# **Baseline Monitoring Report**

# **BOSEMAN BUFFER MITIGATION SITE**

Edgecombe County, NC NCDEQ Contract No. 7872 DMS ID No. 100119 DWR Project No. 2019-0800 RFP No. 16-007711

# Prepared for:



NC Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services 1652 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

May 9<sup>th</sup>, 2020



Secretary





May 28, 2020

Sent via email to: scott@ecoterra.com and ted@ecoterra.com

Scott Frederick EcoTerra

Subject: DMS Comments on the Draft Baseline/As-Built Report

Boseman, Project ID #100119, DMS Contract #0007872

Scott.

After receiving the draft Baseline Report on 5/18 and conducting a site visit 5/28/2020, DMS observed that the site was planted as described and all monitoring devices and easement boundary markers meet contractual requirements and satisfy the Mitigation Plan approved by DWR. DMS offers the following comments on the baseline report:

- 1. Page 2, remove second bullet about requirements of In-Lieu Fee Instrument as this is N/A to this report.
- 2. Page 2 contributing staff, correct typo for landowner title
- 3. Page 4, 1<sup>st</sup> paragraph- if you intend to put the credits in the text of the report, ensure they are shown as credits (riparian buffer mitigation units- BMU), not in an area (SF).
- 4. As discussed in the field, please add/clarify in the report details planned in the mitigation plan and if/how they were carried out in the baseline report / baseline conditions section:
  - a. Planting Zones
  - b. Installation of temporary and permanent seed mix
  - c. Pre-emergent/post spray planting
- 5. Remove N and P columns in the asset table or zero out those columns per DWR previous comments.
- 1. Provide CVS datafile with resubmission

Thanks for your work,

Lindsay Crocker, DMS

Haroller.

# BASELINE MONITORING REPORT BOSEMAN BUFFER MITIGATION SITE

Edgecombe County, NC NCDEQ Contract No. 7872 DMS ID No. 100119

Tar-Pamlico River Basin HUC 03020101

Prepared For:



NC Department of Environmental Quality
Division of Mitigation Services
1652 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

Prepared By:



1117 Peachtree Walk NE, Suite 126 Atlanta, GA 30309 404.840.2697

This Baseline Monitoring Plan has been written in conformance with the requirements of the following:

 15A NCAC 02B.0295 Mitigation Program Requirements for Protection and Maintenance of Riparian Buffers.

These documents govern DMS operations and procedures for the delivery of compensatory mitigation.

#### **Contributing Staff**

Ted Griffith, Principal in Charge

Michael Bienenson, Quality Assurance Lead

Jamey O'Shaughnessey, Quality Assurance and

Construction Oversight

Ryan Perry, Landowner Laison

Scott Frederick, Construction and Baseline

Monitoring Lead, SWE

Heather Smith, QA/QC, VHB

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#### 1.0 Mitigation Project Summary

The Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site (Site) is a riparian buffer and adjacent riparian areas restoration project located approximately 2.5 miles southeast of the Town of Rocky Mount in Edgecombe County, NC (Appendix 1: Figure 1). The Site is approximately 14.91 acres (649,889 ft²) of a total 276 ac tract situated along two unnamed tributaries to the Tar River (Appendix 1: Figure 2). The project is located in a targeted local watershed (TLW) within the Tar-Pamlico River basin hydrologic unit code (HUC) 03020101120030 and Subasin 03-03-02. The unnamed tributaries flow into the Tar River approximately one and half miles downstream of the project. According to the as-built survey and most recent DWR Buffer Mitigation Calculation Tool V.2 (Updated 1/17/20), the Site is expected to generate 617,518.702 riparian buffer credits.



The Boseman Buffer Mitgation Site will help to reduce future sediment and nutrient loading into the unnamed tributaries and downstream Tar River. It will also improve terrestrial habitats along this stream by establishing a riparian corridor and allowing the land to convert to forested communities. The surrounding area is primarily agricultural fields. The project restored forested riparian buffers and adjacent riparian areas to a maximum of approximately 115 feet from the top of bank of the streams and removed rotating crops and fertilizer inputs. The restored Tar-Pamlico riparian buffer and adjacent

riparian areas will filter runoff from the surrounding farm fields and provide shading to improve stream temperatures and aquatic habitat. Invasive vegetation will be treated as needed within the project area to promote native vegetation.

#### 1.1 Project Goals

According to the N.C. Division of Mitigation Services' (DMS) 2010 Tar-Pamlico River Basin Restoration Priorities (RBRP) document, amended 2018, the project will support the identified goals for the TLW, as well as the overall HUC. As stated in the RBRP, restoration of riparian buffers and adjacent riparian areas to address agricultural runoff is a high priority for this 14-digit TLW HUC.

The major goals of the proposed buffer restoration project are to address agricultural runoff, including nutrients and sediment, protect the project site in perpetuity, and restore terrestrial habitat. The detailed goals and objectives are:

Reduce Nutrient Levels – Nutrient inputs will be decreased by filtering runoff and sequestering nutrients dispersed from stormwater flows from agricultural fields. These nutrients will be absorbed through the 30-115 ft wide riparian buffer and adjacent riparian areas restored with native woody vegetation. This goal is supported by both the TLW and RBRP for reducing nutrient inputs to the Tar-Pamlico River Basin.

Reduce Sediment Levels – Sediment inputs will be decreased by filtering runoff and attenuating flood flows from agricultural fields through 30-115 ft wide riparian buffer and adjacent riparian areas restored with native woody vegetation. This goal is supported by both the TLW and RBRP for reducing sediment inputs to the Tar-Pamlico River Basin.

Project Protection in Perpetuity – Implement a project in a TLW and record a conservation easement. This goal is supported by the RBRP to protect aquatic habitat and surface waters.

Restore Terrestrial Habitat – Riparian buffer and adjacent riparian areas will be restored with native vegation and invasive vegetation will be managed. This goal is supported by the RBRP and is a DMS Programmatic Goal (NCGS 143-214.10).

#### 1.2 Existing Site Conditions

The buffer restoration project contains approximately 14.9 acres of agricultural fields along two unnamed tributaries (hereinafter referred to as UT 1, and UT 2). The fields have historically been in rotating row crops and early successional herbaceous vegetation since at least 1955 as noted on historical aerial photographs. The property owner also states the land has been in agricultural use including row crops for at least 75 yrs.

UT 1 enters the project site along the western property boundary and flows in an eastward direction. UT 1 meets the definition of at least intermittent per the NCDWR On-Site Determination for Applicability to the Tar-Pamlico Buffer Rules Letter dated July 9, 2019 (Appendix 1). UT 2 originates within the property boundary as an ephemeral channel (Reach 2a) and transitions to an intermittent channel (Reach 2b) prior to it's confluence with UT 1. There is a third tributary with a stream origin point within the property boundary and flows in an eastward direction to the confluence with UT1. This tributary is at least intermittent per the Buffer Letter, but is not being used to produce riparian buffer credit for this project.

NCDWR visited the Site on June 14, 2019 to determine subjectivity of on-site resources to the Tar-Pamlico buffer rules and their suitability for riparian buffer mitigation per the Consolidated Buffer Mitigation Rule (15A NCAC 02B .0295). The two unnamed tributaries and land use within the project boundary were found suitable for riparian buffer mitigation in the Tar-Pamlico River Basin. The resulting NCDWR letters are included in Appendix 2.

#### 2.0 Determination of Credits

Riparian buffer and adjacent riparian area restoration was accomplished in accordance with the Consolidated Buffer Mitigation Rule (15A NCAC 02B .0295) including the alternative



mitigation option of restoration activities along ephemeral streams. Restoration was accomplished specifically by:

Buffer Restoraiton on Ephemeral Channels (15A NCAC 02B .0295(o)(7)):

- a.) NCDWR conducted an on-site stream determination of subject streams and ephemeral channels on the property
- b.) Ephemeral channels are directly connected to intermittent or perennial stream channels
- c.) Total mitigation area of ephemeral channels is less than 25% of the total buffer mitigation area (Table 2, Appendix 1).

