Ellerbe Creek Stream Restoration

MITIGATION PLAN

Hillandale Golf Course, Durham, North Carolina



PREPARED BY



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP) restored 6,279 linear feet of Ellerbe Creek located on Hillandale Golf Course in Durham, North Carolina. Construction of the project began on January 15, 2004 and the stream restoration was completed on December 17, 2004. Approximately 4 bankfull events occurred during construction.

Ellerbe Creek in its preconstruction condition had a very low sinuosity and was entrenched throughout the stream. The surrounding landuse contributed to the majority of the instability of the stream. The stream had been channelized historically with only a grass buffer existing along the stream bank. The golf course had intensively managed the existing vegetation adjacent to the stream.

The stream restoration was based upon the principles of natural channel design. Every effort was made to consider future landuse changes within the watershed while completing the design. The pattern, dimension, and profile were restored throughout the project. Bankfull benches were cut to provide as much floodplain as possible for the stream while working around the many constraints throughout the project. Rock structures and root wads were installed to provide further stability to the stream. Vegetation was installed along the channel slopes and floodplain to provide stability and shade for the stream in future years.

The following table summarizes pre and post construction stream lengths as well as the restoration approach implemented.

Reach	Pre -Construction (Length (ft)	Restored Length (ft)	Restoration Approach
Hillsborough	1577	1,663	Changed dimension, pattern, and profile using Priority 2 restoration.
Croasdaile	788	703	Changed dimension, pattern, and profile using Priority 2 restoration.
Hillandale	1,865	1,939	Changed dimension, pattern, and profile using Priority 2 restoration.
Albany	1,885	1,974	Changed dimension, pattern, and profile using Priority 2 restoration.
Total	6,115	6,279	

Table 1. Project Reaches with Pre-Construction Lengths and Restored Lengths

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

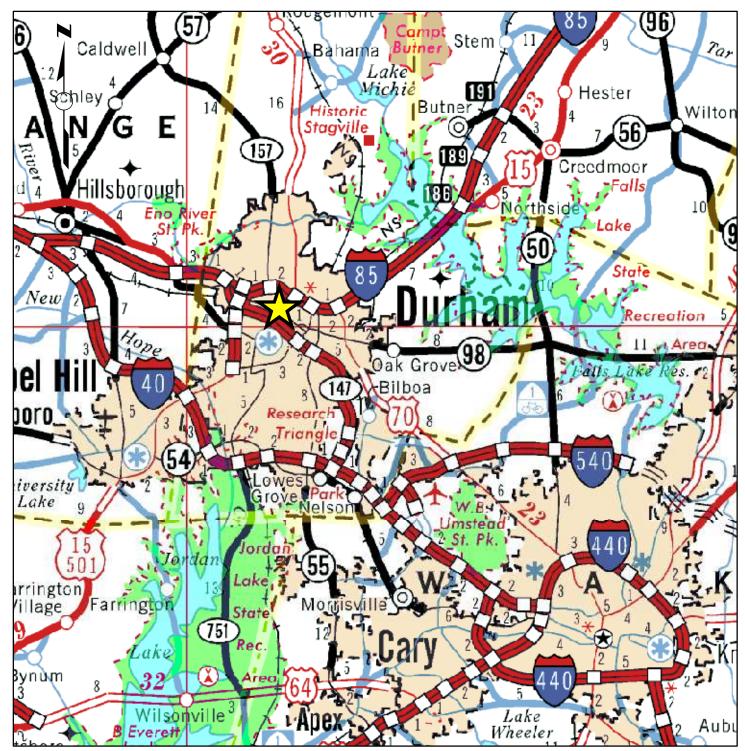
1.1 PROJECT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the Ellerbe Creek stream restoration project are to:

- 1. Establish a new floodplain at a lower elevation and connecting the stream to the new floodplain;
- 2. Reduce erosion and sedimentation;
- 3. Provide wildlife habitat through the creation of a more natural riparian buffer;
- 4. Improve aquatic habitat with the use of natural material stabilization structures and a riparian buffer; and
- 5. Improve water quality within Ellerbe Creek.

1.2 PROJECT LOCATION

The Ellerbe Creek site is located on the Hillandale Golf course, which is located on the western edge of the City of Durham in Durham County. The reach of Ellerbe Creek to be restored is bound to the west by NC 15/501 Bypass, to the north by Indian Trail, to the south by Sprunt Avenue, and to the east by Albany Street (Figures 1 and 2). Ellerbe Creek is a tributary to the Neuse River.



Not to Scale





Ellerbe Creek Mitigation Plan Hillandale Golf Course Durham County, North Carolina

Figure 1. Project Vicinity



Durham County, North Carolina

Figure 2. Project Location

Project Area

2.0 SUMMARY

2.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND WATERSHED

The watershed lies within US Geological Survey (USGS) Hydrologic Unit Code 03020201. The watershed area was delineated from the USGS Northwest Durham Quadrangle for North Carolina. Field verification was conducted on July 23, 2002. The drainage area for the entire site covers approximately 2,150 acres (Figure 3). There are several tributaries that enter Ellerbe Creek upstream of the restoration site.

The portion of Ellerbe Creek that runs through the Hillandale Golf Course is a typical urban stream. It has been channelized and is strongly influenced by stormwater flows. The channel is incised four to six feet below the top of bank. Eroding and slumping banks were noted along the majority of the stream. Portions of the channel, particularly downstream of Hillandale Road, have been heavily rip rapped. The channel substrate varies from sand and silt, to displaced riprap, to a soft shale 'bedrock' in some areas.

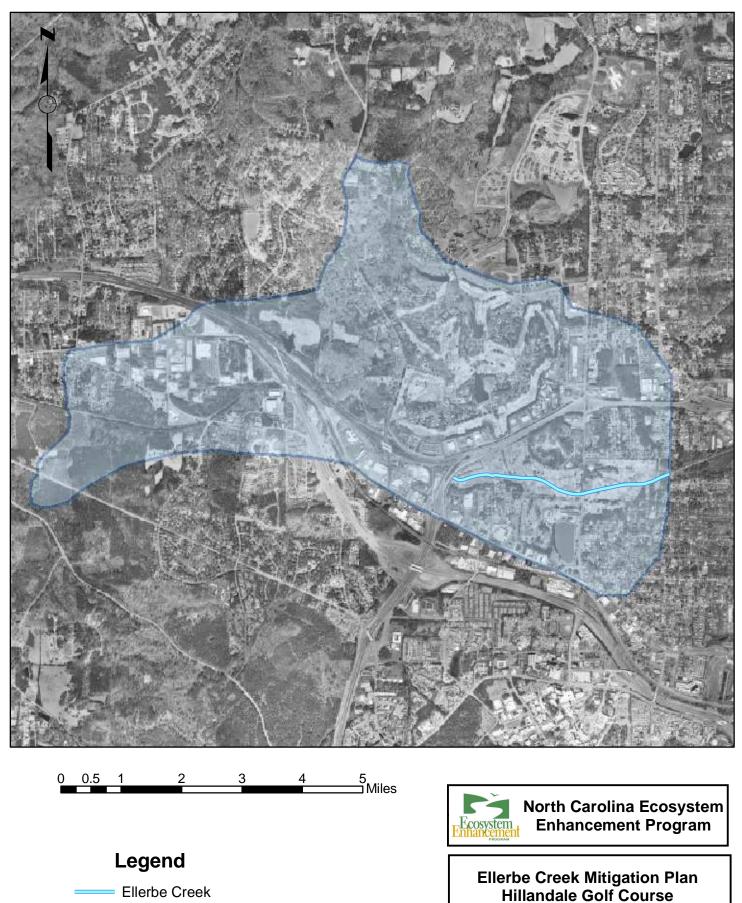
There are numerous site constraints that limited the restored stream's design sinuosity and belt width. These constraints are expected of a large urban stream project located on a golf course. The stream crosses and parallels several golf holes and fairways that are buried near the stream, however, the irrigation lines were not a constraint to the design. The planting plan is complicated by golf fairways crossing the stream, limiting the height of the vegetation that can be planted in these areas.

A large number of utility crossings also affected the design. Approximately eight water lines and five sewer lines, some as large as 34 inches in diameter, cross the stream with easements ranging from 15 to 25 feet on each side of the pipe for a total easement width of 30 to 50 feet. The stream also receives runoff from roughly 14 different stormwater outfalls, some as large as 48 inches. The design was completed taking into account each one of these crossings and outfalls to ensure channel stability after construction. During construction, the City of Durham instructed NCEEP that no construction was to occur within the easement area of the sewer and water lines. Therefore, the design was adjusted in the field during construction to accommodate the City's request. Banks in the immediate area of the water and sewer were stabilized to the greatest extent possible without disturbance to the water and sewer easement area. Measures were taken to stabilize the stormwater outfalls to the stream. Several areas of concentrated flow located through the adjacent fairways were identified as well. Floodplain interceptors were installed at these locations to catch flow from these areas and provide a stable passage to the stream.

The restoration of Ellerbe Creek was divided into four sections, three on Ellerbe Creek, and one on an unnamed tributary (Figure 4).

REACH NAME	EXISTING LENGTH (FT)	DRAINAGE AREA (AC)					
Hillsborough	1,577	1,140					
Hillandale	1,865	1,810					
Croasdaile	788	535					
Albany	1,885	2,150					
Total	6,115	5,635					

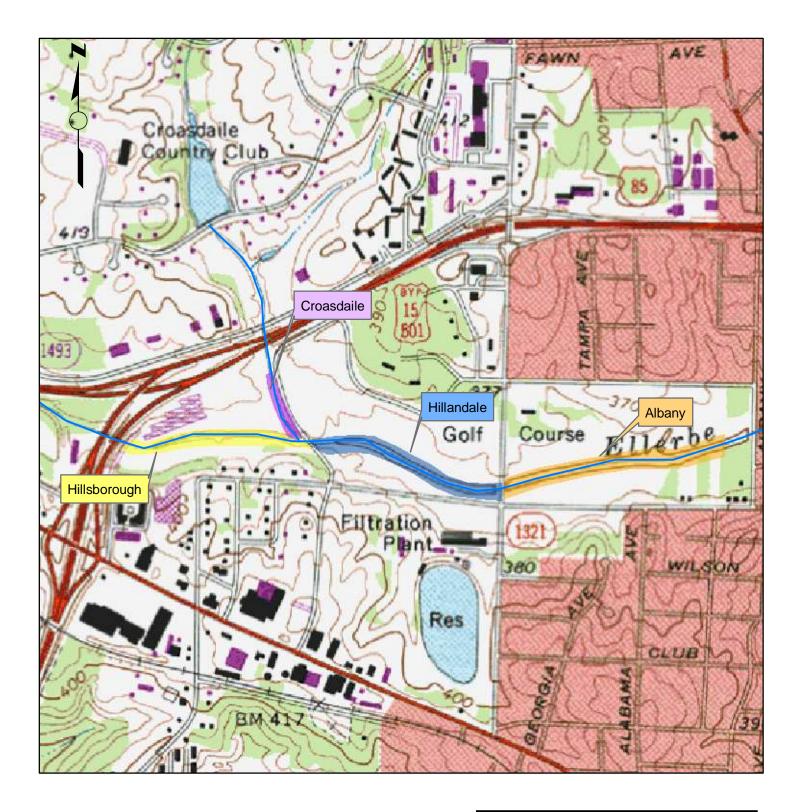
Table 2. Project Sections with Existing Lengths and Drainage Areas



Durham County, North Carolina

Figure 3. Watershed Area

Watershed Area





Ellerbe Creek Mitigation Plan Hillandale Golf Course Durham County, North Carolina

Figure 4. Stream Reaches

Approximately 80% of the land within the watershed consists of impervious areas with commercial lots, industrial lots, parking lots, and roads. The remaining land use consists of forested land and maintained residential areas. The Hillandale Golf Course and Croasdaile Country Club are the two major open areas within the watershed. Current land use within the project area is not expected to change in the future.

For a complete description of the existing conditions prior to construction, see the Ellerbe Creek Stream Restoration Plan designed by Stantec in March 2003.

2.2 METHODOLOGY

Stantec utilized natural channel design while considering watershed and site conditions of the stream to provide the highest level of stability. Information was collected on existing conditions, reference conditions, and proposed conditions for the stream, buffer, and wetland restoration areas. The design was intended to transform the G4/F4 stream to a C channel at its completion. Pattern, dimension, and profile were redesigned to provide the highest level of restoration considering site constraints. The design was developed based upon reference data for the stream type, watershed, and location. The restoration parameters were developed using reference data and hydraulic geometry relationships. The stream design afforded the best available floodplain considering the onsite constraints. City sewer and water easements, golf course fairways, and golf cart bridges limited the ability to provide floodplain in areas of the project. Bankfull benches were established to provide a floodplain access for high flow conditions.

As a guide for taking existing conditions survey, The Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique, US Forest Service General Technical Report RM-245 (Harrelson et al, 1994) and Applied River Morphology (Rosgen, 1996) were used as references to classify the stream and reference reaches. The existing conditions of the surrounding area were first observed and recorded in order to understand what was occurring within the system and why. The field data collected was used to determine width-to-depth ratio, entrenchment ratio, slope, sinuosity, sediment transport analysis, and dominant type of channel material for the existing conditions and reference reaches. This enabled the development of a plan, which focuses on the restoration of the entire system. The plan included the restored channel morphology design, structure design and placement, streambank stabilization measures, and erosion and sediment control plan. Stantec conducted construction management and oversight for the duration of the restoration. SEI Environmental, Inc. completed the construction of the stream. Dewberry and Davis, under contract with SEI, provided the As-Built survey for the project.

Reach	Start of Construction	Completion of Construction
Hillsborough	January 15, 2004	May 19, 2004
Hillandale	March 2, 2004	May 21, 2004
Croasdaile	June 2, 2004	June 11, 2004
Albany	October 11, 2004	December 17, 2004

Table 3. Construction Dates

2.3 PLAN VIEW

Plan sheets are included in Appendix A.

2.4 POINTS OF CONTACT

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Point of Contact – Perry Sugg 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27604 (919) 715-1359 Fax (919) 715-2001 perry.sugg@ncmail.net

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Stantec Consulting, Inc. Point of Contact – Brad Fairley 801 Jones Franklin Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27606 (919) 851-6866 Fax (919) 851-7024 <u>bfairley@stantec.com</u>

Construction Firm:

SEI Environmental Point of Contact – Jackie Utley 130 Penmarc Drive, Suite 108 Raleigh, NC 27603 (919) 832-2535 Fax (919) 832-5914 jutley@sei-environmental.com

3.0 SUCCESS CRITERIA

Environmental components monitored in this project are those that allow an evaluation of channel stability and riparian vegetation survivability. Specifically, the success of channel modification, erosion control, seeding, and woody vegetation plantings will be evaluated. This will be accomplished through the following activities for 5 years after the project is built.

3.1 DIMENSION

Permanent cross sections were established with approximately two riffles and two pools per reach (only one riffle and one pool cross section established for Croasdaile), for a total of 14. Each cross section is marked on both banks with permanent pins set in concrete to establish the exact transect used. A common benchmark is used for cross sections to facilitate easy comparison of year-to-year data. The annual cross section survey includes points measured at all breaks in slope, including top of bank, bankfull, and thalweg. Riffle cross-sections will be classified using the Rosgen stream classification system.

<u>Success Criteria:</u> It is anticipated that there should be little or no change in as-built cross sections. Changes in dimension should be evaluated to determine if there is potential for the stream to move toward an unstable condition. In some cases such variability may represent an increase in stream stability.

3.2 PATTERN AND PROFILE

At the completion of construction, a longitudinal profile was completed as part of the As-Builts. (Appendix E) The longitudinal profile will be completed during each subsequent year of monitoring. The profile included measurements of the water surface elevations, thalweg, bankfull, and top of bank. Measurements were taken beginning at the head of stream features such as riffle, run, glide, and the maximum pool depth. A permanent benchmark was utilized for the survey.

Success Criteria:

The as-built longitudinal profiles should show that the bedform features are remaining stable e.g., they are not aggrading or degrading over the 5-year period. Short term aggradation/degradation may occur depending on the peak annual discharge. The gravel bed pools should remain deep with flat-water surface slopes and the riffles should remain steeper and shallower than the pools. Bedforms observed should be consistent with those observed in "E" and "C" type channels. The pattern should not change and there should be no change in sinuosity. The pool/riffle sequence should also remain consistent.

3.3 BED MATERIAL ANALYSIS

Construction of the stream reaches was staggered over a period of one year (Table 2.) Although no data is available to support the onsite observations, it appears that the bed materials within the up stream reaches are becoming coarser. It is anticipated that bed material within the lower reaches will become coarser. Stantec completed pebble counts of the site within the wetted perimeter at the permanent cross section.

3.4 PHOTO REFERENCE SITES

Photographs were taken during the construction of the project and will be used to evaluate the restoration of Ellerbe Creek over time. Stations for photographs were located at permanent physical features such as golf cart bridges, vanes, or root wads. Stantec will take photographs at the photograph stations with a digital camera each year during monitoring of the site.

Longitudinal Reference Photos: Photographs will be taken looking downstream at specified locations. Reference photos were taken facing downstream. A GPS point was obtained for each photo location. Reference photos were taken at a bridge in the center of the stream or along the left edge of bankfull of the stream. Photo points were located in a manner to provide a complete view of the stream throughout the project.

<u>Lateral Reference Photos:</u> Reference photos were taken at each permanent cross section. Photographs were taken in a manner to show both banks of each cross section. Subsequent photos should be taken in the same location to consistently provide the same view of these sections over time.

<u>Success Criteria:</u> The photograph documentation will be used to provide a visual evaluation of the channel to identify aggradation and degradation, issues with erosion control, and riparian vegetation success. Photos taken overtime will provide an indication of the stages of maturation of the riparian vegetation, the formation of bars within the channel, aggradation along the floodplain, or erosion control issues.

3.5 VEGETATION SURVIVAL PLOTS

Survival of planted vegetation will be evaluated using survival plots and counts. Three vegetation-monitoring plots were established for three of the stream reaches and two plots established on the Croasdaile Reach. A standard quadrat area of 100 square meters will be established. Rebar was driven into the ground to identify the location of the most upstream corner closest to the toe of slope (ie. Vegetation plots on the left bank have a corner pin located at the left toe of slope). Due to the site constraints, the length and width of the plots vary to some degree. Length and width of the plots can be found in Appendix D to identify the other corners of the plots in subsequent years.

All quadrats were permanently established in the field and records of sampling locations will be maintained. All tree species that are expected to form the forest canopy will be inventoried within the quadrat. Shrub species that are expected to exist in the midstory, including streamside livestaking, will be counted.

Evaluation of planted vegetation survival will continue for at least five years. When stakes do not survive, a determination will be made as to the need for replacement; in general, if the mortality rate is greater than 30%, stakes will be replaced.

Success Criteria:

Success of planted vegetation will be measured based upon the survival of 320 stems per acre at the end of 3 years of monitoring. A tolerance of 10% mortality rate will be acceptable for years 4 and 5. The final vegetated success criteria will be survival of 260 trees per acre through year 5. (Stream Monitoring Guidelines, April 2003)

4.0 MONITORING SCHEDULE AND METHODS

Dewberry and Davis conducted the as-built survey and Stantec will conduct the first year survey. Stantec will monitor the site as per the monitoring schedule submitted in the mitigation plan for the first year (2005). The monitoring will include visual assessments of the site once every quarter (3 times) following construction. These assessments are intended to identify any problem areas early, in order to allow for quick remedial measures. At the end of the first year following construction, Stantec will carry out a technical assessment of the site (e.g., detailed surveys, stem counts, photographs, pebble counts) and compile the data.

The stability of the stream channel will be monitored approximately six months after restoration is complete or after bankfull or greater than bankfull events occur. Assessments and measurements taken of the stream channel will focus on lateral (streambank changes), vertical (streambed changes), and overall stability of the stream.

The cross sections will be surveyed each year using a tape and level between the permanent cross section pins. This will include a photo of each cross section taken from the upstream side looking downstream ensuring both banks are visible in the photograph. Pebble counts will be taken within the wetted perimeter of each cross section.

The longitudinal survey will be completed using a Total Station or laser level for the first year and then every two years for a total of 4 times (As-built is completed, then September of 2005, 2007, and 2008).

The restoration site will be inspected after completion of the planting to determine if proper planting methods for spacing, density, and species composition were followed. Vegetation plots will be established and distributed throughout the site. Photo points will be established within each plot and a visual observation will be recorded.

A quantitative sampling of established vegetation plots will be performed in late summer/early fall at the end of the first year of completion and after each growing season for 5 years of monitoring. These samplings are intended to identify any problem areas early, in order to allow for quick remedial measures. Success will be determined based on the survival of planted woody species at the site at the end of a 3 and 5 year period. There should be at least 320 stems per acre through year 3 and 260 per acre through year 5. The 3-year period is through September 2005, and the 5-year period is through September 2008.

Photographs of the site will be each year during monitoring. These photos will include those taken at cross sections and specific longitudinal locations as identified on the plan view (Appendix D). Photos will be taken at the identified locations each year to provide a visual documentation of the restoration throughout the monitoring period.

Stantec will use the compiled data to prepare a monitoring report summarizing the results of the first year of operation. The monitoring report will assess the performance of the project using the success criteria identified in the Mitigation Plan.

5.0 <u>MITIGATION</u>

5.1 MITIGATION PROPOSAL

The following table lists the proposed mitigation available after completing the project.

