Cato Farms Stream Restoration Project No. 72 2009 Monitoring Report: Year 5 of 5



November 2009 (Revised April 2010)

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Cato Farms Site – Pre-Construction Photos















Table of Contents

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SECTION 3 – REFERENCES	
2.1 Methodology	2-1
SECTION 2 – METHODOLOGY	
1.4 Annual Monitoring Summary	1-3
1.2 Vegetative Assessment	1-1 1-2
1.1 Goals and Objectives	1-1

List of Appendices

Appendix 1 – General Figures and Plan Views

- 1.1 Project Location Map
- 1.2 Current Condition Plan View

Appendix 2 – General Project Tables

- 2.1 Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives
- 2.2 Project Activity and Reporting History
- 2.3 Project Contacts
- 2.4 Project Background

Appendix 3 – Vegetation Assessment Data

- 3.1 Vegetation Plot Mitigation Success
- 3.2 Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos
- 3.3 Vegetation Plot Summary Data Table

Appendix 4 – Stream Assessment Data

- 4.1 Stream Station Photos
- 4.2 Stream Cross-Section Photos
- 4.3 Qualitative Visual Stability Assessment
- 4.4 Verification of Bankfull Events
- 4.5 Cross-Section Plots and Raw Data Tables
- 4.6 Longitudinal Plots and Raw Data Tables
- 4.7 Pebble Count Plots and Raw Data Tables



SECTION 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

SECTION 1

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Cato Farms Stream Restoration Project (Site) is located at the Cato Farms Property in Mecklenburg County, North Carolina just east of the Town of Huntersville (Appendix 1.1). The Site drains approximately 0.41 square miles to Clark Creek, within the Southern Outer Piedmont Physiographic Region of the Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin (HUC 3040105). The Site consisted of restoring 2,444 linear feet of the unnamed tributary (UT) to Clark Creek, restoring the associated riparian zone, providing one cattle crossing, and fencing the riparian corridor to exclude cattle access. This report serves as the fifth year of the five year monitoring plan for the Site.

1.1 Goals and Objectives

The UT runs through the agricultural property of William Cato and family. Prior to restoration, the site was predominantly utilized for cattle grazing. Historically, the land was cleared to provide pasture land, with access to the stream for cattle watering. The UT appears to have been previously channelized/straightened and its adjacent floodplain areas ditched to drain wetlands. These activities are thought to have inhibited stream channel stability; therefore, producing an incised, eroded stream. Furthermore, the channel incision may have caused adjacent hydric soils to become less saturated. The following goals were established for the Site.

- 1. Restore the stream to a stable form.
- 2. Restore the riparian zone adjacent to the stream.
- 3. Provide a crossing for cattle at one location along the project reach.
- 4. Provide fencing to exclude cattle access to the UT and the riparian areas.

The Site was restored by relocating approximately 1,833 linear feet (Reach 1) of the existing channel to establish an E-type channel (Priority 1). In addition, approximately 611 linear feet (Reach 2) of stream was restored in-place to create a B-type channel (Priority 3) to transition the channel to the confluence elevation with Clark Creek. The total stream linear footage of 2,444 represents the centerline footage, not the thalweg footage as provided in the as-built plans and excludes the 20 ft cattle crossing (bridge easement). Cato Farm's riparian areas were planted to improve habitat and stabilize streambanks. The entire Site was fenced in to exclude cattle access to the UT and a cattle crossing was established at the lower end of the project. Appendix 2 provides more detailed project activity, history, contact information, and watershed/site background for this project.

1.2 Vegetative Assessment

The following monitoring results are from the 2009 (year 5 of 5) survey completed in September 2009.

Several of the problem areas noted during the previous vegetative assessments (2005-2008) have improved throughout the growing seasons. The woody vegetation monitored for 2009 indicates an average of 11 stems per plot. Using the monitoring plots size of 10m x 10m (0.0247 acres), the average site density is approximately 455 planted stems per acre. This meets the mitigation success criteria for planted woody vegetation (450 stems per acre) after year 5. Several natural recruitment stems were observed within all eight plots. Furthermore, the natural recruitment woody stems recorded substantially increases the number of live stems per plot. A review of the planted and natural recruits monitored indicates a current site density of approximately 1,134 stems per acre.

In conclusion, the vegetation within the Site meets the success criteria for year 5. Although some loss of streambank vegetation has occurred, the overall growth of the riparian buffer is good.

1.3 Stream Assessment

Results from the 2009 stream monitoring effort indicate that the channel is maintaining vertical and lateral stability. However, the channel thalweg has appeared to shift back and forth laterally over the last few years seemingly in response to the dense stands of Juncus sp. in areas of the channel. This vegetation is likely a byproduct of the intense drought and low flows between late 2006 through early 2009. EEP has relayed observing this in many smaller channels across the state over this time period. Typically areas of instability noted in 2009 had their origins earlier in the projects history and have not advanced since their onset. The following general observations were noted.

- In a few outer bends, there are areas of moderate to severe bank erosion under the matting due to the lack of vegetative cover. (approximate stationing 9+15, 16+85, and 17+50).
- Overall, the structures appear to be in good condition; however, the outer arm of some structures are lacking in vegetative cover; therefore, moderate scouring has occurred over the years (stationing 22+50, 22+90 and 24+30).
- Throughout the entire stream restoration project, in-stream vegetation (soft rush (*Juncus effuses*) and various grasses) are growing in the middle of the channel, creating abnormal flow conditions.
- Approximately at station 4+00, the channel water is now spread across the point bar rather than entirely in the pool area due to in-stream vegetation growth.

Reach 1

Within Reach 1, cross-sections 3, 4, 5, and 6 are located. All of these cross-sections have had sediment deposition occurring over the past monitoring years. These cross-sections have all illustrated a decrease in the bankfull mean depth and cross-sectional area. The substrate analysis shows a shift towards finer material. Again, the trapping of this finer material is apparently related to the drought induced channel vegetation. In addition, the watershed immediately above and on the Western edge of the project boundary saw a great deal of development over the last several years. Although the channel is illustrating a shift in substrate and cross-sectional

dimensions, the aggradation occurring throughout the reach could most likely be flushed out over the years to come with significant storm flows.

The average water surface slope and the average bankfull slope were the same for the surveyed reach, 0.0066 ft/ft. The surveyed water surface slope was slightly lower than the proposed 0.0100 ft/ft, but similar to the previous monitoring year's surveyed slopes. The profile appears stable and is not showing vertical incision; however, fine silt deposition has impacted the substrate composition. Upstream sources from construction development and abnormal rainfall conditions are most likely contributing to the increase in sediment deposition. Several compound pools have developed throughout the reach, which is most likely due to the increase of in-stream vegetation growth and sediment deposition.

Reach 2

Overall, the structures within the transition zone appear to be in good condition; however, the outer arm of some structures are lacking vegetative cover; therefore, moderate to severe scouring has occurred over the monitoring years (Stationing 21+00, 21+50, 22+50, 22+90, 23+90, 23+25, and 24+30).

Cross-sections 1 and 2 are located within Reach 2. Both cross-section 1 and 2 are riffles and appear to be stable with minimal erosion occurring. The average water surface slope and the average bankfull slope are the same for the surveyed reach, 0.0090 ft/ft. The surveyed water surface slope was slightly lower than the proposed 0.010 ft/ft and similar to the previous surveyed water surface and bankfull slopes in 2006 (0.0093 ft/ft and 0.0083 ft/ft, respectively). The profile appears stable and is not showing significant shifting in the bed features.

The Site has a crest gauge that was installed in 2007. One bankfull or greater event was recorded during the 2009 monitoring year. Bankfull events prior to 2007 were recorded by visual assessments only. A local USGS gauge, Clark Creek, is located within the area, but the drainage area is larger than 10 square miles and was not used per NCEEP recommendation.

In summary, Reach 1 and 2 stream dimension, pattern, and profile appear stable. However, instream vegetation growth is advancing, resulting in abnormal flow conditions throughout the channel. Please refer to Appendix 4 for more detailed stream data tables and plots and Appendix 1.2 for the location of the longitudinal profile stations, cross-section stations, vegetation plots, photo points, and gauges.

1.4 Annual Monitoring Summary

Overall, the 2009 monitoring results indicate that the Site appears to be meeting vegetation, stream, and hydrology success criteria. Planted and naturally recruited vegetation is doing well at the site, although some minor vegetation problems were noted. The pattern, profile, and dimension of the restored channel appear to be stable. However, the channel thalweg has appeared to shift back and forth laterally over the last few years seemingly in response to the dense stands of Juncus sp. in areas of the channel. This vegetation is likely a byproduct of the intense drought and low flows between late 2006 through early 2009. EEP has relayed observing

Executive Summary

this in many smaller channels across the state over this time period. Typically areas of instability noted in 2009 had their origins earlier in the projects history and have not advanced since their onset. The substrate analysis shows a shift towards finer material. Again, the trapping of this finer material is apparently related to the drought induced channel vegetation. In addition, the watershed immediately above and on the Western edge of the project boundary saw a great deal of development over the last several years.

The background information provided in this report is referenced from the previous reports prepared by CH2MHill (2002) and North Carolina State University (2005). Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the mitigation and restoration plan documents available on EEP's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from EEP upon request.



SECTION 2 METHODOLOGY

SECTION 2 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Methodology

Methods employed for the Cato Farms Stream Restoration Project were a combination of those established by standard regulatory guidance as well as procedures documents as well as previous monitoring reports completed by North Carolina State University and CH2MHill. Geomorphic and stream assessments were performed following guidelines outlined in the Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Techniques (Harrelson et al., 1994) and in the Stream Restoration a Natural Channel Design Handbook (Doll et al, 2003). Vegetation assessments were conducted following the NCEEP 2004 Stem Counting Protocol which consists of counting woody stems within the established vegetation plots. JJG used the *Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and surrounding areas* by Alan S. Weakley as the taxonomic standard for vegetation nomenclature for this report.



SECTION 3 REFERENCES

SECTION 3 REFERENCES

CH2MHill. 2002. Restoration Report (Cato Farms Stream Restoration). Raleigh, NC.

Doll, B.A., Grabow, G.L., Hall, K.A., Halley, J., Harman, W.A., Jennings, G.D., and Wise, D.E., 2003. Stream Restoration A Natural Channel Design Handbook.