All areas within 115 ft of the top of bank of subject streams as measured from the top of bank landward, will be devoted to generating riparian buffer mitigation credits. Total mitigation area on ephemeral channels is 12.7% of total buffer mitigation area. Mitigation credits generated are found in Table 2 and Figure 2 in Appendix 1 and are based upon the most recent DWR Buffer Mitigation Calculation Tool v 2 (Updated 1/17/20) and as-built survey (Appendix 3).

#### 3.0 Baseline Summary

The project construction was completed in early March 2020, following mitigation plan approval. Eco Terra and supporting team members successfully planted and restored the proposed areas dedicated for riparian buffer and adjacent riparian area restoration with high quality native trees and shrubs.

#### 3.1 Site Preparation

All requests to prepare the site per the NCDWR Site Viability for Buffer Mitigation and Nutrient Offset Letter (Date: July 17, 2019) were addressed. A telephone pole and steel girder used as a bridge for the center-pivot wheel on the agricultural field were removed. One small pipe noted in the initial site visit, providing drainage from upslope and under a farm access road outside of the project, was examined and confirmed that diffuse flow toward the conservation easement was occurring through an existing rip rap dissipater, also located outside the conservation easement. Temporary and permanent seed mix was installed in any disturbed soil areas following debris removal and planted with native trees to secure sediment from entering surface waters. Temporary and permanent seed mixtures planted included Foxtail millet (Setaria italica) and Indiangrass (Sorgastrum nutans), switchgrass (Panicum virgatum), and big bluestem (Andropogon gerardii), respectively. No invasive species were noted for herbicide treatment prior to construction. No disking or tilling was necessary to prepare the site or remove any historic plow pan in the soil.

#### 3.2 Riparian Area Restoration Activities

Restoration of the riparian areas involved planting bare root one to two-year-old trees and shrubs in designated planting zones based on soil wetness and in accordance with the mitigation plan. In addition, five to six-year-old trees were planted at representatively selected areas designated for plots to aid in identifying plot locations. These trees are not included in any individual plot tree count. However, they are an overall beneficial component of stem diversity and age-class in the



restored forest ecology and serve as important components in restored habitat, nutrient sequestration, leaf litter for trapping sediment, and soil health. A combination of machine and manual planting techniques were used depending on site conditions. Older trees were planted by a combination of hand and machine.

Species planted within the riparian areas included: overcup oak (*Quercus laurifolia*) 2,500 stems, laurel oak (*Quercus lyrata*) 1,000 stems, water oak (*Quercus nigra*) 3,000 stems, willow oak (*Quercus phellos*) 3,000 stems, green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*) 500 stems, silky dogwood (*Cornus amomum*) 1,000 stems, button bush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*) 500 stems, and swamp blackgum (*Nyssa sylvatica* var. *biflora*) 300 stems. Approximately 12,300 stems (825 stems/ac) were planted within the riparian areas designated for restoration. Differences in stem density and quantities occurred relative to the proposed planting list in the mitigation plan due to plant availability at the time.

In accordance with 15A NCAC 02B .0295, a sufficient density of stems was planted to achieve 260 trees/ac at the end of a minimum five-year project monitoring period whereby no one tree species planted was greater than 50% of the planted stems, and a minimum of four native hardwood tree and native shrub species were planted. In total, eight species were selected and planted in specific areas depending on soil type, landscape position, soil wetness, community type, and reference forest stands nearby. Initial vegetation management post planting included specific preemergent herbicide band application over planted trees for herbaceous competition that may compete with planted stems, conducted by a North Carolina licensed applicator.

#### 4.0 Annual Monitoring and Performance Criteria

The Mitigation Program Requirements for Protection and Maintenance of Riparian Buffers (15A NCAC 02B .0295) and RFP 16-007711 set forth specific performance criteria for the successful development and close-out of the Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site. Performance criteria monitoring includes standardized vegetation plot establishment and annual monitoring for planted stems including individual plot photo documentation, overall site photo documentation, biannual visual assessments for project status and easement integrity including herbaceous and/or invasive species competition, stem mortality, stand health, incidental damage from agricultural equipment, and stem loss or damage from natural causes such as fire, disease, or animal predation. Figure 3 (Appendix 1) illustrates the location of project easement, permanent vegetation plots/photo points, as well as overall site photo points.

#### 4.1 Vegetation

Twelve permanent vegetation plots were established according to the most recent Carolina Vegetation Survey (CVS) protocol within the restored buffer area. Representative vegetation plots were established at a minimum density of 2% of the planted area. Specifically, vegetation monitoring was obtained for all plots according to Level 1-2 protocols from the CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation V4.2 (2008) manual. Baseline, or monitoring year zero (MY0) vegetation stem data is included in Appendix 5, Table 3.

#### 4.2 Photo Reference Stations

Individual plot photos taken at the southwest corner (origin) of each plot are included in this baseline monitoring report. Additional Site reference photos were taken at designated points along the conservation easement boundary providing an overall view of the project success



(Appendix 1: Figure 3). All photo points were located by survey and georeferenced for map production to provide a consistent means for photo replication annually and in the event a plot or photo location must be reestablished during the monitoiring period. Photo orientation (direction and bearing) were recorded as well as approximate vertical position for consistency in photo logging.

#### 4.3 Visual Assessments

Additional observations were made of site conditions and vegetation conditions outside of monitoring plots. This biannual effort will be made in order to appropriately monitor changing site conditions and address any issues to ensure Site success and performance criteria are met after the monitoring period. Any Site problems will be noted and discussed in the annual reports and monitored biannually to ensure performance criteria are met following any remedial action.

#### 4.4 Annual Reporting Performance Criteria

All monitoring reports, including this baseline report, will be compiled and submitted to DMS annually in accordance with the Riparian Buffer and Nutrient Offset Buffer Baseline and Annual Monitoring Report Template Ver. 2.0 (May 2017). Annual monitoring will occur for a minum of five years or until performance criteria are met.

