<u>Year 3 Monitoring Report</u> <u>FINAL</u> Green Valley Farm II Mitigation Project

DMS Project #: 100111 | Contract #: 7862 | DWR # 20140073v2 | RFP: 16-007703

Randolph County, North Carolina Cape Fear River Basin Randleman Lake Watershed HUC 03030003



Prepared By:



Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC For Environmental Banc and Exchange, LLC

Prepared For: NC Department of Environmental Quality Division of Mitigation Services

February 2023



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February 3, 2023

Jeremiah Dow NC DEQ Division of Mitigation Services 217 West Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27604

RE: RES Green Valley Farm II: Year 3 Monitoring Report (NCDMS ID 100111)

Listed below are comments provided by DMS on January 13, 2023 regarding the RES Green Valley Farm II: Draft Year 3 Monitoring Report and RES' responses.

- A witness post needs installed at the corner monument in the southeast corner in the woods near VP 3. It may be worthwhile to verify other corners are properly marked, specifically those in the woods on the east side of the project. RES will perform a site walk to check all corners of the Project are properly marked.
- There was extensive scalloping observed between corner posts on the west side of the project. Please describe the steps that will be taken in MY4 to address the issue. RES will install additional t-posts between corner posts along the farm field side of the easement.
- On the east side near VPs 1 & 2 there is evidence that a vehicle has driven through the easement. There is horse tape there now, but it is unclear if the encroachment is still occurring. Please add additional posts if the encroachment continues. RES plans to add additional posts and woody debris to this area to prevent driving.

Table of Contents

1	Project	Summary	. 1
	1.1	Project Location and Description	. 1
	1.2	Monitoring Protocol and Project Success Criteria	. 1
	1.3	Project Components	. 2
	1.4	Riparian Mitigation Approach	. 3
	1.5	Construction and As-Built Conditions	. 3
	1.6	Year 3 Monitoring Performance	. 3
2	Referen	nce	. 4

Appendix A: Background Tables and Site Maps

Table 1: Buffer Project Areas and Assets Table 2: Project Activity and Reporting History Table 3: Project Contacts Table Table 4: Project Background Information Figure 1: Site Location Map Figure 2: Current Conditions Plan View

Appendix B: Vegetation Assessment Data

Table 5: Plant Species SummaryTable 6: Supplemental Planted SpeciesTable 7: Vegetation Plot Mitigation Success Summary TableTable 8: Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot Species

Appendix C: Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos

1 Project Summary

1.1 Project Location and Description

The Green Valley Farm II Project is within the Randleman Lake Watershed of the Cape Fear River Basin within the 8-digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) 03030003, 14-digit HUC 03030003010070 and DWR Subbasin Number 03-06-08.

The Project is located in Randolph County approximately 2.3 miles northwest of Level Cross, North Carolina (**Figure 1**). To access the Project head North on Randleman Road from city center for one mile and turn left on Hockett Dairy Road. Go about 1.3 miles before taking a farm access road to reach the project, on the right side. The coordinates are 35.9086 °N and -79.833 °W.

Environmental Banc & Exchange, LLC (EBX), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Resource Environmental Solutions (RES), is pleased to provide this Monitoring Report for the Green Valley Farm II Riparian Buffer Mitigation Project (Project) as a full-delivery buffer mitigation project for the Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) (DMS #100111). This Project provides riparian buffer mitigation credits for unavoidable impacts due to development within the Randleman Lake Watershed (**Figure 1**). This Monitoring Report is in accordance with the Consolidated Buffer Mitigation Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0295 and the Randleman Lake Water Supply Watershed Buffer Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0250.

The conservation easement of the Green Valley Farm II Project totals approximately 7.19 acres and includes two unnamed tributaries that drain directly into Randleman Lake approximately 1,000 feet downstream of the Project. Land use within the Project parcel was primarily actively farmed row crops and newly planted riparian forest. The goal of the Project was to restore ecological function to the existing stream and riparian area by establishing appropriate plant communities while minimizing temporal and land disturbing impacts. Riparian area improvements help filter runoff from agricultural fields, thereby reducing nutrient and sediment loads to Project channels and the overall watershed. Restoration, of the Randleman Lake riparian area (as defined in 15A NCAC 02B .0250), results in a reduction of the water quality stressors affecting the Project. This Project is consistent with the management strategy for maintaining and protecting riparian areas in the Randleman Lake watershed.

