FINAL ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT YEAR 5 (2016) GREENBRIER CREEK STREAM/WETLAND/BUFFER RESTORATION SITE ALAMANCE AND CHATHAM COUNTIES, NORTH CAROLINA (DMS Project No. 671, Contract No. 004801) Construction Completed January 2011



Submitted to: North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services Raleigh, North Carolina

November 2016

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> Prepared by: Axiom Environmental, Inc. 218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603



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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (Site) is situated within the United States Geological Society (USGS) hydrologic unit 03030003 and North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Priority Sub-basin 03-06-12. The Site is located approximately 8 miles north of Siler City at the crossing of Staley-Snow Camp/Pleasant Hill Church Road over Greenbrier Creek. The Site is encompassed within a 50.48 acre easement located in three parcels, individually owned by Jerrold Murchison (32.94 acres), Charles Cheek (0.52 acres), and Larry Matthews (17.02 acres). Primary land uses were active row crop production on the Murchison parcel and active pasture on the Matthews/Cheek parcels. Project streams, Greenbrier Creek and an Unnamed Tributary (UT) to Greenbrier Creek, became impaired from poor land management, stream dredging, upstream disturbances, and human impacts. This report (compiled based on North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services' (NCDMS)'s *Procedural Guidance and Content Requirements for DMS Monitoring Reports* Version 1.4 dated 11/7/11) summarizes data for Year 5 (2016) annual monitoring.

The project goals are to:

- Improve water quality by reducing nutrient loading from a livestock operation in a water supply watershed.
- Reduce the high level of sediment loading to the stream from steep, eroding banks.
- Improve both aquatic and terrestrial riparian buffer habitat.

These goals will be accomplished through the implementation of the following objectives:

- Preservation and protection of important wetlands and stream channel reaches upstream of the Matthews property.
- Improvement of water quality (reduction of nutrient and sediment inputs) by creating a vegetated riparian buffer filter strip between the stream and livestock operations currently on the property.
- Reduction of high sediment loads in the stream through stabilization of eroding channel banks.
- Improvement of deteriorated aquatic habitat by reduction of nutrient and sediment loads in the streams, providing more variable stream channel geometry and creating more opportunities for carbon inputs from trees in the restored buffer zone.
- Improvement of terrestrial habitat through restoration of diverse native woody vegetation in the riparian buffer zone and control of invasive Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*).

Vegetation success criteria dictate that an average density of 320 stems per acre must be surviving in the first three monitoring years. Subsequently, 290 stems per acre must be surviving in year 4 and 260 stems per acre in year 5. Stem counts will be based on an average of the evaluated vegetation plots. Based on the number of stems counted, average densities were measured at 482 planted stems per acre (excluding livestakes) surviving in year 5 (2016). In addition, each individual plot met success criteria based on planted stems with the exception of plots 5 and 7, which were 2 stems and 1 stem shy of success with 202 planted stems per acre and 242 planted stems per acre, respectively. However, when including naturally recruited stems of black walnut (*Juglans nigra*) and black locust (*Robinia pseudoacacia*) both plots 5 and 7 met success criteria.

Plot 5 is adjacent to the unnamed tributary, which is characterized by dense fescue that may have outcompeted some of the planted bare root seedlings shortly after construction. Plot 7 is characterized by a dense herbaceous layer as well as several mature trees that may have contributed to planted stem mortality in this area. Supplemental planting at the Site occurred on February 13 and 14, 2012, in response to the contractor's vegetation warranty assessment (Appendix F). During this effort, 1952 bare root and 1-gallon trees were planted at the Site. Supplemental planting appears to have resulted in vegetative success across the majority of the Site.

Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) and Japanese privet (*Ligustrum japonicum*) were observed scattered throughout the Site; however, these dense areas have been treated several times over the course of the monitoring period. Invasive treatments appear successful, with several small privet populations remaining onsite (Figure 2A, Appendix B). In addition, scattered stems of Bradford pear (*Pyrus calleryana*) and multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) are present in minimal numbers within the Site. Herbaceous species including Japanese stiltgrass (*Microstegium vimineum*) and fescue (*Festuca* sp.) are found across the entire Site. Japanese stiltgrass is found in portions of the Site covered by mature canopy along the upstream reach of the unnamed tributary, downstream reach of Greenbrier Creek, and throughout the preservation reach. Fescue is found in open areas previously maintained as pasture.

With the exception of the impounded and previously impounded areas, vegetation within the preservation reach is well-established with scattered occurrences of invasive species. Three small but dense populations of tree-of-heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*) were observed on the eastern edge of the preservation reach (Figure 2B, Appendix B). Additionally, Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*), Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*), and Japanese stiltgrass (*Microstegium vimineum*) were observed scattered throughout the reach.

A visual assessment and geomorphic survey were completed for the Site, and indicate that project reaches are performing within established success criteria ranges as shown below. Due to contracting issues, no baseline data was collected for this project. Although there are no baseline cross-sections to compare with Year 5 (2016) measurements, the Year 1 (2012) cross-sections should serve as an adequate baseline. No significant bank erosion was recorded. In addition, no significant aggradation or degradation of the bed was noted.

A total of 10 bankfull events have occurred within 5 different monitoring years.

Stream Success Criteria (from approved Restoration Plan 2008):

- Success is defined as the documentation of no substantial aggradation or degradation of the channel or banks.
- Downcutting, deposition, bank erosion, and an increase in sands or finer substrate material must be documented for assessment by the regulatory agencies.
- Comparison of existing condition BEHI values with BEHI values computed after vegetation is established will indicate bank stabilization trajectories.
- A minimum of two bankfull events must occur in separate years within the five-year monitoring.

Beaver have been an ongoing issue within the Site and are being closely monitored and trapped when necessary. Currently, one large, well-established impoundment is located on the preservation reach consisting of three major beaver dams (Dams 1, 2, and 3, Figure 2B, Appendix B). This impoundment is characterized by standing water and a lack of living woody stems. The beaver remain active in this area, and few woody stems are surviving in the previously impounded footprint. It does not appear that natural recruits are becoming established in these areas at this time. The currently impounded and previously impounded areas are depicted on the Current Conditions Plan View Map (Figure 2B, Appendix B).

Fencing along the downstream ford has been heavily damaged by debris during high flow events. Additionally, a small section of fencing has failed in the ford on the unnamed tributary, though it appears that the pasture adjacent to this portion of the easement is no longer used for livestock grazing (Figure 2A, Appendix B).

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in tables and figures within this report's appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly the Restoration Plan) documents available on the DMS website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from DMS upon request.

2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 Vegetation Assessment

Twelve vegetation plots were established and marked after construction with four-foot metal U-bar post demarking the corners with a ten foot, three-quarter inch PVC at the origin. The plots are 10 meters square and are located randomly within the Site. These plots were surveyed in July for the Year 5 (2016) monitoring season using the *CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2* (Lee et al. 2008) (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm); results are included in Appendix C. The taxonomic standard for vegetation used for this document was *Flora of the Southern and Mid-Atlantic States* (Weakley 2012).

2.2 Stream Assessment

Annual stream monitoring was conducted in February 2016. Fourteen permanent cross-sections, eight riffle and six pool, were established and will be used to evaluate stream dimension; locations are depicted on Figure 2A (Appendix B). Cross-sections are permanently monumented with 4-foot metal garden posts at each end point. Cross-sections will be surveyed to provide a detailed measurement of the stream and banks including points on the adjacent floodplain, top of bank, bankfull, breaks in slope, edge of water, and thalweg. Data will be used to calculate width-depth ratios, entrenchment ratios, and bank-height ratios for each cross-section. In addition, photographs will be taken and pebble counts will be conducted at each permanent cross-section location annually.

Two monitoring reaches were established (the unnamed tributary and Greenbrier Creek) and will be used to evaluate longitudinal profile; locations are depicted on Figure 2A (Appendix B). Longitudinal profile measurements will include average water surface slopes, facet slopes, and pool-to-pool spacing. Measurements of channel pattern (belt-width, meander length, and radius of curvature) were proposed for Year 1 (2012); however, the design channel was developed at a sinuosity of 1.0-1.1, resulting in no measurable meander bends, belt-widths, or radius of curvatures. Two crest gauges were installed onsite; one on the unnamed tributary and one on Greenbrier Creek, upstream of the confluence. These were used to document bankfull events throughout the monitoring period. Additionally, thirty-one permanent photo points were established throughout the restoration reach (14 cross-sections, 12 vegetation plots, and 5 fixed station photos). Photographs are included in the Appendices.

3.0 REFERENCES

- Lee, Michael T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2. (online). Available: http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm.
- Weakley, Alan S. 2012. Flora of the Southern and Mid-Atlantic States. Available online at: <u>http://www.herbarium.unc.edu/WeakleysFlora.pdf</u> [September 28, 2012]. University of North Carolina Herbarium, North Carolina Botanical Garden, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina.
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APPENDIX A

PROJECT VICINITY MAP AND BACKGROUND TABLES

Figure 1. Vicinity Map

- Table 1. Project Restoration Components
- Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History
- Table 3. Project Contacts Table
- Table 4. Project Attributes Table

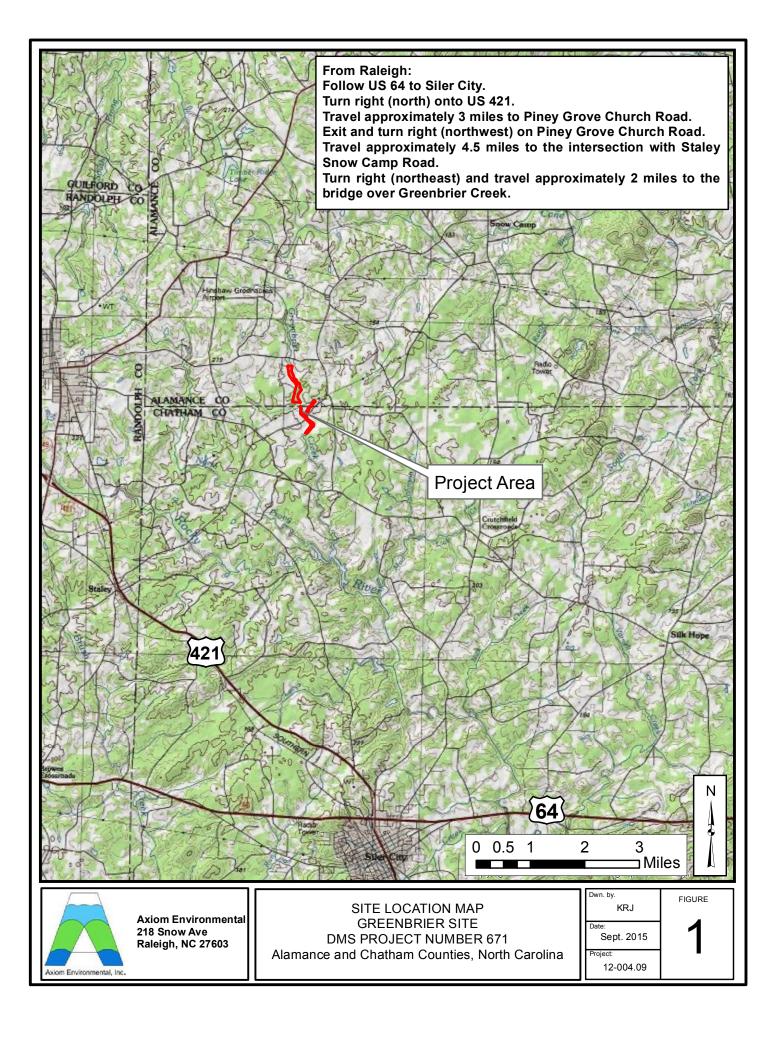


Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits

Greenbrier Creek Stream Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

			· · · · ·	0	Mitigation Credi	ts			
			Stream			Riparian	Wetland		Buffer
Туре	R	estoration	Restorat	tion Equivalent	t Res	toration	Restoration	Equivalent	Duller
Totals		2974		891		1.4 WMU			171,838.080
				Projects Co	omponents				
Project Com Reach		Station Range	Existing Linear Footage/ Acreage	Priority Approach	Restoration/ Restoration Equivalent	Restoration Linear Footage/ Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Со	mment
Greenbrier M Upstream of			659	PIII	R	670	1:1.5		
Greenbrier M Downstream o			1966	PIII	R	1945	1:1.5		
UT Upstream of	of Culvert		1180	PIII	R	1129	1:1.5		
UT Downstr Culver			749	PIII	R	717	717 1:1.5 4455 5:1		
Greenbrier M	ainstem		4455	Preservation	RE	4455			
				Co	omponent Summa	tion			
	Resto	ration Level		Strea	am (linear footage)	Ripar	Riparian Wetland (acres) Buffer		r (square footage)
	Re	storation							171,838.080
	Enhancement (Leve		I)	4461					
	Pre	eservation			4455	6.93			
	Totals		8916 6.93						
	Mitig	ation Units		3865 SMUs			1.4 WMU		

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting HistoryGreenbrier Stream Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

Elapsed Time Since Grading Complete: 5 years 10 months Elapsed Time Since Planting Complete: 5 years 10 months Number of Reporting Years: 5

	Data Collection	Completion
Activity or Deliverable	Complete	or Delivery
Restoration Plan		October 2008
Final Design – Construction Plans		April 28, 2010
Construction		January 25, 2011
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area		February 1, 2011
Permanent seed mix applied to entire project area		February 1, 2011
Containerized and bare root plantings for entire reach		February 8, 2011
As-built construction drawings		April 2011
Supplemental Planting of bare root and 1 gallon trees		February 14, 2012
Year 1 Monitoring (2012)	September 2012	February 2013
Year 2 Monitoring (2013)	July 2013	September 2013
Year 3 Monitoring (2014)	September 2014	October 2014
Year 4 Monitoring (2015)	September 2015	October 2015
Year 5 Monitoring (2016)	September 2016	November 2016

Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

D :				
Designer	Biohabitats, Inc.			
	8218 Creedmoor Road, Suite 200			
	Raleigh, NC 27613			
	Kevin Nunnery 919-518-0311			
Construction, Planting, and Seeding	Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.			
Contractor	Mount Airy, NC			
	Stephen James 919-921-1116			
Seed Mix Source	Green Source			
	Colfax, NC			
	Rodney Montgomery			
As-Built Construction Drawings	Biohabitats, Inc.			
	8218 Creedmoor Road, Suite 200			
	Raleigh, NC 27613			
	Kevin Nunnery 919-518-0311			
Years 1-5 Monitoring Performers	Axiom Environmental, Inc.			
	218 Snow Avenue			
	Raleigh, NC 27603			
	Grant Lewis 919-215-1693			

Project In	formation	0/1)		
Project Name		r Stream Res	storation Sit	e
Project County	Alamance	and Chathar	n	
Project Area (Acres) 50.48				
Project Coordinates (Lat/Long – NAD83)	-79.48 89	50N, 35.84 ()1 17E	
Project Watershed S				
Physiographic Region	Piedmont			
Ecoregion	Carolina S	late Belt		
Project River Basin	Cape Fear			
USGS 8-digit HUC	03030003			
USGS 14-digit HUC	03030003	070010		
NCDWQ Subbasin	03-06-12			
Project Drainage Area (Sq. Mi.)	5.01			
Project Drainage Area Impervious Surface	<5%			
Watershed Type	Rural			
Reach Summary Information				
Parameters	Reach 1	Reach 2	Reach 3	Reach 4
Restored/Enhanced Length (Linear Feet)	670	1945	1129	717
Drainage Area (Square Miles)	5.0	5.0	0.3	0.3
NCDWQ Index Number	17-43-5			
NCDWQ Classification	WS-III			
Valley Type/Morphological Description	VIII/C4			
Dominant Soil Series	Chewacla			
Drainage Class	Somewhat	poorly drain	ned	
Soil Hydric Status	•	e, may cont	tain hydric	Wehadkee
	inclusions		1	
Slope	0.0017 0.0099			
FEMA Classification	AE floodplain AE floodplain			
Native Vegetation Community	Hardwoods Hardwoods		ls	
Percent Composition of Exotic Invasives	~20		~20	
Regulatory C				
Regulation	Applicabl	e		
Waters of the U.S. –Sections 404 and 401	Yes-Received Appropriate Permits		S	
Endangered Species Act	No			
Historic Preservation Act	No			
CZMA/CAMA				
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	*			
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No			

