BEST STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION PROJECT MONITORING REPORT MONITORING YEAR 5

FINAL

DUPLIN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA CONTRACT NO. 004631 - PROJECT NO. 95353 USACE Action ID No. 2012-01384 -NCDWR Project No. 13-0865



Prepared for:

Division of Mitigation Services

North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

February 2020



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February 4, 2020

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RE: Best Stream and Wetland Restoration Site: MY5 Monitoring Report (NCDMS ID 95353)

Listed below are comments provided by DMS on January 16, 2020 regarding the Best Stream and Wetland Restoration Site: Year 5 Monitoring Report and RES' responses.

1. Digital drawings:

a. UT2 2+30 to 30+30, UT7, UT10, Wetland 3B, and Wetland 3A geodatabase features match reported assets. All other features in the geodatabase lack parity to the reported assets. Please provide DMS with GIS shapefiles that properly characterize creditable assets or georeferenced CAD files if you no longer have the shapefiles. Mitigation plan GIS shapefiles are attached.

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b. Please make note of the gauge type (e.g. transducer, RDS etc.) used in the flow and well excel data files. Please also label any probe or benchmark elevations, the raw and corrected readings of the water elevations, and any offsets applied. DMS needs to be able to clearly identify these key elevations before incorporating these into the DMS database for independent calculation/verification.

Done.

2. Section 2.1.2

a. The 3rd sentence states that "Starting in MY3, BHR was calculated on riffles using the baseline bankfull elevation." Please add a sentence explaining that BHR was calculated in MY5 according to the Industry Technical Workgroup memorandum. Done

3. Section 5.1.2

a. The 4th sentence states "Vegetation Plot 2 is dominated by blackberry bushes and was replanted in January 2018..." Please clarify this statement. It reads as if the veg plot itself was targeted for replanting which would be problematic. Done



4. Appendix D

a. Please show on the cross section graphs the line that encompasses the MY0 cross sectional area below the line.

Done.

b. BHRs below 1.0 can be reported as <1. Done.

c. As discussed during the site visit, please add a note to XS-31 explaining the reported BHR of 3.7.

A footnote has been added to Table 11 about the BHR on all Enhancement I reaches.

5. Appendix E:

a. Table 13 – The bankfull event table should be cumulative with prior years' data included. Done.

Best Duplin County, North Carolina DMS Project ID 95353

Cape Fear River Basin HUC 03030007060010

Prepared by:



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1 PROJECT GOALS, BACKGROUND AND ATTRIBUTES

1.1 Location and Setting

The Best Stream and Wetland Site is located in Duplin County approximately two miles east of Beulaville, NC (**Figure 1**). To access the downstream end of the site from the town of Beulaville, travel 0.6 miles east on NC HWY 24, take a right onto Lyman Road (SR 1801), and continue 1.6 miles southeast to the crossing with Muddy Creek. Reaches UT7, UT8, UT9, UT10 and the lower end of Muddy Creek may all be accessed from Lyman Road. Reaches UT5 and UT6 are located just south of NC HWY 24, approximately 1.9 miles east of Beulaville. The upstream portion of the site may be accessed from two locations. Reaches UT1, UT2 and Muddy Creek are located to the south of NC HWY 24, opposite of the intersection of NC HWY 24 and Penny Road (SR 1720), approximately 2.8 miles east of Beulaville. To access reaches UT3, UT4 and Muddy Creek, travel 3.2 miles east on NC HWY 24 from Beulaville to Edwards Road (SR 1835), continue south for approximately 1.0 mile, turn right onto Put Lane, and follow the road down to Reaches UT3 and UT4.

1.2 Project Goals and Objectives

The Best stream and wetland mitigation project will provide numerous ecological and water quality benefits within the Cape Fear River Basin. While many of these benefits are limited to the project area, others, such as pollutant removal and improved aquatic and terrestrial habitat, have more farreaching effects. Expected improvements to water quality, hydrology, and habitat are outlined below.

	Benefits Related to Water Quality
Nutrient removal	Benefit will be achieved through filtering of runoff from adjacent CAFOs through buffer areas, the conversion of active farm fields to forested buffers, improved denitrification and nutrient uptake through buffer zones, and installation of BMPs at the headwaters of selected reaches and ditch outlets.
Sediment removal	Benefit will be achieved through the stabilization of eroding stream banks and reduction of sediment loss from field areas due to lack of vegetative cover. Channel velocities will also be decreased through a reduction in slope, therefore decreasing erosive forces.
Increase dissolved oxygen concentration	Benefit will be achieved through the construction of instream structures to increase turbulence and dissolved oxygen concentrations and lower water temperature to increase dissolved oxygen capacity.
Runoff filtration	Benefit will be achieved through the restoration of buffer areas that will receive and filter runoff, thereby reducing nutrients and sediment concentrations reaching water bodies downstream.
	Benefits to Flood Attenuation
Water storage	Benefit will be achieved through the restoration of buffer areas which will infiltrate more water during precipitation events than under current site conditions.
Improved groundwater recharge	Benefit will be achieved through the increased storage of precipitation in buffer areas, ephemeral depressions, and reconnection of existing floodplain. Greater storage of water will lead to improved infiltration and groundwater recharge.
Improved/restored hydrologic connections	Benefit will be achieved by restoring the stream to a natural meandering pattern with an appropriately sized channel, such that the channel's floodplain will be flooded more frequently at flows greater than the bankfull stage.
	Benefits Related to Ecological Processes
Restoration of habitats	Benefit will be achieved by restoring riparian buffer habitat to appropriate bottomland hardwood ecosystem.

Design Goals and Objectives

Improved substrate and instream cover	Benefit will be achieved through the construction of instream structures designed to improve bedform diversity and to trap detritus. Substrate will become coarser as a result of the stabilization of stream banks and an overall decrease in the amount of fine materials deposited in the stream.
Addition of large woody debris	Benefit will be achieved through the addition of wood structures as part of the restoration design. Such structures may include log vanes, root wads, and log weirs.
Reduced temperature of water due to shading	Benefit will be achieved through the restoration of canopy tree species to the stream buffer areas.
Restoration of terrestrial habitat	Benefit will be achieved through the restoration of riparian buffer bottomland hardwood habitats.

The North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS) develops River Basin Restoration Priorities (RBRP) to guide its restoration activities within each of the state's 54 cataloging units. RBRPs delineate specific watersheds that exhibit both the need and opportunity for wetland, stream and riparian buffer restoration. These TLWs receive priority for DMS planning and restoration project funds. Currently, no Local Watershed Plan (LWP) is available for the project area.

The 2009 Cape Fear River Basin River Basin Restoration Priorities (RPRP) identified HUC 03030007060010 as a Targeted Local Watershed (TLW). The watershed is characterized by 52 percent agricultural land use area with Muddy Creek identified as Impaired for aquatic life because of a Fair benthic community rating. The Best Stream and Wetland Restoration Project was identified as a stream and wetland opportunity to improve water quality, habitat, and hydrology within the TLW.

The project goals address stressors identified in the TLW and include the following:

- Nutrient removal,
- Sediment removal,
- Reducing runoff from animal operations,
- Filtration of runoff, and
- Improved aquatic and terrestrial habitat.

The project goals will be addressed through the following project objectives:

- Establishing riparian buffer areas adjacent to CAFOs,
- Converting active farm field to forested buffers,
- Stabilization of eroding stream banks,
- Improving and protecting portions of headwater systems that discharge to a 303d listed stream,
- Reduction in stream bank slope,
- Restoration of riparian buffer bottomland hardwood habitats, and
- Construction of in-stream structures designed to improve bedform diversity and trap detritus.

The Best stream and wetland mitigation project is located within the northern (upstream) portion of the TLW and includes sections of Muddy Creek (303d listed) and headwater streams that discharge into Muddy Creek. Due to its location and improvements, the project provides numerous ecological and water quality benefits within the Cape Fear River Basin. While many of these benefits are limited to the project area, others, such as pollutant removal and improved aquatic and terrestrial habitat, have more far-reaching effects. Many of the project design goals and objectives, including restoration of riparian buffers to filter runoff from agricultural operations and improve terrestrial habitat, and construction of in-stream structures to improve habitat diversity, addresses the degraded water quality and nutrient input from farming that were identified as major watershed stressors in the 2009 Cape Fear RBRP.

1.3 Project Structure

Following 2016 monitoring the NCIRT requested a review of the differential between the Approved Mitigation Plan and Baseline Monitoring Report. RES does not plan on submitting an asset revision and will revert to the Approved Mitigation Plan assets. The assets under the "Proposed SMUs" and "Proposed WMUs" are the Approved Mitigation Plan assets.

Reach	Mitigation Type*	Proposed Length (LF)	Mitigation Ratio	Proposed SMUs	Baseline SMUs
UT1	P1 Restoration	1,723	1:1	1,723	1,757
UT1	SP & BE	303	1:5	61	56
UT2	P1 Restoration	2,770	1:1	2,770	2,772
UT2	SP & BE	309	1:5	62	66
UT3	Enhancement II	812	1:2.5	325	325
UT3	SP & BE	64	1:5	13	13
UT4	HV Restoration	510	1:1	510	494
UT4	SP & BE	655	1:5	131	129
UT5	SP & BE	4,043	1:5	809	809
UT6	Enhancement I	538	1:1.5	359	359
UT7	SP & BE	3,183	1:5	637	637
UT8	Enhancement I	825	1:1.5	550	510
UT8	SP & BE	313	1:5	63	63
UT9	SP & BE	1,171	1:5	234	221
UT10	SP & BE	768	1:5	154	154
Muddy Creek	SP & BE	9,073	1:5	1,815	1,815
	Total	27,060		10,213	10,178

*P1=Priority 1, SP & BE= Steram Preservation and Buffer Enhancement, HV= Headwater Valley **The contracted amount of credits for this Site is 10,133 SMUs

Wetland	Mitigation Type	Mitigation Area (ac)	Mitigation Ratio	Proposed WMUs	Baseline WMUs
W1	Restoration	3.66	1:1	3.66	3.77
W2	Restoration	0.29	1:1	0.29	0.31
W3A	Restoration	0.58	1:1	0.58	0.58
W3B	Restoration	0.59	1:1	0.59	0.59
	Total	5.12		5.12	5.25

*The contracted amount of credits for this Site is 4.40 WMUs

1.3.1 Restoration Type and Approach

UT1

Priority Level 1 restoration was completed for UT1 to address all existing impairments, particularly the greatly oversized channel and lack of bedform diversity. The design approach included meandering the channel within the natural valley and backfilling the existing stream. A minimum 50 foot buffer was established and planted with native riparian vegetation. Because the pre-existing buffer was devoid of significant woody vegetation, woody debris was installed along the bed to

improve in-stream habitat. Livestock was excluded with fencing installed along the easement boundary. An existing CMP culvert located along the middle of the reach was removed and replaced downstream at station 13+75 to allow the landowner access to both sides of the property. Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed for the downstream section of the channel where it flows through a forested buffer down to the confluence with Muddy Creek. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT2

Similar to UT1, Priority 1 restoration was completed for UT2 to address historic straightening and channel enlargement. The existing channel was backfilled, and the restored channel was relocated such that it meanders within the existing valley. A diffuse flow structure was installed at the ditch adjacent to the proposed crossing. The structure was placed such that flows from the existing ditch will be attenuated to establish sheet flow as the water enters the restored channel. All areas within the minimum 50 foot buffer were planted with native riparian vegetation. An existing 60" CMP culvert located at station 20+25 of the reach was removed and replaced with a 48" HDPE culvert to allow the landowner access to the entire property. Additionally, the existing culvert at the upstream end of UT2 was upgraded to a 48" HDPE culvert and reset to more effectively transition the existing channel upstream into the project stream. Priority Level I restoration was appropriate for this channel because it was the only mitigation approach that would address bed and bank instability, establish a forested riparian buffer, and significantly enhance aquatic habitat. Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed for the most downstream section, where the channel enters the existing forested buffer, down to its confluence with Muddy Creek. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT3

