### <u>FINAL</u> YEAR 4 (2019) ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT

# BOBS CREEK STREAM MITIGATION SITE

NCDMS Project No. 92879 Contract No. D09023S USACE Action ID No. SAW-2009-917 & NCDWR Project No. 10-0122 SCO No. 08-07308-01 McDowell County, North Carolina

> Data Collection: May-November 2019 Submission: January 2020



# **PREPARED FOR:**

N.C. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES 1601 MAIL SERVICE CENTER RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27699-1601

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**PREPARED BY:** 

AXIOM ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. 218 SNOW AVENUE RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27603





# Axiom Environmental, Inc.

218 Snow Avenue, Raleigh, NC 27603 919-215-1693

January 10, 2020

Mr. Matthew Reid North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services 5 Ravenscroft Drive, #102 Asheville, North Carolina 28801

RE: Bobs Creek Monitoring (DMS Project # 92879, Contract # D09023S) Final Year 4 (2019) Annual Monitoring Report

12-004.21

Dear Matthew:

Axiom Environmental, Inc. (AXE) is pleased to provide you with two hard copies and one cd of electronic files for the Final Bobs Creek Year 4 (2019) Annual Monitoring Report. We received your comments via email on January 8, 2020 and have addressed them as follows.

- Vegetation: Discussion on page 3 refers to Year 3 stem counts and success criteria. Text also indicates all vegetation plots met success criteria in MY4, but this is not the case. Plot 3 just missed the MY4 success criteria by 7 stems per acre, but it did meet when volunteers are included. Please update paragraph to reflect MY4 conditions. *This paragraph was edited to include a discussion of the year 4 vegetation data. It indicates that site vegetation is meeting success criteria and that 2 of the 3 plots met success criteria based on planted stems alone; however, when including naturally recruited stems of sycamore (Platanus occidentalis), tulip poplar (Liriodendron tulipifera), and black cherry (Prunus serotina), plot 3 is well above success criteria.*
- Table 2: Please add the following activities and dates to table:
  - Structure Repair March 2019
  - Invasive Treatment August 2019

*These items were added to table 2.* 

- CCPV: The CCPV included in the PDF is corrupted and does not show correctly. Please make sure the in the final submittal that it displays correctly. *The CCPV in the final submittal should be working properly.*
- CCPV: Please add location of repaired structure to CCPV and callout (see attached map) *A callout was added to point out the repaired structure on figure 2B.*
- Cross Sections and Table 11: Please ensure that bank height ratios (BHR) are calculated using the methods specified in the Industry Technical Work group memorandum. Please specify the Bankfull and LTOB elevations used for the BHR calculation and add a footnote in the XS figure or in table 11 for clarity. See Neighbors Branch for example. *The cross-section data was double checked, and it was confirmed that all bank height ratios were calculated using the methods specified in the Industry Technical Work group memorandum, with the exception of XS-2 (which is a pool). XS-2 has been updated on table 11A and in the cross-section figures, and max depth at bankfull, and low bank height are listed in both table 11A and the cross-section figures. Additionally, a footnote was added to table 11A explaining the 2 different BHR methodologies used during the life of this project.*

Axiom Environmental, Inc.

NC Division of Mitigation Services Bob's Creek Monitoring Page 2 of 2



• Stream spatial features do not match reported values in asset table. Please provide stream features that characterize the creditable assets that have been reported, ensuring that features are segmented and attributed as they are in the asset table and that feature lengths match the linear feet reported. The wetland feature does match the asset table acreage and is not needed.

The "Stream Assets.shp" shapefile has been updated to match the asset table.

Please let us know if you have any questions or comments regarding any component of this submittal. Thank you for the opportunity to continue to assist the Division of Mitigation Services with this important project.

Sincerely, AXIOM ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Kenan R. Jernigan Project Scientist

Attachments: 2 hard copies Year 4 (2019) Bobs Creek Annual Monitoring Report 1 CD containing digital support files

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# **1.0 PROJECT SUMMARY**

The North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS) has established the Bobs Creek Stream Mitigation Site (Site). The primary goals of the project focused on improving water quality by reducing nutrient loading from the on-site buffalo and horse operation, reducing excess sedimentation input from site channel banks and hill slopes, increasing the attenuation of floodwater flows, and restoring and enhancing aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished through the following objectives.

- Reduce point (i.e. buffalo directly accessing the channel) and non-point source (i.e. stormwater runoff through pastures) pollution associated with an on-site buffalo and horse operation by installing exclusionary fencing along the stream and riparian buffer, and by providing a vegetative buffer on stream banks and adjacent floodplains to treat nutrient enriched surface runoff from adjacent pastureland.
- Stabilize degraded portions of on-site streams to reduce sediment inputs. Stabilization methods will include the following.
  - 1. Restoring a stable dimension, pattern, and profile to selected sections of channels to ensure the channel will transport and attenuate watershed flows and sediment loads without aggrading or degrading.
  - 2. Stabilize selected channel banks by excavating bankfull benches, placing stream structures to reduce shearing forces on outside meander bends, and planting native vegetative species to provide soil stability.
  - 3. Stabilize selected channel banks by matting and planting native vegetative species to establish root masses along channel and valley side slopes.
- Improve aquatic habitat by enhancing stream bed variability, providing shading/cover areas within the stream channel, and introducing woody debris in the form of rootwads, log vanes, and log sills.
- Diversify aquatic habitat by creating floodplain oxbows that will provide breeding grounds for amphibians and also store overbank flows from adjacent stream channels.
- Enhance fish passage within Bobs Creek and UT 8 Bobs Creek by removing livestock fencing that has become clogged with debris on Bobs Creek, and restoring UT 8 Bobs Creek and replacing an existing perched culvert to allow fish passage upstream.
- Enhance riparian wildlife habitat by fencing livestock out of existing and restored riparian buffers as well as installing alternative watering devices that will ensure livestock have sufficient watering areas. This is detailed further in the Farm Management Plans completed for the site by NCDMS.
- Enhance wildlife habitat by vegetating existing denuded riparian buffers with native trees, shrubs, herbs, and grasses. Forest vegetation species were selected by studying a Reference Forest Ecosystem located on-site and reviewing Montane Alluvial Forest species listed in *Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation* (Schafale and Weakley 1990).
- Create wildlife corridors through agricultural lands which have significantly dissected the landscape. The corridors will provide connectivity to a diversity of habitats including mature forest, early successional forest, stream-side forest, riparian wetlands, and uplands.

**<u>Stream Success Criteria</u>**: Success criteria for stream restoration will include 1) successful classification of the reach as a functioning stream system (Rosgen 1996) and 2) channel variables indicative of a stable stream system.

Collected data will be utilized to determine the success in restoring stream channel stability. Specifically, the width-to-depth ratio and bank-height ratios should be indicative of a stable or moderately unstable channel with minimal changes in cross-sectional area, channel width, and/or bank erosion along the

monitoring reach. In addition, channel abandonment and/or shoot cutoffs must not occur and sinuosity values must remain relatively constant. Visual assessment of instream structures will be conducted to determine if failure has occurred. Failure of a structure may be indicated by collapse of the structure, undermining of the structure, abandonment of the channel around the structure, and/or stream flow beneath the structure.

<u>Stream Dimension</u>: General maintenance of a stable cross-section and hydrologic access to the floodplain features over the course of the monitoring period will generally represent success in dimensional stability. Some changes in dimension (such as lowering of bankfull width) should be expected. Riffle cross-sections should generally maintain a bank-height ratio approaching 1.0, with some variation in this ratio naturally occurring. Pool cross-sections naturally adjust based on recent flows and time between flows, therefore more leeway on pool cross-section geometry is expected.

<u>Stream Pattern and Profile</u>: The profile should not demonstrate significant trends towards degradation or aggradation over a significant portion of a reach. Additionally, bed form variables should remain noticeably intact and consistent with original design parameters that were based off of reference conditions. Pattern features should show little adjustment over the standard 5-year monitoring period and will be monitored to ensure adjustment is minor prior to close out.

<u>Substrate</u>: Substrate measurements should indicate the progression towards or the maintenance of the known distributions from the design phase.

<u>Sediment Transport</u>: There should be an absence of any significant trend in the aggradational or depositional potential of the channel.

<u>Hydraulics</u>: A minimum of two bankfull events must be documented within the standard 5-year monitoring period. The two bankfull events shall occur within separate years.

**Vegetation Success Criteria:** Success criteria have been established to verify that the vegetation component supports community elements necessary for forest development. Success criteria are dependent upon the density and growth of characteristic forest species. An average density of 320 stems per acre of planted stems must be surviving in the first three monitoring years. Subsequently, 290 planted stems per acre must be surviving in year 4 and 260 planted stems per acre in year 5.

The Bobs Site is located approximately five miles southeast of the town of Marion (Figure 1, Appendix B). The Site is situated due southwest of the intersection of Marlowe Road and Fat Wall Road in McDowell County, North Carolina and is located within the United States Geological Survey (USGS) Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03050101040010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-08-30) of the Catawba River Basin and will service USGS 8-digit Cataloging Unit 03050101.

The contributing watersheds are characterized primarily by forest land (approximately 87 percent of the total area) with pasture at the lower elevations (approximately 10 percent of the total area) and low-density residential development scattered along the outer fringes of the pasture/agricultural land. Impervious surfaces appear to account for approximately one percent of the watershed land surface. Prior to Site construction, riparian vegetation had been removed, stream channels were manipulated, and hoof shear from livestock on stream banks and floodplain soils was responsible for degraded water quality and unstable channel characteristics (stream entrenchment, erosion, and bank collapse) within Site streams.

Project mitigation efforts resulted in the following.

- Restore 929 linear feet of stream
- Enhance (Level I) 238 linear feet of stream
- Enhance (Level II) 402 linear feet of stream
- Preserve 6794 linear feet of stream
- Preserve 0.35 acres of riparian wetland

The Muddy Creek Restoration Partnership (Partnership) was formed in 1998 to address impacts to the Muddy Creek Watershed. The Partnership completed the *Muddy Creek Watershed Restoration Initiative Feasibility Report and Restoration Plan* (Watershed Plan) for the Muddy Creek Watershed in December of 2003 (MCRP 2003). Since 2004 NCDMS has informally participated in the Partnership by implementing priority projects named by the partnership and adopted the 2003 report as part of its Local Watershed Plan (LWP). The NCDMS's *Upper Catawba River Basin Restoration Priorities* (2009) identifies North Muddy Creek as a Targeted Local Watershed (TLW). The Site is located within the North Muddy Creek Watershed. In 2008 NCDMS contracted with a consulting firm to conduct outreach programs with landowners and identify additional project sites in the Muddy Creek Watershed.

The primary goals identified by the Partnership's Watershed Plan include the following.

- 1. Restore the Watershed to its Full Intended Use
- 2. Restore Riparian Buffers
- 3. Enhance Open Space Preservation
- 4. Improve Water Quality
- 5. Restore Physical Habitat
- 6. Establish a Trout Fishery

The Watershed Plan listed the following components of watershed restoration to be expected.

- 1. Natural Channel Design Stream Restoration
- 2. Riparian Reforestation
- 3. Livestock Exclusion
- 4. Riparian Forest Preservation

These four components were included within the *Bobs Creek Site's Mitigation Plan* (NCEEP 2009). The project restored the watershed to its full intended use by restoring a stream, floodplain, and riparian wetland ecosystem through stream and wetland restoration, enhancement, and preservation. The project restored riparian buffers through revegetation of buffer zones with native riparian and wetland species along all Site streams. The project enhanced open space preservation by placing Site streams, wetlands, and their buffers into a permanent conservation easement. The overall Site helps improve water quality by reducing sedimentation in on-Site streams and planted a vegetated riparian buffer that filters nutrients from adjacent pasturelands. Additionally, exclusionary fencing and alternate watering devices removed livestock from accessing on-site channels and riparian buffers. The project restored and enhanced physical habitat for both aquatic and terrestrial species by planting native vegetation along stream banks and riparian buffers, creating wildlife corridors through a dissected landscape, and restoring bedform variability to Site streams. The stabilization of streams and buffers in the project area enhanced water quality in downstream receiving waters, which should help in the re-establishment of the watershed's ability to host trout and enhance their ability to propagate.

Site design was completed in April 2014. Site construction was completed in December 2015 and Site planting was completed in December 2015. Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and project attributes are summarized in Tables 1-4 (Appendix A).

# 2.0 METHODS

Monitoring of restoration efforts will be performed for five years or until success criteria are fulfilled. Monitoring is proposed for the stream channel and vegetation. In general, the restoration success criteria, and required remediation actions, are based on the *Stream Mitigation Guidelines* (USACE et al. 2003). Monitoring features are described below and are depicted on Figures 2A-B (Appendix B).

# <u>Streams</u>

The restored stream reaches are proposed to be monitored for geometric activity as follows.