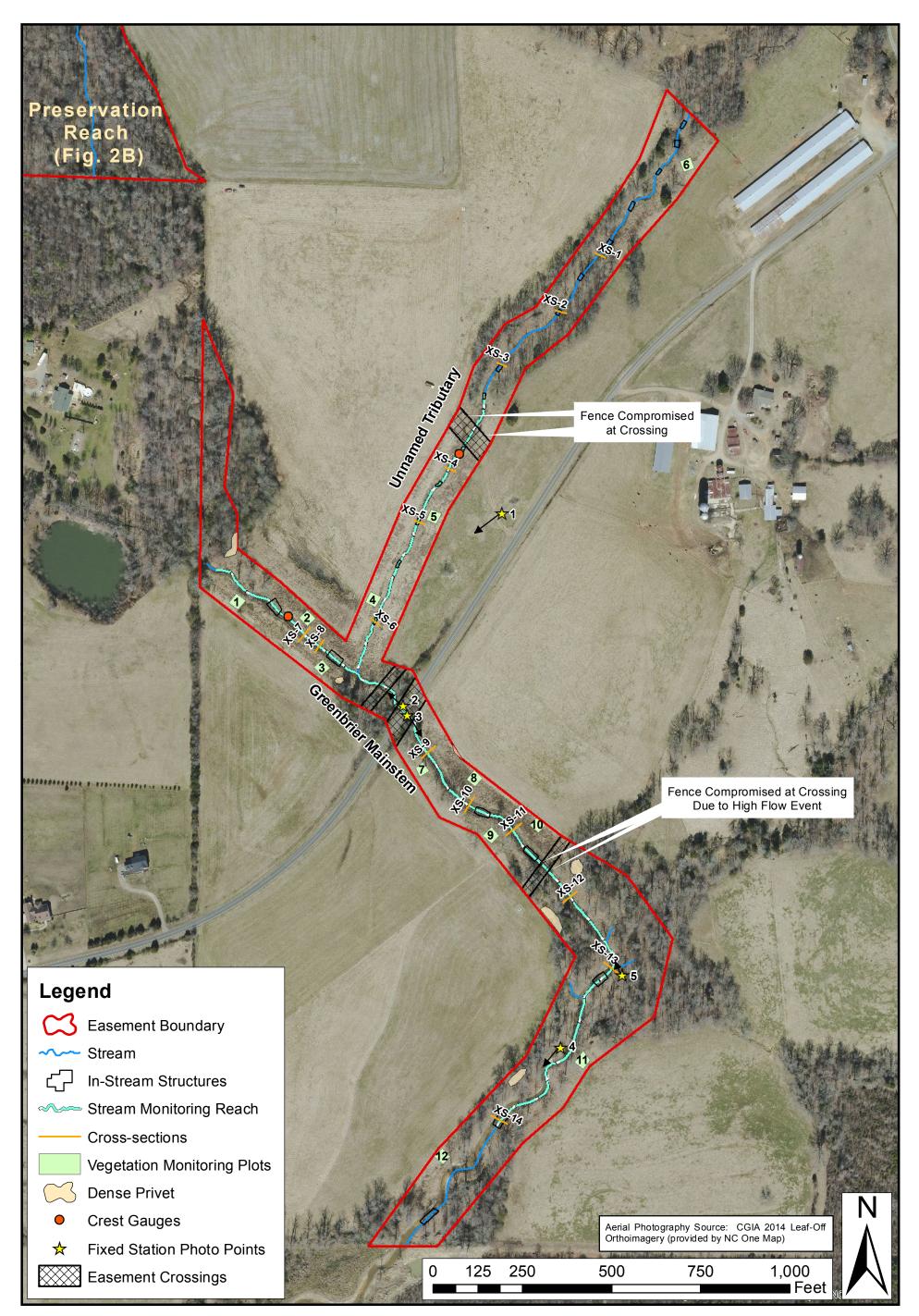
 Table 4. Project Baseline Information and Attributes

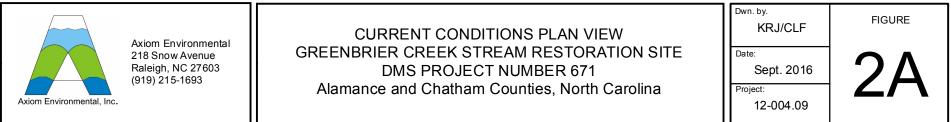
 Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

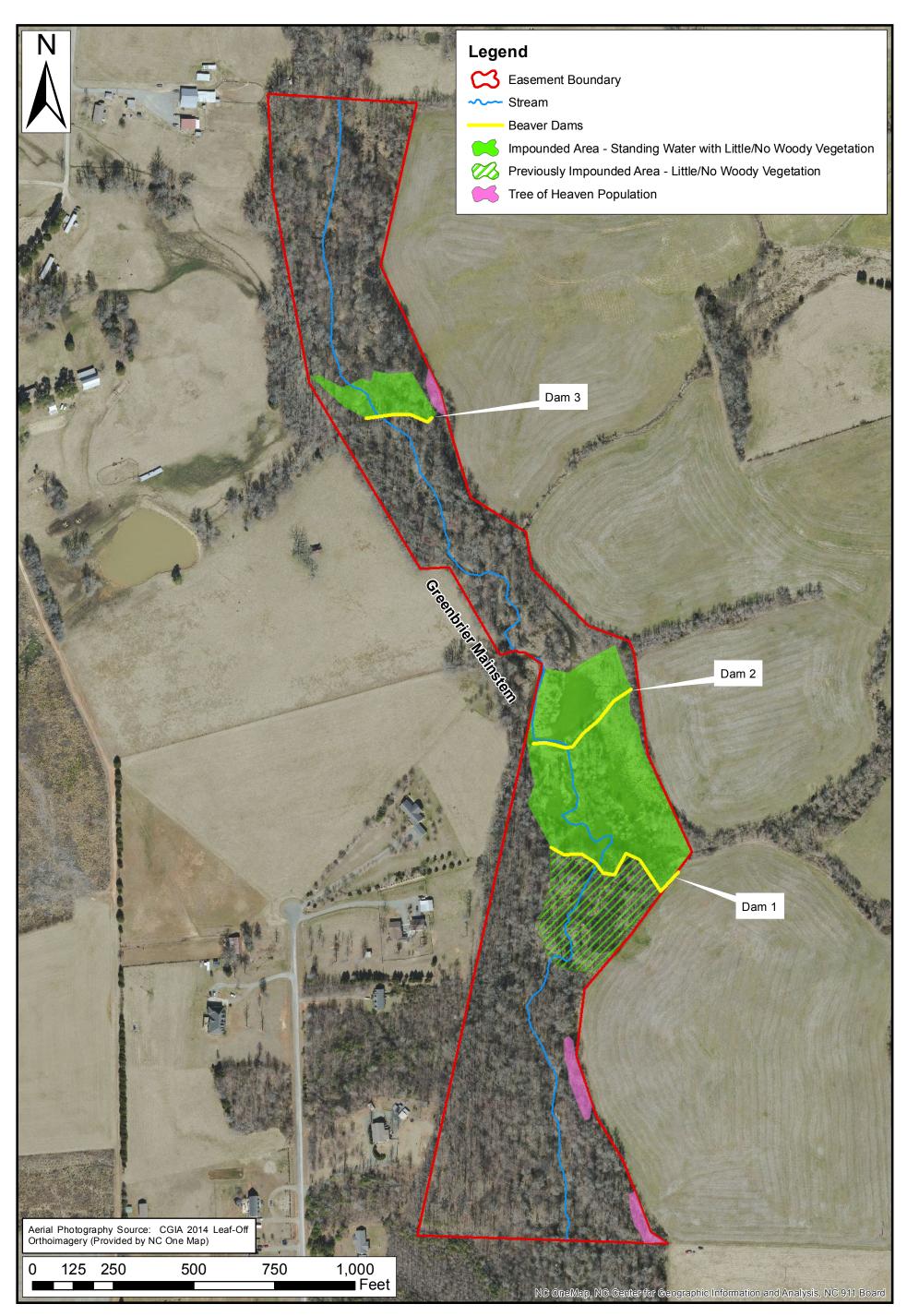
APPENDIX B

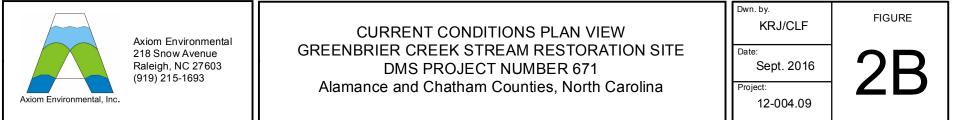
VISUAL ASSESSMENT DATA

Figures 2A-2B. Current Conditions Plan ViewSite Fixed-Station PhotographsVegetation Monitoring Plot PhotographsTables 5a-5b. Visual Stream Morphology Stability AssessmentTable 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment









Greenbrier Creek Site Fixed-Station Photographs Taken July 2016







Axiom Environmental, Inc.

Greenbrier Creek Vegetation Monitoring Photographs Taken July 2016



Greenbrier Creek Vegetation Monitoring Photographs Taken July 2016 (continued)



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Monitoring Year 5 of 5 (2016) November 2016 Appendices

Table 5a

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Greenbrier 2235

Reach ID

Assessed Length

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Stabilizing Woody	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	23	23			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth \ge 1.6)	24	24			100%			
		 Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle) 	100	100			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	100	100			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	100	100			100%			
		•					•			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	0	0			0%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			0%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			0%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	0	0			0%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	0	0			0%			

Table 5b

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Reach ID Assessed Length Greenbrier UT1 867

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Stabilizing Woody	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	35	35			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth \ge 1.6)	36	36			100%			
		 Length appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstrem riffle) 	100	100			100%			
	4.Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	100	100			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	100	100			100%			
			<u>1</u>				<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>		
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	1	1			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	0	0			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	0	0			100%			

Greenbrier

Table 6 Vegetation Condition Assessment

. . . .

Planted Acreage'	16.5					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of planted woody and herbaceous material on stream banks	0.1 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on visual observations and MY4 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total		0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%

Easement Acreage ²	50.48					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Chinese privet and Tree of Heaven	1000 SF	Tan and Pink Polygons	9	0.59	1.2%
5 5	Farmachanat		N1/A	0	0.00	0.0%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Encroachment	none	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%

= Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage. crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

2 = The acreage within the easement boundaries.

3 = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1,2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

4 = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern spcies are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, density, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by DMS such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likley trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in red italics are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where isolated specimens are found, particularly ealry in a projects monitoring history. However, areas of discreet, dense patches will of course be mapped as polygons. The symbology scheme below was one that was found to be helpful for symbolzing invasives polygons, particulally for situations where the conditon for an area is somewhere between isolated specimens and dense, discreet patches. In any case, the point or polygon/area feature can be symbolized to describe things like high or low concern and species can be listed as a map inset, in legend items if the number of species are limited or in the narrative section of the executive summary.

APPENDIX C

VEGETATION PLOT DATA

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment

Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata

Table 9. Planted Stems by Plot and Species

Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Tract Mean
1*	Yes	
2*	Yes	
3*	Yes	
4*	Yes	
5*	No**	
6	Yes	0.20/
7*	No**	83%
8	Yes	
9*	Yes	
10	Yes	
11*	Yes	
12*	Yes	

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment Based on Planted Stems
Greenbrier Creek Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

*These vegetation plots (Plots 1-5, 7, 9, and 11-12) are located entirely within riparian buffer credit areas and will be used to document stream mitigation as well as riparian buffer success. Remaining vegetation plots (Plots 6, 8, and 10) are located partially within the riparian buffer credit areas.

**Plots 5 and 7 don't make success criteria based on planted stems alone; however, when including naturally recruited stems of black walnut (*Juglans nigra*) and black locust (*Robinia pseudoacacia*), both plots 5 and 7 meet success criteria.

	on Site (DNIS Project Number 6/1)
Report Prepared By	Corri Faquin
Date Prepared	9/21/2016 9:58
database name	Axiom-Greenbrier-2016-CVSDatabase-v2.3.1.mdb
	S:\Business\Projects\12\12-004 EEP Monitoring\12-004.09 Greenbrier
database location	Stream\2016\CVS
computer name	KEENAN-PC
file size	44769280
	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of
Metadata	project(s) and project data.
	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This
Proj, planted	excludes live stakes.
	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This
Proj, total stems	includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems,
Plots	missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent
Damage	of total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
Planted Stems by Plot and	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot;
Spp	dead and missing stems are excluded.
	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural
ALL Stems by Plot and spp	volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
PROJECT SUMMARY	
Project Code	671
project Name	Greenbrier Stream
Sampled Plots	12

Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot MetadataGreenbrier Creek Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

Table 9. Total and Planted Stems by Plot and Species

DMS Project Code 671. Project Name: Greenbrier Stream

														Cur	rent Plo	ot Data	(MY5 2	2016)											
			67	1-01-00	001	67	1-01-00	02	67	1-01-00	003	67	1-01-00	04	67	1-01-00	05	67	1-01-00	06	67	1-01-00	007	67	1-01-00	08	67	1-01-00	009
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree	3	3	3	2	2	2										1	1	1				2	2	2	2 2	2	. 8
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																							(
Baccharis halimifolia	eastern baccharis	Shrub																							í				
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree																						3	3	(1)	3		
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree																							í – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		1		
Carya	hickory	Tree													1	1	1								í ,				
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	Tree																							í				
Celtis occidentalis	common hackberry	Tree																			2	2	2	2	(
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																							í				
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	1	1	1																			1	1	1	Ĺ		
Fraxinus americana	white ash	Tree				1	1	1																	í – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		1		
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	3	3	3	4	4	4	11	11	11	5	5	5				1	1	1	3	3	(1)	3 3	3	(1)	3 5	5	5
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree									1						2			1			29	÷	í	1	1		8
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree						4						1						2					í ,				
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree																			1	1	1	Ĺ	í – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –		1		
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree				1	1	1																	í ,				
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	3	3	3				2	2	2				1	1	1	-							í				
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree																1	1	3					í		1	. 1	. 1
Pyrus calleryana	Callery pear	Exotic															2								(
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree							1	1	1									2					í				
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree			1						1						1								í ,	1	1		
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree						1						1											í				
Salix sericea	silky willow	Shrub										2	2	2											(
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree				2	2	2			1	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4				3	3	Z	4 1	1	. 1
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub	1	1	1							1	1	1	1	1	1	. 2	2	2									
		Stem count	11	11	11	10	10	15	14	14	16	10	10	12	5	5	8	9	9	16	6	6	35	5 12	12	15	5 9	9	23
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02	
		Species count	5	5	6	5	5	7	3	3	6	4	4	6	4	4	7	5	5	8	3	3	Z	4 5	5	7	/ 4	4	. 5
		Stems per ACRE	445.2	445.2	445.2	404.7	404.7	607	566.6	566.6	647.5	404.7	404.7	485.6	202.3	202.3	323.7	364.2	364.2	647.5	242.8	242.8	1416	485.6	485.6	607	7 364.2	364.2	930.8

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

Table 9. Total and Planted Stems by Plot and Species (continued)

DMS Project Code 671. Project Name: Greenbrier Stream

Divis Project Code 0/1. Pr	-				Cur	rent Plo	ot Data	(MY5 2	016)				Annual Means													
			67	1-01-0	010	67	1-01-0	011	67	1-01-00)12	M	Y5 (201	.6)	М	Y4 (201	.5)	М	Y3 (201	L4)	N	/IY2 (201	13)	N	1Y1 (201	.2)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree	2	2	2				5	5	5	17	17	23	17	17	17	18	18	18	18	3 18	18	8 18	18	18
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																					2	2		1
Baccharis halimifolia	eastern baccharis	Shrub																		2			1			1
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree										3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	8 2	2	2
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree													2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Carya	hickory	Tree										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	. 1	1	1
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	Tree						1						1			1									
Celtis occidentalis	common hackberry	Tree										2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	. 3	3	3
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																1	1	1	2	2	2	2		
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	1	1	. 1	1	1	. 1				4	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	. 4	4	4	4	4
Fraxinus americana	white ash	Tree										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	. 1	1	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	11	11	. 11	9	9	9	13	13	14	68	68	69	72	72	78	76	76	86	74	1 74	- 74	65	65	68
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree												42			24			32			36	5		30
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree			1						1			9			6			6			15	,		9
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree				4	4	. 4	1	1	1	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	i 6	6	5 5	5	5
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	. 1	1	1
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree				2	2	. 2	2	2	2	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	9	9	8	8	8
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree				2	2	. 2				4	4	6	4	4	5	6	6	8	8	8	8	8 8	8	8
Pyrus calleryana	Callery pear	Exotic												2			1						1	-		
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree										1	1	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	. 1	1	. 1	1	1
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree												4			4			3			3	5		1
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree												2									1	-		
Salix sericea	silky willow	Shrub										2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 2	2	2
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree	2	2	. 3				1	1	1	17	17	20	15	15	15	14	14	14	13	3 13	13	12	12	12
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub	1	1	. 1							6	6	6	7	7	7	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	4
		Stem count	17	17	19	18	18	19	22	22	24	143	143	215	148	148	193	153	153	209	151	l 151	209	138	138	183
		size (ares)		1			1			1			12			12			12			12			12	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.30			0.30			0.30			0.30			0.30	
		Species count	5	5	6	5	5	6	5	5	6	15	15			-	21	17	17							
		Stems per ACRE	688	688	768.9	728.4	728.4	768.9	890.3	890.3	971.2	482.3	482.3	725.1	499.1	499.1	650.9	516	516	704.8	509.2	2 509.2	704.8	465.4	465.4	617.1