Enhancement Level II was completed on Reach UT3 due to the channel's stability and appropriate size. The design approach on this reach focused on improving the riparian buffer. The existing hog lagoon located within buffer on the west side of the reach has remained in place, preventing the generation of stream credits for approximately 600 linear feet. Through this section, the left buffer was extended out to a minimum of 75 feet along the left bank, and the right buffer was extended just past top of bank. The existing crossing located at station 8+50 was replaced and upgraded with a 30" HDPE pipe, allowing the landowner continued access across his property. Additional bank grading

and stabilization was included in the culvert replacement. The grading of pools and the installation of woody debris structures was performed along the reach to improve aquatic habitat. Upstream of the crossing, a 75-foot buffer was restored along the east bank where the channel currently flowed through an active pasture. A 100-foot buffer was implemented for the headwater origin point to further protect water quality from cattle access. Cattle have been excluded with fencing. All areas within the buffer were planted with native riparian vegetation. Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was implemented along the downstream end where the channel enters the Muddy Creek floodplain. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT4

Headwater valley restoration was completed for the upper section of UT4. The existing channel was backfilled, and flow was directed from its current position east back to the historic valley location. A minor amount of earthwork was completed in the headwater valley restoration apart from ditch plugging to tie the existing ditch back to the natural valley. Areas within the 100 foot buffer that were disturbed or lacked riparian vegetation were planted. Cattle were excluded from the buffer through the installation of fencing. An existing 15" CPP culvert crossing located at station 8+50 of the reach was removed and replaced with triple 18" HDPE culverts. This crossing was relocated to the low spot in the valley to allow the landowner continued access to an agricultural field west of the channel. Downstream of the crossing, a smaller low flow channel was constructed within the natural valley. This segment now connects the upstream headwater valley section to the existing channel approximately 230 feet below the crossing. Due to the stable nature of the buffer along the downstream reach of UT4, Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was implemented from just downstream of the crossing to the confluence with Muddy Creek. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT5

Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed on UT5. The channel is stable throughout the easement and provides a variety of aquatic habitats. The easement boundary extends a minimum of 50 feet outward from the stream channel, or the limit of adjacent riparian wetlands, whichever is wider. The riparian buffer is an intact hardwood forest with localized areas of privet. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional

treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT6

Enhancement Level I was completed on UT6. The mitigation approach on this reach focused on bank stabilization, bedform diversity, and improving the riparian buffer. The existing channel was impaired by channelization, vertical un-vegetated banks, and a dense privet understory within the buffer. The grading of pools, grade control structures, and the installation of woody debris structures were implemented along the reach to improve aquatic habitat. All disturbed areas within the riparian buffer were planted with native riparian vegetation.

UT7

Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed on UT7. The channel is stable throughout the easement and provides a variety of aquatic habitats. The easement boundary extends a minimum of 50 feet outward from the stream channel, or the limit of adjacent riparian wetlands, whichever is wider. The riparian buffer is an intact hardwood forest with localized areas of privet. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT8

Enhancement Level I was completed on UT8. The mitigation approach on this reach focused on bank stabilization, bedform diversity, and riparian buffer restoration. The existing channel was impaired by channelization, localized bank instability, and cleared agricultural land in the buffer. Stabilization activities included grading a floodplain bench, installing grade control structures, and installing woody debris structures to improve hydraulic efficiency and aquatic habitat. All disturbed areas within the riparian buffer were planted with native riparian vegetation. Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed on 313 linear feet where the channel enters the existing forested buffer, down to its confluence with Muddy Creek. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT9

Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed on UT9. The stream is channelized, but stable throughout the easement. The active channel is meandering within the larger excavated channel bottom. The riparian buffer is intact hardwood forest with localized areas of privet. The easement boundary extends a minimum of 50 feet outward from the stream channel, or to the limit of adjacent riparian wetlands, whichever is wider. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

UT10

Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed on UT10. The channel is stable throughout the easement and provides a variety of aquatic habitats. The easement boundary extends a minimum of 50 feet outward from the stream channel, or the limit of adjacent riparian wetlands, whichever is wider. The riparian buffer is an intact hardwood forest with localized areas of privet. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

Muddy Creek

Stream Preservation and Buffer Enhancement was completed for the majority of Muddy Creek. The buffer was restored and increased to a width of 75 feet along the south side. Buffer enhancement activities included the treatment of invasive exotic species by herbicide applications and/or mechanical control as well as planting bare root seedlings in sparsely vegetated areas. RES will continue to conduct invasive species treatments on an as needed basis. Additional treatments will be dependent on monitoring results and regulatory agency guidance. These treatments will be timed in accordance with specific invasive exotic plant phenology for the most effective control. Considering such factors as the influence of established invasive exotics on adjacent land, it is not feasible to expect complete eradication of the targeted invasive species. However, RES does expect to achieve significant reduction of targeted invasive exotic species through this control plan. The goal of the treatment program is control of invasive exotic species such that the target natural communities are present and on a positive trajectory at project closeout.

Wetland W1

Wetland W1 is located at the headwater of UT1 and has a natural constriction at the outlet. The soil is a sandy loam/loamy sandy underlain by clayey textured subsoil that forms an effective restrictive

layer to groundwater loss. This area receives runoff from NC HWY 24. Based upon soil and landscape position, it is likely this area has a seasonal seepage along the upper boundary.

Site modifications included removal of dredged and excavated materials, plugging the ditch, and raising the streambed elevation to bring the water table closer to the ground surface. Additional temporal habitat was constructed to eliminate surface leveling and smoothing for agricultural use. The temporal habitat is variable to mimic sloughs, oxbows, root-tips and other shallow natural features. During monitoring, beaver activity will be controlled to allow the site to stabilize and vegetative community to establish. After the monitoring period, the site is designed to promote and tolerate beaver activity. No hydrologic trespass is anticipated due to beaver activity in this wetland. These modifications will increase storage and eliminate the rapid loss of surface water. This area may receive limited overbank flows due to location in the headwater of UT1. Subsoil ripping and roughing of the soil surface water retention, infiltration, and increase storage that would be present in natural wetland systems.

Wetland W2

Wetland W2 is located at the toe slope along Muddy Creek and UT2. The soil is a sandy loam/loamy sandy underlain by sandy clay loam and sandy clay. This site is at a low elevation and is influenced by the water table on the floodplain of Muddy Creek. It is unlikely that groundwater loss is significant during most of the year. This area has a small watershed, but flooding from UT2 and Muddy Creek will increase hydrologic storage.

Hydrology was restored by removing dredge material along the channel and raising the streambed elevation, bringing the water table closer to the ground surface. Site modifications included subsoil ripping, crown removal, and surface roughing of the area. Additional temporal habitat was constructed to eliminate the surface leveling and smoothing for agricultural use. The temporal habitat is variable to mimic sloughs, root-tips and other shallow natural features. This ameliorates past soil leveling and compaction and creates an uneven surface more conducive of infiltration and storage that would be present in natural wetland systems.

Wetland W3

Wetland W3 is composed of two similar area (W3a and W3b) located at the toe slope along Muddy Creek. A low finger of soil separates them. The soil in these areas is a loamy sand/sandy loam. The surrounding upland is underlain by clayey subsoil that forms an effective restrictive layer that lateral flow rides provide additional hydrological input. A ditch is located upslope of these areas and alongside W3a that drains to Muddy Creek.

The soil is a sandy loam/loamy sand. The surrounding upland has a sandy clay loam and sandy clay that form an effective restrictive layer that lateral flow rides provide additional hydrological input. Both areas have small watersheds, but W3b receives groundwater seepage along the toe of slope diverted by the upslope ditch.

Hydrology was restored by filling ditches and enhancing the concave topography by removing soil material where cultivation had filled low features and leveled the surface to facilitate cultivation. Additional groundwater seepage diverted by the ditch was restored to these wetlands. Temporal habitat was constructed to eliminate the surface leveling and smoothing for agricultural use. Subsoil ripping and surface roughing of the area was performed to ameliorate soil compaction and create an uneven surface more conducive of infiltration and storage that would be present in natural wetland systems.

1.4 Project History, Contacts and Attribute Data

1.4.1 Project History

The Best Stream and Wetland Restoration Site was restored by Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC (RES) through a full-delivery contract awarded by NCDMS in 2012. **Tables 2, 3, and 4** in **Appendix A** provide a time sequence and information pertaining to the project activities, history, contacts, and baseline information.

1.4.2 Project Watersheds

The easement totals 142.7 acres and the project streams include ten unnamed tributaries to Muddy Creek and a portion of Muddy Creek extending from approximately 0.3 miles west of Edwards Road to 0.4 miles past Lyman Road. The total drainage area at the downstream limits of the project is 2,928 acres (4.58 mi²). The land use in the project watershed is approximately 47 percent cultivated cropland, 21 percent evergreen and deciduous forest, 13 percent shrub/scrub, ten percent bottomland forest/hardwood swamp, three percent developed, and six percent managed herbaceous cover and pasture.

UT1 has a drainage area of 0.06 square miles (41 acres), and flows in a southerly direction to the confluence with Muddy Creek. UT2 flows south to its confluence with Muddy Creek and has a drainage area of 0.23 square miles (146 acres). UT3 is located to the south of Muddy Creek, opposite of UT2, and flows to the north and into Muddy Creek. This reach has a drainage area of 0.09 square miles (56 acres). UT4 is located to the west of UT3 and discharges to Muddy Creek. This reach has a drainage area of 0.13 square miles (82 acres). UT5 flows in a southerly direction from NC HWY 24 to Muddy Creek and has a drainage area of 0.59 square miles (380 acres). UT6 flows southeast to its confluence with UT5 and has a drainage area of 0.12 square miles (79 acres). UT7 flows in a southerly direction east of Lyman Road down to its confluence with UT5 before discharging to Muddy Creek. UT7 has a drainage area of 0.60 square miles (387 acres). UT8 has a drainage area of 0.09 square miles (56 acres), and flows in an easterly direction through a cultivated field east of Lyman Road down to the confluence with UT7. UT9 flows southeast to its confluence with Muddy Creek and has a drainage area of 0.06 square miles (36 acres). UT10 is the downstream-most tributary within the Best Site and flows in a westerly direction from a farm crossing west of Lyman Road down to Muddy Creek. UT10 has a drainage area of 0.48 square miles (306 acres). Muddy Creek is a stable swamp stream system with intact hardwood forest floodplain, extending from approximately 0.3 miles west of Edwards Road to 0.5 miles south of Lyman Road. Muddy Creek has a drainage area of 4.6 square miles (2,930 acres) at the downstream limits and has an existing length of 9,214 linear feet.

2 Success Criteria

The success criteria for the Best Site will follow accepted and approved success criteria presented in the USACE Stream Mitigation Guidelines and subsequent NCDMS and agency guidance. Specific success criteria components are presented below.

2.1 Stream Restoration

2.1.1 Bankfull Events

Two bankfull flow events must be documented within the seven-year monitoring period. The two bankfull events must occur in separate years. Otherwise, the stream monitoring will continue until

two bankfull events have been documented in separate years. Bankfull events will be documented using crest gauges, auto-logging crest gauges, photographs, and visual assessments for evidence of debris rack lines.

2.1.2 Cross Sections

There should be little change in as-built cross-sections. If changes do take place, they should be evaluated to determine if they represent a movement toward a less stable condition (for example down-cutting or erosion), or are minor changes that represent an increase in stability (for example settling, vegetative changes, deposition along the banks, or decrease in width/depth ratio). Starting in MY3, BHR was calculated on riffles using the baseline bankfull elevation. This method was used because the dimension of the channels has not changed enough to alter the bankfull elevation. Starting in MY5, BHR was calculated according to the Industry Technical Workgroup memorandum. Two cross sections on Enhancement I reaches did exceed 1.2 but both have baseline bankfull elevations below top of bank. Cross-sections are classified using the Rosgen stream classification method, and all monitored cross-sections should fall within the quantitative parameters defined for channels of the design stream type.