- 850 linear feet of stream profile
- 4 riffle cross-sections
- 1 pool cross-section

The data will be presented in graphic and tabular format. Data to be presented will include 1) crosssectional area, 2) bankfull width, 3) average depth, 4) maximum depth, 5) width-to-depth ratio, 6) meander wavelength, 7) belt-width, 8) water surface slope, and 9) sinuosity. The stream will subsequently be classified according to stream geometry and substrate (Rosgen 1996). Significant changes in channel morphology will be tracked and reported by comparing data in each successive monitoring year. Pebble counts will be completed at the 4 riffle cross-sections to be used for substrate analysis (Appendix D). Annual photographs will include 27 fixed station photographs (Appendix B). In addition, the Site contains two stream crest gauges to assist with documentation of bankfull events. Two bankfull events were documented during monitoring year 4 (2019) making a total of at least seven documented bankfull events in four separate monitoring years (Table 12, Appendix E).

Early in Year 1 (2016), several structures were damaged and surrounding streambanks were eroded by significant storm events that occurred shortly after Site construction. Warranty repair work was completed in October 2016 to address these issues. Additionally, during year 3 (2018), approximately 60 feet of an outer bend on the downstream reach of Bobs Creek had become heavily eroded, and several boulders from a rock cross-vane structure had become dislodged and had fallen into the stream. This area was repaired by NCDMS during March of 2019. All repaired structures and banks appear stable and well vegetated during year 4 (2019).

One stream area of concern was observed during year 4 (2019) monitoring. A log cross vane on the downstream reach of UT-8 to Bobs Creek is compromised and appears to be piping (Area of Concern #1). This currently does not appear to be an immediate threat to stream stability, but it is not functioning as designed. This stream area of concern is depicted on Figure 2A (Appendix B). Year 4 (2019) stream measurements indicate that site streams are meeting success criteria.

# **Vegetation**

Restoration monitoring procedures for vegetation will monitor plant survival and species diversity. The Site planting area consists of 1.8 acres. After planting was completed, three vegetation plots were installed and monitored at the Site; results can be found in Appendix C. Annual measurements of vegetation will consist of 3 CVS vegetation plots.

A photographic record of plant growth should be included in each annual monitoring report; baseline photographs are included in Appendix B. During the first year, vegetation will receive a cursory, visual evaluation on a periodic basis to ascertain the degree of overtopping of planted elements by nuisance species. Subsequently, quantitative sampling of vegetation will be performed as outlined in the *CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2* (Lee et al. 2008) in September of the first monitoring year and annually between June 1 and September 30 for the remainder of the monitoring period until vegetation success criteria are achieved.

Year 4 stem count measurements indicate planted stem densities are well above the required 290 stems per acre. The planted stem density across the Site is 391 planted stems per acre (Table 9, Appendix C). In addition, two of the three individual CVS plots met success criteria based on planted stems alone (Table 7, Appendix C). Plot 3 was one stem shy of meeting success criteria; however, when including naturally recruited stems of sycamore (*Platanus occidentalis*), tulip poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), and black cherry (*Prunus serotina*), the plot is well above success criteria. Therefore, the Site is currently meeting vegetation success criteria.

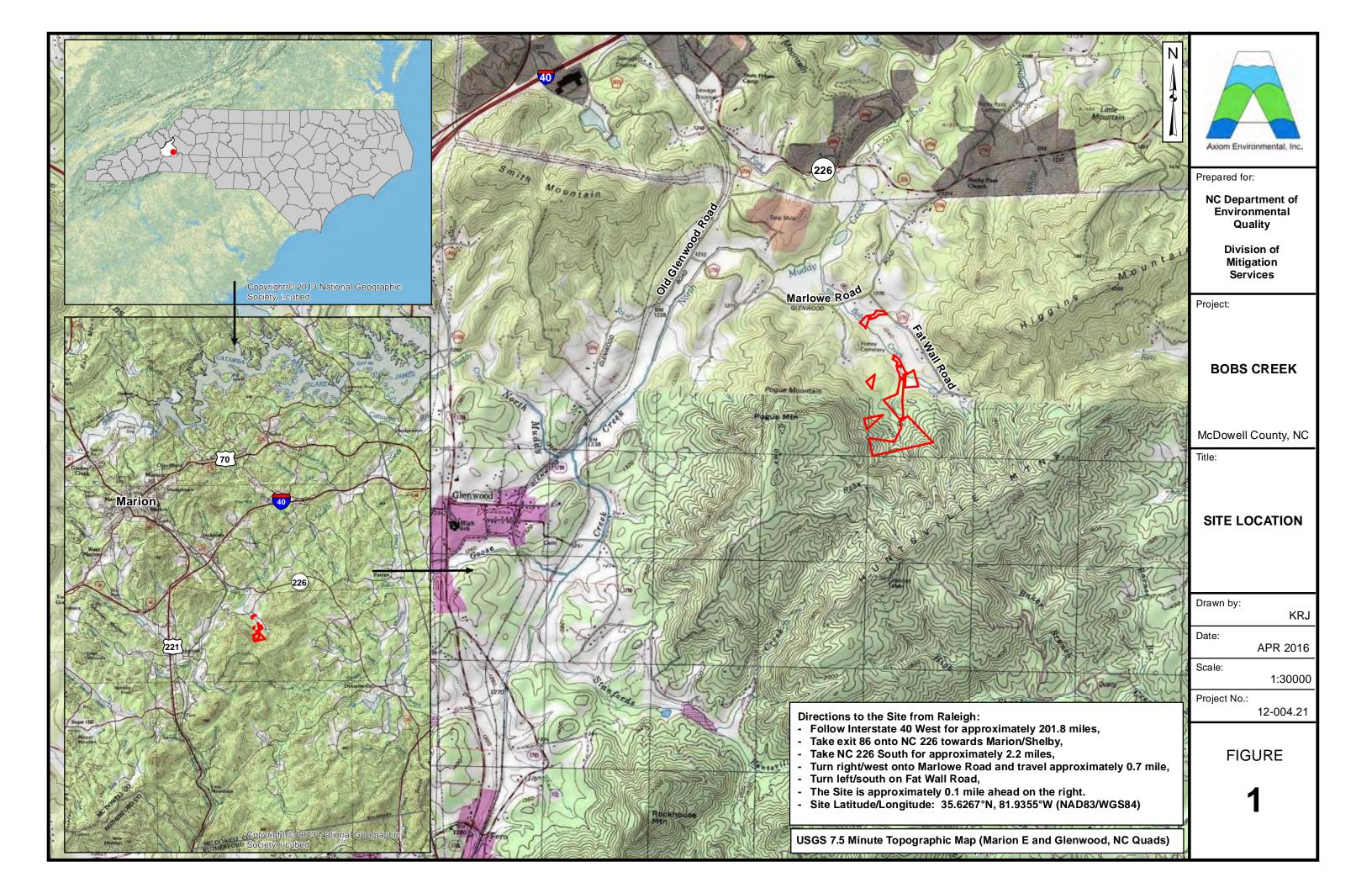
Nine small but dense populations of Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) were observed onsite; four along the upper portion of UT-8, and five along the lower portion of Bobs Creek. Additionally, two small but dense populations of multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) were observed along UT-8 (Figures 2A-B, Appendix B). Additional areas of privet and multiflora rose were observed scattered throughout Site restoration reaches in quantities below mapping thresholds. NCDMS has implemented an invasive management plan that will continue through Year 5 (2020). Current efforts to control invasive species throughout the site appear to be working. Previously mapped populations of invasive species have responded to herbicide treatments. The Site will continue to be monitored for invasive species for the remaining monitoring period. The report summarizing the treatment methods has been included in Appendix F.

# 3.0 REFERENCES

- Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation. Version 4.2. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Muddy Creek Restoration Partners (MCRP), 2003. Feasibility Report and Restoration Plan for the Muddy Creek Watershed.
- North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). 2009. Bobs Creek Stream and Wetland Mitigation Site Mitigation Plan. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). 2009. Upper Catawba River BasinRestoration Priorities 2009 (online). Available: http://www.nceep.net/services/restplans/Upper\_Catawba\_RBRP\_2009.pdf [March 12, 2009]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Rosgen D. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology. Pagosa Springs, Colorado.
- Schafale, M.P. and A.S. Weakley. 1990. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Ccarolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC), Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), and North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. State of North Carolina.
- Weather Underground. 2017. Station KFQD at Bostic, North Carolina (online). Available: www.wunderground.com/history/airport/KFQD/ [November 28, 2017]. Weather Underground.
- Weather Underground. 2019. Station KEHO at Shelby, North Carolina (online). Available: https://www.wunderground.com/history/monthly/us/nc/shelby/KEHO/date/2019-11 [November 19, 2019]. Weather Underground.

# Appendix A. Site Location Map and Background Tables

Figure 1. Site Location Table 1. Project Mitigation Components Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History Table 3. Project Contacts Table Table 4. Project Attributes Table



# Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation CreditsBobs Creek Mitigation Site/ DMS Number 92879

				Mitigatio	on Credit Summation	18					
Stream	Rip	arian Wetland	Nonripa	rian Wetland	Bu	ffer	Niti	ogen Offset	Phosphorous Offset		
2607		0.07									
			1		jects Components	1					
Project Component –or-F ID	Reach	Stationing	Existing Footage or Acreage	Restoration Footage or Acreage	Restoration Level/Equivalent	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Credits	Comment			
Bobs Creek Bob Creek As-built Plan Sta	tioning	39+86 - 43+21 (09+90 - 13+25)		335 335	Restoration (PI)	1:1	335		away from terrace and around g mature vegetation.		
Bobs Creek		36+74 - 37+21 37+89 - 38+67 39+14 - 39+50	3315	161	Enhance I	1.5:1	107		excavation, channel structures, plantings on degraded banks.		
Bobs Creek		37+21-37+89 38+67-39+14 39+50-39+86		151	Enhance II	2.5:1	60	Exclusionary fencing and permanent conservation easement. The easement brea 39+86 has been removed from credit summa			
Bobs Creek		10+00 - 36+74		2674	Preservation	5:1	535		eaks have been removed from edit summation.		
UT 1 Bobs Creek		10+00 - 20+60	1060	1060	Preservation	5:1	212				
UT 2 Bobs Creek		10+00 - 15+90	590	590	Preservation	5:1	118				
UT 3 Bobs Creek		10+00 - 15+30	530	530	Preservation	5:1	106	The easement b	reak has been removed from		
UT 4 Bobs Creek		10+00 - 16+51 10+00 - 10+75	726	726	Preservation	5:1	145	cro	edit summation.		
UT 5 Bobs Creek		10+00 - 12+24	224	224	Preservation	5:1	45				
UT 6 Bobs Creek		$\begin{array}{c} 10{+}17{-}10{+}37\\ 10{+}73{-}10{+}78\\ 12{+}50{-}12{+}76 \end{array}$		51	Enhance II	2.5:1	20	Vegetative planti	ngs on degraded meanders and matting.		
UT 6 Bobs Creek		$\begin{array}{c} 10{+}00{-}10{+}17\\ 10{+}37{-}10{+}73\\ 10{+}78{-}12{+}50\\ 12{+}76{-}13{+}37 \end{array}$	369	286	6 Preservation 5:1 57		57	57			
UT 7 Bobs Creek		15+23 - 15+48		25	Enhance I	1.5:1	17	Bankfull bench excavation, channel structures, and vegetative plantings on degraded banks.			
UT 7 Bobs Creek	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										

UT 8 Bobs Creek Bob Creek As-built Plan Stationing	$\begin{array}{c} 11{+}58{-}13{+}35\\ (10{+}00{-}11{+}77)\\ 15{+}22{-}16{+}95\\ (10{+}00{-}11{+}73)\\ 17{+}85{-}19{+}39\\ (13{+}16{-}14{+}70) \end{array}$		504	Restoration (PI)	1:1	504	Channel moved away fro around mature vegetati- New channel locati- Downstream Reach. Th crossing in the downs removed from cr	on in Upstream Reach. on in new valley in e easement break at the tream reach has been	
UT 8 Bobs Creek Bob Creek As-built Plan Stationing	16+95-17+85 (12+26-13+16)	985	90	Restoration (PII)	1:1	90	Channel moved approx west of existing locat		
UT 8 Bobs Creek	$\begin{array}{r} 10 + 93 - 11 + 25 \\ 14 + 45 - 14 + 65 \end{array}$		52	Enhance I	1.5:1	35	Bankfull bench excavat and vegetative planting		
UT 8 Bobs Creek	$\begin{array}{r} 11+25-11+58\\ 13+35-14+45\\ 14+65-15+22 \end{array}$		200	Enhance II	2.5:1	80	Vegetative plantings on matt		
UT 8 Bobs Creek	10+00 - 10+93		93	Preservation	5:1	19		-	
Wetlands		0.35	0.35	Preservation	5:1	0.07			
			Length	and Area Summation	5				
Restoration Level	Stream (linear	footage)	Riparian	Wetland (acreage)	-	arian Wetland acreage)	Buffer (square feet)	Upland (acres)	
			Riverine	Non-Riverine					
Restoration	929								
Enhancement (Level I)	238								
Enhancement (Level II)	402								
Preservation	6,794		0.35						
Totals	8,363		0.35						
Mitigation Units	2,607 SN	lUs	0.07 Riparia WMUs	an		Nonriparian WMUs			
			1	<b>BMP Elements</b>					
Element		Loca	tion		Purpose/Fun	ction	Ν	lotes	