REACH	AS-BUILT LENGTH/AREA (LF/AC)	CATEGORY
Hillsborough	1663 LF	Restoration
Croasdaile	199 LF	Restoration
	504 LF	Enhancement
Hillandale	1321 LF	Restoration
	618 LF	Enhancement
Albany	1207 LF	Restoration
	391 LF	Enhancement
	376 LF	Preservation
Buffer	17.41 AC	Restoration
Stormwater Wetland	0.15 AC	Creation
Pocket Wetlands	0.23 AC	Creation

Table 4. Proposed Mitigation

5.2 DESIGN SUMMARY

The stream restoration design for Ellerbe Creek was based on natural channel design principals (Rosgen, 1996). The design took into account drainage area, adjacent land use, upstream impoundments, and future development potential. During construction, several unforeseen influences on the design were addressed in the field. The City of Durham mandated after construction began that no construction could occur within the water and sewer easements that were at multiple locations of the site. To accommodate this decision, the floodplain was excavated to the design width, but was narrowed gradually to the width of the existing channel to provide flow through the existing water and sewer easements. Multiple meanders throughout the project were adjusted to provide water with a stable passage through the easement area.

The design proposed the excavation of new meanders for the stream in multiple locations that were outside the existing channel. Bedrock above the proposed streambed elevation was identified in several of these locations, which necessitated infield design refinements of portions of the stream channel. Floodplain was provided to the stream to the greatest extent practicable while maintaining stability.

The stream banks were matted to 5 feet beyond bankfull in each reach. Temporary and permanent seeding was completed once grading was complete.

The design approach for each of the four sections is described in Sections 5.3 through 5.6.

5.3 HILLSBOROUGH REACH

The Hillsborough section is the start of the project and begins downstream of the 15/501 bypass on the Hillandale Golf Course and ends at Croasdaile Road. The section begins downstream of two large culverts for the 15/501 bypass. The drainage area for this reach is 1,140 acres. Design constraints for this section include: four water line crossings, one sewer line crossing, two golf cart crossings, and three storm water outfalls. Some of the utility lines run parallel to the stream.

Natural channel design was used throughout the Hillsborough Reach based upon a Priority 2 restoration approach. Stream pattern, dimension, and profile were changed throughout the reach. Instream structures were used to provide grade control and channel stability throughout the reach. Root wads were used to protect banks within key points of inflection. Bedrock was encountered at several locations with the reach. The meander between 19+23 and 21+41 was lengthened due to bedrock elevations within the proposed stream alignment in the stream design. Stream meander and floodplain was adjusted within the Reach near water and sewer easements to provide as much stability as possible through these restricted areas.

5.4 CROASDAILE REACH

The Croasdaile Reach is the small tributary entering Ellerbe Creek from the north along the upstream section. The drainage area for the tributary is 535 acres. There are several constraints to this section including: one golf cart crossing and three stormwater outfalls. Croasdaile Road and a sewer line run parallel to the entire reach.

A Priority 2 design approach was used within the Croasdaile Reach to establish a new bankfull bench for the stream. Within the proposed alignment from station 10+00 to 15+00, bedrock was encountered at a height above proposed stream elevation. A bankfull bench was excavated according to design plans along the right side of the stream. Excavation along the left bank was restricted because of sanitary sewer easement and the right of way for Croasdaile Road. Stream dimension was changed to reflect the design parameters of the base channel. Bedrock instream limited the ability to install structures within this area. From station 15+00 to the convergence of the Croasdaile Reach with the Hillsborough Reach, pattern, dimension, and profile were constructed according to the construction plans.

5.5 HILLANDALE REACH

The Hillandale section begins downstream of Croasdaile Road and ends at Hillandale Road. The drainage area for this section is 1,810 acres. Design constraints for the Hillandale section include: two water lines that run parallel to the stream, two sewer line crossings, two golf cart crossings, and six stormwater outfalls.

The Hillandale Reach was constructed using natural channel design based upon a Priority 2 restoration approach. Stream pattern, dimension, and profile were changed throughout the reach. Instream structures were used to provide grade control and channel stability throughout the reach. Root wads were used to protect banks within key points of inflection. Stream meander and floodplain was adjusted within the Reach near water and sewer easements to provide as much stability as possible through these restricted areas. Within the proposed alignment from station 40+02 to Hillandale Road,

bedrock was encountered at a height above proposed stream elevation. Pattern, dimension, and profile were altered in this area; however, sinuosity of the stream was reduced to account for bedrock elevations and water pipe easements. Mature trees were left in these areas where possible to provide stability and shade. Bankfull benches were excavated to provide floodplain for the stream throughout the reach.

5.6 ALBANY REACH

The Albany section begins downstream of Hillandale Road and ends upstream of Albany Road. The drainage area for this section is 2,150 acres. This reach has experienced the most alterations and disturbances. This section is constrained by the driving range fence, two water line crossings, two sewer line crossings, three golf cart crossings, and four stormwater outfalls.

Natural channel design was used to construct the Albany Reach based on a Priority 2 restoration approach. Stream pattern, dimension, and profile were changed throughout the reach. Instream structures were used to provide grade control and channel stability. Root wads were used in several locations to protect stream banks. From Station 58+00 to 59+90, stream dimension was widened and a cross vane was installed for grade control and bank stability. Banks were graded to provide a 3:1 slope to the bankfull elevation. From 59+90 to 62+40, several water and sewer easements cross the stream. These easements were too close together to allow for construction in the area. Live stakes were planted within the area to provide greater stability. From 63+33 to the end of project at 65+87, bedrock was identified in the proposed alignment at a higher elevation than the proposed bed elevation. Through this section the dimension and pattern were changed to provide a more stable channel. A bankfull bench was excavated on the left side of the stream. A stable mature vegetated area existed along the right bank near the proposed floodplain elevation. Removal of the vegetation along the right bank would have destabilized the area for planting of less mature vegetation. For this reason, toe protection was provided in several areas along the right bank and was left mostly undisturbed.

5.7 BUFFER RESTORATION DESIGN

The buffer along Ellerbe Creek was restored to meet the Neuse River Buffer Rule requirements within the limits imposed by the golf course as a condition of the project proceedings. A planting plan was developed to meet the buffer requirements and to deal with the constraints and restrictions along the stream imposed by the golf course and utility easements. Where a golf fairway crossed the stream channel, plantings were limited to low growing shrubs. In other areas, the riparian buffer was extended out from the stream narrowing some of the fairway along the golf course.

5.8 STORMWATER WETLAND DESIGN

A stormwater wetland was built between the Hillandale Golf Course number 12-tee box to provide storage and treatment for runoff from the adjacent neighborhood. The stormwater wetland will provide additional habitat features and will improve the quality of stormwater runoff entering Ellerbe Creek.

5.9 POCKET WETLANDS DESIGN

A total of 11 pocket wetlands were created throughout the floodplain of Ellerbe Creek. These shallow pools were created within the wide portions of the floodplain to intercept surface water runoff from the golf course before reaching the stream. The pocket wetlands also provide greater water storage and water quality treatment of flood flows in Ellerbe Creek. They also provide some habitat diversity within the floodplain.

5.10 MITIGATION CREDIT

The mitigation credit proposal will be completed by NCEEP. Stantec has provided a plan view showing all four reaches of stream.

6.0 MAINTENANCE AND CONTINGENCY PLANS

Ellerbe Creek received at least 4 bankfull events during construction. At least two of those events were to the top of terrace. To this point, structures have been functioning as planned. Stantec will monitor the structures within the first year of monitoring to note any adjustments that may be necessary.

Stabilization of the slope from top of terrace to the floodplain has been difficult in several areas of the project due to the adjacent land use. The course fairways are maintained very close to the soil surface that creates sheet flow and concentrated flow patterns into the project. SEI has installed floodplain interceptors and matting with seeding in order to stabilize these areas.

Stantec will assess the condition of the stream, structures, vegetation, and bank stability during the first year of monitoring. The EEP will oversee monitoring for subsequent years to provide 5 years of monitoring.

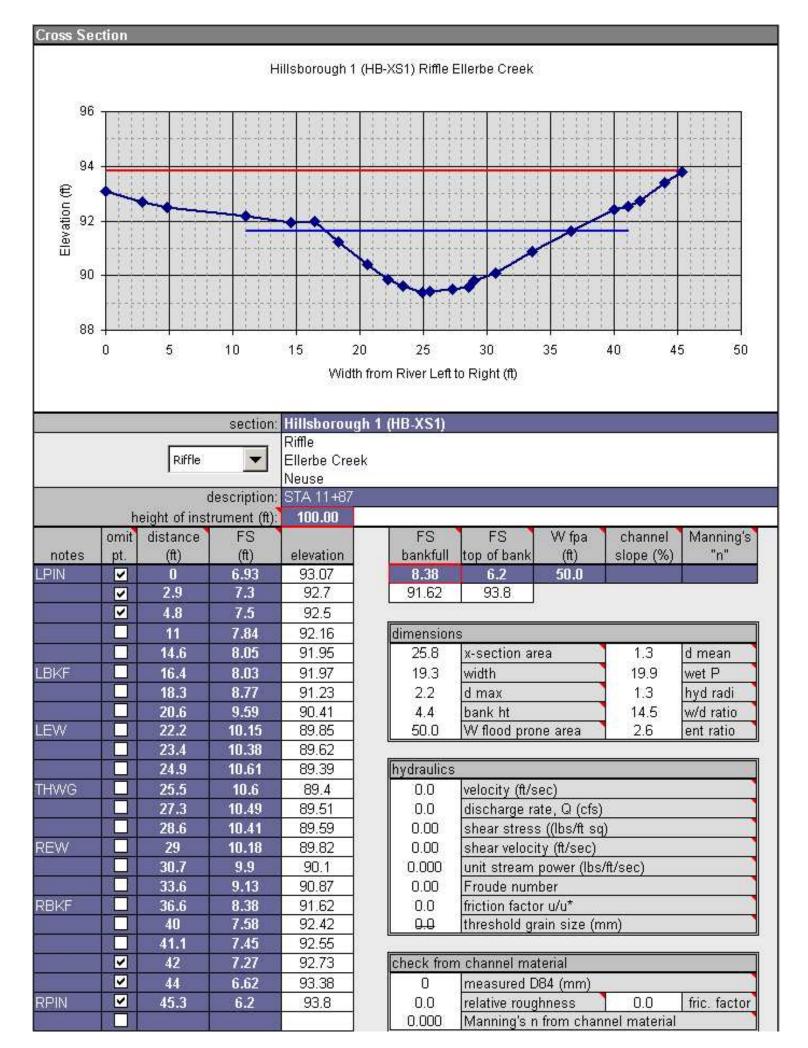
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APPENDICES