2.1.3 Bank Pin Arrays

Bank pin arrays will be used as a supplemental method to monitor erosion on selected meander bends where there is not a cross section. Bank pin arrays will be installed along the outer bend of the meander. Bank pins will be installed just above the water surface and every two feet above the lowest pin. Bank pin exposure will be recorded at each monitoring event, and the exposed pin will be driven flush with the bank, there should be little change in as-built cross-sections. If changes do take place, they should be evaluated to determine if they represent a movement toward a less stable condition (for example down-cutting or erosion), or are minor changes that represent an increase in stability (for example settling, vegetative changes, deposition along the banks, or decrease in width/depth ratio). Cross-sections shall be classified using the Rosgen stream classification method, and all monitored cross-sections should fall within the quantitative parameters defined for channels of the design stream type.

2.1.4 Digital Image Stations

Digital images are used to subjectively evaluate channel aggradation or degradation, bank erosion, success of riparian vegetation, and effectiveness of erosion control measures. Longitudinal images should not indicate the absence of developing bars within the channel or an excessive increase in channel depth. Lateral images should not indicate excessive erosion or continuing degradation of the banks over time. A series of images over time should indicate successional maturation of riparian vegetation.

2.2 Wetland Restoration

Success criteria and monitoring for wetland hydrology within the wetland restoration areas on the site follows NCDMS Guidance dated 7 November 2011. The target minimum wetland hydroperiod is 9 percent of the growing season. Stream hydrology and water balance calculations indicate the wetland area will meet jurisdictional criteria (5 percent hydroperiod). However, due to immature vegetation and reduced PET, a longer success criterion is appropriate. Auto recording gauges are used to measure daily groundwater elevations throughout the Sampson County growing season in all 7 years of monitoring.

If a hydrology gauge location fails to meet these success criteria in the seven-year monitoring period then monitoring may be extended, remedial actions may be undertaken, or groundwater modeling may be used to demonstrate the limits of wetland restoration.

2.3 Vegetation Success Criteria

Specific and measurable success criteria for plant density within the wetland restoration and riparian buffers on the site will follow NCDMS Guidance dated 7 November 2011. Vegetation monitoring plots are a minimum of 0.02 acres in size, and cover a minimum of two percent of the planted area. The following data is recorded for all trees in the plots: species, height, planting date (or volunteer), and grid location. Monitoring occurs in the fall of Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7. The interim measures of vegetative success for the site is the survival of at least 320 three-year old planted trees per acre at the end of Year 3, and 260 planted trees per acre at the end of Year 7 of the monitoring period.

Invasive and noxious species will be monitored and controlled so that none become dominant or alter the desired community structure of the site. If necessary, RES will develop a species-specific control plan.

2.4 Scheduling/Reporting

The monitoring program will be implemented to document system development and progress toward achieving the success criteria. The restored stream morphology is assessed to determine the success of the mitigation. The monitoring program will be undertaken for seven years or until the final success criteria are achieved, whichever is longer.

Monitoring reports will be prepared in the fall of each year of monitoring and submitted to NCDMS. The monitoring reports will include all information, and be in the format required by NCDMS in Version 2.0 of the NCDMS Monitoring Report Template (Oct. 2010).

3 MONITORING PLAN

Annual monitoring data will be reported using the DMS monitoring template. Annual monitoring shall be conducted for stream, wetland, and vegetation monitoring parameters as noted below.

3.1 Stream Restoration

3.1.1 As-Built Survey

An as-built survey was conducted following construction to document channel size, condition, and location. The survey includes a complete profile of thalweg, water surface, bankfull, and top of bank to compare with future geomorphic data. Longitudinal profiles will not be required in annual monitoring reports unless requested by NCDMS or USACE.

3.1.2 Bankfull Events

Six sets of manual and auto-logging crest gauges were installed on the site, one along UT1, UT2, UT3, UT4, UT6, and one along UT8. The auto logging crest gauges were installed within the channel and will continuously record flow conditions at an hourly interval. Manual crest gauges were installed on the bank at bankfull elevation. Crest gauges will be checked during each site visit to determine if a bankfull event has occurred since the last site visit. Crest gauge readings and debris rack lines will be photographed to document evidence of bankfull events. Flow days will be reported on headwater valley restoration reaches.

3.1.3 Cross Sections

A total of 31 permanent cross sections were installed to monitor channel dimensions and stability. Twelve cross sections were installed along UT1 where Priority 1 restoration was performed. Twelve cross sections (six pools and six shallows) were installed along UT2 also. UT4 has a total of two cross sections installed throughout its length. Stream segment UT6 has two cross sections installed along its length where enhancement activities were performed. On the UT8 side of the project, a total of three cross sections along each stream reach. Each cross section was permanently marked with 3/8 rebar pin to establish a monument location at each end. A marker pole was also installed at both ends of each cross section to allow ease locating during monitoring activities. Cross section surveys will be performed once a year during annual monitoring years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7 and will include all breaks in slope including top of bank, bottom of bank, streambed, edge of water, and thalweg.

3.1.4 Digital Image Stations

Digital photographs will be taken at least once a year to visually document stream and vegetation conditions. This monitoring practice will continue for seven years following construction and planting. Permanent photo point locations at cross sections and vegetation plots have been established so that the same directional view and location may be repeated each monitoring year. Monitoring photographs will also be used to document any stream and vegetation problematic areas such as erosion, stream and bank instability, easement encroachment and vegetation damage.

3.1.5 Bank Pin Arrays

Eight bank pin array sets have been installed at pool cross sections located along UT1 and UT2. These bank pin arrays were installed along the upstream and downstream third of the meander. Bank pins are a minimum of three feet long, and have been installed just above the water surface and every two feet above the lowest pin. Bank pin exposure will be recorded at each monitoring event, and the exposed pin will be driven flush with the bank.

3.1.6 Visual Assessment Monitoring

Visual monitoring of all mitigation areas is conducted a minimum of twice per monitoring year by qualified individuals. The visual assessments include vegetation density, vigor, invasive species, and easement encroachments. Visual assessments of stream stability include a complete stream walk and structure inspection. Digital images are taken at fixed representative locations to record each monitoring event as well as any noted problem areas or areas of concern. Results of visual monitoring are presented in a plan view exhibit with a brief description of problem areas and digital images. Photographs will be used to subjectively evaluate channel aggradation or degradation, bank erosion, success of riparian vegetation, and effectiveness of erosion control measures. Longitudinal photos should indicate the absence of developing bars within the channel or an excessive increase in channel depth. Lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or continuing degradation of the banks over time. A series of photos over time should indicate successional maturation of riparian vegetation.

3.1.7 Surface Flow

The headwater valley restoration area on UT4 will be monitored to document intermittent or seasonal surface flow. This will be accomplished through direct observation, photo documentation of dye tests, and continuous flow monitoring devices (pressure transducers). An auto logging crest gauge has been installed within the headwater valley channel and will continuously record flow conditions at an hourly interval. This gauge will be downloaded during each site visit to determine if intermittent or seasonal flows conditions are present.

3.2 Wetland Hydrology

Wetland hydrology will be monitored to document hydric conditions in the wetland restoration areas. This will be accomplished with automatic recording pressure transducer gauges installed in representative locations across the restoration areas and reference wetland areas. A total of twelve automatic recording pressure transducers (Auto-Wells) have been installed on the site. Nine auto-wells have been installed within the wetland restoration area and three within reference areas. The gauges will be downloaded quarterly and wetland hydroperiods will be calculated during the growing season. Gauge installation followed current regulatory and DMS guidance. Visual observations of primary and secondary wetland hydrology indicators will also be recorded during quarterly site visits.

3.3 Vegetation

A total of 23 vegetation plots were randomly established within the planted stream riparian buffer easement. Vegetation plots measure 10 meters by 10 meters or 5 meters by 20 meters (0.02 acres) and have all four corners marked with metal posts. Planted woody vegetation was assessed within each plot to establish a baseline dataset. Within each vegetation plot, each planted stem was identified for species, "X" and "Y" origin located, and measured for height. Reference digital photographs were also captured to document baseline conditions. Species composition, density, growth patterns, damaged stems, and survival ratios will be measured and reported on an annual basis. Vegetation plot data will be reported for each plot as well as an overall site average.

4 MAINTENANCE AND CONTINGENCY PLAN

All identified problematic areas or areas of concern such as stream bank erosion/instability, aggradation/degradation, lack of targeted vegetation, and invasive/exotic species which prevent the site from meeting performance success criteria will be evaluated on a case by case basis. These areas will be documented and remedial actions will be discussed amongst NCDMS staff to determine a plan of action. If it is determined remedial action is required, a plan will be provided.

4.1 Stream

The three stream problems that were identified during the Year 4 monitoring period are no longer problems in Year 5. The minor bank erosion on UT4 at station 10+20 has stabilized and the relic channel along UT4 that caused the road to washout and floodplain erosion was repaired in December 2018.

4.2 Wetlands

One wetland problem area was noted during the Year 5 monitoring period. AW7 did not meet success for the third time in five years. If this well continues to not meet success, RES will perform a wetland delineation in W3B to remove the unsuccessful area from crediting.

4.3 Vegetation

One vegetation problem was identified during the Year 5 monitoring period. This vegetation problem area is documented (**Table 6** and **Table 8**) and mapped on the CCPV (**Figure 3a**) as part of the annual monitoring report. Vegetation problem area 1 (VPA1) is an area where the invasive species mimosa (*Albizia julibrissin*) and Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) are present along UT1 and Wetland 1. This area is approximately a tenth of an acre in size, and is well vegetated with native trees and native herbaceous cover (VP1 still has 440 planted stems per acre). RES plans to continue treat the invasive species in this area with mechanical and chemical applications. The poor growth and low stem density areas reported in MY4 along UT1 and UT3 were replanted in January 2018.

5 YEAR 5 MONITORING CONDITIONS (MY5)

The Best Site Year 5 Monitoring activities were completed in July and October 2019. All Year 5 monitoring data is present below and in the appendices.

5.1 Year 5 Monitoring Data Collection

5.1.1 Morphological State of the Channel

All morphological stream data for the MY5 dimensions were collected during the annual monitoring survey performed during July 2019. **Appendix D** includes summary data tables, morphological parameters, and stream photographs.

Profile

The baseline (MY-0) profiles closely matched the proposed design profiles. The plotted longitudinal profiles can be found on the As-Built Drawings. Longitudinal profiles will not be performed in annual monitoring reports unless requested by NCDMS or USACE. Morphological summary data tables can be found in **Table 10**.

Dimension

The Year 5 (MY5) cross sectional dimensions closely match the baseline and MY3 cross section parameters. Minimal changes were noted during Year 5 cross section surveys resulting from stable bed and bank conditions. Cross Section 26 shows a slight shift in dimension from the previous years which was most likely caused by a middle channel bar that formed on the flow gauge directly upstream of this cross section. All cross-section plots and data tables can be found in **Table 11 and Figure 7**.

Sediment Transport

The Year 5 conditions show that shear stress and velocities have been reduced for all six restoration reaches. Pre-construction conditions documented all six reaches as sand bed channels and remain classified as sand bed channels post-construction. Visual assessments (**Table 5**) show the channels are transporting sediment as designed and will continue to be monitored for aggradation and degradation.

Bank Pin Arrays

Eight pool cross section locations with bank pin arrays were observed and measured for bank erosion located on the outside meander bends. If bank pin exposure was noticeable, it was measured, recorded, photographed, and then driven flush with the bank at each monitoring location. No bank pin array readings were recorded during the Year 5 monitoring season. Bank pin array data tables can be found in **Table 12**.

