## **FINAL**

# **Baseline Monitoring Document and As-Built Baseline Report Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project**

Anson County, North Carolina DMS Project ID No. 95351, DEQ Contract No. 004641 Permits: SAW-2012-01108, DWR #14-0345 Yadkin River Basin: 03040104-061030



Prepared for:

NC Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1652

**Data Collection Period – July 2015** Submission Date - November 2016

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## INTERNATIONAL

Data Collection Period – July 2015 Submission Date – November 2016

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## **1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Michael Baker Engineering, Inc. (Baker) restored 8,213 linear feet (LF) of perennial stream, enhanced 2,481 LF of stream, and preserved 518 LF of stream along Hurricane Creek (HC) and unnamed tributaries (UT4) to Brown Creek, a 303(d) listed stream that flows through the Pee Dee National Wildlife Refuge. Baker also planted approximately 33 acres (AC) of native riparian vegetation along the restored and enhanced reaches (Reaches HC-R1, HC-R2, and HC-R3 on the Hurricane Creek portion of the project, and UT4-R1b, UT4-R2, UT4-R3, UT4-R4a, UT4-R4b, UT4-R5a, and UT4-R5b on the unnamed tributary portion of the project). A recorded conservation easement consisting of 43.3 acres protects and preserves all stream reaches, existing wetland areas, and riparian buffers in perpetuity. The Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project (Site) is located in Anson County, approximately four miles southeast of the Town of Ansonville (Figure 1). The Site is located in the NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) subbasin 03-07-10 and the NC Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) 03040104-061030 of the Yadkin River Basin. The project involved the restoration and enhancement of a rural piedmont stream system (Schafale and Weakley 1990), which had been impaired due to past agricultural conversion and cattle grazing.

Based on the DMS 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin Restoration Priority (RBRP) Plan, the Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project area is located in an existing targeted local watershed (TLW) within the Yadkin River Basin, although it is not located in a Local Watershed Planning (LWP) area. The TLW selection criteria for the Yadkin Basin specifically targets projects that will address water resource impacts from nonpoint source (NPS) pollution. The restoration strategy for the Yadkin River Basin as a whole targets projects which focus on restoring stream functions by maintaining and enhancing water quality, restoring hydrology, and improving fish and wildlife habitat.

The primary goals of the project were to improve ecologic functions to the impaired areas as described in the DMS 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee RBRP as identified below:

- Create geomorphically stable conditions along the unnamed tributaries across the site,
- Implement agricultural BMPs to reduce NPS inputs to receiving waters,
- Protect and improve water resources by reducing stream bank erosion, and nutrient and sediment inputs,
- Restore stream and floodplain interaction by connecting historic flow paths and promoting natural flood processes, and
- Restore and protect riparian buffer functions and corridor habitat in perpetuity by establishing a permanent conservation easement.

To accomplish these goals, the following objectives were identified:

- Restore existing incised, eroding, and channelized streams by providing them access to their relic floodplains,
- Prevent cattle from accessing the conservation easement boundary by installing permanent fencing and thus reduce excessive stream bank erosion and undesired nutrient inputs,
- Increase aquatic habitat value by providing more bedform diversity, creating natural scour pools and reducing sediment from accelerated stream bank erosion,
- Plant native species riparian buffer vegetation along stream bank and floodplain areas, protected by a permanent conservation easement, to increase stormwater runoff filtering capacity, improve stream bank stability and riparian habitat connectivity, and shade the stream to decrease water temperature,

- Improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat through improved substrate and in-stream cover, addition of woody debris, and reduction of water temperature, and
- Control invasive species vegetation within the project area and, if necessary, continue treatments during the monitoring period.

This report documents the completion of the restoration construction activities and presents as-built monitoring data for the post-construction monitoring period. Table 1 summarizes project conditions before and after restoration, as well as the conditions predicted in the previously approved project Mitigation Plan. Table 1 is located in Appendix A.

## 2.0 PROJECT GOALS, BACKGROUND AND ATTRIBUTES

## 2.1 **Project Location and Description**

The Site is located in Anson County, NC, approximately four miles southeast of the Town of Ansonville, as shown on the Vicinity Map (Figure 1). The project is located in the NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) sub-basin 03-07-10 of the Yadkin River Basin and hydrologic unit 03040104-061030. The project includes one named (Hurricane Creek) and four unnamed tributaries (UTs) to Brown Creek and is located in the Piedmont physiographic region. The Hurricane Creek (HC) portion of the project was divided into three individual Reaches (HC-R1, HC-R2, and HC-R3), and the unnamed tributary (UT4) portion of the project was divided into eight individual Reaches (UT4-R1a, UT4-R1b, UT4-R2, UT4-R3, UT4-R4a, UT4-R4b, UT4-R5a, and UT4-R5b) as shown in Figures 2a and 2b.

Hurricane Creek (HC-R1 and HC-R2) and the mainstem of UT4 (UT4-R3 and UT4-R4) were shown as solid blue-line streams on the USGS topographic quadrangle map (Ansonville Quad). The tributaries to Hurricane Creek (HC-R3) and UT4 (UT4-R1, UT4-R2, and UT4-R5) are not shown as any type of blue-line stream on the USGS map. All stream reaches, except HC-R3, are shown as (unclassified) streams within the project limits on the 2005 Anson County Soil Survey (Anson, 2005). LiDAR imagery for the site showed the presence of historic valleys for each of the project stream systems and field investigations confirmed the locations of these valleys. On-site jurisdictional determinations of intermittent/perennial status were conducted in February of 2013 and determined that reaches HC-R2 and UT4-R3 were perennial, while reaches HC-R1, HC-R3, UT4-R1, UT4-R2, UT4-R4, and UT4-R5 were intermittent.

Based on the DMS 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin Restoration Priority (RBRP) Plan, the Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project area is located in an existing targeted local watershed (TLW) within the Yadkin River Basin, although it is not located in a Local Watershed Planning (LWP) area. The restoration strategy for the Yadkin River Basin specifically targets projects that focus on restoring stream functions by maintaining and enhancing water quality, restoring hydrology, and improving fish and wildlife habitat.

## 2.2 Site Directions

To access the site from Raleigh, take US Highway 1 south through Sanford, for approximately 40 miles. Take the exit ramp to US 15/501 South to Carthage and then take NC 24/NC 27 West from Carthage for approximately 33 miles before turning onto NC 109 South. Follow NC 109 South for 20 miles and take the first right past Dennis Road. The UT4 site is located just south of the farm access road about one half mile from NC 109. The Hurricane Creek site is located immediately south of Pleasant Grove Church Road approximately 1.5 miles west of the UT4 site.

## 2.3 **Project Goals and Objectives**

The primary goals of the project were to improve ecologic functions and to manage NPS inputs to the impaired areas as described in the DMS 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee RBRP and are identified below:

- Create geomorphically stable conditions along the unnamed tributaries across the site,
- Implement agricultural BMPs to reduce NPS inputs to receiving waters,
- Protect and improve water resources by reducing stream bank erosion, and nutrient and sediment inputs,
- Restore stream and floodplain interaction by connecting historic flow paths and promoting natural flood processes, and

• Restore and protect riparian buffer functions and corridor habitat in perpetuity by establishing a permanent conservation easement.

To accomplish these goals, the following objectives were identified:

- Restore existing incised, eroding, and channelized streams by providing them access to their relic floodplains,
- Prevent cattle from accessing the conservation easement boundary by installing permanent fencing and thus reduce excessive stream bank erosion and undesired nutrient inputs,
- Increase aquatic habitat value by providing more bedform diversity, creating natural scour pools and reducing sediment from accelerated stream bank erosion,
- Plant native species riparian buffer vegetation along stream bank and floodplain areas, protected by a permanent conservation easement, to increase stormwater runoff filtering capacity, improve stream bank stability and riparian habitat connectivity, and shade the stream to decrease water temperature,
- Improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat through improved substrate and in-stream cover, addition of woody debris, and reduction of water temperature, and
- Control invasive species vegetation within the project area and, if necessary, continue treatments during the monitoring period.

The project will directly address goals identified in the 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee RBRP, namely to improve watershed conditions, reduce NPS inputs, and prevent increases to impervious surfaces areas. The natural channel design (NCD) approach resulted in a stable riparian stream system that will reduce excess sediment and nutrient inputs to the Brown Creek sub-watershed, while improving water resources conditions that support terrestrial and aquatic species, including priority species identified in the Lower Yadkin River Basin.

## 3.0 PROJECT STRUCTURE, RESTORATION TYPE AND APPROACH

#### 3.1 **Project Components**

The project area includes one named stream (Hurricane Creek) and four unnamed tributaries (UTs) to Brown Creek and is located in the Piedmont physiographic region. For assessment and design purposes, the Hurricane Creek (HC) portion of the project was divided into three individual Reaches (HC-R1, HC-R2, and HC-R3), and the unnamed tributary (UT4) portion of the project was divided into eight individual Reaches (UT4-R1a, UT4-R1b, UT4-R2, UT4-R3, UT4-R4a, UT4-R4b, UT4-R5a, and UT4-R5b). Native species riparian buffer vegetation was established and/or protected at least 50 feet from the top of both banks along all project reaches. Cattle were also excluded along all project reaches in which they were previously allowed through the installation of approximately 9,500 feet of permanent fencing outside of the conservation easement. The reach designations have remained in the same order to be consistent throughout the document.

## **3.2 Restoration Approach**

Based on the post-construction as-built survey, the Hurricane Creek portion of the project consisted of 2,043 LF of Restoration on HC-R1,1,393 LF of Restoration on HC-R2 and 564 LF of Enhancement II on HC-R3. Additionally, the UT4 portion of the Site consisted of 518 LF of Preservation on Reach UT4-R1a, 858 LF of Restoration on UT4-R1b, 1,827 LF of Restoration on UT4-R2, 250 LF of Restoration on UT4-R3, 396 LF of Restoration on UT4-R4a, 1,444 LF of Restoration on UT4-R4b, 335 LF of Enhancement I on UT4-R5a and 1,581 LF of Enhancement I on UT4-R5b. Baker also planted approximately 33 acres (AC) of native riparian vegetation along the restored and enhanced reaches, and a recorded conservation easement of 43.3 acres protects and preserves all stream reaches, existing wetland areas, and riparian buffers in perpetuity.

The project involved the restoration, enhancement, and preservation of a rural piedmont stream system, which had been impaired due to past agricultural conversion and cattle grazing. Restoration practices involved raising the existing streambed and reconnecting the stream to the relic floodplain, and restoring natural flows to areas previously drained by ditching activities. The existing channels abandoned within the restoration areas were filled to decrease surface and subsurface drainage and raise the local water table. Permanent cattle exclusion fencing was provided around all proposed reaches and riparian buffers in which they previously had access.

The vegetative components of this project include stream bank, floodplain, and transitional upland plantings. The Site was planted with native species riparian buffer vegetation following Schafale and Weakley's (1990) guidance on vegetation communities for Piedmont/Mountain Bottomland Forest (mixed riparian community) and Dry-Mesic Oak-Hickory Forest (Piedmont Subtype), as shown in Table 7 and Table 8 (Appendix C) and now protected through a permanent conservation easement. Table 1 and Figure 2a and Figure 2b (Appendix A) provide a summary of the project components.

#### 3.2.1 Reach HC-R1 Restoration

A Priority Level I restoration was constructed for this reach to fully restore stream functions and a floodplain connection. The lowest part of the stream valley runs mostly in the adjacent field along the existing tree line to the east of the degraded stream channel. Starting at the project boundary, the bed elevation was raised gradually to provide a reconnection to the geomorphic floodplain. The restored channel was constructed off-line along the field edge, and was built as a Rosgen 'C5' type channel. The stream was constructed as close as possible to the existing tree line. This allowed for ease of construction in the pasture, while also taking advantage of the shading, biomass input, and root mass

of the existing mature riparian trees to remain. This approach also minimized the number of existing trees that needed to be removed during construction.

The width/depth ratio for the channel is approximately 12, and over time the channel may narrow slightly to more of an 'E' stream type from deposition of sediment and stream bank vegetation growth. In-stream structures included constructed riffles for grade control and aquatic habitat, as well as grade control j-hook vanes, log vanes, log jams, geo-lifts, and root wads for stream bed/bank stability and habitat diversity.

The existing, unstable channel was filled along its length using a combination of existing spoil piles that were located along the reach and fill material excavated from construction of the restored channel. Shallow vernal pools were incorporated along the filled abandoned channel to provide habitat diversity and improved detention of runoff.

Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along all of HC-R1. No stream crossings or breaks in the easement were installed along HC-R1, and permanent fencing was installed along the entire eastern edge of the easement to exclude cattle from entering the restored stream.

#### **3.2.2 Reach HC-R2 Restoration**

A Priority Level I Restoration approach continued downstream along HC-R2. The reach was constructed beyond the existing right bank in existing pasture and again as close as possible to the existing tree line as previously described for HC-R1. In the downstream portion of the reach, a Priority Level II Restoration approach was utilized to lower the stream to the existing bed elevation. These approaches allowed for the restoration of a stable channel form with appropriate bedform diversity, as well as improved channel function through improved aquatic habitat, more frequent overbank flooding, the restoration of riparian and terrestrial habitats, exclusion of cattle and associated pollutants, and decreased sediment loss from bank erosion. The upstream Priority Level I channel section was constructed as a Rosgen 'C5' stream type with a width/depth ratio of 16, though that may narrow slightly over time. The channel transitions to a Rosgen 'Bc' stream type in the downstream Priority Level II section. The mature trees along the channel were preserved whenever possible and the riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along the entire reach.

At the downstream Priority II section of the reach, the restored channel transitions down to the elevation of Hurricane Creek near the road crossing; therefore constructed riffle structures and rock cross vanes were installed to control grade, dissipate energies, and eliminate the potential for upstream channel incision. Along this downstream transition section the channel banks were graded back to stabilize slopes, bankfull benches were incorporated where possible, and riparian vegetation was re-established.

Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored along all of HC-R2. The existing ford crossing in the upstream portion of HC-R2 was improved with the addition of Class B stone topped with ABC stone, and permanent fencing was installed along both sides of the easement to exclude cattle from entering the restored stream.

#### **3.2.3 Reach HC-R3 Enhancement**

Work on HC-R3 involved a Level II Enhancement approach for the majority of the reach. Likely due to the presence of bank vegetation along much of this reach, the stream showed minimal channel incision. Level II Enhancement provided additional stability to both dimension and profile. Minor channel bank stabilization and in-stream structures including log jams and log weirs were installed to enhance bedform morphology for the portions of the reach where the channel had been most impacted.

A new, culverted crossing was also installed at the beginning of the reach to provide stable access across to the upstream portion of the property. This crossing was designed to pass a 10-year event, with excess capacity on the floodplain to pass larger events without damaging the crossing.

Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along all of HC-R3. Additionally, fencing was installed along the northern edge of the easement to permanently exclude cattle from entering the stream.

#### 3.2.4 Reach UT4-R1a Preservation

Preservation was implemented for the upstream portion of reach UT4-R1 to the existing powerline easement. The stream and riparian buffer are currently stable and no future developments or impacts are expected within the upper watershed. No work was performed along this reach and the existing stream and forested riparian buffer are protected within a permanent conservation easement.

#### 3.2.5 Reach UT4-R1b Restoration

Continuing downstream of the powerline easement crossing, the restoration followed a Rosgen Priority Level I approach in the upstream portion, transitioning into a Priority Level II approach at the confluence with UT4-R5. The active headcut at the crossing was also stabilized. In-stream structures such as log step pools, log jams, log vanes, and constructed riffle structures were installed to control grade, dissipate energies, and eliminate the potential for upstream channel incision.

The restored channel was built as a Rosgen 'C5' stream type with a width/depth ratio of approximately 14, though the channel will likely narrow slightly over time. The existing, unstable channel was filled along its length using a combination of existing spoil piles that were located along the reach as well as fill material excavated from construction of the restored reach.

The existing pipe culvert crossing in the powerline easement was replaced with a larger diameter pipe and the crossing improved with Class B stone to allow stable landowner access. Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along all of UT4-R1b.