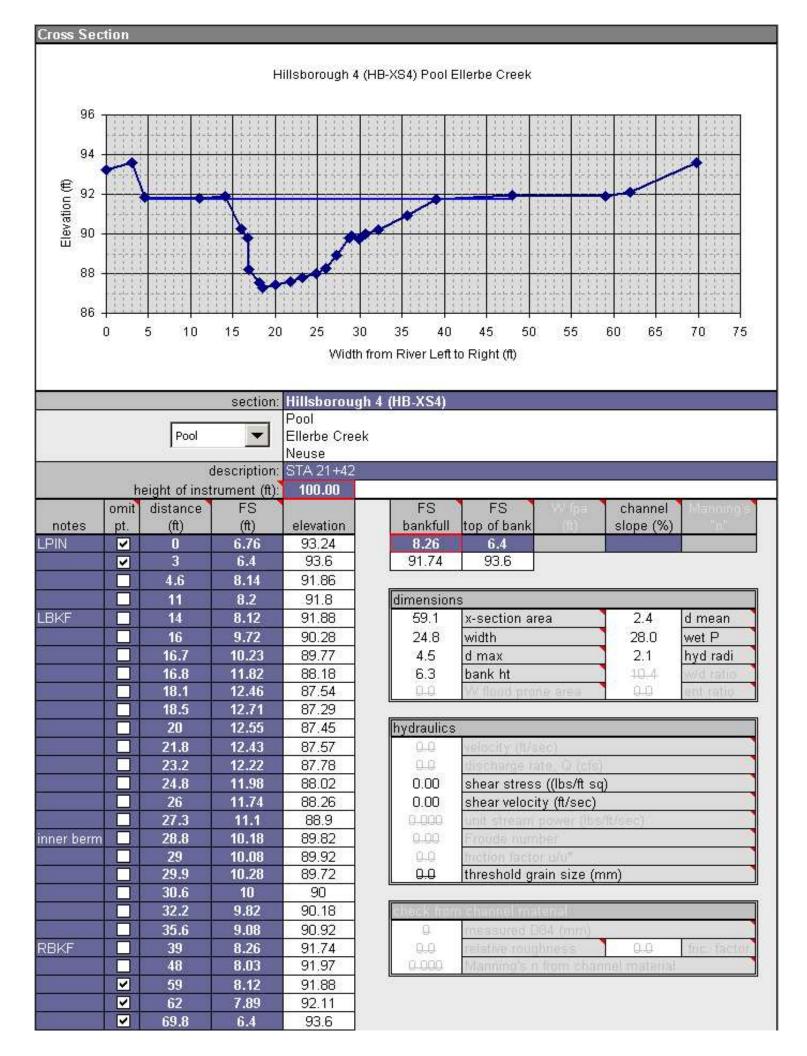
APPENDIX A

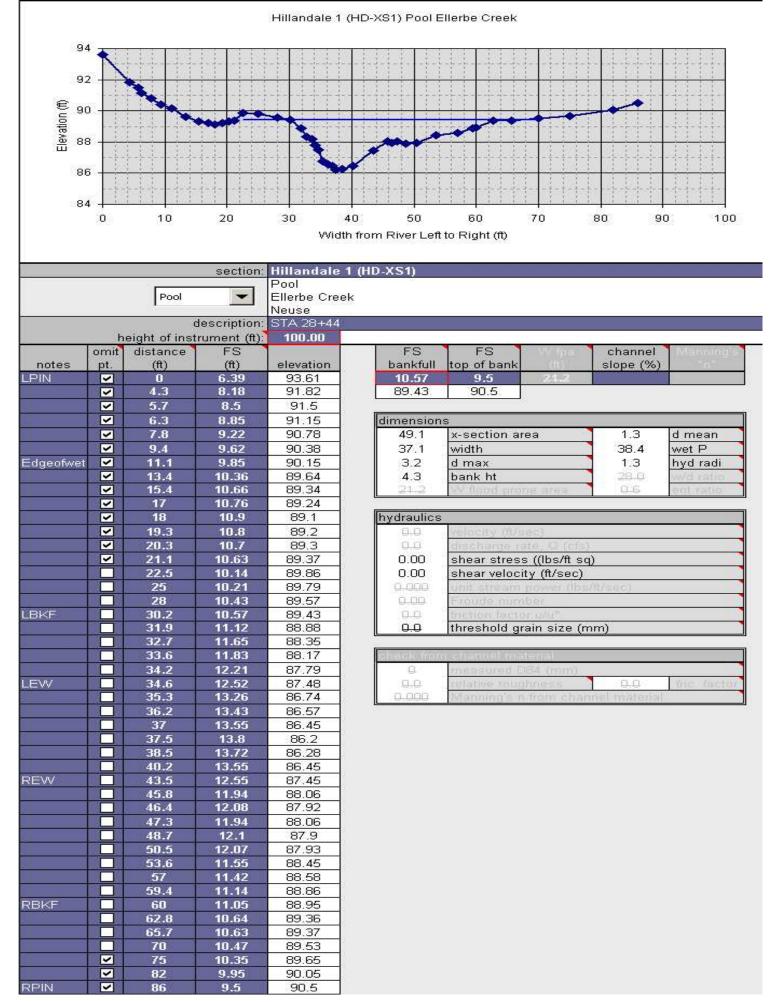
ELLERBE CREEK CROSS SECTION SUMMARY

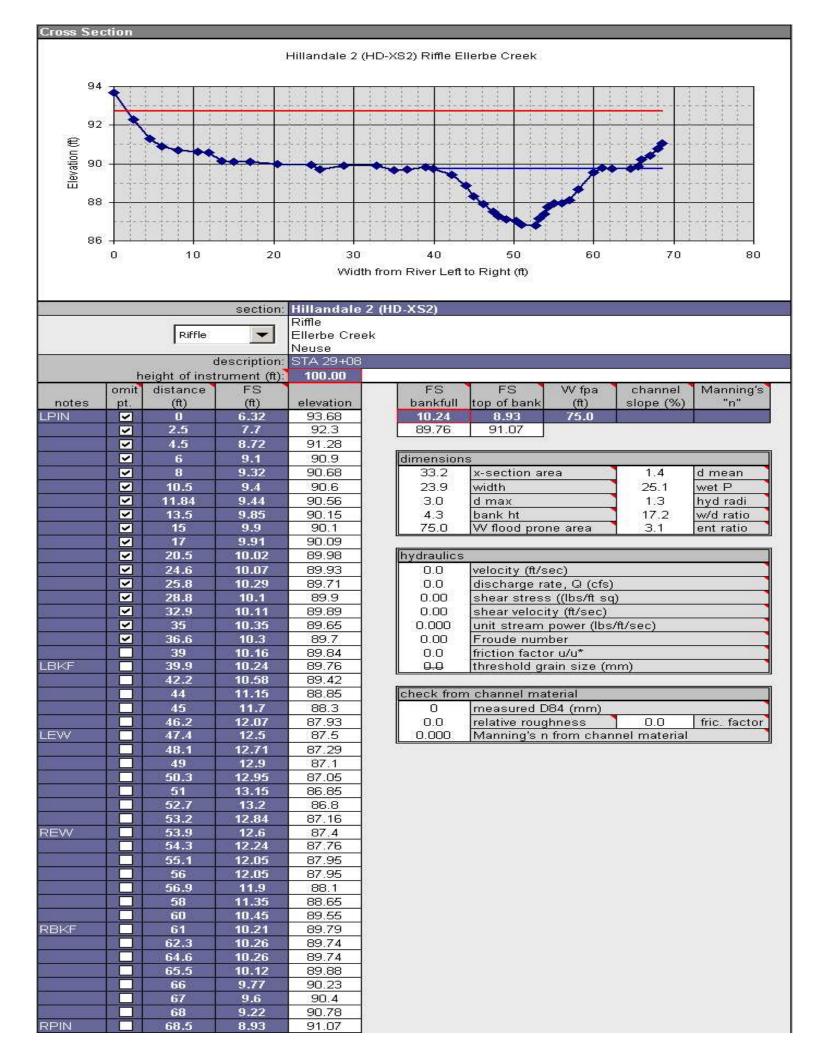


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Pool Pool Ellerbe Creek Neuse description: STA 12+13 (Cross Vane) height of instrument (t): 100.00 motes pt. (t) 0 0 6.3 $=$ A $=$ 0.1 $=$ 7.7 $=$ 0.1 $=$ <th>94 - 94 - 92 - 90 - 88 - 86 - 86 -</th> <th></th> <th>10</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	94 - 94 - 92 - 90 - 88 - 86 - 86 -		10			
Pool Pool Ellerbe Creek Neuse description: STA 12+13 (Cross Vane) height of instrument (t): 100.00 motes pt. (t) 0 0 6.3 $=$ A $=$ 0.1 $=$ 7.7 $=$ 0.1 $=$ <th>14</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	14					
Pod Ellerbe Creek Neuse description STA 12419 (Cross Vane) height of instrument (t) 100.00 notes pt v 0.6.33 v 1.1 v 2.2.8 v 2.3.2 v 2.3.7 v 2.3.7 v 2.3.7 v 2.3.7 v 2.7.72 v 2.7.72 v 2.7.77 v 2.3.9 v 2.7.77 v	-			section:		ugh 2 (HB-XS2)
description: STA 12+19 (Cross Vane) height of instrument (ft): 100.00 The instrument (ft): 100.00 FS FS Colspan="2">Channel Memory of the instrument (ft): Provide the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Provide the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of the instrument (ft): Memory of the instrument (ft): Of t			Pool	-	Ellerbe Cre	eek
omit notes omit pt. (ft) elevation (ft) FS FS operations LPIN 0 6.93 93.07 92.68 93.07 91.9 93.07 V 4 7.27 92.28 91.9 93.07 91.9 93.07 EofWetlan V 7.7 8.05 91.95 54.2 x-section area 3.3 d mean V 13.1 8.06 91.94 21.1 wet P 16.3 width 21.1 wet P V 20 7.72 92.28 57 bank ht 2.6 hyd radi V 20 7.77 92.21 2.6 16.3 width 21.1 wet P LEofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 10.45 88.55 0.00 shear stress ((lbs/ft sq) 0.00 shear voicity (fr/sec) 0.00 shear voicity (fr/sec) 0.00 shear voicity ((description:		9 (Cross Vane)
notes pt (ft) (ft) elevation LPIN ✓ 0 6.93 93.07 ✓ 1.1 7.27 92.73 ✓ 4 7.32 92.68 ✓ 6.1 7.72 92.28 EofWetlan ✓ 7.7 8.05 91.95 EofWetlan ✓ 7.7 8.06 91.94 ✓ 17.9 7.79 92.21 *section area 3.3 d mean ✓ 20 7.72 92.21 *section area 3.3 d mean ✓ 20 7.72 92.23 0.45 9.55 0.0 0.0 ✓ 23.2 7.79 92.21 EofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 LEofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 0.0 Schwith 0.0 Schwith 0.0 33.5 12.11 87.89 0.0 Schwith 0.0 Schwith 0.0 Schwith 0.0 0.00 shear stress ((lbs/ft sq) 0.00 Schear stress ((lbs/ft sq) 0.0 0.0 </th <th></th> <th>ł</th> <th>And and a descent statement of the local division of the local div</th> <th></th> <th>100.00</th> <th></th>		ł	And and a descent statement of the local division of the local div		100.00	
LPIN 0 6.93 93.07 V 1.1 7.27 92.73 V 4 7.32 92.68 V 6.1 7.72 92.28 V 13.1 8.06 91.94 V 13.1 8.06 91.94 V 17.9 7.79 92.21 V 20 7.72 92.28 V 23.2 7.79 92.21 V 23.2 7.79 92.21 V 23.2 7.79 92.23 EofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 Solge of Bt 28 10.23 89.77 30.9 11.23 88.77 33.4 12.11 88.66 33.5 12.11 87.73 36.4 12.52 87.48 36.3 12.58 87.42 39 11.79 88.02 39 11.79 88.02 39 11.78 88.62 0.0 Interstool footicicici 0.0 Intersto		12403207223	 Contraction of the second s			
v 1.1 7.27 92.73 v 4 7.32 92.68 v 6.1 7.72 92.28 v 6.1 7.72 92.28 v 13.1 8.06 91.94 v 17.9 7.79 92.21 v 20 7.72 92.28 v 23.2 7.79 92.21 v 23.2 7.79 92.21 LEofBould 23.9 7.93 92.07 ReoBould 23.9 7.93 92.07 ReoBould 23.9 7.93 92.07 State 30.9 11.23 89.77 33.5 12.11 87.78 33.5 12.11 87.89 33.5 12.11 87.89 33.5 12.11 88.62 33.6 11.34 88.62 33.9 11.79 88.21 34.9 12.27 87.73 33.1.6 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.862 <th></th> <th>a second second second</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>		a second second second				
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Image: Constraint of the section and the secting and the section and the section and the secting and the sectio	-			10.00	Constant of the second s	
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EofWetlan ✓ 13.1 8.06 91.94 ✓ 17.9 7.79 92.21 ✓ 20 7.72 92.28 ✓ 23.2 7.79 92.21 LEofBould 23.2 7.79 92.21 LEofBould 23.2 7.79 92.21 LEofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 Edge of Bt 28 10.23 89.77 Sold 30.9 11.23 88.77 Sold 31.6 11.34 88.66 33.5 12.11 87.89 34.9 12.27 87.42 36.4 12.52 87.42 36.4 12.52 87.42 37.1 11.98 88.02 39 11.79 88.21 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 6.0.5 7.44 92.56 5.1.2 7.33 92.27 53.5 6.62 93.38 <th>EofWetlan</th> <th>Serie Andread Street</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>100000000000000000000000000000000000000</th> <th></th>	EofWetlan	Serie Andread Street			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
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LEofBould 23.9 7.93 92.07 REofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 Edge of Bt 28 10.23 89.77 9 29.3 10.45 89.55 9 30.9 11.23 88.77 9 31.6 11.34 88.66 9 33.5 12.11 87.89 9 36.4 12.52 87.48 9 36.8 12.58 87.42 9 36.8 12.58 87.42 9 37.1 11.98 88.02 9 37.1 11.98 88.02 9 39 11.79 88.3 9 41.1 11.56 88.44 9 41.9 11.38 88.62 8 41.9 11.38 88.62 9 47.3 7.65 92.35 9 51.2 7.33 92.67 9 53.5 6.62 93.38		the second se				
REofBould 27.5 7.77 92.23 Edge of Bit 28 10.23 89.77 29.3 10.45 89.55 30.9 11.23 88.77 31.6 11.34 88.66 33.5 12.11 87.89 34.9 12.27 87.73 36.4 12.52 87.48 36.4 12.52 87.48 36.8 12.58 87.42 37.1 11.98 88.02 39 11.79 88.21 40.2 11.7 88.3 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 45.5 7.8 92.25 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38		Contraction and Contraction of Contr	the second second	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.05 100 1000 110	0-0 WY flood prone area 0-0 ent ratio
Edge of Bt 28 10.23 89.77 29.3 10.45 89.55 30.9 11.23 88.77 31.6 11.34 88.66 33.5 12.11 87.89 36.4 12.27 87.73 36.4 12.52 87.42 37.1 11.98 88.02 39 11.79 88.21 40.2 11.7 88.3 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.3 8.1 91.9 REOB 45.5 7.8 92.2 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38		200000-000		and the second s		bydroulice
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34.9 12.27 87.73 36.4 12.52 87.48 36.8 12.58 87.42 37.1 11.98 88.02 39 11.79 88.21 40.2 11.7 88.3 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 45.5 7.8 92.2 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38			31.6	11.34	88.66	0.00 shear velocity (ft/sec)
36.4 12.52 87.48 36.8 12.58 87.42 37.1 11.98 88.02 39 11.79 88.3 40.2 11.7 88.3 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 45.5 7.8 92.2 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38	-					
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39 11.79 88.21 40.2 11.7 88.3 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38						e.e Innesnolo grain size (mm)
40.2 11.7 88.3 41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38		H				Check from chattinel material
41 11.56 88.44 41.9 11.38 88.62 Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38	1			- Interesting the second secon		
Bottom ed 42.9 11.14 88.86 LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 45.5 7.8 92.2 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38			41	11.56	88.44	9.0 relative roughness 0.0 fric factor
LEOB 43.9 8.1 91.9 REOB 45.5 7.8 92.2 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38						0.000 Manning's n from channel material
REOB 45.5 7.8 92.2 47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38						
47.3 7.65 92.35 50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38						-
50.5 7.44 92.56 51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38	REOB					-
51.2 7.33 92.67 53.5 6.62 93.38	2					
53.5 6.62 93.38						
	RPIN			6.25	93.75	

Cross Sec	tion				
			н	illsborough 3	3 (HB-XS3) Riffle Ellerbe Creek
96					
90					
8	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u></u>
94					
€		N			
Elevation (f)					
evat	-				
Ē					
90 -					
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
88					
20404-415	0	10	20	30	40 50 60 70 80
		10	20		th from River Left to Right (ft)
				VIII	ar nom Kiver Leicto Kight (i)
			section:		gh 3 (HB-XS3)
		-		Riffle	-12
		Riffle		Ellerbe Cre Neuse	BK .
			description:	STA 20+96	
	h	eight of inst		100.00	
Ť.	omit	distance	FS	-	FS FS W fpa channel Manning's
notes	pt.	(ft)	(ft)	elevation	bankfull top of bank (ft) slope (%) "n"
LPIN	K	0	5.06	94.94	8.38 6.68 85.0
		3	6.09	93.91	91.62 93.32
1		6	7.33	92.67	
Desker		7.9	7.88	92.12	dimensions
Pocket	N	11.7 14.6	8.21 8.32	91.79	37.7 x-section area 1.7 d mean 21.9 width 23.2 wet P
Mid Pocke RedgeofPc		14.0	8.15	91.68 91.85	3.1 d max 1.6 hyd radi
i veugeon c		21.2	8.22	91.78	4.8 bank ht 12.7 w/d ratio
LBKF		23	8.38	91.62	85.0 W flood prone area 3.9 ent ratio
1		25	8.9	91.1	
Ĵ		26.7	9.58	90.42	hydraulics
2		27.3	9.75	90.25	0.0 velocity (ft/sec)
		29.4	10.55	89.45	0.0 discharge rate, Q (cfs)
LEW		31	11.5	88.5	0.00 shear stress ((lbs/ft sq)
		31.3 31.9	11.24 11.34	88.76 88.66	0.00 shear velocity (ft/sec) 0.000 unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec)
		31.9	11.34	88.62	0.00 Froude number
1		33.9	11.48	88.52	0.0 friction factor u/u*
		34.9	11.4	88.6	0.0 threshold grain size (mm)
		35.6	11.4	88.6	
REW		35.9	11.09	88.91	check from channel material
		36.3	10.85	89.15	0 measured D84 (mm)
-		38.2	10.5	89.5	0.0 relative roughness 0.0 fric. factor
		41.3	9.46	90.54	0.000 Manning's n from channel material
RBKF		45.6	8.18	91.82	
2		51 57	8.12 8.05	91.88 91.95	
		57 65	8.05	91.95	
	•	70	7.99	91.96	
		72	7.58	92.42	
RPIN		75.5	6.68	93.32	
				•	

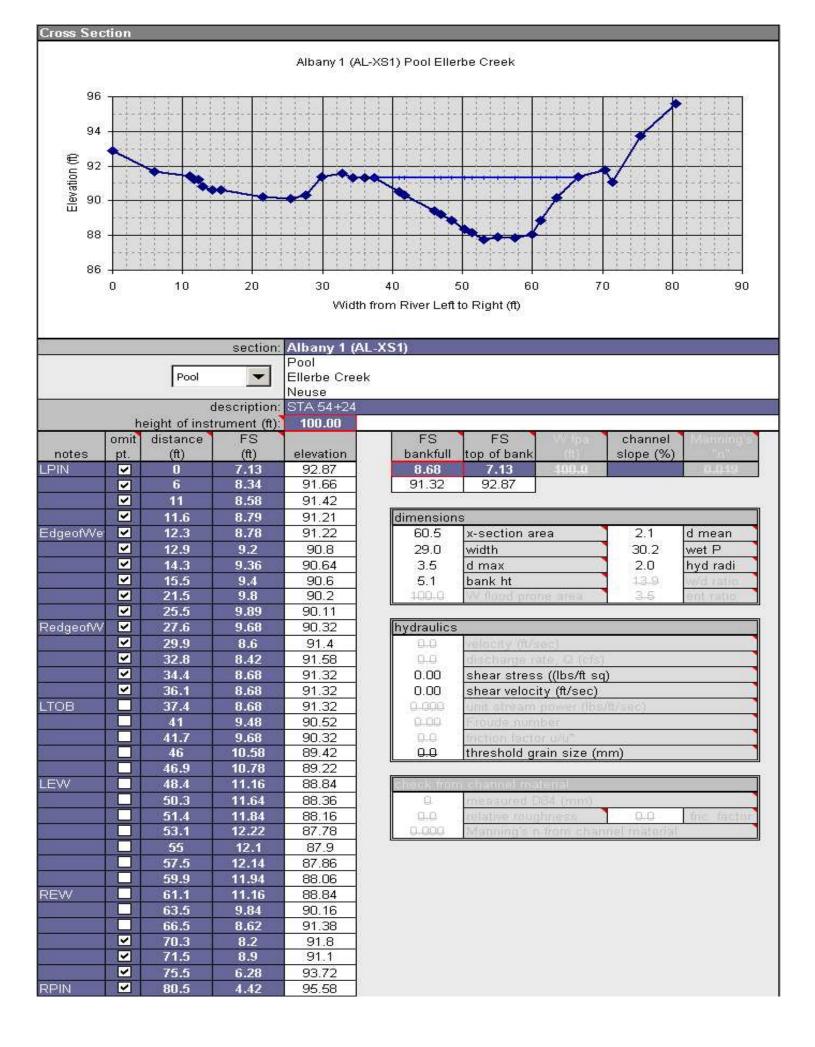




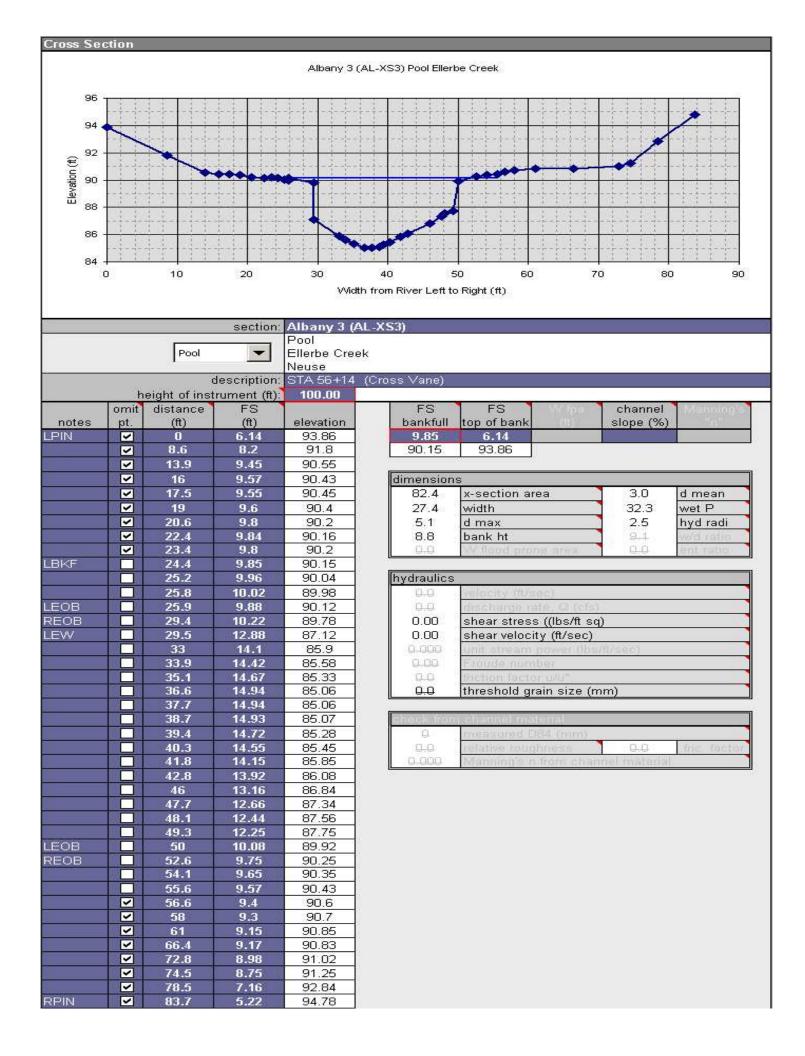


Cross Section							
Hillandale 3 (HD-XS3) Pool Ellerbe Creek							
				Fillianuale J	(10-703)1 001 21	IICIDE CIEEK	
94							
			Lilli.				
92							
€ 90					TEL FILE		
tion	1 1						
66 (j) 88 Elevation	11						
	13	LL LL.	LILL	Litt. 1	A LEAD	LEL ZELE.	1.6.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
86							
	11	11.1.1.					
84							
	0	10	20 3	0 40	50 60) 70 80	90 100 110
				Wid	th from River Left	to Right (ft)	
						5 N	
			.+-		0.410.1100		
			section:	Hillandale Pool	3 (HD-XS3)		
		Pool	-	Ellerbe Cre	iek		
		1		Neuse			
		(description:	STA 34+48	1		
	_	eight of inst		100.00			
	omit	distance	FS		FS	FS FS	channel Manning S
notes	pt.	(ft)	(ft)	elevation	bankfull	top of bank	slope (%)
LPIN/Bend	<	0 5	6.78 8.06	93.22 91.94	11.06 88.94	7.1 92.9	
-	 Image: Second sec	13	9.56	90.44	00.34	32.5	
		22	10.14	89.86	dimension	c] [*]
2		33	10.88	89.12	89.1	x-section area	2.2 d mean
1		34	10.94	89.06	40.4	width	41.7 wet P
LBKF		35	11.06	88.94	4.2	d max	2.1 hyd radi
-		38	11.29	88.71	8.2	bank ht	18.3 w/d ratio
		40.5	11.58	88.42	0.0	Wy flood prone area	0.0 ent ratio
-		42	11.84	88.16			
-	100-10	45	12.4	87.6	hydraulics		
8		48.3 49.6	12.86 13.1	87.14 86.9	0.0	Velocity (fl/sec) discharge rate, Q (cfs	
-		52.9	13.44	86.56	0.00	shear stress ((lbs/ft s	
1		54.4	13.58	86.42	0.00	shear velocity (ft/sec)	<u> </u>
LEW		55	13.84	86.16	0.000	unit stream power (lbs	
		56.9	14.34	85.66	0.00	Froude number	
1		58.5	14.6	85.4	0.0	friction factor u/u*	
-	13-10	60	14.6	85.4	0.0	threshold grain size (r	nm)]
3		62.5 65	15.28	84.72		- Serie (Second all and second all	
		67	15.23 15.02	84.77 84.98	0	n chatinel material	
3		68.7	13.02	85.44		measured D64 (mm) relative roughness	0.0 fric factor
REW		70.2	13.95	86.05	0.000	Manning's n from chai	
		71	13.56	86.44			
EofRock		74	11.76	88.24			
RBKF		75.6	10.94	89.06	-		
8		76.7	10.76	89.24	4		
		86	10.64	89.36			
-	>	91 94.5	10.42	89.58	-11		
RPIN	>	94.5 101.5	9.33 7.1	90.67 92.9	-		
TXT-11M		101.3		52.5			

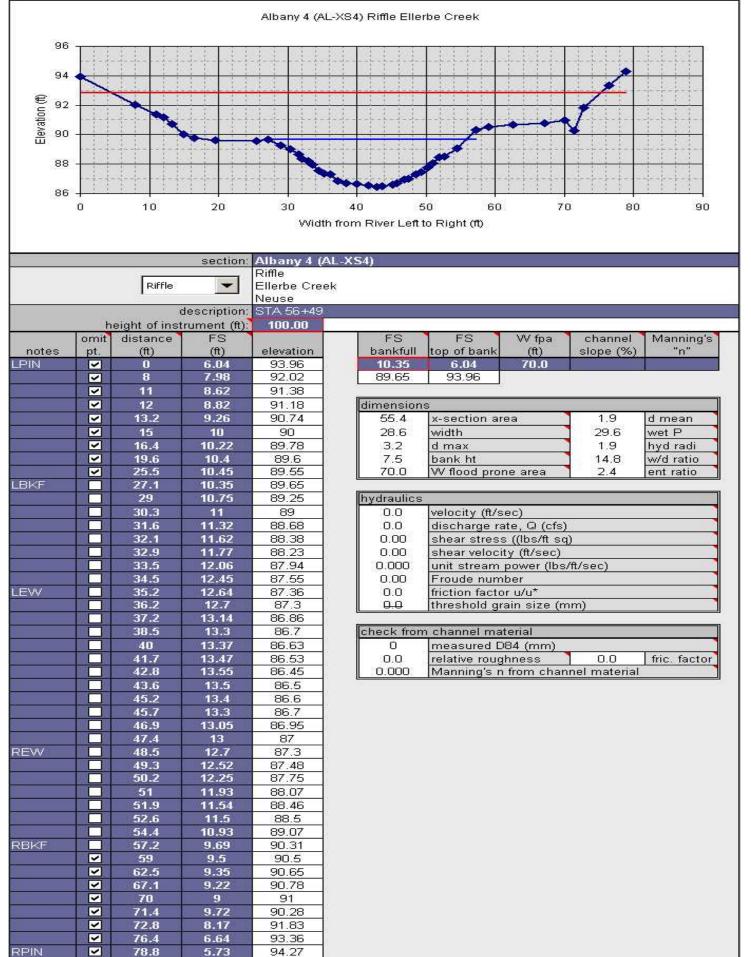
Cross Section										
Hillandale 4 (HD-XS4) Riffle Ellerbe Creek										
Hillandale 4 (HD-XS4) Riffle Ellerbe Creek										
94					-					
	11				4.4.4.					
92					10					
20094	-								1	
€ 90	11		1333 1		1 1					
66 (f) 88 88		i de part de la	LUCIA H	in his	1	بالمشاعلية	4-14-14		A. A	
<u>a</u> 88					111				1	
ι - C									T	
86										
		****	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	4-4-4-						
84	1.1		1111		1 1		1 1111			1111
	0	10 2	20 30	40	50	60	70 80	90	100 1	10 120
				Widt	th from	n River Left t	o Right (ft)			
							88 - 89			
e.,			section:	Hillandale	4 (HD	YS4)				
	_	- C.	Section.	Riffle	4 (116	1-134)				
		Riffle	-	Ellerbe Cre	ek					
-		- Contraction		Neuse	eser.					
				STA 34+92						
	_	eight of inst	the second se	100.00		-				
notoo	omit	distance	FS (ft)	alouation		FS bankfull	FS top of book	W fpa	channel	Manning's "n"
notes LPIN	pt.	(ft) 0	(iii) 8.33	elevation 91.67		11.38	top of bank 8.48	(ft) 100.0	slope (%)	n
LI IN		10	9.45	90.55		88.62	91.52	10.0.0		8
1		17	10.16	89.84	8 d	200.00.0000 2				
1		23	10.24	89.76		dimensions	3			
LTOB/LBk		26.3	10.28	89.72		62.7	x-section ar	rea 📄	1.8	d mean 💦
1		29	10.96	89.04		34.7	width		35.6	wet P
4		30.9	11.34	88.66		3.2	d max		1.8	hyd radi 🔡
3		32.3	12	88	8	6.1	bank ht		19.2	w/d ratio
3		33.1	12.26	87.74 87.52		100.0	W flood pro	ne area	2.9	ent ratio
3		33.7 36.6	12.48 13.28	86.72	្រា	hydraulics				
-		38.1	13.82	86.18		0.0	velocity (ft/s	ec)		
LEW		39.1	13.94	86.06	<i>6</i>	0.0	discharge ra		Ş.	
		40.7	14.24	85.76	ą.	0.00	shear stres			
-		42.5	14.4	85.6		0.00	shear veloci		3	
2		45	14.6	85.4	6	0.000	unit stream		/ft/sec)	
		47.3	14.14	85.86	3	0.00	Froude num			
-		49.3	14.2	85.8	1	0.0	friction facto	and the second s		
4		50.9 52.8	13.76 13.5	86.24 86.5		0.0	threshold gr	ain size (m	im)	
8		53.2	13.5	86.87	1	check from	i channel ma	terial		
		56.9	12.82	87.18	3		measured E			
Ċ.		62	11.91	88:09	i.	0.0	relative roug		0.0	fric. factor
1		65.7	11.38	88.62		0.000	Manning's r			
	~	81	11.1	88.9	Ľ					
1	~	95	13.94	86.06						
		100	10.26	89.74						
RPIN	17.8 - H	105	8.48	91.52						