#### 4.5 Maintenance and Contingency Plans

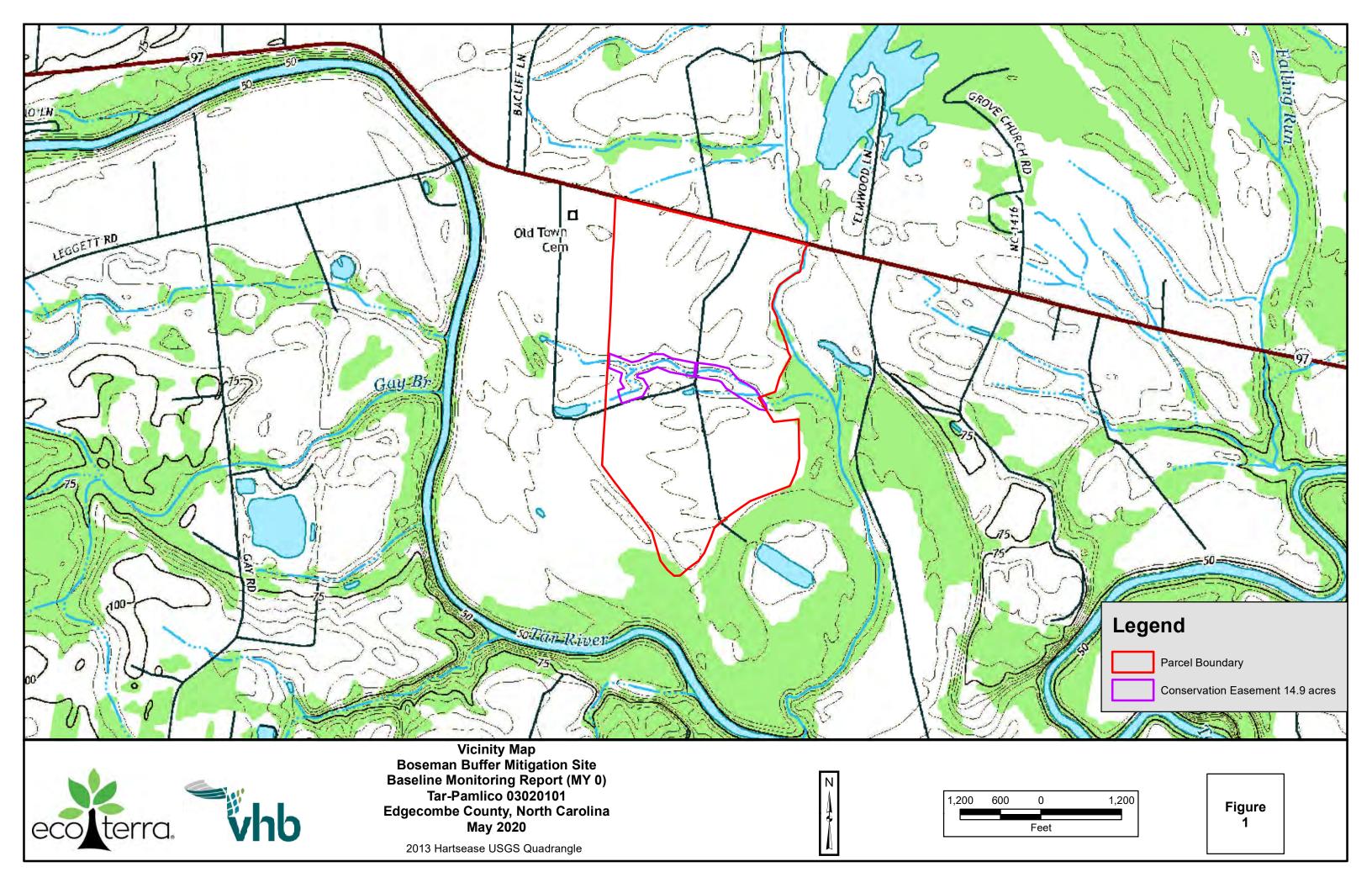
Any Site observations identified through vegetation plots or visual assessments, whereby the performance criteria is not met, will be noted and discussed in the annual reports and addressed with a contingency plan as necessary. DMS/NCDWR will be notified, and if necessary, collaborate with Eco Terra to develop a contingency plan with remedial action steps to correct the performance criteria deficiency. Any contingency plan and remedial actions will occur within an agreed timeframe and monitoring adjusted accordingly, if necessary. Site problem areas will be monitored biannually to ensure performance criteria are met following any remedial action.

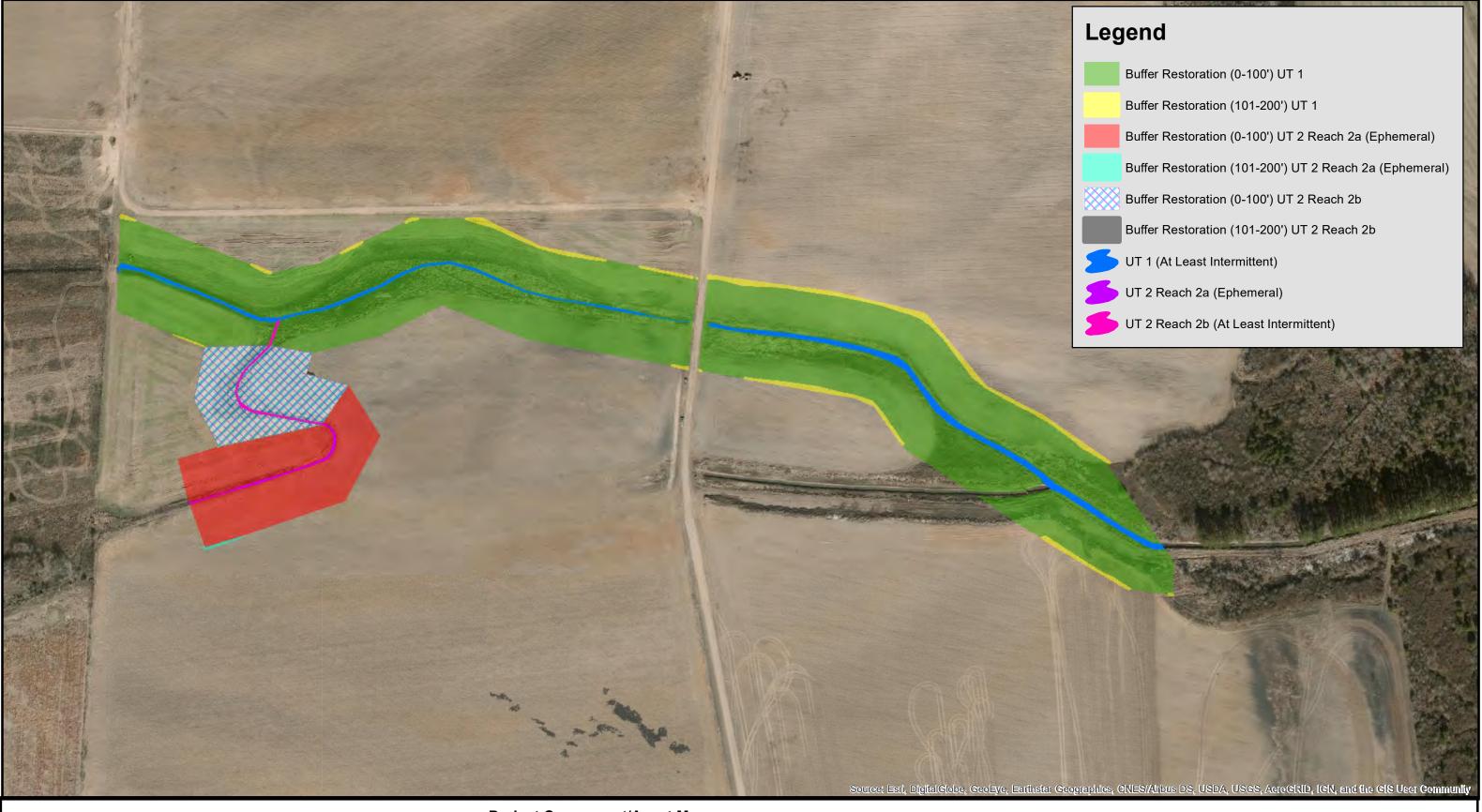
#### 5.0 References

- 15 NCAC 02B .0295 Mitigation Program Requirements for Protection and Maintenance of Riparian Buffers. 2015.
- Lee, Michael T. Peet, Robert K., Steven D. Wentworth, Thomas R. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation Version 4.2. http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/protocol/cvs-eep-protocol-v4.2-lev1-2.pdf
- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). Web Soil Survey of Edgecombe County. http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm
- North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality. Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS). 2017. Riparian Buffer and Nutrient Offset Buffer Baseline and Annual Monitoring Report Template Version 2.0.
- North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality. Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS). 2018. Tar-Pamlico River Basin Restoration Priorities.



