<u>MITIGATION PLAN</u> and AS-BUILT BASELINE REPORT FOX RUN RIPARIAN BUFFER MITIGATION SITE PITT COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA (EEP Contract No. 002281)



**Prepared for:** 

#### NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA



Prepared by:

Restoration Systems, L.L.C. 1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina 27604

And

Axiom Environmental, Inc. 20 Enterprise Street, Suite 7 Raleigh, North Carolina 27607



November 2010



#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Restoration Systems, LLC has completed riparian buffer restoration at the Fox Run Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") through the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) Full Delivery Process (RFP 16-001383) to provide 43.72 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site is located approximately 2.5 miles southeast of Farmville in western Pitt County. The Site is located in United States Geological Survey Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03020203070030 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-04-07) of the Neuse River Basin. Site streams drain to Little Contentnea Creek (Stream Index 27-86-26), which is included on the draft 2008 and 2010 303(d) lists for impaired biological integrity and low dissolved oxygen resulting from agricultural crop production.

Prior to construction, the Site was characterized by ditched agricultural land used for row crop production. Land use practices including the maintenance and removal of vegetation, regular plowing, and use of agricultural chemicals had resulted in degraded water quality.

The goals and objectives of this project focused on improving local water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished by the following.

- Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agriculture production by a) ceasing the application of agricultural herbicides, pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural materials into and adjacent to Site ditches and open waterways and b) providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to ditches and waterways to treat surface runoff that may be laden with sediment and/or agricultural pollutants.
- 2. Reducing sedimentation/siltation within on-Site and downstream receiving waters by a) increasing retention time for surface waters entering and leaving the Site, b) reducing erosion associated with vegetation maintenance and agricultural plowing to Site ditches, and c) planting a forested vegetative buffer adjacent to Site ditches and waterways.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation by ripping compacted soils and revegetating the Site to increase frictional resistance on floodwaters crossing the Site.
- 4. Providing terrestrial wildlife habitat including a forested riparian corridor within an area that was previously cleared and highly dissected by agricultural land use.

This project was constructed/planted on March 8, 2010. Planting of the entire 46.46-acre Site resulted in 43.72 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site will be protected by a permanent conservation easement. Baseline measurements/evaluations indicate that Site vegetation compares favorably to plans as set forth in the detailed restoration plan.

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### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Location and Setting

Restoration Systems, LLC has completed riparian buffer restoration at the Fox Run Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") through the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) Full Delivery Process (RFP 16-001383) to provide 43.72 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site is located approximately 2.5 miles southeast of Farmville in western Pitt County (Figure 1, Appendix A). The Site is located in United States Geological Survey Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03020203070030 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-04-07) of the Neuse River Basin (USGS 1974).

Directions to the Site from Farmville, North Carolina:

- Take Maye-Turnage Road east
- After passing Chinquapin Road the Site is ~ 2 miles ahead on left
- Site coordinates:
  - o Latitude 35.5702°N, Longitude 77.54272°W (NAD83/WGS84)

### 1.2 Project Goals and Objectives

The goals and objectives of this project focused on improving local water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished by the following.

- Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agriculture production by a) ceasing the application of agricultural herbicides, pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural materials into and adjacent to Site ditches and open waterways and b) providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to ditches and waterways to treat surface runoff that may be laden with sediment and/or agricultural pollutants.
- 2. Reducing sedimentation/siltation within on-Site and downstream receiving waters by a) increasing retention time for surface waters entering and leaving the Site, b) reducing erosion associated with vegetation maintenance and agricultural plowing to Site ditches, and c) planting a forested vegetative buffer adjacent to Site ditches and waterways.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation by ripping compacted soils and revegetating the Site to increase frictional resistance on floodwaters crossing the Site.
- 4. Providing terrestrial wildlife habitat including a forested riparian corridor within an area that was previously cleared and highly dissected by agricultural land use.

## 1.3 Project Structure, Restoration Type, and Approach

Prior to construction, the Site was characterized by ditched agricultural land used for row crop production. Land use practices including the maintenance and removal of vegetation, regular plowing, and use of agricultural chemicals had resulted in degraded water quality.

As constructed, Site activities restored historic riparian buffer functions by planting the entire 46.46-acre Site with native riparian vegetation. This resulted in 43.72 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units (Table 1, Appendix B and Figure 2, Appendix A). Approximately 2.32 acres of the Site is surface water associated with Site ditches and 0.42 acres of the Site exist outside of the 200-foot buffer area or within areas of nondiffuse flow. These areas were planted; however, the area is not eligible to provide credit. The target natural community consisted of Coastal Plain Bottomland Hardwood Forest (Schafale and Weakley 1990). Table 5 (Appendix C) outlines woody species planted within the Site. Completed project activities,

reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and background information are summarized in Tables 2-4 (Appendix B).

### 2.0 MONITORING PLAN

Monitoring of Site restoration efforts will be performed for vegetation components of the Site for five years or until success criteria are fulfilled. After planting was completed, an initial evaluation was performed to verify planting methods were successful and to determine initial species composition and density. Twenty-five sample vegetation plots (10-meter by 10-meter) were installed within the Site as per guidelines established in CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.0 (Lee et al. 2006). In each sample plot, vegetation parameters to be monitored include species composition and species density. Visual observations of the percent cover of shrub and herbaceous species will also be documented by photograph.