Harrelson, Cheryl C; Rawlins, C.L.; Potyondy, John P. 1994. *Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique*. Gen. Tech. Rep. RM-245. Fort Collins, CO: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Forest and Range Experiment Station. 61 p.

North Carolina State University. Annual Monitoring Report (Year 1 of 5) (Cato Farms Stream Restoration). Raleigh, NC.

Rosgen, D.L. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology Books, Pagosa Springs, CO.

Weakley, A.S. 2008. Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, Northern Florida, and Surrounding Areas (Draft April 2008). University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill: Chapel Hill, NC.



SECTION 4 APPENDICES

Appendix 1 - General Figures and Plan Views

Appendix 2 - General Project Tables

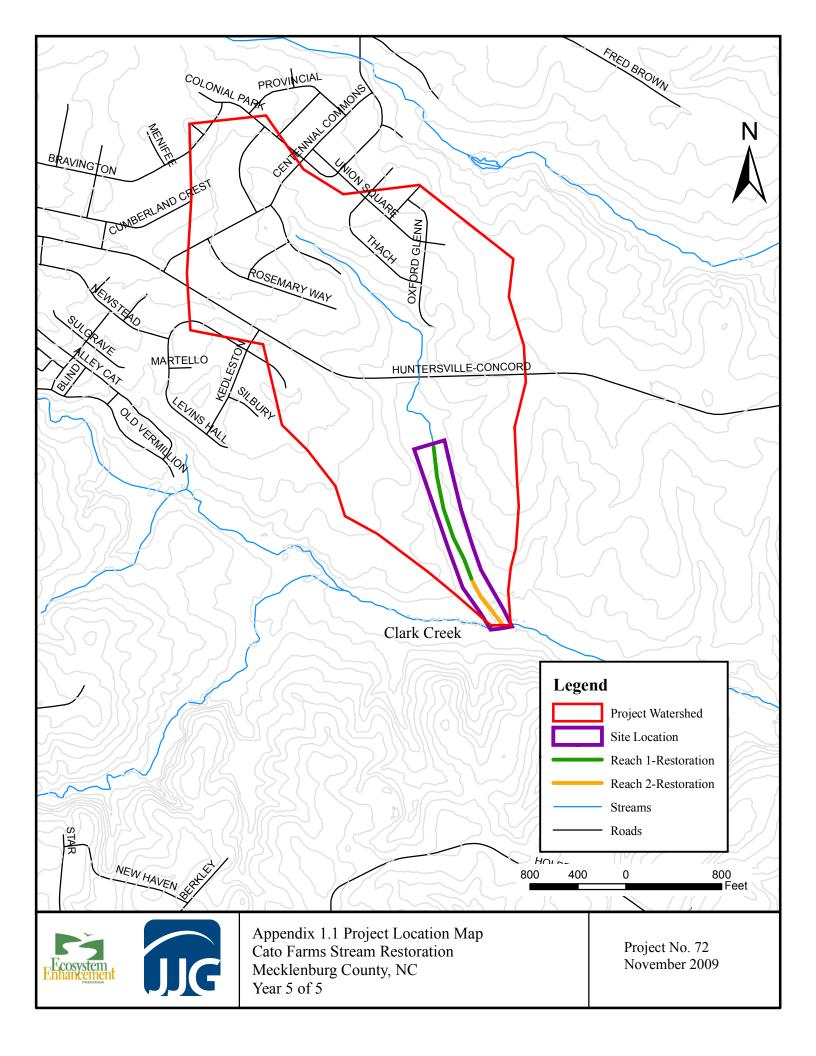
Appendix 3 - Vegetation Assessment Data

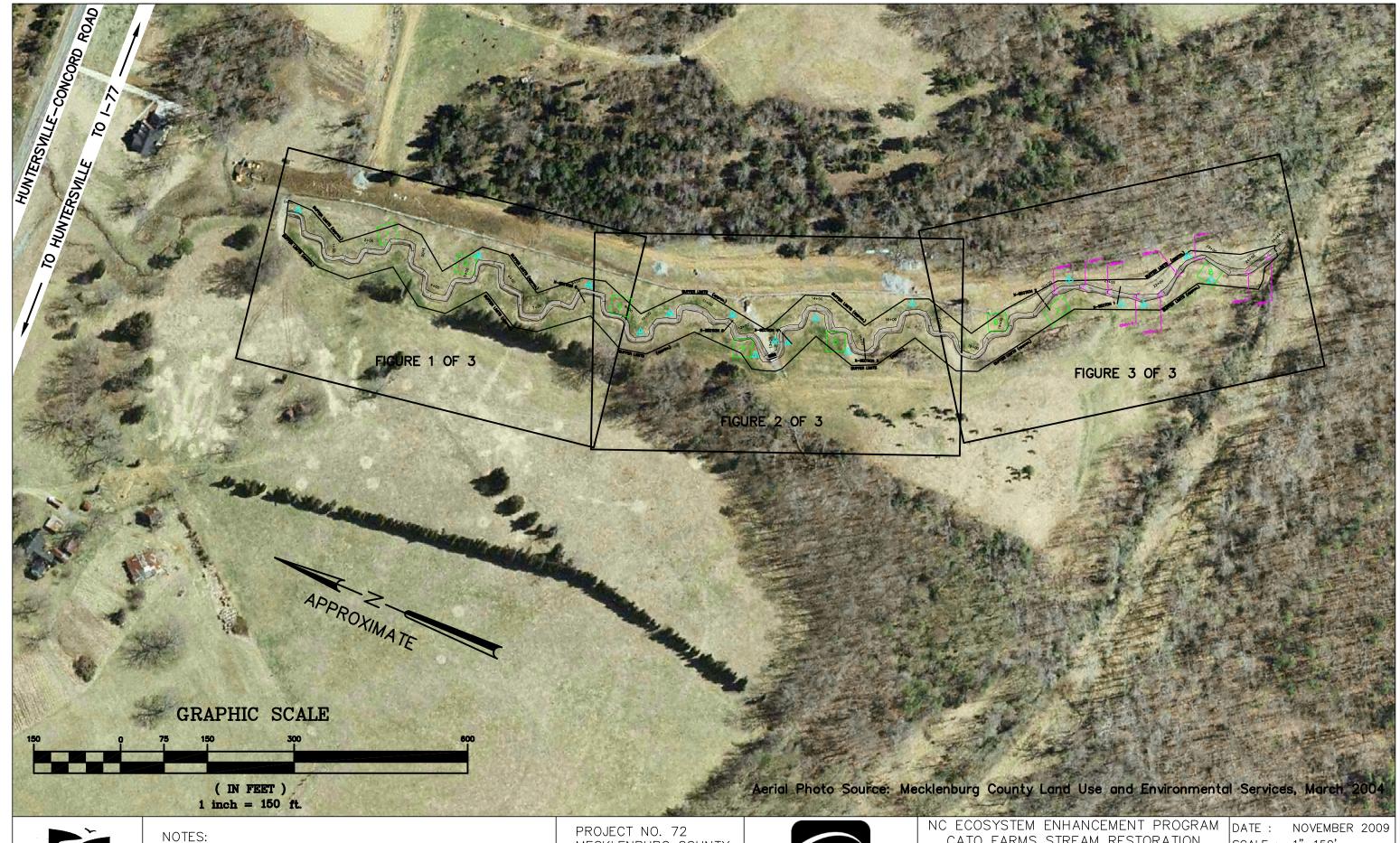
Appendix 4 – Stream Assessment Data



APPENDIX 1 GENERAL FIGURES AND PLAN VIEWS

- 1. Project Location Map
- 2. Current Condition Plan View







1. GENERAL SITE DATA PROVIDED BY NCEEP.

2. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.

PROJECT NO. 72 MECKLENBURG COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA MONITORING YEAR 5 OF 5

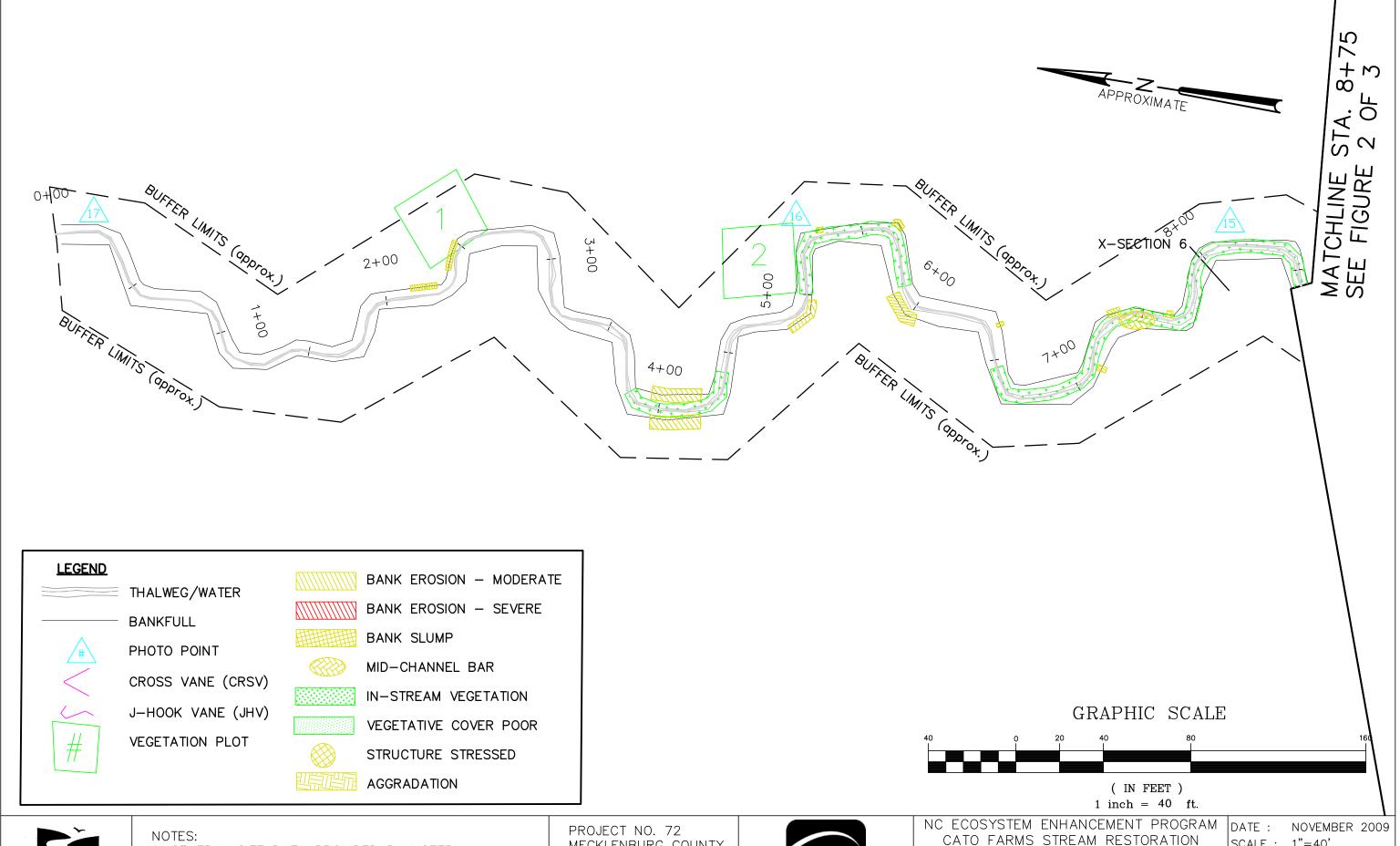


CATO FARMS STREAM RESTORATION

APPENDIX 1.2 CURRENT CONDITION PLAN VIEW SCALE : 1"=150'