# FIGURES AND TABLES







Project Component/Asset Map Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site Baseline Monitoring Report (MY0) Tar-Pamlico 03020101 Edgecombe County, North Carolina May 2020

2017 Aerial from NCOneMap



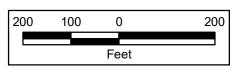
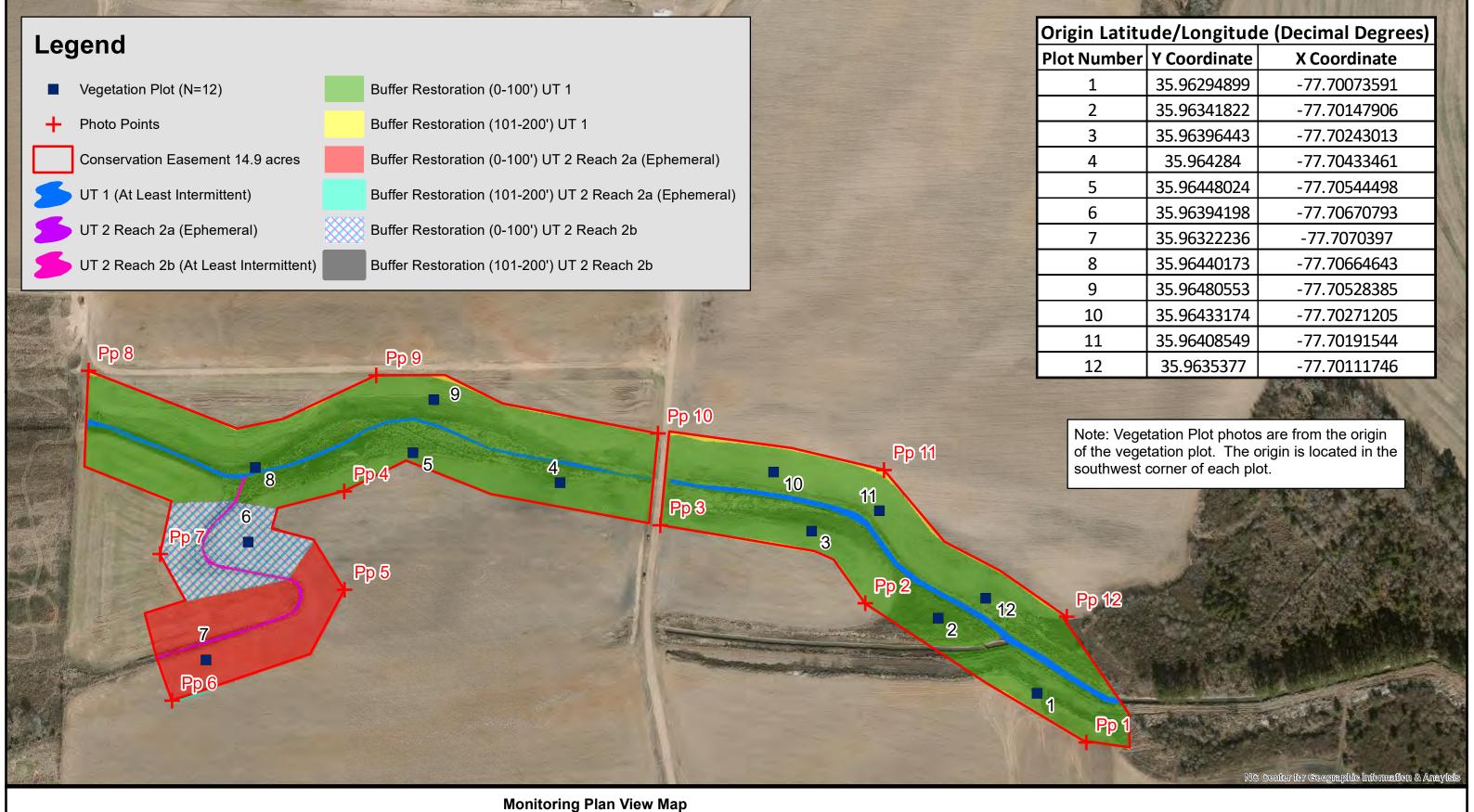


Figure 2





Monitoring Plan View Map Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site Baseline Monitoring Report (MY0) Tar-Pamlico 03020101 Edgecombe County, North Carolina May 2020

2017 Aerial from NCOneMap



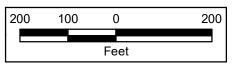


Figure 3

Table 1: Buffer Project Attributes
Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site
DMS ID No. 100119 DWR Project No. 2019-0800 Monitoring Year 0 – 2020

Project Name	Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site
Hydrologic Unit Code	03020101
River Basin	Tar-Pamlico
Geographic Location (decimal degrees)	35.96451, -77.705926
Site Protection Instrument (BK, PG)	1707/675
Total Credits (BMU)	617,518.702
Types of Credits	Riparian Buffer
Mitigation Plan Date	January 2020
Initial Planting Date	March 2020
Baseline Report Date	May 2020
MY1 Report Date	November 2020
MY2 Report Date	November 2021
MY3 Report Date	November 2022
MY 4 Report Date	November 2023
MY 5 Report Date	November 2024
Close out Report Date/Visit	May 2025

### Table 2: Buffer Project Components and Assets

Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site DMS ID No. 100119 DWR Project No. 2019-0800 Monitoring Year 0 – 2020

#### BOSEMAN BUFFER MITIGATION SITE, PROJECT NO. 2019-0800, 617,518.702 CREDITS

	Tar-Pamlic	03020101		Project Area	roject Area											
	19.1	6394		N Credit Conversion	Ratio (ft²/pound)	)										
	297.5	4099		P Credit Conversion	Ratio (ft²/pound)											
Credit Type	Location	Subject? (enter NO if ephemeral or ditch <sup>1</sup> )	Feature Type	Mitigation Activity	Min-Max Buffer Width (ft)	Feature Name	Total Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Total (Creditable) Area of Buffer Mitigation (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Initial Credit Ratio (x:1)	% Full Credit	Final Credit Ratio (x:1)	Convertible to Riparian Buffer?	Riparian Buffer	Convertible to Nutrient Offset?	Delivered Nutrient Offset: N (lbs)	Delivered Nutrient Offset: P (lbs)
Buffer	Rural	Yes	I/P	Restoration	0-100	UT1	484,072	484,072	1	100%	1.00000	Yes	484,072.000	N/A	0.000	0.000
Buffer	Rural	Yes	I/P	Restoration	101-200	UT1	6,496	6,496	1	33%	3.03030	Yes	2,143.682	N/A	0.000	0.000
Buffer	Rural	No	Ephemeral	Restoration	0-100	UT2 (Reach 2a)	78,631	78,631	1	100%	1.00000	Yes	78,631.000	N/A	0.000	0.000
Buffer	Rural	No	Ephemeral	Restoration	101-200	UT2 (Reach 2a)	82	82	1	33%	3.03030	Yes	27.060	N/A	0.000	0.000
Buffer	Rural	Yes	I/P	Restoration	0-100	UT2 (Reach 2b)	52,641	52,641	1	100%	1.00000	Yes	52,641.000	N/A	0.000	0.000
Buffer	Rural	Yes	I/P	Restoration	101-200	UT2 (Reach 2b)	12	12	1	33%	3.03030	Yes	3.960	N/A	0.000	0.000
	Totals:					621,934	621,934	1								

**Enter Preservation Credits Below** Eligible for Preservation (ft<sup>2</sup>): 207,311 Total (Creditable) Min-Max Buffer **Initial Credit** Final Credit Total Area (sf) Area for Buffer % Full Credit Credit Type Location Subject? Feature Type Mitigation Activity **Feature Name** Width (ft) Ratio (x:1) Ratio (x:1) Credits Mitigation (ft<sup>2</sup>) Buffer Preservation

Preservation Area Subtotal (ft²): 0
Preservation as % Total Area of Buffer Mitigation: 0.0%
Ephemeral Reaches as % Total Area of Buffer Mitigation: 12.7%

TOTAL AREA OF BUFFER MITIGATION (TABM)							
Mitigatio	n Totals	Square Feet	Credits				
Restor	ation:	621,934	617,518.702				
Enhanc	ement:	0	0.000				
Preserv	vation:	0	0.000				
Total Ripar	ian Buffer:	621,934 617,518.702					
TO	TAL NUTRIEN	T OFFSET MITIG	ATION				
Mitigatio	n Totals	Square Feet	Credits				
Nutrient	Nitrogen:	0	0.000				
Offset:	Phosphorus:	0	0.000				

<sup>1.</sup> The Randleman Lake buffer rules allow some ditches to be classified as subject according to 15A NCAC 02B .0250 (5)(a). last updated 01/17/2020

# DWR CORRESPONDENCE

ROY COOPER Governor MICHAEL S. REGAN Secretary LINDA CULPEPPER



July 9, 2019

DWR Project # 2019-0800 V2 Edgecombe County

Eco Terra Partners, LLC Attention: Ted Griffith 1117 Peachtree Walk NE, Suite 126 Atlanta, GA 30309

Subject: On-Site Determination for Applicability to the Tar-Pamlico Buffer Rules (15A NCAC 02B .0259)

Project Name: Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site

Parcel ID Number: 388038633500; PIN 3880-38-6335

Address/Location: 7488 NC 97, Battleboro, NC 27809, Edgecombe County

Lat. 35.963791, Long. -77.703655

Stream(s) Evaluated: Unnamed Tributaries to Tar River, Classified as C; NSW

Determination Date: 6/14/2019 Staff: DWR, Shelton Sullivan

Dear Mr. Griffith.