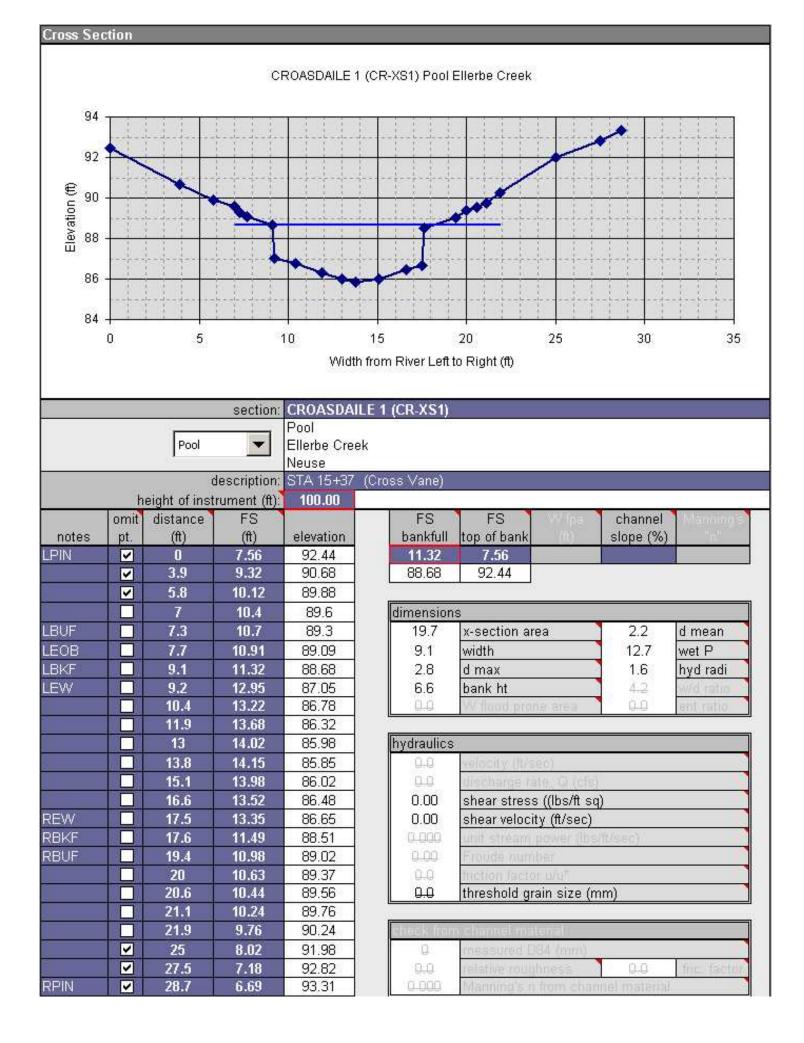


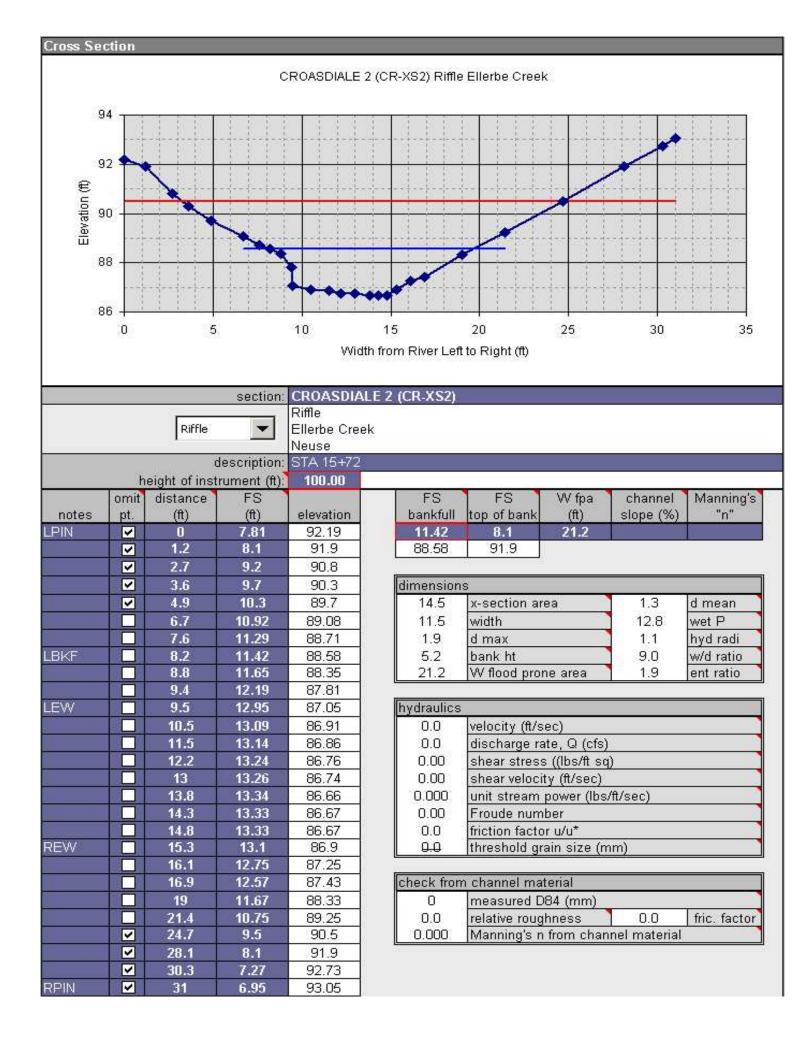
Cross Section							
Albany 2 (AL-XS2) Riffle Ellerbe Creek							
98							
2012-010							
96							
€ 94							
€ 94 utpo 92 81				1 .			
Ξ ₉₀							
88	1 1 1 1 1 1						
86							
	0	10	20	30	40 50 60 70 80 90		
				Wid	th from River Left to Right (ft)		
42.			section:	Albany 2 (AL-XS2)		
-				Riffle			
		Riffle	-	Ellerbe Cre	ek		
3	_			Neuse			
	321		1	STA 54+76	(Vane)		
		eight of inst	rument (ft): FS	100.00	FS FS W fpa channel Manning's		
notes	omit pt.	distance (ft)	гъ (ft)	elevation	FS FS VV fpa channel Manning's bankfull top of bank (ft) slope (%) "n"		
LPIN		0	6.94	93.06	8.6 4.71 100.0		
L. 114		5.5	7.76	92.24	91.4 95.29		
7		7.8	8.26	91.74			
LEdgeofW	100-40	14.6	8.46	91.54	dimensions		
		16.9	9	91	68.4 x-section area 2.5 d mean		
		20	9.24	90.76	27.0 width 30.7 wet P		
		24.5	9.18	90.82	4.8 d max 2.2 hyd radi		
J		27	8.54	91.46	8.7 bank ht 10.7 w/d ratio		
		32.5	8.52	91.48	100.0 W flood prone area 3.7 ent ratio		
LBKF		35.3	8.6	91.4			
Į.		36.2	8.92	91.08	hydraulics		
2	53 <mark>-</mark> 44	37.2	9.08	90.92	0.0 velocity (ft/sec)		
-		37.9	9	91	0.0 discharge rate, Q (cfs)		
		40.5	9.64	90.36	0.00 shear stress ((lbs/ft sq)		
-		42.2	9.6 10.34	90.4	0.00 shear velocity (ft/sec) 0.000 unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec)		
		43.5 44.5	10.34	89.66 89.54	0.00 Froude number		
1		46.5	10.40	89.11	0.0 friction factor u/u*		
		47	11.16	88.84	0.0 threshold grain size (mm)		
ļ		48	11.36	88.64			
		48.9	11.6	88.4	check from channel material		
		49.9	11.98	88.02	0 measured D84 (mm)		
		50.4	12.19	87.81	0.0 relative roughness 0.0 fric. factor		
2		52	12.52	87.48	0.000 Manning's n from channel material		
		52.3 55	13.4 13.3	86.6 86.7			
		55 57	13.3	86.7			
		57 60.5	12.52	88.51			
REW		61.7	11.45	88.74			
LEdgeofBc		62.4	8.24	91.76			
REdgeofBo		62.7	8.43	91.57			
and the second second		75.1	7.62	92.38			
		81	5.78	94.22			
RPIN		84.2	4.71	95.29			





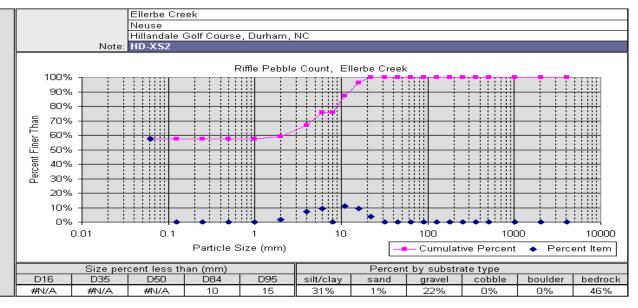






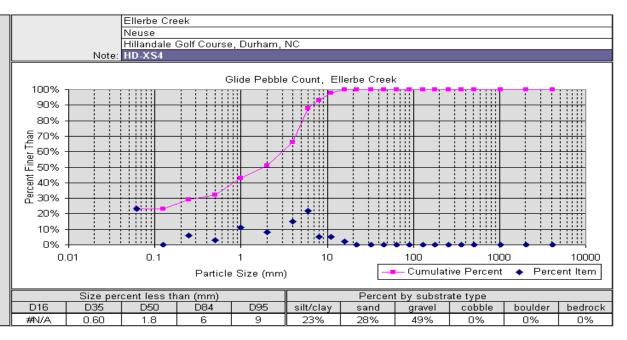
Material	Size Range	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	eek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	24			Neuse								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13				Hillandale	Golf Course	, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25	3		Note:	HD-XS1								
medium sand	0.25	0.5	29											
coarse sand	0.5	1	1					Pool Pebbl	e Count, El	llerbe Creel	<			
very coarse sand	1	2	5	100% -										
very fine gravel	2	4	11	90% -										
fine gravel	4	6	21	80% -					: :/::::				: : :	
fine gravel	6	8		80%					<u>, </u>					
medium gravel	8	11	4			+ + + + + + + +		11 1 /		- : : : :				
medium gravel	11	16	2	- Ē 60% ·										
coarse gravel	16	22		e										
coarse gravel	22	32												
very coarse gravel	32	45		5 40% ·			/							
very coarse gravel	45	64		8			/ / ! ! !							
small cobble	64	90		ළී 30% ·										
medium cobble		128		20% -			+ + + + + + +		<u> </u>	- + + + + +	++++			
large cobble		180		10% -										
very large cobble		256												
small boulder	256	362		0% -		• • • • • •	🗣	- 1 - E	· · · · · · •	* • • •	* * * *	• • • • • • • • • • •	▶ - 	• • • • •
small boulder	362	512		0.	01	0.1		1	10		100	10	00	10000
medium boulder	512	1024					Particle Si:	ze (mm)		-	Cumul	lative Perce	nt 🔶 Pe	rcent Item
large boulder	1024	2048								L				
very large boulder	2048	4096				rcent less th	nan (mm)			Percen	t by substr	ate type		
bedrock				D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Part	icle Count:	100	#N/A	0.30	0.4	5	9	24%	38%	38%	0%	0%	0%

Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count
silt/clay	0	0.062	31
very fine sand	0.062	0.13	
fine sand	0.13	0.25	
medium sand	0.25	0.5	
coarse sand	0.5	1	
very coarse sand	1	2	1
very fine gravel	2	4	4
fine gravel	4	6	5
fine gravel	6	8	
medium gravel	8	11	6
medium gravel	11	16	5
coarse gravel		22	2
coarse gravel	22	32	
very coarse gravel	32	45	
very coarse gravel		64	
small cobble		90	
medium cobble		128	
large cobble		180	
very large cobble		256	
small boulder		362	
small boulder		512	
medium boulder		1024	
large boulder	1024	2048	
very large boulder	2048	4096	
bedrock			46
	Total Par	ticle Count:	100



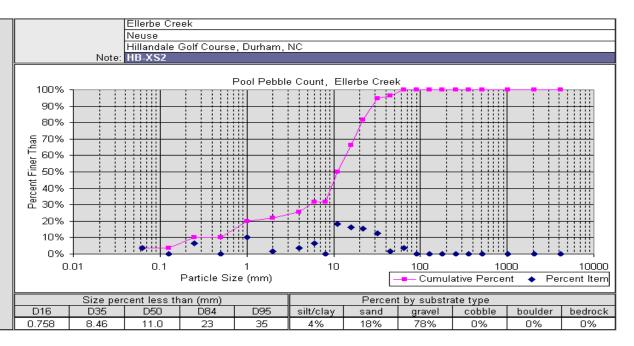
silt/clay 0 0.062 14 very fine sand 0.062 0.13
fine sand 0.13 0.25 7 medium sand 0.25 0.5 14 coarse sand 0.5 1 3 very coarse sand 1 2 11 very fine gravel 2 4 17 fine gravel 6 8 80%
medium sand coarse sand 0.25 0.5 14 coarse sand 0.5 1 3 very coarse sand 1 2 11 very fine gravel 2 4 17 fine gravel 4 6 8 fine gravel 6 8
coarse sand 0.5 1 3 very coarse sand 1 2 11 very fine gravel 2 4 17 fine gravel 4 6 8 fine gravel 6 8
very coarse sand 1 2 11 very fine gravel 2 4 17 fine gravel 4 6 8 fine gravel 6 8
very fine gravel 2 4 17 fine gravel 4 6 8 fine gravel 6 8 80% 90% 90%
very fine gravel 2 4 17 fine gravel 4 6 8 fine gravel 6 8 80% 90% 90%
fine gravel 4 6 8 80% 80%
fine gravel 6 8 80% + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
medium gravel 11 16 4 E
coarse gravel 16 22 2 $\boxed{60\%}$
very coarse gravel 32 45 1 5 40%
very coarse gravel 45 64 3 B 2000
medium cobble 90 128 20% 20%
large cobble 128 180
very large cobble 180 256
small boulder 256 362 0% + • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
small boulder 362 512 0.01 0.1 1 10 100 1000 100
medium boulder 512 1024 Particle Size (mm) Cumulative Percent
large boulder 1024 2048
very large boulder 2048 4096 Size percent less than (mm) Percent by substrate type
bedrock 10 D16 D35 D50 D84 D95 silt/clay sand gravel cobble boulder bedr
Total Particle Count: 103 0.136 0.44 1.7 10 30 14% 34% 43% 0% 0% 10

Material	Size Rang		Count
silt/clay	0	0.062	23
very fine sand	0.062	0.13	
fine sand	0.13	0.25	6
medium sand	0.25	0.5	3
coarse sand	0.5	1	11
very coarse sand		2	8
very fine gravel	2	4	15
fine gravel	4	6	22
fine gravel		8	5
medium gravel		11	22 5 5 2
medium gravel		16	2
coarse gravel		22	
coarse gravel	22	32	
very coarse gravel		45	
very coarse gravel		64	
small cobble	64	90	
medium cobble		128	
large cobble		180	
very large cobble		256	
small boulder		362	
small boulder		512	
medium boulder		1024	
large boulder	1024	2048	
very large boulder	2048	4096	
bedrock			
	Total Part	icle Count:	100



Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	ek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	4			Neuse								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13				Hillandale (Golf Course	e, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25	2		Note:	HB-XS1								
medium sand	0.25	0.5												
coarse sand	0.5	1					F	Riffle Pebble	Count, El	lerbe Cr	eek			
very coarse sand	1	2	10	100%	1 : :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		::: :	: : : : : : : : :	: :	::::: <mark>:</mark> /	• : • : • : : : : •		: : : : :
very fine gravel	2	4	6	90%			<u> </u>							
fine gravel	4	6	11	80%										1 1 1 1 1
fine gravel	6	8	3											
medium gravel	8	11	13	[+ + +		+ + + + + +	+++ +		-7			-+++	
medium gravel	11	16	15	Ē 60%				111 1	: : : : : : :	<u>/</u>				
coarse gravel	16	22	11	2						/ E E				1 1 1 1 1
coarse gravel	22	32	7	i昰 50%				111 1						1 1 1 1 1
very coarse gravel	32	45	2	40% 	+ + + +			+++ +	<u> </u>		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			
very coarse gravel	45	64	10	Å 30%					* *					
small cobble		90	6											
medium cobble	90	128	2	20%										<u></u>
large cobble		180	1	10%					: : : 🔺 : : 🏲	•	1 1 X 11 1			<u> </u>
very large cobble		256		0%		•			•					
small boulder	256	362						4	'		499	400		40000
small boulder	362	512		U	.01	0.1		Т	10		100	100	U	10000
medium boulder	512	1024					Particle S	Size (mm)				tive Percent	🔶 Perc	ent Item
large boulder	1024	2048												
very large boulder	2048	4096				rcent less th				Perc	cent by substr	ate type		
bedrock				D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	l gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Part	icle Count:	103	2.114	8.01	11.7	49	80	4%	12%	76%	9%	0%	0%

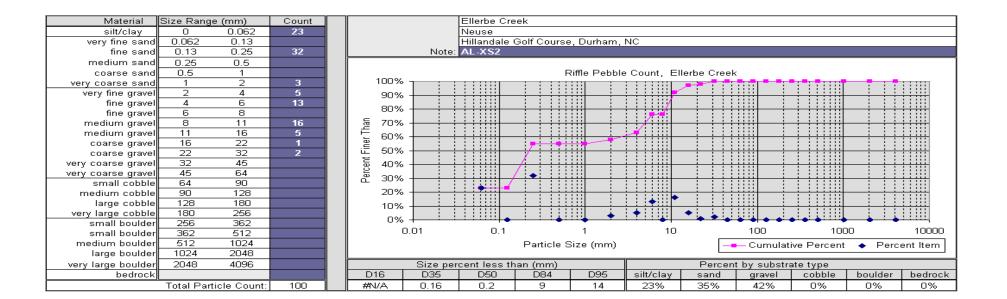
Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count
silt/clay	0	0.062	4
very fine sand		0.13	
fine sand	0.13	0.25	7
medium sand	0.25	0.5	
coarse sand	0.5	1	11
very coarse sand	1	2	2
very fine gravel	2	4	4
fine gravel	4	6	7
fine gravel	6	8	
medium gravel	8	11	20
medium gravel	11	16	18
coarse gravel	16	22	17
coarse gravel	22	32	14
very coarse gravel	32	45	2
very coarse gravel	45	64	4
small cobble	64	90	
medium cobble	90	128	
large cobble	128	180	
very large cobble	180	256	
small boulder	256	362	
small boulder		512	
medium boulder	512	1024	
large boulder	1024	2048	
very large boulder	2048	4096	
bedrock			
	Total Part	ticle Count:	110



Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	ek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	33			Neuse								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13				Hillandale (Golf Course	, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25			Note:	HB-XS3		· ·						
medium sand	0.25	0.5												
coarse sand	0.5	1					1	Run Pebble	Count, Ell	erbe Cree	k			
very coarse sand	1	2		100%										
very fine gravel	2	4				•			- • ·•·•				- T I T	
fine gravel	4	6		90%										
fine gravel	6	8		80%	+ + +		+ + + + + +							+ + + + + +
medium gravel	8	11	2	₩ 70%										
medium gravel	11	16												
coarse gravel		22		L 60%										
coarse gravel	22	32		道 50%			+ + + + + +							
very coarse gravel	32	45		te 40% 20 a 30%										
very coarse gravel	45	64		8 2004										
small cobble	64	90												
medium cobble		128		20%	+ + +	+ + + + + + + +	+ + + + + +			- : : : :	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	- : : : : : : 	- : : :	+ + + + + +
large cobble		180		10%		1 1 1 1 1 1	+ + + + + +							
very large cobble		256							•					
small boulder		362		0%									••••	40000
small boulder	362	512			.01	0.1		1	10	_	100	100		10000
medium boulder		1024					Particle	Size (mm)		-	🗕 Cumula	tive Percent	🔶 Perc	cent Item
large boulder		2048												
very large boulder	2048	4096				rcent less th					nt by substr			-
bedrock			65	D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Par	ticle Count:	100	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	8	33%	0%	2%	0%	0%	65%