Activity or Deliverable	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Project Institution		-
Mitigation Plan	April 2009	December 2009
Permits Issued		
Final Design – Construction Plans		April 2014
Construction		December 2015
Temporary S&E Mix applied to Entire Project Site		December 2015
Permanent Seed Mix applied to the Entire Project Site		December 2015
Bare Root; Containerized; and B&B Plantings for the Entire Project Site		December 2015
Baseline Monitoring Document (Year 0 Monitoring Baseline)	April 2016	July 2016
Repair		October 2016
Year 1 Monitoring	November 2016	December 2016
Year 2 Monitoring	November 2017	December 2017
Year 2 Vegetation Monitoring	August 30, 2017	
Year 2 Geomorphology Monitoring	February 20, 2017	
Year 3 Monitoring	November 2018	November 2018
Year 3 Vegetation Monitoring	September 25, 2018	
Year 3 Geomorphology Monitoring	March 22, 2018	
Structure Repair		March 2019
Year 4 Monitoring	November 2019	January 2020
Year 4 Vegetation Monitoring	July 2019	
Year 4 Geomorphology Monitoring	July 2019	
Invasive Treatment		August 2019
Year 5 Monitoring		

# Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting HistoryBobs Creek Mitigation Site/ DMS Number 92879

Table 3. Project Contact Table	
Bobs Creek Mitigation Site/ DMS Number 92879	)

DODS CIEER MILIGATION SILE/ DIVIS NUMBER	
Designer	Florence & Hutcheson Engineering
	(Now HDR)
	5121 Kingdom Way, Suite 100
	Raleigh, NC 27607
	Kevin Williams (919) 851-6066
Construction Plans and Sediment and	Florence & Hutcheson Engineering
Erosion Control Plans	(Now HDR)
	5121 Kingdom Way, Suite 100
	Raleigh, NC 27607
	Kevin Williams (919) 851-6066
Construction Contractor	Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.
	Mount Airy, NC
	(336) 320-3849
Planting Contractor	Keller Environmental
	7291 Haymarket Lane
	Raleigh, NC 27615
	Jay Keller (919) 749-8259
As-built Surveyor	Turner Land Surveying. PLLC
	3719 Benson Drive
	Raleigh, NC 27609
	Elisabeth Turner (919) 827-0745
Baseline Data Collection	Axiom Environmental, Inc.
	218 Snow Avenue
	Raleigh, NC 27603
	Grant Lewis (919) 215-1693

# Table 4. Project Baseline Information and AttributesBobs Creek Mitigation Site/ DMS Number 92879

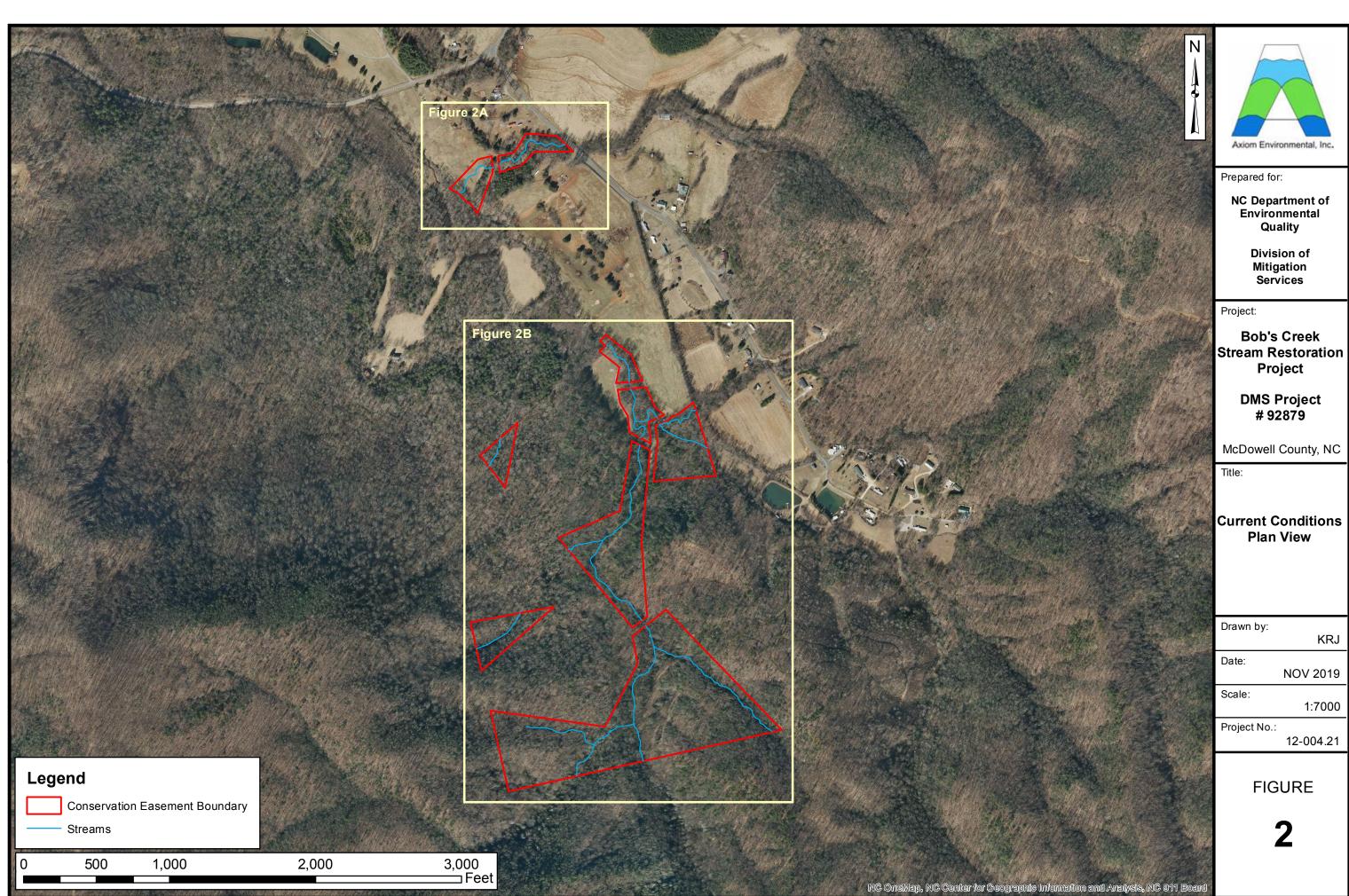
0	Proje	ct Informatio	n								
Project name		Вс	bs Creek Mit	igation Site							
Project county		McDo	well County,	North Carolin	na						
Project area (Acres)			31.8								
Project coordinates (lat/long)	Project coordinates (lat/long) 35.6567°N, 81.9355°W										
Project Watershed Summary Information											
Physiographic region			Blue Ri	dge							
Project river basin			Catawba Riv	er Basin							
USGS hydrologic unit (8 digit)			030501	.01							
NCDWQ Sub-basin			03-08-	30							
Project drainage area (acres)			930								
% Drainage area impervious			1								
CGIA land use classification											
	Reach Sun	nmary Infori	nation								
Parameters	Daha Garah		UT	's to Bobs Cr	eek						
	Bobs Creek	UT 1	UT 2/3	UT 4/5	UT 6/7	UT 8					
Length of reach (linear feet)	3321	1060	590/530	726/224	337/636	939					
Valley classification	VIII	II	II	II	II & VII	II					
Drainage area (acres)	930	1	20/120	20/40	440/45	60					
NCDWQ stream identification score	46.5	24	39/24	27/34	27/41.5	33.5					
NCDWQ water quality classification	С	С	С	С	С	С					
Morphological description (stream type)	B & C & F4	B4	B4	E &C4 / A & B4	B4 / C4 & E4	B&C&G4					
Design Rosgen stream type	C4	B4	B4	E &C4 / B4	B4 / C4 & E4	E & C4					
Evolutionary trend											
Design approach (P1, P2, P3, E, etc.)	PI, EI, EII, & P	Р	Р	Р	EI, EII, P	PI. PII, EI, EII, P					
Underlying mapped soils	Tate/Chestnut/ Ashe	Tate	Tate/ Evard/ Cowee	Tate/ Evard	Iotla	Iotla					
Drainage class	Well	Well	Well	Well	SW Poor	SW Poor					
Soil hydric status	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric	Nonhydric					
Slope	0.0173	0.191	0.258/ 0.286	0.086/ 0.255	0.039/ 0.047	0.0342					
FEMA classification	Zone AE	Zone X	Zone X	Zone X	Zone X	Zone X					
Native vegetation community	Forest/Pasture Forest Forest Forest Pasture										
% Composition of exotic invasive spp.	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5					

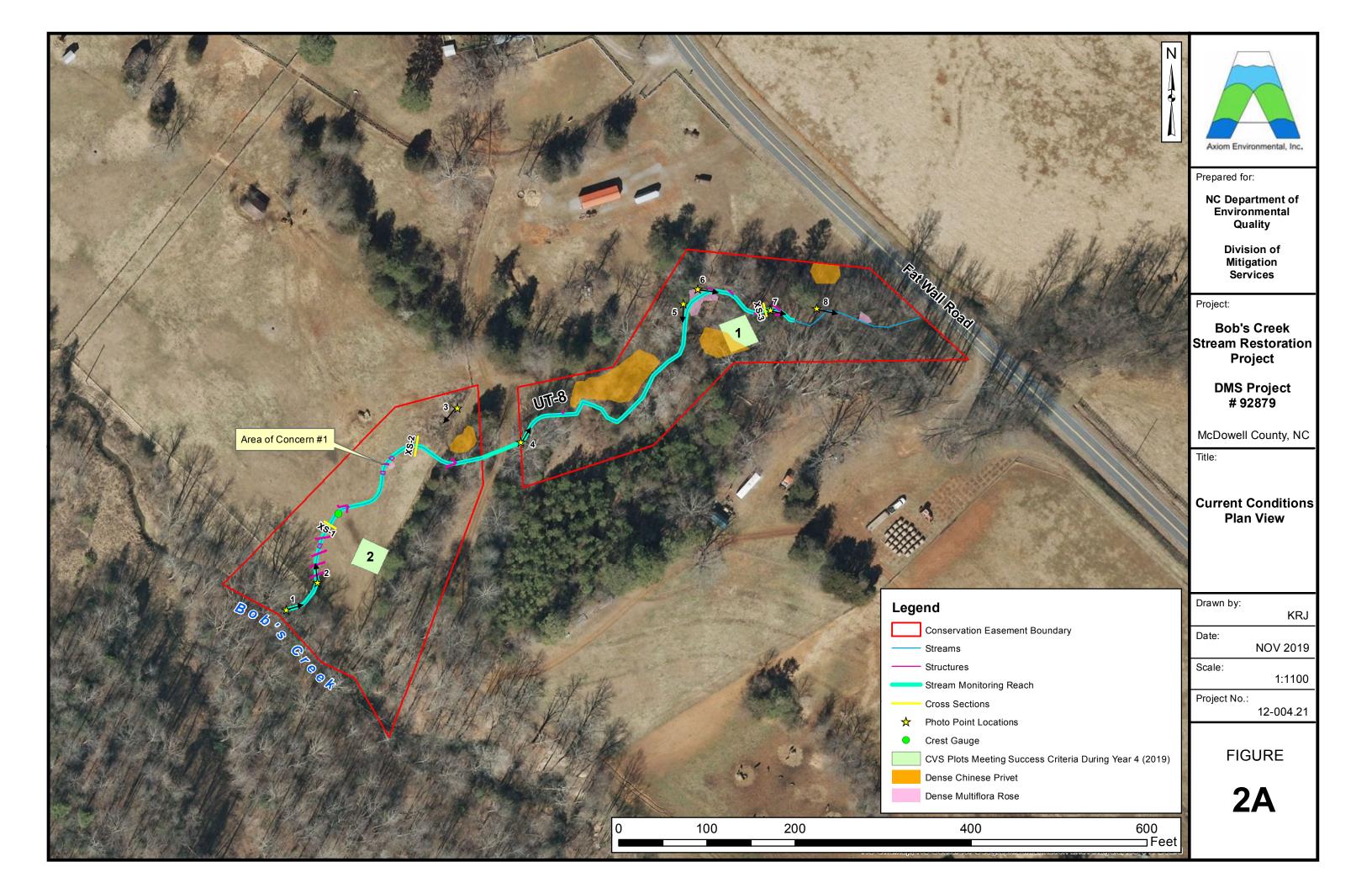
# Table 4. Project Baseline Information and Attributes (continued)Bobs Creek Mitigation Site/ DMS Number 92879