The easement is comprised of four sections, separated by two crossings and UT4. This Project surrounds an existing DMS project, Green Valley Farm Buffer Restoration Site (DMS # 95012, 2014-0073v1) that was closed out (**Figure 2**). The Green Valley II Project is composed of two stream channels: UT1 and UT4. Both of these reaches are outside of the actual easement boundaries but included in the previous Green Valley Farm Project. UT4 is a tributary to UT1, which then flows into Randleman Lake. UT1 is approximately 1,677 linear feet and is on the western side of the project. UT4 is approximately 590 linear feet and runs between the four easement segments. Stream identifications were verified by the DWR site visit on September 1, 2011, as well as a re-evaluation for UT4 on February 23, 2017.

1.2 Monitoring Protocol and Project Success Criteria

Vegetation monitoring and visual assessments are to be conducted annually. Riparian area vegetation monitoring is based on the "Carolina Vegetation Survey-Ecosystem Enhancement Program Protocol for Recording Vegetation: Level 2 Plot Sampling Only Version 4.2". Monitoring plots were installed a minimum of 100 meters squared in size and covered at least two percent of the planted mitigation area. These plots were randomly placed throughout the planted riparian restoration area and was representative of the riparian area restoration. The following data was recorded for all trees in the plots: species, height,

planting date (or volunteer), and grid location. All stems in plots were flagged with flagging tape. There are six fixed vegetation monitoring plots (**Figure 2**).

Photos are to be taken at all vegetation plot origins each monitoring year and be provided in the annual reports. Visual inspections and photos are to be taken to ensure that restoration areas are being maintained and compliant. The measures of vegetative success for the Project are the survival of at least four native hardwood tree species, where no one species is greater than 50 percent of stems, at a density of at least 260 stems per acre at the end of Year 5. Native volunteer species may be included to meet the performance standards as determined by NC Division of Water Resources (DWR).

A visual assessment of the conservation easement was performed each year to confirm:

- No encroachment has occurred;
- No invasive species in areas where invasive species were treated;
- Diffuse flow is being maintained in the conservation easement areas; and there has not been any cutting, clearing, filling, grading, or similar activities that would negatively affect the functioning of the riparian area.

Component/ Feature	Monitoring	Maintenance through project close-out
Vegetation	Annual vegetation monitoring	Vegetation shall be maintained to ensure the health and vigor of the targeted plant community. Routine vegetation maintenance and repair activities may include supplemental planting, pruning, mulching, and fertilizing. Exotic invasive plant species shall be treated by mechanical and/or chemical methods. Any vegetation requiring herbicide application will be performed in accordance with NC Department of Agriculture (NCDA) rules and regulations. Vegetation maintenance activities will be documented and reported in annual monitoring reports. Vegetation maintenance will continue through the monitoring period.
Invasive and Nuisance Vegetation	Visual Assessment	Invasive and noxious species will be monitored and treated so that none become dominant or alter the desired community structure of the Project. Locations of invasive and nuisance vegetation will be mapped.
Assessment mitigation project identifying the pro- term steward and bollard, post, tre conservation ease repaired and/or re-		Project boundaries shall be identified in the field to ensure clear distinction between the mitigation project and adjacent properties. Boundaries will be marked with signs identifying the property as a mitigation project and will include the name of the long-term steward and a contact number. Boundaries may be identified by fence, marker, bollard, post, tree-blazing, or other means as allowed by Project conditions and/or conservation easement. Boundary markers disturbed, damaged, or destroyed will be repaired and/or replaced on an as-needed basis. Easement monitoring and staking/ signage maintenance will continue in perpetuity as a stewardship activity.
Road Crossing	Visual Assessment	Road crossings within the Project may be maintained only as allowed by conservation easement or existing easement, deed restrictions, rights of way, or corridor agreements. Crossings in easement breaks are the responsibility of the landowner to maintain.

