

FINAL MITIGATION PLAN

**Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site
Montgomery County, North Carolina
Project No.95350
Contract No.: 004644**

**Yadkin River Basin
Cataloging Unit 03040104**



Prepared for:



**NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Ecosystem Enhancement Program
1652 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1652**

December 2013

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MITIGATION PLAN**

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Montgomery County, North Carolina
Project No. 95350**

**Yadkin River Basin
Cataloging Unit 03040104**

Prepared for:



**NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Ecosystem Enhancement Program
1652 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1652**

Prepared By:



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And:



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December 2013

IRT PROCESS SUMMARY

The NCIRT Review comments and the USACE Approval letter dated December 12, 2013 are included in the following pages to document the IRT Review process for this project. The following is a list of revisions that have been made to the Mitigation Plan in response to these comments:

1. Page 35- Section 7.2.1 has been expanded to describe the beneficial impacts of removing the agricultural pond.
2. Appendix B- USACE Jurisdictional Determination forms are included.
3. Page 32- The credit release schedules for Forested and Non-Forested wetlands have been removed.
4. Page 43- The “Ecosystem enhancement Program Monitoring Requirements and Performance Standards for Stream and Wetland Mitigation” dated November 7, 2011 has been referenced.



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WILMINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
69 DARLINGTON AVENUE
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28403-1343

12 December, 2013

Regulatory Division

Re: NCIRT Review and USACE Approval of the Pee Dee Stream Restoration Project Draft Mitigation Plan; SAW 2012-01077; EEP IMS #95350

Mr. Tim Baumgartner
North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program
1652 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

Dear Mr. Baumgartner:

The purpose of this letter is to provide the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) with all comments generated by the North Carolina Interagency Review Team (NCIRT) during the 30-day comment period for the Pee Dee Stream Restoration Project Draft Mitigation Plan, which closed on 22 November, 2013. These comments are attached for your review.

Based on our review of these comments, we have determined that no major concerns have been identified with the Draft Mitigation Plan. However, the minor issues with the Draft as discussed in the attached comment memo must be addressed in the Final Mitigation Plan.

The Final Mitigation Plan is to be submitted with the Preconstruction Notification (PCN) Application for Nationwide permit approval of the project along with a copy of this letter and a summation of the addressed comments. If it is determined that the project does not require a Department of the Army permit, you must still provide a copy of the Final Mitigation Plan, along with a copy of this letter, to the appropriate USACE field office at least 30 days in advance of beginning construction of the project. Please note that this approval does not preclude the inclusion of permit conditions in the permit authorization for the project, particularly if issues mentioned above are not satisfactorily addressed. Additionally, this letter provides initial approval for the Mitigation Plan, but this does not guarantee that the project will generate the requested amount of mitigation credit. As you are aware, unforeseen issues may arise during construction or monitoring of the project that may require maintenance or reconstruction that may lead to reduced credit.

Thank you for your prompt attention to this matter, and if you have any questions regarding this letter, the mitigation plan review process, or the requirements of the Mitigation Rule, please call me at 919-846-2564.

Sincerely,

Tyler Crumbley
Regulatory Specialist

Enclosures

Electronic Copies Furnished:

NCIRT Distribution List
CESAW-RG/H. Wicker
CESAW-RG-L/C. Wicker
NCEEP/Tsomides



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ATTENTION OF:

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WILMINGTON DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
69 DARLINGTON AVENUE
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA 28403-1343

CESAW-RG/Crumbley

22 November, 2013

MEMORANDUM FOR RECORD

SUBJECT: Pee Dee- NCIRT Comments During 30-day Mitigation Plan Review

PURPOSE: The comments listed below were posted to the NCEEP Mitigation Plan Review Portal during the 30-day comment period in accordance with Section 332.8(g) of the 2008 Mitigation Rule.

NCEEP Project Name: Pee Dee Stream Restoration Project, Montgomery County, NC

USACE AID#: SAW-2012-01077

NCEEP #: 95350

30-Day Comment Deadline: 22 November, 2013

1. T. Crumbley, USACE, 22 November, 2013:

- Any impacts (eg. filling, draining, converting) to current waters of the U.S. (streams, wetlands and open waters) must be accounted for and discussed in the Pre-Construction Notification and the loss or conversion of those waters must be replaced on-site. (the conversion of ponds to stream is considered an impact, but the functional uplift provided allows for this conversion to be conducted under NWP 27. These impacts do, however need to be accounted for in the PCN and the functional uplifts described in detail).
- Please submit the USACE Jurisdictional Determination documents within the Final Mitigation Plan.
- Pg. 32. The credit release schedules include both Forested and Non-Forested wetlands. If no wetland credits are being proposed, please remove these schedules from the mitigation plan.
- Section 9, pgs. 43 and 44, Performance Standards and Monitoring Requirements: It is stated that the Performance Standards will be consistent with the USACE 2003, but additional

District/EEP guidance must also be adhered to. Specifically the “Ecosystem Enhancement Program Monitoring Requirements and Performance Standards for Stream and Wetland Mitigation” Dated November 7, 2011. (Section IV C.) *All monitoring and performance standard requirements need to comply with this EEP/District guidance unless the project was instituted prior to the release of this guidance*

/s/
Tyler Crumbley
Regulatory Specialist,
Regulatory Division

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Environmental Banc & Exchange (EBX) proposes to restore and enhance three unstable stream reaches in Montgomery County. The Pee Dee Site is located approximately 1 mile south of the town of Pee Dee, NC in Montgomery County. The Pee Dee Stream Restoration Project (the Site) was identified in the 2009 Lower Yadkin River Basin RBRP as a stream restoration opportunity to improve water quality and habitat within the TLW. The Site encompasses approximately 18.6 acres of agricultural land and consists of three unstable tributaries to Clarks Creek - Thompson Creek, Dale Branch and Jerry Branch. This mitigation plan describes the details, methods and protocols proposed to generate approximately **6,408 stream mitigation credits**, which includes **approximately 5,992 linear feet of stream restoration through Priority I restoration and approximately 625 linear feet of enhancement**. Approximately 13 percent of the credits are generated from intermittent streams.

General Site Conditions

Historic land use at the Site has consisted primarily of livestock grazing and dairy farm operation. Additional land use practices, including the maintenance and removal of riparian vegetation along on-site streams have contributed to unstable channel characteristics and degraded water quality.

Current stream conditions at the Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site are characterized by incised channels with unstable banks and a riparian buffer dominated by invasive exotic vegetation. Thompson Creek flows into an old agricultural pond that is partially silted-in and then flows through a sparsely forested reach where the channel is incised and degraded. Dale and Jerry Branch flow through active pastures where the riparian vegetation is primarily invasive exotics and the channels are severely impacted by unrestricted livestock access. There are extreme headcuts and eroding channel banks throughout the site that are contributing excessive fine sediment to the channel substrate and to Clarks Creek.

Restoration Concept

Restoration and enhancement practices proposed for this project have been designed with the intent to minimize unnecessary disturbance to adjacent land. Professional judgment has been used to determine which channel reaches could potentially benefit most from preservation or enhancement over full restoration. Where restoration was determined to be warranted, consideration was given to which reaches could best be served by maintaining as much of the existing channel pattern as possible.

Proposed Thompson Creek, Dale Branch and Jerry Branch are designed as Type B4 streams. These channel configurations provide a stable and natural form in the Type II colluvial valleys in which the existing streams are found. The proposed channel dimensions, patterns and profiles are based on hydraulic relationships and morphologic dimensionless ratios of the reference reaches.

The installation of brush, rock and wood structures will be utilized throughout the restored reaches. Log structures will be used to provide vertical stability to the channel and assist in maintaining riffle and pool features. Brush-toe structures will be combined with log structures to provide bank stability and improve structure function. On-site material including brush, boulders, logs and bed material will be used to the maximum extent possible and in-stream structures will be designed to improve aquatic habitat.

This mitigation plan has been written in conformance with the requirements of the following:

- Federal rule for compensatory mitigation project sites as described in the Federal Register Title 33 Navigation and Navigable Waters Volume 3 Chapter 2 Section § 332.8 paragraphs (c)(2) through (c)(14).
- NCDENR Ecosystem Enhancement Program In-Lieu Fee Instrument signed and dated July 28, 2010

These documents govern NCEEP operations and procedures for the delivery of compensatory mitigation.

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1.0 RESTORATION PROJECT GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

EEP develops River Basin Restoration Priorities (RBRP) to guide its restoration activities within each of the state's 54 cataloging units. RBRPs delineate specific watersheds that exhibit both the need and opportunity for wetland, stream and riparian buffer restoration. These watersheds are called Targeted Local Watersheds (TLWs) and receive priority for EEP planning and restoration project funds.

The 2009 Lower Yadkin River Basin RBRP identified HUC 03040104020020 as a Targeted Local Watershed http://www.nceep.net/services/restplans/Yadkin_Pee_De_RBRP_2009_Final.pdf

The 2009 Lower Yadkin River Basin RBRP identified water quality issues due to livestock operations as well as runoff and wastewater from future population growth as major stressors within this TLW. The Pee Dee Stream Restoration Project (the Site) was identified as a stream restoration opportunity to improve water quality and habitat within the TLW.

The project goals address stressors identified in the TLW and include the following:

- Improve water quality within the restored channel reaches and downstream watercourses by reducing sediment and nutrient inputs and increasing dissolved oxygen levels
- Improve local aquatic and terrestrial ecological function via stream shading, habitat complexities, and organic/woody material introduction
- Improve aquatic and benthic macroinvertebrate habitat and associated stream bed form
- Improve site hydrology and attenuate flood flows on-site and downstream
- Provide approximately 18.6 acres of riparian area restoration with a native plant community
- Protect stream and riparian improvements with livestock best management practices
- Protect the site in perpetuity with a permanent conservation easement

The project goals will be addressed through the following project objectives:

- Implement Priority I or II restoration of 5,992 feet of stream and enhancement of 625 feet of stream
- Implement appropriate changes in dimension, pattern and/or profile to create geomorphologically stable conditions along project area reaches
- Modify degraded stream channels to enable proper sediment transport capacity and improved stream bed character
- Construct a floodplain bench that is accessible at the proposed bankfull channel elevation.
- Remove a major impoundment
- Integrate in-stream structures and native bank vegetation

- Plant native woody and herbaceous riparian vegetation with a minimum width of 50 feet from the edge of the restored channels
- Eradicate invasive, exotic or undesirable plant species
- Install cattle exclusion fencing, two new wells, two new cattle drinking stations, and upgrade eight existing cattle drinking stations

2.0 SITE SELECTION

2.1 Directions to Site

The Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site is located in southwestern Montgomery County approximately 3 miles northwest of Mount Gilead, North Carolina (See Figure 1).

From Raleigh, take I-40 West for approximately 5.8 miles. Take exit 293 onto US-1 South/US-64 West toward Apex/Sanford/Asheboro for approximately 31 miles. Continue onto US-1 South/US-15 South/US-501 South making a slight right onto White Hill Road. After about 8 miles, make a slight right onto Monroe Road and then turn right onto NC-24 West/NC-27 West and continue for approximately 29 miles. Make a slight left onto NC-109 south, turn right onto Pee Dee Road (SR1174), and then turn left onto Javondale Farm.

From Asheville, take I-40 East and take exit 152A for Interstate 77 S toward Charlotte. Take I-77 for 2.2 miles. Take Exit 49 A for US 70/G Bagnal Blvd. Continue on US-70 for 21 miles. Turn right onto Jake Alexander Blvd W and go 6.0 miles. Turn right onto US-52 S/E Innes Street and continue to follow US-52 for 28.6 miles. Turn left onto NC 27 E and go 2.1 miles. Turn right onto NC 24 E/NC 27 W/ NC 73 W/ E Main Street. Continue to follow this for 6.2 miles. Take a slight right to follow NC 73. Continue onto Pee Dee Road. Javondale Farm is on right about 1.6 miles.

The entrance to the Site is at latitude 35°15'26.95" N and longitude 80°01'47.83" W.

2.2 Site Selection

2.2.1 Description

The Site encompasses approximately 18.6 acres of predominately agricultural land and includes three tributaries to Clarks Creek – Thompson Creek, Dale Branch and Jerry Branch (See Figure 4).

Historic land use at the Site has consisted primarily of livestock grazing and dairy farm operations. Additional land use practices, including the maintenance and removal of riparian vegetation and the relocating, dredging, and straightening of on-site streams have contributed to unstable channel characteristics and degraded water quality.

2.2.2 USGS Hydrologic Unit Code and NCDWQ River Basin Designations

The Pee Dee Site is located approximately 1 mile south of the town of Pee Dee, NC in Montgomery County (Appendix A, Figure 1). The Pee Dee Site lies within the Yadkin River Watershed [NC Division of Water Quality (DWQ) sub-basin 03-07-10 and local HUC 03040104020020]. The Site is currently utilized for cattle production and contains three unstable tributaries to Clarks Creek - Thompson Creek, Dale Branch, and Jerry Branch. Clarks Creek, which is listed as DWQ Class C water, flows into the Pee Dee River. The site is located within an NCEP targeted watershed.

Class C waters are protected for uses such as secondary recreation, fishing, wildlife, fish consumption, aquatic life including propagation, survival and maintenance of biological integrity, and agriculture. Secondary recreation includes wading, boating, and other uses involving human body contact with water where such activities take place in an infrequent, unorganized, or incidental manner (NCDWQ).

2.2.3 Watershed Characterization

The Site watershed is characteristic of the Piedmont region with moderate rainfall with annual precipitation averaging 47.2 inches. Elevations within the Site range from 390 feet at the northwestern boundary along Thompson Creek to 280 feet at the eastern extent along Jerry Branch. The Site encompasses approximately 6,263 linear feet of existing streams including Thompson Creek, Dale Branch and Jerry Branch.

The drainage area of Thompson Creek at the downstream end of the Site is 0.197 mi² (126 acres). The drainage area of Dale Branch at the downstream end of the Site is 0.092 mi² (59 acres) and the drainage area of Jerry Branch at the downstream end of the Site is 0.158 mi² (101 acres). Land use within the watershed consists of 56 % pasture, 17% forest, 15% pine plantation, 7% low-density residential, 4% cropland, and 1% other uses. Impervious areas cover less than 1% of the total watershed.

2.2.4 Physiography, Geology, and Soils

The project area is located in the Carolina Slate Belt Level IV ecoregion of the Piedmont Level III ecoregion (USGS 2002). This ecoregion is comprised of mineral-rich metavolcanic and metasedimentary rocks with slaty cleavage. The local lithology is mapped as part of the Tillery Formation (€Zmd1) which consists of metamudstone and Meta-argillite, thin to thick bedded, with bedding plane and axial-planar cleavage and interbedded with metasandstone, metaconglomerate and metavolcanic rock.

The valleys associated with the three project streams are Type II colluvial valleys (Rosgen). The valleys present a structurally influenced morphology with valley bottom cross-slopes averaging 7% and a longitudinal slope averaging approximately 3%. The regional drainage pattern may be described as dendritic; however, the local drainage appears to have a subdued trellis pattern, indicating an influence of the underlying geology on the valley alignments. The depth to bedrock is fairly consistent throughout the Site, laying approximately 3 ft. below the valley bottom on Dale and Jerry Branch and approximately 2.5 ft. below valley grade on Thompson Creek. The consistent depth to bedrock paired with a sloped down-valley gradient indicates that the valley slope is geologically controlled. Further evidence of structural influence is expressed in the valley cross slopes. The cross slope on west side of the valley are generally steeper (25% - 40%) than the east side slopes (10% - 25%). This pattern is also observed in the surrounding region and is an indicator of the geologic influence on the valley form either through differential weathering or tectonic activity.

Soils found on site include Badin-Goldston complex, Badin-Tarrus complex, Chenneby silt loam, and Goldston-Badin complex (Figure 3). Streams tend to dry up and water yields to wells are low as this rock contains some of the lowest water-yielding rock units in the Carolinas. All stream beds on site are dominated by sand and small gravel eroded from the riparian and upland areas disturbed by livestock.

2.2.5 Historical Land Use and Development Trends

The Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site encompasses approximately 18.6 acres of pastureland for cattle. Grazing livestock have historically had access to most stream reaches and adjacent terraces. The lack of deep-rooted vegetation and unstable channel characteristics appear to have contributed to the degradation of stream banks.

The current landowner has owned the property since 1954. The land was originally used as a dairy farm and has recently been changed to a beef cattle operation. The current owners created the pond at the upstream end of Thompson Creek in the 1960s. The streams on the property have not been dredged within the last 58 years.

2.2.6 Existing Site Conditions

In order to assess existing geomorphic conditions, cross section measurements were taken at twenty-four (24) locations within the site. These measurements were used to evaluate existing width-depth ratios, bank-height ratios, entrenchment ratios and stream classification (See Appendix C). Additionally, a bed width index and a maximum depth index were calculated to assess departure from reference conditions. Data collected from naturalized streams in the surrounding watersheds, the reference reach surveys and the regional curve sites were used to develop regional hydraulic geometry relationships for reference channel bed width and reference maximum bankfull.

The bed width index (BWI) was calculated by dividing the channel bed width measurements taken from the site by the reference bed width, and the max depth index (MDI) was calculated by dividing the measured maximum bankfull depth by the reference maximum bankfull depth. BWI values less than 1.0 indicate that the bed is narrower than the natural bed width and there will be a tendency for the channel to widen resulting in scour at the toe of bank. MDI values greater than 1.0 indicate that the channel depth is greater than the natural channel depth and that the resulting increase in shear stress may cause scour in the bed.

Vertical and lateral stability were further evaluated by mapping existing erosional and depositional features throughout the site and calculating bank erosion hazard index (BEHI) and near-bank stress (NBS) rating (Appendix C4).

Thompson Creek

The majority of Thompson Creek classifies as a Type G stream with low width-depth ratios typically ranging from 5 to 9 and entrenchment ratios typically ranging from 1.3 to 1.7. The bank-height ratios on Thompson are typically within the range of 1.4 to 3.3. Additionally, the BWI values range for 1.1 to 1.2 while the MDI values range from 1.8 to 4.3. This suggests that channel adjustments have probably neared the end of downward profile degradation and lateral bed widening with future adjustment likely to occur in the form pattern adjustments and lateral channel migration.

The upper end of Thompson Creek flows through open pasture that is heavily impacted by livestock and then flows into an old 1-acre agricultural pond. The pond has partially silted in at the upstream end and has breached the earthen dam at the downstream end. The breach occurred at the lateral emergency spillway location and downcutting is limited by the presence of bedrock. The pond has contributed to the limited function of Thompson Creek by impeding sediment transport and floodplain connectivity, as well affecting aquatic habitat through the presence of algal blooms and siltation.

Thompson Creek, below the pond, has a limited riparian buffer consisting of the invasive species multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) and Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*). The remaining native vegetation has been highly impacted from livestock encroachment. As a result, the channel has become severely incised and bank erosion is contributing fine sediment to the bed. In many locations bedrock is exposed in the bottom of the channel along with the presence of a significant portion of angular, slaty cobble. This cobble is not being supplied from upstream reaches but instead represents an immobile fraction of bed material that is derived from detachment of exposed bedrock.

Along the lower reach of Thompson Creek the channel incision is significantly reduced and the bed material transitions to primarily silt and fine gravel indicating that previous channel downcutting is now experiencing aggradation. The present aggradation appears to be a temporary phase in the degradational process that is primarily driven by a local debris jam and a plugged cross pipe.

Downstream of the existing cross pipe the channel enters a forested reach with livestock exclusion fencing. This downstream reach is relatively stable, with the channel grade controlled by bedrock and mature vegetation providing an appropriate riparian buffer.

Dale Branch

The majority of Dale Branch classifies as a Type G stream with low width-depth ratios typically ranging from 7 to 9 and entrenchment ratios typically ranging from 1.1 to 1.5. The bank-height ratio on Dale Branch ranges from 1.6 to 7.9. The BWI values range from 1.2 to 2.0 while the MDI values typically range from 1.7 to 9.4. These values suggest that where the channel has already down-cut, the channel bottom has fully widened and toe scour is no longer a dominant factor contributing to degradation.

The upstream end of Dale Branch begins at a group of seeps that collect to form the base flow of the stream. This area of seeps is subjected to heavy livestock use as is evidenced by bare soil and eroding banks. Immediately downstream of the seep area, the channel flows into a small abandoned agricultural pond. The pond area is presently fenced with only limited livestock access. The earthen embankment is breached at the center and a headcut is migrating into the pond bottom. The pond appears to have almost completely silted in and converted into a small wetland feature. The present headcut threatens the long term viability of this wetland feature.

Downstream of the pond, Dale Branch is no longer protected by exclusionary fencing and is characterized by channel incision and eroding banks. The riparian vegetation is comprised predominately of the invasive exotic Chinese privet along with multiflora rose and Tree of Heaven.

A pattern of degradation is repeated several times throughout the entire reach of Dale Branch. This pattern can be described in the downstream direction as beginning with a stream that briefly exhibits appropriate channel dimensions and vertical positioning with respect to the valley bottom. This brief expression, usually only 20 ft. to 50 ft. in length, is then abruptly followed by a significant headcut, usually greater than 3 ft. and as deep as 6 ft. Proceeding downstream the channel grade is relatively low (less than 0.5 percent) and the valley grade is somewhat steeper (3 to 4 percent) resulting in diminishing incision until the channel reaches another brief section of appropriate vertical position, which is in turn followed by another headcut. These erosional sequences occur over a length of approximately 200 to 300 feet.

At the downstream end of Dale Branch the channel enters the Clarks Creek floodplain where it becomes deeply incised in the floodplain alluvium. The most downstream end of this incision is characterized by severe meandering and bank erosion.

Jerry Branch

The majority of Jerry Branch classifies as a Type G stream with low width-depth ratios typically ranging from 5 to 7 and entrenchment ratios typically ranging from 1.4 to 2.6. The bank-height ratios on Jerry are typically within the range of 1.5 to 7.9. Additionally, the BWI values range for 0.7 to 1.7 while the MDI values range from 0.9 to 12.9. These values suggest that where the channel has already down-cut the channel bottom has fully widened and toe scour is no longer a dominant factor contributing to degradation.

Jerry Branch is characterized by livestock incursions, channel incision and eroding banks. The riparian vegetation is dominated by Chinese privet. Jerry Branch follows a similar pattern of degradation as witnessed on Dale Branch of sequential headcuts and incision that terminates with a deeply incised, meandering reach in the Clarks Creek floodplain.

Discussion of Existing Conditions

A comprehensive understanding of the erosional patterns and degradational history of the project streams was deemed essential to developing an appropriate design solution to the unique challenges of the Site. The design challenge can best be understood by recognizing that the down-valley grades are generally in the 3 percent range while the bed material of these headwater streams is primarily silt, sand and small gravel which normally would only sustain channel grades in the 0.1 to 0.3 percent range.

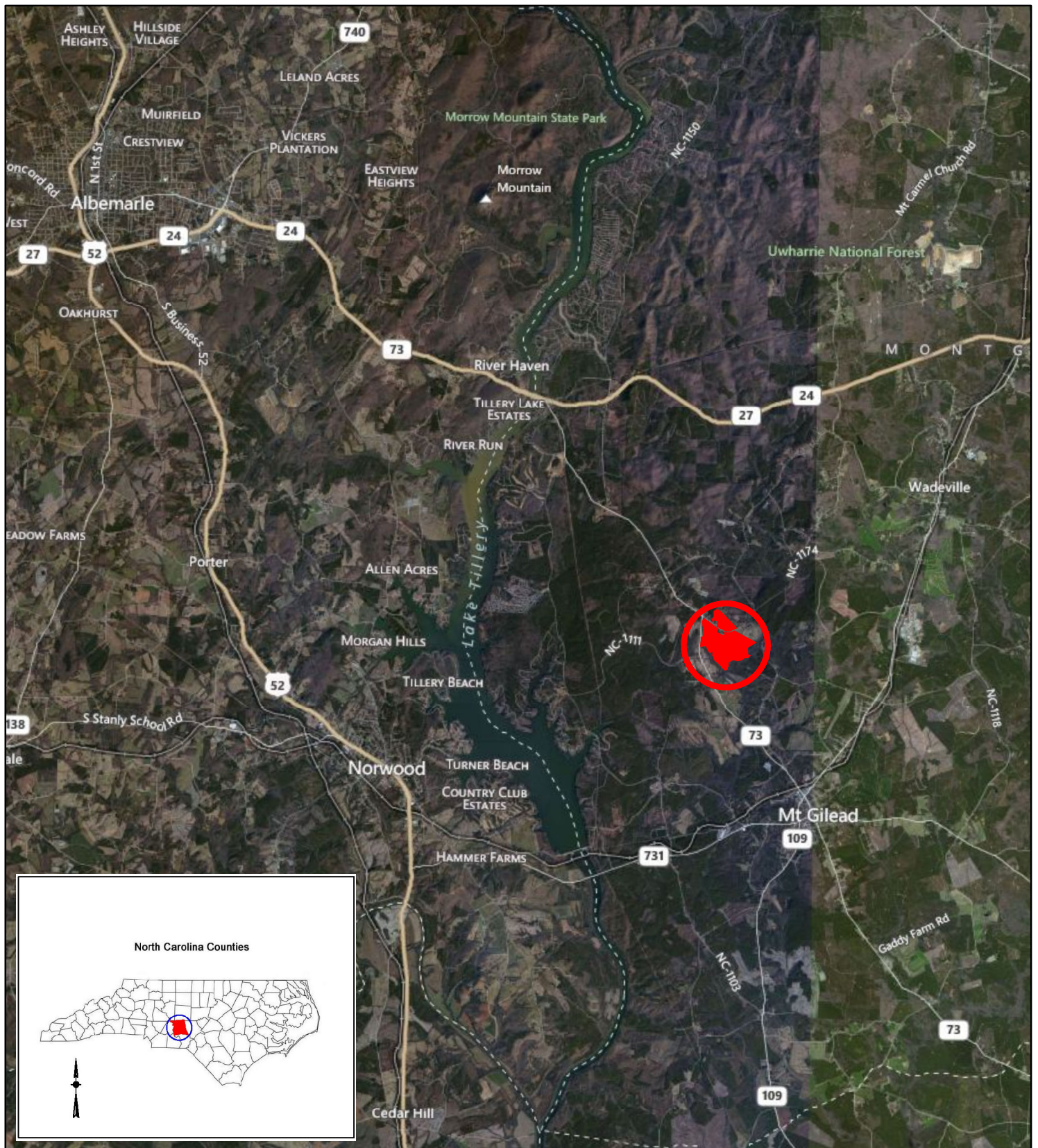
The investigation into the erosional patterns and degradational history of the Site included bed material sampling, exploratory pits and soils investigations. These investigations revealed that accumulation of depositional material on the valley bottom generally appears to only be 6 to 12 inches in depth. There was no strong evidence of upland erosional scars that would suggest a past history of rapid sediment delivery into the fluvial system. Additionally, auger samples did not reveal the presence of a buried 'A' horizon and probes of the channel bed suggested only a thin layer (0.1 to 0.2 ft.) of bed sediments overlying parent material. These findings do not point to a history of valley development that involves significant deposition or valley floor aggradation.

Depositional features such as point bars, lateral bars and dune formations are only minimally present throughout all of the channel reaches. This is juxtaposed to the presence of significant headcuts and extensive vertical channel banks. Samples collected of the bank materials and valley soils indicate a high clay content with a minor fraction of small gravel. The resulting erosional processes are separating the finer clay and silt particles from the small gravel and sand so that only a small fraction of the material produced is accumulating as bed material while the larger portion of finer material is being routed as suspended load by the incised channel.

Visual inspection of the soil horizon along exposed banks, hand auger samples and exploratory pits exposed occasional soil horizons that contained high gravel concentrations. The gravel particles were embedded with clay and the gravel layers were typically bounded by dense clay layers above and below. Occasionally the gravel would grade downward to larger particles. These gravel layers were initially interpreted as originating from fluvial processes and seen as evidence that the valley bottom had been subjected to a history of aggradation through fluvial deposition. However, close inspection of orientation and positioning of the grains along with the embedding matrix revealed that the gravel layers are likely the product of in situ granular disintegration of former bedrock. This observation is consistent with nature of the parent material, mudstone and meta-argillite, which are essentially metamorphosed, lithified mud and clay.

The conclusion of these findings is that the valley form and slopes are likely representative of a paleo-surface formed primarily through long term weathering processes, not the result of rapid disturbance-driven processes of aggradation and degradation. This weathering process has taken place over a geologic timescale that has been strongly influenced and controlled by the underlying parent material and bedrock. Historically, the hydrologic regime and the resistive components of the valley bottom did not result in sufficient available energy to rapidly degrade the landscape. In the past, the forested watershed would have produced considerably less runoff than the presently pastured watershed and the valley bottom would have likely contained a more substantial 'A' horizon that would have trapped and retained runoff in the organically rich surface further attenuating the hydrologic output. Resisting the erosive action of this diminished flow would have been a considerable presence of woody debris supplied by the mature forest and the highly resistant nature of the clay subsoils.

The conversion of the forested watershed into pasture would have certainly increased runoff conditions and the removal of woody debris from clear cutting reduced the stream's ability to resist the erosive forces. Yet these two factors alone may not fully explain the dramatic shift to a degradational state. It is likely that the introduction of cattle and associated input of mechanical energy provided the necessary forces to break down the remaining woody material and the clay subsoils which ultimately allowed the propagation of the dramatic headcuts throughout the site.



VICINITY MAP

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

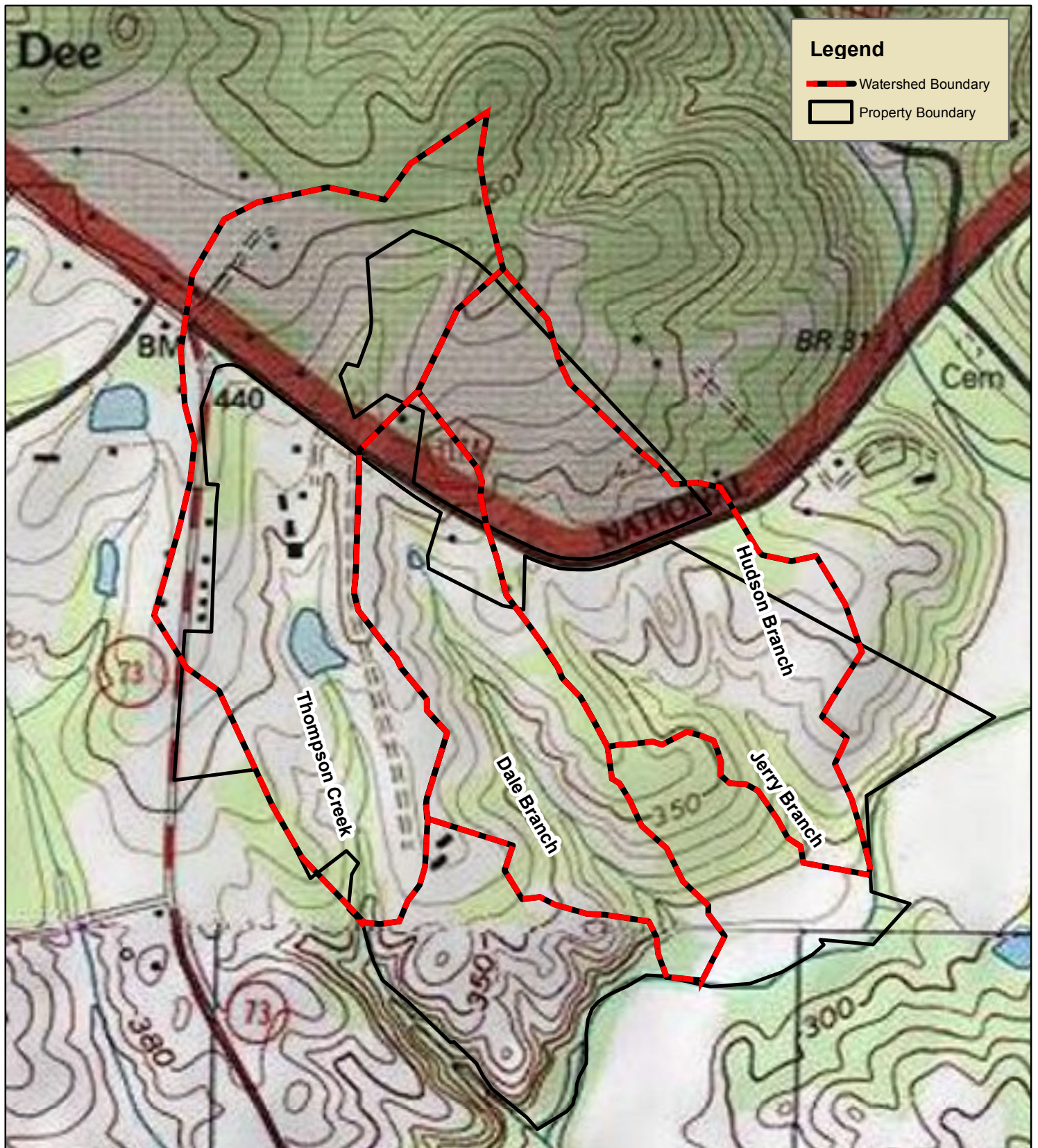
0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Miles



FIGURE

1

Date: 6/10/2013



WATERSHED MAP

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

USGS Topographic Map

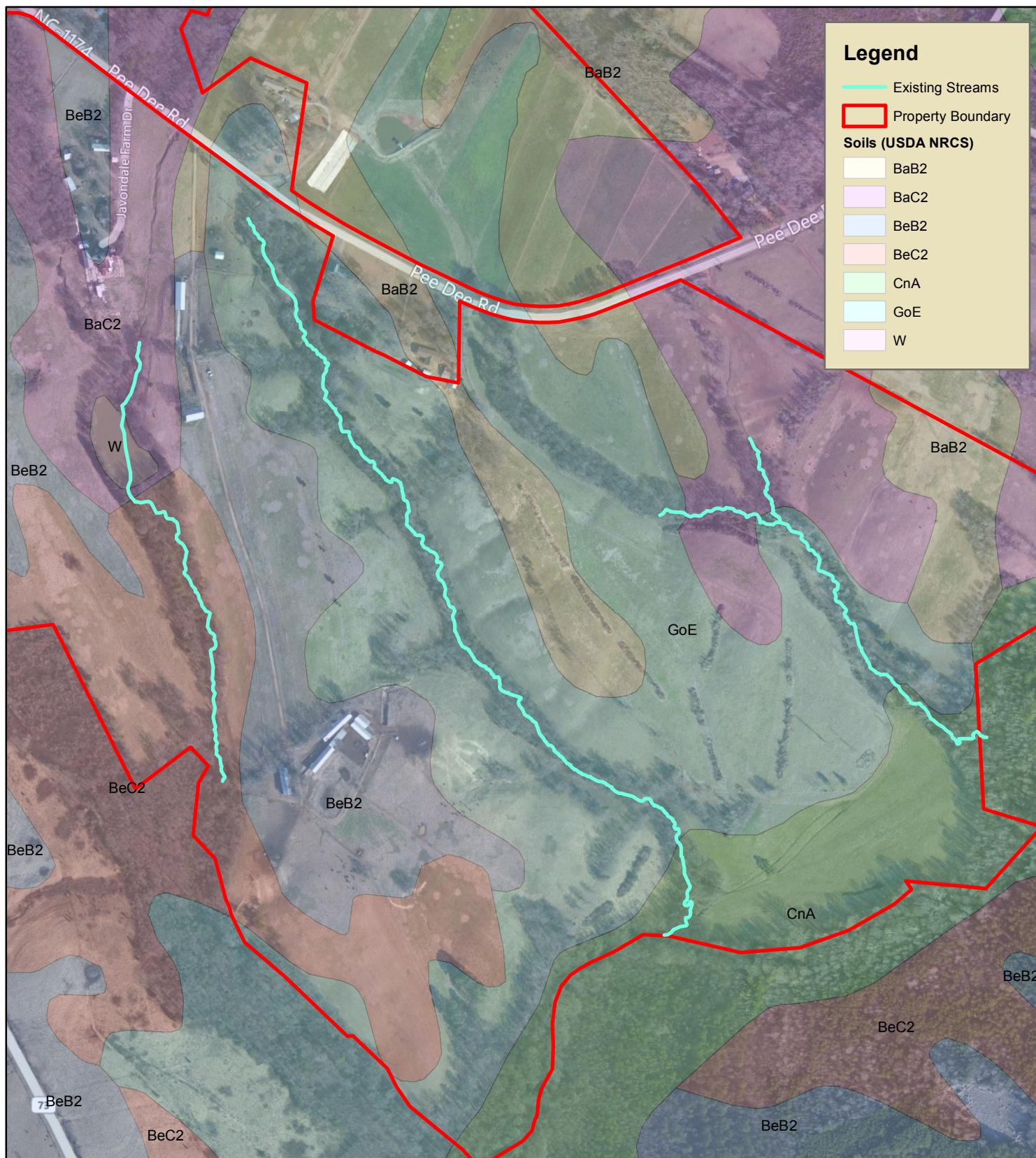
0 225 450 900 1,350 1,800
Feet



FIGURE

2

Date: 10/8/2013



SOILS MAP

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

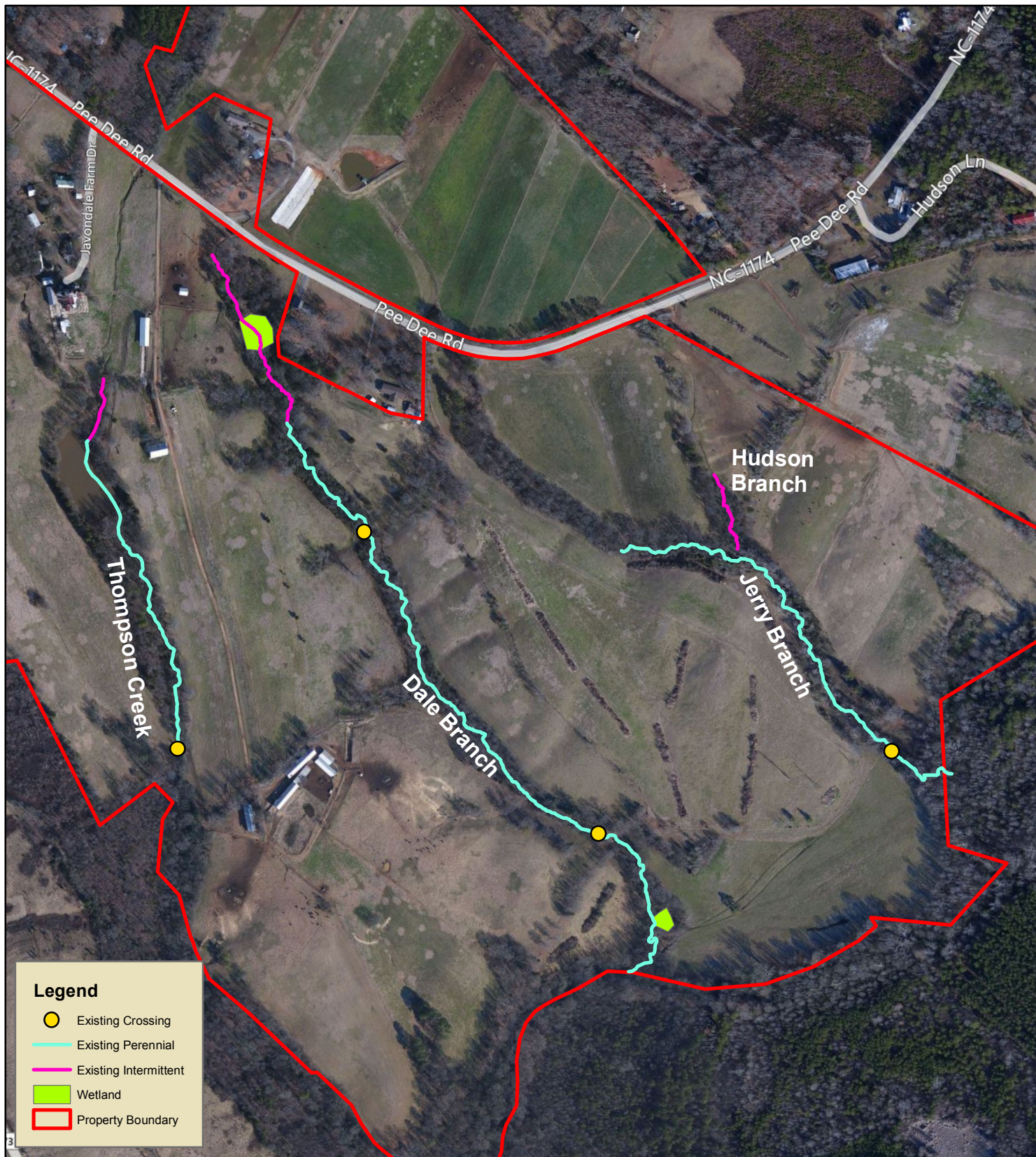
0 150 300 600 900 1,200
Feet



FIGURE

3

Date: 10/1/2013



EXISTING CONDITIONS MAP

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

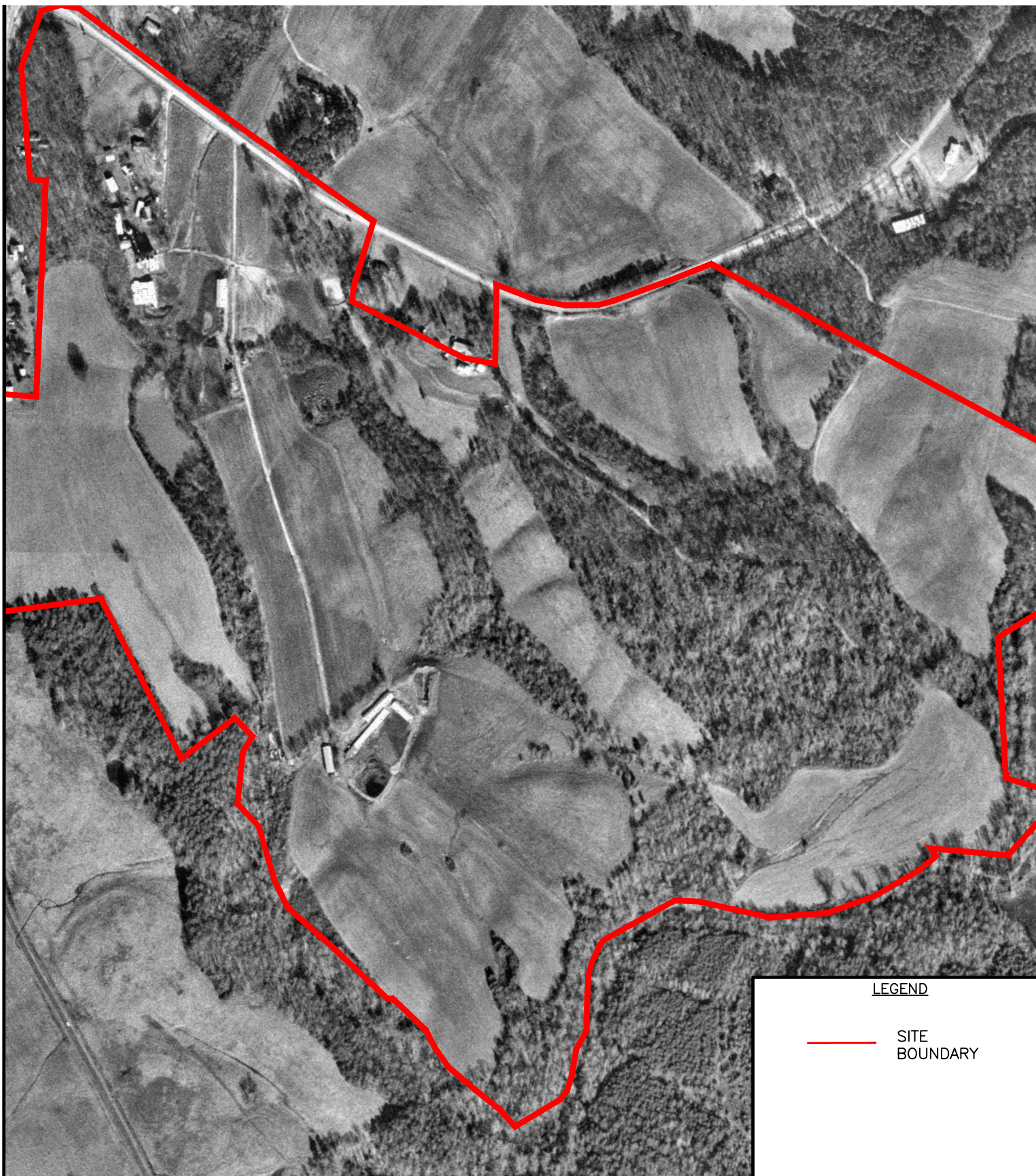
0 150 300 600 900 1,200
Feet



FIGURE

4

Date: 6/18/2013



LEGEND

— SITE
BOUNDARY

PREPARED FOR:



PREPARED BY:



NOT TO SCALE
1993 AERIAL PHOTO
ENVIRONMENTAL DATA
RESOURCES, INC.



HISTORICAL
AERIAL PHOTO
PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
FIGURE 5



Photo 1: Thompson Creek facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 2: Thompson Creek facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 3: Pond on Thompson Cr facing upstream 12/4/12



Photo 4: Downstream of pond on Thompson Cr facing dam 12/4/12



Photo 5: Thompson Creek facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 6: Thompson Creek facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 7: Thompson Creek facing upstream 12/4/12



Photo 8: Thompson Creek facing downstream towards pipe crossing 12/4/12



Photo 9: Thompson Creek facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 10: Dale Branch facing upstream 12/4/12



Photo 11: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 12: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 13: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 14: Dale Branch bank erosion 12/4/12



Photo 15: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 16: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 17: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 18: Dale Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 19: Jerry Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 20: Jerry Branch facing upstream 12/4/12



Photo 21: Jerry Branch facing upstream 12/4/12



Photo 22: Jerry Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 23: Jerry Branch facing upstream 12/4/12

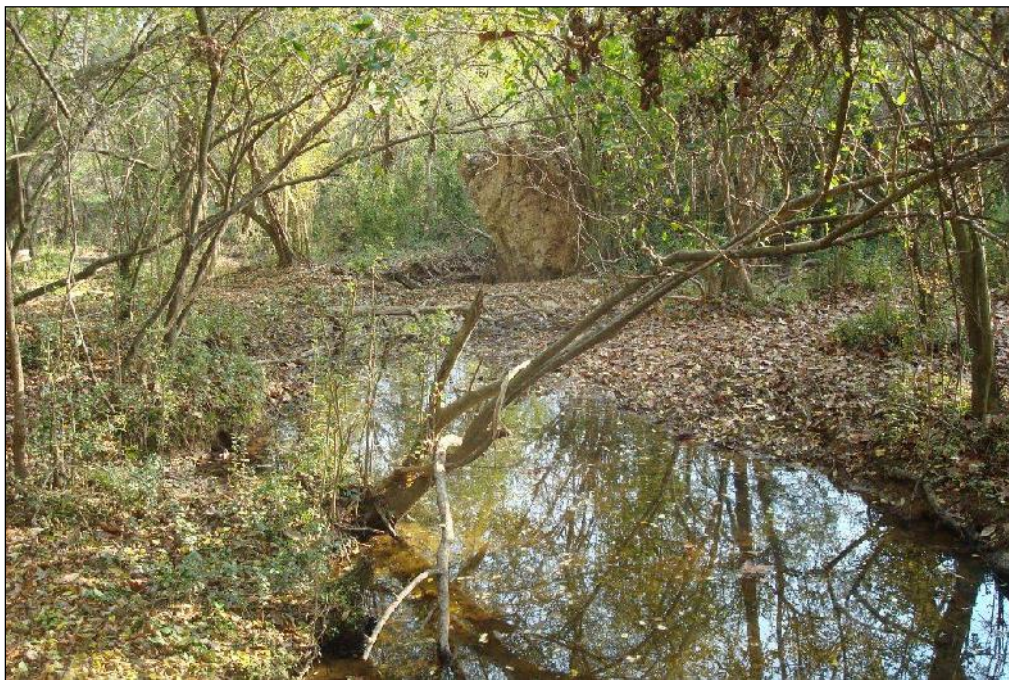


Photo 24: Jerry Branch facing downstream 12/4/12



Photo 25: Jerry Branch facing downstream at fence crossing 12/4/12



Photo 26: Concrete Bridge on Jerry Branch facing downstream 12/4/12

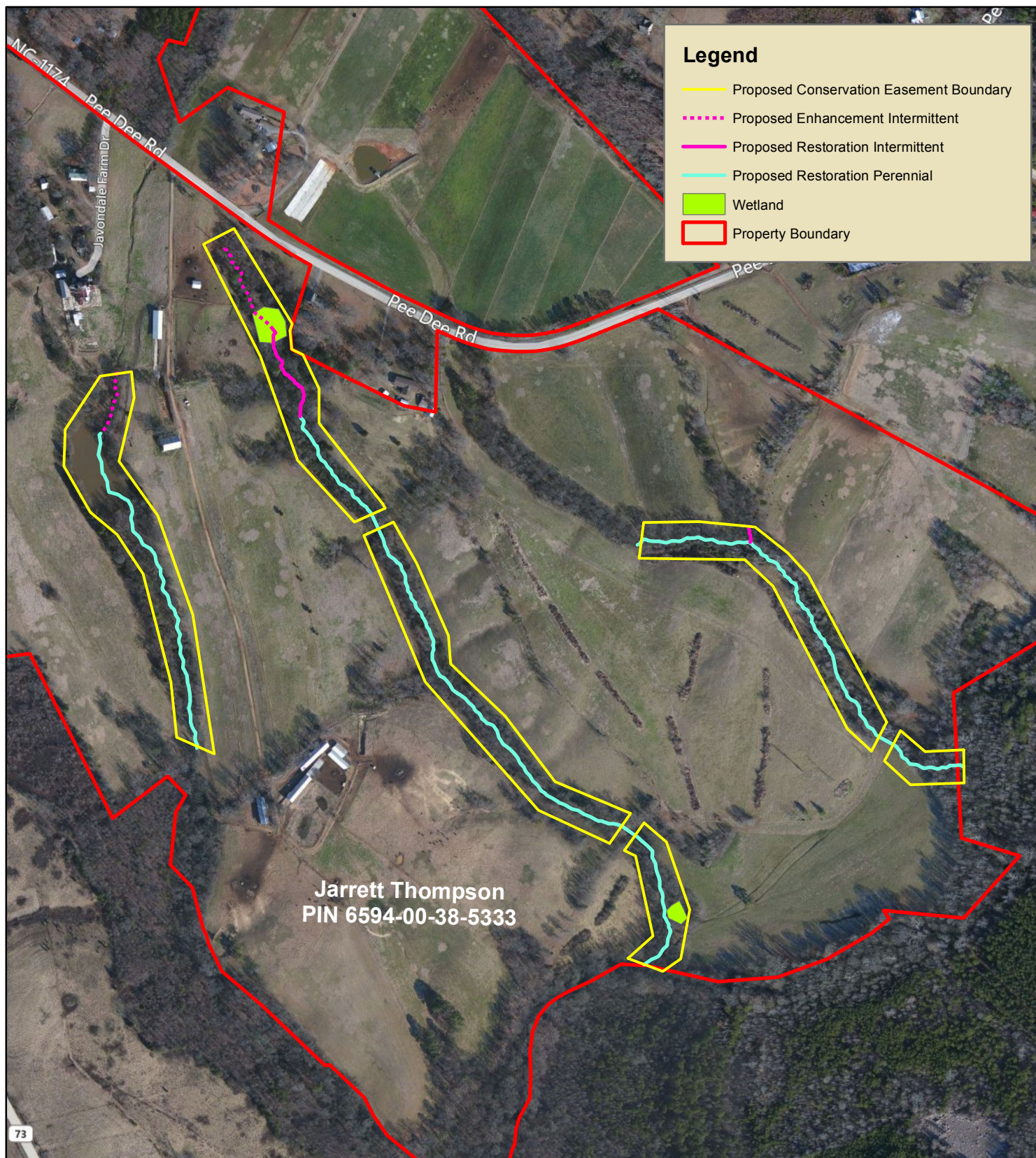
3.0 SITE PROTECTION INSTRUMENT

The land required for the construction, management, and stewardship of this mitigation project includes portions of the following parcels.

Landowner	PIN	County	Site Protection Instrument	Deed Book and Page Number	Acreage Protected
Jarrett Thompson	6594-00-38 5333	Montgomery	Conservation Easement	727-516	18.6

Recorded documents are provided in Appendix A.

All site protection instruments require 60-day advance notification to the Corps and the State prior to any action to void, amend, or modify the document. No such action shall take place unless approved by the State.



Site Protection Map

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

2010 Aerial Image (Bing Maps)

0 150 300 600 900 1,200
Feet



FIGURE

6

Date: 10/1/2013

4.0 BASELINE INFORMATION

4.1 Project Information					
Project Name		Pee Dee Stream Restoration			
County		Montgomery County			
Project Area (acres)		18.6 ac.			
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude)		35°15'26.95" N, 80°01'47.83" W			
Project Watershed Summary Information					
Physiographic Province		Foothills			
River Basin		Yadkin			
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit	03040104	USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-digit	03040104020020		
DWQ Sub-basin		03-07-10			
Project Drainage Area (acres)		286			
Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area		<10%			
CGIA Land Use Classification		2.01.03 Hay and Pasture Land			
4.2 Reach Summary Information					
Parameters	Thompson Creek	Dale Branch	Jerry Branch	Hudson Branch	
Length of reach (linear feet)	1596	2782	1832	53	
Valley classification (Rosgen)	II	II	II	II	
Drainage area	102	58	83	19	
NCDWQ stream identification score	30.5	34	30.5	N/A	
NCDWQ Water Quality Classification	C	C	C	C	
Morphological Description (stream type) (Rosgen)	G4	G5	G5	G5	
Evolutionary trend (Rosgen)	IV	IV	IV	IV	
Underlying mapped soils	GoE, BeC2, BaC2	GoE, CnA	GoE, BaC2, BaB2	BaC2	
Drainage class	Well-drained	Well-drained	Well-drained	Well-drained	
Soil Hydric status	Non-Hydric	Non-Hydric	Non-Hydric	Non-Hydric	
Slope	2%	2%	2%	2%	
FEMA classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Native vegetation community	Agricultural	Agricultural	Agricultural	Agricultural	
Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation	30%	30%	30%	30%	
4.3 Wetland Summary Information					
Parameters	Wetland 1	Wetland 2			
Size of Wetland (acres)	0.30	0.10			
Wetland Type (non-riparian, riparian riverine or riparian non-riverine)	Riparian Non-Riverine	Riparian Non-Riverine			
Mapped Soil Series	GoE	CnA			
Drainage class	B	B/D			
Soil Hydric Status	Hydric	Hydric			
Source of Hydrology	Groundwater	Groundwater			
Hydrologic Impairment	None	None			
Native vegetation community	Non-tidal Freshwater Marsh	Non-tidal Freshwater Marsh			
Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation	15%	15%			
4.4 Regulatory Considerations					
Regulation	Applicable?	Resolved?	Supporting Documentation		
Waters of the United States – Section 404	Yes				
Waters of the United States – Section 401	Yes				
Endangered Species Act	N/A		ERTR		
Historic Preservation Act	N/A		ERTR		
Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)/ Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	N/A				
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	N/A				
Essential Fisheries Habitat	N/A		ERTR		

5.0 DETERMINATION OF CREDITS

Mitigation credits presented in these tables are projections based upon site design. Upon completion of site construction the project components and credits data will be revised to be consistent with the as-built condition.

Pee Dee Stream Restoration, Montgomery County EEP Project Number 95350									
Mitigation Credits									
	Stream		Riparian Wetland		Non-riparian Wetland		Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphorous Nutrient Offset
Type	R	RE	R	RE	R	RE			
Totals	6408								
Project Components									
Project Component -or- Reach ID		Stationing/Location		Existing Footage/Acreage		Approach (PI, PII etc.)	Restoration -or- Restoration Equivalent	Restoration Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio
Thompson Creek 1		100+00 -102+50		250		PI	EI	250	1.5:1
Thompson Creek 1 - 2		102+50 - 115+64		1346		PI	R	1314	1:1
Dale Branch 1		200+00 - 203+75		375		PI	EI	375	1.5:1
Dale Branch 2 - 5		203+75 - 234+50		2407		PI	R	2955	1:1
Jerry Branch		300+00-317+30		1832		PI	R	1670	1:1
Hudson Branch		403+05-403+58		53		PI	R	52.6	1:1
Component Summation									
Restoration Level	Stream (linear feet)		Riparian Wetland (acres)		Non-riparian Wetland (acres)		Buffer (square feet)		Upland (acres)
			Riverine	Non-Riverine					
Restoration	5992								
Enhancement									
Enhancement I	416.7								
Enhancement II									
Creation									
Preservation									
High Quality Preservation									
BMP Elements									
Element	Location		Purpose/Function		Notes				
FB	Entire Site		Protect Stream						
BMP Elements BR = Bioretention Cell; SF = Sand Filter; SW = Stormwater Wetland; WDP = Wet Detention Pond; DDP = Dry Detention Pond; FS = Filter Strip; S = Grassed Swale; LS = Level Spreader; NI = Natural Infiltration Area; FB = Forested Buffer									

6.0 CREDIT RELEASE SCHEDULE

All credit releases will be based on the total credit generated as reported by the as-built survey of the mitigation site. Under no circumstances shall any mitigation project be debited until the necessary DA authorization has been received for its construction or the District Engineer (DE) has otherwise provided written approval for the project in the case where no DA authorization is required for construction of the mitigation project. The DE, in consultation with the Interagency Review Team (IRT), will determine if performance standards have been satisfied sufficiently to meet the requirements of the release schedules below. In cases where some performance standards have not been met, credits may still be released depending on the specifics of the case. Monitoring may be required to restart or be extended, depending on the extent to which the site fails to meet the specified performance standard. The release of project credits will be subject to the criteria described as follows:

Stream Credits			
Monitoring Year	Credit Release Activity	Interim Release	Total Released
0	Initial Allocation – see requirements below	30%	30%
1	First year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met	10%	40%
2	Second year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met	10%	50% (60%*)
3	Third year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met	10%	60% (70%*)
4	Fourth year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met	5%	65% (75%*)
5	Fifth year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met	10%	75% (85%*)
6	Sixth year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met	5%	80% (90%)
7	Seventh year monitoring report demonstrates performance standards are being met and project has received closeout approval	10%	90% (100%)

Initial Allocation of Released Credits

The initial allocation of released credits, as specified in the mitigation plan can be released by the NCEEP without prior written approval of the DE upon satisfactory completion of the following activities:

- Approval of the final Mitigation Plan
- Recordation of the preservation mechanism, as well as a title opinion acceptable to the USACE covering the property
- Completion of project construction (the initial physical and biological improvements to the mitigation site) pursuant to the mitigation plan; Per the NCEEP Instrument, construction means that a mitigation site has been constructed in its entirety, to include planting, and an as-built report has been produced. As-built reports must be sealed by an engineer prior to project closeout, if appropriate but not prior to the initial allocation of released credits.
- Receipt of necessary DA permit authorization or written DA approval for projects where DA permit issuance is not required.

Subsequent Credit Releases

All subsequent credit releases must be approved by the DE, in consultation with the IRT, based on a determination that required performance standards have been achieved. For stream projects a reserve of 10% of a site's total stream credits shall be released after two bank-full events have occurred, in separate years, provided the channel is stable and all other performance standards are met. In the event that less than two bank-full events occur during the monitoring period, release of these reserve credits shall be at the discretion of the IRT. As projects approach milestones associated with credit release, the NCEEP will submit a request for credit release to the DE along with documentation substantiating achievement of criteria required for release to occur. This documentation will be included with the annual monitoring report

7.0 MITIGATION WORK PLAN

7.1 Description of Target Stream

Reference reaches were sought to provide a target for design of the proposed streams. Searches were conducted first upstream and downstream of the Site and then into surrounding watersheds to find suitable references that contained comparable slope, bed material and valley type. No references were identified that provided a stable headwater, Piedmont, small gravel-bed stream within a narrow valley that had a down-valley gradient of 2 to 4 percent. This was not unexpected since only a watershed that had never been logged or disturbed could provide a stable environment for such a stream. However, a Type B4c reference was located on Talbott's Branch, a tributary to Betty McGee's Creek in Randolph County, North Carolina that provides many of the desired attributes.

7.1.1 Reference Reach

The reference reach was selected to represent the probable configurations for the proposed stream restoration. Detailed geomorphic survey and Level II Rosgen classifications were conducted on Talbott's Branch for a total of 309 LF (See Appendix C).

Talbott's Branch Reference

The Talbott's Branch reference reach is located within the Piedmont hydrophysiographic region of North Carolina. The Talbott's Branch watershed has many characteristics in common with the Pee Dee watershed including average annual rainfall, elevation changes and valley type. The reference watershed is located in Birkhead Mountains Wilderness area in the Uwharrie National Forest near Asheboro North Carolina. The drainage area for the Talbott's Branch reference is 0.42 mi².

The Talbott's Branch reach is representative of a B4c channel in a moderately sloped valley (2.3%). Channel slope and valley form of this stream are consistent with the Site and provide reasonable analogues for the potential channel forms that can be expected at the Site. The reference stream has a channel slope of 1.5% to 2.3 %, width/depth ratio of 12 to 20 and sinuosity of 1.05 to 1.10. The bed material of the reference however, is considerably larger than the small gravel of the Site. Talbott's Branch bed material has a D₅₀ of 58 mm and a D₈₄ of 120 mm.

Discharge and Bankfull Verification

Bankfull was readily identified on Talbott's Branch as it exhibited consistent indicators throughout the reach. Verification of bankfull was accomplished by plotting the bankfull cross sectional area against the regional curve data (Appendix C). The graph indicates that the bankfull identified in the surveyed reach is slightly lower than the line of the regional curve but consistent with the range of data collected in the regional curve study.

After verification of bankfull cross sectional area, bankfull discharge was calculated for the surveyed reach using a single-section analysis. Manning's 'n' was estimated from relative roughness calculations of the bed material and from observation of the channel form and vegetation conditions. Water surface slope was assumed to be consistent with the slope of the bed profile. Discharge was then compared to the regional curve data which indicated that the calculated bankfull discharges were consistent with the regional curve data.

Channel Stability Assessment

A detailed channel stability assessment was not performed for the reference reach since the bank and bed stability was apparent from observation. Subsequent review of the surveyed dimensions confirmed that width-depth ratios and bank-height ratios were within the appropriate range for stable, self-maintaining streams. Additional observations included significant upstream and downstream reconnaissance to identify any past, present, or future signs or sources of degradation.

Limited Reach References

Through the course of conducting the reference reach searches, several streams were identified as possessing qualities of stability and natural form. However, these reaches were determined not to be suitable references for the project due to incompatible stream type, valley form or insufficient reach length. In these locations morphological measurements were taken to supplement the data acquired from the reference reach sites. Measurements on thirteen individual reaches included bankfull width, bed width, depth of bankfull, toe depth, and width of thalweg.

7.2 Design Narrative

7.2.1 Restoration Approach

Thompson Creek

Thompson Creek is divided into three main reaches; Reach 1 is located upstream of the old pond dam, Reach 2 extends from the pond down to the existing pipe crossing, Reach 3 is downstream of the existing pipe crossing.

Reach 1 is proposed as a semi-passive restoration of a Type B5c stream through the pond bottom. The earthen dam will be breached in stages to drain the remaining surface water and expose the pond bottom sediments. The topographic survey included soundings of the pond bottom in order to estimate the proper breach elevation however, it is expected that the design elevation will need to be adjusted based on site conditions revealed following the draining of the pond. The pond outlet will be lowered just enough to permit the reformation of a channel in the pond bottom but not to the extent that stored sediments are eroded from the old pond. It is expected that log sill structures will need to be installed in strategic locations especially near the upstream end of the pond in order to stabilize the bed profile. Channel reconstruction is not planned for this reach since construction access into the pond bottom sediments would be difficult if not impossible. By breaching the dam, Thompson Creek will be reconnected as a stream corridor. This will restore stream functions such as floodplain connectivity and sediment transport, as well as improve aquatic habitat. By removing a stagnant agricultural pond and restoring Thompson Creek back to a stable stream corridor an overall functional uplift will occur.

Reach 2 is proposed for Priority I restoration as a Type B4 stream with moderate sinuosity and an average channel slope of 2.2%. Consideration was given to restoring the channel on its current grade since the stream is now running on bedrock in many locations and as a result the profile has stabilized. However, the presence of mature vegetation on the floodplain and the extent of grading and removal of topsoil that would be required dissuaded this approach. Instead the channel will be reconnected with its historic floodplain through a combination of lifting in place and complete channel reconstruction. The proposed channel alignment has been selected to incorporate existing mature vegetation where possible and to minimize its disturbance.

Thompson Creek is distinguished from Dale and Jerry Branch by the presence of large gravel and cobble bed material. This gravel and cobble will be harvested and reused in the proposed channel. The use of this bed material will provide for a self-armored channel with a slope slightly less than the valley slope. The additional grade differential will be made up for through the use of boulder and log step structures.

Dale and Jerry Branch

The restoration approach for Dale and Jerry Branch will be to reestablish the conditions that provided for the historic stability of these two streams. This will involve reintroduction of extensive wood grade control and removal of livestock access. Due to the extent of degradation this will also require backfilling of the existing channels and reconstructing the proper channel dimensions. The disparity between the natural low-gradient slopes for streams with small gravel bed material (0.2% to 0.3%) and the moderately

steep valley slopes (2% to 4%) will be resolved by using logs to create small steps and then having relatively flat channel reaches between each log structure. Since logs will be used as grade control the steps will be held to a maximum drop of 0.4 ft. Where site conditions exceed the slope that can be accommodated within these limitations a threshold design approach will be used to establish an armored reach grade control.

Generally, the channels will be restored as Type B4 streams using a Priority I approach which will reconnect the channel to the historic floodplain. In some areas this will involve filling and reconstructing the channel in its present position in the valley while in other areas this will require reconstructing the channel offset from the existing channel. There are a few locations, particularly upstream of the major headcuts where the stream is more stable and closer to proper position in the valley, where efforts will be made to retain as much of the existing alignment as possible. In these areas log sills will be used to adjust and stabilize the profile and the channel will be raised in place.

Dale Branch

Dale Branch is divided into five reaches, based on significant changes in drainage area. Reach 1 is located at the upstream end; from the seep heads to the abandoned pond dam. Reach 2 extends from the pond to the existing timber crossing. Reach 3 extends from the timber crossing to main ephemeral tributary on the west side. Reach 4 is located downstream of the west tributary to the existing ford crossing and Reach 5 is downstream of the existing ford crossing.

Reach 1 is proposed for enhancement by stabilizing existing banks and slopes near the seep heads, removal of invasive species and replanting of the riparian buffer. At the downstream end of Reach 1 the breach in the dam embankment will be stabilized to prevent future headcutting and degradation of the wetland feature in the abandoned pond bottom. Reach 2 is proposed for Priority I restoration by using a significant portion of the existing channel alignment and raising the channel in place. Some alignment alterations will be required to correct severe meanders or reduce bank scour potential.

Reaches 3, 4 and 5 are proposed for Priority I restoration and will follow the above described general approach with the exception of a few transitional reaches. One of these reaches is at the downstream end of Reach 5 which flows into the Clarks Creek floodplain. In this area a Priority II approach will be required to transition down to the grade of Clarks Creek.

Jerry Branch

Jerry Branch is divided into three reaches; Reach 1 is located above the confluence with Hudson Branch. Reach 2 is located below the confluence with Hudson Branch and Reach 3 is located at the downstream end of the Site. All three reaches are proposed for Priority I restoration and will follow the above described general approach with the exception of a few transitional reaches. Similar to the downstream in of Dale, the lower end of Reach 3 which flows into the Clarks Creek floodplain involve a Priority II approach to transition down to the grade of Clarks Creek.

Hudson Branch

Hudson Branch is proposed for Priority I restoration of a Type B4 stream. Hudson will be raised in place using log sills to set the profile grade and backfilling the majority of the existing channel. Some channel reconstruction will be required to properly connect Hudson to the restored Jerry Branch.

7.2.2 Restoration Methods

Restoration of Type B4 and B4c streams will consist of constructing a low sinuosity (1.05) stream with a moderate width-depth ratio (13-19) that accesses the floodplain at greater-than-bankfull flows. Existing bed material will be harvested for reuse in the constructed channel to the maximum extent practical. On-site sources have been identified for supplementing the available bed material. In some locations steeper channel gradients do not allow for the stable placement of on-site bed material. In these areas the riffles

will require armoring with larger caliber quarry stone. Where quarry stone is used it will be mixed with on-site material to reduce voids and provide substrate consistency.

In some locations topographic constraints prevent Priority I restoration and it will be necessary to construct a bankfull bench. Along these reaches, topsoil will be removed prior to excavation and stockpiled. After completion of grading operations, topsoil will be redistributed across the floodplain bench to facilitate vegetation success.

Log structures will be used to provide vertical stability to the channel, assist in maintaining riffle and pool features and to provide habitat diversity. Brush-toe structures will be installed in combination with the log structures to provide bank stability, increase bank roughness and provide aquatic habitat diversity.

Trees with diameters in the range of 12" to 24" will be harvested from the site or nearby property for use as in-stream structures. Small diameter (less than 6") woody plants suitable for transplanting will be harvested on-site where available.

Earthwork activities will include excavation of the proposed channels, partial or complete backfilling of existing channels and removal of existing spoil berms. Grading work is designed to restore or mimic natural contours. During construction, all wetland areas will be protected from construction activities by construction barrier fencing.

Cross pipes will be oversized so that the pipe diameter will be comparable to the channel bed width where practical. The invert of the pipe will be buried below the bed of the channel to allow bed material to pass through the pipe. A boulder grade control structure will be placed downstream of the pipe to hold the low water surface just above the outlet and allow for aquatic life passage.

Best Management Practice (BMP) devices will be used in several areas to provide sediment removal from areas of concentrated runoff. In these areas where runoff collects from adjacent agriculture land, a small sediment basin with a riprap outfall will be constructed to trap sediment prior to entering the stream. The BMP's will be maintained during construction, however, it is expected that following completion of the project the basins will gradually fill in and become vegetated. No long term maintenance will be performed on the basins.

All disturbed areas will be stabilized with temporary and permanent seed and covered with straw or mulch. Live stakes will be installed on the stream banks in accordance with the planting plan in Appendix D. The entire conservation easement area will be planted with bare root seedlings in accordance with the planting plan in Appendix D.

7.2.3 Data Analysis

Hydraulic and Hydrologic Analysis

Design typical channel sections were developed using the hydraulic geometry curves assembled from data of locations on site, immediately adjacent to the site, within the watershed and the neighboring watersheds (See Appendix C1). Trend lines fit to this data set were used to calculate target hydraulic geometry and establish proposed channel dimensions. Hydraulic geometries of the proposed sections were then compared to regional, reference and existing channel values.

The proposed channel sections were evaluated for their ability to convey the bankfull flows and the flood flows of the watershed by performing a hydraulic analysis. Flood flow hydrology was based on USGS Regional Regression equations for the Blue Ridge-Piedmont hydrologic area. Bankfull discharge was based on the NRCS revised regional curves for the North Carolina Mountain and Piedmont hydrologic area. The analysis consisted of first modeling the existing conditions with the HEC-RAS water surface profile model. Cross sections were taken through the channel and the adjacent valley at representative

locations throughout the project reach. Existing hydraulic conditions were evaluated and the model calibrated based on available site data.

The ability to accurately verify bankfull within the site is limited by the degraded channel conditions and the lack of clear bankfull indicators. On a coarse scale, the existing HEC-RAS model does indicate bankfull water surface elevations within the channel banks where the channel is incised and above inner berm features where present.

Proposed conditions were analyzed by revising the existing sections based on the proposed channel geometry and by revising the model to reflect proposed pattern conditions and anticipated future roughness coefficients. Comparison of the existing and proposed HEC-RAS models provided assistance in the analysis of the sediment transport, bankfull flow capacity and confirmation that there will be no hydraulic trespass onto adjacent properties.

Sediment Competence Analysis

Data collection for sediment competence analysis included bar material and bed material bulk samples. The bed material consists of a mix of sand and small gravel with a large constituent being composed of sand (20%-40%). Bed material collected in the sediment pits following a near bankfull event indicate that the total sand content may be as high as 90% to 95%, leaving only 5% to 10% of the mobile bed material to be composed of small gravel. Pebble counts and bulk bed material samples consistently indicate the D_{50} to be 5 to 8 mm and D_{84} to be 11 to 15 mm. However, this may overestimate the actual representative particle sizes given the findings from the sediment pit samples. In either case, shear stress calculations for particle sizes less than 10 to 20 mm should always be considered suspect as this represents the practical limit for competence calculations. For Dale, Jerry and Hudson, 6 mm was selected for the representative particle size which results in a design slope range of 0.19% to 0.34%. These slopes are consistent with measured stable riffles identified within the site.

Shear stress calculations for Thompson Creek were performed to establish the maximum slope for a threshold design channel. The coarse sediment sample taken on Thompson Creek had a D_{50} of 54 mm and a D_{84} of 140 mm. The representative particle size was selected to be 25 mm in order to provide a safety factor of 2 for non-mobilization of the fraction of larger particles. The design slope range of 0.65% to 0.81% is predicted to provide the conditions necessary for self-armoring but still allow for routing of the sand and small gravel supplied the watershed.

Sediment Capacity Analysis

In order to assist in evaluating the sediment capacity, a set of consecutive pit traps were installed in the stream bed at the downstream end of a relatively stable reach of Dale Branch. Two samples were collected from the pit traps following rainfall events. These samples were sieved and weighed. The second sample collected from the pit trap was following a rainfall event that registered 0.85 ft. on the crest gauge. From this sample it was estimated that the total bed load was between 0.15 to 0.25 tons for this near-bankfull event.

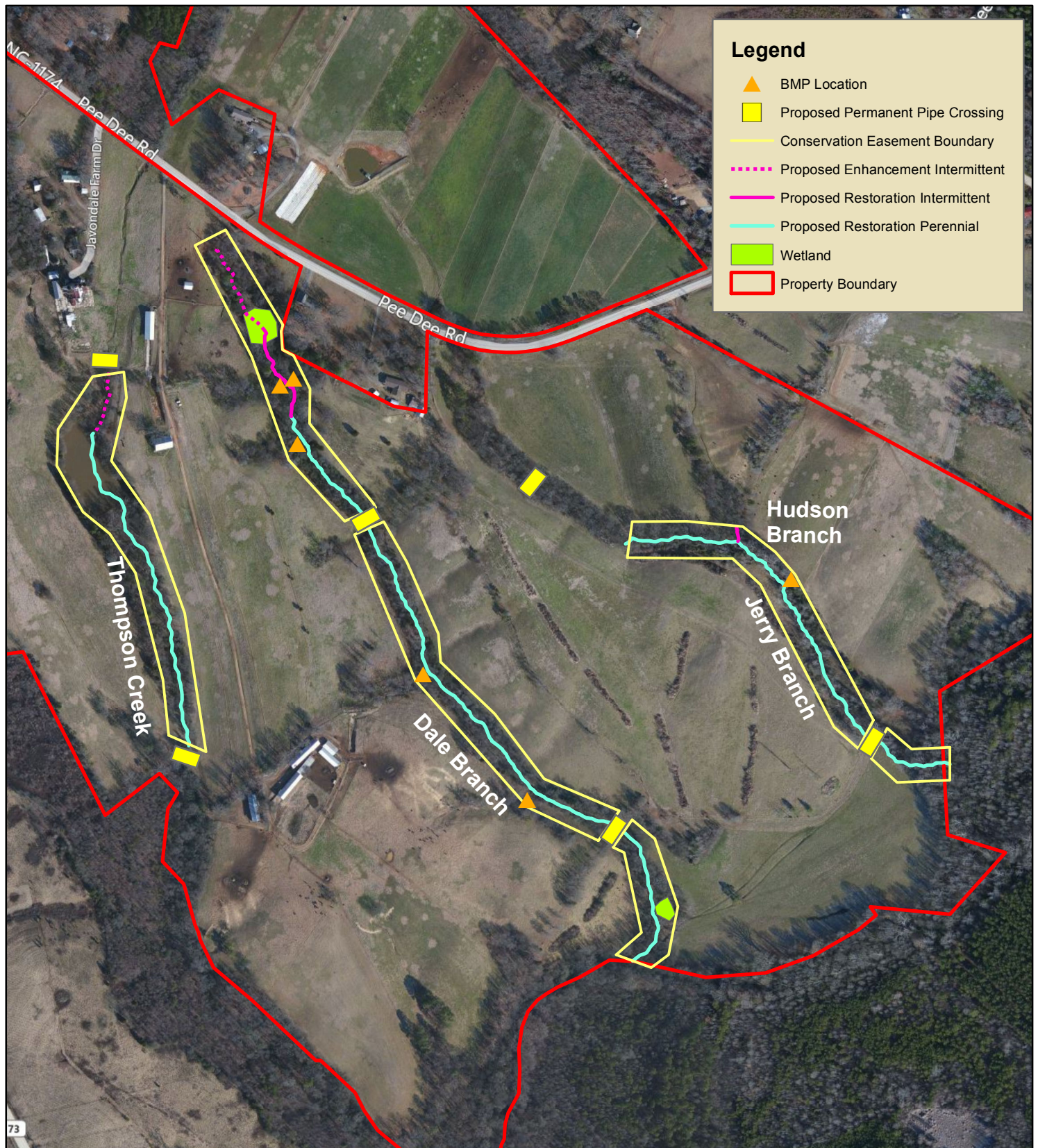
A flow duration hydrograph was constructed to simulate the second sampling event in order to model sediment transport using the quasi-unsteady flow routine in HEC-RAS. Seven sediment transport functions were evaluated for consistency with sediment data collected in the pit traps. The Wilcock transport function provided results that fit best with the data. The Wilcock function predicted 0.20 to 0.29 tons of cumulative sediment output while the other sediment transport function predicted sediment output values more than one order of magnitude greater than the estimated load. Based on this correlation, the Wilcock function was used to evaluate sediment capacity under existing and proposed conditions.

Two quasi-unsteady simulations were run in HEC-RAS to qualitatively evaluate the sediment transport capacity. The modeling consisted of running the 2-year and the 10-year discharge for a constant 1 and 2

hour simulation, respectively, on a 0.1 hour computational increment cycle. Existing and proposed models were compared for differences in channel bed elevation and cumulative sediment output.

Bed invert changes are nearly 0 ft. for the 2-year and 10-year flow. With respect to cumulative mass output the model predicts a similar volume for proposed bankfull as for existing bankfull and an approximate reduction of 20% and 80% in the sediment output in the 2-year and 10-year events, respectively. This is primarily in response to the proposed reconfiguration of the channel geometry which will reduce elevated shear stress associated with the presently incised channel. Given the limited predicted change in proposed channel invert elevation this can be interpreted as not resulting in aggradation.

The design configuration was also evaluated for sediment transport capacity by assessing continuity and magnitude of stream power. Generally the proposed conditions model show a significant decrease in stream power in all storm events. The decrease in stream power is to be expected due to the proposed increase in channel width/depth ratio and the elimination of the channel incision. However, this should not be a concern since the actual stream power values are sufficiently high to transport the sand particles which constitute the main wash load component.