Color for Density

Exceeds requirements by 10%

Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%

Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

APPENDIX D

STREAM SURVEY DATA

Cross-section Plots

Longitudinal Profile Plots

Substrate Plots

Tables 10a-b. Baseline Stream Data Summary

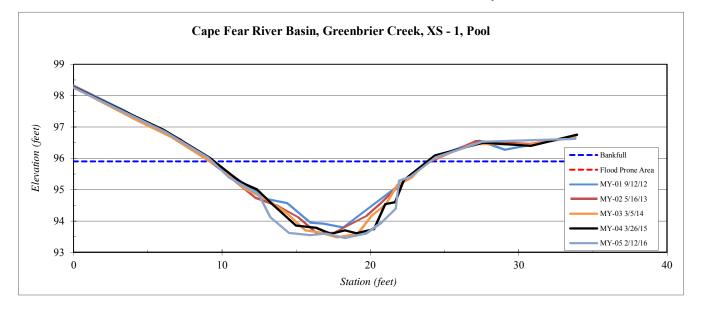
Tables 11a-b. Monitoring Data

River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 1, Pool	
Feature	Pool	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.0	98.26
6.2	96.85
9.1	96.02
10.5	95.39
12.5	94.86
13.3	94.12
14.5	93.62
15.9	93.55
17.0	93.59
18.3	93.46
19.7	93.60
20.8	93.95
21.7	94.39
21.9	95.28
22.7	95.41
24.4	96.03
27.5	96.53
33.8	96.62

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	95.9
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	22.6
Bankfull Width:	14.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.4
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.5
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0

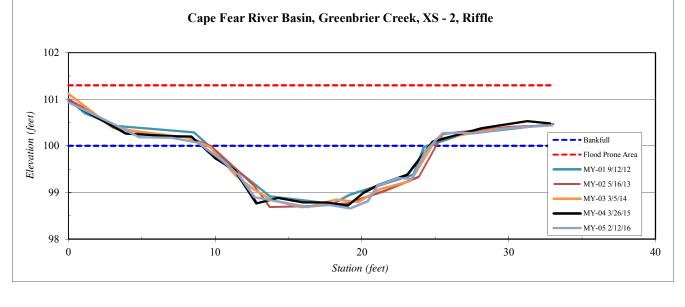




River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 2, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

tion	SUMMARY DATA
.94	Bankfull Elevation:
40	Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:
.19	Bankfull Width:
.17	Flood Prone Area Elevation:
.07	Flood Prone Width:
69	Max Depth at Bankfull:
37	Mean Depth at Bankfull:
90	W / D Ratio:
80	Entrenchment Ratio:
68	Bank Height Ratio:
73	
66	
81	





100.0 14.1 15.5 101.3 100.0 1.3 0.9 17.0 6.5 1.0

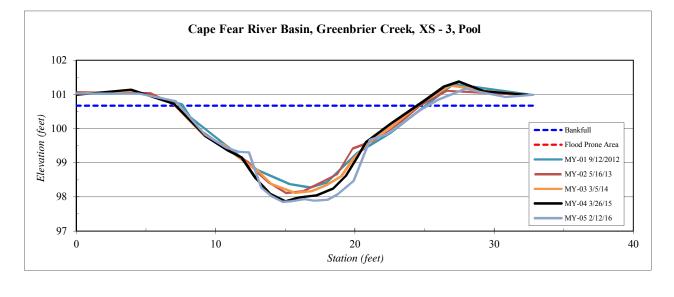
Station	Elevation
0.00	100.94
3.57	100.40
4.82	100.19
7.02	100.17
8.82	100.07
10.43	99.69
11.62	99.37
12.68	98.90
14.38	98.80
15.84	98.68
17.78	98.73
19.24	98.66
20.41	98.81
21.09	99.15
22.49	99.31
23.4	99.29
24.3	99.88
25.5	100.27
27.9	100.28
30.2	100.38
32.9	100.44

River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 3, Pool	
Feature	Pool	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	101.03
4.47	101.02
7.13	100.80
9.23	99.83
10.76	99.44
11.62	99.32
12.41	99.30
13.27	98.27
14.04	98.01
14.81	97.86
15.39	97.87
16.39	97.93
17.09	97.89
18.04	97.91
18.76	98.07
19.90	98.47
21.09	99.66
22.37	99.84
24.67	100.53
26.01	100.84
27.95	101.16
28.98	101.08
30.83	100.92
32.80	100.98

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	100.7
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	28.1
Bankfull Width:	17.9
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.8
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.6
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



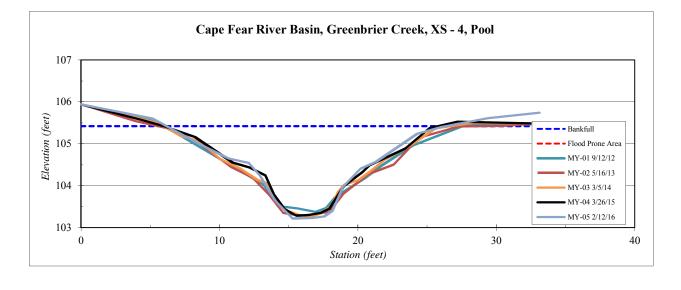


River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 4, Pool	
Feature	Pool	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	105.94
5.15	105.61
8.51	105.00
10.66	104.65
12.11	104.54
12.95	104.23
14.03	103.64
15.28	103.22
16.73	103.23
17.57	103.27
18.18	103.41
18.91	103.97
20.18	104.40
21.31	104.58
24.27	105.24
26.02	105.40
29.40	105.61
33.12	105.74

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	105.4
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	19.8
Bankfull Width:	20.2
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.0
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



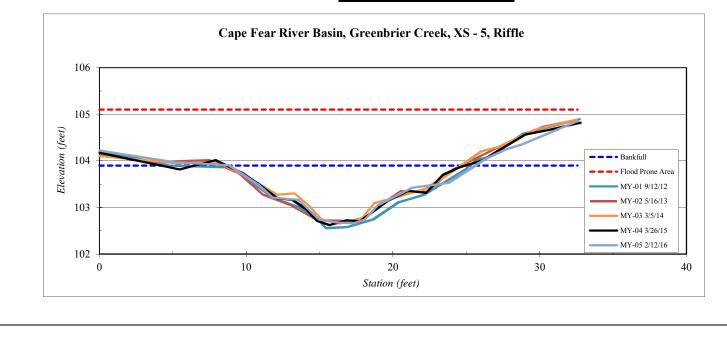


River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 5, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	103.
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	11.1
Bankfull Width:	16.8
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	105.
Flood Prone Width:	100.
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.7
W / D Ratio:	25.4
Entrenchment Ratio:	6.0
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type Е



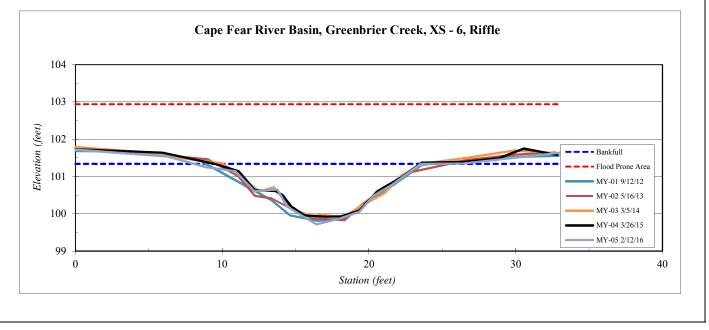
Station	Elevation
0.00	104.22
5.07	103.97
8.83	103.90
10.87	103.48
11.82	103.21
13.56	103.17
14.97	102.74
16.21	102.67
17.33	102.66
18.08	102.74
18.97	103.05
21.34	103.42
23.79	103.53
26.32	104.05
27.71	104.25
28.78	104.35
32.59	104.85

River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 6, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation	
0.00	101.72	
6.31	101.54	
8.87	101.25	
10.91	101.14	
12.20	100.61	
13.76	100.65	
14.41	100.19	
16.43	99.72	
18.00	99.87	
19.34	100.05	
20.30	100.48	
21.59	100.78	
23.56	101.34	
26.40	101.35	
33.04	101.64	

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	101.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	12.2
Bankfull Width:	15.5
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	102.9
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.6
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	0.8
W / D Ratio:	19.7
Entrenchment Ratio:	6.5
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



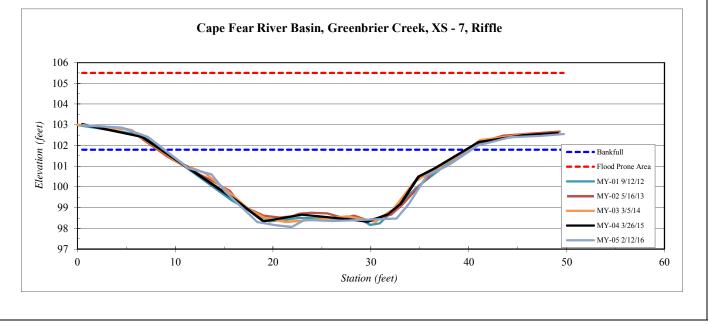


River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 7, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.50	102.98
4.56	102.87
5.64	102.68
7.18	102.42
11.30	100.91
13.72	100.61
15.14	99.77
17.00	98.93
18.40	98.31
20.28	98.15
21.91	98.07
23.21	98.42
26.09	98.35
32.63	98.47
33.87	99.19
35.7	100.56
37.7	101.01
40.9	102.00
44.2	102.39
47.2	102.46
49.7	102.55

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	101.8
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	74.5
Bankfull Width:	31.4
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	105.5
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.7
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.4
W / D Ratio:	13.2
Entrenchment Ratio:	3.2
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0





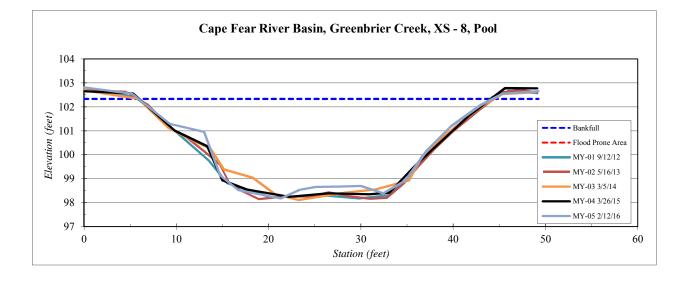
River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 8, Pool	
Feature	Pool	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	102.81
5.22	102.54
9.30	101.29
13.00	100.96
14.74	99.13
16.74	98.53
18.49	98.39
21.31	98.18
23.39	98.54
25.11	98.66
27.52	98.67
29.99	98.70
32.44	98.39
34.82	98.92
37.19	100.19
39.75	101.19
42.95	102.07
45.34	102.54
49.24	102.66

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	102.3
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	99.1
Bankfull Width:	38.4
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	4.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.6
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0





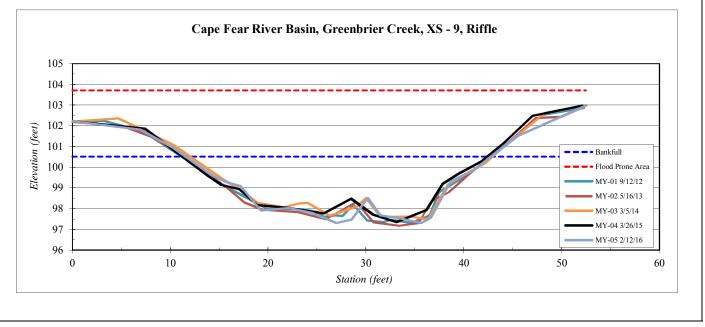


River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 9, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	102.22
6.94	101.82
10.24	100.96
14.36	99.58
15.74	99.29
17.20	99.08
19.27	97.92
22.11	98.04
24.46	97.81
27.00	97.30
28.55	97.48
30.19	98.50
31.48	97.68
33.44	97.53
35.65	97.31
36.68	97.59
38.65	99.32
41.05	99.86
45.58	101.52
52.48	102.98

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	100.5
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	64.2
Bankfull Width:	31.2
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	103.7
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.1
W / D Ratio:	15.2
Entrenchment Ratio:	3.2
Bank Height Ratio:	1.4





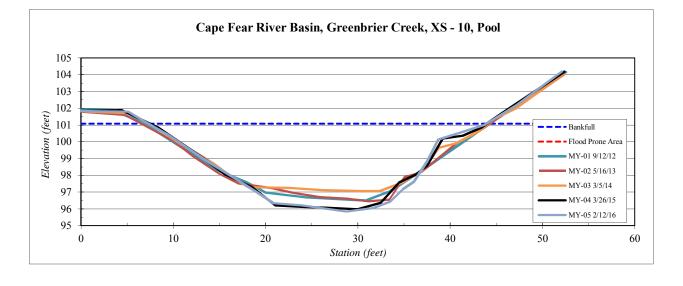
River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 10, Pool	
Feature	Pool	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	101.83
5.12	101.79
6.90	101.20
9.49	100.40
13.34	98.94
16.91	97.75
18.88	97.07
20.84	96.34
23.97	96.21
28.74	95.85
31.69	96.04
33.52	96.43
34.89	97.17
36.08	97.62
37.54	98.86
38.72	100.13
41.60	100.63
43.74	101.01
47.16	102.18
52.11	104.18

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	101.1
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	113.8
Bankfull Width:	36.7
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	5.2
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	3.1
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0







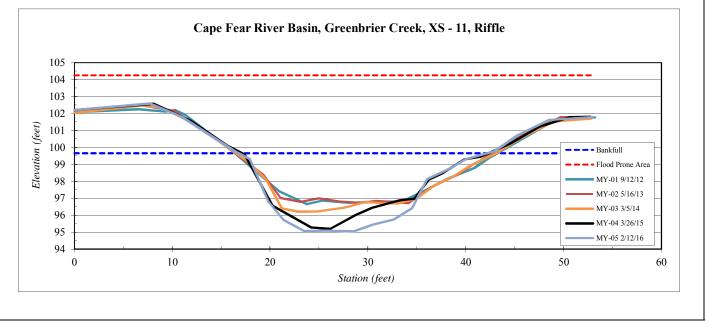
River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 11, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	102.20
7.75	102.59
10.96	101.80
16.51	99.73
17.91	99.31
19.84	96.80
21.40	95.70
23.48	95.07
25.94	95.10
28.55	95.04
30.52	95.45
32.66	95.75
34.49	96.41
36.03	98.13
38.36	98.75
39.99	99.30
42.91	99.77
45.31	100.71
48.50	101.62
52.93	101.79

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	99.7
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	72.4
Bankfull Width:	25.4
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	104.3
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	4.6
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.9
W / D Ratio:	8.9
Entrenchment Ratio:	3.9
Bank Height Ratio:	1.4



Stream Type E



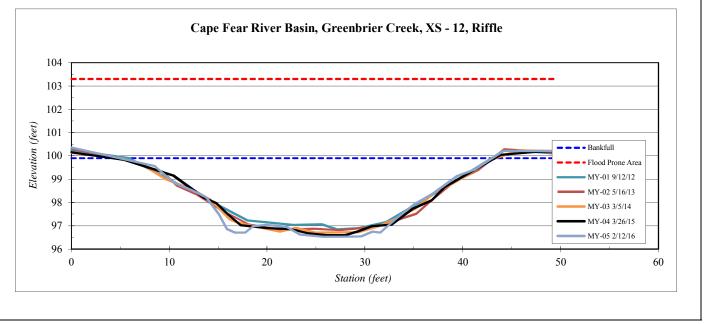
River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 12, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	100.36
8.49	99.56
10.47	98.85
12.32	98.52
13.80	98.22
15.04	97.52
15.91	96.86
16.72	96.71
17.76	96.71
18.59	96.98
19.96	97.04
21.99	96.96
23.35	96.63
25.74	96.53
27.68	96.53
29.61	96.54
30.79	96.76
31.57	96.71
33.20	97.32
34.96	97.91
36.91	98.37
39.44	99.13
41.20	99.41
44.17	100.21
49.57	100.21

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	99.9
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	77.8
Bankfull Width:	38.1
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	103.3
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.4
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.0
W / D Ratio:	18.7
Entrenchment Ratio:	2.6
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type E



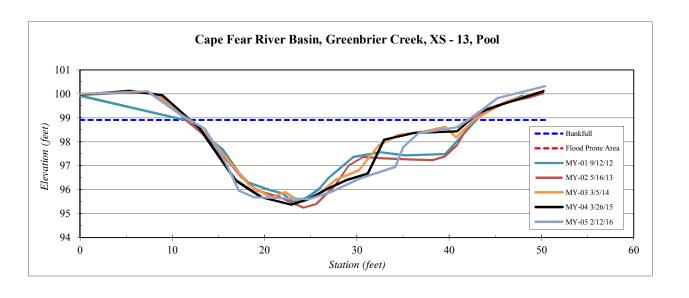
River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 13, Pool	
Feature	Pool	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	99.99
7.34	100.10
10.98	99.11
13.51	98.55
15.75	97.15
17.22	95.97
18.83	95.68
21.20	95.66
24.79	95.60
27.22	95.91
30.36	96.47
32.16	96.69
34.17	96.95
35.03	97.78
36.66	98.36
40.89	98.60
43.18	99.21
45.25	99.82
50.38	100.32

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	98.9
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	59.8
Bankfull Width:	30.2
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	NA
Flood Prone Width:	NA
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.3
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	2.0
W / D Ratio:	NA
Entrenchment Ratio:	NA
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type