5.1.2 Vegetation

The Year 5 monitoring (MY5) vegetation survey was completed in October 2019 and resulted in an average of 725 planted stems per acre, well above the interim survival density of 260 stems per acre at the end of Year 5 monitoring. The average stems per vegetation plot was 18 planted stems. The minimum planted stem per acre was 243 and the maximum was 1,255. Vegetation Plots 2 and 18 fell below the interim success criteria. The area in and around Vegetation Plot 2 is dominated by blackberry bushes and was replanted in January 2018 but not all the replanted stems in the plot survived. Vegetation Plot 18 showed signs of heavy browsing and is located in a forested area. These areas are not considered problem areas in MY5 as RES believes their general locations are trending towards the final vegetation success criteria. Volunteers were noted in a few vegetation plots on the

site and were recorded within the CVS-EEP Data entry tool. The average planted stem height was 9.1 feet. Vegetation summary data tables can be found in **Table 9** and vegetation plot photos in **Figure 4**.

5.1.3 Photo Documentation

Permanent photo point locations have been established at cross sections, vegetation plots, stream crossings, and stream structures by RES staff. Any additional problem areas or areas of concern will also be documented with a digital photograph during monitoring activities. Stream digital photographs can be found in **Figure 5 and 7** and **Figures 4 and 6** for vegetation photos.

5.1.4 Stream Hydrology

Six sets of manual and auto-logging crest gauges were installed on the site, one along UT1, UT2, UT3, UT4, UT6, and one along UT8. The auto logging crest gauges were installed within the channel and continuously record flow conditions at an hourly interval. Five of five crest gauges recorded bankfull events during the Year 5 monitoring period (**Table 13; Figure 8**). All crest gauges with a bankfull standard have met the success criteria. Crest Gauge 4 is located on a headwater valley restoration reach and the success criteria is to document 30 days of continuous flow. In Year 5, this reach recorded 270 consecutive days of flow.

5.1.5 Wetland Hydrology

A total of twelve wetland hydrology gauges are installed at the Best Site, nine in areas of wetland restoration and three as reference gauges in existing on-site wetland. Eight of the nine wetland restoration gauges achieved the success criteria by remaining continuously within the 12 inches of the soil surface for at least nine percent of the growing season. Groundwater gauge data indicate the hydroperiods being responsive to rainfall events; however, AW7 did not meet the 9% success criteria in MY5. This is the third time in five years (MY2, MY3, and MY5) that this wetland hydrology gauge did not meet success and if it continues RES will perform a wetland delineation to remove this area from crediting. Rainfall data reported by CRONOS station Williamsdale Field Lab indicated rainfall was below average during the months of January, February, March, May, June, and July. All three reference gauges met the 9% success criteria. Wetland gauge and rainfall data is presented in **Appendix E.**

6 **REFERENCES**

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Appendix A

Project Background History and Maps

Monitoring Report Year 5

					Ľ	Best Stream a	nu weuanu i	Restoration	oject/DMS	Toject # 5	5555				
							Ν	Mitigation Credit	8	1			Nitrogen	Phos	sphorous
		Stream			Ripa	rian Wetland		Non-ripa	rian Wetland		Buffer	er Nutrient Offset		Nutrient Offset	
T ype T otals	R 5,003	3	RE 5,210		R 5.12		RE N/A	R N/A	RE N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Totais	5,00.	,	5,210		5.12		IVA	IVA	19/24		IVA		IVA		IVA
	<u> </u>						P	roject Componen		pproach	Restoration				1
			Approved M	itigation Pla			Existing			I, PII etc.)	or-		n Restoration Footage	Mitigation Ratio	SMU
oject Component -or	- Reach ID		Stationing/L	ocation (LF)			Footage/Acrea	ige			Restoration Equivalent	or	r Acreage	0	WM
UT1			0+47 to	18+00			1,551			PI	R		1,723	1:1.0	1,72
UT1			18+00 t	o 21+03			303		Prese	rvation & BE	RE		303	1:5.0	61
UT2			2+30 to	30+30			2,552			PI	R		2,770	1:1.0	2,77
UT2				o 33+39			309		Prese	rvation & BE			309	1:5.0	62
UT3			0+00 t				1,458			EII	RE		812	1:2.5	325
UT3			14+58 t				64			rvation & BE			64	1:5.0	13
UT4			5+63 to				534			Restoration	R		510	1:1.0	510
UT4 UT5			11+03 t				655			rvation & BE			655 4,043	1:5.0	131
UT5 UT6			0+00 to 0+62 t	0 40+86			4,086 538		Press	rvation & BE	RE		4,043 538	1:5.0	809
UT7			0+44 to				3,183		Press	EI Preservation & BE		3,183		1:5.0	637
UT8				o 9+00		825				EI			825	1:1.5	550
UT8			9+00 to			313		Prese	rvation & BE	RE		313	1:5.0	63	
UT9		0+64 to 11+71			1,171			rvation & BE			1,171	1:5.0	234		
UT10		3+37 to 11+05			768		Prese	rvation & BE	RE		768	1:5.0	154		
Muddy Cree	¢		0+35 to	0+35 to 92+49			9,214		Prese	rvation & BE	RE		9,073	1:5.0	1,81
Wetland 1						3.66		R	estoration	RE		3.66	1:1.0	3.60	
Wetland 2					0.29			Restoration		RE		0.29	1:1.0	0.29	
Wetland 3A					0.58				Restoration			0.58	1:1.0	0.5	
Wetland 3B			-	-			0.59		R	estoration	RE		0.59	1:1.0	0.59
							6-	4 6							
		St	ream			Riparian W		mponent Summat	Non-riparian	Wetland		Buffer		Upland	
Restoration Level		(line	ar feet)			(acres			(acres			(square feet)		(acres)	
					1	Riverine	Non-F	Riverine							
Restoration		4,	493			5.12									
Headwater Valley			10												
Enhancement I		,	363												
Enhancement II	_	8	12	_											
Creation		10	,882									_			_
Preservation High Quality		19	,002								_				
Preservation															
Element		Location				Purpose/Fu	inction	BMP Elements					Notes		
								BMP Elements							

Project Activity and Reporting	g History						
Best Stream and Wetland Restoration Project / DMS Project #95353							
Activity or Report	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery					
Mitigation Plan	NA	Oct-13					
Final Design – Construction Plans	NA	Nov-14					
Construction Completed	Sep-13	May-15					
Site Planting Completed	May-15	May-15					
Baseline Monitoring Document (Year 0 Monitoring – baseline)	Jul-15	Oct-15					
Year 1 Monitoring	Dec-15	Mar-16					
Year 2 Supplemental Replant/Repair Work		Apr-16					
Year 2 Monitoring	Nov-16	Jan-17					
Year 3 Monitoring	Nov-17	Feb-18					
Year 4 Supplemental Planting		Jan-18					
Year 4 Monitoring	Oct-18	Jan-19					
Year 4 Supplemental Planting and Repair Work		Dec-18					
Year 5 Monitoring	Stream: July-19 Vegetation: Oct-19	Feb-20					
Year 6 Monitoring							
Year 7 Monitoring							

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Table 3. Project Contacts						
Project Contacts Table						
Best Stream a	nd Wetland Restoration Project /DMS Project # 95353					
Designer	WK Dickson and Co., Inc.					
	720 Corporate Center Drive					
	Raleigh, NC 27607					
	(919) 782-0495					
	Frasier Mullen, PE					
Construction Contractor	Wright Contracting					
	PO Box 545					
	Siler City, NC 27344					
	(919) 663-0810					
	Joseph Wright					
Planting Contractor	Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC					
	302 Jefferson Street, Suite 110					
	Raleigh, NC 27605					
	(919) 209-1061					
	David Godley					
Seeding Contractor	Wright Contracting					
	PO Box 545					
	Siler City, NC 27344					
	(919) 663-0810					
	Joseph Wright					
Seed Mix Sources	Green Resource					
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Arbogen, NC Forestry Services Nursery					
Full Delivery Provider	Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC					
-	302 Jefferson Street, Suite 110					
	Raleigh, NC 27605					
Project Manager:	Brad Breslow					
Monitoring Performers	Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC					
č	302 Jefferson Street, Suite 110					
	Raleigh, NC 27605					
Project Manager:	Ryan Medric					

Table 3. Project Contacts

Table 4. Project Information Summary

Project Information							
Project Name	Best Stream and Wetland Restoration Project						
County	Duplin						
Project Area (acres)	142.7						
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude)	34° 54' 44.011" N 77° 44' 57.344" W						
Project Watershed Summary Information							
Physiographic Province	Outer Coastal Plain						
River Basin	Cape Fear						
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit	03030007						
USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-digit	03030007060010						
DWQ Sub-basin	03-06-22						
Project Drainage Area (acres)	2,928 acres						
Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area	6%						
CGIA Land Use Classification	Woody wetlands, emergent herbaceous wetlands, cultivated crops, evergreen forest						

Reach Summary Information (As-Built Conditions)								
Parameters	UT1	UT2	UT3	UT4	UT5	UT6		
Length of reach (linear feet)	2,036	3,103	876	1,140	4,043	538		
Valley Classification	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Drainage area (acres)	41	146	56	82	380	79		
NCDWQ stream identification score	32.50	31.50	33.00	33.75	36.75	30.50		
NCDWQ Water Quality Classification	N/A	C Sw	N/A	N/A	C Sw	N/A		
Morphological Description (stream type)	G5c	G5c	E5	G5c/E5	C5	E5		
Evolutionary trend	Stage II	Stage II	Stage VI	Stage II/VI	Stage I	Stage II		
Underlying mapped soils	GoA MkA NbB RaA	AuB McC MkA NbA NbB	McC MkA NbB	McC MkA NbB	MkA NbB	NbA NbB		
Drainage class	well; mod. well; poorly	well; poorly	well; poorly	well; poorly	well; poorly	well		
Soil Hydric status	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Not hydri		
Slope	0.66%	0.44%	0.93%	0.42%	0.40%	0.12%		
FEMA classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	AE (high risk)	N/A		
Native vegetation community	pasture, cultivated	cultivated	pasture	mixed hardwood forest	mixed hardwoo d forest	mixed hardwood forest		
Percent composition of exotic invasive regetation	0	0	5	5	<40	<25		

Reach Summary Information (contin	nued)				
Parameters	UT7	UT8	UT9	UT10	Muddy Creek
Length of reach (linear feet)	3,183	1,078	1,107	768	9,214
Valley Classification	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Drainage area (acres)	387	56	36	306	2930
NCDWQ stream identification score	38.50	30.50	32.00	34.00	43.25
NCDWQ Water Quality Classification	C Sw	N/A	N/A	C Sw	C Sw
Morphological Description (stream type)	C5	F5	E5	C5	E5
Evolutionary trend	Stage I	Stage II	Stage VI	Stage VI	Stage VI
Underlying mapped soils	McC MkA NbB	McC NbA NbB	McC MkA	McC MkA	McC MkA
Drainage class	well; poorly	well	well; poorly	well; poorly	well; poorly
Soil Hydric status	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric
Slope	0.40%	0.29%	0.80%	0.40%	0.11%
FEMA classification	AE (high risk)	N/A	AE (high risk)	AE (high risk)	AE (high risk)
Native vegetation community	mixed hardwood forest	cultivated	mixed hardwood forest	mixed hardwood forest	mixed hardwood forest
Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation	<40	<5	<15	<20	<45

Wetland Summary Information (As-Built Conditions)									
Parameters	Wetland 1	Wetland 2	Wetland 3A	Wetland 3B					
Size of Wetland (acres)	3.77	0.31	0.58	0.59					
Wetland Type (non- riparian, riparian	Riparian	Riparian	Riparian	Riparian					
Mapped Soil Series	Rains, Goldston	Noboco, Autyville, Marvyn, Gritney	Marvyn, Gritney, Muckalee loam	Marvyn, Gritney, Muckalee loam					
Drainage class	Poorly	Mod. Well, Poorly	Poorly, Well	Poorly, Well					
Soil Hydric Status	Yes	Hydric with Hydric Inclusions	Hydric with Hydric Inclusions	Hydric with Hydric Inclusions					
Source of Hydrology	Runoff/Groundwater Discharge	Runoff/Groundwater Discharge	Runoff, Flooding, Groundwater Discharge	Runoff, Flooding, Groundwater Discharge					
Hydrologic Impairment	Grazing Cattle and Incised Channel		Ditched	Ditched					
Native vegetation community	Forested	Cultivated	Cultivated	Cultivated					
Percent composition of exotic invasive	0	0	0	0					