#### 3.2.6 Reach UT4-R2 Restoration

A Priority Level I Restoration approach continued along UT4-R2. The reach was constructed beyond the existing left bank in existing pasture. The implemented techniques allowed for the restoration of a stable channel form with appropriate bedform diversity, as well as improved channel function through more frequent overbank flooding, the restoration of riparian and terrestrial habitats, the exclusion of cattle and associated pollutants, and decreased sediment loss from bank erosion. This reach was built as a meandering Rosgen 'C5' stream type with a channel width/depth ratio of approximately 13. Instream structures installed included log vanes, root wads, geo-lifts and constructed riffle structures used to control grade, dissipate energy, eliminate incision, promote habitat and bedform diversity, and stabilize banks. The mature trees along the existing channel were preserved wherever possible and the riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along the entire reach.

At the downstream end of the reach, the restored channel was connected to the bed elevation at the UT4-R3/UT4-R4 confluence; therefore, a series of log jams were installed to control grade, dissipate energies, and eliminate the potential for upstream channel incision. Along this downstream transition section, the channel banks were graded to stable slopes in many locations.

The existing, unstable channel was filled along its length using a combination of existing spoil piles that were located along the reach and fill material excavated from the construction of the restored channel. Vernal pools were incorporated along the filled abandoned channel to provide habitat diversity and improve detention of runoff.

Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along all of UT4-R2. The existing ford crossing was improved with the addition of Class B stone topped with ABC stone, and permanent fencing was installed to exclude cattle from entering the restored stream.

#### 3.2.7 Reach UT4-R3 Restoration

A Priority Level III approach was utilized for reach UT4-R3, which begins at the confluence of UT4-R2 and UT4-R4. The channel throughout this shorter section remained a Rosgen 'Gc' stream type, but with a post construction width/depth ratio of 6.4. A lighter touch was used on this reach from the initial design due to the presence of existing mature trees along both banks. While this reach remains incised, its degree of incision has been reduced, and it is stable due to the extensive presence and further establishment of vegetation in and along the channel banks.

The restored channel transitions down to the existing bed elevation near the project boundary and rock step pools, rock cross vanes, and constructed riffle structures were installed to control grade, dissipate energies, and eliminate the potential for upstream channel incision. To promote stability along this reach, channel banks were graded back along much of the left bank, while the mature trees already established along the channel were preserved wherever possible. Additionally, bankfull benches were incorporated in a few locations. Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along the entire reach. Permanent fencing was also installed along the western easement boundary to prevent cattle from entering the restored channel.

#### 3.2.8 Reach UT4-R4 Restoration

Restoration in this section primarily followed a Priority Level I approach. In the shorter upstream section above the crossing (UT4-R4a), degraded channel banks were graded back to stable slopes and in-stream structures such as log weirs, log jams, and step pools were installed to control grade, dissipate energies, promote stability, and improve bedform and habitat diversity.

Below the stream crossing, the restored channel (UT4-R4b) was built as a Rosgen 'C5' stream type with a width/depth ratio of approximately 14. The restored channel meanders across the historic floodplain before its confluence with UT4-R2, transitioning into UT4-R3. In-stream structures such as geo-lifts, log jams, log vanes, root wads, and constructed riffle structures were used to control grade, dissipate energy, eliminate incision, promote habitat and bedform diversity, and stabilize banks. The existing, unstable channel was filled along its length using material excavated from construction of the restored channel, with a few vernal pools incorporated along its length.

The existing ford crossing between UT4-R4a and UT4-R4b was improved with Class B stone topped with ABC stone to allow for a stable crossing. This crossing will be used for cattle movement during scheduled grazing rotation and cattle will not have unrestricted access. Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored or protected along the entire reach length, and permanent fencing was installed to prevent cattle from entering the restored channel.

#### 3.2.9 Reach UT4-R5 Enhancement

Work on UT4-R5 involved a Level I Enhancement approach throughout the reach. Due to the presence of bank vegetation along some of the reach sections, the stream showed minimal channel incision or downcutting, thus Level I Enhancement was proposed to restore a more stable dimension and profile. Localized channel bank regrading and stabilization was performed, and in-stream structures such as log jams, log weirs, log vanes, and constructed rock riffles were installed to enhance bedform morphology for the portions of the reach where the riparian buffer and/or channel had been impacted or where active headcuts were stabilized. Additionally, several small, incised drainages flowing into the channel were graded and stabilized. Riparian buffers in excess of 50 feet were restored and/or protected along all of UT4-R5. Existing wetlands are located throughout the buffer in the uppermost section (UT5-R5a), and ephemeral pools are common here, especially along the right floodplain.

## 3.3 **Project History, Contacts, and Attribute Data**

Baker implemented the project under a full delivery contract with DMS to provide stream mitigation credits in the Yadkin River Basin. The chronology of the project is presented in Table 2. The contact information for all designers, contractors, and relevant suppliers is presented in Table 3. Relevant project background information is presented in Table 4. Tables 2, 3, and 4 are located in Appendix A of this report. As-built stationing is outlined in the Construction Summary, below, and in Table 1 in Appendix A.

#### **3.3.1 Construction Summary**

In accordance with the approved Mitigation Plan and regulatory permits, construction activities began in early November 2014 with site preparation, installation of sedimentation and erosion control measures, and the establishment of staging areas, haul roads, and stockpile areas. The construction contractor was River Works, Inc. (River Works). Actual in-stream structure location and placement varied slightly from the design plans in various sections (as described below) due to unexpected field conditions such as shallow bedrock or adjacent springs/seeps, as well as to improve vertical or lateral stability at a given location. Any substitutions and/or relocations were made based on existing field conditions and best professional judgment. The as-built plan sheets/record drawings depict actual surveyed areas for the project and show any changes from the final design plans to what was implemented on-site during construction. The as-built plan sheets/record drawings are located in Appendix C.

Channel construction first began at the Hurricane Creek site in mid-November on the upstream portion of HC-R1 at station 10+00 and proceeded downstream into HC-R2 towards Pleasant Grove Church Rd. At the bottom of HC-R2, a downstream beaver dam located off-site within the Pee-Dee National Wildlife Refuge backed water up in the channel. Requests to remove the dam were denied by the managers of the Refuge. With standing water backed up into the channel, the final section of off-line channel could not be constructed. Instead, the new channel was connected back into the existing channel at approximately Station 40+25 and the banks were cut back to stabilize slopes and to help reconnect the channel to its floodplain. The in-stream rock structures were still installed in this section, though with larger sized stone, in the event the dam was ever to be removed the channel would be protected from scour and potential incision.

Construction at Hurricane Creek then continued on the tributary HC-R3 at Station 10+36 and proceeded downstream to its confluence with HC-R1 at Station 16+00. A permanent culvert pipe crossing was installed in the uppermost portion of this reach to replace an unprotected ford crossing just outside the conservation easement at Station 10+00. This will provide the landowner with a stable crossing location that will not impact the restored channels downstream. Invasive species vegetation (Chinese privet) was treated in the floodplain at the intersection of HC-R3 and HC-R1. This will be an area of particular focus in all future monitoring efforts.

Upon completion of the three channel reaches and in-stream structures for the Hurricane Creek site in mid-March 2015, all vegetative plantings and coir fiber matting were installed, and permanent seeding with straw was placed in all remaining disturbed areas before mobilizing to the next project site. Permanent cattle exclusion fencing (woven wire) was installed along all reaches, with access gates as shown on the as-built plan sheets/record drawings in Appendix D. The total as-built length for all reaches on the Hurricane Creek site after construction is 4,001 LF.

Project work began on the Unnamed Tributaries (UT4) site with a separate Riverworks crew in mid-January of 2015 with all the standard site preparation, including the installation of sedimentation and erosion control measures, and the establishment of staging areas, haul roads, and stockpile areas. Actual construction began along Reach UT4-R5a at Station 09+44. Shallow bedrock was encountered for the uppermost 50 feet of this section and so little bank grading was conducted here, nor was the proposed log weir able to be installed in this uppermost section of channel. Log jams in this upper part were substituted with rock riffles to avoid potential conflicts with the shallow bedrock, though the log weirs and an additional log vane were able to be installed. Moreover, while sections of UT4-R5a (particularly along the left bank) were graded back and stabilized with matting, the lowermost 50 feet of this section ending at a powerline easement were not graded back as it had mature trees with an established root mass growing along its banks and was deemed stable. Work then continued downstream along Reach UT4-R5b with the Enhancement Level I approach, starting past the powerline right of way at Station 14+40 and ending at the confluence with UT4-R1b at Station 30+21. Work included bank grading and installation of in-stream structures such as log weirs and log jams.

Reach UT4-R1a is Preservation only and ends at a break in the easement for a Progress Energy powerline right of way. The break also provides the landowner with a vehicular crossing for his farm equipment. As part of the restoration, the deteriorating existing pipe at the crossing was replaced with a larger 36" RCP. Construction next continued along reach UT4-R1b, where actual in-stream structure location and placement varied only slightly from the design plans: a log jam was substituted for a rock riffle at Station 13+75, a geolift with brush toe wasn't installed at Station 15+25 due to the presence of existing mature trees growing along the bank (which provided ample bank stabilization and protection), and the log weir step pool sequence beginning at Station 18+45 was moved slightly upstream to account for higher than expected backwater conditions.

Construction continued along Reach UT4-R2 at the confluence of UT4-R5b and UT4-R1b. The uppermost 120' section of this reach from the confluence to the improved rock crossing was a long, deep pool creating slight backwater conditions up into R5b and R1b. The section also had extensive mature hardwoods established along both banks. Considering the quality habitat present from the pool, and to the relative stability of this section from the trees, the channel was not realigned here as originally planned. Instead, a rock riffle was added just downstream of the confluence and a few steep banks were graded back and matted. The remainder of UT4-R2 located downstream of the improved rock crossing continued with the Priority Level I Restoration approach found upstream on UT4-R1b. The actual in-stream structure location and placement for UT4-R2 varied only slightly from the design plans: the installation of native transplants/cuttings from on-site sources into the banks at Stations 29+40, 30+50, and 31+75 could not be completed due to an unexpected lack of appropriate source plants. They were substituted with root wads in the first two locations, and a geolift with brush toe on the third.

Work on reach UT4-R3 began at the confluence of UT4-R2 and UT4-R4b utilizing a Priority Level II Restoration approach. Narrow benching was cut in several locations along the reach, and in many areas along the left bank the slopes were graded back and stabilized with matting, though there were sections where established, mature hardwoods were growing where this was not done in an effort to preserve the trees. The location of one of the boulder cross vanes was moved upstream to improve its channel stabilizing function.

Restoration work then began at the top of Reach UT4-R4 and continued downstream to the confluence with UT4-R2. Actual in-stream structure location and placement for UT4-R4 varied only slightly from the design plans. In the upper section of this reach, a single log weir was not installed due to the presence of rock at its proposed location, while an additional log weir was placed just before the rock crossing to further stabilize the channel. The location of the log jam at Station 12+00 was also adjusted downstream by roughly 20' to avoid being undermined by a small tributary flowing in from the western bank. In the lower section of the reach, an additional log weir and root wad were installed near the outfall of the drainage channel at Station 26+70 to provide additional protection and stability to the stream.

Upon completion of all the reach segments in mid-May 2015, permanent seeding with straw was placed in all remaining disturbed areas on the site. The planting of bare-root trees and shrubs in the buffer and

live stakes along the stream channels was completed in mid-March for UT4-R1, UT4-R2, and UT4-R5. Planting was completed in mid-May for the remaining reaches UT4-R3 and UT3-R4. Permanent cattle exclusion fencing (woven wire) was installed along all reaches with cattle access (UT4-R2, UT4-R3, and UT4-R4), with access gates as shown on the as-built plan sheets/record drawings in Appendix D. The total as-built length for all reaches on the UT4 site after construction is 7,211 LF.

Baker and River Works met on site in May 2015 and conducted a final walk through inspection, and generated a punch-list of final items to be completed. River Works completed this punch list and fully demobilized in early June 2015. Baker met DMS personnel onsite for a site inspection in mid-June 2015. Baker completed the installation of all monitoring devices in July of 2015.

#### 3.3.2 Conservation Easement Boundary Adjustment

During project construction on the UT4 portion of the project, problems were discovered with the location of the conservation easement boundary at the two crossings on Reaches UT4-R2 and UT4-R1b. For the first crossing at UT4-R2 located between stations 21+11 and 21+42, Baker discovered that the southern portion of the easement break opening was located within a stand of very mature oak trees. Use of the crossing by the landowner for farm equipment would necessitate the cutting of many of these oaks. That was not a desirable option for Baker, the landowner, or DMS as that stand of mature trees was a direct example of the eventual canopy we are hoping to achieve through our buffer plantings and would serve as a great seed source for years to come. Given that the riparian buffer along this side of the stream was well in excess of 50 feet, Baker worked with DMS and the NC State Property Office (SPO) to adjust the southeastern corner of the crossing. By placing two additional pins in the boundary to cut that corner, we were able to afford enough maneuvering room for farm equipment to use the crossing without having to clear any trees (Appendix F – Figure 1). The area removed from the easement was 870 ft<sup>2</sup>. The stream buffer along this modified corner was reduced in width for a small length, but is still a minimum of 50 feet throughout. As such, no reduction in stream credits is warranted.

For the second crossing on UT4-R1b located in a power line easement between stations 10+00 and 11+06, the proposed landowner crossing area was discovered to be located in a very wet, seasonally ponded area. The landowner expressed serious reservations about his ability to get farm equipment through this area from autumn until late spring. Field inspections of this crossing during that timeframe confirmed his concerns. The continued use of the existing crossing, a built-up path that runs next to the wet area was the logical solution to the problem, but was located within the sharply oblique angle the conservation easement makes along the power line easement in this area. Baker again worked with DMS and the SPO to adjust the northwestern corner of the crossing, to exclude the existing built-up crossing (Appendix F – Figure 2). The area removed from the easement here was 1,584 ft<sup>2</sup>. As this portion of easement was within the riparian buffer of a section of stream not included in the project restoration (due to the oblique angle of the easement at this location), no reduction in stream credits is warranted.

A revised plat showing the easement modifications for this section of the UT4 site was prepared by a Professional Land Surveyor, and the modifications were accepted by the SPO, which issued a Partial Release of Conservation Easement document on August 18, 2016 formally acknowledging the modification. The document was recorded at the Anson County Register of Deeds on September 14, 2016 (Appendix F).

## 4.0 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Baker has obtained regulatory approval for numerous stream mitigation plans involving NCDOT and NCDMS full-delivery projects. The success criteria for the Site will follow the mitigation plan developed for this project, as well as the *Stream Mitigation Guidelines* (SMG) issued in April 2003 (USACE) and NCDMS's supplemental guidance document *Monitoring Requirements and Performance Standards for Stream and/or Wetland Mitigation* dated November 7, 2011. All monitoring activities will be conducted for a period of 7 years, unless the Site demonstrates complete success by Year 5 and no concerns have been identified. An early closure provision may be requested by the provider for some or all of the monitoring components. Early closure may only be obtained through written approval from the USACE in consultation with the NCIRT.

Based on the design approaches, different monitoring methods are proposed for the project reaches. For reaches that involve a combination of traditional Restoration (Rosgen Priority Levels I and/or II) and Enhancement Level I (stream bed/bank stabilization) approaches, geomorphic monitoring methods will follow those recommended by the 2003 SMG and the 2011 NCDMS supplemental guidance. For reaches involving Enhancement Level II approaches, monitoring efforts will focus primarily on visual inspections, photo documentation, and vegetation assessments. The monitoring parameters shall be consistent with the requirements described in the Federal Rule for compensatory mitigation sites in the Federal Register Title 33 Navigation and Navigable Waters Volume 3 Chapter 2 Section § 332.5 paragraphs (a) and (b). Specific success criteria components and evaluation methods are described in Section 5.0 and report documentation will follow the NCDMS Monitoring Report template and guidance (v 1.3, dated 1/15/10).

## 5.0 MONITORING PLAN AND SUCCESS CRITERIA

## 5.1 Stream Monitoring

Geomorphic monitoring of the proposed restoration reaches will be conducted once a year for a minimum of five years but up to seven years following the completion of construction to evaluate the effectiveness of the restoration practices. Monitored stream parameters include stream dimension (cross-sections), pattern (planimetric survey), profile (longitudinal profile survey), and visual observation with photographic documentation. The success criteria for the restored reaches will follow the methods described below in sections 5.1.1 through 5.2 for each parameter. All monitoring features are shown in the as-built plan sheets/record drawings (Appendix D) as well as in Figures 4a and 4b.