On June 14, 2019, Shelton Sullivan of the Division of Water Resources (DWR) Central Office conducted an on-site review of features located on the subject property at the request of Ted Griffith of Eco Terra Partners, LLC. The purpose of the inspection was to determine the presence or absence of streams on the site and their ephemeral / intermittent / perennial (E/I/P) characteristics and transition points and the applicability of the Tar-Pamlico Riparian Area Protection Rules (15A NCAC 02B .0259) within the proposed project easement.

The enclosed maps depict the features evaluated and this information is also summarized in the table below. Streams that are "Subject" are shown on the most recently published NRCS Soil Survey of Edgecombe County and/or the most recent copy of the USGS Topographic (at 1:24,000 scale) maps, have been located on the ground at the site, and possess characteristics that qualify them to be at least intermittent streams. Features that are "Not Subject" are not depicted on the required maps, not present on the property, or have been determined to not be at least intermittent.



Please note that there may be other streams or features located on the property beyond the proposed project easement that may be subject to the Tar-Pamlico Riparian Area Protection Rules, considered jurisdictional according to the US Army Corps of Engineers, and subject to the Clean Water Act.

See the following table for the features rated during the DWR site visit:

Feature ID	Other Buffer Rules  Labeled as R1 aerial map provided, a		Start @	Stop @	Depicted on Soil Survey	Depicted on USGS Topo			
R1				Continues downstream to the eastern project boundary	Yes	Yes			
R2A	Stream	Labeled as R2A on aerial map		n "E" No Labeled as RZA on aerial map provided, on the southwestern project the flagged point R2B where the stream		Stream "E" No Labeled as R2A on aerial map provided, on the southwestern project boundary Continues to the flagged point R2B where the stream becomes		Yes	Yes
R2B	Stream	"I" at least	"I" at Yes Labeled R2B on down to con		Continues downstream to confluence with R1	Yes	Yes		
R3	(not in the current "I" at yes provided; B proposed least Yes on the eas		Labeled R3 on aerial map provided; Begins on the eastern side of the main path	Continues downstream to confluence with R1	Yes	Yes			

<sup>\*</sup> E: Ephemeral, I: Intermittent P: Perennial

This on-site determination shall expire five (5) years from the date of this letter. Landowners or affected parties that dispute a determination made by the DWR may request a determination by the Director. An appeal request must be made within sixty (60) calendar days of the date of this letter to the Director in writing.

If sending via U.S. Postal Service:

If sending via delivery service (UPS, FedEx, etc.)

DWR- 401 & Buffer Permitting Branch

DWR-401 & Buffer Permitting Branch

c/o Karen Higgins 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1617 c/o Karen Higgins 512 N Salisbury St Raleigh, NC 27604

This determination is final and binding as detailed above, unless an appeal is requested within sixty (60) calendar days.

This letter only addresses the stream features on the subject property and within the proposed easement and the applicability of the buffer rules and does not approve any activity within buffers or within waters of the state. If you have any additional questions or require additional information, please call Shelton Sullivan at (919) 707-3636. This determination is subject to review as provided in Articles 3 & 4 of G.S. 150B.