JOB NO.: 03060004

KEY FIGURE





1. GENERAL SITE DATA PROVIDED BY NCEEP.

2. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.

MECKLENBURG COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA MONITORING YEAR 5 OF 5

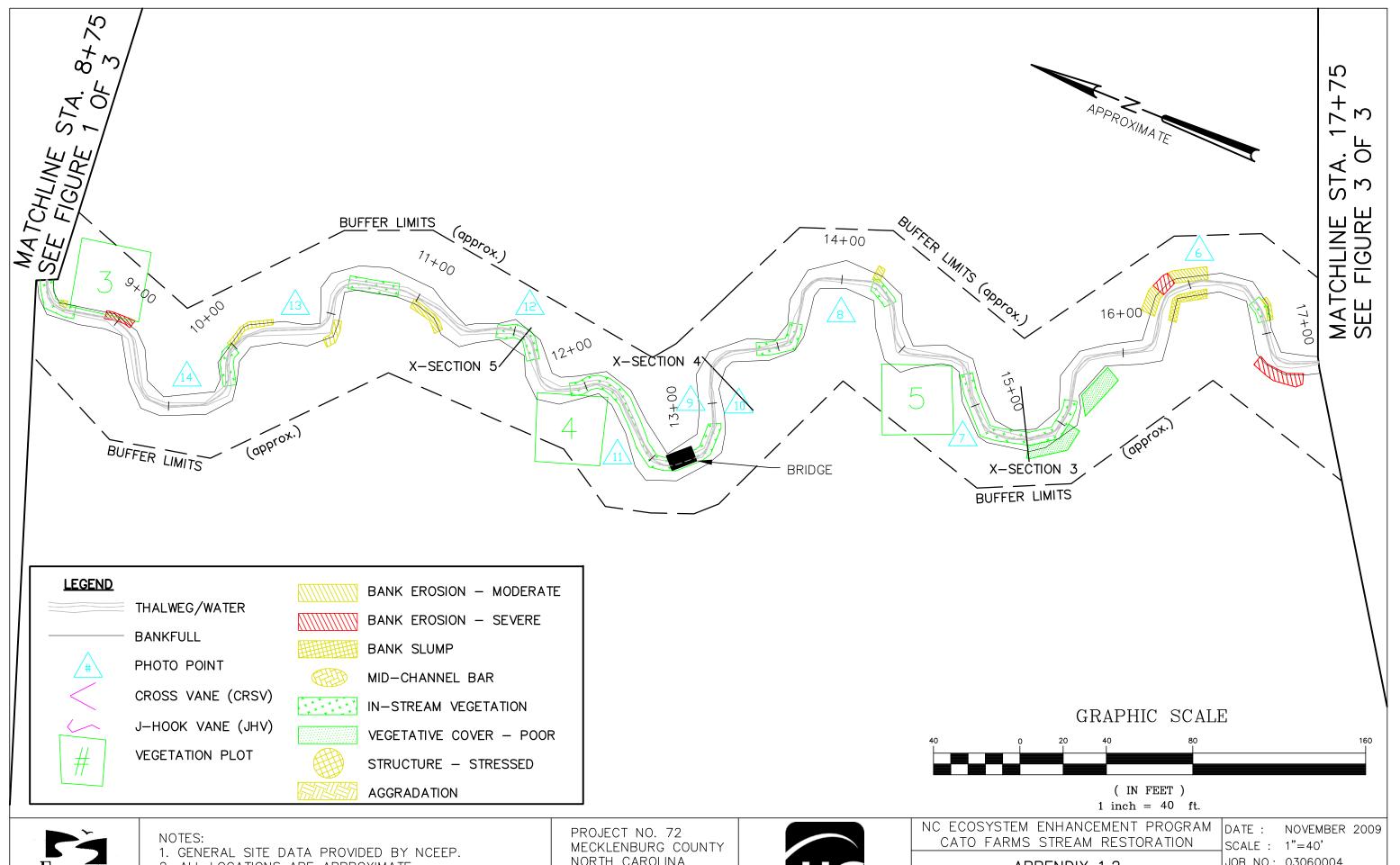


CATO FARMS STREAM RESTORATION

APPENDIX 1.2 CURRENT CONDITION PLAN VIEW SCALE : 1"=40'

JOB NO.: 03060004

1 OF 3 FIGURE





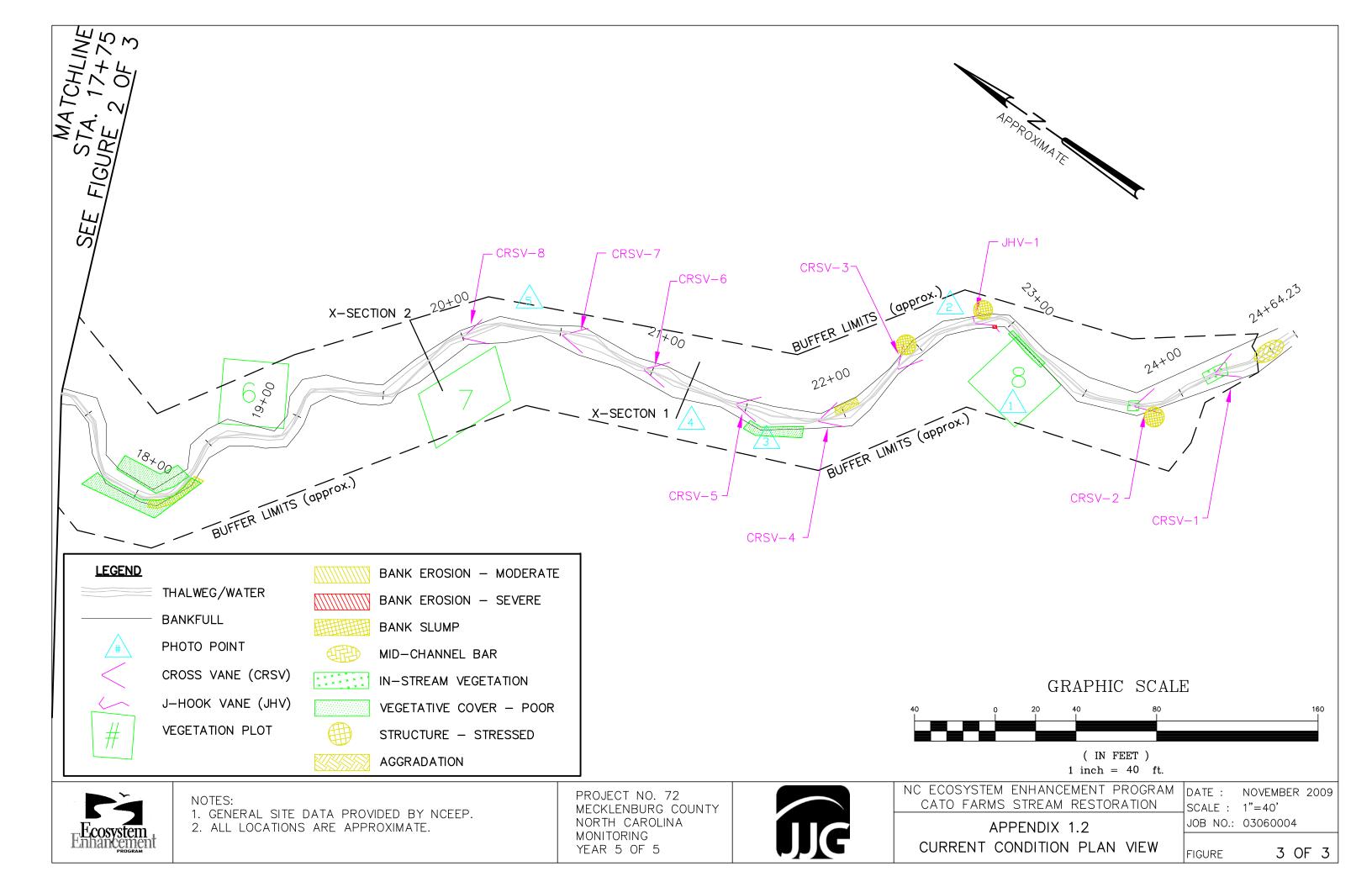
2. ALL LOCATIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.