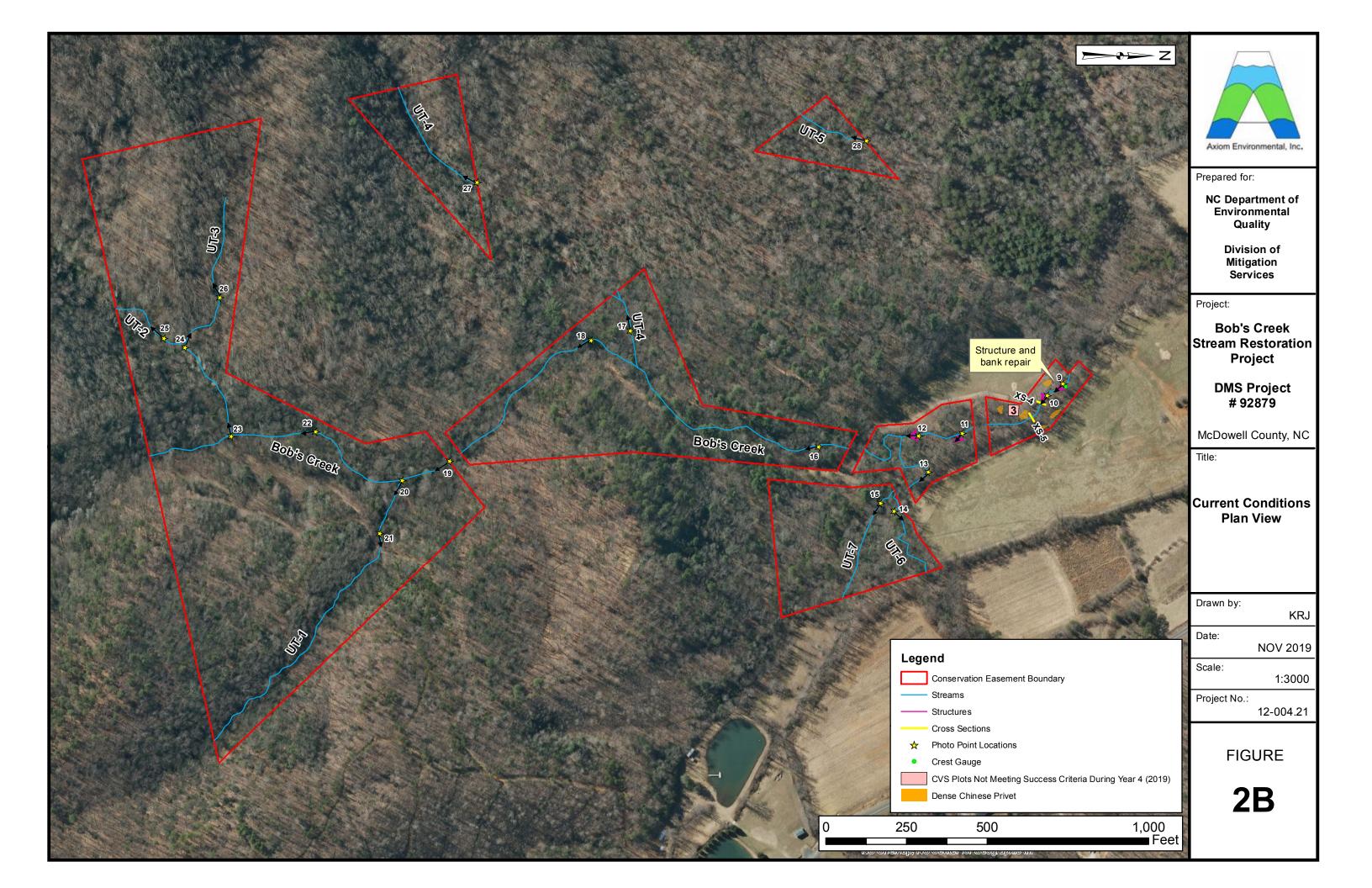
	Wetland Summa	ry Information							
Parameters		Wetlands							
Size of wetland (acres)		0.35							
Wetland type		Riparian Riverine							
Mapped soil series		Tate Loam (Wehadkee	e)						
Drainage class		Well (poorly)							
Soil hydric status		Nonhydric (hydric)							
Source of hydrology		Overbank and groundwa	ater						
Hydrologic impairment		None							
Native vegetation community		Forested							
% Composition of exotic invasive		<5							
spp.									
	Regulatory Co	nsiderations							
Regulation	Applicable?	<b>Resolved</b> ?	Supporting Documentation						
Waters of the US – Section 404	Yes	Yes	SAW-2009-917						
Waters of the US – Section 401	Yes	Yes	SAW-2009-917						
Endangered Species Act	Yes	Yes	No Effect – CE Document						
Historic Preservation Act	Yes	Yes	CE Document						
Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA/CAMA)	No	NA	NA						
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Yes	Yes	No Rise						
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No	NA	NA						

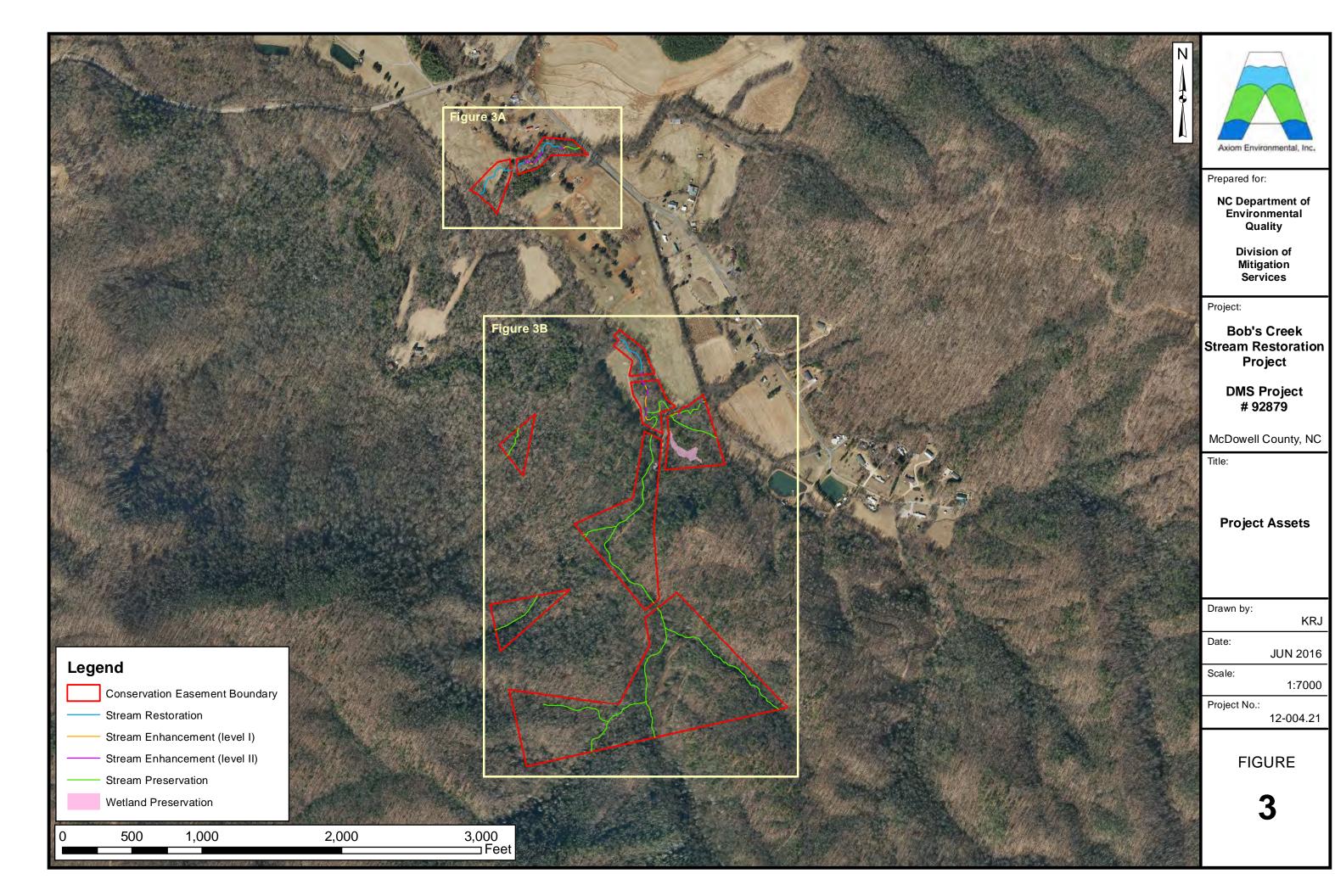
# Appendix B Visual Assessment Data

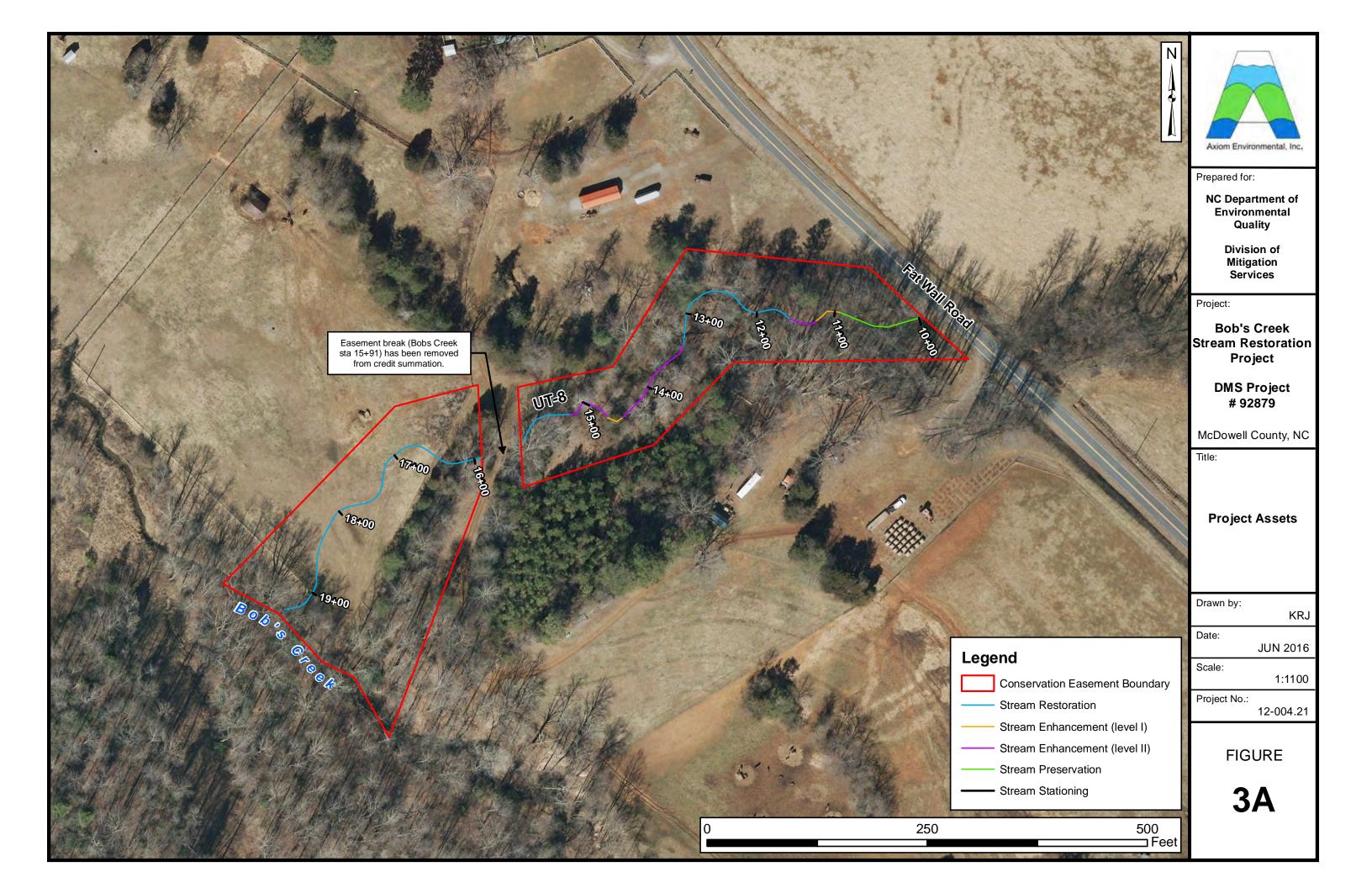
Figures 2, 2A-2B. Current Conditions Plan View Figures 3, 3A-3B. Project Assets Tables 5A-5B. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment Stream Fixed Station Photo Points Vegetation Plot Photos

