Monitoring Report Year 2 FINAL Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation Project

NCDEQ-DMS Project Number: 94147 Contract Number: 2029 USACE Action ID: 2014-0386 DWR Permit: 14-0129 Cabarrus County

Data collection: September 2016 Submitted: March 2017



Prepared for:



North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality
Division of Mitigation Services
1652 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1652

Prepared by:



Louis Berger 1001 Wade Avenue, Suite 400 Raleigh, North Carolina 27605 Tel (919) 866-4400 Fax (919) 755-3502

Project Manager:

Ed Samanns Tel (973) 407-1468 Fax (973) 267-6468 ESamanns@louisberger.com

Table of Contents

1.0 Executive Summary	1
1.1 Project Setting and Background	1
1.2 Project Goals and Objectives	1
1.3 Project Success Criteria	2
1.4 Mitigation Components and Design	2
1.5 Monitoring Year 1 Conditions Assessment	3
1.5.1 Vegetation Assessment	3
1.5.2 Stream Assessment	4
1.5.3 Site Boundary Assessment	6
2.0 Methodology	7
2.1 Geomorphology	7
2.2 Longitudinal Profiles	7
2.3 Cross Sections & Particle Size Distribution	7
2.4 Vegetation Monitoring	7
2.5 Hydrological Monitoring	8
2.6 Photo Points & Visual Assessment	8
3.0 References	9

Appendices

Appendix A. Project Vicinity Map & Background Tables

Figure 1 – Project Vicinity Map

Figure A1 – Credit Generation Map

Table 1 – Project Mitigation Components

Table 2 – Project Activity and Reporting History

Table 3 – Project Contacts Table

Table 4 – Project Baseline Information and Attributes

Appendix B. Visual Assessment Data

Figure 2a-2j – Integrated Current Condition Plan View-MY2

Table 5a-g – Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Table 6a-e – Vegetation Condition Assessment Table

Photo Appendices A-E: Vegetation Monitoring Photographs, Cross Section Photographs, Photo Station Photographs, Problem Area Photographs, Significant Flow Events

Appendix C. Vegetation Plot Data

Table 7 – Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment

Table 8 - Total Planted Stems

Table 9 – CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata and Planted and Total Stem Counts (Species by Plot with Annual Means)

Appendix D. Stream Measurement & Geomorphology Data

Table 10aa-af – Baseline Stream Data Summary

Table 10ba-bg – Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution)

Table 11aa-ag – Monitoring Data: Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Section)

Table 11ba-bf – Monitoring Data: Stream Reach Data Summary

Figure 3a-d – Longitudinal Profile Plots

Figure 4a-o – Cross-section Plots

Figure 5a-o – Pebble Count Plots

Appendix E. Hydrologic Data

Table 12 – Documentation of Geomorphologically Significant Flow Events

Figure 6a-e – Water Level and Rainfall Plots

1.0 Executive Summary

1.1 Project Setting and Background

The Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation site is located in Cabarrus County, North Carolina, two miles southwest of the Town of Gold Hill, and 12 miles east of Kannapolis. The site encompasses approximately 47 acres of former cattle pasture, crop land and riparian forest along Little Buffalo Creek and portions of seven unnamed tributaries (Figures 1 and 2). Little Buffalo Creek is located within the Yadkin River Basin (03040105; 03040105020060). Historic land use at the site had consisted primarily of ranching activities that had allowed cattle access to the stream and riparian zone. Several reaches of the stream have bedrock in their streambed and vertical migration of the stream has been confined to a small percentage of the project site.

1.2 Project Goals and Objectives

The goals of the Little Buffalo Creek Stream Restoration project include, but are not limited to, the enhancement of water quality and aquatic/terrestrial habitat, stream stability improvement, and erosion reduction. The uplift of these stream functions specifically requires:

- Protecting and improving water quality through the removal or minimization of the biological, chemical, and physical stressors:
 - o Reducing sediment input into the stream from erosion;
 - o Reducing non-point pollutant impacts by removing livestock access (including restoring forested buffer:
 - o Protecting headwater springs.
 - Improving aquatic and terrestrial wildlife habitat:
 - o Moderating stream water temperatures by improving canopy coverage over the channel;
 - o Restoring, enhancing, reconnecting, and protecting valuable wildlife habitat.
- Restore floodplain connectivity:
 - o Reestablishing floodplain connection thereby dissipating energy associated with flood flows.

In addition to the ecological uplift that the project will provide to the Site through the improvement of the stream functions, this project establishes the following environmentally advantageous goals:

- Providing a water source for livestock removed from the stream and riparian corridor;
- Reducing the number of locations that livestock are able to cross the stream;
- Providing a safe and environmentally appropriate stream crossing point for livestock.

In order to achieve the project goals, Berger proposes to accomplish the following objectives:

- Fence the cattle out of the stream and riparian corridor;
- Remove invasive vegetative species from the riparian corridor;
- Restore and enhance unstable portions of the stream;
- Preserve the stream channel and banks through a conservation easement;
- Plant the riparian corridor with native tree and shrub vegetation.

The expected ecological benefits and goals associated with the Little Buffalo Creek site mitigation plan serve to meet objectives consistent with the resource protection objectives detailed in the Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basinwide Water Quality Plan, 2008.

1.3 Project Success Criteria

Streams

For stream hydrology, a minimum of two bankfull events must be documented within the standard 5-year monitoring period. In order for the monitoring to be considered complete, the two verification events must occur in separate monitoring years. All of the morphologic and channel stability parameters will be evaluated in the context of hydrologic events to which the system is exposed.

- Dimension General maintenance of a stable cross-section and hydrologic access to the floodplain features over the course of the monitoring period will generally represent success in dimensional stability. For stream dimension, cross-sectional overlays and key parameters such as cross-sectional area, and the channel's width to depth ratios should demonstrate relative stability in order to be deemed successful.
- Pattern Pattern features should show little adjustment over the standard 5 year monitoring period. Rates of lateral migration need to be moderate.
- Profile For the channels' profile, the reach under assessment should not demonstrate any trends in thalweg aggradation or degradation over any significant continuous portion of its length. Over the monitoring period, the profile should also demonstrate the maintenance or development of bedform (facets) more in keeping with reference level diversity and distributions for the stream type in question. It should also provide a meaningful contrast in terms of bedform diversity against the pre-existing condition. Bedform distributions, riffle/pool lengths and slopes will vary, but should do so with maintenance around design distributions. This requires that the majority of pools are maintained at greater depths with lower water surface slopes and riffles are shallow with greater water surface slopes.
- Substrate and Sediment Transport Substrate measurements should indicate progression towards, or maintenance of the known distributions from the design phase. Sediment Transport should be deemed successful in by absence of any significant trend in the aggradation or depositional potential of the channel.

Vegetation

Survival of woody species planted at mitigation sites should be at least 320 stems/acre through year three. A 10 percent mortality rate will be accepted in year four (288 stems/acre) and another 10 percent in year five resulting in a required survival rate of 260 trees/acre through year five. This is consistent with Wilmington District (1993) guidance for wetland mitigation (USACE 2003).

1.4 Mitigation Components and Design

The Little Buffalo Creek Site consists of six reaches along the mainstem and seven unnamed tributaries (UTs). The mainstem of Little Buffalo Creek as well as UT 4 and UT 7 are perennial streams. The remainders of the UTs are intermittent streams associated with groundwater seeps. This stream mitigation project includes reaches of restoration, enhancement, and preservation along the mainstem and the associated UTs. In total, the Site will provide 13,362 linear feet of restoration, enhancement, and preservation (Tables 1 & 4). A summary of restoration and enhancement activity and reporting history can be found in Table 2.

Restoration activities have established a new, stable stream channel with the appropriate dimension, pattern and profile to transport perennial flow and sediment and have re-connected the stream to its floodplain. Reestablishment of native riparian forest vegetation and installation of cattle exclusion fencing were also performed as part of the restoration activities. Enhancement activities included reestablishing native riparian vegetation within a 50-foot easement along each bank of the stream corridor and excluding cattle with fencing. In the case of enhancement level I the activities included reshaping or relocating the bed and

banks and riparian forest planting. Preservation was conducted within portions of the stream corridors that have intact riparian forests and stable stream reaches and included excluding cattle with fencing. At a 1:1 ratio for restoration, 1.5:1 for enhancement level I, 2.5:1 for enhancement level II, and a 5:1 ratio for preservation, the DMS will receive, as of January 2017, approximately 6,411 stream mitigation units from the Site (Table 1). In addition, approximately 47 acres of riparian buffer have been protected within a conservation easement. This stream credit generation has the potential to increase to 6,450 stream mitigation units as a result of additional enhancement level I work conducted in the fall of 2016 within a portion of UT3. This area, previously assessed as enhancement level II, had additional entrenched portions of the tributary graded to re-connect the channel with its floodplain and the riparian zone replanted.

1.5 Monitoring Year 2 Conditions Assessment

1.5.1 Vegetation Assessment

In Year 2 of monitoring, four vegetation monitoring plots are exceeding requirements by 10% (436 to 823 stems/acre), two vegetation monitoring plots are exceeding requirements by less than 10% (each 339 stems/acre), two vegetation monitoring plots fail to meet requirements by less than 10% (each 290 stems/acre), and four vegetation monitoring plots are failing to meet requirements by over 10% (97 to 242 stems/acre). Recruitment of native plant seedlings was recorded in 11 of 12 monitoring plots (Tables 6, 7, 8, and 9). The current average estimate of 395 planted stems per acre for the site is exceeding the required success criteria of 320 stems per acre. Uplift in previously poor performing areas is due to the additional planting of approximately 3,000 trees within 7 riparian areas covering 7.6 acres that took place in February 2016. Any deficiencies are primarily associated with the areas around the six monitoring plots failing to meet requirements. The likely cause of the poor performance in these areas, as well as lower than expected survival in some replanted areas, is due mostly to an incident where a herd of cattle were allowed back into the easement for an extended period of time. The intruding cattle grazed some of the planted stems and trampled a small number of them as well. Additional planting of approximately 3,500 trees within 9 riparian areas covering approximately 8.5 acres will take place in March 2017. Tree establishment and survival will continue to be monitored.

Significant growth was observed in planted American sycamore (*Platanus occidentalis*), green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), hazel alder (*Alnus serrulata*), and black willow (*Salix nigra*) trees. This is most likely due to more normal precipitation levels in 2016 (NOAA Historical Palmer Drought Indices) and less grazing by cattle on these specific plant species. Tree establishment and survival will continue to be monitored.

Black willow and silky dogwood (*Cornus amonum*) live stakes throughout the restoration areas are doing well and very few have been observed to be dead. Surviving stakes are growing quickly and are already contributing to bank stability. Soft rush (*Juncus effusus*) has become established on parts of the stream bank and is adding additional stability to sections of UT7 and UT3. Additional stability is being provided by grasses and sedges that have become established on banks throughout the site. Volunteer crop cover is no longer present and has been outcompeted by other species such as goldenrods (*Solidago*), asters (*Aster*), jimsonweed (*Datura*), and native grasses.

Previously there were areas within the riparian buffer that were having low success in establishing herbaceous vegetation cover due to drought and sections of bank scour. These areas included approximately 300 feet along the mainstem of Reach 1, approximately 130 feet along the mainstem of Reach 4, and approximately 530 feet of UT 3. These problem areas were reseeded with annual ryegrass and native forbs in February 2016. Reseeded areas total approximately 1.8 acres and make up 53% of E1 areas and 20% of restoration areas.

The herbaceous cover in the 300 foot length of Reach 1 has improved since reseeding. The herbaceous cover in the 130 foot section along the mainstem of reach 4 has improved slightly since reseeding, and the herbaceous cover in the 530 foot section of UT3 is somewhat improved though sections have been affected by scour and cattle grazing. Despite a period of cattle intrusion, overall herbaceous cover throughout the site has greatly increased. This is most likely the result of more normal precipitation levels following a drought year (NOAA Historical Palmer Drought Indices). Additional native grass and forb seeding will be performed in the spring of 2017 to address any remaining areas with poor herbaceous cover establishment.

Past treatment and removal of privet (*Ligustrum*), multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*), and tree-of-heaven (*Ailanthus altissima*) from riparian areas has been mostly successful, though a few problem areas remain and follow up treatment will be performed. Through site inspections, tree-of-heaven is still established at the upstream ends of both UT 2 (approx. 450ft) and UT 7 (approx. 400ft), as well as four large trees between UT4 and UT3 (Figure 2). The larger trees at UT7 have been treated with herbicide and at time of monitoring were either dead or dying. However, they still produced seeds or root sprouts and will require further control. The UT 2 area was treated but will require further treatment as well. Privet continues to be present in various areas throughout the site, particularly on the upper portion of UT2 and the lower portion of UT7. Privet and tree-of-heaven were removed by hand from areas along UT 7 and UT 2 in February of 2016. During the Year 2 monitoring event in September of 2016 tree-of-heaven and princess tree were removed by hand from areas along UT 7, UT 2, Reach 3, and Reach 1. Both privet and tree-of-heaven will be treated with herbicide application again in spring of 2017 in accordance with NC Department of Agriculture (NCDA) rules and regulations.

1.5.2 Stream Assessment

For most of the site there has been very little change from the Year 1 monitoring survey completed in September 2015 in regards to stream stability and conditions. The primary issue identified in Year 2 monitoring has been damage to multiple reaches and tributaries due to the intrusion by cattle. UT2 and UT3, as smaller tributaries with soft clay soils, took the most observable damage. Cattle crossing and grazing within the inner channel of the lower stem of UT2, near the confluence of Little Buffalo Creek, and all of UT3 enhancement level I and restoration work, has formed areas with deep divots. Despite this damage, the tops of banks remain stable and in good condition. Based on the soil types of these tributaries and sediment load, it is believed that the damage can be reversed naturally through a significant flow events that will re-deposit sediment within the depressions in the channel. UT4 and Reach 3 and 4 of Little Buffalo Creek all showed minor damage to the channels due to cattle, and all in isolated spots of each segment. With the exception of Reach 3, it is believed all damage can be reversed naturally through a significant storm event. During the spring 2017 maintenance work, the damaged areas will be re-evaluated to determine if signs of recovery area present, such as recent deposition. If it is evident that the stream segments cannot recover in a short period without intervention, action will be taken to fix the sections accordingly.

In early winter 2016, DENR representatives conducted a site visit to observe site conditions following a significant flow event. As part of this visit, a segment of UT3 was identified with a severe entrenchment and headcut in a portion of enhancement level II. Additionally, the restoration section in Reach 3 showed aggradation in both the riffle and pool sections connecting the restored channel to the existing channel at the upstream and downstream connection points. In spring of 2016, Louis Berger staff observed signs of an overflow chute forming in the Reach 3 restoration section as a result of the aggradation and high backwater caused at the upstream connection to the existing channel.

As part of the September 2016 maintenance and monitoring work, the aggradation was removed on both the upstream and downstream connections of the restoration portion of Reach 3. The material removed was placed on the left bank to fill in the overflow chute, and the more extreme backwater condition immediately upstream of the site work was reduced to a more suitable level. This work simultaneously patched the minor cattle damage caused in the Reach 3 work area. Additionally, the entrenched banks identified in a portion

of UT3 were graded to remove entrenchment and reconnect the channel to the floodplain and plant the riparian zone. This action is consistent with enhancement level I work, and creates the potential to raise the enhancement level from EII to EI in this 146 feet reach.

A sinuous low flow channel within the areas of restoration in Reach 1, Reach 3 and UT 7 continue to develop as expected. The development of this sinuous channel at base flow conditions is important to providing adequate riffle-pool systems needed at base flow to provide in-stream habitat areas for fish, amphibians, and aquatic insects. In addition, the stream bedload was observed to continue to be sorted and finer material has either moved to the stream bank edges or moved downstream and a courser bed material is present within the channel. However, despite 2016 being a non-drought year, the months of June, July and September were below average rainfall months and stretches of the main channel were dry during the September monitoring. The pebble count recorded a higher percentage of silts deposited during the receding flow. As a result of exceptionally high silt deposits, pebble count surveys were not conducted in the following cross sections during the 2016 monitoring event: UT2-1R, UT3-1R, UT3-1P, UT3-2R, UT3-3R, and UT7-1P. This is expected to be a temporary condition.

In-stream structures have generally maintained their stability and performance within the site, with the exception of the step-pool system on UT 7 near the confluence with the mainstem. Due to the backflow conditions generated in storm events in this area, bed material settlement was observed within the steppools. This was first identified within the Year 1 monitoring. Larger sediment material has filled the lower two step pools, generating a longer riffle into the confluence of Little Buffalo Creek, and decreased the max depth to mean depth ratio of less than 1.6 for habitat suitability in the upper pools. Although the step pools have filled greater than desired with larger material, they still provide adequate fish passage during low flow events when the channel is not dry. As the intent of the structures is to provide the head drop from the higher floodplain of UT7 to Little Buffalo Creek in a stable manner, while still providing fish passage within the tributary, no action to reshape the pools is proposed. This conclusion is also generated based on the understanding that the larger sediment source comes from immediately upstream of the culverts at Old Mine Road as part of the passage dissipation reinforcement, and that any attempt to remove the larger cobble sediment will likely only result in the pools to refill from the same sediment source supply. In addition to the lower step pools infilling, one rock vane step pool was identified for potential piping in the September 2016 site assessment. As the channel was dry, it could not be verified that the structure is allowing seepage beneath the vane. This will be observed in the Spring 2017 maintenance work and corrective action taken to fix the structure if it indeed is allowing seepage beneath the vane.

Future channel maintenance may include chinking of in-stream structures to prevent piping, securing of loose coir matting, and supplemental installations of live stakes and other target vegetation along the channel bank. Areas where storm water and floodplain flows intercept the channel may also require maintenance to prevent bank failures and head-cutting.

The stream restoration and enhancement areas are relatively stable and will continue to adjust somewhat in response to storm events. Gage data throughout the site supports four different bankfull events during the Year 2 monitoring period which are supported by observations of rack debris outside of the top of bank and in the floodplain of UT7 and the mainstem. The stream channel is beginning to develop the desired sinuosity and in-stream structures are remaining stable and functioning as designed; the exception being the steppool system in UT-7 as noted above. No work is planned on these pools as of now but may occur during the 2017 maintenance period if needed.

Two groundwater monitoring wells were installed at the top and bottom of UT3 in February of 2016 to provide additional hydrological data to demonstrate groundwater connectivity to the stream channel of UT3. The cross-section and longitudinal profiles were conducted during the dry season, resulting in water

surface elevations that were indistinguishable from the thalweg elevations at that time. Distinct water surface elevations are included in the longitudinal profiles where water was flowing within the channel.

1.5.3 Site Boundary Assessment

A number of site boundary issues were discovered during the Year 2 monitoring and maintenance period. A corner of fence where UT 3 joins the mainstem was found to be cut and reassembled, presumably by the land owner to remove escaped cattle. The electric wire of the cattle crossing fence in Reach 5 was broken, likely due to storm debris and flows, and no longer providing an electrical charge. The larger portions of the cattle crossing fence are up and functioning and the gates to the crossing are closed. The fence next to the northwestern gate of the cattle crossing has also been cut and hastily repaired as well as a corner of fence where UT 2 meets the mainstem. These damages are also likely the result of landowners moving cattle into or from the easement. The barbed wire has been broken on a small section of fence along the northeast edge of UT 7, possibly due to a tree fall in that area. The fence at the top of UT 1 has been completely knocked down due to the accumulation of vegetation and log debris from the adjacent fields causing enough force to push it over during a flood event.

At a point in between the February and September maintenance work of 2016, unknown persons installed barbed wire and a woven metal fence "flood gate" across the easement along the downstream side of Old Mine Road to close off access to Reach 2. This may have been installed by the landowner with the intention of placing and keeping cattle within the easement. A team of surveyors discovered the cattle in early September and they were removed within days of their first observation. At the time of Year 2 monitoring, four cattle were observed in the easement and were removed the same day. Louis Berger is currently assessing the level and cost of damage and working to identify those responsible.

Discussions with the landowner regarding maintenance of the crossing, fencing and encroachments into the easement is ongoing. In the fall of 2016 additional fencing was installed along the mainstem at Old Mine Road to prevent access to the easement at these locations and the barbed wire across Little Buffalo Creek at Old Mine Road has also been removed. All other major fence repairs and the installation of conservation easement boundary signs was also completed in the fall of 2016.

Summary information/data related to occurrence of items such as encroachment by landowners or evidence of cattle intrusion and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the As-Built Baseline Monitoring Report and in the Mitigation Plan documents available on NCDEQ's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from NCDEQ upon request.

2.0 Methodology

Monitoring for stream stability, stream hydrology, and vegetation will be monitored annually for five years following the initial Baseline and As-Built Report. Annual monitoring requirements are based on the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers *Stream Mitigation Guidelines* document (USACE 2003) and supplemental requirements listed in the DMS *Stream and Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Guidelines* dated February 2014 (NCEEP 2014). Establishment, collection, and summarization of data collected was in accordance with the NCDEQ guidance document *EEP Annual Monitoring Report Format, Data Requirements, and Content Guidance* (April 2015).

2.1 Geomorphology

Surveys for Year 2 monitoring were conducted by Louis Berger in September 2016 using a Trimble M3 Total Station, geo referenced to North Carolina State Plane (NAD83-State Plane Feet-FIPS3200) with vertical datum North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (Feet NAVD88).

2.2 Longitudinal Profiles

A total of approximately 2950 feet of channel along 8 longitudinal profiles is being surveyed annually. This includes 335 feet on LBC Reach 1, 225 feet on LBC Reach 3, 112 feet on LBC Reach 4, 51 feet on UT 2, 771 feet on UT 3, 411 feet on UT 4, 977 on UT 7 and 62 feet on UT 8. Data collected from annual monitoring is being compared with the as-built conditions to document the current state of the channel and any trends in the stream profile occurring throughout the monitoring period. The start and finish locations of each cross-section and longitudinal profile are collected using a Total Station.

2.3 Cross Sections & Particle Size Distribution

A total of 15 cross-sections, including 9 riffles and 6 pools were installed upon completion of construction and are being monitored annually. Two additional cross-sections were added within the step-pool portion of UT 7 in monitoring Year 2. The total number of cross-sections includes five on the mainstem of Little Buffalo Creek, one on UT 2, four on UT 3, two on UT 4, and five on UT 7.

Pebble count surveys were conducted at each cross section. Moving from bank to bank, particles were picked up blindly and at random and measured in millimeters. Enough samples were taken to get a representative sample of particle size distribution for each cross section. Sample size ranged from 50 in pool areas dominated by fines to 100 in flowing riffle areas with a diversity of particle sizes.

2.4 Vegetation Monitoring

The CVS-DMS entry tool database was used to calculate the number of monitoring plots needed based on project acreage. Louis Berger established twelve vegetation monitoring plots across all reaches and tributaries of the project area based on guidance given in the CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation Version 4.2 (Lee et al. 2008). Each plot measures approximately 0.025 acres individually and is staked out with bright orange painted rebar and marked with two upright sections of PVC pipe. Photos were taken of each plot and Year 2 monitoring data was entered into the CVS-DMS database under the Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation Project (Project ID 94147). Additional PVC markers were added to plot corners during Year 2 in order to make corner stakes easier to find among the increasing herbaceous cover.

For a monitoring event, yellow rope is tied around the four corner stakes to mark out the plot. In Year 0, a GPS was used to collect coordinates of each stem and their position was measured in relation to the X and Y axis of the plot. Additionally, each stem was marked with pink flagging to make them easy to locate and identify during the next monitoring event. Flagging is re-applied each year. Planted stems were identified,

measured, and given a vigor score ranging from 0 to 4 based on the CVS-DMS database. Naturally recruited stems were identified and tallied only if alive. These stems were not measured or given a vigor score.

2.5 Hydrological Monitoring

A total of eight water level gages were installed on site. The gages are being monitored biannually to document highest stage for the monitoring interval and verify occurrences of bankfull and geomorphically significant flow events. In addition, observations of wrack and depositional features in the floodplain, if present, are being documented with photos. In February of 2016 two groundwater monitoring wells were installed at the top and bottom of UT 3 to provide additional hydrological data to demonstrate groundwater connectivity to the stream channel.

2.6 Photo Points & Visual Assessment

Permanent photo stations were established at each cross-section to digitally document annual conditions of the left and right banks. Each vegetation monitoring plot includes a photo station taken diagonally from a plot corner towards the opposite plot corner. Additional permanent photo locations have been established throughout the project area and can be found on the CCPV maps in Appendix A. Visual stream assessments are conducted during annual monitoring to summarize performance percentages of morphological and structural features. Visual vegetation assessments are also occurring to catalog the extent and type of vegetation issue areas as compared to the total planted acreage within the project site.

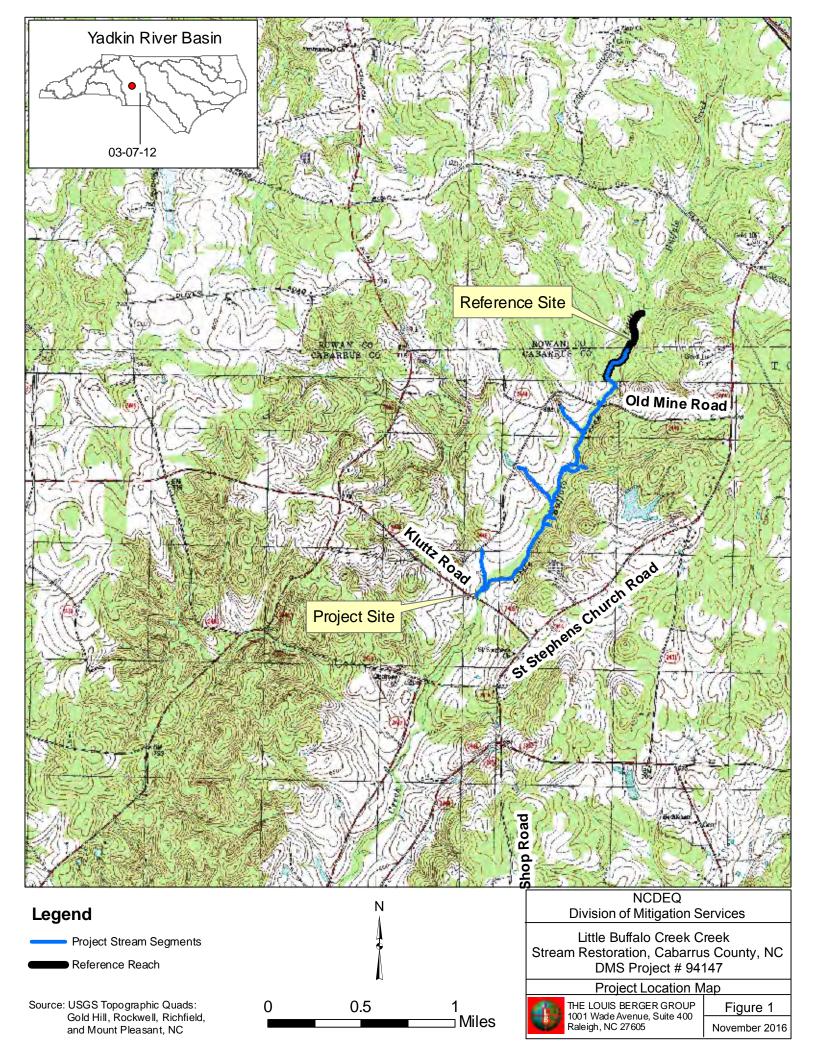
3.0 References

- Lee, Michael T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm).
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Historical Palmer Drought Indices. December 2014 through November 2015. http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/drought/historical-palmers/psi/201412-201511/. Accessed October 2016.