1.3 Project Components

This Project generates 175,509.615 riparian restoration credits on existing cropland. These riparian mitigation credits generated service Randleman Lake buffer impacts within the Randleman Lake watershed. The total mitigation credits that the Green Valley Farm II Mitigation Project generates are summarized below and in **Table 1**.

Location	Jurisdictional Streams	Restoration Type	Reach ID/Component	Buffer Width (ft)	Creditable Area (sf)*	Initial Credit Ratio (x:1)	% Full Credit	Final Credit Ratio (x:1)	Riparian Buffer Credits (BMU)
Rural	Subject	Restoration	UT1/4	50-100	110,917	1	100%	1.00000	110,917.000
Rural	Subject	Restoration	UT1/4	101-200	195,735	1	33%	3.03030	64,592.615
			TOTALS		306,652				175,509.615

1.4 Riparian Mitigation Approach

Restoration efforts along UT1 and UT4 were accomplished through the planting, establishment, and protection of a hardwood forest community. The result was a riparian habitat that functions to mitigate nutrient and sediments inputs from the surrounding uplands. Traditional riparian restoration, as outlined in 15A NCAC 02B .0295 (n), was utilized. All riparian restoration activities took place within the 50-200' riparian area along to UT1 and UT4 and was subject to crediting and ratios as outlined in the Consolidated Buffer Mitigation Rule. Mitigation ratios followed those provided in the Consolidated Buffer Mitigation Rule. Prior to the issuance of the RFP (#16-007703), RES received approval for restoration on February 27, 2012, and an update on March 24, 2017. RES received an email from DWR on May 13, 2019, that indicated that an updated site visit was not necessary.

1.5 Construction and As-Built Conditions

Revegetation of the Site included treating invasive species and planting native hardwood bareroot trees. Prior to planting, RES prepped the Site by spraying and ripping the easement. Piedmont Alluvial Forest is the target community type for the riparian restoration areas. The community is defined by Schafale (2012). The planting of bareroot trees occurred in May 2020. Deviations from the initial planting plan were due to bareroot availability. A list of the planted tree species can be found in **Table 5**. Additionally, a temporary and permanent seed mixture was applied in areas where row crops were present. Among a variety of seeds, the mixture also included black-eyed Susan (*Rudbeckia hirta*) which is a perennial, pollinator species.

1.6 Year 3 Monitoring Performance

Monitoring of the six permanent vegetation plots was completed on October 6, 2022. Vegetation tables are in **Appendix B** and associated photos are in **Appendix C**. Year 3 monitoring data indicates that six out of six plots are exceeding the success criteria of 260 planted stems per acre. Planted stem densities ranged from 405 to 890 planted stems per acre with a mean of 634 planted stems per acre across all plots. A total of 14 species were documented within the plots. Volunteer species were noted at Year 3 monitoring and are expected to increase in upcoming years. The average tree height observed was 3.7 feet.

In response to Vegetation Plot 6 not meeting success and visual monitoring in MY2, the southern areas of the easement, about 5.33 acres, were supplemental planted with 1,500 container trees on April 6, 2022. RES attributes the low stem density areas to Johnson grass competition. A mix of 1, 2, 3, and 5-gallon containers were used. Species and container sizes are in **Appendix B**. RES mowed strips and treated the Johnson grass before planting the new container trees. RES also sprayed rings around the newly planted trees in May to keep the competition down. There were signs of minor easement encroachment in MY3 that will be addressed in MY4. Encroachment repairs include adding additional posts between corners along the farm field and blocking a driving path with posts and woody debris on the eastern portion of the easement.

2 <u>Reference</u>

- Lee Michael T., Peet Robert K., Roberts Steven D., and Wentworth Thomas R., 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation Level. Version 4.2
- NC Environmental Management Commission. 2014. Rule 15A NCAC 02B.0295 Mitigation Program Requirements for the Protection and Maintenance of Riparian Buffers.
- NC Environmental Management Commission. 2010. Rule 15A NCAC 02B .0250 Randleman Lake Water Supply Watershed: Protection and Maintenance of Existing Riparian Buffers.

Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC (2020). Green Valley Farm II Mitigation Project – Final Mitigation Plan.

Schafale, M.P. 2012. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina, Fourth Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, NCDENR, Raleigh, NC.

Appendix A

Project Background Tables and Site Maps

ble 1. Buffer Project Areas and Assets Credit Type	Location	Subject?	Feature Type	Mitigation Activity	Min-Max Buffer Width (ft)	Feature Name	Total Area (sf)	Creditable Area (sf)	Initial Credit Ratio (x:1)	% Full Credit	Final Credit Ratio (x:1)	Riparian Buffer Credits
Buffer	Rural	Yes	I/P	Restoration	50-100	UT1/4	110,917	110,917	1	100%	1	110,917.000
Buffer	Rural	Yes	I/P	Restoration	101-200	UT1/4	195,735	195,735	1	33%	3.0303	64,592.615
						Totals	306,652	306,652			175,509.	615

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting HistoryGreen Valley Farm II Site

Elapsed Time Since planting complete: 2 year 7 months Number of reporting Years¹: 3

Activity or Deliverable	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Restoration Plan	NA	Jan-20
Final Design – Construction Plans	NA	NA
Stream Construction	NA	NA
Site Planting	NA	May-20
As-built (Year 0 Monitoring – baseline)	May-20	Jun-20
Year 1 Monitoring	Nov-20	Dec-20
Year 2 Monitoring	Nov-21	Nov-21
Supplemental Tree Planting	N/A	Apr-22
Johnson Grass Ring Spray	N/A	May-22
Year 3 Monitoring	Oct-22	Nov-22
Year 4 Monitoring		
Year 5 Monitoring		

1 = The number of reports or data points produced excluding the baseline

Table 3. Project Contacts Table Green Valley Farm II Site					
Planting Contractor H&J Forestry					
Planting contractor POC	Matt Hitch				
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Arborgen				
Monitoring Performers	RES / 3600 Glenwood Ave, Suite 100, Raleigh, NC 27612				
Monitoring POC	Grayson Sanner (703) 635-5686				

Table 4. Project Background Information							
Project Name		Green Valley	Farm II				
County		Randolp	bh				
Project Area (acres)		7.19					
Project Coordinates (latitude and longi	tude)	Latitude: 35.9086 N Lor	ngitude: -79.833 W				
Planted Acreage (Acres of Woody Sten	ns Planted)	7.19					
	Project Wat	ershed Summary Information					
Physiographic Province		Southern Outer	Piedmont				
River Basin		Randleman	Lake				
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit	03030003	USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-digit	03030003010070				
DWR Sub-basin		03-06-0	8				





Date:	10/14/2022
Chock	od by: PTM

Appendix B

Vegetation Assessment Data

Common Name	Scientific Name	Total Stems Planted
Willow Oak	Quercus phellos	1,900
River Birch	Betula nigra	1,200
White Oak	Quercus alba	1,100
Water Oak	Quercus nigra	1,000
American Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	800
Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipfera	800
Southern Crabapple	Malus angustifolia	800
Northern Red Oak	Quercus rubra	600
Common Persimmon	Diospyros virginiana	500
American Plum	Prunus americana	500
Eastern Redbud	Cercis canadensis	500
Common Elderberry	Sambucus canadensis	200
Black Walnut	Juglans nigra	100
	Total	10,000

Table 5. Green Valley Farm II Planted Species Summary

Table 6. Green Va	alley Farm II Sup	plemental Plante	d Species

Common Name	Size (gallons)	Stems Planted
Cherrybark oak	1	33
	1	63
American Elm	2	148
	3	20
Hackberry	5	79
Pawpaw	3	40
Pin oak	1	223
PINOak	3	148
Tulin nonlar	3	26
Tulip poplar	5	31
Red oak	3	10
Redbud	3	46
	1	110
River birch	2	121
	3	59
Shumard oak	1	116
Shuffaru Oak	3	4
Sycamore	5	12
White oak	1	78
White Oak	3	55
Willow oak	1	78
	Total	1500