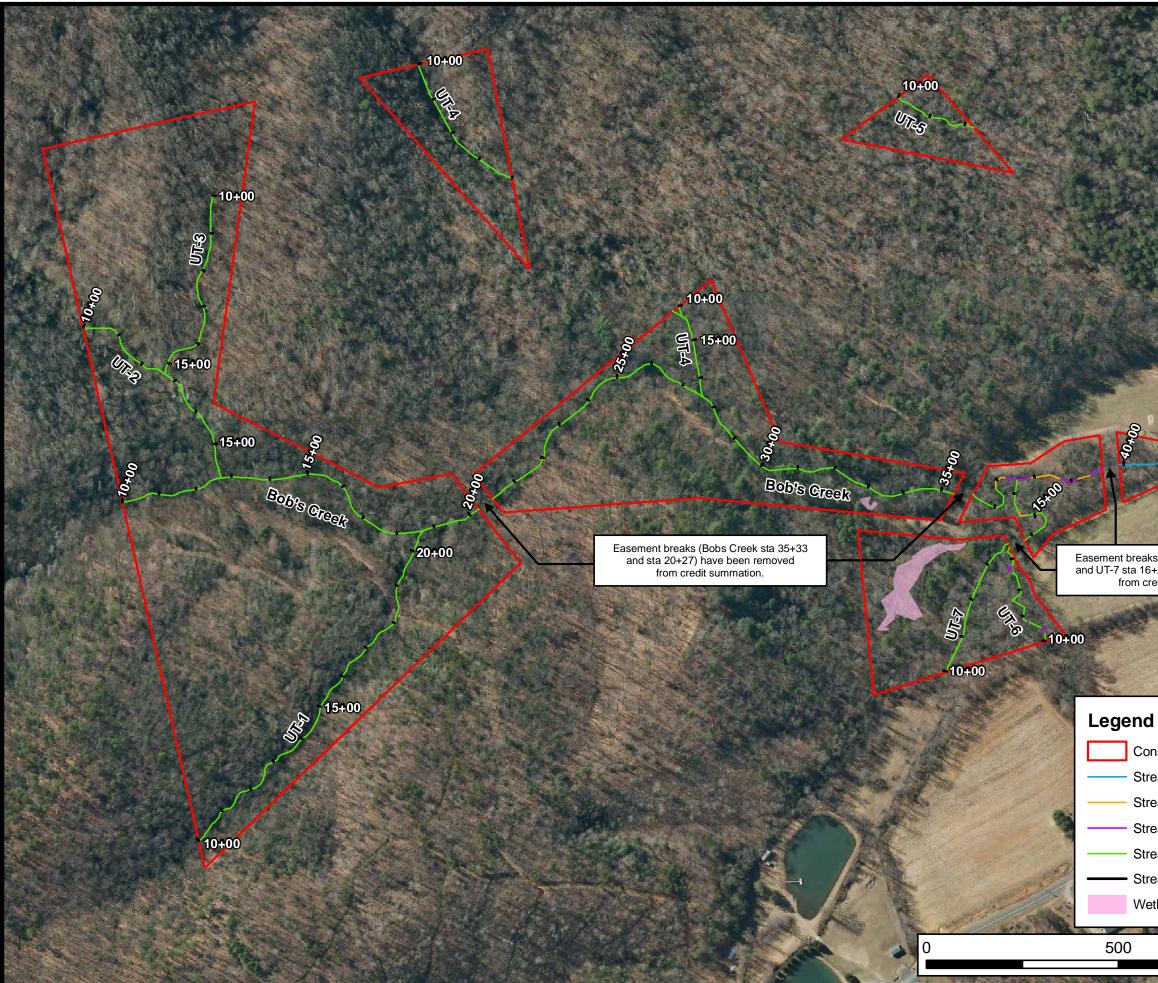












Easement breaks (Bobs Creek sta 39+86 and UT-7 sta 16+21) have been removed from credit summation.

Conservation Easement Boundary

- Stream Restoration
- Stream Enhancement (level I)
- Stream Enhancement (level II)
- Stream Preservation
- Stream Stationing
- Wetland Preservation

Axiom Environmental, Inc.

Prepared for:

NC Department of Environmental Quality

> **Division of** Mitigation Services

Project:

**Bob's Creek** Stream Restoration Project

> DMS Project # 92879

McDowell County, NC

Title:

**Project Assets** 

Drawn by:

KRJ

Date: JUN 2016

Scale:

1:3000

Project No .:

12-004.21

FIGURE



1,000 ⊐ Feet

### Table 5A Reach ID Assessed Length

#### <u>Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment</u> Bobs Creek 647

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Stabilizing Woody	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	<ol> <li><u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)</li> </ol>			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	7	7			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	6	6			100%			
		<ol> <li>Length appropriate (&gt;30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)</li> </ol>	6	6			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	6	6			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	6	6			100%			
		•								
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	7	7			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	7	7			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	7	7			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	7	7			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	7	7			100%			

### Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Reach ID Assessed Length

Table 5B

UT8 to Bobs Creek 939

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Stabilizing Woody	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	<ol> <li><u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)</li> </ol>			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	26	26			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	25	25			100%			
		<ol> <li>Length appropriate (&gt;30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle)</li> </ol>	25	25			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	25	25			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	25	25			100%			
		•								
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
			-	Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	22	22			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	21	22			95%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	21	22			95%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	22	22			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	22	22			100%			

### Table 6 Vegetation Condition Assessment

#### **Bobs Creek Mitigation Project**

Planted Acreage <sup>1</sup>	2.1					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
2B. Low Planted Stem Density Areas	None	0.1 acres	none	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	None	0.25 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%

Easement Acreage <sup>2</sup>	42.7					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern <sup>4</sup>	Dense Chinese privet and multiflora rose populations	1000 SF	orange and pink polygons	14	0.20	0.5%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas <sup>3</sup>	None	none	none	0	0.00	0.0%

1 = Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

2 = The acreage within the easement boundaries.

3 = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1,2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

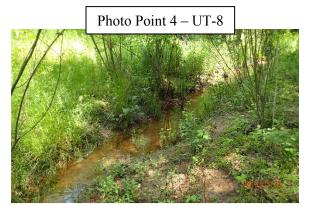
4 = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern spcies are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likley trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in *red italics* are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where <u>isolated</u> specimens are found, particularly or situations where the condition for an area is somewhere between isolated specimes and dense, discreet patches. In any case, the point or polygon/area feature can be symbolized to describe things like high or low concern and species can be listed as a map inset, in legend items if the number of species are limited or in the analytic section of the executive summary.

# Bobs Creek Fixed Station Photographs Taken May/November 2019



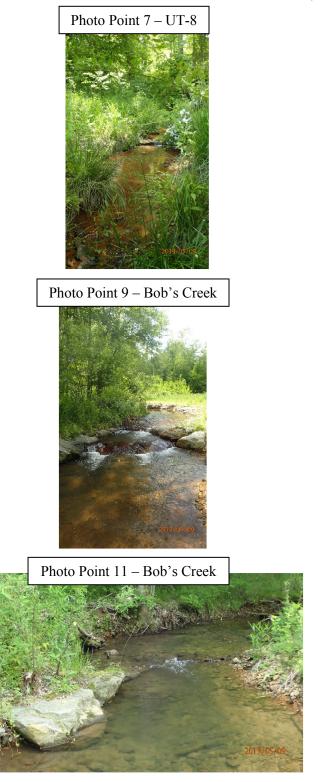




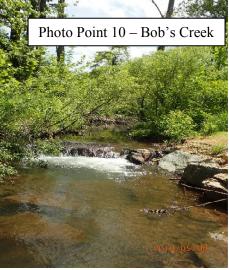












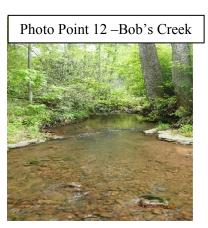




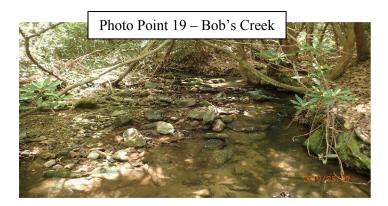


Photo Point 16 – Bob's Creek



Photo Point 18 – Bob's Creek





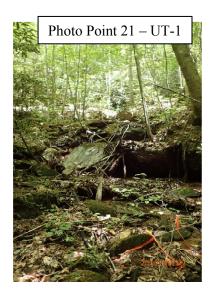


Photo Point 23 – UT-2





Photo Point 22 – Bob's Creek











Bobs Creek Vegetation Monitoring Photographs Taken July 2019







# Appendix C. Vegetation Plot Data

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Success Summary Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata Table 9. Total Planted Stems by Plot and Species

Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Tract Mean
1	Yes	
2	Yes	67%
3	No	

## Table 7. Vegetation Plot Success Summary

## Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata

<b>Report Prepared By</b>	Phillip Perkinson
Date Prepared	7/27/2019 16:25
database name	Axiom-BobsCreek-2019MY4-A-v2.3.1.mdb
	S:\Business\Projects\12\12-004 EEP Monitoring\12-004.21 Neighbors Bob\Bobs
database location	Creek/2019 MY-04/CVS
computer name	PHILLIP-LT
file size	58728448
	SHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT
	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s)
Metadata	and project data.
	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This
Proj, planted	excludes live stakes.
	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes
Proj, total stems	live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems,
Plots	missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of
Damage	total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
Planted Stems by Plot and	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot;
Spp	dead and missing stems are excluded.
ALL Stems by Plot and	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural
spp	volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
PROJECT SUMMARY	
Project Code	92879
Project Name	Bobs Creek
River Basin	Catawba
length(ft)	
stream-to-edge width (ft)	
<b>Required Plots</b>	
(calculated)	
Sampled Plots	3

#### Table 9. Total Planted Stems by Plot and Species Project Code 92879. Project Name: Bobs Creek

					Cur	rent Plo	ot Data	(MY4 2	019)									Anı	nual Me	eans						
			928	79-01-0	0001	928	79-01-0	002	928	79-01-0	0003	М	Y4 (201	9)	M	<b>Y3 (20</b> 1	L8)	M	1Y2 (201	17)	М	Y1 (201	.6)	N	IYO (201	.6)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	т
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree				1	1	1			3	1	1	4	. 1	1	4	1	. 1	5	5 1	1	6	2	2	25
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree						1						1												1
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree				1	1	1				1	1	1	. 1	1	1	1	. 1	1	. 2	2	2	4	4	4
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree																			1	1	1	1	1	1
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree			10			3			6			19			9			8	3		3			
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree	1	1	1							1	1	1	. 1	1	1	1	. 1	1	. 1	1	1			
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	4	4	4	5	5	5				9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	ç	9	9	9	11	11	11
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	3	3	13	1	1	3	4	4	70	8	8	86	8	8	22	8	8	25	8	8	16	10	10	10
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree									2			2												
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	1	1	1	1	1	1				2	2	2	. 3	3	3	2	2	2	4	4	4	5	5	5
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	6	6	6	5	5	5
		Stem count	11	11	31	11	11	17	7	7	84	29	29	132	30	30	56	30	30	59	32	32	48	38	38	61
		size (ares)		1			1			1			3			3			3			3			3	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.07			0.07			0.07			0.07			0.07	
		Species count	5	5	6	6	6	8	2	2	5	7	7	10	) 7	7	8	7	7	8	8 8	8	9	7	7	7
	:	Stems per ACRE	445.2	445.2	1255	445.2	445.2	688	283.3	283.3	3399	391.2	391.2	1781	404.7	404.7	755.4	404.7	404.7	795.9	431.7	431.7	647.5	512.6	512.6	822.9
Color for Density		PnoLS = Plante	d exclu	ding liv	estakes	-			-						_			-			=			-		

P-all = Planting including livestakes

Exceeds requirements by 10% Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10% Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10% Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes

T includes natural recruits

### Appendix D. Stream Measurements and Geomorphology Data

Cross Section Plots Longitudinal Profile Plots Substrate Plots Tables 10A-10B. Baseline Stream Data Summary Tables 11A-11B. Monitoring Data-Dimensional Data Summary

Site	Bobs Creek - UT 8
Project Number:	92879
XS ID	XS - 1, Riffle
Reach	UT 8
Date:	7/16/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Lewis
Station Elevation	SUMMARY DATA
-0.30 1218.94	Bankfull Elevation: 1218.8
1.62 1218.93	Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area: 6.4
2.91 1218.95	Bankfull Width: 10.8
4.31 1218.65	Flood Prone Area Elevation: 1220.0
5.02 1218.54	Flood Prone Width: 100.0
5.57 1218.27	Max Depth at Bankfull: 1.2
6.21 1217.84	Low Bank Height: 1.3
6.79 1217.84	Mean Depth at Bankfull: 0.6
7.45 1217.71	W / D Ratio: 18.2
8.03 1217.77	Entrenchment Ratio: 9.3
8.52 1217.80	Bank Height Ratio: 1.1
9.33 1217.63	
9.85 1217.82	Stream Type E
10.43 1218.09	
10.82 1218.11	Bobs Creek - NCDMS Project Number 92879
11.7 1218.50	
12.1 1218.66	Stream Reach UT 8
12.8 1218.78	1221 XS - 1, Station 01+21, Riffle
13.5 1218.77	
14.4 1218.84	
15.2 1218.95	
	1220
	Jee
	§ 1219
	·ie 1217
	Plant (feed)
	Bankfull
	1218 Flood Prone Area
	MY-00 4/11/16
	MY-01 8/18/16
	1217 MY-02 2/20/17
	0 10 MY-03 3/22/18

Station (feet)

MY-00 4/11/16 MY-01 8/18/16 MY-02 2/20/17 MY-03 3/22/18 MY-04 7/16/19

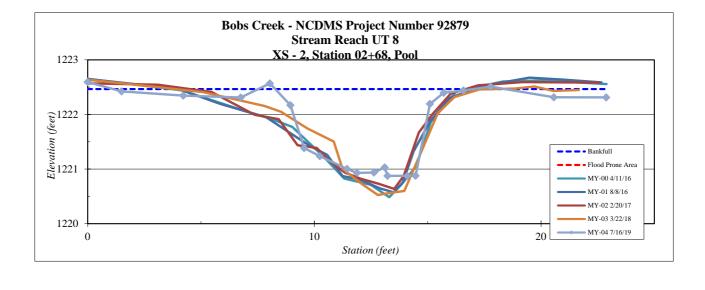
Site	Bobs Creek - UT 8
Project Number:	92879
XS ID	XS - 2, Pool
Reach	UT 8
Date:	7/16/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	1222.6
1.5	1222.4
4.2	1222.3
6.8	1222.3
8.0	1222.6
8.9	1222.2
9.6	1221.4
10.2	1221.2
11.4	1221.0
11.9	1220.9
12.6	1220.9
13.1	1221.0
13.2	1220.9
14.1	1220.9
14.5	1220.9
15.1	1222.2
15.7	1222.4
16.6	1222.4
17.8	1222.5
20.6	1222.3
22.9	1222.31