PROPOSED CONDITIONS MAP

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

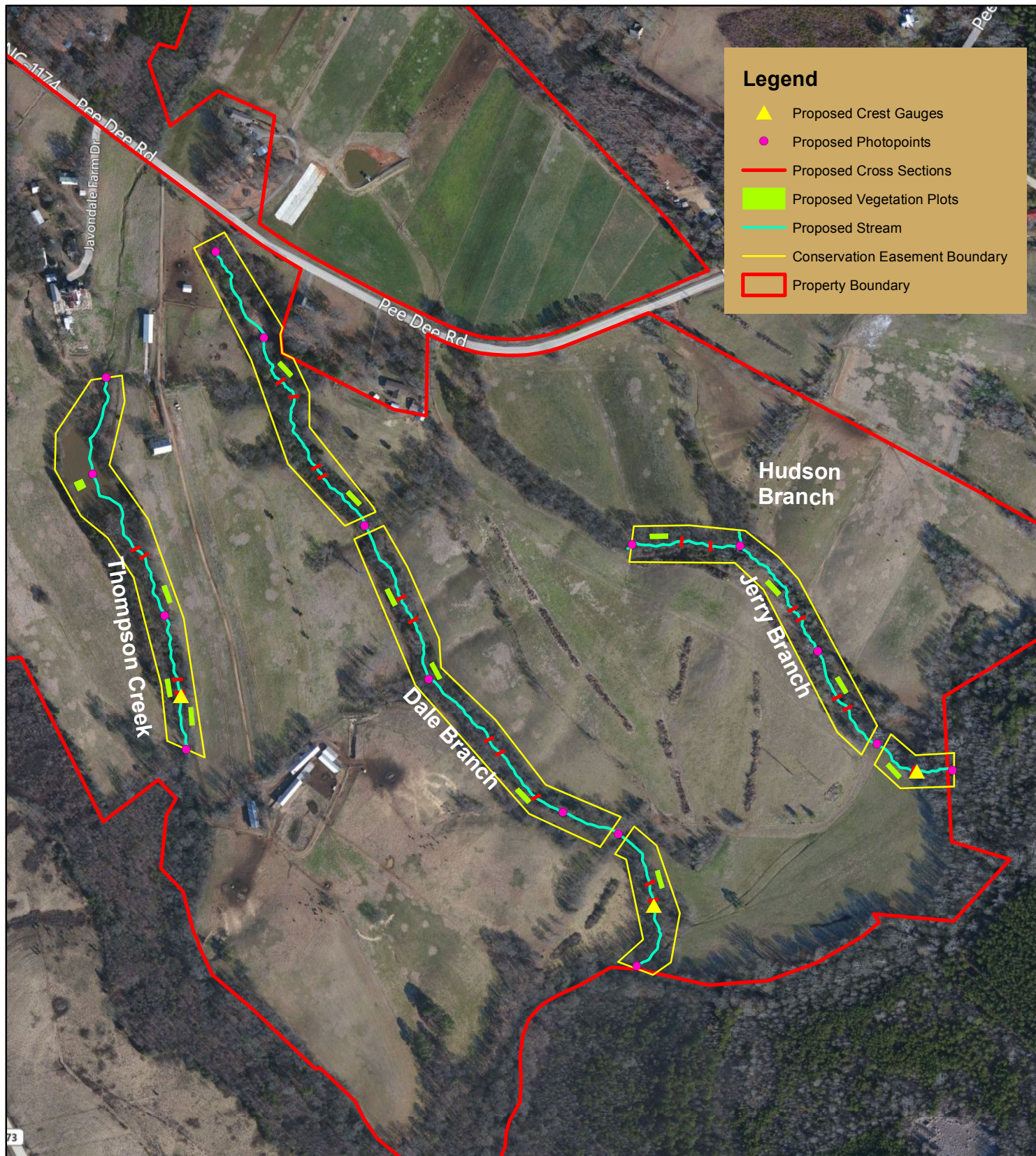
0 150 300 600 900 1,200
Feet



FIGURE

7

Date: 7/23/2013



PROPOSED MONITORING FEATURES

PEE DEE RESTORATION SITE

Montgomery County, North Carolina

0 150 300 600 900 1,200
Feet



FIGURE

8

Date: 10/8/2013

8.0 MAINTENANCE PLAN

EBX will monitor the site on a regular basis and shall conduct a physical inspection of the site a minimum of once per year throughout the post-construction monitoring period until performance standards are met. These site inspections may identify site components and features that require routine maintenance. Routine maintenance should be expected most often in the first two years following site construction and may include the following:

Component/Feature	Maintenance through project close-out
Stream	Routine channel maintenance and repair activities may include chinking of in-stream structures to prevent piping, securing of loose coir matting, and supplemental installations of live stakes and other target vegetation along the channel. Areas where storm water and floodplain flows intercept the channel may also require maintenance to prevent bank failures and head-cutting. Management of beaver activity will include removal of nuisance beavers and beaver dams that affect the stream.
Wetland	Routine wetland maintenance and repair activities may include securing of loose coir matting and supplemental installations of live stakes and other target vegetation within the wetland. Areas where storm water and floodplain flows intercept the wetland may also require maintenance to prevent scour.
Vegetation	Vegetation shall be maintained to ensure the health and vigor of the targeted plant community. Routine vegetation maintenance and repair activities may include supplemental planting, pruning, mulching, and fertilizing. Exotic invasive plant species shall be controlled by mechanical and/or chemical methods. Any vegetation control requiring herbicide application will be performed in accordance with NC Department of Agriculture (NCDA) rules and regulations.
Site Boundary	Site boundaries shall be identified in the field to ensure clear distinction between the mitigation site and adjacent properties. Boundaries may be identified by fence, marker, bollard, post, tree-blazing, or other means as allowed by site conditions and/or conservation easement. Boundary markers disturbed, damaged, or destroyed will be repaired and/or replaced on an as needed basis. Boundary markings will comply with requirements of the RFP Addendum titled "Full Delivery Requirement for Completion of Survey for Conservations Easements" dated 7/21/11
Utility Right-of-Way	Utility rights-of-way within the site may be maintained only as allowed by Conservation Easement or existing easement, deed restrictions, rights of way, or corridor agreements.
Ford Crossing	Ford crossings within the site may be maintained only as allowed by Conservation Easement or existing easement, deed restrictions, rights of way, or corridor agreements.
Road Crossing	Road crossings within the site may be maintained only as allowed by Conservation Easement or existing easement, deed restrictions, rights of way, or corridor agreements.
Storm water Management Device	Storm water management devices will be monitored and maintained per the protocols and procedures defined by the NC Division of Water Quality Storm Water Best Management Practices Manual.

9.0 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

Morphologic Parameters and Channel Stability

Restored and enhanced streams shall be in compliance with the standards set forth in the USACE 2003 Stream Mitigation Guidelines and the “Ecosystem Enhancement Program Monitoring Requirements and Performance Standards for Stream and Wetland Mitigation” dated November 7, 2011. Restored and enhanced streams should demonstrate morphologic stability to be considered successful. Stability does not equate to an absence of change, but rather to sustainable rates of change or stable patterns of variation. Restored streams often demonstrate some level of initial adjustment in the several months that follow construction and some change/variation subsequent to that is also to be expected. However, the observed change should not be unidirectional such that it represents a robust trend. If some trend is evident, it should be very modest or indicate migration to a stable form.

The performance standards shall be consistent with the requirements described in Federal rule for compensatory mitigation project sites as described in the Federal Register Title 33 Navigation and Navigable Waters Volume 3 Chapter 2 Section § 332.5 paragraphs (a) and (b).

Dimension

Cross-section measurements should indicate little change from the as-built cross-sections. If changes do occur, they will be evaluated to determine whether the adjustments are associated with increased stability or whether they indicate movement towards an unstable condition

Pattern and Profile

Measurements and calculated values should indicate stability with little deviation from as-built conditions and established morphological ranges for the restored stream type. Pool depths may vary from year to year, but the majority should maintain depths sufficient to be observed as distinct features in the profile. The pools should maintain their depth with flatter water surface slopes, while the riffles should remain shallower and steeper. Pattern measurements will not be collected unless conditions seem to indicate that a detectable change appears to have occurred based on profile and/or dimension measurements.

Substrate

Calculated D_{50} and D_{84} values should indicate coarser size class distribution of bed materials in riffles and finer size class distribution in pools. The majority of riffle pebble counts should indicate maintenance or coarsening of substrate distributions. Generally, it is anticipated that the bed material will coarsen over time.

Sediment Transport

Depositional features should be consistent with a stable stream that is effectively managing its sediment load. Point bar and inner berm features, if present, should develop without excessive encroachment of the channel. Isolated development of robust (i.e. comprised of coarse material and/or vegetated actively diverting flow) mid-channel or lateral bars will be acceptable. Likewise, development of a higher number of mid-channel or lateral bars that are minor in terms of their permanency such that profile measurements do not indicate systemic aggradation will be acceptable, but trends in the development of robust mid-channel or alternating bar features will be considered a destabilizing condition and may require intervention or have success implications.

Surface Water Hydrology

Monitoring of stream surface water stages should indicate recurrence of bankfull flow on average every 1 to 2 years. At a minimum, throughout the monitoring period, the surface water stage should achieve bankfull or greater elevations at least twice. The bankfull events must occur during separate monitoring years.

Vegetation

Riparian vegetation monitoring shall be conducted for a minimum of seven years to ensure that success criteria are met per USACE guidelines. Accordingly, success criteria will consist of a minimum survival of 320 stems per acre by the end of the Year 3 monitoring period, a minimum of 260 stems per acre at the end of Year 5 and a minimum of 210 stems per acre in Year 7. If monitoring indicates either that the specified survival rate is not being met or the development of detrimental conditions (i.e., invasive species, diseased vegetation), appropriate corrective actions will be developed and implemented.

10.0 MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Annual monitoring data will be reported using the EEP monitoring template. The monitoring report shall provide a project data chronology that will facilitate an understanding of project status and trends, population of EEP databases for analysis, research purposes, and assist in decision making regarding project close-out.

<u>Required</u>	<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Notes</u>
YES	Dimension	As per November 2011 NCEEP monitoring requirements	Monitoring Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	Cross-sections to be monitored over seven (7) years and shall include an assessment of bank height ratio and entrenchment ratio
YES	Bank Erosion Pins	As per November 2011 NCEEP monitoring requirements	Monitoring Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	Bank pin arrays shall be installed at pool (bend) monitoring cross-sections; arrays shall be measured at time of cross-section surveys
NO	Profile	As per November 2011 NCEEP monitoring requirements	As needed	
YES	Substrate	As per April 2003 USACE Wilmington District Stream Mitigation Guidelines	annual	
YES	Surface Water Hydrology	As per April 2003 USACE Wilmington District Stream Mitigation Guidelines	annual	A Crest Gauge will be installed on site; the device will be inspected on a semi-annual basis to document the occurrence of bankfull events on the project
NO	Groundwater Hydrology	Quantity and location of gauges will be determined in consultation with EEP	annual	Groundwater monitoring gauges with data recording devices will be installed on site; the data will be downloaded on a monthly basis during the growing season
YES	Vegetation	Quantity and location of vegetation plots will be determined in consultation with EEP	Monitoring Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	Vegetation will be monitored using the Carolina Vegetation Survey (CVS) protocols
YES	Exotic and nuisance vegetation		Semi-annual	Locations of exotic and nuisance vegetation will be mapped
YES	Project boundary		Semi-annual	Locations of fence damage, vegetation damage, boundary encroachments, etc. will be mapped

11.0 LONG-TERM MANAGEMENT PLAN

Upon approval for close-out by the Interagency Review Team (IRT) the site will be transferred to the State of North Carolina. This party shall be responsible for periodic inspection of the site to ensure that restrictions required in the conservation easement or the deed restriction document(s) are upheld. Endowment funds required to uphold easement and deed restrictions shall be negotiated prior to site transfer to the responsible party.

The NCDENR Division of Natural Resource Planning and Conservation's Stewardship Program currently houses EEP stewardship endowments within the non-reverting, interest-bearing Conservation Lands Stewardship Endowment Account. The use of funds from the Endowment Account is governed by North Carolina General Statute GS 113A-232(d)(3). Interest gained by the endowment fund may be used only for the purpose of stewardship, monitoring, stewardship administration, and land transaction costs, if applicable. The NCDENR Stewardship Program intends to manage the account as a non-wasting endowment. Only interest generated from the endowment funds will be used to steward the compensatory mitigation sites. Interest funds not used for those purposes will be re-invested in the Endowment Account to offset losses due to inflation.

12.0 ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Upon completion of site construction EEP will implement the post-construction monitoring protocols previously defined in this document. Project maintenance will be performed as described previously in this document. If, during the course of annual monitoring it is determined the site's ability to achieve site performance standards are jeopardized, EEP will notify the USACE of the need to develop a Plan of Corrective Action. The Plan of Corrective Action may be prepared using in-house technical staff or may require engineering and consulting services. Once the Corrective Action Plan is prepared and finalized EEP will:

1. Notify the USACE as required by the Nationwide 27 permit general conditions.
2. Revise performance standards, maintenance requirements, and monitoring requirements as necessary and/or required by the USACE.
3. Obtain other permits as necessary.
4. Implement the Corrective Action Plan.
5. Provide the USACE a Record Drawing of Corrective Actions. This document shall depict the extent and nature of the work performed.

13.0- FINANCIAL ASSURANCES

Pursuant to Section IV H and Appendix III of the Ecosystem Enhancement Program's In-Lieu Fee Instrument dated July 28, 2010, the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources has provided the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wilmington District with a formal commitment to fund projects to satisfy mitigation requirements assumed by EEP. This commitment provides financial assurance for all mitigation projects implemented by the program.

14.0 OTHER INFORMATION

14.1 DEFINITIONS

Morphological description – the stream type; stream type is determined by quantifying channel entrenchment, dimension, pattern, profile, and boundary materials; as described in Rosgen, D. (1996), *Applied River Morphology*, 2nd edition

Native vegetation community – a distinct and reoccurring assemblage of populations of plants, animals, bacteria and fungi naturally associated with each other and their population; as described in Schafale, M.P. and Weakley, A. S. (1990), *Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina, Third Approximation*

Project Area - includes all protected lands associated with the mitigation project

14.2 REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A
SITE PROTECTION INSTRUMENT(S)

J+W

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REAL ESTATE EXCISE TAX: \$421.00

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

**DEED OF CONSERVATION EASEMENT
AND RIGHT OF ACCESS PROVIDED
PURSUANT TO
FULL DELIVERY
MITIGATION CONTRACT**

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

SPO File Number: 62-AQ
EEP Project Number: 95350

Prepared by: Office of the Attorney General
Property Control Section
Return to: NC Department of Administration
State Property Office
1321 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1321

THIS DEED OF CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND RIGHT OF ACCESS, made this 22nd day of November, 2013, Javondale, LP, ("Grantor"), whose mailing address is 118 Javondale Farm Drive, Mt. Gilead, NC 27306 to the State of North Carolina, ("Grantee"), whose mailing address is State of North Carolina, Department of Administration, State Property Office, 1321 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1321. The designations of Grantor and Grantee as used herein shall include said parties, their heirs, successors, and assigns, and shall include singular, plural, masculine, feminine, or neuter as required by context.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of N.C. Gen. Stat. § 143-214.8 et seq., the State of North Carolina has established the Ecosystem Enhancement Program (formerly known as the Wetlands Restoration Program) within the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for the purposes of acquiring, maintaining, restoring, enhancing, creating and preserving wetland and riparian resources that contribute to the protection and improvement of water quality, flood prevention, fisheries, aquatic habitat, wildlife habitat, and recreational opportunities; and

WHEREAS, this Conservation Easement from Grantor to Grantee has been negotiated, arranged and provided for as a condition of a full delivery contract between Environmental Banc & Exchange, LLC and the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, to provide stream, wetland and/or buffer mitigation pursuant to the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources Purchase and Services Contract Number 004644.

WHEREAS, The State of North Carolina is qualified to be the Grantee of a Conservation Easement pursuant to N.C. Gen. Stat. § 121-35; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources and the United States Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District entered into a Memorandum of Understanding, (MOU) duly executed by all parties on November 4, 1998. This MOU recognized that the Wetlands Restoration Program was to provide effective compensatory mitigation for authorized impacts to wetlands, streams and other aquatic resources by restoring, enhancing and preserving the wetland and riparian areas of the State; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, the North Carolina Department of Transportation and the United States Army Corps of Engineers, Wilmington District entered into a Memorandum of Agreement, (MOA) duly executed by all parties in Greensboro, NC on July 22, 2003, which recognizes that the Ecosystem Enhancement Program is to provide for compensatory mitigation by effective protection of the land, water and natural resources of the State by restoring, enhancing and preserving ecosystem functions; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, the North Carolina Division of Water Quality, the North Carolina Division of Coastal Management, and the National Marine Fisheries Service entered into an agreement to continue the In-Lieu Fee operations of the North Carolina Department of Natural Resources' Ecosystem Enhancement Program with an effective date of 28 July, 2010, which supersedes and replaces the previously effective MOA and MOU referenced above; and

WHEREAS, the acceptance of this instrument for and on behalf of the State of North Carolina was granted to the Department of Administration by resolution as approved by the Governor and Council of State adopted at a meeting held in the City of Raleigh, North Carolina, on the 8th day of February 2000; and

WHEREAS, the Ecosystem Enhancement Program in the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, which has been delegated the authority authorized by the Governor and Council of State to the Department of Administration, has approved acceptance of this instrument; and

WHEREAS, Grantor owns in fee simple certain real property situated, lying, and being in the Pee Dee Township, Montgomery County, North Carolina (the "**Property**"). and being more particularly described as that certain parcel of land containing approximately 220.20 acres

and being conveyed to the Grantor by deed as recorded in **Deed Book 717 at Page 745** of the Montgomery County Registry, North Carolina; and

WHEREAS, Grantor is willing to grant a Conservation Easement and Right of Access over the herein described areas of the Property, thereby restricting and limiting the use of the areas of the Property subject to the Conservation Easement to the terms and conditions and purposes hereinafter set forth, and Grantee is willing to accept said Easement and Access Rights. The Conservation Easement shall be for the protection and benefit of the waters of tributaries to Clarks Creek.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants, terms, conditions, and restrictions hereinafter set forth, Grantor unconditionally and irrevocably hereby grants and conveys unto Grantee, its successors and assigns, forever and in perpetuity, a Conservation Easement along with a general Right of Access.

The Conservation Easement Area consists of the following:

Tracts A, B, C, D, E, and F containing a total of **21.02 acres** as shown on the plats of survey entitled "Final Plat, Conservation Easement for North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program, Project Name: Pee Dee Mitigation Project, SPO File No. 62-AQ, EEP Site No. 95350, Property of Javondale, LP," dated November 7 2013 by Phillip B. Kee, PLS Number NC-4647 and recorded in the Montgomery County, North Carolina Register of Deeds at **Plat Book F Page 87-A**.

See attached "**Exhibit A**", Legal Description of area of the Property hereinafter referred to as the "Conservation Easement Area"

The purposes of this Conservation Easement are to maintain, restore, enhance, construct, create and preserve wetland and/or riparian resources in the Conservation Easement Area that contribute to the protection and improvement of water quality, flood prevention, fisheries, aquatic habitat, wildlife habitat, and recreational opportunities; to maintain permanently the Conservation Easement Area in its natural condition, consistent with these purposes; and to prevent any use of the Easement Area that will significantly impair or interfere with these purposes. To achieve these purposes, the following conditions and restrictions are set forth:

I. DURATION OF EASEMENT

Pursuant to law, including the above referenced statutes, this Conservation Easement and Right of Access shall be perpetual and it shall run with, and be a continuing restriction upon the use of, the Property, and it shall be enforceable by the Grantee against the Grantor and against Grantor's heirs, successors and assigns, personal representatives, agents, lessees, and licensees.

II. GRANTOR RESERVED USES AND RESTRICTED ACTIVITIES

The Conservation Easement Area shall be restricted from any development or usage that would impair or interfere with the purposes of this Conservation Easement. Unless expressly reserved as a compatible use herein, any activity in, or use of, the Conservation Easement Area by the Grantor is prohibited as inconsistent with the purposes of this Conservation Easement. Any rights not expressly reserved hereunder by the Grantor have been acquired by the Grantee. Any rights not expressly reserved hereunder by the Grantor, including the rights to all mitigation credits, including, but not limited to, stream, wetland, and riparian buffer mitigation units, derived from each site within the area of the Conservation Easement, are conveyed to and belong to the Grantee. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following specific uses are prohibited, restricted, or reserved as indicated:

A. Recreational Uses. Grantor expressly reserves the right to undeveloped recreational uses, including hiking, bird watching, hunting and fishing, and access to the Conservation Easement Area for the purposes thereof.

B. Motorized Vehicle Use. Motorized vehicle use in the Conservation Easement Area is prohibited except within a Crossing Area(s) or Road or Trail as shown on the recorded survey plat or as specifically allowed within a fence maintenance zone as described in section D or a Road or Trail described in section H.

C. Educational Uses. The Grantor reserves the right to engage in and permit others to engage in educational uses in the Conservation Easement Area not inconsistent with this Conservation Easement, and the right of access to the Conservation Easement Area for such purposes including organized educational activities such as site visits and observations. Educational uses of the property shall not alter vegetation, hydrology or topography of the site.

D. Damage to Vegetation. Except within Crossing Area(s) as shown on the recorded survey plat and as related to the removal of non-native plants, diseased or damaged trees, or vegetation that destabilizes or renders unsafe the Conservation Easement Area to persons or natural habitat, all cutting, removal, mowing, harming, or destruction of any trees and vegetation in the Conservation Easement Area is prohibited with the following exception:

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a fence within the Conservation Easement Area, the Grantor reserves the right to mow and maintain vegetation within 10 feet of the Conservation Easement boundary **as shown on the Survey Plat** and extending along the entire length of the fence. The Grantor, his successors or assigns shall be solely responsible for maintenance of the fence for as long as there is livestock on the Grantor's property adjacent to the Conservation Easement Area.

E. Industrial, Residential and Commercial Uses. All industrial, residential and commercial uses are prohibited in the Conservation Easement Area.

F. Agricultural Use. All agricultural uses are prohibited within the Conservation Easement Area including any use for cropland, waste lagoons, or pastureland.

G. New Construction. There shall be no building, facility, mobile home, antenna, utility pole, tower, or other structure constructed or placed in the Conservation Easement Area.

H. Roads and Trails. There shall be no construction or maintenance of roads, trails, walkways, or paving in the Conservation Easement Area with the following exception:

Only roads and trails located within the Conservation Easement Area prior to completion of the construction of the restoration project and within crossings shown on the recorded survey plat may be maintained by Grantor, successors or assigns to allow for access to the interior of the Property, and must be repaired and maintained to prevent runoff and degradation to the Conservation Easement Area. Such roads and trails shall be covered with pervious materials such as loose gravel or permanent vegetation in order to minimize runoff and prevent sedimentation.

All roads, trails and crossings within the Conservation Easement Area shall be shown on the recorded survey plat.

I. Signs. No signs shall be permitted in the Conservation Easement Area except interpretive signs describing restoration activities and the conservation values of the Conservation Easement Area, signs identifying the owner of the Property and the holder of the Conservation Easement, signs giving directions, or signs prescribing rules and regulations for the use of the Conservation Easement Area.

J. Dumping or Storing. Dumping or storage of soil, trash, ashes, garbage, waste, abandoned vehicles, appliances, machinery, or any other material in the Conservation Easement Area is prohibited.

K. Grading, Mineral Use, Excavation, Dredging. There shall be no grading, filling, excavation, dredging, mining, drilling, hydraulic fracturing; removal of topsoil, sand, gravel, rock, peat, minerals, or other materials.

L. Water Quality and Drainage Patterns. There shall be no diking, draining, dredging, channeling, filling, leveling, pumping, impounding or diverting, causing, allowing or permitting the diversion of surface or underground water in the Conservation Easement Area. No altering or tampering with water control structures or devices, or disruption or alteration of the restored, enhanced, or created drainage patterns is allowed. All removal of wetlands, polluting or discharging into waters, springs, seeps, or wetlands, or use of pesticide or biocides in the Conservation Easement Area is prohibited. In the event of an emergency interruption or shortage of all other water sources, water from within the Conservation Easement Area may temporarily be withdrawn for good cause shown as needed for the survival of livestock on the Property.

M. Subdivision and Conveyance. Grantor voluntarily agrees that no further subdivision, partitioning, or dividing of the Conservation Easement Area portion of the Property owned by the Grantor in fee simple ("fee") that is subject to this Conservation Easement is allowed. Any future transfer of the Property shall be subject to this Conservation Easement and Right of Access and to the

Grantee's right of unlimited and repeated ingress and egress over and across the Property to the Conservation Easement Area for the purposes set forth herein.

N. Development Rights. All development rights are permanently removed from the Conservation Easement Area and are non-transferrable.

O. Disturbance of Natural Features. Any change, disturbance, alteration or impairment of the natural features of the Conservation Easement Area or any intentional introduction of non-native plants, trees and/or animal species by Grantor is prohibited.

The Grantor may request permission to vary from the above restrictions for good cause shown, provided that any such request is not inconsistent with the purposes of this Conservation Easement, and the Grantor obtains advance written approval from the N.C. Ecosystem Enhancement Program, whose mailing address is 1652 Mail Services Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1652.

III. GRANTEE RESERVED USES

A. Right of Access, Construction, and Inspection. The Grantee, its employees and agents, successors and assigns, receive a perpetual Right of Access to the Conservation Easement Area over the Property at reasonable times to undertake any activities to restore, construct, manage, maintain, enhance, protect, and monitor the stream, wetland and any other riparian resources in the Conservation Easement Area, in accordance with restoration activities or a long-term management plan. Unless otherwise specifically set forth in this Conservation Easement, the rights granted herein do not include or establish for the public any access rights.

B. Restoration Activities. These activities include planting of trees, shrubs and herbaceous vegetation, installation of monitoring wells, utilization of heavy equipment to grade, fill, and prepare the soil, modification of the hydrology of the site, and installation of natural and manmade materials as needed to direct in-stream, above ground, and subterranean water flow.

C. Signs. The Grantee, its employees and agents, successors or assigns, shall be permitted to place signs and witness posts on the Property to include any or all of the following: describe the project, prohibited activities within the Conservation Easement, or identify the project boundaries and the holder of the Conservation Easement.

D. Fences. Conservation Easements are purchased to protect the investments by the State (Grantee) in natural resources. Livestock within conservations easements damages the investment and can result in reductions in natural resource value and mitigation credits which would cause financial harm to the State. Therefore, Landowners (Grantor) with livestock are required to restrict livestock access to the Conservation Easement area. Repeated failure to do so may result in the State (Grantee) repairing or installing livestock exclusion devices (fences) within the conservation area for the purpose of restricting livestock access. In such cases, the landowner (Grantor) must provide access to the State (Grantee) to make repairs.

E. Crossing Area(s). The Grantee is not responsible for maintenance of crossing area(s). however, the Grantee, its employees and agents, successors or assigns, reserve the right to repair crossing area(s). at its sole discretion and to recover the cost of such repairs from the Grantor if such repairs are needed as a result of activities of the Grantor, his successors or assigns.

IV. ENFORCEMENT AND REMEDIES

A. Enforcement. To accomplish the purposes of this Conservation Easement, Grantee is allowed to prevent any activity within the Conservation Easement Area that is inconsistent with the purposes of this Conservation Easement and to require the restoration of such areas or features in the Conservation Easement Area that may have been damaged by such unauthorized activity or use. Upon any breach of the terms of this Conservation Easement by Grantor, the Grantee shall, except as provided below, notify the Grantor in writing of such breach and the Grantor shall have ninety (90) days after receipt of such notice to correct the damage caused by such breach. If the breach and damage remains uncured after ninety (90) days, the Grantee may enforce this Conservation Easement by bringing appropriate legal proceedings including an action to recover damages, as well as injunctive and other relief. The Grantee shall also have the power and authority, consistent with its statutory authority: (a) to prevent any impairment of the Conservation Easement Area by acts which may be unlawful or in violation of this Conservation Easement; (b) to otherwise preserve or protect its interest in the Property; or (c) to seek damages from any appropriate person or entity. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Grantee reserves the immediate right, without notice, to obtain a temporary restraining order, injunctive or other appropriate relief, if the breach is or would irreversibly or otherwise materially impair the benefits to be derived from this Conservation Easement, and the Grantor and Grantee acknowledge that the damage would be irreparable and remedies at law inadequate. The rights and remedies of the Grantee provided hereunder shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, all other rights and remedies available to Grantee in connection with this Conservation Easement.

B. Inspection. The Grantee, its employees and agents, successors and assigns, have the right, with reasonable notice, to enter the Conservation Easement Area over the Property at reasonable times for the purpose of inspection to determine whether the Grantor is complying with the terms, conditions and restrictions of this Conservation Easement.

C. Acts Beyond Grantor's Control. Nothing contained in this Conservation Easement shall be construed to entitle Grantee to bring any action against Grantor for any injury or change in the Conservation Easement Area caused by third parties, resulting from causes beyond the Grantor's control, including, without limitation, fire, flood, storm, and earth movement, or from any prudent action taken in good faith by the Grantor under emergency conditions to prevent, abate, or mitigate significant injury to life or damage to the Property resulting from such causes.

D. Costs of Enforcement. Beyond regular and typical monitoring expenses, any costs incurred by Grantee in enforcing the terms of this Conservation Easement against Grantor, including, without limitation, any costs of restoration necessitated by Grantor's acts or omissions in violation of the terms of this Conservation Easement, shall be borne by Grantor.

E. No Waiver. Enforcement of this Easement shall be at the discretion of the Grantee and any forbearance, delay or omission by Grantee to exercise its rights hereunder in the event of any breach of any term set forth herein shall not be construed to be a waiver by Grantee.

V. MISCELLANEOUS

A. This instrument sets forth the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the Conservation Easement and supersedes all prior discussions, negotiations, understandings or agreements relating to the Conservation Easement. If any provision is found to be invalid, the remainder of the provisions of the Conservation Easement, and the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is found to be invalid, shall not be affected thereby.

B. Grantor is responsible for any real estate taxes, assessments, fees, or charges levied upon the Property. Grantee shall not be responsible for any costs or liability of any kind related to the ownership, operation, insurance, upkeep, or maintenance of the Property, except as expressly provided herein. Upkeep of any constructed bridges, fences, or other amenities on the Property are the sole responsibility of the Grantor. Nothing herein shall relieve the Grantor of the obligation to comply with federal, state or local laws, regulations and permits that may apply to the exercise of the Reserved Rights.

C. Any notices shall be sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested to the parties at their addresses shown herein or to other addresses as either party establishes in writing upon notification to the other.

D. Grantor shall notify Grantee in writing of the name and address and any party to whom the Property or any part thereof is to be transferred at or prior to the time said transfer is made. Grantor further agrees that any subsequent lease, deed, or other legal instrument by which any interest in the Property is conveyed is subject to the Conservation Easement herein created.

E. The Grantor and Grantee agree that the terms of this Conservation Easement shall survive any merger of the fee and easement interests in the Property or any portion thereof.

F. This Conservation Easement and Right of Access may be amended, but only in writing signed by all parties hereto, or their successors or assigns, if such amendment does not affect the qualification of this Conservation Easement or the status of the Grantee under any applicable laws, and is consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement. The owner of the Property shall notify the State Property Office and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers in writing sixty (60) days prior to the initiation of any transfer of all or any part of the Property or of any request to void or modify this Conservation Easement. Such notifications and modification requests shall be addressed to:

Ecosystem Enhancement Program Manager
State Property Office
1321 Mail Service Center

Raleigh, NC 27699-1321

and

General Counsel
 US Army Corps of Engineers
 69 Darlington Avenue
 Wilmington, NC 28403

G. The parties recognize and agree that the benefits of this Conservation Easement are in gross and assignable provided, however, that the Grantee hereby covenants and agrees, that in the event it transfers or assigns this Conservation Easement, the organization receiving the interest will be a qualified holder under N.C. Gen. Stat. § 121-34 et seq. and § 170(h) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the Grantee further covenants and agrees that the terms of the transfer or assignment will be such that the transferee or assignee will be required to continue in perpetuity the conservation purposes described in this document.

VI. QUIET ENJOYMENT

Grantor reserves all remaining rights accruing from ownership of the Property, including the right to engage in or permit or invite others to engage in only those uses of the Conservation Easement Area that are expressly reserved herein, not prohibited or restricted herein, and are not inconsistent with the purposes of this Conservation Easement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Grantor expressly reserves to the Grantor, and the Grantor's invitees and licensees, the right of access to the Conservation Easement Area, and the right of quiet enjoyment of the Conservation Easement Area,

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD, the said rights and easements perpetually unto the State of North Carolina for the aforesaid purposes,

AND Grantor covenants that Grantor is seized of said premises in fee and has the right to convey the permanent Conservation Easement herein granted; that the same is free from encumbrances and that Grantor will warrant and defend title to the same against the claims of all persons whomsoever.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF the Grantor has hereunto set his hand and seal, the day and year first above written.

Javondale, LP

Pearl A. Thompson (SEAL)
Pearl A. Thompson, Partner

NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF MONTGOMERY

I, The undersigned Notary Public of the County of Montgomery and State aforesaid, certify that Pearl A. Thompson personally came before me this day and acknowledged that she as Partner of Javondale, LP, a North Carolina Limited Partnership, and that by authority duly given and as the act of such entity, she signed the foregoing instrument in its name on its behalf.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and Notary Seal this the 29th day of November, 2013.

Phyllis M. Brown
Notary Public

My commission expires:

9/13/2018

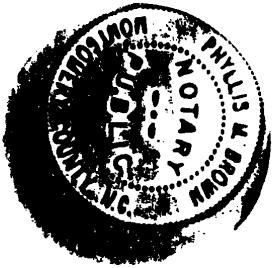


Exhibit A

Being all of Area A thru F, containing a total of 21.02 acres, as shown on a final plat of a Conservation Easement Survey entitled "The State of North Carolina, Ecosystem Enhancement Program" prepared by Kee Mapping & Surveying, Phillip B. Kee, PLS NC-4647, dated November 7th, 2013 and recorded on 11/12/2013 in Plat Cabinet F, Slide 87-A, to which reference is hereby made and incorporated herein, see plat for a more particular description of metes and bounds.

Exhibit:

*A Conservation Easement for
The State of North Carolina,
Ecosystem Enhancement Program,
Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site
The Property of Javondale, LP
SPO FILE NUMBER: 62-AQ EEP PROJECT ID: 95350*

The following conservation easement area is located off of Pee Dee Road (SR #1174) within the Pee Dee Township, Montgomery County, North Carolina and being on a portion of that property conveyed to Javondale, LP and described as Parcel One in Deed Book 717 Page 745 as recorded in the Montgomery County Register of Deeds and being more particularly described as follows:

Conservation Easement Area "A" 5.37 Acres:

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" REBAR SET WITH AN EEP CAP (CORNER 1), said rebar being located S 71°36'54" W a horizontal ground distance of 438.10 feet from a 1" iron pipe set in concrete with a Kee control cap, said iron pipe being located in a pasture approximately 360 feet from the southeast corner of a barn and having North Carolina State Plane Coordinates of Northing:549071.22 feet and Easting:1692882.65 feet;

Thence with the aforesaid conservation easement area the following (13) courses and distances:

- (1) S 19°39'08" E a distance of 390.89 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 2);
- (2) S 08°41'56" E a distance of 525.22 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 3), said rebar being located N 39°59'06" E a distance of 129.40 feet from an existing 1/2" rebar with a L-3116 cap, said rebar being a common corner of Deed book 717 Page 745 (Parcel One) and Deed Book 380 Page 624 of the Montgomery County Registry;
- (3) N 66°17'10" W a distance of 152.73 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 4), said rebar being located N 00°23'53" E a distance of 116.62 feet from an existing 1/2" rebar with a L-3116 cap, said rebar being a common corner of Deed book 717 Page 745 (Parcel One) and Deed Book 380 Page 624 of the Montgomery County Registry;
- (4) N 06°08'20" W a distance of 208.56 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 5);
- (5) N 14°22'52" W a distance of 415.00 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 6);
- (6) N 40°36'32" W a distance of 302.32 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 7);
- (7) N 29°33'11" W a distance of 197.98 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 8);
- (8) N 01°59'53" E a distance of 136.55 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 9);
- (9) N 33°15'00" E a distance of 237.61 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 10);
- (10) N 81°53'30" E a distance of 117.31 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 11);
- (11) S 06°04'46" E a distance of 97.34 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 12);
- (12) S 13°30'57" W a distance of 243.16 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 13);
- (13) S 35°16'11" E a distance of 249.53 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

Conservation Easement Area "B" 3.87 Acres:

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" REBAR SET WITH AN EEP CAP (CORNER 14), said rebar being located N 57°00'15" E a horizontal ground distance of 125.41 feet from a 1" iron pipe set in concrete with a Kee control cap, said iron pipe being located in a pasture approximately 360 feet from the southeast corner of a barn and having North Carolina State Plane Coordinates of Northing:549071.22 feet and Easting:1692882.65 feet;

Thence with the aforesaid conservation easement area the following (4) courses and distances:

- (1) N 19°37'11" W a distance of 411.25 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 15);
- (2) N 26°58'12" W a distance of 468.97 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 16);
- (3) N 63°02'08" E a distance of 127.53 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 17);
- (4) S 31°17'58" E a distance of 416.07 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 18), said rebar being in a common line of Deed Book 717 Page 745 (Parcel One) and Deed Book 574 Page 16 of the Montgomery County Registry;

Thence with the aforesaid common line and continuing with the conservation easement area the following (3) courses and distances:

- (1) S 16°17'34" W a distance of 25.72 feet to an existing 1/2" rebar (corner 19);
- (2) S 04°40'36" E a distance of 69.89 feet to an existing fence corner post (corner 20);
- (3) S 63°32'06" E a distance of 46.46 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 21);

Thence leaving the aforementioned common line and continuing with the conservation easement area the following (3) courses and distances:

- (1) S 25°51'12" E a distance of 139.25 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 22);
- (2) S 00°22'59" W a distance of 129.59 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 23), said rebar being located S 48°18'38" W a distance of 217.11 feet from an existing 3/4" iron pipe;
- (3) S 38°34'07" E a distance of 402.11 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 24) in the northern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located N 26°48'28" W a distance of 60.07 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 27);

Thence with the northern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing, S 65°57'34" W a distance of 130.13 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 25), said rebar being located N 35°49'27" W a distance of 61.29 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 26);

Thence leaving the northern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing and continuing with the conservation easement area, N 42°32'42" W a distance of 311.79 feet to THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

Conservation Easement Area "C" 4.51 Acres:

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" REBAR SET WITH AN EEP CAP (CORNER 26) in the southern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located S 59°02'19" E a horizontal ground distance of 410.36 feet from a 1" iron pipe set in concrete with a Kee control cap, said iron pipe being located in a pasture

approximately 360 feet from the southeast corner of a barn and having North Carolina State Plane Coordinates of Northing: 549071.22 feet and Easting: 1692882.65 feet;

Thence with southern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing and the conservation easement area N 65°57'34" E a distance of 120.51 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 27), said rebar being located S 26°48'28" E a distance of 60.07 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 24);

Thence leaving the southern margin of the aforementioned stream crossing and continuing with the conservation easement area the following (6) courses and distances:

- (1) S 29°43'38" E a distance of 175.60 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 28);
- (2) S 23°38'37" E a distance of 294.46 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 29), said rebar being located S 68°24'38" W a distance of 759.76 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 57);
- (3) S 04°25'17" E a distance of 105.65 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 30);
- (4) S 46°07'57" E a distance of 281.57 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 31);
- (5) S 37°22'16" E a distance of 305.76 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 32);
- (6) S 66°55'36" E a distance of 305.58 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 33) in the northern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located N 55°31'33" W a distance of 60.00 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 37);

Thence with the northern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing, S 34°53'28" W a distance of 136.11 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 34), said rebar being located N 64°54'33" W a distance of 60.89 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 45);

Thence leaving the northern margin of the aforementioned stream crossing and continuing with the conservation easement area the following (3) courses and distances:

- (1) N 64°54'41" W a distance of 292.61 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 35);
- (2) N 41°28'20" W a distance of 637.75 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 36);
- (3) N 22°39'06" W a distance of 591.72 feet to THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

Conservation Easement Area "D" 1.68 Acres:

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" REBAR SET WITH AN EEP CAP (CORNER 37) in the southern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located S 47°25'07" E a horizontal ground distance of 1893.82 feet from a 1" iron pipe set in concrete with a Kee control cap, said iron pipe being located in a pasture approximately 360 feet from the southeast corner of a barn and having North Carolina State Plane Coordinates of Northing: 549071.22 feet and Easting: 1692882.65 feet;

Thence leaving the southern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing and with the conservation easement area the following (8) courses and distances:

- (1) S 49°25'05" E a distance of 110.77 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 38);
- (2) S 18°50'19" E a distance of 266.41 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 39);
- (3) S 10°27'02" W a distance of 185.44 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 40);

- (4) S 54°10'14" W a Total distance of 81.39 feet to a calculated point, passing a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 41) at a 8.47 feet offset on the north bank of Clarks Creek;
- (5) N 69°44'20" W a distance of 139.11 feet to a calculated point;
- (6) N 48°18'27" E, passing a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 42) at a distance of 7.91 feet on the north bank of Clarks Creek, a total distance of 125.72 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 43);
- (7) N 12°09'19" W a distance of 306.30 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 44);
- (8) N 64°54'03" W a distance of 45.93 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 45) in the southern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located S 64°54'33" E a distance of 60.89 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 34);

Thence with the southern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing and continuing with the conservation easement area N 34°53'28" E a distance of 126.18 feet to THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

Conservation Easement Area "E" 4.74 Acres:

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" REBAR SET WITH AN EEP CAP (CORNER 46), said rebar being located S 61°43'28" E a distance of 875.96 feet from an existing 3/4" iron pipe and located S 83°19'08" E a horizontal ground distance of 1402.78 feet from a 1" iron pipe set in concrete with a Kee control cap, said iron pipe being located in a pasture approximately 360 feet from the southeast corner of a barn and having North Carolina State Plane Coordinates of Northing: 549071.22 feet and Easting: 1692882.65 feet;

Thence with the conservation easement area the following (3) courses and distances:

- (1) N 89°14'44" E a distance of 432.29 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 47);
- (2) S 41°39'17" E a distance of 271.46 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 48);
- (3) S 28°11'11" E a distance of 620.46 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 49) in the northern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located N 59°08'20" W a distance of 60.07 feet from a 5/8" rebar with an EEP cap (corner 58);

Thence with the northern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing S 28°03'30" W, a distance of 121.68 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 50), said rebar being located N 52°35'00" W a distance of 60.81 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 63);

Thence leaving the northern margin of the aforementioned stream crossing and continuing with the conservation easement area the following (8) courses and distances:

- (1) N 47°39'37" W a distance of 122.55 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 51);
- (2) N 37°06'39" W a distance of 111.60 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 52);
- (3) N 24°25'04" W a distance of 249.80 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 53);
- (4) N 46°41'28" W a distance of 112.33 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 54);
- (5) N 24°37'26" W a distance of 121.27 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 55);
- (6) N 64°53'06" W a distance of 244.06 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 56);

- (7) N 85°29'14" W a distance of 254.54 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 57), said rebar being located N 68°24'38" E a distance of 759.76 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 29);
- (8) N 07°55'09" E a distance of 142.85 feet to THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

Conservation Easement Area "F" 0.85 Acres:

BEGINNING AT A 5/8" REBAR SET WITH AN EEP CAP (CORNER 58) in the southern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located S 68°14'41" E a horizontal ground distance of 2530.81 feet from a 1" iron pipe set in concrete with a Kee control cap, said iron pipe being located in a pasture approximately 360 feet from the southeast corner of a barn and having North Carolina State Plane Coordinates of Northing: 549071.22 feet and Easting: 1692882.65 feet;

Thence leaving the southern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing and with the conservation easement area the following (5) courses and distances:

- (1) S 49°26'10" E a distance of 120.94 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 59);
- (2) N 87°00'20" E a total distance of 143.39 feet to a calculated point, passing a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 60) at a 10.11 feet offset on the west bank of Clarks Creek;
- (3) S 00°08'51" E a distance of 124.00 feet to a calculated point;
- (4) S 87°50'57" W, passing a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 61) at a distance of 11.61 feet on the west bank of Clarks Creek, at a total distance of 199.61 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 62);
- (5) N 47°14'50" W a distance of 131.31 feet to a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 63) in the southern margin of a 60 foot wide stream crossing, said rebar being located S 52°35'00" E a distance of 60.81 feet from a 5/8" rebar set with an EEP cap (corner 50);

Thence with the southern margin of the aforesaid stream crossing and continuing with the conservation easement area N 28°03'30" E a distance of 128.63 feet to THE TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING.

Being all of that area of land containing a total of 21.02 Acres, being the same more or less, according to a plat of survey entitled "A Conservation Easement Survey for: The State of North Carolina, Ecosystem Enhancement Program, Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site"; on the property of Javondale, LP; Job# 120759-CE. This description was prepared from an actual survey and shown on the aforementioned plat by Kee Mapping and Surveying, PA (License # C-3039) between the dates of 02/12/13 – 08/02/13 and under the supervision of Phillip B. Kee, NC PLS (License # L-4647).

TOGETHER WITH the right to use a 12 foot wide non-exclusive easement for the purpose of ingress, egress and regress to the conservation easement areas as shown and described on the above referenced plat of survey prepared by Kee Mapping and Surveying, PA and being more particularly described in Section IIIA of the conservation easement agreement.

2:48 PM

11-12-2013

\$21,000.00

PLAT CABINET: F

SLIDE: 81-A

CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT SHOWN HEREON IS NOT WITHIN THE WATERSHED PROTECTION DISTRICT OR COMPLETES WITH THE WATERSHED PROTECTION DISTRICT OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY AND IS APPROVED BY THE PLANNING BOARD FOR RECORDING IN THE REGISTER OF DEEDS OFFICE.

David M. Caldwell 11-12-2013
WATERSHED ADMINISTRATOR DATE

THIS PLAT DOES NOT CREATE A SUBDIVISION OF PROPERTY IN MONTGOMERY COUNTY. THE PURPOSE OF THIS SURVEY IS TO IDENTIFY THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS ONLY, NO TRANSFER OF PROPERTY IS TAKING PLACE.

CORNER	NORTHING	EASTING
1	549333.05	1692466.91
2	549545.75	1692596.91
3	549545.75	1692617.00
4	549139.52	1692337.97
5	549314.54	1692515.67
6	549716.53	1692412.59
7	549846.04	1692215.82
8	549116.26	1692118.17
9	549254.13	1692122.93
10	549453.44	1692253.21
11	549495.98	1692389.35
12	549373.19	1692378.88
13	549136.77	1692322.83
14	549139.52	1692387.84
15	549261.90	1692389.75
16	549944.87	1692637.00
17	550002.89	1692750.72
18	549547.17	1692966.87
19	549922.49	1692959.65
20	549552.83	1692965.35
21	549532.12	1693006.85
22	549468.81	1693067.67
23	549277.22	1693066.81
24	549892.82	1693317.50
25	549909.81	1693338.66
26	548846.11	1693324.80
27	548909.21	1693344.60
28	548756.72	1693311.67
29	548486.98	1693549.76
30	548381.64	1693557.91
31	548186.51	1693700.91
32	547943.51	1693946.50
33	547823.75	1694227.63
34	547712.11	1694149.78
35	547636.18	1693964.74
36	548314.03	1693462.42
37	547789.79	1694277.70
38	547717.73	1694267.27
39	547465.59	1694447.25
40	547283.22	1694413.61
41	547240.54	1694354.50
42	547289.02	1694223.04
43	547387.38	1694311.01
44	547686.81	1694246.51
45	547686.29	1694204.92
46	548008.02	1694275.90
47	548933.71	1694076.16
48	548710.89	1694888.57
49	548164.01	1695181.64
50	548056.63	1695124.41
51	548138.17	1695053.82
52	548228.17	1694968.49
53	548455.62	1694863.22
54	548632.97	1694761.48
55	548642.92	1694730.96
56	548746.51	1694509.97
57	548766.33	1694520.22
58	548133.19	1695253.21
59	548054.55	1695325.08
60	548061.40	1695458.18
61	547937.59	1695456.99
62	547930.54	1695269.13
63	548019.58	1695172.70

CERTIFICATE OF OWNERSHIP AND DEDICATION:

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY AS SHOWN AND DESCRIBED HEREON. I ALSO HEREBY ACCEPT AND ADOPT THIS RECORD PLAT AND CONSERVATION EASEMENT WITH MY FREE CONSENT AND DEDICATED ALL EASEMENTS, RIGHT OF WAYS AND ACCESS ROADS TO PUBLIC AND/OR PRIVATE USE AS NOTED ON SAID PLAT.

Paul A. Thompson 11-12-13
PEARL A. THOMPSON DATE

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY AND ACCURACY:

I, PHILLIP B. KEE, CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT WAS DRAWN UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM AN ACTUAL SURVEY MADE UNDER MY SUPERVISION (DEED DESCRIPTION RECORDED IN DEED BOOK 712 PAGE 745 AND PG. 746, SLIDE 81-A). THAT DASHED LINES INDICATE LINES NOT SURVEYED. THAT THE RATIO OF PRECISION AS CALCULATED DOES NOT EXCEED 1:10,000. AND THAT THIS PLAT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH G.S. 47-30 AS AMENDED.

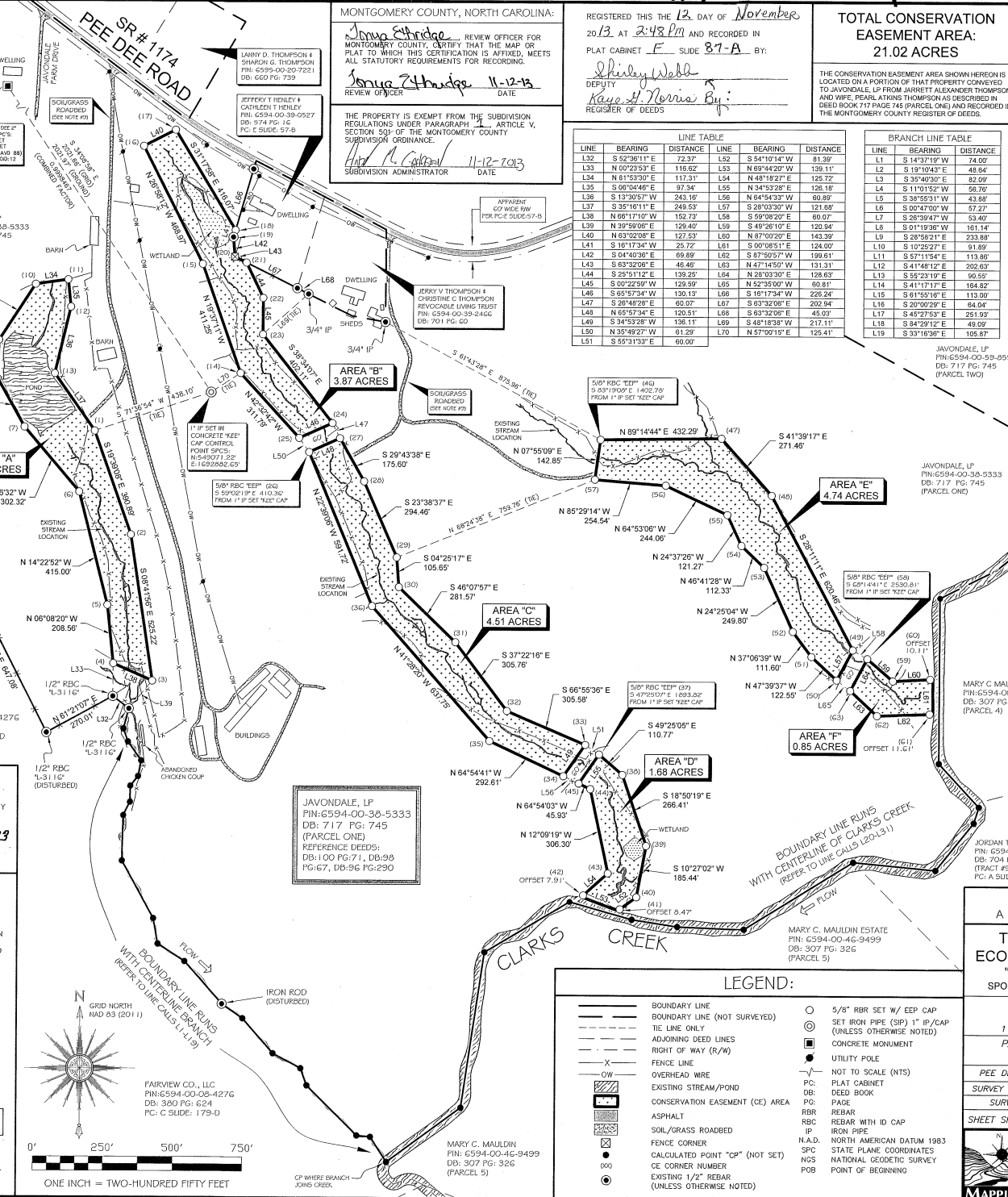
I ALSO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT IS OF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: GS 47-30 (F11) D; THAT THE SURVEY IS OF ANOTHER CATEGORY, SUCH AS THE RECOMBINATION OF EXISTING PARCELS, A COURT-ORDERED SURVEY, OR OTHER EXCEPTION TO THE DEFINITION OF SUBDIVISION.

WITNESS MY ORIGINAL SIGNATURE, REGISTRATION NUMBER, AND SEAL THIS 7TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D., 2013.



THIS DOCUMENT IS NOT VALID UNLESS SIGNED AND SEALED.

Phillip B. Kee
PHILLIP B. KEE, PLS NC-4647



MONTGOMERY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA:

Donna Schrage REVIEW OFFICER FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY. CERTIFY THAT THE MAP OR PLAT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATION IS AFFIXED, MEETS ALL STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDING.

Donna Schrage 11-12-13
REVIEW OFFICER DATE

THE PROPERTY IS EXEMPT FROM THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS UNDER PARAGRAPH 1, ARTICLE IV, SECTION 501 OF THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE.

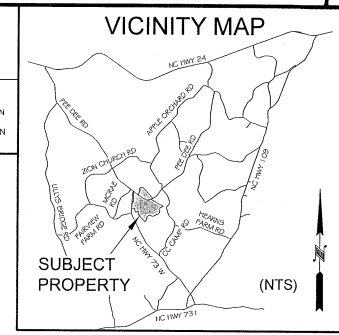
David M. Caldwell 11-12-2013
SUBDIVISION ADMINISTRATOR DATE

REGISTERED THIS THE 12 DAY OF November 2013 AT 2:48 PM and RECORDED IN PLAT CABINET F SLIDE 81-A BY:

Shirley Webb
DEPUTY
Kaye D. Norris By:
REGISTER OF DEEDS

TOTAL CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREA:
21.02 ACRES

THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREA SHOWN HEREON IS LOCATED ON A PORTION OF THAT PROPERTY CONVEYED TO JAVONDALE, LP FROM JARRETT ALEXANDER THOMPSON AND WIFE, PEARL A. THOMPSON AS DESCRIBED IN DEED BOOK 712 PAGE 745 (PARCEL ONE) AND RECORDED IN THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY REGISTER OF DEEDS.



CLARKS CREEK LINE TABLE	CLARKS CREEK LINE TABLE
LINE BEARING DISTANCE	LINE BEARING DISTANCE
L1 S 14°37'19" W 74.09'	L1 S 14°37'19" W 74.09'
L2 S 19°10'42" E 48.64'	L2 S 19°10'42" E 48.64'
L3 S 30°40'39" E 82.09'	L3 S 30°40'39" E 82.09'
L4 S 11°10'52" E 56.76'	L4 S 11°10'52" E 56.76'
L5 S 38°55'11" W 43.88'	L5 S 38°55'11" W 43.88'
L6 S 04°47'00" W 57.27'	L6 S 04°47'00" W 57.27'
L7 S 30°39'47" W 53.40'	L7 S 30°39'47" W 53.40'
L8 S 01°19'38" W 161.14'	L8 S 01°19'38" W 161.14'
L9 S 28°58'21" E 233.68'	L9 S 28°58'21" E 233.68'
L10 S 09°17'30" E 352.74'	L10 S 09°17'30" E 352.74'
L11 S 57°15'54" E 113.86'	L11 S 57°15'54" E 113.86'
L12 S 41°48'12" E 202.63'	L12 S 41°48'12" E 202.63'
L13 S 25°23'19" E 90.59'	L13 S 25°23'19" E 90.59'
L14 S 41°17'17" E 164.82'	L14 S 41°17'17" E 164.82'
L15 S 61°38'41" E 113.60'	L15 S 61°38'41" E 113.60'
L16 S 20°00'29" E 84.04'	L16 S 20°00'29" E 84.04'
L17 S 45°27'59" E 251.93'	L17 S 45°27'59" E 251.93'
L18 S 34°29'12" E 49.09'	L18 S 34°29'12" E 49.09'
L19 S 39°16'30" E 105.87'	L19 S 39°16'30" E 105.87'
L20 S 52°23'19" E 113.60'	L20 S 52°23'19" E 113.60'
L21 N 08°28'33" E 558.69'	L21 N 08°28'33" E 558.69'
L22 S 74°21'01" E 238.32'	L22 S 74°21'01" E 238.32'
L23 S 81°22'27" E 164.84'	L23 S 81°22'27" E 164.84'
L24 S 67°39'20" E 234.29'	L24 S 67°39'20" E 234.29'
L25 N 58°14'21" E 457.20'	L25 N 58°14'21" E 457.20'
L26 S 84°04'34" E 295.35'	L26 S 84°04'34" E 295.35'
L27 N 38°49'31" E 216.49'	L27 N 38°49'31" E 216.49'
L28 N 17°28'27" E 59.56'	L28 N 17°28'27" E 59.56'
L29 N 42°56'40" W 211.18'	L29 N 42°56'40" W 211.18'
L30 N 00°57'23" E 587.15'	L30 N 00°57'23" E 587.15'

- SURVEYOR'S NOTES:**
- ALL DISTANCES ARE GROUND MEASUREMENTS IN US SURVEY FEET UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
 - AREAS CALCULATED BY THE COORDINATE METHOD.
 - PROPERTY SUBJECT TO ALL EASEMENTS, RIGHT OF WAYS AND RESTRICTIONS THAT ARE RECORDED, UNRECORDED, WRITTEN AND UNWRITTEN.
 - MONTGOMERY COUNTY GIS WEBSITE USED TO IDENTIFY ADJOINING PROPERTY OWNERS.
 - THE PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR HAS MADE NO INVESTIGATION OR INDEPENDENT SEARCH FOR EASEMENTS, RIGHT OF WAYS, ENCUMBRANCES, RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS, CORRECT OWNERSHIP OR ANY OTHER FACTS THAT AN ACCURATE AND CURRENT TITLE SEARCH MAY DISCLOSE. A NC LICENSED ATTORNEY SHOULD BE CONSULTED.
 - BY GRAPHIC DETERMINATION, A PORTION OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY APPEARS TO LIE WITHIN THE 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD AREA (AC) AS DETERMINED BY THE F.E.M.A. MAP 8710659400Q, DATED 01/02/08.
 - GRID COORDINATES AND BEARINGS WERE DERIVED FROM GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM OBSERVATIONS THAT WERE OBSERVED ON (11/08/13) AND WERE PERFORMED TO THE GEOSPATIAL POSITIONING ACCURACY STANDARDS (CLASS A HORIZONTAL AND CLASS C VERTICAL); AT THE 95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL USING GPS L1 STATIC OBSERVATIONS WITH MAGELLAN PROMARKS RECEIVERS.
 - UTILITIES WERE LOCATED BASED ON VISIBLE ABOVE GROUND STRUCTURES, THEREFORE THE LOCATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES ARE APPROXIMATE OR MAY BE PRESENT AND NOT SHOWN HEREON. CALL 1-800-635-4849 BEFORE DIGGING.
 - THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA RESERVES THE RIGHT TO USE A 12" WIDE NON-EXCLUSIVE EASEMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF INGRESS, EGRESS AND REGRESS FROM FARMS AND ROADS WHICH ARE SHOWN HEREON IN APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. FOR ACCESS TO CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS, ACCESS IS ALSO PERMITTED BETWEEN ALL STREAM CROSSINGS. SEE SECTION IIIA IN THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT AGREEMENT.
 - ALL EXISTING FENCES WITHIN THE CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS ARE TO BE REMOVED.
 - PER JERRY THOMPSON ON 02/27/13, LINE CALLS L1-L3 REPRESENT THE CENTERLINE OF THE OLD BRANCH CHANNEL. WATER HOLE WAS DUG IN THE 1960'S FOR LIVESTOCK.
 - WETLAND AREAS WERE DERIVED FROM IDENTIFICATIONS AND MARKINGS PROVIDED BY COUNCIL ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTATION AND DESIGN INC. FOR INCLUSION ON THIS MAP.

FINAL PLAT OF A CONSERVATION EASEMENT SURVEY FOR:

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM, "PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION SITE"

SPO FILE NUMBER: 02-AQ EEP PROJECT ID: 95350

PROPERTY OF: JAVONDALE, LP

MAILING ADDRESS: 118 JAVONDALE FARM DRIVE, GILEAD, NC 27306

PARCEL IDENTIFICATION #: 6594-00-38-5333

DEED REFERENCES: DB: 717 PG: 745

PEE DEE TOWNSHIP, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

SURVEY BY: DD/MM/KP DRAWN BY: EC CHECKED BY: PBK

SURVEY DATE: 02/12/13 - 08/02/13 JOB #120759-CE

SHEET SIZE: 18"x24" SHEET #: 1 OF 1 SCALE: 1"=250'


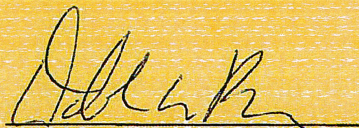
Key
MAPPING & SURVEYING

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APPENDIX B
BASELINE INFORMATION DATA

Categorical Exclusion Form for Ecosystem Enhancement Program Projects Version 1.4

Note: Only Appendix A should be submitted (along with any supporting documentation) as the environmental document.

Part 1: General Project Information	
Project Name:	Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site
County Name:	Montgomery County
EEP Number:	95350
Project Sponsor:	NCEEP
Project Contact Name:	Harry Tsomides
Project Contact Address:	5 Ravenscroft Drive, Suite 102, Asheville, NC 28801
Project Contact E-mail:	harry.tsomides@ncdener.gov
EEP Project Manager:	Harry Tsomides
Project Description	
Stream restoration activities will restore approximately 6,138 feet of stream along Thompson Creek, Dale Branch, and Jerry Branch by restoring natural channel morphology and proper sediment transport capacity, improving bed form diversity, constructing a floodplain bench, improving channel and stream bank stabilization, establishing a forested and herbaceous riparian buffer plant community.	
For Official Use Only	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>Reviewed By:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>10/4/13</u></p> <p>Date</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%; text-align: right;"> <p></p> <p>EEP Project Manager</p> </div> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> <p>Conditional Approved By:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____</p> <p>Date</p> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px; text-align: right;"> <p>For Division Administrator FHWA</p> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Check this box if there are outstanding issues</p> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px;"> <p>Final Approval By:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>10-4-13</u></p> <p>Date</p> </div> <div style="margin-top: 20px; text-align: right;"> <p></p> <p>For Division Administrator FHWA</p> </div>	

Part 2: All Projects Regulation/Question		Response
Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA)		
1. Is the project located in a CAMA county?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Does the project involve ground-disturbing activities within a CAMA Area of Environmental Concern (AEC)?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. Has a CAMA permit been secured?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
4. Has NCDPCM agreed that the project is consistent with the NC Coastal Management Program?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA)		
1. Is this a "full-delivery" project?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Has the zoning/land use of the subject property and adjacent properties ever been designated as commercial or industrial?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. As a result of a limited Phase I Site Assessment, are there known or potential hazardous waste sites within or adjacent to the project area?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
4. As a result of a Phase I Site Assessment, are there known or potential hazardous waste sites within or adjacent to the project area?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
5. As a result of a Phase II Site Assessment, are there known or potential hazardous waste sites within the project area?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
6. Is there an approved hazardous mitigation plan?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
National Historic Preservation Act (Section 106)		
1. Are there properties listed on, or eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places in the project area?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Does the project affect such properties and does the SHPO/THPO concur?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. If the effects are adverse, have they been resolved?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act (Uniform Act)		
1. Is this a "full-delivery" project?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Does the project require the acquisition of real estate?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. Was the property acquisition completed prior to the intent to use federal funds?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
4. Has the owner of the property been informed: * prior to making an offer that the agency does not have condemnation authority; and * what the fair market value is believed to be?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

Part 3: Ground-Disturbing Activities Regulation/Question		Response
American Indian Religious Freedom Act (AIRFA)		
1. Is the project located in a county claimed as "territory" by the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
2. Is the site of religious importance to American Indians?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
3. Is the project listed on, or eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
4. Have the effects of the project on this site been considered?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Antiquities Act (AA)		
1. Is the project located on Federal lands?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
2. Will there be loss or destruction of historic or prehistoric ruins, monuments or objects of antiquity?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
3. Will a permit from the appropriate Federal agency be required?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
4. Has a permit been obtained?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Archaeological Resources Protection Act (ARPA)		
1. Is the project located on federal or Indian lands (reservation)?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
2. Will there be a loss or destruction of archaeological resources?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
3. Will a permit from the appropriate Federal agency be required?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
4. Has a permit been obtained?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
Endangered Species Act (ESA)		
1. Are federal Threatened and Endangered species and/or Designated Critical Habitat listed for the county?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
2. Is Designated Critical Habitat or suitable habitat present for listed species?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
3. Are T&E species present or is the project being conducted in Designated Critical Habitat?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
4. Is the project "likely to adversely affect" the species and/or "likely to adversely modify" Designated Critical Habitat?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
5. Does the USFWS/NOAA-Fisheries concur in the effects determination?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	
6. Has the USFWS/NOAA-Fisheries rendered a "jeopardy" determination?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A	

Executive Order 13007 (Indian Sacred Sites)	
1. Is the project located on Federal lands that are within a county claimed as "territory" by the EBCI?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Has the EBCI indicated that Indian sacred sites may be impacted by the proposed project?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. Have accommodations been made for access to and ceremonial use of Indian sacred sites?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA)	
1. Will real estate be acquired?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Has NRCS determined that the project contains prime, unique, statewide or locally important farmland?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. Has the completed Form AD-1006 been submitted to NRCS?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (FWCA)	
1. Will the project impound, divert, channel deepen, or otherwise control/modify any water body?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Have the USFWS and the NCWRC been consulted?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Land and Water Conservation Fund Act (Section 6(f))	
1. Will the project require the conversion of such property to a use other than public, outdoor recreation?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Has the NPS approved of the conversion?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Essential Fish Habitat)	
1. Is the project located in an estuarine system?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Is suitable habitat present for EFH-protected species?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
3. Is sufficient design information available to make a determination of the effect of the project on EFH?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
4. Will the project adversely affect EFH?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
5. Has consultation with NOAA-Fisheries occurred?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA)	
1. Does the USFWS have any recommendations with the project relative to the MBTA?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Have the USFWS recommendations been incorporated?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Wilderness Act	
1. Is the project in a Wilderness area?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
2. Has a special use permit and/or easement been obtained from the maintaining federal agency?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> N/A

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

WP# 9

Date: 4/10/13	Project/Site: Pee Dee Lake Br	Latitude: 35.25469
Evaluator: K. Mitchell / S. Melton	County: Montgomery	Longitude: 80.02820
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if $\geq 30^*$ 31	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral Intermittent Perennial	Other e.g. Quad Name: Mirror Mountain

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 14.5)

	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a . Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	1	2	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	1	2	3
5. Active/relict floodplain	0	1	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	1	2	3
7. Recent alluvial deposits	0	1	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	1	2	3
9. Grade control	0	0.5	1	1.5
10. Natural valley	0	0.5	1	1.5
11. Second or greater order channel	No = 0		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 8)

12. Presence of Baseflow	0	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	0	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	1	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	0.5	1	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	0.5	1	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = 3	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 8.5)

18. Fibrous roots in streambed	3	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	3	2	1	0
20. Macroinvertebrates (note diversity and abundance)	0	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	0	1	2	3
22. Fish	0	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	0	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	0	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	0	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = 0			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:

Sketch:

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

WP#3

Date: 4/10/13	Project/Site: Pec Dee Dale Br	Latitude: 35.25664° N
Evaluator: K. Mitchell / S. Melton	County: Montgomery	Longitude: 080.02936
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if ≥ 30* 24	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral Intermittent Perennial	Other: Morrow Mt. e.g. Quad Name:

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 12.5)				
	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	2	3
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	1	2	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	1	2	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	1 →	2	3
5. Active/relict floodplain	0	1	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	1	2	3
7. Recent alluvial deposits	0	1	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	1 →	2	3
9. Grade control	0	0.5	1	1.5
10. Natural valley	0	0.5	1	1.5
11. Second or greater order channel	No = 0		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 7)				
12. Presence of Baseflow	0	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	0	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	1	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	0.5	1	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	0.5	1	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = 3	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 4.5)				
18. Fibrous roots in streambed	3	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	3	2	1	0
20. Macroinvertebrates (note diversity and abundance)	0	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	0	1	2	3
22. Fish	0	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	0	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	0	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	0	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = 0			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:
Sketch:

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

Date: 9/1/11	Project/Site: Pee Dee Thompson	Latitude: wlp 1 35.255
Evaluator: S. Melton / K. Mitchell	County: Montgomery	Longitude: - 80.031
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if ≥ 30 * 30.5	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral Intermittent <u>Perennial</u>	Other Moccasin Mountains e.g. Quad Name:

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 19)				
	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	2	(3)
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	1	(2)	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	1	(2)	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	1	2	(3)
5. Active/relict floodplain	0	1	(2)	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	1	2	(3)
7. Recent alluvial deposits	(0)	1	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	(1)	2	3
9. Grade control	0	0.5	1	(1.5)
10. Natural valley	0	0.5	1	(1.5)
11. Second or greater order channel	No = (0)		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 5.5)				
12. Presence of Baseflow	(0)	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	(0)	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	(1)	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	0.5	(1)	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = (3)	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 6)				
18. Fibrous roots in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
20. Macroinvertebrates (note diversity and abundance)	(0)	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	(0)	1	2	3
22. Fish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = (0)			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:

Sketch: photo 1. - Leno Thompson
photo 2. picture of Clarke Creek ↑ & ↓ - wpa

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

Date: 9/1/11	Project/Site: Pec. Dec. Thompson	Latitude: ~80.031
Evaluator: S. Melton / K. Mitchell	County: Montgomery	Longitude: 35.255
Total Points: 21 Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if $\geq 30^*$	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral Intermittent Perennial	Other e.g. Quad Name: Moccasin Mountain

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 11)				
	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	(2)	3
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	(1)	2	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	1	(2)	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	1	(2)	3
5. Active/relict floodplain	0	(1)	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	(1)	2	3
7. Recent alluvial deposits	(0)	1	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	(1)	2	3
9. Grade control	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
10. Natural valley	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
11. Second or greater order channel	No = (0)		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 5)				
12. Presence of Baseflow	(0)	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	(0)	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	(1)	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = (3)	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 5)				
18. Fibrous roots in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	3	(2)	1	0
20. Macroinvertebrates (note diversity and abundance)	(0)	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	(0)	1	2	3
22. Fish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = (0)			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:

Sketch:

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

Date: 9/1/11	Project/Site: Pee Dee Jerry Branch	Latitude: WP 6 35.253
Evaluator: S. Melton K. Mitchell	County: Montgomery	Longitude: -80.023
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if $\geq 30^*$ 30.5	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral Intermittent <u>Perennial</u>	Other Mosrow Mountain e.g. Quad Name:

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 19)	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a . Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	2	(3)
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	1	(2)	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	1	(2)	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	1	(2)	3
5. Active/relict floodplain	0	(1)	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	1	(2)	3
7. Recent alluvial deposits	0	(1)	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	1	2	(3)
9. Grade control	0	0.5	1	(1.5)
10. Natural valley	0	0.5	1	(1.5)
11. Second or greater order channel	No = (0)		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 5.5)	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
12. Presence of Baseflow	(0)	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	(0)	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	(1)	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	0.5	(1)	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = (3)	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 6)	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
18. Fibrous roots in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
20. Macrobenthos (note diversity and abundance)	(0)	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	(0)	1	2	3
22. Fish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = 0			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:
Sketch: Photo 6, 7 - Charles Creek - WP 5 Photo 8, 9 - Jerry Branch

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

Date: 9/1/11	Project/Site: Pee Dee ^{Drainage}	Latitude: WP8 35.254
Evaluator: S. Melton / K. Mitchell	County: Montgomery	Longitude: -80.625
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if $\geq 30^*$ 215	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral <u>Intermittent</u> Perennial	Other Morrow Mountain e.g. Quad Name:

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 11.5)

	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a . Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	(2)	3
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	1	(2)	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	(1)	2	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	(1)	2	3
5. Active/relict floodplain	(0)	1	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	(1)	2	3
7. Recent alluvial deposits	0	(1)	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	1	(2)	3
9. Grade control	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
10. Natural valley	0	0.5	(1)	1.5
11. Second or greater order channel	No = (0)		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 4)

12. Presence of Baseflow	(0)	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	(0)	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	(1)	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = (3)	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 6)

18. Fibrous roots in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
20. Macroinvertebrates (note diversity and abundance)	(0)	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	(0)	1	2	3
22. Fish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = (0)			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:

Sketch:

NC DWQ Stream Identification Form Version 4.11

Hudson

WP 34

Date: 7/11/2012	Project/Site: Pee Dee ^{UT to} Jerry Br	Latitude: 35.254336
Evaluator: K. Mitchell	County: Montgomery	Longitude: -80.022985
Total Points: Stream is at least intermittent if ≥ 19 or perennial if $\geq 30^*$ 21.5	Stream Determination (circle one) Ephemeral <u>Intermittent</u> Perennial	Other Morrow Mountain e.g. Quad Name: Mt Gilend West

A. Geomorphology (Subtotal = 10.5)

	Absent	Weak	Moderate	Strong
1 ^a . Continuity of channel bed and bank	0	1	2	(3)
2. Sinuosity of channel along thalweg	0	(1)	2	3
3. In-channel structure: ex. riffle-pool, step-pool, ripple-pool sequence	0	(1)	2	3
4. Particle size of stream substrate	0	(1)	2	3
5. Active/relict floodplain	(0)	1	2	3
6. Depositional bars or benches	0	(1)	2	3
7. Recent alluvial deposits	0	(1)	2	3
8. Headcuts	0	(1)	2	3
9. Grade control	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
10. Natural valley	0	0.5	(1)	1.5
11. Second or greater order channel	No = (0)		Yes = 3	

^a artificial ditches are not rated; see discussions in manual

B. Hydrology (Subtotal = 5)

12. Presence of Baseflow	(0)	1	2	3
13. Iron oxidizing bacteria	(0)	1	2	3
14. Leaf litter	1.5	(1)	0.5	0
15. Sediment on plants or debris	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
16. Organic debris lines or piles	0	(0.5)	1	1.5
17. Soil-based evidence of high water table?	No = 0		Yes = (3)	

C. Biology (Subtotal = 6)

18. Fibrous roots in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
19. Rooted upland plants in streambed	(3)	2	1	0
20. Macrobenthos (note diversity and abundance)	(0)	1	2	3
21. Aquatic Mollusks	(0)	1	2	3
22. Fish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
23. Crayfish	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
24. Amphibians	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
25. Algae	(0)	0.5	1	1.5
26. Wetland plants in streambed	FACW = 0.75; OBL = 1.5 Other = (0)			

*perennial streams may also be identified using other methods. See p. 35 of manual.

Notes:

Sketch:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Wetland B

Project/Site: Per Dec City/County: Montgomery County Sampling Date: 7-11-2012
 Applicant/Owner: EBX State: NC Sampling Point: WP 22
 Investigator(s): K. Mitchell Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Pond - Footprint - Fringe Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR Lat: 35.249855 Long: -80.023745 Datum: NAD 83
 Soil Map Unit Name: Chennedy NWI classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ☐ Soil ☐ or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐
 Are Vegetation ☐ Soil ☐ or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)		<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		
Remarks:		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

 Sampling Point: 20

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. <u>Frax pennsylvanica</u>	<u>5%</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FACW</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
<u>5%</u> = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ x 2 = _____ FAC species _____ x 3 = _____ FACU species _____ x 4 = _____ UPL species _____ x 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Sapling Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dominance Test is >50% <input type="checkbox"/> Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5ft</u>) <u>50 = 50%</u> <u>20 = 20%</u>				
1. <u>Boehmeria cylindrica</u>	<u>30%</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FACW</u>	
2. <u>Carex flacca</u>	<u>20%</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>OBL</u>	
3. <u>Saururus cernuus</u>	<u>50%</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>OBL</u>	
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
8. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
9. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
10. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
11. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
12. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
<u>100%</u> = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
_____ = Total Cover				
Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below). 				

SOIL

Sampling Point: 28-28-WP22

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-6	7.5yr 5/1	90					Loam	
6-10	7.5yr 5/3	85	7.5yr 4/4	5%			Loam	
10-12	7.5yr 5/4	20					Loam	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ☐ Histosol (A1)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)
☐ Black Histic (A3)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- ☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☒ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- ☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (TF2)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) (LRR T, U)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Peet Dec City/County: Montgomery Co. Sampling Date: 7/11/12
 Applicant/Owner: EBX State: NC Sampling Point: WP29
 Investigator(s): K. Mitchell Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Terrace Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0%
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRRP Lat: 35.249798 Long: -80.023691 Datum: NAD83
 Soil Map Unit Name: Chenneby NWI classification: -

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes ☒ No ☐ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes ☒ No ☐
 Are Vegetation ☐, Soil ☐, or Hydrology ☐ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)		<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Depth (inches): _____		Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:		
Remarks:		

VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: WP 29

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30 ft.</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>60%</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FACW</u>
2. <u>Prunus serotina</u>	<u>3%</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FACU</u>
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

63% = Total Cover

Sapling Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</u>	<u>10%</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FACW</u>
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

10% = Total Cover

Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

_____ = Total Cover

Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
6. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
7. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
8. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
9. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
10. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
11. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
12. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

_____ = Total Cover

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
2. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
3. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
4. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____
5. _____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____

_____ = Total Cover

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____
FACW species _____	x 2 = _____
FAC species _____	x 3 = _____
FACU species _____	x 4 = _____
UPL species _____	x 5 = _____
Column Totals: _____ (A)	_____ (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = _____

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

☒ Dominance Test is >50%

☐ Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹

☐ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).

Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.

Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.

Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes ☒ No ☐

Remarks: (If observed, list morphological adaptations below).

SOIL

Sampling Point: WP 29

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-12	7.5yr 6/6	100					Clay/lean	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ☐ Histosol (A1)
☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)
☐ Black Histic (A3)
☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
☐ Stratified Layers (A5)
☐ Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
☐ Sandy Redox (S5)
☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)
☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- ☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
☐ Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (LRR O)
☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
☐ Marl (F10) (LRR U)
☐ Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
☐ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
☐ Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
☐ Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
☐ Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- ☐ 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
☐ Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
☐ Red Parent Material (TF2)
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) (LRR T, U)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☒

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Wetland A

Project/Site: Pea Dee - Dale Branch Pond City/County: Montgomery Sampling Date: 6/18/2013
 Applicant/Owner: EBX State: NC Sampling Point: 2
 Investigator(s): JHT Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Old Pond Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope (%): 0-2
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRRN Lat: 35.255934 Long: -80.028929 Datum: NAD 83 (FT)
 Soil Map Unit Name: Goldsten - Badin NWI classification: NA

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes _____ No X (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation No, Soil No, or Hydrology Yes significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____
 Are Vegetation No, Soil No, or Hydrology No naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No _____		
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No _____		
Remarks: Photos = N-001, S-002			

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> True Aquatic Plants (B14)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)		<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)		<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13)		<input type="checkbox"/> Microtopographic Relief (D4)
		<input type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)

Field Observations:		Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Surface Water Present?	Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____	
Water Table Present?	Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): <u>8</u>	
Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe)	Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): <u>2</u>	

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Hydrology altered in past by impoundment of Dale Branch. Subsequent
 Sedimentation of pond has created wetland conditions.