North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program 2014. *Stream and Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Guidelines*. February 2014. 7pp.

USACE 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. Prepared by: USACE, NCDWQ, USEPA, NCWRC.

Appendix A – Project Vicinity Map & Background Tables



MAINSTEM RESTORATION PLAN INDEX								
ALI GNMENT	MITIGATION ACTIVITY	START STATION	END STATION					
	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	1 Ø + Ø Ø	22+00.00					
	RESTORATION	22+00.00	25+77.37					
	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	25+77.37	33+Ø4.88					
	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	33+66.34	48+12.45					
MAINSTEM	RESTORATI ON	48+12.45	5Ø+56.51					
	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	50+56.51	63+70.48					
	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 1	63+70.48	65+21.37					
	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	65+21.37	74+87.83					
	PRESERVATI ON	75+1 9. 23	82+55.35					
	PRESERVATION	91 +88. 65	1 Ø4+96. Ø9					

MITIGATION ACTIVITY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION
RESTORATION	CHANNEL RE-ALIGNMENT AND CREATION. DITCH PLUG INSTALLATION. IN-STREAM STRUCTURE INSTALLATION, INCLUDING LOG VANES, ROCK CROSS VANES, STEP POOLS AND ROOT WADS. STREAM BANK RE-GRADING. PLANTING AND INVASIVE PLANT REMOVAL.
ENHANCEMENT LEVEL I (E1)	STREAM BANK GRADING. MINOR CHANNEL REGRADING. CONCRETE REMOVAL FROM CHANNEL. PLANTING AND INVASIVE PLANT REMOVAL.
ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2 (E2)	PLANTING AND INVASIVE PLANT REMOVAL.

	TRIBUTARY RESTOR	RATION PLAN IND	DEX
ALI GNMENT	MITIGATION ACTIVITY	START STATION	END STATION
UT-1	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	1 Ø+ØØ	11+10.63
UT-2	PRESERVATI ON	1 Ø+ØØ	13+34.67
UT-2	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	13+34.67	13+78.56
UT-2	RESTORATION	13+78.56	14+27.35
UT-2	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	14+27.35	19+50.70
UT-3	RESTORATION	1 Ø+ØØ	12+15.05
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	12+15.05	14+66.62
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 1	14+66.62	16+60
UT-3	RESTORATION	16+60	16+79
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 1	16+79	20+90.79
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	20+90.79	21 +29
UT-3	RESTORATI ON	21 +29	21 +55
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 1	21 +55	22+32.49
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	22+32.49	24+Ø5
UT-3	RESTORATI ON	24+Ø5	24+50
UT-3	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	24+50	24+74.90
UT-4	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	1 Ø+ØØ	14+21.25
UT-4	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 1	14+21.25	18+3Ø.57
UT-5	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	1 Ø+ØØ	11+84.46
UT-6	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 2	1 Ø+ØØ	11+51.33
UT-7	ENHANCEMENT LEVEL 1	1 Ø+ØØ	11+46.80
UT-7	RESTORATION	11+46.80	21 + 26. 71
UT-8	RESTORATION	10+19.08	10+80.78



HE LOUIS BERGER GROUP, Inc. 1001 Wade Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27605



STREAM RESTORATION PROJECT
CABARRUS COUNTY
DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES
ABLE 1 STREAM MITIGATION BY REACH

DATE FEBRUARY 2016
PROJECT NO. 94147

Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits

			Little Buff	alo Creek Stream Mitigation DMS Project No. 94147	Project					
				DMS Project No. 94147						
				Mitigation Credit Summations						
	Stream	Riparian Wetland	Non-riparian Wetland	Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphorus Nutrient Offset				
Overall Mitigation Units	6,411	0	0			Į				
				Due to at Common and						
DI. ID	C4 - 42	E-14- E-4 (P	Dordon Con Francisco America	Project Components	Double and Early	M'4' 4' D - 4' -	C4		To 4 o a	
Reach ID	Stationing	Existing Feet (linear feet)	Restoration Footage or Acreage	Restoration Level	Restoration or Rest Equiv.		Stream Mitigation Units	ľ	Notes	
Reach 1	10+00 to 33+05	2,305	377 R	Restoration	N/A	Restoration 1:1	1148			
Reach 2	33+66 to 46+10	1,244	1928 EII 1244 EII	Enhancement Level II Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1 Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	498			
Reach 2	33+00 t0 40+10	1,244	244 EII	Restoration	IN/A		498			
Reach 3	46+10 to 56+93	1,083	I		N/A	Restoration 1:1				
			839 EII 151 EI	Enhancement Level II Enhancement Level I		Enhancement Level II 2.5:1 Enhancement Level I 1.5:1				
Reach 4	56+93 to 66+62	969			N/A		428			
D 1.5	66.60 . 74.00	026	818 EII	Enhancement Level II	NY/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	220			
Reach 5	66+62 to 74+88	826	826 EII	Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	330			
Reach 6	75+19 to 82+55; 91+89 to 104+96	2,043	2,043 P	Preservation	N/A	Preservation 5:1	409			
UT 1	10+00 to 11+11	111	111 EII	Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	44			
			49 R	Restoration		Restoration 1:1				
UT 2	10+00 to 19+51	951	567 EII	Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	343			
			335 P	Preservation		Preservation 5:1			I	
			305 R;	Restoration		Restoration 1:1		Potential to increase mitigation after conversion of an EII area t		
UT 3	10+00 to 24+75	1,475	536 EI	Enhancement Level I	N/A	Enhancement Level I 1.5:1	916			
		,	634 EII	Enhancement Level II		Enhancement Level II 2.5:1		after conversion	i oi an En area u	
			410 EI	Enhancement Level I		Enhancement Level I 1.5:1				
UT 4	100+00 to 18+31	831	421 EII	Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	442			
UT 5	10+00 to 11+84	184	184 EII	Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	74			
UT 6	10+00 to 11+51	151	151 EII	Enhancement Level II	N/A	Enhancement Level II 2.5:1	60			
			980 R	Restoration		Restoration 1:1				
UT 7	10+00 to 21+27	1,127	147 EI	Enhancement Level I	N/A	Enhancement Level I 1.5:1	1078			
UT 8	10+19 to 10+81	62	62 R	Restoration	N/A	Restoration 1:1	62			
		Note: Due to rounding so	me of the values when added may app	pear to be 1' short of total, this is pure	ely a product of values being ro	unded to nearest linear foot				
				Length and Area Summations						
Restoration Level	Stream (linear feet)	<u> </u>	Wetland (acres)	Non-riparian Wetland (acres)	Buffer (square feet)	Upland (acres)				
		Riverine	Non-riverine							
Restoration	2,017	N/A	N/A	N/A	201,700	N/A				
Enhancement	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		<u> </u>		
Enhancement I	1,244	N/A	N/A	N/A	124,400	N/A				
Enhancement II	7,723	N/A	N/A	N/A	772,300	N/A		<u> </u>		
Creation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Preservation	2,378	N/A	N/A	N/A	237,800	N/A				
igh Quality Preservation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
				BMP Elements						
Element	Location	Purpose/Function	1	Notes					Т	
Element	Location	rui pose/ruiicuoii	1	110162	1	+		1	+	
					+			1	+	
								 		

Table 2: Project Activity and Reporting History

Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation Project

DMS Project No. 94147

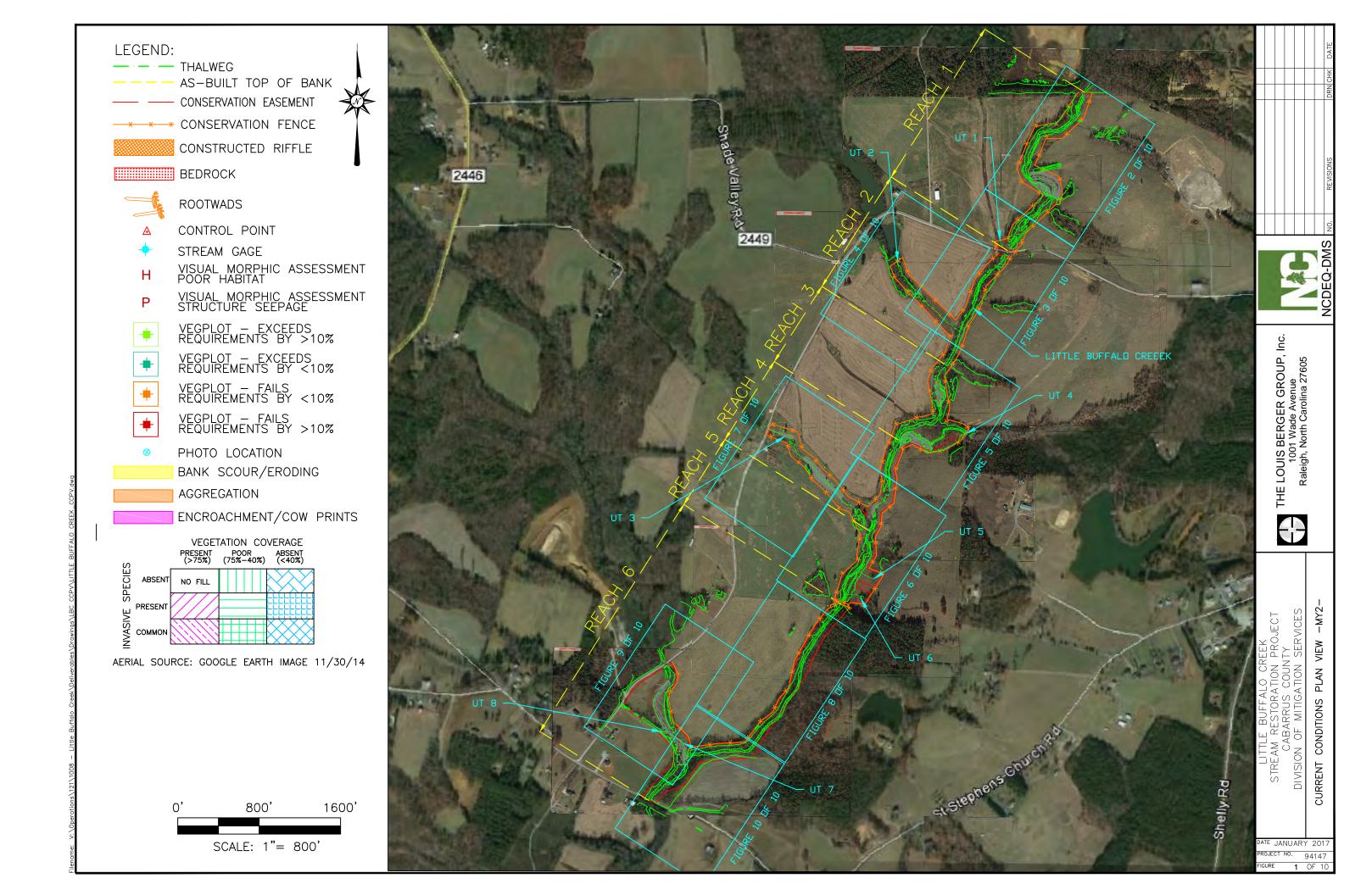
Activity or Report	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Technical Proposal	June 2009	August 2008
Categorical Exclusion	February 2010	March 2010
Secure Conservation Easement	March 2010	July 2012
Mitigation Plan	August 2010	April 2014
Final Design – Construction Plans	N/A	May 2014
Construction	June 2014	December 2014
Fencing Installation	June 2014	December 2014
Native Species Planting	December 2014	December 2014
Mitigation Plan / As-built (Year 0 Monitoring – Baseline)	March 2015	June 2015
Year 1 Monitoring	September 2015	December 2015
Replanting & Reseeding	N/A	February 2016
Year 2 Monitoring	September 2016	January 2017
Replanting & Reseeding	N/A	March 2017
Invasive Treatment	N/A	March 2017
Fence Repairs	N/A	December 2016
Construction Repairs	N/A	September 2016
Year 3 Monitoring		
Year 4 Monitoring		
Year 5 Monitoring		

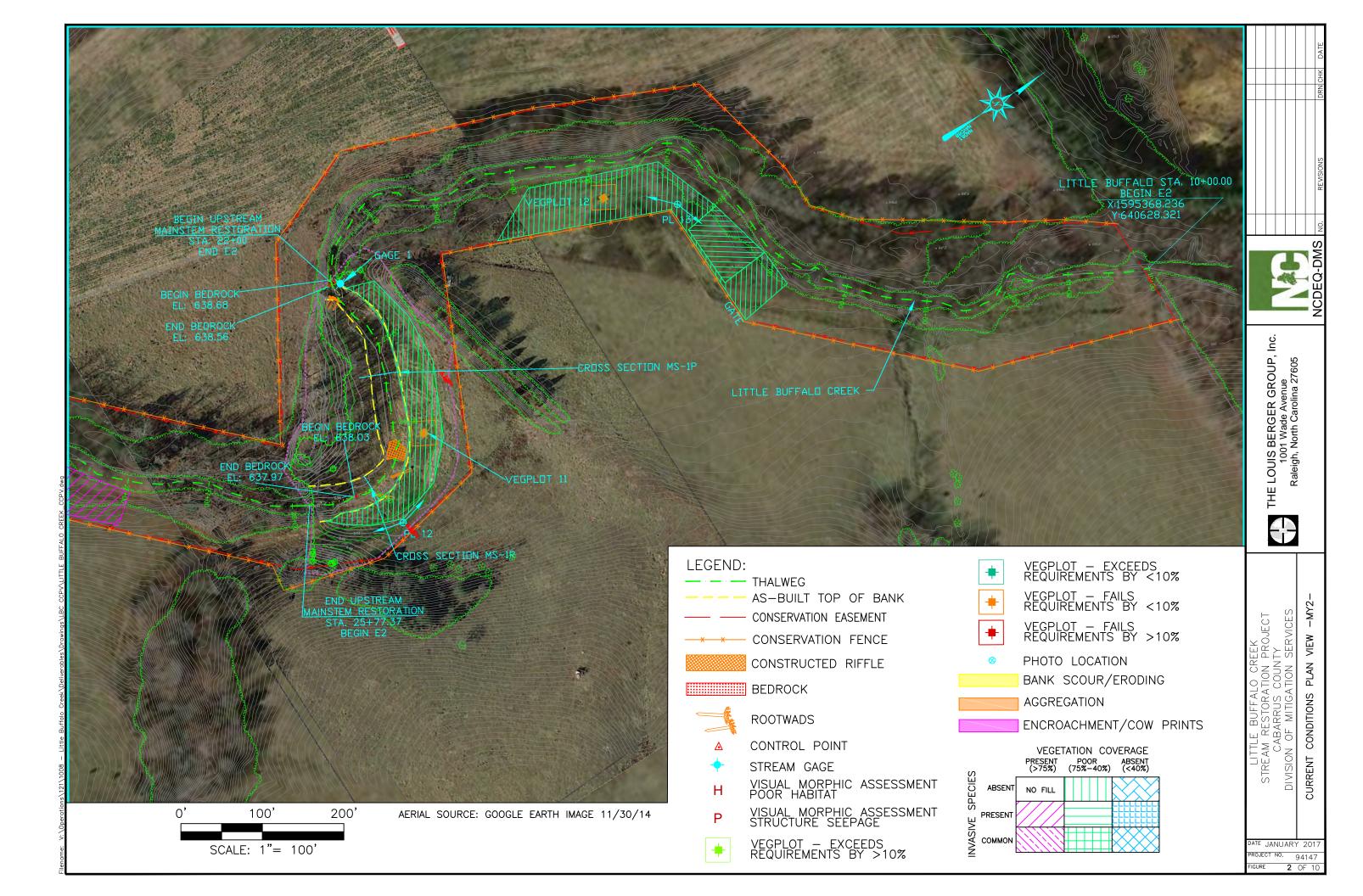
Tah	ole 3: Project Contact Table
	lo Creek Stream Mitigation Project
	DMS Project No. 94147
Designer	The Louis Berger Group, Inc.
Designer	1001 Wade Avenue, Suite 400
	Raleigh, NC 27605
Drive our Drain of Danier DOC	
Primary Project Design POC	Edward Camana (072) 407 1469
Constant Constant Constant	Edward Samanns (973) 407-1468
Construction Contractor	Backwater Environmental, Doug Smith
	P.O. Box 1107
	Eden, NC 27289
Construction contractor POC	
Fencing Contractor	
	Strader Fencing Inc
	5434 Amick Road
	Julian, NC 27283
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Fencing Contractor POC	
Planting Contractor	
	Carolina Sylvics
	908 Indian Trail
	Edenton, NC 27932
Planting Contract POC	
	Mellow Marsh
	1312 Woody Store Rd.
	Siler City, NC 27344
	919-742-1200
	ArborGen Inc.
	2011 Broadbank Court
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Ridgeville, SC 29472
	843-851-4129
	Superior Trees Inc.
	12493 US-90
	Lee, FL 32059
	850-971-5159
	The Louis Berger Group, Inc.
	1001 Wade Avenue, Suite 400
	Raleigh, NC 27605
Monitoring Performers	1005 110 27003
	Louis Berger Group, Inc., Ed Samanns, CE, PWS (973-
Stream Monitoring POC	407-1468)
Vacatation Manitarina DOC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Vegetation Monitoring POC	Louis Berger Group, Inc.

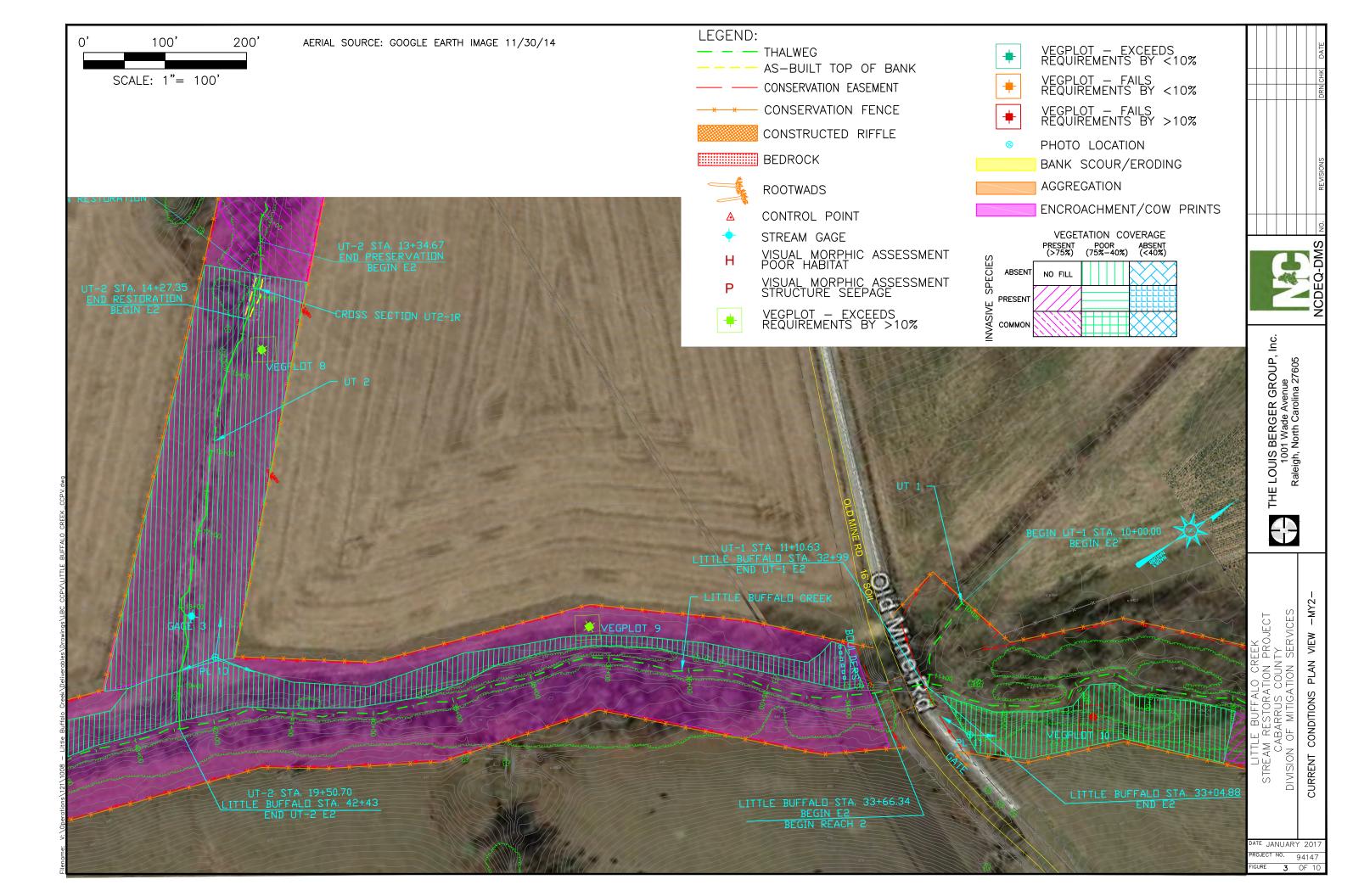
		Table 4 Projec	ct Information					1		
Project Name			eek Stream Mitig	ation Project]		
County		Cabarrus County	1							
Project Area (acres)		12						4		
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude) Project Watershed Summary Information		35.491041°N,	80.366698° W.					4		
Physiographic Province		Piedmont						1		
River Basin		Yadkin-Pee Dee	River							
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit 3040105	USGS Hyd	rologic Unit 14-di			3040105020060					
DWQ Sub-basin				03-07-12	•					
Project Drainage Area (acres)				4,039						
Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area				5%						
CGIA Land Use Classification Rural										
Reach Summary Information (Mainstem)		_								
Parameters		Reach 1	Reach 2	Reach 3	Reach 4	Reach 5	Reach 6			
Length of reach (linear feet)		2,305	1,244	1,083	969	826	2,043			
Valley classification		Type 8	Type 8							
Drainage area (acres)		1914	2146	2446	2568	2632	4039	1		
NCDWQ stream identification score NCDWQ Water Quality Classification		37.5 C	37.5 C	37.5 C	37.5 C	37.5 C	37.5 C	1		
Morphological Description (stream type)		C4/F4	C4/E4	C4/F4	C4	C4/D4b	C4	1		
Design Rosgen Stream Type		C4	C4/E4	C4/14	C4	C4/D40	C4	1		
Evolutionary Trend										
Design Approach (P1, P2, P3, E, etc)		R; EII	EII	R; EII	EI; EII	EII	P			
Underlying mapped soils		Chewacla/	Chewacla	Chewacla	Chewacla	Chewacla	Chewacla			
TD ' 1		Goldston						4		
Drainage class		Mod. Well	Mod. Well Drained - Well	Mod. Well	Mod. Well Drained - Well	Mod. Well	Mod. Well			
		Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained							
Soil Hydric status		Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	1		
Slope		0.48%	0.38%	0.51%	0.39%	0.47%	0.43%	1		
FEMA classification		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A]		
Native vegetation community		Pasture	Pasture	Pasture	Pasture	Pasture	Pasture			
Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation										
Reach Summary Information (Unnamed Tributaries)		,						1		
Parameters		UT 1	UT 2	UT 3	UT 4	UT 5	UT 6	UT 7/UT 8		
Length of reach (linear feet)		111	951	1,475	831	184	151	1,127		
Valley classification		N/A	Type 2	Type 2	Type 2	N/A	N/A	Type 8		
Drainage area (acres)		293 21	193 20	62 26.5	254 36.5	8 27.5	16 24.8	1222 36.5		
NCDWQ stream identification score NCDWQ Water Quality Classification		C	C	26.3 C	C	C C	24.8 C	C C		
Morphological Description (stream type)		N/A	B6	B6/G6	B4c	N/A	N/A	F4		
Design Rosgen Stream Type		No Restoration	B6	B6	B4c	No Restoration	No Restoration	C4		
Evolutionary Trend										
Design Approach (P1, P2, P3, E, etc)		EII	R; EII, P	R; EI; EII	EI; EII	EII	EII	R; EI		
Underlying mapped soils		Chewacla	Chewacla	Badin/Georgevil	Goldston	Goldston	Goldston	Chewacla		
				le						
Drainage class		Mod. Well Drained - Well	Mod. Well Drained - Well	Mod. Well Drained - Well						
		Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained	Drained - Well Drained		
Soil Hydric status		Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric	Non-hydric		
Slope		N/A	2.45%	2.35%	2.17%	N/A	N/A	0.96%		
FEMA classification		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Native vegetation community		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Percent composition of exactic invasive vegetation		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Wetland Summary Information		Wa413 4		Wotland			Wotle-12	4		
Parameters Size of Wetland (acres)	N/A	Wetland 1		Wetland 2 N/A			Wetland 3 N/A	1		
Wetland Type (non-riparian, riparian riverine or riparian	N/A			N/A			N/A	1		
Mapped Soil Series	N/A			N/A			N/A	1		
Drainage class	N/A			N/A			N/A			
	N/A	-	· · · ·	N/A	· · · ·	-	N/A	1		
Soil Hydric Status				N/A			N/A	4		
Source of Hydrology	N/A			N/A				•		
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment	N/A			N/A			N/A	_		
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community	N/A N/A			N/A N/A			N/A	-		
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment	N/A	Regulatory C	onsiderations	N/A				- - -		
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation	N/A N/A			N/A N/A		Supporting Dec	N/A N/A			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation	N/A N/A	Applicable?	Resolved?	N/A N/A		Supporting Doc	N/A N/A umentation			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404	N/A N/A	Applicable?	Resolved?	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003	N/A N/A umentation			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation	N/A N/A	Applicable?	Resolved?	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCI	N/A N/A umentation 86 DENR dated			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404	N/A N/A	Applicable?	Resolved?	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCI February 24, 201	N/A N/A umentation 86 DENR dated			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404	N/A N/A	Applicable?	Resolved?	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCI	N/A N/A umentation 86 DENR dated			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404	N/A N/A	Applicable?	Resolved?	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCI February 24, 201	N/A N/A n/A n/A n/A umentation 86 DENR dated 15 nit Number 27			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404 Waters of the United States – Section 401	N/A N/A	Applicable? Y Y	Resolved? Y Y	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCE February 24, 201 Nationwide Perm	N/A N/A N/A umentation 86 DENR dated 15 nit Number 27			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404 Waters of the United States – Section 401	N/A N/A	Applicable? Y Y	Resolved? Y Y	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCE February 24, 201 Nationwide Perm Letter to USFWS	N/A N/A wmentation 886 DENR dated 15 nit Number 27 S dated			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404 Waters of the United States – Section 401 Endangered Species Act Historic Preservation Act	N/A N/A N/A	Applicable? Y Y Y	Resolved? Y Y Y	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCT February 24, 201 Nationwide Perr Letter to USFW: November 16, 20 Letter from NCS February 2, 2010	N/A N/A umentation 886 DENR dated 1.5 nit Number 27 S dated 109 SHPO dated			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404 Waters of the United States – Section 401 Endangered Species Act Historic Preservation Act Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)/ Coastal Area N	N/A N/A N/A	Applicable? Y Y Y Y N	Resolved? Y Y Y Y N/A	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCT February 24, 201 Nationwide Perr Letter to USFW: November 16, 20 Letter from NC 3 February 2, 2010 N/A	N/A N/A N/A umentation .86 DENR dated .5 nit Number 27 S dated .009 SHPO dated			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404 Waters of the United States – Section 401 Endangered Species Act Historic Preservation Act	N/A N/A N/A	Applicable? Y Y Y	Resolved? Y Y Y	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCE February 24, 201 Nationwide Perr Letter to USFW: November 16, 20 Letter from NC S February 2, 2010 N/A FEMA Floodpla	N/A N/A N/A umentation 886 ENR dated 15 nit Number 27 S dated 009 SHPO dated) in Checklist			
Source of Hydrology Hydrologic Impairment Native vegetation community Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation Regulation Waters of the United States – Section 404 Waters of the United States – Section 401 Endangered Species Act Historic Preservation Act Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)/ Coastal Area M	N/A N/A N/A	Applicable? Y Y Y Y N	Resolved? Y Y Y Y N/A	N/A N/A		Permit 2014-003 Letter from NCT February 24, 201 Nationwide Perr Letter to USFW: November 16, 20 Letter from NC 3 February 2, 2010 N/A	N/A N/A N/A umentation 886 ENR dated 15 nit Number 27 S dated 009 SHPO dated) in Checklist			