Regulatory Considerations				
Regulation	Applicable	Resolved	Supporting Documentation	
Waters of the United States - Section 404	Yes	Yes	SAW-2012-01384	
Waters of the United States - Section 401	Yes	Yes	DWR # 13-0865	
Endangered Species Act	Yes	Yes	USFWS (Corr. Letter)	
Historic Preservation Act	Yes	Yes	SHPO (Corr. Letter)	
Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)/Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	No	NA	N/A	
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Yes	Yes	EEP Floodplain Requirements Checklist	
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No	NA	N/A	





Appendix B

Visual Assessment Data







Date: 11/12/2019	Drawn by: RTM	
	Review by: BPB	







Date: 11/12/2019	Drawn by: RTM	
	Review by: xxxxx	


Table 5	Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Reach ID UT1

Assessed Le	ength	2036								
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
			7		1	1			n	
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	19	19			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	19	19			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	19	19			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	19	19			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	19	19			100%			

|--|

Reach ID UT2 Assessed Length 3103

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	23	23			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	23	23			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	23	23			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	23	23			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	23	23			100%			

Table 5	Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID	UT3

Assessed Le	ength	876								
Channel	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
	T					1	1		-	1
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	1	1			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	1	1			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	1	1			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	1	1			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	1	1			100%			

Table 5	Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID	UT4

Reach ID Assessed Length

Assessed Le	ength	1140								
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
		Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or	1			1	1			1
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	6	6			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	6	6			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	6	6			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	6	6			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	6	6			100%			

Table 5	Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID	UT6

Assessed Le	ength	538								
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
	T		r			1	1		-	
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	3	3			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	3	3			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	3	3			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	3	3			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	3	3			100%			

Table 5	Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
Reach ID	UT8

Assessed Le	ength	765								
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
	T						1		-	1
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	3	3			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	3	3			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	3	3			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	3	3			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	3	3			100%			

Table 6 Vegetation Condition Assessment

Planted Acreage	24.5					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons		% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Red Lines	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels.	0.1 acres	Orange Lines	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Orange Lines	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%

Easement Acreage ²	37.6					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1000 SF	Cross Hatch	1	0.13	0.3%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	none	Red Lines	0	0.00	0.0%

1 = Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

2 = The acreage within the easement boundaries.

3 = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1, 2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

4 = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern spcies are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, density, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by EEP such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likely trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts or treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the stat with any frequency. Those species with here "isolated specimens are found, particularly for situations where the conditor for an area is somewhere between isolated specimens and dense, discreet patches. In any case, the point or polygon/area feature can be symbolized to describe things like high or low concern and species can be listed as a map inset, in legend items if the number of species are limited or in the narrative section of the exec

	Table 7. Stre	eam Problem Areas	
	Best Stream and Wetland R	estoration Project - Project # 95353	
Feature Issue	Station # / Range	Suspected Cause; Repair	Photo Number

	Table 8. Veg	etation Problem Areas	
	Best Stream and Wetland	Restoration Project - Project # 95353	6
Feature Category	Station Numbers	Suspected Cause; Repair	Photo Number
Invasives present	UT1 - Sta. 0+00 (0.13 ac)	Invasives present in easement due to offsite seed source; remove invasive by cutting down and applying herbicide	VP 1

Figure 4. Vegetation Plot Photos



Vegetation Plot 1

Vegetation Plot 2



Vegetation Plot 3

Vegetation Plot 4



Vegetation Plot 5



Vegetation Plot 8



Vegetation Plot 9



Vegetation Plot 11

Vegetation Plot 12





Vegetation Plot 14



Vegetation Plot 15



Vegetation Plot 16



Vegetation Plot 17

Vegetation Plot 18





Vegetation Plot 21



Vegetation Plot 22



Vegetation Plot 23



Figure 5. MY5 Stream Problem Area Photos

SPA2 – Ponding on Road UT 4 @ Sta. 8+47 to 8+67 (Photo of repair -December 2018)



SPA3 – Relic Channel Floodplain Plug Subsidence UT4 @ Sta. 8+75 to 11+03 (Photo of repair - December 2018)

Figure 6. Vegetation Problem Area Photos



VPA 1 – Invasives Present UT1 @ Sta. 0+00 (0.13ac)

Appendix C

Vegetation Plot Data

Plot #	Planted Stems/Acre	Volunteer Stems/Acre	Total Stems/Acre	Success Criteria Met?	Average Stem Height (ft)
1	445	0	445	Yes	13.2
2	243	121	364	No	9.5
3	364	0	364	Yes	10.2
4	1093	567	1659	Yes	14.1
5	567	0	567	Yes	7.2
6	1133	121	1255	Yes	9.1
7	607	445	1052	Yes	7.9
8	688	0	688	Yes	11.3
9	1174	40	1214	Yes	10.7
10	809	0	809	Yes	10.6
11	1255	121	1376	Yes	5.2
12	1093	40	1133	Yes	11.0
13	971	0	971	Yes	5.0
14	971	0	971	Yes	12.5
15	607	0	607	Yes	9.4
16	647	0	647	Yes	9.5
17	364	0	364	Yes	6.4
18	243	0	243	No	2.2
19	405	0	405	Yes	3.7
20	850	0	850	Yes	17.8
21	931	607	1538	Yes	11.7
22	647	0	647	Yes	7.4
23	567	809	1376	Yes	4.6
Project Avg	725	125	850	Yes	9.1

Table 9a. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment

Table 9b.

																		C	Current	Plot Dat	ta (MY	5 2019)															
			9535	53-01-0001	953	53-01-0	0002	95353	-01-000	03	95353-01	0004	95353-01	-0005	953	353-01-0	0006	953	53-01-0	007	9535	3-01-0008	95	353-01-0009	953	53-01-0010	9	5353-0	1-0011	9535	53-01-0	012	95353-0)1-0013	95	5353-01-	0014
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS P-	all T	F	PnoLS P-all	Т	PnoLS P-all	т	PnoLS	6 P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	TP	noLS F	P-all T	PnoL	S P-all T	PnoLS	P-all T	Pno	LS P-al	ΙT	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P-a	JII T	PnoL	LS P-all	т
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																																			!
Baccharis	baccharis	Shrub																																			
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree					1				2	2 2	2	2 2											1	. 1	1	1	1	2 3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1 1
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmo	n Tree																																			!
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree											1	1 1	2	2 2	2	2																			!
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree																		10																	!
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree											1	1 1			2	2							1 1	. 1	1			1	1	1					
Nyssa aquatica	water tupelo	Tree																		1																	
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree																										1	1	1 2	2	2					
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	Tree																												1							
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	2	2 2	2 1	. 1	. 3				13 1	3 13	1	1 1		5 5	5	5 7	7	7	3	3	3 1	4 14 1	4 4	4	4	1	1	1 6	6	6	10	10	10	5 /	5 ز
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree																																			
Quercus	oak	Tree																																			
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree	4	4 4	4 3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3 3	6	6 6	14	1 14	15	3	3	3	1	1	1	3 3	3 7	7	7	1	1	1 8	8	8	6	6	6 1	10 10) 10
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oa	k Tree			1	. 1	. 1	2	2	2								2	2	2	7	7	7	4 4	4 1	. 1	1	2	2	2 3	3	4	1	1	1		
Quercus myrtifolia	myrtle oak	Shrub Tree																																			
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	2	2 2	2 1	. 1	. 1				1	1 1																									
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	1	1 :	1			1	1	1	8	8 8	3	3 3	7	7 7	7	3	3	3	5	5	5	3 3	3 1	. 1	1			1 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1
Rhus copallinum	flameleaf sumac	shrub																																			
Salix	willow	Shrub or Tree																																			
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree										14	ļ																								
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	y Shrub																																			
Taxodium distichum	bald cypress	Tree	2	2 2	2			3	3	3											1	1	1	5 5	5 5	5	5	25	25 2	25 3	3	3	4	4	4	7 .	1 7
Unknown		Shrub or Tree																																			
	•	Stem count	11	11 13	1 6	6	9	9	9	9	27 2	7 41	. 14 :	4 14	28	3 28	31	. 15	15	26	17	17	17 2	9 29 3	0 20	20	20	31	31 3	34 27	27	28	24	24	24 2	24 24	4 24
		size (ares)		1		1			1		1		1			1			1			1		1		1		1			1		1	1		1	
		size (ACRES)		0.02		0.02		C	.02		0.02		0.0	2		0.02			0.02			0.02		0.02		0.02		0.0	2		0.02		0.0	J2		0.02	
		Species count	5	5 5	5 4	. 4	5	4	4	4	5	5 6	6	6 6	2	4 4	5	6 4	4	6	5	5	5	5 5	6 7	7	7	6	6	8 8	8	8	6	6	6	5 '	5 ز
		Stems per ACRE	445	445 445	5 243	243	364	364	364	364	1093 109	3 1659	567 56	57 567	1133	3 1133	1255	607	607	1052	688	688 6	588 117	4 1174 121	4 809	809 8	09 12	55 12	55 137	76 1093	1093	1133	971 9	971 9	71 97	71 971	1 971

													с	urrent	Plot D	Data (N	1Y5 20)19)																		Ann	nual Me	ans							
			953	353-01-0	015	9535	3-01-00	016	9535	53-01-001	17	95353-	01-0018	9	95353	-01-00	19	9535	3-01-0	020	95353	-01-002	21	95353-0	01-0022	953	53-01-0	023	MY	5 (2019)	MY4	(2018)		MY3 (2017)		MY2 (2)16)	N	IY1 (2016	ô)	MY	0 (2015	<i>.</i>)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS F	P-all T	Г	PnoLS	P-all T	P	noLS P-a	all T	Pno	oLS P-	all T	ſ	PnoLS	P-all	тι	noLS P	-all T	F	noLS P-a	Ш Т	PnoLS	P-all	г	PnoLS F	P-all T	P	noLS P	-all T	F	PnoLS P-a	II T	Pn	oLS P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all 1	r r	PnoLS F	2-all 7	,
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																																26		4	410								
Baccharis	baccharis	Shrub																																					(5					
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree							3	3	3				2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2						20	20	22	20	20	20	15	15	18	15 1	5 1	5 20	20	20	26	26	26
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree																																			3								
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree																			2	2	2	2	2	2			7	7	7	9	9	9	6	6	8	3	3 3	3					
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree																										20			30			51			111		73	2		4			
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree																											3	3	6	5	5	6	6	6	15	6	6 23	3 8	8	16	25	25	25
Nyssa aquatica	water tupelo	Tree																													1														
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree																						2	2 3	2			5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	8	3	3 3	3 5	5	5	6	6	6
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	Tree																													1			1			19								
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree							4	4	4				2	2	2	12	12	12	6	6	6	5	5	5			101	101	103	103	103	103	98	98	100	97 9	7 97	7 84	84	84	113	113	113
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree																																			3								
Quercus	oak	Tree																														1	1	1	2	2	2	7	7 7	7 11	11	11	48	48	48
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree				9	9	9				4	4	4	1	1	1				5	5	5	6	6	6 1	. 1	1	98	98	99	103	103	103	108	108	108	97 9	7 97	7 88	88	88	119	119	119
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree				5	5	5										8	8	8	1	1	1	1	1	1			38	38	39	37	37	39	45	45	49	59 5	9 59	9 72	72	72	86	86	86
Quercus myrtifolia	myrtle oak	Shrub Tree													1	1	1												1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 :	1 1	1	1			
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree										1	1	1	2	2	2									5	5	5	12	12	12	17	17	17	19	19	25	16 1	6 16	5 12	12	14	15	15	15
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree				1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2				2	2	2			8	8	8	51	51	52	52	52	52	56	56	56	66 6	6 60	6 66	66	68	90	90	90
Rhus copallinum	flameleaf sumac	shrub																																			7								
Salix	willow	Shrub or Tree																																			5								
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree																													14														
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	Shrub																					15								15														
Taxodium distichum	bald cypress	Tree	15	5 15	15	1	1	1													5	5	5						76	76	76	76	76	76	75	75	77	78 7	8 78	3 79	79	79	98	98	98
Unknown		Shrub or Tree																																						2	2	2	4	4	4
	÷	Stem count	: 15	5 15	15	16	16	16	9	9	9	6	6	6	10	10	10	21	21	21	23	23	38	16	16 1	6 14	14	34	412	412	483	429	429	510	436	436 10	025	448 44	8 543	3 448	448	464	630	630	630
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1		1			23			23		2	3		23			23			23	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02		0	.02		C).02			0.02		(0.02		0.	02		0.02			0.57		().57		0.	57		0.57			0.57			0.57	
		Species count	1	L 1	1	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	6	6	6	3	3	3	7	7	8	5	5 !	5 3	3	4	11	11	16	12	12	15	12	12	19	12 1	2 14	4 12	12	13	11	11	11
	:	Stems per ACRE	607	607	607	647	647	647	364	364	364	243	243 2	43 4	105	405	405	850	850	850	931	931	1538	647	647 64	7 567	567	1376	725	725	850	755	755	897	767	767 1	803	<mark>788</mark> 78	8 95	5 788	788	816	1108	1108	1108