VEGETATION (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: _____

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30'</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Salix nigra</u>	<u>60</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>OBL</u>
2. <u>Liquidambar styraciflua</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>
3. <u>Rhus spp.?</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>FACU</u>
4. <u>Vlmus alata</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>FACU</u>
5. <u>Persea ligustrina</u>	<u>15</u>		<u>FAC</u>
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____

_____ = Total Cover
50% of total cover: 100 20% of total cover: 20

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Privet</u>	<u>10</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FAC</u>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
9. _____	_____	_____	_____

_____ = Total Cover
50% of total cover: 5 20% of total cover: 2

Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Polygonum Spp.</u>	<u>80</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FACU</u>
2. <u>Carex spp.</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>
3. <u>Fragaria virginiana</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>FACU</u>
4. <u>Boehmeria cylindrica</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACU</u>
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
9. _____	_____	_____	_____
10. _____	_____	_____	_____
11. _____	_____	_____	_____

_____ = Total Cover
50% of total cover: 50 20% of total cover: 20

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____

_____ = Total Cover
50% of total cover: _____ 20% of total cover: _____

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)
Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by:
OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
FACW species _____ x 2 = _____
FAC species _____ x 3 = _____
FACU species _____ x 4 = _____
UPL species _____ x 5 = _____
Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = _____

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- ☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
- ☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
- ☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is $\leq 3.0^1$
- ☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
- ☐ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes ☒ No _____

SOIL

Sampling Point: _____

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

[illegible]¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, MS=Masked Sand Grains.²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- ☐ Histosol (A1)
- ☐ Histic Epipedon (A2)
- ☐ Black Histic (A3)
- ☐ Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- ☐ Stratified Layers (A5)
- ☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) (**LRR N**)
- ☐ Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- ☐ Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- ☐ Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (**LRR N, MLRA 147, 148**)
- ☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- ☐ Sandy Redox (S5)
- ☐ Stripped Matrix (S6)

- ☐ Dark Surface (S7)
- ☐ Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) **(MLRA 147, 148)**
- ☐ Thin Dark Surface (S9) **(MLRA 147, 148)**
- ☐ Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- ☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)
- ☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- ☐ Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- ☐ Redox Depressions (F8)
- ☒ Iron-Manganese Masses (F12) **(LRR N, MLRA 136)**
- ☐ Umbric Surface (F13) **(MLRA 136, 122)**
- ☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(MLRA 148)**
- ☐ Red Parent Material (F21) **(MLRA 127, 147)**

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- ☐ 2 cm Muck (A10) **(MLRA 147)**
☐ Coast Prairie Redox (A16) **(MLRA 147, 148)**
☐ Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(MLRA 136, 147)**
☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
☐ Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No

Remarks:



EEP Floodplain Requirements Checklist

This form was developed by the National Flood Insurance program, NC Floodplain Mapping program and Ecosystem Enhancement Program to be filled for all EEP projects. The form is intended to summarize the floodplain requirements during the design phase of the projects. The form should be submitted to the Local Floodplain Administrator with three copies submitted to NFIP (attn. Edward Curtis), NC Floodplain Mapping Unit (attn. John Gerber) and NC Ecosystem Enhancement Program.

Project Location

Name of project:	Pee Dee Stream Restoration Site
Name if stream or feature:	Tributaries to Clark's Creek
County:	Montgomery County, NC
Name of river basin:	Yadkin River Basin
Is project urban or rural?	Rural
Name of Jurisdictional municipality/county:	Montgomery County
DFIRM panel number for entire site:	6594
Consultant name:	Wolf Creek Engineering, pllc
Phone number:	(828) 658-3649
Address:	7 Florida Ave. Weaverville, NC 28787

Design Information

Environmental Banc and Exchange (EBX) proposes to restore and enhance three unstable tributaries to Clark's Creek in Montgomery County. The site is located approximately one mile south of the town of Pee Dee, NC at latitude 35°15'27" and longitude 80°01'48". The site encompasses approximately 20 acres of agricultural land consists of three small tributaries to Clark's Creek. No restoration work is proposed for Clark's Creek.

Reach	Length	Priority
<i>Thompson Creek</i>	<i>250</i>	<i>One (Restoration)</i>
<i>Thompson Creek</i>	<i>1314</i>	<i>Three (Enhancement)</i>
<i>Dale Branch</i>	<i>375</i>	<i>One (Restoration)</i>
<i>Dale Branch</i>	<i>2955</i>	<i>Three (Enhancement)</i>
<i>Jerry Branch</i>	<i>1670</i>	<i>One (Restoration)</i>

Floodplain Information

<p>Is project located in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA)?</p> <p> <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No </p>
<p>If project is located in a SFHA, check how it was determined:</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> Redelineation <input type="checkbox"/> Detailed Study <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Detail Study <input type="checkbox"/> Approximate Study <input type="checkbox"/> Don't know </p>
<p>List flood zone designation:</p>
<p>Check if applies:</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> AE Zone <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Floodway <input type="checkbox"/> Non-Encroachment <input checked="" type="radio"/> None </div> <input type="checkbox"/> A Zone <div style="margin-left: 20px;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Local Setbacks Required <input type="checkbox"/> No Local Setbacks Required </div> </p>

If local setbacks are required, list how many feet:

Does proposed channel boundary encroach outside floodway/non-encroachment/setbacks?

☐ Yes

☒ No

Land Acquisition (Check)

☐ State owned (fee simple)

☐ Conservation easment (Design Bid Build)

☒ Conservation Easement (Full Delivery Project)

Note: if the project property is state-owned, then all requirements should be addressed to the Department of Administration, State Construction Office (attn: Herbert Neily, (919) 807-4101)

Is community/county participating in the NFIP program?

☒ Yes

☐ No

Note: if community is not participating, then all requirements should be addressed to NFIP (attn: Edward Curtis, (919) 715-8000 x369)

Name of Local Floodplain Administrator: Andrew Gahagan

Phone Number: (910) 572-3304

Floodplain Requirements

This section to be filled by designer/applicant following verification with the LFPA

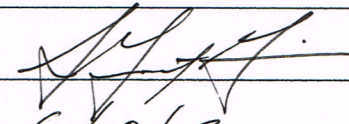
- ☒ No Action
- ☐ No Rise
- ☐ Letter of Map Revision
- ☐ Conditional Letter of Map Revision
- ☐ Other Requirements

List other requirements: None

Comments:

Clark's Creek is a detailed study stream with an established floodway. No work is to be done on Clark's Creek except where two of the tributaries tie into Clark's Creek. None of the tributaries are studied streams. Coordination with Montgomery County Floodplain Manager, Andrew Gahagan, verified that a map revision would not be required for lateral grading work into the Clark's Creek floodplain that is required for restoration of the tributaries.

Name: S. Grant Ginn, P.E.

Signature: 

Title: President

Date: 6/18/13

APPENDIX C

MITIGATION WORK PLAN DATA and ANALYSES

C1 Hydraulic Geometry

- Design Curves
- Morphology Curves

C2 Design Calculations

- Conceptual Design Calculations
- Sediment Regime
- Design Section Calculations
- Morphologic Tables
- Competence Calculations
- Capacity Calculations
- Bed Material Calculations

C3 Hydraulic Modeling

- Existing HEC-RAS Output
- Proposed HEC-RAS Output
- HEC-RAS Sediment Transport

C4 Assessment Data

- BEHI/NBS Calculations
- Existing Morphology
- Sediment Data
- Morphologic Site Map

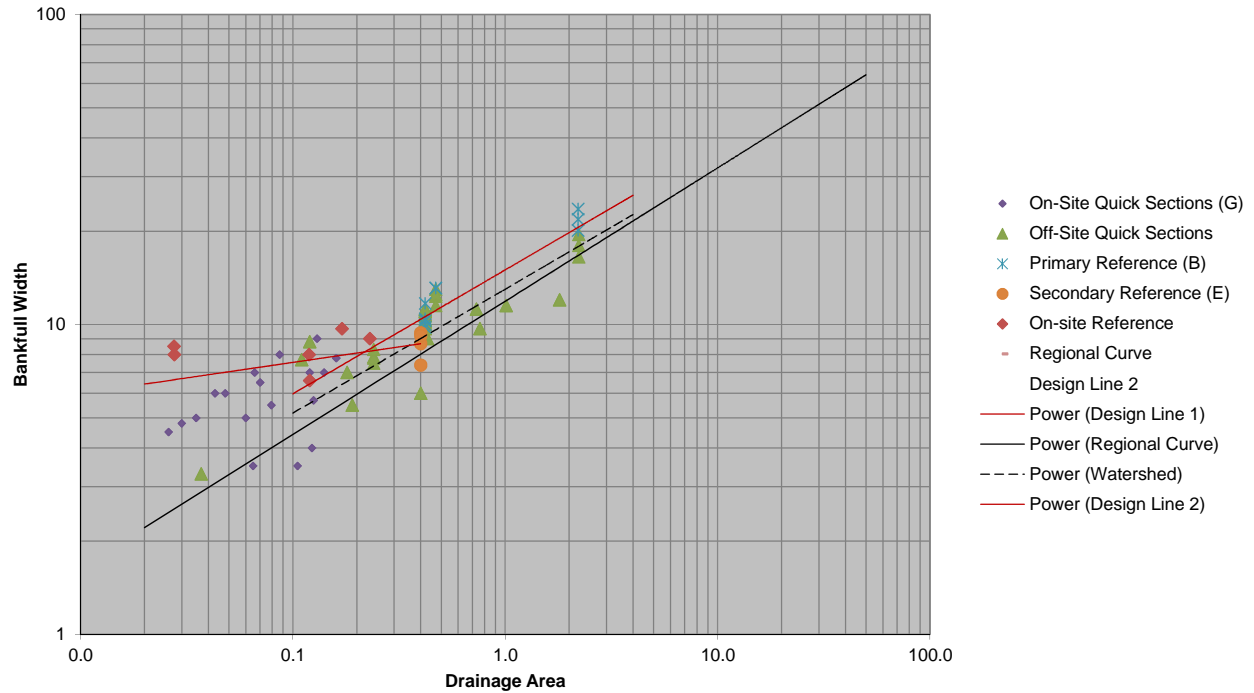
C5 Reference Reach Data

- Talbott's Branch

APPENDIX C1

Hydraulic Geometry

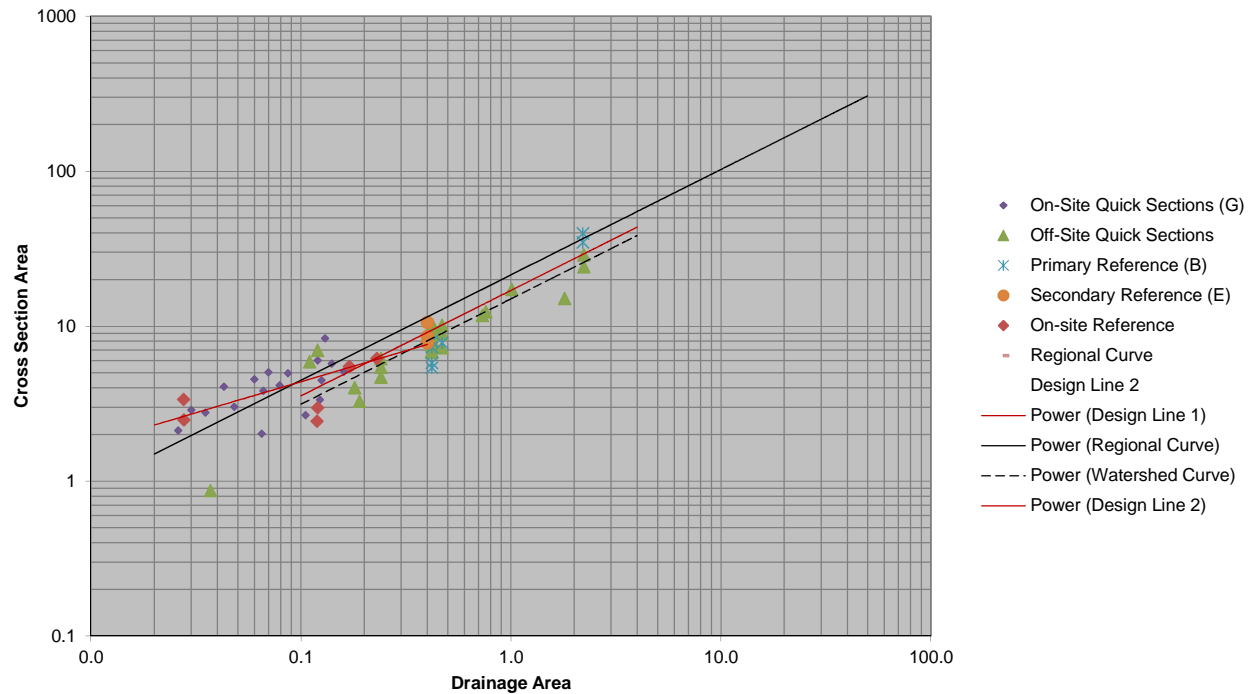
Pee Dee Bankfull Width



	Coefficient	Exponent
Design Line 1	15.0	0.40
Design Line 2	9.5	0.10
Regional Curve	11.9	0.43
Watershed Curve	13.0	0.40

Design Line 1		Design Line 2		Regional Curve		Watershed Curve	
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
0.1	5.972	0.02	6.424	0.02	2.211	0.1	5.175
4	26.117	0.4	8.668	50	63.935	4	22.634

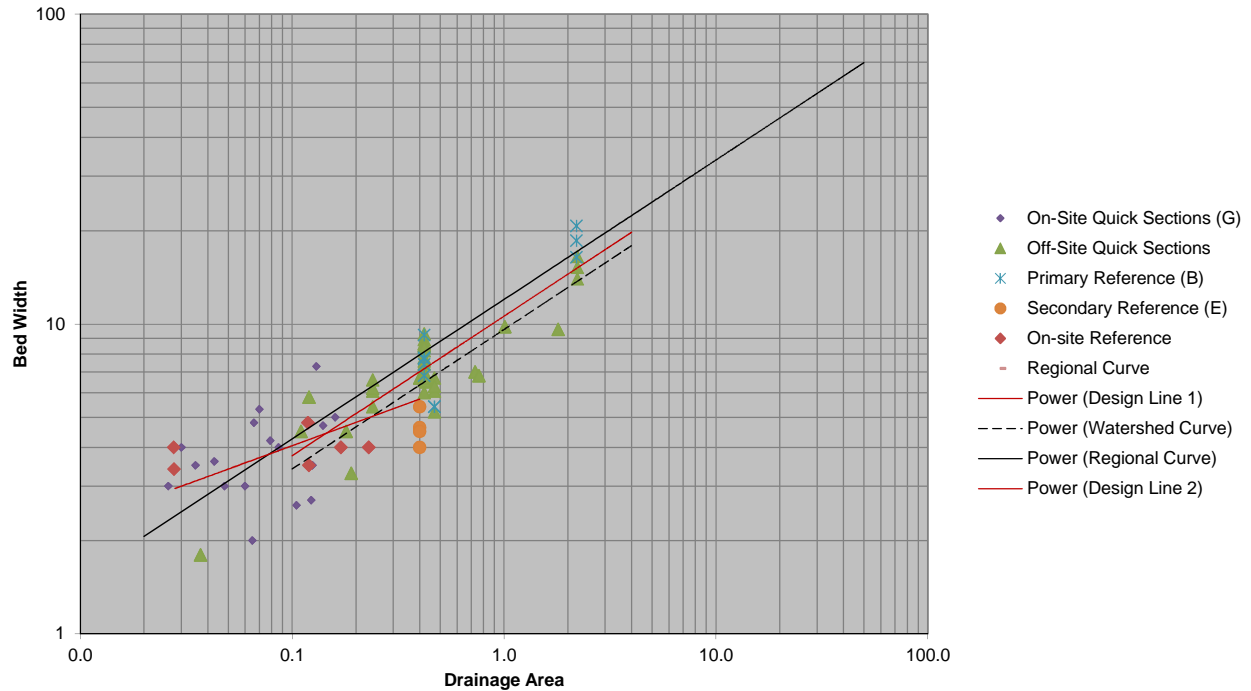
Pee Dee Cross Sectional Area



	Coefficient	Exponent
Design Line 1	17.0	0.68
Design Line 2	11.0	0.40
Regional Curve	21.4	0.68
Watershed Curve	15.0	0.68

Design Line 1		Design Line 2		Regional Curve		Watershed Curve	
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
0.1	3.552	0.02	2.300	0.02	1.499	0.1	3.134
4	43.636	0.4	7.625	50	306.423	4	38.503

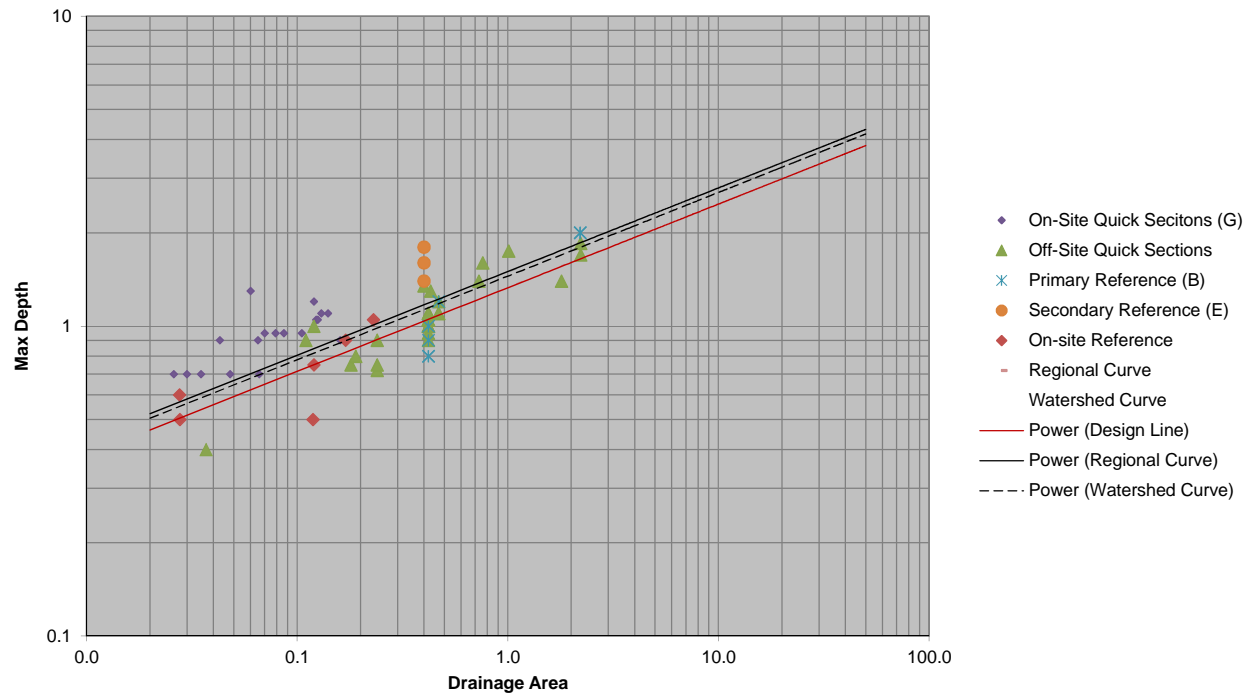
Pee Dee Bed Width Design



	Coefficient	Exponent
Design Line 1	10.6	0.45
Design Line 2	7.2	0.25
Regional Curve	12.0	0.45
Watershed Curve	9.6	0.45

Design Line 1		Design Line 2		Regional Curve		Watershed Curve	
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
0.1	3.761	0.028	2.945	0.02	2.064	0.1	3.406
4	19.780	0.4	5.726	50	69.778	4	17.914

Pee Dee Max Depth



	Coefficient	Exponent
Design Line	1.33	0.27
Regional Curve	1.50	0.27
Watershed Curve	1.45	0.27

Design Line		Regional Curve		Watershed Curve	
X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
0.02	0.463	0.02	0.522	0.02	0.504
50	3.824	50	4.313	50	4.170

APPENDIX C2

Design Calculations

Stream Design Calculations

Status Summary

Project: Pee Dee
Project No.: 1058-PDEE
Client: EBX
Contract No.: -
County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

<u>Design Component</u>	<u>Status</u>	<u>Date of Final</u>	<u>Designer</u>
Conceptual Design	FINAL	6/15/13	CME
Discharge Calculations	FINAL	3/6/13	SGG
Sediment Regime	FINAL	3/21/13	SGG
Section Design	FINAL	3/21/13	SGG
Typical Section Dimensions	FINAL	6/15/13	CME
Plan/Profile Measurements	DRAFT	6/15/13	CME
Morphologic Design Table	FINAL	3/5/13	SGG
Structure Dimensions	DRAFT		
Competence Calculations	FINAL	3/21/13	SGG
Design Slopes	DRAFT		
HEC-RAS	FINAL	3/18/13	SGG
Sediment Transport	FINAL	3/18/13	SGG
Transition Reach Design	DRAFT		
Supplemental Bed Material	DRAFT		
Credit Calculations	FINAL	6/18/13	MMF

Conceptual Design

Estimated Channel Values from Regional Curves

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

FINAL
 6/15/13
 CME

Hydro-Physio Province: NC Piedmont

Regional Curve Equations

	Coefficient	Exponent	
W_{BKF}	11.89	0.43	(Limited Data, Not Used in Calculations)
A_{BKF}	21.43	0.68	(Limited Data, Not Used in Calculations)
d_{MEAN}	1.5	0.32	
Q_{BKF}	89.04	0.72	
W_{BED}	12	0.45	
d_{MAX}	1.5	0.27	

Approximate Equations

	Coefficient	Exponent	
W_{BKF}	8.29	0.45	(Used in Calculations)
d_{MAX}	2.1	0.32	(Used in Calculations)

Reach	Estimated Dimensions from Regional Curves								
	Drain. Area (mi ²)	W_{BKF} (ft)	A_{BKF} (ft ²)	d_{MEAN} (ft)	W_{BED} (ft)	d_{MAX} (ft)	Pool Spacing (ft)	Rc (ft)	Tangent Length (ft)
Thompson Creek 1A	0.11	4.6	4.8	0.7	3.0	1.0	23	9	9
Thompson Creek 1B	0.11	4.6	4.8	0.7	3.0	1.0	23	9	9
Thompson Creek 2	0.14	5.1	5.6	0.8	3.4	1.1	26	10	10
Thompson Creek 3	0.16	5.4	6.2	0.8	3.6	1.2	27	11	11
Dale Branch 1	0.03	2.6	2.0	0.5	1.7	0.7	13	5	5
Dale Branch 2A	0.04	3.0	2.4	0.5	1.9	0.7	15	6	6
Dale Branch 2B	0.04	3.0	2.4	0.5	1.9	0.7	15	6	6
Dale Branch 2C	0.04	3.0	2.4	0.5	1.9	0.7	15	6	6
Dale Branch 2D	0.04	3.0	2.4	0.5	1.9	0.7	15	6	6
Dale Branch 2E	0.04	3.0	2.4	0.5	1.9	0.7	15	6	6
Dale Branch 3	0.05	3.3	2.8	0.6	2.1	0.8	16	7	7
Dale Branch 4	0.08	4.0	3.8	0.7	2.6	0.9	20	8	8
Dale Branch 5A	0.09	4.2	4.2	0.7	2.8	1.0	21	8	8
Dale Branch 5B	0.09	4.2	4.2	0.7	2.8	1.0	21	8	8
Dale Branch 5C	0.09	4.2	4.2	0.7	2.8	1.0	21	8	8
Jerry Branch 1	0.07	3.8	3.5	0.6	2.5	0.9	19	8	8
Jerry Branch 2	0.12	4.8	5.1	0.8	3.2	1.1	24	10	10
Jerry Branch 3	0.13	4.9	5.4	0.8	3.3	1.1	25	10	10
Hudson Branch 1	0.03	2.6	2.0	0.5	1.7	0.7	13	5	5

Reach Locations

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Reach	Existing Thalweg Stationing		Proposed Design Stationing		Description
	Begin	End	Begin	End	
Thompson Creek 1A	100+00	102+50	100+00	102+50	U/s of Dam
Thompson Creek 1B	102+50	105+10	102+50	105+11	U/s of Dam
Thompson Creek 2	105+10	116+50	105+11	115+64	Dam to Ford
Thompson Creek 3	116+50	118+50	115+64	118+13	D/s of Ford
Dale Branch 1	200+00	205+33	200+00	203+75	Enhancement U/s of Pond
Dale Branch 2A	200+00	205+33	203+75	205+00	Transition out of pond
Dale Branch 2B			205+00	206+40	D/s of pond to bedrock transition
Dale Branch 2C			206+40	207+50	Bedrock Transition
Dale Branch 2D			207+50	211+15	Fr BR Transition to pipe transition
Dale Branch 2E			211+15	213+50	Transition to and out of u/s pipe
Dale Branch 3	205+33	211+01	213+50	219+00	Pipe Crossing to draw on right
Dale Branch 4	211+01	219+25	219+00	227+25	Draw on right to pipe transition
Dale Branch 5A	219+25	221+87	227+25	229+70	Transition to and out of d/s pipe
Dale Branch 5B	221+87	226+46	229+70	232+85	D/s of pipe to transition to Clarks Cr
Dale Branch 5C			232+85	234+50	Transition to Clarks Cr
Jerry Branch 1	300+00	304+50	300+00	304+35	U/s of Hudson
Jerry Branch 2	304+50	311+20	304+35	310+60	Hudson to Reference Section
Jerry Branch 3	311+20	317+18	310+60	317+30	D/s of Reference Section
Hudson Branch 1	400+00	403+58		403+58	

Discharge Calculations

Estimated Values from Regional Regression Equations

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

FINAL
 3/6/13
 SGG

Regional Regression Equations

<u>Event</u>	Coefficient	Exponent	<u>Include</u>
Bankfull	89.04	0.72	✓
2-yr	135	0.702	✓
5-yr	242	0.677	✓
10-yr	334	0.662	✓
25-yr	476	0.645	✓
50-yr	602	0.635	✓
100-yr	745	0.625	✓
200-yr	908	0.616	
500-yr	1160	0.605	

Estimated Discharges

Reach	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Bankfull (cfs)	2-yr (cfs)	5-yr (cfs)	10-yr (cfs)	25-yr (cfs)	50-yr (cfs)	100-yr (cfs)		
Thompson Creek 1A	0.11	18	29	54	77	115	148	188		
Thompson Creek 1B	0.11	18	29	54	77	115	148	188		
Thompson Creek 2	0.14	22	34	64	91	134	173	218		
Thompson Creek 3	0.16	24	37	70	99	146	188	237		
Dale Branch 1	0.03	7	12	23	33	50	65	83		
Dale Branch 2A	0.04	9	14	27	40	60	78	100		
Dale Branch 2B	0.04	9	14	27	40	60	78	100		
Dale Branch 2C	0.04	9	14	27	40	60	78	100		
Dale Branch 2D	0.04	9	14	27	40	60	78	100		
Dale Branch 2E	0.04	9	14	27	40	60	78	100		
Dale Branch 3	0.05	10	16	32	46	69	90	115		
Dale Branch 4	0.08	14	23	44	63	93	121	154		
Dale Branch 5A	0.09	16	25	47	68	101	130	165		
Dale Branch 5B	0.09	16	25	47	68	101	130	165		
Dale Branch 5C	0.09	16	25	47	68	101	130	165		
Jerry Branch 1	0.07	13	21	40	57	86	111	141		
Jerry Branch 2	0.12	19	30	58	82	121	157	198		
Jerry Branch 3	0.13	20	32	61	87	128	165	208		
Hudson Branch 1	0.03	7	12	23	33	50	65	83		

Sediment Regime

Project: Pee Dee
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Reach	Thompson Creek	Dale Branch	Jerry Branch	Upstream Adjacent Forecast (Thompsn)	Upstream Extended Forecast (Thompsn)	Upstream Adjacent Forecast (Dale)	Upstream Extended Forecast (Dale)
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Bed Material Nature

Depth of Bed Probe (ft)	< 0.1	0.1	< 0.1	No	< 0.1	0.1	0.1
Matrix Bonding	Loose	Loose	Loose	Data	Loose	Loose	Loose
Parent Material Exposure	Yes	Yes	Yes	Available	No	Yes	Yes
Well Graded	No	No	No	(Pond)	No	No	No

Depositional Patterns

Point Bars	Minimal	Minimal	Minimal		None	Minimal	Minimal
Mid-channel Bars	Minimal	Moderate	None		None	Moderate	Moderate
Side-channel Bars	None	None	None		None	None	None
Diagonal Bars	None	None	None		None	None	None
Bar Length/W _{BED}	2	2	1.5		None	2	2
Dune Presentation of Bars	None	None	None		None	None	None
Channel Branching	None	None	None		None	None	None
Tributary Deltas	None	None	None		None	None	None
Dune Length/Height (ft)	None	None	None		None	None	None
Ripple Length/Height (ft)	None	None	None		None	None	None

Sediment Measurements

<u>Pebble Count</u> (Riffle)	% Sand	9%	14%	11%			
	D ₅₀	8	6	6			
	D ₈₄	15	11	13			
	D ₉₅	24	15	22			

<u>Pebble Count</u> (Reach)	% Sand						
	D ₅₀						
	D ₈₄						
	D ₉₅						

<u>Bar Sample</u>	% Sand	19%		25%			
	D ₅₀	7		6			
	D ₈₄	14		13			
	D ₉₅	24		21			
	D _{MAX}	37		32			

<u>Bed Sample</u>	% Sand	9%	14%	11%			
	D ₅₀	8	6	6			
	D ₈₄	15	11	13			
	D ₉₅	24	15	22			

Sediment Regime

Sediment Load	Mod. Low	Mod. Low	Mod. Low		Low	Mod. Low	Mod. Low
Sediment Mobility	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate		Moderate	Moderate	Moderate

Sediment Regime

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
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Reach	Upstream Adjacent Forecast (Jerry)	Upstream Extended Forecast (Jerry)	Dale Bed Surface Sample	West Slope Dale Valley	Coarse Bed Sample (Thompsn)	Test Pit Sample (Dale)	Aggregate Source Sample (Jerry)
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Bed Material Nature

Depth of Bed Probe (ft)	< 0.1	< 0.1					
Matrix Bonding	Loose	Loose					
Parent Material Exposure	Yes	Yes					
Well Graded	No	No					

Depositional Patterns

Point Bars	Minimal	Minimal					
Mid-channel Bars	None	None					
Side-channel Bars	None	None					
Diagonal Bars	None	None					
Bar Length/W _{BED}	1.5	1.5					
Dune Presentation of Bars	None	None					
Channel Branching	None	None					
Tributary Deltas	None	None					
Dune Length/Height (ft)	None	None					
Ripple Length/Height (ft)	None	None					

Sediment Measurements

<u>Pebble Count</u>	% Sand			21%		3%		1%
(Riffle)	D ₅₀			7	7	54		43
	D ₈₄			15	15	140		78
	D ₉₅			20	21	150		87

<u>Pebble Count</u>	% Sand							
(Reach)	D ₅₀							
	D ₈₄							
	D ₉₅							

<u>Bar Sample</u>	% Sand					31%		
	D ₅₀					5		
	D ₈₄					8		
	D ₉₅					13		
	D _{MAX}					16		

<u>Bed Sample</u>	% Sand			21%		3%		1%
	D ₅₀			7	7	54		43
	D ₈₄			15	15	140		78
	D ₉₅			20	21	150		87

Sediment Regime

Sediment Load	Mod. Low	Mod. Low						
Sediment Mobility	Moderate	Moderate						

Design Section 1

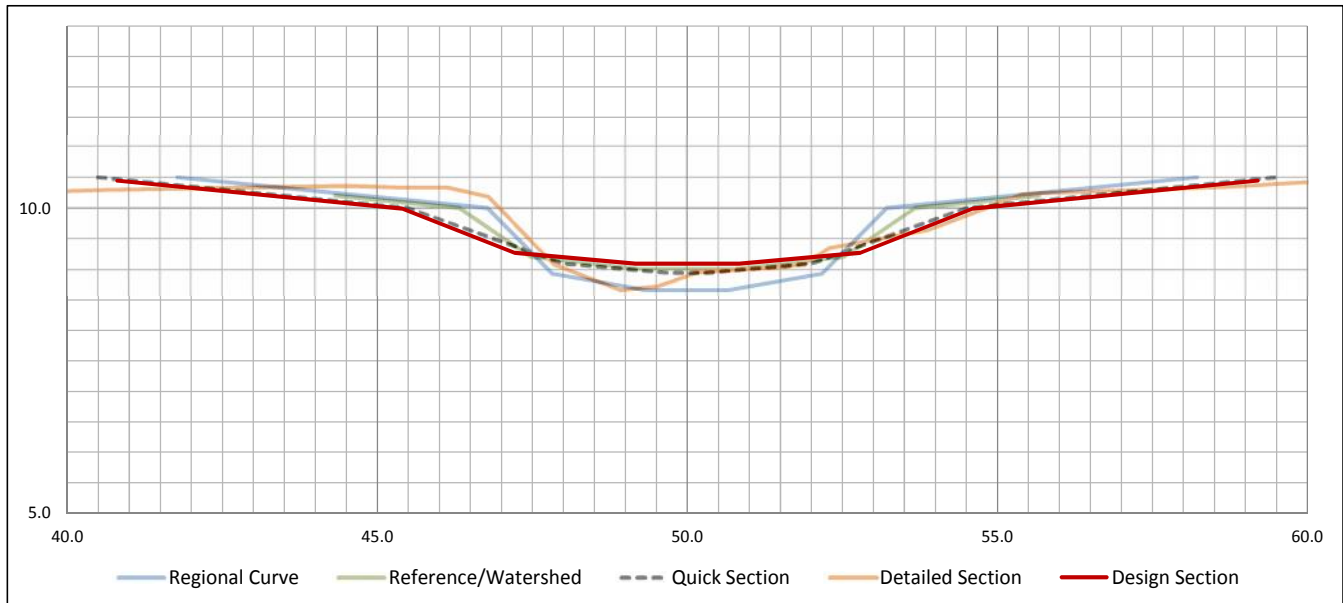
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Section Comparisons

Design Section		
	Coef	Exp
W_{BED}	10.60	0.45
d_{MAX}	1.33	0.27
Bank Slope	2.5	(H:1)
Thalweg Ratio	0.3	
Toe Depth Ratio	0.8	
Bench Width Ratio	0.5	
Bench Slope	10	(H:1)
Drainage Area	0.24	(sq. mi.)

Point of Comparison
Thompson Creek Downstream of Site

	Regional Curve	Ref/ Wtrshed	Quick Section	Detailed Section	Design Section
W_{BKF}	6.4	7.3	9.0	8.6	9.2
	143%	125%	102%	107%	
W_{BED}	4.3	5.1	4.0		5.6
	129%	110%	139%		
W_{THL}	1.3	1.5	0.6		1.7
	129%	110%	279%		
d_{MAX}	1.3	1.0	1.1	1.5	0.9
	68%	92%	86%	60%	
d_{TOE}	1.1	0.8	0.9		0.7
	68%	92%	80%		
A_{BKF}	8.1	5.7	6.2	7.6	6.0
	74%	106%	97%	79%	
d_{MEAN}	1.26	0.77	0.69	0.88	0.65
	52%	84%	95%	74%	
P	7.4	7.9	9.3	9.7	9.5
	129%	121%	102%	98%	
Hydr. R	1.10	0.72	0.66	0.78	0.63
	57%	87%	95%	81%	
W/d Ratio	5.1	9.5	13.1	9.8	14.1
	276%	148%	108%	144%	

Design Section 2

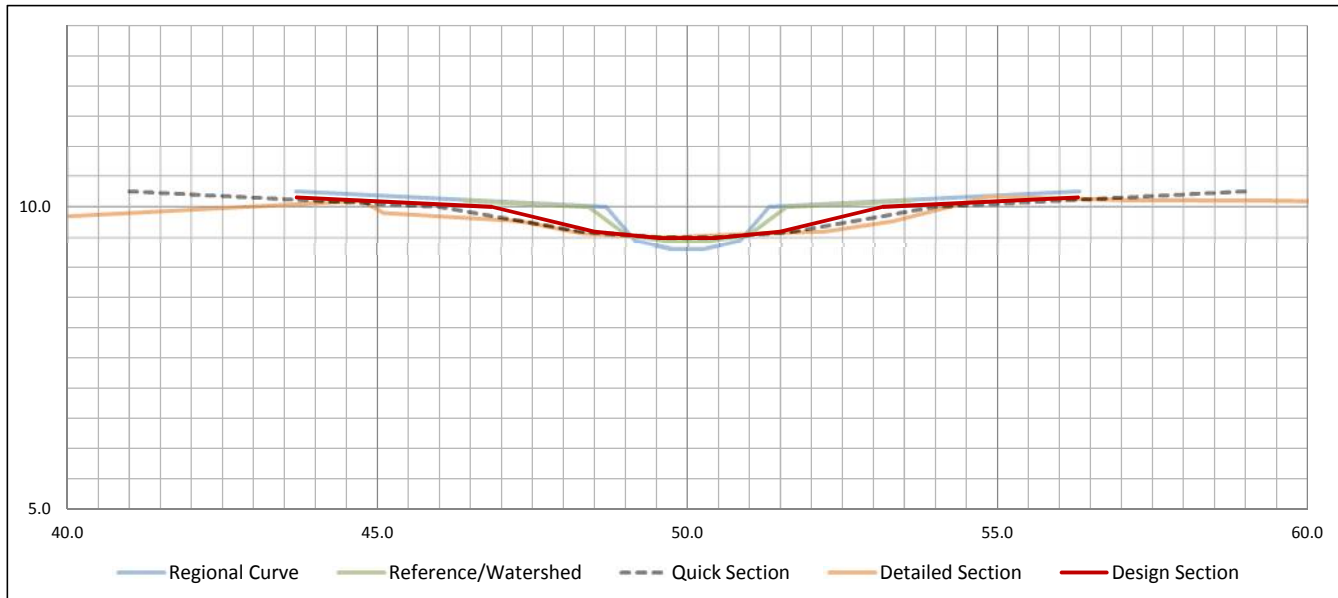
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Section Comparisons

Design Section		
	Coef	Exp
W_{BED}	7.20	0.25
d_{MAX}	1.33	0.27
Bank Slope	4.0	(H:1)
Thalweg Ratio	0.3	
Toe Depth Ratio	0.8	
Bench Width Ratio	0.5	
Bench Slope	20	(H:1)
Drainage Area	0.03	(sq. mi.)

Point of Comparison
Upstream of Dale Branch

	Regional Curve	Ref/ Wtrshed	Quick Section	Detailed Section	Design Section
W_{BKF}	2.6	3.2	8.0	10.1	6.3
	239%	197%	79%	62%	
W_{BED}	1.7	2.0	3.4		3.0
	177%	151%	88%		
W_{THL}	0.5	0.6	0.8		0.9
	177%	151%	112%		
d_{MAX}	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.5
	75%	92%	103%	87%	
d_{TOE}	0.5	0.5	0.4		0.4
	75%	92%	103%		
A_{BKF}	2.0	1.4	2.5	3.8	2.1
	107%	153%	85%	55%	
d_{MEAN}	0.75	0.43	0.31	0.38	0.34
	45%	78%	108%	89%	
P	3.2	3.5	8.1	12.5	6.4
	203%	183%	79%	51%	
Hydr. R	0.62	0.39	0.31	0.31	0.33
	53%	84%	107%	108%	
W/d Ratio	3.5	7.4	25.7	26.7	18.7
	533%	253%	73%	70%	

Design Section 3

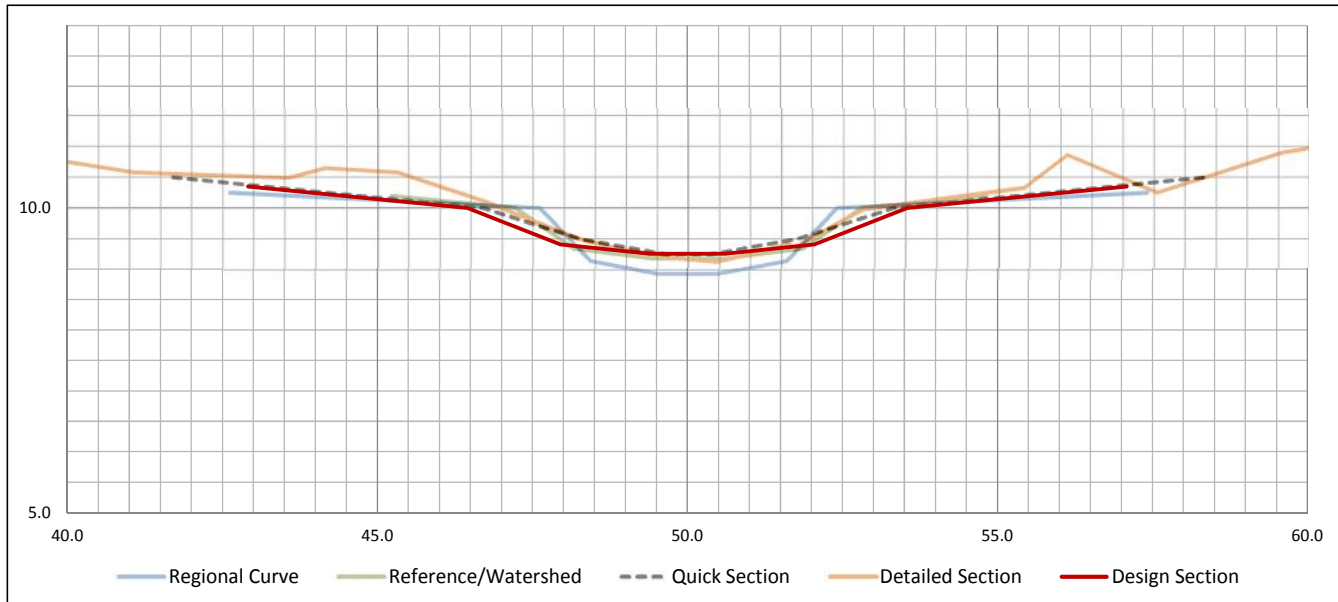
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Section Comparisons

Design Section		
	Coef	Exp
W_{BED}	10.60	0.45
d_{MAX}	1.33	0.27
Bank Slope	2.5	(H:1)
Thalweg Ratio	0.3	
Toe Depth Ratio	0.8	
Bench Width Ratio	0.5	
Bench Slope	10	(H:1)
Drainage Area	0.12	(sq. mi.)

Point of Comparison
Jerry Branch On-site Reference

	Regional Curve	Ref/ Wtrshed	Quick Section	Detailed Section	Design Section
W_{BKF}	4.8	5.6	6.6	4.6	7.1
	148%	127%	107%	154%	
W_{BED}	3.2	3.7	3.5		4.1
	129%	110%	117%		
W_{THL}	1.0	1.1	0.7		1.2
	129%	110%	175%		
d_{MAX}	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8
	70%	92%	100%	88%	
d_{TOE}	0.9	0.7	0.5		0.6
	70%	92%	120%		
A_{BKF}	5.1	3.5	3.1	2.4	3.7
	74%	106%	123%	154%	
d_{MEAN}	1.06	0.64	0.46	0.53	0.53
	50%	83%	115%	100%	
P	5.6	6.0	6.8	7.7	7.3
	132%	122%	108%	95%	
Hydr. R	0.91	0.59	0.45	0.31	0.51
	56%	87%	114%	163%	
W/d Ratio	4.5	8.7	14.3	8.7	13.4
	297%	153%	94%	154%	

Typical Section Dimensions

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

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 CME

Reach	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Design Section	W _{BKF}	W _{BED}	W _{THAL}	W _{BENCH}	d _{MAX}	d _{TOE}	Bank Slope (H:1)
Thompson Creek 1A	0.11	2	8.8	4.1	1.2	4	0.73	0.59	4
Thompson Creek 1B	0.11	2	8.8	4.1	1.2	4	0.73	0.59	4
Thompson Creek 2	0.14	1	7.5	4.4	1.3	4	0.78	0.63	2.5
Thompson Creek 3	0.16	1	7.9	4.6	1.4	4	0.81	0.65	2.5
Dale Branch 1	0.03	2	6.3	3.0	0.9	3	0.52	0.41	4
Dale Branch 2A	0.04	1	4.7	2.5	0.7	2	0.56	0.45	2.5
Dale Branch 2B	0.04	2	6.8	3.2	1.0	3	0.56	0.45	4
Dale Branch 2C	0.04	1	4.7	2.5	0.7	2	0.56	0.45	2.5
Dale Branch 2D	0.04	2	6.8	3.2	1.0	3	0.56	0.45	4
Dale Branch 2E	0.04	1	4.7	2.5	0.7	2	0.56	0.45	2.5
Dale Branch 3	0.05	2	7.2	3.4	1.0	4	0.59	0.47	4
Dale Branch 4	0.08	1	6.1	3.4	1.0	3	0.67	0.54	2.5
Dale Branch 5A	0.09	1	6.4	3.6	1.1	3	0.69	0.56	2.5
Dale Branch 5B	0.09	1	6.4	3.6	1.1	3	0.69	0.56	2.5
Dale Branch 5C	0.09	1	6.4	3.6	1.1	3	0.69	0.56	2.5
Jerry Branch 1	0.07	2	7.9	3.7	1.1	4	0.65	0.52	4
Jerry Branch 2	0.12	1	7.1	4.1	1.2	4	0.75	0.60	2.5
Jerry Branch 3	0.13	1	7.3	4.2	1.3	4	0.77	0.61	2.5
Hudson Branch 1	0.03	2	6.3	3.0	0.9	3	0.52	0.41	4

Reach	Pool Dimensions				
	Width Ratio	W _{IN}	W _{OUT}	d _{POOL} /d _{MAX} Ratio	d _{POOL}
Thompson Creek 1A	1.1	5.3	4.4	1.5	1.10
Thompson Creek 1B	1.1	5.3	4.4	1.5	1.10
Thompson Creek 2	1.1	4.5	3.8	1.5	1.17
Thompson Creek 3	1.1	4.7	3.9	1.5	1.22
Dale Branch 1	1.1	3.8	3.1	1.5	0.77
Dale Branch 2A	1.1	2.8	2.4	1.5	0.84
Dale Branch 2B	1.1	4.1	3.4	1.5	0.84
Dale Branch 2C	1.1	2.8	2.4	1.5	0.84
Dale Branch 2D	1.1	4.1	3.4	1.5	0.84
Dale Branch 2E	1.1	2.8	2.4	1.5	0.84
Dale Branch 3	1.1	4.3	3.6	1.5	0.89
Dale Branch 4	1.1	3.7	3.0	1.5	1.01
Dale Branch 5A	1.1	3.8	3.2	1.5	1.04
Dale Branch 5B	1.1	3.8	3.2	1.5	1.04
Dale Branch 5C	1.1	3.8	3.2	1.5	1.04
Jerry Branch 1	1.1	4.7	3.9	1.5	0.97
Jerry Branch 2	1.1	4.3	3.5	1.5	1.13
Jerry Branch 3	1.1	4.4	3.6	1.5	1.15
Hudson Branch 1	1.1	3.8	3.1	1.5	0.77

Hydraulic Dimensions

Project: Pee Dee
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 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

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 SGG

Reach	Stream Type	A _{BKF}	P _{WET}	R _{HYD}	d _{MEAN}	W/D Ratio	Entrench Ratio
Thompson Creek 1A	Bc	4.2	9.0	0.5	0.5	18.6	4.5
Thompson Creek 1B	Bc	4.2	9.0	0.47	0.48	18.6	3.4
Thompson Creek 2	Bc	4.2	7.8	0.54	0.55	13.5	4.0
Thompson Creek 3	Bc	4.6	8.2	0.56	0.58	13.7	3.2
Dale Branch 1	Bc	2.1	6.4	0.33	0.34	18.7	5.6
Dale Branch 2A	Bc	1.8	4.9	0.36	0.38	12.5	2.5
Dale Branch 2B	Bc	2.5	6.9	0.36	0.36	18.7	2.4
Dale Branch 2C	Bc	1.8	4.9	0.36	0.38	12.5	2.5
Dale Branch 2D	Bc	2.5	6.9	0.36	0.36	18.7	2.7
Dale Branch 2E	Bc	1.8	4.9	0.36	0.38	12.5	3.0
Dale Branch 3	Bc	2.8	7.3	0.38	0.39	18.7	4.2
Dale Branch 4	Bc	2.9	6.3	0.45	0.47	13.0	4.1
Dale Branch 5A	Bc	3.1	6.6	0.47	0.49	13.1	2.4
Dale Branch 5B	C	3.1	6.6	0.47	0.49	13.1	3.1
Dale Branch 5C	Bc	3.1	6.6	0.47	0.49	13.1	1.9
Jerry Branch 1	Bc	3.3	8.0	0.41	0.42	18.6	2.5
Jerry Branch 2	Bc	3.7	7.3	0.51	0.53	13.4	3.5
Jerry Branch 3	Bc	4.0	7.6	0.52	0.54	13.5	3.4
Hudson Branch 1	Bc	2.1	6.4	0.33	0.34	18.7	4.8

Morphologic Dimensions

Reach	Pool Spacing/W _{AVG}			Pool Spacing			Belt Width		
	min	target	max	min	target	max	min	target	max
Thompson Creek 1A	3.3	4.4	5.5	21.4	28.6	35.7	9.7	13.0	16.2
Thompson Creek 1B	3.3	4.4	5.5	21.4	28.6	35.7	9.7	13.0	16.2
Thompson Creek 2	3.3	4.4	5.5	19.6	26.2	32.7	8.9	11.9	14.9
Thompson Creek 3	2.9	3.9	4.9	18.3	24.4	30.4	9.4	12.5	15.7
Dale Branch 1	3.3	4.4	5.5	15.4	20.5	25.6	7.0	9.3	11.6
Dale Branch 2A	3.7	5.0	6.2	13.5	17.9	22.4	5.4	7.2	9.0
Dale Branch 2B	3.1	4.1	5.2	15.5	20.7	25.9	7.5	10.0	12.5
Dale Branch 2C	2.4	3.2	4.0	8.7	11.6	14.4	5.4	7.2	9.0
Dale Branch 2D	3.1	4.1	5.2	15.5	20.7	25.9	7.5	10.0	12.5
Dale Branch 2E	2.7	3.6	4.6	9.9	13.1	16.4	5.4	7.2	9.0
Dale Branch 3	3.1	4.1	5.2	16.4	21.9	27.4	8.0	10.6	13.3
Dale Branch 4	3.1	4.1	5.2	14.7	19.6	24.6	7.1	9.5	11.9
Dale Branch 5A	2.9	3.9	4.9	14.5	19.3	24.2	7.5	10.0	12.4
Dale Branch 5B	5.0	6.0	7.0	24.9	29.9	34.8	10.0	19.9	24.9
Dale Branch 5C	2.1	2.8	3.5	10.5	14.0	17.5	7.5	10.0	12.4
Jerry Branch 1	2.9	3.9	4.9	16.8	22.5	28.1	8.7	11.6	14.4
Jerry Branch 2	2.9	3.9	4.9	16.3	21.7	27.1	8.4	11.2	14.0
Jerry Branch 3	3.1	4.1	5.2	17.9	23.9	29.8	8.6	11.5	14.4
Hudson Branch 1	2.6	3.4	4.3	11.9	15.9	19.9	7.0	9.3	11.6

Morphologic Dimensions

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

DRAFT
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 CME

Reach	R _C /W _{AVG}		Radius of Curvature	
	min	max	min	max
Thompson Creek 1A	2.0	3.0	13	19
Thompson Creek 1B	2.0	3.0	13	19
Thompson Creek 2	2.0	3.0	12	18
Thompson Creek 3	2.0	3.0	13	19
Dale Branch 1	2.0	3.0	9	14
Dale Branch 2A	2.0	3.0	7	11
Dale Branch 2B	2.0	3.0	10	15
Dale Branch 2C	2.0	3.0	7	11
Dale Branch 2D	2.0	3.0	10	15
Dale Branch 2E	2.0	3.0	7	11
Dale Branch 3	2.0	3.0	11	16
Dale Branch 4	2.0	3.0	9	14
Dale Branch 5A	2.0	3.0	10	15
Dale Branch 5B	1.5	2.5	7	12
Dale Branch 5C	2.0	3.0	10	15
Jerry Branch 1	2.0	3.0	12	17
Jerry Branch 2	2.0	3.0	11	17
Jerry Branch 3	2.0	3.0	12	17
Hudson Branch 1	2.0	3.0	9	14

S _{AVG}	S _{VALLEY}	Sinuosity	Meander Width Ratio
0.007	0.018	1.1	3
0.030	0.032	1.0	3
0.022	0.024	1.1	3
0.023	0.028	1.2	3
0.039	0.023	1.1	4
0.120	0.100	1.1	3
0.029	0.016	1.1	4
0.045	0.036	1.0	3
0.042	0.031	1.0	3
0.040	0.027	1.1	2
0.027	0.025	1.0	2
0.028	0.028	1.0	2
0.050	0.029	1.0	2
0.023	0.023	1.0	2
0.043	0.041	1.0	2
0.037	0.031	1.0	2
0.024	0.028	1.1	2
0.024	0.019	1.0	2
0.012	0.050	1.1	2

Reach	Percent Tangent	Percent Curve	Feature Length					
			Minimum		Target		Maximum	
			Tangent	Curve	Tangent	Curve	Tangent	Curve
Thompson Creek 1A	60%	40%	12.9	8.6	17	11	21	14
Thompson Creek 1B	60%	40%	12.9	8.6	17	11	21	14
Thompson Creek 2	60%	40%	11.8	7.8	16	10	20	13
Thompson Creek 3	65%	35%	11.9	6.4	16	9	20	11
Dale Branch 1	60%	40%	9.2	6.1	12	8	15	10
Dale Branch 2A	55%	45%	7.4	6.1	10	8	12	10
Dale Branch 2B	60%	40%	9.3	6.2	12	8	16	10
Dale Branch 2C	65%	35%	5.6	3.0	8	4	9	5
Dale Branch 2D	60%	40%	9.3	6.2	12	8	16	10
Dale Branch 2E	65%	35%	6.4	3.4	9	5	11	6
Dale Branch 3	60%	40%	9.9	6.6	13	9	16	11
Dale Branch 4	60%	40%	8.8	5.9	12	8	15	10
Dale Branch 5A	65%	35%	9.4	5.1	13	7	16	8
Dale Branch 5B	55%	45%	13.7	11.2	16	13	19	16
Dale Branch 5C	65%	35%	6.8	3.7	9	5	11	6
Jerry Branch 1	65%	35%	10.9	5.9	15	8	18	10
Jerry Branch 2	65%	35%	10.6	5.7	14	8	18	9
Jerry Branch 3	60%	40%	10.7	7.2	14	10	18	12
Hudson Branch 1	65%	35%	7.7	4.2	10	6	13	7

Structure Dimensions

Project: Pee Dee
Project No.: 1058-PDEE
Client: EBX
Contract No.: -
County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

DRAFT

Reach	Arm Length (L)	Throat Width (W)	Buried Length (X)	Total Log Length
Thompson Creek 1A	7.0	3.0	3	13
Thompson Creek 1B	7.0	3.0	3	13
Thompson Creek 2	7.0	3.0	3	13
Thompson Creek 3	7.0	3.0	3	13
Dale Branch 1	5.0	2.0	3	11
Dale Branch 2A	4.0	2.0	3	10
Dale Branch 2B	5.0	2.0	3	11
Dale Branch 2C	4.0	2.0	3	10
Dale Branch 2D	5.0	2.0	3	11
Dale Branch 2E	4.0	2.0	3	10
Dale Branch 3	5.0	2.0	3	11
Dale Branch 4	5.0	2.0	3	11
Dale Branch 5A	6.0	2.0	3	12
Dale Branch 5B	6.0	2.0	3	12
Dale Branch 5C	6.0	2.0	3	12
Jerry Branch 1	6.0	3.0	3	12
Jerry Branch 2	7.0	2.0	3	13
Jerry Branch 3	7.0	2.0	3	13
Hudson Branch 1	5.0	2.0	3	11

Boulder Size		
Length	Width	Depth
3	2	1
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	2
3	2	1

Competence Calculations

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

FINAL
 3/21/13
 SGG

Reach	Hydraulic Radius (ft)	Largest Particle Calculations				Representative Particle Calculations			
		τ^*	γ_s	D_{MAX} (mm)	S (ft/ft)	τ^*	γ_s	D_{50} (mm)	S (ft/ft)
Thompson Creek 1A	0.47	0.009	1.65	32	0.0033	0.035	1.65	6	0.0024
Thompson Creek 1B	0.47	0.010	1.65	37	0.0043	0.032	1.65	25	0.0093
Thompson Creek 2	0.54	0.010	1.65	37	0.0037	0.032	1.65	25	0.0081
Thompson Creek 3	0.56	0.009	1.65	32	0.0028	0.035	1.65	6	0.0020
Dale Branch 1	0.33	0.009	1.65	32	0.0047	0.035	1.65	6	0.0034
Dale Branch 2A	0.36	0.009	1.65	32	0.0043	0.035	1.65	6	0.0031
Dale Branch 2B	0.36	0.009	1.65	32	0.0044	0.035	1.65	6	0.0032
Dale Branch 2C	0.36	0.009	1.65	32	0.0043	0.035	1.65	6	0.0031
Dale Branch 2D	0.36	0.009	1.65	32	0.0044	0.035	1.65	6	0.0032
Dale Branch 2E	0.36	0.009	1.65	32	0.0043	0.035	1.65	6	0.0031
Dale Branch 3	0.38	0.009	1.65	32	0.0041	0.035	1.65	6	0.0030
Dale Branch 4	0.45	0.009	1.65	32	0.0035	0.035	1.65	6	0.0025
Dale Branch 5A	0.47	0.009	1.65	32	0.0033	0.035	1.65	6	0.0024
Dale Branch 5B	0.47	0.009	1.65	32	0.0033	0.035	1.65	6	0.0024
Dale Branch 5C	0.47	0.009	1.65	32	0.0033	0.035	1.65	6	0.0024
Jerry Branch 1	0.41	0.009	1.65	32	0.0038	0.035	1.65	6	0.0027
Jerry Branch 2	0.51	0.009	1.65	32	0.0030	0.035	1.65	6	0.0022
Jerry Branch 3	0.52	0.009	1.65	32	0.0030	0.035	1.65	6	0.0022
Hudson Branch 1	0.33	0.009	1.65	32	0.0047	0.035	1.65	6	0.0034

Reach	Calculation Method	Sediment Load	Percent Calculated Slope		Design Slope Range (ft/ft)		
			Min	Max			
Thompson Creek 1A	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0019	to	0.0024
Thompson Creek 1B	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0074	to	0.0093
Thompson Creek 2	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0065	to	0.0081
Thompson Creek 3	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0016	to	0.0020
Dale Branch 1	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0028	to	0.0034
Dale Branch 2A	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0025	to	0.0031
Dale Branch 2B	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0025	to	0.0032
Dale Branch 2C	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0025	to	0.0031
Dale Branch 2D	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0025	to	0.0032
Dale Branch 2E	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0025	to	0.0031
Dale Branch 3	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0024	to	0.0030
Dale Branch 4	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0020	to	0.0025
Dale Branch 5A	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0019	to	0.0024
Dale Branch 5B	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0019	to	0.0024
Dale Branch 5C	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0019	to	0.0024
Jerry Branch 1	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0022	to	0.0027
Jerry Branch 2	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0018	to	0.0022
Jerry Branch 3	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0017	to	0.0022
Hudson Branch 1	Representative Particle	Low	80%	100%	0.0028	to	0.0034

Transition Reach Design

Project: Pee Dee
Project No.: 1058-PDEE
Client: EBX
Contract No.: -
County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

DRAFT

[illegible]

Supplemental Bed Material Design

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status**DRAFT**

Material Gradation Percentage of Total by Weight								
Material Size	Sand/Clay	ABC(M)	1/2" Stone (No. 57)	3/4" Stone (No. 5)	2" Stone (Surge)	6" Stone NCDOT (Class A)	12" Stone NCDOT (Class B)	18" Stone NCDOT (Class I)
Sand								
#16								
#10	100							
#8		12						
#4		9	2					
3/8"		9	3					
1/2"		16	12	2				
3/4"		16	25	3				
1"		13	48	32				
1.5"		12	7	58				
2"		13	3	5				
3"						19		
4"					50	19		
5"					50	19		
6"						19	19	13
8"						19	19	13
9"						5	19	14
10"							19	14
12"							19	14
14"							5	13
16"								14
18"								5
24"								
Total %	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Supplemental Bed Material Design

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Design Status

DRAFT

Material Composition								
Reach	Sand/Clay	ABC(M)	1/2" Stone (No. 57)	3/4" Stone (No. 5)	2" Stone (Surge)	6" Stone NCDOT (Class A)	12" Stone NCDOT (Class B)	18" Stone NCDOT (Class I)
Thompson Creek 1A	40%	60%						
Thompson Creek 1B	10%			30%	30%	30%		
Thompson Creek 2	10%			30%	30%	30%		
Thompson Creek 3	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 1	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 2A	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 2B	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 2C	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 2D	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 2E	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 3	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 4	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 5A	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 5B	40%	60%						
Dale Branch 5C	40%	60%						
Jerry Branch 1	40%	60%						
Jerry Branch 2	40%	60%						
Jerry Branch 3	40%	60%						
Hudson Branch 1	40%	60%						

Design Size Distribution (mm)						
Reach	D ₁₆	D ₃₅	D ₅₀	D ₆₅	D ₈₄	D ₉₅
Thompson Creek 1A	2	2	4	12	24	43
Thompson Creek 1B	22	35	81	100	123	172
Thompson Creek 2	22	35	81	100	123	172
Thompson Creek 3	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 1	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 2A	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 2B	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 2C	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 2D	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 2E	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 3	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 4	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 5A	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 5B	2	2	4	12	24	43
Dale Branch 5C	2	2	4	12	24	43
Jerry Branch 1	2	2	4	12	24	43
Jerry Branch 2	2	2	4	12	24	43
Jerry Branch 3	2	2	4	12	24	43
Hudson Branch 1	2	2	4	12	24	43

Credit Calculations

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE
 Client: EBX
 Contract No.: -
 County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

Credit Ratio Definition

Title	Approach	Credit Ratio
R	Restoration	1 : 1
EI	Enhancement I	1.5 : 1
EII	Enhancement II	2.5 : 1
P	Preservation	5 : 1
HQP	High Quality Pres.	5 : 1

Reach	Location	Existing	Proposed	Total Existing	Total Proposed	Approach	SMU
Thompson Creek 1A			250	0.0	250.0	EI	166.7
Thompson Creek 1B			261	0.0	261.0	R	261.0
Thompson Creek 2			1053	0.0	1053.0	R	1053.0
Thompson Creek 3	193' not enough buffer from pipe outlet			0.0	0.0	R	0.0
Dale Branch 1			375	0.0	375.0	EI	250.0
Dale Branch 2A			125	0.0	125.0	R	125.0
Dale Branch 2B			140	0.0	140.0	R	140.0
Dale Branch 2C			110	0.0	110.0	R	110.0
Dale Branch 2D			365	0.0	365.0	R	365.0
Dale Branch 2E	235'-subtracted 60'		175	0.0	175.0	R	175.0
Subtotals:				0.0	2854.0		2645.7
Totals:				0.0	Below		Below

Component Totals

Approach	Title	Ft	SMU	Totals
Restoration	R	Below	Below	} Below
Enhancement I	EI	625.0	416.7	
Enhancement II	EII	0.0	0.0	
Preservation	P	0.0	0.0	
High Quality Pres.	HQP	0.0	0.0	} 0.0

Credit Calculations

Project: Pee Dee
 Project No.: 1058-PDEE

Credit Ratio Definition

Title	Approach	Credit Ratio
-------	----------	--------------

Client: EBX
Contract No.: -
County/State: Montgomery Co., NC

R Restoration 1 : 1
EI Enhancement I 1.5 : 1
EII Enhancement II 2.5 : 1
P Preservation 5 : 1
HQP High Quality Pres. 5 : 1

<u>Reach</u>	<u>Location</u>	<u>Existing</u>	<u>Proposed</u>	<u>Total Existing</u>	<u>Total Proposed</u>	<u>Approach</u>	<u>SMU</u>
Dale Branch 3			550	0.0	550.0	R	550.0
Dale Branch 4			825	0.0	825.0	R	825.0
Dale Branch 5A	245-subtracted 60'		185	0.0	185.0	R	185.0
Dale Branch 5B			315	0.0	315.0	R	315.0
Dale Branch 5C			165	0.0	165.0	R	165.0
Jerry Branch 1			435	0.0	435.0	R	435.0
Jerry Branch 2			625	0.0	625.0	R	625.0
Jerry Branch 3	670- subtracted 60'		610	0.0	610.0	R	610.0
Hudson Branch 1			52.6	0.0	52.6	R	52.6
				0.0	0.0	R	0.0
Subtotals:				0.0	3762.6		3762.6
Totals:				0.0	6616.6		6408.3

Component Totals

FINAL	<u>Approach</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Ft</u>	<u>SMU</u>	<u>Totals</u>
6/18/13	Restoration	R	5991.6	5991.6	6408.3
MMF	Enhancement I	EI	625.0	416.7	
	Enhancement II	EII	0.0	0.0	
	Preservation	P	0.0	0.0	0.0
	High Quality Pres.	HQP	0.0	0.0	

APPENDIX C3

Hydraulic Modeling

HEC-RAS Output -Existing Channel											
River	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	E.G. Elev	Froude # Chl	Vel Chnl	Shear Chan	Power Chan	Power Total
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)		(ft/s)	(lb/sq ft)	(lb/ft s)	(lb/ft s)
1	8	BKF	9	354.33	354.97	355.07	0.92	2.82	0.37	1.04	0.69
1	8	2 yr	14	354.33	355.04	355.19	0.99	3.35	0.49	1.66	1.08
1	8	10 yr	40	354.33	355.33	355.52	0.91	4.08	0.61	2.47	1.25
1	8	50 yr	78	354.33	355.55	355.85	1.01	5.25	0.91	4.78	2.55
1	8	100 yr	100	354.33	355.66	356.01	1.03	5.69	1.03	5.85	3.17
1	7	BKF	9	347.6	348.2	348.46	1	4.09	0.68	2.77	2.77
1	7	2 yr	14	347.6	348.38	348.73	1	4.71	0.83	3.92	3.92
1	7	10 yr	40	347.6	349.09	349.74	1.01	6.49	1.35	8.74	8.74
1	7	50 yr	78	347.6	349.87	350.76	1	7.53	1.66	12.54	12.54
1	7	100 yr	100	347.6	350.22	351.22	1.01	8	1.82	14.57	14.26
1	6	BKF	9	339.05	339.94	340.12	0.8	3.39	0.46	1.56	1.56
1	6	2 yr	14	339.05	340.17	340.38	0.75	3.7	0.5	1.87	1.87
1	6	10 yr	40	339.05	340.86	341.32	0.82	5.43	0.93	5.04	5.04
1	6	50 yr	78	339.05	341.36	342.28	1.01	7.69	1.74	13.39	13.39
1	6	100 yr	100	339.05	341.71	342.77	1.01	8.26	1.95	16.07	16.07
1	5	BKF	10	337.43	338.31	338.55	0.88	3.94	0.6	2.35	2.35
1	5	2 yr	16	337.43	338.53	338.86	0.95	4.61	0.78	3.58	3.58
1	5	10 yr	46	337.43	339.28	339.78	0.94	5.69	1.03	5.88	4.42
1	5	50 yr	90	337.43	339.9	340.48	0.88	6.42	1.18	7.56	4.42
1	5	100 yr	115	337.43	340.17	340.76	0.84	6.62	1.2	7.95	4.09
1	4	BKF	10	322.57	323.12	323.3	1.01	3.4	0.51	1.73	1.73
1	4	2 yr	16	322.57	323.26	323.49	1	3.81	0.59	2.23	2.23
1	4	10 yr	46	322.57	323.73	324.04	0.96	4.48	0.71	3.19	2.36
1	4	50 yr	90	322.57	324.1	324.41	0.84	4.83	0.72	3.47	1.55
1	4	100 yr	115	322.57	324.21	324.57	0.87	5.26	0.82	4.33	1.96
1	3	BKF	14	299.63	300.17	300.38	1.01	3.65	0.56	2.03	2.03
1	3	2 yr	23	299.63	300.34	300.62	1.01	4.24	0.68	2.9	2.9
1	3	10 yr	63	299.63	300.87	301.37	1.01	5.67	1.01	5.75	5.75
1	3	50 yr	121	299.63	301.59	302.08	0.83	5.69	0.9	5.14	2.47
1	3	100 yr	154	299.63	301.79	302.31	0.84	6.05	0.98	5.94	2.87
1	2	BKF	14	294.54	295.2	295.39	1	3.53	0.53	1.88	1.88
1	2	2 yr	23	294.54	295.35	295.62	1.01	4.15	0.67	2.78	2.78
1	2	10 yr	63	294.54	295.86	296.35	1.01	5.58	1	5.57	5.57
1	2	50 yr	121	294.54	296.41	297.09	1.01	6.64	1.27	8.42	8.42
1	2	100 yr	154	294.54	296.66	297.44	1.01	7.1	1.39	9.84	9.59
1	1	BKF	16	286.4	287.22	287.51	0.98	4.31	0.69	2.99	2.99
1	1	2 yr	25	286.4	287.43	287.81	1	5	0.87	4.35	4.35
1	1	10 yr	68	286.4	288.17	288.86	1.01	6.68	1.32	8.79	8.79
1	1	50 yr	130	286.4	288.95	289.92	0.98	7.91	1.65	13.08	10.49
1	1	100 yr	165	286.4	289.71	290.07	0.59	5.53	0.74	4.07	0.83

HEC-RAS Output-Proposed Channel											
River	River Sta	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.S. Elev	E.G. Elev	Froude #	Vel Chnl	Shear Chan	Power Chan	Power Total
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	Chl	(ft/s)	(lb/sq ft)	(lb/ft s)	(lb/ft s)
1	8	BKF	9	354.5	355.07	355.26	1	3.5	0.53	1.84	1.74
1	8	2 yr	14	354.5	355.23	355.44	0.92	3.79	0.55	2.08	1.22
1	8	10 yr	40	354.5	355.65	355.88	0.8	4.44	0.62	2.75	0.85
1	8	50 yr	78	354.5	355.92	356.22	0.86	5.39	0.84	4.54	1.46
1	8	100 yr	100	354.5	356.03	356.37	0.9	5.92	0.98	5.82	1.96
1	7	BKF	9	350.51	351.08	351.27	1.01	3.51	0.53	1.86	1.77
1	7	2 yr	14	350.51	351.24	351.45	0.9	3.75	0.54	2.02	1.17
1	7	10 yr	40	350.51	351.67	351.96	0.86	4.8	0.72	3.47	1.36
1	7	50 yr	78	350.51	352.01	352.38	0.89	5.78	0.95	5.47	2.11
1	7	100 yr	100	350.51	352.15	352.57	0.92	6.26	1.07	6.73	2.62
1	6.5	BKF	9	345.9	346.47	346.66	1.01	3.52	0.53	1.87	1.78
1	6.5	2 yr	14	345.9	346.63	346.84	0.9	3.73	0.53	1.99	1.14
1	6.5	10 yr	40	345.9	347.06	347.37	0.88	4.9	0.75	3.69	1.67
1	6.5	50 yr	78	345.9	347.44	347.83	0.88	5.82	0.95	5.54	2.26
1	6.5	100 yr	100	345.9	347.59	348.03	0.92	6.36	1.1	6.96	2.88
1	6	BKF	9	340.51	341.68	341.69	0.2	1.11	0.04	0.04	0.02
1	6	2 yr	14	340.51	342.07	342.08	0.17	1.09	0.03	0.04	0.02
1	6	10 yr	40	340.51	343.75	343.76	0.1	1.01	0.02	0.02	0.01
1	6	50 yr	78	340.51	344.72	344.74	0.12	1.31	0.03	0.04	0.02
1	6	100 yr	100	340.51	344.87	344.89	0.14	1.64	0.05	0.09	0.03
1	5.5		Culvert								
1	5	BKF	10	339.63	340.23	340.42	1.01	3.58	0.54	1.95	1.92
1	5	2 yr	16	339.63	340.39	340.63	0.95	4	0.61	2.42	1.73
1	5	10 yr	46	339.63	340.89	341.15	0.78	4.56	0.63	2.88	0.91
1	5	50 yr	90	339.63	341.2	341.53	0.85	5.63	0.89	4.99	1.77
1	5	100 yr	115	339.63	341.31	341.71	0.91	6.27	1.07	6.71	2.4
1	4	BKF	10	322.7	323.33	323.56	1.01	3.8	0.59	2.24	2.24
1	4	2 yr	16	322.7	323.52	323.79	0.96	4.26	0.66	2.83	2.09
1	4	10 yr	46	322.7	324.07	324.28	0.71	4.35	0.56	2.44	0.55
1	4	50 yr	90	322.7	324.32	324.6	0.81	5.47	0.83	4.55	1.19
1	4	100 yr	115	322.7	324.43	324.74	0.86	6	0.97	5.85	1.59
1	3	BKF	14	300.17	300.94	301.19	1.01	3.98	0.63	2.5	2.5
1	3	2 yr	23	300.17	301.16	301.44	1.01	4.26	0.69	2.94	2.94
1	3	10 yr	63	300.17	301.72	302.09	0.88	4.98	0.77	3.86	2.04
1	3	50 yr	121	300.17	302.18	302.59	0.83	5.66	0.88	4.98	1.98
1	3	100 yr	154	300.17	302.35	302.8	0.84	6.05	0.97	5.85	2.31
1	2.5		Culvert								
1	2	BKF	14	296.7	297.47	297.72	1.01	3.98	0.63	2.5	2.5
1	2	2 yr	23	296.7	297.69	297.97	1.01	4.27	0.69	2.95	2.95
1	2	10 yr	63	296.7	298.21	298.53	0.86	4.76	0.72	3.42	1.54
1	2	50 yr	121	296.7	298.57	298.97	0.88	5.7	0.92	5.27	2.38
1	2	100 yr	154	296.7	298.72	299.17	0.91	6.21	1.06	6.56	2.9
1	1	BKF	16	288.13	288.95	289.19	0.98	3.98	0.62	2.45	2.45
1	1	2 yr	25	288.13	289.15	289.43	1	4.29	0.69	2.97	2.97
1	1	10 yr	68	288.13	289.64	289.83	0.74	4.08	0.53	2.15	0.62
1	1	50 yr	130	288.13	289.86	290.13	0.84	5.16	0.78	4.05	1.42
1	1	100 yr	165	288.13	289.96	290.26	0.88	5.61	0.91	5.09	1.91

HEC-RAS Output Comparison							
River	River Sta	Profile	WSEL Diff	Power ch Diff	Power ch % Diff	Power Tot Diff	Power Tot % Diff
1	8	BKF	0.1	0.8	77%	1.05	152%
1	8	2 yr	0.19	0.42	25%	0.14	13%
1	8	10 yr	0.32	0.28	11%	-0.4	-32%
1	8	50 yr	0.37	-0.24	-5%	-1.09	-43%
1	8	100 yr	0.37	-0.03	-1%	-1.21	-38%
1	7	BKF	2.88	-0.91	-33%	-1	-36%
1	7	2 yr	2.86	-1.9	-48%	-2.75	-70%
1	7	10 yr	2.58	-5.27	-60%	-7.38	-84%
1	7	50 yr	2.14	-7.07	-56%	-10.43	-83%
1	7	100 yr	1.93	-7.84	-54%	-11.64	-82%
1	6	BKF	1.74	-1.52	-97%	-1.54	-99%
1	6	2 yr	1.9	-1.83	-98%	-1.85	-99%
1	6	10 yr	2.89	-5.02	-100%	-5.03	-100%
1	6	50 yr	3.36	-13.35	-100%	-13.37	-100%
1	6	100 yr	3.16	-15.98	-99%	-16.04	-100%
1	5	BKF	1.92	-0.4	-17%	-0.43	-18%
1	5	2 yr	1.86	-1.16	-32%	-1.85	-52%
1	5	10 yr	1.61	-3	-51%	-3.51	-79%
1	5	50 yr	1.3	-2.57	-34%	-2.65	-60%
1	5	100 yr	1.14	-1.24	-16%	-1.69	-41%
1	4	BKF	0.21	0.51	29%	0.51	29%
1	4	2 yr	0.26	0.6	27%	-0.14	-6%
1	4	10 yr	0.34	-0.75	-24%	-1.81	-77%
1	4	50 yr	0.22	1.08	31%	-0.36	-23%
1	4	100 yr	0.22	1.52	35%	-0.37	-19%
1	3	BKF	0.77	0.47	23%	0.47	23%
1	3	2 yr	0.82	0.04	1%	0.04	1%
1	3	10 yr	0.85	-1.89	-33%	-3.71	-65%
1	3	50 yr	0.59	-0.16	-3%	-0.49	-20%
1	3	100 yr	0.56	-0.09	-2%	-0.56	-20%
1	2	BKF	2.27	0.62	33%	0.62	33%
1	2	2 yr	2.34	0.17	6%	0.17	6%
1	2	10 yr	2.35	-2.15	-39%	-4.03	-72%
1	2	50 yr	2.16	-3.15	-37%	-6.04	-72%
1	2	100 yr	2.06	-3.28	-33%	-6.69	-70%
1	1	BKF	1.73	-0.54	-18%	-0.54	-18%
1	1	2 yr	1.72	-1.38	-32%	-1.38	-32%
1	1	10 yr	1.47	-6.64	-76%	-8.17	-93%
1	1	50 yr	0.91	-9.03	-69%	-9.07	-86%
1	1	100 yr	0.25	1.02	25%	1.08	130%

HEC-RAS Sediment Data UT1 Existing (Bankfull)

River	Reach	RS	Ch Dist	Invert Change (ft)	Mass Out Cum: All (tons)	Mass In Cum: All (tons)
Dale	1	8	110.33	0.00	0.10	0.10
Dale	1	7	337.98	0.00	0.18	0.10
Dale	1	6	90.04	0.00	0.18	0.18
Dale	1	5	731.84	0.00	0.20	0.18
Dale	1	4	870.25	0.00	0.24	0.20
Dale	1	3	120.8	0.00	0.25	0.24
Dale	1	2	249.49	0.00	0.29	0.25
Dale	1	1	398.45	0.00	0.29	0.29

HEC-RAS Sediment Data- UT1 Proposed (Bankfull)

River	Reach	RS	Ch Dist	Invert Change (ft)	Mass Out Cum: All (tons)	Mass In Cum: All (tons)
Dale	1	8	110.33	0.00	0.15	0.15
Dale	1	7	152.72	0.00	0.15	0.15
Dale	1	6.5	185.26	0.00	0.10	0.15
Dale	1	6	90.04	0.00	0.10	0.10
Dale	1	5	731.84	0.00	0.17	0.10
Dale	1	4	870.25	0.00	0.20	0.17
Dale	1	3	120.8	0.00	0.22	0.20
Dale	1	2	249.49	0.00	0.26	0.22
Dale	1	1	398.45	0.00	0.25	0.26

HEC-RAS Sediment Data- UT1 Existing (2-Year)

River	Reach	RS	Ch Dist	Invert Change (ft)	Mass Out Cum: All (tons)	Mass In Cum: All (tons)
Dale	1	8	110.33	0.00	0.17	0.17
Dale	1	7	337.98	0.00	0.28	0.17
Dale	1	6	90.04	0.00	0.29	0.28
Dale	1	5	731.84	0.00	0.34	0.29
Dale	1	4	870.25	0.00	0.38	0.34
Dale	1	3	120.8	0.00	0.39	0.38
Dale	1	2	249.49	0.00	0.47	0.39
Dale	1	1	398.45	0.00	0.49	0.47

HEC-RAS Sediment Data- UT1 Proposed (2-Year)

River	Reach	RS	Ch Dist	Invert Change (ft)	Mass Out Cum: All (tons)	Mass In Cum: All (tons)
Dale	1	8	110.33	0.00	0.14	0.14
Dale	1	7	152.72	0.00	0.13	0.14
Dale	1	6.5	185.26	0.00	0.08	0.13
Dale	1	6	90.04	0.00	0.09	0.08
Dale	1	5	731.84	0.00	0.18	0.09
Dale	1	4	870.25	0.00	0.24	0.18
Dale	1	3	120.8	0.00	0.29	0.24
Dale	1	2	249.49	0.00	0.39	0.29
Dale	1	1	398.45	0.00	0.39	0.39

HEC-RAS Sediment Data- UT1 Existing (10-Year)

River	Reach	RS	Ch Dist	Invert Change (ft)	Mass Out Cum: All (tons)	Mass In Cum: All (tons)
Dale	1	8	110.33	0.00	0.21	0.21
Dale	1	7	337.98	0.00	0.81	0.21
Dale	1	6	90.04	0.00	1.00	0.81
Dale	1	5	731.84	0.00	0.94	1.00
Dale	1	4	870.25	0.00	0.90	0.94
Dale	1	3	120.8	0.00	0.96	0.90
Dale	1	2	249.49	0.00	1.20	0.96
Dale	1	1	398.45	0.00	1.30	1.20

HEC-RAS Sediment Data-UT1 Proposed (10-Year)

River	Reach	RS	Ch Dist	Invert Change (ft)	Mass Out Cum: All (tons)	Mass In Cum: All (tons)
Dale	1	8	110.33	0.00	0.14	0.14
Dale	1	7	152.72	0.00	0.19	0.14
Dale	1	6.5	185.26	0.00	0.16	0.19
Dale	1	6	90.04	0.00	0.20	0.16
Dale	1	5	731.84	0.00	0.16	0.20
Dale	1	4	870.25	0.00	0.19	0.16
Dale	1	3	120.8	0.00	0.24	0.19
Dale	1	2	249.49	0.00	0.36	0.24
Dale	1	1	398.45	0.00	0.27	0.36