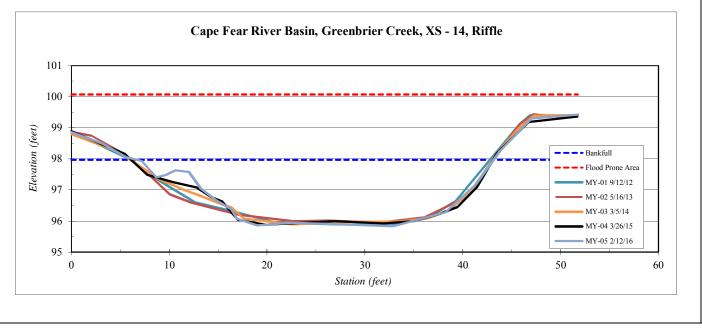
River Basin:	Cape Fear	
Watershed:	Greenbrier Creek	
XS ID	XS - 14, Riffle	
Feature	Riffle	
Date:	2/12/2016	
Field Crew:	Perkinson, Keith	

Station	Elevation
0.00	98.85
3.21	98.49
5.61	98.06
7.19	97.93
8.66	97.41
9.63	97.47
10.64	97.64
12.01	97.58
13.24	97.03
14.78	96.66
16.35	96.38
16.92	96.08
18.97	95.86
22.49	95.94
26.96	95.90
32.86	95.83
38.23	96.28
41.31	97.17
43.79	98.25
47.03	99.30
51.76	99.42

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	98.0
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	55.5
Bankfull Width:	36.4
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	100.1
Flood Prone Width:	100.0
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.1
Mean Depth at Bankfull:	1.5
W / D Ratio:	23.9
Entrenchment Ratio:	2.7
Bank Height Ratio:	1.0



Stream Type E

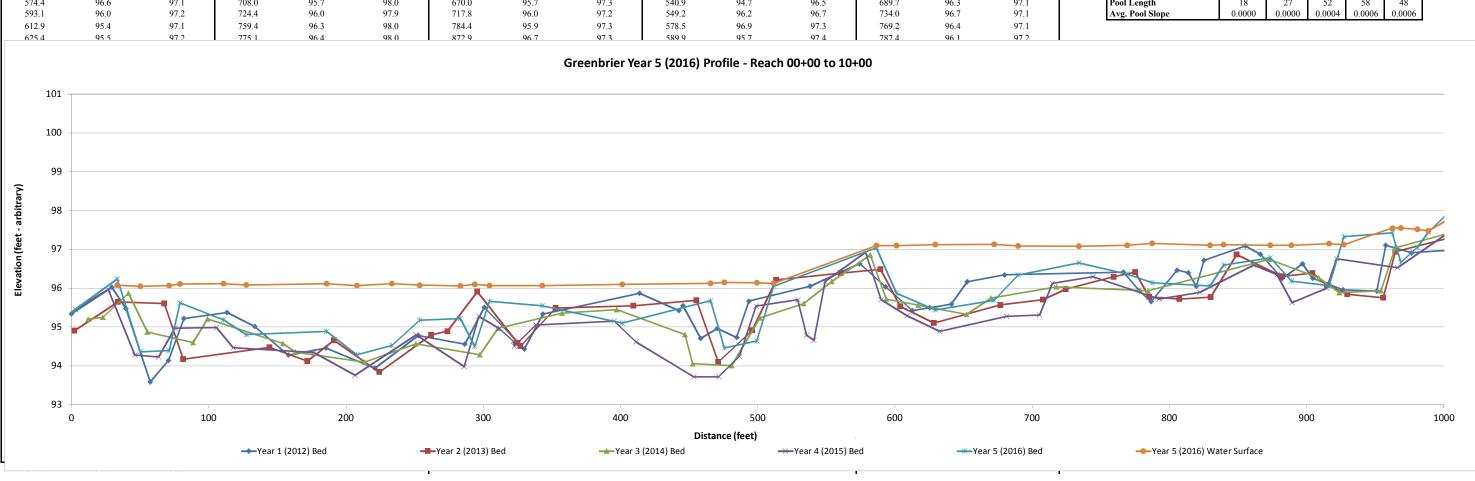


Project Name Reach Greenbrier - Year 5 (2016) Profile Main Reach (00+00 - 10+00)

Feature Date Crew Profile 2/12/16

Perkinson, Keith

	2012 Year 1 Monitoring \S	Survey		2013 Year 2 Monitoring \\$	Survey		2014 Year 3 Monitoring \\$	Survey		2015 Year 4 Monitoring \S	Survey	2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey			
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	
0.0	95.3	96.7	2.0	94.9	97.7	12.0	95.2	95.9	2.8	95.5	95.9	-2.0	95.3		
29.2	96.0	96.7	33.8	95.6	97.7	22.8	95.3	95.9	26.8	96.0	96.3	33.3	96.2	96.1	
39.5	95.5	96.7	67.7	95.6	97.7	41.4	95.9	96.2	46.1	94.3	96.4	50.2	94.4	96.0	
57.2	93.6	96.7	81.4	94.2	97.7	55.2	94.9	96.2	63.5	94.2	96.4	71.0	94.4	96.1	
70.6	94.1	96.7	144.4	94.5	97.7	88.6	94.6	96.2	75.3	95.0	96.4	79.1	95.6	96.1	
81.8	95.2	96.7	171.8	94.1	97.7	99.1	95.2	96.3	105.5	95.0	96.3	110.7	95.2	96.1	
113.4	95.4	96.7	191.1	94.7	97.7	154.1	94.6	96.3	117.9	94.5	96.4	127.3	94.8	96.1	
133.5	95.0	96.7	224.3	93.8	97.7	163.2	94.3	96.3	176.5	94.3	96.3	185.7	94.9	96.1	
158.1	94.3	96.7	262.0	94.8	97.6	213.5	94.1	96.3	206.7	93.8	96.3	207.9	94.3	96.1	
185.3	94.5	96.7	274.0	94.9	97.7	250.8	94.6	96.3	251.2	94.8	96.3	233.5	94.5	96.1	
220.9	93.9	96.7	295.6	95.9	97.7	297.6	94.3	96.3	286.2	94.0	96.4	253.6	95.2	96.1	
252.8	94.8	96.8	325.1	94.6	97.7	310.8	95.0	96.3	296.9	95.3	96.4	283.3	95.2	96.1	
286.5	94.6	96.7	327.1	94.5	97.7	357.4	95.4	96.3	311.5	95.0	96.4	293.8	94.5	96.1	
300.7	95.5	96.7	352.8	95.5	97.7	397.3	95.4	96.3	322.0	94.6	96.4	304.6	95.7	96.1	
330.0	94.4	96.7	409.4	95.5	97.7	447.1	94.8	96.4	322.7	94.5	96.4	343.0	95.5	96.1	
343.4	95.3	96.7	455.4	95.7	97.7	452.6	94.1	96.3	338.3	95.1	96.3	401.4	95.1	96.1	
413.8	95.9	96.7	471.1	94.1	97.7	481.0	94.0	96.3	395.5	95.2	96.4	465.7	95.7	96.1	
442.5	95.4	96.6	496.0	94.9	97.7	501.6	95.2	96.3	411.2	94.6	96.4	475.6	94.5	96.1	
445.7	95.5	96.7	513.5	96.2	97.7	533.4	95.6	96.4	453.5	93.7	96.4	499.3	94.6	96.1	
458.4	94.7	96.6	560.5	96.4	97.7	554.0	96.2	96.7	471.6	93.7	96.4	511.7	96.0	96.1	
470.5	95.0	96.7	589.4	96.5	98.0	582.1	96.9	97.3	486.7	94.2	96.4	586.5	97.0	97.1	
484.7	94.7	96.7	603.9	95.5	98.0	593.7	95.7	97.2	498.9	95.5	96.4	601.2	95.9	97.1	
493.7	95.7	96.7	628.4	95.1	98.0	617.0	95.6	97.3	529.2	95.7	96.4	629.4	95.4	97.1	
538.1	96.0	96.7	676.8	95.6	98.0	652.1	95.3	97.3	535.6	94.8	96.5	672.2	95.7	97.1	
574.4	96.6	97.1	708.0	95.7	98.0	670.0	95.7	97.3	540.9	94.7	96.5	689.7	96.3	97.1	
593.1	96.0	97.2	724.4	96.0	97.9	717.8	96.0	97.2	549.2	96.2	96.7	734.0	96.7	97.1	
612.9	95.4	97.1	759.4	96.3	98.0	784.4	95.9	97.3	578.5	96.9	97.3	769.2	96.4	97.1	
(0.5.1							a								



Avg. V Riffle Avg. F Pool L Avg. F

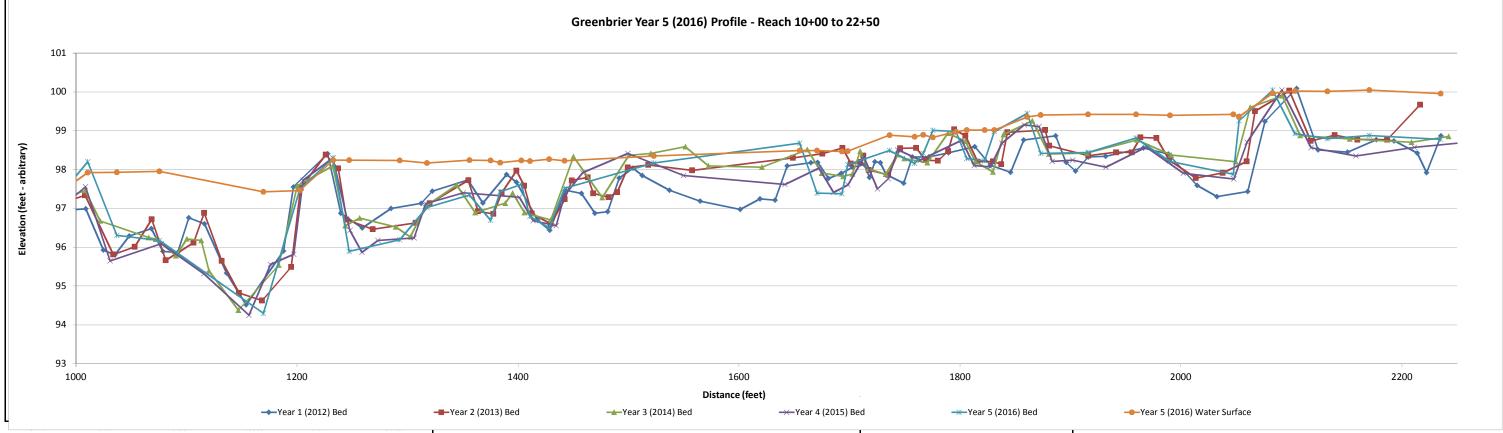
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Water Surface Slope	0.0017	0.0010	0.0020	0.0019	0.0019
e Length	29	34	72	64	54
Riffle Slope	0.0050	0.0006	0.0074	0.0087	0.0080
Length	18	27	52	58	48
Pool Slope	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0006	0.0006

Project Name Reach Greenbrier - Year 5 (2016) Profile Main Reach (10+00 - 22+50)

Feature Date Crew Profile 2/12/16

Perkinson, Keith

	2012 Year 1 Monitoring \%	Survey	Y	2013 ear 2 Monitoring \S	urvey	Ţ	2014 Year 3 Monitoring \\$	Survey	Y	2015 Year 4 Monitoring \S	Survey	Y	2016 \(ear 5 Monitoring)	Survey
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	on Bed Elevation Water Elevation		Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation
0.0	95.3	96.7	964.7	96.9	98.0	964.4	97.0	97.4	966.3	96.5	97.5	988.7	97.4	97.5
29.2	96.0	96.7	1008.3	97.3	98.0	1008.2	97.5	98.0	1008.6	97.6	98.2	1010.6	98.2	97.9
39.5	95.5	96.7	1033.6	95.8	98.0	1022.0	96.7	98.1	1030.9	95.6	98.2	1037.0	96.3	97.9
57.2	93.6	96.7	1053.2	96.0	98.0	1065.9	96.2	98.1	1077.1	96.1	98.2	1075.5	96.2	98.0
70.6	94.1	96.7	1068.6	96.7	98.0	1072.3	96.2	98.1	1115.8	95.3	98.2	1169.7	94.3	97.4
81.8	95.2	96.7	1081.4	95.7	98.0	1090.5	95.8	98.1	1156.6	94.2	98.2	1202.6	97.5	97.5
113.4	95.4	96.7	1106.3	96.1	98.0	1100.5	96.2	98.1	1176.0	95.6	98.2	1232.6	98.3	98.2
133.5	95.0	96.7	1116.1	96.9	98.0	1113.5	96.2	98.1	1197.1	95.8	98.1	1247.3	95.9	98.2
158.1	94.3	96.7	1131.9	95.6	98.0	1120.5	95.4	98.1	1205.6	97.7	98.1	1293.1	96.2	98.2
185.3	94.5	96.7	1147.6	94.8	98.0	1146.9	94.4	98.1	1232.4	98.3	99.0	1317.5	97.0	98.2
220.9	93.9	96.7	1168.5	94.6	97.9	1183.4	95.5	98.1	1247.9	96.4	99.0	1356.0	97.3	98.2
252.8	94.8	96.8	1194.7	95.5	98.0	1200.3	97.6	98.1	1258.9	95.9	99.0	1375.1	96.7	98.2
286.5	94.6	96.7	1203.3	97.5	98.0	1232.4	98.1	98.8	1273.2	96.2	99.0	1384.0	97.4	98.2
300.7	95.5	96.7	1226.0	98.4	98.7	1243.9	96.6	98.9	1306.1	96.2	99.0	1403.0	97.6	98.2
330.0	94.4	96.7	1237.4	98.0	98.7	1256.6	96.8	98.9	1316.5	97.1	98.9	1410.9	96.8	98.2
343.4	95.3	96.7	1245.0	96.7	98.7	1289.4	96.5	98.9	1350.7	97.4	98.9	1428.1	96.5	98.3
413.8	95.9	96.7	1268.7	96.5	98.7	1302.7	96.3	98.9	1401.4	97.3	99.0	1442.1	97.5	98.2
442.5	95.4	96.6	1307.3	96.6	98.7	1316.3	97.1	98.9	1413.8	96.7	99.0	1522.8	98.2	98.4
445.7	95.5	96.7	1320.1	97.1	98.7	1344.6	97.6	98.9	1434.7	96.6	98.9	1655.0	98.7	98.5
458.4	94.7	96.6	1355.1	97.7	98.7	1361.2	96.9	98.8	1442.0	97.3	98.9	1670.6	97.4	98.5
470.5	95.0	96.7	1364.0	96.9	98.7	1388.5	97.1	98.9	1458.7	97.9	98.9	1693.2	97.4	98.5
484.7	94.7	96.7	1377.9	96.9	98.7	1395.3	97.4	98.9	1499.5	98.4	99.0	1698.4	98.1	98.5
493.7	95.7	96.7	1385.3	97.4	98.7	1406.0	96.9	98.9	1549.8	97.8	99.0	1736.2	98.5	98.9
538.1	96.0	96.7	1398.7	98.0	98.7	1429.8	96.7	98.9	1641.6	97.6	99.0	1758.8	98.2	98.8
574.4	96.6	97.1	1405.5	97.6	98.7	1450.2	98.3	98.9	1672.5	98.0	99.0	1766.8	98.4	98.9
593.1	96.0	97.2	1412.5	96.9	98.7	1476.3	97.3	98.9	1685.7	97.4	99.0	1775.4	99.0	98.8
612.9	95.4	97.1	1429.7	96.6	98.7	1500.2	98.4	98.9	1698.8	97.6	99.0	1796.2	99.0	99.0
625.4	95.5	97.2	1442.3	97.2	98 7	1520.4	98.4	99 1	1713 3	98.3	99 1	1806.0	98 3	99.0



Avg Riff Avg Poo Avg

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
vg. Water Surface Slope	0.0017	0.0010	0.0020	0.0019	0.0019
ffle Length	29	34	72	64	54
vg. Riffle Slope	0.0050	0.0006	0.0074	0.0087	0.0080
ool Length	18	27	52	58	48
vg. Pool Slope	0.0000	0.0000	0.0004	0.0006	0.0006

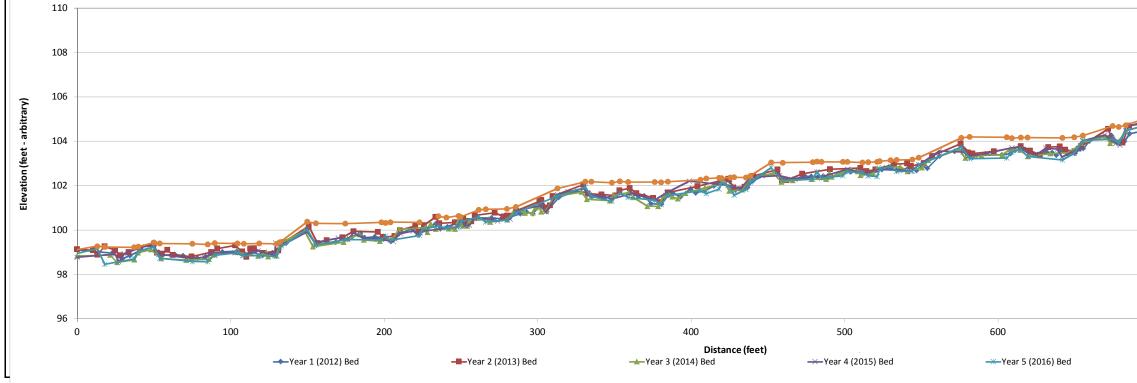
Greenbrier - Year 5 (2016) Profile	Project Name
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Unnamed Tributary (00+00 - 09+00) Profile 2/12/16 Perkinson, Keith