Bankfull Elevation:	1222.5
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	9.5
Bankfull Width:	19.6
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.6
Low Bank Height:	1.7
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.5
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.1



Stream Type E



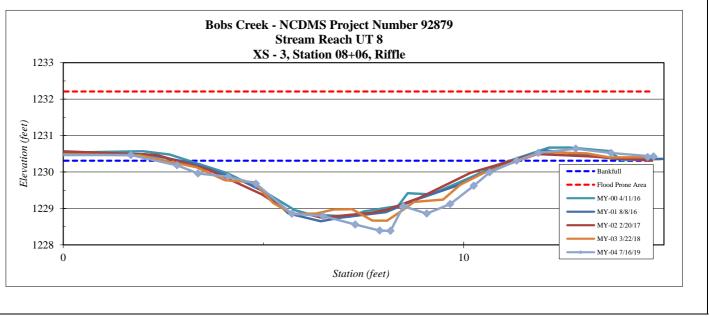
Site	Bobs Creek - UT 8	
Project Number:	92879	
XS ID	XS - 3, Riffle	
Reach	UT 8	
Date:	7/16/2019	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Lewis	

Station	Elevation
-0.40	1230.47
1.69	1230.47
2.84	1230.18
3.37	1229.96
4.12	1229.87
4.81	1229.68
5.71	1228.85
6.48	1228.79
7.29	1228.56
7.90	1228.39
8.17	1228.38
8.49	1229.06
9.08	1228.86
9.66	1229.12
10.25	1229.62
10.6	1229.99
11.3	1230.31
11.9	1230.53
12.8	1230.64
13.7	1230.52
14.7	1230.43
14.6	1230.41

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1230.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	8.8
Bankfull Width:	9.0
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1232.2
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.9
Low Bank Height:	2.1
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.0
W / D Ratio:	9.2
Entrenchment Ratio:	11.1
Bank Height Ratio:	1.1



Stream Type E



Site	Bobs Creek	
Project Number:	92879	
XS ID	XS - 4, Riffle	and the second
Reach	Bobs Creek	
Date:	7/16/2019	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Lewis	
Station Elevation	SUMMARY DATA	
-0.40 1233.04	Bankfull Elevation:	1231.5
1.19 1233.06	Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	20.7
3.59 1232.71	Bankfull Width:	12.9
5.19 1232.13	Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1233.9
5.83 1231.92	Flood Prone Width:	150.0
6.68 1231.90	Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.4
7.49 1231.68	Low Bank Height:	2.9
8.11 1231.43	Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.6
8.58 1231.13	W / D Ratio:	8.0
9.49 1230.81	<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	11.6
10.02 1230.71	Bank Height Ratio:	1.2
10.72 1230.81		
11.03 1230.87		Stream Type E
11.48 1230.74		
11.84 1230.22		Baba Grade NCDMC Drate of Normal an 02070
12.4 1229.35		Bobs Creek - NCDMS Project Number 92879
13.2 1229.27		Stream Reach Bobs Creek Mainstem
14.4 1229.10	1235 -	XS - 4, Riffle
16.5 1229.19	1255	
17.7 1229.24	1234	
18.7 1229.37		
19.1 1229.55	1233	
19.6 1229.66		
20.0 1230.69	<u>Š</u> 1232	
20.48 1231.27	ų 100	
21.24 1231.92	1232 1231	
22.10 1232.28	lev-	

23.07

24.2

25.7

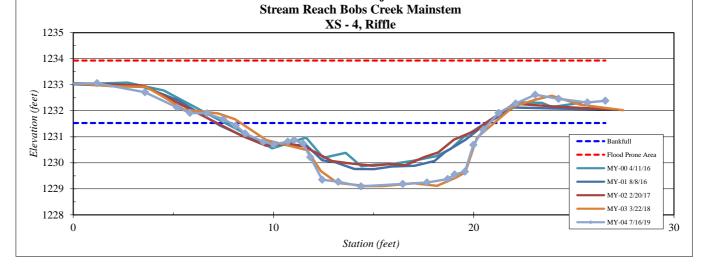
26.6

1232.62

1232.46

1232.32 1232.39





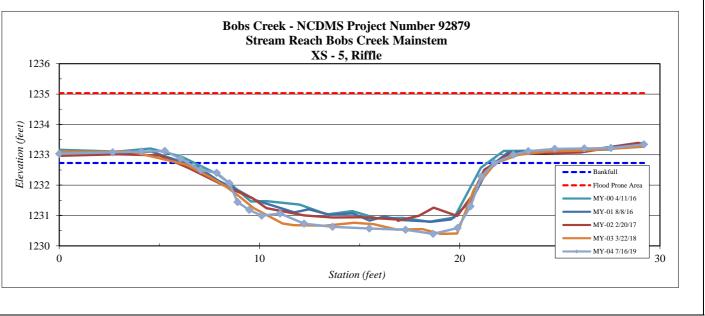
Site	Bobs Creek
Project Number:	92879
XS ID	XS - 5, Riffle
Reach	Bobs Creek
Date:	7/16/2019
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.00	1233.04
2.67	1233.08
4.11	1233.11
5.27	1233.13
6.06	1232.87
7.06	1232.50
7.87	1232.41
8.50	1232.06
8.91	1231.44
9.49	1231.18
10.11	1230.99
11.03	1231.06
12.23	1230.73
13.65	1230.63
15.49	1230.57
17.3	1230.53
18.7	1230.39
19.9	1230.59
20.5	1231.30
21.1	1232.29
21.7	1232.73
22.7	1233.01
23.4	1233.12
24.7	1233.19
26.2	1233.21
27.55	1233.22
29.21	1233.34

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	1232.7
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	25.2
Bankfull Width:	15.3
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	1235.0
Flood Prone Width:	150.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.3
Low Bank Height:	2.6
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.6
W / D Ratio:	9.3
Entrenchment Ratio:	9.8
Bank Height Ratio:	1.1



Stream Type E



Project Name	Bobs Creek - Profile

UT 8 Station 00+00 - 09+00

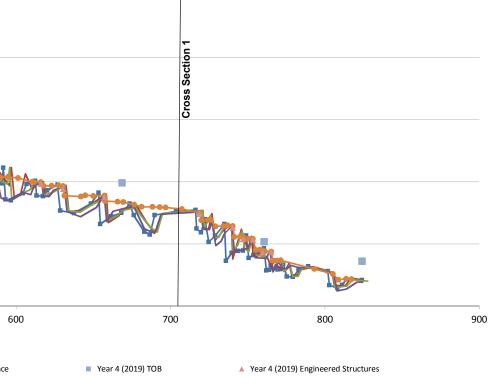
Reach Feature Date Crew Profile 7/16/19

Perkinson, Radecki

Ye	2016 ear 0 Monitoring \Sur	•vey	y	2016 Year 1 Monitoring \S	burvey	y	2017 Zear 2 Monitoring \S	burvey		2018 Year 3 Monitoring \S	urvey		2019 Year 4 Monitoring	Survey
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	Water Elevation
824.0	1212.1	1212.4	824.0	1212.1	1212.3	827.6	1212.0	1212.2	824.1	1211.9	1212.1	817.1	1212.0	1212.2
813.9	1212.2	1212.5	817.0	1212.3	1212.4	818.1	1212.1	1212.4	820.9	1211.9	1212.2	813.7	1211.1	1212.2
811.2	1211.7	1212.5	812.8	1211.6	1212.4	814.4	1211.6	1212.4	813.9	1211.4	1212.3	808.7	1210.6	1212.1
808.0	1211.5	1212.5	805.9	1211.7	1212.4	806.6	1211.5	1212.4	807.7	1211.2	1212.2	805.0	1212.4	1212.6
802.8	1211.7	1212.5	804.7	1212.7	1212.8	805.4	1212.7	1212.8	805.7	1212.7	1212.7	793.0	1212.8	1213.0
801.7	1212.8	1212.9	792.3	1213.2	1213.2	793.0	1213.1	1213.1	792.9	1213.0	1213.1	771.2	1213.5	1213.7
789.2	1213.2	1213.3	784.4	1212.9	1213.2	785.0	1213.0	1213.2	782.3	1213.1	1213.4	769.0	1212.8	1213.7
782.8	1212.9	1213.3	781.5	1212.5	1213.2	782.5	1212.4	1213.2	777.9	1213.3	1213.5	766.2	1212.8	1213.7
779.3	1212.4	1213.3	778.4	1212.6	1213.2	779.2	1212.4	1213.1	775.4	1213.0	1213.5	765.1	1214.3	1214.4
775.3	1212.4	1213.3	776.8	1213.4	1213.4	777.2	1213.3	1213.4	772.9	1213.0	1213.5	760.9	1213.5	1214.4
772.9	1213.3	1213.5	774.0	1212.8	1213.5	775.2	1213.0	1213.4	769.8	1213.6	1213.8	759.5	1214.3	1214.5
771.3	1213.0	1213.5	768.0	1213.4	1213.5	773.1	1212.8	1213.4	766.5	1212.8	1213.8	757.9	1213.7	1214.5
769.2	1213.0	1213.5	766.1	1212.9	1213.5	772.2	1213.8		764.3	1214.5	1214.5	755.1	1213.4	1214.5
768.5	1213.7		762.4	1214.0	1214.5	767.9	1213.2	1213.5	762.1	1213.9	1214.5	753.4	1215.4	1215.4
765.0	1213.3	1213.6	760.6	1213.9	1214.4	766.3	1212.8	1213.5	754.8	1213.9	1214.6	750.3	1214.4	1215.4
763.8	1212.9	1213.6	758.2	1214.4		764.9	1214.5	1214.6	753.3	1215.5	1215.5	748.4	1214.4	1215.4
762.0	1212.9	1213.6	756.0	1214.0	1214.6	762.2	1213.9	1214.6	751.4	1215.0	1215.6	746.9	1215.4	1215.6
760.6	1214.6		753.6	1214.0	1214.6	754.9	1214.1	1214.6	749.9	1214.6	1215.6	745.0	1214.7	1215.6
755.7	1214.2	1214.7	752.3	1215.6		753.2	1215.6	1215.6	741.4	1214.4	1215.9	741.2	1214.1	1215.6
753.8	1214.1	1214.7	750.1	1214.5	1215.3	750.7	1214.4	1215.6	739.8	1216.5	1216.5	740.2	1216.3	1216.5
750.6	1213.9	1214.7	745.8	1216.2		747.9	1214.7	1215.6	734.8	1215.8	1216.6	736.9	1215.9	1216.5
749.0	1215.7		740.3	1213.8	1215.2	746.2	1216.1		732.8	1215.2	1216.6	734.3	1214.6	1216.5
746.8	1214.5	1215.6	739.5	1216.6	1216.6	743.5	1214.9	1215.6	729.3	1214.9	1216.6	729.0	1214.8	1216.4
743.5	1214.4	1215.6	735.3	1216.2	1216.6	740.4	1214.5	1215.6	726.7	1216.8	1217.1	725.7	1216.7	1217.0
742.0		1216.2	732.1	1215.8	1216.6	739.6	1216.5	1216.6	725.2	1216.2	1217.1	724.0	1215.8	1217.0
739.5	1214.3	1215.7	728.8	1215.3	1216.6	734.5	1216.3	1216.6	721.0	1216.3	1217.1	719.9	1215.9	1216.9
736.0	1213.6	1215.7	726.7	1217.5		731.2	1215.6	1216.6	719.6	1217.6	1217.7	718.8	1217.4	1217.5
734.9	1216.6	1216 7	724.6	1216.2	1216.7	728.9	1215.5	1216.6	693.9	1217.4	1218.0	707.3	1217.6	1217.8

1235 **Cross Section 2** 1230 Elevation (feet - arbitrary) 1225 ო 1220 **Cross Section** 1215 1210 100 200 300 400 500 600 0 Distance (feet) ----Year 0 (2016) Bed ——Year 1 (2016) Bed -----Year 2 (2017) Bed -----Year 3 (2018) Bed -----Year 4 (2019) Bed ---Year 4 (2019) Water Surface Year 4 (2019) TOB

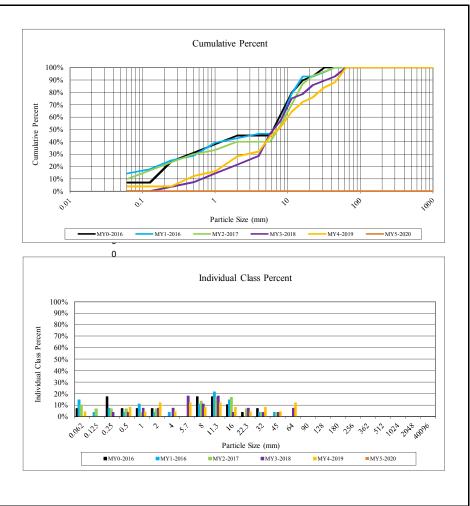
Bobs Creek Year 4 (2019) Profile - Tributary 8 Station 00+00 to 09+00