### 3.0 SUCCESS CRITERIA

Characteristic Tree Species include woody tree and shrub species planted at the Site or outlined for the appropriate plant community in Schafale and Weakley (1990). An average density of 320 stems per acre of Characteristic Tree Species must be surviving after year 5 monitoring throughout the site.

#### 4.0 MAINTENANCE AND CONTINGENCY

In the event that success criteria are not fulfilled, a mechanism for contingency will be implemented. If vegetation success criteria are not achieved based on average density calculations from combined plots over the entire restoration area, supplemental planting may be performed with tree species approved by regulatory agencies. Supplemental planting will be performed as needed until achievement of vegetation success criteria.

#### 5.0 BASELINE SAMPLING RESULTS

Quantitative sampling of vegetation was conducted in April, 2010. An average of 783 planted stems per acre was recorded within vegetation plots. In addition, stems counts within each individual plot were well-above the required 320 stems per acre and species diversity was good with 3-9 species per plot. Results are provided in Appendix C.

#### 6.0 REFERENCES

- Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2006. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation. Version 4.0. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2007. Redbook, Surface Waters and Wetlands Standards. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2008a. Draft North Carolina Water Quality Assessment and Impaired Waters List (2008 Integrated 305(b) and 303(d) Report) (online). Available: http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/tmdl/documents/B.Draft2008303dList.pdf [November 10, 2008]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2008b. Draft Basinwide Planning Program: Neuse River Basinwide Water Quality Plan-June 2008. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2010. Draft North Carolina Water Quality Assessment and Impaired Waters List (2010 Integrated 305(b) and 303(d) Report) (online). Available: http://portal.ncdenr.org/c/document\_library/get\_file? uuid=33a71505-6cdf-4497-b090aadf79b1f02c&groupId=38364 [August 23, 2010]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Schafale, M.P. and A.S. Weakley. 1990. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.

United States Geological Survey (USGS). 1974. Hydrologic Unit Map - 1974. State of North Carolina.

Appendix A. Figures

Figure 1. Site Location Figure 2. Monitoring Plan View





Appendix B. General Tables

Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and ObjectivesTable 2. Project Activity and Reporting HistoryTable 3. Project Contacts TableTable 4. Project Attributes Table

## Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and Objectives

Component Summation						
Restoration Level	Riparian buffer mitigation was completed by planting the entire 46.46-acre					
Riparian Buffer Restoration	Site with native forest vegetation; credit was received for 43.72 acres of the					
43.72 Buffer Mitigation Units	Site.					

### Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

	Data Collection	Completion
Activity or Report	Complete	or Delivery
Final Restoration Plan		November 2010
Site Planting		Late winter/early
		spring 2010
Asbuilt Mitigation Plan	April 2010	November 2010

#### Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Designer	Restoration Systems, LLC					
	1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211					
	Raleigh, North Carolina 27604					
	(919) 755-9490					
Planting Contractor	Carolina Silvics					
	908 Indian Trail Road					
	Edenton, North Carolina 27932					
	Dwight McKinney (252) 482-8491					

# Table 4. Project Attribute Table

Project County	Pitt County, North Carolina			
Physiographic Region	Coastal Plain			
Ecoregion	Southeastern Plains			
Project River Basin	Neuse			
USGS 14-digit HUC	03020203070030			
NCDWQ Subbasin	03-04-07			
Within EEP Watershed Plan Extent?	Yes-Targeted Local Watershed			
WRC Class	Warm			
% of project easement fenced	0 %			
Beaver activity observed during design phase	No			

Appendix C. Vegetation Data

Table 5. Planted Woody Species Vegetation Survey Data Tables Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photographs

# Table 5. Planted Woody Vegetation

Species	Quantity
American elm (Ulmus americana)	7500
Black gum (Nyssa sylvatica)	2500
Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)	2500
Loblolly pine (Pinus taeda)	7500
Northern red oak (Quercus rubra)	5000
River birch (Betula nigra)	2500
Sugarberry (Celtis laevigata)	2500
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	7500
Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis)	3200
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	7500
TOTAL	50,000

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потто) 9тьИ	river birch	sugarberry	blackgum	loblolly pine	American sycamore	oak	swamp chestnut oak	water oak	willow oak	northern red oak	Common Elderberry	American elm		12
Species	Betula nigra	Celtis laevigata	Nyssa sylvatica	Pinus taeda	Platanus occidentalis	Quercus	Quercus michauxii	Quercus nigra	Quercus phellos	Quercus rubra	Sambucus canadensis	Ulmus americana	Unknown	13

Planted Stems by Plot (Note: no natural recruits were present during baseline measurements)

Final Mitigation Plan & As-built Baseline Report Fox Run Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (EEP Contract Number 002281)

### **CVS Database Output**

Living planted stems, excluding live stakes, per acre: Negative (red) numbers indicate the project failed to reach requirements in a particular year.