#### 5.1.1 Bankfull Events and Flooding Functions

The occurrence of bankfull events within the monitoring period will be documented by the use of crest gauges and photographs. One crest gauge was installed on the floodplain of HC-R2 at Station 34+40, and one crest gauge was installed along UT4-R2 at Station 34+80. Both gauges are within ten feet (horizontal) of the restored channels. The crest gauges will record the highest watermark between site visits. The gauges will be checked at each site visit to determine if a bankfull event has occurred. Additionally, photographs taken by automated cameras mounted near the crest gauge along Reach R2 at Hurricane Creek, and on Reach R4b at Station 18+90 at UT4 will also be used to document the occurrence of bankfull events, debris lines, and sediment deposition on the floodplain between monitoring site visits.

Two bankfull flow events must be documented within a seven-year monitoring period. These two bankfull events must occur in separate years; otherwise, the monitoring will continue until two bankfull events have been documented.

#### 5.1.2 Cross-sections

Fifteen permanent cross-sections were installed for the project, with ten cross-sections located at riffles and five located at pools. Each cross-section was marked on both stream banks with permanent monuments using rebar to establish the exact transect used. A common benchmark will be used for cross-sections and consistently used to facilitate easy comparison of year-to-year data. The cross-section surveys will occur in Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7, and must include measurements of Bank Height Ratio (BHR) and Entrenchment Ratio (ER). The monitoring survey will include points measured at all breaks in slope, including top of stream banks, bankfull, inner berm, edge of water, and thalweg, if the features are present. Riffle cross-sections will be classified using the Rosgen Stream Classification System.

There should be little change in as-built cross-sections. Stable cross-sections will establish that the restoration goal of creating geomorphically stable stream cross-sections has been met. If changes do take place, they will be documented in the survey data and evaluated to determine if they represent a movement toward a more unstable condition (e.g., down-cutting or erosion) or a movement toward increased stability (e.g., settling, vegetative changes, deposition along the stream banks, or decrease in width/depth ratio). Using the Rosgen Stream Classification System, all monitored cross-sections should fall within the quantitative parameters (i.e. BHR no more than 1.2 and ER no less than 2.2 for 'C' stream types) defined for channels of the design stream type. Given the smaller channel sizes and meander geometry of the proposed steams, bank pins will not be installed unless monitoring results indicate active lateral erosion.

Reference photo transects will be taken at each permanent cross-section. Lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or continuing degradation of the stream banks. Photographs will be taken

of both stream banks at each cross-section. The survey tape will be centered in the photographs of the stream banks. The water line will be located in the lower edge of the frame, and as much of the stream bank as possible will be included in each photo. Photographers should make an effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

## 5.1.3 Pattern

The plan view measurements such as sinuosity, radius of curvature, meander width ratio will be taken on newly constructed meanders during baseline (Year 0) only. Subsequent visual monitoring will be conducted twice a year, at least five months apart, to document any changes or excessive lateral movement in the plan view of the restored channel.

## 5.1.4 Longitudinal Profile

A longitudinal profile was surveyed for the entire length of restored channel after construction to document the as-built baseline conditions only. The survey was tied to a permanent benchmark and measurements collected included thalweg, water surface, bankfull, and top of low bank. Each of these measurements was taken at the head of each feature (e.g., riffle, pool) and at the maximum pool depth. The longitudinal profile should show that the bedform features installed are consistent with intended design stream type. Longitudinal profiles will not be taken during subsequent monitoring years unless vertical channel instability has been documented or remedial actions/repairs are deemed necessary. These measurements will demonstrate that the restored stream profile provides more bedform diversity than the old channel with multiple natural features (such as pools and riffles) that provide improved aquatic habitat, as per the restoration objectives.

## 5.1.5 Bed Material Analysis

After construction, there should be a minimal change in the pebble count data or particle size distribution over time given the current watershed conditions and future upstream sediment supply regime. Since the streams are predominantly sand bed systems with minimal gravel, significant changes in particle size distribution are not expected. A representative sample will be collected in Hurricane Creek (HC-R2) and UT4 (Reach UT4-R4b) in locations where constructed riffles were installed as part of the project. The post-construction riffle pebble count samples will be compared to those collected during subsequent monitoring years. Any significant changes (i.e.; aggradation, degradation, embeddedness) will be noted after stream bank vegetation becomes established and a minimum of two bankfull flows or greater have been documented.

## 5.1.6 Visual Assessment

Visual monitoring assessments of all stream sections will be conducted by qualified personnel twice per monitoring year with at least five months in between each site visit for each year of monitoring. Photographs will be used to visually document system performance and any areas of concern related to stream bank and bed stability, condition of in-stream structures, channel migration, headcuts, live stake mortality, impacts from invasive plant species or animal species, and condition of pools and riffles. This monitoring will be summarized in the Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table and the Vegetation Conditions Assessment Table, which are used to better document and quantify the visual assessment.

A series of photos over time will be also be used to subjectively evaluate channel aggradation (bar formations) or degradation, stream bank erosion, successful maturation of riparian vegetation, and effectiveness of sedimentation and erosion control measures. More specifically, the longitudinal photos should indicate the absence of developing mid channel or lateral bars within the channel or excessive increase in channel depth, while lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or continuing degradation of the banks. The photographs will be taken from a height of approximately five to six feet from the same locations and view directions on the site for each monitoring period, and will be

shown on plan view maps in subsequent monitoring reports. The visual monitoring effort will be conducted per DMS's annual monitoring report guidance (v1.5, June 2012).

#### 5.1.7 Flow Documentation

Monitoring of flow will be conducted to demonstrate that the restored stream systems classified as intermittent exhibit base flow for 30 consecutive days during some portion of the year during a year with normal rainfall conditions. In order to determine if rainfall amounts are normal for the given year, data will be obtained from the Anson County WETS Station and from the automated weather station (Wadesboro, COOP 318964 and Anson County Airport (KAFP-AWOS), approximately two miles south of the site. If a normal year of precipitation does not occur during the first seven years of monitoring, Baker will continue to monitor flow conditions on the site until it documents that the intermittent streams have been flowing during the appropriate times of the year.

The restored intermittent reaches for this project include Reaches R1b and R4 on the UT4 site, as well as Reaches R1 and R2 on the Hurricane Creek site. To document flow at UT4, in-stream flow gauges (pressure transducers) were installed in Reach R1b at Station 14+90, and in Reach R4b at Station 18+80. Additionally, the automated cameras installed along Reach R4b at near the flow gauge at UT4, and along Reach R2 at Hurricane Creek will collect a series of regular and continuous photos over time to illustrate water levels within the channel, and will be included in the annual monitoring reports as part of the visual monitoring effort.

## 5.2 Vegetation Monitoring

Successful restoration of the vegetation on a site is dependent upon hydrologic restoration, planting of preferred canopy species, and volunteer regeneration of the native plant community. In order to determine if the criteria are achieved, vegetation monitoring quadrants were installed and will be monitored across the project in accordance with the CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation – Level 1-2 Plot Sampling, Version 4.2 (2008), and the total number of quadrants were calculated using the CVS-DMS Entry Tool Database version 2.3.1 (CVS-DMS, 2012). The sizes of individual quadrants are 100 square meters. A total of sixteen vegetation plots were installed throughout the project as per the protocol for Level 1-2 Plot Sampling. The individual vegetation monitoring plots are 100 square meters in size.

Vegetation monitoring will occur in the fall, prior to the loss of leaves. Individual quadrant data will be provided and will include species diameter, height, density, and coverage quantities. Individual seedlings have be marked such that they can be found in succeeding monitoring years. Mortality will be determined from the difference between the previous year's living, planted seedlings and the current year's living, planted seedlings.

The planting of live-stakes and bare-root trees and shrubs was completed in mid-March for all of the Hurricane Creek site and for Reaches UT4-R1b, UT4-R5a, UT4-R5b, and UT4-R2 on the UT4 site. Planting was completed in mid-May for the remaining Reaches UT4-R3, UT4-R4a, and UT4-R4b. All monitoring devices were installed on both sites in early July 2015. At the end of the first full growing season (March 6<sup>th</sup> to November 29<sup>th</sup>) from baseline/year 0, or after 180 days from planting, species composition, stem density, and survival will be evaluated. The vegetation plots shall be monitored annually for seven years, or until the final success criteria are achieved. The interim measure of vegetative success for the site will require the survival of at least 320, 3-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of the seven-year monitoring period, which must average 10 feet in height. However, if the performance standard is met by Year 5 and stem densities are greater than 260, 5-year old stems/acre,

vegetation monitoring may be terminated with approval by the USACE and the Interagency Review Team (IRT).

While measuring species density and height is the current accepted methodology for evaluating vegetation success on mitigation projects, species density and height alone may be inadequate for assessing plant community health. It is understood by the IRT that some smaller tree species, such as *Carpinus caroliniana* and some slow growing *Quercus* species, will be unlikely to meet height targets after seven years. For this reason, the vegetation monitoring plan will incorporate the evaluation of additional plant community indices, native volunteer species, and the presence of invasive species vegetation to assess overall vegetative success.

The presence of exotic invasive plant species will be visually assessed semi-annually and controlled by mechanical and/or chemical methods if necessary. Their locations will be shown on the Current Conditions Plan View figures in the annual monitoring reports. Any invasive plant species control requiring herbicide application will be performed in accordance with NC Department of Agriculture (NCDA) rules and regulations.

Baker will provide required remedial action on a case-by-case basis, such as: replanting more wet/drought tolerant species vegetation, conducting beaver and beaver dam management/removal, or removing undesirable/invasive species vegetation, and will continue to monitor vegetation performance until the corrective actions demonstrate that the site is trending towards or meeting the standard requirement. Existing mature woody vegetation will be visually monitored during annual site visits to document any mortality, due to construction activities or changes to the water table, that negatively impact existing forest cover or favorable buffer vegetation.

Additionally, herbaceous vegetation, primarily native species grasses, seeded/planted throughout the site. During and immediately following construction activities, all ground cover at the project site was in compliance with the NC Erosion and Sedimentation Control regulations and applicable permitting requirements.

## 5.3 Wetland Monitoring

No wetlands were proposed for the Site. Therefore, no wetland monitoring is required.

## 5.4 Stormwater Management Monitoring

No stormwater BMPs were proposed for the Site. Therefore, no stormwater BMP monitoring is required.

## 6.0 AS-BUILT DATA DOCUMENTATION

Stream and vegetation components will be monitored for seven years post-construction to evaluate project success, unless the Site demonstrates complete success by Year 5 and no areas of concern have been identified. The specific locations of vegetation plots, flow/crest gauges, flow cameras, and cross-sections are shown on the as-built plan sheets/record drawings.

## 6.1 Stream Data

For monitoring stream success criteria, a total of fifteen permanent cross-sections were installed along the two sites. The permanent cross-sections will be used to monitor channel dimension and bank stability over time.

To provide a baseline for evaluating changes in bed conditions over time, cross-sectional and longitudinal surveys were completed for the stream channels following construction. The as-built permanent cross-sections (with photos) and as-built longitudinal data as well as the quantitative pre-construction, reference reach, and design data used to determine restoration approach are provided in Appendix B.

Two post-construction as-built pebble count samples were also collected following project completion. The riffle pebble count samples were taken along HC-R2 and UT4-R4b in constructed riffles, and the results are provided in Table 5 of Appendix B.

To document above bankfull events, two crest gauges were installed along the restored channels on HC-R2 and UT4-R4b. To monitor and evaluate channel flow conditions throughout the year in the restored intermittent reaches, a combination of automated photographic documentation and flow data loggers (instream pressure transducers) will be used. The flow cameras are stationed along the top of banks and the pressure transducers and located along the thalweg of the channel near the camera location. For the UT4 site, specific monitoring devices installed include one automated flow camera (a Bushnell-brand wildlife camera) and one in-stream pressure transducer on UT4-R4b, and an in-stream pressure transducer along UT4-R1b. For the Hurricane Creek site, an automated camera was installed near the crest gauge along HC-R2.

The locations of the permanent cross-sections, crest gauges, flow cameras, and in-stream pressure transducers are shown on the as-built plan sheets/record drawings found in Appendix D. Photographs of the selected areas of the restored reaches are provided in Appendix E.

## 6.2 Vegetation Data

Bare-root trees and shrubs were planted within restoration and enhancement areas of the conservation easement. A minimum 50-foot buffer was established and/or protected along both banks of all stream reaches.

Planting of the Hurricane Creek portion of the project was completed in March 2015, and included all buffer bare-root trees and shrubs as well as live-staking along the stream channel. To monitor vegetation success along the Hurricane Creek reaches, five vegetation monitoring plots were established within the planted riparian buffer areas.

The planting of bare-root trees, shrubs and live stakes along the UT4 portion of the project occurred in two phases for the site. The first planting occurred along UT4-R1, UT4-R2, and UT4-R5, which was completed in March 2015. The second planting took place along UT4-R3 and UT4-R4 and was completed in mid-May 2015. To monitor vegetation success along the UT4 reaches, eleven vegetation monitoring plots were established within the planted riparian buffer areas.

The Mitigation Plan for the Site specifies that the number of quadrants required shall be based on the CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (2008), and the total number of quadrants were calculated using the CVS-DMS Entry Tool Database version 2.3.1 (CVS-DMS, 2012). The sizes of individual quadrants are 100 square meters. A total of sixteen vegetation plots were installed throughout the project. The initial planted density within each of the vegetation monitoring plots is provided in Table 8. The average density of planted bare root stems, based on the data from the sixteen vegetation monitoring plots, is 756 stems per acre. The locations of the vegetation plots are shown on the as-built plan sheets/record drawings found in Appendix D.

## 6.3 Areas of Concern

No areas of concern are noted at this time.

## 7.0 MAINTENANCE AND CONTINGENCY PLANS

Maintenance requirements vary from site to site and are generally driven by the following conditions:

- Projects without established, woody floodplain vegetation are more susceptible to erosion from floods than those with a mature, hardwood forest.
- Projects with sandy, non-cohesive soils are more prone to bank erosion than cohesive soils or soils with high gravel and cobble content.
- Alluvial valley channels with access to their floodplain are less vulnerable to erosion than channels that have been disconnected from their floodplain.
- Wet weather during construction can make accurate channel and floodplain excavations difficult.
- Extreme and/or frequent flooding can cause floodplain and channel erosion.
- Extreme hot, cold, wet, or dry weather during and after construction can limit vegetation growth, particularly temporary and permanent seed.
- The presence and aggressiveness of invasive vegetation species can affect the extent to which a native species vegetation buffer can be established.
- The presence of beaver can affect vegetation survivability and stream function.

The Site will be monitored on a regular basis and as well as a physical inspection of the Site at least twice per year throughout the post-construction monitoring period until performance standards are met. These site inspections may identify site components and features that require routine maintenance. Maintenance issues and recommended remediation measures will be detailed and documented in the post-construction monitoring reports. Factors that may have caused any maintenance needs, including any of the conditions listed above, shall be discussed. Routine maintenance will be most likely in the first two years following site construction and may include the following components as described below.

#### 7.1 Streams

Routine channel maintenance and repair activities may include modifying in-stream structures to prevent piping, securing loose coir matting, and supplemental installations of live stakes and other target vegetation along the project reaches. Areas of concentrated stormwater and floodplain flows that intercept the channel may also require maintenance to prevent stream bank failures and head-cutting until vegetation becomes established.

## 7.2 Wetland

No wetland mitigation was proposed for the Site; therefore, no such maintenance is required.

## 7.3 Vegetation

Vegetation will be maintained to ensure the health and vigor of the targeted plant community. Routine vegetation maintenance and repair activities may include supplemental planting, pruning, and fertilizing. Exotic invasive plant species will controlled by mechanical and/or chemical methods. Any invasive plant species control requiring herbicide application will be performed in accordance with NC Department of Agriculture (NCDA) rules and regulations.