Plot #	Planted Stems/Acre	Volunteer Stems/Acre	Total Stems/Acre	Success Criteria Met?	Average Planted Stem Height (ft)
1	890	4532	5423	Yes	3.3
2	769	567	1335	Yes	4.0
3	486	0	486	Yes	3.5
4	769	81	850	Yes	2.8
5	486	162	647	Yes	3.5
6	405	0	405	Yes	6.0
Project Avg	634	890	1524	Yes	3.7

Table 7. Green Valley Farm II Vegetation Plot Mitigation Success Summary

Gree	Current Plot Data (MY3 2022)														Annual Means																	
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	100111-01-0001		0001	100111-01-0002			100111-01-0003		003	100111-01-0004			100111-01-0005			100111-01-0006			MY3 (2022)			MY2 (2021)			MY1 (2020)			MY0 (2020)		
			PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all T		PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Г	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	т
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree												2			4						6									
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																								18	;					
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	7	7	7	3	3	3				2	2	2	1	1	1	4	4	4	17	17	17	12	12	2 14	15	15	5 15	5 18	8 18	18
Cercis canadensis	eastern redbud	Tree				6	6	6										1	1	1	7	7	7	5	5	5 5	, 6	6	5 E	<mark>ار ا</mark>	. 1	1
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree																						1	1	. 1	. 1	1	1	L 14	14	14
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree			29																		29			16	,		25	,		
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree																												3	3	3
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree			56			11															67			55	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		22	1		
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	3	3	10	1	1	1													4	4	11	2	2	2 6	2	2	2 8	3 3	, 3	3
Malus angustifolia	southern crabapple	Tree																									1	1	1	. 4	4	4
Morus rubra	red mulberry	Tree							1	1	1	3	3	3				1	1	1	5	5	5	4	4	4	. 5	5	5 5	,		
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree							1	1	1										1	1	1									
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree			20	3	3	6	1	1	1				1	1	1	1	1	1	6	6	29	5	5	5 9	6	6	5 12	2 14	14	14
Prunus americana	American plum	Tree																												5	5	5
Quercus	oak	Tree																						1	1	. 1						
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	7	7	7	1	1	1	3	3	3	1	1	1	2	2	2				14	14	14	12	12	. 12	13	13	3 13	3 16	16	16
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	1	1	1																1	1	1	1	1	. 1	. 2	2	2 2	2 14	14	14
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	4	4	4	5	5	5	1	1	1	2	2	2				1	1	1	13	13	13	11	11	. 11	. 12	12	2 12	43	43	43
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	Tree							4	4	4	10	10	10	8	8	8	1	1	1	23	23	23	19	19	19	26	26	5 26	, 19	19	19
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	Shrub																												1	1	1
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree							1	1	1	1	1	1				1	1	1	3	3	3									
Stem count			22	22	134	19	19	33	12	12	12	19	19	21	12	12	16	10	10	10	94	94	226	73	73	172	. 89	89	9 148	155	155	155
size (ares)			1			1			1			1			1			1		6			6			6				6		
size (ACRES)				0.02			0.02			0.02		0.02			0.02			0.02		0.15			0.15				0.15			0.15		
Species count			5	5	8	6	6	7	7	7	7	6	6	7	4	4	5	7	7	7	11	11	14	11	11	14	11	11	13	3 13	8 13	13
Stems per ACRE			890	890	5423	769	769	1335	486	486	486	769	769	850	486	486	647	405	405	405	634	634	1524	492	492	1160	600	600) 998	3 1045	1045	1045

Table 8. Green Valley Farm II Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot Species

Appendix C

Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos

Green Valley Farm II Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos



Vegetation Plot 1 10/06/2022



Vegetation Plot 3 10/06/2022



Vegetation Plot 2 10/06/2022



Vegetation Plot 4 10/06/2022



Vegetation Plot 5 10/06/2022



Vegetation Plot 6 10/06/2022