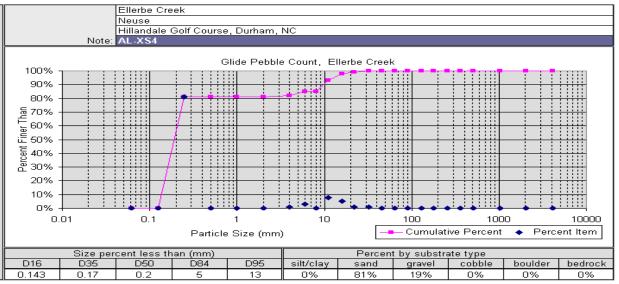
Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	ek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	12			Neuse								-
very fine sand	0.062	0.13				Hillandale (Golf Course	, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25	11		Note:	HB-XS4								
medium sand	0.25	0.5												
coarse sand	0.5	1	13				G	lide Pebbl	e Count, El	lerbe Cree	k			
very coarse sand	1	2	4	100% -	1 : :		: : : : : :							::::
very fine gravel	2	4	5	90% -		+ + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + +			-				
fine gravel	4	6	21	0000					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					1111
fine gravel	6	8		80% -					<i>1</i>					1111
medium gravel	8	11	19								++++			
medium gravel	11	16	8	E60% -			+ + + + + + +		, * * *					
coarse gravel	16	22	5	÷ 50% -			: : : : : :							
coarse gravel	22	32	1				+ + + + + + +							1111
very coarse gravel	32	45	1	5 40% -			+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +							+ + + + +
very coarse gravel	45	64												
small cobble	64	90												1111
medium cobble	90	128		20% -					•		1111 1			1111
large cobble	128	180		10% -		· • • •	++ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			•	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		
very large cobble	180	256		0% -				i + i						1111
small boulder	256	362		0.	' 01	0.1	•	1	10		100	1000	, · ·	10
small boulder	362	512			01	0.1		1						
medium boulder	512	1024					Particle	Size (mm)		- Cumulat	ive Percent	 Perc 	ent It
large boulder	1024	2048							1					
very large boulder	2048	4096				rcent less th			<u> </u>		nt by substr			1
bedrock				D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	be
	Total Part	icle Count:	100	0.161	0.95	4.4	11	18	12%	28%	60%	0%	0%	(

Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	ek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	34			Neuse								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13	43			Hillandale I	Golf Course	, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25			Note:	AL-XS1								
medium sand	0.25	0.5												
coarse sand	0.5	1						Pool Pebble	e Count, El	llerbe Creel	k			
very coarse sand	1	2		100%	1 : : :									
very fine gravel	2	4		90%										
fine gravel	4	6	8	80%					_ _ €		1111			
fine gravel		8		00%				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
medium gravel	8	11	10		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	····/	+ + + + + +			- : : : :	++++			<u></u>
medium gravel	11	16	3			· · · · · /								
coarse gravel	16	22	2			/								1 1 1 1 1
coarse gravel		32					+ + + + + +			- : : : :				
very coarse gravel	32	45		te 40% Le 30%		/ •								
very coarse gravel		64		E E CON										
small cobble	64	90		പ് 30%										
medium cobble	90	128		20%							+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++			
large cobble	128	180		10%							1111			
very large cobble	180	256		10 %					•					
small boulder	256	362		0%			<u> </u>	···•	• • • • • • •	* * * *	***	• • • • • • • • • •		
small boulder		512		- C).01	0.1		1	10		100	10	00	10000
medium boulder	512	1024					Particle Si:	ze (mm)		-	- Cumul	lative Percer	nt 🔶 Pe	rcent Item
large boulder	1024	2048								L				
very large boulder	2048	4096			Size per	cent less th	nan (mm)			Percen	t by substr	rate type		
bedrock				D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Part	icle Count:	100	#N/A	0.06	0.1	6	11	34%	43%	23%	0%	0%	0%



Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	ek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	2			Neuse								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13				Hillandale (Golf Course	e, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25	30		Note	AL-XS3								
medium sand	0.25	0.5	24											
coarse sand	0.5	1						Run Pebble	e Count, Ell	lerbe Cre	eek			
very coarse sand	1	2		100%										
very fine gravel	2	4	6							- i 🗲				1 1 1 1 1 1
fine gravel	4	6	2	90%										
fine gravel	6	8		80%	+ + +		- : : : : :	+++ +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			
medium gravel	8	11	6	₩ 70%										
medium gravel		16	8	÷-										
coarse gravel	16	22	3	E 60%			/ +							<u> </u>
coarse gravel	22	32	11	10%	+ + +									<u>+ + + + + +</u>
very coarse gravel	32	45	4	듚 40%										
very coarse gravel	45	64		2			_							1 1 1 1 1
small cobble	64	90		പ ് 30%	+ + + +									:::::
medium cobble	90	128	1	20%			/ +							<u></u>
large cobble	128	180		10%			/							1 1 1 1 1
very large cobble	180	256							•	* L [
small boulder	256	362		0%	+ : :			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	i i i∙i ∳ i∳i∣	-	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	◆i ◆i è i i i i i	```````````````````````````````````	
small boulder	362	512		0	.01	0.1		1	10		100	100)0	10000
medium boulder	512	1024					Particle	Size (mm)		[tive Percent	 Pero 	cent Item
large boulder	1024	2048								l	Jamaia			
very large boulder	2048	4096			Size pe	rcent less th	nan (mm)			Perc	cent by substr	ate type		
bedrock			3	D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Part	icle Count:	100	0.171	0.26	0.4	22	32	2%	54%	40%	1%	0%	3%

Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count	
silt/clay	0	0.062		
very fine sand	0.062	0.13		
fine sand	0.13	0.25	82	
medium sand	0.25	0.5		
coarse sand	0.5	1		
very coarse sand	1	2		
very fine gravel	2	4	1	
fine gravel	4	6	3	
fine gravel	6	8		
medium gravel	8	11	8	
medium gravel	11	16	5	
coarse gravel	16	22	1	
coarse gravel	22	32	1	
very coarse gravel	32	45		
very coarse gravel		64		
small cobble		90		
medium cobble		128		
large cobble		180		
very large cobble		256		
small boulder		362		
small boulder		512		
medium boulder		1024		
large boulder	1024	2048		
very large boulder	2048	4096		
bedrock				
	Total Par	ticle Count:	101	



Material	Size Rang	e (mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cre	ek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	8			Neuse								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13				Hillandale (Golf Course	e, Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25			Note:	CR-XS1								
medium sand	0.25	0.5												
coarse sand	0.5	1	3				F	Riffle Pebble	e Count, Ell	lerbe Cree	ek			
very coarse sand	1	2		100%				:::] :	: : : : : : : : [: : : : :
very fine gravel	2	4	3	90%				++++ +			+ + + + + +			<u></u>
fine gravel	4	6	21					i i i l i i		A 1 1				1 1 1 1 1
fine gravel		8		80%										
medium gravel	8	11	23	[70% 또 70%			+ + + + + +	++++ +		+ + +				<u></u>
medium gravel	11	16	21	亡 60%			<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
coarse gravel	16	22	11	e					: : : : : : : ; ,					1 1 1 1 1 1
coarse gravel	22	32	8	正 50%			+ + + + + +	111 1	: : : : : : /					<u></u>
very coarse gravel	32	45	1	변 - 40% - 30%					<u>; ; ; ; ; ; / / / / / / / / / / / / / /</u>		++++++			<u></u>
very coarse gravel	45	64	1	8 200					• •					
small cobble	64	90	1											
medium cobble	90	128		20%			: : : : :	::: : :	: :/:?::: `	<u>◆ : : :</u>	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +			
large cobble	128	180		10%					- -	<u> </u>				
very large cobble		256							•	- I T I,				
small boulder	256	362		0%	+		• • • • •	•				• • • • • • • • •	• •	· · · · · ·
small boulder	362	512		C).01	0.1		1	10		100	100	00	10000
medium boulder	512	1024					Particle S	Size (mm)		-	- Cumulat	tive Percent	 Perc 	ent Item
large boulder	1024	2048												
very large boulder	2048	4096			Size pe	rcent less th	ian (mm)			Perce	nt by substr	rate type		
bedrock			5	D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Part	icle Count:	106	4.170	8.04	9.9	19	29	8%	3%	84%	1%	0%	5%

silt/clay very fine sand fine sand medium sand

coarse sand very coarse sand very fine gravel fine gravel fine gravel medium gravel medium gravel coarse gravel coarse gravel very coarse gravel very coarse gravel small cobble medium cobble large cobble very large cobble small boulder small boulder medium boulder large boulder very large boulder

Material	Size Denge	(mm)	Count			Ellerbe Cr	ook.							
	Size Range		Count				eek							
silt/clay	0	0.062	1			Neuse								
very fine sand		0.13					Golf Course,	Durham,	NC					
fine sand	0.13	0.25	7		Note:	CR-XS2								
medium sand	0.25	0.5												
coarse sand	0.5	1	3				P	ool Pebbl	e Count, E	llerbe Crei	ek			
/ coarse sand	1	2		ר 100%		1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 I I						
ery fine gravel	2	4	3	90% -				: :						
fine gravel	4	6	10	80% -				1 I I			1111 I			
fine gravel	6	8	7	00% 1										
nedium gravel	8	11	13	E 70% -		+ + + + + + + +								+ + + + + +
nedium gravel	11	16	18	E 60% -				1		<u> </u>				1 1 1 1 1
coarse gravel	16	22	22					1 1		🔰 E 🗄 E 🗄				1 1 1 1 1
coarse gravel	22	32	17	Ē 50% -						· · · ·	+ + + + + +			
coarse gravel	32	45	1	te 40% -					· · · · · · · · / /					
coarse gravel	45	64	3											
small cobble	64	90	2	a 30% -		+ + + + + + +		+ +	<u> </u>		+++++ +			<u> </u>
edium cobble	90	128	2	20% -			<u> </u>		<u> </u>					:::::
large cobble	128	180	2											
γ large cobble	180	256		10% -					: : : 🔶 🔟 👘					
small boulder	256	362		0% -				it 🛓	: • : : : 1			<u> </u>		1 1 1 1 1
small boulder	362	512		0.0	11	0.1		1	10		100	10	חר	10000
edium boulder	512	1024				0.1	Particle Size	• (mm)	.0	l		lative Percer		rcent Item
large boulder	1024	2048					i annele olze	, (min)		l	Cumu	auve Feicer	n 🔶 Fe	icent iten
large boulder	2048	4096			Size per	rcent less t	han (mm)			Perce	nt by substr	ate type		
bedrock				D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	aravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
202.001	Total Parti	cle Count:	111	4.659	9.70	14.0	27	69	1%	9%	85%	5%	0%	0%

APPENDIX B

ELLERBE CREEK PHOTO LOG

Ellerbe Creek Photo Log

Hillsborough Reach	Photos HB-P1 to HB-P10 Photos HB-XS1 to HB-XS4 Photos HB-V1 to HB-V3
Hillandale Reach	Photos HD-P1 to HD-P7 Photos HD-XS1 to HD-XS4 Photos HD-V1 to HD-V3
Albany Reach	Photos AL-P1 to AL-P8 Photos AL-XS1 to AL-XS4 Photos AL-V1 to AL-V3
Croasdaile Reach	Photos CR-P1 to CR-P3 Photos CR-XS1 to CR-XS4 Photos CR-V1 to CR-V3

Notes:

- 1. Locations of the photo points are detailed on in the plan view of the as-built drawings.
- 2. Photos were taken oriented facing down stream along the left bank at the bankfull bench for the Hillsborough, Hillandale, and Albany Reach. Photos on the Croasdaile reach were taken on the right bank full bench facing down stream due to obstructions. Where a golf cart bridge or pipe crossed the stream, photos were taken on the bridge or pipe in the center of the stream.
- 3. Photos of vegetation plots were take at the upstream corner of the plot closest to the toe of slope.

APPENDIX C

ELLERBE CREEK DETAILS AND PLAN VIEW

Ellerbe Creek

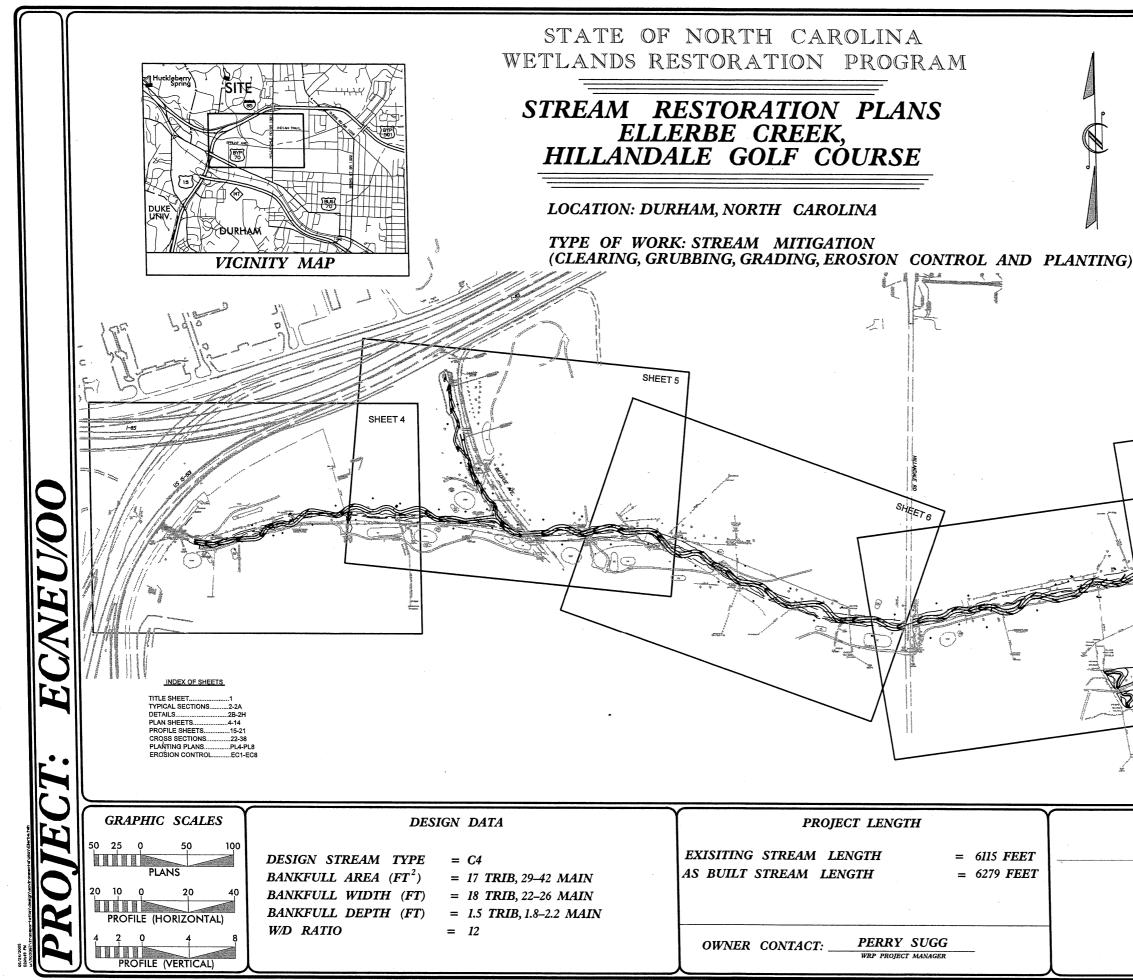
Vegetation Survival Plots

Reach*	Planted (stems/stakes)	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
HB-V1	56					
HB-V2	38					
HB-V3	20					
HD-V1	12					
HD-V2	37					
HD-V3	37					
AL-V1	42					
AL-V2	68					
AL-V3	63					
CR-V1	68					
CR-V2	25					

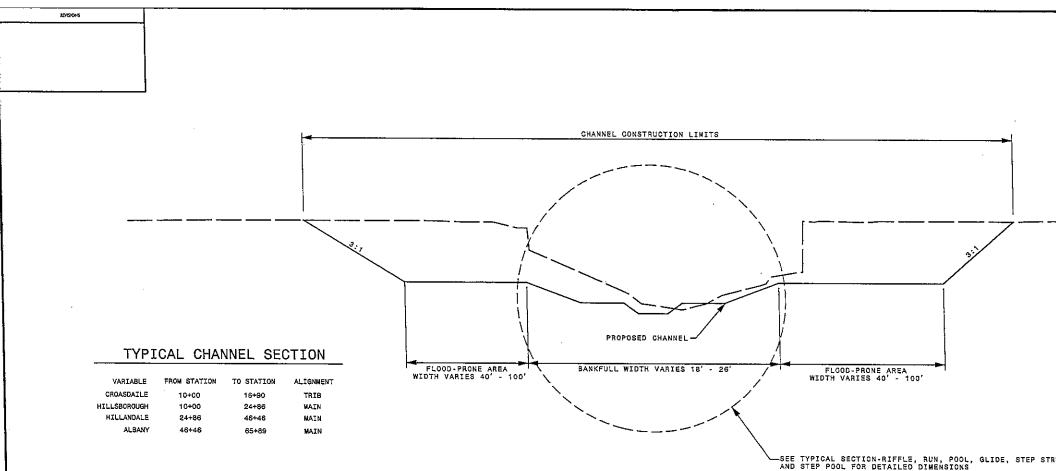
* HB = Hillsborough Reach; HD = Hillandale Reach; AL = Albany Reach; CR = Croasdaile Reach

APPENDIX D

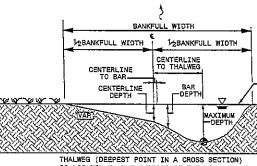
ELLERBE CREEK STATION LOCATIONS



	STATE	WEP PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEBTS
:	N.C.	EC/NEU/C	$00 \mid 1$	
	N.C. Prop. Slope Prop. Slope Prop. Slope Prop. Right RW Mark Prop. Temp Stream on Prop Lateat Pipe Culvy Drainage Exist. Pole Hydrant. Exist. Wate Power Mao Sanitary S Storm Se Recorded Sanitary S Storm Se Storm Se St	EC // NEU // C		
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S -	Prepare Stantec	d In the Office of: Startes Constitute Services, Inc. Suite 30, 2010, 2010 Tal. 9125, ISSEE VIII. 100 DESIGNER		
LETTING DA		BRAD FAIRLEY PROJECT MANAGER KATHLEEN M. MCKEITHA PROJECT DESIGN ENGINEEN		



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	PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
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Si	Stantec Consulti Sulte 300, 801 Jones Raleigh, NC 27606 Tel. 9 19.85 1.6866 Fax. 9 19.85 1.7024 Ww.stantec.com	ng Services Inc.
FLOOD-PRONE AREA WIDTH VARIES 40' - 100'		
TYPICAL SECTION-RIFFLE, RUN, POOL, GLIDE, STEP STRUCTURE STEP POOL FOR DETAILED DIMENSIONS		
TYPICAL SECTION - POOL		
VARIABLE CROASDAILE HILLSBOROUGH HILLANDALE ALBANY BANKFULL WIDTH 27.0 27.0 38.0 39.0		
CENTERLINE DEPTH 1.2 1.3 1.6 1.4		
BAR DEPTH 1.6 2.3 2.5 2.5		
MAXIMUM DEPTH 4.0 5.3 5.6 6.4 Centerline to bar 6.6 4.7 7.3 7.1		
ENTERLINE TO THALWEG 9.7 8.0 13.0 12.0		
ALL UNITS ARE IN FEET		
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12BANKFULL WIOTH 12BANKFULL WIOTH		
CENTERLINE TO BAR CENTERLINE CENTERLINE CENTERLINE DEPTH DEPTH DEPTH CENTERLINE CENTERLINE CENTERLINE CENTERLINE TO THALWEG DEPTH DEPTH CENTERLINE		
THALWEG (DEEPEST POINT IN A CROSS SECTION) IS LOCATED IN THE OUTSIDE OF THE MEANDER BEND.		
NOTES: - ALL CROSS SECTIONS ARE SHOWN LOOKING IN THE DOWNSTREAM DIRECTION. - DIMENSION TOLERANCE TO BE HELD TO +/- 0.2 FT. 	восложі с	TREAM RESTORATION PLAY
- ALL SHARP CORNERS SHOULD BE ROUNDED SCALE: NTS		ELLERBE CREEK, HILLANDALE GOLF COURSE
	orsend in Carcon fr	CGM
		KMM 6478 7/18/03



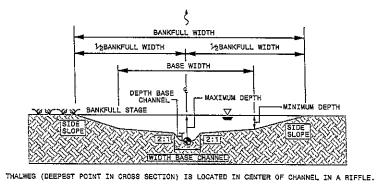
TYPICAL SECTION - RIFFLE

VARIABLE	CROASDAILE	HILLSBOROUGH	HILLANDALE	ALBANY
BANKFULL WIDTH	16.0	21.0	28.0	32.0
BASE WIDTH	10.0	10.0	11.0	12.0
MAXIMUM DEPTH	1.9	2.6	2.7	3.1
MINIMUM DEPTH	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.6
WIDTH BASE CHANNEL	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
SIDE SLOPE	3.3	2.2	3.2	3.9

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ALL UNITS ARE IN FEET



NOTES: - ALL CROSS SECTIONS ARE SHOWN LOOKING IN THE DOWNSTREAM DIRECTION. - DIMENSION TOLERANCE TO BE HELD TO +/- 0.2 FT. - • • GRADE POINT IS THE ELEVATION SHOWN ON PROFILE. - ALL SKARP CORMERS SHOULD BE ROUNDED - BASE CHANNEL CAN BE MADE WITH A BUCKET PRESS

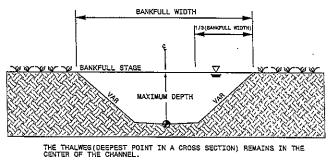
SCALE: NTS

TYPICAL SECTION - ROCK CROSS VANE AND STEP STRUCTURE POOL

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VARIABLE	CROASDAILE	HILLSBOROUGH	HILLANDALE	ALBANY
BANKFULL WIDTH	16.0	21.0	28.0	32.0
MAXIMUM DEPTH	5.0	6.0	7.0	7.5

ALL UNITS ARE IN FEET



NOTES: - ALL CROSS SECTIONS ARE SHOWN LOOKING IN THE DOWNSTREAM DIRECTION. - DIMENSION TOLERANCE TO BE HELD TO +/- 0.2 FT. - • • GRADE POINT IS THE ELEVATION SHOWN ON THE PROFILE - BOTTOM SAHLL BE GRADED TO A ROUNDED DEPTH