Reach Feature Date Crew

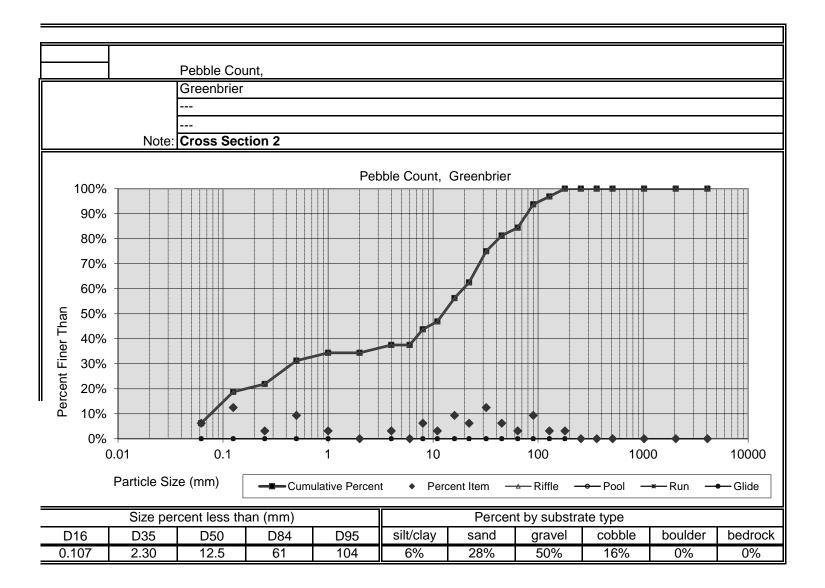
	2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Su	urvey	Ŋ	2013 Year 2 Monitoring \S	urvey	y	2014 Year 3 Monitoring \S	urvey	y	2015 Year 4 Monitoring \S	Survey	Ŷ	2016 Year 5 Monitoring \S	Survey
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Bed Elevation Water Elevation		Bed Elevation	Water Elevation
0.0	99.1		0.0	99.1	99.4	0.0	98.8		0.0	98.8	99.1	-1.0	98.9	99.1
22.6	99.0		10.3	99.1	99.4	21.4	98.9	99.3	24.6	98.9	99.3	13.1	99.2	99.3
29.3	98.7		13.0	98.9	99.4	26.0	98.5	99.4	27.0	98.6	99.3	17.8	98.5	99.2
34.3	98.8		17.9	99.3	99.4	37.2	98.7	99.3	28.5	98.7	99.4	37.1	98.7	99.2
41.7	99.1		24.6	99.1	99.5	39.5	99.0	99.3	30.6	98.9	99.3	39.8	99.0	99.2
50.4	99.1		27.9	98.9	99.5	48.1	99.1	99.4	41.5	99.2	99.4	49.9	99.2	99.4
55.2	98.8		33.5	99.0	99.5	54.7	98.7	99.4	48.6	99.3	99.3	53.7	98.7	99.4
63.4	98.9		40.9	99.2		71.0	98.6	99.4	53.2	98.9	99.6	75.0	98.6	99.4
68.8	98.8		49.9	99.4		85.9	98.7	99.4	70.9	98.7	99.5	85.1	98.6	99.4
78.3	98.7		52.0	99.0	99.6	89.6	98.9	99.4	83.0	98.8	99.5	89.5	98.9	99.4
83.7	98.8		55.1	98.9	99.6	103.6	99.0	99.5	88.0	99.0	99.4	104.4	99.0	99.4
94.5	99.0		58.7	99.1	99.7	118.0	98.8	99.5	102.8	99.0	99.5	108.5	98.8	99.4
104.0	99.0		62.3	98.9	99.7	123.2	99.0	99.5	107.7	98.8	99.5	118.6	98.8	99.4
109.8	98.9		74.6	98.8	99.7	124.5	98.8	99.5	117.9	99.1	99.5	130.0	98.8	99.4
114.0	99.0		87.2	99.0	99.6	129.6	98.8	99.5	128.6	98.8	99.4	132.2	99.2	99.4
120.8	98.9		91.3	99.2	99.4	132.5	99.4	99.6	129.2	99.4		149.8	100.0	100.4
127.2	99.0		102.8	99.3	99.7	148.2	99.9	100.3	132.8	99.3	99.4	155.5	99.3	100.3
136.1	99.4		107.4	99.0	99.7	153.6	99.2	100.3	149.8	99.9	100.4	174.6	99.6	100.3
149.6	100.0		110.3	98.8	99.6	173.6	99.4	100.3	154.6	99.4	100.4	198.3	99.6	100.3
156.0	99.3		112.7	99.2	99.7	176.2	99.6	100.3	170.1	99.6	100.3	200.9	99.7	100.3
168.5	99.5		115.2	99.2	99.7	184.0	99.8	100.3	175.9	99.6	100.4	204.0	99.5	100.3
178.9	99.7		121.0	99.0	99.7	186.8	99.6	100.3	180.0	99.9	100.3	223.0	99.8	100.3
184.5	99.8		131.2	99.1	99.7	197.2	99.5	100.4	186.4	99.6	100.3	224.8	100.0	
187.1	99.6		134.7	99.4	99.6	205.7	99.6	100.4	195.6	99.6	100.3	235.2	100.2	100.6
193.7	99.7		150.9	100.2	100.4	209.7	100.0	100.4	206.0	99.5	100.3	240.4	100.1	100.6
198.3	99.7		156.4	99.4	100.4	226.8	100.1	100.5	207.0	99.6	100.3	248.4	100.1	100.6
200.1	99.6		162.6	99.5	100.4	228.2	99.9	100.5	210.7	99.8	100.3	249.8	100.4	100.6
204.2	00.5		172.9	99.7	100.4	230.3	100.3	100.7	218.9	100.0	100.4	261.6	100.6	100.9

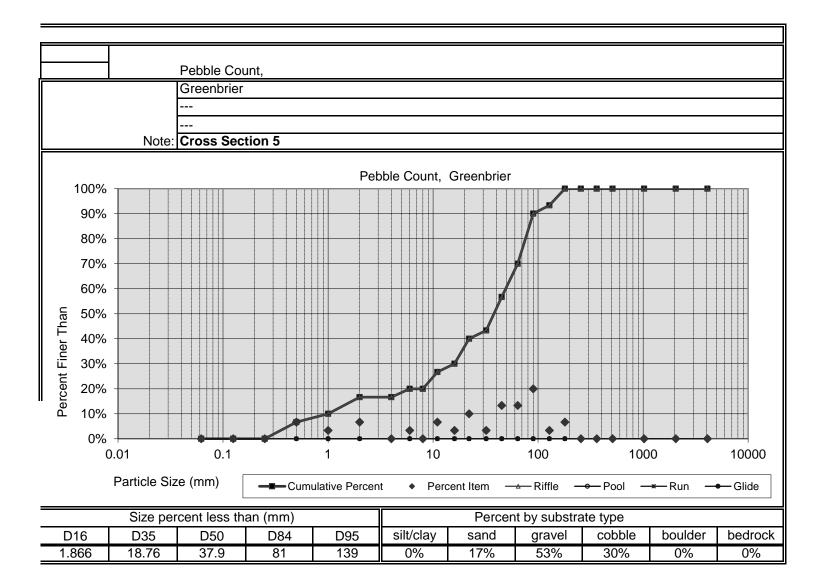
Greenbrier Year 5 (2016) Profile - Unnamed Tributary 00+00 to 09+00

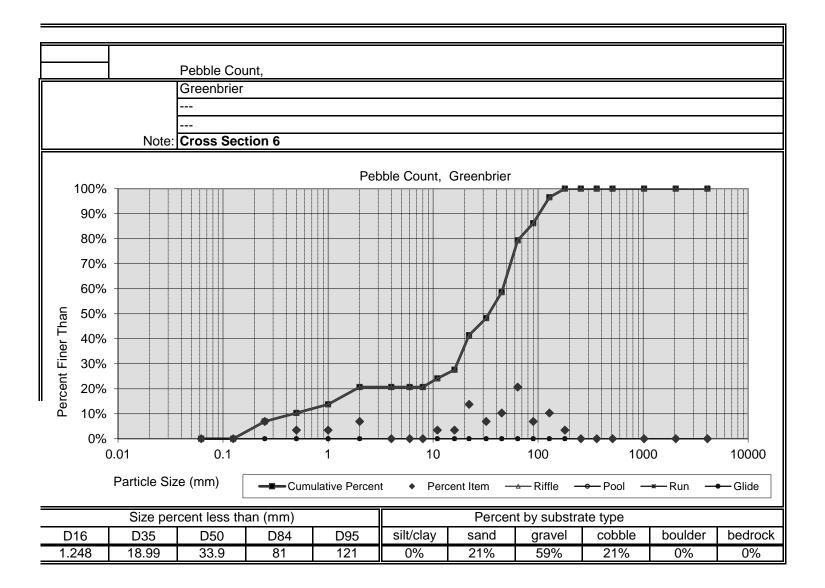


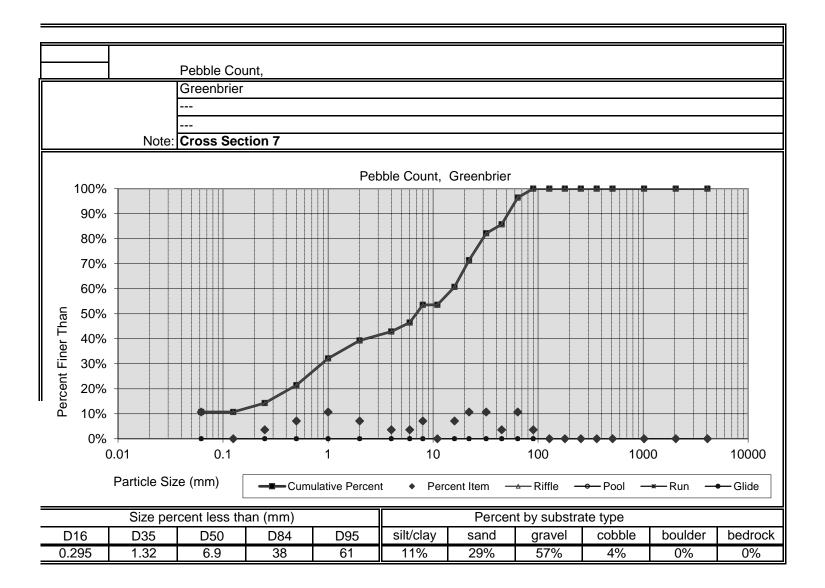
ater in channel during fiel	d measurments.	
	1	1
0	800	900
Year 5 (2016) W	ater Surface	

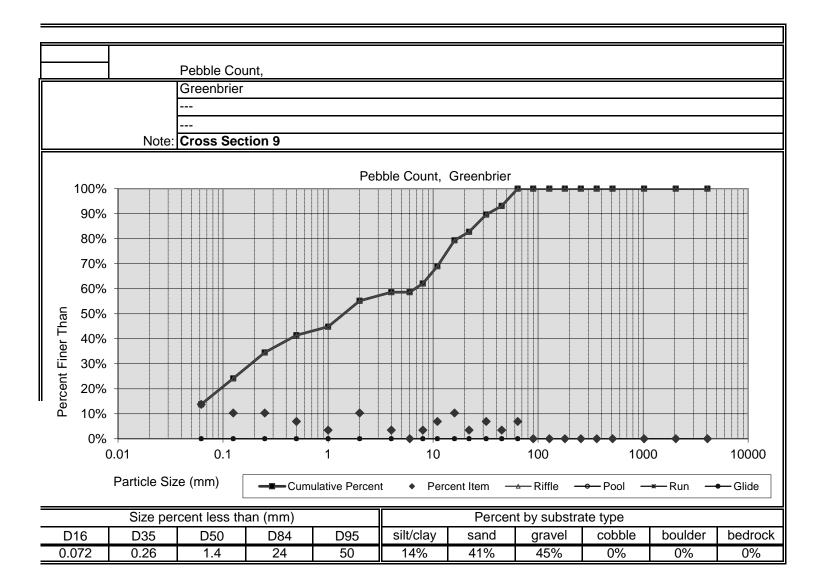
	2012*	2013	2014	2015	2016
Avg. Water Surface Slope		0.0092	0.0102	0.0103	0.0100
Riffle Length	10	16	14	19	17
Avg. Riffle Slope		0.0124	0.0206	0.0188	0.0200
Pool Length	9	6	15	15	18
Avg. Pool Slope		0.0008	0.0038	0.0071	0.0014