Appendix B – Visual Assessment Data

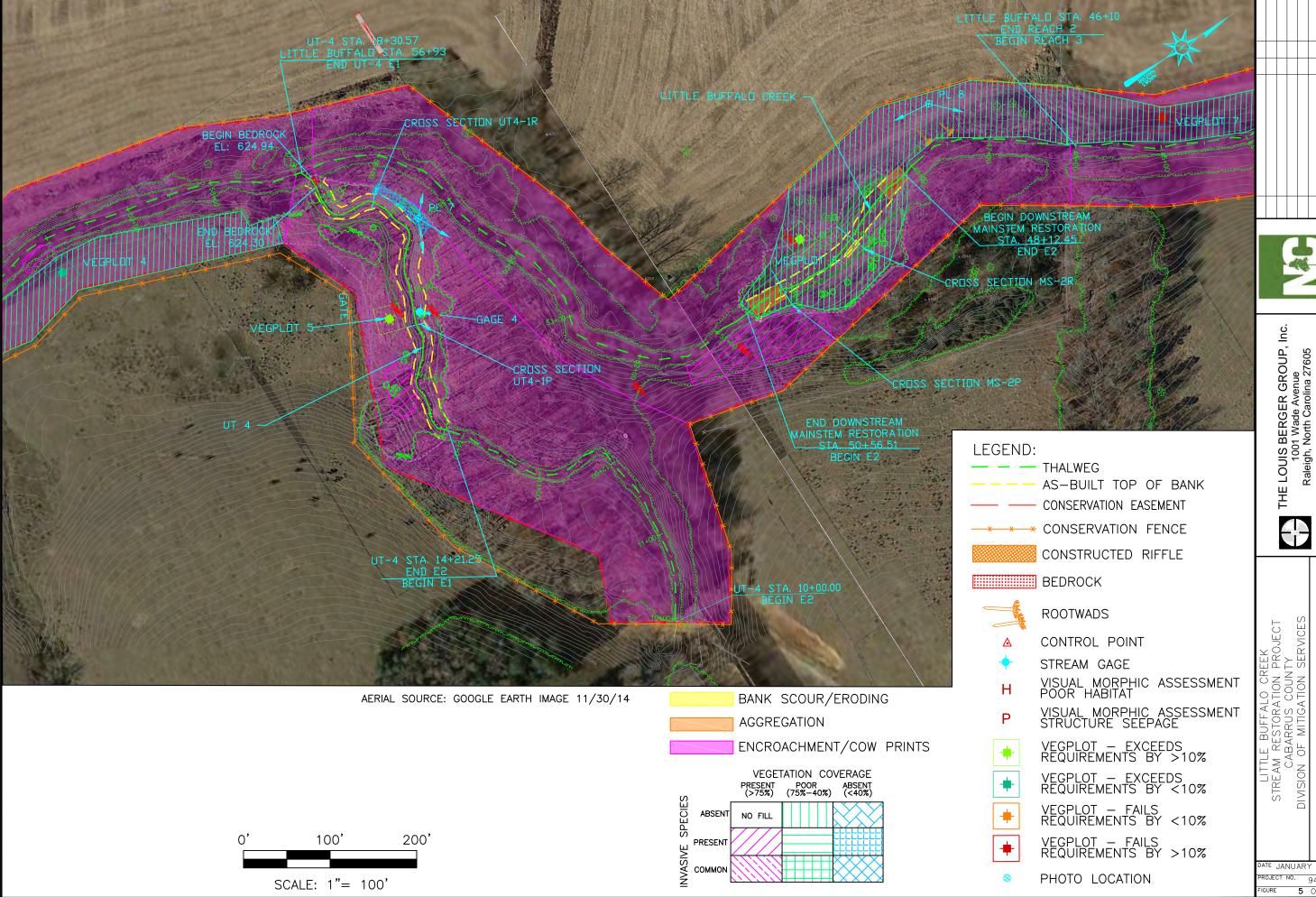
Figures 2a-j – Integrated Current Condition Plan View-MY2)



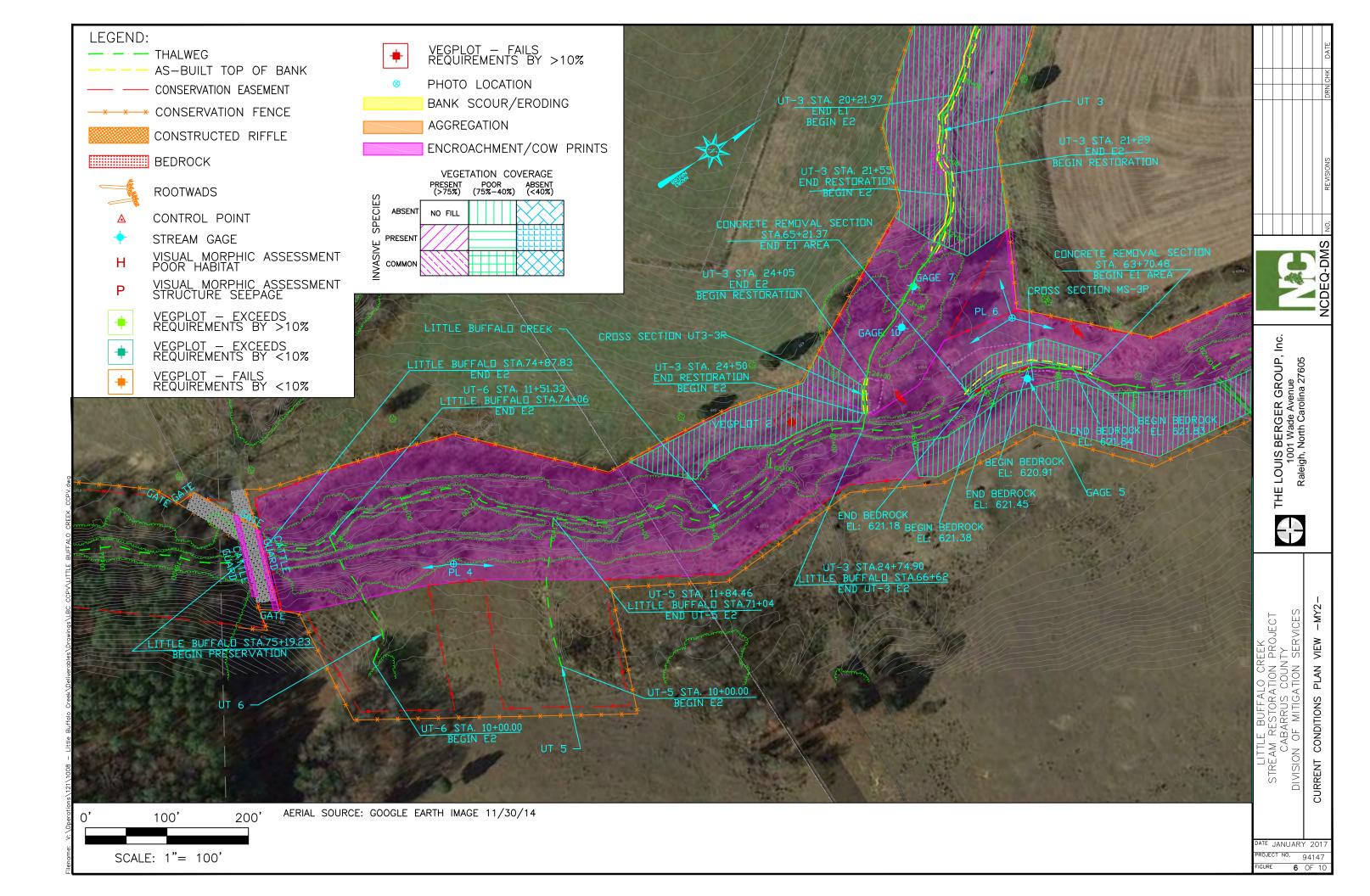


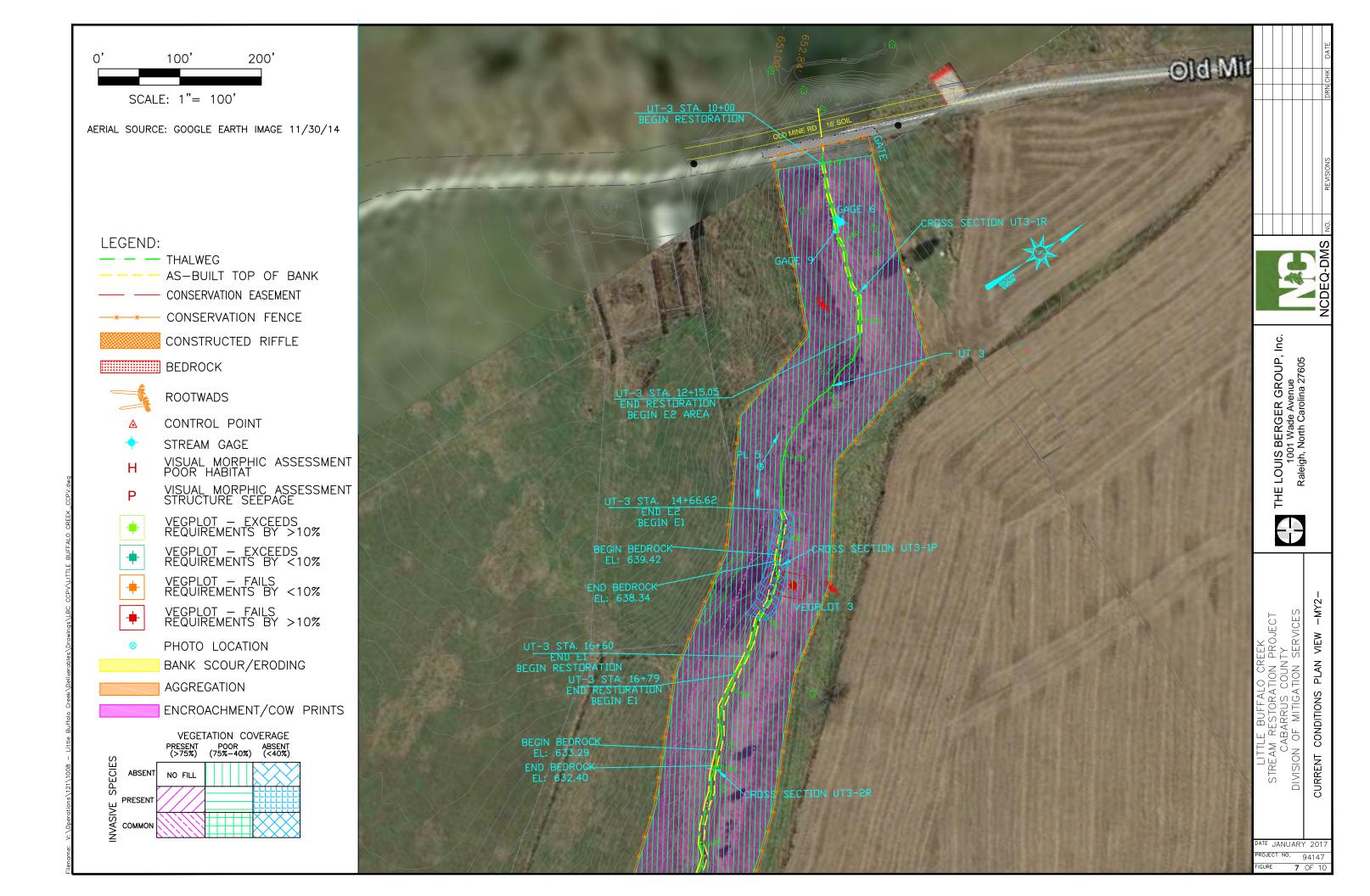


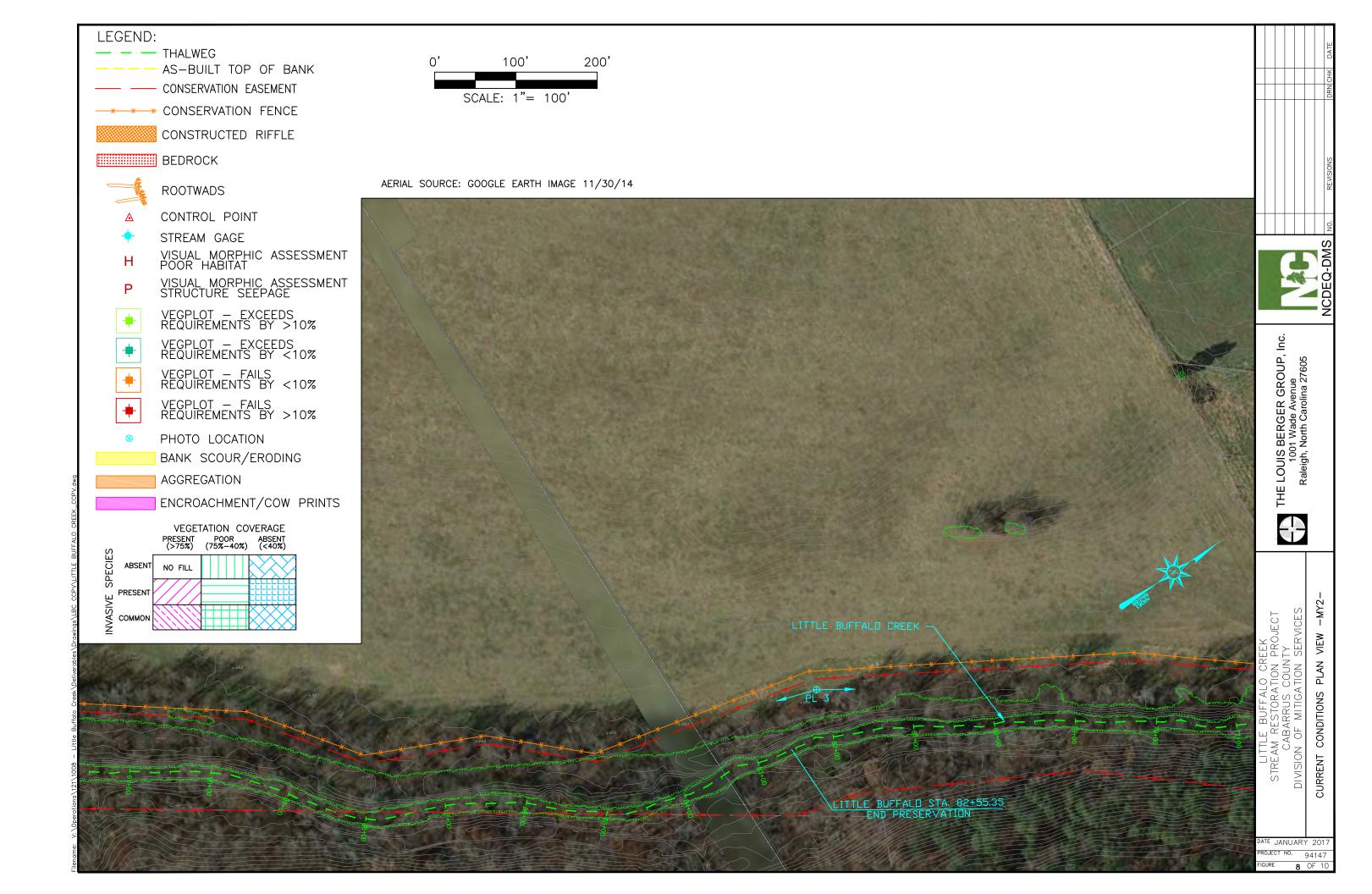


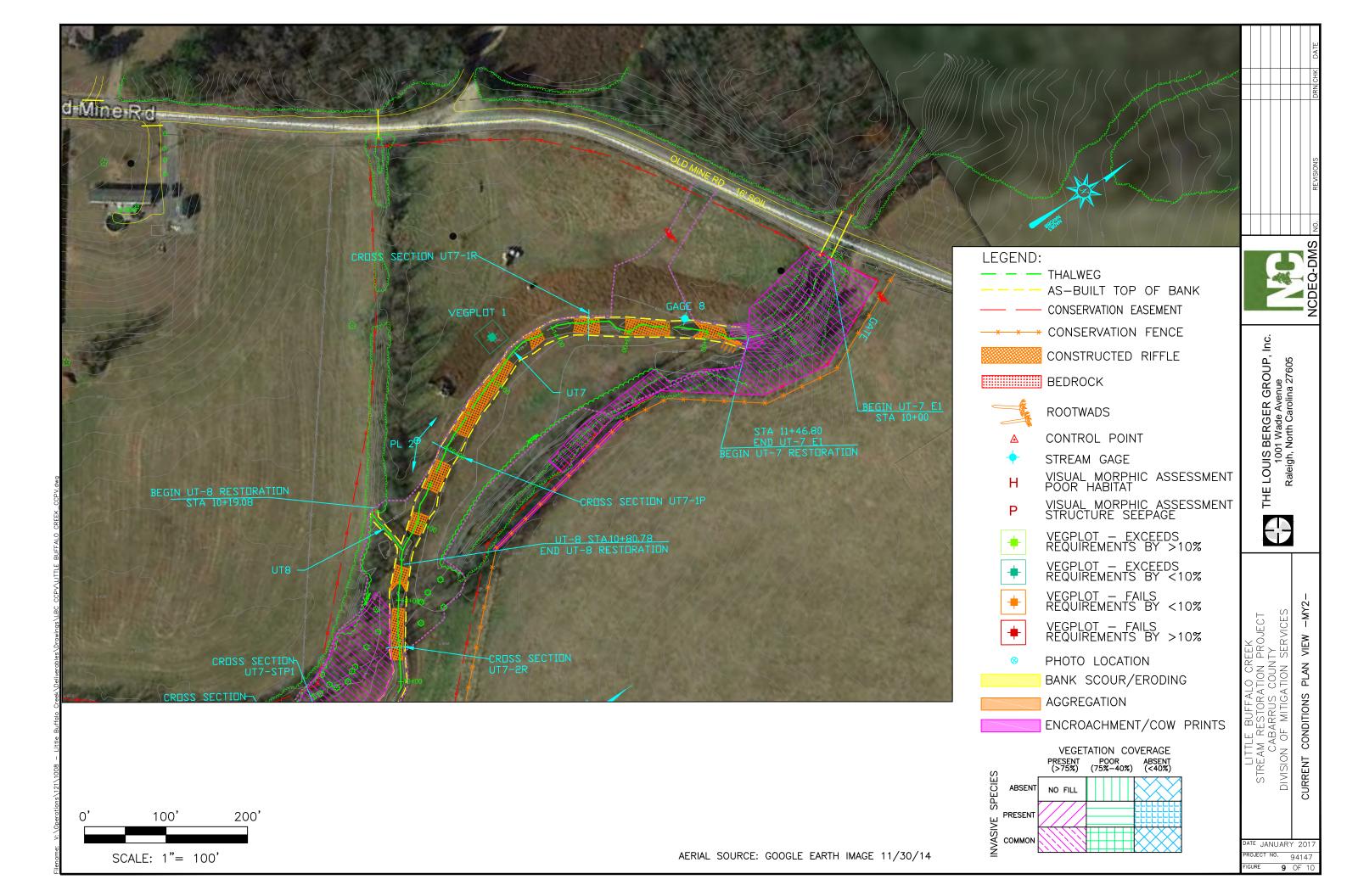


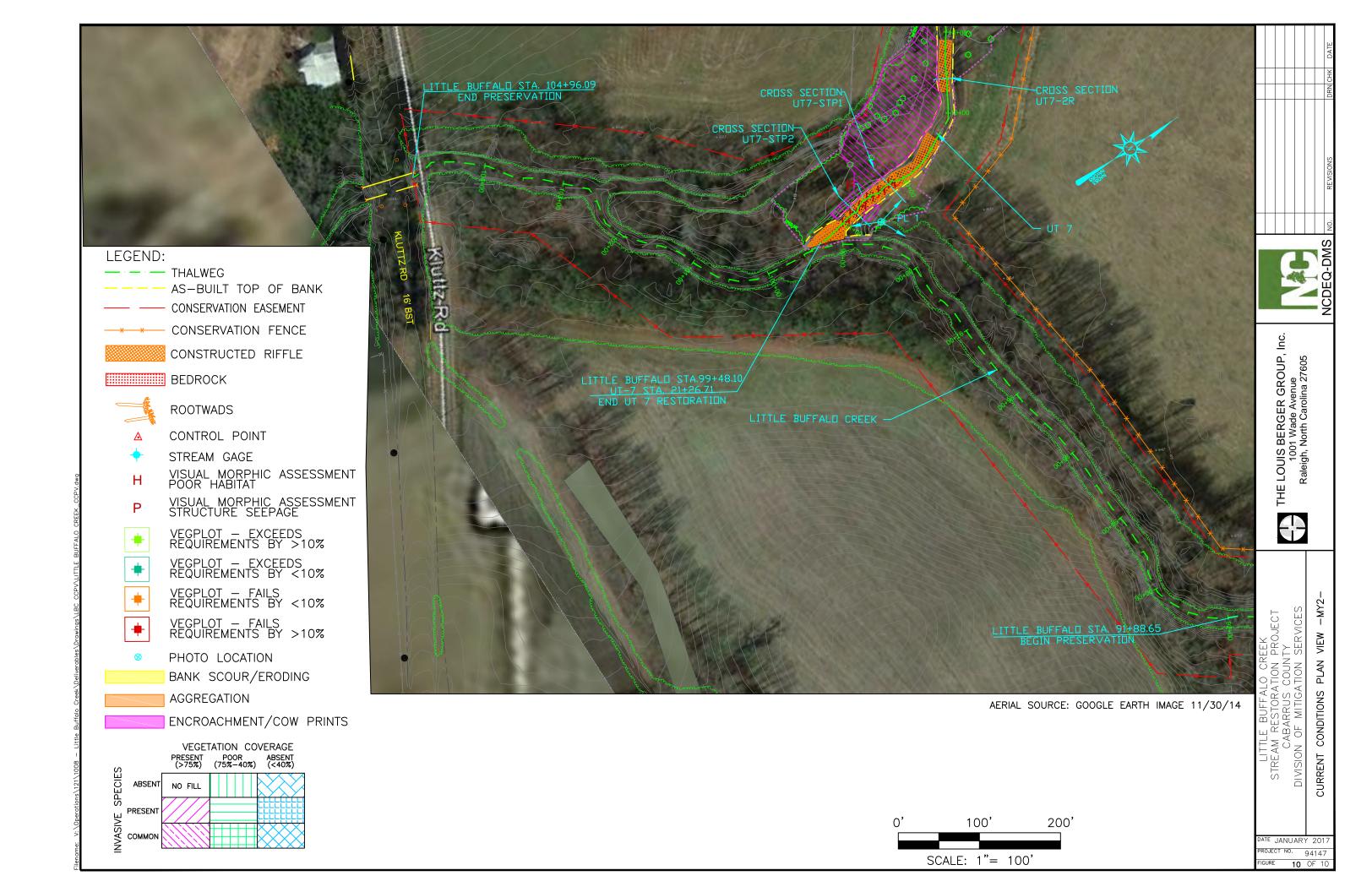
DATE JANUARY 201 PROJECT NO. 94147 IGURE 5 OF 10











Tables 5a-g -	Visual Stream	Morpholog	gy Assessment
---------------	----------------------	-----------	---------------

Table 5 Reach ID Assessed Length Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Reach 1 381

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	Aggradation - No visual aggradation			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - No visual degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	6	6			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth > 1.6)	3	3			100%			
	Condition	2. <u>Length</u> appropriate?	3	3			100%			
		Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)?	3	3			100%			
	4. Thalwag Position	2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)?	3	3			100%			
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Engineered Structures	· ·									

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - No visual aggradation			2	72	86%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - No visual degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	3	3			100%			
1. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			1	20	96%	1	20	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	1	20	96%	1	20	100%
2. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	2	2			100%			
	2. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in DMS monitoring guidance document).	2	2			100%			
	3. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	2	2			100%			

Reach ID Reach 4
Assessed Length 200

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation - No visual aggradation			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - No visual degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	3	3			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth, no scouring occurred of bank			1	200	50%	0	0	74%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
Totals					1	200	50%	0	0	74%

Reach ID UT 2 Assessed Length 49

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - No visual aggradation			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - No visual degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	0	1			0%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%

Reach ID Assessed Length UT 3 898

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - No visual aggradation			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - No visual degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	8	8			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			1	276	85%	0	0	85%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	1	276	85%	0	0	85%

UT 4

410

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation - No visual aggradation			0	0	100%			
		Degradation - No visual degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	8	8			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth > 1.6)	3	3			100%			
	Condition	2. <u>Length</u> appropriate?	3	3			100%			
		Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)?	3	3			100%			
	4. Thalwag Position	Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)?	3	3			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			1	10	99%	1	10	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	1	10	99%	1	10	100%

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - No visual aggradation			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - degradation in last curve pool before step pool system			1	40	98%			
	2. Riffle Condition	Texture/Substrate - Riffle maintains as-built substrate	11	11			100%			
	3. Meander Pool	Depth Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth > 1.6)	3	4			75%			
	Condition	2. <u>Length</u> appropriate?	4	4			100%			
	4. Thalwag Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)?	4	4			100%			
	4. Thaiway Position	2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)?	4	4			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	9	9			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	9	9			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms Possible piping under one rock vane step pool spotted in september field work, but no water to observe if actually happening	8	9			89%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in DMS monitoring guidance document)	9	9			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio ≥ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flowstep pools filled with large boulders from upstream of site, maintains small pools at low flow, but <1.6 Max to Mean Deptj	3	9			33%			



Table 6 Reach 1

Vegetation Condition Assessment

Planted Acreage ¹	5.47					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	3	1.15	21.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	3	1.15	21.0%

Easement Acreage² 7.29

Eucomont / torougo						
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Japenese Honeysuckle, Adult Princess Tree	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	2	0.20	2.8%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Fence down due to storm debris, not cut. Will be replaced.	none	Pattern and Color	1	0.02	0.3%

Reach 2

Planted Acreage¹ 2.85

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	0.95	33.3%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	1	0.95	33.3%

Easement Acreage² 3.73

		Mapping	CCPV	Number of	Combined	Easement
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Threshold	Depiction	Polygons	Acreage	Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Cows in Easement, heavy grazing and barb wire fence with woven gate installed across channel at old mill road to keep cattle from escaping.	none	Pattern and Color	1	3.73	100.0%

Reach 3

Planted Acreage¹ 2.65

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	0.89	33.8%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	1	0.89	33.8%

Easement Acreage²

3.83

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Princess Tree	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	1	0.17	4.3%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Cows in easement, heavy grazing in restoration reach with damage channel. Channel reworked as part of MY2 maintenance for aggradation and damage.	none	Pattern and Color	1	3.83	100.0%

Reach 4

Planted Acreage¹

2.26

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	0.10	4.3%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	1.02	45.2%
			Total	1	0.10	4.3%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	2	1.12	49.5%

Fasement Acreage² 3.1

Easement Acreage	0.1					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Japenese Honeysuckle in small patch near vegplot 4	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	1	0.02	0.6%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Heavy grazing and cows in easement, cow tracks through channel at area of E1	none	Pattern and Color	1	3.10	100.0%