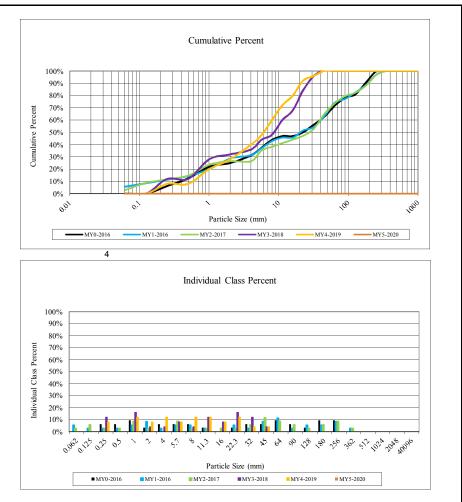
	2016	2016	2017	2018	2019
Avg. Water Surface Slope	0.0212	0.0210	0.0211	0.0223	0.0206
Riffle Length	17	20	17	16	18
Avg. Riffle Slope	0.0172	0.0175	0.0132	0.0195	0.0166
Pool Length	15	13	12	17	12
Pool to Pool Spacing	26	28	26	30	26

	Project Name: B	obs Creek - UT	8						
	Cross-Se								
	Feature	: Riffle	1						
D : /:	N ( ) 1	<b>C!</b> ( )	T ( 1 //	2019	<b>C N</b>				Cumulative Percent
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #		Cum %		1.	00%	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	8	36%	36%			90%	
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	36%			80%	
6 1	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	36%			70%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	36%		8	60%	
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	36%		9   9	50%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	1	4%	40%		ativ	40%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	3	8%	48%		Ē		
	fine gravel	5.7	0	4%	52%	ć	-	30%	
	fine gravel	8.0	2	16%	68%			20%	
	medium gravel	11.3	2	4%	72%			0%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	3	8%	80%			0% -	0; , 10 10 100
	course gravel	22.3	1	8%	88%			0,0	Particle Size (mm)
	course gravel	32.0	3	4%	92%				MY0-2016 — MY1-2016 — MY2-2017 — MY3-2018 — MY4-2019 — MY5-2020
	very coarse gravel	45	2	8%	100%				
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%				
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%				
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%				Individual Class Percent
	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%				
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		1	00% —	
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		1	90% -	
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		÷	80% -	
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		2	70% —	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		s Pé	60%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		5	50%	
TOTAL % of w	hole count		25	100%	100%		hual	40%	
							5	20%	
Summary							Ч.	10%	
D50 D84	6.4 25							0%	
D95	36							0.000	22,02,02, 1, 5, 8, 2, 2, 12, 6, 35, 25, 12, 64, 06, 12, 26, 25, 25, 25, 10, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 2
								-	Particle Size (mm)
									■MY0-2016 ■MY1-2016 ■MY2-2017 ■MY3-2018 ■MY4-2019 ■MY5-2020

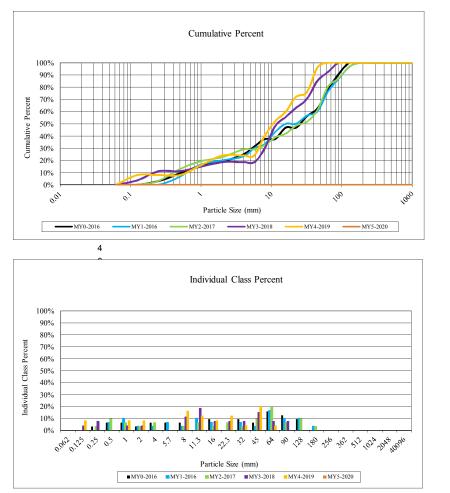
	Featur	e: Riffle			
				2019	
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	1	0%	0%
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	0%
	fine sand	0.250	0	4%	4%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	2	4%	7%
	coarse sand	1.00	1	7%	14%
	very coarse sand	2.0	3	7%	21%
	very fine gravel	4.0	1	7%	29%
	fine gravel	5.7	3	18%	46%
	fine gravel	8.0	2	11%	57%
	medium gravel	11.3	3	18%	75%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	2	4%	79%
	course gravel	22.3	1	7%	86%
	course gravel	32.0	2	4%	89%
Gravel Cobble	very coarse gravel	45	1	4%	93%
	very coarse gravel	64	3	7%	100%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%
<b>C</b> 111	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%
Cobble	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
D	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
FOTAL % of	whole count		24	100%	100%
Summar	y Data				
D50	7.4				
D84	32				
D95	55				



	reatur	e: Riffle	1	2019			
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%		
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	0%		
	fine sand	0.250	2	12%	12%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	12%		
	coarse sand	1.00	3	16%	28%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	2	4%	32%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	3	4%	36%		
	fine gravel	5.7	2	8%	44%		
	fine gravel	8.0	3	4%	48%		
	medium gravel	11.3	3	12%	60%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	2	8%	68%		
Gravel Cobble	course gravel	22.3	3	16%	84%		
	course gravel	32.0	1	12%	96%		
	very coarse gravel	45	1	4%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%		
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%		
Cabble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
OTAL % of	f whole count		25	100%	100%		
Summa							
D50 D84	6.3						
D84 D95	29						
175	27	l					



		e: Bobs Creek			
		Section: 5 re: Riffle			
	reatur	e: Kille	1	2019	
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%
Shielday	very fine sand	0.125	2	4%	4%
	fine sand	0.250	0	7%	11%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	11%
Sand	coarse sand	1.00	2	4%	15%
	very coarse sand	2.0	2	4%	19%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	19%
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	19%
	fine gravel	8.0	4	11%	30%
	medium gravel	11.3	3	19%	48%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	2	7%	56%
Gruver	course gravel	22.3	3	7%	63%
	course gravel	32.0	1	7%	70%
	very coarse gravel	45	5	15%	85%
	very coarse gravel	64	1	7%	93%
	small cobble	90	0	7%	100%
	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
FOTAL % of		10070	25	100%	100%
IOTAL /001	whole count		25	10070	10070
Summary	Data	1			
D50	10.4				
D84	37				
D95	44				



Parameter	Gauge		Regional C	urve	Pre-l	Existing	Condit	tion (UI	8)		Reference	Reach(	es) Data		De	sign (UT	8)	Monitoring Baseline (UT 8)							
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Max	Med	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n		
BF Width (ft)				· ·	5.0			7.8			5.6						8.0	8.3		8.7	9		3		
Floodprone Width (ft)					7.8			20.0			13				20	25				100			3		
BF Mean Depth (ft)					0.6			0.9			0.5						0.8	0.8		0.9	0.9		3		
BF Max Depth (ft)					0.9			1.2			0.7						1.0	1.2		1.5	1.7		3		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					3.7			4.7			3.0						5.9	6.6		7.5	8.3		3		
Width/Depth Ratio					5.3			13.6			10.5						10.5	10.0		10.2	10.4		3		
Entrenchment Ratio					1.6			2.6			2.3				2.5	3.1		11.1		11.6	12.0		3		
Bank Height Ratio					1.1			7.3			1.0						1.0			1.0			3		
Profile																									
Riffle length (ft)						1			1	1		1						3.5	16.9	12	84.6	17.4	21		
Riffle slope (ft/ft)					0.035			0.045			0.0480						0.0060	0.0119	0.0172	0.0155	0.0418	0.0117	19		
Pool length (ft)																		4.4	14.7	12.8	37.5	8.6	32		
Pool Max depth (ft)					1.5			2.6			0.9						1.9			1.9			1		
Pool spacing (ft)					15.3			45.2		14.0			33.9		8.0	37.1		4.4	25.8	24.8	94.8	17.6	32		
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					23			33		17			25		24	48		24			48		2		
Radius of Curvature (ft)					4			12		10			13		16	32		16			32		2		
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					0.6			2.3		1.8			2.3		2	4		2			4		2		
Meander Wavelength (ft)					32			65		31			38		40	80		40			80		2		
Meander Width ratio					3			6.6		5.6			6.8		50	10		50			10		2		
Transport parameters										0				-		1					1				
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>																							L		
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2																									
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification							B/C/G					E/C				E/C				E/	С				
Bankfull Velocity (fps)						3	3.2-4.0																		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)							15																		
Valley Length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																				82					
Sinuosity							1 - 1.18			ļ		1.28			1	.11 - 1.17	7			1.11 -					
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)						0.014	48 - 0.01	172				0.048				0.004				0.0	212				
BF slope (ft/ft)					ļ					ļ															
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)										ļ															
% of Reach with Eroding Banks										l															
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric										I															
Biological or Other																									

# Table 10a. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Bob's Creek - UT 8) Bob's Creek Mitigation Project - NCDMS Project Number 92633

Parameter	Gauge		Regional C	urve	Pre-Ex	xisting (	Conditio	on (Bobs	s Cr)		Reference	Reach(	es) Data		Desi	gn (Bobs	Cr)		Monito	ring Bas	eline (Be	obs Cr)	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Max	Med	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)					14.5			25.5			12.7						17.5	15.2			17		2
Floodprone Width (ft)					29.8			45.2			150						100			150			2
BF Mean Depth (ft)					1.1			1.2			0.9						1.3	1.3			1.5		2
BF Max Depth (ft)					1.4			2.0			1.2						1.7	2.2			2.3		2
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					17.4			29.0			11.4						22.3	19.9			25.2		2
Width/Depth Ratio					12.1			22.3			14.1						14.0	11.3			11.7		2
Entrenchment Ratio					1.2			3.1			11.8						5.7	8.8			9.9		2
Bank Height Ratio					1.2			1.8			1.0						1.0			1.0			2
Profile					<u>.</u>				1														
Riffle length (ft)						1	1			1		1											
Riffle slope (ft/ft)							0.0239				0.0344						0.0105						
Pool length (ft)																			No profi	le measu	red in th	s reach.	
Pool Max depth (ft)							3.3				2.2						3.3						
Pool spacing (ft)					43.8			171.6		38.8			64.7		53.7	89.4							
Pattern					-																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					36	1	1	55		30.5		1	32		43.8	105		43.8			105		2
Radius of Curvature (ft)					7			30		14.5			20		40.3	70		40.3			70		2
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					0.3			2.1		1.1			1.6		2.3	4		2.3			4		2
Meander Wavelength (ft)					100			145		95			98		87.5	175		87.5			175		2
Meander Width ratio					1.41			3.8		7.5			7.7		5	10		5			10		2
Transport parameters		-			-	-						-	-			-							
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lbs/ft <sup>2</sup>																							
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																							
Additional Reach Parameters																							
Rosgen Classification							B/C/F					С				С				E/	C		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)						3.	79-6.32																
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)							110																
Valley Length (ft)																							
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)						-														37		-	
Sinuosity							1.17					1.22				1.13				1.	13		
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)						(	0.0149				(	0.0205				0.007							
BF slope (ft/ft)										ļ													
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)					ļ					ļ													
% of Reach with Eroding Banks										I													
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																							
Biological or Other																							

# Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Bob's Creek) Bob's Creek Mitigation Project - NCDMS Project Number 92633

# Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) Bob's Creek Mitigation Project - NCDMS Project Number 92879

			Cross	Section 1	(UT 8)					Cross	Section 2	(UT 8)					Cross	Section 3	(UT 8)				Cross Se	ction 4 (B	obs Creek	)				Cross Sec	ction 5 (Be	bs Creek	:)	
Parameter				Riffle							Pool							Riffle						Riffle							Riffle			
Dimension*	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+ 1	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5 MY	5+ MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	M
BF Width (ft)	8.3	8.7	8.5	8.7	10.8			11.9	12.4	11.0	12.7	12.5			9.0	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.0		15.2	15.7	15.6	12.6	12.9			17.0	17.3	17.4	15.9	15.3		
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0			150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0	150.0		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6			0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.8			0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0		1.3	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.6			1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6		
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2			1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.6			1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9		2.2	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.4			2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3		
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.3			1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.7			1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.1		2.2	2.3	2.1	2.9	2.9			2.3	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.6		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	6.6	6.7	6.4	6.4	6.4			10.4	10.1	9.5	9.5	9.5			8.3	9.0	8.8	8.8	8.8		19.9	22.0	20.7	20.7	20.7			25.2	25.5	25.2	25.2	25.2		
Width/Depth Ratio	10.4	11.3	11.3	11.8	18.2			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			9.8	10.5	10.5	10.5	9.2		11.6	11.2	11.8	7.7	8.0			11.5	11.7	12.0	10.0	9.3		
Entrenchment Ratio	12.0	11.5	11.8	11.5	11.1			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			11.1	10.3	10.4	10.4	11.1		9.9	9.6	9.6	11.9	11.6			8.8	8.7	8.6	9.4	9.8		
Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.2			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1		
d50 (mm)	8.7	9.8	11.0	4.9	6.4										6.5	6.6	7.4	6.5	7.4		22.0	20.3	26.5	8.5	6.3			24.9	22.0	26.5	12.0	10.4		