## 7.4 Site Boundary

Site boundaries will be demarcated in the field to ensure clear distinction between the mitigation site and adjacent properties. Boundaries may be identified by fence, marker, bollard, post, or other means as allowed by site conditions and/or conservation easement. Boundary markers disturbed, damaged, or destroyed will be repaired and/or replaced on an as needed basis.

## 7.5 Farm Road Crossing

The farm road crossings within the Site may be maintained only as allowed by the recorded Conservation Easement, deed restrictions, rights of way, or corridor agreements.

## 7.6 Beaver Management

Routine maintenance and repair activities caused by beaver activity may include supplemental planting, pruning, and dam breeching/dewatering and/or removal. Beaver management will be performed in accordance with US Department of Agriculture (USDA) rules and regulations using accepted trapping and removal techniques only within the project boundary.

#### 8.0 **REFERENCES**

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# **APPENDIX** A

# Figures 1 - 4, Tables 1 - 4

Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits										
<b>Brown</b> Cr	eek Tributa	ries Restora	tion Project: DMS F	roject No I	D. 95351					
	Mitigation Credits									
	S	tream	Riparian We	tland	Non-riparian Wetland		tland	Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphorus Nutrient Offset
Туре	R	RE								
Totals	9,753.9	103.6								
					Projec	t Compone	nts	1		T
Project Component or Reach ID		Stationing/ Location <sup>1</sup>	Existing Acrea	, Footage/ ge (LF) Approach		roach	Restoration/ Restoration Equivalent (SMU)	Restoration Footage or Acreage (LF)	Mitigation Ratio	
	HC-R1		10+00 - 30+43	1,8	396	Resto	ration	2,043	2,043	1:1
	HC-R2		30+43 - 30+52 & 30+82 - 44+67	1,2	1,288		ration	1,394	1,394	1:1
	HC-R3		10+36 - 16+00	5	79	Enhancem	ent Level II	225.6	564	2.5:1
	UT4-R1a		10+00 - 15+18	5	18	Preser	vation	103.6	518	5:1
	UT4-R1b		11+07 - 19+64	906		Resto	ration	858	858	1:1
UT4-R2		19+64 - 21+11 & 21+42 - 38+23	1,673		Restoration		1,828	1,828	1:1	
UT4-R3		28+92 - 31+42	244		Restoration		250	250	1:1	
UT4-R4a		10+00 - 13+96	395		Restoration		396	396	1:1	
UT4-R4b		14+28 - 25+23 & 25+43 - 28+92	1,392		Restoration		1,444	1,444	1:1	
	UT4-R5a		09+44 - 13+35	386		Enhancement Level I		260.7	391	1.5:1
	UT4-R5b		14+40 - 30+22	1,5	535 Enhancement Level I		ent Level I	1,054.7	1,582	1.5:1
					Compon	ent Summa	tion			
Restoration	n Level		Stream (LF)	Ripa	Riparian Wetland (AC)		Non-ri	parian Wetland (AC)	Buffer (SF)	Upland (AC)
				Riverine	Non-F	Riverine				
	Restoration	n	8,213							
	Enhancemer	nt I	1,973							
Enhancement II		564								
	Preservatio	n	518							
	1	I			BM	P Elements				
Element	lement Location Purpose/Function		Notes							
BMP Flore	ants: BD - Di	pretention Call	SE- Sand Filter: SW-	Stormwater	Vetland WD	P- Wet Datant	ion Pond: DI	P-Dry Detention		
Dondy EC. J	Eilton Staim. S	- Ground Street	SI = Sally Filler, SW =	NI_Nature1	Infiltration A		ion ronu, DI			
Yond; FS= Filter Strip; S= Grassed Swale; LS= Level Spreader; NI=Natural Infiltration Area										

<sup>1</sup> All powerline easements and cattle/vehicular crossings were excluded from the conservation easement boundary and so no credit reductions are associated with those features.

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History								
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project No ID. 95351								
Activity or Report	Scheduled Completion	Data Collection Complete	Actual Completion or Delivery					
Mitigation Plan Prepared	N/A	N/A	Jan-14					
Mitigation Plan Amended	N/A	N/A	Mar-14					
Mitigation Plan Approved	Nov-13	N/A	Jun-14					
Final Design – (at least 90% complete)	N/A	N/A	Jun-14					
Construction Begins	Sep-13	N/A	Nov-14					
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area	Jul-14	N/A	May-15					
Permanent seed mix applied to entire project area	Jul-14	N/A	May-15					
Planting of live stakes	Jul-14	N/A	May-15 *					
Planting of bare root trees	Jul-14	N/A	May-15 *					
End of Construction	Jul-14	N/A	May-15					
Survey of As-built conditions (Year 0 Monitoring-baseline)	Jul-14	Jul-15	Jul-15					
Baseline Monitoring Report	Feb-15	Jul-15	Nov-16 **					
Year 1 Monitoring	Dec-15	Feb-16	N/A					
Year 2 Monitoring	Dec-16	Nov-16	N/A					
Year 3 Monitoring	Dec-17	N/A	N/A					
Year 4 Monitoring	Dec-18	N/A	N/A					
Year 5 Monitoring	Dec-19	N/A	N/A					
Year 6 Monitoring	Dec-20	N/A	N/A					
Year 7 Monitoring	Dec-21	N/A	N/A					

\* All of HC and Reaches R1, R2, and R5 for UT4 were planted in March, while Reaches R3 and R4 were planted in mid-May for UT4.

\*\* As-built / Baseline Report submission was delayed due to conservation easement adjustment issues.

Table 3. Project Contacts						
<b>Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration F</b>	roject: DMS Project ID No. 95351					
Designer						
Michael Baker Engineering Inc	797 Haywood Rd, Suite 201					
Wichael Baker Engineering, inc.	Asheville, NC 28806					
	Contact:					
	Jake Byers, Tel. 828-412-6101					
Construction Contractor						
	6105 Chapel Hill Road					
River Works, Inc.	Raleigh, NC 27607					
	Contact:					
	Phillip Todd, Tel. 919-582-3575					
Planting Contractor						
Distant Westlag, Inc.	6105 Chapel Hill Road					
River works, Inc.	Raleigh, NC 27607					
	Contact:					
	Phillip Todd, Tel. 919-582-3575					
Seeding Contractor						
Divor Works, Inc.	6105 Chapel Hill Road					
River works, Inc.	Raleigh, NC 27607					
	Contact:					
	Phillip Todd, Tel. 919-582-3575					
Seed Mix Sources	Green Resources, Tel. 336-855-6363					
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Mellow Marsh Farm, 919-742-1200					
	ArborGen, 843-528-3204					
Monitoring Performers						
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 600					
	Cary, NC 27518					
	Contact:					
Stream Monitoring Point of Contact	Scott King, Tel. 919-481-5731					
Vegetation Monitoring Point of Contact	Scott King, Tel. 919-481-5731					

Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project Stream M	litigation Plan - DMS Project No. 95	351							
	Project Information								
Project Name Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project – Hurricane Creek									
County	Anson	Anson							
Project Area (acres)	14.1								
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude) 35.0498 N, -80.0665 W									
	Watershed Summary Informati	ion							
Physiographic Province	Piedmont								
Geologic Unit	Triassic Basin								
River Basin	Yadkin								
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit and 14-digit	03040104 / 03040104061030								
NCDWR Sub-basin	03-07-10								
Project Drainage Area (acres)	1,383								
Project Drainage Area Percentage Impervious	2%								
CGIA / NCEEP Land Use Classification	2.01.01.01, 2.03.01, 2.99.01, 3	.02 / Forest (0	59%) Agriculture (159	%) Impervious Cover (2%)					
	Stream Reach Summary Informa	tion							
Parameters	HC-R1		HC-R2	HC-R3					
Length of Reach (linear feet)	1,347		1,384	546					
Valley Classification (Rosgen)	VII	VII VII VII							
Drainage Area (acres)	1,077	1,077 1,383 11							
NCDWR Stream Identification Score	26.5	26.5 31 23							
NCDWR Water Resources Classification			Class C	-					
Morphological Description (Rosgen stream type)	Incised E	Incised E G/Incised Bc							
Evolutionary Trend	Incised	Inci	ised E→G→F	Incised $B \rightarrow G \rightarrow F$					
Underlying Mapped Soils	ChA		ChA	CrB					
Drainage Class	Somewhat poorly drained	Somewhat poorly drained Moderately well drained							
Soil Hydric Status	Hydric		Hydric	Non-Hydric					
Average Channel Slope (ft/ft)	0.0035		0.0024	0.0108					
FEMA Classification	Zone AE		Zone AE	Zone AE					
Native Vegetation Community		Piedm	ont Small Stream						
Percent Composition of Exotic/Invasive Vegetation	<5%		<5%	<5%					
	<b>Regulatory Considerations</b>								
Regulation	Applicable	Resolved	Supporting Docum	nentation					
Waters of the United States - Section 404	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Waters of the United States – Section 401	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Endangered Species Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Historic Preservation Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	No	N/A	A Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Yes	Yes	Yes Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No	N/A Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)							

Table 4b. Project Attribute Information - UT4 (Pre-Construction)   Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project Stream Mitigation Plan - DMS Project No. 95351									
Droven Creek Tributaries (K5001au001110jet) Su tam Phugau00111au - Drojot In0jett 10, 75551									
Project Name Brown Creek Tithutaries Restoration ProjectUT4									
County	Anson	j							
Project Area (acres)	29.2								
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude)	Inject Conditiates (latitude and longitude) 35 (477 N -80 0274 W								
Watershed Summary Information									
Physiographic Province	Piedmont	Piedmont							
River Basin	Yadkin								
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit and 14-digit	03040104 / 03040104	061030							
DWR Sub-basin	03-07-10								
Project Drainage Area (acres)	974								
Project Drainage Area Percent Impervious	<2%								
CGIA / NCEEP Land Use Classification	2.01.01.01, 2.03.01, 2	.99.01, 3.02 / Forest	(69%) Agricult	ure (15%) Impervious Cove	r (<2%)				
	Stream Reach Su	mmary Informatio	n						
Parameters	UT4-R1	UT4-R2	UT4-R3	UT4-R4	UT4-R5				
Length of Reach (linear feet)	1,417	1,627	242	1,716	1,564				
Valley Classification (Rosgen)	VII	VII	VII	VII	VII				
Drainage Area (acres)	218	706	974	267	452				
NCDWR Stream Identification Score	28.5	29	32	26	23.5				
NCDWR Water Resources Classification	Class C								
Morphological Description (Rosgen stream type)	F/G	Incised E G		G	Incised Bc / C				
Evolutionary Trend	Incised E $\rightarrow$ Gc $\rightarrow$ F	$Bc \rightarrow G \rightarrow F$	Bc→G→F	Incised $E \rightarrow G \rightarrow F$	Incised E $\rightarrow$ G $\rightarrow$ F				
Underlying Mapped Soils	ChA	ChA	ChA	ChA, MaB	ChA				
Duraina ao Class	Somewhat poorly	Somewhat poorly	Somewhat poo	orly Somewhat poorly	Moderately well				
Drainage Class	drained	drained	drained	drained	drained				
Soil Hydric Status	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric				
Average Channel Slope (ft/ft)	0.0077	0.0053	0.0009	0.0073	0.0038				
FEMA Classification	N/A	Zone AE	Zone AE	Zone AE	N/A				
Native Vegetation Community			Piedmont Small	Stream					
Percent Composition of Exotic/Invasive Vegetation	<5%	<5%	<5%	<5%					
	Regulatory	Considerations							
Regulation	Applicable	Resolved	Supporting Documentation	on					
Waters of the United States - Section 404	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Waters of the United States – Section 401	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Endangered Species Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Historic Preservation Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)						
Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) No N/A Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)					pendix B)				
FEMA Floodplain Compliance Yes Yes Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)									












# **APPENDIX B**

Morphological Summary Data (Tables 5 and 6), Profile and Cross-Section Graphs, and Pebble Count Sheets

Hurreane Creek (Reach 1) Dength 2,045 ft																												
Parameter	USGS	R	Regional Cur	ve			Pre-Existin	g Condition <sup>1</sup>	ı				Reference I	Reach(es) D	ata <sup>3</sup>				De	sign <sup>4</sup>					As-	built		
	Gauge						TTC Existin	5 Condition				Ri	ichland Cree	k (Moore C	County)				5	Joigh								
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		14.8	14.9					13.5			16.2			16.7				19.1						18.9				
Floodprone Width (ft)								106.0			50.0			53.0			45.0			79.0				71.2				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.3	1.8					2.2			0.9			0.9				1.5						1.6				
BF Max Depth (ft)								2.8			1.4			1.5				1.8						2.5				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		22.5	30.5					30.0			15.0			15.5				28.0						30.4				
Width/Depth Ratio								6.0			18.0			18.6				13.0						11.8				
Entrenchment Ratio								7.9			3.0			3.3				>2.2						3.8				
Bank Height Ratio								1.7			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)								0.6				45.0												0.9				
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	69			140				93.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			39.0			55.0				55.0				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				2.9				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			130.0			230.0				227.0				
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			6.5				4.9				
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										48.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0170						0.0102				
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			80.0			138.0				133.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				3.0						4.0				
Pool Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Digg / Di																												_
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
<sup>2</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95							0 13 / 0 33 / 0	6/45/14	1				60/NP/4	50/1250/	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2									-																			
Max part size (mm) mobilized at hankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport canacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								1.68						1.00						1.68						1.68		
Impervious cover estimate (%)								1.00						1.00						1.00						1.00		
Rosgen Classification								F						C4						E5/C5						C5		
BE Valocity (fps)		2.0	3.0					13						N/D				3.0		L5/C5						05		
BE Discharge (afs)		2.5	120.5	104.3				120.5						N/D				110										
Valley Length		07.4	129.5	194.5				129.5						14/1				110								1745 5		
																										1/45.5		
Channel length (ft) <sup>2</sup>								1896																		2043.0		
Sinuosity								1.07						1.20				1.2								1.2		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0023				0.0136						0.0120						0.0029				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0025				0.0133						0.0023						0.0034				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup>Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project II	No. 95351																											
Hurricane Creek (Reach 2) Length 1,394 ft	USGS	1			1								Reference I	Reach(es) D	ata <sup>3</sup>													
Parameter	Gauge	ŀ	Regional Cur	rve			Pre-Existin	g Condition				R	chland Cree	k (Moore C	County)		1		De	esign*					As-l	ouilt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft		14.8	14.9					16.0			16.2			16.7				20.1						22.5				
Floodprone Width (ft)								162.0			50.0			53.0			49.0			85.0				69.0				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.3	1.8					2.2			0.9			0.9				1.6						1.4				
BF Max Depth (ft)								3.5			1.4			1.5				2.0						2.3				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup>		22.5	30.5					34.6			15.0			15.5				31.0						31.6				
Width/Depth Ratio								7.4			18.0			18.6				13.0						16.1				
Entrenchment Ratio								10.1			3.0			3.3				>2.2						3.1				
Bank Height Ratio								1.3			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm								0.3				45.0												0.9				
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft																	74			150				100.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft											14.3			26.1			40.0			60.0				55.0				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				2.4				
Meander Wavelength (ft											90			94			140.0			250.0				230.0				
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			6.5				4.4				
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft														N/P										54.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft											0.013			0.0413				0.0170						0.0080				
Pool Length (ft														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ff											37.3			95.8			85.0			149.0				149.0				
Pool Max Denth (ft)											2.3			2.5				3.2						2.9				
Pool Volume (ft <sup>3</sup>														N/P										,				
		-												10/1														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
R1% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / B%							0.11/0.22/	02/14/40																12	 6 / 27 6 / 16	2/860/12		
Basch Sheer Stress (competency) lb/f							0.11/0.23/	0.5 / 1.4 / 4.0	)				0.0 / INF,/ 4	5.0 / 125.0 /	INF									15.	0/5/.0/40.	2/00.0/12	.0	
Men next size (new) mehilized at herbfull (Desere Council																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Additional Baseh Dependence																												
Auditional Reacti Farameters								2.16						1.00						2.16						2.16		
Impervious source estimate (%)								2.10						1.00						2.10						2.10		
Reagen Classification																				 E5/C5								
Rosgen Classification		2.0	2.0					E						104 N/D				4.2		EJ/CJ						ĊŚ		
BF Velocity (Ips)		2.9	3.9	104.2				4.4						IN/P N/D				4.2										
BF Discharge (cis		07.4	129.5	194.5				155.0						IN/F				150								1150.0		
valley Lengtr																										1159.0		
Channel length (ft)								1288																		1393.0		
Sinuosity								1.07						1.20				1.2								1.2		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0023				0.0136						0.0120						0.0029				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0025				0.0133						0.0023						0.0034				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												
<sup>1</sup> Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of H	urricane Cree	k and UT4 re	spectively																									