Reach 5

Planted Acreage ¹	2.05					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	0.34	16.6%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	1	0.34	16.6%

Easement Acreage ²	2.74					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Electric wire on cattle crossing fence broken on both sides of crossing. Gates to crossing closed. Cows in easement, woven wire fence cut at corner of cattle crossing.	none	Pattern and Color	3	2.74	100.0%

UT 2

Planted Acreage¹ 1.25

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	1.25	100.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	1	1.25	100.0%

Fasement Acreage² 2.65

Easement Acreage	2.00					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Privet, tree of heaven	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	1	1.03	38.9%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Cattle prints heavy in channel/damage, mostly in lower 300 feet of channel, grazing heavy in lower portion of trib, not as bad in the upstream portion. Corner of Fence cut.	none	Pattern and Color	1	2.65	100.0%

Planted Acreage¹

3.21

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	0.08	2.4%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	2	3.21	100.0%
			Total	1	0.08	2.4%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	3	3.29	102.4%

Easement Acreage²

4.11

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Privet patch	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	1	0.01	0.2%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Cows in easement, heavy grazing, damage throughout channel bottom.	none	Pattern and Color	1	4.11	100.0%

UT 4

Planted Acreage¹

1.43

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Top of bank area bare where sheet flow washed seeding into channel	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	1	0.02	1.5%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total	1	0.02	1.5%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	1	0.02	1.5%

Easement Acreage²

2.01

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Privet spotted in small patch	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	1	0.04	1.9%
			_			
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Cows within the easement, prints and trail formed through thicker vegetation, minor damage to channel at the top of the restoration work (damage can recover naturally)	none	Pattern and Color	2	2.01	100.0%

UT 7

Planted Acreage¹

2.63

	2.00					
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
			Total	0	0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
		Cu	mulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%

Easement Acreage²

6.07

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Japenese Honeysuckle, Tree of Heaven, Chinese Privet	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	3	0.86	14.1%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Cow prints located in easement areas and have trampled soil. Fence partially broken due to trees falling	none	Pattern and Color	2	0.04	0.7%

Photo Appendices Photo Appendix A: Vegetation Monitoring



Veg Plot 1



Veg Plot 2



Veg Plot 3



Veg Plot 4



Veg Plot 5



Veg Plot 6



Veg Plot 7



Veg Plot 8



Veg Plot 9



Veg Plot 10



Veg Plot 11



Veg Plot 12

Photo Appendix B: Cross Sections



Cross Section MS-1P Downstream



Cross Section MS-1P Upstream



Cross Section MS-1R Downstream



Cross Section MS-1R Upstream



Cross Section MS-2P Downstream



Cross Section MS-2P Upstream



Cross Section MS-2R Downstream



Cross Section MS-2R Upstream



Cross Section MS-3P Downstream



Cross Section MS-3P Upstream



Cross Section UT2-1R Downstream



Cross Section UT2-1R Upstream



Cross Section UT3-1P Downstream



Cross Section UT3-1P Upstream



Cross Section UT3-1R Downstream



Cross Section UT3-1R Upstream



Cross Section UT3-2R Downstream



Cross Section UT3-2R Upstream



Cross Section UT4-1P Downstream



Cross Section UT4-1P Upstream



Cross Section UT4-1R Downstream



Cross Section UT4-1R Upstream



Cross Section UT7-1P Downstream



Cross Section UT7-1P Upstream



Cross Section UT7-1R Downstream



Cross Section UT7-1R Upstream



Cross Section UT7-2R Downstream



Cross Section UT7-2R Upstream

Photo Appendix C: Photo Stations



Photo Location 1-A – Mainstem Upstream



Photo Location 1-B – Mainstem Downstream



Photo Location 1-C – UT7 Upstream



Photo Location 2-A – UT7 Upstream



Photo Location 2-B – UT7 Downstream



Photo Location 3-A - Upstream



Photo Location 3-B - Upstream



Photo Location 4-A – Upstream



Photo Location 4-B - Downstream



Photo Location 5-A - Downstream



Photo Location 5-B — Upstream



Photo Location 6-A – Mainstem Downstream



Photo Location 6-B – Mainstem Upstream



Photo Location 6-C – UT3 Upstream



Photo Location 7-A – Mainstem Downstream



Photo Location 7-B – UT4 Downstream



Photo Location 7-C – Mainstem Upstream



Photo Location 7-D – UT4 Upstream



Photo Location 9-A - Downstream



Photo Location 9-B – Upstream



Photo Location 10-A – Mainstem Downstream



Photo Location 10-B – Mainstem Upstream



Photo Location 10-C – UT2 Upstream



Photo Location 11-A – Downstream



Photo Location 11-B - Upstream



Photo Location 12-A - Downstream



Photo Location 12-B – Upstream

Photo Appendix D: Problem Areas



Barbed wire fence installed at Old Mine Rd.



Fence installed across mainstem at Old Mine Rd. has since been removed. Upstream view.



UT2 – Damage done by cattle crossing stream at bottom of trib.



UT2 – Lower trib filled in with mud due to cattle trampling.

Downstream view.



UT2 – Lower trib filled in with mud due to cattle trampling. Upstream view.



Headcut forming on bank in the middle mainstem. Downstream view.



Fill in middle mainstem due to cattle trampling. Upstream view.



UT4 – Minor undercut in toe of bank. Upstream view.



Damage from cattle crossing lower mainstem.



UT3 – Large headcut forming in bank. Heavy cattle damage in streambed. Upstream view.



UT3 – Heavy cattle damage in streambed. Upstream view.



UT3 – Cattle damage crossing bottom of trib. Upstream view.



Wires cut leaving slack in cattle crossing. Fence not electrified.



Fence has been cut and hastily repaired adjacent to cattle crossing.



UT7 – Barbed wire broken. Cattle jump over the fence.



UT7 – Cow prints in banks and streambed.



UT7 – Water beginning to move under stone blocks in step pools.



Heavy grazing by cattle along reach 3. Upstream View. Herbaceous vegetation and planted trees affected.



UT4 – Cow path and grazing at top of trib. Upstream view.



UT3 – Cow path and heavy grazing along UT3. Downstream view.

Photo Appendix E: Significant Flow Events



UT7 – Lower step pool section. Rock debris in floodplain. February 2016.



UT7 – Lower section before step pools. Rack deposits after bankfull event. February 2016.



UT7 – Rack deposits in Veg Plot 1 after bankfull event. February 2016.



Mainstem – Concrete removal section, vegetation above bankfull bent to direction of flow. February 2016.



Mainstem – Upstream restoration area. Area flooded after bankfull event. February 2016.

Appendix C – Vegetation Plot Data

Table 7 - Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment

Plot	MY1 Success Criteria Met (Y/N)	Tract Mean
1	Y	
2	N	
3	N	
4	Y	
5	Y	
6	Y	500/
7	N	50%
8	Y]
9	Y]
10	N]
11	N	
12	N	

Table 8 - CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata

Gregory A. Russo

Date Prepared 10/11/2016 16:01

database name cvs-eep-entrytool-v2.3.1.mdb database location C:\Users\grrusso\Desktop computer name MTN-GRRUSSO

file size 61444096

DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT-

Metadata Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and project data. Proj, planted Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes

Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems. Proj, total stems

List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.). Plots

Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots. Vigor Vigor by Spp Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.

Damage List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.

Damage by Spp Damage values tallied by type for each species. Damage by Plot Damage values tallied by type for each plot.

A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded. Planted Stems by Plot and Spp

ALL Stems by Plot and spp A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.

PROJECT SUMMARY---

Project Code 94147

Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation Project project Name

Louis Berger is restoring the Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation Site in Cabarrus County, North Carolina for the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Description

Berger will be planting the riparian corridor with native tree and shrub vegetation.

length(ft) stream-to-edge width (ft)

48265.23781 area (sq m) Required Plots (calculated) 12 Sampled Plots 12

Table 9 - Planted and Total Stem Counts

DMS Project Code 94147. Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek Stream Mitigation Project

															Ci	urrent F	lot Dat	ta (MY2 2	016)															An	nual Means			\neg
			94:	147-01-	0001	94147-01-0002	941	47-01-	0003	94147-01-00	004	9414	7-01-000	05	9414	7-01-00	06	94147-	01-0007	94	147-01-	8000	9414	47-01-0009	941	47-01-0	0010	94147-01-0011		94147-01-	-0012	MY2 (20	J16)	N	ИY1 (2015)	M	4Y0 (2014	+)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS P-all T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS P-all	T Pi	noLS	P-all T	P	noLS P	-all T	F	noLS P-	all T	PnoL	S P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P-all T	F	noLS P-all	T	PnoLS P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all T	PnoLS	P-all '	ī
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree																		2									T				- 7	2				
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																														3	12	3		4		
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub								2 2	2	1	1	1														2 2	2			5	5 .	5 5	5	5 13	13	13
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree										1	1	1	4	4	4											2 2	2	1 1	1	1 8	8 8	3 14	14 1	.4 11	11	11
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	Tree	1	1 1	1		2	2	2									2	2	2			8	8	3						T	13 1	3 17	3 4	4	4 29	29	29
Cercis canadensis	eastern redbud	Tree	1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1	1			1	1	1							1 1	1	2	2	2							7	7 7	7 4	4	4 13	13	13
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	1	1 1	1	3 3	3					5	5	5	4	4	4	1	1	1												14 1	4 1/	1 7	7	7 14	14	14
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree			1				1					2			1															1	E	5				
Juniperus virginiana	eastern redcedar	Tree					2																									1	12	3		1		
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree												73			3					5							24			3	108	3	25	4		
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree					1	1	1	2 2	2			2									2	2	2							5	5 7	7 10	10 1	19	19	19
Pinus rigida	pitch pine	Tree																											2			1	- 3	3				
Pinus virginiana	Virginia pine	Tree																													1					1		
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree										3	3	10	2	2	8						3	3	3 2	2	2	1 1	3	1 1	1	1 12 1	2 27	7 10	10 5	16	16	16
Quercus falcata	southern red oak	Tree	2	2 2	2					2 2	4				4	4	4	1	1	1	7 7	9	1	1	ı					3 3	3	3 20 2	0 24	1 4	4	6 7	7	7
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	2	2 2	2	1 1	1								1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	L					1 1	1	1 8	8 8	3 6	6	6 10	10	10
Sambucus	elderberry	Shrub																		8											1		3	3				
Ulmus rubra	slippery elm	Tree																									1				1		1	l				
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub					1	1	. 1	1 1	1	3	3	3														1 1	1			6	6 f	5 6	6	6 11	11	11
		Stem count	7	7 7	8	5 5	7 5	5	6	7 7	9	14	14	98	15	15	25	5	5 1	5 !	9 9	16	17	17 1	7 2	2	3	6 6	34	6 6	5 1	5 98 9	8 253	3 70	70 37	77 143	143	143
		size (ares)		0.8361	3	0.83613		0.8361	3	0.83613		0.	.83613		0.	83613		0.8	3613		0.8361	В	(0.83613		0.8361	3	0.83613		0.8361	13	10.033	J56		10.03356	1	10.03356	
		size (ACRES)		0.02		0.02		0.02		0.02			0.02			0.02		0.	.02		0.02			0.02		0.02		0.02		0.02		0.25	i		0.25		0.25	
		Species count	5	5 5	6	3 3	1 4	4	5	4 4	4	6	6	9	5	5	7	4	4	6	3 3	4	6	6	5 1	1	2	4 4	6	4 4	4	9 10 1	0 18	3 10	10 1	10	10	10
		Stems per ACRE	339	339	387	242 242 33	242	242	290	339 339	436	678	678	1743	726	726	1210	242	242 72	6 43	436	774	823	823 82	96.8	96.8	145	290 290 164	46	290 290	J 72	6 395 39	5 1020	282	282 152	1 577	577	577

Color for Density
Exceeds requirements by 10%
Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%
Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%
Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

Appendix D – Stream Measurement & Geomorphology Data

									Baselir																
				Lit	tle Buff	alo Cr	eek (94	4147) -	Segm	ent/Re	each: N	/lainste	m Rea	ch 1 (2	2,305 fe	eet)									
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve		Pre-	Existin	g Cond	lition			Refer	ence Re	each(es) Data			Design	1		Mo	nitorin	g Base	line	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)					45.55	56.61	52.02	82.98	14.98	5	43.1	52.2	50.6	64.4	8.8	4	36	36	36	35.21	35.21	35.21	35.21		1
Floodprone Width (ft)					67.73	106.5	96.36	177.3	43.15	5	54.9	75.3	74.3	98	15.4	4	>88	>88	>88	>80	>80	>80	>80		1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.65	1.18	1.24	1.6	0.35	5	0.98	1.16	1.1	1.38	0.18	4	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23		1
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					2.54	3.04	2.8	3.83	0.58	5	2.17	2.41	2.5	2.5	0.14	4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79		1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)					53.58	63.29	59.12	83.09	11.52	5	55.4	59.3	58.7	64.5	3.36	4	34.38	34.38	34.38	43.15	43.15	43.15	43.15		1
Width/Depth Ratio					32.51	56.56	40.56	127.7	40.14	5	31.3	47	46.2	64.4	14.35	4	37.5	37.5	37.5	28.73	28.73	28.73	28.73		1
Entrenchment Ratio					1.49	1.84	1.92	2.17	0.33	5	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.3	4	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1
¹ Bank Height Ratio					0.91	1.09		1.37								4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)											7	28.8	27.5	52	13	8	35	40	50	7.73	23.71	22.04	38.44		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.009	0.02	0.018	0.422	0.01	8	0.003	0.014	0.028	0	0.026	0.022	0.076		
Pool Length (ft)											16	76.4	39.5	79	17.32	13	10	20	20	4.21	25.43	17.55	83.2		
Pool Max depth (ft)											2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	0.24	13	1.5	1.81	1.81	1.96	2.71	2.48	3.76		
Pool Spacing (ft)											36	76.4	74	111	26.26	7	80	125	170	29.95	48.64	39.06	91.87		
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	84	84	84	59.64	105.8	92.68	165.2	1	
Radius of Curvature (ft)																	57.62	79.3	101	72.97	83.15	79.01	97.49		
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																	35.24	36	69.62	27.95	35.6	36.13	46.36		
Meander Wavelength (ft)																									
Meander Width Ratio																	1.21	2.33	2.38	1.29	3.04	2.57	5.91		
																				1120	0.0	2101			
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²							0.3	134										0.32				0.3	322		
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																									
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification								4					-	4			Г	C4		Г			4		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)								82						~				4.36					48		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)							11											4.30				J.	40		
Valley length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg length (ft)													0.	32				2293.33				220	9.79		
Sinuosity (ft)							1.	05						25				1.05					05		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)					1		- 12	-						38				1.03				- 1.	S.		
BF slope (ft/ft)														38											
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)					1								0.					0.45				0.2	959		
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks					1													0.43				0.3	555		
% or Reach with Eroding Banks Channel Stability or Habitat Metric					_																				
Biological or Other					1																				
Studed cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.																									

	Regional (ttle Buff	alo Cr					am Da	ta Sun	nmarv												
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only Bankfull Width (ft) Flooderore Width (ft) Brooderore Width (ft) Brooderore Width (ft) Brooderore Width (ft) Bankfull Max Depth (ft) Bankfull Oross Sectional Area (ft ²) Width/Depth Ratio Enterorement Ratio Enterorement Ratio Enterorement Ratio Fank Height Ratio Profile Riffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ft/ft) Pool Length (ft) Pool Max depth (ft) Pool Max depth (ft) Pattern Channel Belfwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) RcSankfull width (ft/ft) Meanader Wavelength (ft)	Regional (ttle Buff	alo Cr	eek (94																		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only Bankfull Width (ft) Flooderore Width (ft) Brooderore Width (ft) Brooderore Width (ft) Brooderore Width (ft) Bankfull Max Depth (ft) Bankfull Oross Sectional Area (ft ²) Width/Depth Ratio Enterorement Ratio Enterorement Ratio Enterorement Ratio Fank Height Ratio Profile Riffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ft/ft) Pool Length (ft) Pool Max depth (ft) Pool Max depth (ft) Pattern Channel Belfwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) RcSankfull width (ft/ft) Meanader Wavelength (ft)	Regional (+147)-	Segm	ent/Re	each: N	lainste	m Rea	ich 3 (1	1,083 te	et)									
Barkful Width (t) Floodrone Width (t) Bankful Mean Depth (t) Bankful Mean Depth (t) Bankful Mean Depth (t) Bankful Mean Depth (t) Bankful Cross Sectional Area (t) Width/Depth Ratio Entrechment Ratio Entrechment Ratio Flank Height Ratio Profile Riffle Length (t) Riffle Slope (t/ft) Pool Length (ti) Pool Spacing (ti) Pool Spacing (ti) Pattern Channel Belfwidth (ti) Radios of Curvature (ti) Rc Bankful width (tift) Meanader Wadenlength (ti)		Curve	oxdot	Pre-	Existin	g Cond	ition		Ш	Refere	ence Re	each(es) Data		Ш	Design		<u> </u>	Мо	nitoring	Basel	ine	_
Floodrone Width (t) Bankfull Max Depth (t) Bankfull Max Depth (t) Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (t ²) Width/Depth Batic Enterochment Ratic Enterochment Ratic Bankfull Constitution Bankfull Constitution Bankfull Length (t) Bank Height Ratio Profile Riffie Length (t) Profile Pool Specing (t) Pool Max depth (t) Pool Specing (t) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (t) Radius of Curvature (t) Rc Bankfull width (tht) Meanarder Wandersth (t)	LL UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1 Bankfull Mean Depth (ft) 1 Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft*) Width/Depth Ratio Entertenment Ratio Entertenment Ratio Frofile Riffle Length (ft) Riffle Spoe (ft/ft) Pool Length (ft) Pool Length (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft) Rolling Spacing (ft)			34.42	41.48	41.54	48.48	7.03	3	43.1	52.2	50.6	64.4	8.8	4	40	40	40	38.31	38.31	38.31	38.31		1
"Bankfull Max Depth (II) Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (II) Width/Depth Ratio Enterochment Ratio Enterochment Ratio Enterochment Ratio Brank Height Ratio Profile Ruffle Length (II) Poll Length (II) Poll Spacing (III) Poll Spacing (III) Poll Spacing (III) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (II) Redauls of Curvature (III) Meander Wadenight (III)			258.2	265.4	265.4	272.6	7.21	3	54.9	75.3	74.3	98	15.4	4	>88	>88	>88	>90	>90	>90	>90		1
Bankfull Cross Sactional Area (th) WithThDenth Ratio Enthernchment Ratio Enthernchment Ratio Bank Height Ratio Profile Riffle Length (th) Riffle Slope (firth) Pool Length (th) Pool Spacing (th) Pool Spacing (th) Pattern Channel Bellivuidth (th) Radius of Curvature (th) Rociankfull width (firth) Meander Wavelength (th)			1.2	1.47	1.42	1.8	0.3	3	0.98	1.16	1.1	1.38	0.18	4	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.26		1
Width/Depth Ratio Entercement Ratio Entercement Ratio Bank Height Ratio Bank Height Ratio Riffle Lenoth (ffl.) Rolle Stope (ffm) Pool Lenoth (ffl.) Pool Max depth (ffl.) Pool Spacing (ffl.) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ffl.) RcSankfull width (fffl.) Meander Wandergh (ffl.)			2.47	2.78	2.79	3.09	0.31	3	2.17	2.41	2.5	2.5	0.14	4	2	2	2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9		1
Entrenchment Ratio Bank Height Ratio Raffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ht) Pool Length (ft) Pool Length (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft)			58.33	59.79	58.96	62.09	2.01	3	55.4	59.3	58.7	64.5	3.36	4	63	63	63	48.23	48.23	48.23	48.23		1
Entrenchment Ratio Bank Height Ratio Raffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ht) Pool Length (ft) Pool Length (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft)			19.12	29.59	29.25	40.4	10.64	3	31.3	47	46.2	64.4	14.35	4	39.87	39.87	39.87	30.43	30.43	30.43	30.43		1
Profile Raffe Lenoth (ft) Raffe Lenoth (ft) Raffe Stope (ft) Pool Lenoth (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) Reclandly width (ft) Meander Wandergh (ft)			5.33	6.53	6.56	7.71	1.19	3	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.3	4	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1
Profile Riffle Lenoth (ft) Riffle Slope (ft/ft) Pool Lenoth (ft) Pool Mad depth (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Belitvidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) Reslankfull width (ft/ft) Meander Wavelength (ft)			1.94	2.19		2.43								4	1	1	1	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94		1
Riffle Lenoth (ft) Riffle Slove (ft/ft) Pool Lenoth (ft) Pool Lenoth (ft) Pool Max depth (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Bethvidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) Re:Bankfull width (ft/ft) Meanarker Wanderogth (ft)																							
Riffle Slope (fift) Pool Length (fit) Pool Max depth (fit) Pool Spacing (fit) Pool Spacing (fit) Pattern Channel Belthvidth (fit) Radius of Curvature (fit) Resankfull width (fitth) Meander Wavelength (fit)		1							7	28.8	27.5	52	13	8	15	30	65	11.3	18.65	20.99	21.31		-
Pool Lenath (ft) Pool Max depth (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pool Spacing (ft) Pattern Channel Bethvidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) Re:Sankfull width (ft/ft) Meanarker Wandergth (ft)									0.009	0.02	0.018	0.422	0.01	8	0.017	0.027	0.033	0.018	0.05	0.024	0.134		
Pattern Channel Beltwidth (tt) Radius of Curvature (tt) Rc Bankull width (ft/ft) Meander Wavelength (tt)									16	76.4	39.5	79	17.32	13	10	15	20	6.32	12.33	10.63	21.53		
Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) Re:Bankfull width (ft/ft) Meander Wavelength (ft)									2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	0.24	13	2	2.25	2.5	0.5	1.13	1.26	1.69		
Channel Beltwidth (ft) Radius of Curvature (ft) Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft) Meander Wavelength (ft)									36	76.4	74	111	26.26	7	70	70	70	36.04	45.42	46.77	53.33		
Radius of Curvature (ft) Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft) Meander Wavelength (ft)																							
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft) Meander Wavelength (ft)																		58.77	58.77	58.77	58.77		
Meander Wavelength (ft)																		83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8		
																		4.58	15.65	16.52	23.05		
Meander Width Ratio																							
																		2.55	5.2	3.56	12.83		
Transport parameters																							
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²					0.€	19										0.516				0.1	99		
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																							
Additional Reach Parameters																							
Rosgen Classification					С	4					С	:4				C4				С	4		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)					2.	73										3.03				3.9	96		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)					16																		
Valley length (ft)																							
Channel Thalweg length (ft)											93	32				1030.85				1079	9.45		
Sinuosity (ft)					1.	13					1.3	25				1.05				1.0	01		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)												38											
BF slope (ft/ft)											0.	38											
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																0.49				0.0	74		
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks																							
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																							
Biological or Other																							

Biological or University Biological Order order or University Biological Order order or University Biological Order order

Stated colls reduced the rivers will require the coll for pages to be filled as 1.— The disabellation of the perspectives can include information from the file consecution reasonances and the lengthated profile. 2.— For projects with a provined UNGS page in line with the project weak (adult besided) verification - early. 3. Unliving Winnesserome date produce are continued for the beds fill thought not use context, which should be the same for up with the six for the first trans care in whepe. 4.— Population after addresslip that the six context page is such that with a way for expension transmissing the same of the project weak (adult besided) verification - early. 5. Or witherwisted with first accorded 1.

												ata Sur													
					L	ittle Bu	uffalo C	Creek (94147) - Seg	ment/f	Reach:	UT 2 (951 fe	et)										
Parameter	Gauge ²	Regi	ional C	urve		Pre-	Existin	g Cond	ition			Refer	ence R	each(es) Data			Design			Mo	onitorin	g Base	ine	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		П	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)																	4	4	4	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52		1
Floodprone Width (ft)																	7	7	7	8.34	8.34	8.34	8.34		1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.52		1
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)																	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72		1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)																	1.88	1.88	1.88	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82		1
Width/Depth Ratio																	8.51	8.51	8.51	6.82	6.82	6.82	6.82		1
Entrenchment Ratio																	1.75	1.75	1.75	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37		1
¹ Bank Height Ratio																	1	1	1	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01		1
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)																	51.74	51.74	51.74	6.98	13.52	13.52	20.07		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)																	0.024	0.024	0.024	0.01	0.013	0.013	0.016		
Pool Length (ft)																				12.76	12.76	12.76	12.76		
Pool Max depth (ft)																				0.89	0.89	0.89	0.89		
Pool Spacing (ft)																				30.63	30.63	30.63	30.63		
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																									
Radius of Curvature (ft)																									
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																									
Meander Wavelength (ft)																									
Meander Width Ratio																									
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2																		0.571				0.:	249		
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																									
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification																		B6				E	36		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)																						1.	66		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)																									
Valley length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																		951					1.37		
Sinuosity (ft)																						0.	96		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)																									
BF slope (ft/ft)																									
3Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																									
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																									
Biological or Other																									

Stade Left solices the free well appear to be finded in the contract of the left of the le

Parameter Gauge Regional Curve Pre-Existing Condition Reference Reach(es) Data Design Monitoring Baseline						1.0	ttlo But						ata Sun			oot)										
Bankfull Width (ft)	Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve						- Segi	III III III III III III III III III II							Design			Мо	nitorin	g Basel	ine	_
Rincolumen Width (ft)	Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Barkful Mean Depth fill	Bankfull Width (ft)																	4	4	4	3.5	4.38	3.73	5.91		3
**Bankfull Max Depth mil	Floodprone Width (ft)																									
Bandud Cross Sectional Area (th) Bandud Cross Sectional Area (th) Widn/Dapin Ratio Bandud Cross Sectional Area (th) Widn/Dapin Ratio Bandud Cross Sectional Area (th) From Comment Ratio Bandud Cross Sectional Area (th) Bandud Velocity (tp)	Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																									
Witch Depth Ratio	¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)																									
Enterochment Ratio	Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)																	1.88	1.88	1.88	0.75	1.43	1.69	1.84		3
Sank Height Ratio	Width/Depth Ratio																	8.51	8.51	8.51	6.66	15.31	18.61	20.67		3
Profile	Entrenchment Ratio																	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.7	3.64	2.22	6.99		3
Profile Riffle Lenoth (t) Riffle Stope (thit)	¹ Bank Height Ratio																	1	1	1	0.54	0.64	0.64	0.74		3
Rifle Stope (Mt) 0.006 0.012 0.044 0.007 0.041 0.029 Pot Length (ft) 1.527 0.044 0.029 Pot Length (ft) 1.527 0.045 Pot Length (ft) 1.627 Pot Len	Profile																									
Pool Length (t)	Riffle Length (ft)																									
Pote Max agent (1)																		0.006	0.012	0.044	0.011					
Pattern Channel Beltwicht (t) Resandud Varioruture (t) Resandud Width (thit) Meander Weelne Rate Transport parameters Reach Stress (competency) bif May part size (mm) mobilized at bankful Stress Power (mm) mobilized at bankful Stress Power (mm) mobilized (the bankful Stress Power (the part of the bankful Stre	Pool Length (ft)																				1.5		6.04			
Pattern Channel Belavidith (ft)	Pool Max depth (ft)																				4.14					
Channel Betwidth (ft)	Pool Spacing (ft)																				114.3	133.6	143.3	143.3		
Radiate of Curvature (ft)																										
Researched width (firth																		50.42	59.15	61.2						
Meander Wavelensch (II)																										
Meander Width Ratio																					2.38	15.62	14.63	30.84		
Transport parameters Reach Shear Stress (competency) Ibl'																										
Reach Street Street (competency) for Mox part size (mn) mobilized at barieful Street Perver (transport capacity) Winni Additional Reach Parameters ***Additional Reach Parameters** ***Barieful Velocity (tips)	Meander Width Ratio																				0.43	5.37	2.44	19.52		
Max part size (mm) mobilead at bankful Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m² Stream Power (transport capacity) W	Transport parameters																									
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankful	Reach Shear Stress (competency) lh/f2																		0.285				0.	29		_
Sites Power (transport capacity) Winst Additional Reach Parameters Rosper Classification B6 B6 B6 Bankid Visionity (tips B6 B7 B7 B7 B7 B7 B7 B7																										
Additional Reach Parameters																										
Rosper Classification B6 B6 B6																										
Bankful Velocity (ps) 1.47						_						т —						Т	B6				Р	6		
Bankful Discharge (cfs)				_	1														30							_
Valley length (t) Chan Thalweg length (t) Chan Thalweg length (t) 1475 1469.07 Survive Surface Sloge (Channel) (thit) 0.05 Water Surface Sloge (Channel) (thit) 0.019 BF sloge (thit) 0.019 **Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres) 4% of Reach with Eroding Banks Channel Stability of Habitath Metric					1																					_
Channel Thatweel length ft] 1475 1469.07					•																					_
Sinucisity (t) 0.95												1							1475				146	9.07		
Water Surface Stope (Channel) (ft/ft) 0.019																							0.	95		_
### BF slope (t/tt) ### 0.019 **Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres) ### 0.84 *% of Reach with Eroding Banks #### Channel Stability or Habitar Metric																										
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																							0.0	19		
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks Channel Stability or Habitat Metric	3Bankfull Floodolain Area (acres)																						0.	84		
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric												1														
																										_

Nankel cells maked for the new will pregularly not be liked in.