APPENDIX C4

Assessment Data

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Thompson

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 1 Of: 14

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		1	2	3	4	5	6
Station/Location		100+00	107+00	108+00	108+00	109+50	109+50
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	200	100	150	150	50	50
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	RT	LT	RT	LT
Bank Height	ft	1	2	3.5	3.5	2	4
Bankfull Height	ft	0.6	1	1	1	1	4
Root Depth	ft	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.5
Root Density	%	30%	30%	40%	10%	50%	20%
Bank Angle	Degrees	20	75	90	90	40	90
Surface Protection	%	30%	30%	75%	10%	70%	25%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	SC	C	Crew:	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	OC	OC	OC	OC
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		1.67	2.00	3.50	3.50	2.00	1.00
BEHI Score		6.13	8.00	10.00	10.00	8.00	1.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.20	0.15	0.11	0.03	0.10	0.13
BEHI Score		7.60	8.20	8.63	9.66	8.80	8.50
Bank Angle		20	75	90	90	40	90
BEHI Score		2.00	5.50	8.00	8.00	3.00	8.00
Surface Protection		30%	30%	75%	10%	70%	25%
BEHI Score		6.00	6.00	2.14	10.00	2.57	6.67
Bank Material Adjustment		0	-10	FALSE	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		30.93	27.10	38.16	37.62	21.70	23.83
Rating		High	Moderate	High	High	Moderate	Moderate
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	1	0	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		1	2	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
WARSS NBS Rating		1	3	2	2	2	2
Rating		Very Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		19	12	54	54	3	6
						Sheet Total	148

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Thompson

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 2 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		7	8	9	10	11	12
Station/Location		110+00	111+50	113+50	114+00	116+50	117+00
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	150	200	30	200	50	100
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	LT
Bank Height	ft	2.6	1	2	1.5	3	2.5
Bankfull Height	ft	0.9	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.08
Root Depth	ft	0.5	0.1	1	0.3	1	0.3
Root Density	%	30%	30%	40%	20%	50%	30%
Bank Angle	Degrees	80	20	80	60	75	70
Surface Protection	%	40%	30%	20%	45%	70%	30%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	SC	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	OC	C	C	C	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	No	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		2.89	2.50	2.50	1.88	3.75	31.25
BEHI Score		9.42	8.80	8.80	7.24	10.00	10.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.19	0.10	0.50	0.20	0.33	0.12
BEHI Score		7.69	8.80	4.00	7.60	6.00	8.56
Bank Angle		80	20	80	60	75	70
BEHI Score		6.00	2.00	6.00	4.00	5.50	5.00
Surface Protection		40%	30%	20%	45%	70%	30%
BEHI Score		5.14	6.00	7.33	4.71	2.57	6.00
Bank Material Adjustment		-10	0	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		27.49	35.20	23.47	23.02	21.85	29.08
Rating		Moderate	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1.5	1	1	1	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		1.5	1	1	1	1	1
WARSS NBS Rating		2	1	1	1	1	1
Rating		Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		12	19	1	5	3	4
						Sheet Total	44

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Thompson

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 3 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		13	14	15	16	17	18
Station/Location		117+00	118+00	118+50	118+80	118+80	119+50
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	100	50	30	70	70	150
Bank	RT-LT-Both	RT	Both	Both	LT	RT	Both
Bank Height	ft	1.5	1.5	3.5	4.2	2	2.5
Bankfull Height	ft	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Root Depth	ft	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3
Root Density	%	35%	50%	30%	10%	40%	20%
Bank Angle	Degrees	35	80	90	90	90	75
Surface Protection	%	30%	60%	15%	15%	40%	25%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	SC	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	OC	OC	OC
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	>1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		1.88	1.88	4.38	5.25	2.50	2.78
BEHI Score		7.24	7.24	10.00	10.00	8.80	9.24
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.20	0.33	0.11	0.05	0.20	0.12
BEHI Score		7.60	6.00	8.63	9.43	7.60	8.56
Bank Angle		35	80	90	90	90	75
BEHI Score		2.75	6.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	5.50
Surface Protection		30%	60%	15%	15%	40%	25%
BEHI Score		6.00	3.43	8.00	8.00	5.14	6.67
Bank Material Adjustment		0	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		32.65	20.44	34.17	35.37	28.47	29.65
Rating		High	Moderate	High	High	Moderate	High
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	1	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	0	1	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		1	1	2	2.5	1.5	1.5
WARSS NBS Rating		1	1	3	4	2	2
Rating		Very Low	Very Low	Moderate	High	Low	Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		14	1	12	35	4	38
						Sheet Total	105

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Jerry

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 4 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		19	20	21	22	23	24
Station/Location		300+00	300+00	301+00	301+50	301+70	302+30
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	100	100	50	20	60	80
Bank	RT-LT-Both	RT	LT	Both	Both	Both	Both
Bank Height	ft	1.5	1.2	2.2	2.2	3.3	1.2
Bankfull Height	ft	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Root Depth	ft	0.3	0.1	1	1	1	1
Root Density	%	15%	20%	20%	30%	25%	50%
Bank Angle	Degrees	65	45	85	7	90	80
Surface Protection	%	50%	60%	20%	20%	10%	30%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	C	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		2.50	2.00	3.67	3.67	5.50	2.00
BEHI Score		8.80	8.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	8.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.20	0.08	0.45	0.45	0.30	0.83
BEHI Score		7.60	9.00	4.55	4.55	6.36	2.33
Bank Angle		65	45	85	7	90	80
BEHI Score		4.50	3.25	7.00	1.35	8.00	6.00
Surface Protection		50%	60%	20%	20%	10%	30%
BEHI Score		4.28	3.43	7.33	7.33	10.00	6.00
Bank Material Adjustment		-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		24.78	23.46	27.67	21.41	33.35	17.33
Rating		Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	High	Low
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1	1	1	1	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	0	1	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		1	1	2	1	1	1
WARSS NBS Rating		1	1	3	1	1	1
Rating		Very Low	Very Low	Moderate	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		3	2	7	1	19	0
						Sheet Total	31

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Jerry

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 5 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		25	26	27	28	29	30
Station/Location		303+00	304+50	400+00	400+50	305+00	306+10
Photo No.				trib	trib		
Reach Length	ft	150	50	50	100	110	120
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both
Bank Height	ft	3	5	1.5	2.5	3.5	1.5
Bankfull Height	ft	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6
Root Depth	ft	1.3	1.5	0.5	1	2	0.5
Root Density	%	15%	20%	30%	40%	30%	40%
Bank Angle	Degrees	90	90	60	75	80	45
Surface Protection	%	15%	15%	50%	20%	40%	70%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	Y	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	OC	OC	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

BEHI Calculation

Bnk Ht / Bkf Ht	5.00	8.33	3.75	6.25	5.83	2.50
BEHI Score	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	8.80
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.43	0.30	0.33	0.40	0.57	0.33
BEHI Score	4.80	6.40	6.00	5.20	3.64	6.00
Bank Angle	90	90	60	75	80	45
BEHI Score	8.00	8.00	4.00	5.50	6.00	3.25
Surface Protection	15%	15%	50%	20%	40%	70%
BEHI Score	8.00	8.00	4.28	7.33	5.14	2.57
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment	0	FALSE	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score	29.93	31.60	22.95	25.90	22.50	18.84
Rating	High	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1	1.5	1.5	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score	1	1	0	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating	2	2	1.5	1.5	1	1
WARSS NBS Rating	3	3	2	2	1	1
Rating	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	50	28	2	8	7	0
						Sheet Total
						95

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Jerry

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 6 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		31	32	33	34	35	36
Station/Location		307+30	307+30	308+50	310+00	310+20	311.2
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	120	120	140	20	100	80
Bank	RT-LT-Both	RT	LT	Both	Both	Both	Both
Bank Height	ft	2.5	1.5	2	1	1.5	1
Bankfull Height	ft	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Root Depth	ft	1	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
Root Density	%	35%	40%	40%	10%	30%	40%
Bank Angle	Degrees	85	50	75	30	85	40
Surface Protection	%	30%	70%	50%	50%	20%	60%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	SC	C	SC
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	OC	OC	C	C	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	No	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		3.13	1.88	2.50	1.25	1.88	1.25
BEHI Score		9.80	7.24	8.80	3.93	7.24	3.93
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.40	0.33	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.30
BEHI Score		5.20	6.00	7.60	7.60	7.60	6.40
Bank Angle		85	50	75	30	85	40
BEHI Score		7.00	3.50	5.50	2.50	7.00	3.00
Surface Protection		30%	70%	50%	50%	20%	60%
BEHI Score		6.00	2.57	4.28	4.28	7.33	3.43
Bank Material Adjustment		-10	-10	-10	0	-10	0
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		26.13	17.53	25.12	28.04	28.37	25.15
Rating		Moderate	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1
WARSS NBS Rating		2	2	1	1	1	1
Rating		Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		10	1	5	0	3	1
						Sheet Total	19

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Jerry

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 7 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		37	38	39	40	41	42
Station/Location		312+00	313+00	314+00	315+25	315+25	316+00
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	100	100	125	75	75	70
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	LT	RT	Both
Bank Height	ft	2.2	2.5	1.2	1.5	1.2	4
Bankfull Height	ft	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9
Root Depth	ft	0.8	1	0.3	1	1	1.5
Root Density	%	40%	30%	20%	50%	50%	30%
Bank Angle	Degrees	75	90	70	80	65	90
Surface Protection	%	70%	35%	45%	70%	90%	20%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	G	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	C	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		2.75	3.13	1.50	1.67	1.33	4.44
BEHI Score		9.20	9.80	5.25	6.13	4.37	10.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.36	0.40	0.25	0.67	0.83	0.38
BEHI Score		5.64	5.20	7.00	3.17	2.33	5.50
Bank Angle		75	90	70	80	65	90
BEHI Score		5.50	8.00	5.00	6.00	4.50	8.00
Surface Protection		70%	35%	45%	70%	90%	20%
BEHI Score		2.57	5.57	4.71	2.57	0.86	7.33
Bank Material Adjustment		-10	5	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		20.97	41.97	21.30	13.58	7.06	29.33
Rating		Moderate	Very High	Moderate	Low	Very Low	Moderate
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1	1	1	1	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		1	0	0	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		2	1	1	1	1	1
WARSS NBS Rating		3	1	1	1	1	1
Rating		Moderate	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.1	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		13	127	3	0	0	5
						Sheet Total	147

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Jerry

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 8 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		43	44				
Station/Location		316+70	317+50				
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	150	130				
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both				
Bank Height	ft	3	4				
Bankfull Height	ft	0.9	1				
Root Depth	ft	1	1.5				
Root Density	%	40%	30%				
Bank Angle	Degrees	85	100				
Surface Protection	%	40%	30%				
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C				
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N				
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C				
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1				
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No				

BEHI Calculation

Bnk Ht / Bkf Ht	3.33	4.00				
BEHI Score	10.00	10.00				
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.33	0.38				
BEHI Score	6.00	5.50				
Bank Angle	85	100				
BEHI Score	7.00	8.33				
Surface Protection	40%	30%				
BEHI Score	5.14	6.00				
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10				
Stratification Adjustment	0	0				
Total BEHI Score	26.36	28.33				
Rating	Moderate	Moderate				

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1				
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0				
Local Slope Score	0	0				
Total NBS Rating	1	1	0	0	0	0
WARSS NBS Rating	1	1				
Rating	Very Low	Very Low				

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.0				
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	8	9				

Sheet Total

16

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 9 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		1	1	2	3	4	5
Station/Location		200+25	200+25	201+25	201+60	202+00	203+00
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	150	150	35	40	100	100
Bank	RT-LT-Both	LT	RT	Both	Both	Both	Both
Bank Height	ft	3.5	3	2.5	2	1.2	2.2
Bankfull Height	ft	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6
Root Depth	ft	0.75	1	1	0.5	0.3	1.5
Root Density	%	25%	25%	25%	20%	25%	20%
Bank Angle	Degrees	80	70	70	65	50	80
Surface Protection	%	30%	50%	30%	60%	60%	35%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	M
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	C	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes

BEHI Calculation

Bank Ht / Bkf Ht	7.00	6.00	5.00	4.00	2.40	3.67
BEHI Score	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	8.64	10.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.21	0.33	0.40	0.25	0.25	0.68
BEHI Score	7.43	6.00	5.20	7.00	7.00	3.09
Bank Angle	80	70	70	65	50	80
BEHI Score	6.00	5.00	5.00	4.50	3.50	6.00
Surface Protection	30%	50%	30%	60%	60%	35%
BEHI Score	6.00	4.28	6.00	3.43	3.43	5.57
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	5
Total BEHI Score	28.71	24.17	24.86	24.26	21.73	27.84
Rating	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1	1	1	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score	0	0	0	0	1	1
Total NBS Rating	1	1	1	1	2	2
WARSS NBS Rating	1	1	1	1	3	3
Rating	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Moderate	Moderate

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	9	8	1	1	7	13
						Sheet Total
						40

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 2/20/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 10 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		6	7	8	9	10	11
Station/Location		204+00	205+00	205+30	206+00	206+00	206+75
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	100	30	70	75	75	125
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	RT	LT	Both
Bank Height	ft	5	2	2.5	2.5	2	1.5
Bankfull Height	ft	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Root Depth	ft	0.3	1	0.7	1	0.8	0.3
Root Density	%	15%	35%	30%	40%	30%	25%
Bank Angle	Degrees	90	55	65	85	70	45
Surface Protection	%	15%	35%	30%	60%	50%	40%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	M	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	C	C	OC
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
BEHI Calculation							
Bank Ht / Bkf Ht		8.33	3.33	4.17	4.17	3.33	2.50
BEHI Score		10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	8.80
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.06	0.50	0.28	0.40	0.40	0.20
BEHI Score		9.28	4.00	6.64	5.20	5.20	7.60
Bank Angle		90	55	65	85	70	45
BEHI Score		8.00	3.75	4.50	7.00	5.00	3.25
Surface Protection		15%	35%	30%	60%	50%	40%
BEHI Score		8.00	5.57	6.00	3.43	4.28	5.14
Bank Material Adjustment		-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		5	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		40.16	20.99	26.02	23.49	22.88	24.12
Rating		Very High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1	1	1	1	1	1.5
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	0	0	0	0	1
Total NBS Rating		1	1	1	1	1	2.5
WARSS NBS Rating		1	1	1	1	1	4
Rating		Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	High
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		253	1	3	3	3	21
						Sheet Total	284

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 2/20/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 11 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		12	13	14	15	16	17
Station/Location		208+00	208+50	209+50	210+50	211+50	213+00
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	50	100	100	100	150	75
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both
Bank Height	ft	1.5	1	5	3.5	1.3	2
Bankfull Height	ft	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Root Depth	ft	1	0.3	1.5	1.5	0.3	0.5
Root Density	%	35%	25%	25%	35%	20%	25%
Bank Angle	Degrees	45	30	95	75	50	65
Surface Protection	%	35%	35%	15%	35%	50%	30%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	M	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	OC	C	OC	C	OC	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes

BEHI Calculation

Bank Ht / Bkf Ht	2.50	1.67	8.33	5.83	2.17	3.33
BEHI Score	8.80	6.13	10.00	10.00	8.27	10.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.67	0.30	0.30	0.43	0.23	0.25
BEHI Score	3.17	6.40	6.40	4.86	7.23	7.00
Bank Angle	45	30	95	75	50	65
BEHI Score	3.25	2.50	8.17	5.50	3.50	4.50
Surface Protection	35%	35%	15%	35%	50%	30%
BEHI Score	5.57	5.57	8.00	5.57	4.28	6.00
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment	0	0	5	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score	17.68	19.60	36.57	23.93	22.67	26.66
Rating	Low	Moderate	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.5	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total NBS Rating	1.5	1	1.5	1	1.5	2
WARSS NBS Rating	2	1	2	1	2	3
Rating	Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Low	Moderate

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	0	2	51	6	6	9
						Sheet Total
						74

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 2/20/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 12 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		18	19	20	21	21	22
Station/Location		213+75	216+50	217+5	218+5	218+5	219+5
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	275	100	100	100	100	180
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	RT	LT	Both
Bank Height	ft	1	2.8	3.1	3.5	2.5	3.5
Bankfull Height	ft	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9
Root Depth	ft	0.4	1	1.2	1.5	0.5	0.4
Root Density	%	15%	20%	35%	40%	20%	25%
Bank Angle	Degrees	45	90	55	75	60	60
Surface Protection	%	35%	20%	40%	30%	65%	70%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	OC	C	C	OC
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

BEHI Calculation

Bank Ht / Bkf Ht	1.67	4.67	3.88	4.38	3.13	3.89
BEHI Score	6.13	10.00	10.00	10.00	9.80	10.00
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.40	0.36	0.39	0.43	0.20	0.11
BEHI Score	5.20	5.71	5.35	4.86	7.60	8.63
Bank Angle	45	90	55	75	60	60
BEHI Score	3.25	8.00	3.75	5.50	4.00	4.00
Surface Protection	35%	20%	40%	30%	65%	70%
BEHI Score	5.57	7.33	5.14	6.00	3.00	2.57
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score	19.35	30.10	22.44	24.07	23.87	24.82
Rating	Low	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1	1.5	1	1	1.5
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score	0	1	0	0	0	1
Total NBS Rating	1	2	1.5	1	1	2.5
WARSS NBS Rating	1	3	2	1	1	4
Rating	Very Low	Moderate	Low	Very Low	Very Low	High

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	0	31	10	6	4	71
						Sheet Total
						122

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 2/20/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 13 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		23	24	25	26	27	
Station/Location		221+50	22+50	223+75	224+25	226+50	
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	120	125	50	125	100	
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	
Bank Height	ft	1.5	2	2.8	1.7	3.5	
Bankfull Height	ft	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	
Root Depth	ft	0.2	0.5	1	0.8	2	
Root Density	%	15%	35%	30%	20%	25%	
Bank Angle	Degrees	45	70	85	65	90	
Surface Protection	%	25%	40%	30%	30%	60%	
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	OC	C	C	
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	No	No	No	

BEHI Calculation

Bank Ht / Bkf Ht	1.88	2.50	3.50	2.13	3.89	
BEHI Score	7.24	8.80	10.00	8.20	10.00	
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.13	0.25	0.36	0.47	0.57	
BEHI Score	8.40	7.00	5.71	4.35	3.64	
Bank Angle	45	70	85	65	90	
BEHI Score	3.25	5.00	7.00	4.50	8.00	
Surface Protection	25%	40%	30%	30%	60%	
BEHI Score	6.67	5.14	6.00	6.00	3.43	
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	
Stratification Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	
Total BEHI Score	25.29	24.77	27.28	21.80	23.17	
Rating	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1	1.5	1	1	
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	
Local Slope Score	0	0	0	0	0	
Total NBS Rating	1	1	1.5	1	1	0
WARSS NBS Rating	1	1	2	1	1	
Rating	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Sheet Total
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	3	4	4	4	6	21

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 6/5/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

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Feature	Units						
Reach Name		Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext
Station/Location		207+25	20700	20625	20600	20550	20550
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	125	25	75	25	50	50
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	RT	Both	Both	RT	LT
Bank Height	ft	1.5	2.5	1.5	2	0.5	1.2
Bankfull Height	ft	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Root Depth	ft	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2
Root Density	%	35%	25%	15%	25%	25%	35%
Bank Angle	Degrees	45	100	30	85	30	70
Surface Protection	%	40%	15%	25%	30%	25%	25%
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	C
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	N
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	OC	C	C	C	C
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
BEHI Calculation							
Bnk Ht / Bkf Ht		3.00	5.00	3.00	4.00	1.00	2.40
BEHI Score		9.60	10.00	9.60	10.00	1.00	8.64
Root Depth / Bnk Ht		0.20	0.28	0.20	0.20	0.40	0.17
BEHI Score		7.60	6.64	7.60	7.60	5.20	8.00
Bank Angle		45	100	30	85	30	70
BEHI Score		3.25	8.33	2.50	7.00	2.50	5.00
Surface Protection		40%	15%	25%	30%	25%	25%
BEHI Score		5.14	8.00	6.67	6.00	6.67	6.67
Bank Material Adjustment		-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10
Stratification Adjustment		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total BEHI Score		24.66	32.04	25.97	29.93	14.03	27.53
Rating		Moderate	High	Moderate	High	Low	Moderate
NBS Calculation							
Thalweg Position Score		1	1.5	1	1	1	1
Toe Depth Ratio Score		0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Slope Score		0	0	1	0	0	0
Total NBS Rating		1	1.5	2	1	1	1
WARSS NBS Rating		1	2	3	1	1	1
Rating		Very Low	Low	Moderate	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
Erosion Rate Prediction							
NC or CO		NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)		0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)		3	6	7	5	0	1
						Sheet Total	22

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 6/5/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 15 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext	Dale Ext	
Station/Location		20500	20450	20375	20125	20000	
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	50	50	75	125	125	
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	
Bank Height	ft	0.5	2.5	3	0.5	2.5	
Bankfull Height	ft	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.03	
Root Depth	ft	0.1	0.5	1	0.1	0.2	
Root Density	%	10%	25%	30%	15%	15%	
Bank Angle	Degrees	30	85	90	20	40	
Surface Protection	%	10%	30%	25%	15%	25%	
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	C	C	
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	

BEHI Calculation

Bank Ht / Bkf Ht	1.00	5.00	6.00	1.67	83.33	
BEHI Score	1.00	10.00	10.00	6.13	10.00	
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.20	0.20	0.33	0.20	0.08	
BEHI Score	7.60	7.60	6.00	7.60	9.04	
Bank Angle	30	85	90	20	40	
BEHI Score	2.50	7.00	8.00	2.00	3.00	
Surface Protection	10%	30%	25%	15%	25%	
BEHI Score	10.00	6.00	6.67	8.00	6.67	
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	
Stratification Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	
Total BEHI Score	20.83	29.93	29.33	23.33	28.55	
Rating	Moderate	High	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1	1	1	1	
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	
Local Slope Score	0	1	1	0	1	
Total NBS Rating	1	2	2	1	2	0
WARSS NBS Rating	1	3	3	1	3	
Rating	Very Low	Moderate	Moderate	Very Low	Moderate	

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	Sheet Total
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	0	14	13	1	19	48

Erosion Rate Calculations

Project: 1058*PDEE

Date: 6/5/2013

Stream: Dale

Crew: MM,CE,GG

Reach/Description:

Page: 16 Of: 16

Feature	Units						
Reach Name		Jerry Ext	Jerry Ext	Jerry Ext	Jerry Ext	Jerry Ext	Jerry Ext
Station/Location		30300	30200	30100	30025	30000	
Photo No.							
Reach Length	ft	125	100	100	75	25	
Bank	RT-LT-Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	Both	
Bank Height	ft	1.3	3	1.2	0.08	2	
Bankfull Height	ft	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	
Root Depth	ft	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.2	0.4	
Root Density	%	15%	20%	20%	30%	25%	
Bank Angle	Degrees	75	90	50	30	85	
Surface Protection	%	15%	35%	25%	25%	20%	
Bank Material	C-G-S-SC	C	C	C	C	C	
Stratification	N-M-E	N	N	N	N	N	
Thalweg Position	C-OC-Toe	C	C	C	C	C	
D _{TOE} /D _{MEAN}	<1 or >1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	
Local Slope > Avg	Yes-No	No	Yes	No	No	No	

BEHI Calculation

Bank Ht / Bkf Ht	3.25	7.50	3.00	0.27	6.67	
BEHI Score	FALSE	10.00	9.60	1.00	10.00	
Root Depth / Bnk Ht	0.08	0.27	0.42	2.50	0.20	
BEHI Score	9.08	6.80	5.00	0.00	7.60	
Bank Angle	75	90	50	30	85	
BEHI Score	5.50	8.00	3.50	2.50	7.00	
Surface Protection	15%	35%	25%	25%	20%	
BEHI Score	8.00	5.57	6.67	6.67	7.33	
Bank Material Adjustment	-10	-10	-10	-10	-10	
Stratification Adjustment	0	0	0	0	0	
Total BEHI Score	22.42	29.66	23.66	2.31	31.27	
Rating	Moderate	High	Moderate	Very Low	High	

NBS Calculation

Thalweg Position Score	1	1	1	1	1	
Toe Depth Ratio Score	0	0	0	0	0	
Local Slope Score	0	1	0	0	0	
Total NBS Rating	1	2	1	1	1	0
WARSS NBS Rating	1	3	1	1	1	
Rating	Very Low	Moderate	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	

Erosion Rate Prediction

NC or CO	NC					
Erosion Rate (ft/yr)	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	Sheet Total
Erosion Total (ft ³ /yr)	3	33	2	0	5	43

Site Assessment Calculations								
Project:	1058-PDEE	Date:	1/9/2013					
Stream:	All	Crew:	mm,ce,gg					
Reach/Description:	All	Page:	1	Of:	4			
Feature	Units							
Section Number		1	2	3	4	5	6 (ref)	7 (ref)
Reach Name		Thompson	Thompson	Thompson	Thompson	Thompson	Thompson	Thompson
Location		u/s pond	d/s pond	111+45	115+50	116+75	d/s site	d/s site
D _A	square miles	0.061	0.121	0.128	0.138	0.155	0.165	0.233
W _{BKF}	ft	5	7	9	7	7.8	9.7	9
W _{BED}	ft	3	4.8	7.3	4.7	5	4	4
D _{BKF}	ft	1	1	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9
D _{TOE LT}	ft	0	0	0.1	-0.1	-0.2	0	0
D _{TOE RT}	ft	0	-0.3	0	0.05	-0.2	-0.1	0
Field D _{THAL}	ft	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0	0.1	0.15
W _{THAL}	ft	0.7	1	1	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.6
Bank Height	ft	1.5	3.5	2.6	1.5	3	0.9	1.2
Flood Prone Width	ft	20	9	15	20	12	25	15
Quick Section Calculation								
D _{MAX}		1.30	1.20	1.10	1.10	0.90	0.90	1.05
Average D _{TOE}		1.00	0.85	0.95	0.88	0.70	0.75	0.90
D _{THAL}		0.30	0.35	0.15	0.23	0.20	0.15	0.15
A _{BKF}		4.6	6.0	8.4	5.7	5.1	5.5	6.2
D _{MEAN}		0.91	0.86	0.93	0.82	0.65	0.57	0.69
W/D ratio		5.5	8.1	9.7	8.5	12.0	17.1	13.1
Bank Height Ratio		1.2	2.9	2.4	1.4	3.3	1.0	1.1
Entrenchment Ratio		4.0	1.3	1.7	2.9	1.5	2.6	1.7
Index Calculations								
Ref Bed Width Coef		9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6
Ref Bed Width Exp		0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Ref Max Depth Coef		1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
Ref Max Depth Exp		0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
Reference Bed Width		2.7	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.3	5.0
Bed Width Index (BWI)		1.1	1.3	1.9	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.8
Reference D _{MAX}		0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0
Max Depth Index (MDI)		2.2	4.3	3.1	1.8	3.4	1.0	1.2
Stream Type (Rosgen)								
Stream Type		G	G	G	G	G	C	B

Site Assessment Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 1/9/2013

Stream: All

Crew: mm,ce,gg

Reach/Description: All

Page: 2

Of: 4

Feature	Units							
Section Number		8	9	10	11	12 (ref)	13 (ref)	14
Reach Name		Jerry	Jerry	TRIB	Jerry	Jerry	Jerry	Jerry
Location		301+50	302+30		308+00	311+40	311+60	313+80
D _A	square miles	0.065	0.066	0.026	0.105	0.119	0.12	0.123
W _{BKF}	ft	3.5	7	4.5	3.5	8	6.6	4
W _{BED}	ft	2	4.8	3	2.6	4.8	3.5	2.7
D _{BKF}	ft	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.9
D _{TOE LT}	ft	0	0	-0.2	0	-0.25	-0.15	0
D _{TOE RT}	ft	0	0	0.1	0	0	-0.3	0.1
Field D _{THAL}	ft	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.15	0.1	0.05	0.15
W _{THAL}	ft	0.5	1	0.5	0.5	1.2	0.7	0.6
Bank Height	ft	2.2	9	2.5	7.5	0.75	0.75	3
Flood Prone Width	ft	9	3.3	8	2.5	15	15	6.5
Quick Section Calculation								
D _{MAX}		0.90	0.70	0.70	0.95	0.50	0.75	1.05
Average D _{TOE}		0.60	0.60	0.45	0.80	0.28	0.48	0.95
D _{THAL}		0.30	0.10	0.25	0.15	0.23	0.28	0.10
A _{BKF}		2.0	3.8	2.1	2.7	2.4	3.0	3.3
D _{MEAN}		0.58	0.55	0.47	0.76	0.30	0.45	0.84
W/D ratio		6.0	12.8	9.5	4.6	26.3	14.6	4.8
Bank Height Ratio		2.4	12.9	3.6	7.9	1.5	1.0	2.9
Entrenchment Ratio		2.6	0.5	1.8	0.7	1.9	2.3	1.6
Index Calculations								
Ref Bed Width Coef		9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6
Ref Bed Width Exp		0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Ref Max Depth Coef		1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
Ref Max Depth Exp		0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
Reference Bed Width		2.8	2.8	1.9	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7
Bed Width Index (BWI)		0.7	1.7	1.6	0.7	1.3	0.9	0.7
Reference D _{MAX}		0.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Max Depth Index (MDI)		3.2	12.9	4.6	9.5	0.9	0.9	3.6
Stream Type (Rosgen)								
Stream Type		G	G	G	G	B		G

Site Assessment Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 2/20/2013

Stream: All

Crew: mm,ce,gg

Reach/Description: All

Page: 3

Of: 4

Feature	Units							
Section Number		15	16 (ref)	17 (ref)	18	19	20	21
Reach Name		Jerry	Dale	Dale	Dale	Dale	Dale	Dale
Location		316+20	200+00	200+10	201+80	204+30	206+65	209+10
D _A	square miles	0.125	0.0276	0.0277	0.03	0.035	0.043	0.048
W _{BKF}	ft	5.7	8.5	8	4.8	5	6	6
W _{BED}	ft	3.5	4	3.4	4	3.5	3.6	3
D _{BKF}	ft	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
D _{TOE LT}	ft	0	0	0	0.1	0	0.1	0
D _{TOE RT}	ft	0	0	0	-0.1	0	0.1	0.1
Field D _{THAL}	ft	0.15	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1
W _{THAL}	ft	1	0.9	0.8	0.7	1	1	0.6
Bank Height	ft	3.5	0.6	0.6	2.2	5.5	2	1.1
Flood Prone Width	ft	8	18	20	7	7	9	15
Quick Section Calculation								
D _{MAX}		1.05	0.60	0.50	0.70	0.70	0.90	0.70
Average D _{TOE}		0.90	0.50	0.40	0.60	0.60	0.80	0.65
D _{THAL}		0.15	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05
A _{BKF}		4.5	3.4	2.5	2.9	2.8	4.1	3.0
D _{MEAN}		0.79	0.40	0.31	0.60	0.56	0.68	0.50
W/D ratio		7.3	21.4	25.7	8.0	9.0	8.8	11.9
Bank Height Ratio		3.3	1.0	1.2	3.1	7.9	2.2	1.6
Entrenchment Ratio		1.4	2.1	2.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	2.5
Index Calculations								
Ref Bed Width Coef		9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6
Ref Bed Width Exp		0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Ref Max Depth Coef		1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
Ref Max Depth Exp		0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
Reference Bed Width		3.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4
Bed Width Index (BWI)		0.9	2.1	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.5	1.2
Reference D _{MAX}		0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Max Depth Index (MDI)		4.2	1.1	1.1	3.9	9.4	3.2	1.7
Stream Type (Rosgen)								
Stream Type		G	C	C	G	G	G	G

Site Assessment Calculations

Project: 1058-PDEE

Date: 2/20/2013

Stream: All

Crew: mm,ce,gg

Reach/Description: All

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<u>Feature</u>	<u>Units</u>							
Section Number		22	23	24				
Reach Name		Dale	Dale	Dale				
Location		218+00	219+85	224+20				
D _A	square miles	0.07	0.079	0.0865				
W _{BKF}	ft	6.5	5.5	8				
W _{BED}	ft	5.3	4.2	4				
D _{BKF}	ft	0.8	0.8	0.75				
D _{TOE LT}	ft	-0.1	-0.1	0				
D _{TOE RT}	ft	0	0	0				
Field D _{THAL}	ft	0.15	0.15	0.2				
W _{THAL}	ft	0.8	0.9	0.8				
Bank Height	ft	3.1	3.5	2.5				
Flood Prone Width	ft	9	6.5	9				

Quick Section Calculation

D _{MAX}		0.95	0.95	0.95				
Average D _{TOE}		0.75	0.75	0.75				
D _{THAL}		0.20	0.20	0.20				
A _{BKF}		5.0	4.1	5.0				
D _{MEAN}		0.77	0.75	0.62				
W/D ratio		8.4	7.3	12.9				
Bank Height Ratio		3.3	3.7	2.6				
Entrenchment Ratio		1.4	1.2	1.1				

Index Calculations

Ref Bed Width Coef		9.6	9.6	9.6				
Ref Bed Width Exp		0.45	0.45	0.45				
Ref Max Depth Coef		1.45	1.45	1.45				
Ref Max Depth Exp		0.27	0.27	0.27				
Reference Bed Width		2.9	3.1	3.2				
Bed Width Index (BWI)		1.8	1.4	1.3				
Reference D _{MAX}		0.7	0.7	0.7				
Max Depth Index (MDI)		4.4	4.8	3.3				

Stream Type (Rosgen)

Stream Type		G	G	F				

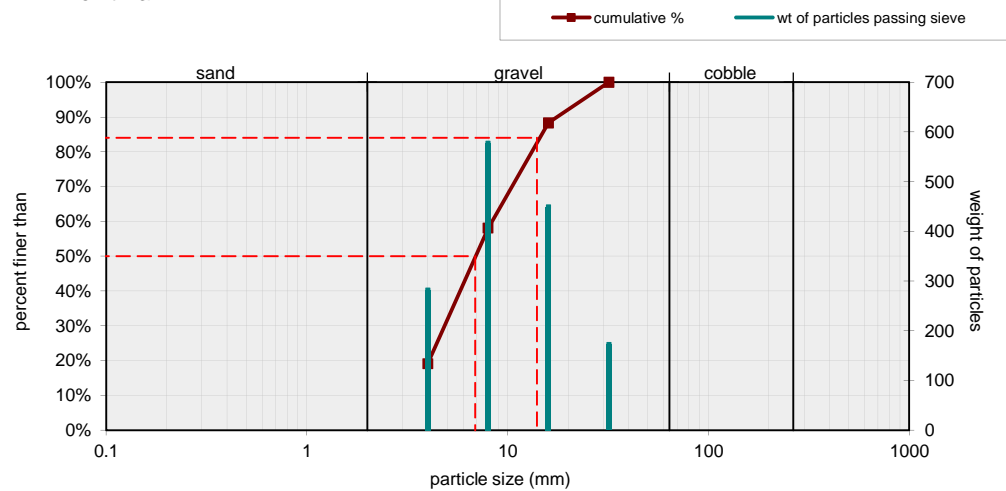
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Point Bar

[illegible]

total wt retained in sieves:	1480
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Note: Sand 358 g, u/s Thompson



Size (mm)				sand	100%
D16	---	D65	9.4		
D35	5.3	D84	14		
D50	6.9	D95	24		

Largest Particle	
1	48
2	15
3	
4	
5	
31.50	

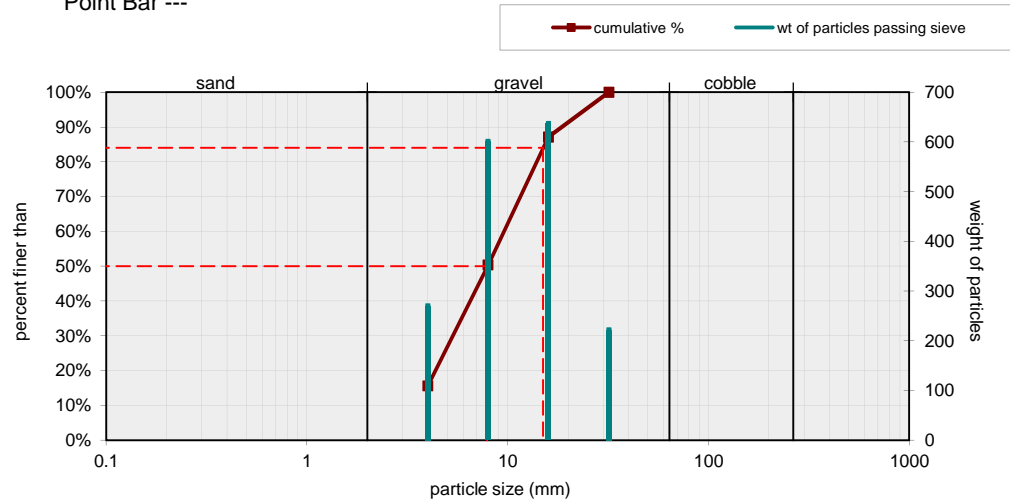
Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
65	37	10	0.20
48	28	10	0.27

mean shape factor:			0.24

Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

[illegible]

Note: Sand 177 g, Thompson d/s property line, riffle



Size (mm)			
D16	4	D65	11
D35	5.9	D84	15
D50	7.9	D95	24

Largest Particle	
1	22
2	18
3	
4	
5	
20.00	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
53	21	12	0.36
32	30	11	0.36

mean shape factor:			0.36

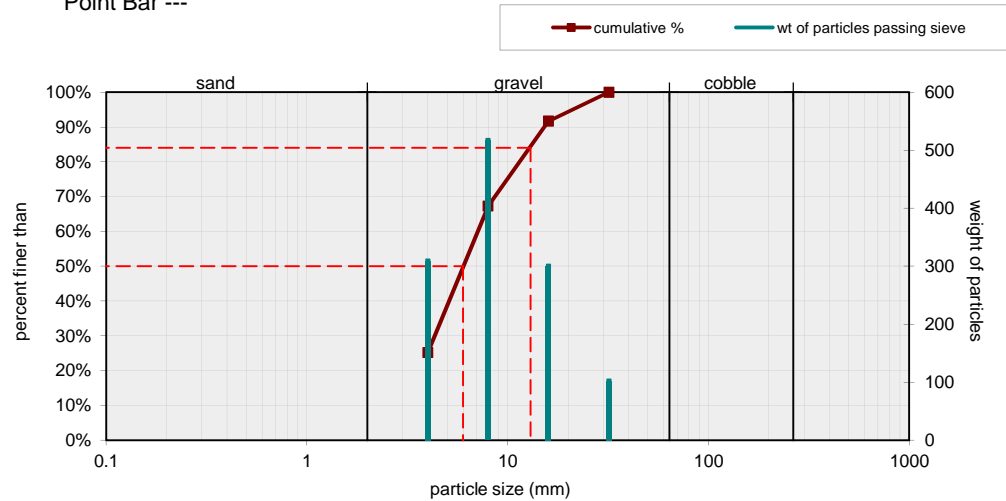
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Point Bar

[illegible]

total wt retained in sieves:	1228
------------------------------	------

Note: Sand 419 g, Jerry Bar



Size (mm)			
D16	---	D65	7.7
D35	4.7	D84	13
D50	6	D95	21

Largest Particle	
1	25
2	20
3	
4	
5	
22.50	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
40	30	15	0.43
60	32	4	0.09

mean shape factor:			0.26

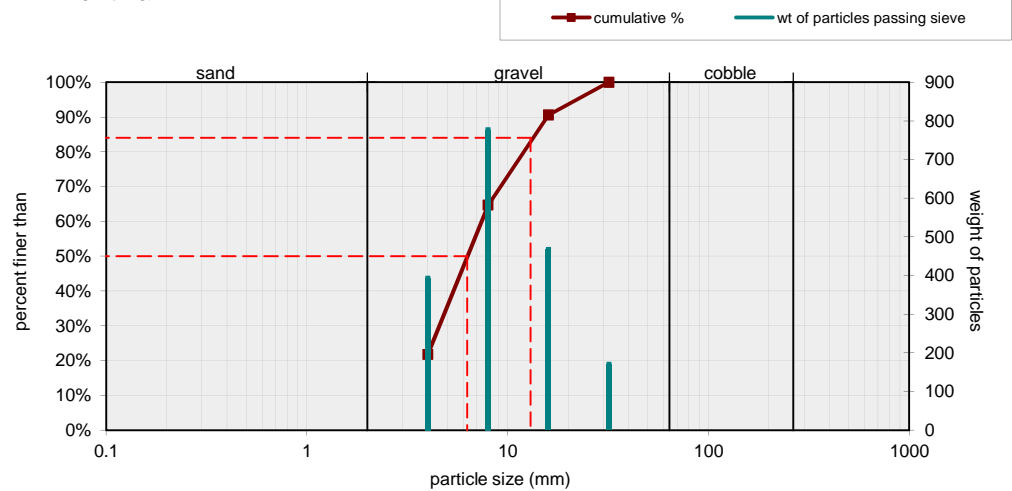
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Point Bar

[illegible]

total wt retained in sieves:	1807
------------------------------	------

Note: 217 g, Jerry Bed



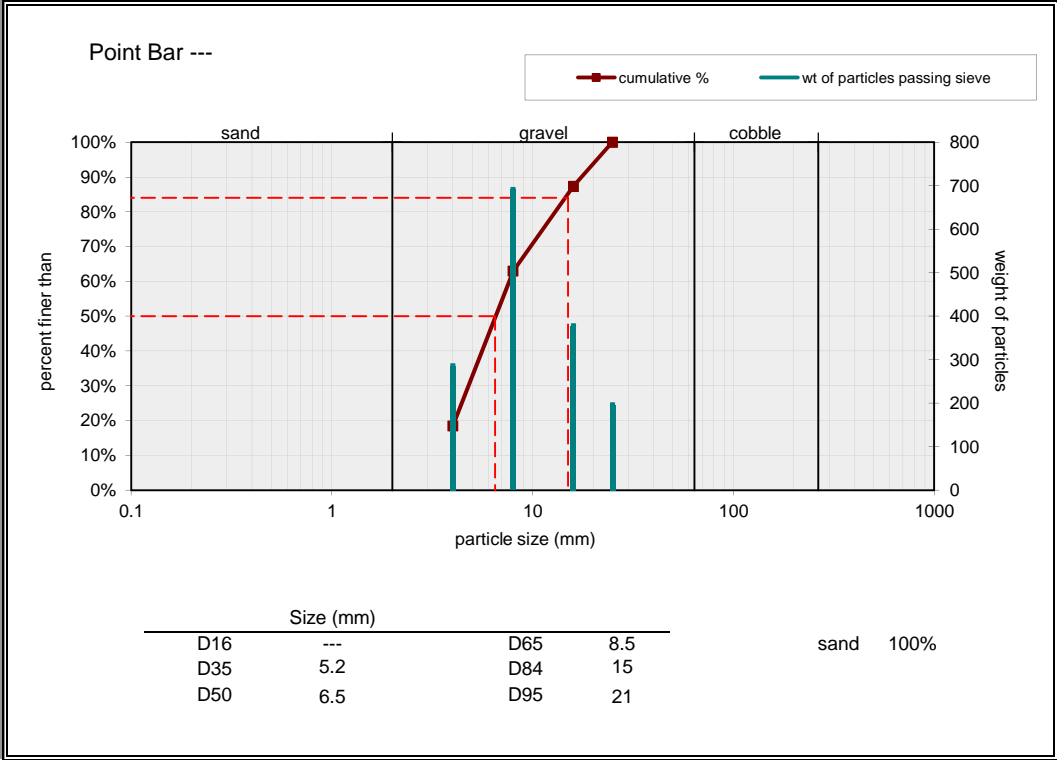
Size (mm)					
D16	---	D65	8.1	sand	100%
D35	5	D84	13		
D50	6.3	D95	22		

Largest Particle	
1	18
2	18
3	
4	
5	
18.00	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
40	35	5	0.13
51	30	3	0.08

mean shape factor:			0.11

Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

[illegible]

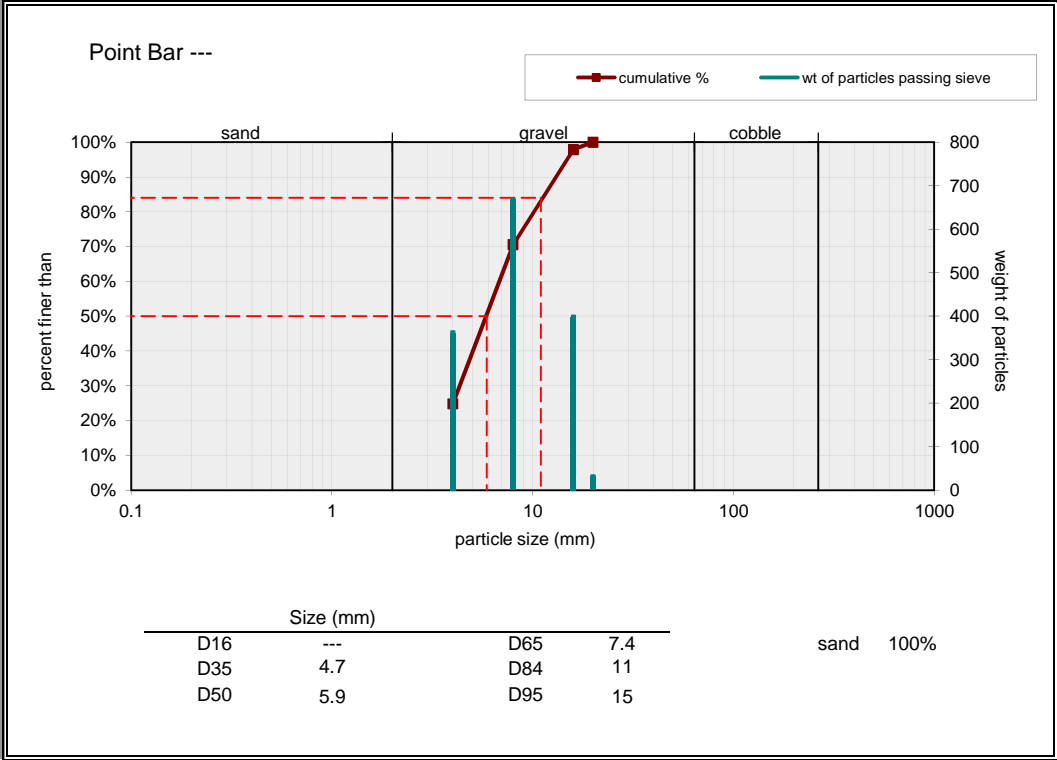
Largest Particle	
1	19
2	12
3	
4	
5	
15.50	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
31	25	15	0.54
35	26	12	0.40

mean shape factor:			0.47

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

[illegible]

Largest Particle	
1	12
2	8
3	
4	
5	
10.00	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
35	20	10	0.38
25	15	12	0.62

mean shape factor:			0.50

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

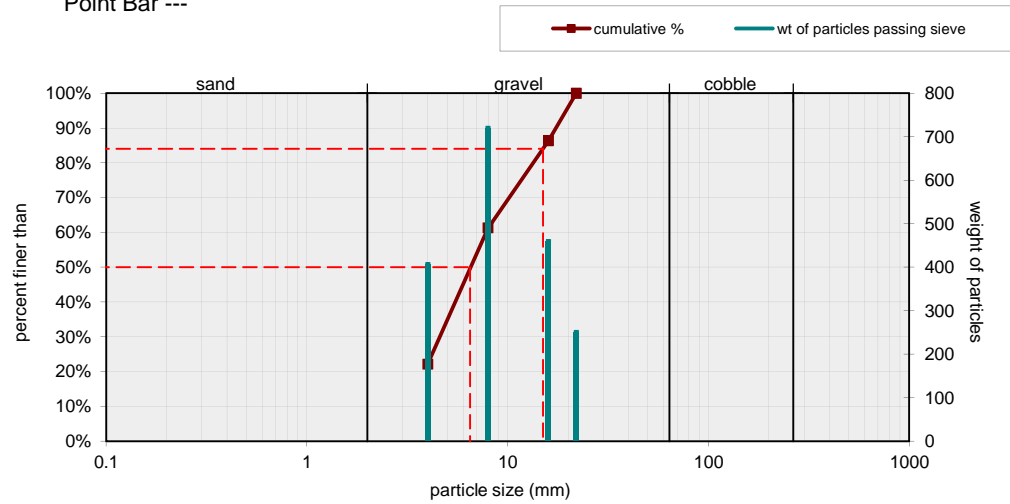
[illegible]

total wt retained in sieves: 1834

Note: 491 g, Dale Bed #2, BMP

total wt retained in sieves: 1834

Note: 491 g, Dale Bed #2, BMP



Size (mm)					
D16	---	D65	8.9	sand	100%
D35	5	D84	15		
D50	6.5	D95	20		

Largest Particle	
1	46
2	27
3	
4	
5	
36.50	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
27	20	20	0.86
50	35	10	0.24

mean shape factor:			0.55

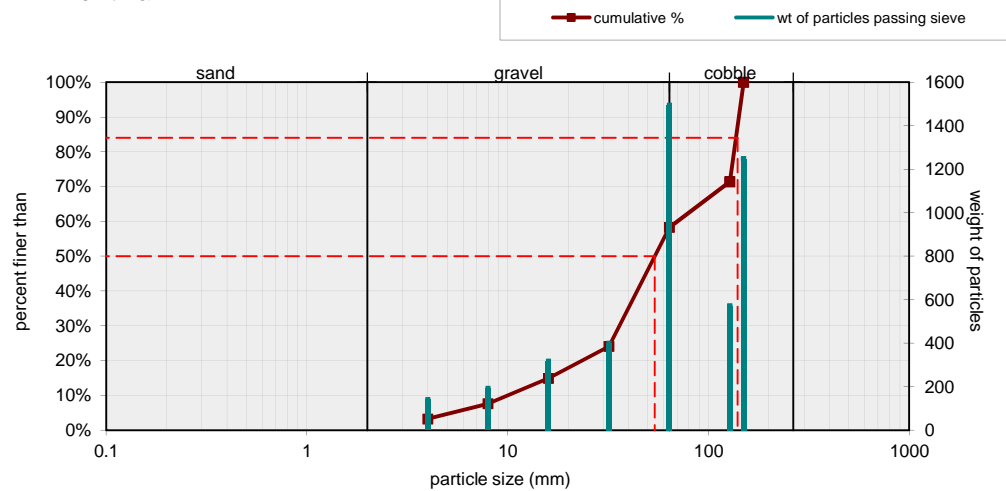
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Point Bar

[illegible]

total wt retained in sieves:	4364
------------------------------	------

Note: 119 g, Thompson Bed



Size (mm)				sand	100%
D16	17	D65	91		
D35	40	D84	140		
D50	54	D95	150		

Largest Particle	
1	1248
2	326
3	
4	
5	
787.00	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
220	150	50	0.28
80	75	30	0.39

mean shape factor:			0.33

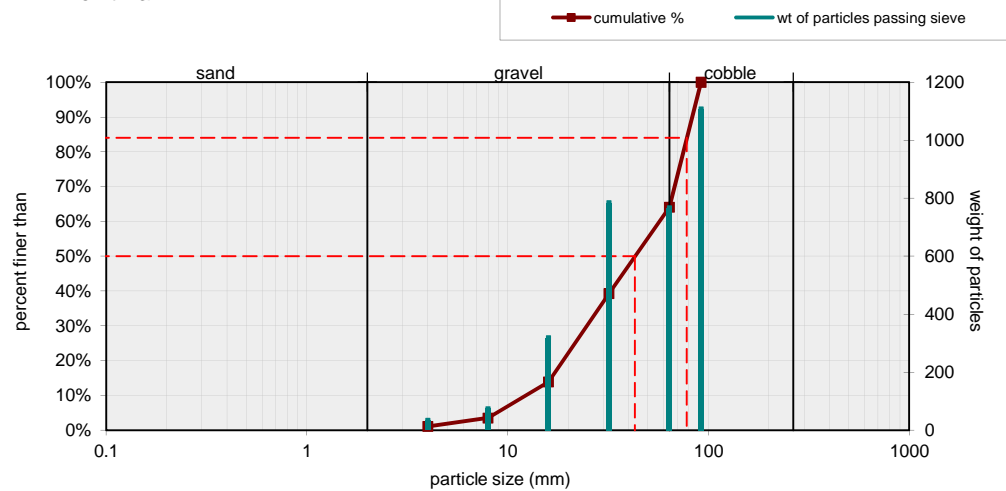
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Point Bar

[illegible]

total wt retained in sieves:	3085
------------------------------	------

Note: 36 g, Agg source on Jerry



Size (mm)				sand	100%
D16	17	D65	65		
D35	28	D84	78		
D50	43	D95	87		

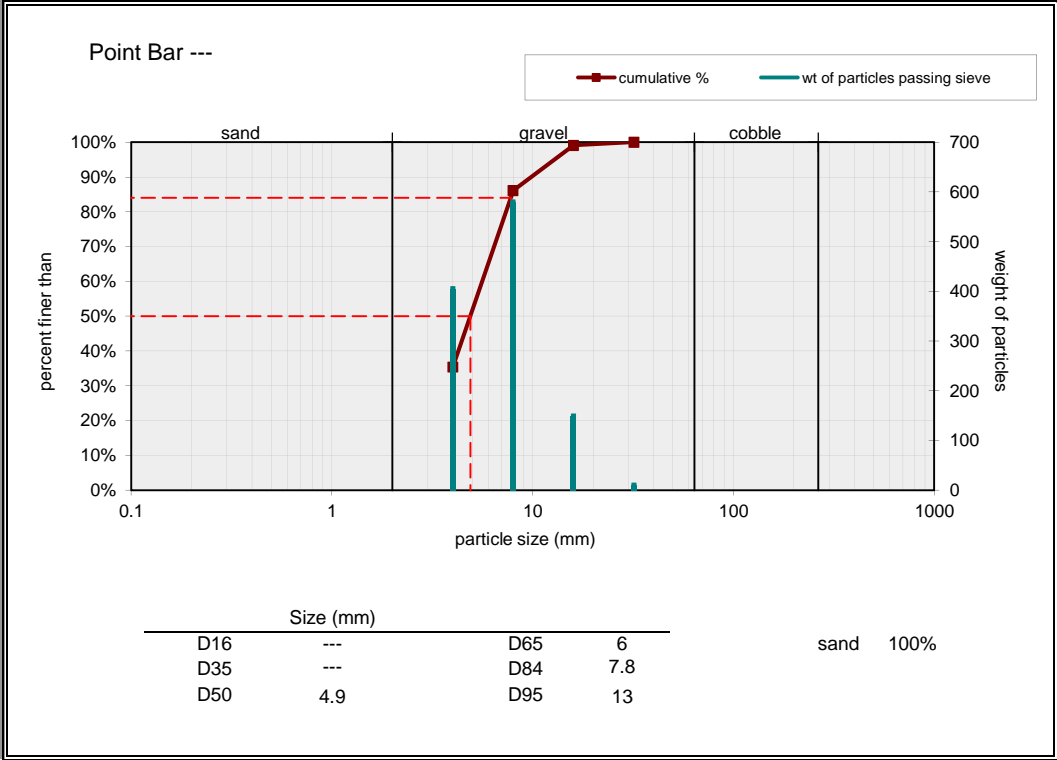
Largest Particle	
1	577
2	334
3	
4	
5	
	455.50

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
155	92	20	0.17
81	80	42	0.52

mean shape factor:			0.34

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

[illegible]

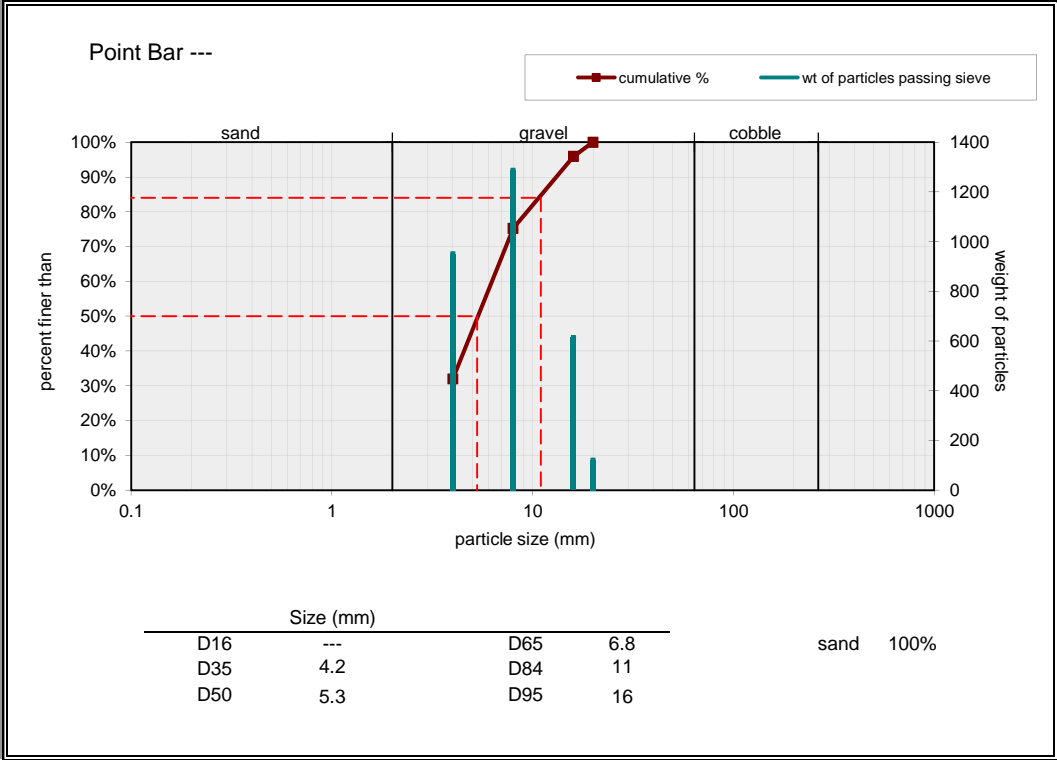
Largest Particle	
1	6
2	4
3	
4	
5	
5.00	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
21	16	12	0.65
25	16	2	0.10

mean shape factor:			0.38

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

[illegible]

Largest Particle	
1	20
2	8
3	
4	
5	
14.00	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
45	20	15	0.50
35	22	5	0.18

mean shape factor:			0.34

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PROJECT

PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE

AS NOTED

DESIGN BY

cme

PROJECT NO.

1058

DRAWN BY

SGG

SHEET NUMBER

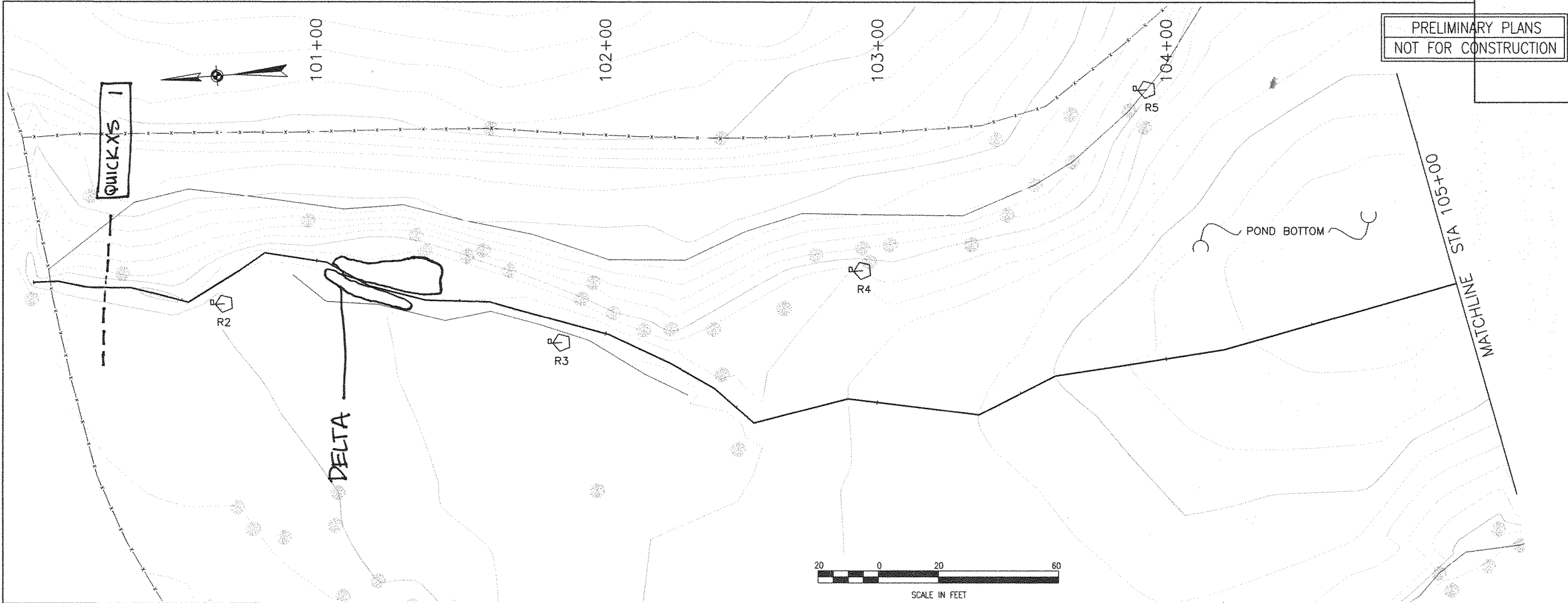
4

DATE

12/19/2012

REV.

DESCRIPTION

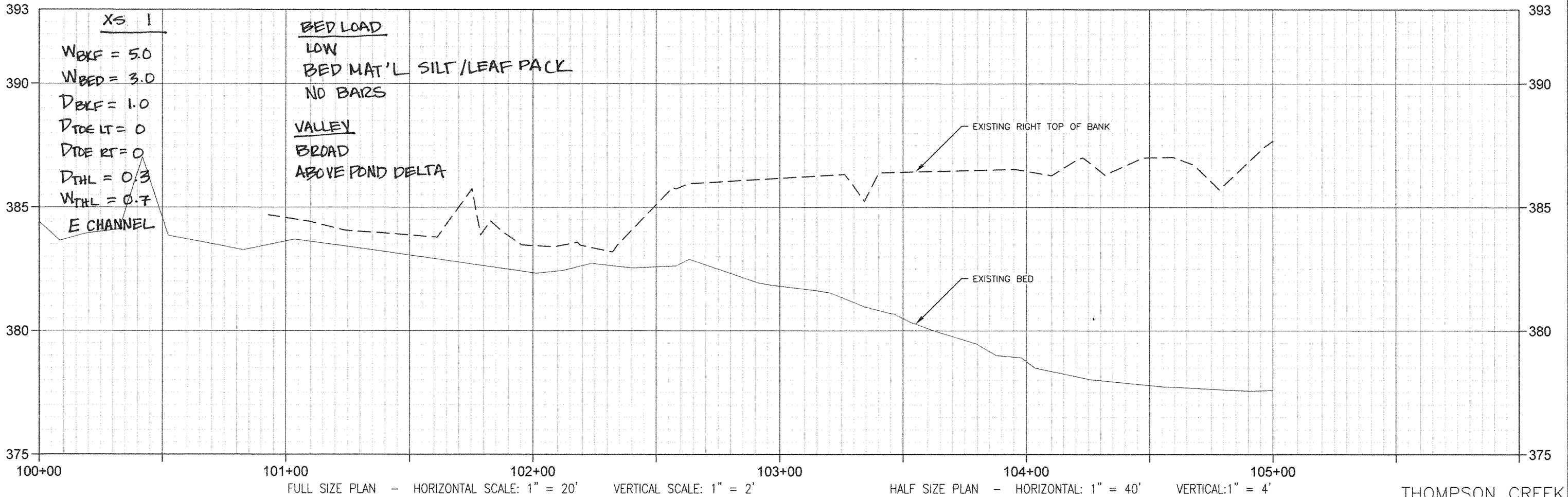


LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

—x—x—

EXISTING FENCE



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PROJECT

PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE

AS NOTED

DATE

12/19/2012

DEVELOPER

BY OFFICE

DESIGNER

BY SGG

PROJECT NO.

1058

SHEET NUMBER

5

DATE

BY

REV.

DESCRIPTION

Plan view of Thompson Creek restoration project. The stream channel is shown with stationing from 105+00 to 110+00. Key features include: a '2' HEADCUT HELD BY ROOTS' at station 106+00, 'ERODED GULLY/SPILLWAY CUTS INTO BEDROCK' at station 106+00, 'BAR' at station 107+00, 'BAR (ANGULAR BED MATERIAL FROM SPILLWAY)' at station 108+00, and 'EXISTING THOMPSON CREEK' at station 109+00. A 'QUICK XS 2' is marked at station 108+00. The plan also shows 'EXISTING THOMPSON CREEK' and 'EXISTING FENCE'.

PRELIMINARY PLANS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

EXISTING FENCE

ERODING BANKS

BAR

Profile view of Thompson Creek showing bed load, existing bed, and channel dimensions. The profile is plotted on a grid with stationing from 105+00 to 110+00. The vertical axis shows elevation in feet, ranging from 370 to 388. The profile includes the 'EXISTING BED' and 'EXISTING LEFT TOP OF BANK' and 'EXISTING RIGHT TOP OF BANK'. A 'BED LOAD' section is shown with the following data:

BED LOAD
LOW
BARS: FEW
MATERIAL: ANGULAR COBBLE
BEDROCK EXPOSED IN BED
SILT COVERS BED

XS 2
WBKF = 7.0
WBED = 4.8
DBKF = 1.0
DTDE LT = 0
DTDE RT = -0.3
DTHL = 0.2
WTHL = 1.0
WFP = 9
DTERR = 3.5

CHANNEL

HALF SIZE PLAN - HORIZONTAL: 1" = 40' VERTICAL: 1" = 4'

FULL SIZE PLAN - HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1" = 20' VERTICAL SCALE: 1" = 2'

THOMPSON CREEK

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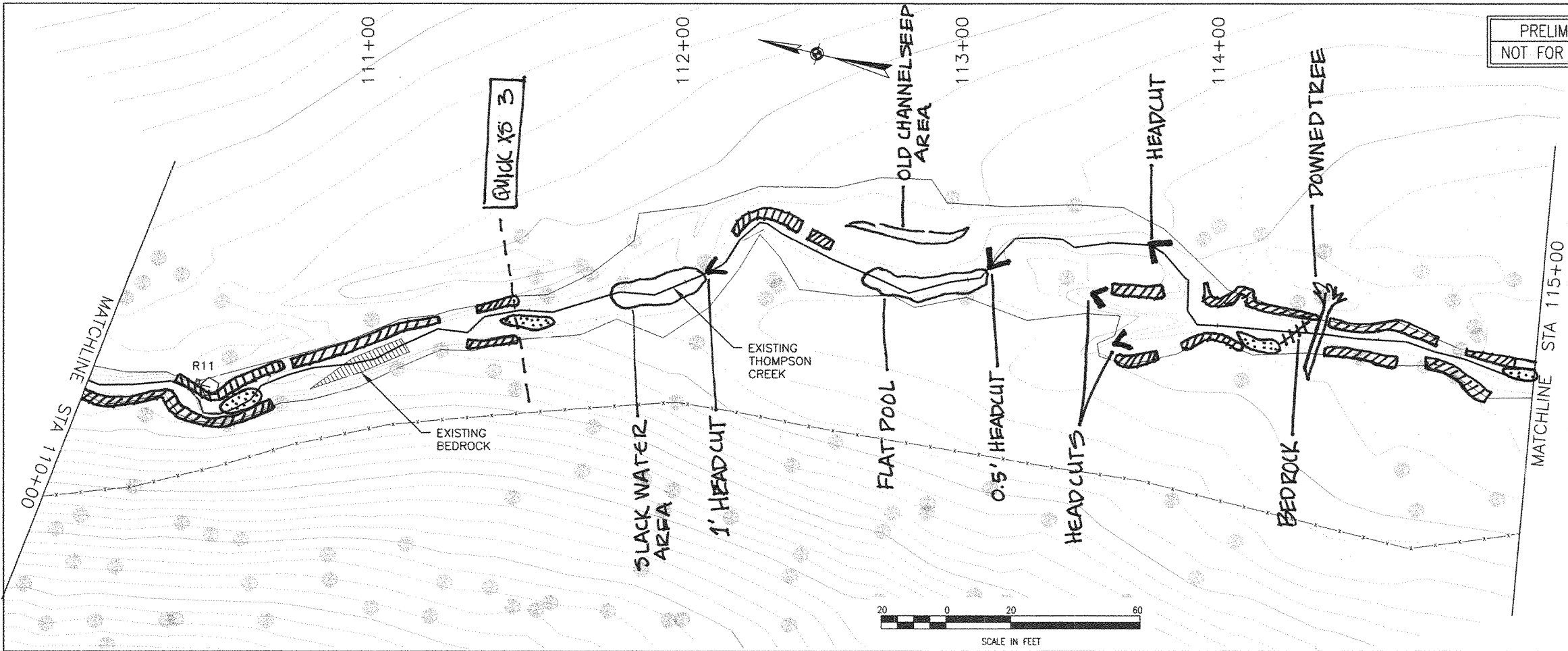
Weaverville, NC 28787
WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

ORDER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE: PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE: AS NOTED	DRAWN BY: cme	PROJECT NO: 1058	SHEET NUMBER: 6
DATE: 12/19/2012	CHECKED BY: SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:

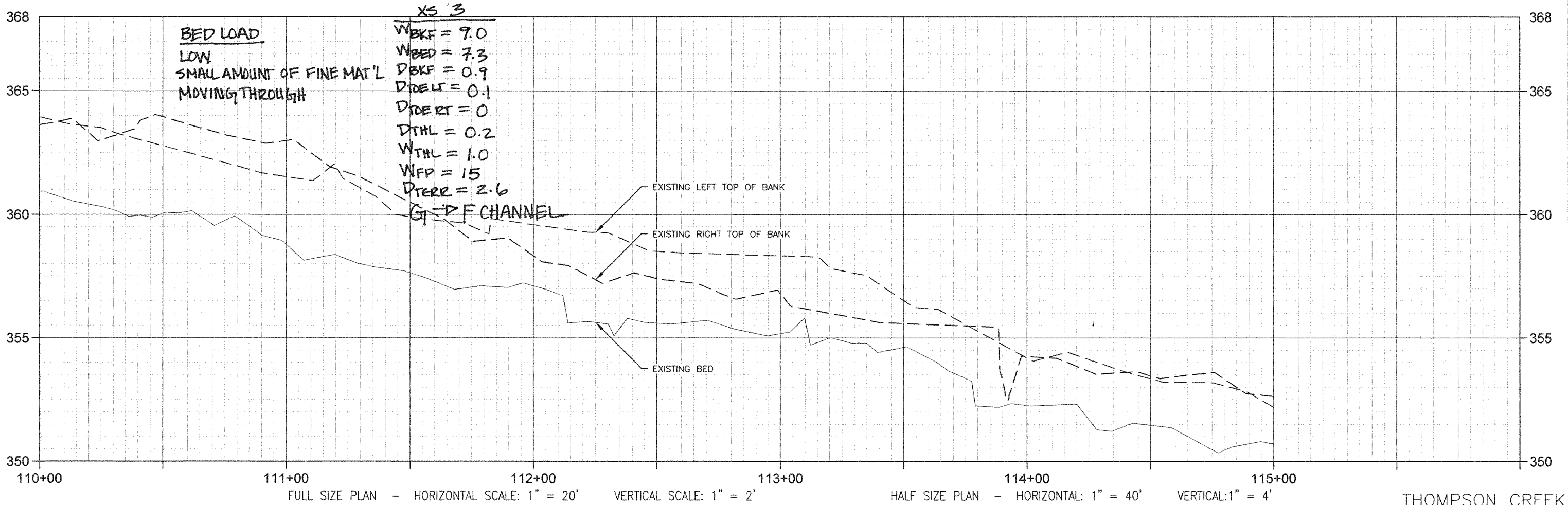


PRELIMINARY PLANS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

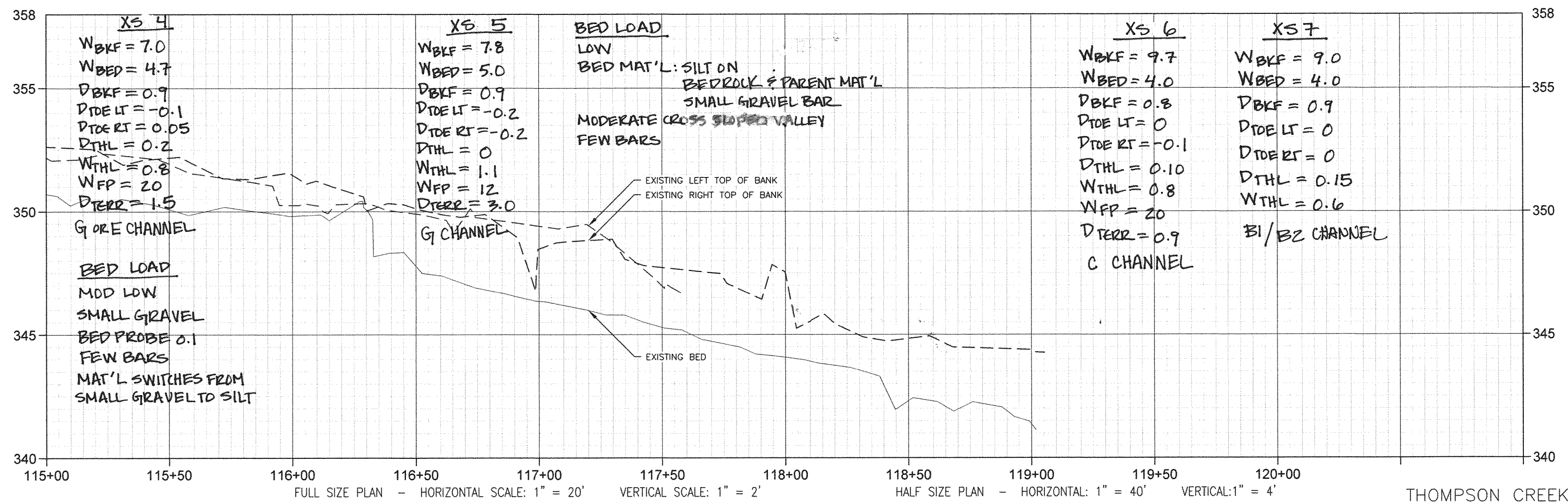
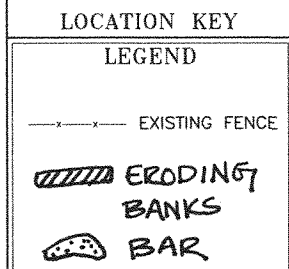
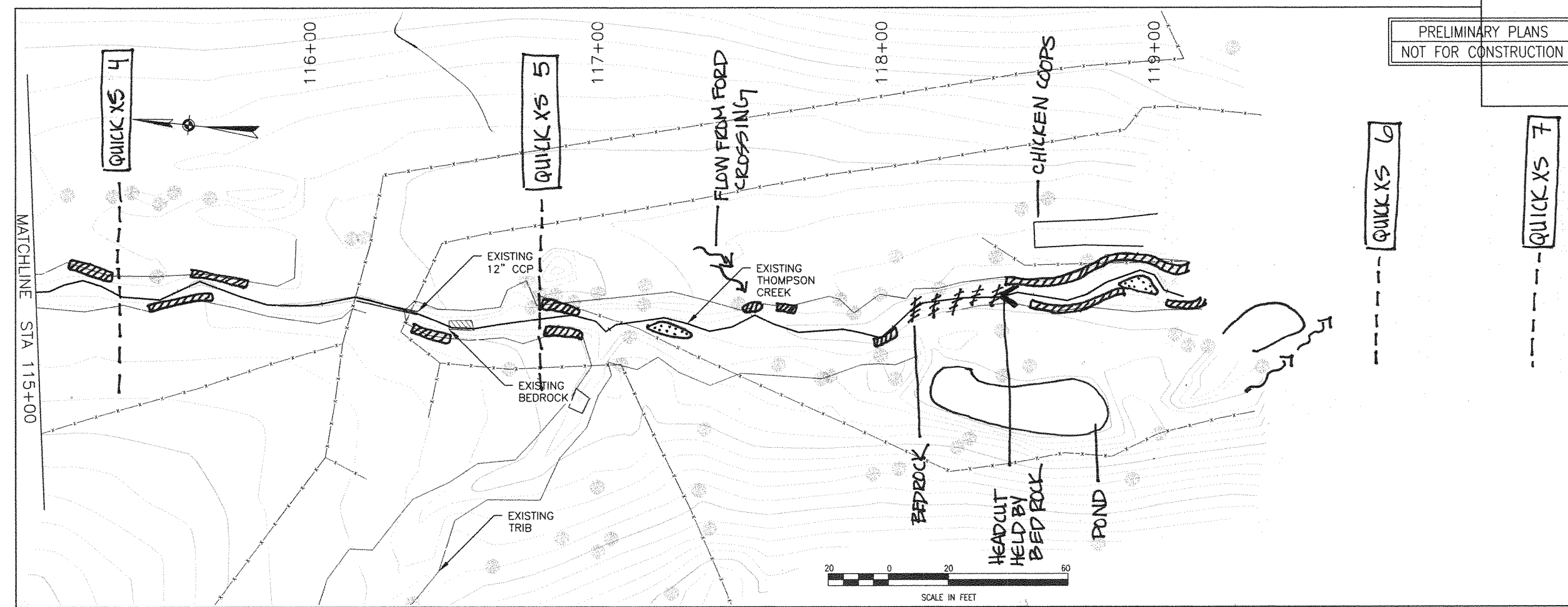
LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



PRELIMINARY PLANS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



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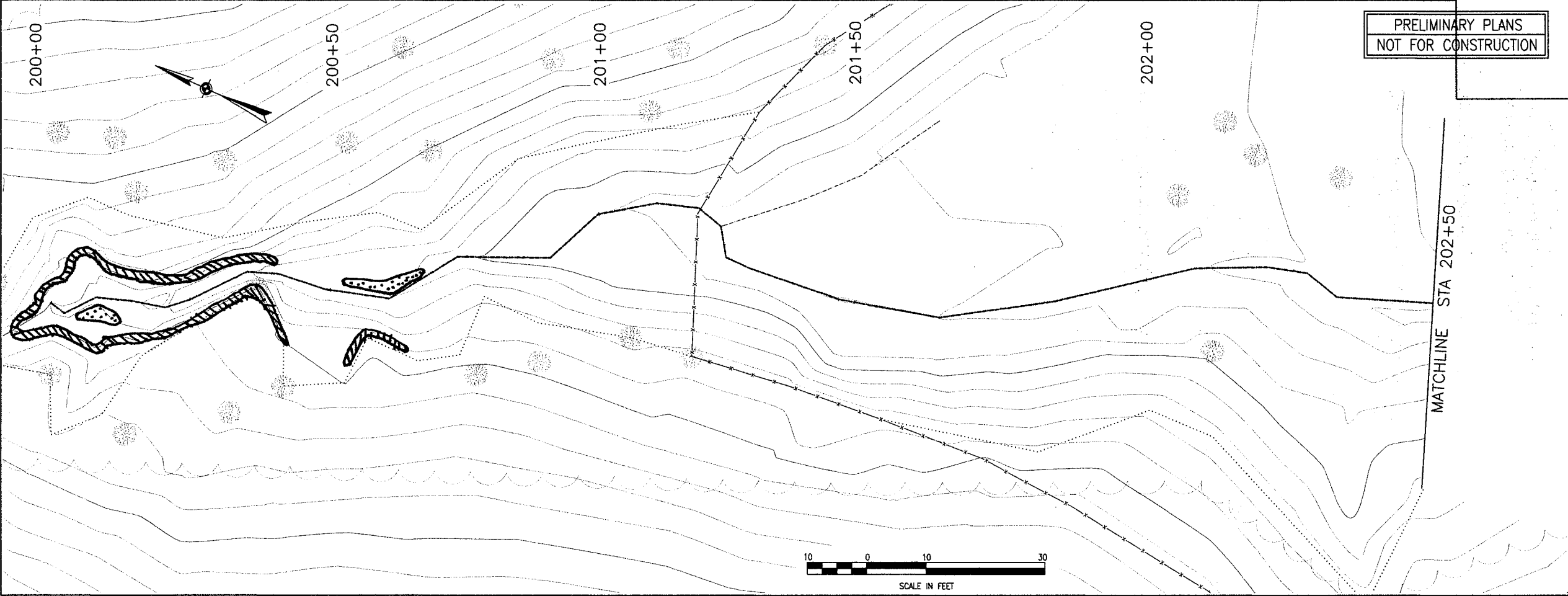
Wenoverville, NC 28787

PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

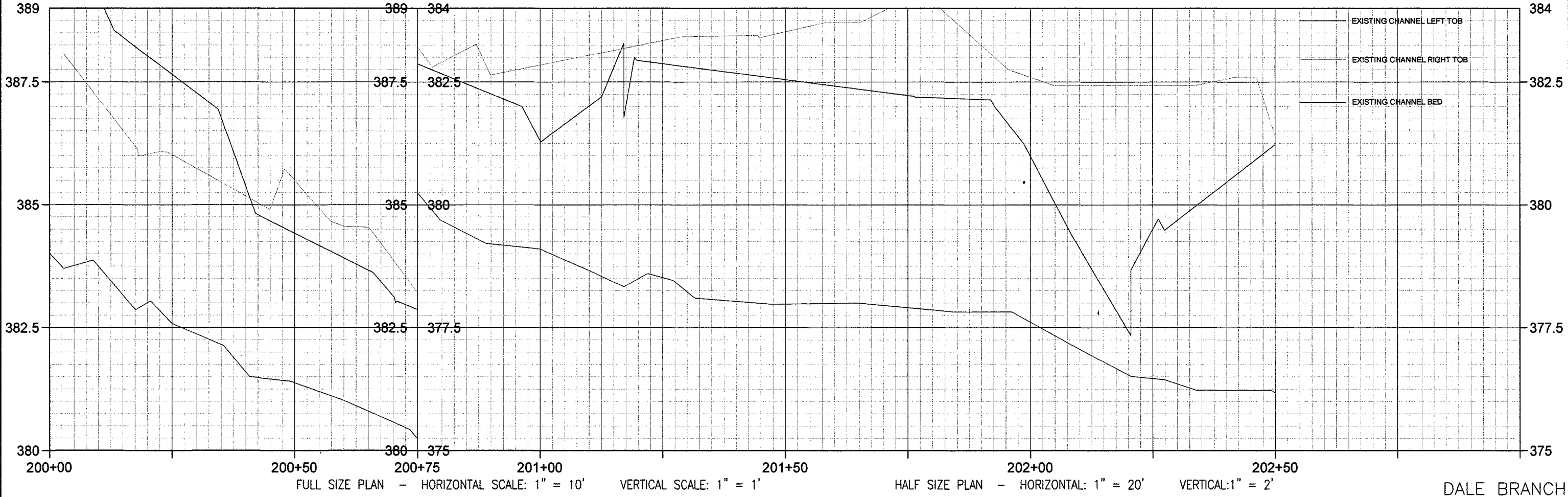
SCALE: AS NOTED	DEVELOPED BY: CME	PROJECT NO:	DRAWING NO:
DATE: 06/04/2013	CHD. BY: SGG	1058	12
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- x — x — EXISTING FENCE
- - - - - EXISTING THALWEG
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE
- ▨ ERODING BANKS
- BAR



DALE BRANCH

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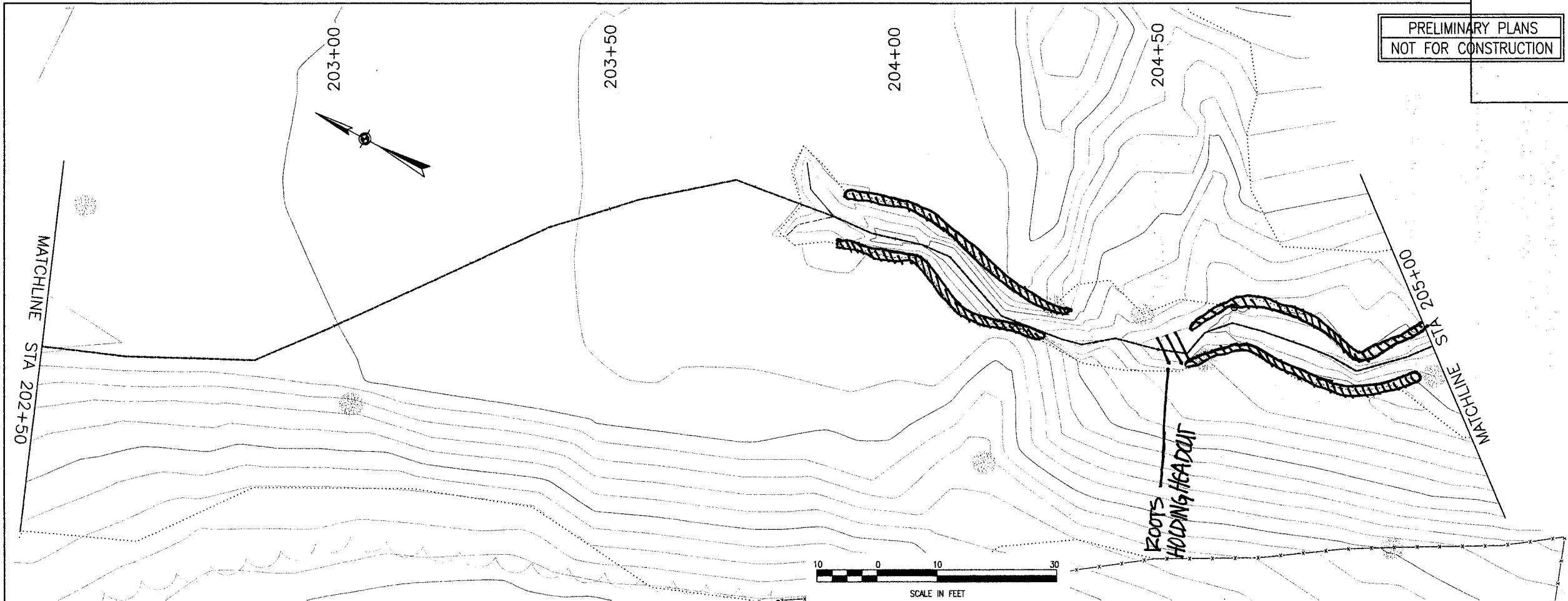
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

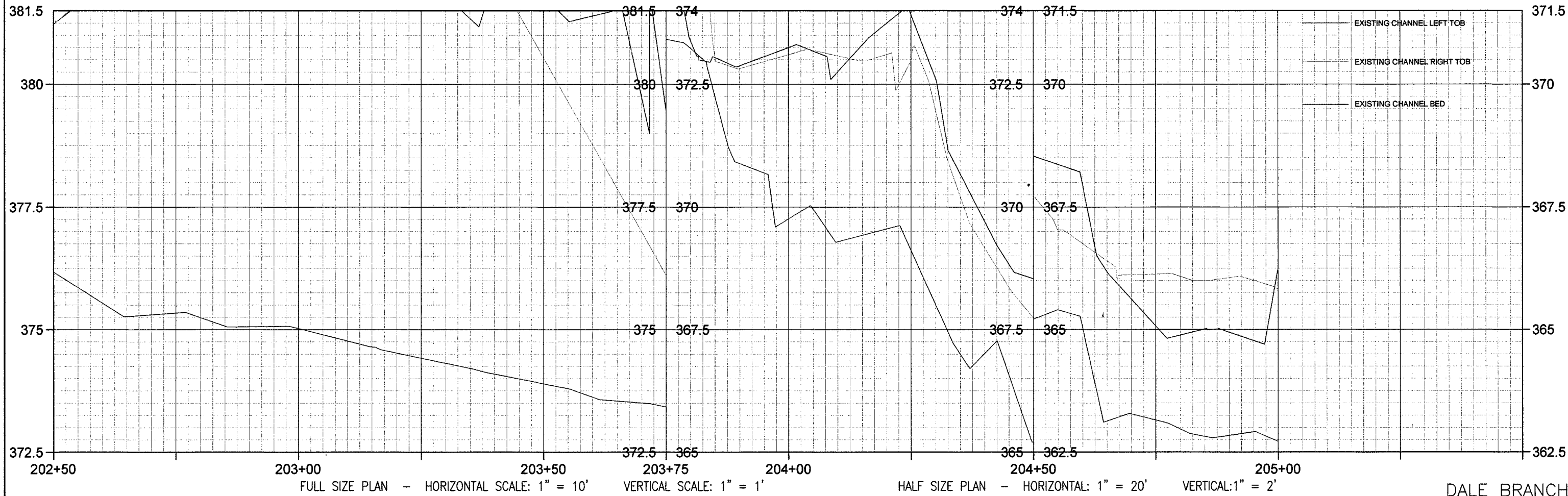
SCALE AS NOTED	DEVELOPED BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 13
DATE 06/04/2013	CREATED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING THALWEG
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



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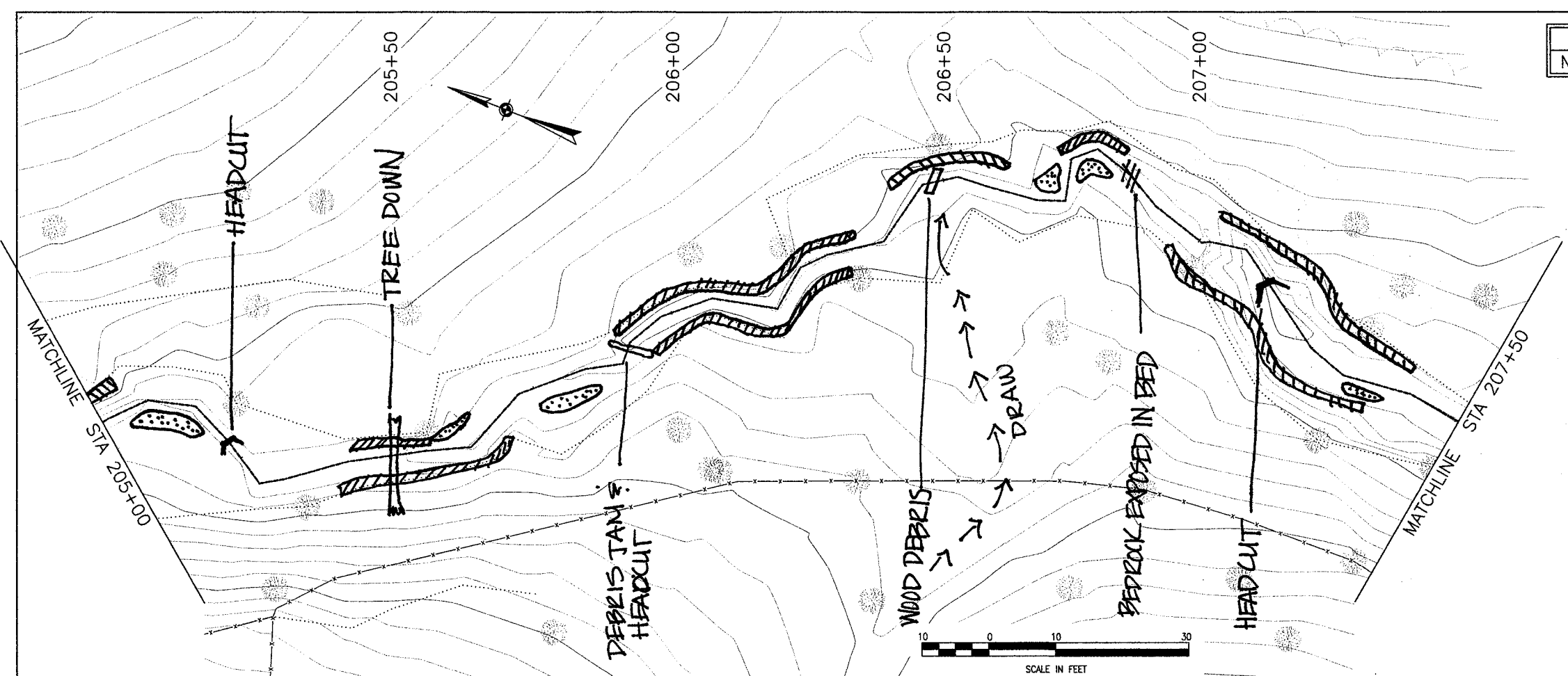
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE AS NOTED	DESIGN BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 14
DATE 06/04/2013	CHD. BY SGC		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

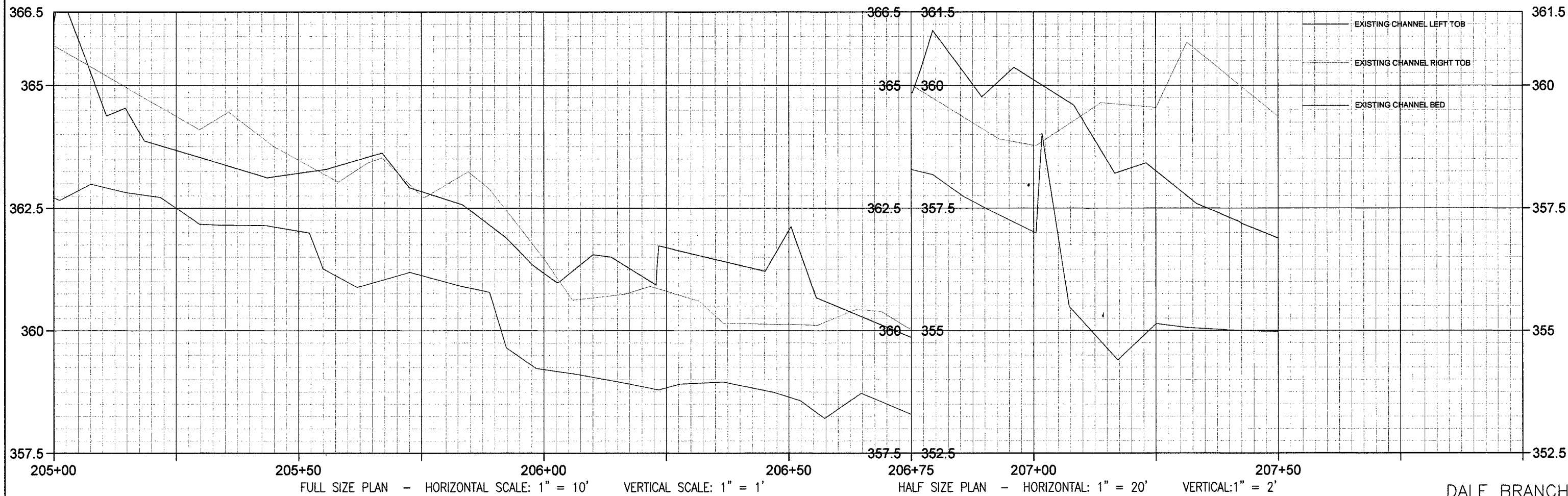


PRELIMINARY PLANS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING THALWEG
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



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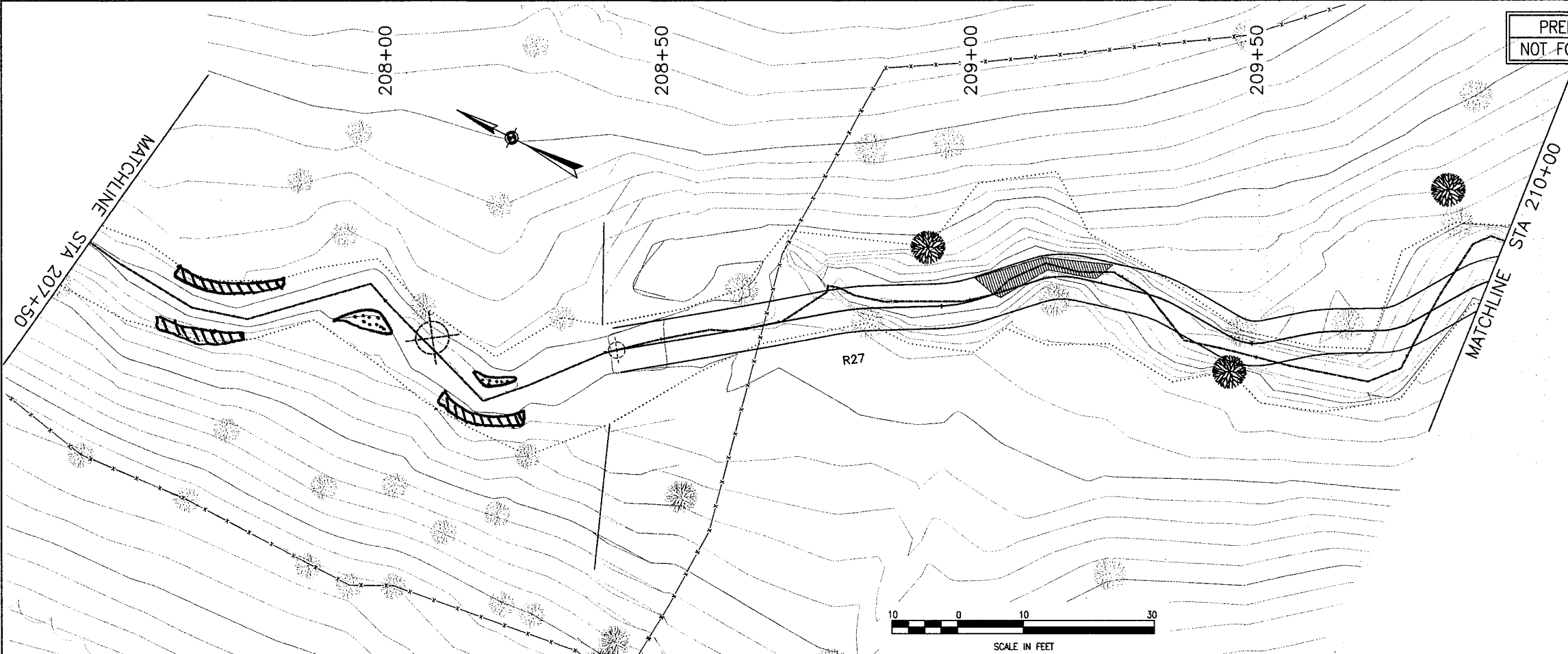
PHONE: (828) 658-3640 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

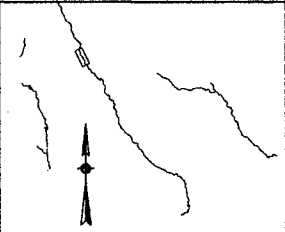
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

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DATE: 06/04/2013	COORD. BY: SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



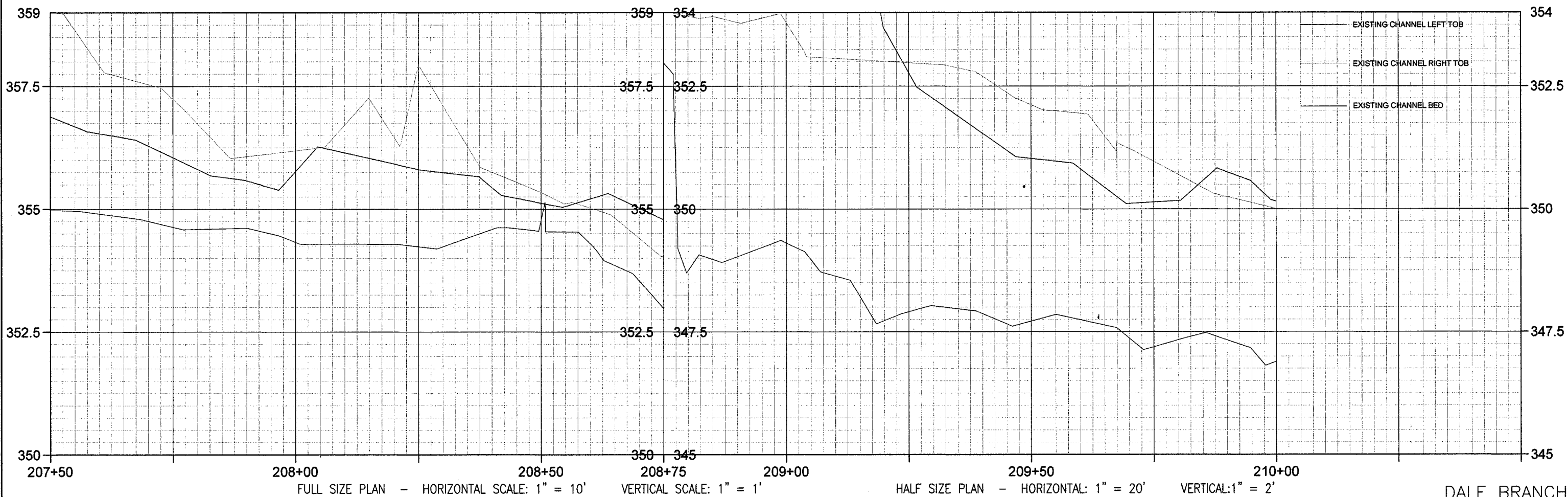
PRELIMINARY PLANS
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- x—x— EXISTING FENCE
- - - EXISTING THALWEG
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE
- ▨ ERODING BANKS
- ⋯ BARS



FULL SIZE PLAN - HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1" = 10' HALF SIZE PLAN - HORIZONTAL: 1" = 20' VERTICAL SCALE: 1" = 1' VERTICAL: 1" = 2'

DALE BRANCH

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PROJECT: FEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

DATE: 2/19/2013

SCALE: AS NOTED

DATE: 2/19/2013

DESIGN: BY CME

CHECK: BY SGG

PROJECT NO: 1058

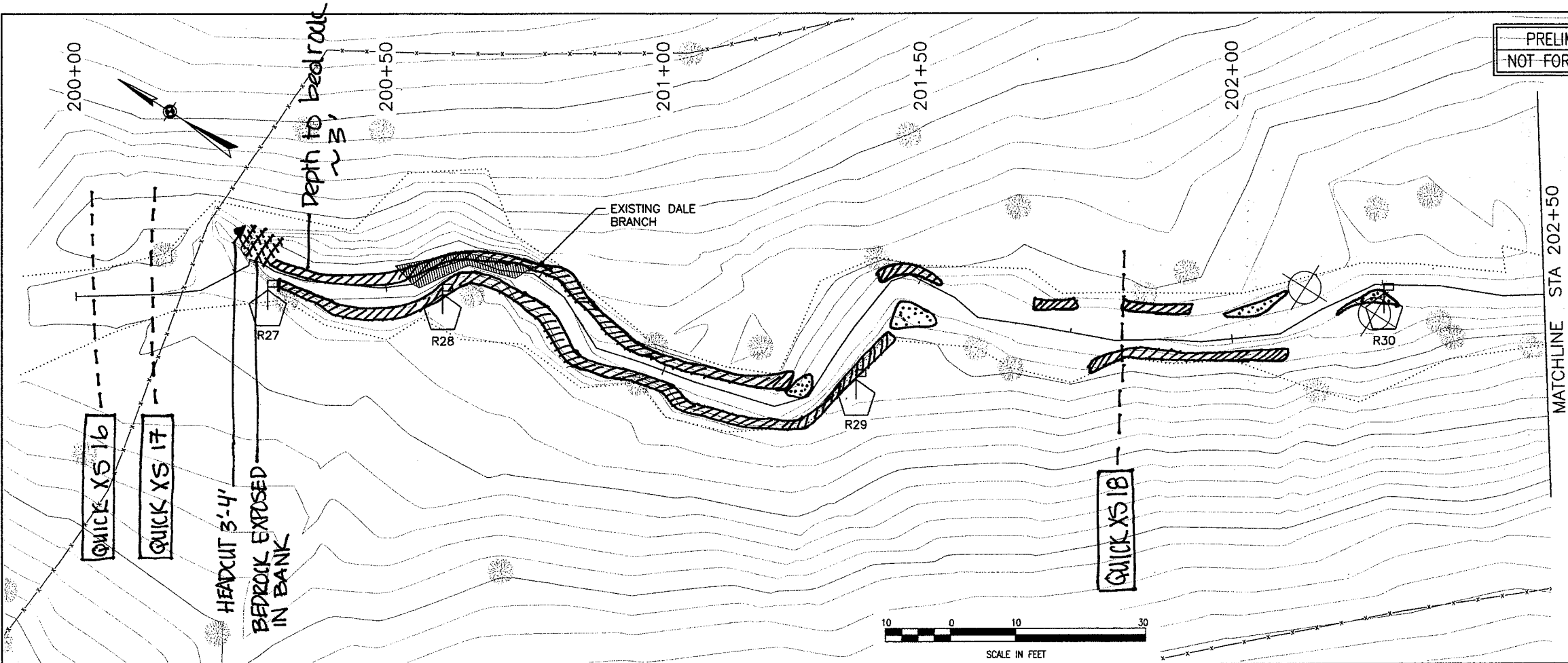
SHEET NUMBER: 12

PRELIMINARY PLANS

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

PLAN & PROFILE

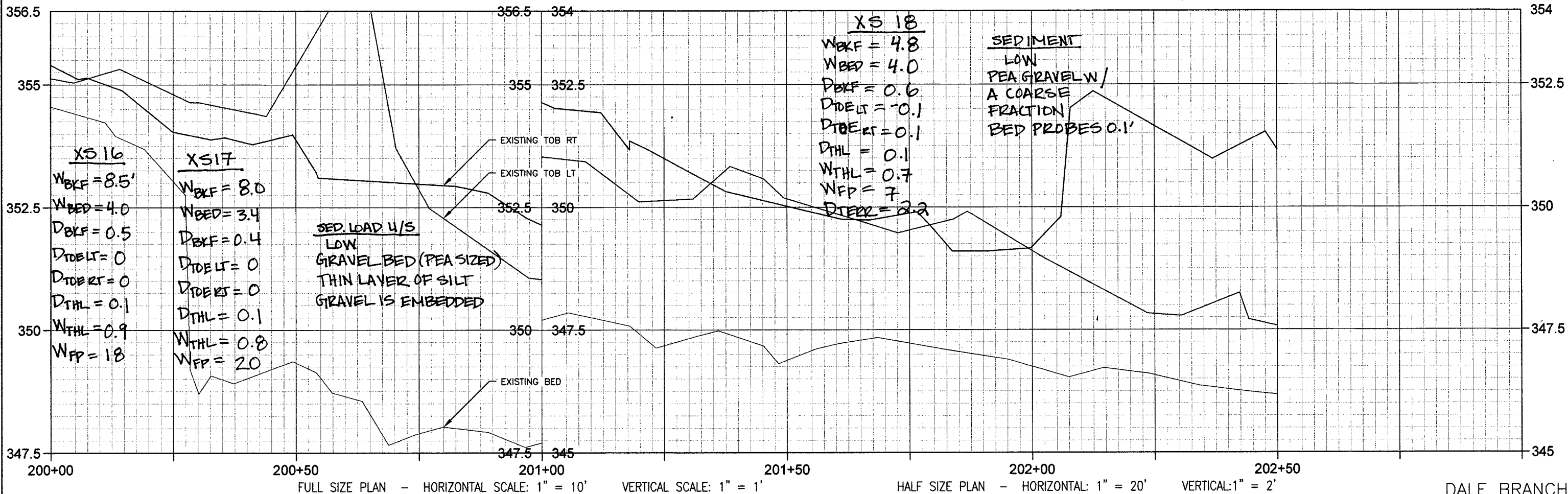
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- x — x — x — EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- /// ERODING BANKS
- ⊙ BAR



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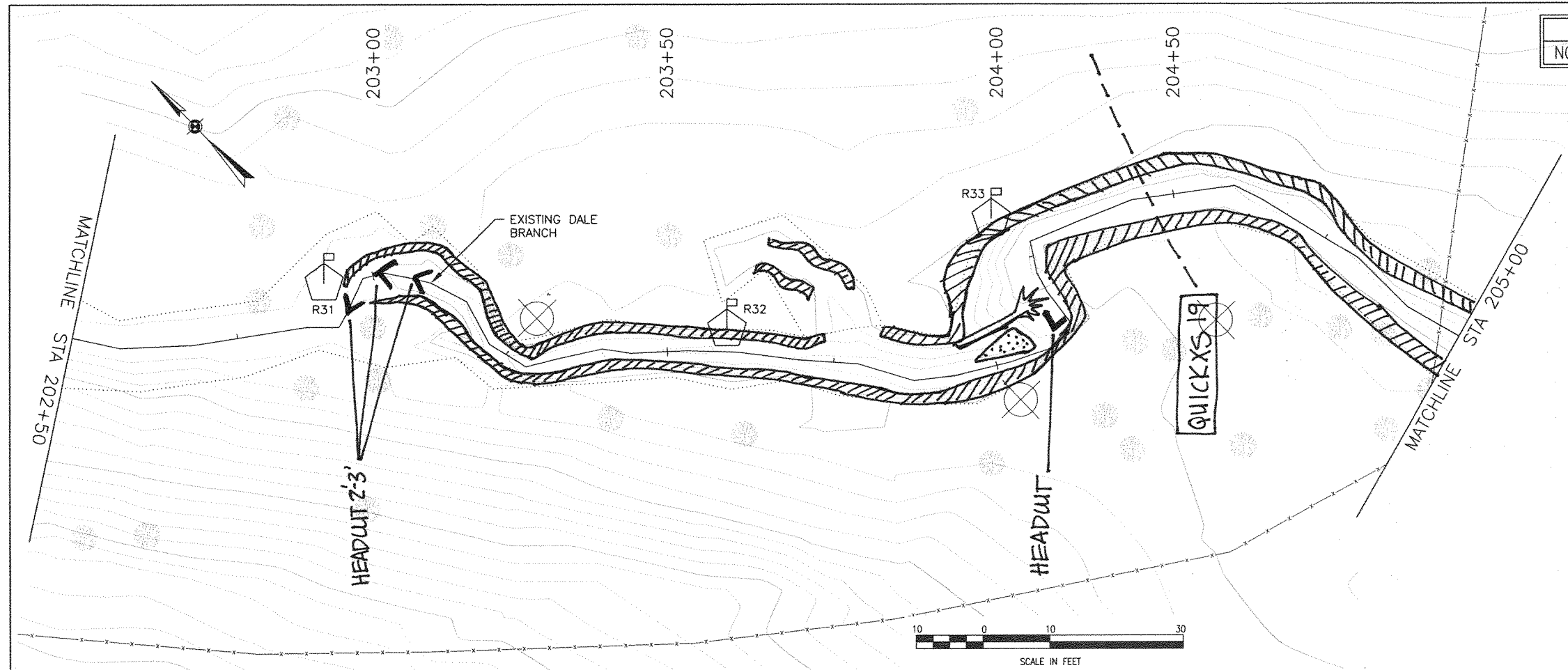
7 Florida Ave
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 Weaverville, NC 28787
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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE: PLAN & PROFILE

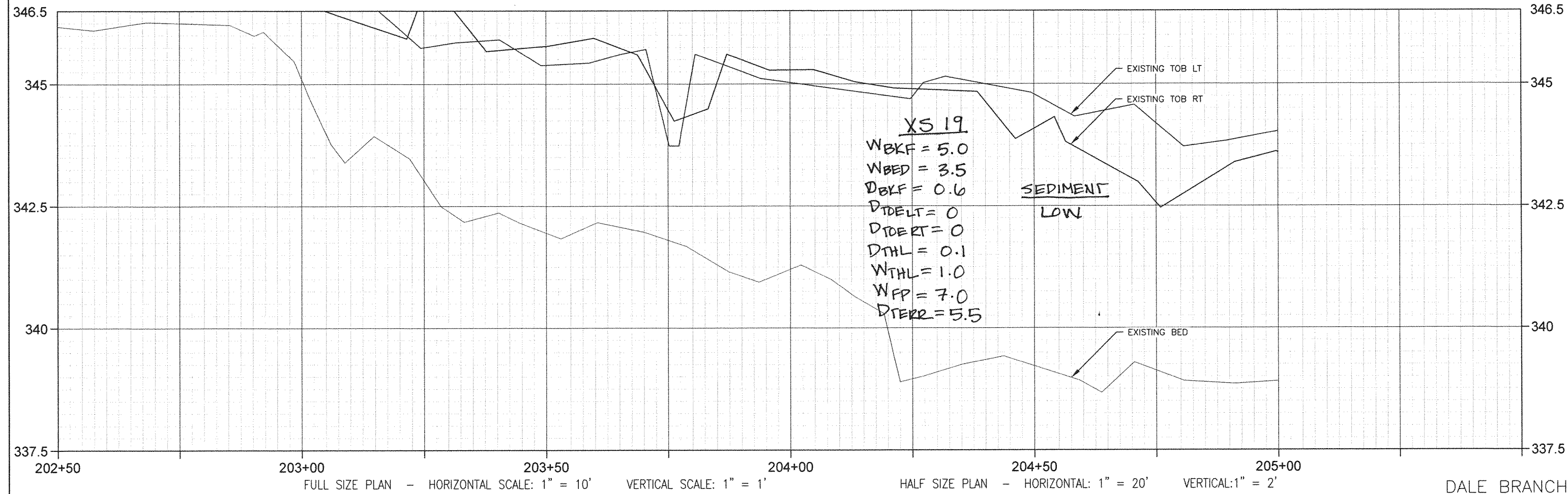
SCALE: AS NOTED	DESIGN: BY CME	PROJECT NO.: 1058	SHEET NUMBER: 13
DATE: 2/19/2013	CHECK: BY SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE: PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE: AS NOTED

DATE: 2/19/2013

DESIGN: BY CME

CHECK: BY SGG

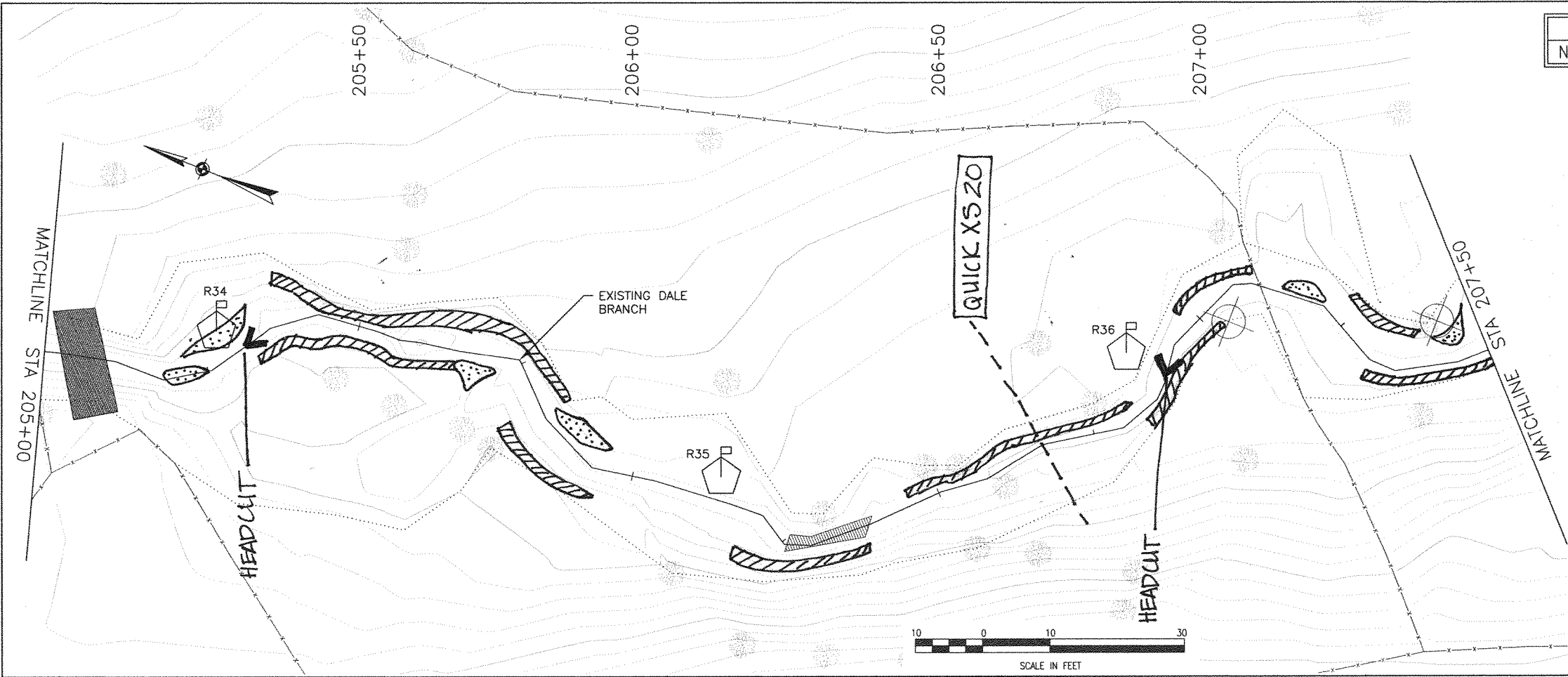
PROJECT NO: 1058

SHEET NUMBER: 14

DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

PRELIMINARY PLANS

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

—x—x—

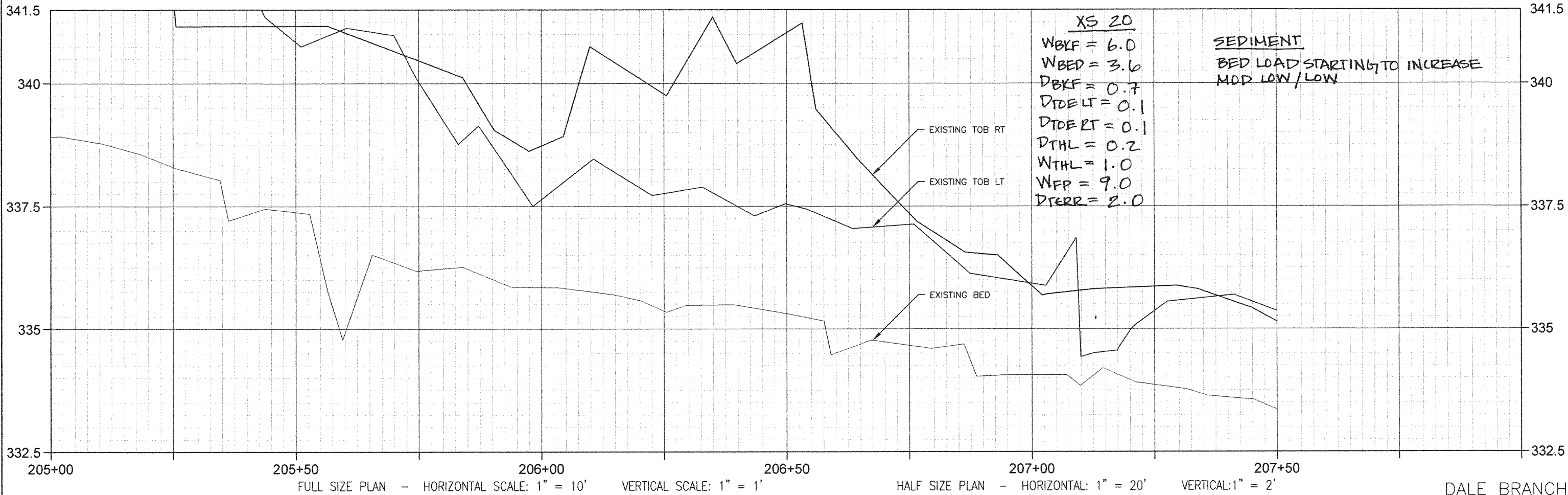
EXISTING FENCE

.....

EXISTING T.O.B.

ERODING BANKS

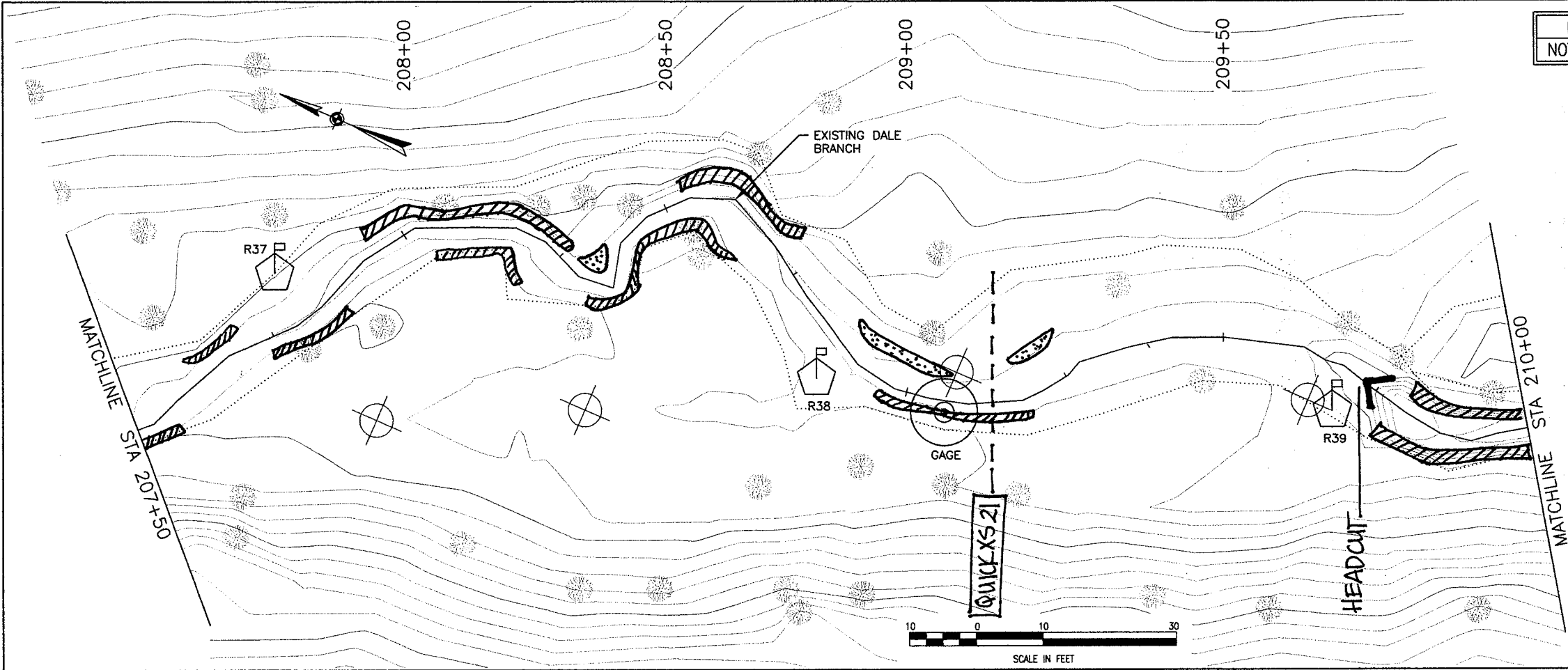
BAR



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LICENSE NO. P-0417
7 Florida Ave.
Phone: (828) 668-3649
www.wolfcreekeng.com

Waverlyville, NC 28787
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE **PLAN & PROFILE**

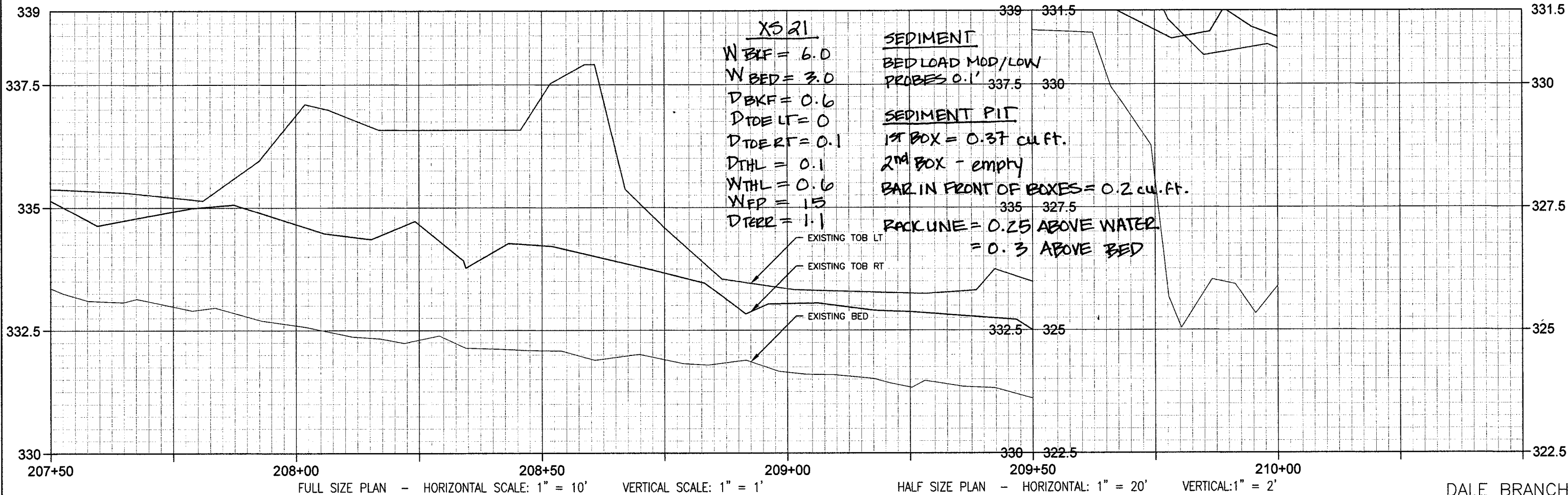
SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 15
DATE 2/10/2013	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- x—x— EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- ███ EXISTING BANKS
- BAR



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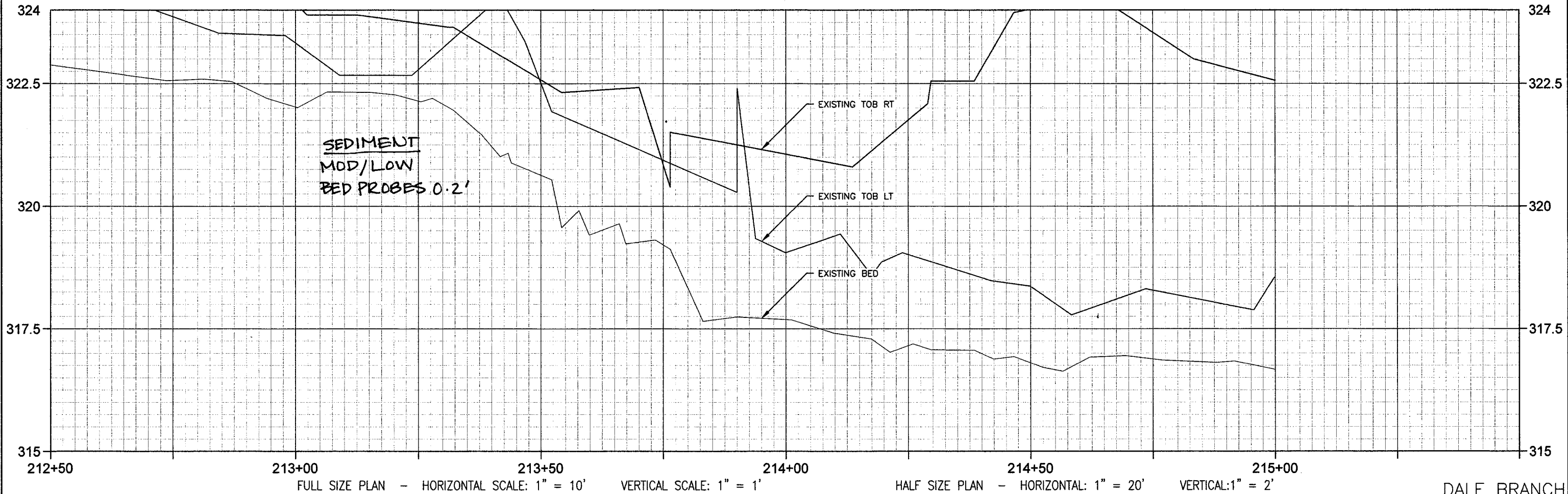
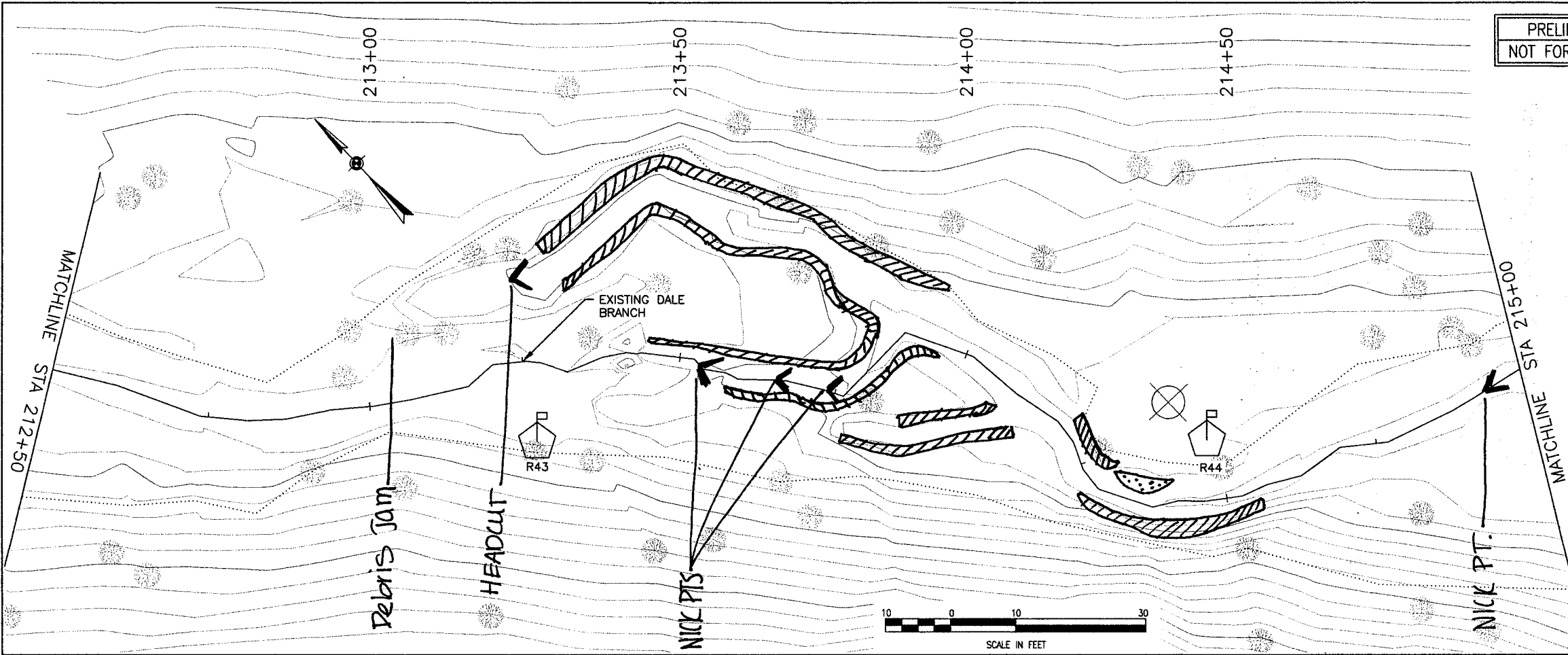
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE AS NOTED	DESIGN BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 17
DATE 2/10/2013	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



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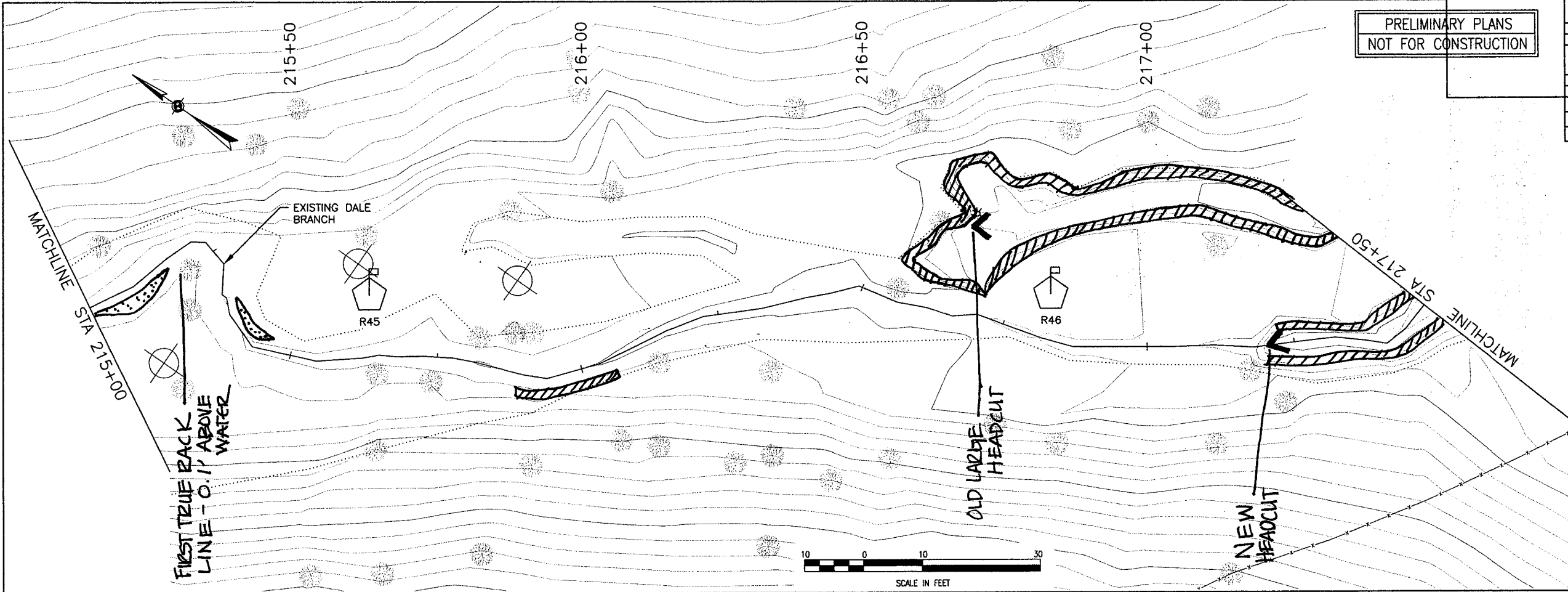
PHONE: (828) 656-3648 LICENSE NO. P-0417 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE PLAN & PROFILE

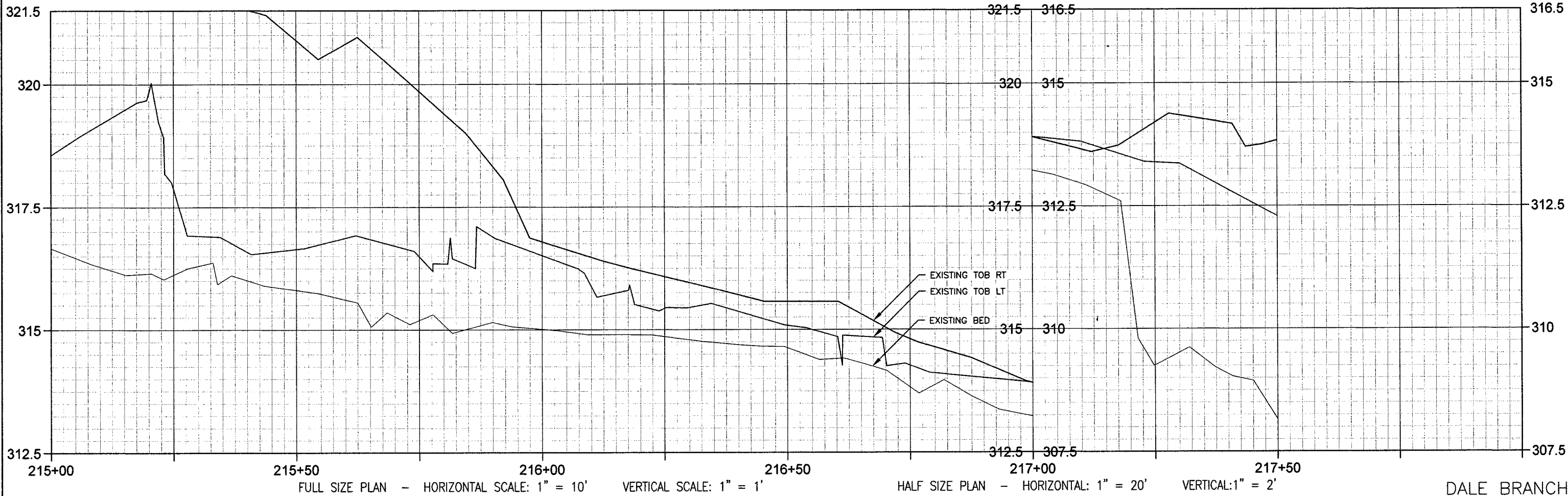
SCALE AS NOTED	DATE 2/19/2013	DESIGNED BY CME	CHECKED BY SGG	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 18
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION		



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



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PROJECT

PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE

AS NOTED

DATE

2/19/2013

BY

REV.

DESIGNED BY

CME

CHECKED BY

SGG

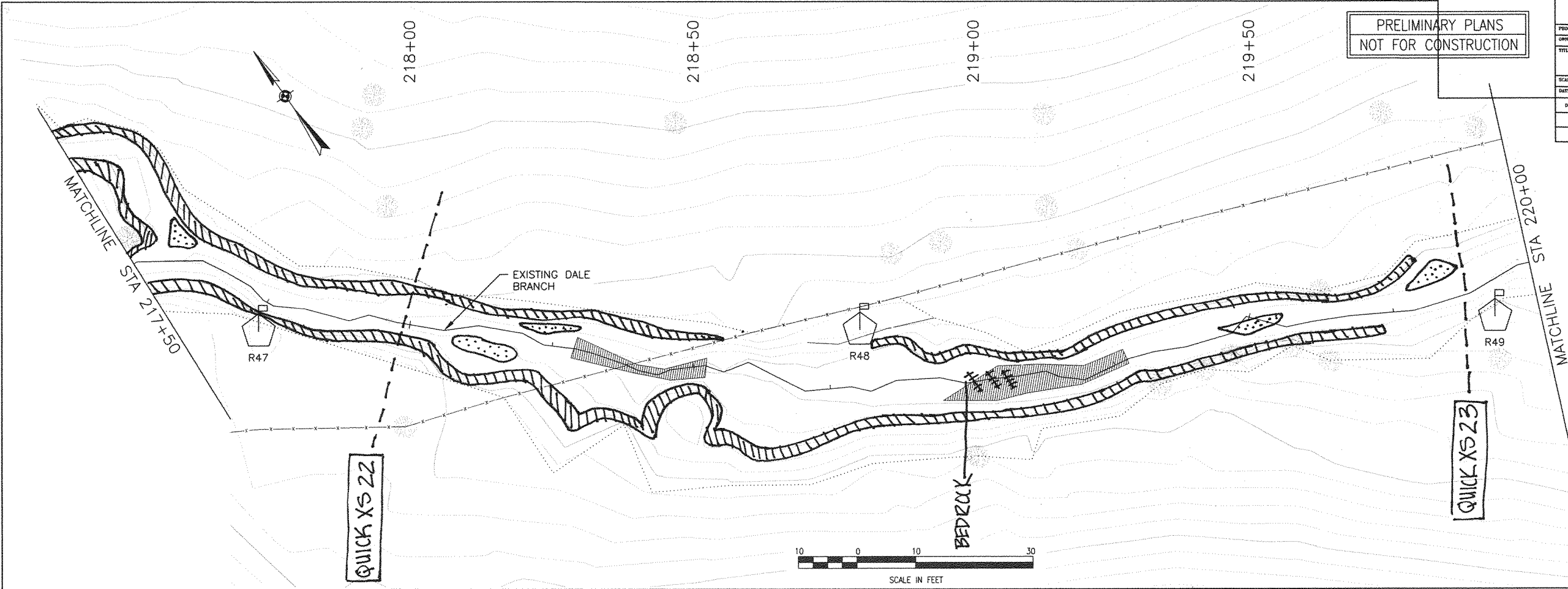
PROJECT NO.

1058

SHEET NUMBER

19

DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

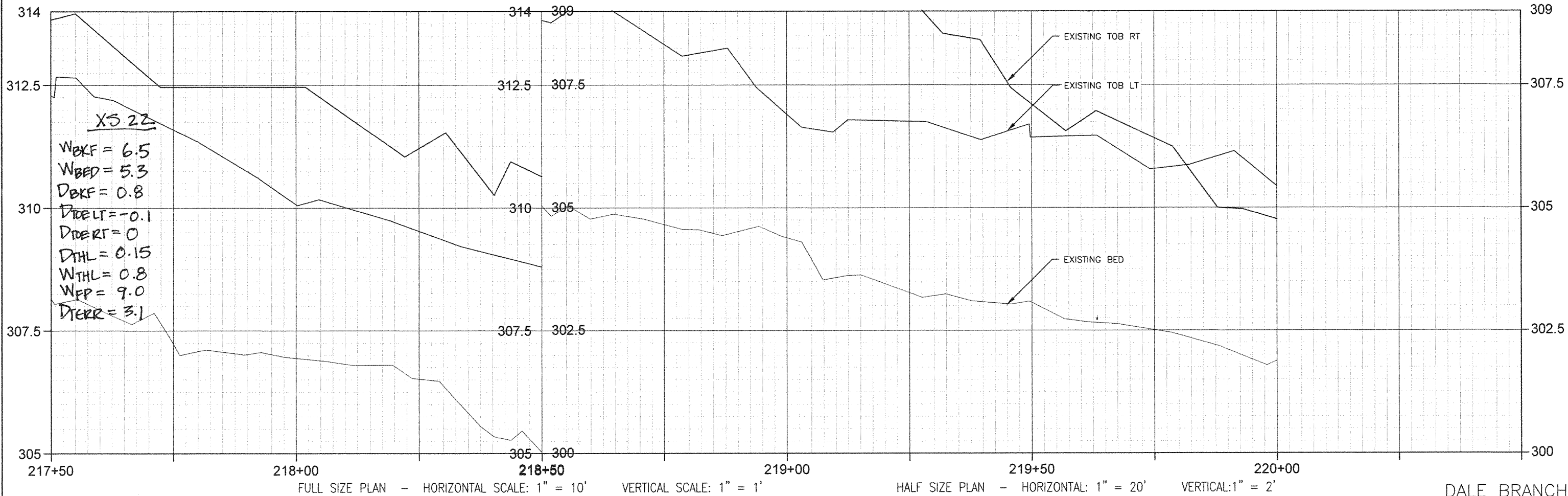
— x —

EXISTING FENCE

EXISTING T.O.B.

ERODING BANKS

BAR



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PROJECT

PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

ORDER

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

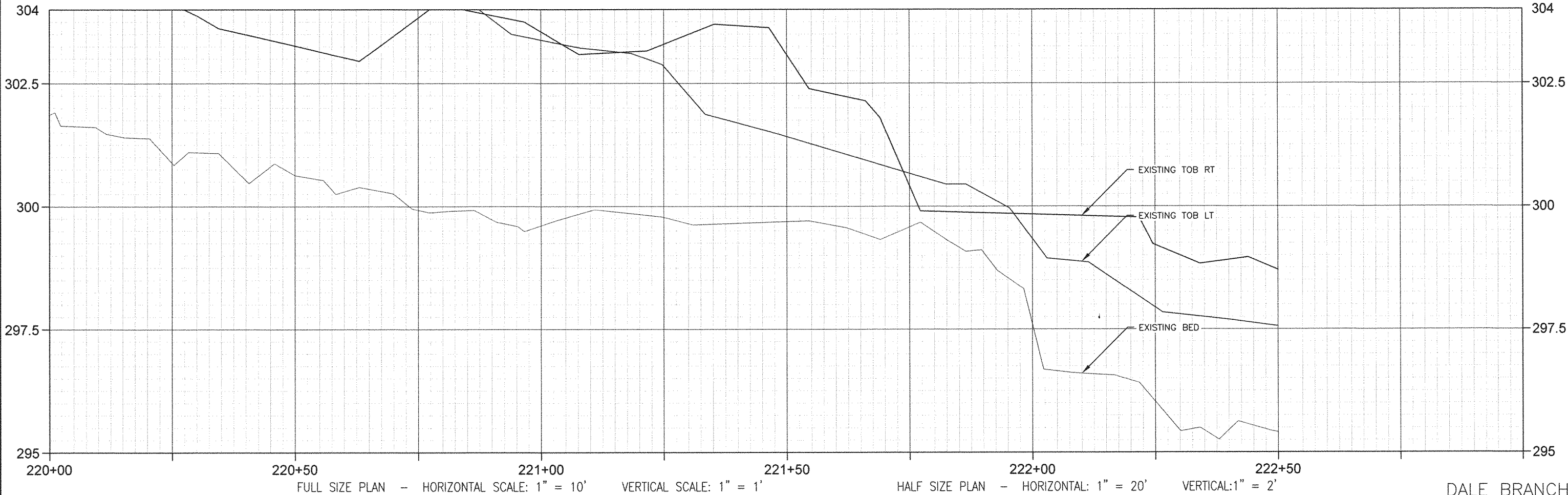
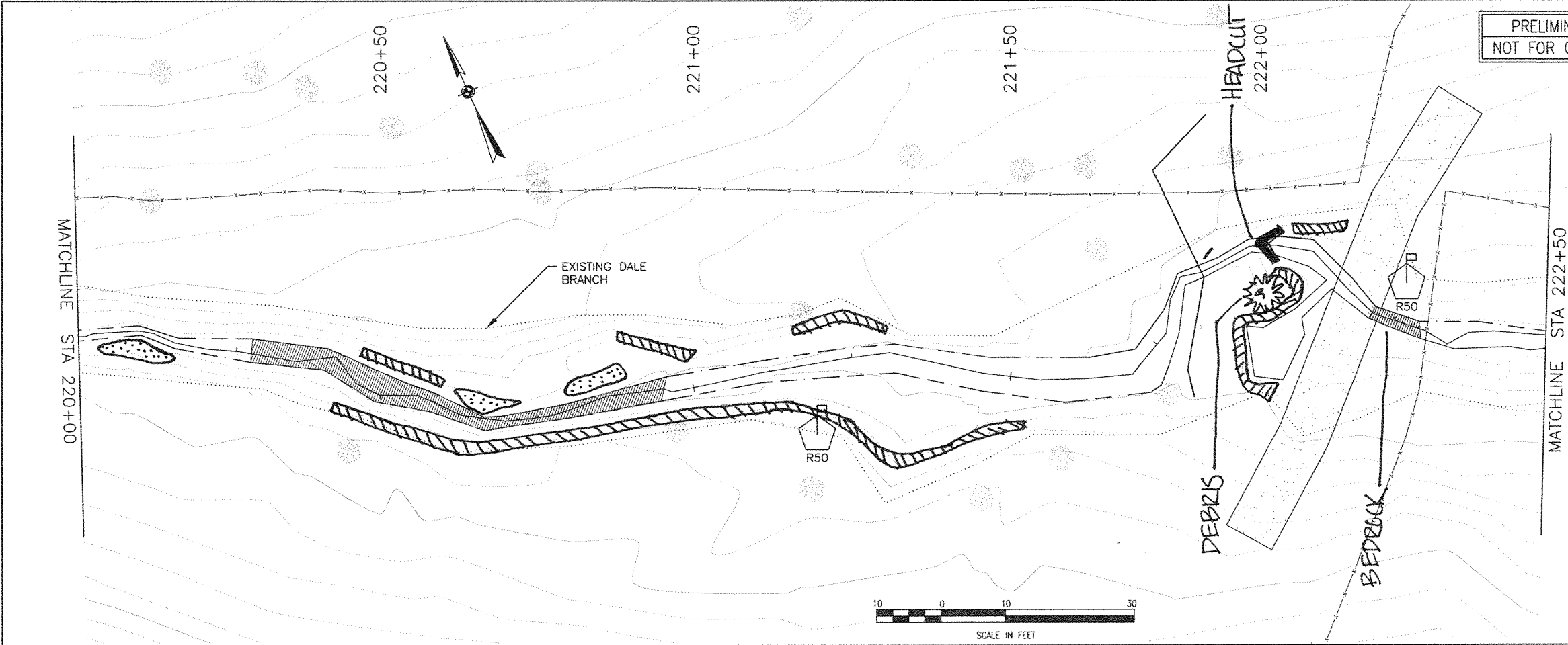
PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE	AS NOTED	DRAWN BY	CME	PROJECT NO.	1058	SHEET NUMBER	20
DATE	3/15/2013	CHECKED BY	SGG				
DATE		BY					
		REV.					
				DESCRIPTION			

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- x—x— EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



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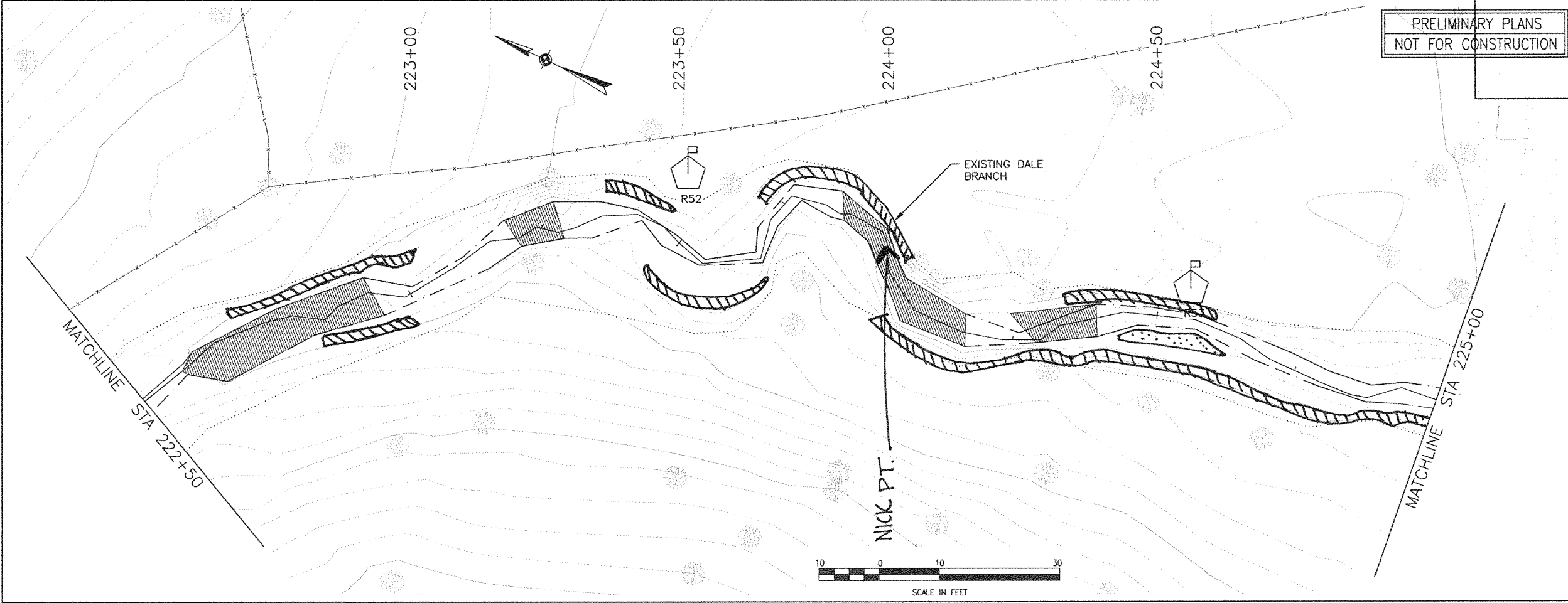
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

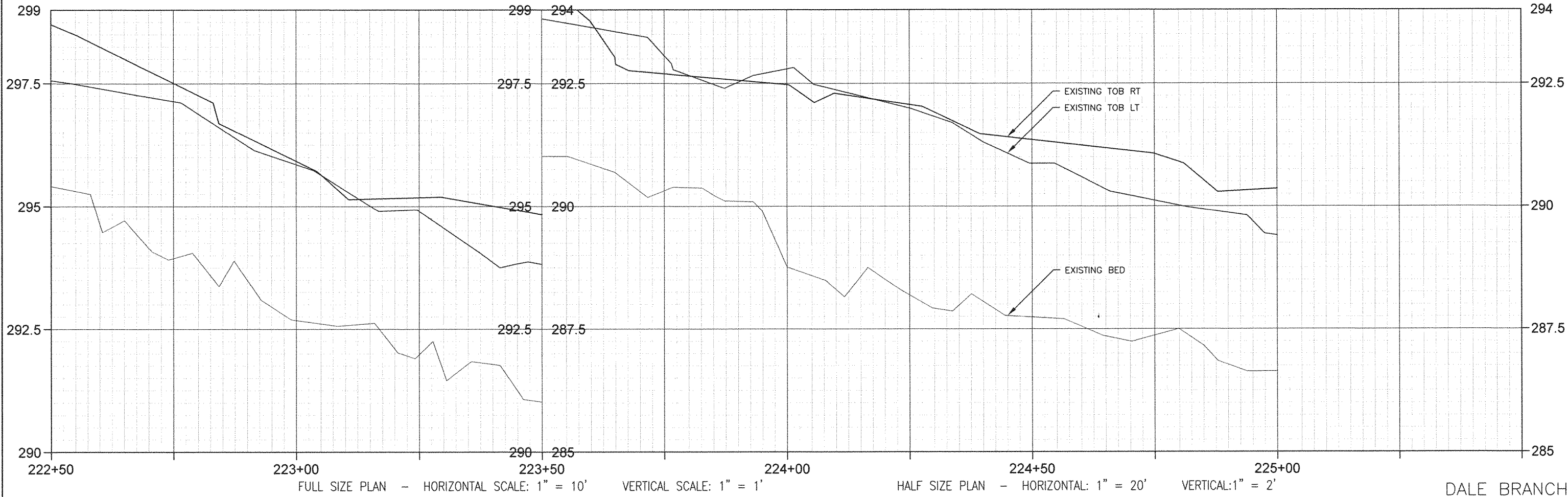
SCALE AS NOTED	DEVR. BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 21
DATE 3/15/2013	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR



Wolf Creek Engineering

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LICENSE NO. P-0417

7 Florida Ave Weaverville, NC 28787

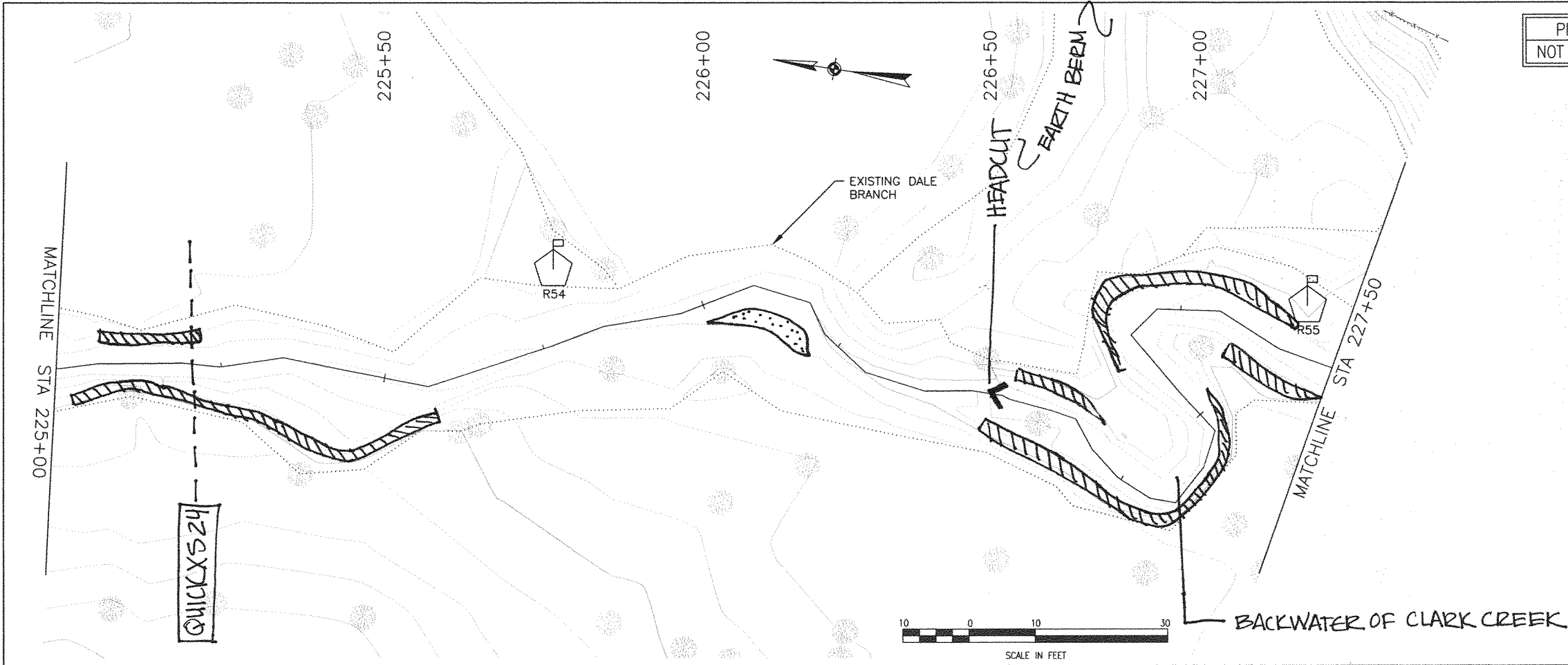
PHONE: (828) 658-3849 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANK & EXCHANGE

TITLE PLAN & PROFILE

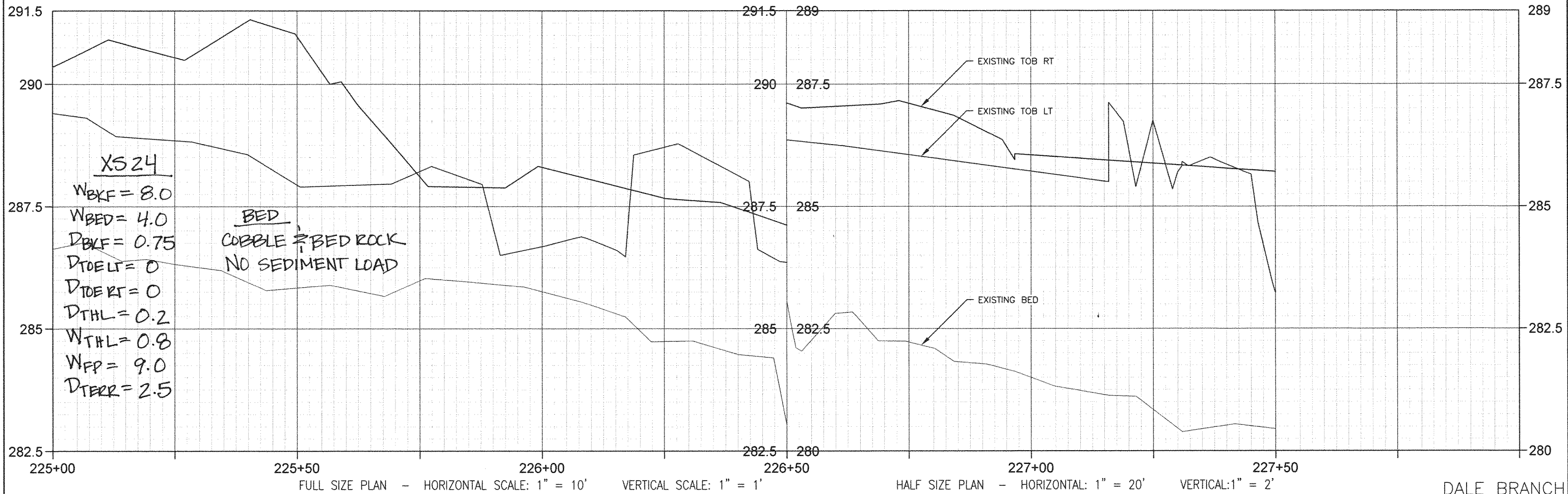
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DATE 3/15/2013	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

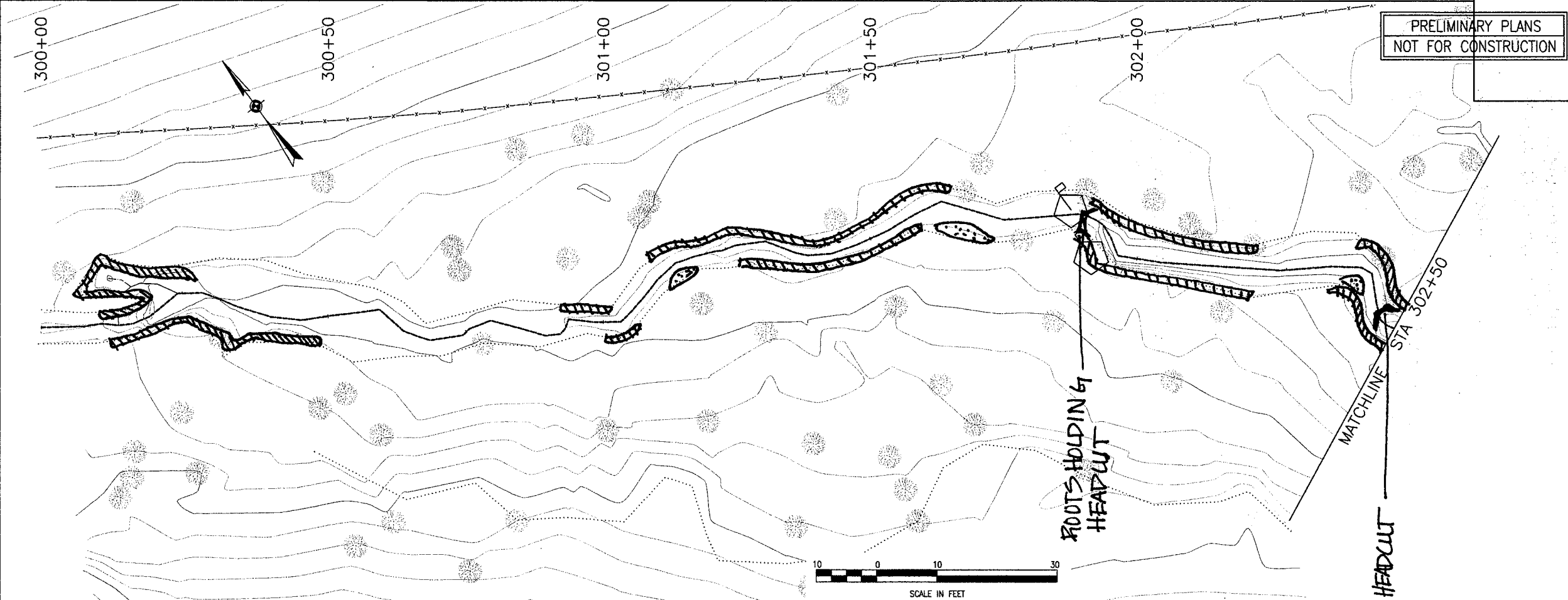


LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR





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LICENSE NO. P-0417
7 Florida Ave Weaverville, NC 28787
PHONE: (828) 658-3649 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

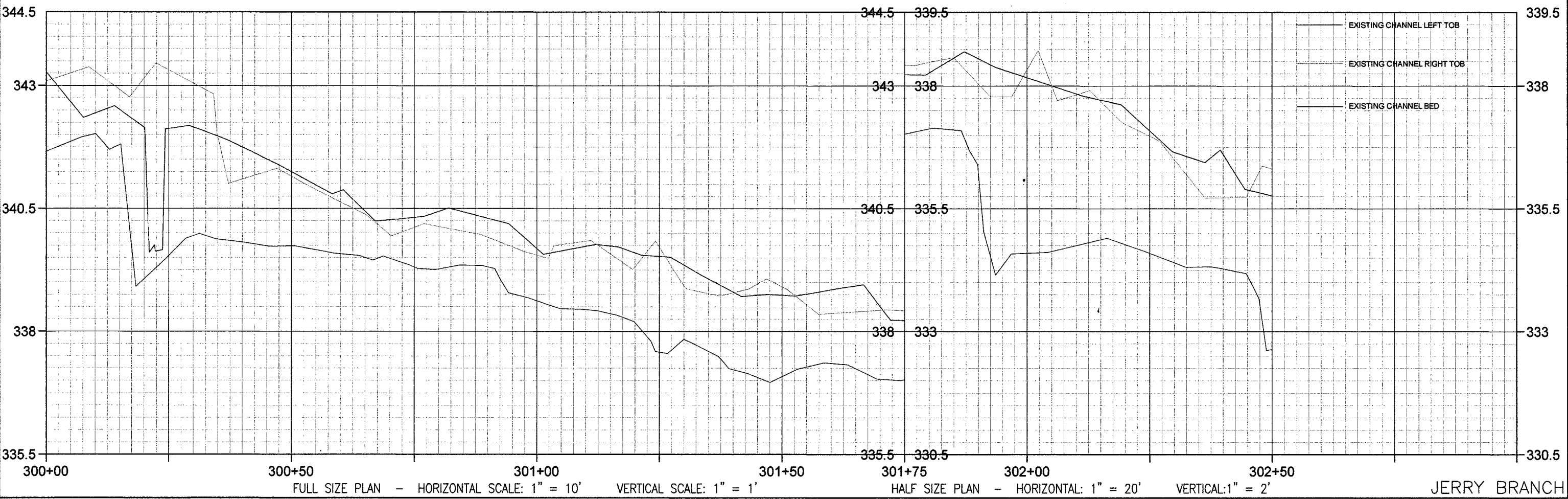
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DATE	6/04/2013	BY		REV.	