NORTH CAROLINA MONITORING YEAR 5 OF 5



APPENDIX 1.2 CURRENT CONDITION PLAN VIEW JOB NO.: 03060004

2 OF 3 FIGURE





APPENDIX 2 GENERAL PROJECT TABLES

- 1. Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives
- 2. Project Activity and Reporting History
- 3. Project Contacts
- 4. Project Background

			Linear Footage or	Stationing								
Segment/Reach	Segment/Reach Mitigation Type Ap		Acres	(ft)*	Comments							
			1 022 1	0.00	Channel restoration,							
Reach 1	Restoration	P1	1,833 linear	0+00-	relocation with use of							
			feet	18+33	grade control protection str							
					Channel resto							
Reach 2	Restoration	Р3	611 linear	18+33-	place with use of grade							
Reach 2	Restoration	P3	feet	24+44	control and ba	ank protection						
					structures.							
	Component Summations											
		Wetla	nd (ac)									
			Non-									
Restoration Level	Stream (lf)	Riparian	Riparian	Upland (ac)	Buffer (ac)	BMP						
Restoration (R)	2,444	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Enhancement (E)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Enhancement I (E)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Enhancement II (E)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Creation (C)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Preservation (P)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
HQ Preservation (P)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						
Totals	2,444	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						

*Stationing linear footage represents the centerline footage, not the thalweg footage and is correct to exclude the 20 ft cattle crossing (bridge easement).

Activity or Report	Data Collection Completed	Actual Completion or Delivery
Restoration Plan	N/A	Jul-02
Final Design-90%	N/A	Nov-02
Construction	N/A	Mar-03
Planting	N/A	Mar-04
Mitigation Plan/ As-Built (Year 0 Monitoring)	N/A	Summer 2004
Year 1 Monitoring	Jun-05	Jan-05
Year 2 Monitoring	Sep-06	Nov-06
Year 3 Monitoring	Aug-07	Nov-07
Year 4 Monitoring	Jun-08	Nov-08
Year 5 Monitoring	Mar-09 and Sep-09	Nov-09

	CH2MHill							
Designer	4824 Parkway Plaza							
Designer	Boulevard, Suite 200							
	Charlotte, NC 28217							
Contractor's	Unknown							
Name	Clikilowii							
Planting	Unknown							
Contractor	Clikilowii							
Seeding	Unknown							
Contractor	CHKHOWH							
	Jordan, Jones, &							
Monitoring	Goulding							
Performers	9101 Southern Pine							
CITOTINCIS	Blvd., Suite 160							
	Charlotte, NC 28273							
Stream								
Monitoring, POC								
within ing, i oc	Kirsten Young, 704-527-							
Vegetation	4106 ext.246							
Monitoring, POC								
ivionitoring, i oc								

Mecklenburg, North Carolina							
0.41 sq. mi							
< 5%							
1st							
Piedmont							
Southern Outer Piedmont							
E (~2,000 ft)							
B (~500 ft)							
N/A							
Monacan, Cecil, Enon, Iredell,							
Helena, and Wilkes							
Coffey Creek							
UT to Little Sugar Creek							
3040105							
02.07.11							
03-07-11							
C							
C							
No							
NO							
No							
110							
N/A							
100%							



APPENDIX 3 VEGETATION ASSESSMENT DATA

- 1. Vegetation Plot Mitigation Success
- 2. Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos
- 3. Vegetation Plot Summary Data Table

	Vegetation Survival Threshold
Vegetation	Met
Plot ID	(Y/N)
Plot 1	Y
Plot 2	Y
Plot 3	N
Plot 4	Y
Plot 5	Y
Plot 6	Y
Plot 7	Y
Plot 8	Y



Monitoring Plot 1 (9/2009)



Monitoring Plot 3 (9/2009)



Monitoring Plot 2 (9/2009)



Monitoring Plot 4 (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009

Appendix 3.2 Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos



Monitoring Plot 5 (9/2009)



Monitoring Plot 7 (9/2009)



Monitoring Plot 6 (9/2009)



Monitoring Plot 8 (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5 Date: Project No.: November 2009

Appendix 3.2 Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos

Cato Farms Stem Counts for Planted Species

				Current Data (MY5-2009)												Annual Means												
		Plo	ot 1	Ple	ot 2	Pl	ot 3	Pl	ot 4	Plo	ot 5	Pl	ot 6	Pl	ot 7	Plo	ot 8	Currer	t Mean	MY1	-2005*	MY2 -	2006**	MY3 -	2007**	MY4-	2008**	
Species	Common Name	Type	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T	P	T
Acer negundo	boxelder	T	1	1	2	2	2	2			2	2	1	1	4	4	4	6	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Acer rubrum	red maple	T		1		2		2		1				1		10		10	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4
Alnus serrulata	tag alder	T		2															N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2
Aronia arbutifolia	chokeberry	S									2	2							2	2	2	2	2	2	2	N/A	2	2
Carpinus caroliniana	american hornbeam	T																	N/A	N/A	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carya aquatica	water hickory	T																	N/A	N/A	2	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cephalanthus occidentalis	button bush	S			2	2	1	1			1	1							1	1	2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	S	3	3			2	2	4	4	10	10			3	3	10	10	5	5	7	7	8	8	5	5	5	5
Cornus sericea	redosier dogwood	S							3	3									3	3	3	3	3	3	3	N/A	3	3
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	T			1	2							2	2	2	2			2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	N/A
Juglans nigra	black walnut	T															1	3	1	3	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	3
Juniperus virginiana	eastern redcedar	T		3		1				2									N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	T		3				23		4		3		3		20		20	N/A	11	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	T	2	2															2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	T		2												5		4	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	T		4		2		1											N/A	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2
Populus deltoides	cottonwood	T									1	1	1	1			2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A
Quercus alba	white oak	T			1	1							1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	T	1	2	2	2			3	3			3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Salix nigra	black willow	S	4	6	1	1	1	1			1	1	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
Sambucus canadensis	elderberry	S			2	1	1	1											2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
	ea (acres)								0.0	247		_																
	cies Count	4	10	6	9	4	7	3	6	5	6	5	7	5	8	6	9	5	8	7	7	5	5	6	6	6	8	
	Ste	em Count	10	28	9	14	5	31	10	17	15	18	11	15	11	46	19	55	11	28	18	18	13	13	14	14	13	22
	405	1134	364	567	202	1255	405	688	607	729	445	607	445	1862	769	2227	455	1134	700	700	525	525	545	545	525	865		

Type=Shrub or Tree P = Planted

T = Total

^{*}Data was collected by another monitoring firm-no volunteer stems were included in data

^{**}Numerous volunteer stems were



APPENDIX 4 STREAM ASSESSMENT DATA

- 1. Stream Station Photos
- 2. Stream Cross-Section Photos
- 3. Qualitative Visual Stability Assessment
- 4. Verification of Bankfull Events
- 5. Cross-Section Plots and Raw Data Tables*
- 6. Longitudinal Plots and Raw Data Tables*
- 7. Pebble Count Plots and Raw Data Tables*

^{*}Raw data tables have been provided electronically.



Photo Point 1: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 2: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 1: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 2: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009





Photo Point 3: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 4: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 3: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 4: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5 Date:
Project No.:

November 2009 72



Photo Point 5: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 6: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 5: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 6: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009



Photo Point 7: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 8: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 7: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 8: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009





Photo Point 9: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 10: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 9: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 10: View Downstream (9/2009)

Ecosystem Enhancement Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009





Photo Point 11: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 12: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 11: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 12: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5 Date:
Project No.:

November 2009





Photo Point 13: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 14: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 13: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 14: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009





Photo Point 15: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 16: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 15: View Downstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 16: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009





Photo Point 17: View Upstream (9/2009)



Photo Point 17: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5 Date: Project No.: November 2009 72





Cross-Section 1: View Upstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 2: View Upstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 1: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 2: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Project No.:

Date:

November 2009



Appendix 4.2 Stream Cross-Section Photos



Cross-Section 3: View Upstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 4: View Upstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 3: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 4: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5 Date: November 2009 Project No.: 72





Cross-Section 5: View Upstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 6: View Upstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 5: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cross-Section 6: View Downstream (9/2009)



Cato Farms Stream Restoration Year 5 of 5

Date: Project No.: November 2009



Appendix 4.2 Stream Cross-Section Photos

Reach 1 (1833 linear feet)

Feature Category		(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total Number assessed per as-built survey	Total Number/ feet in unstable state	% Perform in Stable Condition	Feature Perform Mean or Total
	1. Present?	0			0%	
A D'CCL	2. Armor Stable?	0		NT/A	0%	00/
A. Riffles	3. Facet grade appears stable?	0	8	N/A	0%	0%
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	0	4		0%	
	5. Length appropriate? 1. Present?	39			100%	
B. Pools	2. Sufficiently deep?	39	39	N/A	100%	100%
D. POOIS	3. Length Appropriate?	- 39	39	14/74	100%	10070
	Upstream of meander bend centering?	39			83%	
C. Thalweg*	Downstream of meander centering?	39	47	N/A	83%	83%
	Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	37			79%	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	40	1	N/A	85%	84%
D. Meanders	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	40	47		85%	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	40	1		85%	
	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)?			13/621	84%	020/
E. Bed General	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	N/A		0/0	100%	92%
F. Bank Performance**	Actively eroding, wasting, or slumping bank	N	//A	3/104	97%	97%
	1. Free of back or arm scour?					
G. Vanes/J-Hooks, etc	2. Height appropriate?3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?		N/A			
G. Valles/J-Hooks, etc						
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?					
H. Wads/ Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A				
	2. Footing stable?			11/11		

^{*}Channel had abnormal flow conditions, TW was difficult to distinguish in field due to in-stream vegetation growth