Sincerely,

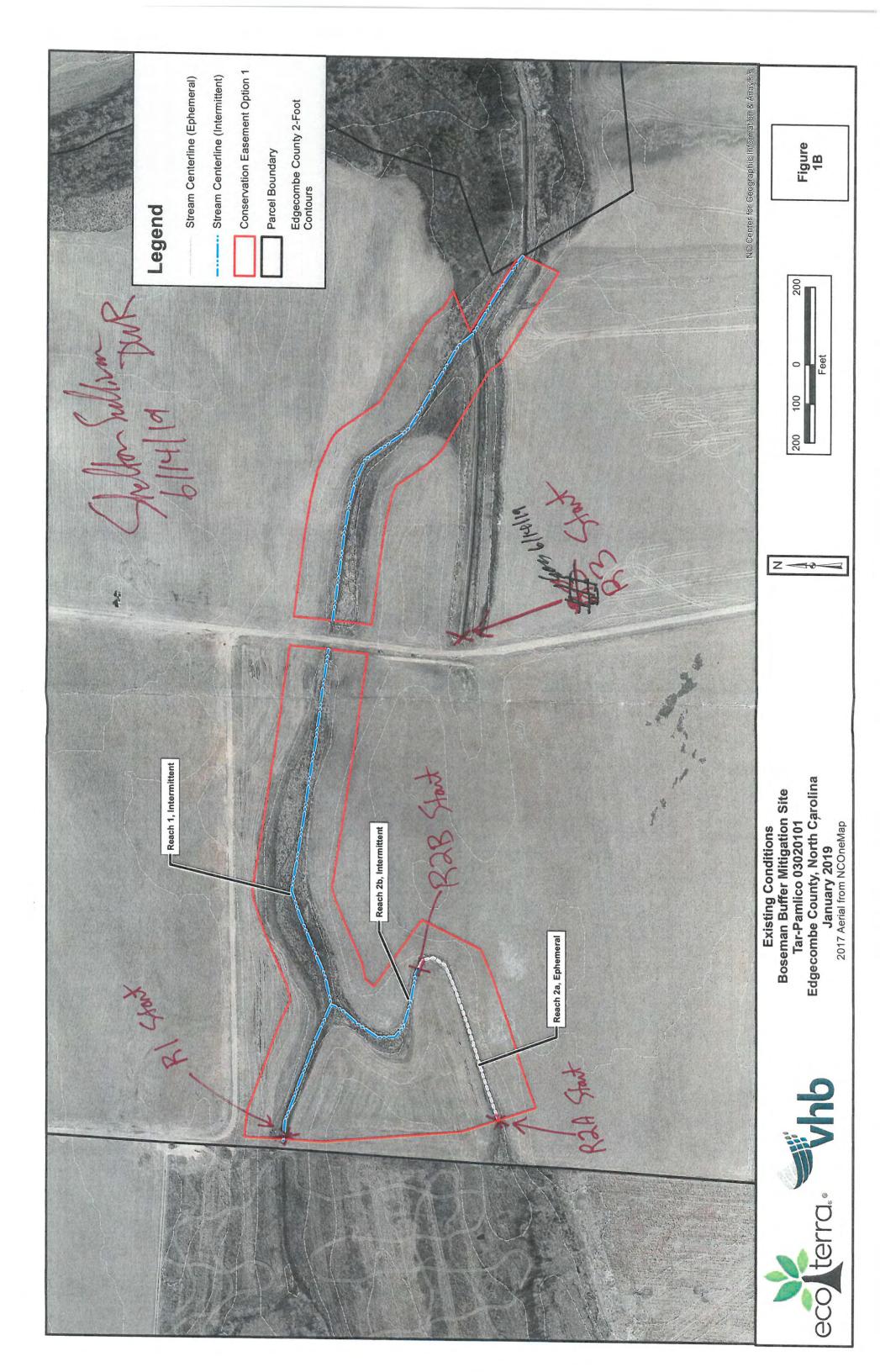
Karen Higgins, Supervisor

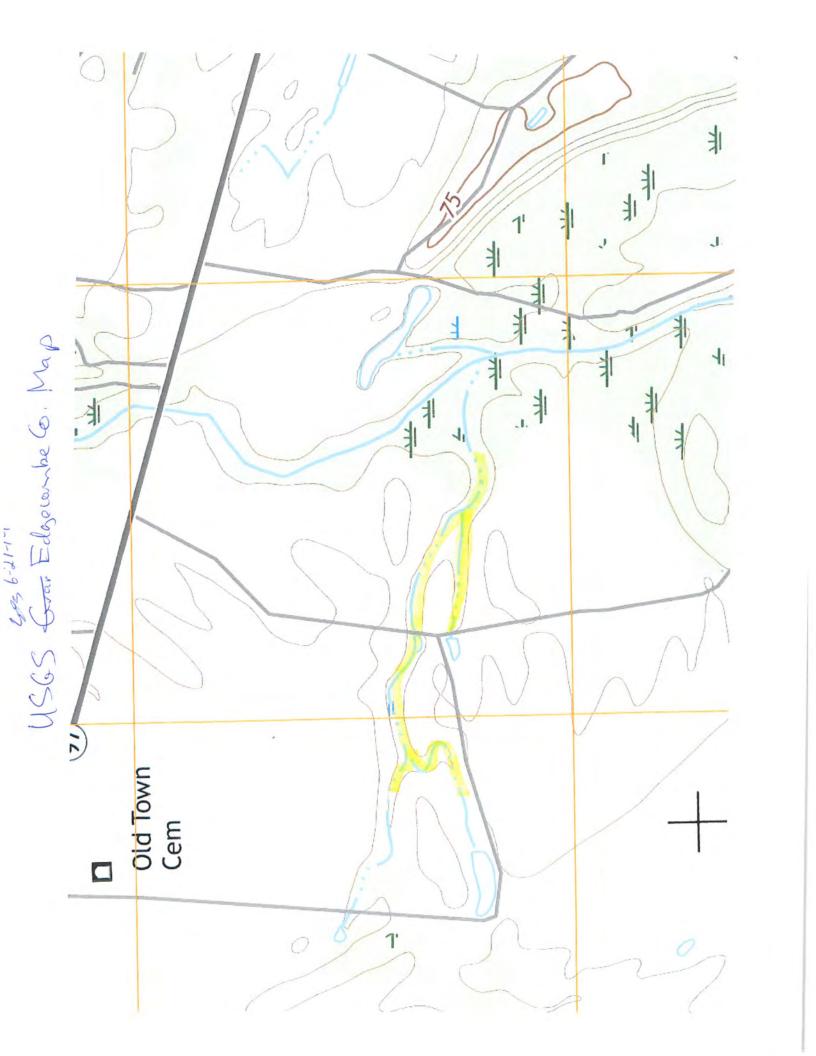
401 & Buffer Permitting Branch

Taul Wojosli

Enclosures: Photographs with Description; Site Map, Soil Survey, USGS Topo

cc: Joel Boseman, P.O. Box 550, Battleboro, NC 27809
Joel Boseman via email bosemanforms@yahoo.com
Ted Griffith, Eco Terra Partners, LLC via email ted@ecoterra.com
401 & Buffer Permitting Branch files





Ro AaA LaB WRG Edgerombele, Map aB Ro WKB ABA

ROY COOPER Governor MICHAEL S. REGAN Secretary LINDA CULPEPPER Director



July 17, 2019

Ted Griffith
Eco Terra Partners, LLC
1117 Peachtree Walk NE, Suite 126
Atlanta, GA 30309
(via electronic mail: Ted@EcoTerra.com)

DWR# 2019-0800 Edgecombe County

Re:

Site Viability for Buffer Mitigation & Nutrient Offset - Boseman Site

Located near 8019-7621, NC 97, Battleboro, NC

Tar-Pamlico 03020101

Dear Mr. Griffith,

On June 7, 2019, Katie Merritt, with the Division of Water Resources (DWR), received a request from Eco Terra Partners, LLC (ETP) for an onsite mitigation determination near the above-referenced site (Site). The Site is located within the Tar-Pamlico River Basin in the 8-digit Hydrologic Unit Code 03020101. The Site is being proposed as part of a full-delivery nutrient offset and riparian buffer mitigation project for the Division of Mitigation Services (RFP #16-007711). Staff from the Division of Mitigation Services were also present onsite. At your request, Ms. Merritt performed an onsite assessment of riparian land uses adjacent to streams and channels onsite, which are shown on the attached map labeled "Figure 1B-Existing Conditions".

Ms. Merritt's evaluation of the features onsite and their associated mitigation determination for the riparian areas are provided in the table below. This evaluation was made from Top of Bank (TOB) and landward 200' from each feature for buffer mitigation pursuant to 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (effective November 1, 2015) and for nutrient offset credits pursuant to 15A NCAC 02B .0240.

<u>Feature</u>	Classification onsite	¹Subject to Buffer Rule	Riparian Land uses adjacent to Feature (0-200')	Buffer Credit Viable	2Nutrient Offset Viable	5Mitigation Type Determination w/in riparian areas		
RI	Stream	Yes	Non-forested row crop fields with areas forested downstream @ confluence w/ R3	<sup>3</sup> Yes	Yes (non- forested ag fields only)	Non-forested areas - Restoration Site per 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (n) Forested Areas - Preservation Site per 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (o)(5) Drain tiles shall be removed to restore diffused flow		
R2A	Ephemeral	No	Non-forested row crop fields	<sup>4</sup> Yes	Yes	Restoration Site per 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (o)(7)		



Feature	Classification onsite	1Subject to Buffer Rule	Riparian Land uses adjacent to Feature (0-200')	Buffer Credit Viable	2Nutrient Offset Viable	5Mitigation Type Determination w/in riparian areas
R2B	Stream	Yes	Non-forested row crop fields	Yes	Yes	Restoration Site per 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (n)
R3	Stream	Yes	Non-forested row crop fields	Yes	Yes	Restoration Site per 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (n)

Subjectivity calls for the features were determined by DWR in correspondence dated July 9, 2019 using the 1:24,000 scale quadrangle topographic map prepared by USGS and the most recent printed version of the soil survey map prepared by the NRCS.

<sup>2</sup> NC Division of Water Resources - Methodology and Calculations for determining Nutrient Reductions associated with Riparian Buffer Establishment

<sup>3</sup>The area of preservation credit within a buffer mitigation site shall comprise of no more than 25 percent (25%) of the total area of buffer mitigation per 15A NCAC 0295 (o)(5) and 15A NCAC 0295 (o)(4). Site cannot be a Preservation Only site to comply with this rule.
<sup>4</sup>The area of the mitigation site on ephemeral channels shall comprise no more than 25 percent (25%) of the total area of buffer

mitigation per 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (o)(7).

The maps attached to this letter were prepared by ETP and were initialed by Ms. Merritt on July 17, 2019.

This letter does not constitute an approval of this site to generate mitigation credits. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 02B .0295, a mitigation proposal <u>and</u> a mitigation plan shall be submitted to DWR for written approval **prior** to conducting any mitigation activities in riparian areas and/or surface waters for buffer mitigation credit. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 02B .0240, a proposal regarding a proposed nutrient load-reducing measure for nutrient offset credit shall be submitted to DWR for approval prior to any mitigation activities in riparian areas and/or surface waters.