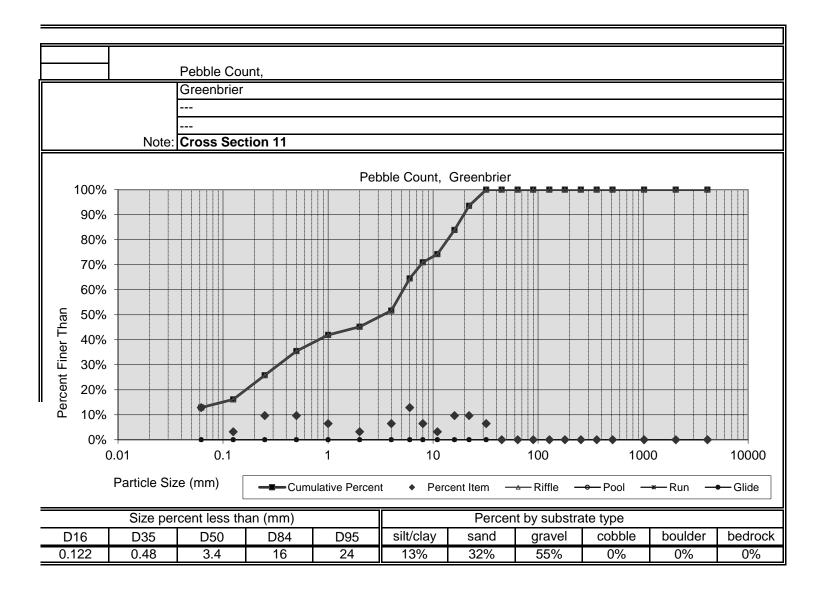


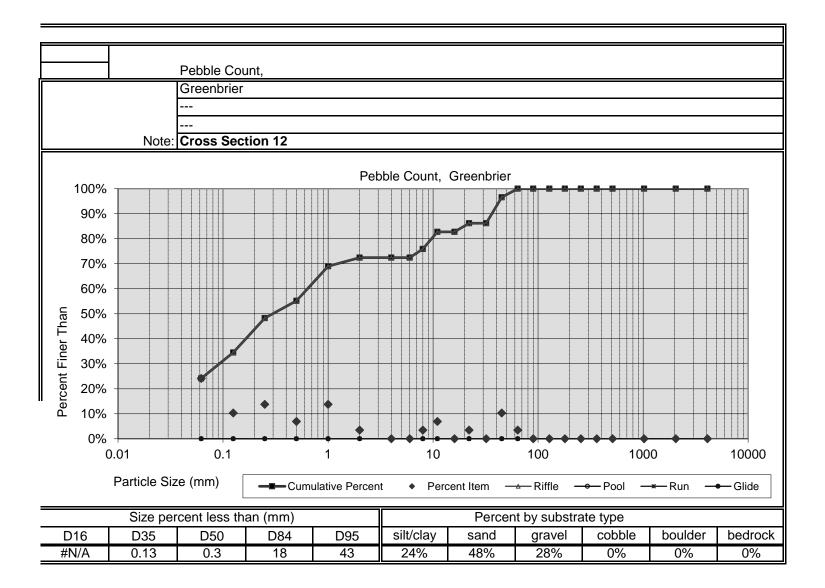


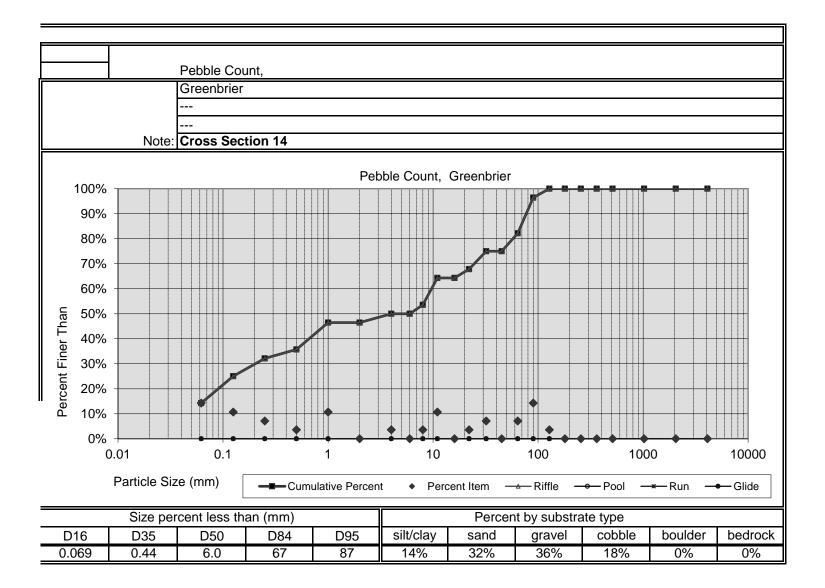


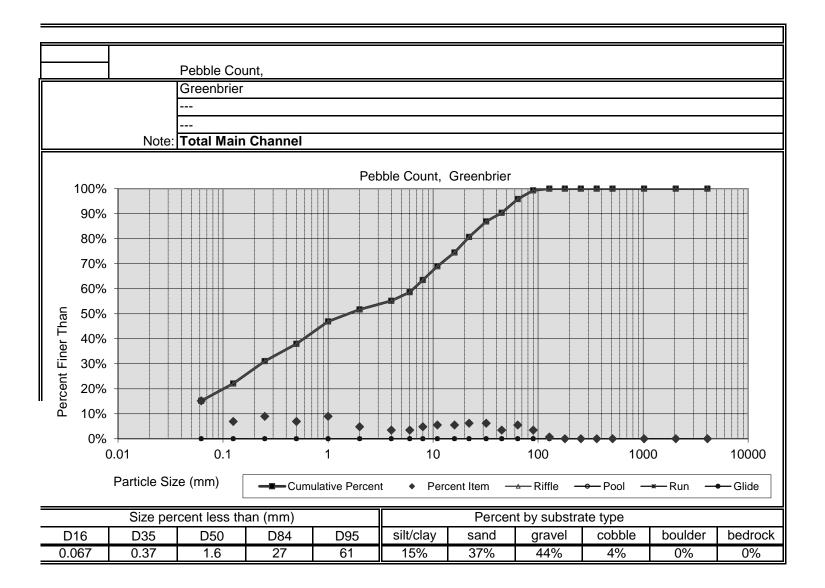












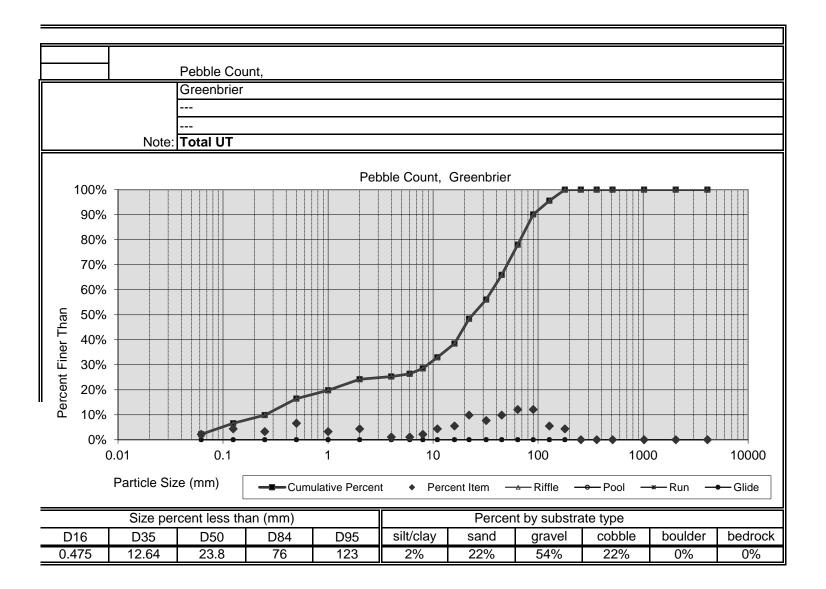


Table 10a. Baseline Stream Data Summary - Unnamed Tributary Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

Greenbrier	Creek (DMS	s Project Number	0/1)

Parameter	Gauge		Regional Cu	rve	Pr	e-Existi	ng Con	dition -	UT		Reference	Reach(es) Data			Design			Year 1 (2012) Monitoring - UT						
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Max	Med	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD			
BF Width (ft)					3.2			6.6			27.6						12.0	14.5		14.7	16.5				
Floodprone Width (ft)					8			50			140						40			100					
BF Mean Depth (ft)							0.9				1.2						0.7	0.7		0.8	0.9				
BF Max Depth (ft)					1.2			1.4			2.0						1.0	1.2		1.3	1.5				
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					2.7			5.8			33.5						7.8	11.9		12.0	12.7				
Width/Depth Ratio					3.7			7.4			23.0						18.0	16.3		18.1	23.6	1			
Entrenchment Ratio					1.2			>2.2			5.1						>2.2	6.1		6.6	6.9				
Bank Height Ratio					1.0			~1.3			1.0						1.0			1.0					
Profile																			-		-				
Riffle length (ft)																		2	12	10	32	35			
Riffle slope (ft/ft)																		No V	Vater in C	Channel I	Juring St	arvey			
Pool length (ft)																		4.0	10.0	8.9	25.0	36.0			
Pool Max depth (ft)											2.8							1.2		1.3	1.5				
Pool spacing (ft)										25			104					8	23	22	42	9			
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)											77														
Radius of Curvature (ft)																		Channa	l Sinuosit	v 1.0 to	1 1: thore	oforo no			
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																			variables						
Meander Wavelength (ft)										94			100					pattern	variables	are able	to be car	surateu.			
Meander Width ratio											2.8														
Transport parameters																						<u> </u>			
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lbs/ft ²		1			r –	r – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	1	r –	r			1			1	1	1	r	r	1		T			
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
												-									-	+			
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ² Additional Reach Parameters																					L	L			
Rosgen Classification					1		G4c-typ	-0		r	(14 tumo			r	C4-type		1		C-type					
Bankfull Velocity (fps)			I				04C-typ	C	C4-type					C4-type				e type							
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)																									
Valley Length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																868				868		_			
Sinuosity							1.0					1.1				1.0				1.0					
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)						0.0	030 - 0.	0038				0.0077				0.0038									
BF slope (ft/ft)					0.																				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																									
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																									
Biological or Other																									

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)

Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition								Referen	ce Reach(Reference Reach(es) Data						Design							Monitoring Baseline				
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%																					36	17	32	15				
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																												
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95							0.09	1.5	9.5	65.0	120.0																	
Entrainment Class <1.5/1.5-1.99/2.0-4.9/5.0-																												
Incision Class <1.2/1.2-1.49/1.5-1.99/>2.0																												

Table 10a. Baseline Stream Data Summary - Main Channel (continued)
Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)	

Parameter	Gauge]	Regional Cu	ırve	Pre		ig Cond Channe	ition - N el	1ain	:	Reference	Reach(e	es) Data			Design		Yea		2) Monite Channel	oring - N	Iain
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Max	Med	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD
BF Width (ft)							20.0				27.6						35.0	27.0		31.0	37.1	
Floodprone Width (ft)					160			200			140				160	200				100		
BF Mean Depth (ft)							2.5				1.2						1.8	1.6		2.0	2.3	
BF Max Depth (ft)							3.2				2.0						2.5	2.1		3.1	3.6	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)							50.4				33.5						61.0	56.0		62.3	71.8	
Width/Depth Ratio							8.1				23.0						20.0	12.9		15.5	22.9	
Entrenchment Ratio							>2.2				5.1						>2.2	2.7		3.2	3.7	
Bank Height Ratio							1.0				1.0						1.0	1.0		1.0	1.7	
Profile																						
Riffle length (ft)																		5	38	29	114	29.9
Riffle slope (ft/ft)																		0.0000	0.0050	0.0024	0.0263	0.0070
Pool length (ft)																		8	33	17	172	37.0
Pool Max depth (ft)							4.5				2.8							2.1		3.1	3.6	
Pool spacing (ft)										25			104					26	93	72	260	56
Pattern																						
Channel Beltwidth (ft)											77											
Radius of Curvature (ft)																		Channa	Sinucci	ty 1.0 to	1. thora	fora no
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																				are able		
Meander Wavelength (ft)										94			100					pattern	variables	are able	to be can	curateu.
Meander Width ratio											2.8											
Transport parameters																						
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lbs/ft ²																						
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																						
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																						
Additional Reach Parameters																						
Rosgen Classification							E5-type	3			C	4-type				C5-type				C-type		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)																						
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)																						
Valley Length (ft)																						
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																2235				2235		
Sinuosity							1.0					1.1				1.0				1.0		
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)							0.0009)			().0077				0.0009				0.0017		
BF slope (ft/ft)																						
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)		_																				
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																						
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																						
Biological or Other																						

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)

Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

Parameter	Pre-l	Existing Co	ondition				Referen	ce Reach(e	es) Data			Design			Mo	onitoring	g Basel	ine	-
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%														38	13	35 15	5		
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																			
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95					0.09	1.5	9.5	65.0	120.0										
Entrainment Class <1.5/1.5-1.99/2.0-4.9/5.0-																			
Incision Class <1.2/1.2-1.49/1.5-1.99/>2.0																			

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

			Cross	s Section 1	1 - UT					Cros	s Section	2 - UT					Cros	s Section 3	3 - UT					Cros	s Section 4	4 - UT		
Parameter				Pool							Riffle							Pool							Pool			
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		15.7	16.1	14.7	14.4	14.7			14.5	14.2	15.3	15.5	15.5			17.6	17.5	17.5	17.4	17.9			23.1	21.7	20.8	19.8	20.2	1
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5			0.8	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9			1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
BF Max Depth (ft)		2.3	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4			1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3			2.4	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.8			2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	1
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)		19.6	19.6	20.1	20.1	22.6			12.0	14.2	13.9	13.4	14.1			24.8	24.6	25.3	26.6	28.1			22.3	22.1	20.8	19.6	19.8	1
Width/Depth Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			17.5	14.2	16.8	17.9	17.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Entrenchment Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			6.9	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1
Bank Height Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d50 (mm)									60.4	41.3	25.3	18.8	12.5															

Table 11b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project N Parameter	umber 67	1)	Baseline			r		MY-1 (UT	'n		1		MY-2 (UT)		r		MY-3 (UT	n -		1	,	4Y-4 (UT	n		r	1	MY-5 (UT		
Parameter			Dasenne					MI-1 (01	,				11-2 (01	,		I		M1-5 (U1	.)				11-4(01	.)			1	M1-3 (01		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD
Only	wim	Mican	Meu	Max	50	with	Mean	Micu	Max	30	wim	Mean	Mea	Max	50		Mean	Meu	Max	50	MIII	Mican	Meu	Max	50	with	wican	Mea	Max	30
BF Width (ft)						14.5		14.7	16.5		15.3		15.6	17.3		13.7		15.3	16.9		14.1		17.5	15.5		15.5		15.5	16.8	
Floodprone Width (ft)						11.0		100	10.5		10.0		100	11.5		13.7		100	10.7				100	10.0		10.0		100	10.0	
BF Mean Depth (ft)						0.7		0.8	0.9		0.7		0.8	0.9		0.7		0.8	0.9		0.7		0.8	0.9		0.7		0.8	0.9	
BF Max Depth (ft)						1.2		1.3	1.5		1.3		1.3	1.5		1.3		1.3	1.4		1.3		1.3	1.4		1.2		1.3	1.6	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)						11.9		12.0	12.7		12.2		12.6	14.2		11.5		11.6	13.9		11.4		12.2	13.4		11.1		12.2	14.1	
Width/Depth Ratio						16.3		18.1	23.6		17.0		19.5	24.7		17.0		17.1	24.1		17.2		17.6	25.0		17.2		19.4	24.0	
Entrenchment Ratio						6.1		6.6	6.9		5.8		6.2	6.5		5.9		6.6	7.3		5.7		6.4	7.1		6.0		6.3	6.5	
Bank Height Ratio								1.0					1.0					1.0					1.0					1.0		
Profile - Main Channel						•					•					•			•		•				•	•				
Riffle length (ft)						5	38	29	114	30	10	48	34	194	45	13	72	32	239	76	15	64	33	231	62	19	54	34	213	53
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						0.0000	0.0049	0.0024	0.0263	0.0071	0.0000	0.0039	0.0006	0.0199	0.0067	0.0000	0.0074	0.0017	0.0217	0.0084	0.0000	0.0087	0.0025	0.0325	0.0105	0.0000	0.0080	0.0050	0.0261	0.0086
Pool length (ft)						8	33	17	172	37	2	47	27	181	43	16	52	30	169	45	5	58	25	168	64	8	48	26	174	49
Pool Max depth (ft)						3.4		4.2	4.6		2.0		3.1	4.0		3.4		3.5	4.0		3.5		3.5	5.1		3.3		3.7	5.2	
Pool spacing (ft)						26	93	72	260	56	25	101	98	220	54	34	137	116	295	84	30	147	143	284	85	51	128	101	256	70
Profile - Unnamed Tributary (* No	Water in	Channel	During Fi	eld Surve	eys)																									
Riffle length (ft)						2	12	10	32	7	3	17	16	51	12	2	14	14	30	8	6	19	17	40	9	5	17	14	45	11
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	0.0000	0.0164	0.0124	0.0481	0.0147	0.0007		0.0124	0.0820	0.0211	0.0000	0.0188	0.0141	0.0785	0.0207	0.0000	0.0200			0.0200
Pool length (ft)						4	10	9	25	36	2	7	6	25	6	3	15	11	84	17	2	15	14	43	11	4	18	16	43	10
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.1		2.3	2.4		1.3		1.3	1.5		2.2		2.4	2.6		2.1		2.3	2.8		2.2		2.4	2.8	
Pool spacing (ft)						8	23	22	42	9	14	32	31	58	12	7	34	33	120	23	9	39	35	81	18	19	39	38	69	15
Pattern		1				r						-	-					-			1	-		-		-		-		-
Channel Beltwidth (ft)				-																										
Radius of Curvature (ft)						Channel	Sinuosity	1.0 to 1.1;	therefore, i	no pattern	-																			
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)						v	ariables ar	e able to b	e calculate	ed.																				
Meander Wavelength (ft) Meander Width ratio						-																								
Meander widdi rado																														
Additional Reach Parameters																													-	
Rosgen Classification	r					T		C-Type			T		C-Type			1		C-Type			T		C-Type			T		C-Type		
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)								868					866					864					866					869		
Sinuosity								1.1					1.1					1.1					1.1					1.1		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)																		0.0100					0.0100					0.0100		
······ 2													0.0092					0.0102					0.0103					0.0100		
BF slope (ft/ft)																														
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%	1					36	17	32	15		51	17	21	11		36	11	43	10		36	15	35	14		36	9	45	10	
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%											4	7	60	29	0	7	15	52	26	0	4	23	48	25	0	2	22	54	22	0
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95											14.1	29.8	43	85	112	0.79	25.8	41.8	80	111	0.5	15.1	32.6	72	120	0.5	12.6	23.8	76	123
% of Reach with Eroding Banks								0					0					0					0					0		
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																														
Biological or Other	1					1					1										1					1				
biological 01 Other																														

* No Water in UT During Field Measurements.