Project Code	Project Name	<b>River Basin</b>	Year 0 (baseline)
Fox Run	Fox Run	Neuse	783.47

Total stems, including planted stems of all kinds (including live stakes) and natural/volunteer stems:

Project Code	Project Name	<b>River Basin</b>	Year 0 (baseline)
Fox Run	Fox Run	Neuse	783.4714049

Vigor

vigor	Count	Percent
1	7	1.4
2	74	15.3
3	307	63.4
4	96	19.8

#### Vigor by Species

Species	CommonName	4	3	2	1	0	Missing	Unknown
Betula nigra	river birch	6	16	12	3			
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	3	10	1				
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	19	13	1	1			
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	8	63	9				
	swamp chestnut							
Quercus michauxii	oak	7	40	4	1			
Quercus nigra	water oak		1					
Quercus phellos	willow oak	9	38	12				
Sambucus								
canadensis	Common Elderberry	1	7	6				
Quercus	oak			15	1			
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	30	58	8				
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	9	32	1				
Ulmus americana	American elm	4	29	1				
Unknown				4	1			
13	12	96	307	74	7			

#### Damage

Damage	Count	Percent Of Stems
(no damage)	403	83.3
Unknown	81	16.7

### Damage by Species

Species	CommonName	# Damage Categories	(no damage)	Unknown
Betula nigra	river birch	15	22	15
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	1	13	1
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	2	32	2
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	9	71	9
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	1	41	1
Quercus	oak	16		16
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	5	47	5
Quercus nigra	water oak	0	1	
Quercus phellos	willow oak	12	47	12
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	8	88	8
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	6	8	6
Ulmus americana	American elm	1	33	1
Unknown		5		5

# Damage by Plot

plot	Count of Damage Categories	(no damage)	Unknown
1	5	12	5
2	10	10	10
3	2	18	2
4	0	19	
5	3	17	3
6	4	17	4
7	5	16	5
8	5	14	5
9	6	15	6
10	9	7	9
11	5	19	5
12	3	14	3
13	6	14	6
14	2	17	2
15	0	17	
16	3	16	3
17	0	16	
18	1	14	1
19	1	18	1
20	2	14	2
21	1	26	1
22	1	17	1
23	3	17	3
24	2	18	2
25	2	21	2
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	Total Living Stems PER ACRE	688	647	971	688	809	769	688	769	647	607	769	809	647	1093	728	809	809	931	809	769	809	850	850	769	850
	Natural (Volunteer) Stems PER ACRE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	688	647	971	688	808	769	688	769	647	607	769	808	647	1093	728	808	808	931	808	769	808	850	850	769	850
	Blanted Living 380A 19q 2m9t2	688	647	971	688	809	769	688	769	647	607	769	809	647	1093	728	809	809	931	809	769	809	850	850	769	850
	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	17	16	24	17	20	19	17	19	16	15	19	20	16	27	18	20	20	23	20	19	20	21	21	19	21
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	(Volunteer) (Volunteer) Stems	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dead/Missing Stems	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	17	16	24	17	20	19	17	19	16	15	19	20	16	27	18	20	20	23	20	19	20	21	21	19	21
-	Planted Living Stems	17	16	24	17	20	19	17	19	16	15	19	20	16	27	18	20	20	23	20	19	20	21	21	19	21
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# Fox Run Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010

















## Fox Run Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010 (continued)





# Fox Run Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010 (continued)











### Fox Run Baseline Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken April 2010 (continued)









Appendix D. NCDWQ Restoration Approval Letter



North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

**Beverly Eaves Perdue** Governor

**Division of Water Quality** Coleen H. Sullins Director

Dee Freeman Secretary

November 17, 2010

Pitt County DWQ #: 10-0690

Mr. Tim Baumgartner **EEP Full Delivery Section** 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27604

Re: Fox Run Preliminary Restoration Approval

Dear Mr. Baumgartner:

The Division of Water Quality received a draft restoration plan for the Fox Run Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site on November 8, 2010. On October 26, 2010, Chris Pullinger conducted a site visit to the above referenced site. By copy of this correspondence, DWQ approves the concept presented in the restoration plan and that it is expected to produce 43.72 acres of nutrient offset credit for Tar-Pamlico 8digit HUC 03020203. The As-built report will provide a more accurate credit accounting.

Please copy DWQ with the As-built report and yearly monitoring reports, referencing the DWQ number.

Please feel free to contact Lia Myott Gilleski at (919) 733-1786 if you have any questions regarding this correspondence.

Sincerely,

La M. Gilleski Ian McMillan, Acting Supervisor 401 Oversight/Express Review Program

Cc (w/out encl.)

File Copy (Lia M. Gilleski) Chris Pullinger – DWO WaRO John Huisman - DWQ Nonpoint Source Planning Unit Cyndi Karoly - DWQ Wetlands and Stormwater Branch

401 Oversight/Express Review Permitting Unit 1650 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1650 Location: 2321 Crabtree Blvd., Raleigh, North Carolina 27604 Phone: 919-733-1786 \ FAX: 919-733-6893 Internet: http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/ncwetlands/