— The disabeliance for the personnets can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinel profile. 2 = For projects with a presimed UNSS pange in-low with the project reach (adult bendard) verification - (nex).

3. Unliving NS essentement data produce as oritimes of the beheld if the object in earth verification - (nex).

3. Unliving NS essentement data produce as oritimes of the beheld in the object in exercise with the project reach (adult between the next the next the project reach (adult between the next th

						ittle Bu					eam Da				et)										
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve			-Existin			,				each(es				Design	1		M	onitorir	g Base	line	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)																				13.32	13.32	13.32	13.32		1
Floodprone Width (ft)																				>50	>50	>50	>50		1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																				0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91		1
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)																				1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71		1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)																				12.13	12.13	12.13	12.13		1
Width/Depth Ratio																				14.63	14.63	14.63	14.63		1
Entrenchment Ratio																				>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1
¹ Bank Height Ratio																				0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6		1
Profile Profile					•													•							
Riffle Length (ft)						1		1	1	1	T T				1		П	1	1	4.74	19.81	21.81	30.73		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											1			1				1		0.012	0.027	0.018		1	
Pool Length (ft)																				6.99	12.56	9.1	26.02		
Pool Max depth (ft)																				1.89	2.28	2.32	2.7		
Pool Spacing (ft)																				50.06	56.72	55.31	68.08		
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																				80.13	98.47	98.47	116.8		
Radius of Curvature (ft)																				36.7	47.23	49.01			
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																				16.34	19.23	18.89	23.76		
Meander Wavelength (ft)																				221.95	221.95	221.95	221.95		
Meander Width Ratio																				3.37	5.19	4.91	7.15		
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f																						1	.35		
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																									
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification					_						Т									_		_	4b		_
Rosgen Classification Bankfull Velocity (fps)																	_			1			.23		
Bankfull Velocity (fps) Bankfull Discharge (cfs)			1	1																		- 4	.23		
Valley length (ft)					_																				_
Channel Thalweg length (ft)											1											83	0.01		
Sinuosity (ft)											1						1			 			806		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)											1									i –					
BF slope (ft/ft)																				i –					
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)											1									i –		0	.03		
4% of Reach with Eroding Banks											1											Ť			
% or Reach with Eroding Banks Channel Stability or Habitat Metric					_						1														_
					_						1														
Biological or Other																									

Stade Left solices the free well appear to be finded in the contract of the left of the le

					1.5	tle Buf					eam Da ment/R				oot)										
Parameter	Gauge ²	Reg	ional C	urve			Existin			- Segi	Herior			each(es				Design			Мс	nitorin	g Basel	ine	_
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Bankfull Width (ft)					20.47	26.07	26.81	30.18	4.06	4	43.1	52.2	50.6	64.4	8.8	4	25	25	25	18.58	19.65	19.65	20.71		2
Floodprone Width (ft)					39.2	54.4	43.82	90.77	24.57	4	54.9	75.3	74.3	98	15.4	4	>55	>55	>55	>80			>100		2
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.85	1	1	1.17	0.13	4	0.98	1.16	1.1	1.38	0.18	4	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.96	1.07	1.07	1.17		2
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					1.79	2.16	1.94	2.95	0.54	4	2.17	2.41	2.5	2.5	0.14	4	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.17	1.43	1.43	1.69		2
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)					19.96	26.07	26.67	31	5.47	4	55.4	59.3	58.7	64.5	3.36	4	24.44	24.44	24.44	19.93	20.81	20.81	21.68		2
Width/Depth Ratio					20.89	26.33	26.3	31.81	5.33	4	31.3	47	46.2	64.4	14.35	4	25.51	25.51	25.51	15.92	18.72	18.72	21.52		2
Entrenchment Ratio					1.45	2.07	1.92	3.01	0.75	4	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.8	0.3	4	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		2
¹ Bank Height Ratio																4	1	1	1	0.78	0.85	0.85	0.92		2
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)											7	28.8	27.5	52	13	8	10	35	60	9.79	36.53	37.12	54.31		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.009	0.02	0.018	0.422	0.01	8	0.008	0.01	0.01	0.001	0.014	0.013	0.039		
Pool Length (ft)											16	76.4	39.5	79	17.32	13	10	10	20	8.16	15.87	13.77	28.95		
Pool Max depth (ft)											2.9	3.2	3.3	3.5	0.24	13	1.5	2	2	1	2.05	2.04	2.85		
Pool Spacing (ft)											36	76.4	74	111	26.26	7	15	55	100	13.27	54.36	56.47	130.7		Ц_
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	201	201	201	154.6		209.3	264		
Radius of Curvature (ft)																	50	137.5	686	90.88	194.3	125.7	434.9 22.62		ــــ
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																	28	31.5	31	15.71	20.53	21.99			ــــ
Meander Wavelength (ft)											1				_		720	720	720	687.9	687.9	687.9	687.9		⊢
Meander Width Ratio																	6.48	6.38	7.18	9.838	10.19	9.514	11.67		_
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f					r ==		0.4	179										0.407		Г		0.3	358		_
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																	_			 					
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²					_															1					_
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification							F4.	/C4			т —			24			Т	C4		Г			24		_
Bankfull Velocity (fps)				1			3							-				3.93					61		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)				1				16										2.00							
Valley length (ft)			•	•																					
Channel Thalweg length (ft)													9	32				1110.53				112	6.71		
Sinuosity (ft)													1.	25				1.21				1.	23		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)													0.	38				0.006				0.0	006		
BF slope (ft/ft)													0.	38				0.006				0.0	005		
3Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																		0.459				5.	35		
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric											1														
Biological or Other																									

Nankel cells maked for the new will pregularly not be liked in.

— The disabeliance for the personnets can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinel profile. 2 = For projects with a presimed UNSS pange in-low with the project reach (adult bendard) verification - (nex).

3. Unliving NS essentement data produce as oritimes of the beheld if the object in earth verification - (nex).

3. Unliving NS essentement data produce as oritimes of the beheld in the object in exercise with the project reach (adult between the next the next the project reach (adult between the next th

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: Mainstem Reach 1 (2,305 feet)

Parameter		Pre	-Exis	ing C	ondit	ion		Refe	rence	Reac	:h(es)	Data			[Design	1				As-bui	ilt/Bas	eline	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%													41.8	25.4	19.4	13.4	0		30.5	14.7	36.8	18	0	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%			51.9		0		10.2	20.4	59.2	0	0	10.2												
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)	0.04	0.69	2.33	10.3	21.3		0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedro	ck												
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																			0	0	100	0	0	
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																			100	0	0	0		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step: Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more combete sample distribution for these parameters. thereby roxiding the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: Mainstem Reach 3 (1,083 feet)

Parameter		Pre	-Exis	ting C	ondit	ion		Refe	rence	Read	h(es)	Data			C	esign					\s-bu	ilt/Base	eline	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	,												41.3	13	13	32.7	0		25.8	20.2	26	28	0	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	17	20	41	22	0	0	10.2	20.4	59.2	0	0	10.2												
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)	0.06	0.9	12.5	94.2	159		0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedro	ck												
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10	1																		0	5	95	0	0	
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0	i																		98	2	0	0		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more completed sample distribution for these parameters, thereby croviding the distribution/coverage necessary to provide the distribution for these parameters. The provide the distribution for these parameters should be a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements). However, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing at the distribution of these parameters, beaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the sample sections of the reader/consumer with a sample section of the sample sections of the sample sections of the sample secti

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: Mainstem Reach 4 (969 feet)

Parameter		Pre	-Exis	ting C	Condi	tion		Refe	rence	Reac	:h(es)	Data			Design				As-bu	iilt/Bas	seline)
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	40.9	28.8	11.7	18.6	0												40.9	28.8	11.7	18.6	0	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%			28.6	-		21.9	10.2	20.4	59.2	0	0	10.2										
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)	0.04	0.74	2.75	bedro	bedro	ck	0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedro	k										
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																	0	0	100	0	0	
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																	100	0	0	0		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more completed sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution for these parameters and the construction of the parameters and the parameters and the construction of the parameters and the parameters and the parameters and the parameters and the parameters are parameters.

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: UT2 (951 feet)

Parameter	Pre	-Exis	ting C	Condit	ion		Refe	rence	Read	:h(es)	Data			[Design)				As-bu	ilt/Bas	seline	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%												100	0	0	0	0		90	2	6	2	0	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%						10.2	20.4	59.2	0	0	10.2												
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)						0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedro	ck												
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																		0	90	10	0	0	
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																		90	10	0	0		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader for the parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: UT3 (1,475 feet)

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition	Reference Reach(es) Data	Design	As-built/Baseline
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%			100 0 0 0 0	83.7 3.2 5.5 7.6 0
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%		10.2 20.4 59.2 0 0 10.2		
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)		0.24 2.96 6.85 26.8 bedrock		
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10				0 50 30 20 0
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0				80 18 2 0

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader focus and the reader focus a

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: UT4 (831 feet)

Parameter		Pre	-Exis	ting (Condi	tion		Refe	rence	Read	h(es)	Data			Design)				As-bu	ilt/Bas	eline	
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	,																	43.1	21.2	19.7	16	0	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%					0	10.2	10.2	20.4	59.2	0	0	10.2											
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)	0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedro	ck	0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedroo	k											
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10)																	0	0	100	0	0	
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0)																	100	0	0	0		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-constrution distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reader. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, therefore the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 10b. Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Banks, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distribution) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: UT7 (1,127 feet)

Parameter		Pre	-Exis	ing C	ondit	ion		Refe	rence	Reac	h(es)	Data				esign					As-bu	ilt/Ba	seline	1
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%													40.7	18.9	15.6	15.1	9.7		34.9	26.1	12.1	18.2	8.7	
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%	24.3	19.4	50.5	5.8	0	0	10.2	20.4	59.2	0	0	10.2												
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di ^p / di ^{sp} (mm)	0.04	0.78	3.3	14.3	75.1		0.24	2.96	6.85	26.8	bedro	ck												
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																			0	0	0	15	85	
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																			95	5	0	0		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

- 1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
- 2 = Entrenchment Class Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates
- 3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2,3 - These classes are loosley built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design measurements), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section measurements and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections)

Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: Mainstem Reach 1 (2,305 feet)

								Little	Dullai	JOICE	<u>n (37 i</u>	71)	oegiii	CHUIN
		Cro	ss Secti	on 1 (Ri	ffle)-1R				Cro	ss Secti	on 2 (P	ool)-1P		
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	640.21	640.21	640.21	640.21	640.21	640.21		640.24	640.24	640.24	640.24	640.24	640.24	
Bankfull Width (ft)	35.21	36.55	37.70					35.77	36.90	36.53				
Floodprone Width (ft)	>80	125.20	135.20					>80	127.00	158.50				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.23	1.16	1.15					1.11	0.97	1.15				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.79	1.78	1.96					2.48	2.03	2.52				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	43.15	42.32	43.25					39.80	35.60	42.08				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	28.73	31.56	32.87					32.15	38.17	31.71				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	3.43	3.59					>2.2	3.44	4.34				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.00	0.98	0.99					0.73	1.07	0.93				
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²)	77.79	86.15	88.38					85.42	81.10	88.9				
d50 (mm)	15.90	21.00	22.00					5.00	16.00	11				

NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline data.

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: Mainstem Reach 3 (1,083 feet)

									- 411414	0.00	10	•••		0 11.01.1
		Cro	ss Secti	on 1 (Ri	ffle)-2R	}			Cro	ss Secti	on 2 (Po	ool)-2P		
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	630.92	630.92	630.92	630.92	630.92	630.92		629.80	629.80	629.80	629.80	629.80	629.80	
Bankfull Width (ft)	38.31	41.03	38.35					39.59	26.70	33.35				
Floodprone Width (ft)	>90	419.00	488.00					>90	350.00	368.00				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.26	1.25	1.37					1.11	1.59	1.00				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.90	2.18	2.97					2.44	2.20	2.26				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	48.23	51.15	52.43					43.79	42.50	33.19				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	30.43	32.91	28.05					35.79	16.77	33.52				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	10.21	12.73					>2.2	13.11	11.03				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	0.94	0.92	0.88					0.69	0.80	0.91				
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²)	116.34	104.46	103.94					89.91	77.86	68.32				
d50 (mm)	31.00	29.00	13.5					6.70	9.00	14.50				

NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline data.

XS 2R and 2P reshaped as part of MY2 to remove backwater and overflow conditions

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: Mainstem Reach 4 (969 feet)

		Cre	oss Secti	ion 1 (P	ool)-3P		
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	624.26	624.26	624.26	624.26	624.26	624.26	
Bankfull Width (ft)	29.35	25.94	24.64				
Floodprone Width (ft)	>65	438.00	435.00				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.87	2.38	2.36				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	3.12	3.38	3.32				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	54.90	61.79	58.25				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	15.69	10.89	10.42				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	16.89	17.65				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	0.70	0.61	0.68				
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ff ²)	106.25	112.61	110.74				
d50 (mm)	3.40	13.00	19.50				

NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline data.

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) Little Buffalo Creek (94147) Segment/Reach: UT 2 (951 feet)

		Cro	ss Section	on 1 (Ri	ffle)-1R		
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	639.34	639.34	639.34	639.34	639.34	639.34	
Bankfull Width (ft)	3.52	6.23	4.31				
Floodprone Width (ft)	8.34	31.10	40.80				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.52	0.42	0.80				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.72	0.96	1.03				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	1.82	2.65	3.43				
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	6.82	14.65	5.42				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	2.37	5.00	9.46				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.01	0.65	0.84				
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²)	20.73	21.69	20.37				
d50 (mm)	5.00	silt/clay	silt/clay				

NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline data.

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

					Tab	le 11	a. Mo	nitoring	g Data	- Dime	nsion	al Mo	rphol	ogy S	umma	ary (Dir	nensio	nal P	aram	eters -	- Cro	ss Sec	tions)					
									Little	Buffa	lo Cre	ek (94	4147)	Seg	gment/	/Reach	: UT3 ((1,475	feet)									
		Cro	ss Section	on 1 (Ri	ffle)-1R	}			Cros	ss Section	n 2 (Ri	ffle)-2R	ļ			Cro	oss Sect	ion 3 (F	Riffle)-3	R			Cro	ss Sect	ion 4 (l	Pool)-1F	5	
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1		MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	647.14	647.14	647.14	647.14	647.14	647.14		632.79	633.69	633.69	633.69	633.69	633.69		622.92	623.77	623.77	623.77	623.77	623.77		638.72	639.22	639.22	639.22	639.22	639.22	
Bankfull Width (ft)	3.50	5.20	5.42					5.91	11.93	8.65					3.73	7.17	8.16					4.06	8.51	6.87				
Floodprone Width (ft)	24.45	29.60	27.50					13.14	31.20	30.20					6.35	>100	>100					8.28	20.40	15.30				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.53	0.30	5.42					0.29	0.99	1.19					0.20	0.48	0.58					0.25	0.58	0.46				
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.82	0.78	0.60					0.61	1.62	1.56					0.31	1.05	1.08					0.46	1.19	0.79				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	1.84	1.55	1.80					1.69	11.79	10.31					0.75	3.41	4.75					1.01	4.90	3.14			<u> </u>	i
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	6.66	17.47	16.31					20.67	12.06	7.25					18.61	15.08	14.02					16.32	8.51	15.06				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	6.99	5.70	5.07					2.22	2.62	3.49					1.70	>2.2	>2.2					2.04	2.40	2.23				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	0.74	1.08	0.94					0.57	0.35	0.56			·		0.71	1.00	1.00		,		·	0.54	0.47	0.97				
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²)	13.50	13.86	15.62					26.63	32.12	30.79					15.64	14.90	15.72					27.61	28.88	24.81				
d50 (mm)	silt/clay	silt/clay	silt/clay					4.50	0.19	silt/clay					0.11	silt/clay	silt/clay					silt/clay	silt/clay	silt/clay				

NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline data for 1R. MY1 Bankfull for 2R, 3R and 1P established as baseline bankfull as the original bankfull only had slope indications to identify, where MY1 provided more thorough evidence of bankfull.

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

					Tal	ole 11	a. Mo	onitoring	_				-		ummary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections) gment/Reach: UT 4 (831 feet)
		Cro	oss Secti	on 1 (Ri	ffle)-1F	₹			Cro	ss Secti	on 2 (P	ool)-1P			
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	
Record elevation (datum) used	627.41	627.41	627.41	627.41	627.41	627.41		629.84	629.84	629.84	629.84	629.84	629.84		
Bankfull Width (ft)	13.32	13.94	14.33					20.38	17.20	19.45					
Floodprone Width (ft)	>50	>100	>100					>100	>100	>100					
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.91	0.89	0.73					1.34	1.35	1.22					
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.71	1.65	1.74					2.71	2.53	2.94					
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	12.13	12.35	10.42					27.37	23.29	23.75					
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	14.63	15.73	19.70					15.18	12.71	15.93					
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2					>2.2	>2.2	>2.2					
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	0.60	1.03	1.14					0.63	0.91	0.99					
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft²)	29.20	32.81	31.19					54.73	53.60	54.93					NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline da
d50 (mm)	8.90	6.90	10.00					7.00	0.18	10.00					

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

					Tak	ole 11	a. Mo	nitoring									nensio				- Cro	ss Sec	tions)												
		Cro	oss Sect	ion 1 (R	iffle)-1F				Cros	ss Secti	on 2 (R	iffle)-2R				Cro	oss Sect	tion 3 (Pool)-1	•			Cross	Section	4 (Step	Pool)-	STP1			Cross	Sectio	n 5 (Ste	p Pool)	-STP2	
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	615.87	615.87	615.87	615.87	615.87	615.87		613.60	613.60	613.60	613.60	613.60	613.6	0	614.93	614.93	614.93	614.93	614.93	614.93				612.87	612.87	612.87	612.87	'			610.22	610.22	610.22	610.22	
Bankfull Width (ft)	20.71	21.76	21.47					18.58	21.20	21.61					27.10	29.90	23.14							28.17							20.56			'	
Floodprone Width (ft)	>100	>100	>100					>80	>100	>100					>80	>100	>100							>100							>100			'	
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.96	0.75	0.98					1.17	1.02	1.21					0.96	0.81	1.24							1.86							1.66			'	
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.17	0.92	1.29					1.69	1.82	2.04					1.29	1.25	1.53							2.55							2.32			'	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	19.93	16.42	21.15					21.68	21.71	26.11					25.98	24.19	28.70							52.44							34.22		, ,		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	21.52	28.86	21.80					15.92	20.70	17.89					28.27	36.96	18.65							15.13							12.35				
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2					>2.2	>2.2	>2.2					>2.2	>2.2	>2.2							>2.2							>2.2				
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	0.78	1.06	0.87					0.92	1.16	0.93					0.67	1.26	0.67							0.92							0.78				
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ff ²)	66.61	65.98	73.43					52.17	56.85	61.51					76.83	80.07	90.25							149.86							200.48			'	
d50 (mm)			18.00					0.50	0.50	20.00					silt/clay	silt/clay	silt/clay							49.00							30.00				

^{1 =} Widths and depths for annual measurements will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with DMS. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

NOTE: MY1 Data modified to use same bankfull elevation as baseline data.

																ring Data																				\neg
Parameter			Baseli	ne					MY	-1		Littie	выпаю	Creek (9	4147) - S MY-		keach: IVI	amste	m Ke	acn 1	(2,303 MY)				MY	′- 4					MY-	- 5		—
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	May	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	35.21	35.21	35.21	35.21	30	1			36.55	36.55	30	1	37.7	37.7	37.7	37.7	30	1	IVIIII	IVICALI	ivieu	IVIAA	30	 "	IVIIII	Weari	ivieu	IVIAA	30	- ''	IVIIII	IVICALI	ivieu	IVIAA	30	
Floodprone Width (ft)	>80	>80	>80	>80		1		125.20		125.20		1	135.2	135.2	135.2	135.2		1	1														\vdash	\dashv	-	-
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23		1	1.16	1.16	1.16	1.16		1	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15		1	1																	
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.79	1.79	1.79	1.79		1	1.78	1.78	1.78	1.78		1	1.96	1.96	1.96	1.96		1	t																	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft 2)	43.15	43.15	43,15	43.15		1	42.32	42.32	42.32	42.32		1	43.25	43.25	43.25	43.25		1	1																	
Width/Depth Ratio	28.73	28.73	28.73	28.73		1	31.56	31.56	31.56	31.56		1	32.87	32.87	32.87	32.87		1	t																	
Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43		1	3.59	3.59	3.59	3.59		1																		
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1	1	1	1		1	0.98	0.98	0.98	0.98		1	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99		1																		
Profile																																				
Riffle Length (ft)	7.73	23.71	22.04	38.44			5.02	14.18	9.18	31.54			8.88	15.73	16.57	20.64																	\Box	\neg	\neg	
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.00	0.026	0.022	0.076			0.001	0.015	0.007	0.044			0.004	0.016	0.006	0.062		1															ı			
Pool Length (ft)	4.21	25.43	17.55	83.2			2.96	7.07	6.1	14.54			6.82	22.35	21.04	39.29																				
Pool Max depth (ft)	1.96	2.71	2.48	3.76			1.96	2.63	2.43	3.42			2.10	2.53	2.37	3.75																				
Pool Spacing (ft)	29.95	48.64	39.06	91.87			14.66	32.47	23.01	54.64			21.81	33.95	34.70	46.54																				
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	59.64	105.83	92.68	165.18																																
Radius of Curvature (ft)	72.965	83.153	79.01	97.485											0	tern data will										d:	.::6:	4 ab:64a								
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	27.95	35.603	36.13	46.36											Pai	tern data wili	not typically	be collec	lea unie		n baseli		iai dala	or promi	e data in	uicate s	signilican	t Smits								
Meander Wavelength (ft)																																				
Meander Width Ratio	1.2865	3.037	2.5652	5.9098																																
	_																																			
Additional Reach Parameters																																				
Rosgen Classification			C4						C4	>-					C4																					
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			2299.7						2318	.86					2306.	75																				
Sinuosity (ft)			1.05						1.0						1.0				<u> </u>																	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)									NA (D					NA (NET WATER	₹)		<u> </u>																	
BF slope (ft/ft)									0.00						0.00																					
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	30.5	14.7	36.8	18	0		35.2	19.6	19.5	25.6	0		25.7	12.3	36.5	25.5	0												<u> </u>				igspace			
³ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													0	0	76.6	0	0	23.4	_										<u> </u>	<u> </u>			igspace			
³ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													0.78	10	17.5	45	Bed												<u> </u>				ш			
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks									0										<u> </u>																	
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																			↓						<u> </u>											
Biological or Other																									1											

Biological or Other
Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; SilViClay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

													Exhibit '	Table 11k	. Monito	ring Data	a - Stream	n Reac	ch Da	ta Sun	nmary														
												Little	e Buffalo	Creek (9	4147) - S	egment/F	Reach: M	ainste	m Re	ach 3	(1,083	feet)													
Parameter			Baseli	ne					MY-	-1				•	MY.	-2					MY-	- 3					MY-	4					MY- 5		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n N	Min M	lean N	/led 1	Max S	SD ⁴	n N	Min M	Mean M	Med M	ax SI	D ⁴ n
Bankfull Width (ft)	38.31	38.31	38.31				41.03			41.03		1	38.35	38.35	38.35	38.35		1																	
Floodprone Width (ft)	>90	>90	>90	>90		1		419.00		419.00		1	488	488	488	488		1															-		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.26	1.26	1.26	1.26		1	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25		1	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37		1	_											_				—	
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9		1	2.18	2.18	2.18	2.18		1	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.97		1																	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft 2)	48.23	48.23	48.23	48.23		1	51.15	51.15	51.15	51.15		1	52.43	52.43	52.43	52.43		1																	
Width/Depth Ratio	30.43	30.43	30.43	30.43		1	32.91		32.91	32.91		1	28.05	28.05	28.05	28.05		1																	
Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1			10.21	10.21		1	12.73	12.73	12.73	12.73		1															-		
¹ Bank Height Ratio	0.94	0.94	0.94	0.94		1	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92		1	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88		1																	
Profile																																			
Riffle Length (ft)	11.3		20.99				10.65			38.18			6.30	20.06	16.55	40.86																	-		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.0182	0.0502		0.1345			0.007						0.008	0.022	0.022	0.037			_															—	
Pool Length (ft)	6.32	12.33	10.63	21.53			7.42		21.33	24.51			2.19	20.09	4.60	68.96			1															—	
Pool Max depth (ft)	0.5		1.26	1.69			1.75	2.81	1.87	4.81			2.70	2.88	2.79	3.23		1	_											_				—	
Pool Spacing (ft)	36.04	45.42	46.77	53.33			48.94	61.06	51.44	82.8			16.88	40.66	30.84	84.05						_											_	_	
Pattern Channel Beltwidth (ft)	58.77	58.77	58.77	58.77							1							1	1					_						_			_	_	_
Radius of Curvature (ft)	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8																									_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	4.58		16.52		\vdash										Pa	tern data will	not typically	oe collect	ted unles	ss visual	data, din	nensiona	l data or	profile da	ata indic	ate signi	ificant s	hifts		_			_	_	_
Meander Wavelength (ft)																				fror	n baselin	e								_					
Meander Width Ratio	2.5497	5.1978	3.5575	12.832																										_				_	
Additional Reach Parameters																																			
Rosgen Classification			C4						C4						C4																				
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			1079.4	5					1069.	.58					1074	.38																			
Sinuosity (ft)			1.01						1.0	1					1.0	1																			
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)									NA (D	RY)					0.00	12																			
BF slope (ft/ft)									0.013	38					0.00	84																			
3Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	25.8	20.2	26	28	0		42	14.4	21.9	21.7	0		33	9.9	33.1	24	0																	T	
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													13.7	0	78.7	0	0	7.6		1										7			\neg	\top	\neg
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													2.5	9	14	25	38																_	+	
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks																				•					•	•				7					
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																			
Biological or Other																																			