Appendix D

Stream Geomorphology Data

Table 10. Best Site Morphological Parameters

]	Refe	erence R	each						E	cisting ¹							Des	sign		A	s-Built/	Baseline	e
				UT1	UT2	UT3	UT4 (US)	UT4 (DS)	UT5	UT6	UT7	UT8	UT9	UT10	Muddy Creek	UT		UT	_	UT	-	UT	
Feature	Pool	Run	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	Pool	Shallow	Pool	Shallow	Pool	Shallow	
Drainage Area (ac)		286		41	146	59	82	82	380	79	387	56	36	306	2930	41	1	14	6	41		14	
Drainage Area (mi ²)		0.45	-	0.06	0.23	0.09	0.13	0.13	0.59	0.12	0.60	0.09	0.06	0.48	4.58	0.0	06	0		0.0		0)
NC Regional Curve Discharge (cfs) ²			9.3	2.3	5.7	3.0	3.8	3.8	11.4	3.7	11.5	2.9	2.1	9.7	49.5	2.	3	6		2.3	3	6	3
NC Regional Curve Discharge (cfs) ³			4.8	1.1	2.9	1.4	1.8	1.8	5.9	1.8	6.0	1.4	1.0	5.0	27.9	1.	1	3		1.1	1	3	3
Design/Calculated Discharge (cfs)			13														-		-				
Dimension																							
BF Width (ft)	10.9	8.9	7.0	5.1	4.8	9.8	6.4	7.5	11.0	5.1	10.1	9.5	6.5	13.7	15.7	6.2	7.1	9.4	10.8	6.6	7.8	10.0	11.9
Floodprone Width (ft)	100	100	100	9	9	22	10	>50	>100	>50	>50	12	>50	84	>50	>50	>50	>50	>50	>50	>50	>50	>50
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	11.4	8.4	5.0	3.2	4.6	8.1	6.4	6.2	6.0	4.3	6.1	4.9	3.6	7.8	21.2	3.9	6.1	8.9	14.2	3.0	5.1	10.2	15.0
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.4	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.3
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.1	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.9	2.3	1.0	1.4	1.5	2.2	0.8	1.3	1.8	2.3
Width/Depth Ratio	10.4	9.5	8.8	8.1	5.0	11.8	8.4	9.1	20.2	6.2	16.7	18.2	11.8	24.0	11.6	9.9	8.3	9.9	8.2	14.8	12.3	9.9	9.5
Entrenchment Ratio	9.2	11.2	15.1	1.8	1.9	2.2	1.4	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	1.3	>2.2	6.1	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	12.8	9.7	7.4	5.8	6.3	10.8	8.1	8.3	11.3	6.0	10.5	9.8	7.2	13.9	17.0	6.6	7.7	10.0	11.8	6.8	8.3	10.8	13.0
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.2	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.2
Substrate				-																			
-		Fine Sand	1						Fi	ne Sand						Fine S	Sand	Fine	Sand	Fine S	Sand	Fine S	Sand
Pattern				-	r	r	-		-			-	r				I						
	Min	Max	Med													Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	13.6	31.8	23.1													11	28	20	41	13	33	21	48
Radius of Curvature (ft)	11.0	27.6	17.6													9	27	17	37	9	34	14	44
Radius of Curvature Ratio	1.5	3.7	2.3													1.5	4.4	1.8	3.9	1.4	5.1	1.4	4.4
Meander Wavelength (ft)	34.9	68.3	54.5													32	71	44	106	31	67	35	108
Meander Width Ratio	1.8	4.2	3.1													1.8	4.5	2.1	4.4	1.9	5.0	2.1	4.8
	0.4	00.7	10.0	-												L 4	00	0	44		00		1 45
Shallow Length (ft)	3.1	30.7 33.2	12.6 11.3													4	23	6	41	5	26	8	45
Run Length (ft) Pool Length (ft)	2.2 4.2	<u>33.2</u> 9.5	5.8														 10		 12		 14	8	
Pool Length (II) Pool -to-Pool Spacing (ft)	4.2 17.5	9.5 59.8	36.3													3 16	49	25	68	5 18	55	8 30	15 74
Additional Reach Parameters	17.5	59.0	30.3													10	49	20	00	10	55	30	74
Valley Length (ft)		274		1826	2818	1417	253	686	2843	567	2192	942	725	1042	9021	15	10	252	20	151	0	252	20
Channel Length (ft)		309		1905	2865	1522	255	772	3228	597	2629	994	769	11042	9808	172		232		175		232	
Sinuosity		1.13		1.04	1.02	1.07	1.01	1.13	1.14	1.05	1.20	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.09	1.1		1.1		1.1		1.1	
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.004		1.04	1.02					1.05	1.20	1.00			1.03				-				
Channel Slope (ft/ft)		0.004		0.0066	0.0044	0.0093	0.0042	0.0042	0.004	0.0012	0.004	0.0029	0.008	0.004	0.0011	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	
Rosgen Classification		E5		G5c	G5c	E5	G5c	E5	0.004 C5	E5	0.004 C5	F5	E5	C5	E5	0.00		E:		E5		0.00 E5	
¹ Deptetull stage was estimated using NC		-					000	20	00	20	00	10		00	20		•		-		-		~

¹ Bankfull stage was estimated using NC Regional Curve equations and existing conditions data
 ² NC Regional Curve equations source: Doll et al. (2003)
 ³ NC Regional Curve equations source: Sweet and Geratz (2003)

				Арр	endix	D. Ta	ble 11	Mo	nitori	ng Da	ta - Di	mensi	onal I	Morph	nology	y Sum	nary	(Dime	nsiona	al Para	ameter	s – Ci	ross S	ectio	15)										
										-				Best Si			-																		
			Cross S	Section	1 (Pool))				Cross S	ection 2	(Riffle)				(Cross S	ection 3	(Riffle))				Cross S	ection	4 (Pool))				Cross S	ection :	5 (Pool))	
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7	75.0			74.8	74.8	74.8	74.8	74.9			73.1	73.1	73.1	73.1	73.3			72.8	72.8	72.8	72.8	72.8			71.9	71.9	71.9		71.9		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	8.0	6.7	7.7	8.9	8.1			8.2	7.2	7.8	7.4	7.5			5.2	3.9	5.6	5.6	5.7			6.1	4.5	5.9	5.2	8.9			6.8	6.8	9.5	9.3	10.2		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.2			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0			50.0	50.0	50.0	_	50.1			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.3			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.4		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	-			0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	-			0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	-			0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	-		-	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ² Low Bank Elevation (ft)	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3 75.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.1 75.0			0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6 73.3			0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.4 72.7		-	1.4	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.7 71.7		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	- 6.0	- 4.5	- 5.9	-	5.9			4.2	3.9	- 4.8	4.3	4.7			-	- 0.9	2.1	- 1.8	1.8			- 2.6	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.5			4.1	- 4.0	3.8	- 4.0	2.4		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (it) Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.5	10.0	9.9	11.4	5.9			4.2	13.5	12.7	12.8	4./			1.0	16.2	14.7	1.8	1.0			14.5	2.0 9.9	16.2	12.3	1.5			11.4	4.0	23.4	21.6	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>6.7			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	- 8.9			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	12.5 N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	-	- N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		
Baiktuii Baik Heigit Kato	1.0			ection (.) 	<u></u>	1.0			ection 7				1.0			Section 8				1.0				9 (Pool)	<u> </u>	4	1.0		Cross Se			a)	I
			. 033 5			., 					cetion /								· /			T		CI 033 D		Ĺ		T					```	Ĺ	
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	72.1	72.1	72.1	72.1	72.3	1	İ — —	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7			70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.6			69.0	69.0	69.0	69.0	69.0	i –		68.8	68.8	68.8	68.8	69.0		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.1	6.1	5.5	6.7	6.3			6.4	7.1	6.4	6.2	6.7			7.7	10.1	8.4	8.5	6.4			7.7	7.1	7.6	7.7	8.9			6.1	5.7	6.3	6.0	7.2		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	45.2			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.3			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	49.8			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.1			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.6		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	-			0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	-			0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	-			0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	-			0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6			0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9			1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.3			1.4	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.3			0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	72.2			-	-	-	-	70.8			-	-	-	-	70.5			-	-	-	-	68.9			-	-	-	-	69.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	2.8	2.4	2.1	2.8	2.3			3.0	3.3	2.7	2.7	3.5			5.2	5.6	5.7	6.3	4.9			6.1	5.0	6.1	6.2	5.5			3.5	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.6		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	18.0	16.0	14.4	16.0	-			14.0	15.2	15.0	14.5	-			11.3	18.2	12.5	11.3	-			9.9	10.3	9.6	9.4	-			10.4	11.3	12.7	11.4	14.9		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>7.2			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>7.5			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>7.0		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	<1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0		
		(Cross S	ection 1	1 (Pool	l)			(Cross Se	ection 12	2 (Riffle)			(Cross S	ection 1	3 (Pool))			Cro	ss Secti	on 14 (Run/Ri	ffle)			(Cross Se	ction 1	5 (Riffle	e)	
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	66.5	66.5	66.5	66.5	66.5			66.6	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.3			71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.4			70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.8			69.9	69.9	69.9	69.9	70.1		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.4	10.0	10.6	10.6	9.5			6.5	5.5	7.9	7.6	5.1			13.7	13.1	12.8	13.2	18.0			10.0	10.0	9.9	9.7	10.4			9.0	9.4	8.6	8.7	10.1		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.2			37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	42.4			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	-			0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	-			1.4	1.3	1.0	0.9	-			1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0	-			0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.3	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.2			0.9	0.8	1.3	1.2	1.3			2.6	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.7			1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8			1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.6		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	66.3			-	-	-	-	66.7			-	-	-	-	71.2			-	-	-	-	70.7			-	-	-	-	70.1		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2.8			4.7							12.4	13.8						9.5	9.6		<u> </u>	7.8		6.3		8.6		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio							 	15.1	10.7		12.5	9.4				9.0		14.0	-			9.3		10.7	9.9	-			10.3			11.5	-		\vdash
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		>2.2									>2.2							N/A								>4.8	├──				>2.2				\vdash
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0				D.		1.0			1.0		<u> </u>		1.0			N/A				1.0				<1	<u> </u>		1.0					(C)	
			LFUSS S	ection 1	io (1900)	U I			(TUSS SE	cuon f	7 (Riffle)	,				LEOSS S	ection 1	o (1901)	, 	—			LOSS S	ection I	l9 (Pool	.)	1	───	Cro	oss Secti	on 20 (1	KUII/KI	ine)	<u> </u>
Dimension						MY7	MY+						MY7	MY+					MY5	MY7	MY+						MY7	MY+						MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹				69.4			<u> </u>	68.7	68.7		68.7					68.1			68.4						66.7		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				67.1			
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹		13.3					 	9.8	9.6	10.2		12.6			10.4	9.2			12.0				11.4		10.8				11.4	12.1		12.4			<u> </u>
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		50.0			>50			50.0	50.0		50.0	>50				50.0	50.0		>50						50.0	50.1			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0			\vdash
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)				1.1	-			0.9	0.8	0.8		-			1.1	1.0	1.0		-			1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	-			1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	-		<u> </u>
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ² Low Bank Elevation (ft)		2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7 69.7			1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3 68.9			1.9	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.6 68.4			2.1	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.4 66.8			2.3	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.8 67.1		\vdash
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²		15.7	13.4	14.1				9.3	- 7.5	- 8.0	60	6.8			- 11.2	- 8.8	- 11.6	10.2	08.4 11.1			- 12.5	- 11.4	- 14 1	- 14.4			+	- 13.8	- 13.0	- 10.9	- 11.4			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft) Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio									12.3	12.9		-						10.2	-				11.4			- 14.9			9.4	13.0	10.9	11.4			\vdash
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹		>2.2						>2.2	>2.2		>2.2	>4				>2.2			N/A						8.0 N/A			+		>2.2	>2.2		>3.9		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio		1.0		1	1					1.0		<1							N/A						N/A			+	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Danktun Dank Height Katio	1.0	1.0	1.0			1		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	• 1			1.0	1.0	1.0									1.011	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	- 4		/