SCALE: NTS

TYPICAL SECTION - STEP STRUCTURE

REVISIONS

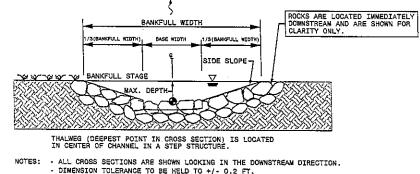
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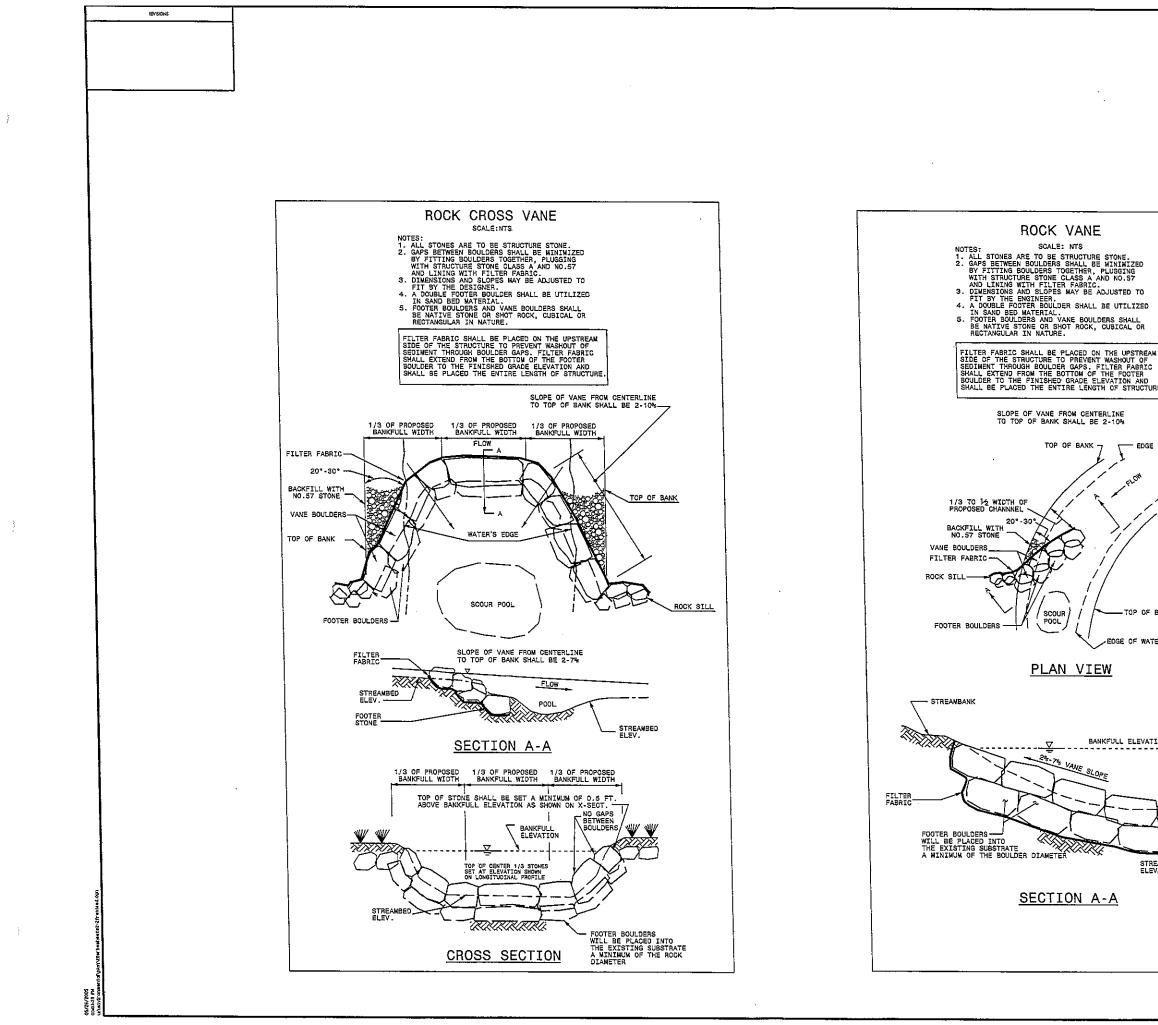
VARIABLE	CROASDAILE	HILLSBOROUGH	HILLANDALE	ALBANY
BANKFULL WIDTH	16.0	21.0	28.0	32.0
BASE WIDTH	5.3	7.0	9.3	10.7
MAXIMUM DEPTH	4.4	5.7	6.0	6.8
SIDE SLOPES	6.9	9.0	11.1	12.6

ALL UNITS ARE IN FEET

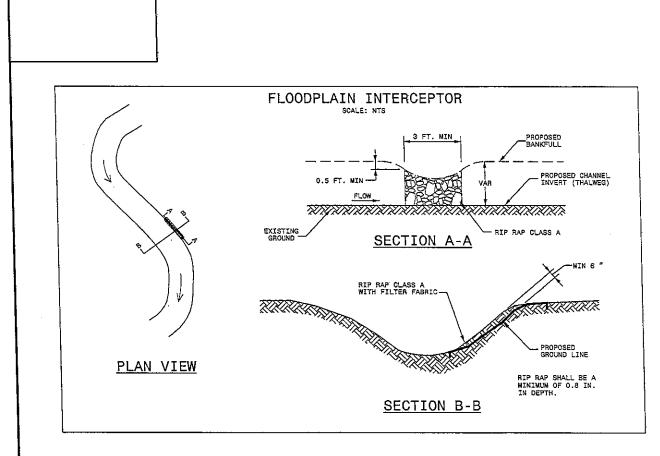


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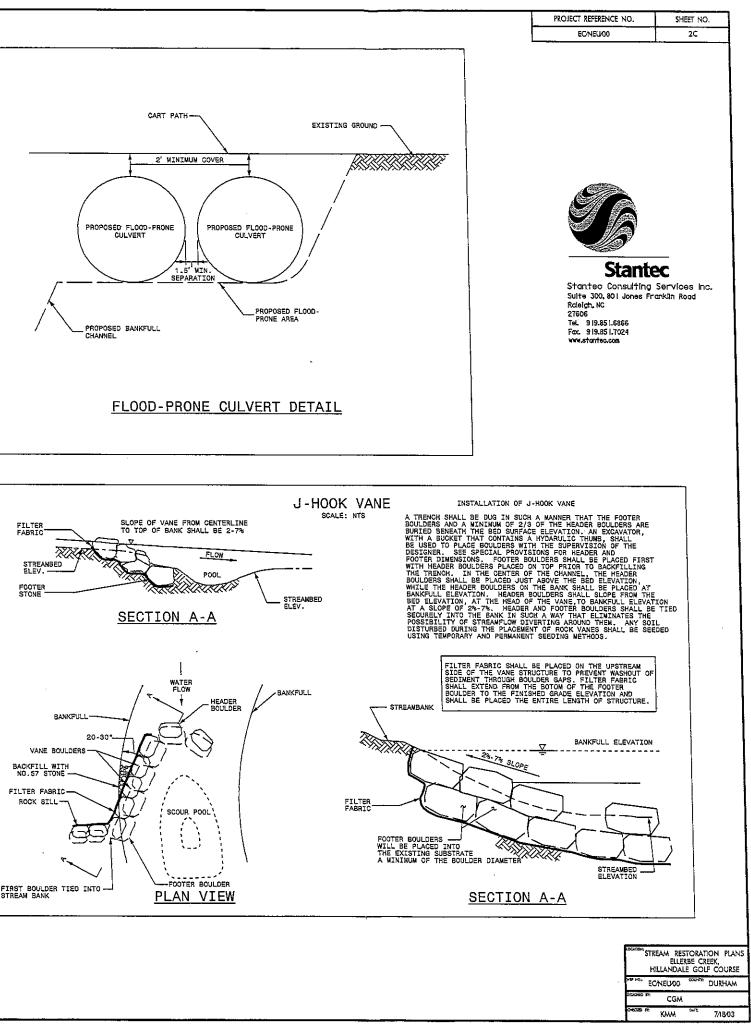
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<u>TYPICAL SECTION - CREATED</u>	<u>WETLAND</u>		
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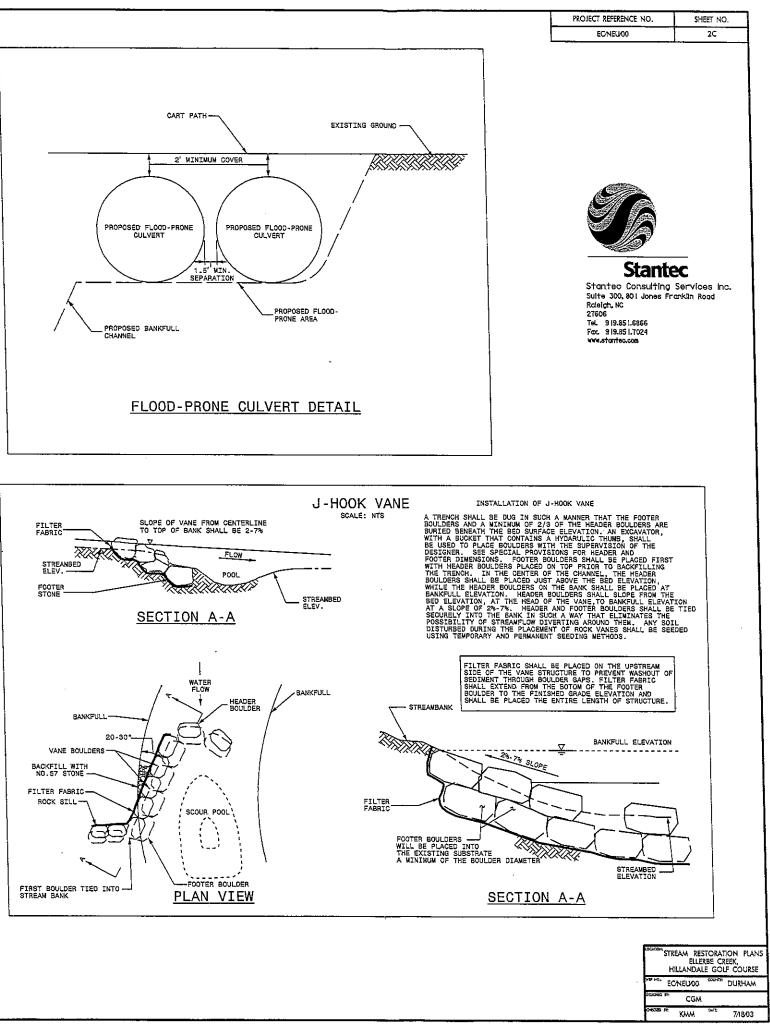


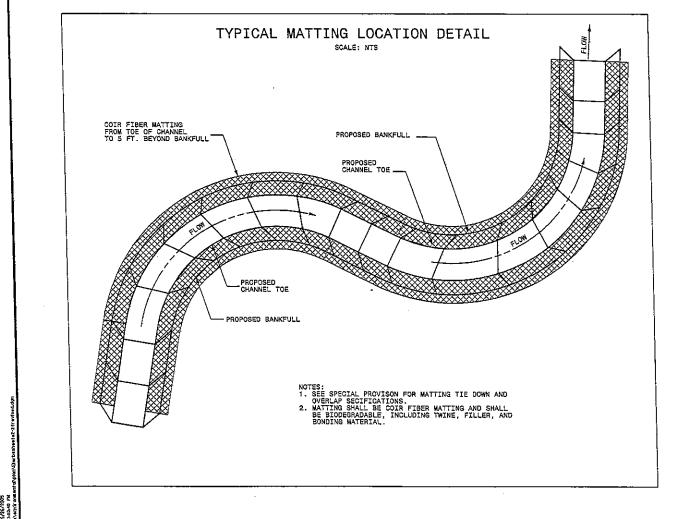
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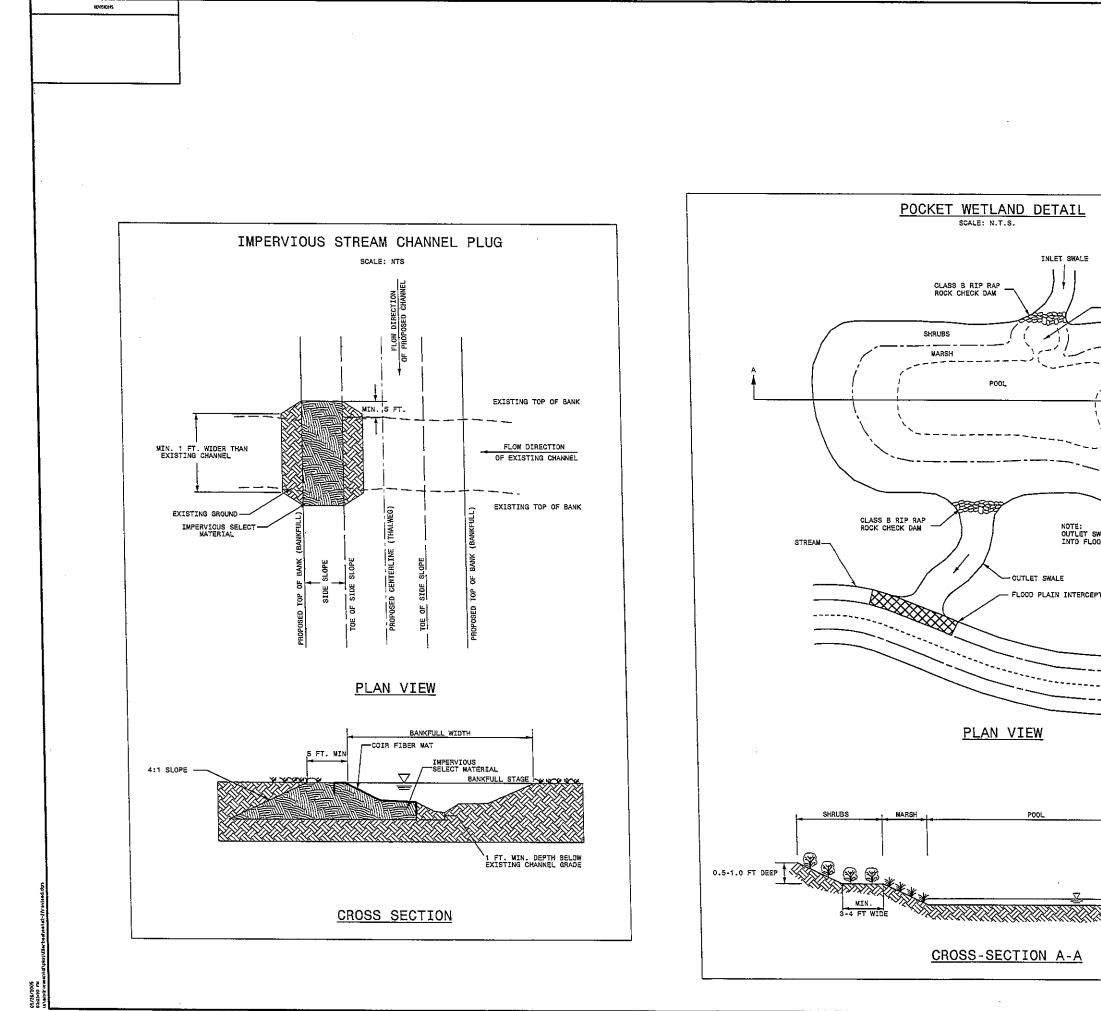


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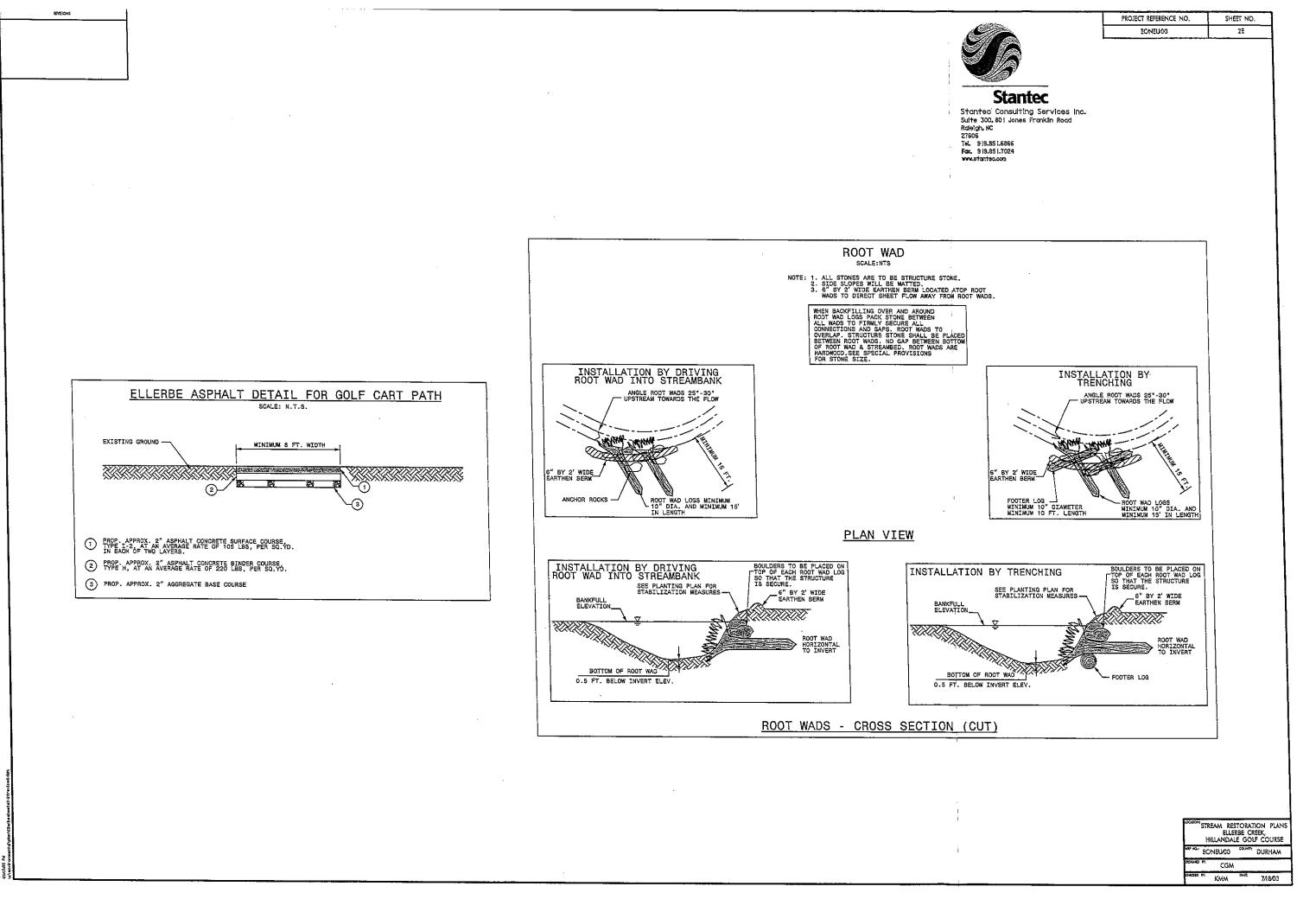