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup>Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Table 5	. Dasc	mie Su cam	Summary				
Brown	Creek	Tributaries	Restoration	<b>Project:</b>	EEP Pro	oject ID	No. 9

DIU	** 11	CIUL	 outa	nico	 cator	au	UL.		-

Decision of stands of transformation         Loss         Decision of stands         Product of stands of stands         Decision of stands	Table 5. Baseline Stream Summary Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID	No. 95351																											
<table-container>Partial<t< th=""><th>Hurricane Creek (Reach 3) Length 564 ft</th><th>110190001</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<></table-container>	Hurricane Creek (Reach 3) Length 564 ft	110190001																											
datada	Parameter	USGS	g	Regional Cur	vo			Duo Evictiv	a Condition	1				Reference	Reach(es) D	ata <sup>3</sup>				D	acien <sup>4</sup>					٨٤-	huilt		
Description         Description <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th="">       &lt;</thdescription<></thdescription<>		Gauge	, in the second s	(egional Cui	'n			r re-Existii					R	cichland Cre	ek (Moore (	County)				De	esign					113-	Junt		
Bit Mode       Matrix       Matrix <td>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle</td> <td></td> <td>LL</td> <td>UL</td> <td>Eq.</td> <td>Min</td> <td>Mean</td> <td>Med</td> <td>Max</td> <td>SD</td> <td>n</td>	Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
Bitm         Bit         Bit <td>BF Width (ft)</td> <td></td> <td>16.6</td> <td>16.6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>16.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>16.7</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9.1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5.9</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	BF Width (ft)		16.6	16.6					5.7			16.2			16.7				9.1						5.9				
H         H	Floodprone Width (ft)								9.1			50.0			53.0			21.0			36.0				10.0				
Description       O       No	BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.4	1.9					1.0			0.9			0.9				0.8						0.8				
Dial Matrix       Matrix </td <td>BF Max Depth (ff)</td> <td></td> <td>26.8</td> <td>26.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.5</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	BF Max Depth (ff)		26.8	26.2					1.2			1.4			1.5				1.0						1.5				
Image       Image <th< td=""><td>BF Closs-sectional Alea (It-) Width/Dopth Pario</td><td></td><td>20.8</td><td>30.2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5.6</td><td></td><td></td><td>18.0</td><td></td><td></td><td>13.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4.7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	BF Closs-sectional Alea (It-) Width/Dopth Pario		20.8	30.2					5.6			18.0			13.5				12.0						4.7				
Dat High Ray is a strain and the st	Entrenchment Ratio								1.6			3.0			3 3			1.8	12.0		2.2				1.5				
	Bank Height Ratio								2.0			1.6			17				1.0						2.3				
Name	d50 (mm)						1.0						45.0																
Chand Relay of an and an and an and an and an analysis of a second and and any	Pattern																												
Raise of Chrane	Channel Beltwidth (ft)																												
Re/Individuelly in any any any any any any any any any an	Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1														
Meader Werking       Image: Marking Werking       Image: Ma	Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7														
Meader Made	Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94														
Profile       Important	Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4														
Rink Length (1)	Profile																												
Rills Supe (1)	Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										79.0				
Model Length (M)       Image American Americ	Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0050						0.0046				
Point Machang (i)       III       IIII       IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Dot Name       Description	Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			18.0	2.0		50.0				80.0				
Unit Number 10         Unit Nu	Pool Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )											2.5			2.5 N/D				2.0										
Substrate and Transport Prantees       U															IN/P														
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
S <sup>1</sup> 16/16/35 (36/19)	R1% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
Reach Shear Stress (competency) IbP	$\frac{50}{2}$ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95							(0.29/0.63)	10/34/6	7)				60/NP/4	50/1250/	NP													
Max part size (nm) mobilized a bankful (Roseen Curve)	Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2							(0.2)/ 0.03/	1.0/ 5.4/ 0.					0.07141,74															
Image and the space spa	Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Additional Reach Parameters       V <th<< td=""><td>Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m<sup>2</sup></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<<>	Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																												
Drainage Area (SM)	Additional Reach Parameters																												
Impervious cover estimate (%)	Drainage Area (SM)								0.19						1.00						0.19						0.19		
Rosgen Classification	Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
BF Velocity (fps)        3.0       4.4         4.5        N/P        3.2           N/P           N/P           N/P           N/P           N/P           N/P            N/P            N/P            N/P <td>Rosgen Classification</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Е</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>C4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>B5c</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>B5c</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Rosgen Classification								Е						C4						B5c						B5c		
BF Discharge (cfs)        106.1       155.0       231.8         26.5        N/P         22          559.0         559.0	BF Velocity (fps)		3.0	4.4					4.5						N/P				3.2										
Valley Length	BF Discharge (cfs)		106.1	155.0	231.8				26.5						N/P				22										
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Valley Length																										559.0		
Sinuosity	Channel length (ft) <sup>2</sup>								579																		564.0		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/f)         0.0078        0.0136         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047           0.0025         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047          0.0025         0.0047              0.0025         0.0047	Sinuosity								1.02						1.20												1.01		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0078				0.0136						0.0160						0.0047				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)	BF slope (ft/ft)								0.008				0.0133						0.0025						0.0047				
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%	Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
Channel Stability of Habitat Metric	BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Biological of Viner	Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
	Biological or Other																												

ons survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup>Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Table 5. Baseline Stream Summary (continued) Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID	No. 95351																											
UT4 (Reach 1) Length 1,376 ft	110190001																											
Parameter	USGS	F	Regional Cur	ve			Pre-Existin	ng Condition	1				Reference	Reach(es) I	Data <sup>3</sup>				De	esign <sup>4</sup>					As-	built		
	Gauge						TTO Empli	-g conunor	-			R	ichland Cre	ek (Moore	County)				2.									
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)	)	7.1	7.5		8.6			11.7			16.2			16.7				11.4						14.0				
Floodprone Width (ft)	)				12.7			15.6			50.0			53.0			26.0			46.0				89.2				
BF Mean Depth (ft)	)	0.9	1.1		0.9			1.3			0.9			0.9				0.9						1.0				
BF Max Depth (ft)	)				1.2			1.9			1.4			1.5				1.1						1.8				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	)	7.4	10.3		10.5			11.3			15.0			15.5				10.0						14.1				
Width/Depth Ratio					6.5			13.2			18.0			18.6				13						13.8				
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3			1.5			3.0			3.3				>2.2						6.4				
Bank Height Ratio					2.1			2.4			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)	)					2.1						45.0																
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	)																40.0			80.0				60.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)	)										14.3			26.1			23.0			34.0				40.0				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)	)										5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				2.9				
Meander Wavelength (ft)	)										90			94			70.0			90.0				146.0				
Meander Width Ratio	)										1.5			2.4			3.5			7.0				4.3				
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft)	)													N/P										37.2				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	)										0.013			0.0413				0.0078						0.0153				
Pool Length (ft)	)													N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)	)										37.3			95.8			39			80				78.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)	)										2.3			2.5				2.4						2.2				
Pool Volume (ff <sup>*</sup> )	)													N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
<sup>2</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0.06	/ 0.34 / 2.12	/ 36.6 / 101.	8 (R2)				6.0 / NP,/ 4	45.0 / 125.0	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)	)																											
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>	2																											
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)	)							0.34						1.00						0.34						0.34		
Impervious cover estimate (%)	)																											
Rosgen Classification	ı				G			F						C4						C5/B5						C5		
BF Velocity (fps)	)	2.4	3.9		3.6			3.9						N/P				3.7										
BF Discharge (cfs)	)	25.2	40.9	63.0				41.0						N/P				37										
Valley Length	1																									784		
Channel length (ft)								1,417																		858		
Sinuosity	/							1.15						1.20				1.11								1.09		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)	)							0.0058				0.0136						0.0058						0.0101				
BF slope (ft/ft)	)							0.0067				0.0133						0.0067						0.0113				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)	)																											
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												
<sup>1</sup> Enjeting and deing annual data and annualled for each analy of H	Inmiaana Craal	and UT4 rea																										

ons survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup> Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

	Table 5. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)	N 05251																											
Distance         Regional Corey         The Subtling Control Data         Better Statute Control Data         Better Statute Control Data         Distance         Distance <th>Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID UT4 (Reach 2) Length 1 828 ft</th> <th>No. 95351</th> <th></th>	Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID UT4 (Reach 2) Length 1 828 ft	No. 95351																											
Prime	014 (Reach 2) Dength 1,020 ft	USGS				I								Reference	Reach(es) D	ata <sup>3</sup>													
Bineside and Multitat:         Effic         Li         Li         Li         Li         Li         Li         Max	Parameter	Gauge	R	Regional Cur	ve			Pre-Existir	ng Condition	1			P	ichland Cro	ek (Moore (	'ounty)		-		De	esign <sup>4</sup>					As-	built		
Image: Note of the sector o	Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Ea.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
Baskes Walds         Image	BF Width (ft)		12.2	12.4					13.8			16.2			16.7				16.5						15.9				
Bit Max Depit       I       <	Floodprone Width (ft)								36.6			50.0			53.0			38.0			66.0				95.2				
B* Max Deg (m)       m      <	BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.6	1.2					1.7			0.9			0.9				1.3						1.2				
Bit Convertional Arrow       Image: Marrow	BF Max Depth (ft)								2.5			1.4			1.5				1.6						1.7				
Weikhpicke	BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		16.7	22.9					23.8			15.0			15.5				21.0						19.0				
Bine channels of the set	Width/Depth Ratio								8.0			18.0			18.6				13						13.3				
Ind       Max       M	Entrenchment Ratio								2.7			3.0			3.3				>2.2						6.0				
Deta:         Caline         Deta:         Deta: <t< td=""><td>Bank Height Ratio</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.5</td><td></td><td></td><td>1.6</td><td></td><td></td><td>1.7</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Bank Height Ratio								1.5			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
Parto         Conversition         Conversition <thconversition< th="">         Conversition</thconversition<>	d50 (mm)						2.1						45.0																
Balles CC:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Pattern Channel Baltwidth (ft)																	60.0			100.0				75.0				
Re/Radditions	Channel Bertwidth (It) Padius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			33.0			50.0				15.0				
Mader Works       Image	Radius of Curvature (ff) Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5 5			5.7			2.0			3.0				29				
Made       Made     <	Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			115.0			180.0				173.0				
Profile         Implementation	Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			6.0				10.9				
Rate Lange ALT       And	Profile																												
Riffe with the length of the second secon	Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										51.0				
Deal length       Image: Series of the Series	Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0040						0.0043				
Pod to Pod to Spacing (1)       Image:	Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool Name Depti (h)          2.3        2.5         1.8         3.3  <	Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			32			65				105.0				
Pool Volume (h)          NP       NP       NP	Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				1.8						3.3				
Substrate and Transport Parameters       Image: Constrate and Transp	Pool Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )														N/P														
Rike / Rike / Cike /	Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
Add (35) (35) (35) (35) (35)	SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
Kelch Ablar Stress (completency) inty	$^{-1}$ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0.06	/ 0.34 / 2.12	/ 36.6 / 101.8	8 (R2)				6.0 / NP,/ 4	5.0 / 125.0 /	NP													
Mix pars use (min monitorize at analytin model, dower (transport change) Winth and the min	Reach Shear Stress (competency) 10/12																												
Additional Reach Parameters       Image Area (SM)       Image Area (SM) <td>Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)</td> <td></td>	Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Drainage Area (SM)	Additional Reach Parameters																												
Impervious cover estimate (%)	Drainage Area (SM)								1.10						1.00						1.10						1.10		
Rosgen Classification          F        C4         C5         C5 <t< td=""><td>Impervious cover estimate (%)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
BF Velocity (fps)	Rosgen Classification								F						C4						C5						C5		
BF Discharge (cfs)        62.8       95.6       144.3        95.6        N/P        80.0	BF Velocity (fps)		2.6	4.0											N/P				3.8										
Valley Length	BF Discharge (cfs)		62.8	95.6	144.3				95.6						N/P				80.0										
Channel lengh (ft) <sup>2</sup> 1,673          1827        1827          0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0033         0.0033 </td <td>Valley Length</td> <td></td> <td>1590.34</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Valley Length																										1590.34		
Sinussity          1.15         1.20        1.19          1.15         1.15         1.15         1.10         1.15         1.10         1.15         1.15         1.10         1.15         1.10         1.15         1.10          1.15         1.15          1.10         1.15	Channel length (ft) <sup>2</sup>								1,673																		1827		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (fr/ft)         0.0036         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0034         0.0063         0.0063         0.0063         0.0063         0.0063         0.0063          0.0063	Sinuosity								1.15						1.20				1.19								1.15		
BF slope (fr/ft)          0.0067        0.0133         0.0063         0.0039              0.0063         0.0039	Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0058				0.0136						0.0034						0.0034				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)	BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0067				0.0133						0.0063						0.0039				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
	Channel Stability or Habitat Metric Biological or Other																												
			1.1.177.4																										

<sup>1</sup> Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively <sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup> Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design
 <sup>4</sup> Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 5. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)																												
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID 1	No. 95351																											
014 (Reach 5) Length 250 ft	USGS												Reference	Reach(es) Da	ata <sup>3</sup>													
Parameter	Gauge	F	Regional Cur	ve			Pre-Existing	g Condition				Rid	chland Cree	k (Moore C	ounty)				De	esign					As-b	uilt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle	-	LL	UL	Ea.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		14.1	14.2					13.1			16.2			16.7				19.8						15.4				
Floodprone Width (ft)								18.3			50.0			53.0			44.0			76.0				21.0				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.3	1.7					2.2			0.9			0.9				1.4						2.4				
BF Max Depth (ft)								3.2			1.4			1.5				1.7						3.2				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		21.0	28.5					28.7			15.0			15.5				28.0						36.8				
Width/Depth Ratio								6.0			18.0			18.6				13						6.4				
Entrenchment Ratio								1.4			3.0			3.3			1.8			2.2				1.4				
Bank Height Ratio								2.3			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.7				
d50 (mm)						0.48						45.0																
Pattern																	NT/A			NT/A								
Channel Beltwidth ( $\pi$ )											14.2			26.1			IN/A			IN/A								
Radius of Curvature (11) De / Depicfull width (ft/ft)											14.5			20.1			N/A			N/A								
KC / Baikfull Width (1011) Meander Wavelength (ft)											00			04			2.0 N/A			5.0 N/A								
Meander Width Patio											90			24			N/A N/A			N/A N/A								
Profile											1.5			2.7			10/1			10/11								
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										20.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0130						0.0153				
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			45			80				50.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				3.5										
Pool Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> )														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
<sup>2</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0.0	06 / 0.15 / 0.4	8 / 10.3 / 13	0.2				6.0 / NP,/ 4	5.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f <sup>2</sup>																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																												
Additional Reach Parameters								1.50						1.00						1.52						1.50		
Drainage Area (SM)								1.52						1.00						1.52						1.52		
Impervious cover estimate (%)								 G						 C4						 B5c						 G5a		
BE Velocity (fps)		2.8	4.1					4.1						N/P				37		B3C						0.50		
BF Discharge (cfs)		80.7	120.5	181.1				120.5						N/P				103.0										
Valley Length		00.7	120.5	101.1				120.5						14/1				105.0								237		
Channel length (ff) <sup>2</sup>								244																		257		
Sinuosity								1 15						1 20				N/A								1.05		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ff/ft)								0.0058				0.0136		1.20				0.0078						0.0056		1.05		
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0067				0.0133						0.0080						0.0058				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

<sup>1</sup> Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup> Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and on past project evaluations
 <sup>5</sup> Ultimately, a Rosgen "G" stream type was maintained for this reach due to its stable location with mature trees eastablished along its banks