Note: In MY3, BHR was calculated on riffles using the baseline bankfull elevation. This method was used because the dimension of the channels has not changed enough to alter the bankfull elevation. None of the riffle cross sections exceeded a 1.2 BHR. Note: Starting in MY5, the parameters denoted with ¹ were calculated using the as-built cross sectional area as the basis for adjusting the bankfull elevation and the parameters denoted with ² were calculated using the current years low top of bank as the bankfull elevation. These changes reflect the 2018 guidance that arose from the mitigation technical workgroup consisting of DMS, the IRT, and industry mitigation providers.

				Арре	endix	D. Ta	ble 11	Mo	nitori	ng Da	ta - D	imens	ional	Morp	holog	y Sum	mary	(Dime	ension	al Pa	ramete	ers – C	Cross S	Sectio	ns)										
									P	roject	Name	e/Num	iber: 1	Best S	ite/ N	CDMS	5 Proj	ect # 9	5353																
			Cross S	Section 2	21 (Run)			(Cross S	ection 2	2 (Pool)				Cross S	ection 2	3 (Run)			(Cross S	ection	24 (Poo	l)				Cross S	ection	25 (Run)	
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.2			65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.1			62.8	62.8	62.8	62.8	63.0			62.5	62.5	62.5	62.5	63.3			71.5	71.5	71.5		71.6		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.9	10.0	9.3	9.7	11.2			10.7	10.5	10.4	10.6	11.5			9.1	10.3	11.1	10.0	11.8			13.2	13.8	19.0		14.4			12.2	11.5	13.1	12.1	10.6		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.1			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.2			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.3			50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50.3		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	-			1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	-			1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	-			1.4	1.0	0.4	0.5	-			0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	1.8			2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4			1.8	1.4	1.4	1.2	0.9			2.6	2.1	1.0	0.9	1.2			0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	64.8			-	-	-	-	65.0			-	-	-	-	62.7			-	-	-	-	62.3			-	-	-	-	71.4		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	11.1	10.0	10.0	10.4	7.3			14.2	12.4	12.4	13.3	13.2			8.7	8.1	9.1	7.7	5.2			18.3	14.4	7.7	7.2	5.7			4.2	3.6	4.4	4.1	2.7		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.7	9.9	8.6	9.1	-			8.1	8.8	8.7	8.4	-			9.4	13.1	13.5	13.0	-			9.5	13.3	47.0	27.6	11.4			35.5	36.6	39.0	36.1	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.4			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.3			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.8		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1		
		-	Cross S	Section 2	26 (Run)	-		С	ross Se	ction 27	/* (Riffl	e)	-		(- Cross S	ection 2	8* (Run	- 1)	-		C	ross Se	ection 2	29* (Poo	ol)	-		-	Cross Se	ection 3	30* (Ru	1)	_
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	67.9	67.9	67.9	67.9	67.8			69.9	69.9	69.9	69.9	69.7			69.2	69.2	69.2	69.2	69.2			65.3	65.3	65.3	65.3	65.7			63.7	63.7	63.7	63.7	63.9		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	5.6	5.3	6.1	5.7	3.9			7.2	6.7	6.5	5.7	5.3			5.7	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.3			8.7	3.3	8.3	6.3	10.5			6.4	6.7	5.6	5.3	6.2		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	25.4			50.0	50.0	50.0	13.2	11.7			50.0	15.0	16.8	9.3	11.5			50.0	20.0	13.7	15.8	19.6			50.0	20.0	19.3	16.4	18.5		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.9	-			0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	-			0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	-			0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	-			0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.0	0.9	1.6	1.7	1.7			1.1	1.0	1.3	1.2	3.3			0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	1.9			0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	1.1			1.3	1.5	1.6	1.0	1.5		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	68.2			-	-	-	-	71.8			-	-	-	-	70.2			-	-	-	-	66.0			-	-	-	-	64.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	3.1	2.7	5.1	5.1	5.3			4.7	4.1	4.9	4.5	25.9			3.1	2.4	2.5	1.9	11.2			3.8	3.3	2.1	1.8	7.7			5.7	5.6	5.1	4.0	6.4		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.2	10.2	7.4	6.5	-			10.8	11.0	8.5	7.1	-			10.4	11.4	12.5	14.5	-			19.9	22.1	32.7	22.4	-			7.1	7.9	6.3	7.2	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	6.5		1	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	2.2		1	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	1.8	2.2			>2.2	1.9	1.6	N/A	N/A			>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	3.0		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4			1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	2.6			1.0	1.0	1.0	2.7	2.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1		
		C	Cross Se	ection 3	l* (Riff	le)																													
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+																												
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.5																														
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.7	8.5		4.0	6.3																														
Floodprone Width (ft)	50.0	15.0		13.4	18.4																														
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	-																														
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.7	0.5	_	0.4	2.8																														
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	65.5																														
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	3.0	2.1	0.9	1.1	20.5																														
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	19.5	34.5	_	14.9	-																														
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	1.7	>2.2	>2.2	2.9																														
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.7	3.7																														
Danktun Dank Height Katio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1./	5.7	1																													

Note: In MY3, BHR was calculated on riffles using the baseline bankfull elevation. This method was used because the dimension of the channels has not changed enough to alter the bankfull elevation. None of the riffle cross sections exceeded a 1.2 BHR.

Note: Starting in MY5, the parameters denoted with ¹ were calculated using the as-built cross sectional area as the basis for adjusting the bankfull elevation and the parameters denoted with ² were calculated using the current years low top of bank as the bankfull elevation. These changes reflect the 2018 guidance that arose from the mitigation technical workgroup consisting of DMS, the IRT, and industry mitigation providers.

*Enhancement I cross sections are subject to higher BHR because they are not built with bankfull elevations equal to the top of bank like the restoration reaches.

	Table 12. B	ank Pin Arra	y Summary	Data		
			Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 5
Cross Section	Location	Position	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading
	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 1 @ Sta. 1+00 -	05	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT1	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	05	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 4 @ Sta. 4+25 -	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT1	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 5 @ Sta. 6+25 -	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT1	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 8 @ Sta. 9+90 -	03	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT1	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	D3	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 11 @ Sta. 15+90 -	03	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT1	DS	Тор	6"	0.0	0.0	0.0
	D3	Bottom	24"	0.0	0.0	0.0
	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 13 @ Sta. 5+75	03	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
- UT2	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	D3	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 22 @ Sta. 23+55 -	03	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT2	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	D3	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	US	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
XS 24 @ Sta. 28+45 -	05	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
UT2	DS	Тор	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	60	Bottom	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0





Downstream



			Cross	Section 1	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	74.7	74.7	74.7	74.7	75.0		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	8.0	6.7	7.7	8.9	8.1		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.2		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.3		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	75.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	6.0	4.5	5.9	7.0	5.9		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.5	10.0	9.9	11.4	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 2	(Riffle)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	74.8	74.8	74.8	74.8	74.9		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	8.2	7.2	7.8	7.4	7.5		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.1		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	75.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	4.2	3.9	4.8	4.3	4.7		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	15.9	13.5	12.7	12.8	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>6.7		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1		







			Cross	Section 3	(Riffle)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	73.1	73.1	73.1	73.1	73.3		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	5.2	3.9	5.6	5.6	5.7		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.1		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	73.3		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	1.8	0.9	2.1	1.8	1.8		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	15.1	16.2	14.7	16.9	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>8.9		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 4	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	72.8	72.8	72.8	72.8	72.8		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	6.1	4.5	5.9	5.2	8.9		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.3		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.4	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.4		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	72.7		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	2.6	2.0	2.2	2.2	1.5		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	14.5	9.9	16.2	12.3	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Best Reach UT1 Cross Section 5 - Pool 75 74 73 Elevation (ft) 72 71 70 69 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 33 36 3 9 39 42 45 48 0 6 Distance (ft) Baseline Year 2 Year 3 Year 5 – – Approx. Bankfull ……… Low TOB Year 1

			Cross	Section 5	(Pool)		•
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	71.9	71.9	71.9	71.9	71.9		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	6.8	6.8	9.5	9.3	10.2		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.4		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.4	1.3	0.9	0.9	0.7		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	71.7		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	4.1	4.0	3.8	4.0	2.4		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	11.4	11.7	23.4	21.6	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 6	(Riffle)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	72.1	72.1	72.1	72.1	72.3		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.1	6.1	5.5	6.7	6.3		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	45.2		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	72.2		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	2.8	2.4	2.1	2.8	2.3		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	18.0	16.0	14.4	16.0	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>7.2		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	<1		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 7	(Riffle)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	6.4	7.1	6.4	6.2	6.7		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.3		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	70.8		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	3.0	3.3	2.7	2.7	3.5		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	14.0	15.2	15.0	14.5	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>7.5		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 8	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.6		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.7	10.1	8.4	8.5	6.4		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	49.8		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.3		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	70.5		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	5.2	5.6	5.7	6.3	4.9		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	11.3	18.2	12.5	11.3	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 9	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	69.0	69.0	69.0	69.0	69.0		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.7	7.1	7.6	7.7	8.9		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.1		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.3		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	68.9		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	6.1	5.0	6.1	6.2	5.5		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	9.9	10.3	9.6	9.4	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



			Cross S	Section 10	(Riffle)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	68.8	68.8	68.8	68.8	69.0		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	6.1	5.7	6.3	6.0	7.2		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.6		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	69.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	3.5	2.9	3.1	3.2	3.6		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.4	11.3	12.7	11.4	14.9		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>7.0		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0		



Downstream



			Cross	Section 11	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	66.5	66.5	66.5	66.5	66.5		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.4	10.0	10.6	10.6	9.5		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.2		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.3	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.2		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	66.3		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	6.7	7.6	7.4	6.9	5.0		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		13.2	15.3	16.2	13.4		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



	Cross Section 12 (Riffle)							
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.6	66.3			
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	6.5	5.5	7.9	7.6	5.1			
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	42.4			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	-			
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.2	1.3			
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	66.7			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	2.8	2.9	5.2	4.7	5.5			
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	15.1	10.7	12.0	12.5	9.4			
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	8.3			
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5			





	Cross Section 13 (Pool)								
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+		
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.0	71.4				
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	13.7	13.1	12.8	13.2	18.0				
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.9	-				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	2.6	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.7				
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	71.2				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	18.6	17.6	13.4	12.4	13.8				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.1	9.0	12.3	14.0	-				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A				



Downstream



	Cross Section 14 (Run/Riffle)						
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.7	70.8		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.0	10.0	9.9	9.7	10.4		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.0	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	70.7		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	10.7	10.6	9.1	9.5	9.6		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	9.3	9.6	10.7	9.9	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.8		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1		