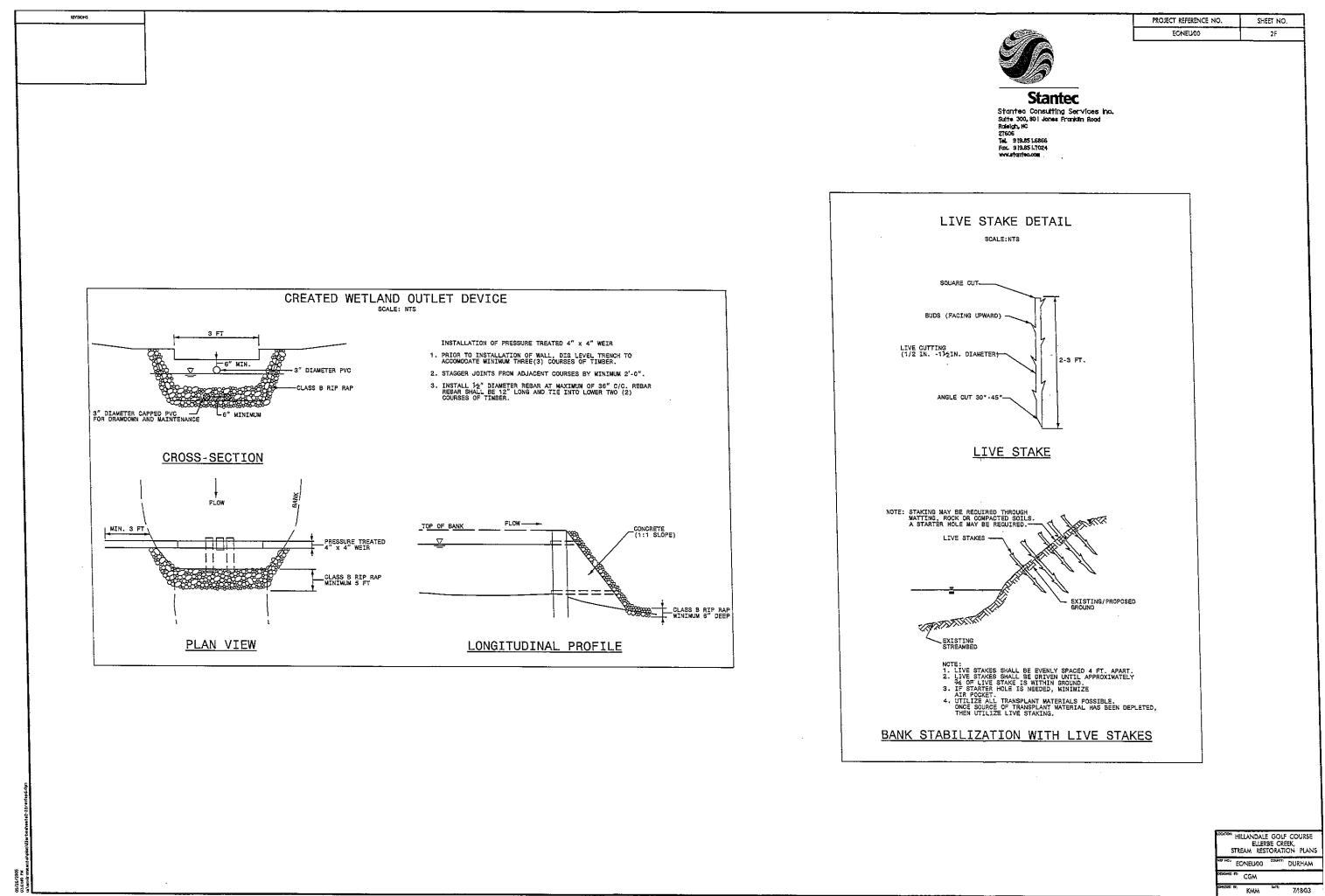




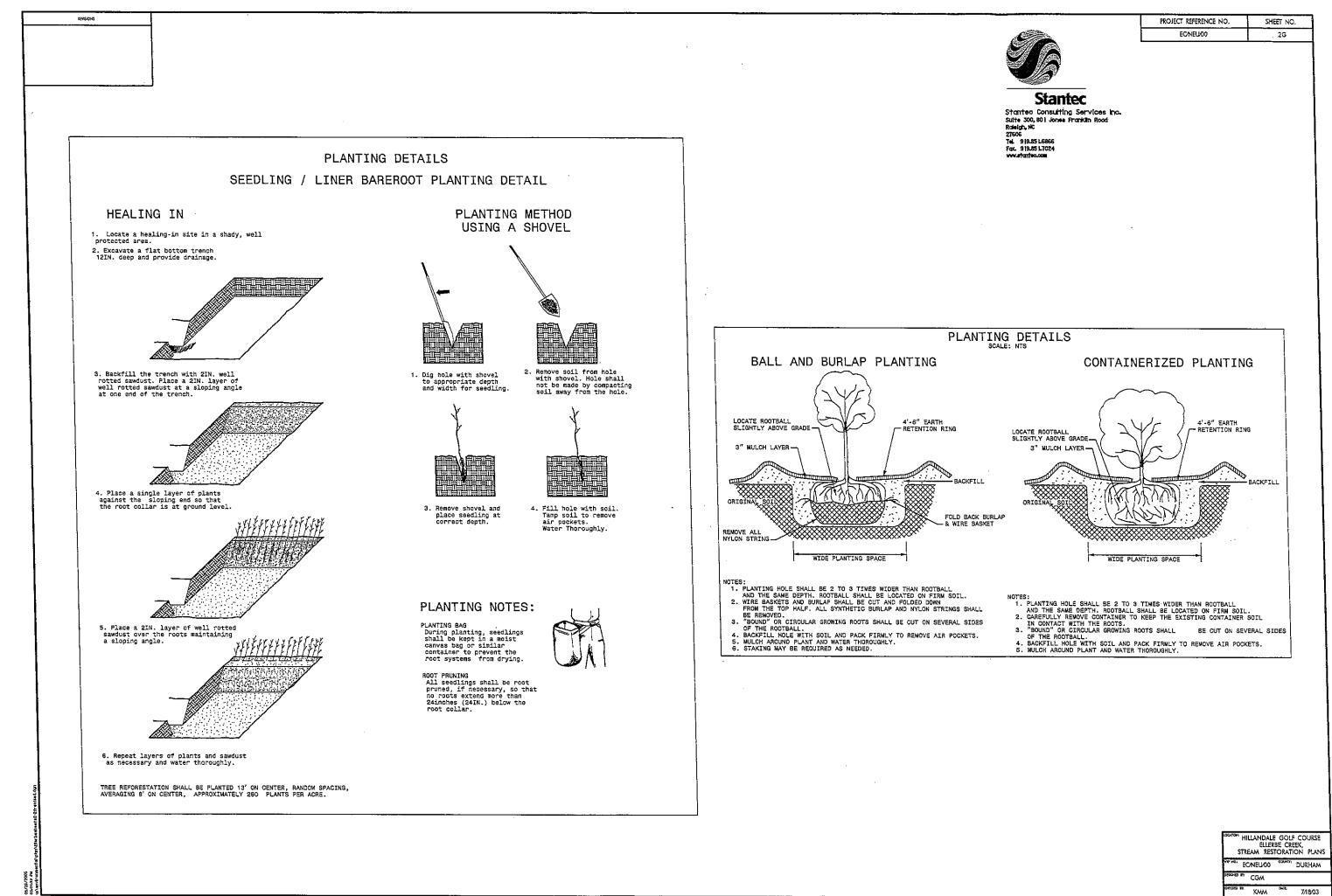


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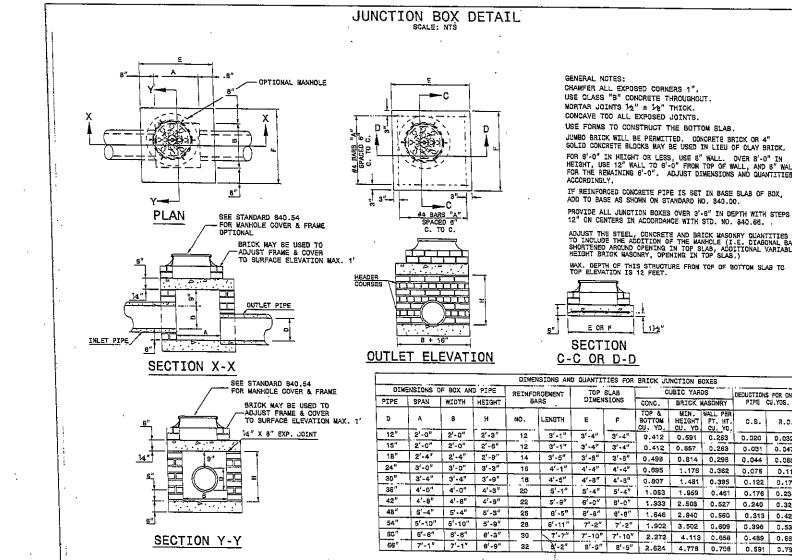




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SEE 2002 NCDOT ROADWAY ENGLISH STANDARD DRAWINGS DETAIL 840.32 - BRICK JUNCTION BOX (WITH OPTIONAL MANHOLE)

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	Hil	lisbord	ugh Re	ach		
Plot Side	HB-V	1	. H	B-V2	HB-V3	
Pin Coordinal	te N2015741	N2015741.5610,		120.1110,	N2016551.0	370
•	E 827358	.3480	E 827	428.6750	E 827505.19	970
A	19.5		3	51.1'	31.9	
В	52.1	•	9	5.4	32.6	
C	23.2	23.2		3.1	31.3	
<u> </u>	53			6.2	39.4	
	Croase	aile Rea	ch			
Plot Side	CR-V1	a	R-V2			
Pin Coordinate	N2016811.8250	N2016	933.5100,			
•	E 827741.1850	E 827	520.8490			

A

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HB-P2-

016933.5100	AL-XS1	2019638.8
27520.8490	AL-XS2	2019670.2
	AL-XS3	2019819.4
18.3	AL-XS4	2019845.6
65.5		
21.7		
64.1'		

	Cross Section Coordinates				
Cross Section	Left		Right		
	ʻx	Y	x	Y	
HB-X\$1	2015743.4672	827358.9107	2015771.9160	827316,0290	
HB-XS2	2015795.8690	827375,3160	2015800,2380	827322.8910	
HB-XS3	2016595.6390	827499,8180	2016610,0550	827433,3600	
HB-XS4	2016654.5640	827499.8920	2016634.3480	827432,4490	
CR-XS1	2016939.2860	827570.7490	2016915,6680	827552,4340	
CR-XS2	2016957.7640	827541,2870	2016933.5100	827520,8490	
HD-XS1	2017297.3510	827444.6380	2017305.8250	827358.5730	
HD-XS2	2017374.0400	827421.2960	20173582670	827357.0970	
HD-XS3	2017862.0380	827326.3380	2017835.7278	827218.0475	
HD-XS4	2017870.4020	827311.3050	2017919.3180	827220,8030	
AL-XS1	2019638,8850	827132.4120	2019653.3780	827052.7850	
AL-XS2	2019670.2730	827138.9190	2019716.0120	827068,9910	
AL-XS3	2019819.4940	827182.5337	2019825.5310	827101.4830	
AL-XS4	2019845.6470	827189.0390	2019867.0530	827112.7780	

HB-P5 STA 15+9

HB-V2 STA 15+85

HB-P6&7 STA 17+85

LEGEND

CONTROL IRON FOUND 36" RCF REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE BENCHMAR **⊕** 78₩ $\sim\sim\sim\sim$ TREE LINE RIP RAP ROCK STRUCTURE ROOT WAD CROSS SECTIONS PHOTOPOINT LOCATIONS VEGETATIVE PLOTS

PLAN VIEW BASED UPON AS-BUILT DRAWINGS PROVIDED BY DEWBERRY AND DAVIS, INC TITLED SEI ENVIRONMENTAL, INC TOPOGRAPHIC AS-BUILT SURVEY, ELLERBE CREEK, HILLANDALE GOLF COURSE AND SEALED BY LAWRENCE F. LEE, III ON MARCH 25, 2005.

DATA PRESENTED BY STANTEC CONSULTING, INC. INDICATES THE LOCATION OF PHOTO POINTS, CROSS SECTIONS, AND VEGETATION MONITORING PLOTS ONLY, AS OF MAY 25, 2005.

STA 20+58

HB-P8 STA 20+13

HB-XS3

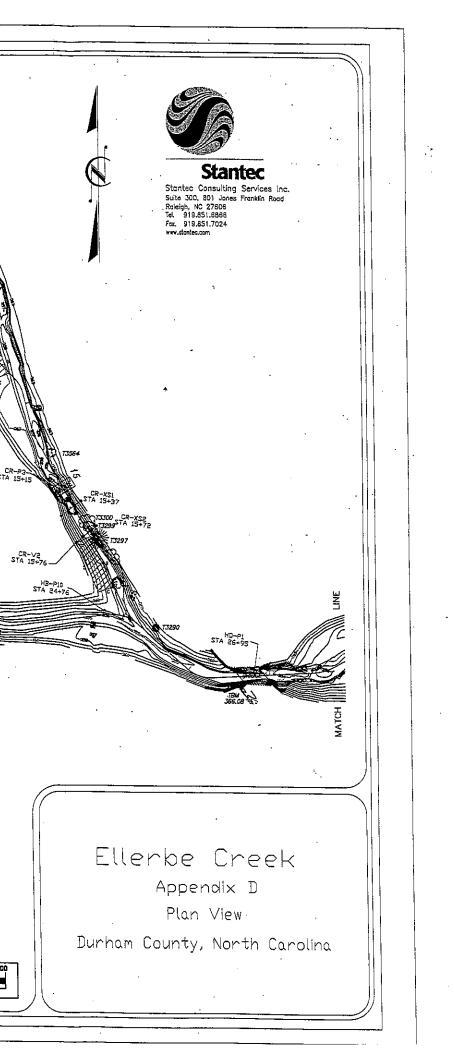
CR-P1. STA 10+0

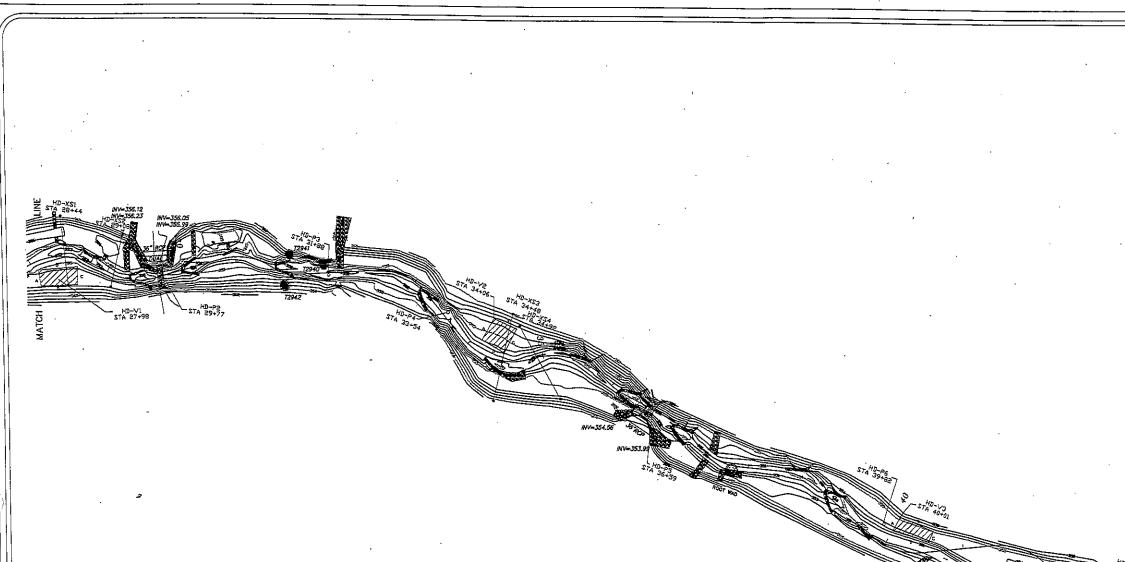
STA 12+0

ТВН 🕉 55.49 🛡

STA 13+11

STA 22+59





LEGE	END .
•	CONTROL IRON FOUND
36* RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PI
Ф ТВИ	SENCHMARK
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	TREE LINE
	RIP RAP
5	ROCK STRUCTURE
Ő	ROOT WAD
•····••	CROSS SECTIONS
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	VEGETATIVE PLOTS

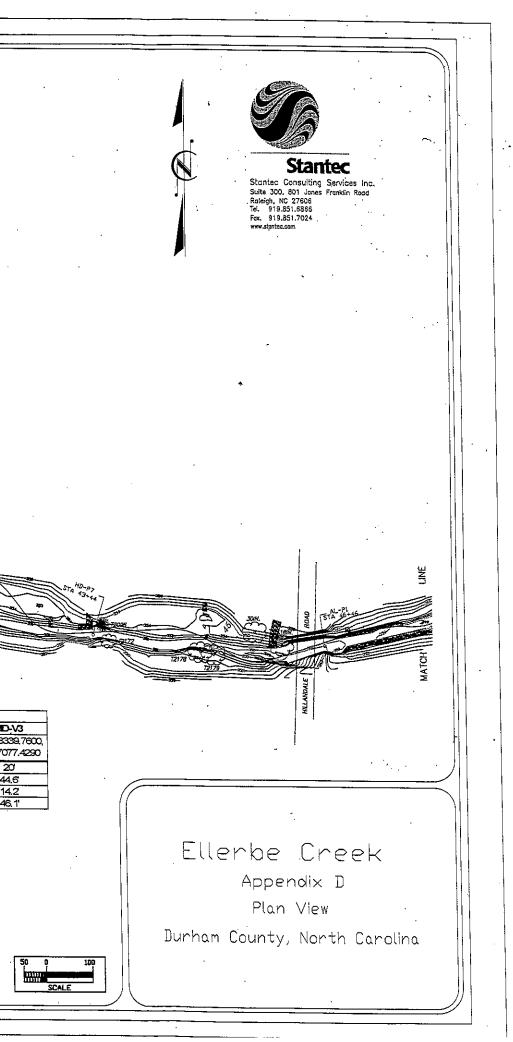
	Cross Section Coordinates				
Cross Section	Left		Right		
	x	Y	x	Y	
HB-XS1	2015743.4672	827358.9107	2015771,9160	827316.0290	
HB-XS2	2015795.8690	827375.3160	2015800.2380	827322,8910	
HB-XS3	2016595.6390	827499.8180	2016610.0550	827433.3600	
HB-XS4	2016654,5640	827499.8920	2016634,3480	827432.4490	
CR-XS1	2016939,2860	827570.7490	2016915,6680	827552,4340	
CR-XS2	2016957.7640	827541.2870	2016933.5100	827520.8490	
HD-XS1	2017297.3510	827444,6380	2017305.8250	827358,5730	
HD-XS2	2017374.0400	827421,2960	20173582670	827357.0970	
HD-XS3	2017862.0380	827326.3380	2017835,7278	827218,0475	
HD-XS4	2017870,4020	827311.3050	2017919.3180	827220,8030	
AL-XS1	2019638.8850	827132.4120	2019653.3780	827052,7850	
AL-XS2	2019670.2730	827138.9190	2019716.0120	827068.9910	
AL-XS3	2019819,4940	827182.5337	2019825.5310	827101.4830	
AL-XS4	2019845.6470	827189.0390	2019867.0530	827112.7780	

Hillandale Reach					
Plot Side HD-V1 HD-V2 HD					
Pin Coordinate	N2017272.5870	N2017822.8120,	N 2018339,7600		
	E 827357.3090	E 827293.6640	E 827077.4290		
A	19.9	30.8	20		
В	48,4	31.1'	44.6		
C	22.2	34.2	14.2		
D	44.7	32	46.1		

PLAN VIEW BASED UPON AS-BUILT DRAWINGS PROVIDED BY DEWBERRY AND DAVIS, INC TITLED SEI ENVIRONMENTAL, INC TOPOGRAPHIC AS-BUILT SURVEY, ELLERBE CREEK, HILLANDALE GOLF COURSE AND SEALED BY LAWRENCE F. LEE, III ON MARCH 25, 2005.

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DATA PRESENTED BY STANTEC CONSULTING, INC. INDICATES THE LOCATION OF PHOTO POINTS, CROSS SECTIONS, AND VEGETATION MONITORING PLOTS ONLY, AS OF MAY 25, 2005.