#### Table 11b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary

Bob's Creek Mitigation Project - NCDMS Project Number 92879

Parameter	Ū			ne (UT 8)					MY-1	(UT 8)			1		MY-2	(UT 8)					MY-3	(UT 8)					MY-4	(UT 8)					MY-5	(UT 8)	
																						· ·													
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD n
Only																																		, I	
BF Width (ft)	8.3	8.7		9		2	8.7	9.2		9.7		2	8.5	9.1		9.6		2	8.7		9.2	9.6		2	9.0		9.9	10.8		2				,	
Floodprone Width (ft)		100				2		100				2		100				2			100			2	100		100	100		2					
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.9		0.9		2	0.8	0.9		0.9		2	0.8	0.9		0.9		2	0.7		0.8	0.9		2	0.6		0.8	1.0		2					
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.2	1.5		1.7		2	1.2	1.5		1.8		2	1.1	1.4		1.7		2	1.1		1.5	1.8		2	1.2		1.6	1.9		2					
Low Bank Height (ft)	1.0	1.0		1.0		2	1.0	1.0		1.0		2	1.0	1.0		1.0		2	1.1		1.5	1.8		2	1.3		1.7	2.1		2					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	6.6	7.5		8.3		2	6.7	7.9		9.0		2	6.4	7.6		8.8		2	6.4		7.6	8.8		2	6.4		7.6	8.8		2				, I	
Width/Depth Ratio	10.0	10.2		10.4		2	10.8	10.8		10.9		2	10.6	10.6		10.7		2	10.5		11.1	11.8		2	9.2		13.7	18.2		2					
Entrenchment Ratio	11.1	11.6		12.0		2	10.3	10.9		11.5		2	10.4	11.1		11.8		2	10.4		11.0	11.5		2	9.3		10.2	11.1		2					
Bank Height Ratio		1.0				2		1.0				2		1.0				2			1.0			2	1.1		1.1	1.1		2					
																Pro	file																		
Riffle length (ft)			12	84.6		21	3	20	18	88	18	25	4	17	16	55	13	25	2	16	12	74	15	23	2.7	18.4	16.5	54.9	14.2	25					
Riffle slope (ft/ft)					0.0117		0.0000	0.0175	0.0146		0.0147	22	0.0000	0.0132	0.0102	0.0344	0.0105	24	0.0010	0.0195			0.02		0.0015		0.0131		0.0140						
Pool length (ft)	4	15		38	9	32	6	13	11	32	7	29	3	12	11	30	6	32	5	17	15	39	10	28	5	12	12	26	5	31					
Pool Max depth (ft)			1.9			1			1.8			1			1.8			1		1.9				1		1.6				1				,	
Pool spacing (ft)	4	26	25	95	18	32	6	28	24	95	18	30	5	21	26	96	19	32	6	30	28	93	19	28	6	26	21	65	17	30				لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	!
													-			Patt	tern		-						-										
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	24			48		2																													
Radius of Curvature (ft)	16			32		2																													
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	2			4		2																									-				
Meander Wavelength (ft)	40			80		2																									-				
Meander Width ratio	50			10		2																													
	1			_			<b>T</b>						1				ich Parame	eters									-								
Rosgen Classification				C-type 324						-type						-type						-type					E/C-								
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)			-							51					-	60						60					815								
Sinuosity				- 1.17						- 1.17						- 1.17						- 1.17						- 1.17							
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0	0212					0.0	021					0.0	211					0.0	223					0.02	206							
BF slope (ft/ft)								1						1						1						1									
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%																					L													لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																																		لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	/
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																																			
% of Reach with Eroding Banks				0			I			0			I			0						0					C	J							!
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																															-				
Biological or Other																																			!

### Appendix E Hydrology Data

Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events

Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo (if available)	
August 17, 2016	July 4, 2016	Crest gauge data along with wrack observed on the TOB of UT8 indicate a bankfull event after approximately 1.88 inches of rain documented* in one day.	1	
May 17, 2017	April 23, 2017	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after approximately 1.76 inches of rain documented* in one day.		
May 9, 2018	April 24, 2018	Crest gauge data along with wrack observed on the floodplain of UT8 indicate a bankfull event after 3.89 inches of rain documented** over two days.	2	
September 25, 2018	September 16, 2018	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after 2.42 inches of rain** resulting from the remnants of Hurricane Florence.		
November 8, 2018	October 11, 2018	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after 2.79 inches of rain** resulting from the remnants of Hurricane Michael.		
May 22. 2019	May 6, 2019	A trail camera on Bobs Creek captured a bankfull event after 1.68 inches of rain documented in one day**	3	
November 13, 2019	October 31, 2019	Crest gauge data indicates a bankfull event after approximately 1.54 inches of rain documented** in one day.		

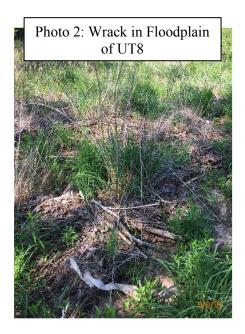
# Table 12. Verification of Bankfull EventsBobs Creek Site (DMS Project Number 92879)

\*Weather Underground 2017

\*\*Weather Underground 2019







Bobs Creek Final DMS Project No. 92879 McDowell County, NC

### Appendix F Remedial Action

Progress Report for Neighbors Branch (DMS #92872) and Bobs Creek (DMS #92879) Invasive Vegetation Management

### INTERNATIONAL

# Progress Report for Neighbors Branch (DMS #92872) and Bobs Creek (DMS #92879) Invasive Vegetation Management

### 15 August 2019:

Jason York worked at Bob's Creek. A foliar spray using 3% glyphosate (Rodeo) was applied to Privet (*Ligustrum sp.*) and Multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) on the field edges and banks of Bobs Creek in polygons 3 and 4 (see attached map). A small patch of Privet was found in polygon 5 along the stream bank. Stems were either hand-pulled or cut and stump treated with 50% glyphosate in an area approximately 150 sq. feet. Polygon 6 was inspected and only one stem of Tree of Heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*) was found and was cut and stump treated with 50% glyphosate. Polygon 9 was also inspected, and no invasive species were found. In total 4 gallons of 3% glyphosate and 12 ounces of 50% glyphosate were used.

### 4 September 2019:

Jason York worked at Neighbors Branch in polygon 6, where a moderately dense infestation of *Ailanthus* is located. Hack and squirt and cut stump applications were performed using 50% glyphosate. Individual stems are scattered throughout the polygon but concentrated along the stream channel and road. 84 ounces of 50 glyphosate were used.

### 19 September 2019:

Jason York and Holland Youngman worked at Neighbors Branch in polygons 6, 9, and 10. Foliar spray using 3% glyphosate was applied to the "vegetation problem areas" in polygon 9. This consisted of mostly Privet, although one stem of Ailanthus was encountered and treated using the hack and squirt method with 50% glyphosate. Foliar spray was applied from the edges of the areas (the road and along the stream side) and a repeat treatment will be done after the initial spray has defoliated the Privet and exposes stems growing in the "interior" of the dense patches. A few scattered stems of multiflora rose were also found. A small patch of kudzu is located near the wetland area towards the upstream end of the first "vegetation problem area." This was foliar sprayed along with the Privet, however it will most likely need retreatment and mechanical removal as kudzu does not always respond well to glyphosate. Several small Privet stems were either hand-pulled or stump treated with 50% glyphosate in the "veg problem area" on the western side of the stream channel. The infestation has spread beyond the previously identified boundaries and will require further mechanical and chemical treatment.

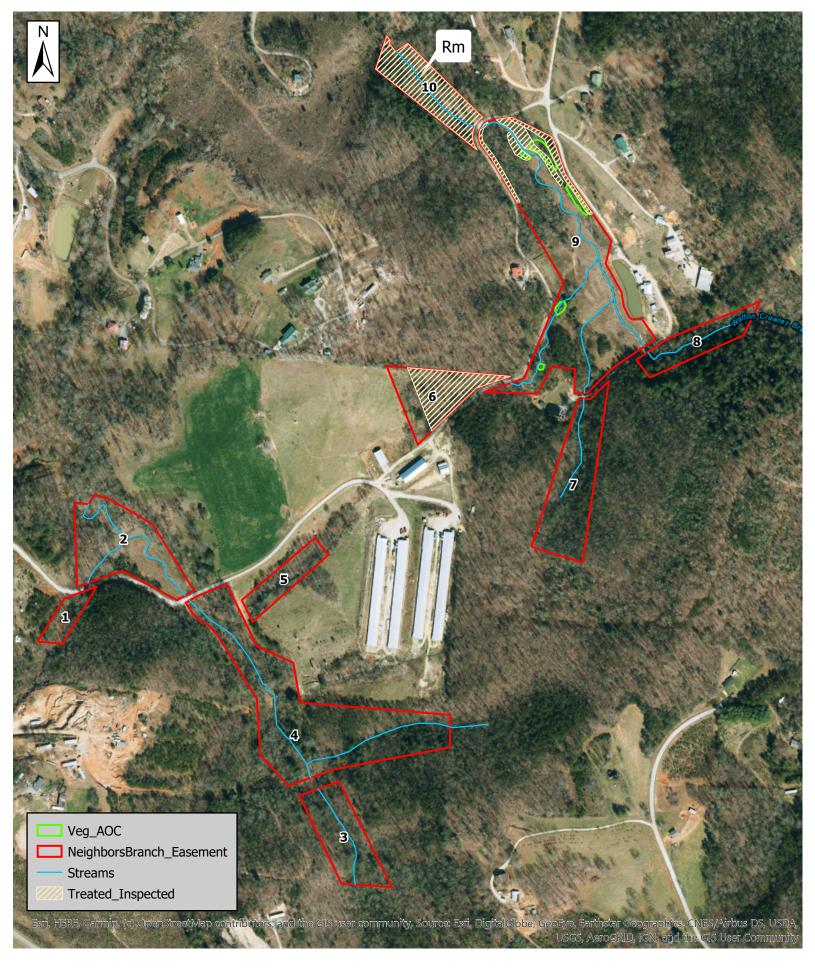
# Michael Baker

INTERNATIONAL

A kudzu patch along the road between polygon 9 and 10 was foliar sprayed using 4% triclopyr (Element 3A). The patch extends uphill towards the private residence and was sprayed along the eastern side of the road up to the point where the easement diverges from the gravel road. Polygon 10 was inspected and only two small stems of multi-flora rose were found and stump treated using 50% glyphosate.

Hack and squirt and cut stump application continued in polygon 6 on *Ailanthus*. Approximately ¾ of the stems have been treated. Some stems remain untreated towards the uphill part of the polygon.

In total 8 gallons of 3% glyphosate, 4 gallons of 4% triclopyr, and 21 ounces of 50% glyphosate were used.



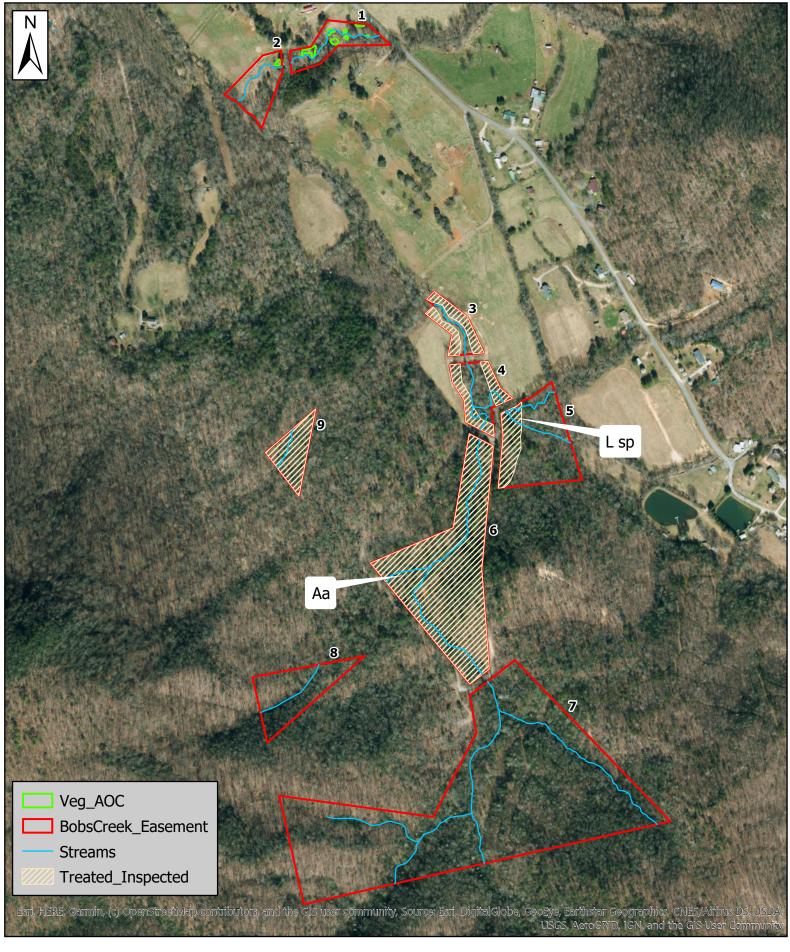
Michael Baker

0 250 500

1,000 Feet

Neighbors Branch Invasive Vegetation Control

INTERNATIONAL



Michael Baker

0 250 500 1,000 Feet

Bobs Creek Invasive Vegetation Control

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