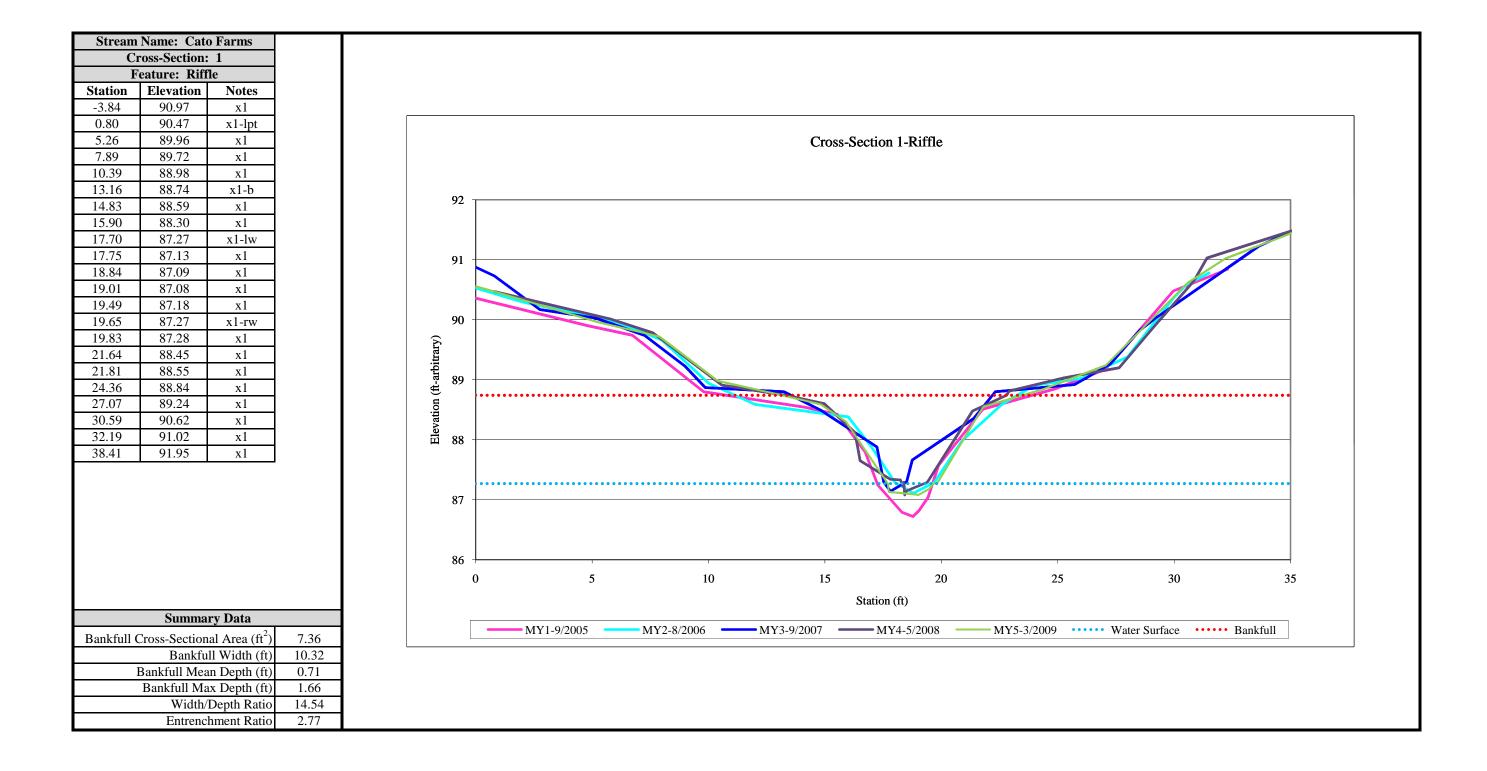
^{**}Although bank erosion was recorded along the reach, the banks have not advanced from the previous monitoring year

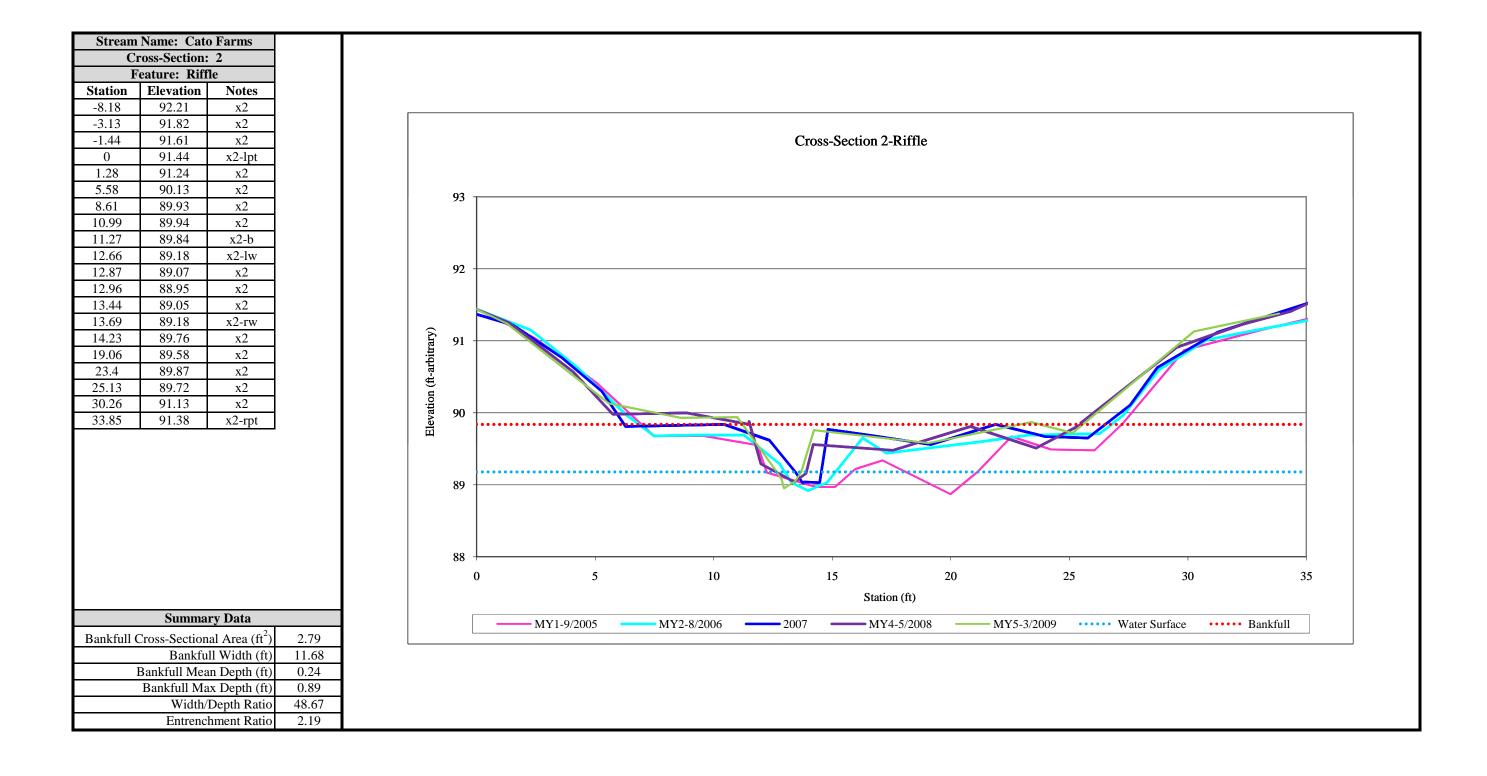
Reach 2 (611 linear feet)

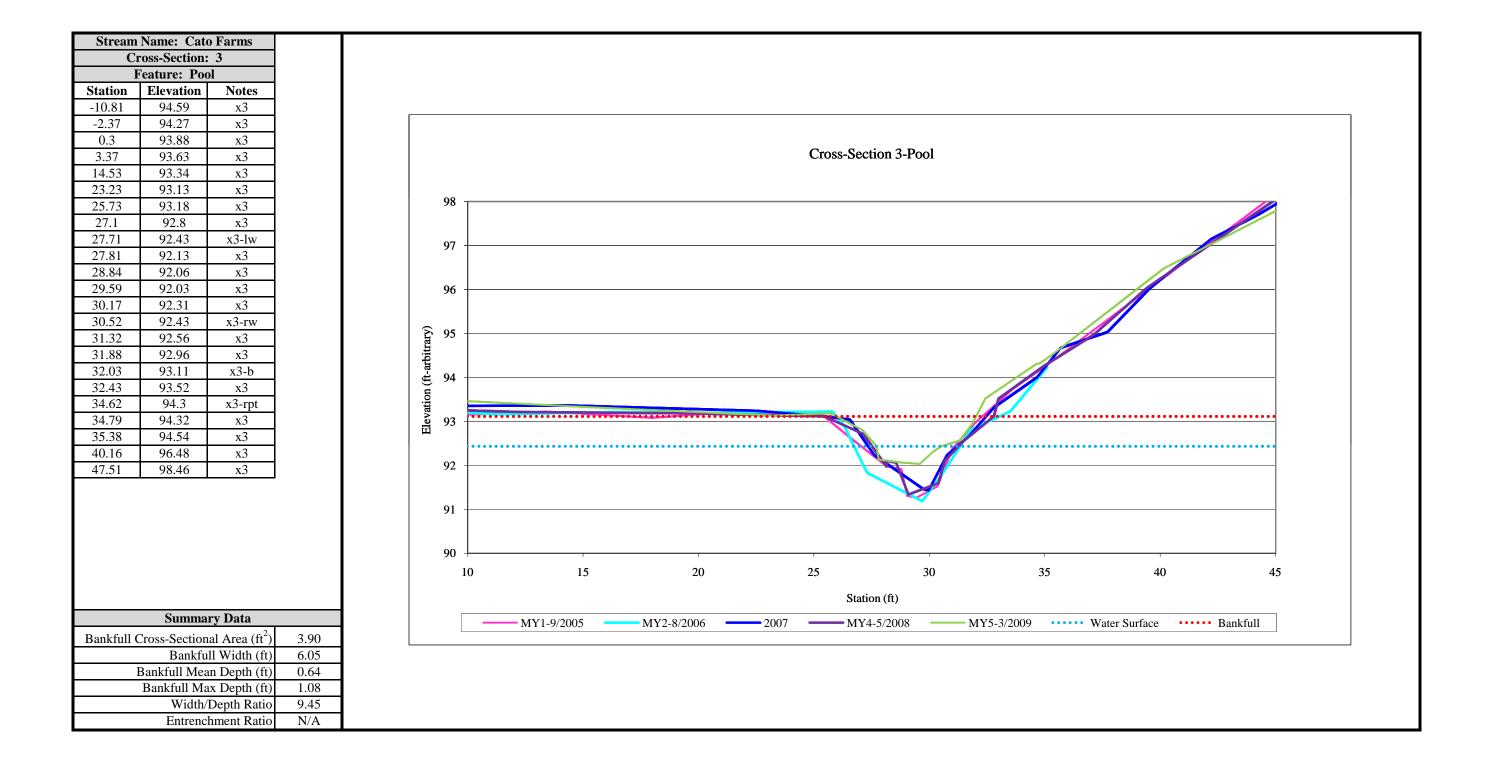
Feature Category		(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total Number assessed per as-built survey	Total Number/ feet in unstable state	% Perform in Stable Condition	Feature Perform Mean or Total
A. Riffles	 Present? Armor Stable? Facet grade appears stable? Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? Length appropriate? 	6 6 6 0	13	N/A	46% 46% 46% 0%	35%
B. Pools	 Present? Sufficiently deep? Length Appropriate? 	15 15 -	15	N/A	100%	100%
C. Thalweg	 Upstream of meander bend centering? Downstream of meander centering? 	15 15	- 15	N/A	100% 100%	100%
D. Meanders	 Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? Apparent Rc within spec? Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 	15 N/A 15 15	15	N/A	100% 100% 100% 100%	100%
E. Bed General	 General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)? Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting? 	N/A		0/0	100% 100%	100%
F. Bank Performance*	1. Actively eroding, wasting, or slumping bank		/A	2/94	91%	91%
G. Vanes/J-Hooks, etc	 Free of back or arm scour? Height appropriate? Angle and geometry appear appropriate? Free of piping or other structural failures? 	- - 11	11	N/A	73% - - 100%	86%
H. Wads/ Boulders	 Free of scour? Footing stable? 			N/A		