<sup>4</sup> Values were chosen

Table 5. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)																												
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID	No. 95351																											
UT4 (Reach 4) Length 1,840 ft					1						r																	
Parameter	USGS	R	Regional Cur	ve			Pro-Fvictin	a Condition	1				Reference 1	Reach(es) Da	ata <sup>3</sup>				De	sian <sup>4</sup>					As-l	milt		
	Gauge		8				TTC Existin	ig Conuntion				Ri	ichland Cree	k (Moore C	County)				5	loigh								
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		7.8	8.2					7.7			16.2			16.7				12.0						11.6				
Floodprone Width (ft)								10.9			50.0			53.0			28.0			48.0				75.9				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		0.9	1.1					1.6			0.9			0.9				0.9						0.8				
BF Max Depth (ft)								2.1			1.4			1.5				1.1						1.1				
BF Cross-sectional Area (II-) Width/Donth Patio		8.5	11.8					12			15.0			13.5				11.0						9.5				
Width/Depin Ratio								5.0			18.0			18.0				22						14.1				
Bank Height Ratio								3.1			1.6			17				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)						1.50		5.1			1.0	45.0		1.7				1.0						0.3				
Pattern						1.50						45.0												0.5				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	40			70				55.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			24.0			36.0				48.3				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				4.2				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			84.0			140.0				150.0				
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			7.0			12.0				13.0				
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P														
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0100										
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			42			82								
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				2.2										
Pool Volume (ft )														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																									1 / 22 0 / 26			
$\frac{16}{35}$ / $\frac{35}{30}$ / $\frac{35}{30}$ / $\frac{364}{395}$						0	.13/0.43/1	.5 / 14.2 / 22	.0				6.0 / NP,/ 4	5.0/125.0/	NP									11.	1 / 23.8 / 30.	6/60.1/12	5.5	
May part cize (mm) mobilized at healtfull (Bessen Curre)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								0.42						1.00						0.42						0.42		
Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
Rosgen Classification								G						C4						C5/B5c						C5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.5	3.9					3.9						N/P				3.6										
BF Discharge (cfs)		29.5	47.3	73.4				47.4						N/P				40.0										
Valley Length																										1657		
Channel length (ft) <sup>2</sup>								1,787																		1840		
Sinuosity								1.15						1.20				1.12								1.11		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0058				0.0136						0.0063						0.0054				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0067				0.0133						0.0069						0.0062				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												
<sup>1</sup> Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of He	urricane Creel	k and UT4 res	spectively																									

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup> Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Table 5. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)																												
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID	No. 95351																											
UT4 (Reach 5) Length 1,973 ft	T.																											
Parameter	USGS	в	Regional Cur	ve			Dro Evictin	a Condition					Reference	Reach(es) D	ata <sup>3</sup>				De	cian <sup>4</sup>					Δ s-l	built		
T at anicet	Gauge	1	tegionai cui				I IC-LAISUI	ig Conuntion				R	ichland Cre	ek (Moore C	County)				De	sign					115	Junt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		9.9	10.2		16.8			23.5			16.2			16.7				13.9						16.2				
Floodprone Width (ft)					33.6			94.3			50.0			53.0			32.0			55.0				69.4				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.0	1.3		0.7			0.7			0.9			0.9				1.2						1.8				
BF Max Depth (ft)					1.3			2.4			1.4			1.5				1.5						2.7				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		12.3	16.9		11.2			15.4			15.0			15.5				16.0						28.4				
Width/Depth Ratio					25.2			36.0			18.0			18.6				12						9.3				
Entrenchment Ratio					2.0			4.0			3.0			3.3				>2.2						4.3				
Bank Height Ratio					1.0	1 20		1./			1.0	45.0		1.7				1.0						1.0				
aso (mm)						1.30						45.0																
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	N/A			N/A								
Channel Bertwidth (It) Padius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			N/A N/A			N/A N/A								
Radius of Curvature (It) Re / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											14.5			20.1			N/A N/A			N/A N/A								
Meander Wavelength (ft)											00			04			N/A			N/A								
Meander Width Ratio											15			24			N/A			N/A								
Profile											1.5			2.4			10/11			10/11								
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										46.0				
Riffle Slope (ff/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0050						0.0086				
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			50			90				101.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				2.4										
Pool Volume $(ft^3)$														N/P														
														1.7.1														
Substrate and Transport Parameters $P_{i0}^{i0} / P_{i0}^{i0} / P_{i0}^{i0} / C_{i0}^{i0} / S_{i0}^{i0}$																												
$SC_{6} / Sa_{6} / G_{6} / B_{6} / B_{6} / B_{6}$																												
$^{2}$ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95							0.30 / 0.70 /	1.3 / 5.5 / 8.4	L				6.0 / NP./ 4	5.0 / 125.0 /	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f <sup>2</sup>																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								0.71						1.00						0.71						0.71		
Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
Rosgen Classification								E/Bc						C4						C5/E5						E5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.9	4.5					4.5						N/P				3.8										
BF Discharge (cfs)		44.4	69.2	106.1				69.3						N/P				60.0										
Valley Length																										1838		
Channel length (ft) <sup>2</sup>								1,921																		1916		
Sinuosity								1.08						1.20				N/A								1.04		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0033				0.0136						0.0033						0.0053				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0035				0.0133						0.0035						0.0061				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												
		1 1 177 4	12.1																									

Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

<sup>2</sup> Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

<sup>3</sup> Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Table 6. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Su Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DM	mmary S Project II	D No. 95351																			
Stream Reach		5 110. 50001								UT4	Reach 1 (1,3	76 LF)									
			Cross	-section X-1	l (Riffle)					Cross	s-section X-2	2 (Pool)					Cros	s-section X	3 (Riffle)		
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation																					
BF Width (ft)	14.93							15.43							13.95						
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.02							0.87							1.01						
Width/Depth Ratio	14.58							17.74							13.83						
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft2)	15.3							13.42							14.07						
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.81							2.16							1.81						
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	58.95							46.7							89.23						
Entrenchment Ratio	3.9							3.03							6.39						
Bank Height Ratio	1							1							1						
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	17.0							17.2							16.0						
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.9							0.8							0.9						
Based on current/developing bankfull feature																					
BF Width (ft)																					
BF Mean Depth (ft)																					
Width/Depth Ratio																					
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )																					
BF Max Depth (ft)																					
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)																					
Entrenchment Pario																					
Bank Height Patio																					
Watted Parimeter (ft)																					
Hydraulic Radius (ft)																					
Crear Sectional Area between and size (f <sup>2</sup> )								-													
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft.)																					
d50 (mm)																					
Stream Reach							UT4 Reach	2 (1,828 LF	)								UT	4 Reach 3 (2	50 LF)		
			Cross	s-section X-4	4 (Riffle)					Cross	s-section X-	5 (Pool)					Cros	s-section X-	6 (Riffle)		
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation																					
BF Width (ft)	15.94							22.4							15.35						
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.19							1.39							2.4						
Width/Depth Ratio	13.3							16.1							6.4						
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	19.0							31.16							36.8						
BF Max Depth (ft)	1 72							3 39							3.19						
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	95.2							74.63							20.98						
Entrenchment Patio	60							3 33							1.4						
Bank Height Ratio	1.0							1							1.4						
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	18.3							25.2							20.2						
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	10.5							1.2							1.8						
Paged on surrent/developing hontfull feature	1.0							1.2							1.0						
Based on current/developing bankfun feature								-													
DF Width (ft)																					
BF Mean Depui (II)																					
Widul/Depui Kailo																					
DF Cross-secuonal Area (II <sup>2</sup> )																					
Br Max Depth (II)								1							1						
width of Floodprone Area (ff)								1							1						
Entrenchment Ratio								1							1						
Bank Height Ratio								1							1						
Wetted Perimeter (ft)								1							1						
Hydraulic Radius (ft)															L						
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft <sup>2</sup> )	-							-							<u> </u>						
								-													-

+	
+	

Table 6. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Su Prouve Creak Tributories Posteration Project: DM	immary S Ducient I	D No. 05251																										
Stream Reach	S Froject I	ETUJECI 12 NO. 20001 IIT4 Reach 5 (1 973 L F)											UT4 Reach 4 (1.840 LF)															
	Cross-section X-7 (Riffle)					e 1 . 1.0000	Cross-section X-8 (Riffle)							Cross section V 9 (Diffle)				Cross section X 10 (Pool)										
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Based on fived baseline bankfull elevation	Buse							Buse							Buse							Buse						
BE Width (ft)	15 35							16.99							11.58							25.93						
BF Mean Depth (ft)	15.55							1.93							0.82							0.96						
Width/Depth Ratio	9.8							8.8							14.1							27.1						
BF Cross-sectional Area (ff <sup>2</sup> )	23.9							32.8							9.5							24.8						
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.33							3.15							1.14							2.09						
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	67.5							71.2							75.9							80.9						
Entrenchment Ratio	4.4							4.2							6.5							3.1						
Bank Height Ratio	1.0							1.0							1.0							1.0						
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	18.5							20.9							13.2							27.9						
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.3							1.6							0.7							0.9						
Based on current/developing bankfull feature																												
BF Width (ft)																												
BF Mean Depth (ft)																												
Width/Depth Ratio																												
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft2)																												
BF Max Depth (ft)																												
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)																												
Entrenchment Ratio																												
Bank Height Ratio																												
Wetted Perimeter (ft)																												
Hydraulic Radius (ft)																												
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft <sup>2</sup> )																												
d50 (mm)								1																				
uju (iiiii)																												
Stream Reach						Hurric	cane Creek	Reach 1 (2,0	043 LF)											Hurri	cane Creek	Reach 2 (1,3	<b>894 LF</b> )					
Stream Reach			Cross-s	section X-11	1 (Riffle)	Hurric	cane Creek	Reach 1 (2,0	043 LF)	Cross	section X-1	12 (Pool)					Cross	-section X-1	3 (Pool)	Hurri	cane Creek	Reach 2 (1,3	<b>994 LF</b> )	Cros	ss-section X-	14 (Riffle)		
Stream Reach	Base	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 ( <b>Riffle</b> ) MY4	Hurric MY5	cane Creek	Reach 1 (2,0 Base	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	<b>3 (Pool)</b> MY4	Hurri MY5	cane Creek	Reach 2 (1,3 Base	<b>894 LF</b> ) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	<b>14 (Riffle)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 ( <b>Riffle</b> ) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	1 <b>2 (Pool)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	<b>3 (Pool)</b> MY4	Hurri MY5	cane Creek	Reach 2 (1,3 Base	<b>894 LF</b> ) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	<b>14 (Riffle)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft	Base 18.92	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	<b>1 (Riffle)</b> MY4	Hurric MY5	mane Creek	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	1 <b>2 (Pool)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	<b>14 (Riffle)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	l <b>2 (Pool)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	<b>3 (Pool)</b> MY4	Hurri MY5	cane Creek MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	my3	<b>14 (Riffle)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft; BF Mean Depth (ft; Width/Depth Ratic	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	l <b>2 (Pool)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	<b>3 (Pool)</b> MY4	Hurri MY5	cane Creek	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	method with the section X- MY3	<b>14 (Riffle)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft; BF Mean Depth (ft; Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	mY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	<b>14 (Riffle)</b> MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft; BF Mean Depth (ft; Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> ) BF Max Depth (ft;	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> ) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1	943 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3	943 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratio BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratio Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-I MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3	894 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft; BF Mean Depth (ft; Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft; Width of Floodprone Area (ft? Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft; Hydraulic Radius (ft;	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-I MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratio BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratio Bank Height Ratio Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,6 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-I MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft, Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft, Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> ) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-I MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? Br Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,6 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft, Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft, Width of Floodprone Area (ft, Entrenchment Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft, Hydraulic Radius (ft, Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft, Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft, BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft, Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Max Depth (ft, Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Max Depth (ft, Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross. MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft, Hydraulic Radiug (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft, BF Mean Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross. MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Based on current/developing bankfull feature BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) Br Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) Br Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft?) Br Max Depth (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bank Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	I4 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft? Entrenchment Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft; Hydraulic Radius (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) BF Max Depth (ft) Br Max Depth (ft) Bank Height Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft?) BF Max Depth (ft) B	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MYI	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-I MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+
Stream Reach  Stream Reach  Dimension and substrate Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation  BF Width (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? Br Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) BF Mean Depth (ft) Width/Depth Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) BF Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bark Height Ratic BF Cross-sectional Area (ft? Br Max Depth (ft) Width of Floodprone Area (ft) Entrenchment Ratic Bark Height Ratic Wetted Perimeter (ft) Hydraulic Radius (ft) Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft)	Base 18.92 1.61 11.8 30.4 2.47 71.2 3.8 1.0 22.1 1.4	MY1	Cross-s MY2	section X-11 MY3	1 (Riffle) MY4	Hurric MY5	MY+	Reach 1 (2,0 Base 34.27 1.84 18.6 63.1 4.09 80.1 2.3 1.0 38.0 1.7	043 LF) MY1	Cross- MY2	section X-1 MY3	12 (Pool) MY4	MY5	MY+	Base 29.02 1.77 16.4 51.5 2.92 80.0 2.8 1.0 32.6 1.6	MY1	Cross MY2	-section X-1 MY3	3 (Pool) MY4	Hurri MY5	MY+	Reach 2 (1,3 Base 22.54 1.40 16.1 31.6 2.26 68.8 3.1 1.0 25.3 1.2	994 LF) MY1	Cros MY2	ss-section X- MY3	14 (Riffle) MY4	MY5	MY+

Table 6 Morphology and Hydraulic Manitoring Su	mmory							
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS	illillary 5 Project II	D No. 95351	1					
Stream Reach	) I Toject II	0 110. 90001	Hurrican	e Creek Rea	ch 3 (564 LF	)		
			Cross	s-section X-1	5 (Riffle)			
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BF Width (ft)	5.86							
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.81							
Width/Depth Ratio	7.3							
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	4.7							
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.28							
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	10.0							
Entrenchment Ratio	1.6							
Bank Height Ratio	2.3							
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	7.5							
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.6							
Based on current/developing bankfull feature								
BF Width (ft)								
BF Mean Depth (ft)								
Width/Depth Ratio								
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )								
BF Max Depth (ft)								
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)								
Entrenchment Ratio								
Bank Height Ratio								
Wetted Perimeter (ft)								
Hydraulic Radius (ft)								
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft <sup>2</sup> )								
d50 (mm)								



















Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank



(As-built Data - Collected August 2015)



Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank



(As-built Data - Collected August 2015)



Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank



(As-built Data - Collected August 2015)



Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank



(As-built Data - Collected August 2015)



Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank



(As-built Data - Collected July 2015)



Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank





Looking at the Left Bank



Looking at the Right Bank



Pebble Count; As-built Survey Brown Creek Tribs Mitigation Project, DMS# 95351

SITE OR PRO	JECT:	Brown Creek				
REACH/LOCA	ATION:	Reach R2 (S				
FEATURE:		Rock Riffle				
DATE:		2-Jul-15				
				AB 2015	Distribution	
MATERIAL	PARTICLE	SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum	Plot Size (mm)
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063	5	4%	4%	0.063
	Very Fine	.063125			4%	0.125
	Fine	.12525			4%	0.25
Sand	Medium	.2550	6	5%	9%	0.50
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0			9%	1.0
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0			9%	2.0
	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8			9%	2.8
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0			9%	4.0
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6	1	1%	10%	5.6
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0	3	2%	12%	8.0
Createl	Medium	8.0 - 11.0			12%	11.0
Graver	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	8	7%	19%	16.0
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	2	2%	20%	22.6
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	3	2%	23%	32
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	31	25%	48%	45
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	27	22%	70%	64
	Small	64 - 90	19	16%	86%	90
Cabbla	Small	90 - 128	11	9%	95%	128
Conne	Large	128 - 180	4	3%	98%	180
	Large	180 - 256			98%	256
	Small	256 - 362	2	2%	100%	362
Bouldor	Small	362 - 512			100%	512
Douidei	Medium	512 - 1024			100%	1024
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048			100%	2048
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048			100%	5000
Total % o	of whole count		122	100%		
	Largest particle=	256				•