			Cross S	Section 15	(Riffle)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	69.9	69.9	69.9	69.9	70.1		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	9.0	9.4	8.6	8.7	10.1		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.6		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	70.1		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	7.8	7.3	6.3	6.6	8.6		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.3	12.0	11.7	11.5	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>5		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0		







			Cross	Section 16	(Pool)		•
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.4	69.7		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	12.4	13.3	12.0	12.6	15.2		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.7		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	69.7		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	15.1	15.7	13.4	14.1	14.1		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.2	11.3	10.7	11.2	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		





	Cross Section 17 (Riffle)								
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+		
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	68.7	68.7	68.7	68.7	69.1				
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	9.8	9.6	10.2	9.1	12.6				
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	-				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.3				
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	68.9				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	9.3	7.5	8.0	6.9	6.8				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.3	12.3	12.9	12.0	-				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1				







			Cross	Section 18	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	68.1	68.1	68.1	68.1	68.4		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.4	9.2	11.6	10.8	12.0		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.9	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.6		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	68.4		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	11.2	8.8	11.6	10.2	11.1		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	9.7	9.6	11.5	11.6	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		







	Cross Section 19 (Pool)								
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+		
Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.7	66.6				
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.8	11.4	10.7	10.8	9.7				
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.1				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.3	-				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	2.1	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.4				
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	66.8				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	12.5	11.4	14.1	14.4	14.9				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	9.4	10.0	8.2	8.0	-				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A				



Best Reach UT2 Cross Section 20 - Riffle 70 69 68 Elevation (ft) 67 <u>.....</u> 66 65 64 18 21 24 27 0 3 6 9 12 15 30 33 36 39 42 45 48 Distance (ft) – Year 5 – – – Approx. Bankfull ……… Low TOB – Baseline Year 1 Year 2 — Year 3 – - Floodprone Area

Cross Section 20 (Run/Riffle) Dimension Base MY1 MY2 MY3 MY5 MY7 MY+ Bank full Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA 67.1 67.1 67.1 67.1 67.4 11.4 12.1 11.5 12.4 13.1 Bankfull Width (ft) 50.3 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 Floodprone Width (ft) Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 -Bankfull Max Depth (ft)² 2.3 2.1 1.8 1.7 1.8 Low Bank Elevation (ft) 67.1 ----Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)² 13.8 13.0 10.9 11.4 10.8 Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio 9.4 11.2 12.0 13.4 ->2.2 >2.2 >2.2 >2.2 >3.9 Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio Bankfull Bank Height Ratio 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 < 1



Best Reach UT2 Cross Section 21 - Run 68 67 66 Elevation (ft) 65 64 63 62 18 21 24 27 30 33 36 39 42 45 3 12 15 48 0 6 9 Distance (ft) Baseline Year 1 – Year 2 – Year 3 – Year 5 – – – Approx. Bankfull ……… Low TOB – — Floodprone Area

	Cross Section 21 (Run)								
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+		
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.1	65.2				
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.9	10.0	9.3	9.7	11.2				
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	-				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	1.8				
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	64.8				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²) ²	11.1	10.0	10.0	10.4	7.3				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.7	9.9	8.6	9.1	-				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.4				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1				







			Cross	Section 22	e (Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.1		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	10.7	10.5	10.4	10.6	11.5		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.1		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	65.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	14.2	12.4	12.4	13.3	13.2		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	8.1	8.8	8.7	8.4	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



	Cross Section 23 (Run)								
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+		
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	62.8	62.8	62.8	62.8	63.0				
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	9.1	10.3	11.1	10.0	11.8				
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.2				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.8	-				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.2	0.9				
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	62.7				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	8.7	8.1	9.1	7.7	5.2				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	9.4	13.1	13.5	13.0	-				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.3				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1				





			Cross	Section 24	(Pool)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	62.5	62.5	62.5	62.5	63.3		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	13.2	13.8	19.0	14.1	14.4		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.3		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.4	1.0	0.4	0.5	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	2.6	2.1	1.0	0.9	1.2		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	62.3		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	18.3	14.4	7.7	7.2	5.7		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	9.5	13.3	47.0	27.6	11.4		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Downstream



		-	Cross	Section 25	5 (Run)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	71.5	71.5	71.5	71.5	71.6		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	12.2	11.5	13.1	12.1	10.6		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	>50.3		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	71.4		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	4.2	3.6	4.4	4.1	2.7		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	35.5	36.6	39.0	36.1	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>4.8		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	<1		



Upstream

Downstream



			Cross	Section 20	6 (Run)		
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	67.9	67.9	67.9	67.9	67.8		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	5.6	5.3	6.1	5.7	3.9		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	25.4		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.9	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.0	0.9	1.6	1.7	1.7		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	68.2		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	3.1	2.7	5.1	5.1	5.3		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.2	10.2	7.4	6.5	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	6.5		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.4		







	Cross Section 27 (Riffle)								
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+		
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	69.9	69.9	69.9	69.9	69.7				
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.2	6.7	6.5	5.7	5.3				
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	50.0	50.0	13.2	11.7				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	-				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	1.1	1.0	1.3	1.2	3.3				
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	71.8				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	4.7	4.1	4.9	4.5	25.9				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.8	11.0	8.5	7.1	-				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	2.2				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	2.6				





	Cross Section 28 (Run)						
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	69.2	69.2	69.2	69.2	69.2		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	5.7	5.3	5.6	5.2	5.3		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	15.0	16.8	9.3	11.5		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6	1.9		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	70.2		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	3.1	2.4	2.5	1.9	11.2		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	10.4	11.4	12.5	14.5	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	1.8	2.2		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.7	2.1		





	Cross Section 29 (Pool)						
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA ¹	65.3	65.3	65.3	65.3	65.7		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	8.7	3.3	8.3	6.3	10.5		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	20.0	13.7	15.8	19.6		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.4	1.1		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	66.0		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	3.8	3.3	2.1	1.8	7.7		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	19.9	22.1	32.7	22.4	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	1.9	1.6	N/A	N/A		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	N/A	N/A		



Best Reach UT8 Cross Section 30 - Run 68 67 66 Elevation (ft) 65 64 _____ 63 62 21 24 27 30 33 36 0 3 6 9 12 15 18 39 42 45 48 Distance (ft) - Year 2 - Year 3 - Year 5 - - - Approx. Bankfull · · · · · Low TOB - Floodprone Area Baseline Year 1 🗧

Cross Section 30 (Run) Dimension MY1 MY3 MY5 MY7 MY+ Base MY2 Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA 63.7 63.7 63.7 63.7 63.9 6.4 6.7 5.6 5.3 6.2 Bankfull Width (ft) Floodprone Width (ft) 50.0 20.0 19.3 16.4 18.5 Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 0.7 0.9 0.8 0.9 -1.3 1.6 1.0 1.5 Bankfull Max Depth (ft)² 1.5 Low Bank Elevation (ft) -64.0 -4.0 Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)² 5.7 5.6 5.1 6.4 Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio 7.9 7.2 7.1 6.3 -Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio >2.2 >2.2 >2.2 >2.2 3.0 Bankfull Bank Height Ratio¹ 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.2 1.1



Downstream



	Cross Section 31 (Riffle)						
Dimension	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-XSA	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.0	63.5		
Bankfull Width (ft) ¹	7.7	8.5	3.4	4.0	6.3		
Floodprone Width (ft) ¹	50.0	15.0	14.2	13.4	18.4		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	-		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft) ²	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4	2.8		
Low Bank Elevation (ft)	-	-	-	-	65.5		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area $(ft^2)^2$	3.0	2.1	0.9	1.1	20.5		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		34.5	13.2	14.9	-		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio ¹	>2.2	1.7	>2.2	>2.2	2.9		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio ¹	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.7	3.7		

Appendix E Hydrology Data

Tuste for Documentation of Scomorphotogramy significant from Divents								
Crest Gauge	Flow Events	Maximum Consecutive Flow Days	Cumulative Flow Days					
Crest Gauge 4 (HWV UT-4)								
MY4	1	282	282					
MY5	1	270	270					

 Table 13. Documentation of Geomorphologically Significant Flow Events

IVE S		M15 I 270 270				
Crest Gauge	Number of Bankfull Events	Maximum	Bankfull Height (ft.)			
Crest Gauge	1 (UT-1)					
MY1	2		0.3			
MY2	2		0.5			
MY3	6		0.25			
MY4	7		0.95			
MY5	1		0.14			
Crest Gauge	2 (UT-2)					
MY1	11		1.3			
MY2	18		1.95			
MY3	22		1.19			
MY4	21		2.91			
MY5	16		1.42			
Crest Gauge						
MY1	2		0.8			
MY2	4		0.6			
MY3	9		0.55			
MY4	12		3.03			
MY5	2	0.83				
Crest Gauge						
MY1	3		1.1			
MY2	4		1.1			
MY3	7		1.2			
MY4	1		1.25			
MY5	1		0.5			
Crest Gauge						
MY1	8		1.9			
MY2	7		2.2			
MY3	13		2.15			
MY4	16		3			
MY5	18		1.8			

Manth	A	Norma	l Limits	Williamsdale Station
Month	Average	30 Percent	70 Percent	Precipitation
January	4.33	3.32	5.03	2.52
February	3.23	2.14	3.87	2.17
March	4.50	3.23	5.32	3.12
April	3.16	1.70	3.85	6.24
May	3.68	2.69	4.34	1.79
June	4.49	3.11	5.34	1.96
July	6.06	4.16	7.22	4.46
August	5.40	3.12	6.56	5.67
September	5.00	2.04	6.07	6.39
October	3.21	1.62	3.92	2.67
November	2.89	1.83	3.49	
December	3.24	2.14	3.88	
Total	49.19	31.10	58.89	36.99

 Table 14.
 2019 Rainfall Summary

2019	2019 Max Hydroperiod (Growing Season 17-Mar through 14-Nov, 242 days) Success Criterion 9% = 22 Consecutive Days								
	Conse			Cumulative					
		Percent of							
	Days	growing	Days	growing					
Gauge		Season		Season	Occurrences				
AW1	43	18	54	22	4				
AW2	31	13	49	20	5				
AW3	53	22	100	41	4				
AW4	52	21	91	38	4				
AW5	54	22	106	44	3				
AW6	42	17	79	33	7				
AW7	9	4	34	14	6				
AW8	42	17	74	31	6				
AW9	31	13	73	30	6				
RAW1	45	18	67	27	4				
RAW2	31	13	44	18	5				
RAW3	41	17	91	37	4				

Table 15a.

Table 15b. Wetland Hydrology Gauge Summary

	MY1	- 2015	MY2	- 2016	MY3	- 2017	MY4	- 2018	MY5	- 2019
	Conse	cutive	Conse	cutive	Consecutive		Consecutive		Consecutive	
		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of		Percent of
Gauge	Days	growing Season	Days	growing Season	Days	growing Season	Days	growing Season	Days	growing Season
AW1	49	20	53	22	53	22	57	23	43	18
AW2	18	7	18	7	49	20	46	19	31	13
AW3	88	36	99	41	118	49	105	43	53	22
AW4	88	36	97	40	117	48	106	44	52	21
AW5	51	21	103	43	120	49	58	24	54	22
AW6	28	12	42	17	55	23	47	19	42	17
AW7	22	9	17	7	13	5	31	13	9	4
AW8	24	10	32	13	16	7	46	19	42	17
AW9	24	10	18	7	14	6	36	15	31	13
RAW1	52	21	34	14	71	29	57	23	45	18
RAW2	46	19	10	4	24	10	34	14	31	13
RAW3	29	12	32	13	45	19	48	20	41	17

<<u>5%</u> <u>5-8%</u> ≥9%



2019 Best Site Groundwater Monitoring Gauge Hydrographs

























Crest Gauge 1 Reading 0.14'

Crest Gauge 5 Reading 0.5'

Figure 8. Crest Gauge Verification Photos





Appendix E. Hydrology Data