^{*}Although bank erosion was recorded along the reach, the banks have not advanced from the previous monitoring year

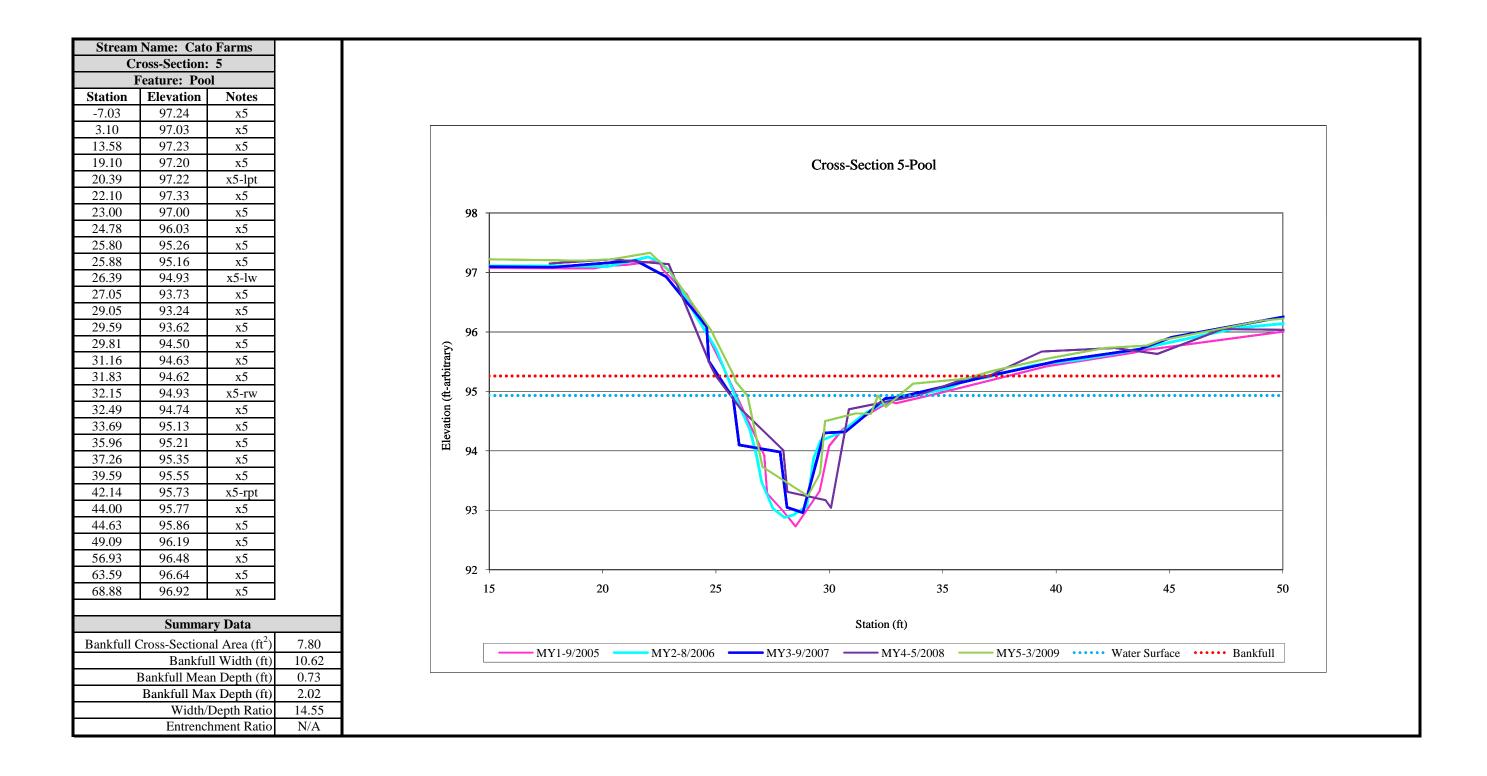
Date of Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo # (if available)
Summer/Fall 2006	Unknown	Visual Assessment	N/A
Spring/Summer 2007	Unknown	Visual Assessment	N/A
Spring 2008	Unknown	Crest Gauge	N/A
Summer 2009	Unknown	Crest Gauge	N/A