All vegetative plantings, performance criteria and other mitigation requirements for riparian restoration, enhancement and preservation must follow the requirements in 15A NCAC 02B .0295 to be eligible for buffer and/or nutrient offset mitigation credits. For any areas depicted as not being viable for nutrient offset credit above, one could propose a different measure, along with supporting calculations and sufficient detail to support estimates of load reduction, for review by the DWR to determine viability for nutrient offset in accordance with 15A NCAC 02B .0240.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>All features proposed for buffer mitigation or nutrient offset, must have a conservation easement established that includes the tops of channel banks when being measured perpendicular and landward from the banks, even when no credit is viable within the 50' riparian buffer.

This viability assessment will expire on July 17, 2021 or upon the submittal of an As-Built Report to the DWR, whichever comes first. This letter should be provided in all stream and wetland, buffer and/or nutrient offset mitigation plans for this Site.

Sincerely,

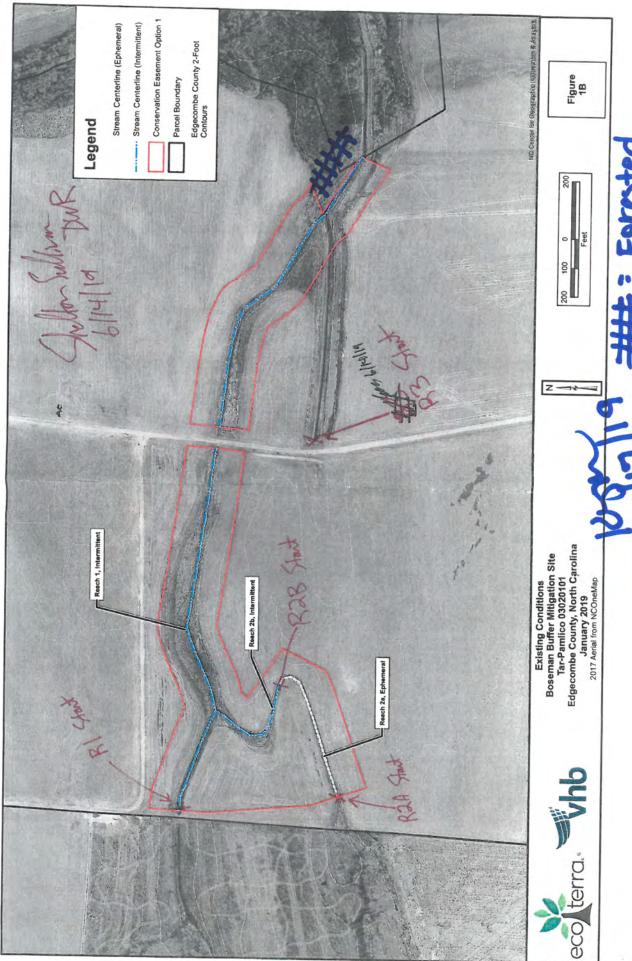
Karen Higgins, Supervisor

401 and Buffer Permitting Branch

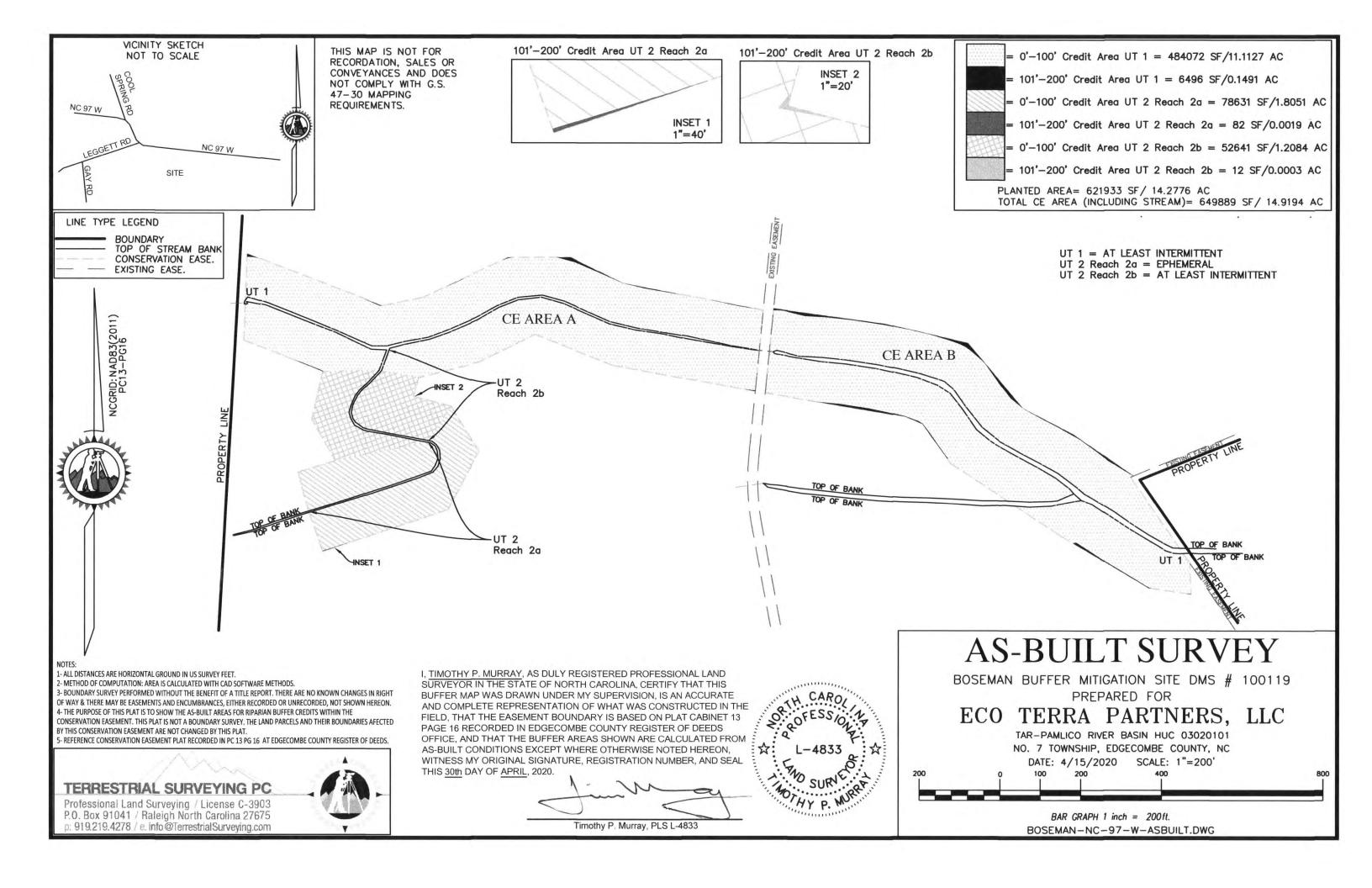
KAH/km

Attachments: Figure 1B-Existing Conditions Map/Stream Determination

cc: File Copy (Katie Merritt)
Jeff Schaffer- DMS (via electronic mail)