Largest particle=

Summary Data										
Channel materials										
D16 =	13.6	D84 =	86.0							
D35 =	37.6	D95 =	127.6							
D50 =	46.2	D100 =	256 - 362							




Pebble Count; As-built Survey Brown Creek Tribs Mitigation Project, DMS# 95351

SITE OR PRO	JECT:	Brown Creek Tribs (UT4)				
REACH/LOCA	ATION:	Reach R4b (	Station 19+2	25)		
FEATURE:		Rock Riffle				
DATE:		2-Jul-15				
				AB 2015		Distribution
MATERIAL	PARTICLE	SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum	Plot Size (mm)
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063	6	6%	6%	0.063
	Very Fine	.063125			6%	0.125
	Fine	.12525			6%	0.25
Sand	Medium	.2550	4	4%	10%	0.50
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0			10%	1.0
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0			10%	2.0
	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8			10%	2.8
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0			10%	4.0
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6			10%	5.6
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0			10%	8.0
Createl	Medium	8.0 - 11.0	2	2%	13%	11.0
Gravei	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	2	2%	15%	16.0
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	4	4%	19%	22.6
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	9	9%	28%	32
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	5	5%	33%	45
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	3	3%	36%	64
	Small	64 - 90	11	11%	48%	90
Cabbla	Small	90 - 128	17	18%	66%	128
Conne	Large	128 - 180	25	26%	92%	180
	Large	180 - 256	8	8%	100%	256
	Small	256 - 362			100%	362
Bouldor	Small	362 - 512			100%	512
Doulder	Medium	512 - 1024			100%	1024
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048			100%	2048
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048			100%	5000
Total % o	of whole count		96	100%		
	Largest particle=	256				•

Largest particle=

Summary Data						
Channel materials						
D16 =	11.1	D84 =	60.1			
D35 =	23.8	D95 =	126.3			
D50 =	36.6	D100 =	180 - 256			





# **APPENDIX C**

Vegetation Summary Data (Tables 7 and 8)

Table 7. Vegetation Species Planted Across the Restoration SiteBrown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351				
Botanical Name	Common Name	% Planted by Species	Total Number of Stems	
	Riparian Buff	er Plantings		
Betula nigra	river birch	9.0	1775	
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	9.0	1775	
Liriodendron tulipfera	tulip poplar	6.0	1183	
Nyssa sylvatica	black gum	6.0	1183	
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	9.0	1775	
Quercus alba	white oak	6.0	1183	
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	9.0	1775	
Quercus phellos	willow oak	6.0	1183	
	<b>Riparian Buffer Plan</b>	tings - Understory		
Alnus serrulata	ironwood	5.0	986	
Asimina triloba	paw paw	5.0	986	
Carpinus caroliniana	ironwood	5.0	986	
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	5.0	986	
Hamamelis virginiana	witch hazel	5.0	986	
Itea virginica	Virginia sweetspire	5.0	986	
Lindera benzoin	spicebush	5.0	986	
Viburnum dentatum	arrowwood viburnum	5.0	986	
	<b>Riparian Live S</b>	take Plantings		
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	10%	NA	
Salix nigra	black willow	10%	NA	
Salix sericea	silky willow	40%	NA	
Sambucus canadensis	elderberry	40%	NA	

Table 8. Stem Count for E Brown Creek Tributaries I	able 8. Stem Count for Each Species Arranged by Plot rown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351																
			Hurricane	Creek Veg	etation Plots	6	UT4 Vegetation Plots										
Botanical Name	Common Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Tree Species																	
Betula nigra	river birch	8	6	1	3	2	6	3	10	5	5	5	2	1	5	2	3
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	3	5	6	1	4	7		2	5	3		3	2	1	3	4
Liriodendron tulipfera	tulip poplar			1	1	1					1			1			
Nyssa sylvatica	black gum				2					1	1	4	1	1	2	4	2
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore		2	3	3	2	2	2	1	4	4	3	6	3	1		1
Quercus alba	white oak	1		2		2	1	3	2		4	1	2	2	2	1	1
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	1	1		2	2		2		1	1	1	2	3	3		1
Quercus nigra	water oak			1													
Quercus phellos	willow oak	1		1	3	2		2		1		2					4
Shrub Species																	
Alnus serrulata	ironwood		2		1		2				1						
Asimina triloba	paw paw											1				1	1
Carpinus caroliniana	ironwood	1						3					3		2	1	1
Cornus ammomum	silkly dogwod				1												
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon				4		2			3		1			1	2	
Hamamelis virginiana	witch hazel													2		3	
Itea virginica	Virginia sweetspire														1		
Lindera benzoin	spicebush				1										1		
Viburnum dentatum	arrowwood viburnum	1	1		1	4		3	2		2				1	3	2
Stems/plot		16	17	15	23	19	20	18	17	20	22	18	19	15	20	20	20
Stems/acre		648	688	607	931	769	809	728	688	809	890	728	769	607	809	809	809
Average Stems/ Acre for Year	r 0 As-Built (Baseline Data)	756															

# **APPENDIX D**

As-Built Plan Sheets/Record Drawings



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		STATE	128975	1	SHEETS 34
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ael Bake	Michael Baker Engine 8000 Regency Parkway, Sult Cary, NORTH CAROLINA 27 Phone: 919.463.5488	ering Inc. 600 518			
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SIREAM CONVENTIO SUPERCEDES SHE	DNAL SYMBOLS DET 1-B	GENERAL
Some ROCK J-HOOK	SAFETY FENCE	<ol> <li>THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO INSTALL INS A TRACK HOE WITH A HYDRAULIC THUMB OF SUF BOULDERS (3' x 2' x 2'), LOGS AND ROOTWADS.</li> </ol>
ROCK VANE	TF TAPE FENCE	2. WORK IS BEING PERFORMED AS AN ENVIRONMEN THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD MAKE ALL REASONAL
OUTLET PROTECTION	FP 100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN	SEDIMENT LOSS AND MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE OF PERFORMING THE CONSTRUCTION WORK.
ROCK CROSS VANE	CONSERVATION EASEMENT	3. CONSTRUCTION IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN SUMMI
DOUBLE DROP ROCK CROSS VANE	EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR	<ol> <li>CONTRACTOR SHOULD CALL NORTH CAROLINA " EXCAVATION STARTS. (1-800-632-4949)</li> </ol>
TEMPORARY SILT CHECK	EXISTING MINOR CONTOUR	5. ENGINEER WILL FLAG SIGNIFICANT TREES TO BE
ROOT WAD	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE	6. ALL GRADING ACTIVITIES SHALL TAKE PLACE WIT EASEMENT OR LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE LINESS
	FOOT BRIDGE	
	TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSING	STANDARD SPE
	PERMANENT STREAM CROSSING	NORTH CAR
CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE	TRANSPLANTED VEGETATION     TREE REMOVAL	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL P MARCH 2009 (F
∞° ∘ BOULDER CLUSTER	TREE PROTECTION	6.05 TREE PRESERVATION
LOG ROLLER	DITCH PLUG	6.06 TEMPORARY GRAVEL
000000	CHANNEL FILL	6.24 RIPARIAN AREA SEED
GRADE CONTROL LOG JAM	BRUSH MATTRESS	6.60 TEMPORARY SEDIME
LOG STEP POOL	GEOLIFT	6.62 TEMPORARY SILT FEM
C\$222C\$22\$2		6.63 TEMPORARY ROCK D

VEGETATION SELECTIC

The following table lists the bare root vegetation selection for the project site. Total planting area is approximately 29 acres and will vary based on areas denuded during construction. Species shall be planted at density of 680 stems per acre and a minimum of 50 feet from the stream banks to the revegetation limits. Exact placement of species will be determined prior to site planting and based on apparent wetness of planting locations and per the vegetation specialist. Refer to the Revegetation Plan Sheets & Construction Specifications for vegetation planting locations and riparian buffer requirements.

Scientific Name	Common Name	% Planted By Species	Wetland Tolerance	Approx. Number of Stems
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	9%	FACW	1,775
Betula nigra	River Birch	.9%	FACW	1,775
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	6%	FAC	1,183
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	6%	FACW-	1,183
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	9%	FACW-	1,775
Nyssa sylvatica	Black Gum	6%	FAC	1,183
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	9%	FACW-	1,775
Quercus alba	White Oak	6%	FACU	1,183
	Sub-total	60%		11,832
Riparian Buffer - Understory	(8'x8' spacing - 680 stems/acr	e)		
Scientific Name	Common Name	1		
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana	Common Name Persimmon	5%	FAC	986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder	5% 5%	FAC FACW	986 986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata Lindera benzoin	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder Spicebush	5% 5% 5%	FAC FACW FACW	986 986 986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata Lindera benzoin Hamamelis virginiana	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder Spicebush Witch hazel	5% 5% 5% 5%	FAC FACW FACW FAC-	986 986 986 986 986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata Lindera benzoin Hamamelis virginiana Viburnum dentatum	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder Spicebush Witch hazel Arrowwood Viburnum	5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	FAC FACW FACW FAC- FAC- FAC	986 986 986 986 986 986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata Lindera benzoin Hamamelis virginiana Viburnum dentatum Itea virginica	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder Spicebush Witch hazel Arrowwood Viburnum Virginia sweetspire	5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	FAC FACW FACW FAC- FAC FAC	986 986 986 986 986 986 986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata Lindera benzoin Hamamelis virginiana Viburnum dentatum Itea virginica Carpinus caroliniana	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder Spicebush Witch hazel Arrowwood Viburnum Virginia sweetspire American Hornbeam	5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	FAC FACW FACW FAC- FAC FACW+ FAC	986 986 986 986 986 986 986 986
Scientific Name Diospyros virginiana Alnus serrulata Lindera benzoin Hamamelis virginiana Viburnum dentatum Itea virginica Carpinus caroliniana Asimina triloba	Common Name Persimmon Tag alder Spicebush Witch hazel Arrowwood Viburnum Virginia sweetspire American Hornbeam Paw paw	5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	FAC FACW FAC- FAC FAC FACW+ FAC FAC	986 986 986 986 986 986 986 986 986

Permanent herbaceous seed mixtures for the project site shall be planted throughout the floodplain and riparian buffer areas. Permanent seed mixtures shall be applied with temporary seed, as defined in the construction specifications.

	1	1		1
Scientific Name	Common Name	% Planted By Species	f otal lbs per Acre	Wetland Tolerance
Andropogon gerardii	Big blue stem	10%	1.50	FAC
Dichanthelium clandestinum	Deer Tongue	15%	1.50	FACW
Carex crinata	Fringed sedge	10%	2.25	FACW+
Chasmanthium latifolium	River oats	5%	1.50	FACU
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	15%	1.50	FAC
Juncus effusus	Soft rush	5%	2.25	FACW+
Panicum virgatum	Switchgrass	10%	1.50	FAC+
Polygonum pensylvanicum	Pennsylvania Smartweed	5%	0.75	FACW
Schizachyrium scoparium	Little blue stem	10%	0.75	FACU
Tripsacum dactyloides	Eastern gamagrass	5%	0.75	FAC+
Sorghastrum nutans	Indiangrass	10%	0.75	FACU
	Total	100%	15.0	

Live staking will be applied to all restored streambanks following the details in this plan set and according to the construction specifications.

Scientific Name	Common Name	% Planted By Species	Wetland Tolerance
Cornus amomum	Silky Dogwood	10%	FACW+
Salix nigra	Black Willow	10%	OBL
Salix sericea	Silky Willow	40%	OBL
Sambucus canadensis	Elderberry	40%	FACW-



# ECIFICATIONS

AROLINA . PLANNING AND DESIGN MANUAL (REV 2013)

- ON AND PROTECTION
- EL CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
- EDING
- MENT TRAP
- ENCE
- K DAM
- AM CROSSING

The following table lists temporary seed mix for the project site. All disturbed areas will be stabilized using mulch and temporary seed as defined in the construction specifications.

Planting Dates	Species Name	Rate (Ibs/acre)
September to March	Annual Rye Grain (Cool Season)	130
April to August	Browntop Millet (Warm Season)	40

### \*S.U.E = SUBSURFACE UTILITY ENGINEER

# STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS CONVENTIONAL SYMBOLS

# BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY:

State Line
County Line
Township Line
City Line
Reservation Line
Property Line
Existing Iron Pin
Property Corner
Property Monument
Parcel/Sequence Number (23)
Existing Fence Line
Proposed Woven Wire Fence
Proposed Chain Link Fence
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Existing Wetland Boundary
Proposed Wetland Boundary
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CULTURE:
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap — O
Sign 0
Well ©
Small Mine 🔶 🔅
Foundation
Area Outline
Cemetery †
Building
School
Church

#### HYDROLOGY:

Dam

Stream or Body of Water	
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir	
Jurisdictional Stream	
Buffer Zone 1	BZ 1
Buffer Zone 2	BZ 2
Flow Arrow	
Disappearing Stream	
Spring	
Wetland	¥
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch	$\longrightarrow$
False Sump	-