PROJECT NO.	SHEET NUMBER
1058	27

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- x — x — EXISTING FENCE
- — — EXISTING THALWEG
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR

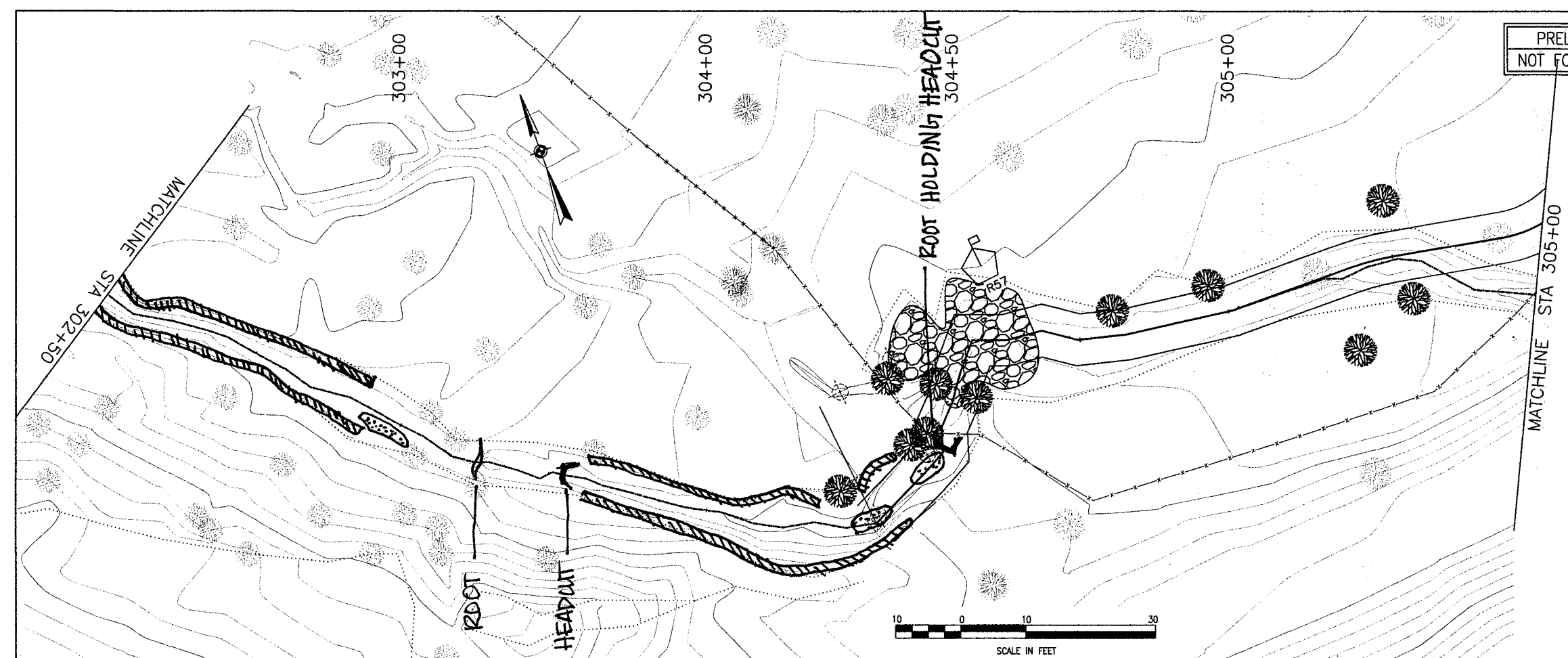


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PHONE: (828) 658-3849
Weaverville, NC 28787
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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: PLAN & PROFILE

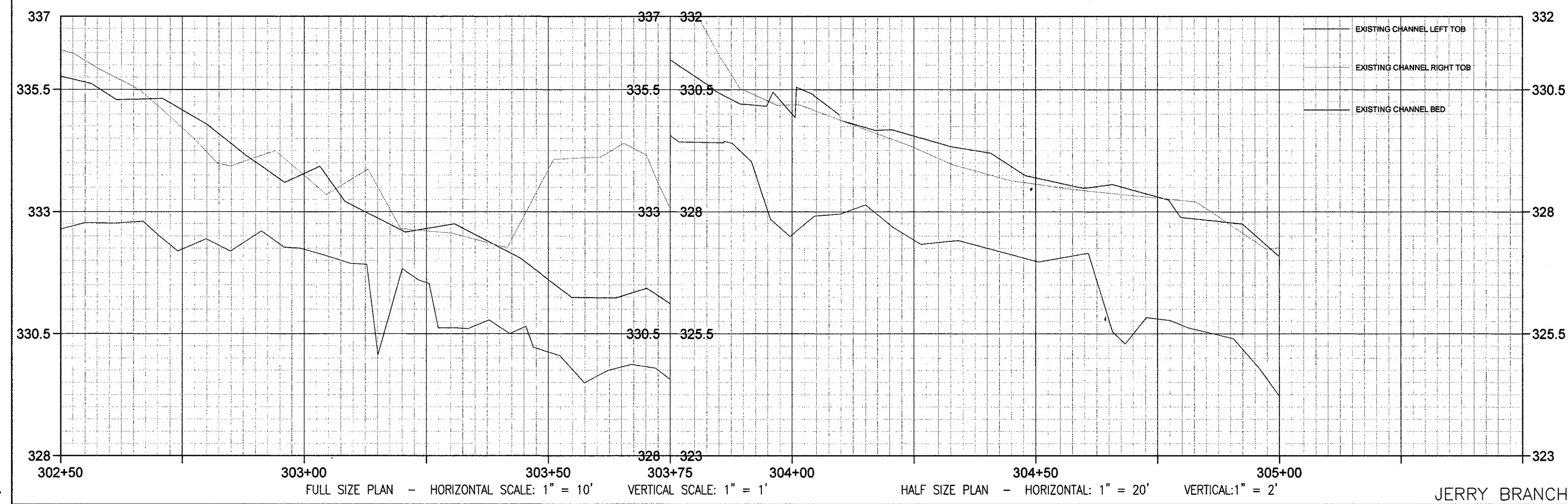
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DATE: 6/04/2013	CHG: BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

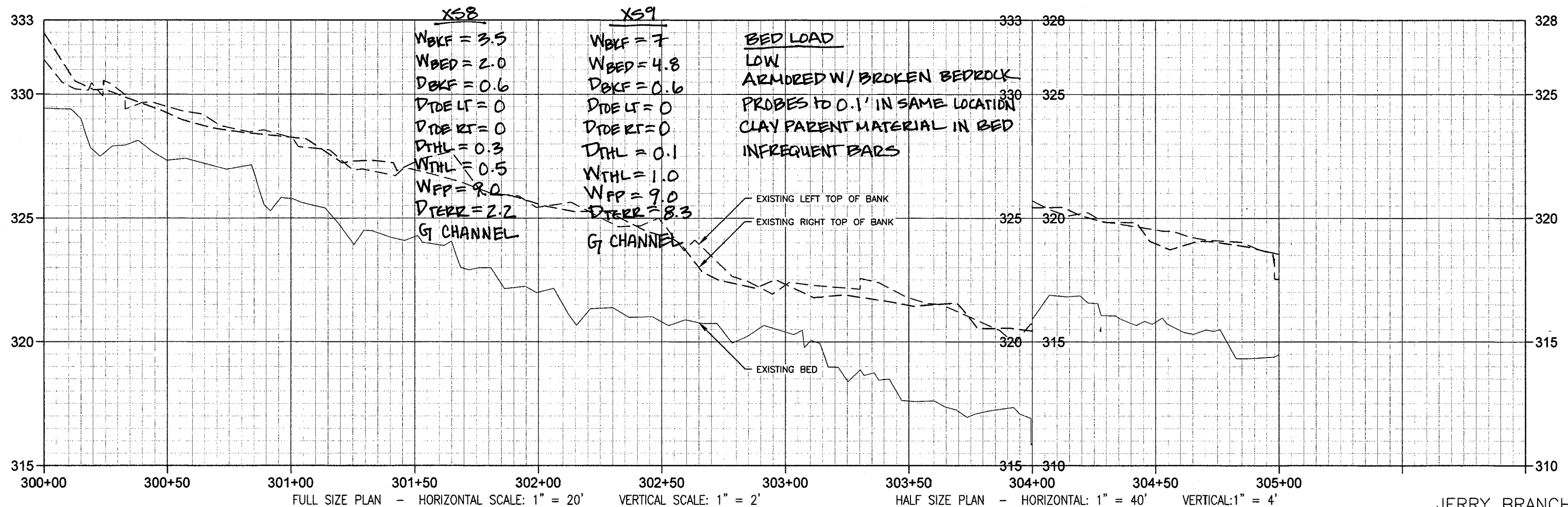
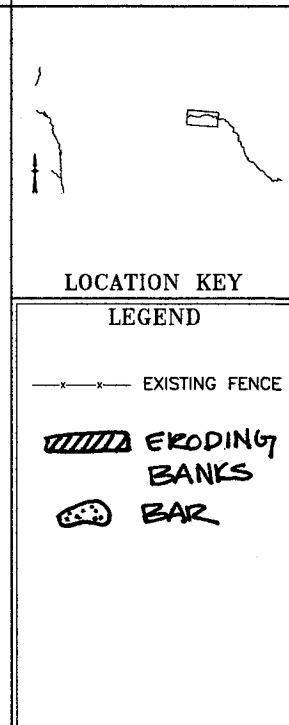


LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING THALWEG
- EXISTING T.O.B.
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE
- ERODING BANKS
- BAR





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Weaverville, NC 28787
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PROJECT

PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE

AS NOTED

DATE

1/7/2013

DESIGNED BY

SGG

CHECKED BY

SGG

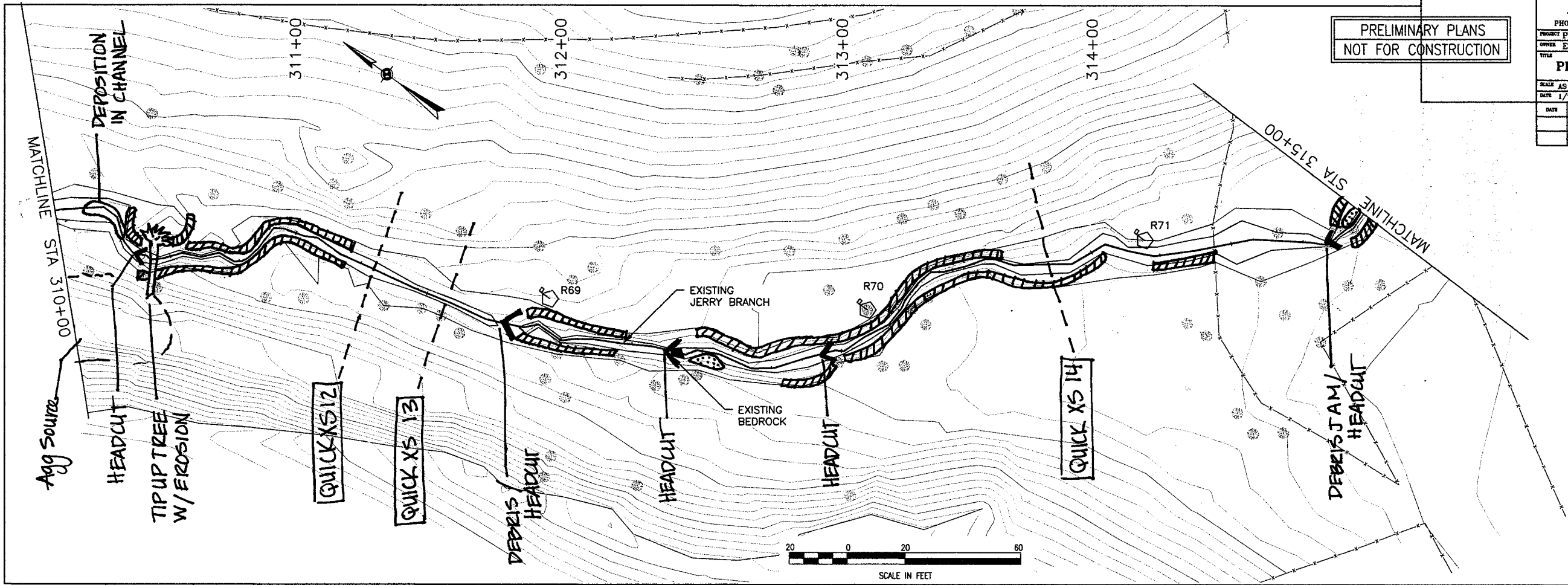
PROJECT NO.

1058

SHEET NUMBER

10

DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

— — — — —

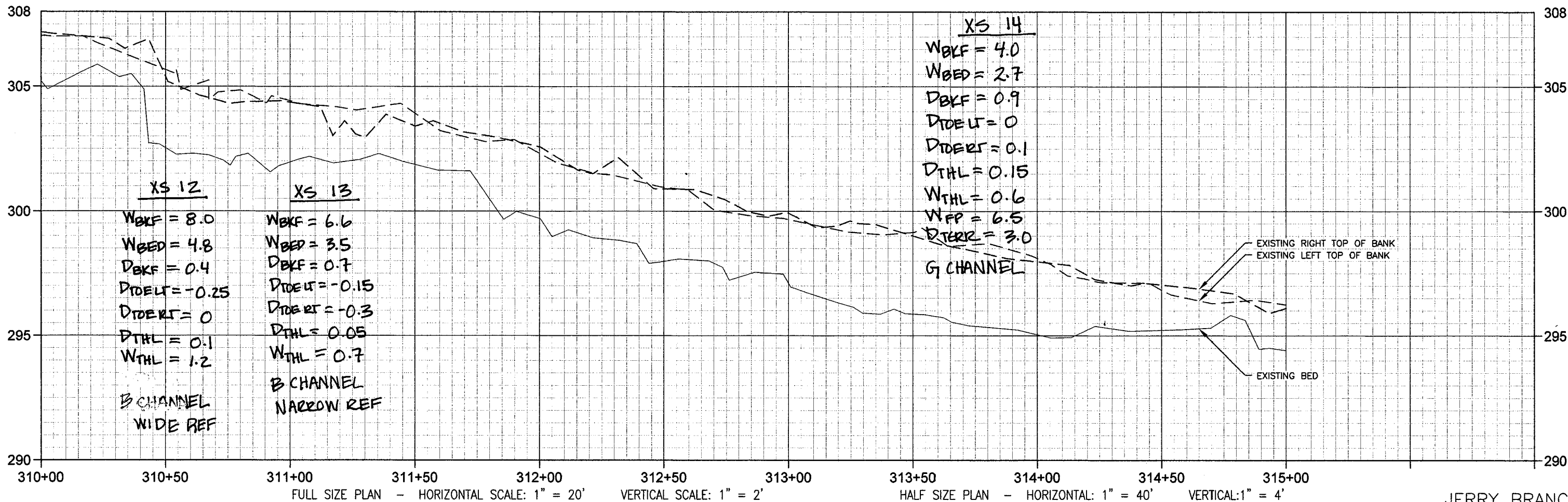
EXISTING FENCE

|||||

ERODING BANKS

⊗

BAR



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LICENSE NO. P-0417

7 Florida Ave Weaverville, NC 28787

PHONE: (828) 658-3648 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT

PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE

AS NOTED

DATE

1/7/2013

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CHECKED BY

SGG

PROJECT NO.

1058

SHEET NUMBER

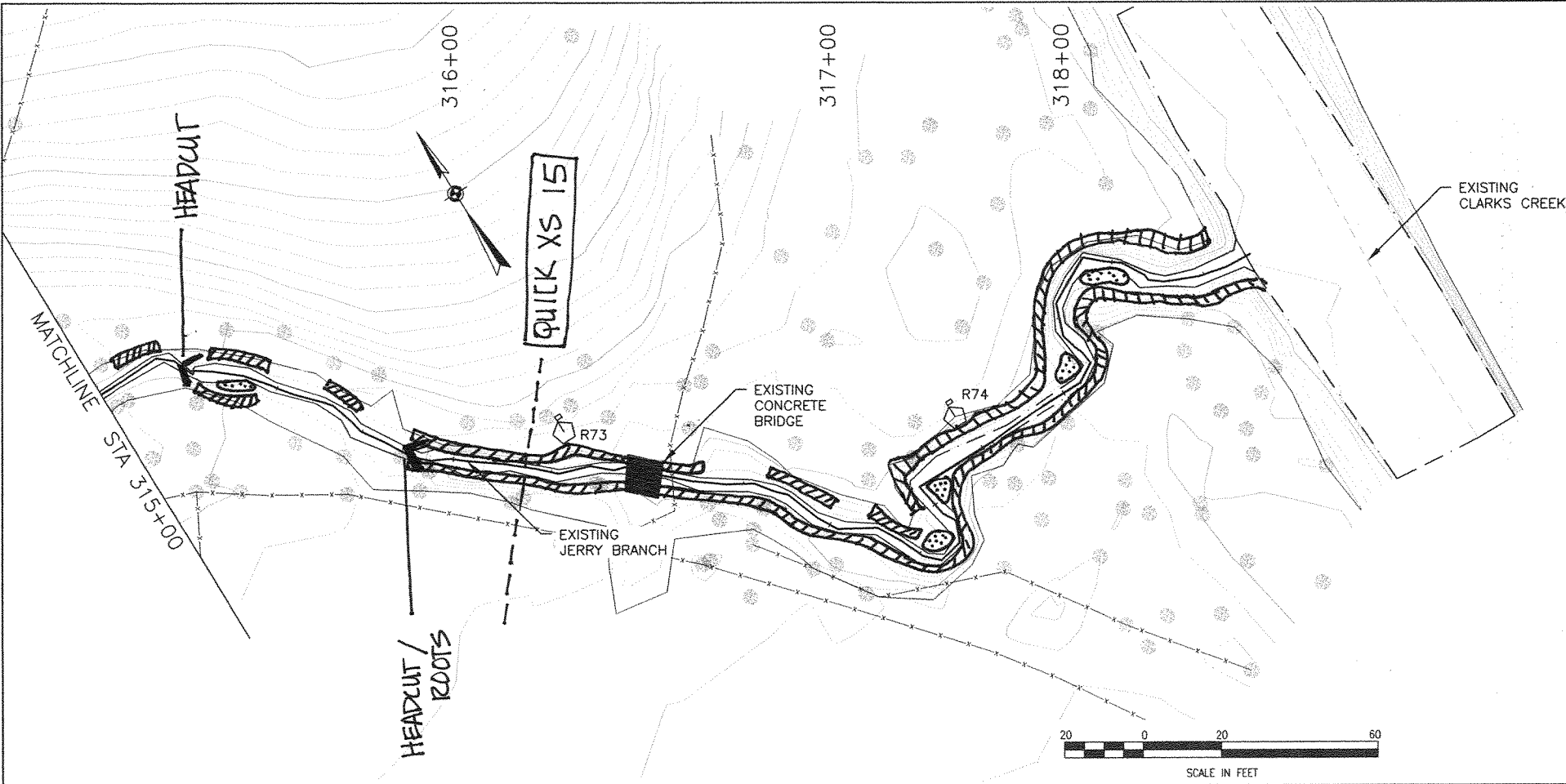
11

DATE

BY

REV.

DESCRIPTION



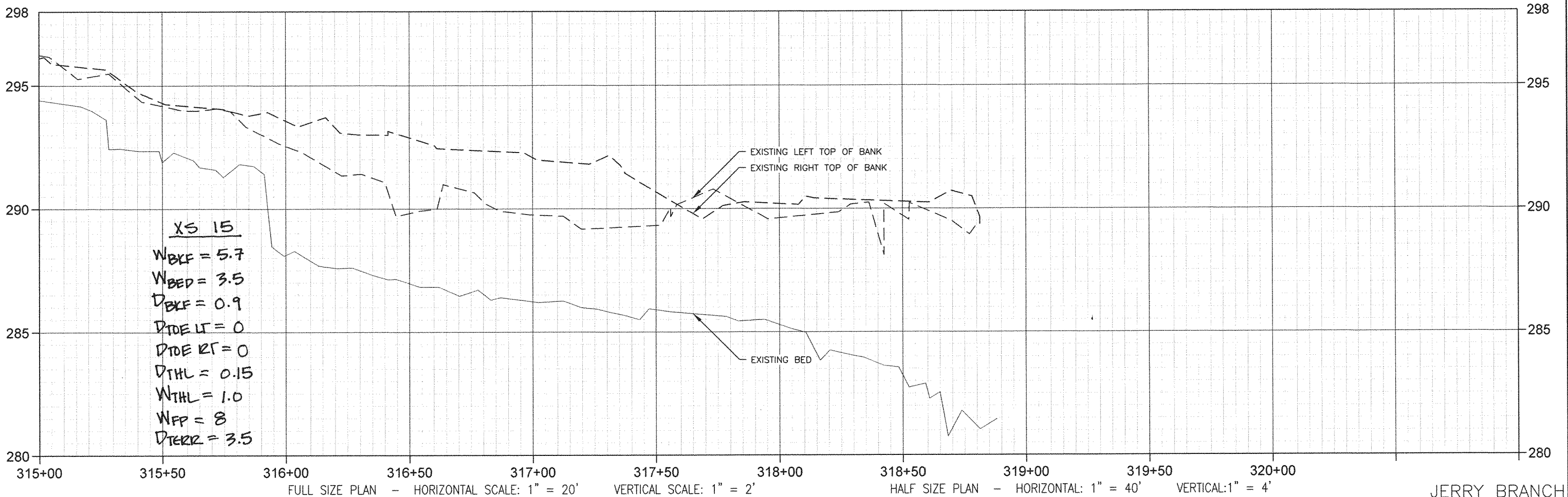
LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

EXISTING FENCE

ERODING BANKS

BAR

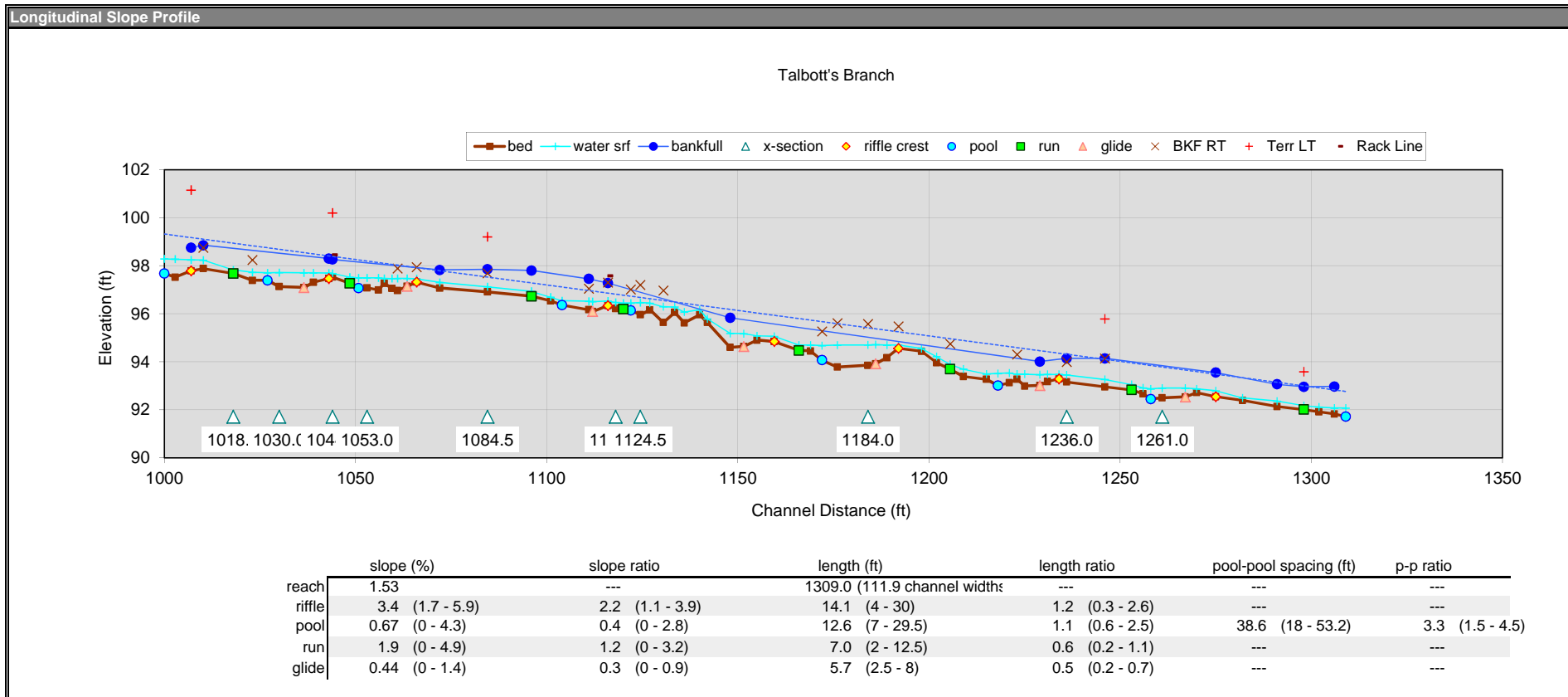


APPENDIX C5

Reference Reach Data

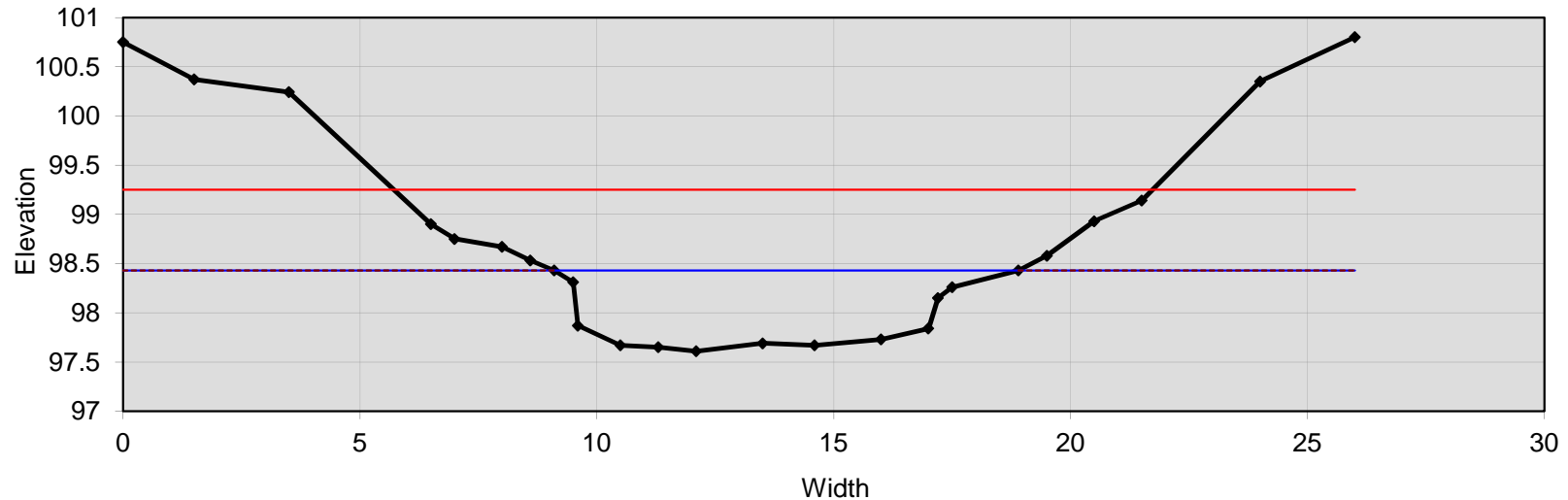
Summary					
Stream: Talbott's Branch					
Watershed: Forested					
Location: Birkhead National Forest					
Latitude: ---					
Longitude: ---					
State: North Carolina					
County: ---					
Date: April 10, 2013					
Observers: Grant Ginn, Chris Engle, Megan Mailloux					
Channel type: B4c					
Drainage area (sq.mi.): 0.42					
notes: ---					
Dimension		bankfull channel			
		typical	min	max	
floodplain:	width flood prone area (ft)	18.0	16.0	21.0	
	low bank height (ft)	0.9	0.8	1.3	
riffle-run:	x-area bankfull (sq.ft.)	7.3	5.4	8.0	
	width bankfull (ft)	11.7	9.8	13.1	
	mean depth (ft)	0.62	0.5	0.8	
	max depth (ft)	0.9	0.8	1.2	
	hydraulic radius (ft)	0.6			
pool:	x-area pool (sq.ft.)	10.1	7.8	10.1	
	width pool (ft)	11.1	8.6	12.3	
	max depth pool (ft)	1.2	1.1	1.7	
	hydraulic radius (ft)	0.8			
dimensionless ratios:		typical	min	max	
width depth ratio		18.8	12.3	19.6	
entrenchment ratio		1.5	1.4	1.8	
riffle max depth ratio		1.4	1.3	1.9	
bank height ratio		1.0	0.9	1.4	
pool area ratio		1.4	1.1	1.4	
pool width ratio		0.9	0.7	1.1	
pool max depth ratio		1.9	1.8	2.7	
hydraulics:		typical	min	max	
discharge rate (cfs)		28.0	15.0	29.6	
channel slope (%)		1.5			
		riffle-run	min	max	pool
velocity (ft/s)		3.8	2.8	3.7	2.8
Froude number		0.87	0.69	0.74	0.30
shear stress (lbs/sq.ft.)		0.562	0.486	0.734	0.749
shear velocity (ft/s)		0.538	0.501	0.615	0.622
stream power (lb/s)		26.2	14.1	27.7	
unit stream power (lb/ft/s)		2.240	1.399	2.840	
relative roughness		3.7	---	---	
friction factor u/u*		7.1	4.1	5.0	
threshold grain size (t*=0.06) (mm)		26.0	23.9	36.1	
Shield's parameter		0.032			

Pattern				
	typical	min	max	
meander length (ft)	---	---	---	
belt width (ft)	21.0	---	---	
amplitude (ft)	---	---	---	
radius (ft)	18.0	---	---	
arc angle (degrees)	---	---	---	
stream length (ft)	390.0			
valley length (ft)	260.0			
Sinuosity	1.5			
Meander Length Ratio	---	---	---	
Meander Width Ratio	1.8	---	---	
Radius Ratio	1.5	---	---	
Profile				
	typical	min	max	
pool-pool spacing (ft)	39.0	18.0	53.0	
riffle length (ft)	14.0	4.0	30.0	
pool length (ft)	13.0	7.0	30.0	
run length (ft)	7.0	2.0	13.0	
glide length (ft)	6.0	2.5	8.0	
channel slope (%)	1.53			
riffle slope (%)	2.7	1.7	5.9	
pool slope (%)	0.7	0	4.3	
run slope (%)	1.9	0	4.9	
glide slope (%)	0.4	1	1.4	
measured valley slope (%)	1.7			
valley slope from sinuosity (%)	2.3			
Riffle Length Ratio	1.2	0.3	2.6	
Pool Length Ratio	1.1	0.6	2.6	
Run Length Ratio	0.6	0.2	1.1	
Glide Length Ratio	0.5	0.2	0.7	
Riffle Slope Ratio	1.8	1.1	3.9	
Pool Slope Ratio	0.5	0	2.8	
Run Slope Ratio	1.2	0	3.2	
Glide Slope Ratio	0.3	0.7	0.9	
Pool Spacing Ratio	3.3	1.5	4.5	
Channel Materials				
	Riffle Surface	Point Bar		BkF Channel
D16 (mm)	14	---	27	12
D35 (mm)	35	---	46	44
D50 (mm)	52	---	63	58
D65 (mm)	74	---	72	78
D84 (mm)	110	---	85	120
D95 (mm)	170	---	94	190
mean (mm)	39.2			37.9
dispersion	2.9			3.5
skewness	-0.1			-0.2
Shape Factor	0.54			
% Silt/Clay	4%	---	0%	2%
% Sand	2%	---	100%	2%
% Gravel	49%	---	0%	47%
% Cobble	38%	---	0%	39%
% Boulder	1%	---	0%	1%
% Bedrock	6%	---		9%
% Clay Hardpan		---		
% Detritus/Wood		---		
% Artificial		---		
Largest Mobile (mm)	947			



Cross Section 1018

10 + 18 Talbott's Branch, Riffle



Bankfull Dimensions

5.8	x-section area (ft.sq.)
9.8	width (ft)
0.6	mean depth (ft)
0.8	max depth (ft)
10.4	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.6	hyd radi (ft)
16.7	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

16.0	W flood prone area (ft)
1.6	entrenchment ratio
0.8	low bank height (ft)
1.0	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
26	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.0	velocity (ft/s)
17.1	discharge rate (cfs)
0.70	Froude number

Flow Resistance

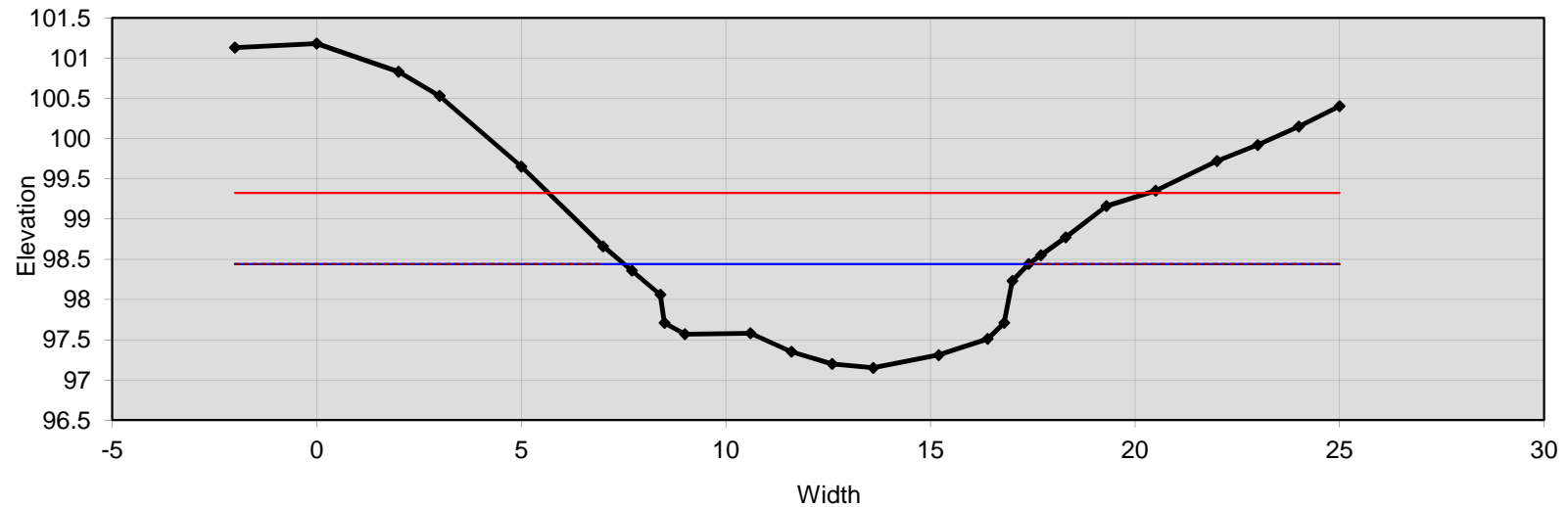
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.25	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
4.3	resistance factor u/u*
1.6	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.53	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.52	shear velocity (ft/s)
1.66	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1029.5

10 + 29.5 Talbott's Branch, Pool



Bankfull Dimensions

9.1	x-section area (ft.sq.)
9.9	width (ft)
0.9	mean depth (ft)
1.3	max depth (ft)
10.8	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.8	hyd radi (ft)
10.8	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

14.7	W flood prone area (ft)
1.5	entrenchment ratio
1.3	low bank height (ft)
1.0	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
39	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.9	velocity (ft/s)
35.4	discharge rate (cfs)
0.75	Froude number

Flow Resistance

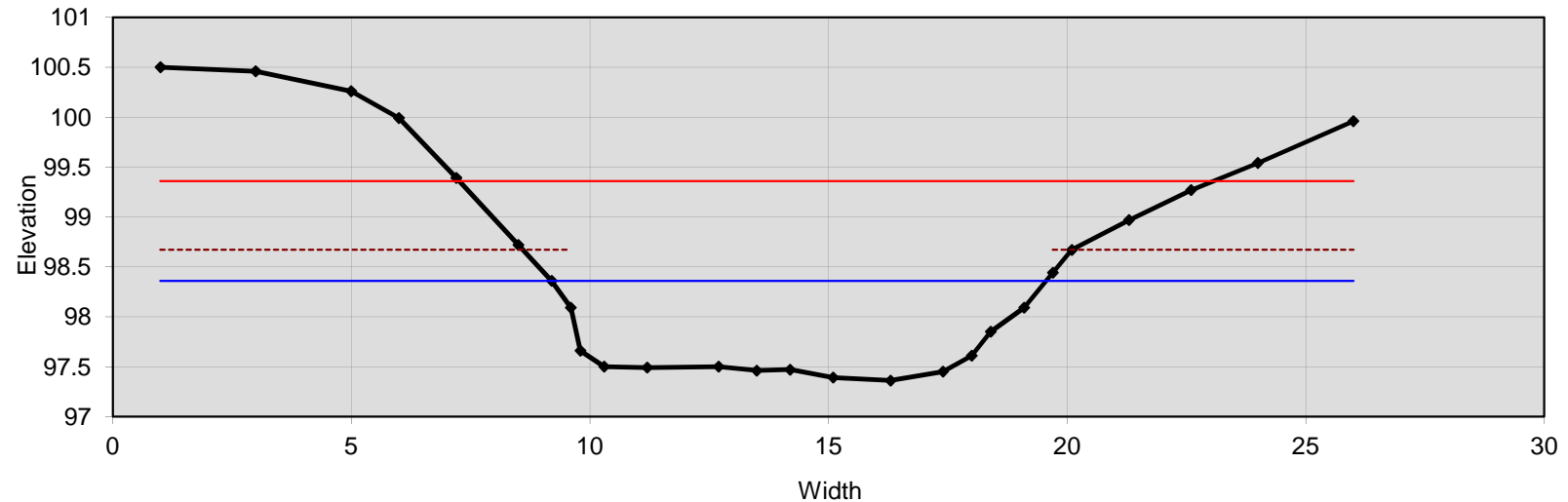
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.22	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
5.3	resistance factor u/u*
2.5	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.80	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.64	shear velocity (ft/s)
3.4	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1044

10 + 44 Talbott's Branch, Riffle



Bankfull Dimensions

8.0	x-section area (ft.sq.)
10.0	width (ft)
0.8	mean depth (ft)
1.0	max depth (ft)
10.5	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.8	hyd radi (ft)
12.3	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

15.8	W flood prone area (ft)
1.6	entrenchment ratio
1.3	low bank height (ft)
1.3	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
36	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.7	velocity (ft/s)
29.6	discharge rate (cfs)
0.74	Froude number

Flow Resistance

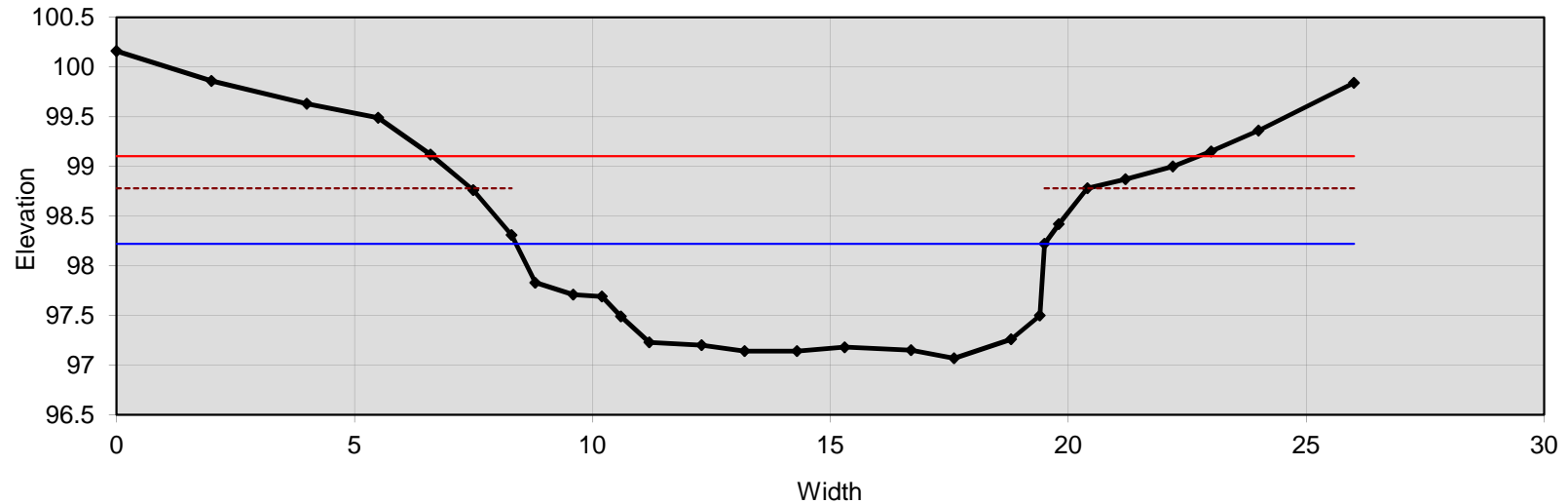
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.22	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
5.0	resistance factor u/u*
2.2	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.73	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.62	shear velocity (ft/s)
2.8	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1053.5

10 + 53.5 Talbott's Branch, Pool



Bankfull Dimensions

10.1	x-section area (ft.sq.)
11.1	width (ft)
0.9	mean depth (ft)
1.1	max depth (ft)
12.1	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.8	hyd radi (ft)
12.2	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

16.1	W flood prone area (ft)
1.4	entrenchment ratio
1.7	low bank height (ft)
1.5	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
39	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.9	velocity (ft/s)
39.4	discharge rate (cfs)
0.75	Froude number

Flow Resistance

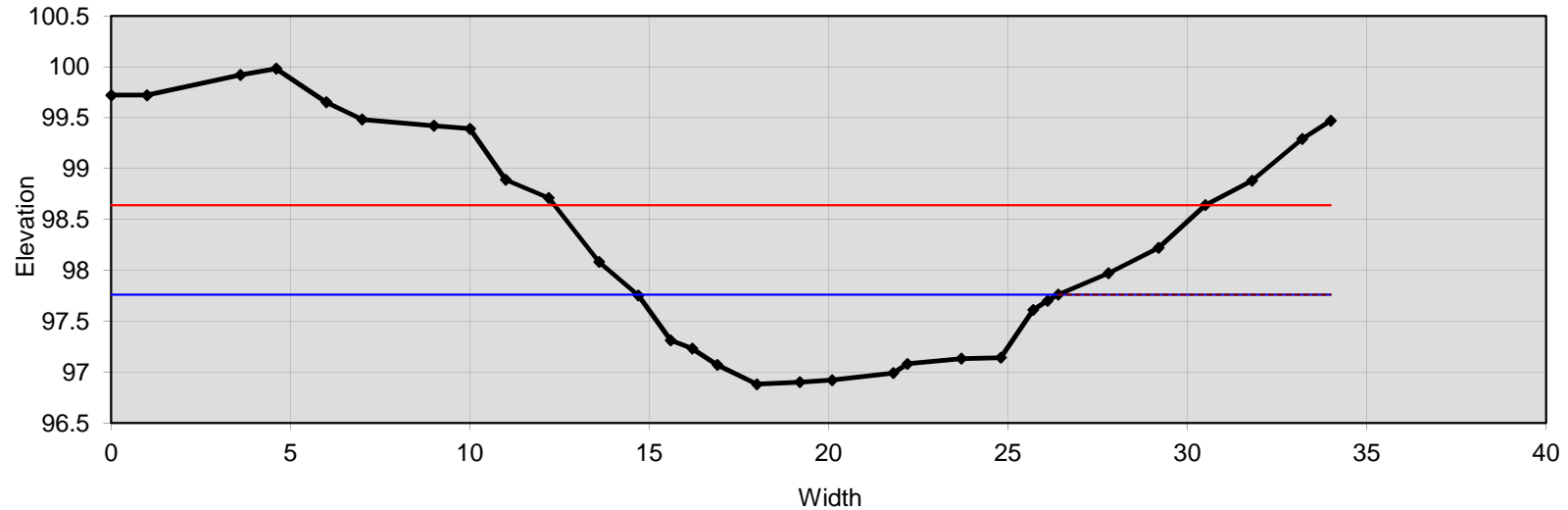
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.22	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
5.2	resistance factor u/u^*
2.5	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.80	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.64	shear velocity (ft/s)
3.4	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1084.5

10 + 84.5 Talbott's Branch, Riffle



Bankfull Dimensions

7.3	x-section area (ft.sq.)
11.7	width (ft)
0.6	mean depth (ft)
0.9	max depth (ft)
12.0	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.6	hyd radi (ft)
18.8	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

18.1	W flood prone area (ft)
1.5	entrenchment ratio
0.9	low bank height (ft)
1.0	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
29	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.2	velocity (ft/s)
23.1	discharge rate (cfs)
0.71	Froude number

Flow Resistance

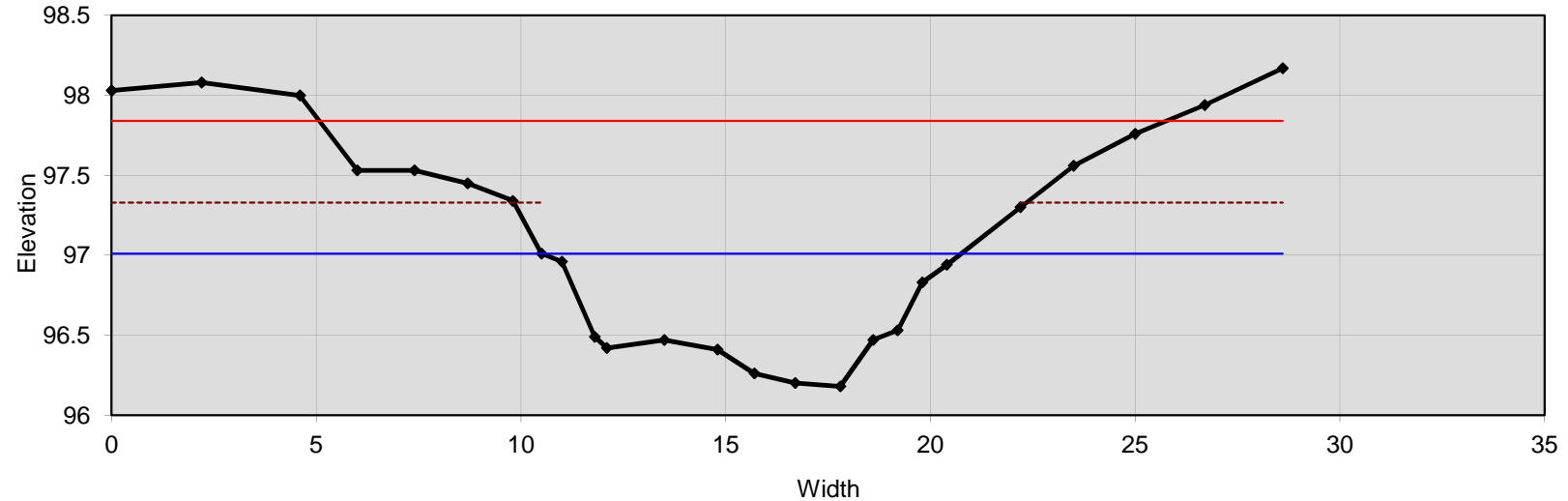
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.24	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
4.5	resistance factor u/u^*
1.7	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.58	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.55	shear velocity (ft/s)
1.88	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1118

11 + 18 Talbott's Branch, Riffle



Bankfull Dimensions

5.4	x-section area (ft.sq.)
10.3	width (ft)
0.5	mean depth (ft)
0.8	max depth (ft)
10.5	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.5	hyd radi (ft)
19.6	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

20.7	W flood prone area (ft)
2.0	entrenchment ratio
1.2	low bank height (ft)
1.4	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
24	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

2.8	velocity (ft/s)
15.0	discharge rate (cfs)
0.69	Froude number

Flow Resistance

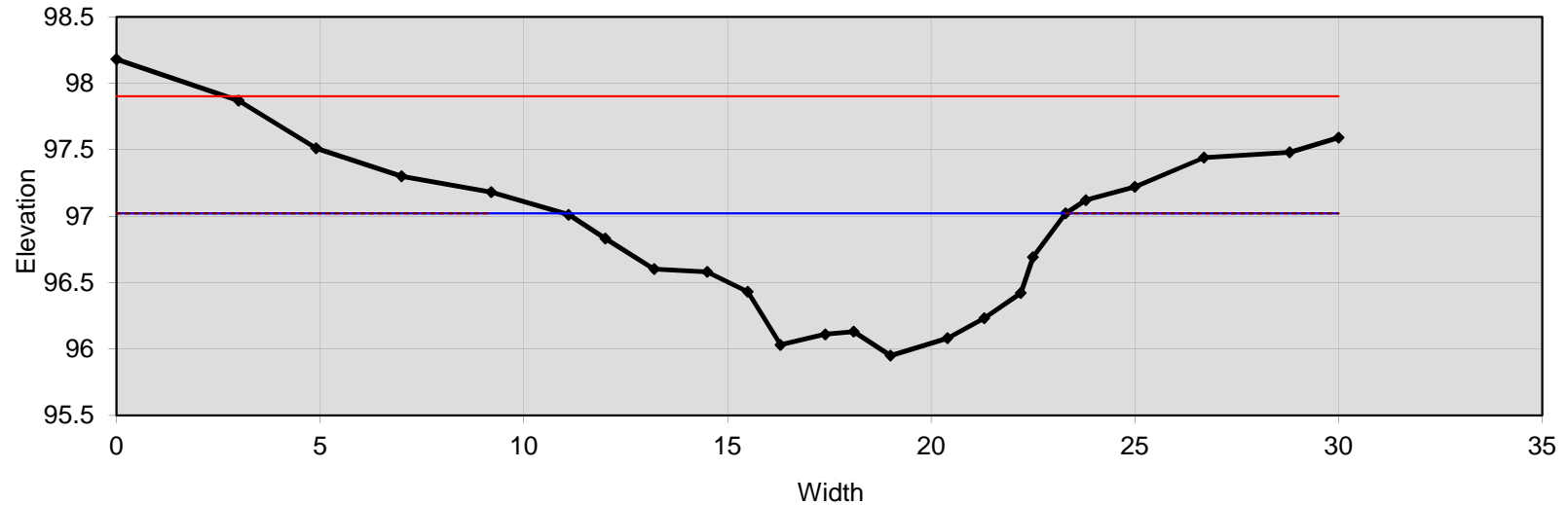
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.26	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
4.1	resistance factor u/u^*
1.5	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.49	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.50	shear velocity (ft/s)
1.4	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1124.7

11 + 24.7 Talbott's Branch, Pool



Bankfull Dimensions

7.8	x-section area (ft.sq.)
12.3	width (ft)
0.6	mean depth (ft)
1.1	max depth (ft)
12.7	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.6	hyd radi (ft)
19.4	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

---	W flood prone area (ft)
---	entrenchment ratio
1.1	low bank height (ft)
1.0	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
29	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.2	velocity (ft/s)
24.8	discharge rate (cfs)
0.71	Froude number

Flow Resistance

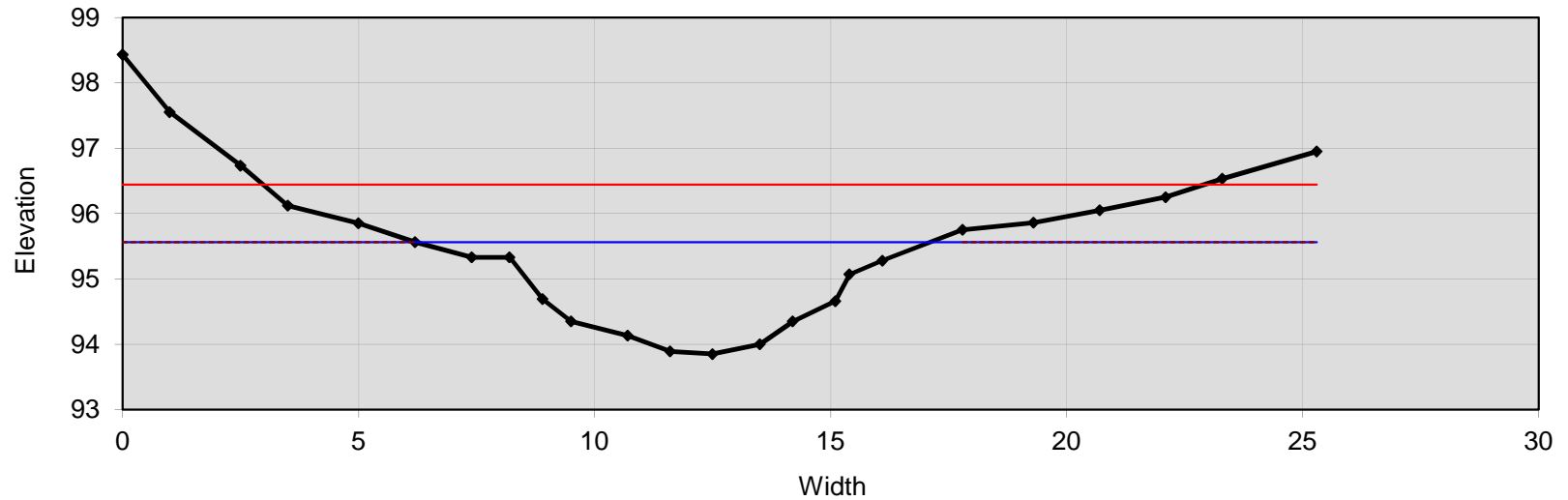
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.24	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
4.6	resistance factor u/u^*
1.8	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.59	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.55	shear velocity (ft/s)
1.92	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1184

11 + 84 Talbott's Branch, Pool



Bankfull Dimensions

10.0	x-section area (ft.sq.)
10.9	width (ft)
0.9	mean depth (ft)
1.7	max depth (ft)
11.7	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.9	hyd radi (ft)
11.9	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

20.0	W flood prone area (ft)
1.8	entrenchment ratio
1.7	low bank height (ft)
1.0	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
40	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.9	velocity (ft/s)
39.4	discharge rate (cfs)
0.75	Froude number

Flow Resistance

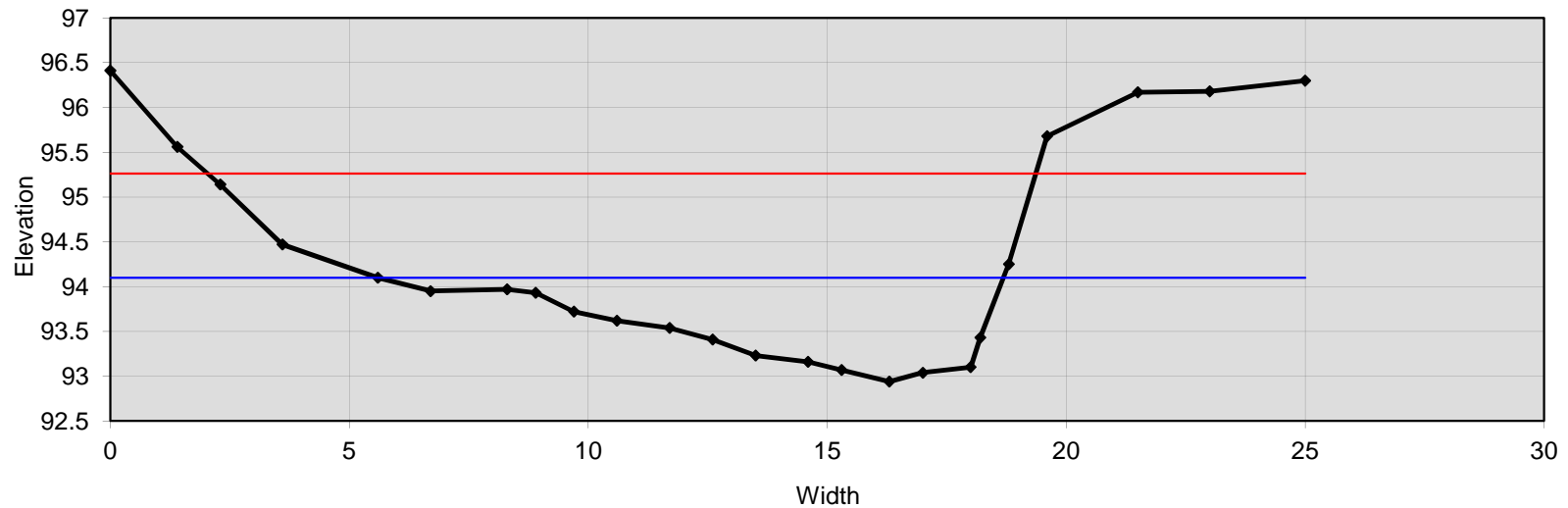
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.22	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
5.6	resistance factor u/u^*
2.5	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.81	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.65	shear velocity (ft/s)
3.5	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1238

12 + 38 Talbott's Branch, Riffle



Bankfull Dimensions

7.8	x-section area (ft.sq.)
13.1	width (ft)
0.6	mean depth (ft)
1.2	max depth (ft)
13.7	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.6	hyd radi (ft)
22.1	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

17.3	W flood prone area (ft)
1.3	entrenchment ratio
---	low bank height (ft)
---	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
27	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

3.0	velocity (ft/s)
23.3	discharge rate (cfs)
0.70	Froude number

Flow Resistance

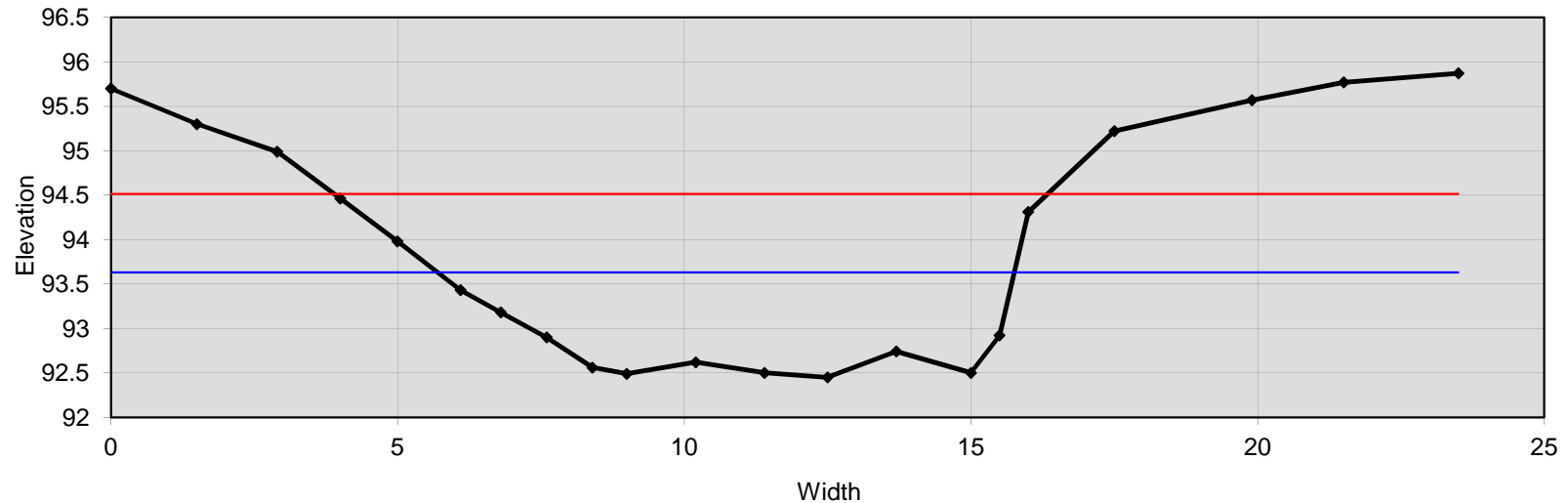
0.042	Manning's roughness
0.25	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
4.6	resistance factor u/u^*
1.6	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.54	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.53	shear velocity (ft/s)
1.7	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

Cross Section 1261

12 + 61 Talbott's Branch, Pool



Bankfull Dimensions

8.4	x-section area (ft.sq.)
8.6	width (ft)
1.0	mean depth (ft)
1.2	max depth (ft)
9.4	wetted parimeter (ft)
0.9	hyd radi (ft)
8.7	width-depth ratio

Flood Dimensions

12.4	W flood prone area (ft)
1.5	entrenchment ratio
---	low bank height (ft)
---	low bank height ratio

Materials

52	D50 Riffle (mm)
110	D84 Riffle (mm)
42	threshold grain size (mm):

Bankfull Flow

4.1	velocity (ft/s)
34.0	discharge rate (cfs)
0.76	Froude number

Flow Resistance

0.042	Manning's roughness
0.21	D'Arcy-Weisbach fric.
5.4	resistance factor u/u*
2.7	relative roughness

Forces & Power

1.53	channel slope (%)
0.85	shear stress (lb/sq.ft.)
0.66	shear velocity (ft/s)
3.8	unit strm power (lb/ft/s)

1) Individual Pebble Count

Two individual samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Riffle Surface

Material	Size Range (mm)	Count
silt/clay	0 - 0.062	4
very fine sand	0.062 - 0.125	
fine sand	0.125 - 0.25	
medium sand	0.25 - 0.5	2
coarse sand	0.5 - 1	
very coarse sand	1 - 2	
very fine gravel	2 - 4	
fine gravel	4 - 6	
fine gravel	6 - 8	1
medium gravel	8 - 11	2
medium gravel	11 - 16	10
coarse gravel	16 - 22	4
coarse gravel	22 - 32	7
very coarse gravel	32 - 45	12
very coarse gravel	45 - 64	13
small cobble	64 - 90	15
medium cobble	90 - 128	14
large cobble	128 - 180	6
very large cobble	180 - 256	3
small boulder	256 - 362	1
small boulder	362 - 512	
medium boulder	512 - 1024	
large boulder	1024 - 2048	
very large boulder	2048 - 4096	

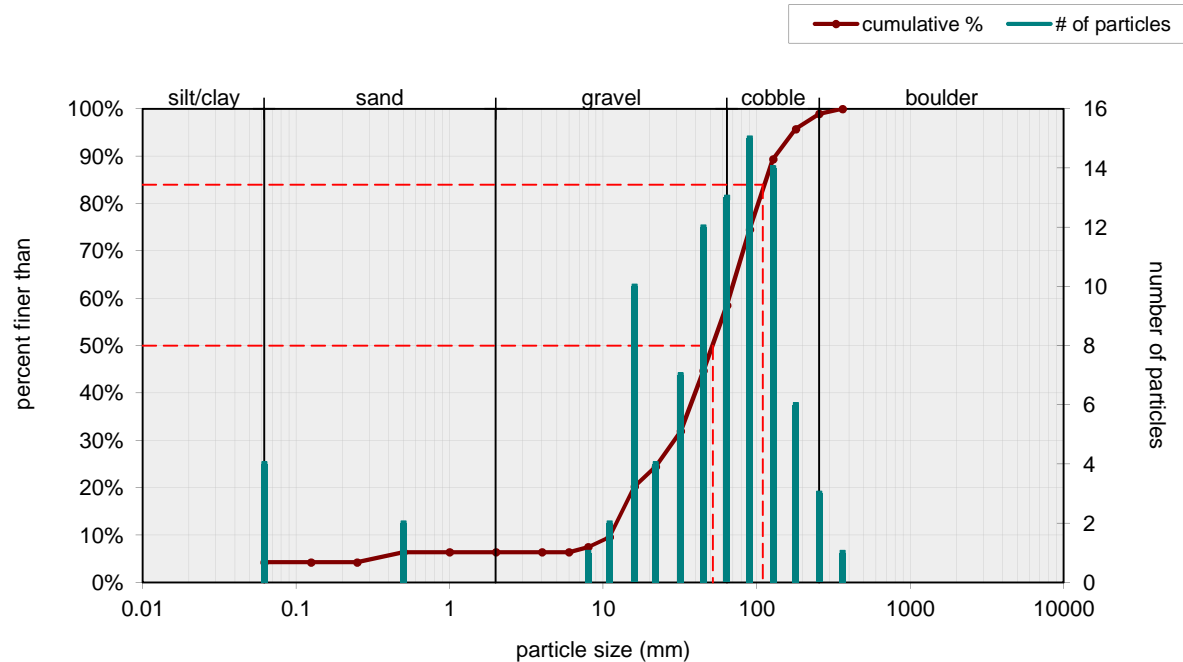
total particle count: 94

bedrock -----	6
clay hardpan -----	
detritus/wood -----	
artificial -----	

total count: 100

Note: us rif @ 1060

Riffle Surface Pebble Count, Talbott's Branch



Size (mm)		Size Distribution		Type			
D16	14	mean	39.2	silt/clay	4%	bedrock	6%
D35	35	dispersion	2.9	sand	2%		
D50	52	skewness	-0.13	gravel	49%		
D65	74			cobble	38%		
D84	110			boulder	1%		
D95	170						

2) Weighted Pebble Count

Feature Percent of Reach

Riffle, Pool, Run, Glide

Riffle 37.5 %

Run 21 %

Pool 32 %

Glide 8.9 %

Weighted pebble count by bed features

Material	Size Range (mm)	weighted
silt/clay	0 - 0.062	1.9
very fine sand	0.062 - 0.125	0.0
fine sand	0.125 - 0.25	1.1
medium sand	0.25 - 0.5	0.0
coarse sand	0.5 - 1	0.0
very coarse sand	1 - 2	1.1
very fine gravel	2 - 4	1.0
fine gravel	4 - 6	3.9
fine gravel	6 - 8	3.0
medium gravel	8 - 11	3.0
medium gravel	11 - 16	3.9
coarse gravel	16 - 22	4.8
coarse gravel	22 - 32	1.1
very coarse gravel	32 - 45	11.1
very coarse gravel	45 - 64	19.9
small cobble	64 - 90	15.8
medium cobble	90 - 128	15.5
large cobble	128 - 180	6.9
very large cobble	180 - 256	5.1
small boulder	256 - 362	1.0
small boulder	362 - 512	0.0
medium boulder	512 - 1024	0.0
large boulder	1024 - 2048	0.0
very large boulder	2048 - 4096	0.0

total particle weighted count: 100

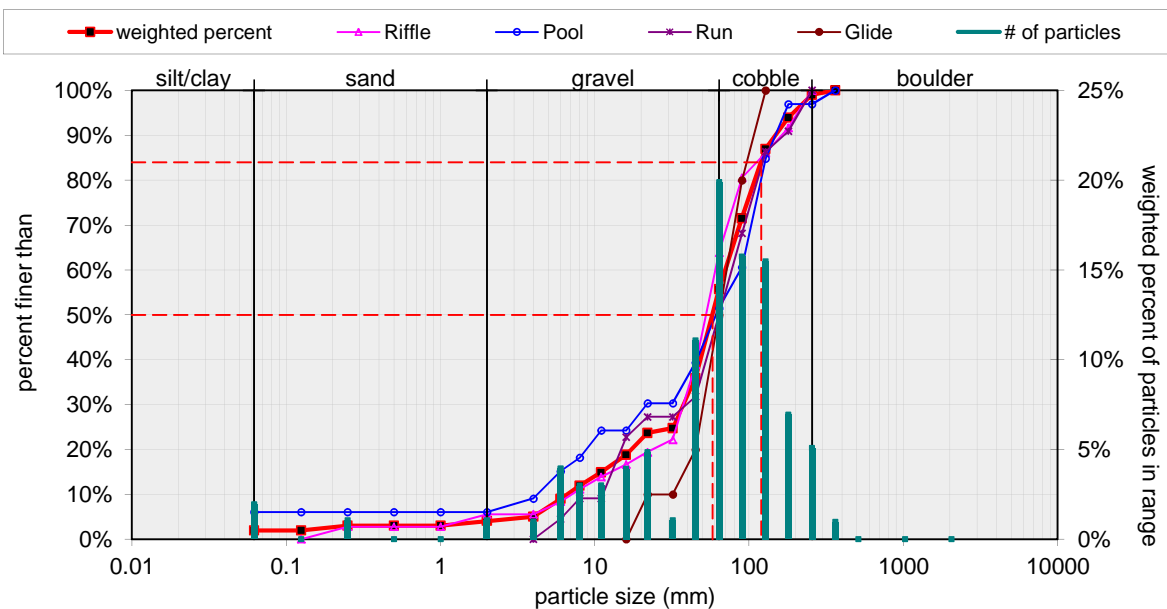
bedrock	10.2
clay hardpan	0.0
detritus/wood	0.0
artificial	0.0

total weighted count: 110.2

Note:

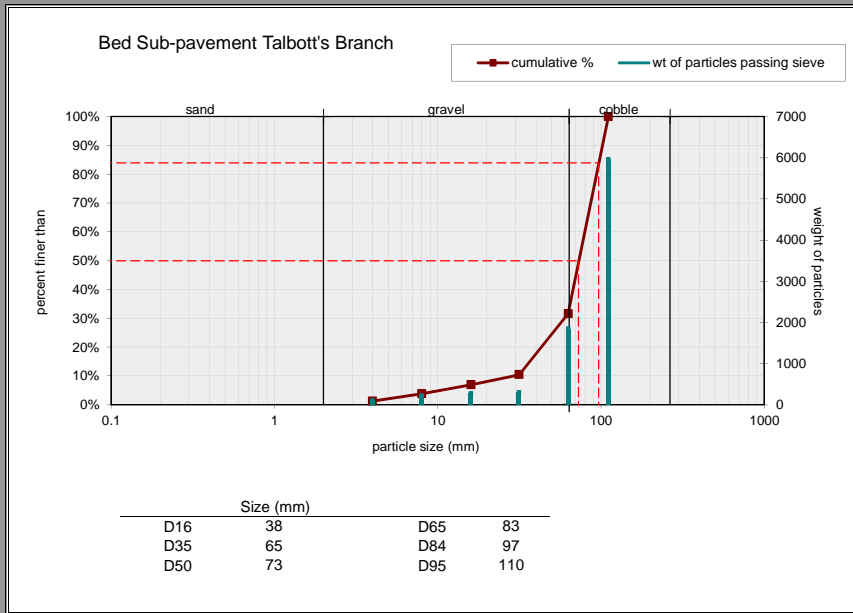
Weighted pebble count by bed features Talbott's Branch

38% riffle 32% pool 21% run 9% glide



Size (mm)		Size Distribution		Type	
D16	12	mean	37.9	silt/clay	2%
D35	44	dispersion	3.5	sand	2%
D50	58	skewness	-0.18	gravel	47%
D65	78			cobble	39%
D84	120			boulder	1%
D95	190				

bedrock 9%

[illegible]

Largest Particle	
1	867
2	525
3	1463
4	934
5	
	947.25

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
166	98	50	0.39
68	58	52	0.83
130	90	70	0.65
170	111	40	0.29

mean shape factor:			0.54

1) Individual Pebble Count

Two individual samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.

Riffle Surface

Material	Size Range (mm)	Count
silt/clay	0 - 0.062	1
very fine sand	0.062 - 0.125	
fine sand	0.125 - 0.25	
medium sand	0.25 - 0.5	
coarse sand	0.5 - 1	1
very coarse sand	1 - 2	5
very fine gravel	2 - 4	
fine gravel	4 - 6	1
fine gravel	6 - 8	2
medium gravel	8 - 11	7
medium gravel	11 - 16	10
coarse gravel	16 - 22	10
coarse gravel	22 - 32	8
very coarse gravel	32 - 45	9
very coarse gravel	45 - 64	14
small cobble	64 - 90	10
medium cobble	90 - 128	11
large cobble	128 - 180	7
very large cobble	180 - 256	2
small boulder	256 - 362	
small boulder	362 - 512	
medium boulder	512 - 1024	
large boulder	1024 - 2048	
very large boulder	2048 - 4096	

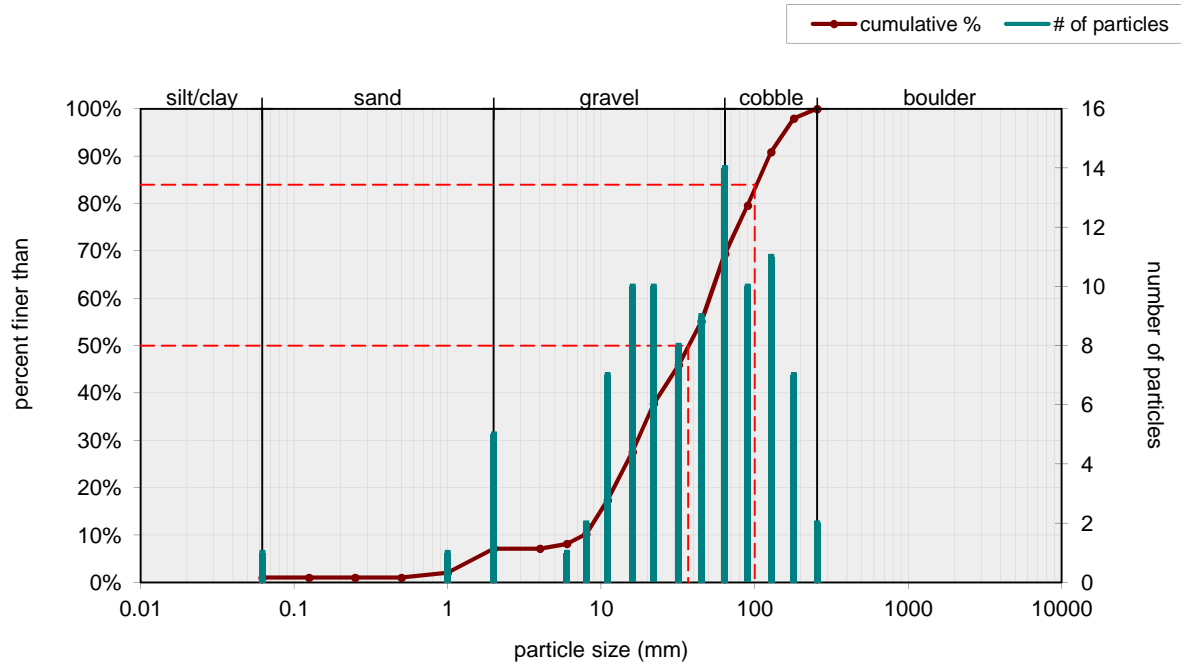
total particle count: 98

bedrock	2
clay hardpan	
detritus/wood	
artificial	

total count: 100

Note: ds rif @ 1060

Riffle Surface Pebble Count, Talbott's Branch



Size (mm)		Size Distribution		Type			
D16	10	mean	31.6	silt/clay	1%	bedrock	2%
D35	20	dispersion	3.2	sand	6%		
D50	37	skewness	-0.07	gravel	61%		
D65	57			cobble	30%		
D84	100			boulder	0%		
D95	160						

2) Weighted Pebble Count

Feature Percent of Reach

Riffle, Pool, Run, Glide

Riffle 29 %

Run 27.6 %

Pool 24.4 %

Glide 18.7 %

Weighted pebble count by bed features

Material	Size Range (mm)	weighted
silt/clay	0 - 0.062	2.9
very fine sand	0.062 - 0.125	0.0
fine sand	0.125 - 0.25	0.0
medium sand	0.25 - 0.5	0.0
coarse sand	0.5 - 1	0.0
very coarse sand	1 - 2	1.9
very fine gravel	2 - 4	0.0
fine gravel	4 - 6	2.9
fine gravel	6 - 8	1.0
medium gravel	8 - 11	1.9
medium gravel	11 - 16	9.3
coarse gravel	16 - 22	6.6
coarse gravel	22 - 32	10.4
very coarse gravel	32 - 45	11.1
very coarse gravel	45 - 64	17.9
small cobble	64 - 90	15.2
medium cobble	90 - 128	10.3
large cobble	128 - 180	6.7
very large cobble	180 - 256	1.8
small boulder	256 - 362	0.0
small boulder	362 - 512	0.0
medium boulder	512 - 1024	0.0
large boulder	1024 - 2048	0.0
very large boulder	2048 - 4096	0.0

total particle weighted count: 100

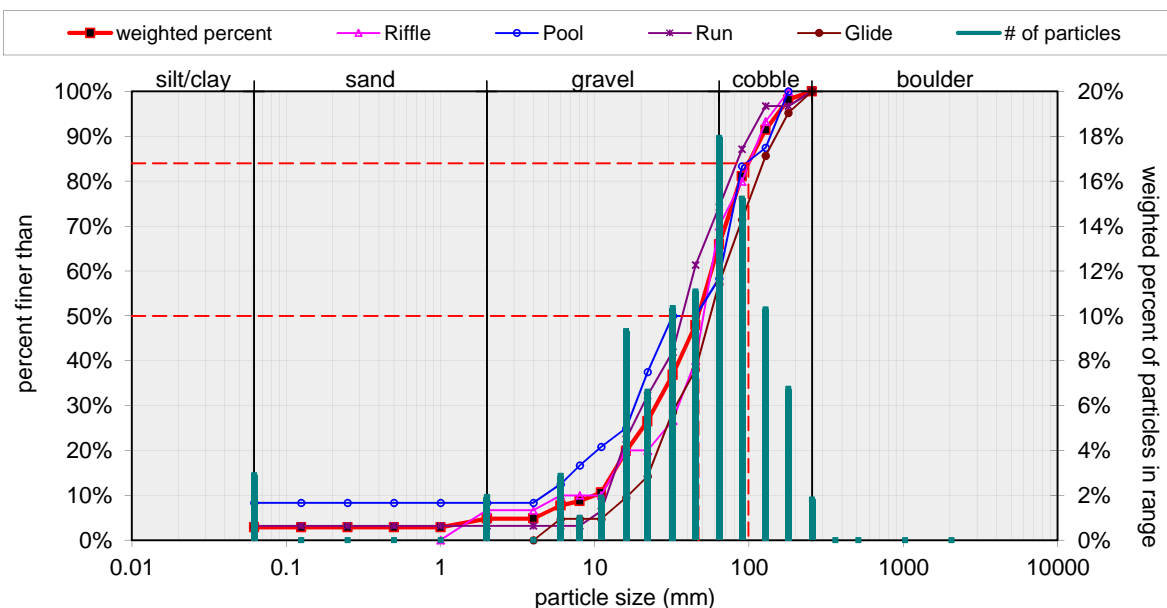
bedrock	15.4
clay hardpan	0.0
detritus/wood	0.0
artificial	0.0

total weighted count: 115.4

Note: ds reach

Weighted pebble count by bed features Talbott's Branch

29% riffle 24% pool 28% run 19% glide

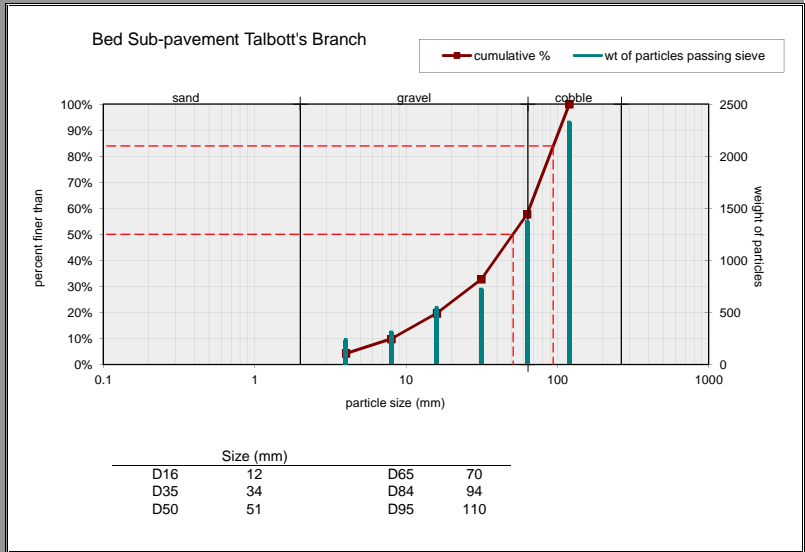


Size (mm)		Size Distribution		Type	
D16	14	mean	37.2	silt/clay	3%
D35	30	dispersion	2.7	sand	2%
D50	47	skewness	-0.11	gravel	53%
D65	63			cobble	30%
D84	99			boulder	0%
D95	150				

bedrock 13%

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

3) Bulk Sample Sieve Analysis	
Two samples may be entered below. Select sample type for each.	