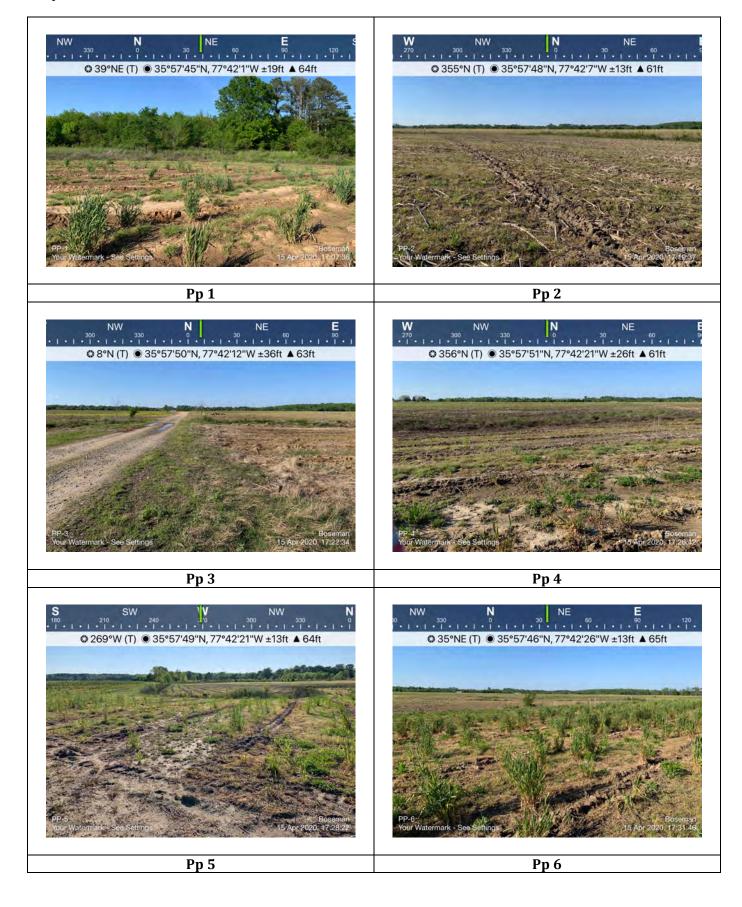


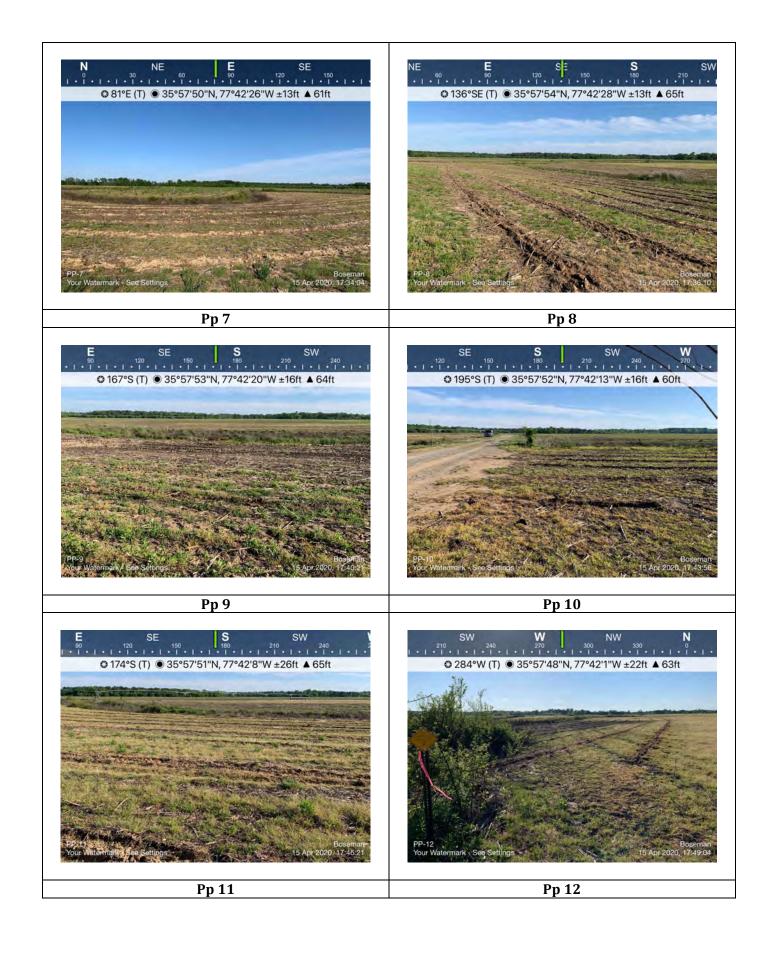
# AS-BUILT SURVEY



# SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

### **Photo-points**





# VEGETATION PLOT DATA VEGETATION PLOT PHOTOGRAPHS

#### Table 3: Planted and Total Stems

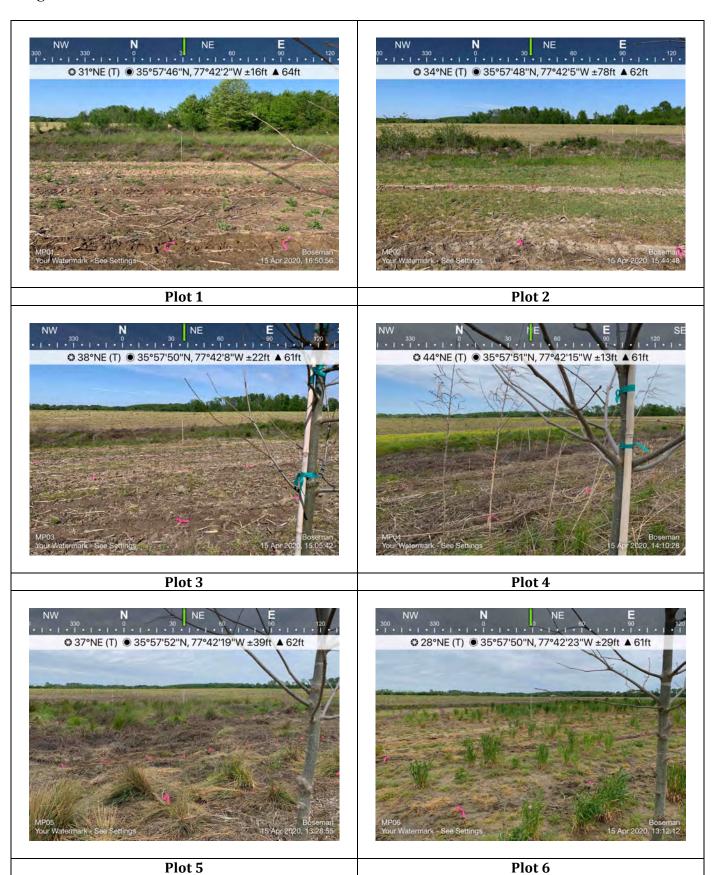
Boseman Buffer Mitigation Site DMS ID No. 100119 DWR Project No. 2019-0800 *Monitoring Year 0 – 2020* 

			Current Plot Data (MY-0 2020) - Total Stems											
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	VP1	VP2	VP3	VP4	VP5	VP6	VP7	VP8	VP9	VP10	VP11	VP12
Quercus laurifolia	laurel oak	Tree	1	4	2			2	1		5	2	2	1
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree				9	5		5	4			1	
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	5	2	10	1	2	3	1		3	5	2	2
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	10	2	4	2		9	7	6	3	9	9	12
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree								2	2			
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Tree		12		1	1		4	6				
Cephalanthus occidentalis	butonbush	Shrub												
Nyssa sylvatica var. biflora	swamp blackgum	Tree					11							
		Stem Count	16	20	16	13	19	14	18	18	13	16	14	15
		Species #	3	4	3	4	4	3	5	4	4	3	4	3
		Vigor	3.6	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.6
		Stems/ac	648	810	648	526	769	567	729	729	526	648	567	607
	Annual Summary				•		•	•	•	•	•			

				illuai Julilliai y	
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	Total		Exceeds criteria (260 stems/ac) by 10%
Quercus laurifolia	laurel oak	Tree	20		Exceeds criteria (260 stems/ac), but by less than 10%
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree	24		Fails to meet criteria (260 stems/ac), by less than 10%
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	36		Fails to meet criteria (260 stems/ac) by more than 10%
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	73		Plot Size (ares/ac): 1 / 0.0247
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	4		
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Tree	24		
Cephalanthus occidentalis	butonbush	Shrub	0		
Nyssa sylvatica var. biflora	swamp blackgum	Tree	11		
		Total Stems	192		
		Species #	8		
		Avg Vigor	3.8		
		Total Stems/ac	648		

Fails to meet criteria (260 stems/ac), by less than 10%

# **Vegetation Plot Photos**







Plot 7 Plot 8





Plot 9 Plot 10





Plot 11 Plot 12