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sill/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

													Exhibit '	Table 11b	. Monito	ring Data	a - Stream	n Read	ch Dat	a Sun	ımarv														\neg
															Creek (94																				
Parameter			Baseli	ne					MY	-1					MY-		<u>g</u>	- u u	Ť	(00.10	MY-	3				MY	/- 4					MY-	5		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max S	D ⁴ n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med I	Мах	SD ⁴	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	3.52	3.52	3.52	3.52		1	6.23	6.23	6.23	6.23		1	4.31	4.31	4.31	4.31		1																	
Floodprone Width (ft)	8.34	8.34	8.34	8.34		1			31.10	31.10		1	40.8	40.8	40.8	40.8		1																	
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.52	0.52	0.52	0.52		1	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42		1	0.8	0.8	8.0	0.8		1														ightharpoonup		—⊢	
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.72	0.72	0.72	0.72		1	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96		1	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03		1																	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft 2)	1.82	1.82	1.82	1.82		1	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65		1	3.43	3.43	3.43	3.43		1																	
Width/Depth Ratio	6.82	6.82	6.82	6.82		1	14.65	14.65	14.65	14.65		1	5.42	5.42	5.42	5.42		1																	
Entrenchment Ratio	2.37	2.37	2.37	2.37		1	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00		1	9.46	9.46	9.46	9.46		1																	
¹ Bank Height Ratio	1.01	1.01	1.01	1.01		1	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65		1	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84		1																	
Profile																																			
Riffle Length (ft)	6.98	13.52	13.52	20.07			35.95	35.95	35.95	35.95			18.87	20.43	20.43	21.99																			\neg
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.01	0.013	0.013	0.016			0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008			0.019	0.022	0.022	0.026																			
Pool Length (ft)	12.76	12.76	12.76				NA	NA	NA	NA			7.71	11.145	11.145	14.58																			
Pool Max depth (ft)	0.89		0.89	0.89			NA	NA	NA	NA			0.725	1.0875	1.0875	1.45																			
Pool Spacing (ft)	30.63	30.63	30.63	30.63			NA	NA	NA	NA			36.22	36.22	36.22	36.22																			
Pattern																																			
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																			
Radius of Curvature (ft)																	not typically b					:		#1= Jata :			4 abits						_	_	
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					<u> </u>										Pal	em data wiii	not typically t	oe collect	tea unies		uata, um n baseline		ata or pro	ille data i	indicate s	signilican	il Shiils					_	_	_	
Meander Wavelength (ft)					ļ																											_	_	_	
Meander Width Ratio																																_	_	_	
Additional Reach Parameters																																			
Rosgen Classification	Ι		B6						Be	:					B6																				
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			951.3	7					951.						952.3	11			1					+											-
Sinuosity (ft)			0.96						0.9						0.96				1					+											-
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.00						NA (D						NA (DI									+											_
BF slope (ft/ft)									0.04						0.020									+											_
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	90	2	6	2	0		100	0	0	0	0		47.1	22.5	25.7	4.7	0				- 1				1	1					- 1	-	\neg		
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%		_						-	-	-	-		14.7	53.9	0	0	0	31.4	1						+-							+	+	_	
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay															$\neg \dagger$	一		
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks																																			_
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																			1					+											_
Biological or Other																			1					+											_
Ol - I - I - II - I - I - I - I - I - I -																																			

Biological or Other |
Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Sit/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

													Exhibit	Table 11b	. Monito	ring Data	a - Stream	Reac	h Dat	ta Sun	nmary													
													Little	Buffalo C	reek (94	147) - Seg	ment/Re	ach: U	JT 3 (1	1,475 f	eet)													
Parameter			Baseli	ne					MY-	-1					MY	-2					MY-	3				MY	- 4					MY- 5		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max SE	⁴ n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean I	Med M	lax S	D ⁴ n
Bankfull Width (ft)	3.5	4.38	3.73			3	5.20		7.17	11.93		3	5.42	7.41	8.16	8.65		3														$-\!\!\perp$		
Floodprone Width (ft)	6.35	14.65		24.45			29.60	30.40				3	27.5	28.85	28.85	>100	1	3						1										
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.2	0.34	0.29	0.53		3	0.30	0.59	0.48	0.99		3	0.58	2.396667	1.19	5.42		3																—
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.31	0.58	0.61	0.82		3	0.78	1.15	1.05	1.62		3	0.6	1.08	1.08	1.56		3																
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft 2)	0.75	1.43	1.69	1.84		3	1.55	5.58	3.41	11.79		3	1.8	5.62	4.75	10.31		3																
Width/Depth Ratio	6.66	15.31	18.61	20.67		3	12.06	14.87	15.08	17.47		3	7.25	12.52667	14.02	16.31		3																
Entrenchment Ratio	1.7	3.64	2.22	6.99		3	2.62	4.16	4.16	5.70		3	3.49	4.28	4.28	5.07		3																
¹ Bank Height Ratio	0.57	0.67	0.71	0.74		3	0.35	0.81	1.00	1.08		3	0.56	0.833333	0.94	1		3																
Profile																																		
Riffle Length (ft)	57.25	107.81	89.01	215.05			31.91	81.09	72.62	143.24																								
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.011	0.017	0.014	0.029			0.001	0.016		0.03																								
Pool Length (ft)	1.5	12.97	6.04	31.37			6.73		12.09	33.76				Not Ider	ntifiable due	to cattle dan	nage																	
Pool Max depth (ft)	4.14	4.46	4.61	4.62			0.63	1.48	1.48	2.31																								
Pool Spacing (ft)	114.27	133.63	143.31	143.31			125.06	186.72	186.72	248.38																								
Pattern																																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	13.4	34.2	42.73																															
Radius of Curvature (ft)	21.64	35.62	35.15	50.55																	total Pro-			T										
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	2.38	15.62	14.63	30.84											Pa	tern data will	not typically b	e collecti	ed unles		data, dimi n baseline	ensional da	ta or profi	ile data in	ndicate si	ignificant	shifts							
Meander Wavelength (ft)																					babbiint													
Meander Width Ratio	0.43	5.37	2.44	19.52																														
Additional Reach Parameters																																		
Rosgen Classification			B6						B6						Be									1										
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			1469.0						1467						1471									4										
Sinuosity (ft)			0.95						0.9						0.9									1										
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.019						NA (D						NA (E									1										
BF slope (ft/ft)			0.019						0.01						0.02	-																		
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	83.7	3.2	5.5	7.6	0		83.2	4.2	7.4	4.9	0.3			Not Identifia		attle damag	ge																	
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													92.3	4.7	1.6	0	0	1.4										L I						
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay	Silt/Clay																	
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks														•	-			•				•		1						•				
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																								1										
Biological or Other																								1										
Chaded cells is disease that these will trainelly set be																			•															

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silf/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

													Exhibit	Table 11	o. Monito	oring Data	a - Strear	n Read	ch Da	ta Sun	nmary													
													Little	Buffalo	Creek (94	4147) - Se	gment/R	each:	UT 4	(831 fe	eet)													
Parameter			Baseli	ne					MY-	-1					MY	-2					MY-	3				MY	- 4					MY- 5	;	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max SI	0 ⁴ n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean I	Med M	Max SI	iD ⁴ n
Bankfull Width (ft)	13.32	13.32		13.32		1		13.94		13.94		1	14.32691	14.32691	14.32691	14.32691		1																
Floodprone Width (ft)	>50	>50	>50	>50		1	>100		>100	>100		1	>100	>100	>100	>100		1						_	1							<u> </u>	_	——
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.91	0.91	0.91	0.91		1	0.89	0.89	0.89	0.89		1	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73		1	-					-	-				_			$-\!\!\!+$	+	$-\!$
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71		1	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65		1	1.738	1.738	1.738	1.738		1																
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft 2)	12.13	12.13	12.13	12.13		1	12.35	12.35	12.35	12.35		1	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.42		1														$-\!$	\bot	—
Width/Depth Ratio	14.63	14.63	14.63	14.63		1	15.73		15.73	15.73		1	19.7	19.7	19.7	19.7		1																
Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2	>2.2		1						_	1							<u> </u>	_	——
¹ Bank Height Ratio	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6		1	1.03	1.03	1.03	1.03		1	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14		1														ightharpoonup		—
Profile																																		
Riffle Length (ft)	4.74		21.81					23.29					4.04	13.83	11.615	30.23								_	1							<u> </u>	_	——
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.012		0.018	0.074			0.013		0.024	0.037			0.005	0.036	0.035	0.070			_					_								-+	-	
Pool Length (ft) Pool Max depth (ft)	6.99	12.56 2.28	9.1	26.02			6.8 1.71	9.62 2.42	8.54 2.52	15.58 2.88			3.41 1.835	6.15 2.679833	5.915 2.731	10.44 3.385		-	-					_	-				_			$-\!\!\!+$	+	$-\!$
Pool Max depth (ft) Pool Spacing (ft)	1.89 50.06	56.72	55.31	68.08	-		22.59		42.3	46.92	-		7.58	27.92818	26.45	52		+	_	-				+	-	-	-					-+	-	$+\!-\!$
Pattern Pool Spacing (it)	50.06	30.72	33.31	00.00			22.59	37.31	42.3	40.92			7.36	27.92010	20.43	52																	_	
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	80.13	98.47	98 47	116.81	П	1										1		1	1					1									_	_
Radius of Curvature (ft)	36.7	47.23	49.01	56.95																										_		_	_	_
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	16.34		18.89												Pa	ttern data will	not typically	be collec	ted unle:			ensional da	ita or prof	ile data in	ndicate s	ignificant	shifts							_
Meander Wavelength (ft)	221.95	221.95	221.95	221.95																fror	n baseline						ı							
Meander Width Ratio		5.19	4.91	7.15																														
Additional Reach Parameters																																		
Rosgen Classification			C4b						C4						C	1																		
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			830.0	1					837.						838.	29																		
Sinuosity (ft)			0.81						8.0	1					8.0	1																		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)									NA (D						0.01																			
BF slope (ft/ft)		,	,	,	,				0.01	23				,	0.01	23	,	,		,						•					,			
³ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	43.1	21.2	19.7	16	0		52.2	9.8	19.2	18.8	0		34	17.9	18.1	30	0																	
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													0	1.7	98.3	0	0	0	1															
³ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													0.38	5	10	30	64															\neg	十	
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks		•							-				1		•	•	•	•					•											
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																		-
Biological or Other																																		
Chaded cells indicate that there will trainelly and he																								•										

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silf/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

													Exhibit '	Table 11b	o. Monito	ring Data	a - Strear	n Read	ch Da	ta Sur	nmary												—	
													Little	Buffalo C	reek (94	147) - Seg	ment/Re	ach: l	JT 7 (1,127	feet)													
Parameter			Baseli	ne					MY-	-1					MY	-2					MY-	. 3				MY	- 4					MY- 5		
								,																										
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD⁴	n		Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴ n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med M	lax SI	D⁴ n
Bankfull Width (ft)	18.58	19.65	19.65		_			21.48		21.76	_	2	21.47	21.54	21.54	21.61		2			-									\longrightarrow		$-\!\!\!+\!\!\!\!-$	$-\!$	-
Floodprone Width (ft)	>80	1.07	4.07	>100	-	2	>100	>100	>100	>100		2	>100	>100	>100	>100		2	-					-						-		$-\!\!\!+$	+	
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.17	1.07	1.07	1.17	-		0.75		1.37		-	2		1.10				2	+		-			_						-		-+	+	$-\!$
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					-	2		1.37		1.82			1.29		1.67	2.04			1					_						-			$-\!\!\!\!+\!\!\!\!\!-$	-
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft 2)	19.93	20.81	20.81	21.68		2	16.42	19.07	19.07	21.71		2	21.15	23.63	23.63	26.11		2												\vdash			_	
Width/Depth Ratio	15.92	18.72 >2.2	18.72	21.52	-		20.70		24.78	28.86		2	17.89	19.85	19.85	21.80		2	1					_						-			$-\!\!\!\!+\!\!\!\!\!-$	-
Entrenchment Ratio	>2.2 0.78	>2.2 0.85	>2.2 0.85	>2.2 0.92	-	2	>2.2 1.06	>2.2 1.11	>2.2 1.11	>2.2 1.16		2 2	>2.2 0.87	>2.2 0.90	>2.2	>2.2 0.93		2	-					-						-		$-\!\!\!+$	+	
¹ Bank Height Ratio	0.78	0.85	0.85	0.92	\sqcup	2	1.06	1.11	1.11	1.16	<u> </u>		0.87	0.90	0.90	0.93								_						ightharpoonup		-	_	
Profile	0.70	00.50	1 07 10				0.11	00.70	00.00	07.40	_		0.40	00.04	00.04	10.10			_											-		_	_	_
Riffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	9.79	36.53 0.014	37.12 0.013	0.039	-		0.001	29.70 0.013	0.010	0.051			8.10 0.0005	26.04 0.012	26.01 0.010	42.49 0.022		-	-					-						-		$-\!\!\!+$	+	
Pool Length (ft)	8.16	15.87	13.77	28.95	-		4.08		14,49	22.02	-		5.80	16.74	14.35	34.69		+	+		-			_						-		-+	+	$-\!$
Pool Length (π) Pool Max depth (ft)	8.16	2.05	2.04	28.95	-		1.19		2.00	2.62	-		1.61	2.25	2.15	34.69		+	+		-			_						-		-+	+	$-\!$
Pool Max depth (it) Pool Spacing (ft)	13,27	54.36		130.67	-			54.60		94.06	1		32.29	56.33	54.12	82.92	-	+	+	-			-	+	+					-		-+	+	$+\!-$
Pattern	10.27	34.30	30.47	130.07			10.00	34.00	30.33	34.00			02.23	30.33	J4.12	02.32																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	154.56	209.27	209.27	263.98		1					1					1		1 -	+	+		_		_	+					-	_	-	_	_
Radius of Curvature (ft)	90.88	194.28		434.94																													_	
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)	15.71	20.53	21.99												Pa	tern data will	not typically	be collec	ted unle				data or pro	file data i	ndicate s	significan	t shifts							
Meander Wavelength (ft)	687.9	687.9	687.9	687.9																fro	m baselin	е												
Meander Width Ratio	9.8383	10.191	9.5145	11.67																														
Additional Reach Parameters																																		
Rosgen Classification			C4						C4	ļ					C4																			
Channel Thalweg length (ft)			1126.7	1					1140	.94					1154	.67														1				
Sinuosity (ft)			1.23						1.2	3					1.2	3																		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.006						NA (D						NA (D																			
BF slope (ft/ft)			0.005						0.00	53					0.00	68																		
3Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%	34.9	26.1	12.1	18.2	8.7		41.1	13.7	17.6	17.4	10.2		30.1	14.3	24.7	25.1	5.8				1 T							l T		ı T	I			
3SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													21.8	17.9	45.5	12.5	1.7	0.6												i I				
3d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													N/A	8	17.5	50	100													ΠŤ				
² % of Reach with Eroding Banks														•	•		•							1	•									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																			1					1										
Biological or Other																			1															
Chadad as lie is disease that the see will to missilly and he																																		

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

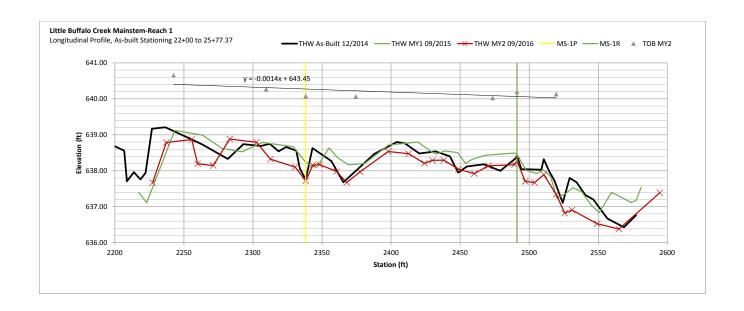
1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section measurements and the longitudinal profile.

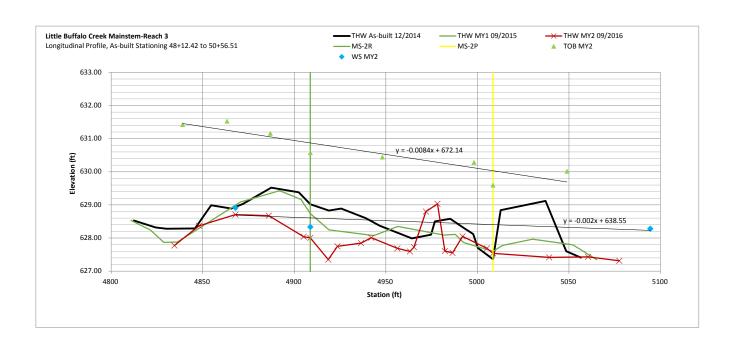
2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table

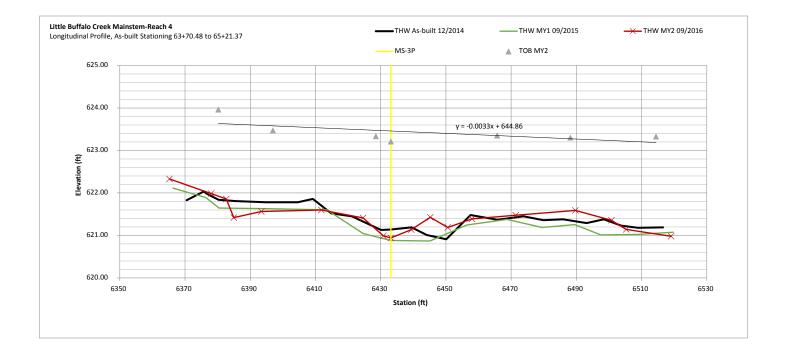
3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silf/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

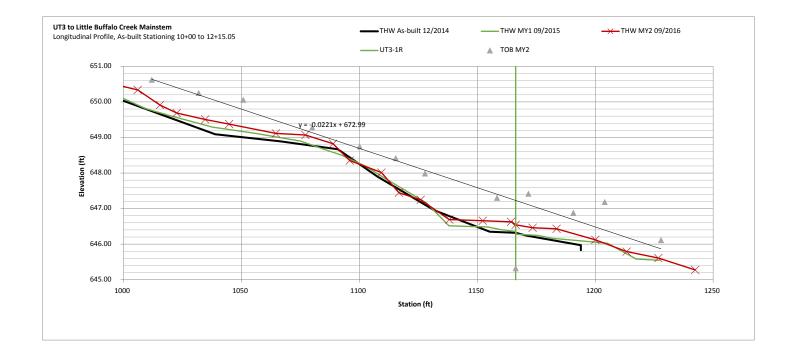
Figures 3a-k – Longitudinal Profile Plots



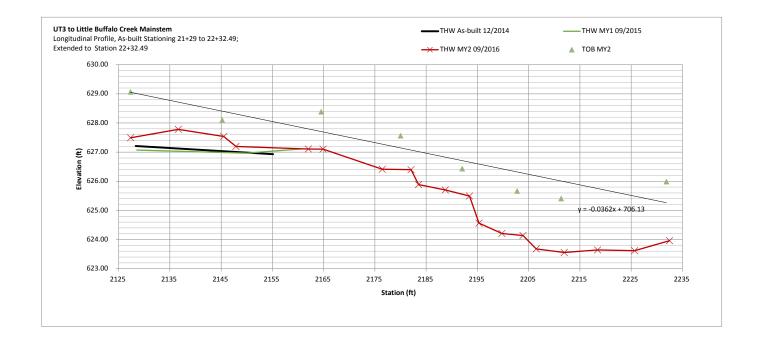


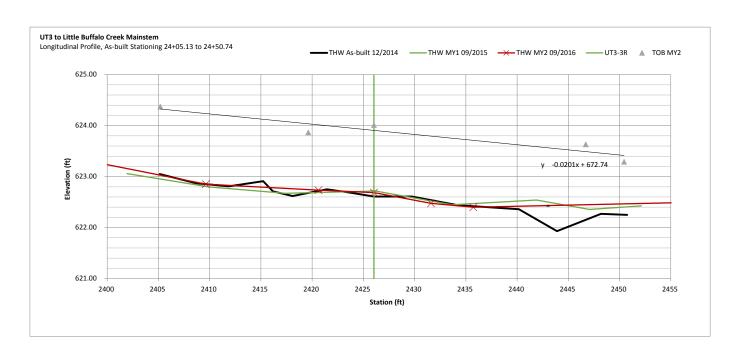


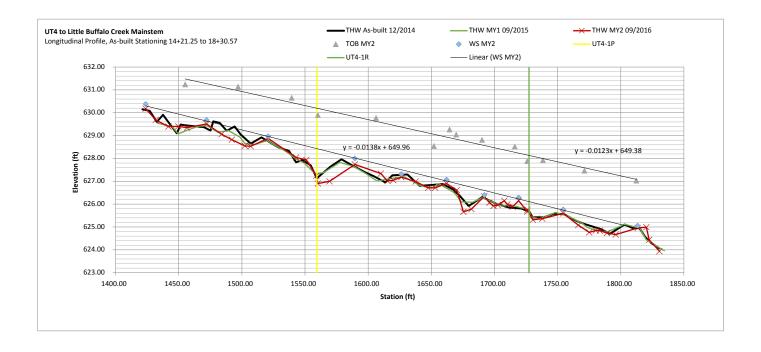


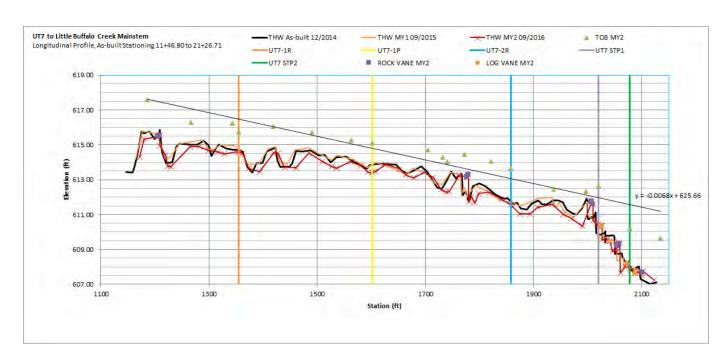


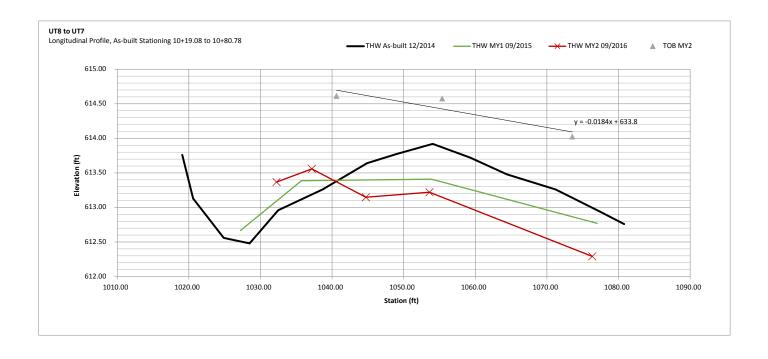












Figures 4a-q - Cross-section Plot Exhibits

River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	MS-1P
Drainage Area (sq mi):	2.99
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	640.91
0.84	640.06
3.97	639.56
10.66	639.56
13.28	639.27
15.56	637.92
19.11	637.72
22.86	637.89
24.88	639.26
31.37	639.65
37.37	640.07
48.03	640.08
50.99	640.42

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	640.24
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	42.08
Bankfull Width:	36.53
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	645.28
Flood Prone Width:	158.50
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.52
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.15
W/D Ratio:	31.71
Entrenchment Ratio:	4.34
Bank Height Ratio:	0.93

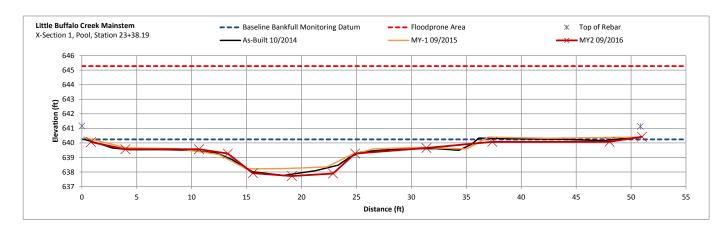
Stream Type	C4







23+38.19 MS-1P Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	MS-1R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	2.99
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	640.20
0.45	640.31
4.94	639.26
9.12	639.04
12.48	638.25
19.13	638.27
22.00	638.51
24.16	639.29
34.98	639.44
38.15	640.19
44.17	640.26
55.03	640.16

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	640.21
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	43.25
Bankfull Width:	37.70
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	644.13
Flood Prone Width:	135.20
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.96
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.15
W/D Ratio:	32.87
Entrenchment Ratio:	3.59
Bank Height Ratio:	0.99

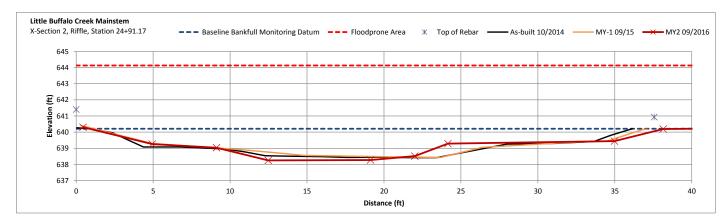
ream Type	C4





Station and description 24+91.17 MS-1R Looking Upstream

24+91.17 MS-1R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	MS-2R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	2.82
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

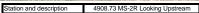
Station	Elevation
0.00	632.20
0.30	631.34
0.54	631.21
3.65	630.42
9.84	629.66
15.83	629.62
18.77	628.83
20.63	628.10
21.87	628.01
23.88	627.95
24.51	628.34
27.08	629.28
29.15	629.45
31.69	629.93
36.51	630.03
38.89	630.57
41.61	631.04
43.73	631.66
44.34	632.89

Note: Inner Channel reworked to eliminate larger backwater effect upstream. MY2 and Summary Data shows new baseline monitoring post re-grading.