[illegible]

Largest Particle	
1	348
2	154
3	1131
4	652
5	
571.25	

Particle Shape Factor			
axis (mm)			
a	b	c	Sp
90	65	40	0.52
80	50	20	0.32
240	120	20	0.12
140	60	40	0.44

mean shape factor:			0.35

TALBOTT'S BRANCH REFERENCE REACH



Photo 1: Talbotts Branch facing downstream 4/10/13



Photo 2: Talbotts Branch facing downstream 4/10/13

TALBOTT'S BRANCH REFERENCE REACH



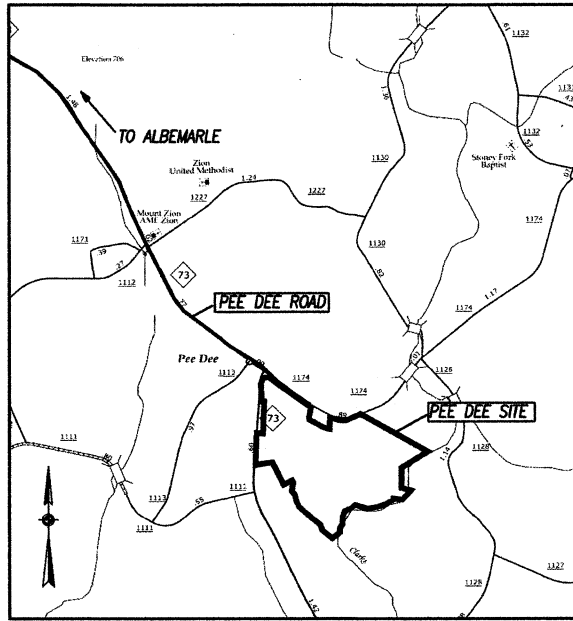
Photo 3: Talbotts Branch facing downstream 4/10/13



Photo 4: Talbotts Branch facing downstream 4/10/13

APPENDIX D
PROJECT PLAN SHEETS (11"x17")

NC EEP PROJECT #95350

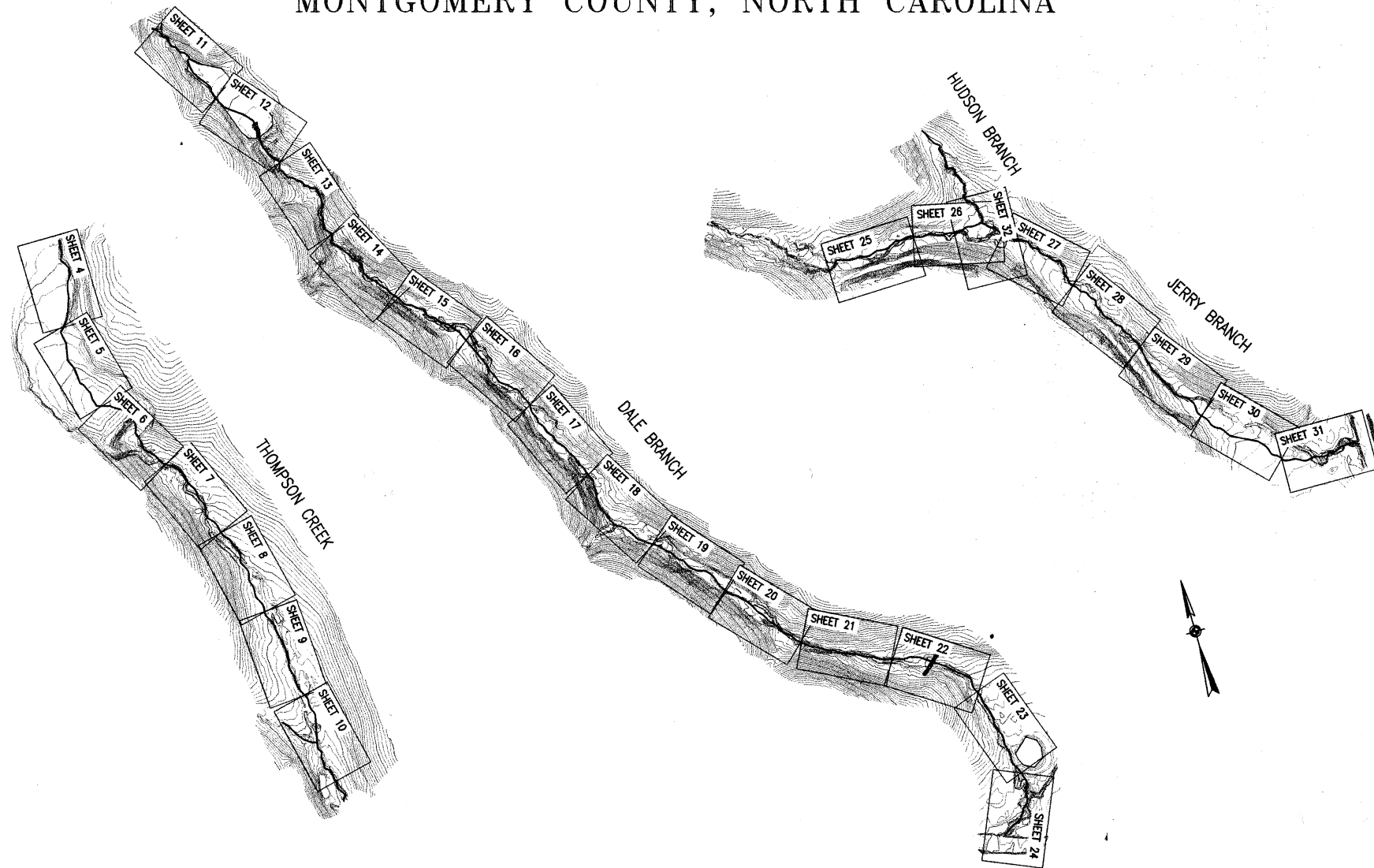


VICINITY MAP
NOT TO SCALE

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

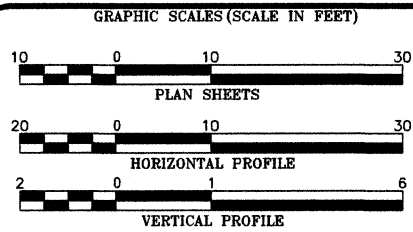
PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION PROJECT

THOMPSON CREEK, DALE BRANCH, JERRY BRANCH AND HUDSON BRANCH
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA



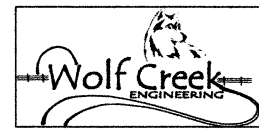
SHEET INDEX

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
1A	SITE PLAN
2	TYPICAL SECTIONS
3-3C	DETAILS
4-32	PLAN AND PROFILE
P1-P6	PLANTING PLAN
EC-1 - EC-11	EROSION CONTROL PLANS
XS-1 - XS-28	CROSS SECTIONS



PROJECT LENGTHS	
PROPOSED RESTORATION:	
THOMPSON CREEK	= 1314 FT
DALE BRANCH	= 2955 FT
JERRY BRANCH	= 1670 FT
HUDSON BRANCH	= 53 FT
PROPOSED ENHANCEMENT:	
THOMPSON CREEK	= 250 FT
DALE BRANCH	= 375 FT
TOTAL LENGTH	= 6617 FT

Prepared by:



Wolf Creek Engineering, PLLC
License No. P-0417
7 Florida Avenue
Weaverville, North Carolina 28787
Phone: 828-658-3649
www.wolfcreekeng.com



1/7/14
PROJECT ENGINEER

Prepared for:



Tommy Cousins
PROJECT MANAGER

STATE	EEP PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
NC	95350	1	83

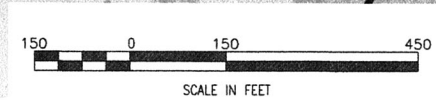
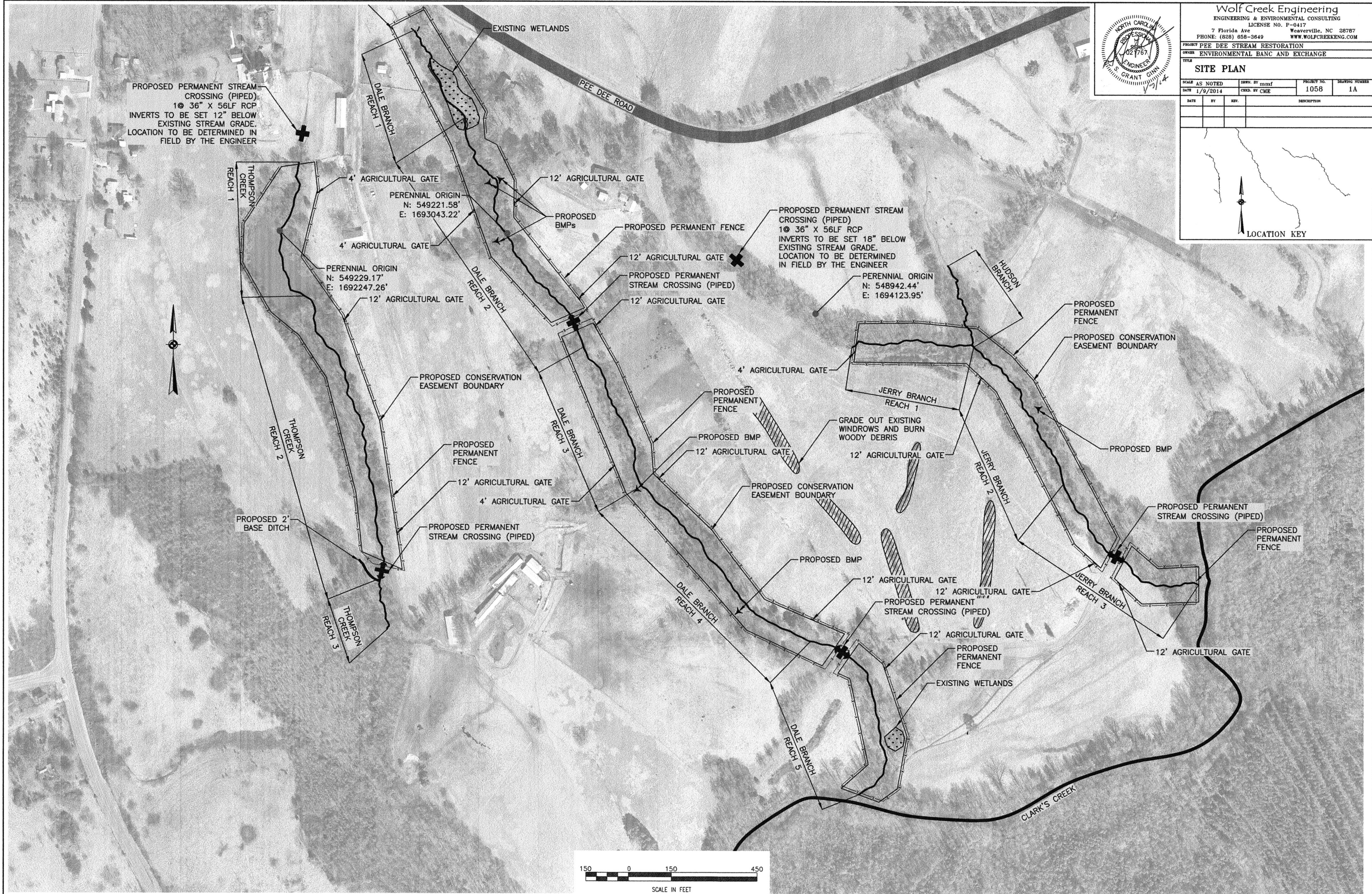
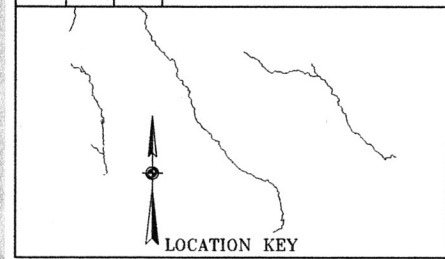
Final Plans		1/9/2014	
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
REVISIONS			

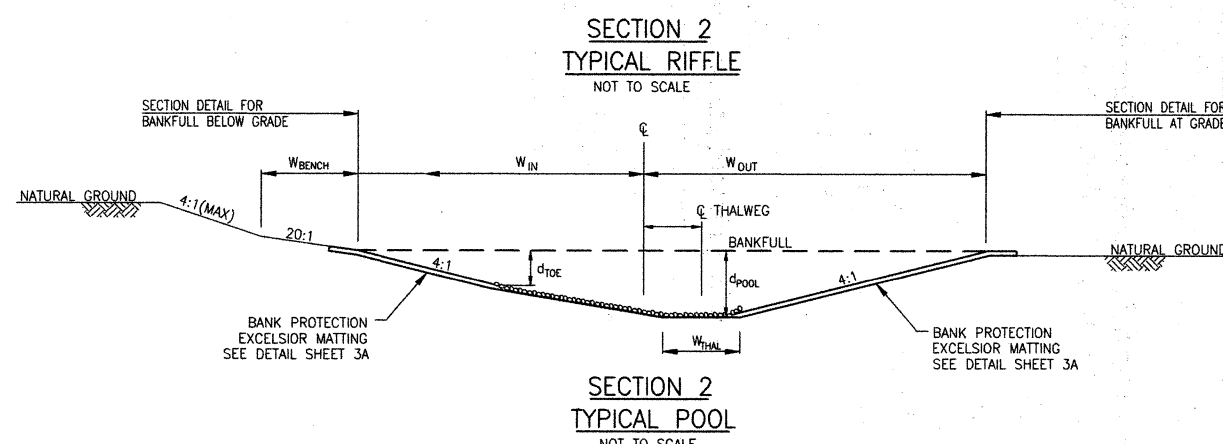
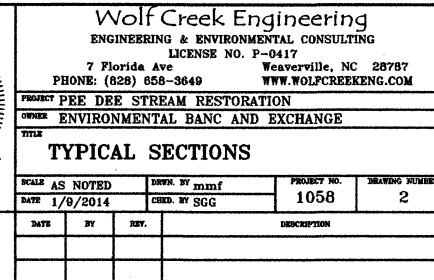
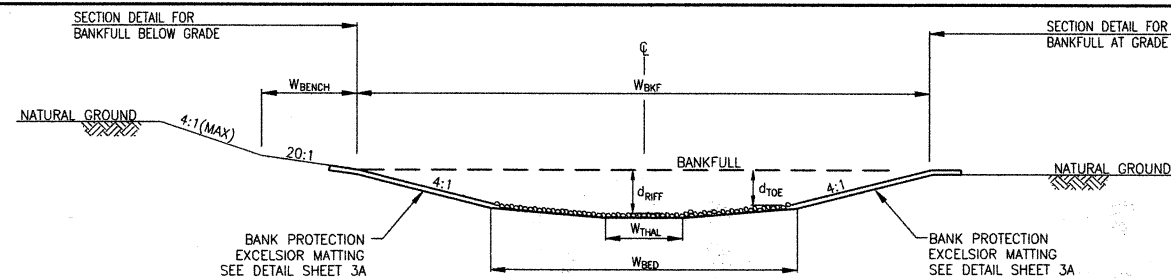
FINAL PLANS

Wolf Creek Engineering
ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTING
LICENSE NO. P-0417
7 Florida Ave Weaverville, NC 28787
PHONE: (828) 658-3649 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE
TITLE **SITE PLAN**

SCALE AS NOTED	DATE 1/9/2014	DESIGNED BY mmf	CHECKED BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER 1A
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- SURVEY: 7
THE COORDINATE SYSTEM IS THE NAD83(2007) STATE PLANE GRID.

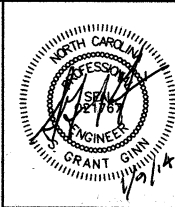
TABLE 2: SUPPLEMENTAL BED MATERIAL

REACH	PERCENT OF TOTAL MAX							
	ON-SITE SAND/CLAY	3/8" STONE	1/2" STONE	3/4" STONE	2" STONE	6" STONE	12" STONE	DEPTH OF BED MATERIAL
THOMPSON CREEK – 1A	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.5
THOMPSON CREEK – 1B	10%	–	–	30%	30%	30%	–	0.5
THOMPSON CREEK – 2	10%	–	–	30%	30%	30%	–	0.5
THOMPSON CREEK – 3	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.5
DALE BRANCH – 1	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 2A	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 2B	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 2C	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 2D	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 2E	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 3	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 4	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 5A	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 5B	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
DALE BRANCH – 5C	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
JERRY BRANCH – 1	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
JERRY BRANCH – 2	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
JERRY BRANCH – 3	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.4
HUDSON BRANCH	40%	60%	–	–	–	–	–	0.3

NOTE: SUPPLEMENTAL BED MATERIAL TABLE IS PROVIDED IN THE EVENT THAT SUFFICIENT MATERIAL IS NOT AVAILABLE ON SITE. HOWEVER, SITE INVESTIGATIONS INDICATE THAT SUFFICIENT MATERIAL IS AVAILABLE ON SITE.

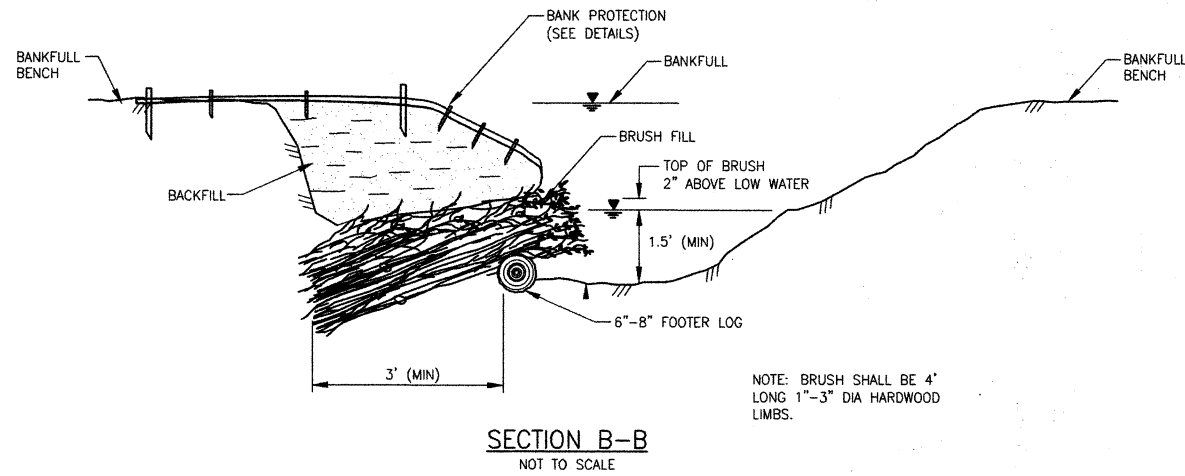
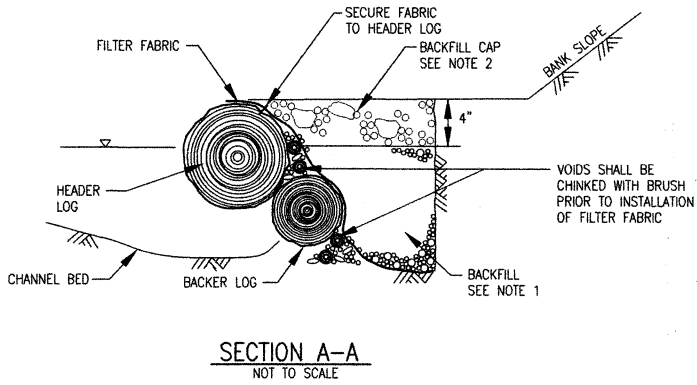
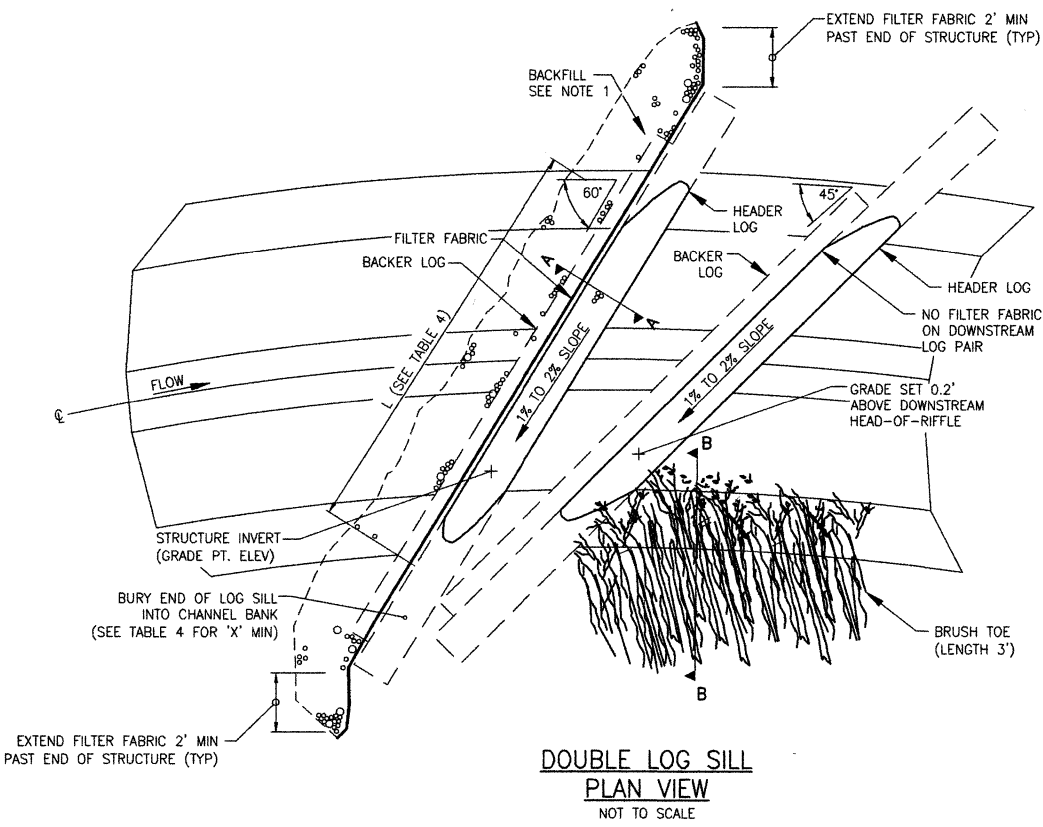
[illegible]

- ### TREE HARVEST NOTES:
1. WOODY MATERIAL WILL BE HARVESTED ON-SITE FOR USE AS IN-STREAM STRUCTURES FOR STREAMBANK STABILITY, GRADE CONTROL AND AQUATIC HABITAT ENHANCEMENT/RESTORATION. WOODY MATERIAL INCLUDES BOTH LARGE AND SMALL DIAMETER TREES INCLUDING STEM AND ROOT MASS. TREES WILL BE HARVESTED FROM UPLAND AREAS AS WELL AS ALONG RECONSTRUCTED STREAM BANKS DURING THE RESTORATION CONSTRUCTION PROCESS. TREES SELECTED FOR PROTECTION ARE INDICATED ON PLANS.
 2. PREFERRED HARVEST TREES TO BE SELECTED FOR RESTORATION PURPOSES SHALL FIRST INCLUDE ALL DISEASED, DAMAGED, HAZARD, AND UNDESIRABLE TREE SPECIES UNTIL THE QUANTITIES NEEDED FOR STREAM RESTORATION ARE MET. AREAS SELECTED FOR HARVEST SHALL OCCUR WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND DELINEATED BY A CERTIFIED ARBORIST OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL ECOLOGIST/BIOLOGIST.
 3. ALL WOODY MATERIALS WILL BE STOCKPILED IN THE APPROVED STAGING AND STOCKPILE AREAS.
 4. IN ALL AREAS WHERE TREES ARE HARVESTED PROPER BMP AND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AND THE AREA IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED WITH TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING/MULCH AS HARVESTING OCCURS.



PROJECT PEE DEER STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE			
TITLE DETAILS			
SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY mmf	PROJECT NO. 1056	DRAWING NUMBER 3
DATE 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

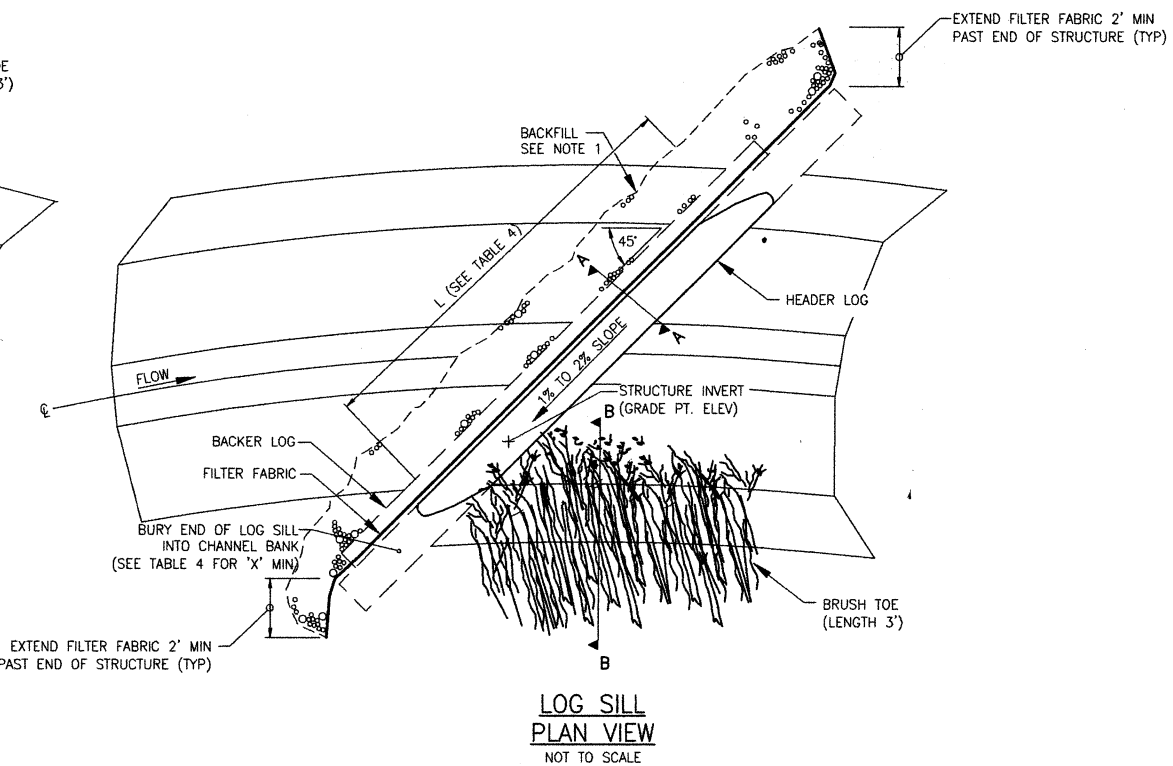
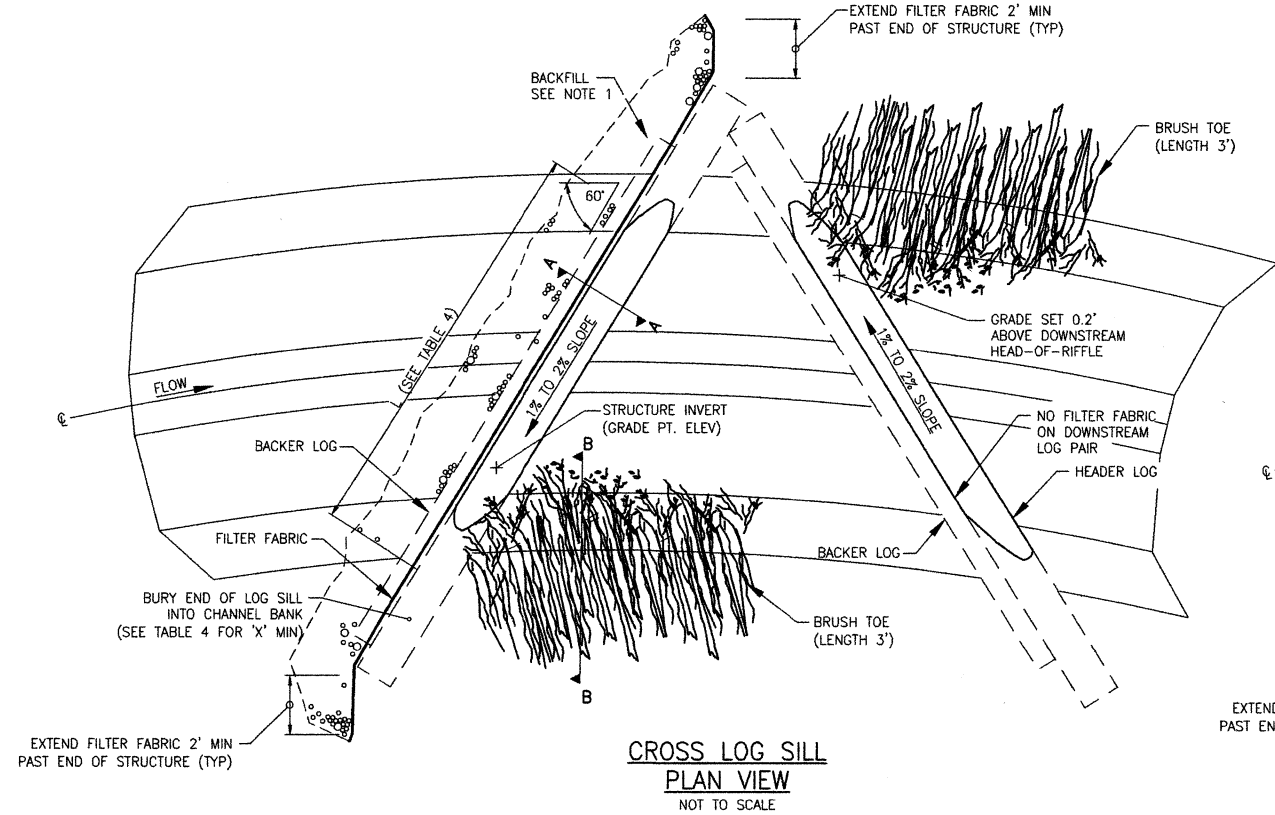
- NOTES:
1. STRUCTURE BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF ON-SITE SOIL COMPACTED TO IN-SITU DENSITY.
 2. STRUCTURE BACKFILL CAP SHALL CONSIST OF 2"-4" STONE AND ON-SITE SOIL MIXED IN EQUAL PARTS. MIXTURE CAN BE ACHIEVED BY COMPACTING STONE INTO PLACED SOIL. WHERE ON-SITE STONE/GRAVEL IS AVAILABLE AND OF SUFFICIENT SIZE IT MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF QUARRY STONE, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
 3. ALL VOIDS AND GAPS BETWEEN BOULDERS AND LOGS SHALL BE CHINKED WITH STONE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF FILTER FABRIC.

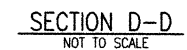
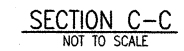
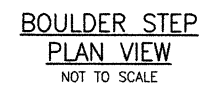
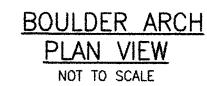
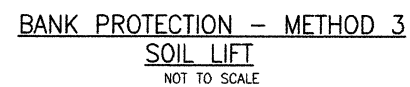
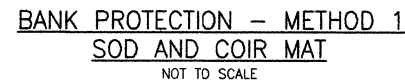
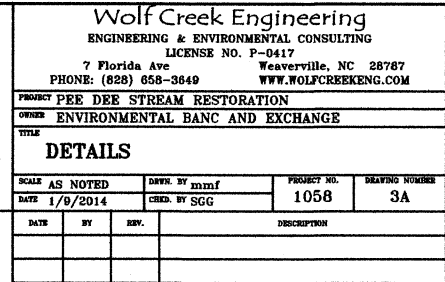


REACH	STRUCTURES			BOULDERS			TOTAL LOG LENGTH (FT)
	L (FT)	W (FT)	X (FT)	LENGTH (FT)	WIDTH (FT)	DEPTH (FT)	
THOMPSON CREEK 1A	7	3	3	2.0-3.0	1.5-2.0	1.0-1.5	13
THOMPSON CREEK 1B	7	3	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	13
THOMPSON CREEK 2	7	3	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	13
THOMPSON CREEK 3	7	3	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	13
DALE BRANCH 1	5	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	11
DALE BRANCH 2A	4	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	10
DALE BRANCH 2B	5	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	11
DALE BRANCH 2C	4	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	10
DALE BRANCH 2D	5	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	11
DALE BRANCH 2E	4	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	10
DALE BRANCH 3	5	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	11
DALE BRANCH 4	5	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	11
DALE BRANCH 5A	6	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	12
DALE BRANCH 5B	6	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	12
DALE BRANCH 5C	6	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	12
JERRY BRANCH 1	6	3	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	12
JERRY BRANCH 2	7	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	13
JERRY BRANCH 3	7	2	3	2.5-3.5	2.0-2.5	1.5-2.0	13
HUDSON BRANCH	5	2	3	2.0-3.0	1.5-2.0	1.0-1.5	11

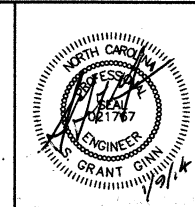
NOTE: TOTAL LOG LENGTH INCLUDES THE ROOTBALL

TABLE 5: LOG DIAMETERS		
TOTAL LOG LENGTH (FT)	MIN DIAMETER (IN)	MAX DIAMETER (IN)
< 20	12	18
20-40	18	24
40-60	24	30





- NOTES:**
1. STRUCTURE BACKFILL MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF ON-SITE SOIL COMPACTED TO IN-SITU DENSITY.
 2. STRUCTURE BACKFILL CAP SHALL CONSIST OF 2"-4" STONE AND ON-SITE SOIL MIXED IN EQUAL PARTS. MIXTURE CAN BE ACHIEVED BY COMPACTING STONE INTO PLACED SOIL. WHERE ON-SITE STONE/GRAVEL IS AVAILABLE AND OF SUFFICIENT SIZE IT MAY BE USED IN PLACE OF QUARRY STONE, AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
 3. ALL VOIDS AND GAPS BETWEEN BOULDERS AND LOGS SHALL BE CHINKED WITH STONE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF FILTER FABRIC.

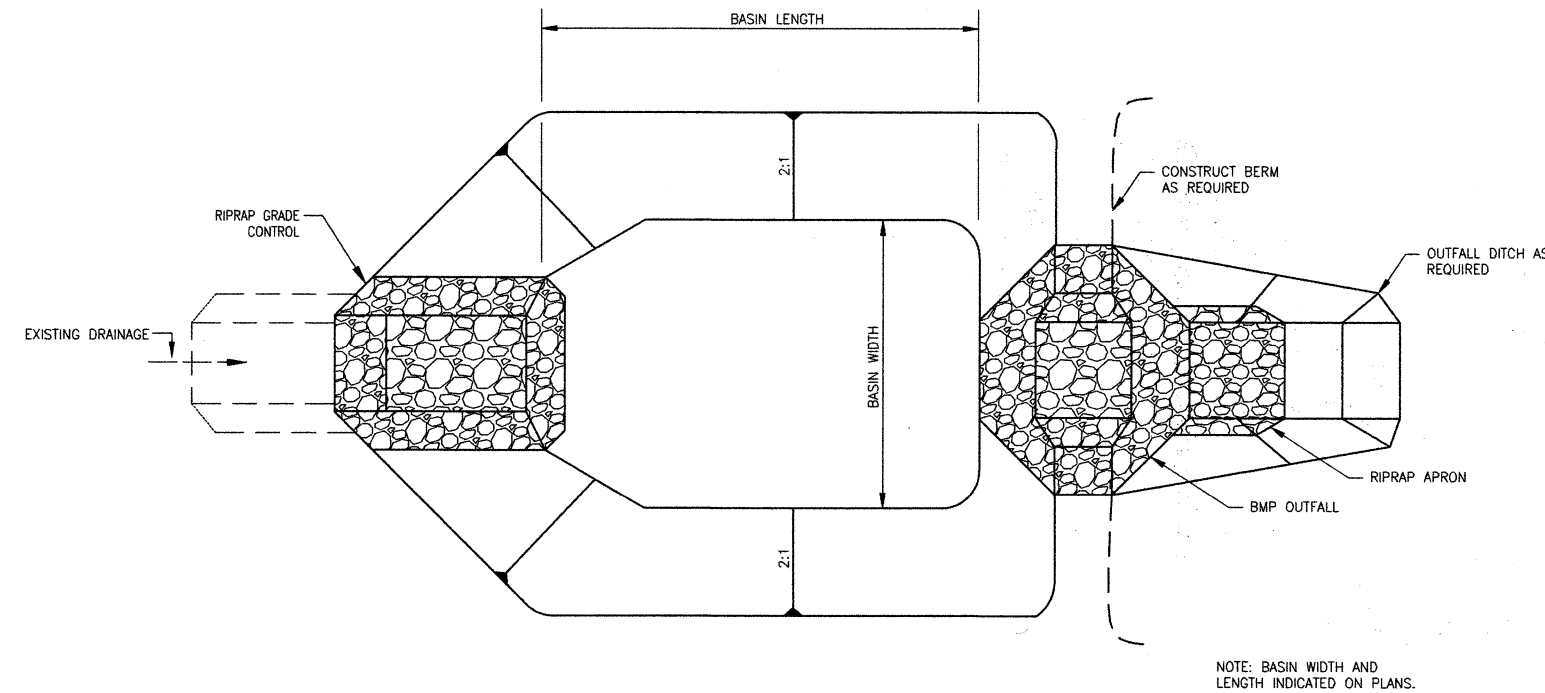


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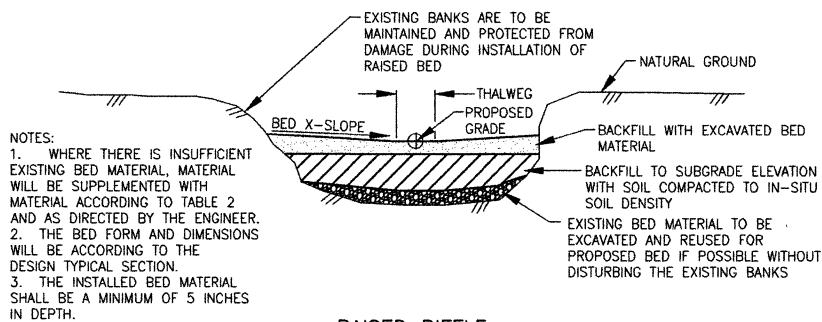
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE DETAILS

SCALE	AS NOTED	DESIGN BY	mmf	PROJECT NO.	1058	DRAWING NUMBER	3B
DATE	1/8/2014	CHECKED BY	SGG				
DATE		BY		DESCRIPTION			

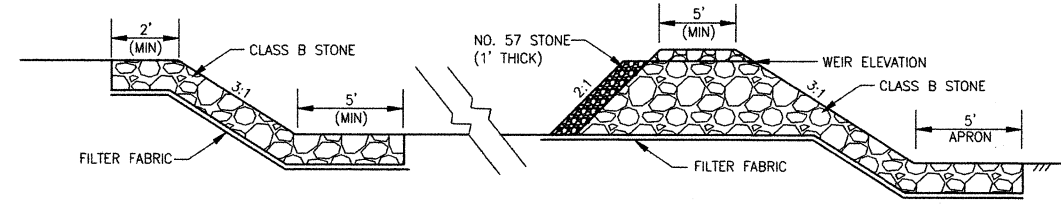


BMP DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

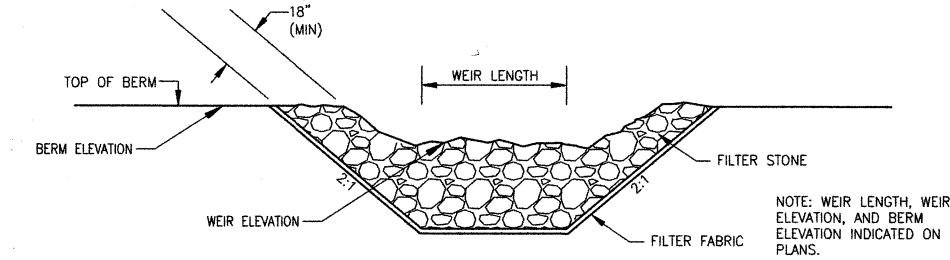


RAISED RIFFLE
NOT TO SCALE

- NOTES:
- WHERE THERE IS INSUFFICIENT EXISTING BED MATERIAL, MATERIAL WILL BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH MATERIAL ACCORDING TO TABLE 2 AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
 - THE BED FORM AND DIMENSIONS WILL BE ACCORDING TO THE DESIGN TYPICAL SECTION.
 - THE INSTALLED BED MATERIAL SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 5 INCHES IN DEPTH.

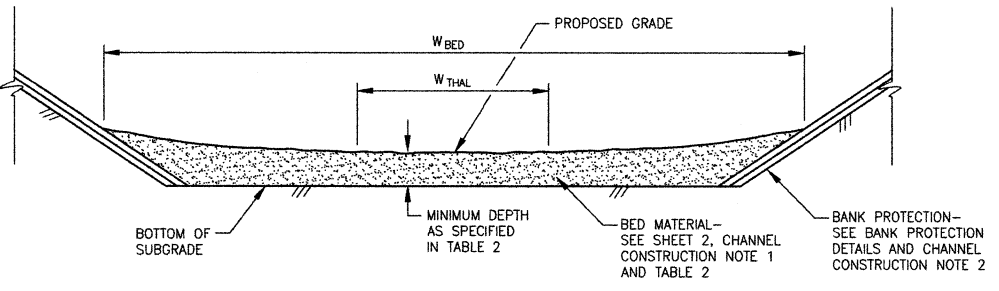


BMP SECTION
NOT TO SCALE

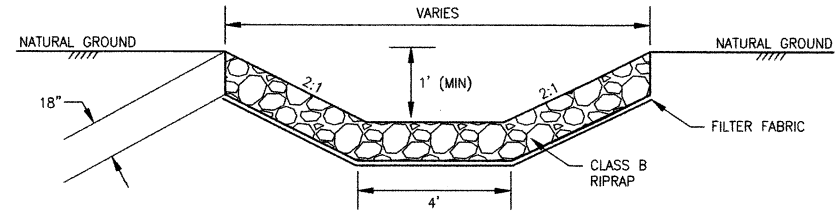


BMP OUTFALL ELEVATION
NOT TO SCALE

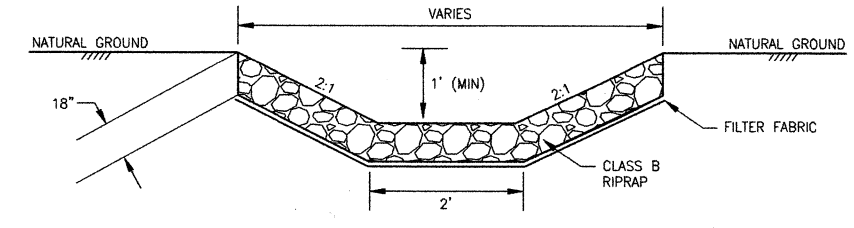
NOTE: WEIR LENGTH, WEIR ELEVATION, AND BERM ELEVATION INDICATED ON PLANS.



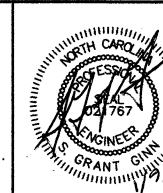
BED MATERIAL DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



4' BASE DITCH
W/ CLASS B RIPRAP
NOT TO SCALE



2' BASE DITCH
W/ CLASS B RIPRAP
NOT TO SCALE

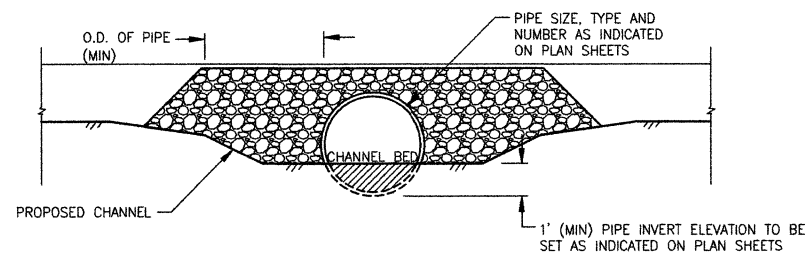
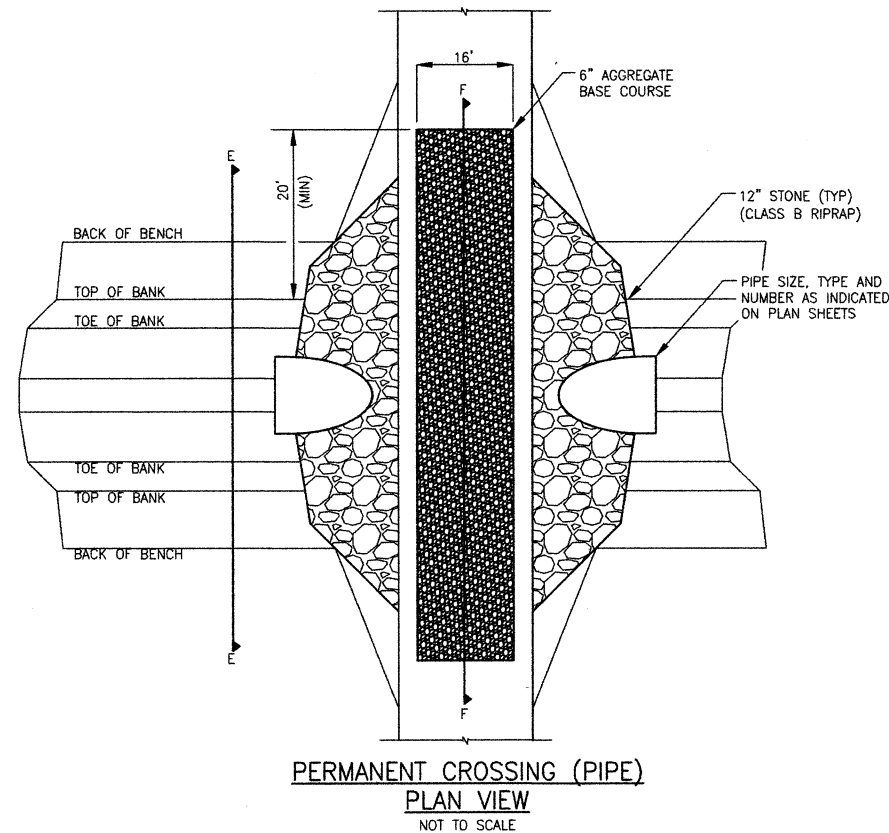


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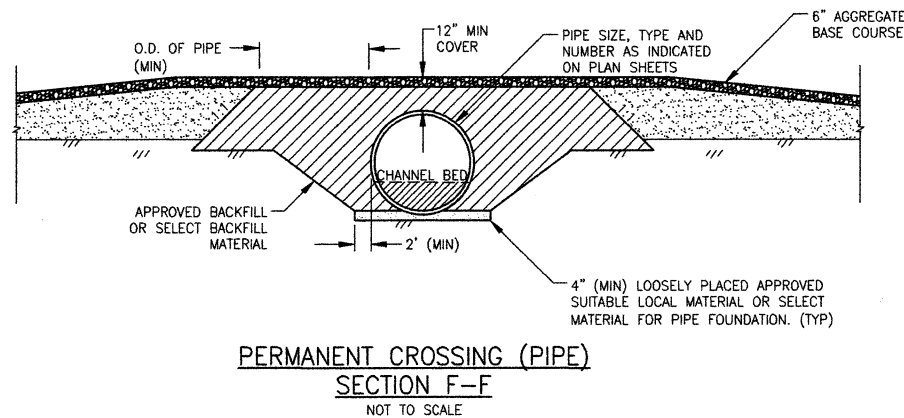
PROJECT **PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION**
OWNER **ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE**
TITLE **DETAILS**

SCALE AS NOTED	DESIGN BY mmf	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER 3C
DATE 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	EXP.	DESCRIPTION

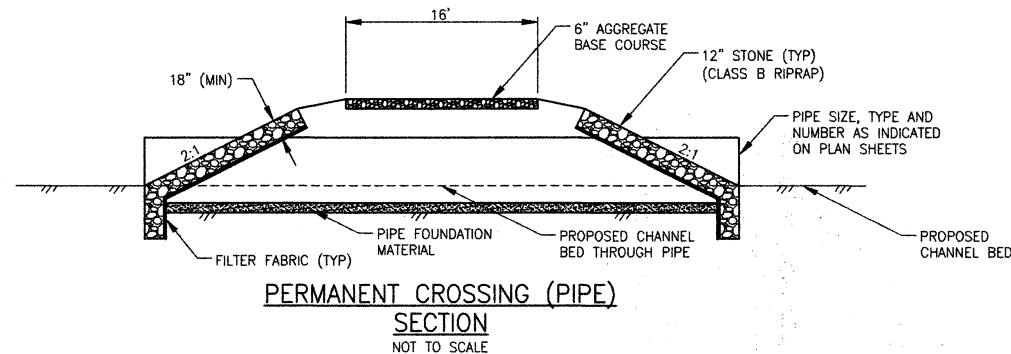
- NOTES:
- ARMORED RIFFLE BED MATERIAL SHALL BE COMPOSED OF MATERIAL IN THE FOLLOWING PROPORTIONS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- | MATERIAL | % BY VOLUME |
|-------------|-------------|
| 12-IN STONE | 60 |
| 2-IN STONE | 30 |
| ONSITE SOIL | 10 |



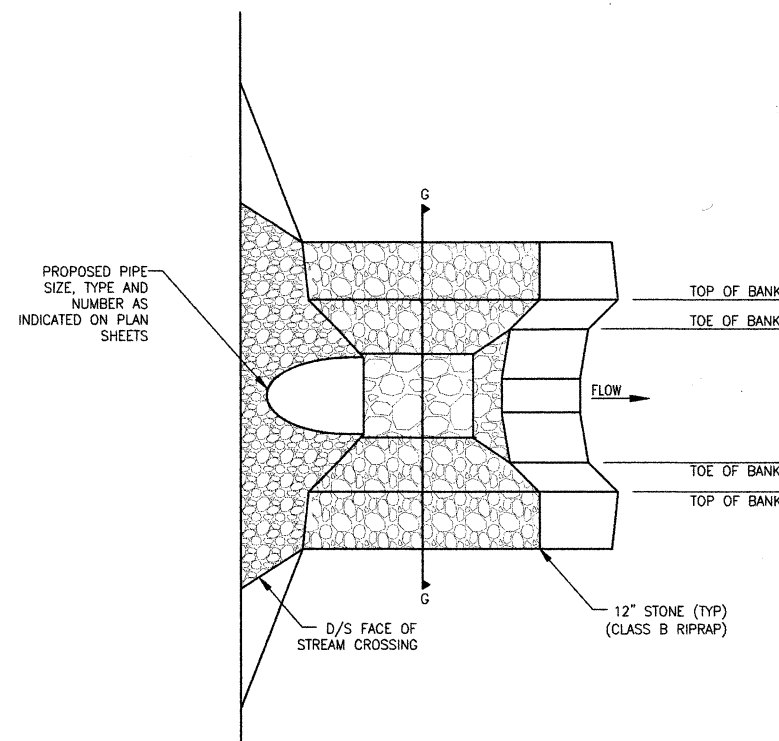
PERMANENT CROSSING (PIPE)
ELEVATION E-E
NOT TO SCALE



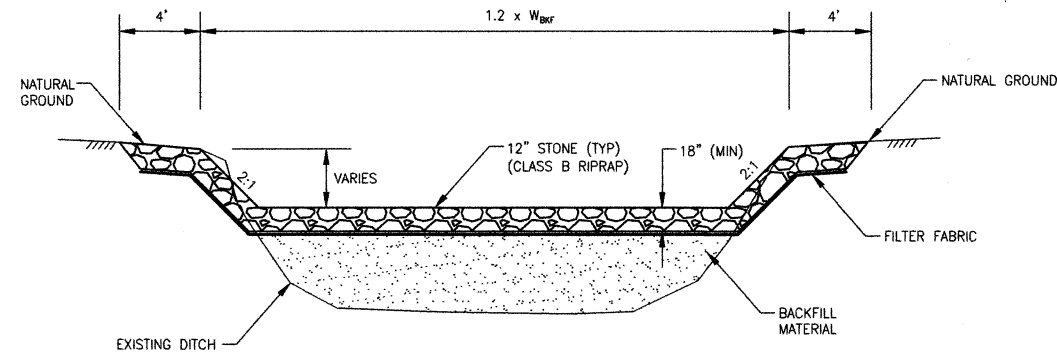
PERMANENT CROSSING (PIPE)
SECTION F-F
NOT TO SCALE



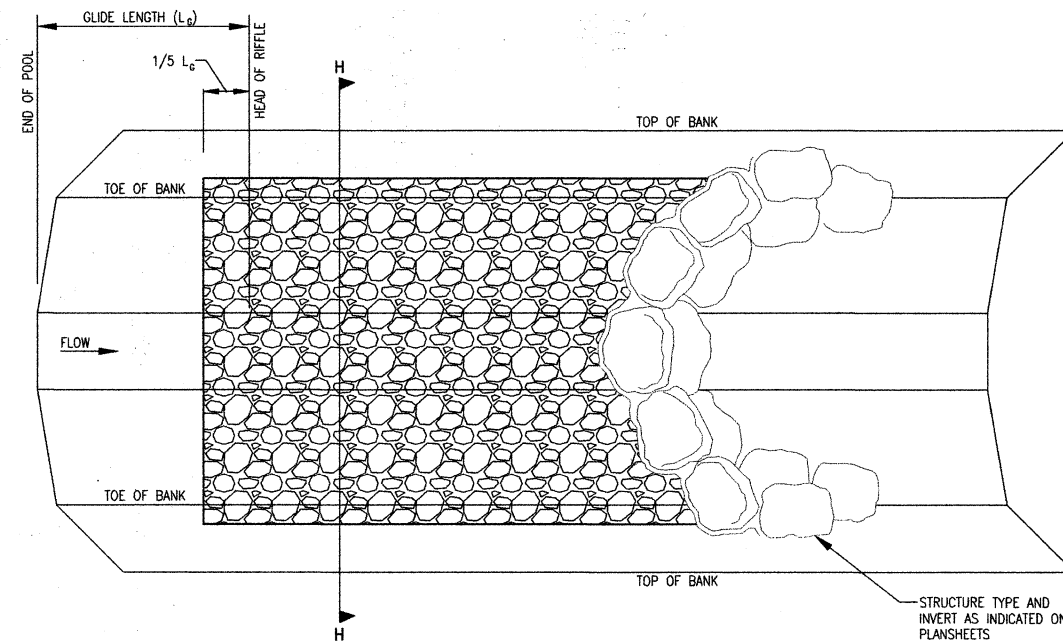
PERMANENT CROSSING (PIPE)
SECTION
NOT TO SCALE



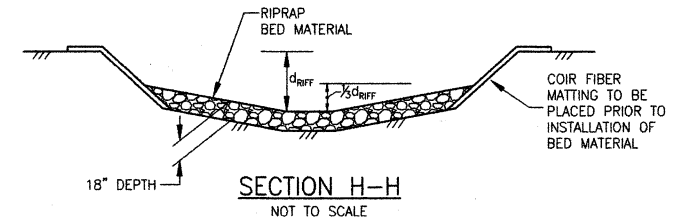
RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION - PLAN
NOT TO SCALE



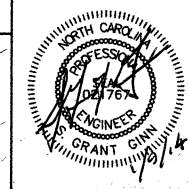
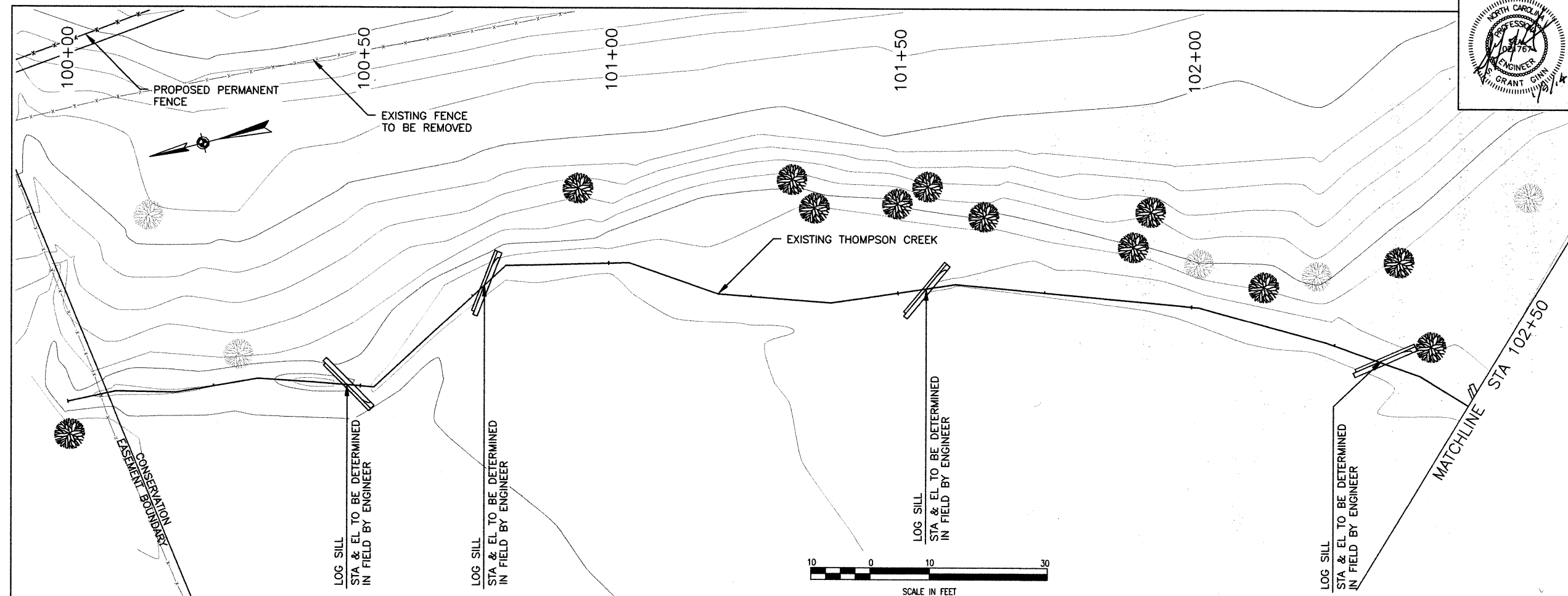
RIPRAP OUTLET PROTECTION - SECTION G-G
NOT TO SCALE



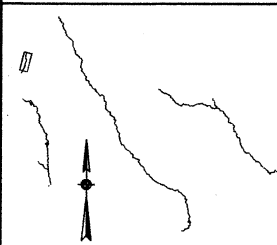
ARMORED RIFFLE DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE



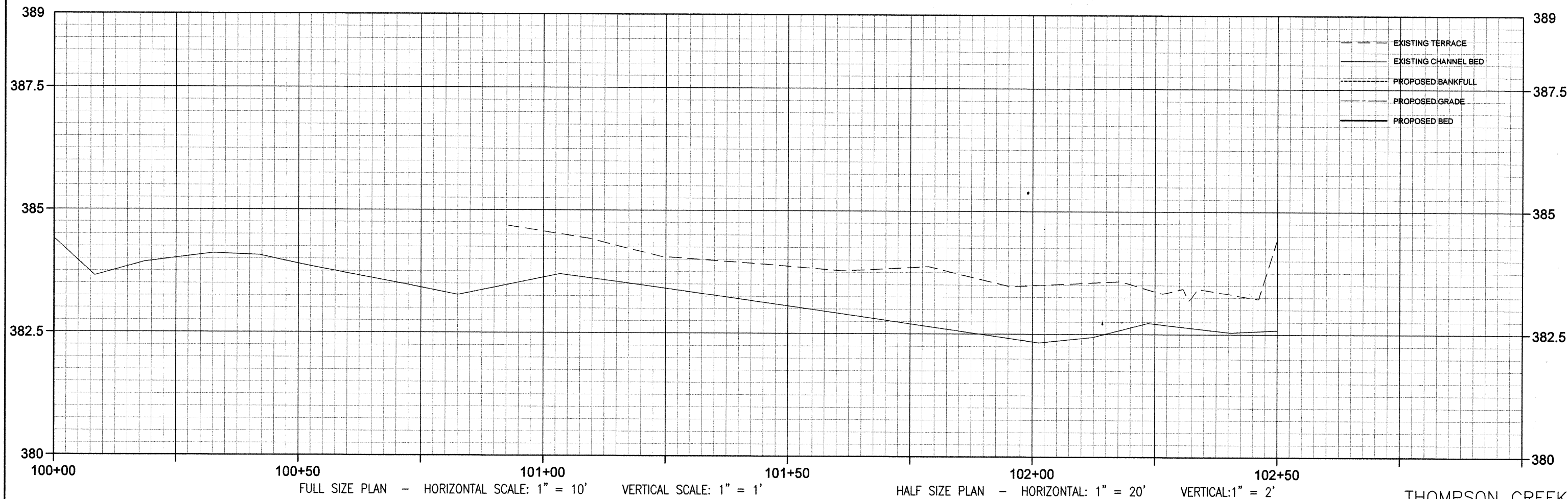
SECTION H-H
NOT TO SCALE



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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE			
TITLE PLAN & PROFILE			
SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY mmmf	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWN NUMBER 4
DATE 1/9/2014	CHECK BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY	
LEGEND	
	PROPOSED RESTORATION
	IN-LINE RESTORATION
	PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
	PROPOSED FILL
	PROPOSED CUT
	EXISTING FENCE
	EXISTING TREE
	SAVE TREE



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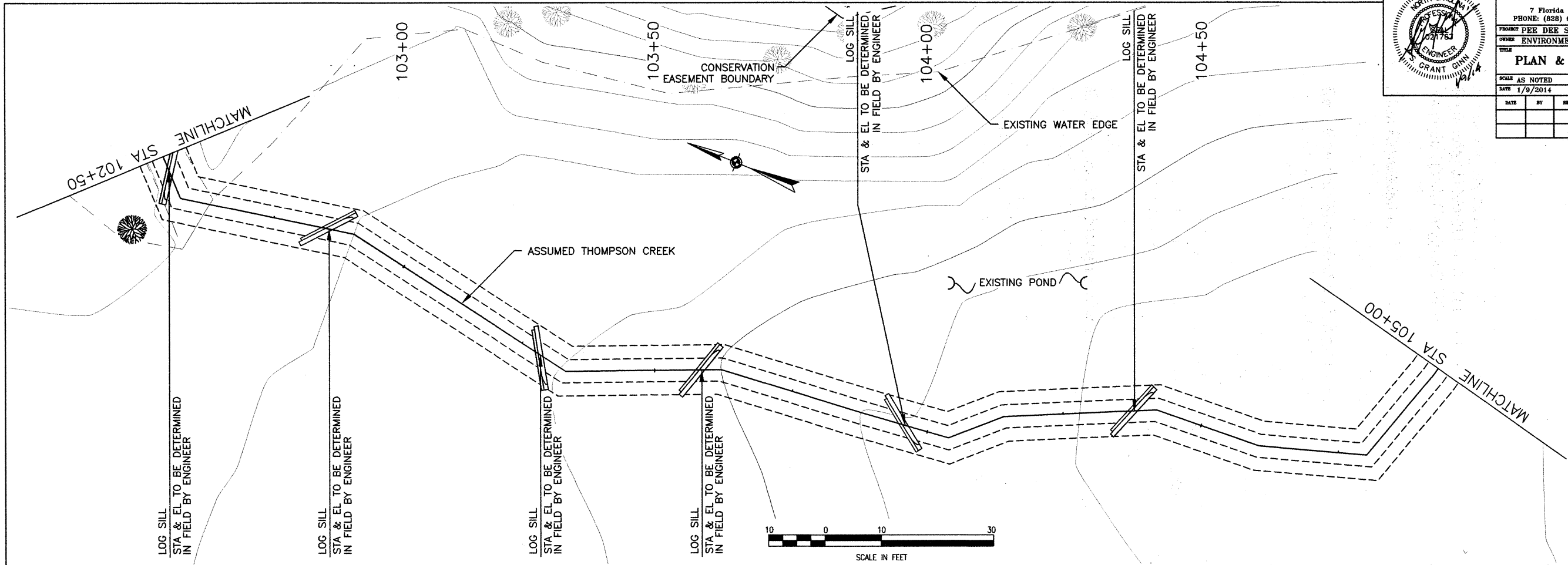
7 Florida Ave Weaverville, NC 28787
PHONE: (828) 656-3649 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY mmlf	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 5
DATE 1/9/2014	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE



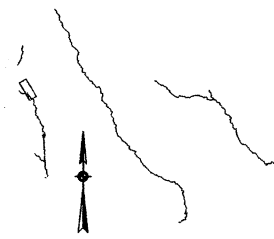


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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

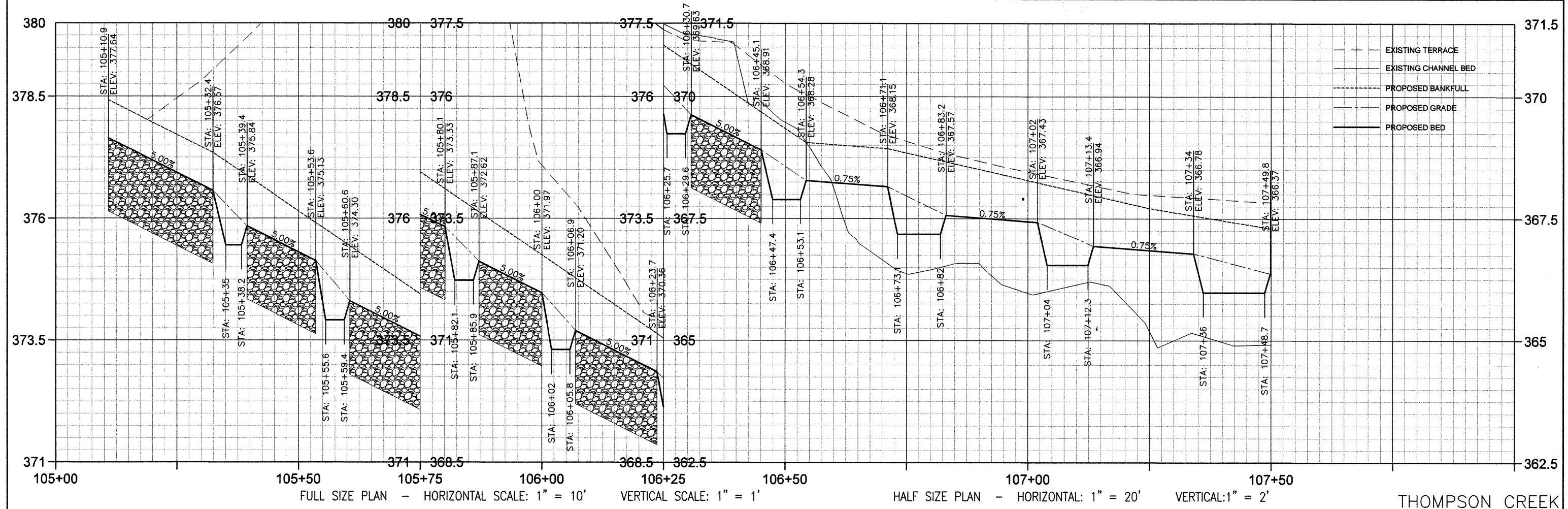
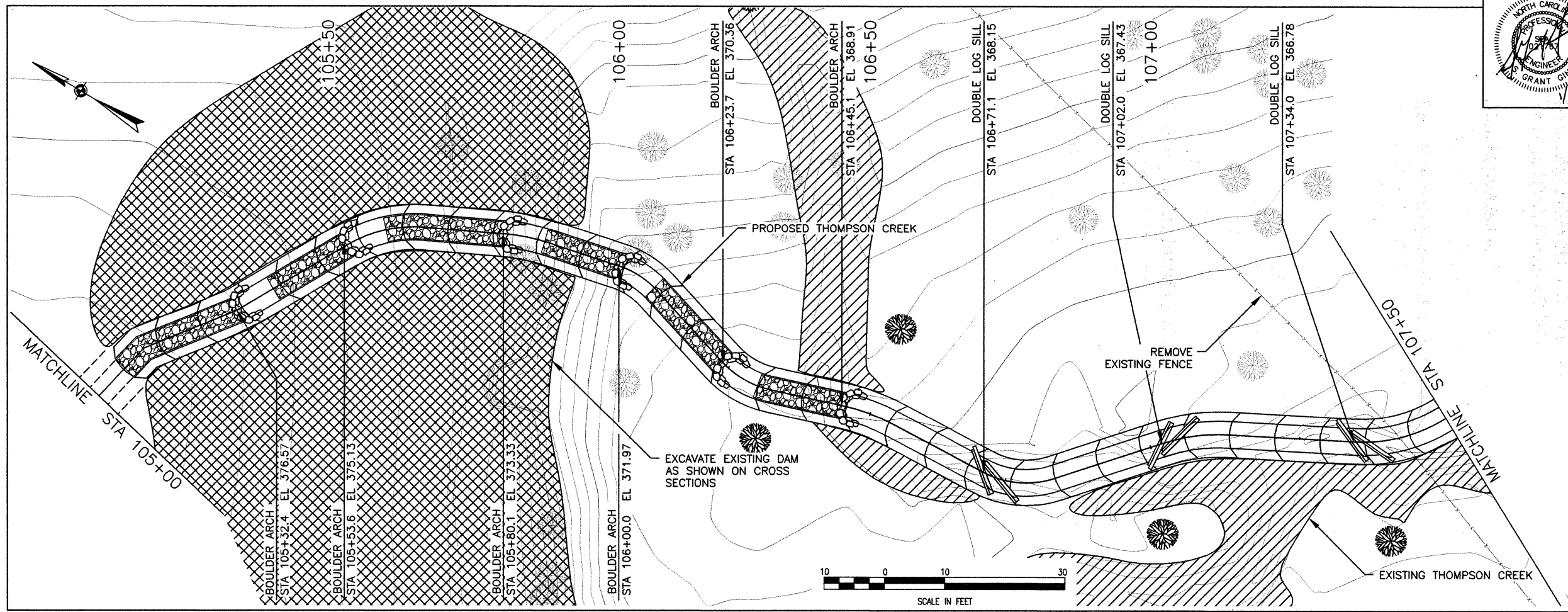
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DATE: 1/9/2014	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

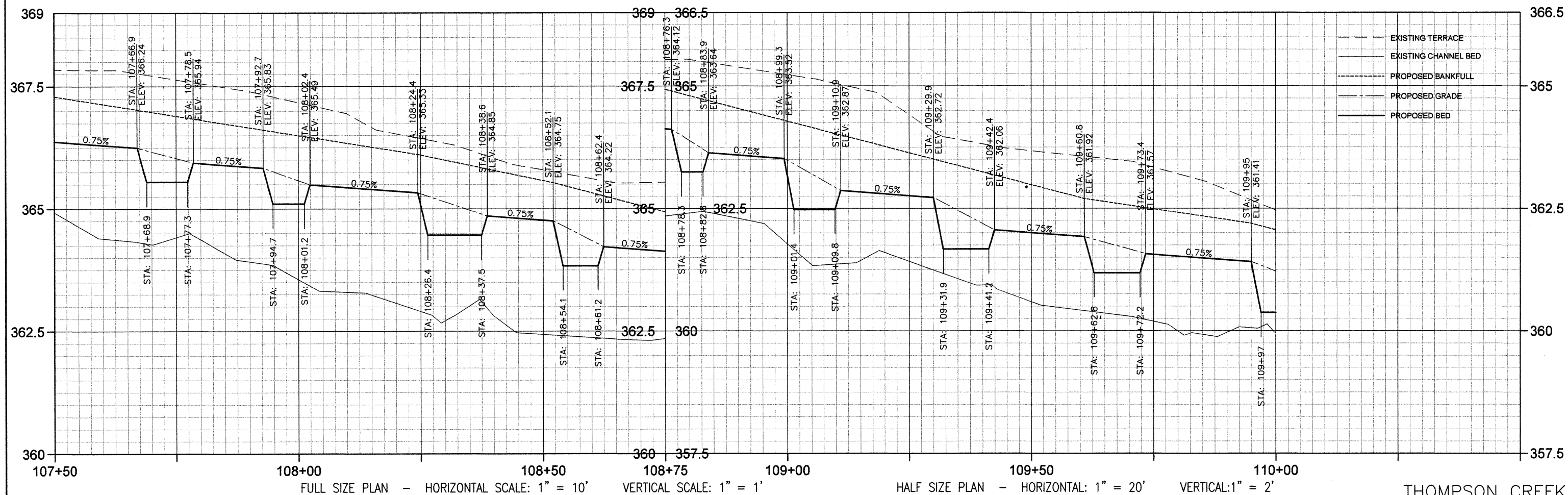
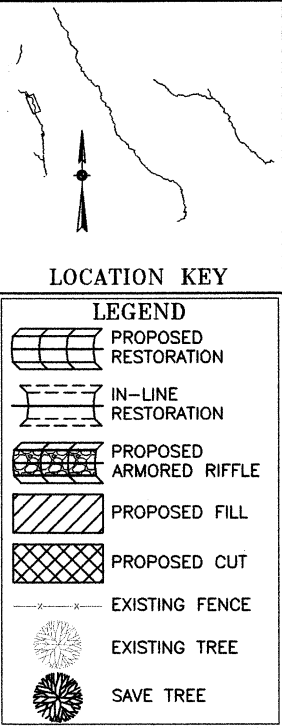
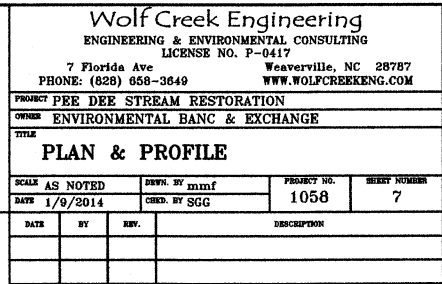


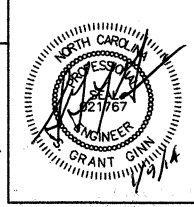
LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE







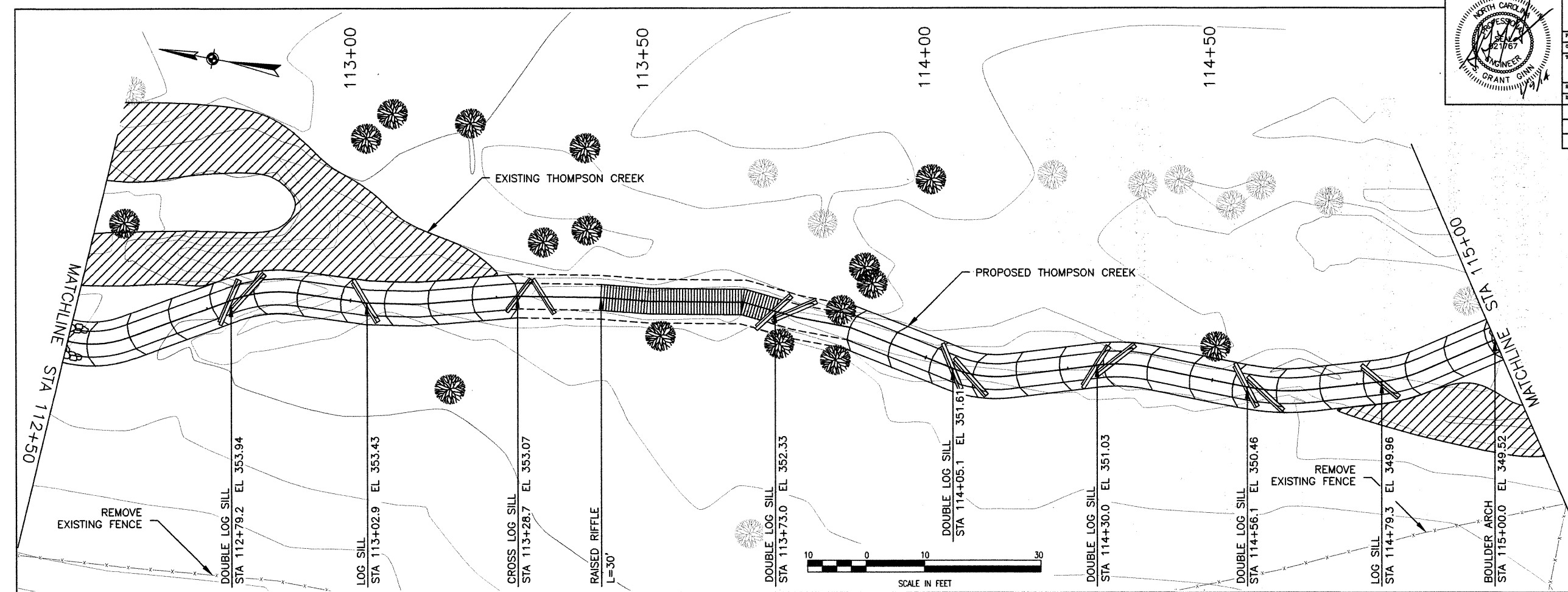
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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