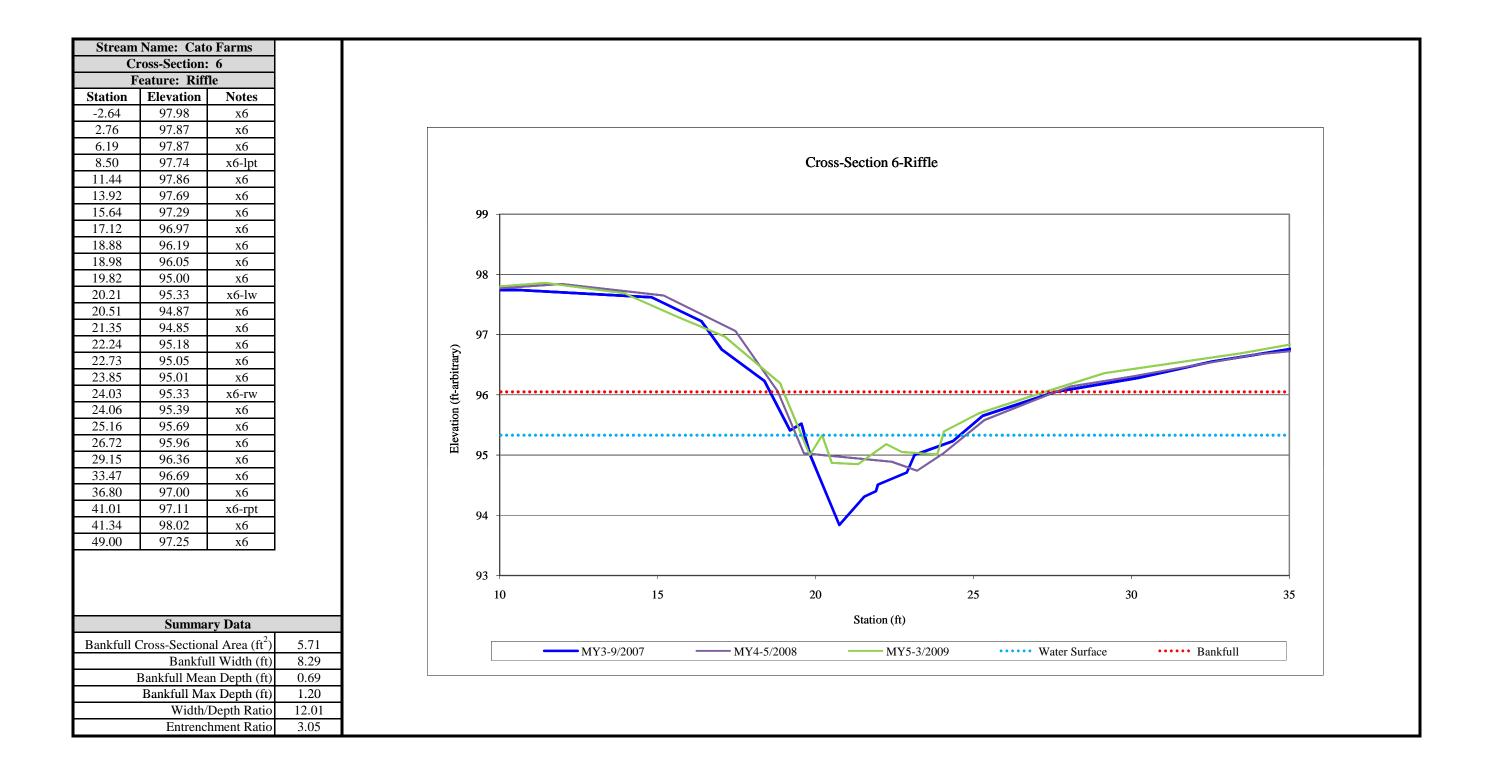


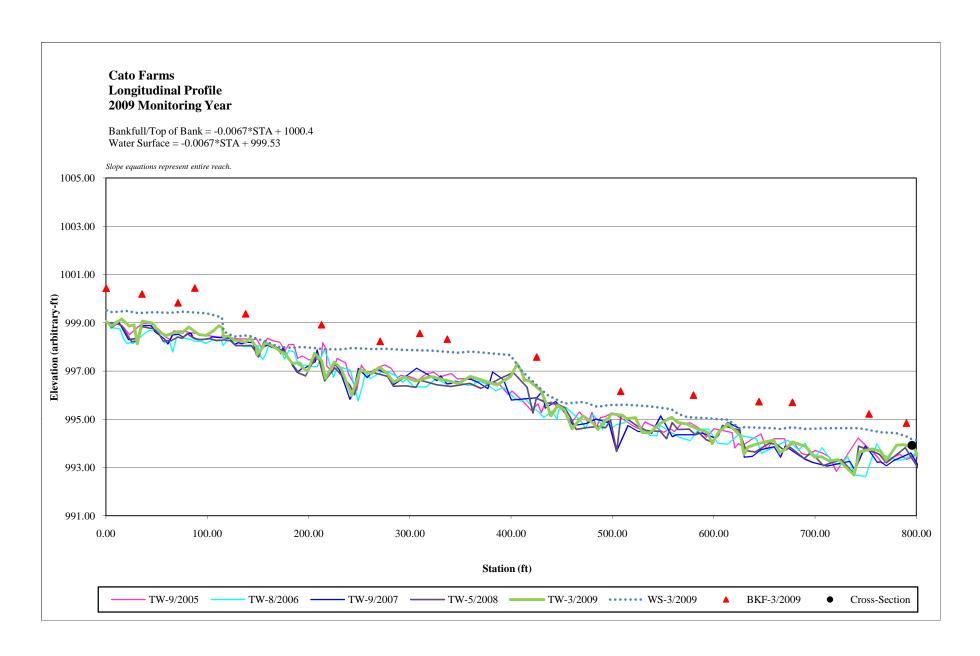


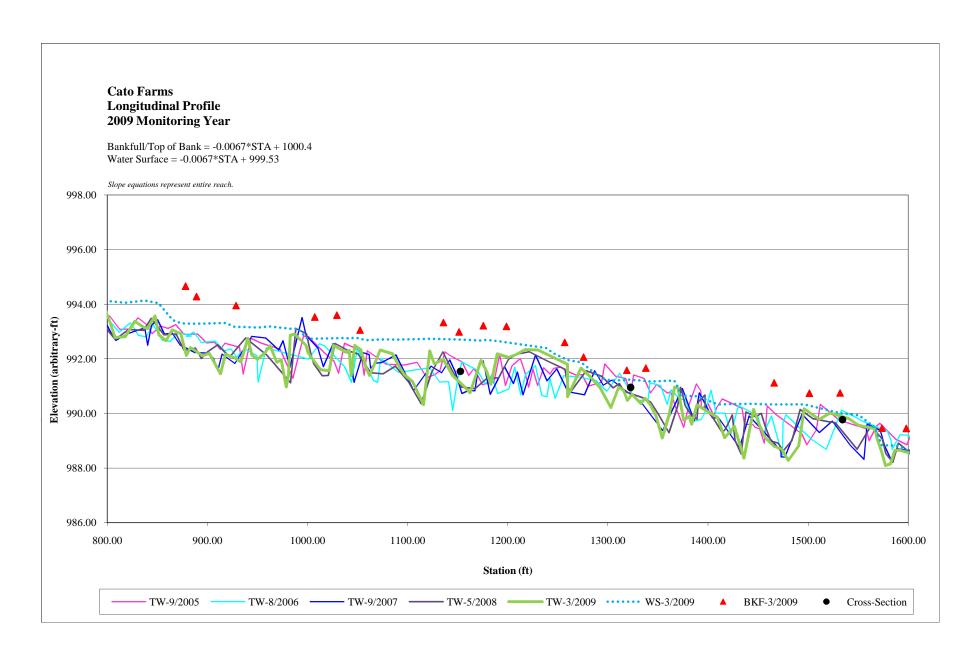


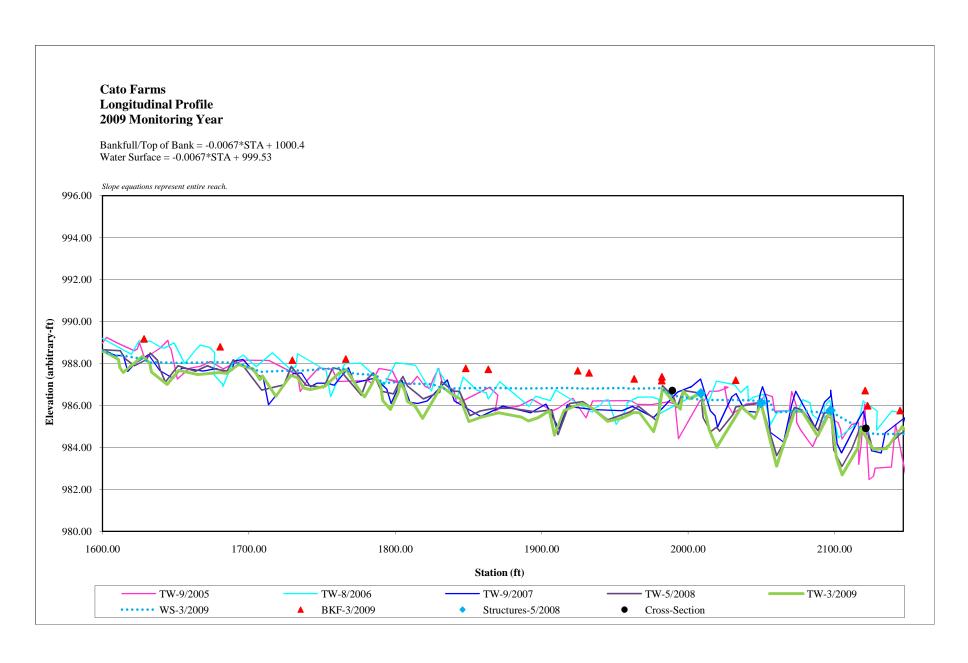
	Name: Cato												
	oss-Section:												
	eature: Pool												
Station	Elevation	Notes											
-16.23	96.78	x4											
8.56	97	x4											
20.59	97.05	x4											
31	96.95	x4						Cros	ss-Section 4-Pool				
34.58	96.78	x4											
36.79	95.13	x4											
37.75	94.23	x4-b		!	98 _T								
37.96	94.07	x4											
38.65	93.62	x4											
38.88	93.41	x4											
38.98	93.38	x4-lw		!	97 🕇								
39.43	93.15	x4											
40.96	92.76	x4					\ \\	\					
41.62	92.99	x4			96 🕂								
41.85	91.38	x4-rw			~								
41.92	93.56	x4		trar			\	\ \					
43.56	93.79	x4		Elevation (ft-arbitrary)				N .					
46.08	93.92	x4		(ll .	95 🕂			- 					
48.55	93.96	x4		uo				\					
52.82	94.23	x4		vati				W)					
59.92	94.92	x4		Ele		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	····/			•••••	•••••	
66.01	95.5	x4-rpt			94 +								
66.05	95.48	x4						1					
72.45	95.87	x4			•	•••••	•••••			•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
81.24	96.58	x4			93 📙								
91.06	97.16	x4											
		-											
				!	92 [‡]		ı	ı	ı		1		
					20)	30	40	50		60	70	
									G(-1' (G)				
	Summary				_				Station (ft)				
Bankfull (Cross-Sectional					MY1-9/2005	MY2-8/2006	2007 —	MY4-5/2008 —	MY5-3/2009	···· Water Surface	···· Bankfull	
		Width (ft)	15.07										
	Bankfull Mean		0.48			<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
	Bankfull Max												
		epth Ratio											
	Entrenchi	ment Ratio	N/A										
		•	-										





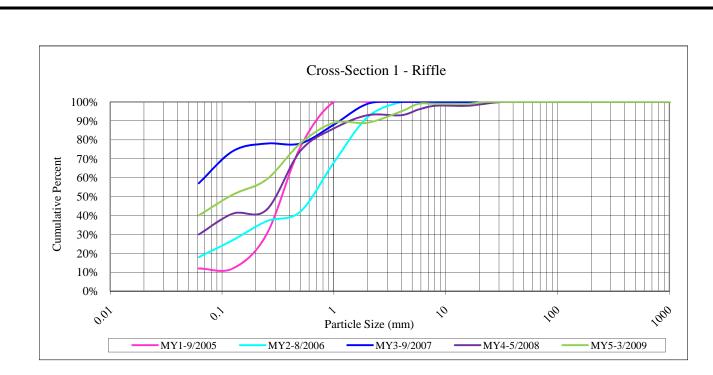


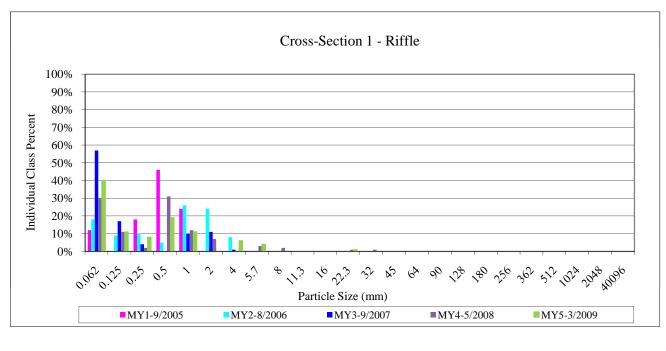




Project Name: Cato Farms					
		oss-Section: 1			
	Fo	eature: Riffle		2000	
Dagawimtian	Matarial	Cina (mana)	To4e1 #	2009	C 0/
Description	Material	Size (mm) 0.062	Total # 40	Item % 40%	Cum % 40%
Silt/Clay	silt/clay				
	very fine sand	0.125	11	11%	11%
G .	fine sand	0.250	8	8%	8%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	19	19%	19%
	coarse sand	1.00	11	11%	11%
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	0%
	very fine gravel	4.0	6	6%	6%
	fine gravel	5.7	4	4%	4%
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	0%
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	0%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	0%
	course gravel	22.3	1	1%	1%
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	0%
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	0%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	0%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	0%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	0%
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	0%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	0%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	0%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	0%
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	0%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	0%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	0%
TOTAL %	of whole count		100	100%	100%

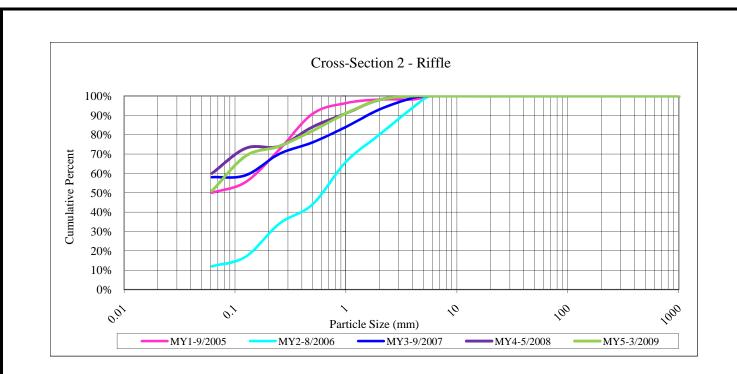
Summary Data				
D50	0.12			
D84	0.77			
D95	4			

