2010. Station in Tarboro (KNCTARBO2) and Rocky Mount Airport (KWRI), North Carolina. (online). Available: http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/WXDailyHistory.asp?ID=KNCTARBO2&graphspa n=custom&month=3&day=1&year=2008&monthend=10&dayend=31&yearend=2008 [November 16, 2010]. Weather Underground.

APPENDIX A VEGETATION DATA

- 1. Vegetation Survey Data Tables
- 2. Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos

CVS Database Survey Data Tables

Living planted stems, excluding live stakes, per acre: Negative (red) numbers indicate the project failed to reach requirements in a particular year.

Project Code	Project Name	River Basin	Year 2010
Anderson	Anderson Swamp	Tar-Pamlico	656.49

Total stems, including planted stems of all kinds (including live stakes) and natural/volunteer stems:

Project Code	Project Name	River Basin	Year 2010				
Anderson	Anderson Swamp	Tar-Pamlico	4631.402359				

Vigor

8									
vigor	Count	Percent							
1	1	0.7							
2	13	8.5							
3	37	24.2							
4	95	62.1							
Missing	7	4.6							

Vigor by Species

Species	CommonName	4	3	2	1	0	Missing	Unknown
Nyssa biflora	swamp tupelo		1	1			1	
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	21	4	1	1			
Quercus nigra	water oak	19	6	1				
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	28	4	3			4	
Quercus phellos	willow oak	27	8					
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay		6	4			1	
Nyssa	tupelo		4	2			1	
Ulmus	elm		4	1				
8	8	95	37	13	1		7	

Damage

Damage	Count	Percent Of Stems
(no damage)	131	85.6
Unknown	11	7.2
Deer	10	6.5
Human Trampled	1	0.7

Damage by Species

Species	CommonName	Count of Damage Categories	(no damage)	Deer	Diseased	Human Trampled
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	4	7			4
Nyssa	tupelo	3	4	2		1
Nyssa biflora	swamp tupelo	1	2			1
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	4	23	2		2
Quercus nigra	water oak	3	23	2	1	
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	3	36			3
Quercus phellos	willow oak	3	32	3		
Ulmus	elm	1	4	1		
8	8	22	131	10	1	11

Damage by Plot

plot	Count of Damage Categories	(no damage)	Deer	Diseased	Human Trampled
1	2	11	1		1
2	3	21	1		2
3	3	15	2		1
4	2	20	1		1
5	3	10			3
6	4	15	1	1	2
7	0	14			
8	3	14	2		1
9	2	11	2		
9	22	131	10	1	11

Plot Information

Plot	Plot Level	Year	Planted Living Stems	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	Dead/Missing Stems	Natural (Volunteer) Stems	Total Living Stems	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	Planted Living Stems per ACRE	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	Natural (Volunteer) Stems PER ACRE	Total Living Stems PER ACRE	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	# species
1	2	4	13	13	0	42	55	55	526	526	1700	2226	2226	3
2	2	4	24	24	0	61	85	85	971	971	2469	3440	3440	3
3	2	4	18	18	0	86	104	104	728	728	3480	4209	4209	4
4	2	4	19	19	3	299	318	318	769	769	12100	12869	12869	2
5	2	4	12	12	1	142	154	154	486	486	5747	6232	6232	5
6	2	4	17	17	2	23	40	40	688	688	931	1619	1619	4
7	2	4	14	14	0	141	155	155	567	567	5706	6273	6273	4
8	2	4	16	16	1	51	67	67	647	647	2064	2711	2711	4
9	2	4	13	13	0	39	52	52	526	526	1578	2104	2104	4

Planted Stems by Plot

Species	Common Name	Stems	# plots	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	10	3	3.33					5	3		2
Nyssa	tupelo	6	2	3					1			5
Nyssa biflora	swamp tupelo	2	1	2					2			
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	27	3	9		17	8				2	
Quercus nigra	water oak	26	6	4.33	6		3		3	8	5	
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	35	8	4.38	5	1	5	11	1	3		5
Quercus phellos	willow oak	35	8	4.38	2	6	2	8		3	4	4
Ulmus	elm	5	2	2.5							3	
8	8	146	8		13	24	18	19	12	17	14	16

Total Stems by Plot (Includes Planted and Natural Recruit Stems)

Species	Common Name	Stems	# plots	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Acer rubrum	red maple	2	1	2		2						
Baccharis halimifolia	eastern baccharis	12	4	3	1	7	1		3			
Betula nigra	river birch	2	1	2				2				
Crataegus	hawthorn	7	2	3.5		1		6				
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	5	1	5		5						
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	252	8	31.5	3	14	15	75	9		69	33
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	10	3	3.33					5	3		2
Nyssa	tupelo	6	2	3					1			5
Nyssa biflora	swamp tupelo	2	1	2					2			
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	592	9	65.78	36	29	67	213	130	23	72	17
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	27	3	9		17	8				2	
Quercus nigra	water oak	26	6	4.33	6		3		3	8	5	
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	38	8	4.75	5	1	7	12	1	3		5
Quercus phellos	willow oak	35	8	4.38	2	6	2	8		3	4	4
Salix nigra	black willow	1	1	1								1
Ulmus	elm	13	6	2.17	2	3	1	2			3	
16	16	1030	16		55	85	104	318	154	40	155	67

Anderson Swamp Wetland Restoration Site Year 4 (2010) Annual Monitoring Vegetation Plot Photos Taken June 2010





Anderson Swamp Wetland Restoration Site Year 4 (2010) Annual Monitoring Vegetation Plot Photos Taken June 2010 (continued)





APPENDIX B HYDROLOGY DATA 2010 Groundwater Gauge Graphs

Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge 1 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge 2 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge 3 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge 4 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge 5 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge Reference 1 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



Anderson Swamp Groundwater Gauge Reference 2 Year 4 (2010 Gauge Data)



APPENDIX C MONITORING PLAN VIEW