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) (continued) Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

			Cross	s Section 5	5 - UT					Cros	s Section (6 - UT				C	ross Section	on 7 - Mai	in Tributa	ry	
Parameter				Riffle							Riffle							Riffle			
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		16.5	17.3	16.9	17.5	16.8			14.7	15.6	13.7	11.4	15.5			30.8	31.6	31.5	31.2	31.4	
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	l l
BF Mean Depth (ft)		0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7			0.9	0.8	0.8	1.0	0.8			2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	
BF Max Depth (ft)		1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2			1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.6			3.6	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.7	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)		11.9	12.6	11.5	12.2	11.1			12.7	12.2	11.6	11.4	12.2			71.8	69.7	69.7	70.2	74.5	
Width/Depth Ratio		22.9	23.8	24.8	25.1	25.4			17.0	19.9	16.2	11.4	19.7			13.4	14.3	14.2	13.9	13.2	
Entrenchment Ratio		6.1	5.8	5.9	5.7	6.0			6.8	6.4	7.3	8.8	6.5			3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	
Bank Height Ratio		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
d50 (mm)		58.6	46.1	47.7	43.1	37.9			50.0	39.6	51.4	33.9	33.9			8.3	7.4	11.7	9.4	6.9	

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) (continued) Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

		(Cross Sect	ion 8 - Ma	nin Chann	el			(Cross Sec	ion 9 - Ma	ain Chanr	el			C	ross Secti	on 10 - M	ain Chanr	nel			С	ross Secti	on 11 - Ma	ain Chanr	iel	
Parameter				Pool							Riffle							Pool							Riffle			
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		38.7	36.8	38.6	38.1	38.4			31.0	30.8	30.9	31.2	31.2			37.4	37.9	36.9	36.5	36.7			27.0	26.5	26.5	25.1	25.4	1
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(
BF Mean Depth (ft)		2.8	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6			2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.1			2.9	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.1			2.1	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.9	
BF Max Depth (ft)		4.2	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.2			3.1	3.2	3.0	3.2	3.2			4.6	4.6	4.0	5.1	5.2			3.0	3.0	3.4	4.5	4.6	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)		109.8	98.3	101.1	103.8	99.1			62.3	63.8	60.0	60.0	64.2			109.7	109.5	100.4	112.6	113.8			56.0	55.8	59.2	64.0	72.4	1
Width/Depth Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			15.4	14.9	15.9	16.2	15.2			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			13.0	12.6	11.9	9.8	8.9	
Entrenchment Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			3.7	3.8	3.8	4.0	3.9	
Bank Height Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			1.4	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.4			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	
d50 (mm)									4.0	2.8	0.7	0.7	1.4			-	-	-		-			1.0	28	4.3	2.0	3.4	

Table 11b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary (continued)

Parameter			Baseline	,			MY-1	(Main Cl	hannel)			MY-2	(Main Cl	nannel)			MY-3	(Main Ch	nannel)			MY-4	(Main Ch	annel)			MY-5	5 (Main Cl	annel)	
imension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	S
BF Width (ft)						27.0		31.0	37.1		26.5		32.1	37.1		26.5		37.0	38.6		25.1		37.0	39		25.4		36.4	38.4	
Floodprone Width (ft)								100					100					100					100					100		
BF Mean Depth (ft)						1.6		2.0	2.3		1.6		2.1	2.7		1.5		2.0	2.6		1.5		2.0	2.7		1.5		2.1	2.9	
BF Max Depth (ft)						2.1		3.1	3.6		2.0		3.1	4.0		2.1		3.2	4.2		2.1		3.3	4.5		2.1		3.4	4.6	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)						56.0		62.3	718		55.8		57.6	98.3		56.6		60.0	101.1		56.8		64.0	103.8		55.5		72.4	99.1	
Width/Depth Ratio						12.9		15.5	22.9		12.6		14.7	23.2		12.0		16.3	24.7		10.0		16.4	24.7		8.8		14.9	24.3	T
Entrenchment Ratio						2.7		3.2	3.7		2.7		3.1	3.8		2.6		2.7	3.8		2.6		2.7	4.0		2.6		2.7	3.9	Т
Bank Height Ratio				1		1.0		1.0	1.7		1.0		1.0	1.7		1.0		1.0	1.6		1.0		1.0	1.5		1.0		1.0	1.4	
ofile - Main Channel						-				•	-															-	•			
Riffle length (ft)						5	38	29	114	30	10	48	34	194	45	13	72	32	239	76	15	64	33	231	62	19	54	34	213	
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						0.0000	0.0049	0.0024	0.0263	0.0071	0.0000	0.0039	0.0006	0.0199	0.0067	0.0000	0.0074	0.0017	0.0217	0.0084	0.0000	0.0087	0.0025	0.0325	0.0105	0.0000	0.0080	0.0050	0.0261	0
Pool length (ft)				1		8	33	17	172	37	2	47	27	181	43	16	52	30	169	45	5	58	25	168	64	8	48	26	174	T
Pool Max depth (ft)						3.4		4.2	4.6		2.0		3.1	4.0		3.4		3.5	4.0		3.5		3.5	5.1		3.3		3.7	5.2	T
Pool spacing (ft)						26	93	72	260	56	25	101	98	220	54	34	137	116	295	84	30	147	143	284	85	51	128	101	256	
rofile - Unnamed Tributary (* No Water	in Channe	el During	Field Sur	vevs)							•																			
Riffle length (ft)					1	2	12	10	32	7	3	17	16	51	12	2	14	14	30	8	6	19	17	40	9	5	17	14	45	Т
Riffle slope (ft/ft)				1		NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	0.0000	0.0164		0.0481	0.0147	0.0007	0.0206	0.0124	0.0820	0.0211	0.0000	0.0188	0.0141	0.0785	0.0207	0.0000	0.0200	0.0155	0.0701	0
Pool length (ft)						4	10	9	25	36	2	7	6	25	6	3	15	11	84	17	2	15	14	43	11	4	18	16	43	T
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.1		2.3	2.4		1.3		1.3	1.5		2.2		2.4	2.6		2.1		2.3	2.8		2.2		2.4	2.8	T
Pool spacing (ft)						8	23	22	42	9	14	32	31	58	12	7	34	33	120	23	9	39	35	81	18	19	39	38	69	
attern																														
Channel Beltwidth (ft)		1	1	T	I	T					I	I		1		l i			1						1	1	I	1		Т
Radius of Curvature (ft)																												1		-
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)									therefore,																			1		-
Meander Wavelength (ft)						v	ariables ar	e able to b	e calculate	ed.																				-
Meander Wilvelength (ii)				1																								1		-
Mediadel Wildin Halo																														
dditional Reach Parameters																														
Rosgen Classification						T		C-Type			T		C-Type			1		C-Type					C-Type			T		C-Type		_
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)								2235					2216					2230					2247					2237		
Sinuosity								1.1					1.1					1.1					1.1					1.1		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0017					0.001					0.002					0.0019					0.0019		
BF slope (ft/ft)																														
Ri%/RU%P%G%/S%						38	13	35	15		37	9	43	11		36	11	43	10		43	9	36	12		43	10	36	12	Т
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%											11	47	34	8	0	15	38	44	3	0	13	39	46	2	0	15	37	44	4	Т
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95					1	1					0.09	0.23	0.8	45	76	0.07	0.35	1.3	25	53	0.077	0.32	1.4	20	52	0.067	0.37	1.6	27	T
% of Reach with Eroding Banks								0					0					0					0					0		-
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																														
Biological or Other																														

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) (continued) Greenbrier Creek (DMS Project Number 671)

		С	ross Section	on 12 - Ma	ain Chanr	nel			C	ross Secti	on 13 - M	ain Chanı	nel			C	ross Section	on 14 - M	ain Chanı	ıel	
Parameter				Riffle							Pool							Riffle			
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		37.1	32.1	38.3	39.0	38.1			31.5	31.1	30.8	30.3	30.2			36.7	37.1	37.0	37.0	36.4	
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0	2.0			1.8	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.0			1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
BF Max Depth (ft)		3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4			3.4	3.7	3.4	3.5	3.3			2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)		71.8	57.6	76.2	76.2	77.8			56.0	61.9	51.6	56.1	59.8			57.3	57.5	56.6	56.8	55.5	
Width/Depth Ratio		19.2	17.9	19.3	20.0	18.7			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			23.5	23.9	24.2	24.1	23.9	
Entrenchment Ratio		2.7	3.1	2.6	2.6	2.6			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	
Bank Height Ratio		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
d50 (mm)		0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3										46.6	14.6	1.7	1.4	6.0	

APPENDIX E HYDROLOGY DATA Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events

Table 12: Verification of Bankfull Events

Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo (if available)
9/21/2012	9/18/2012	Visual observations of overbank event including wrack lines and sediment deposition resulting from a 1.78 inch* rainfall event on September 18, 2012 that occurred after numerous rainfall events, within the 3 weeks prior, that totaled 2.34 inches*.	1
7/16/2013	7/4/2013	Visual observations of overbank event including wrack lines and sediment deposition resulting from 5.87 inches** of rainfall between 6/26/2013 and 7/4/2013.	2
7/17/2014	5/15/2014	Visual observations of wrack and sediment deposition as well as crest gauge data indicate an overbank event resulting from 3.46 inches** of rainfall on 5/15/2014.	
9/16/2014	8/9/2014	Crest gauge data indicates an overbank event resulting from 2.34 inches** of rainfall on 8/9/2014.	
9/16/2014	9/4/2014	Visual observations of wrack and sediment deposition as well as crest gauge data indicate an overbank event resulting from 2.15 inches** of rainfall on 9/4/2014.	3-4
4/2/2015	12/24/2014	Visual observations of wrack on the floodplain as well as crest gauge data indicates an overbank event resulting from 2.24 inches** of rainfall between 12/22/2014 and 12/24/2014.	5
4/20/2016	10/3/2015	Crest gauge data indicates an overbank event resulting from 2.71 inches*** of rainfall between 10/2/2015 and 10/3/2015.	
4/20/2016	12/23/2015	Visual observations of wrack on the floodplain as well as crest gauge data indicates an overbank event resulting from 3.30 inches*** of rainfall between 12/22/2015 and 12/23/2015.	6
7/28/2016	7/4/2016	Visual observations of wrack on the floodplain as well as crest gauge data indicates an overbank event resulting from 2.02 inches*** of rainfall between 7/3/2016 and 7/4/2016.	7
9/22/2016	9/19/2016	Visual observations of laid back vegetation in the floodplain as well as crest gauge data indicates an overbank event resulting from 2.53 inches*** of rainfall on 9/19/2016.	8

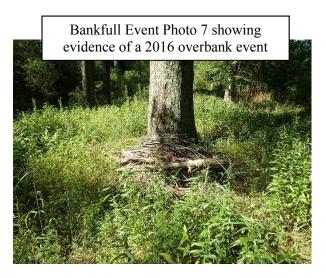
Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 671)

* Reported at the Mount Vernon Springs, Siler City, NC weather station (Weather Underground 2012) **Reported at the KNCCHAPE13, Chapel Hill, NC weather station (Weather Underground 2014, Weather Underground 2015)

*** Reported at the KBUY, Burlington, NC weather station (Weather Underground 2016)



Axiom Environmental, Inc.





APPENDIX F. SUPPLEMENTAL PLANTING

DMS Warranty Letter Nursery Plant List-Supplemental Planting Contractor Completion Notification



November 8, 2011

Joanne Cheatham Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc. PO Box 1905 Mount Airy, NC 27030

Kitara A. Smith Great American Insurance Company 580 Walnut Street Cincinnati, OH 45202

Re: Greenbrier Creek Stream Restoration Site SCO # 0406210-02 Vegetation Warranty Items

Dear Ms. Cheatham:

As stated in the November 8, 2011 letter addressed to you from Ed Hajnos, portions the Greenbrier Creek project site did not meet the vegetation warranty as stated in contract documents. As per SCO contract 0406210-02 Special Provision Section 6.0, bare roots were to be planted at 680 stems per acre, and containerized seedlings at 435 per acre, of those 80% minimum were to survive for one year from Project Acceptance. The warranty period began 2/28/2011 and will expire 2/28/2012.

Field data is summarized below and supplemental information about replant requirements is attached.

Vegetation assessment methodology

Planted vegetation at the Greenbrier Creek site has been assessed once since February 2011 project planting; on September 28, 2011 by the Owner. Data collected during the sampling effort report higher plant mortality than contractually permissible. Warranty replant numbers are based on the data collected. Field methodology and data are described below.

September 28, 2011 sampling

Fourteen (14) vegetation plots were established, each 1,076 sq ft (25m x 4m) in Zone 4 of the original planting plan. All planted bare root and shrubs present within the plot were counted towards the warranty criteria, including those that were top-dead but were re-sprouting at their base. Given 680 stems were planted per acre, 544 per acre were required to survive 1 year, or 13

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per plot to meet the 100% warranty. Fourteen (14) sample plots did not meet the survival criteria (Vegetation Warranty Data Map attached).

Plot	Living bare roots and shrubs	Required stems per plot	Warranty meet	Supplemental planting density/acre needed to meet warranty
1	4	13	No	364
2	6	13	No	283
3	6	13	No	283
4	2	13	No	445
5	10	13	No	121
6	3	13	No	405
7	10	13	No	121
8	1	13	No	486
9	1	13	No	486
10	12	13	No	40
11	4	13	No	364
12	3	13	No	405
13	3	13	No	405
14	4	13	No	364

Zone 4 Data Results

Two vegetation plots were established, each 1,076 sq ft (25m x 4m) in Zone 5 of the original planting plan. All containerized seedlings present within the plot were counted towards the warranty criteria, including those that were top-dead but were re-sprouting at their base. Given 435 stems were planted per acre, 348 per acre were required to survive 1-year, or 9 per plot to meet the 100% warranty. Two (2) sample plots did not meet the survival criteria (Vegetation Warranty Data Map attached).

Zone 5 Data Results

Plot	Living bare roots and shrubs	Required stems per plot	Warranty meet	Supplemental planting density/acre needed to meet warranty
1	4	9	No	202
2	7	9	No	81

Supplemental planting

In general, some of plant survival in the Zone 4 and Zone 5 planting zones did not meet the warranty requirement. The table below outlines necessary replanting areas. Surviving stems were subtracted from the warranty criteria (544/acre for Zone 4 and 348 per acre for Zone 5) so that the "Total plants needed" column is the number of remaining stems needed get warranty criteria (544/348) stems per acre in areas with deficient vegetation. Planting densities were averaged into planting zones and are identified on the attached Supplemental Planting Map.

Supplemental Planting Plan

Location (looking downstream)	Planting Zone	Average # stems/ac needed to meet warranty	Acres	Total plants needed
Zone 5 (Unnamed Tributary)	Zone 5	142	0.8	114
Unnamed Tributary (St 400+00 - 407+00) & mainstem (St 106+50 - 100+00)	Zone 4	418	3.0	1,254
Right, mainstem (St 200+00 - 205+50)	Zone 4	263	0.6	158
Left, mainstem (St 200+00 - 206+00)	Zone 4	310	0.7	217
Left, mainstem (St 212+50 - 214+00)	Zone 4	445	0.2	89
Right, mainstem (St 210+50 - 219+00)	Zone 4	121	1	121
		Total	6.3	1,952

Instructions

- The Supplemental Planting effort needs to be coordinated with EEP so we can arrange with the landowner to be on site.
- All replant materials must conform to the original project specification (dormant season planting, species composition, size, vigor, etc.)
- The Supplemental Planting effort must take place in the dormant season for Alamance County; (December 1 April 1).
- No planting shall be done when the temperature is below 32^o F, when the soil to be excavated for the plant hole is frozen, when the sides or bottom o the plant hole are frozen, or when the soil is too wet.



Although the warranty for this project doesn't expire until February 28, 2012, EEP does not intend to reassess the site again for additional warranty compliance. Plants installed during the warranty replant will not have a warranty place on them. Once Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc. complies with this replanting, a Satisfaction Letter will be awarded.

If you disagree with this finding or have any questions, please contact me directly.

Sincerely,

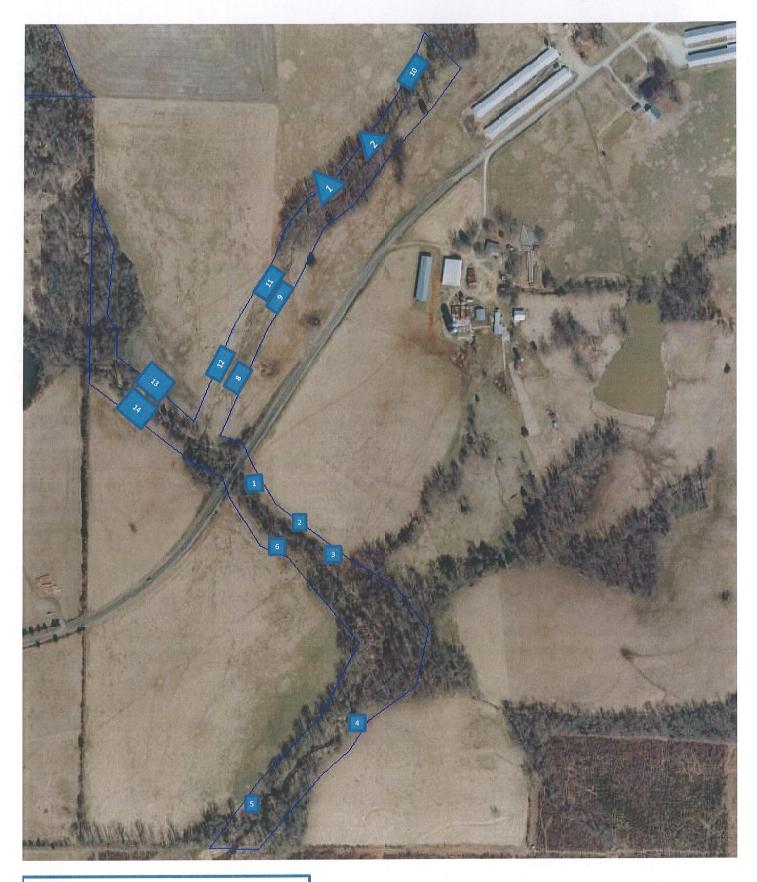
orson **Kristie Corson**

NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources Ecosystem Enhancement Program Office (919) 715-1954 Cell (919) 218-1373 <u>kristie.corson@ncdenr.gov</u> cc:

> Ed Hajnos, EEP Jeff Jurek, EEP Jeff Schaffer, EEP

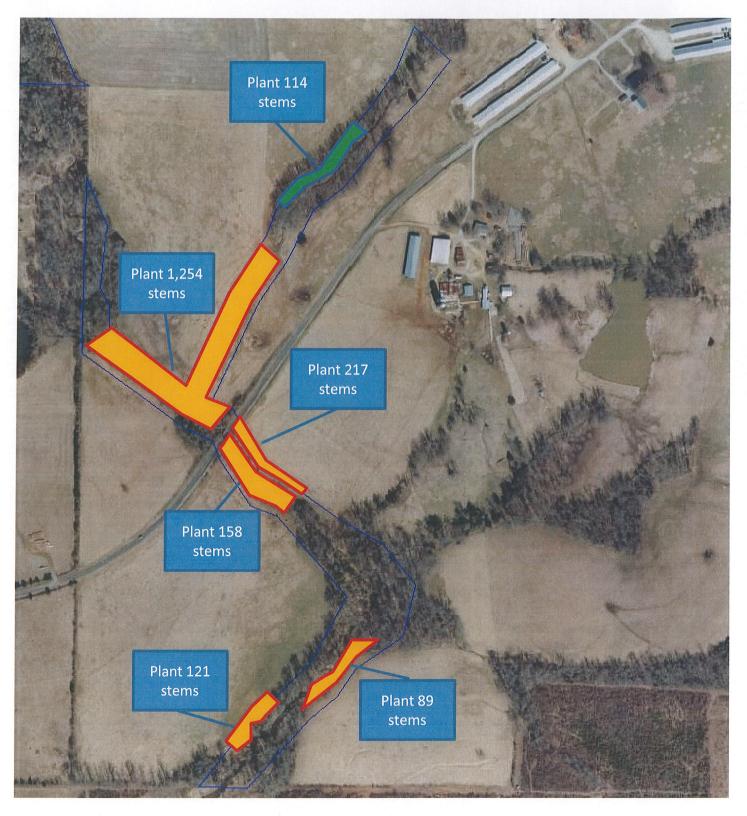
Attachments







Zone 4 plots Zone 5 plots conservation easement Greenbrier Creek Stream Restoration Alamance/Chatham Counties Vegetation Warranty Map



Location	Planting Zone	Acres	Total plants needed	Greenbrier Creek Vegetation Warranty Map
Zone 5 (Unnamed Tributary)	Zone 5	0.8	114	
Unnamed Tributary (St 400+00 - 407+00) & mainstem (St 106+50 - 100+00)	Zone 4	3	1254	
Right, mainstem (St 200+00 - 205+50)	Zone 4	0.6	158	Zone 5 replant
Left, mainstem (St 200+00 - 206+00)	Zone 4	0.7	217	Zone 4 replant
Left, mainstem (St 212+50 - 214+00)	Zone 4	0.2	89	20ne 4 replant
Right, mainstem (St 210+50 - 219+00)	Zone 4	1	121	
	Total	6.3	1,952	



Mellow Marsh Farm, Inc.