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	630.92
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	52.43
Bankfull Width:	38.35
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	636.86
Flood Prone Width:	488.00
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.97
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.37
W/D Ratio:	28.05
Entrenchment Ratio:	12.73
Bank Height Ratio:	0.88

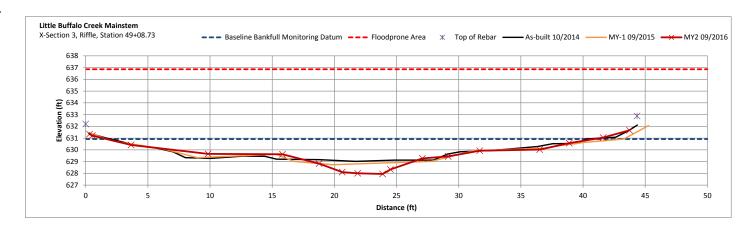
	Stream Type	C4
--	-------------	----







4908.73 MS-2R Looking Downstream



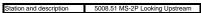
River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	MS-2P
Drainage Area (sq mi):	2.82
Date:	9/15/2015
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	630.64
0.40	629.85
5.21	629.50
9.76	629.76
12.22	629.18
14.21	628.72
17.27	628.86
18.94	627.72
22.15	627.54
24.89	627.83
27.29	628.56
29.61	628.53
33.76	629.60
40.17	629.69
43.83	630.07
47.03	630.43
47.23	631.27

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	629.80
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	33.19
Bankfull Width:	33.35
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	634.33
Flood Prone Width:	368.00
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.26
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.00
W/D Ratio:	33.52
Entrenchment Ratio:	11.03
Bank Height Ratio:	0.91

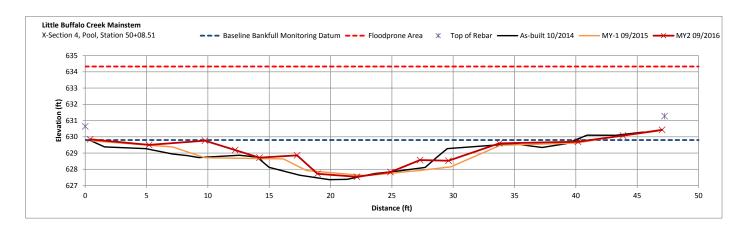
Stream Type	C4







5008.51 MS-2P Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	MS-3P
Drainage Area (sq mi):	4.01
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	625.57
0.29	624.49
1.62	624.15
2.92	623.44
5.07	622.96
9.49	622.20
12.76	621.44
17.05	620.94
18.48	621.30
20.66	621.64
22.63	621.92
27.56	623.21
32.27	624.06
36.28	625.11
36.70	625.97

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	624.26
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	58.25
Bankfull Width:	24.64
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	630.90
Flood Prone Width:	435.00
Max Depth at Bankfull:	3.32
Mean Depth at Bankful:	2.36
W/D Ratio:	10.42
Entrenchment Ratio:	17.65
Bank Height Ratio:	0.68

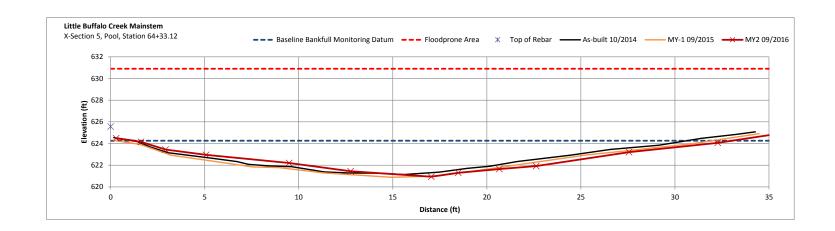
Stream Type	C4







6433.12 MS-3P Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT2-1R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.3
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	641.92
0.16	640.98
0.42	640.78
3.20	639.27
4.10	638.41
5.29	638.31
6.45	638.41
7.52	639.18
8.07	639.73
9.20	640.80
9.82	641.68

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	639.34
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	3.43
Bankfull Width:	4.31
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	641.40
Flood Prone Width:	40.80
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.03
Mean Depth at Bankful:	0.80
W/D Ratio:	5.42
Entrenchment Ratio:	9.46
Bank Height Ratio:	0.84

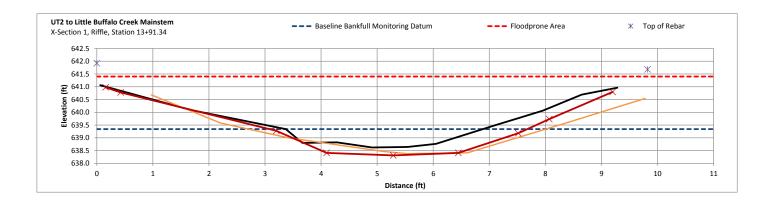
Stream Type	B6







1391.34 UT2-1R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT3-1R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.097
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	648.58
0.86	647.57
2.51	647.11
4.07	646.66
5.41	646.55
6.52	646.55
7.93	647.36
9.30	647.97
9.84	648.76

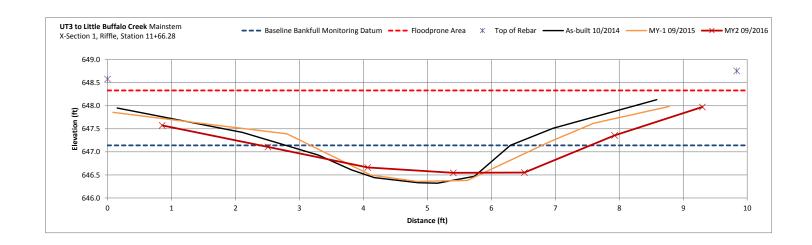
SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	647.14
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	1.80
Bankfull Width:	5.42
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	648.33
Flood Prone Width:	27.50
Max Depth at Bankfull:	0.60
Mean Depth at Bankful:	5.42
W/D Ratio:	16.31
Entrenchment Ratio:	5.07
Bank Height Ratio:	0.94



Station and description 1166.28 UT3-1R Looking Upstream



1166.28 UT3-1R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT3-1P
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.097
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	641.50
0.25	640.65
3.94	639.19
4.56	638.71
6.94	638.44
8.95	638.64
10.81	639.51
12.74	640.08
13.04	641.12

Note: No change in BKF elevation from MY1 to MY2. Using calculated BKF from MY1 and MY2 in Summary Data for shift after construction from Baseline

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	639.22
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	3.14
Bankfull Width:	6.87
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	640.79
Flood Prone Width:	15.30
Max Depth at Bankfull:	0.79
Mean Depth at Bankful:	0.46
W/D Ratio:	15.06
Entrenchment Ratio:	2.23
Bank Height Ratio:	0.97

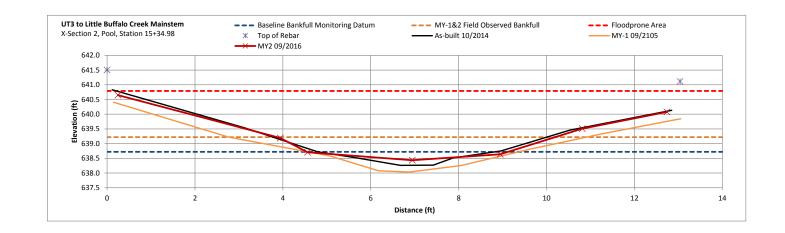
Stream Type	B6







1534.98 UT3-1P Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT3-2R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.097
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	635.18
0.40	634.45
3.51	633.21
5.78	632.52
7.25	632.13
10.32	632.61
12.16	633.01
15.97	634.08

Note: No change in BKF elevation from MY1 to MY2. Using calculated BKF from MY1 and MY2 in Summary Data for shift after construction from Baseline

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	633.69
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	10.31
Bankfull Width:	8.65
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	636.82
Flood Prone Width:	30.20
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.56
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.19
W/D Ratio:	7.25
Entrenchment Ratio:	3.49
Bank Height Ratio:	0.56

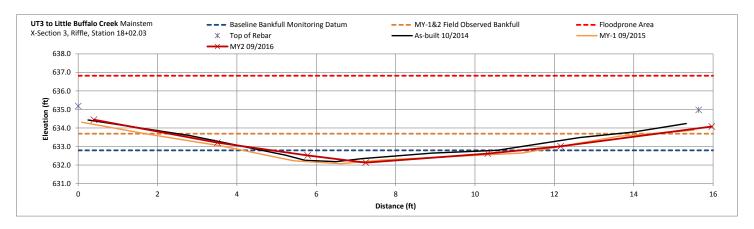
_	
Stream Type	B6







1802.03 UT3-2R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT3-3R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.097
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	624.86
0.24	623.77
2.51	623.21
3.25	622.95
4.21	622.73
5.00	622.69
6.13	622.76
6.96	623.11
8.40	624.01
9.02	624.07
9.25	624.87

Note: No change in BKF elevation from MY1 to MY2. Using calculated BKF from MY1 and MY2 in Summary Data for shift after construction from Baseline

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	623.77
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	4.75
Bankfull Width:	8.16
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	625.94
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.08
Mean Depth at Bankful:	0.58
W/D Ratio:	14.02
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	1.00

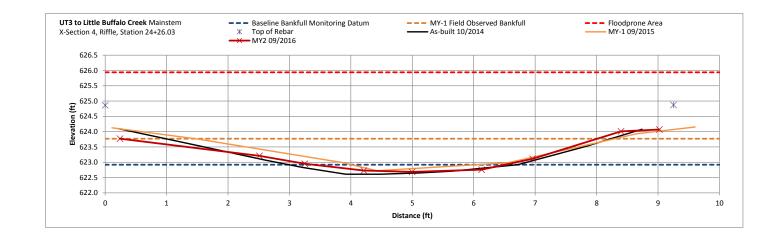
Stream Type	B6







2426.03 UT3-3R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT4-1P
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.4
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	630.99
0.00	630.00
0.89	629.81
2.99	629.43
5.41	628.81
7.32	628.51
8.40	627.61
11.51	626.90
12.82	627.53
14.73	628.80
17.55	628.98
20.34	629.90
23.05	630.13
23.28	630.38
23.78	631.24

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	629.84
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	23.75
Bankfull Width:	19.45
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	635.71
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.94
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.22
W/D Ratio:	15.93
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	0.99

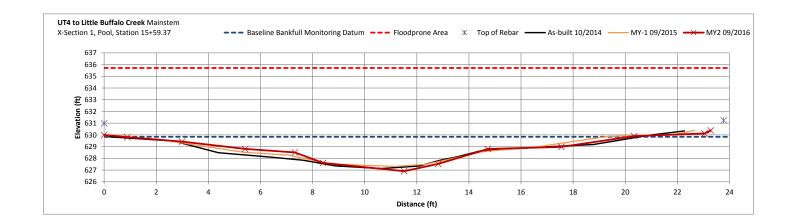
Stream Type	C4







1559.37 UT4-1P Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT4-1R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	0.4
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	628.30
0.19	627.66
1.86	627.10
6.23	626.64
8.06	625.79
8.89	625.67
10.47	625.85
11.50	626.53
11.96	626.69
14.52	627.89
15.59	628.08
15.85	628.86

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	627.41
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	10.42
Bankfull Width:	14.33
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	630.89
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.74
Mean Depth at Bankful:	0.73
W/D Ratio:	19.70
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	1.14

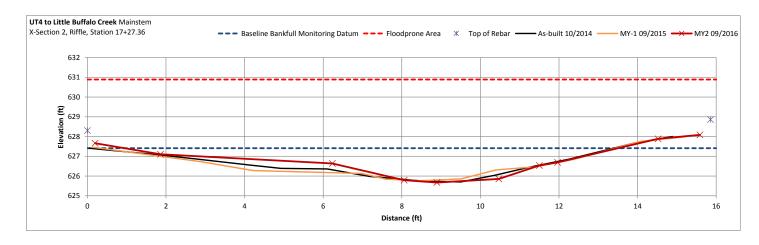








1727.36 UT4-1R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT7-1R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	1.91
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	617.24
0.55	616.39
5.01	616.39
7.10	615.97
9.17	614.89
14.34	614.95
19.35	614.69
22.71	614.58
26.37	614.69
26.79	615.08
27.47	615.31
28.57	615.71
30.84	616.13
37.51	616.20
37.51	617.35

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	615.87
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	21.15
Bankfull Width:	21.47
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	618.4
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.29
Mean Depth at Bankful:	0.98
W/D Ratio:	21.80
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	0.87

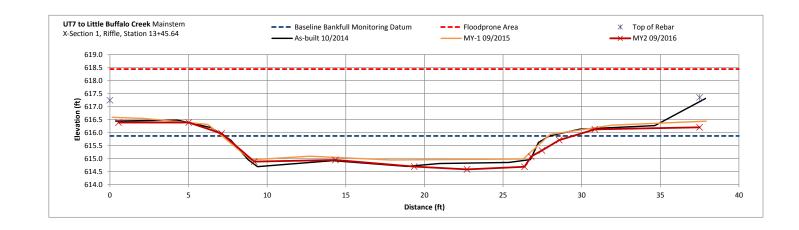
Stream Type	C4



Station and description 1345.64 UT7-1R Looking Upstream



1345.64 UT7-1R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT7-1P
Drainage Area (sq mi):	1.91
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

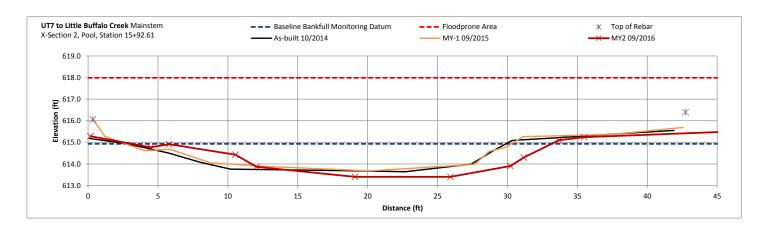
Station	Elevation
0.00	615.95
0.17	615.28
4.48	614.77
5.79	614.92
10.55	614.43
12.05	613.87
19.09	613.40
25.93	613.40
30.22	613.91
31.17	614.30
33.68	615.10
35.49	615.24
45.18	615.48
45.21	616.27

Bankfull Elevation:	614.93
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	28.70
Bankfull Width:	23.14
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	617.99
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	1.53
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.24
W/D Ratio:	18.65
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	0.67
Stream Type	C4





7-1P Looking Upstream 1592.61 UT7-1P Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek
XS ID:	UT7-2R
Drainage Area (sq mi):	1.91
Date:	9/19/2016
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger

Station	Elevation
0.00	614.39
0.24	613.57
2.97	613.45
6.48	612.56
7.20	612.17
7.84	611.73
11.39	611.56
14.53	611.76
16.19	612.22
20.97	612.42
24.58	613.68

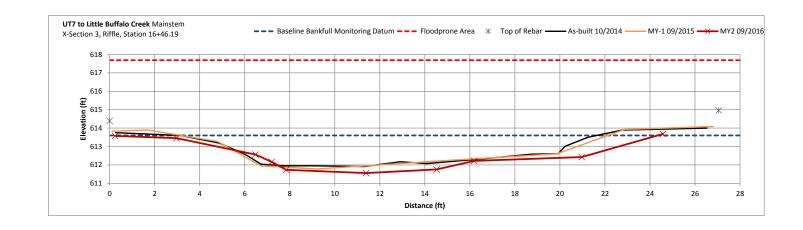
SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	613.60
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	26.11
Bankfull Width:	21.61
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	617.69
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.04
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.21
W/D Ratio:	17.89
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	0.93

Stream Type	C4





1846.19 UT7-2R Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River	
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek	
XS ID:	UT7-STP1	
Drainage Area (sq mi):	1.91	
Date:	9/19/2016	
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger	

Station	Elevation
0.00	614.79
0.39	613.96
5.37	613.83
13.86	612.87
16.85	612.05
20.97	610.31
30.40	610.44
36.40	610.66
42.02	612.66
49.19	613.57
57.61	613.92
58.52	614.88

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	612.87
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	52.44
Bankfull Width:	28.17
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	617.98
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.55
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.86
W/D Ratio:	15.13
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	0.92

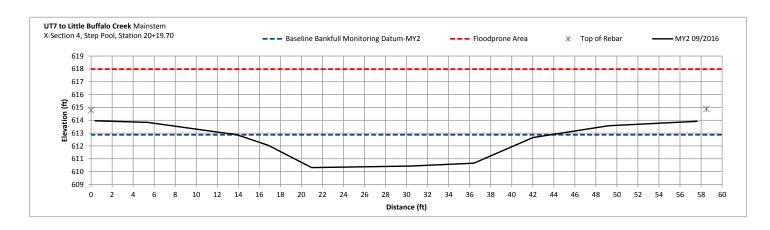




Station and description 2019.70 UT7-STP1 Looking Upstream



2019.70 UT7-STP1 Looking Downstream



River Basin:	Yadkin-Pee Dee River	
Watershed:	Little Buffalo Creek	
XS ID:	UT7-STP2	
Drainage Area (sq mi):	1.91	
Date:	9/19/2016	
Field Crew:	Matthew Holthaus, Greg Russo: Louis Berger	

Station	Elevation
0.00	612.27
0.20	611.82
13.24	609.70
19.85	608.39
23.53	607.90
29.70	608.62
33.80	610.22
37.18	610.99
44.41	612.16
53.11	613.41
53.53	614.18

SUMMARY DATA	<u> </u>
Bankfull Elevation:	610.22
Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:	34.22
Bankfull Width:	20.56
Flood Prone Area Elevation:	614.86
Flood Prone Width:	>100
Max Depth at Bankfull:	2.32
Mean Depth at Bankful:	1.66
W/D Ratio:	12.35
Entrenchment Ratio:	>2.2
Bank Height Ratio:	0.78

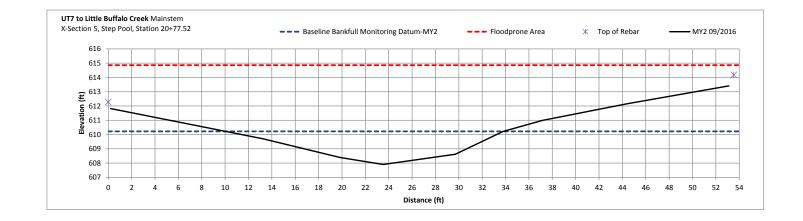
Stream Type	C4b



Station and description 2077.52 UT7-STP1 Looking Upstream



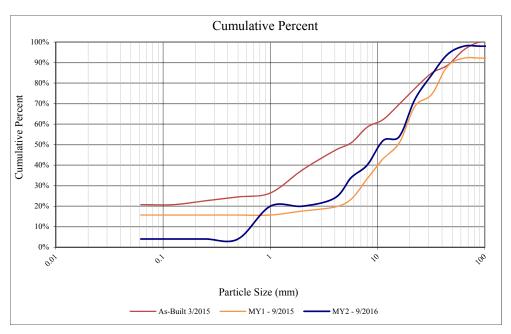
2077.52 UT7-STP1 Looking Downstream

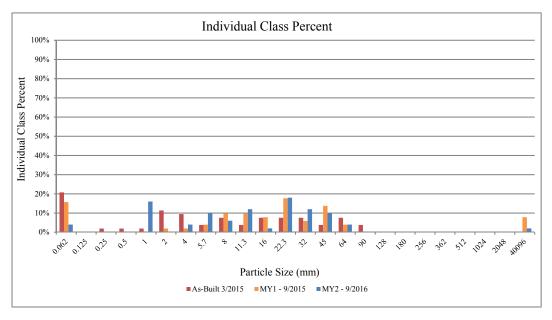


Figures 5a-q - Pebble Count Plots

Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek					
Cross-Section: MS-1P					
	Fea	ture: Pool			
	2016				
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	2	4%	4%
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	4%
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	4%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	4%
	coarse sand	1.00	8	16%	20%
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	20%
	very fine gravel	4.0	2	4%	24%
	fine gravel	5.7	5	10%	34%
	fine gravel	8.0	3	6%	40%
	medium gravel	11.3	6	12%	52%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	1	2%	54%
	coarse gravel	22.3	9	18%	72%
	coarse gravel	32.0	6	12%	84%
	very coarse gravel	45	5	10%	94%
	very coarse gravel	64	2	4%	98%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	98%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	98%
Cooble	large cobble	180	0	0%	98%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	98%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	98%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	98%
Doning	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	98%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	98%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	1	2%	100%
TOTAL % of whole count			50	100%	100%

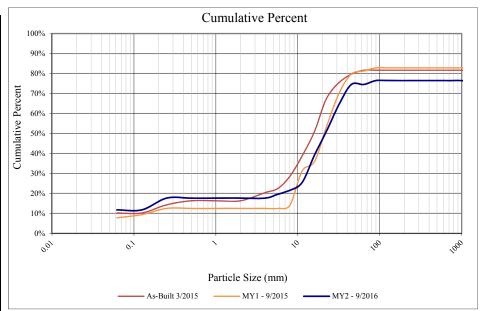
Summary Data		
D16	0.8	
D35	5.9	
D50	11	
D84	32	
D95	46	
D100	Bedrock	

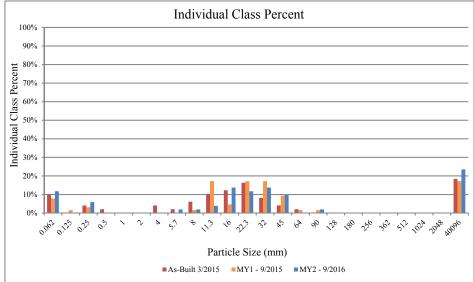




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek					
Cross-Section: MS-1R					
Feature: Riffle					
				2016	
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	6	12%	12%
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	12%
	fine sand	0.250	3	6%	18%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	18%
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	18%
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	18%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	18%
	fine gravel	5.7	1	2%	20%
	fine gravel	8.0	1	2%	22%
	medium gravel	11.3	2	4%	25%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	7	14%	39%
	coarse gravel	22.3	6	12%	51%
	coarse gravel	32.0	7	14%	65%
	very coarse gravel	45	5	10%	75%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	75%
	small cobble	90	1	2%	76%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	76%
	large cobble	180	0	0%	76%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	76%
Boulder	small boulder	362	0	0%	76%
	small boulder	512	0	0%	76%
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	76%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	76%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	12	24%	100%
TOTAL % of whole count			51	100%	100%

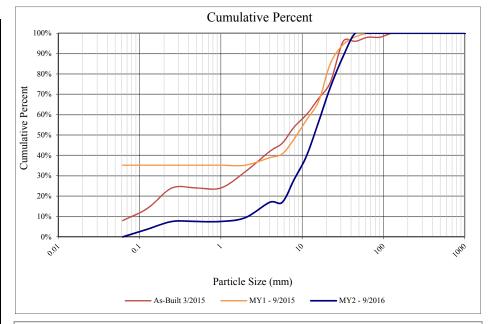
Summary Data		
0.18		
15.00		
22.00		
Bedrock		
Bedrock		
Bedrock		

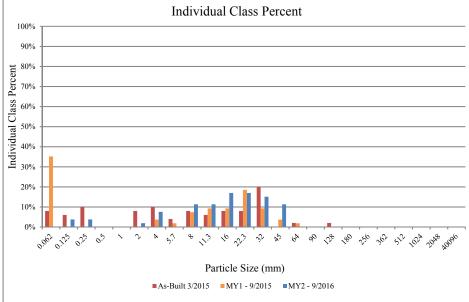




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek					
Cross-Section: MS-2P					
Feature: Pool					
	2016				
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%
	very fine sand	0.125	2	4%	4%
	fine sand	0.250	2	4%	8%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	8%
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	8%
	very coarse sand	2.0	1	2%	9%
	very fine gravel	4.0	4	8%	17%
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	17%
	fine gravel	8.0	6	11%	28%
	medium gravel	11.3	6	11%	40%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	9	17%	57%
	coarse gravel	22.3	9	17%	74%
	coarse gravel	32.0	8	15%	89%
	very coarse gravel	45	6	11%	100%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
TOTAL % of whole count			53	100%	100%

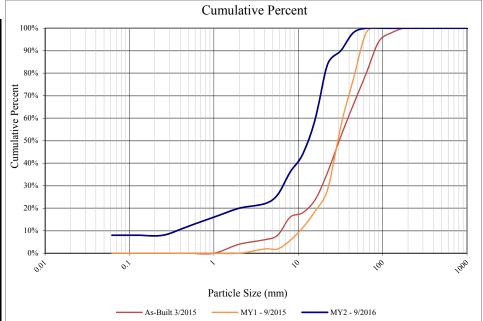
Summary Data		
D16	3.75	
D35	10.00	
D50	14.50	
D84	28.00	
D95	38.00	
D100	45.00	

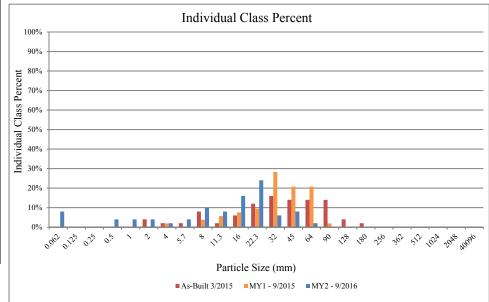




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek					
Cross-Section: MS-2R					
Feature: Riffle					
				2016	
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	4	8%	8%
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	8%
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	8%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	2	4%	12%
	coarse sand	1.00	2	4%	16%
	very coarse sand	2.0	2	4%	20%
	very fine gravel	4.0	1	2%	22%
	fine gravel	5.7	2	4%	26%
	fine gravel	8.0	5	10%	36%
Gravel	medium gravel	11.3	4	8%	44%
	medium gravel	16.0	8	16%	60%
	coarse gravel	22.3	12	24%	84%
	coarse gravel	32.0	3	6%	90%
	very coarse gravel	45	4	8%	98%
	very coarse gravel	64	1	2%	100%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%
	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
Boulder	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
TOTAL % of whole count			50	100%	100%

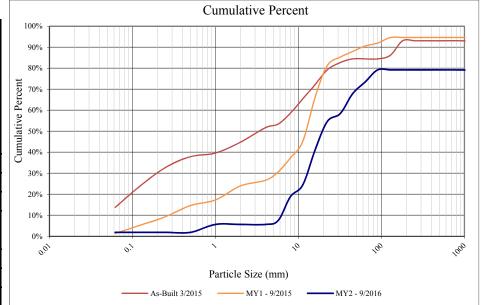
Summary Data		
D16	1	
D35	7.8	
D50	13.5	
D84	23	
D95	38.5	
D100	64	

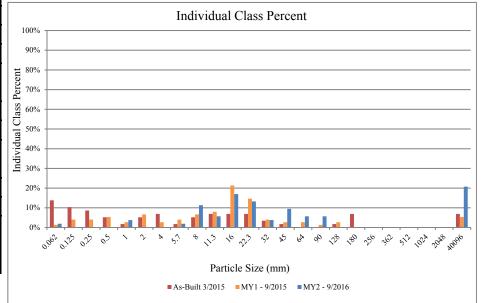




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek						
Cross-Section: MS-3P						
		Feature: Po	ool			
				2016		
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	1	2%	2%	
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	2%	
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	2%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	2%	
	coarse sand	1.00	2	4%	6%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	6%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	6%	
	fine gravel	5.7	1	2%	8%	
	fine gravel	8.0	6	11%	19%	
	medium gravel	11.3	3	6%	25%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	9	17%	42%	
	coarse gravel	22.3	7	13%	55%	
	coarse gravel	32.0	2	4%	58%	
	very coarse gravel	45	5	9%	68%	
	very coarse gravel	64	3	6%	74%	
	small cobble	90	3	6%	79%	
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	79%	
Cooble	large cobble	180	0	0%	79%	
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	79%	
	small boulder	362	0	0%	79%	
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	79%	
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	79%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	79%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	11	21%	100%	
TOTAL %	of whole count		53	100%	100%	

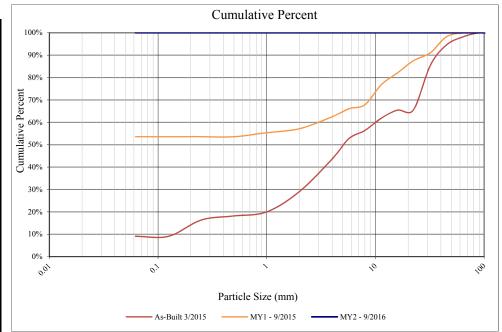
Summary Data				
D16	7.2			
D35	15			
D50	19.5			
D84	Bedrock			
D95	Bedrock			
D100	Bedrock			

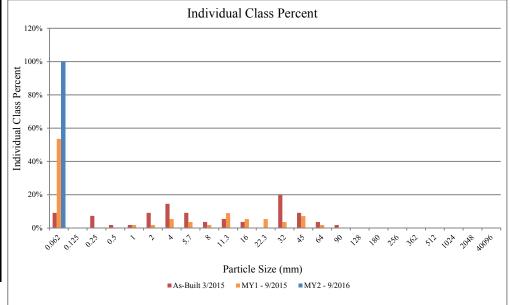




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek						
Cross-Section: UT2-1R						
		Feature: Ri	ffle			
Visu	ıally silt/clay/orgaı	nic		2016		
	No Sample			2010		
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	50	100%	100%	
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	100%	
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	100%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	100%	
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	100%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	100%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	100%	
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	100%	
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	100%	
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	100%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	100%	
	coarse gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%	
	coarse gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%	
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%	
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%	
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%	
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%	
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%	
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%	
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%	
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%	
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%	
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%	