Cross Section Coordinates					
Cross Section	Le	Left		Right	
	x	<b>Y</b> .	x	Y	
HB-XS1	2015743,4672	827358.9107	2015771.9160	827316.0290	
HB-XS2	2015795.8690	827375.3160	2015800.2380	827322.8910	
HB-XS3	2016595.6390	827499.8180	2016610.0550	827433,3600	
HB-XS4	2016654.5640	827499,8920	2016634,3480	827432,4490	
CR-XS1	2016939.2860	827570.7490	2016915,6680	827552,4340	
CR-XS2	2016957.7640	827541.2870	2016933.5100	827520,8490	
HD-XS1	2017297.3510	827444.6380	2017305.8250	827358,5730	
HD-XS2	2017374.0400	827421.2960	20173582670	827357.0970	
HD-XS3	2017862.0380	827326.3380	2017835,7278	827218.0475	
HD-XS4	2017870.4020	827311.3050	2017919,3180	827220.8030	
AL-XS1	2019638.8850	827132.4120	2019653.3780	827052,7850	
AL-XS2	2019670.2730	827138.9190	2019716.0120	827068,9910	
AL-XS3	2019819,4940	827182.5337	2019825,5310	827101.4830	
AL-XS4	2019845.6470	827189.0390	2019867.0530	827112,7780	

-

MATCH

AL-V1 STA 48+80

Albany Reach					
Plot Side	AL-V1	AL-V2	AL-V3		
Pin Coordinate	N2019138.1520,	N2019452.9280,	N2020579.9630,		
	E 826984.8090	E 827048.9830	E 827253.2620		
A	19.8	33.1'	30.4		
В	54.7'	33.9	45.8		
С	20.6	36.1'	34.3		
[•] D	51.5	37.7	45.8		

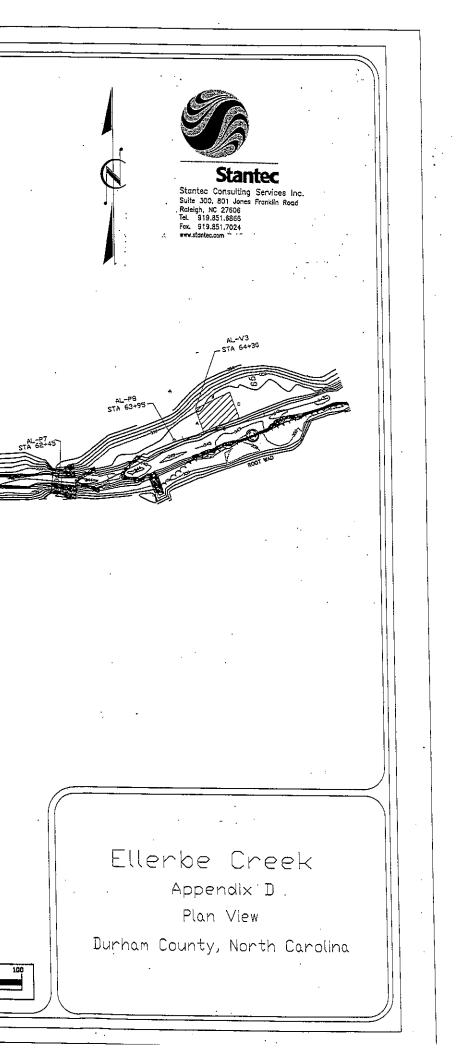
LEGEND

CONTROL IRON FOUND
 GONCRETE PIPE
 TBM BENCHMARK
 TREE LINE
 RIP RAP
 ROCK STRUCTURE
 ROOT WAD
 CROSS SECTIONS
 PHOTOPOINT LOCATIONS

VEGETATIVE PLOTS

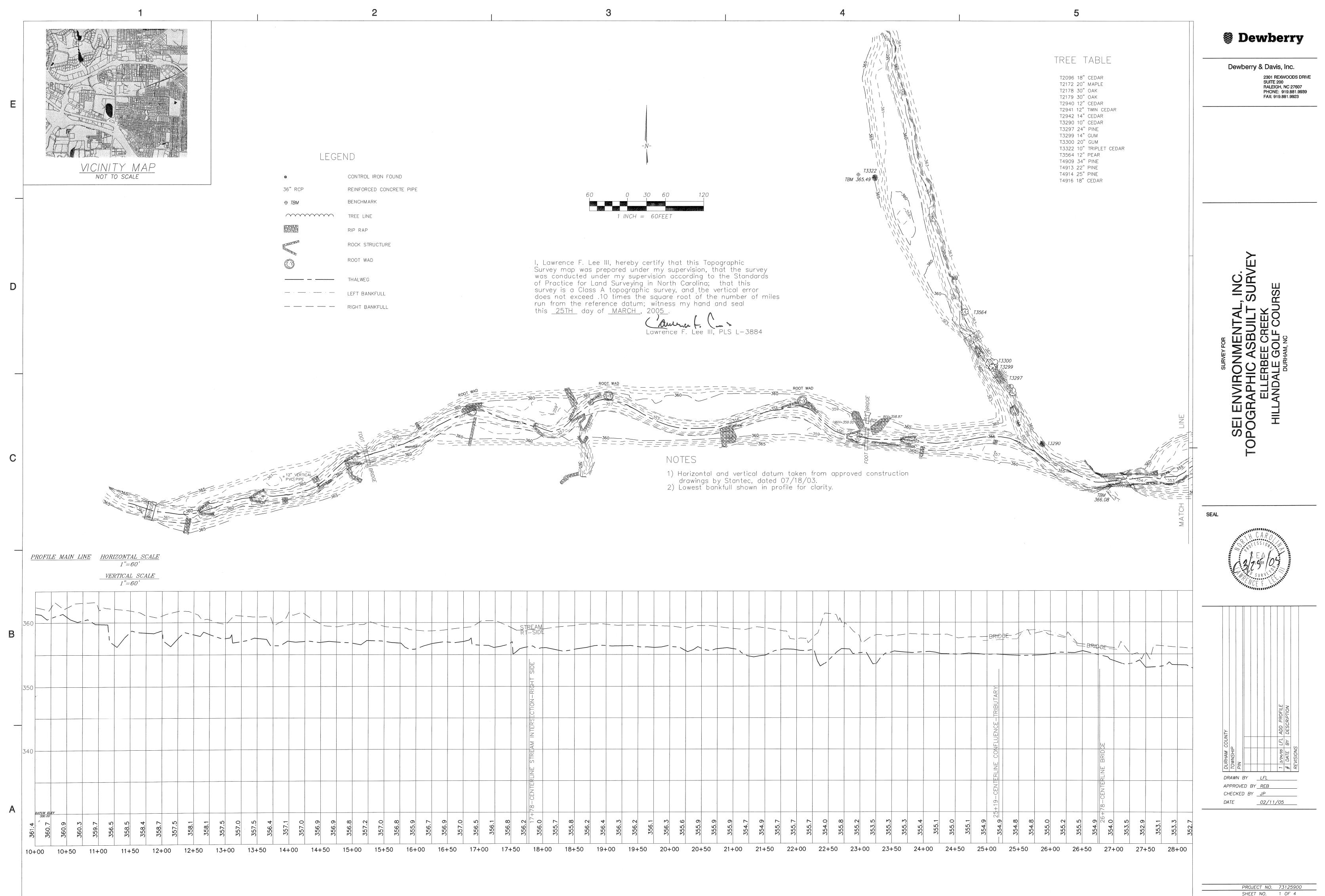
PLAN VIEW BASED UPON AS-BUILT DRAWINGS PROVIDED BY DEWBERRY AND DAVIS, INC TITLED SEI ENVIRONMENTAL, INC TOPOGRAPHIC AS-BUILT SURVEY, ELLERBE CREEK, HILLANDALE GOLF COURSE AND SEALED BY LAWRENCE F. LEE, III ON MARCH 25, 2005.

DATA PRESENTED BY STANTEC CONSULTING, INC. INDICATES THE LOCATION OF PHOTO POINTS, CROSS SECTIONS, AND VEGETATION MONITORING PLOTS ONLY, AS OF MAY 25, 2005.

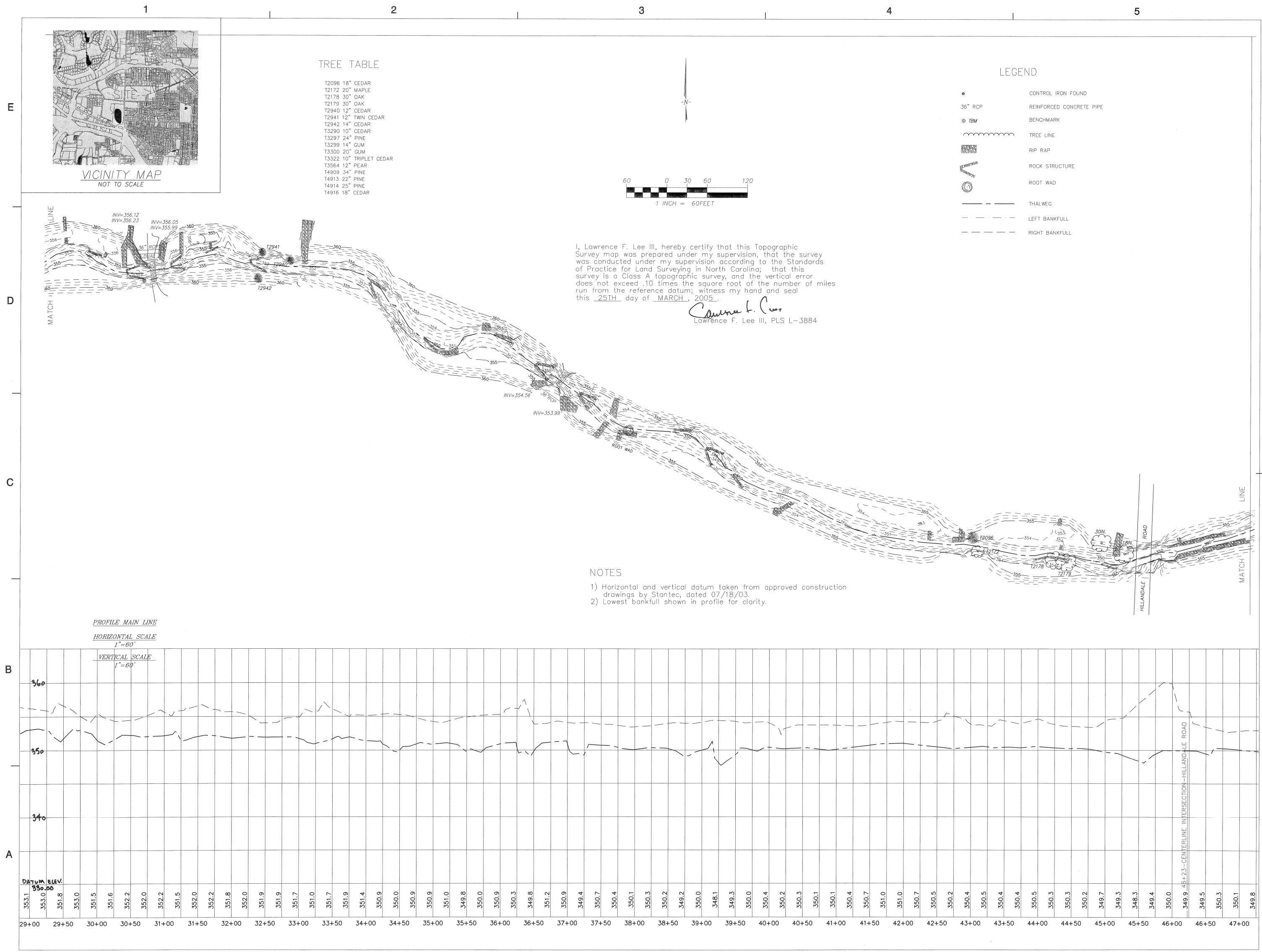


# APPENDIX E

**ELLERBE CREEK AS-BUILTS** 



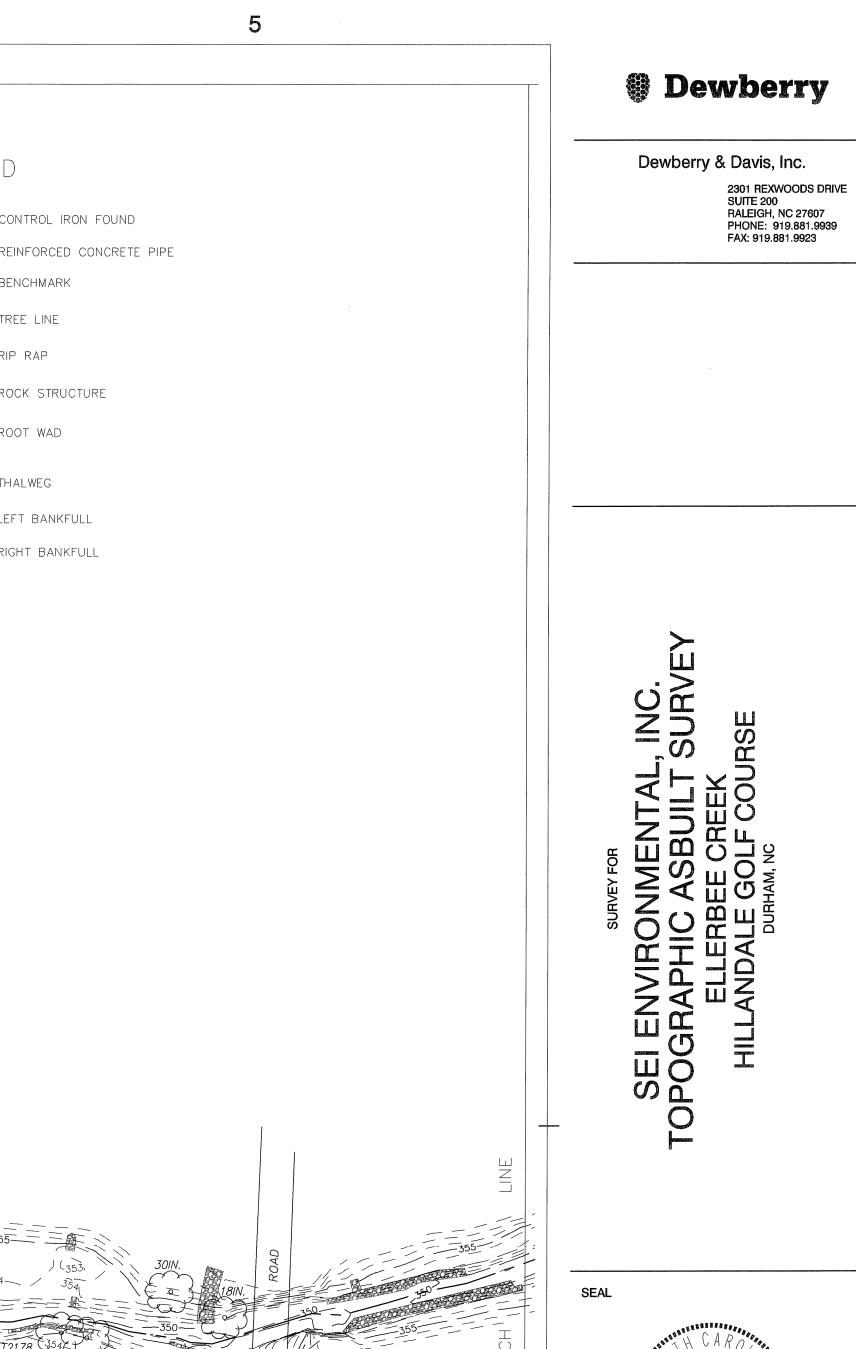
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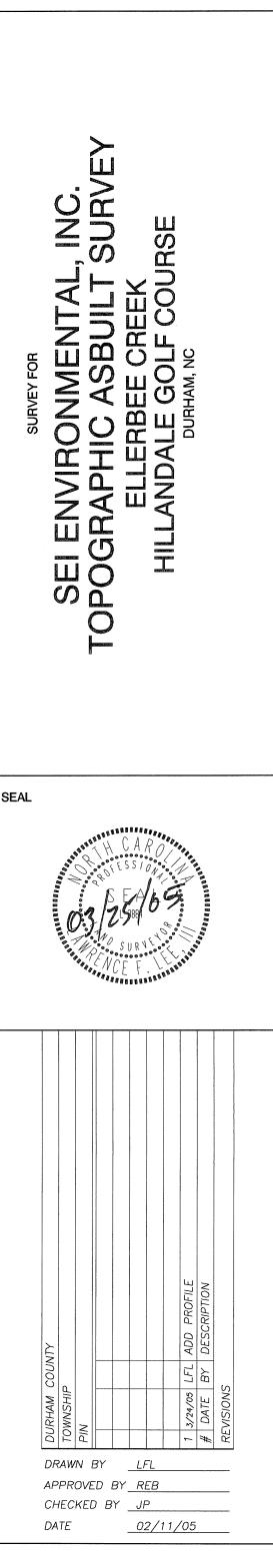


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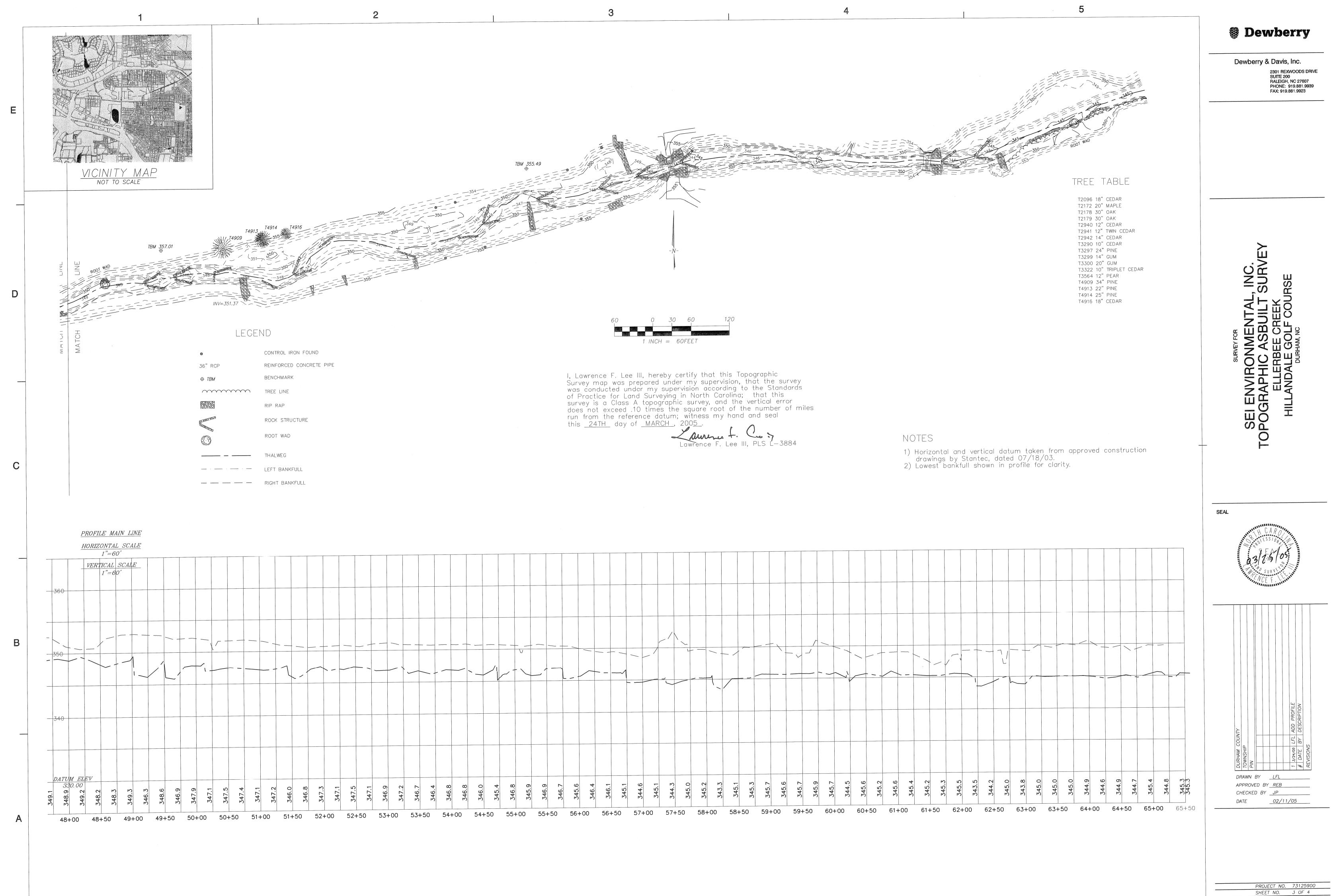


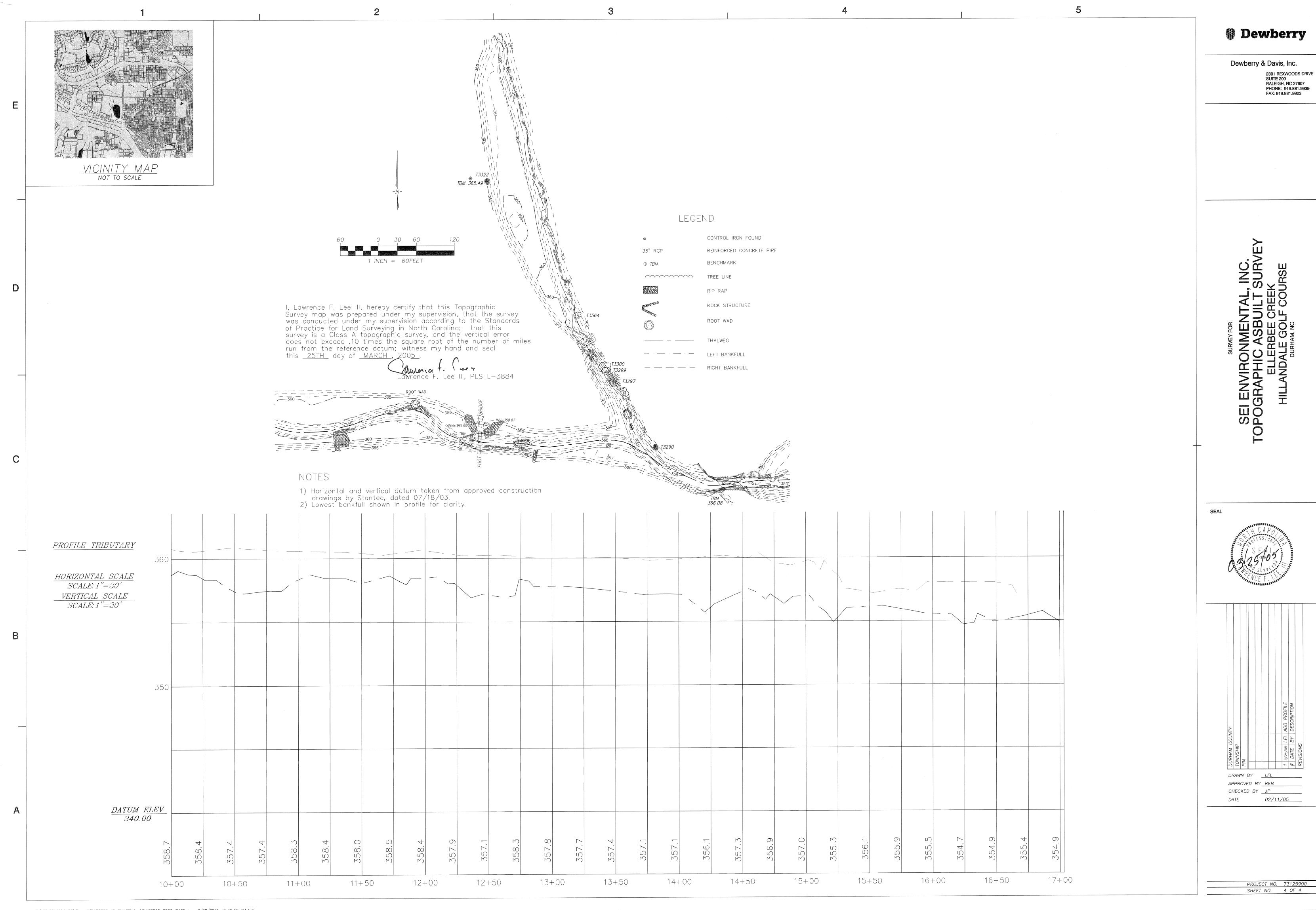






PROJECT NO. 73125900 SHEET NO. 2 OF 4





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