Invoice

1312 Woody Store Road Siler City, NC 27344 919.742.1200 ph 919-742-1280 fax

DATE	INVOICE #	
2/13/2012	3205	

4% surcharge for payment by credit card.

Quality Wetland Plants and Seeds BILL TO SHIP TO Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc. P.O.Box 1905 Mount Airy, NC 27030 fax: 336-320-3854 SHIP DATE SHIP VIA PROJECT P.O. NUMBER TERMS DUE DATE PAYMENT 2/13/2012 3/14/2012 Customer Greenbriar Pending check Net 30 ITEM CODE DESCRIPTION PRICE EACH POT SIZE QTY AMOUNT QURU G Quercus rubra "Northern red oak" 5.00 gallon 115.00 23 23 NYSY G Nyssa sylvatica "Black gum" 5.00 1 gallon 115.00 12 ACNE G Acer negundo "Box elder" 5.00 gallon 60.00 ULAM G Ulmus americana "American elm" 5.00 gallon 3 15.00 BENI G Betula nigra "River birch" 5.00 1 gallon 13 65.00 20 QUPH G Quercus phellos "Willow oak" 5.00 1 gallon 100.00 QUMI G Quercus michauxii "Swamp chestnut oak" 5.00 1 gallon 20 100.00 368 FRPE BRTS 0.80 bare root Fraxinus pennsylvanica "Green Ash" 294.40 368 PLOC BRTS Platanus occidentalis "Sycamore" 0.80 bare root 294.40 368 NYSY BR... Nyssa sylvatica "Black gum" 0.80 bare root 294.40 Acer negundo "Box elder" 0.80 bare root 145 ACNE BR.... 116.00 Ulmus americana "American elm" 0.80 bare root 368 ULAM BR... 294.40 LIBE BRTS Lindera benzoin "Spicebush" 137.50 110 1.25 bare root VIDE BRTS Viburnum dentatum "Arrow wood" 1.25 bare root 111 138.75 PO **Total** \$2,139.85 Contract Terms & Conditions: Full payment due before delivery unless otherwise noted. **Payments/Credits** If you cannot receive your order at the scheduled time, the material will require special \$0.00

handling and a 25% restocking or holding fee may apply. Buyer agrees to pay amount shown in 'Balance Due' according to 'Terms'. Timely payment will not be contingent on buyer's receipt of payment from his/her customer. A deposit may be required to hold plant

\$2,139.85

Balance Due



Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.

P. O. Box 1905 Mount Airy, NC 27030 Office (336) 320-3849 Fax (336) 320-3854

Certified WBE / DBE

April 24, 2012

NCEEP

Attn: Mrs. Kristie Corson

Subject:Greenbriar Stream Restoration Project.
SCO ID No.:0406210002A

Dear Mrs. Corson,

This letter is to inform you that we were on site February 13, 2012 and February 14, 2012 to install the required plants to satisfy the requirements of the warranty for the project. CEC planted the desired plants per the drawing that was submitted to us by your office.

Sincerely,

Stephen D. James Estimator/Project Manager

Cc. Joanne Cheatham, CEC CEC Job File

APPENDIX G. NUTRIENT OFFSET INFORMATION

June 12, 2007 DMS Nutrient Offset Meeting Summary Letter NCDWQ Email Response



August 2, 2007

Rich Gannon North Carolina Division of Water Quality 1617 Mail Service Center Raleigh NC 27699-1617

SUBJECT: June 12, 2007 EEP Nutrient Offset meeting summary

This correspondence is provided to summarize our June 12, 2007 meeting with you, Tom Reeder, Suzanne Klimek, Jim Stanfill and myself. The meeting was held in an attempt to clarify some issues related to EEP's use of riparian buffers to mitigate for Nitrogen and Phosphorus. It is important to come to a common understanding on these issues related to nutrient offset mitigation credit generation as we plan the implementation of mitigation projects. Below are the topics we discussed as they were presented in our May 14, 2007 letter to you. A summary of our discussions is below each topic in italics. We invite your input and response to ensure we have captured our discussions accurately.

- Riparian Buffer N Reduction Efficiencies: With regard to the January 4, 2007 report detailing your discussions of NO₃ N reduction, we would like to clarify whether the benefits of land use change and the benefit of periodic overbank flooding have been considered in the buffer efficiency calculations. We also want to discuss EEP's buffer widths and the efficiencies that should be used for buffers 100 feet or greater. A 50% efficiency was and is used in our calculations of buffer efficiency for our offset projects. Our projects typically have 200 foot buffer widths. The underlying questions here were Can EEP get more credit for buffers that are wider than 50 feet by using higher efficiency rates as shown in the NLEW paper? As a group we agreed to use an overall efficiency of 50% for riparian buffers used to offset nutrients regardless of width. Rich Gannon noted that although higher efficiencies were suggested in the "NLEW" paper for buffers wider than 50 feet, these numbers are not widely verified. It is therefore appropriate to use 50% to determine reductions. Jim Stanfill agreed noting that EEP buffers are often 200 feet wide and although using a higher efficiency would generate greater mitigation credit, the 50 % number had been used up to this point and EEP would continue to use that to calculate credits.
- 2. Level Spreaders: The use of level spreaders on riparian buffers not subject to concentrated flow needs to be discussed. It is our understanding that guidance on level spreaders may only be meant to apply to those riparian buffers being used as "onsite" treatment BMPs by permitees. We assume the guidance does not apply to riparian buffer restoration as typically done by EEP, but would like to discuss and get clarification on that issue.

The standard is to provide diffuse flow through buffers. Because EEP would often need to actually clear portions of riparian buffers to install level spreaders, and also because EEP's buffers are often 200 feet wide, we do not think the use of level spreaders is necessary as long as diffuse flow is maintained. Tom Reeder and Rich Gannon agreed that level spreaders would not necessarily be needed on EEP buffers in rural areas where diffuse flow is not an issue.

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3. Land Use Change: If EEP purchases agricultural land to do riparian buffer restoration we believe EEP should get credit for restoration of the entire buffer width. That is, the first 50 feet of buffer would not be excluded from our credit calculations. The argument for this is that while the act of EEP purchasing the property may have changed a property's land use and, therefore, made it subject to the buffer rules, the EEP is actually implementing an active riparian buffer restoration project on that land, not simply taking it out of agricultural use. Furthermore, if EEP does not purchase these lands, there will be no land use change.

Tom and Rich agreed with this statement- EEP should get credit for the entire width restored.

- 4. We also have some questions about the Jordan nutrient offset trading program, but staff are still reviewing the information that has been released. EEP will need to provide comments on the Jordan rules to ensure the fees are set appropriately and the requirements (service area) are attainable. This area is likely to have higher implementation costs and less opportunity for lower cost buffers as nutrient offset mitigation. If EEP will accept payments in this area, we must be able to afford to implement projects.
- 5. EEP's Nutrient Offset Accounting Methods: Regarding EEP's nutrient offset requirements- Jim Stanfill discussed how we measure the total pounds for 30 years when we accept a nutrient offset payment and take on a requirement. Our projects are set up to offset a total numbers of pounds and, therefore, we may have "shorter" (less than 30 years) more intense projects. Rich and Tom were in agreement with our accounting methods.
- 6. Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site location clarification of intent of rules: In the Randleman watershed (for Cape Fear 03), EEP staff have questioned where- upstream or downstream- in the watershed the mitigation should take place. Mitigation that EEP already has downstream of the reservoir can be used, but new pursuits should be upstream in order to protect the reservoir. Likewise, in Catawba, new projects should be downstream of Lake James to be used as mitigation credit. EEP staff also clarified that the rules do not have a time requirement for EEP to provide the mitigation, but that the program uses the same time requirements as the MOU. Tom and Rich were also agreeable to this.
- 7. Rich requested that EEP allow for transparencies in its program and asked for us to provide as much data as possible in our annual report and work on information to be included on EEP's Web site. EEP agreed and is working to set up a specific web page at the program's web site devoted to the Nutrient Offset Program.

Thank you for taking the time to discuss these issues with us. If you need additional information or want to offer corrections or clarifications to the information presented herein, please contact Kelly Williams at (919) 716-1921 or Kelly.williams@ncmail.net.

Sincerely,

Kelly Williams In-Lieu Fee Program Coordinator

cc: Tom Reeder, NCDWQ Jim Stanfill, NCEEP Suzanne Klimek, NCEEP Marc Recktenwald, NCEEP Deborah Amaral, NCEEP

Restoring... Enhancing... Protecting Our State



Williams, Kelly

From:	Tom Reeder [tom.reeder@ncmail.net]
Sent:	Wednesday, August 08, 2007 1:14 PM
То:	Kelly Williams
Cc:	rich.gannon@ncmail.net; suzanne Klimeck
Subject:	Re: EEP Nutrient offset meeting summary

Kelly - I have read the letter and I have no problems with it. It seems to me to be an accurate record of what we discussed and agreed to. Thanks.

Kelly Williams wrote:

> Rich and Tom:

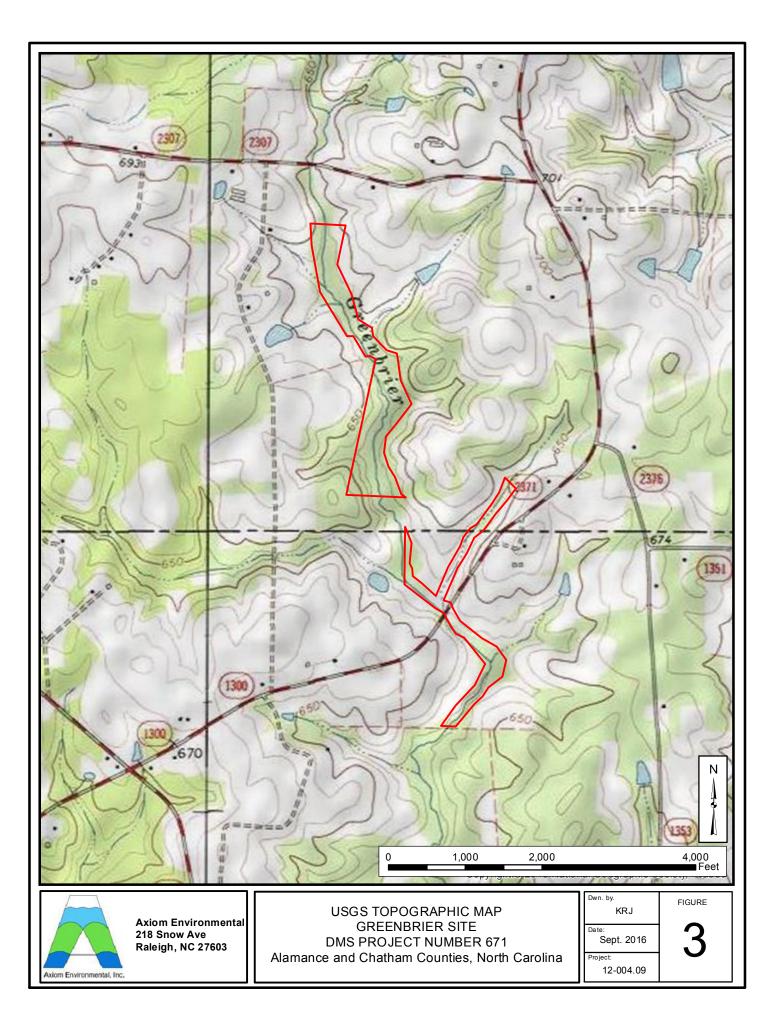
> I sent a copy of a meeting summary for your review to you last week. > The letter is dated August 2, 2007. I have also attached it as a Word > document. In an attempt to clarify what topics we discussed on June > 12 when we got together in Tom's office to discuss nutrient offset and > buffers, I simply added our understanding of our discussions beneath > each topic as outlined in the letter sent to you prior to the meeting. > Once you have a chance to review the summary comments (they are in > /italics/ in the letter), I would like to hear back from you, > especially if you have suggested changes to our summary. Feel free to > either write back via email or add your comments or changes to the > attached document using track changes. There are EEP staff who have > requested a copy of the meeting summary, but I do not plan to get > those out until I hear back from you that you are satisfied with it. > > Thanks for you help. >

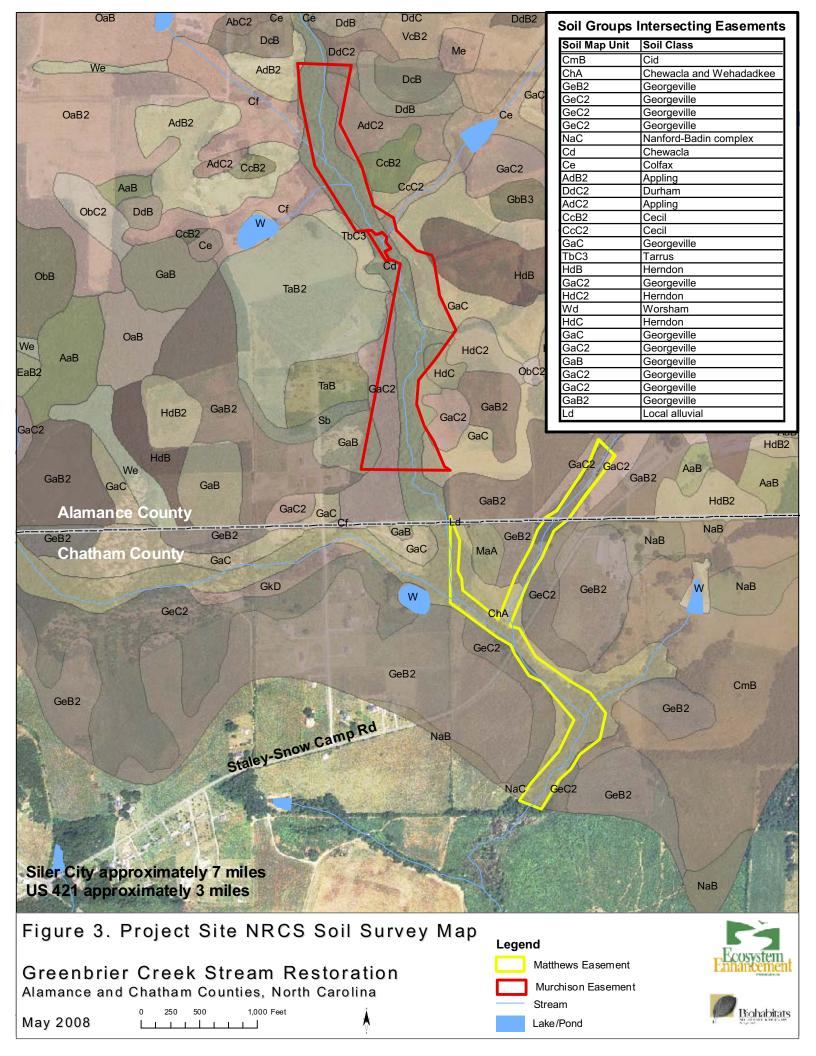
> Kelly Williams

> NCEEP

APPENDIX H. ADDITIONAL SITE DATA

Figure 3. USGS Topographic Map Restoration Plan Figure 3. NRCS Soils Map Preconstruction Photographs





Preconstruction Photographs



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