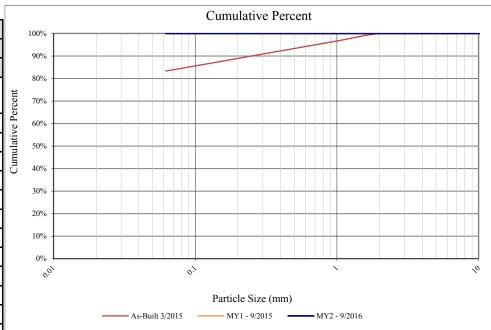
Summary Data					
D16	0				
D35	0				
D50	0				
D84	0				
D95	0				
D100	0				

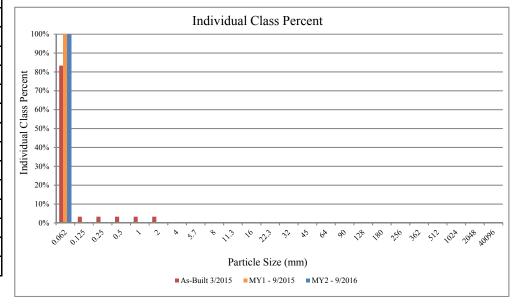




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek								
Cross-Section: UT3-1R								
	Feature: Riffle							
	Damaged by cows							
visu	ally silt/clay/orga	nic		2010				
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %			
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	20	100%	100%			
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	100%			
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	100%			
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	100%			
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	100%			
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	100%			
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	100%			
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	100%			
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	100%			
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	100%			
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	100%			
	coarse gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%			
	coarse gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%			
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%			
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%			
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%			
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%			
Cooble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%			
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%			
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%			
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%			
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%			
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%			
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%			
TOTAL %	of whole count		20	100%	100%			

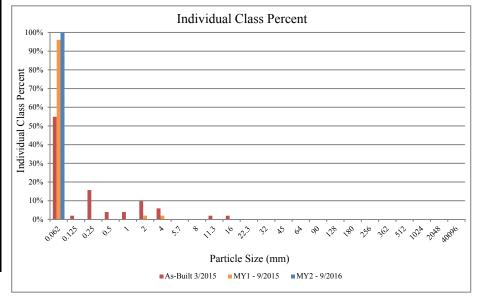
Sumi	nary Data
D16	0.00
D35	0.00
D50	0.00
D84	0.00
D95	0.00
D100	0.00





Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek							
Cross-Section: UT3-1P							
	Feature: Pool						
	Damaged by cows			2016			
visu	ually silt/clay/orga	nic		2010			
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	50	100%	100%		
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	100%		
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	100%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	100%		
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	100%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	100%		
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	100%		
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	100%		
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	100%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	100%		
	coarse gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%		
	coarse gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%		
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%		
0.111	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%		

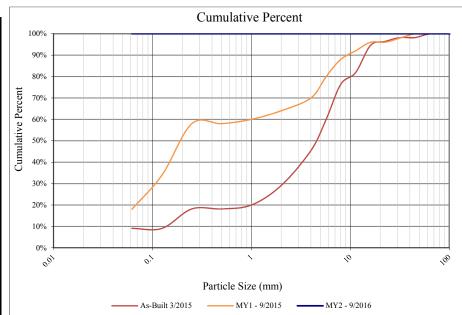
		Cumulative Percent				
	100% -					
	90% -					
	80% -					
ent	70% -					
Per	60% -					
ative	50% -					
Cumulative Percent	40% -					
	30% -					
	20% -					
	10% -					
	0% -					
	00					
	Particle Size (mm)					
	As-Built 3/2105 MY1 - 9/2015 MY2 - 9/2016					

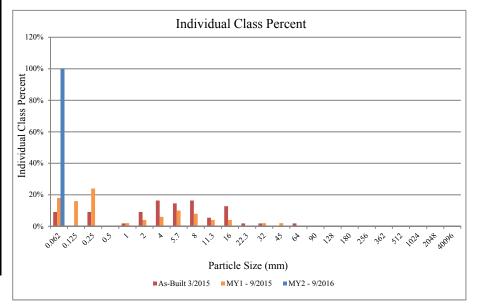


Summary Data				
D16	0.00			
D35	0.00			
D50	0.00			
D84	0.00			
D95	0.00			
D100	0.00			

Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek							
Cross-Section: UT3-2R							
Feature: Riffle							
Damaged by cows 2016							
visu	ally silt/clay/orgar	nic					
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	50	100%	100%		
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	100%		
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	100%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	100%		
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	100%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	100%		
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	100%		
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	100%		
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	100%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	100%		
	coarse gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%		
	coarse gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%		
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%		
G 111	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Cobble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
D14-	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%		

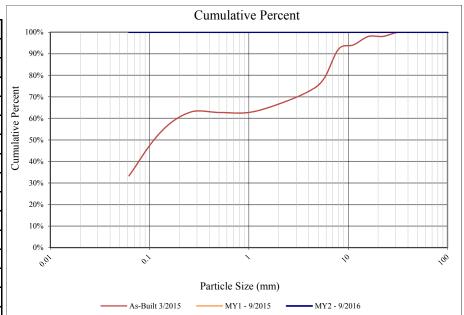
Summary Data				
D16	0.00			
D35	0.00			
D50	0.00			
D84	0.00			
D95	0.00			
D100	0.00			

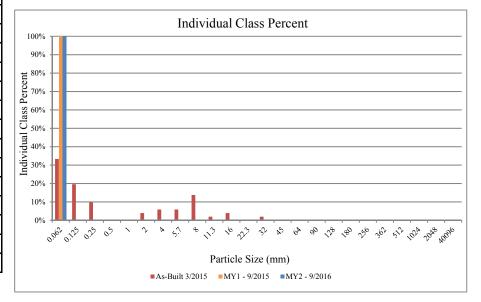




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek							
Cross-Section: UT3-3R							
	Feature: Riffle						
Visually Silt/Clay/Organics, no sample 2016							
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	50	100%	100%		
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	100%		
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	100%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	100%		
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	100%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	100%		
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	100%		
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	100%		
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	100%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	100%		
	coarse gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%		
	coarse gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%		
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%		
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%		
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Cooble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%		

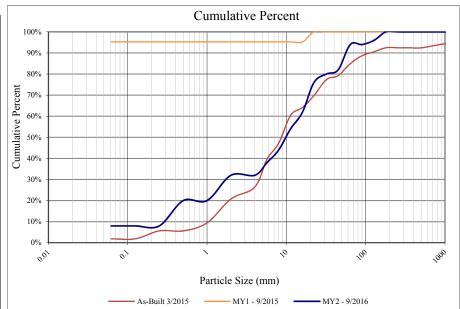
Summary Data			
D16	0.00		
D35	0.00		
D50	0.00		
D84	0.00		
D95	0.00		
D100	0.00		

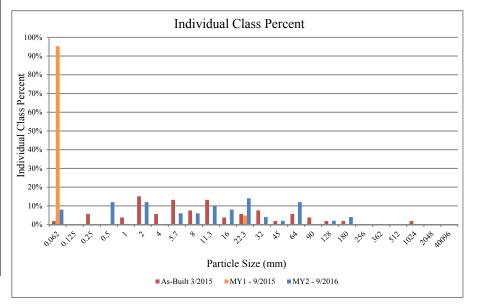




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek					
Cross-Section: UT4-1P					
		Feature: P	ool		
2016					
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	4	8%	8%
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	8%
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	8%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	6	12%	20%
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	20%
	very coarse sand	2.0	6	12%	32%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	32%
	fine gravel	5.7	3	6%	38%
	fine gravel	8.0	3	6%	44%
	medium gravel	11.3	5	10%	54%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	4	8%	62%
	coarse gravel	22.3	7	14%	76%
	coarse gravel	32.0	2	4%	80%
	very coarse gravel	45	1	2%	82%
	very coarse gravel	64	6	12%	94%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	94%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	1	2%	96%
Cooole	large cobble	180	2	4%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%

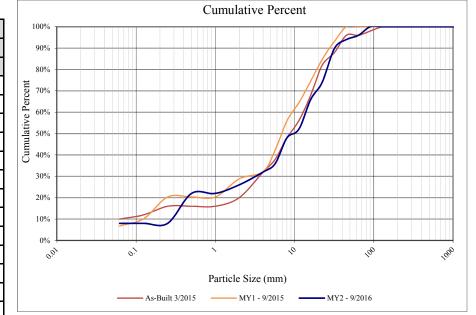
Summary Data			
D16	0.38		
D35	5.00		
D50	10.00		
D84	39.00		
D95	70.00		
D100	175.00		

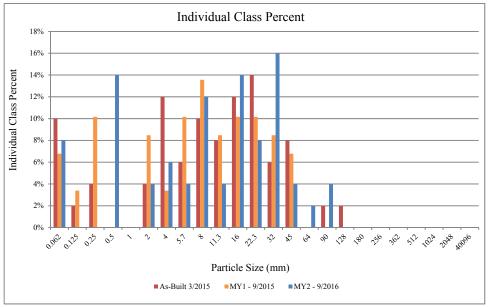




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek							
	Cross-Section: UT4-1R						
	Feature: Riffle						
2016							
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %		
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	4	8%	8%		
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	8%		
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	8%		
Sand	medium sand	0.50	7	14%	22%		
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	22%		
	very coarse sand	2.0	2	4%	26%		
	very fine gravel	4.0	3	6%	32%		
	fine gravel	5.7	2	4%	36%		
	fine gravel	8.0	6	12%	48%		
	medium gravel	11.3	2	4%	52%		
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	7	14%	66%		
	coarse gravel	22.3	4	8%	74%		
	coarse gravel	32.0	8	16%	90%		
	very coarse gravel	45	2	4%	94%		
	very coarse gravel	64	1	2%	96%		
	small cobble	90	2	4%	100%		
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%		
Cooole	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%		
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%		
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%		
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%		
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%		
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%		
TOTAL %	of whole count	_	50	100%	100%		

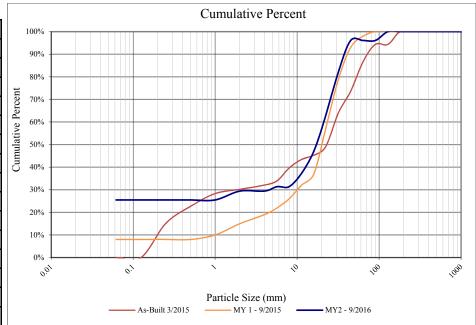
Summary Data			
D16	3.70		
D35	5.50		
D50	10.00		
D84	26.00		
D95	51.00		
D100	90.00		

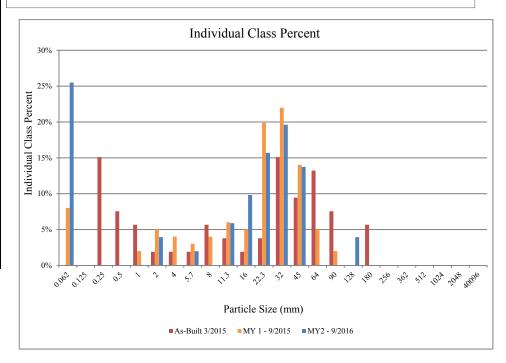




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek					
Cross-Section: UT7-1R					
Feature: Riffle					
2016					
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	13	25%	25%
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	25%
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	25%
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	25%
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	25%
	very coarse sand	2.0	2	4%	29%
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	29%
	fine gravel	5.7	1	2%	31%
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	31%
	medium gravel	11.3	3	6%	37%
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	5	10%	47%
	coarse gravel	22.3	8	16%	63%
	coarse gravel	32.0	10	20%	82%
	very coarse gravel	45	7	14%	96%
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	96%
	small cobble	90	0	0%	96%
Cobble	medium cobble	128	2	4%	100%
Cobbie	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%
TOTAL %	of whole count		51	100%	100%

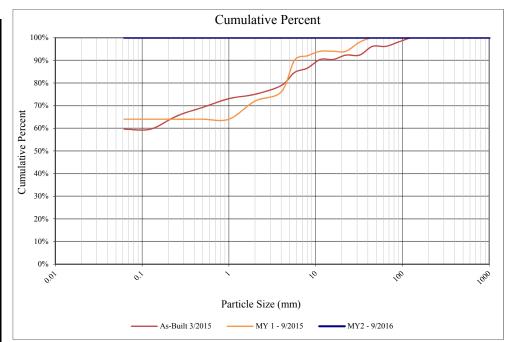
Summary Data			
D16	0.00		
D35	11.00		
D50	18.00		
D84	33.00		
D95	44.00		
D100	128.00		

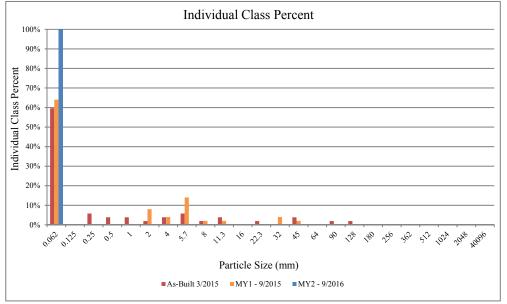




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek						
Cross-Section: UT7-1P						
Feature: Pool						
Visually dry S	Visually dry Silt/Clay, no sample 2016					
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	50	100%	100%	
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	100%	
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	100%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	100%	
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	100%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	100%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	0	0%	100%	
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	100%	
	fine gravel	8.0	0	0%	100%	
	medium gravel	11.3	0	0%	100%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	0	0%	100%	
	coarse gravel	22.3	0	0%	100%	
	coarse gravel	32.0	0	0%	100%	
	very coarse gravel	45	0	0%	100%	
	very coarse gravel	64	0	0%	100%	
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%	
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%	
Cobbie	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%	
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%	
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%	
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%	
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%	
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%	

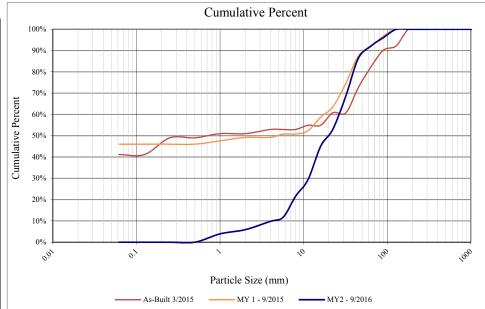
Summary Data			
D16	0.00		
D35	0.00		
D50	0.00		
D84	0.00		
D95	0.00		
D100	0.00		

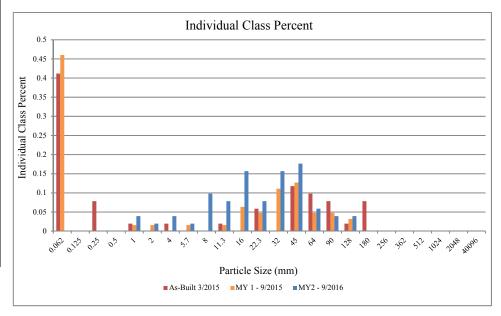




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek						
Cross-Section: UT7-2R						
	Feature: Riffle					
2016						
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%	
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	0%	
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	0%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	0%	
	coarse sand	1.00	2	4%	4%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	1	2%	6%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	2	4%	10%	
	fine gravel	5.7	1	2%	12%	
	fine gravel	8.0	5	10%	22%	
	medium gravel	11.3	4	8%	29%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	8	16%	45%	
	coarse gravel	22.3	4	8%	53%	
	coarse gravel	32.0	8	16%	69%	
	very coarse gravel	45	9	18%	86%	
	very coarse gravel	64	3	6%	92%	
	small cobble	90	2	4%	96%	
Cobble	medium cobble	128	2	4%	100%	
Cooole	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%	
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%	
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%	
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%	
Douldel	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%	
TOTAL %	6 of whole count		51	100%	100%	

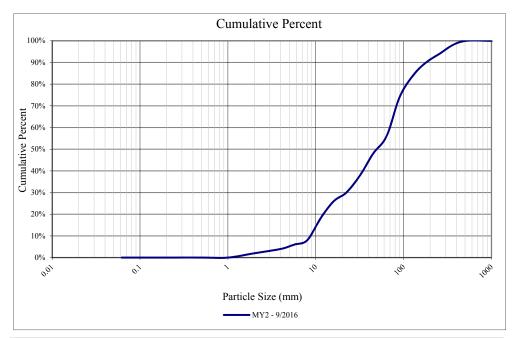
Summary Data				
D16	6.70			
D35	14.00			
D50	20.00			
D84	43.00			
D95	80.00			
D100	128.00			

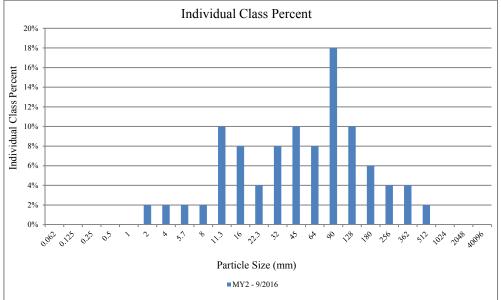




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek						
Cross-Section: UT7-STP1						
	Fe	ature: Step	Pool			
2016						
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %	
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%	
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	0%	
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	0%	
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	0%	
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	0%	
	very coarse sand	2.0	1	2%	2%	
	very fine gravel	4.0	1	2%	4%	
	fine gravel	5.7	1	2%	6%	
	fine gravel	8.0	1	2%	8%	
	medium gravel	11.3	5	10%	18%	
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	4	8%	26%	
	coarse gravel	22.3	2	4%	30%	
	coarse gravel	32.0	4	8%	38%	
	very coarse gravel	45	5	10%	48%	
	very coarse gravel	64	4	8%	56%	
	small cobble	90	9	18%	74%	
Cobble	medium cobble	128	5	10%	84%	
Cooble	large cobble	180	3	6%	90%	
	very large cobble	256	2	4%	94%	
	small boulder	362	2	4%	98%	
Boulder	small boulder	512	1	2%	100%	
	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%	
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%	
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%	
TOTAL %	of whole count		50	100%	100%	

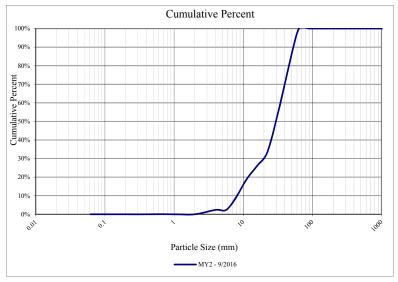
Summary Data				
D16	11.00			
D35	28.00			
D50	49.00			
D84	128.00			
D95	257.00			
D100	512.00			

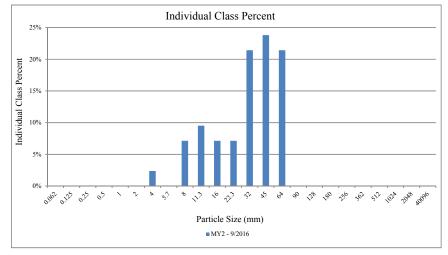




Project Name: Little Buffalo Creek								
Cross-Section: UT7-STP2 Feature: Step Pool								
Description	Material	Size (mm)	Total #	Item %	Cum %			
Silt/Clay	silt/clay	0.062	0	0%	0%			
	very fine sand	0.125	0	0%	0%			
	fine sand	0.250	0	0%	0%			
Sand	medium sand	0.50	0	0%	0%			
	coarse sand	1.00	0	0%	0%			
	very coarse sand	2.0	0	0%	0%			
	very fine gravel	4.0	1	2%	2%			
	fine gravel	5.7	0	0%	2%			
	fine gravel	8.0	3	7%	10%			
	medium gravel	11.3	4	10%	19%			
Gravel	medium gravel	16.0	3	7%	26%			
	coarse gravel	22.3	3	7%	33%			
	coarse gravel	32.0	9	21%	55%			
	very coarse gravel	45	10	24%	79%			
	very coarse gravel	64	9	21%	100%			
	small cobble	90	0	0%	100%			
Cobble	medium cobble	128	0	0%	100%			
Cooble	large cobble	180	0	0%	100%			
	very large cobble	256	0	0%	100%			
	small boulder	362	0	0%	100%			
Boulder	small boulder	512	0	0%	100%			
Boulder	medium boulder	1024	0	0%	100%			
	large boulder	2048	0	0%	100%			
Bedrock	bedrock	40096	0	0%	100%			
TOTAL % of whole count			42	100%	100%			

Summary Data				
D16	10.00			
D35	24.00			
D50	30.00			
D84	49.00			
D95	57.00			
D100	64.00			



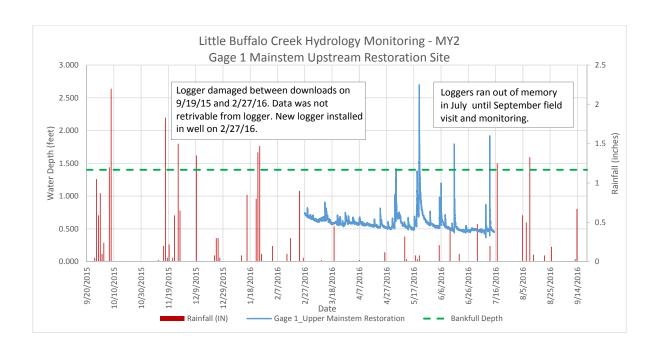


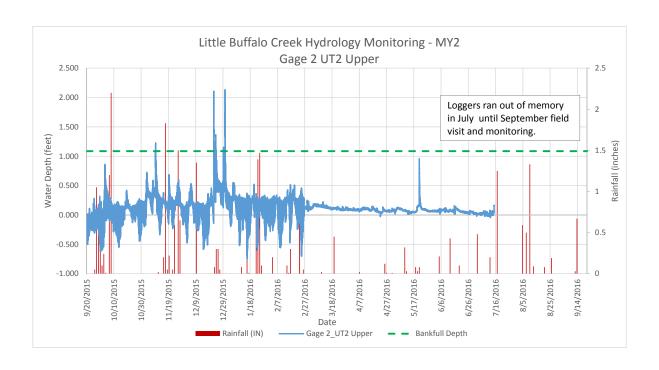
Appendix E – Hydrologic Data

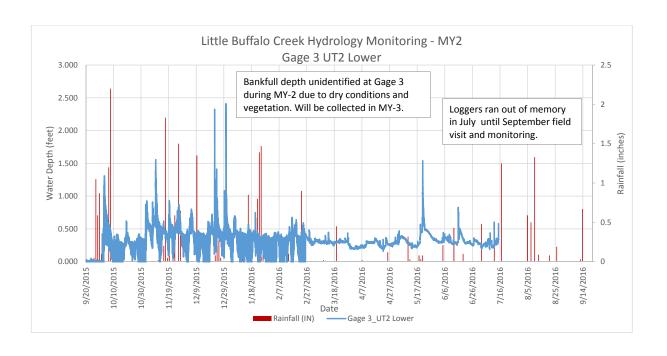
Date of Observation	Date of Occurrence	Method	Greater than Qgs = Q2*0.66 stage? ¹	Greater than Qbkf Stage?	Notes
2/27/2016	11/9/2015	Surface Water Transducer	Yes	Yes	Water level gages at multiple stations recorded elevations over surveyed bankful stage elevation
2/27/2016	12/22/2015	Surface Water Transducer	Yes	Yes	Water level gages at multiple stations recorded elevations over surveyed bankful stage elevation
2/27/2016	12/30/2015	Surface Water Transducer Rack Lines	Yes	Yes	Water level gages at multiple stations recorded elevations over surveyed bankful stage elevation: See Photo Appendix.
9/19/2016	5/20/2016	Surface Water Transducer	Yes	Yes	Water level gages at multiple stations recorded elevations over surveyed bankful stage elevation

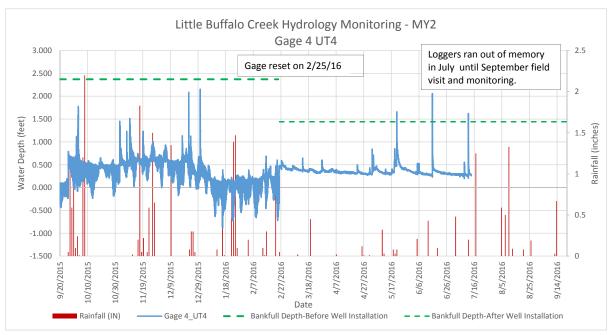
¹⁾ As stage relationships have not been calculated for the Qgs event, it is assumed that an event that has surpassed the identified bankfull stage on site also passed the Qgs event

Figures 6a-e - Water Level and Rainfall Plots

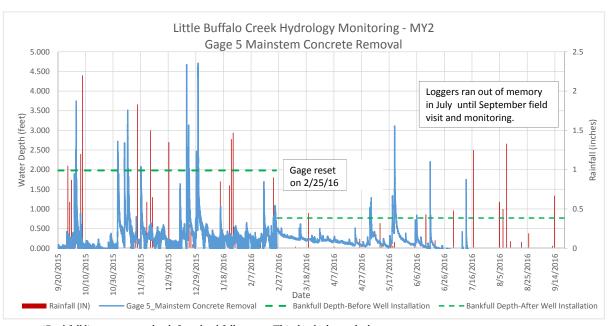




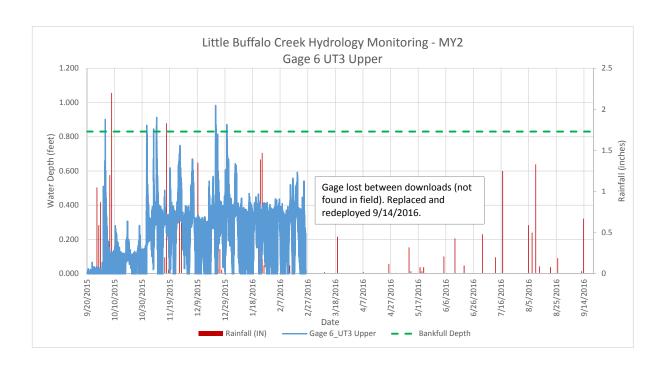


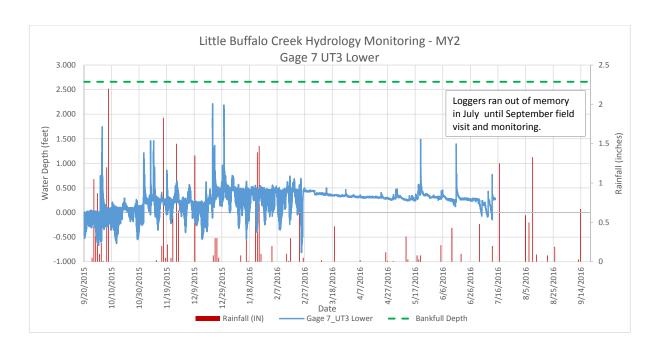


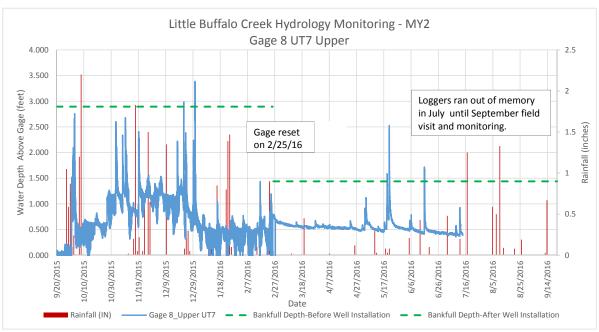
*Bankfull line represents depth from bankfull to gage. This depth changed when gages were reset.



 * Bankfull line represents depth from bankfull to gage. This depth changed when gages were reset.







*Bankfull line represents depth from bankfull to gage. This depth changed when gages were reset.