RR Signal Milepost   Switch   RR Abandoned   RR Dismantled   Proposed Right of Way Line   Proposed Right of Way Line with Iron Pin and Cap Marker   Proposed Control of Access   Existing Easement Line   Proposed Temporary Construction Easement   Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement   Proposed Permanent Utility Easement   Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker   Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker   Proposed Slope Stakes Cut   Proposed Slope Stakes Fill   Proposed Slope Stakes Fill   Proposed Guardrail   Proposed Guardrail   Proposed Guardrail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Proposed Slope Stakes Fill   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Prop	Standard Gauge	
Switch       Image: Switch         RR Abandoned       RR Dismantled         RR Dismantled       RR Dismantled         RIGHT OF WAY:       Baseline Control Point         Existing Right of Way Marker       Image: Switch         Existing Right of Way Line       Image: Switch         Proposed Right of Way Line with       Image: Switch         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Switch         Proposed Right of Way Line with       Image: Switch         Concrete or Granite Marker       Image: Switch         Existing Control of Access       Image: Switch         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Switch         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement       Image: Switch         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement       Image: Switch         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement       Image: Switch         Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Switch         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       Image: Switch         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill       Image: Switch         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Switch         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Switch         Proposed Cable Guiderail       Image: Switch         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Switch         Proposed Cable Guiderail       <	RR Signal Milepost	- O
RR Abandoned         RR Dismantled <i>RIGHT OF WAY:</i> Baseline Control Point         Existing Right of Way Marker         Existing Right of Way Line         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement         Proposed Regnorary Utility Easement         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail <td>Switch</td> <td>-</td>	Switch	-
RR Dismantled         RIGHT OF WAY:         Baseline Control Point         Existing Right of Way Marker         Existing Right of Way Line         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Right of Vay Line with         Concrete or Granite Marker         Existing Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access         Existing Easement Line         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES:         Existing Edge of Pavement         Existing Curb         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Cable Guiderail	RR Abandoned	
RIGHT OF WAY:         Baseline Control Point         Existing Right of Way Marker         Existing Right of Way Line         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Concrete or Granite Marker         Existing Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access         Existing Easement Line         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Cable Guiderail	RR Dismantled	
Baseline Control Point         Existing Right of Way Marker         Existing Right of Way Line         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Right of Way Line with         Concrete or Granite Marker         Existing Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Cable Guiderail <td>RIGHT OF WAY:</td> <td></td>	RIGHT OF WAY:	
Existing Right of Way Marker       A         Proposed Right of Way Line       Image: Control of Way Line with Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control control of Access         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Control cont	Baseline Control Point	•
Existing Right of Way Line       Image: Control of Way Line with line Proposed Right of Way Line with line Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker       Image: Control of Way Line with line Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker         Existing Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Existing Easement Line       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Existing Easement Line       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       Image: Control of Access       Image: Contro	Existing Right of Way Marker	À
Proposed Right of Way Line       Image: Control of Way Line with line in and Cap Marker       Image: Control of Way Line with long concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Existing Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Existing Easement Line       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement -       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement -       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement -       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement -       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement -       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement -       Image: Control of Access       Image: Control of Access	Existing Right of Way Line	
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Proposed Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite Marker       Image: Concrete or Granite Marker         Existing Control of Access       Image: Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Control of Access       Image: Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement       Image: Concrete or Granite Marker         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement       Image: PDE         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       Image: PDE         Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: PDE         Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: PDE         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       Image: Concern         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill       Image: Concern         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Concern         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Concern         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Concern         Proposed Cable Guiderail       Image: Concern         Proposed Cable Guiderail       Image: Concern      <	Proposed Right of Way Line with Iron Pin and Cap Marker	
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Proposed Control of Access       Image: Existing Easement Line       E         Existing Easement Line       E         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement       TDE         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement       PDE         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement       PDE         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement       PUE         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       PUE         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       Image: Section States         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill       Image: Section States         Proposed Guardrail       Image: Section States         Proposed Cable Guiderail       Image: Section	Existing Control of Access	(§)
Existing Easement Line       E         Proposed Temporary Construction Easement       E         Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement       TDE         Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement       PDE         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement       PUE         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       PUE         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement       TUE         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       C         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       C         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill       F         Proposed Guardrail       T         Proposed Cable Guiderail       C         Propos	Proposed Control of Access	
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Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement       PDE         Proposed Permanent Utility Easement       TUE         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       TUE         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Iron Pin and Cap Marker         ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES:         Existing Edge of Pavement	Proposed Temporary Drainage Easement	TDE
Proposed Permanent Utility Easement       TUE         Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       TUE         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Composed Permanent Easement with         Existing Curb       Image: Composed Permanent Easement         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut       Image: Cemposed Perposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp       Image: Cemposed Perposed Guardrail         Image: Proposed Guardrail       Image: Cemposed Perposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Cable Guiderail       Image: Cemposed Perposed Cable Guiderail         Image: Proposed Cable Guiderail       Image: Cemposed Perposed Perpose	Proposed Permanent Drainage Easement —	PDE
Proposed Temporary Utility Easement       TUE         Proposed Permanent Easement with       Iron Pin and Cap Marker         Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Iron Pin and Cap Marker         ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES:         Existing Edge of Pavement         Existing Curb         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp         Existing Metal Guardrail         T         Proposed Guardrail         Proposed Cable Guiderail	Proposed Permanent Utility Easement	PUE
Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker       Image: Comparison of the comparison	Proposed Temporary Utility Easement	TUE
ROADS AND RELATED FEATURES:         Existing Edge of Pavement         Existing Curb         Proposed Slope Stakes Cut         Proposed Slope Stakes Fill         Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp         Existing Metal Guardrail         T         Proposed Guardrail         T         Proposed Guardrail         T         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Proposed Cable Guiderail         Pavement Removal         VEGETATION:         Single Shrub       0         Hedge         Woods Line       0 0 000000000000000000000000000000000	Proposed Permanent Easement with Iron Pin and Cap Marker	۲
Existing Edge of Pavement   Existing Curb   Proposed Slope Stakes Cut   Proposed Slope Stakes Fill   Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp   Existing Metal Guardrail   T   T   Proposed Guardrail   T   T   Existing Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Pavement Removal   VEGETATION:   Single Tree   Single Shrub   Vedge   Woods Line   Orchard   Vineyard	ROADS AND RELATED FEATUR	RES:
Existing Curb      C	Existing Edge of Pavement	
Proposed Slope Stakes Cut   Proposed Slope Stakes Fill   Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp   Existing Metal Guardrail   T   T   Proposed Guardrail   T   T   Existing Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Pavement Removal   VEGETATION:   Single Tree   Single Shrub   Hedge   Woods Line   Orchard   Vineyard	Existing Curb	
Proposed Slope Stakes Fill   Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp   Existing Metal Guardrail   T   Proposed Guardrail   T   Existing Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Proposed Cable Guiderail   Pavement Removal   VEGETATION:   Single Shrub   Hedge   Woods Line   Orchard   Vineyard	Proposed Slope Stakes Cut	<u>C</u>
Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp   Existing Metal Guardrail   Proposed Guardrail   T	Proposed Slope Stakes Fill	<u>F</u>
Existing Metal Guardrail       I </td <td>Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp</td> <td>WCR</td>	Proposed Wheel Chair Ramp	WCR
Proposed Guardrail       IIIIII         Existing Cable Guiderail       IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Existing Metal Guardrail	<u> </u>
Existing Cable Guiderail       Immediate         Proposed Cable Guiderail       Immediate         Equality Symbol       Immediate         Pavement Removal       Immediate         VEGETATION:       Immediate         Single Tree       Immediate         Single Shrub       Immediate         Hedge       Immediate         Woods Line       Immediate         Orchard       Immediate         Vineyard       Vineyard	Proposed Guardrail	TTTT
Proposed Cable Guiderail   Equality Symbol   Pavement Removal   VEGETATION:   Single Tree   Single Shrub   Hedge   Woods Line   Orchard   Yineyard	Existing Cable Guiderail	<u> </u>
Equality Symbol    Pavement Removal    VEGETATION:    Single Tree    Single Shrub    Hedge    Woods Line    Orchard    Vineyard	Proposed Cable Guiderail	
Pavement Removal  VEGETATION: Single Tree Single Shrub Hedge Woods Line Orchard Vineyard Vineyard Vineyard	Equality Symbol	۲
VEGETATION:         Single Tree       Image         Single Shrub       Image         Hedge       Image         Woods Line       Image         Orchard       Image         Vineyard       Vineyard	Pavement Removal	
Single Tree       Image         Single Shrub       Image         Hedge       Image         Woods Line       Image         Orchard       Image         Vineyard       Vineyard	VEGETATION:	
Single Shrub 0 Hedge 0 Woods Line 0 Orchard 0 0 0 Vineyard 0	Single Tree	- 🔂
Hedge	Single Shrub	- 0
Woods Line     Image: Constraint of the second	Hedge	
Orchard & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	Woods Line	- ഹാഹാഹാഹാഹാ
Vineyard Vineyard	Orchard	- 0 0 0 0
	Vineyard	Vineyard

RAILROADS:

## **EXISTING STRUCTURES:**

MAJOR:	
Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert	CONC
Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall -	) CONC V
MINOR:	
Head and End Wall	CONC
Pipe Culvert	
Footbridge 2	·
Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB	
Paved Ditch Gutter	
Storm Sewer Manhole	9
Storm Sewer	S-
UTILITIES:	
POWER:	
Existing Power Pole	•
Proposed Power Pole	6
Existing Joint Use Pole	-
Proposed Joint Use Pole	-6
Power Manhole	P

### Power Line Tower $\boxtimes$ M Power Transformer -U/G Power Cable Hand Hole -HH H-Frame Pole -. . Recorded U/G Power Line -Designated U/G Power Line (S.U.E.\*)

#### TELEPHONE:

Existing Telephone Pole	-0-
Proposed Telephone Pole	-0-
Telephone Manhole	T
Telephone Booth	3
Telephone Pedestal	
Telephone Cell Tower	<b>"</b> Б,
U/G Telephone Cable Hand Hole	HH
Recorded U/G Telephone Cable	
Designated U/G Telephone Cable (S.U.E.*)-	
Recorded U/G Telephone Conduit	
Designated U/G Telephone Conduit (S.U.E.*)-	
Recorded U/G Fiber Optics Cable	T F0
Designated U/G Fiber Optics Cable (S.U.E.*)-	F0

	128975	1-6
	( NCDMS ID	NO. 9535
VATER:		
Water Manhole		W
Water Meter		0
Water Valve		8
Water Hydrant		Ŷ
Recorded U/G Water Line -	and the second second	
Designated U/G Water Line	(S.U.E.*) -	
Above Ground Water Line -	-	A/G Water
V:		
TV Satellite Dish		R
IV Pedestal	and the state	C
TV Tower		$\otimes$
U/G TV Cable Hand Hole -		E
Recorded U/G TV Cable -		TV
Designated U/G TV Cable	S.U.E.*)	Tv
Recorded U/G Fiber Optic C	able ————————————————————————————————————	TV F0
GAS:		٥
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter		\$ \$
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line		♦
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (S		¢ •
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (1 Above Ground Gas Line	S.U.E.*)	© © 
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER:	S.U.E.*)	© © 
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole	S.U.E.*)	¢ ¢ 
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout	S.U.E.*)	© © A/G Gas ® ⊕
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line	S.U.E.*)	© A/C Cas (i) A/C Sas
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew	S.U.E.*)	A/G Sanitary Sever
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L	S.U.E.*)	© —
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (3 Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main	S.U.E.*)	© A/G Gas A/G Gas A/G Sanitary Sever F55
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (1 Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main	S.U.E.*)	© A/G Gas A/G Gas A/G Sanitary Sever 755
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (S Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Cleanout Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (1 Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole	S.U.E.*)	© 
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Located Object	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Located Object	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line ( Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Located Object Utility Traffic Signal Box	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Cleanout Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Pole with Base Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Unknown U/G Line	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Iocated Object Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Unknown U/G Line U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil A/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>↓</li> <li>↓</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line (S Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main MISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Pole with Base Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Unknown U/G Line - U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil - A/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil - U/G Test Hole (S.U.E.*)	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>♦</li> <li>♦</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li>1</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li></ul>
GAS: Gas Valve Gas Meter Recorded U/G Gas Line Designated U/G Gas Line Above Ground Gas Line GANITARY SEWER: Sanitary Sewer Manhole Sanitary Sewer Cleanout U/G Sanitary Sewer Line Above Ground Sanitary Sew Recorded SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main L Designated SS Forced Main AISCELLANEOUS: Utility Pole Utility Pole Utility Pole with Base Utility Located Object Utility Inknown U/G Line Utility Unknown U/G Line Utility Unknown U/G Line Utility Unknown U/G Line Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Unknown U/G Line Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Traffic Signal Box Utility Unknown U/G Line U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil Abandoned According to Utility Interview I/G I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	S.U.E.*)	<ul> <li>♦</li> <li>0</li> <li>0</li> <li></li></ul>



























BAKER PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 3F RELER 12-7-15 SEAL L-4175 Michael Baker Michael Baker <sup>500</sup> Reparcy Parkwy, Guile 600 Carry, NOTH CAROLINA 27518 Phone: 1916.403.5468 INTERNATIONAL License #: F-1084 NCDMS ID NO. 95351 LOG WEIR (TYP.) -GE AS-BUILT SURVEY UT4 PLAN VIEW 40 20 0 40 80 40 40 SCALE (FT)



BAKER PROJECT REFERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 128975 3G altal 12-7-16 SEAL L-4175 Michael Baker Michael Baker NTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL INTERNATIONAL NCDMS ID NO. 95351 -AS-BUILT THALWEG -(33)-SE SE GEOLIFT WITH T BRUSH TOE (TYP.) LOG VANE (TYP.) 300 AS-BUILT SURVEY UT4 PLAN VIEW 40 20 0 40 80 SCALE (FT)


































# **APPENDIX E**

Photo Log





Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view downstream at Station 10+00

Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view downstream at Station 11+80



Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view downstream at Station 14+50



Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view upstream at Station 16+90



Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view upstream at Station 17+50



Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view upstream at Station 19+25





Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view downstream at Station 19+75



Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view downstream at Station 24+00





Hurricane Creek Reach 1, vernal pool at Station 26+25



Hurricane Creek Reach 1, view downstream at Station 29+30



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view upstream at Station 31+40



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view upstream at Station 32+75



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view downstream at Station 33+00



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view upstream at Station 35+70



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view downstream at Station 36+00





Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view downstream at Station 39+10 Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view downstream at Station 40+75



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view upstream at Station 43+75



Hurricane Creek Reach 2, view downstream at Station 44+25



Hurricane Creek Reach 3, view upstream at Station 11+40



Hurricane Creek Reach 3, view downstream at Station 14+00



Hurricane Creek Reach 3, view downstream at Station 15+50



Hurricane Creek Reach 3, view upstream at Station 15+90



UT4 Reach 1, view downstream at Station 11+00



UT4 Reach 1, view downstream at Station 12+75



UT4 Reach 1, view upstream at Station 14+15



UT4 Reach 1, view downstream at Station 14+25



UT4 Reach 1, view downstream at Station 15+40



UT4 Reach 1, view downstream at Station 17+20



UT4 Reach 1, view upstream at Station 19+00



UT4 Reach 2, view of crossing at Station 21+25



UT4 Reach 2, view downstream at Station 21+50



UT4 Reach 2, view at Station 26+00



UT4 Reach 2, view downstream at Station 28+75



UT4 Reach 2, view upstream at Station 31+75



UT4 Reach 3, view upstream at Station 29+50



UT4 Reach 4, view upstream at Station 13+40



UT4 Reach 4, view upstream at Station 18+20



UT4 Reach 4, view upstream at Station 20+50



UT4 Reach 4, view downstream at Station 21+25



UT4 Reach 4, view upstream at Station 22+50



UT4 Reach 5, view upstream at Station 11+00



UT4 Reach 5, view upstream at Station 13+10



UT4 Reach 5, view upstream at Station 22+20



UT4 Reach 5, view upstream at Station 23+75



UT4 Reach 5, view downstream at Station 26+50



UT4 Reach 5, view upstream at Station 28+25

# **APPENDIX F**

Conservation Easement Boundary Adjustment Documents



INTERNATIONAL

Brown Creek Tribs Project (UT4 Site)



FILED ANSON COUNTY, NC JOANNE S. HUNTLEY	
REGISTER OF DEEDS	
FILED	Sep 14, 2016
AT	10:45 am
BOOK	01128
START PAGE	0206
END PAGE	0208
INSTRUMEN	T# 01579
RECORDING	\$26.00
EXCISE TAX	(None)

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF ANSON SPO 04-C DMS SITE 95351

## PARTIAL RELEASE OF A 0.04 ACRE AND A 0.02 ACRE SECTION OF A CONSERVATION EASEMENT (Deed Book 01054, Page 155)

THIS PARTIAL RELEASE OF EASEMENT, is made as of the date set forth in the notary acknowledgement below, by the STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA through the Department of Administration, State Property Office, 116 W. Jones Street, Raleigh. NC 276603-8003, hereinafter party of the first part and Alan Dale McRae, (unmarried), whose address is 151 Bailey Road, Wadesboro, NC 28170, hereinafter party of the second part,

#### WITNESSETH:

THAT, WHEREAS Alan Dale McRae conveyed a conservation Easement to the State of NC covering 8.97+/- acres for the Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project in an instrument executed on December 19<sup>th</sup>, 2013, and recorded in Deed Book 01054, Page 155, Anson County Registry, and;

WHEREAS, the State of NC has agreed to release two small sections of the property described herein from said Conservation Easement as conveyed in Deed Book 01054, Page 155 that were not intended to be included and to remedy management issues for the described areas as shown on attached **"Exhibit A"**.

NOW, THEREFORE, the party of the first part in consideration of TEN DOLLARS (\$10.00) and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, hereby releases and forever quitclaims unto the party of the second part, their heirs and assigns, all right, title, claim and interest of the party of the first part in and to those two sections of land identified as "Abandoned Existing Conservation Easement 0.04 Acres and Abandoned Existing Conservation Easement 0.02 Acres on a Map of Survey by J. David Lee, III PLS, and attached as Exhibit "A".

See attached **"Exhibit A"** for above referenced map and legal description of the areas to be released.

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD, the aforesaid tract of land, together with all privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, to it, the said party of the second part, its heirs, successors and assigns free, and discharged from the aforementioned Conservation Easement.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA has caused this instrument to be executed in its name by Tim Walton, State Property Office Director, NC Department of Administration.

### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

By: \_ Juliply

### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **COUNTY OF WAKE**

I, <u>*K.M. ihad Moss*</u>, a Notary Public in and for the aforesaid County of <u>*Wake*</u> and the State of North Carolina, do certify that Tim Walton, personally came before me this day and acknowledged that he is Director, State Property Office, Department of Administration, State of North Carolina, and that by authority duly given and as the act of the State, has signed the foregoing instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and Notarial Seal, this the  $\frac{18^{4}}{100}$  day of  $\frac{100}{100}$  of  $\frac{100}{100}$  and  $\frac{100}{100}$  of  $\frac{100}{100}$  day  $\frac{100}{1$ 

Minte

Notary Public

Print name: R. Michael Moser

My Commission Expires: <u>9/30/17</u>



Tim Walton, State Property Office Director



DULY RECORDED & PROCESSED BY JOANNE S. HUNTLEY, REG. OF DEEDS ANSON COUNTY NC

h