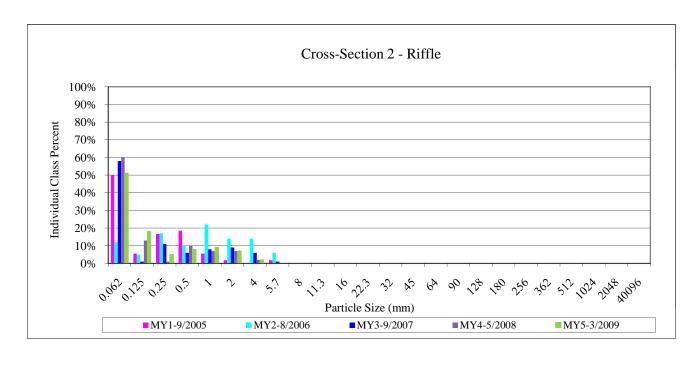




Project Name: Cato Farms					
		oss-Section: 2			
	F	eature: Riffle	ı	2000	
D	M-4	G: ()	T-4-1#	2009	C 0/
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	51	51%	51%
	very fine sand	0.125	18	18%	18%
	fine sand	0.250	5	5%	5%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	8	8%	8%
	coarse sand	1.00	9	9%	9%
	very coarse sand	2.0	7	7%	7%
	very fine gravel	4.0	2	2%	2%
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	0%
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	0%
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	0%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	0%
	course gravel	22.3	0	0%	0%
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	0%
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	0%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	0%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	0%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	0%
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	0%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	0%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	0%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	0%
Donider	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	0%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	0%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	0%
TOTAL %	of whole count		100	100%	100%

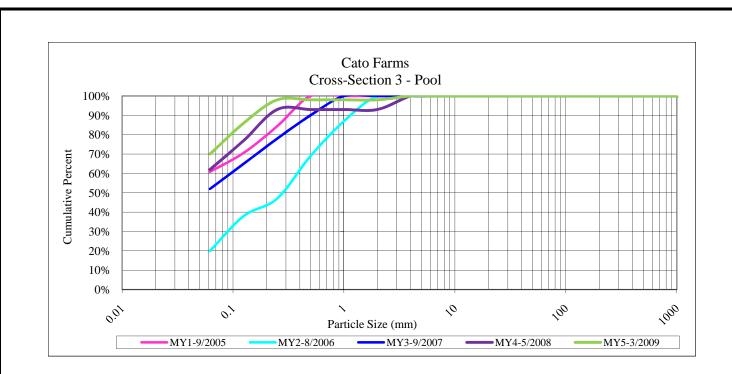
Summary Data				
D50	0.06			
D84	0.61			
D95	1.57			

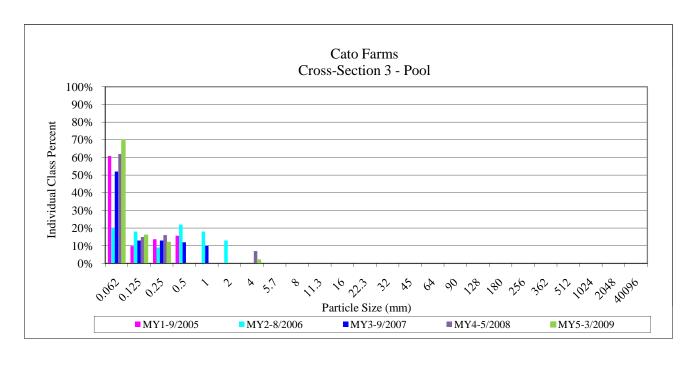




	Project Name: Cato Farms					
		oss-Section: 3				
	F	eature: Pool	ı	••••		
7	36 3	G • ()	7D 4 1 1/	2009		
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	70	70%	70%	
	very fine sand	0.125	16	16%	16%	
	fine sand	0.250	12	12%	12%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	0%	
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	0%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	2	2%	2%	
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	0%	
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	0%	
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	0%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	0%	
	course gravel	22.3	0	0%	0%	
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	0%	
	small cobble	90	0	0%	0%	
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	0%	
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	0%	
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	0%	
_	small boulder	362	0	0%	0%	
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	0%	
Doulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	0%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	0%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	0%	
TOTAL %	of whole count		100	100%	100%	

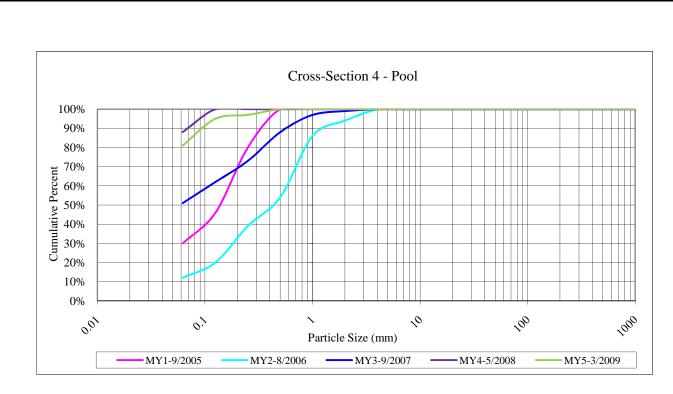
Summary Data				
D50	0.04			
D84	0.12			
D95	0.22			

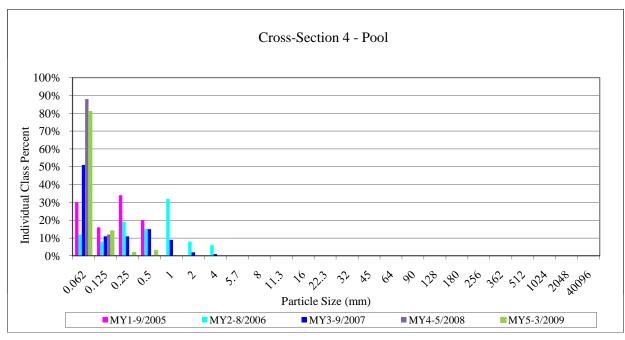




Project Name: Cato Farms					
		oss-Section: 4			
	F	eature: Pool	ı	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	77.47	G • ()		2009	G 0/
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	81	81%	81%
	very fine sand	0.125	14	14%	14%
	fine sand	0.250	2	2%	2%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	3	3%	3%
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	0%
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	0%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	0%
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	0%
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	0%
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	0%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	0%
	course gravel	22.3	0	0%	0%
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	0%
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	0%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	0%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	0%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	0%
Copple	large cobble	180	0	0%	0%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	0%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	0%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	0%
Doniner	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	0%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	0%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	0%
TOTAL %	of whole count		100	100%	100%

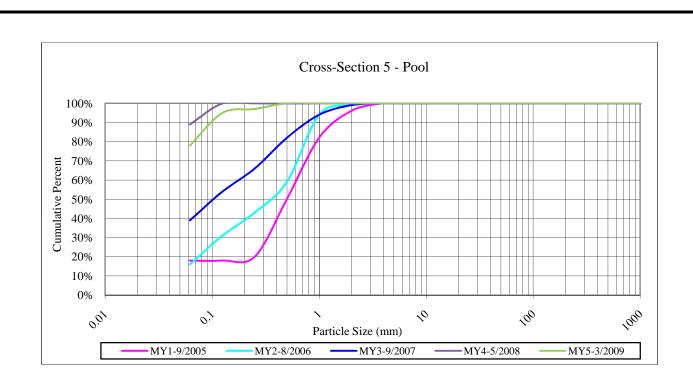
Summary Data				
D50	0.04			
D84	0.08			
D95	0.13			

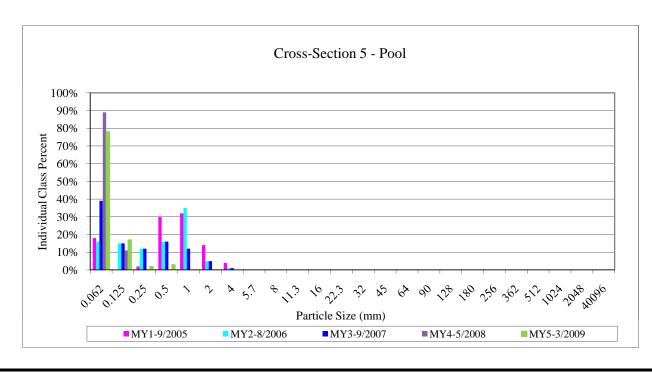




Project Name: Cato Farms							
Cross-Section: 5							
Feature: Pool							
D	3.5	a. ()	7D 4 1 //	2009	G 0/		
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	78	78%	78%		
Sand	very fine sand	0.125	17	17%	17%		
	fine sand	0.250	2	2%	2%		
	medium sand	0.50	3	3%	3%		
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	0%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	0%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	0%		
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	0%		
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	0%		
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	0%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	0%		
	course gravel	22.3	0	0%	0%		
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	0%		
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	0%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	0%		
Cobble	small cobble	90	0	0%	0%		
	medium cobble	128	0	0%	0%		
	large cobble	180	0	0%	0%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	0%		
Boulder	small boulder	362	0	0%	0%		
	small boulder	512	0	0%	0%		
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	0%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	0%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	0%		
TOTAL %	of whole count		100	100%	100%		

Summary Data		
D50	0.04	
D84	0.08	
D95	0.13	





Project Name: Cato Farms						
Cross-Section: 6						
Feature: Riffle						
Dagawimtian	Matarial	Cina (mana)	Total #	2009	C 0/	
Description Sild/Class	Material	Size (mm) 0.062	84	Item % 84%	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay				84%	
Sand	very fine sand	0.125	16	16%	16%	
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	0%	
	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	0%	
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	0%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	0%	
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	0%	
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	0%	
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	0%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	0%	
	course gravel	22.3	0	0%	0%	
	course gravel	32.0	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	0%	
Cobble	small cobble	90	0	0%	0%	
	medium cobble	128	0	0%	0%	
	large cobble	180	0	0%	0%	
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	0%	
Boulder	small boulder	362	0	0%	0%	
	small boulder	512	0	0%	0%	
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	0%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	0%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	0%	
TOTAL % of whole count			100	100%	100%	

Summary Data			
D50	0.04		
D84	0.06		
D95	0.11		