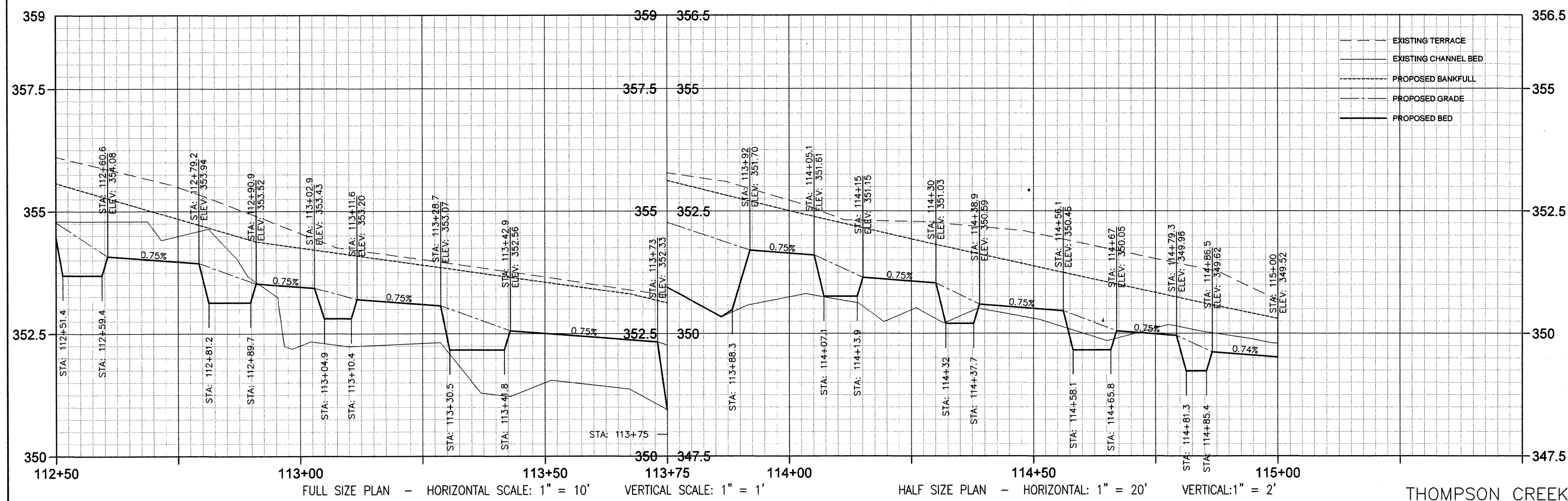
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DATE: 1/9/2014	CHKD BY: SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:

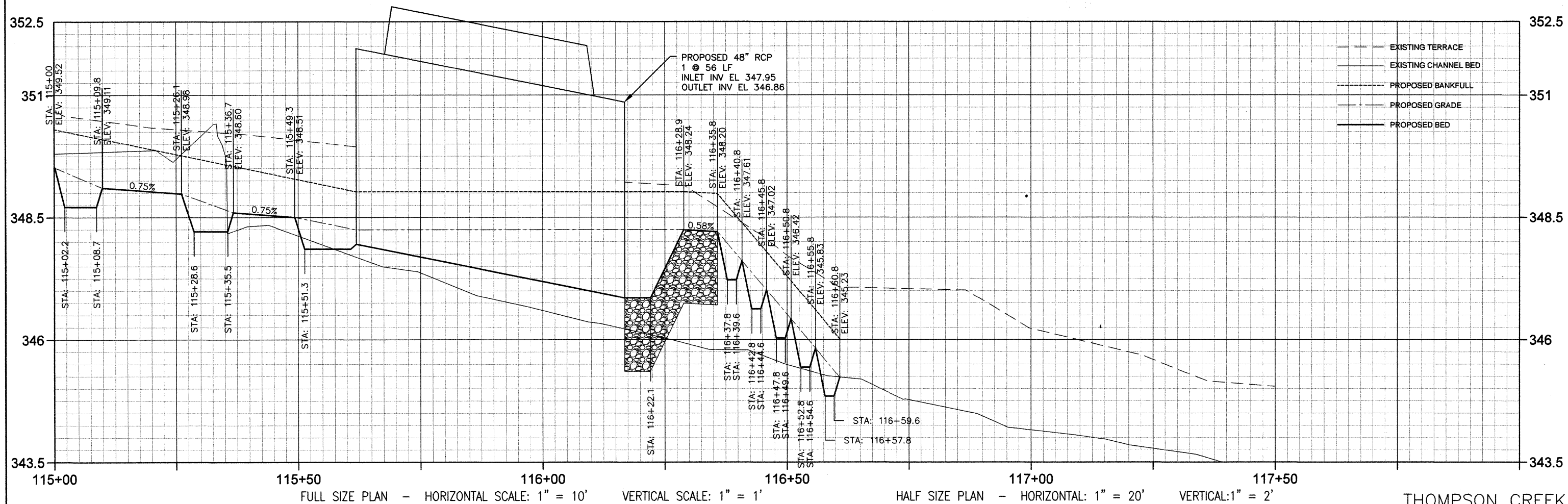
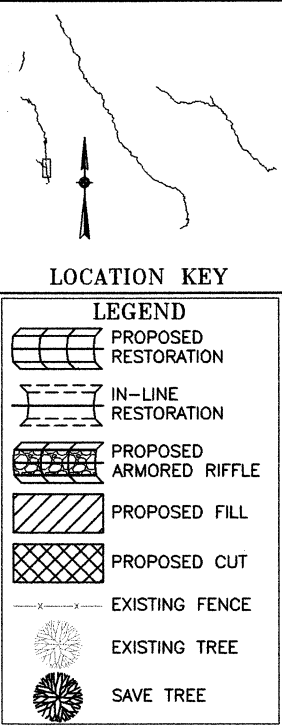
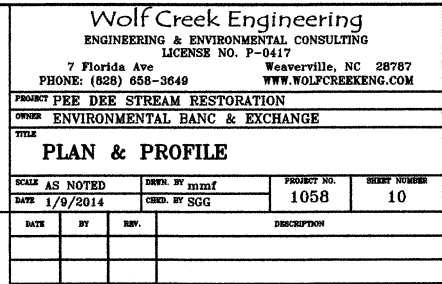


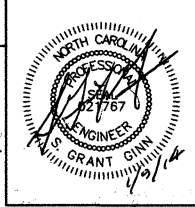
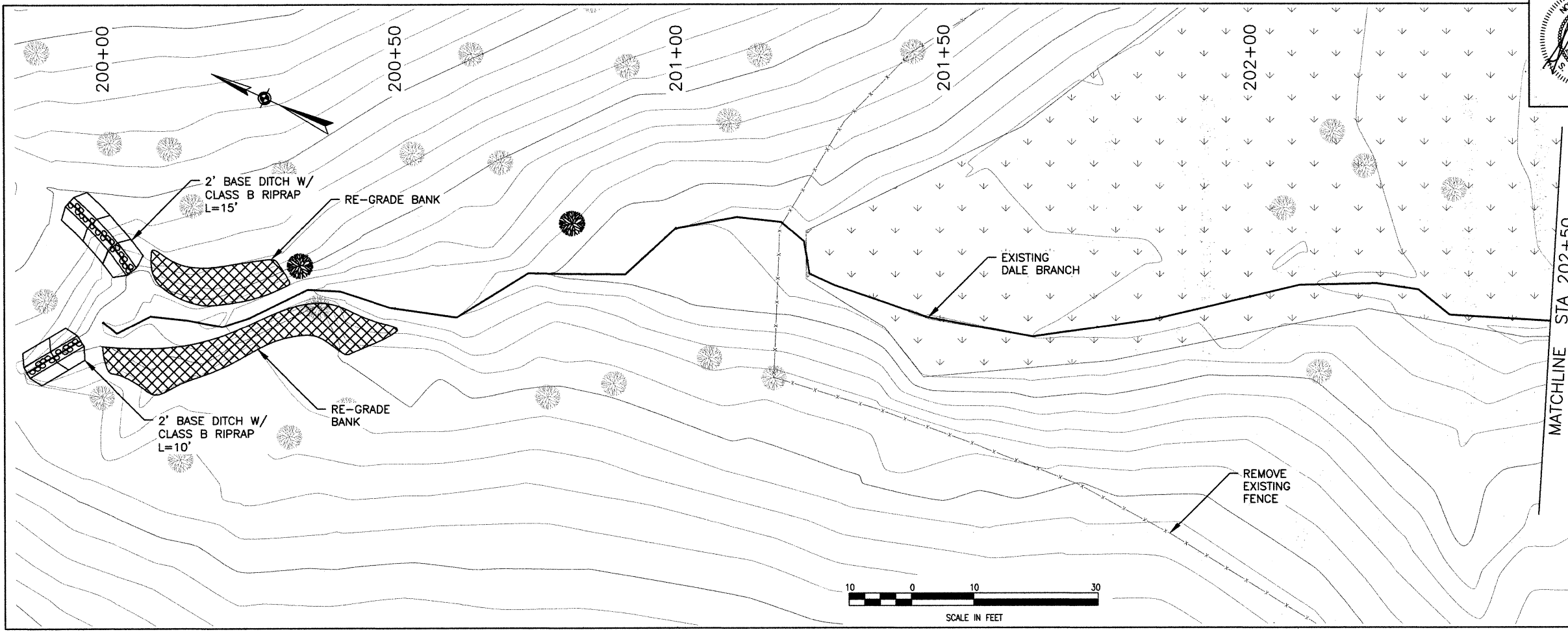
LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

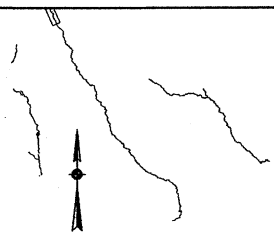
- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE



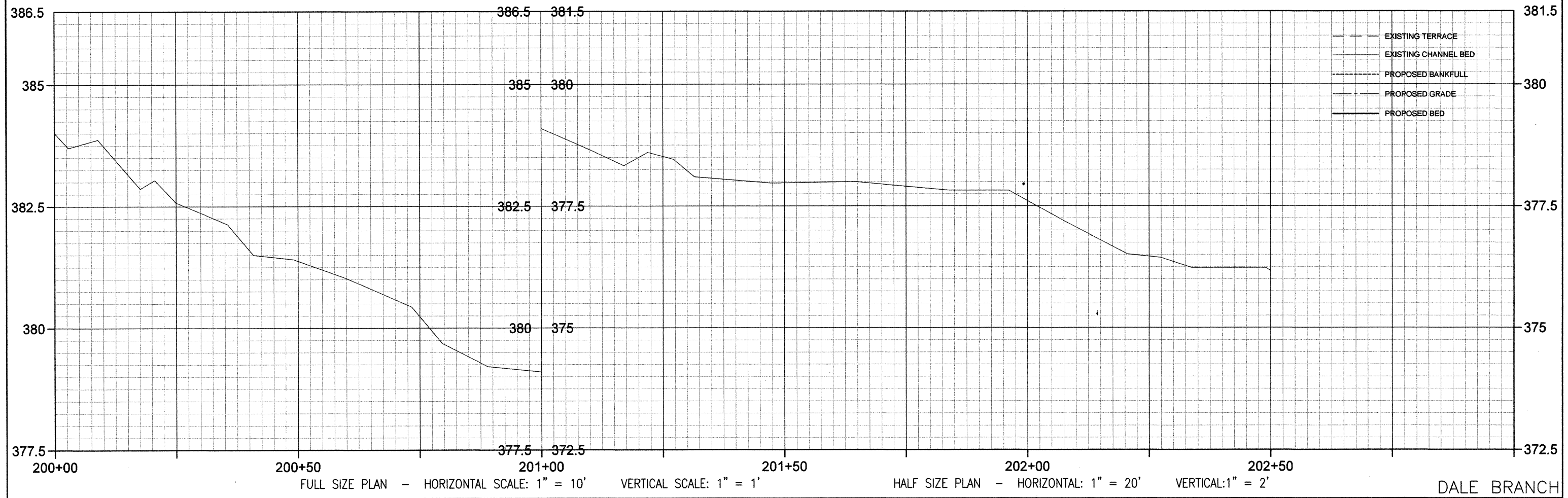




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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE			
TITLE PLAN & PROFILE			
SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 11
DATE 1/9/2014	CHKD BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LEGEND	
	PROPOSED RESTORATION
	IN-LINE RESTORATION
	PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
	PROPOSED FILL
	PROPOSED CUT
	EXISTING FENCE
	EXISTING TREE
	SAVE TREE

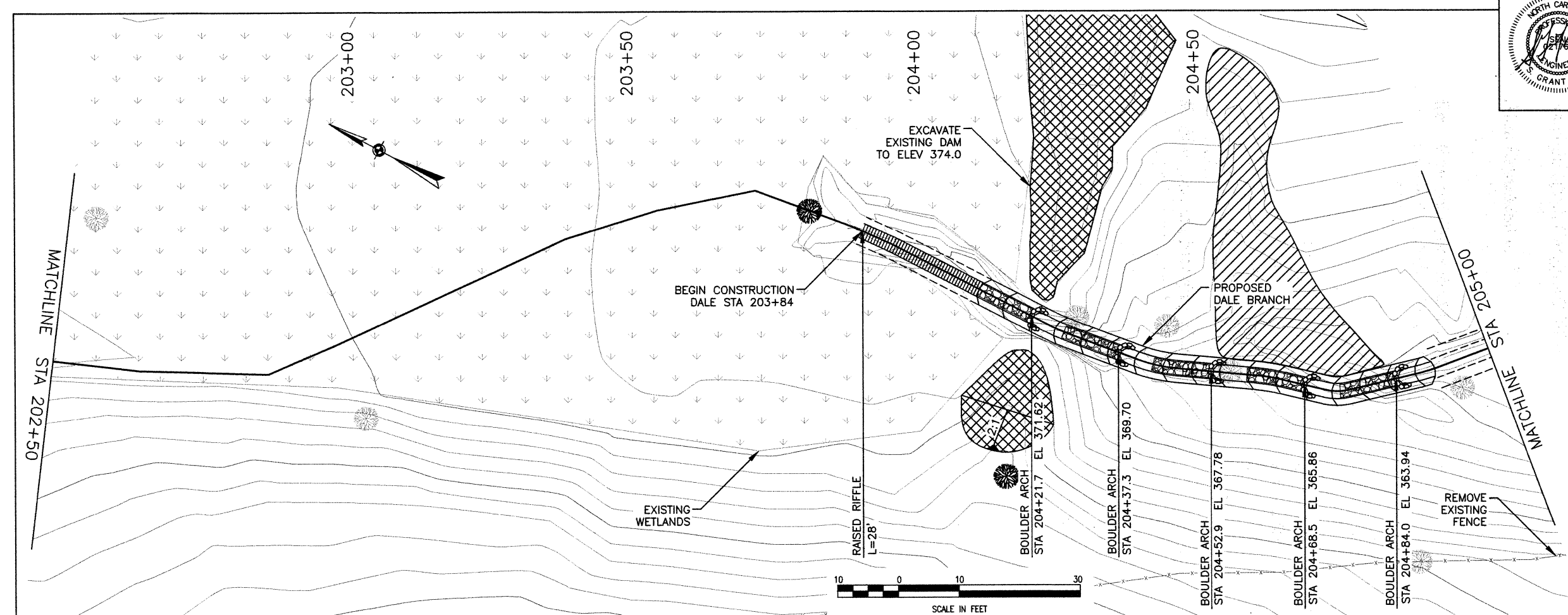


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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

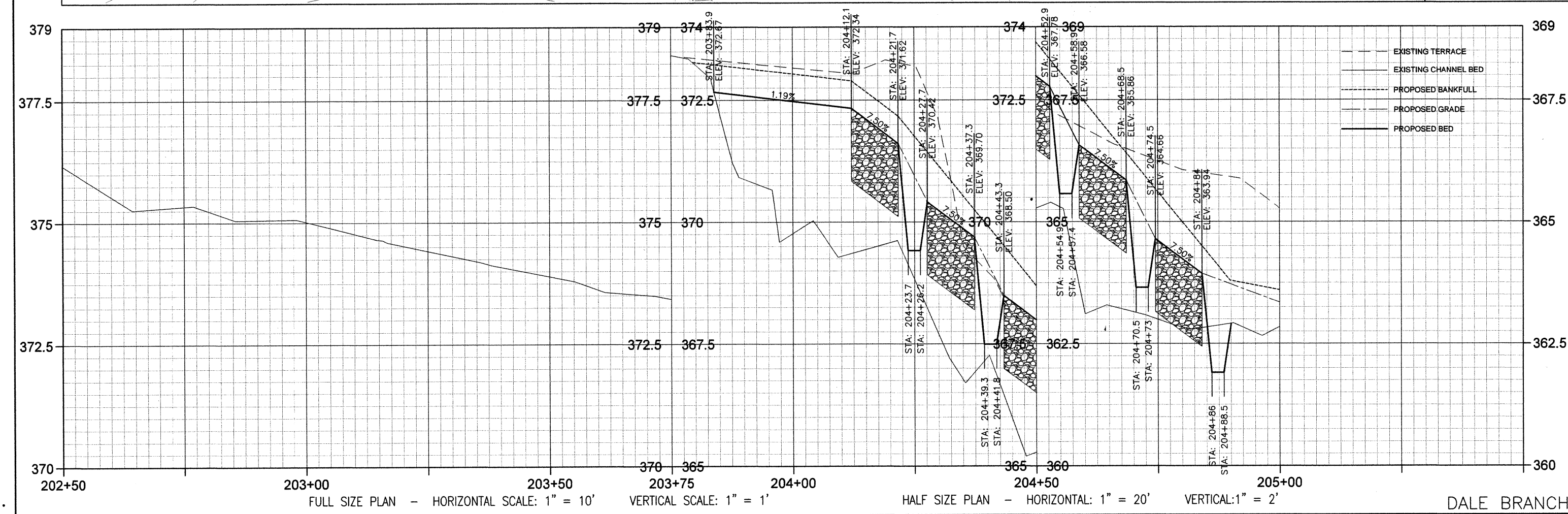
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DATE 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

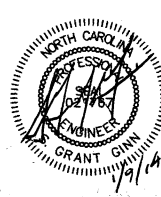


LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE





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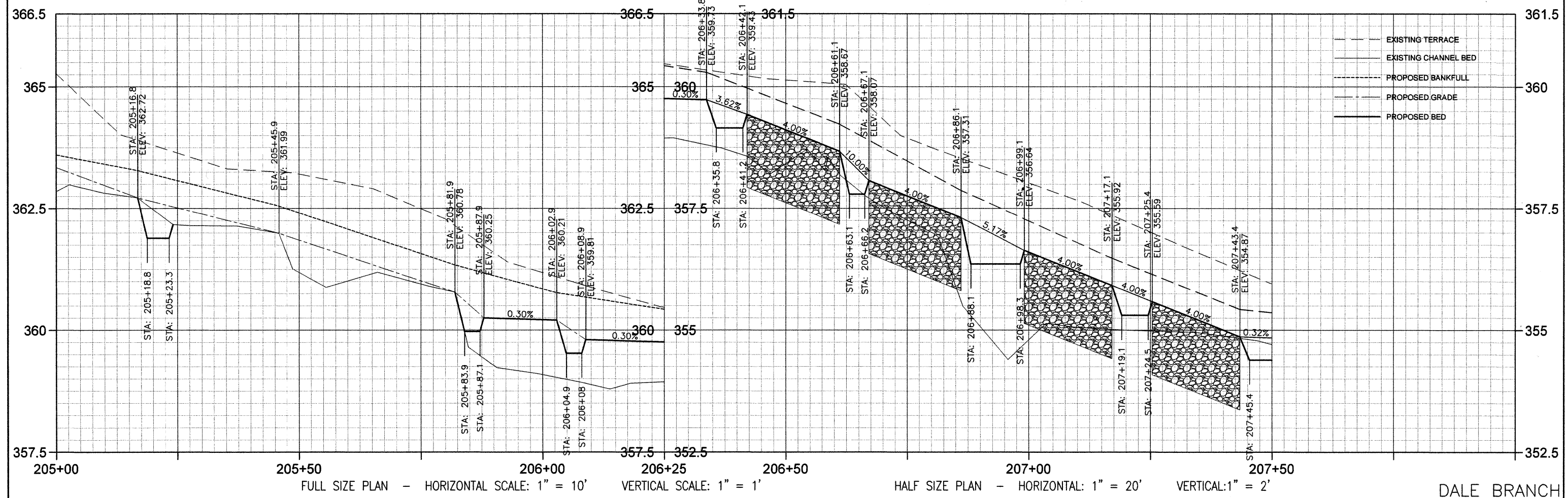
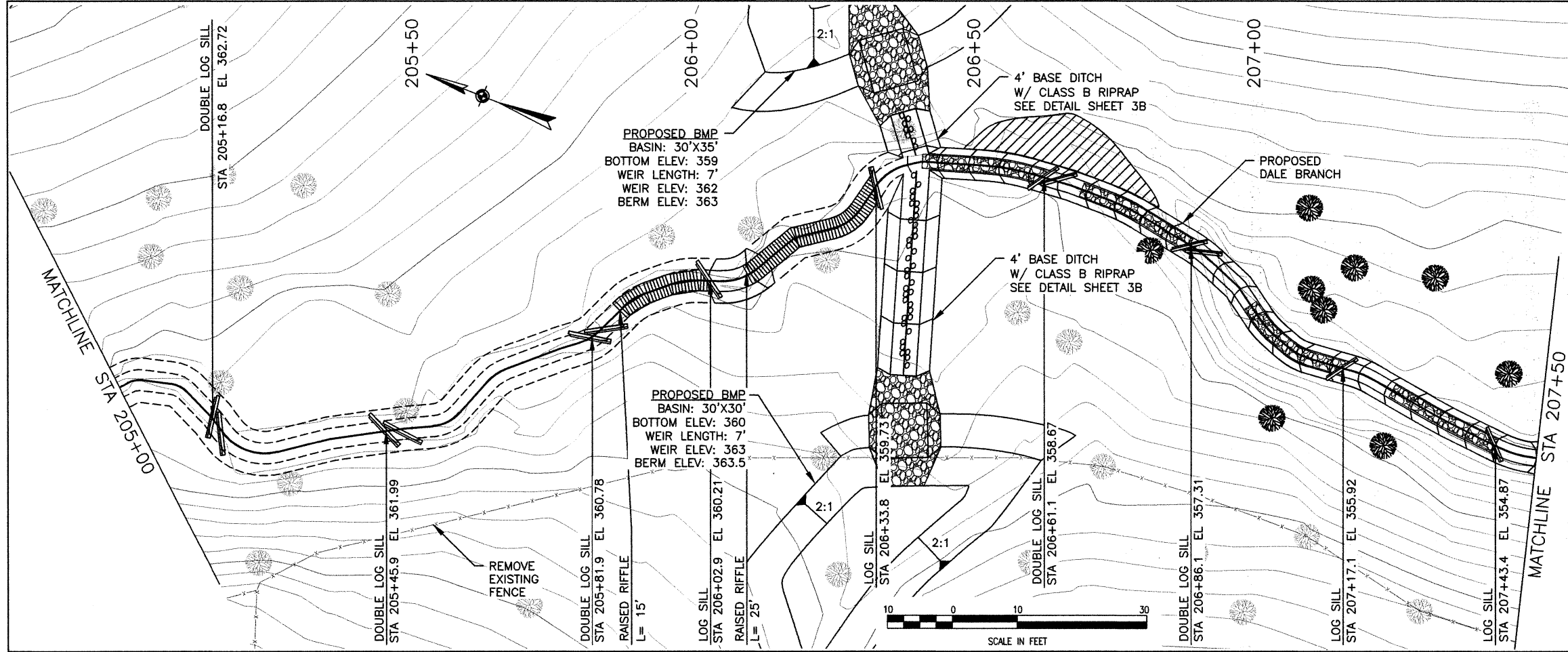
PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

SCALE: AS NOTED	DESIGN: BY CME	PROJECT NO.: 1058	SHEET NUMBER: 13
DATE: 1/9/2014	CHD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE



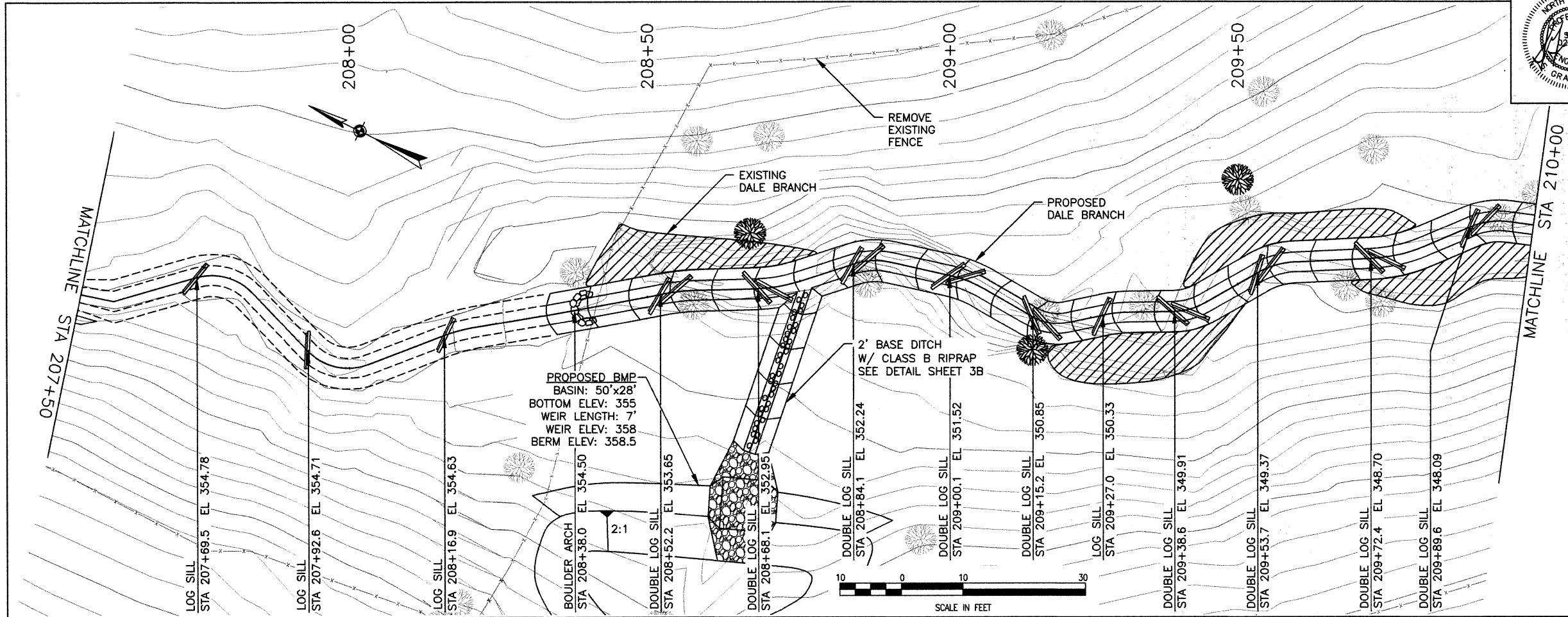
DALE BRANCH



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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

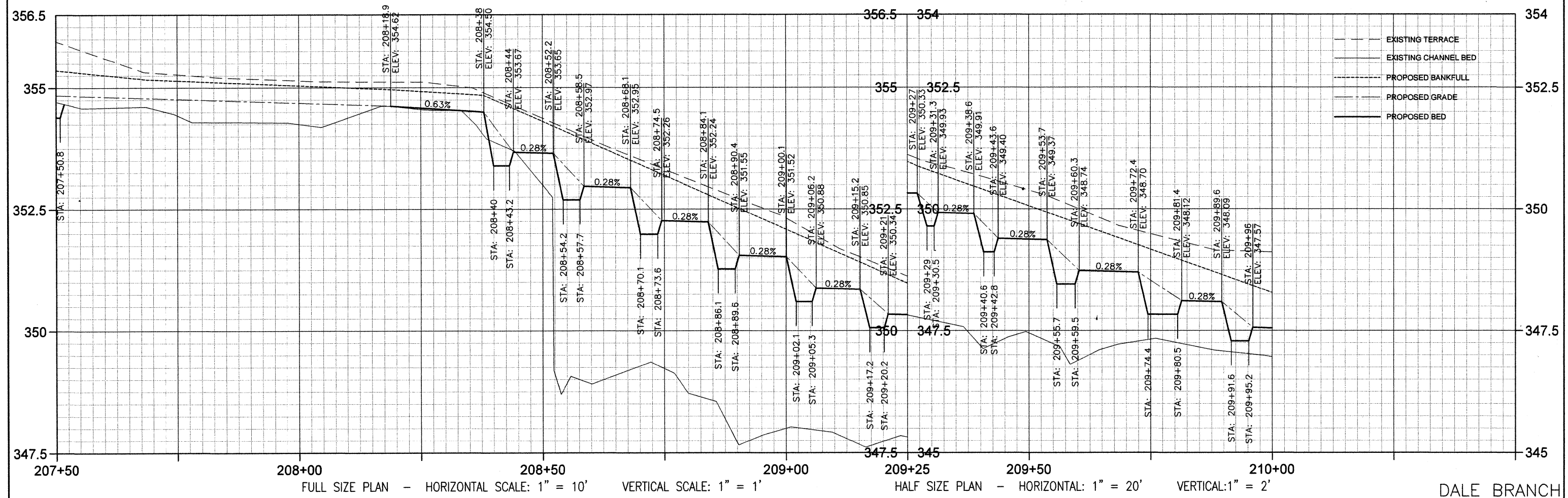
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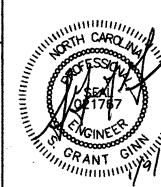


LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION (hatched area)
- IN-LINE RESTORATION (dashed line)
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE (cross-hatched area)
- PROPOSED FILL (diagonal hatching)
- PROPOSED CUT (cross-hatched area)
- EXISTING FENCE (dashed line with 'X's)
- EXISTING TREE (circle with cross)
- SAVE TREE (circle with dot)





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PROJECT PRE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE AS NOTED

DATE 1/9/2014

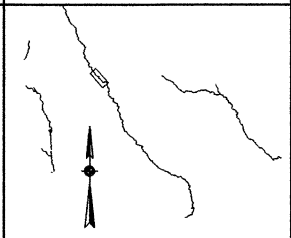
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CHECK. BY SGG

PROJECT NO. 1058

SHEET NUMBER 15

DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

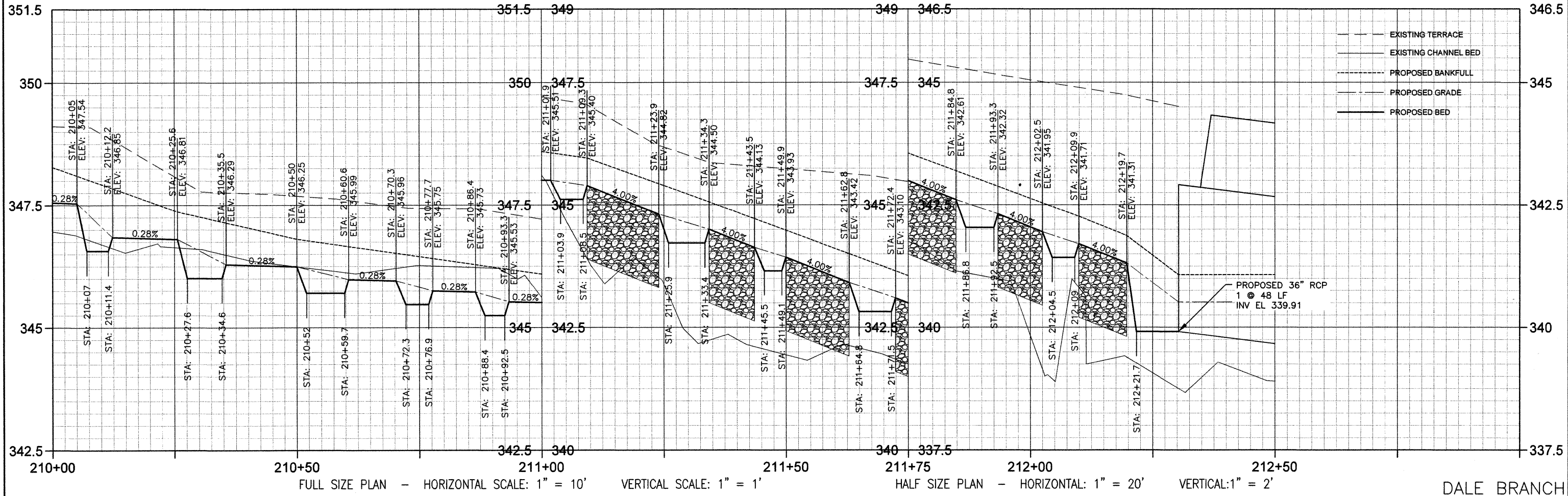
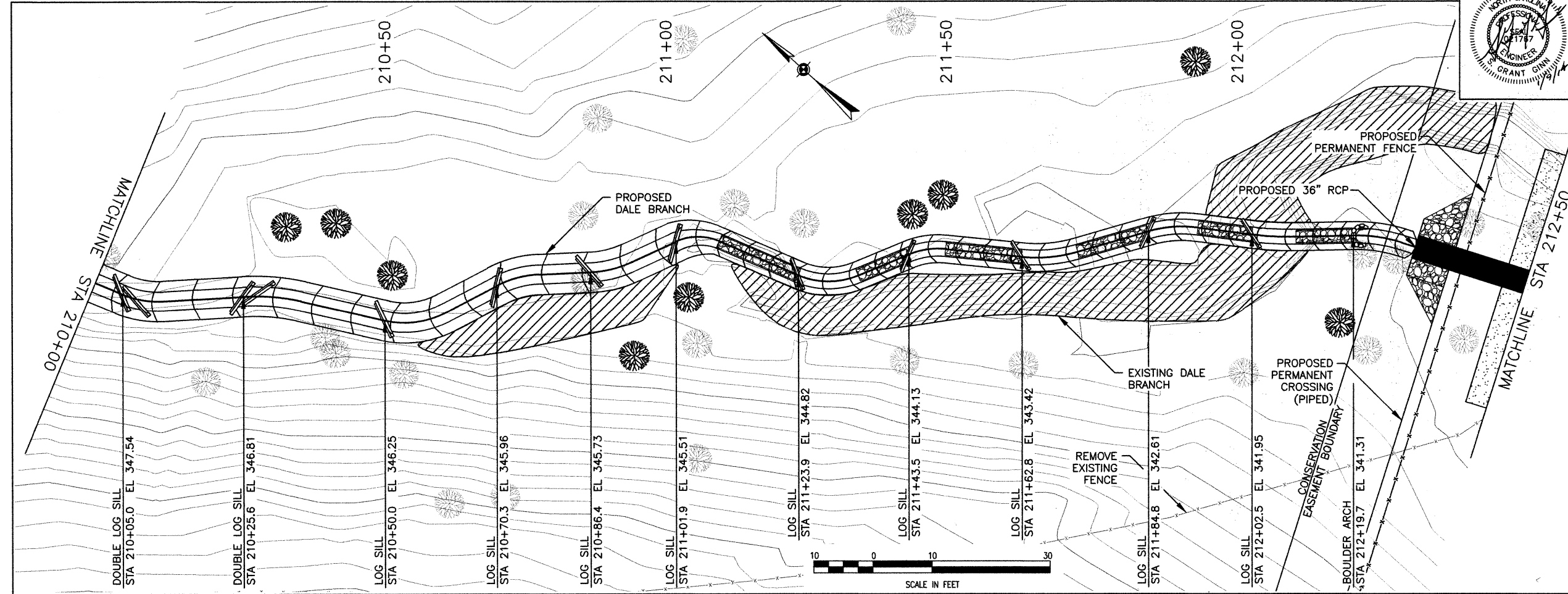


LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

PROPOSED RESTORATION

IN-LINE RESTORATION

PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE

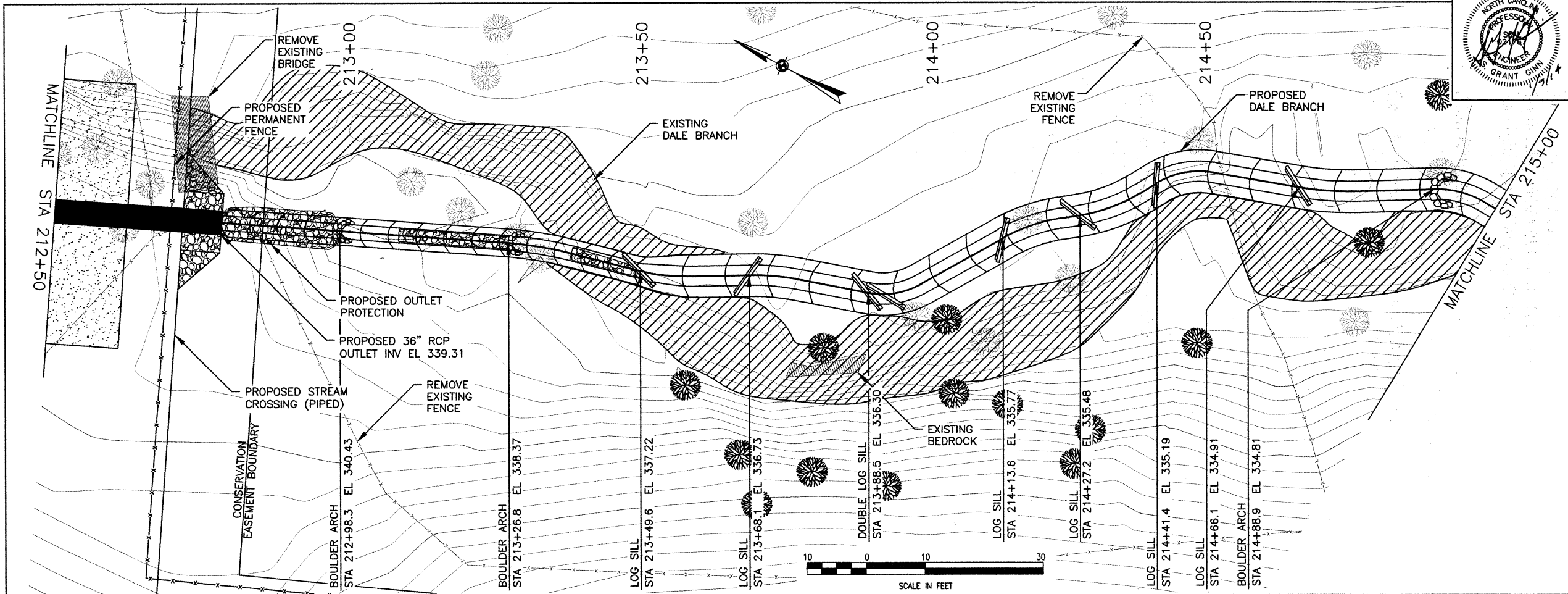


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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

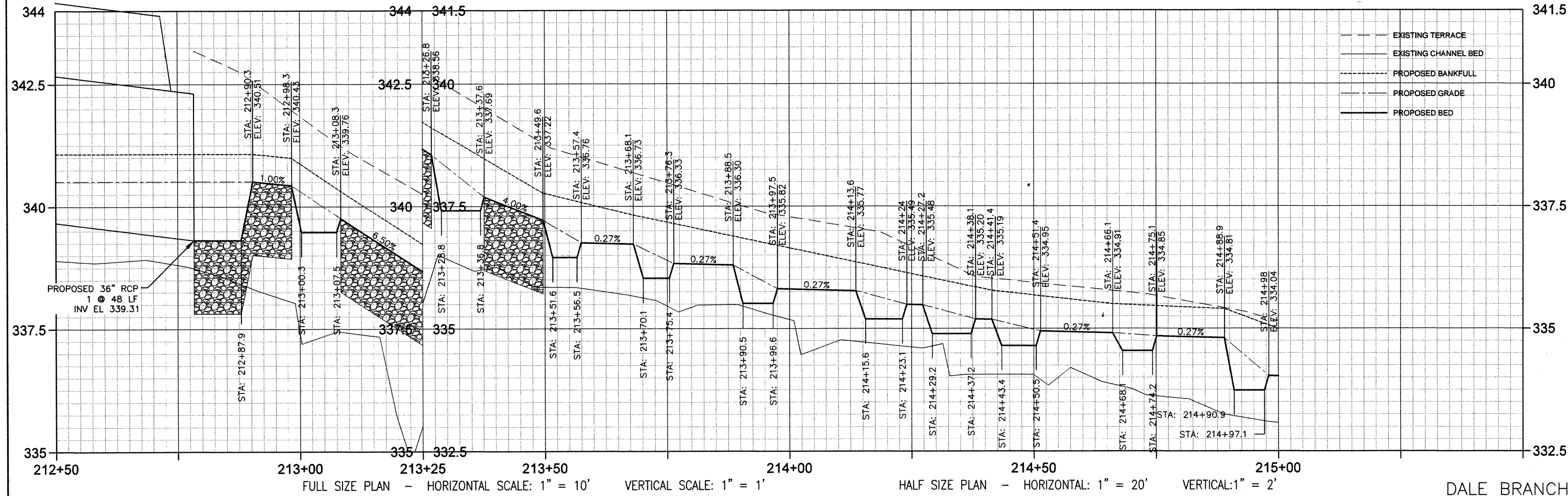
SCALE: AS NOTED	DRAWN BY: CME	PROJECT NO.: 1058	SHEET NUMBER: 16
DATE: 1/9/2014	CHD. BY: SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE

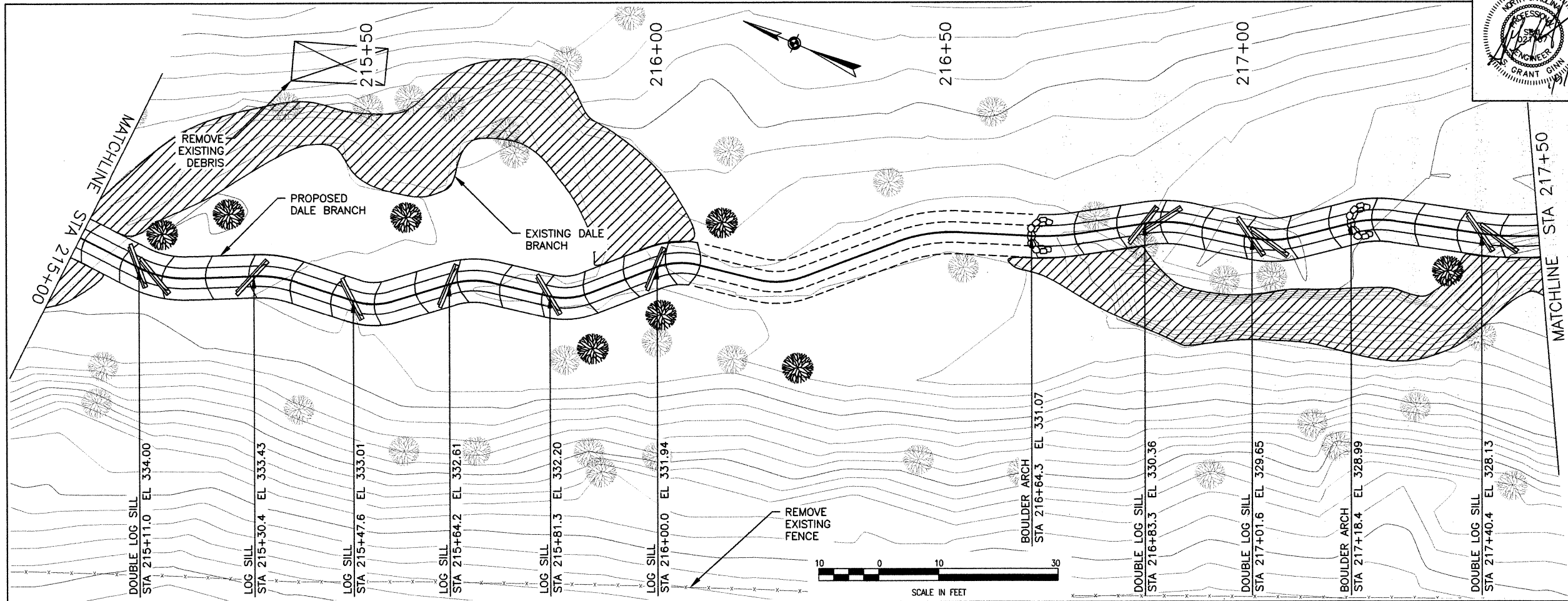




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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANK & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

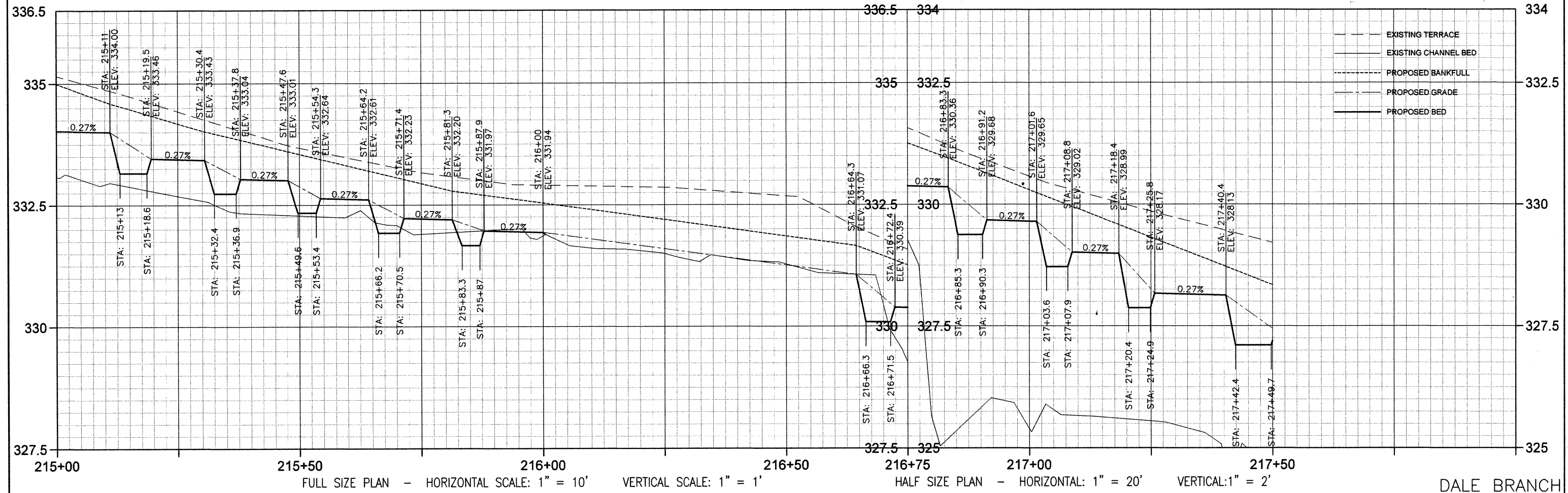
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DATE: 1/9/2014	CHD. BY: SGG		
DATE:	BY:	EXP.	DESCRIPTION:

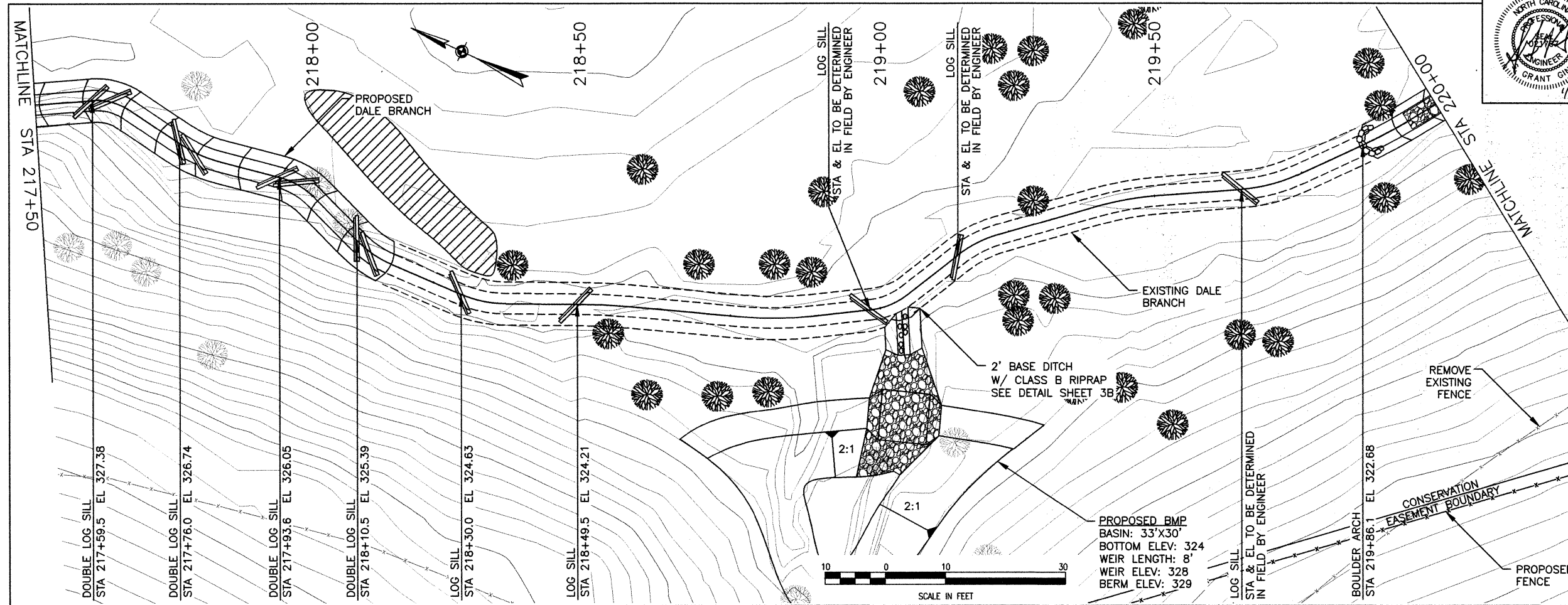



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE







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PHONE: (828) 656-3649 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

SCALE	AS NOTED	DRAWN BY	CME	PROJECT NO.	1058	SHEET NUMBER	18
DATE	1/9/2014	CHKD. BY	SGG				
DATE		REV.					
				DESCRIPTION			

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

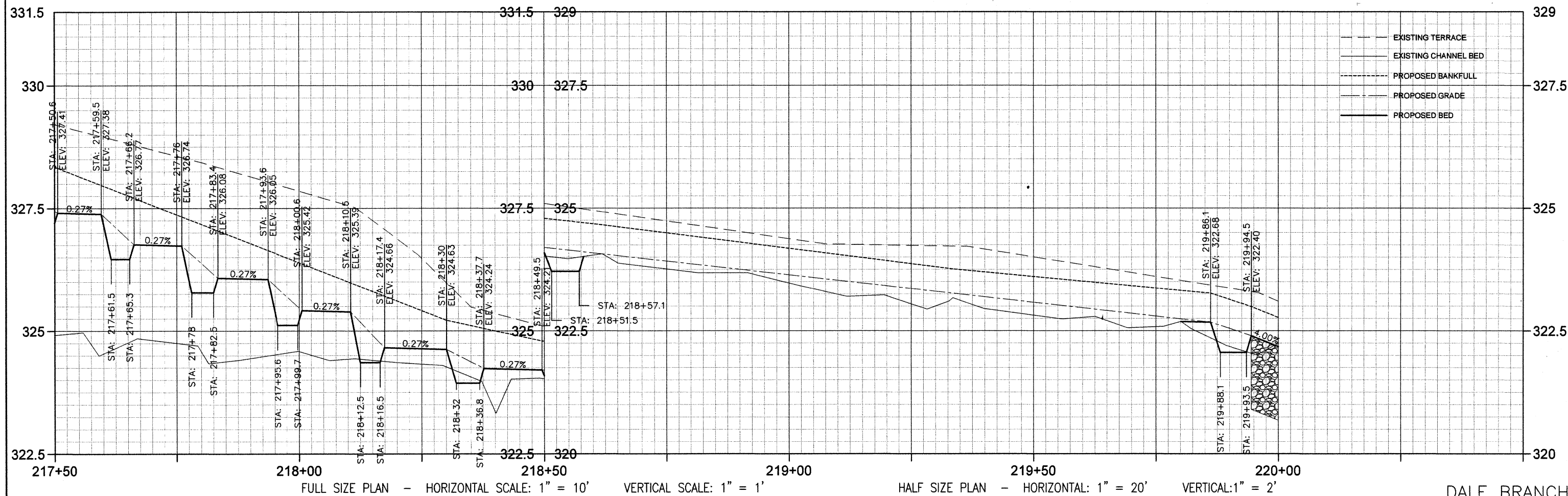
- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE

REMOVE EXISTING FENCE

CONSERVATION EASEMENT BOUNDARY

PROPOSED PERMANENT FENCE

BOULDER ARCH

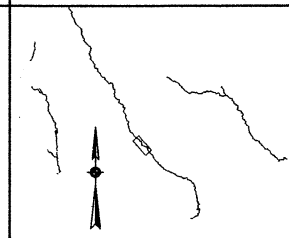




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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

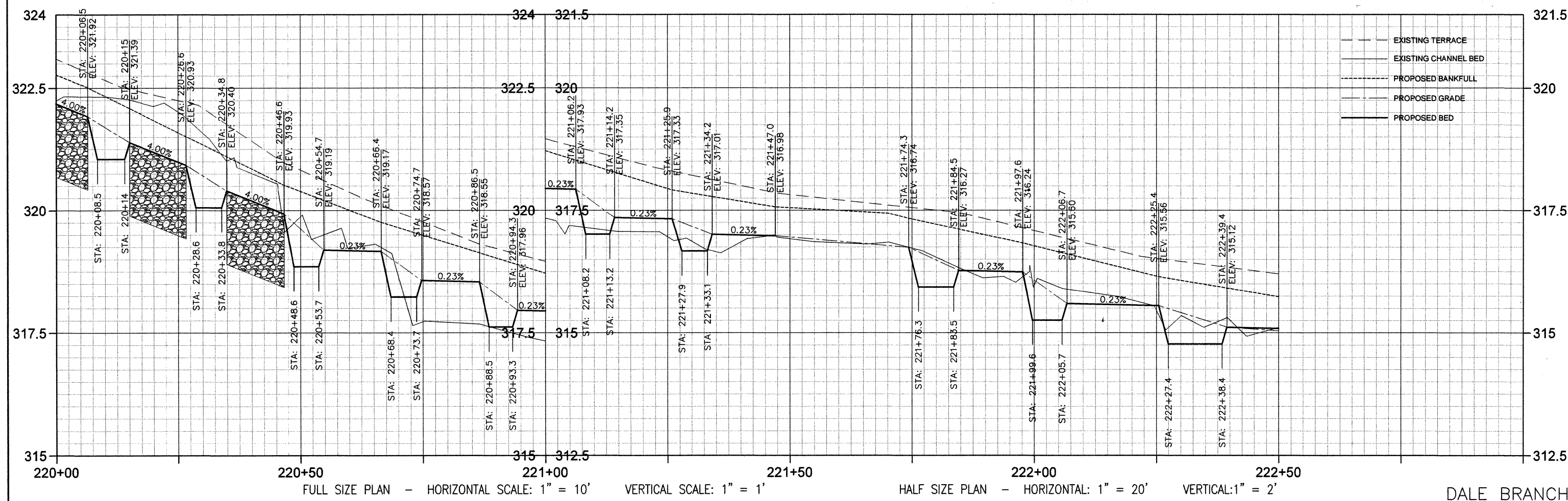
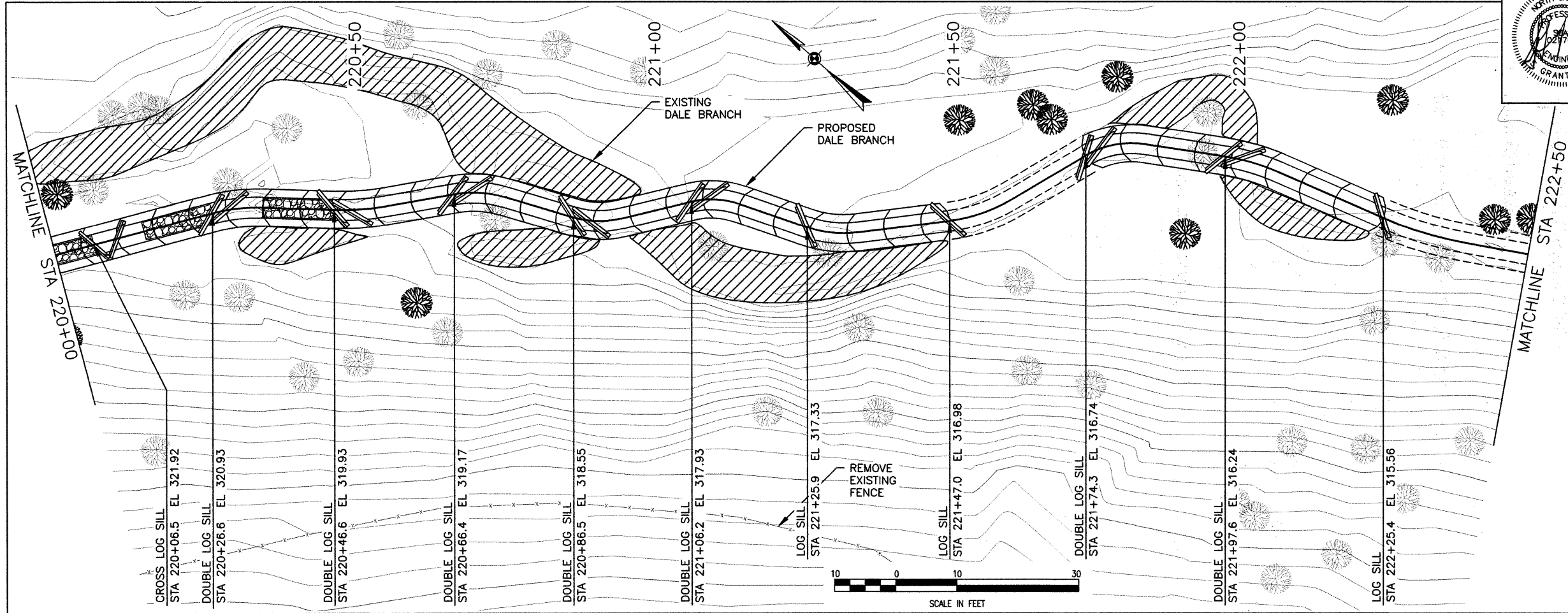
SCALE: AS NOTED	DESIGN: BY CME	PROJECT NO.: 1058	SHEET NUMBER: 19
DATE: 1/9/2014	CHECK: BY SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE



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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

TITLE

PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE AS NOTED

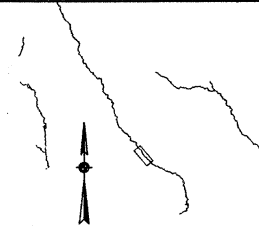
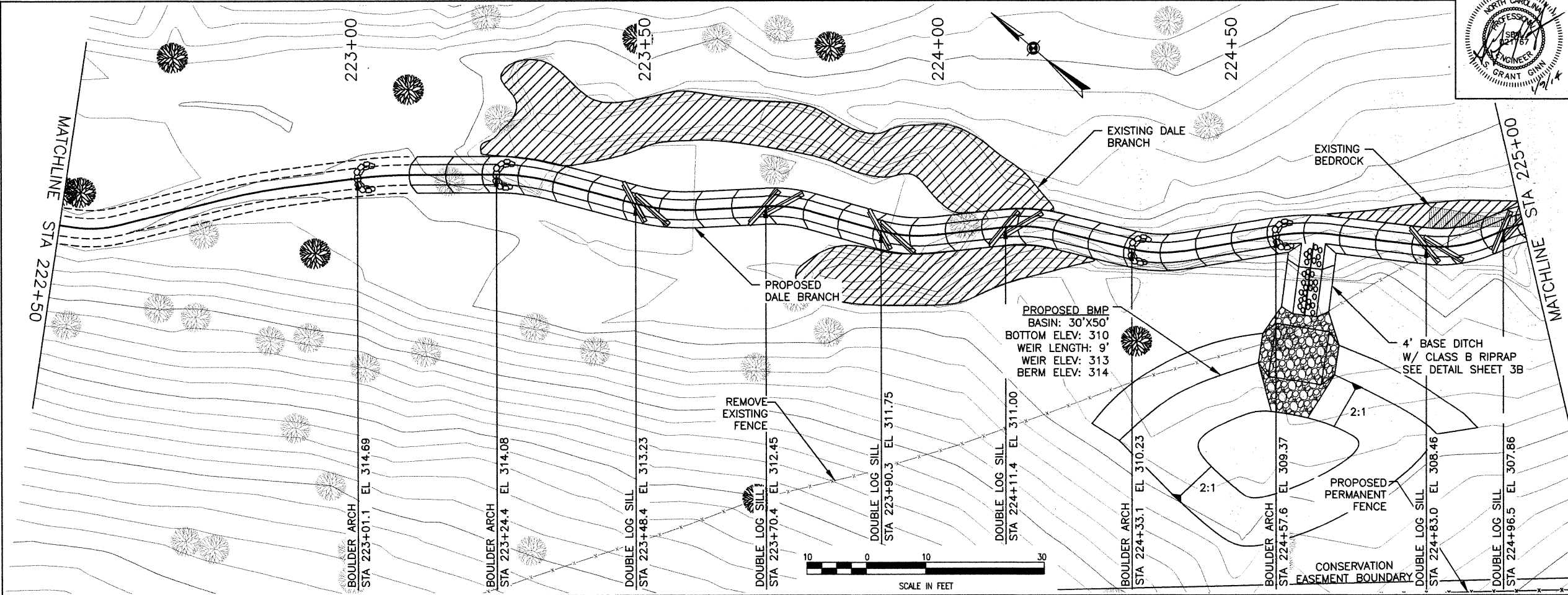
DATE 1/9/2014

DESIGN BY CME

CHECKED BY SGG

PROJECT NO. 1058

SHEET NUMBER 20



LEGEND

PROPOSED RESTORATION

IN-LINE RESTORATION

PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE

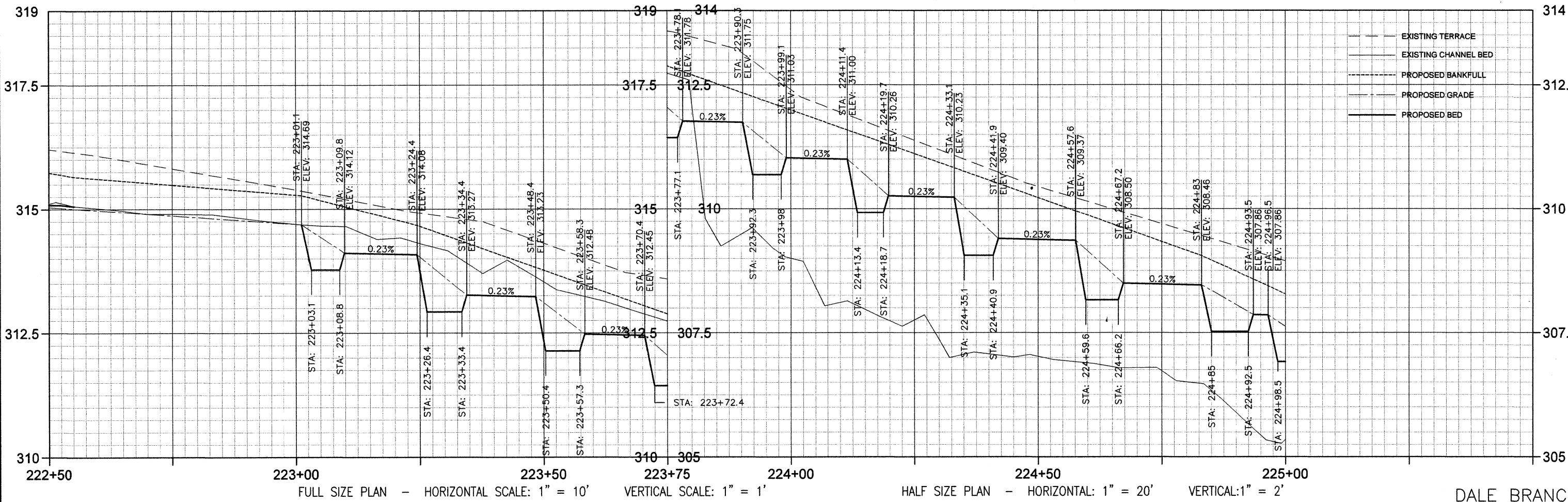
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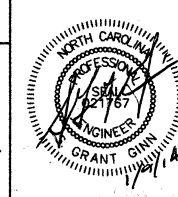
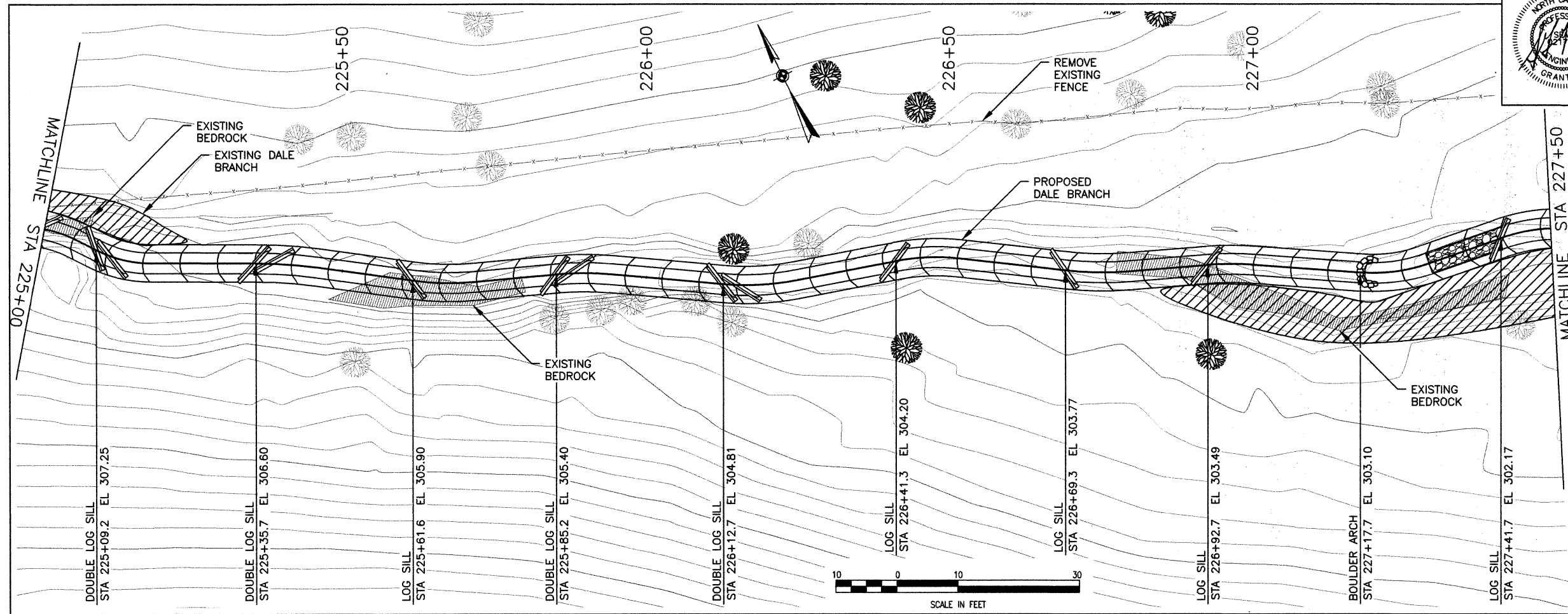
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EXISTING FENCE

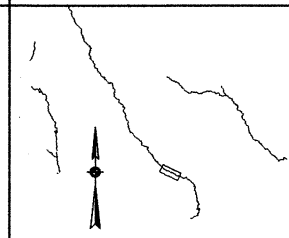
EXISTING TREE

SAVE TREE

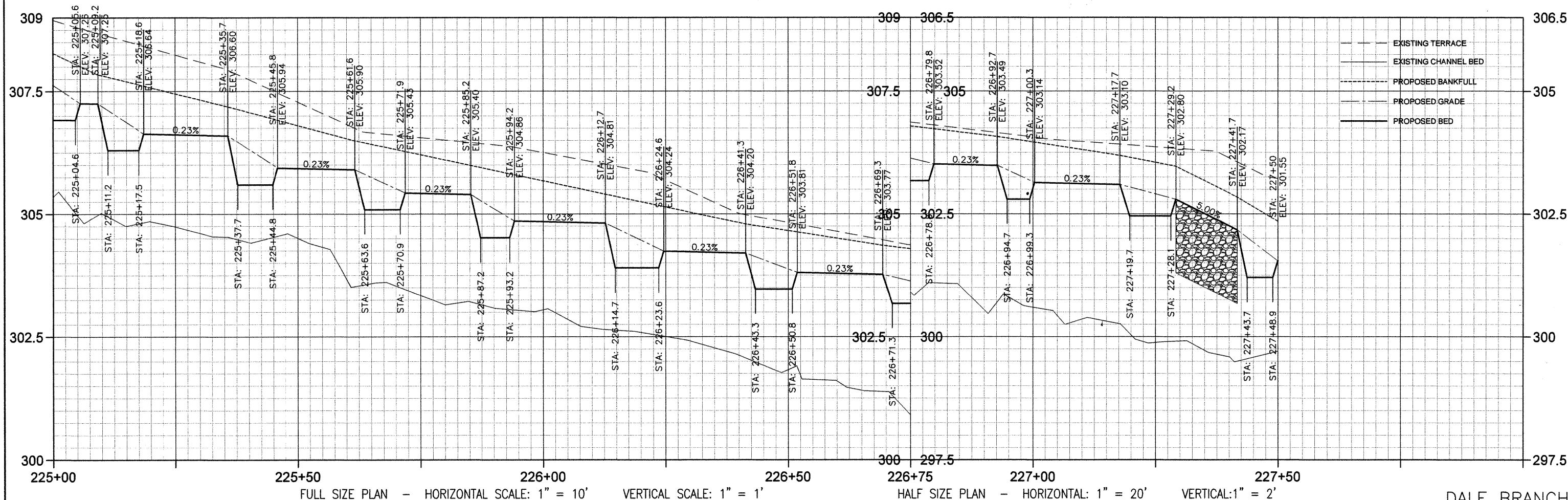


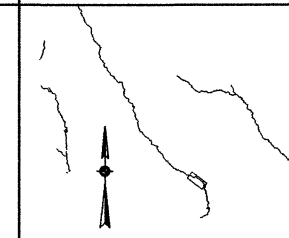


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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE			
TITLE			
PLAN & PROFILE			
SCALE	AS NOTED	DRWN. BY CME	PROJECT NO.
DATE	1/9/2014	CHKD. BY SGG	1058
			SHEET NUMBER
			21
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

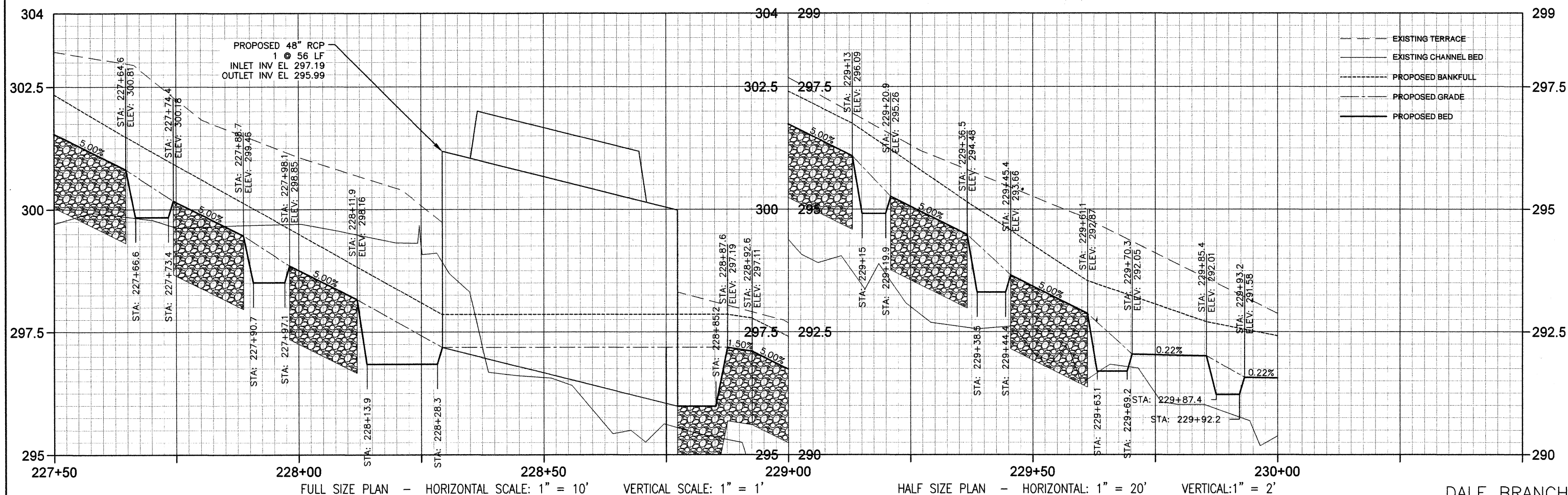


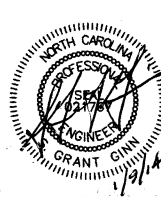
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LEGEND	
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	IN-LINE RESTORATION
	PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
	PROPOSED FILL
	PROPOSED CUT
	EXISTING FENCE
	EXISTING TREE
	SAVE TREE





-
- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| | PROPOSED RESTORATION |
| | IN-LINE RESTORATION |
| | PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE |
| | PROPOSED FILL |
| | PROPOSED CUT |
| | EXISTING FENCE |
| | EXISTING TREE |
| | SAVE TREE |

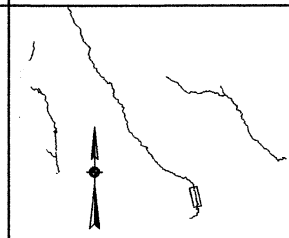




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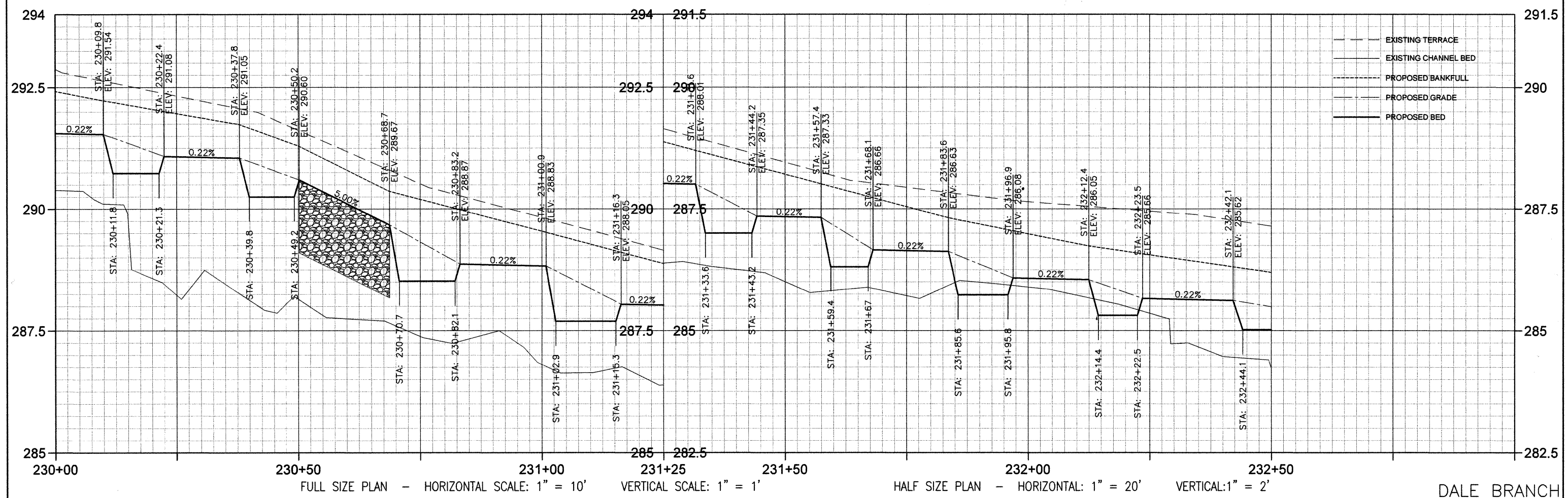
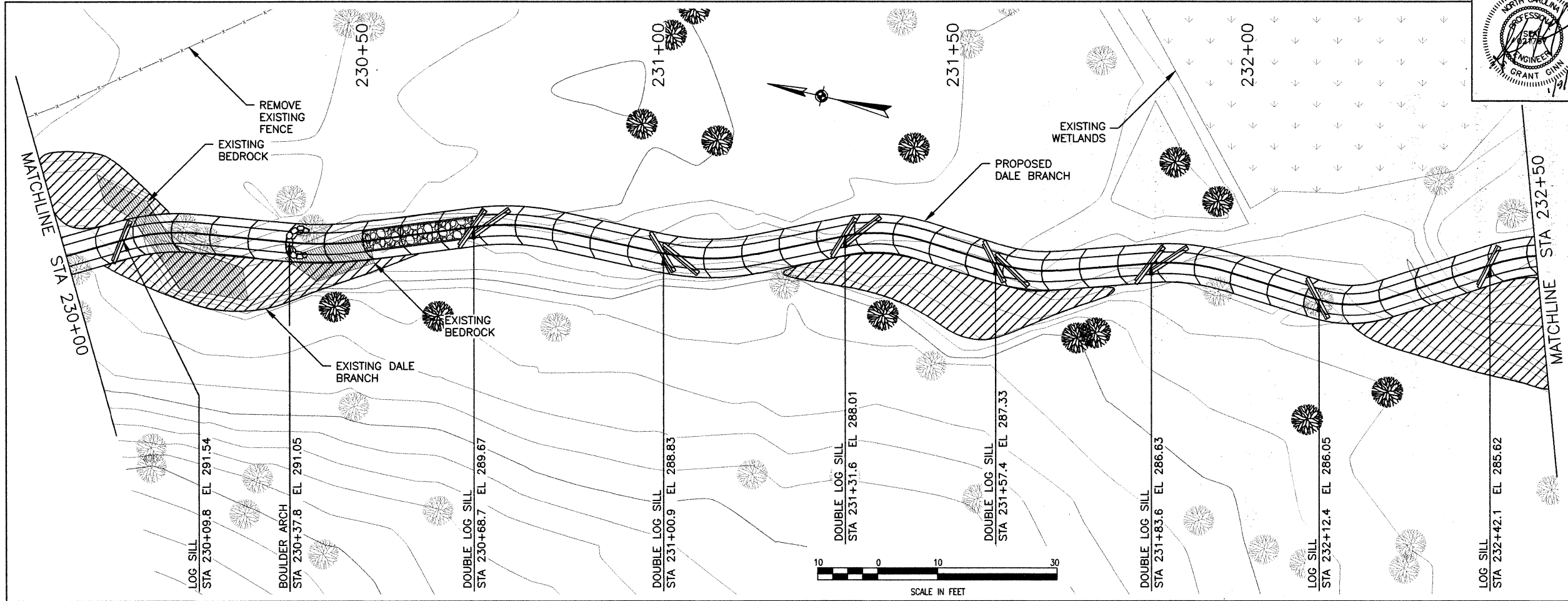
PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

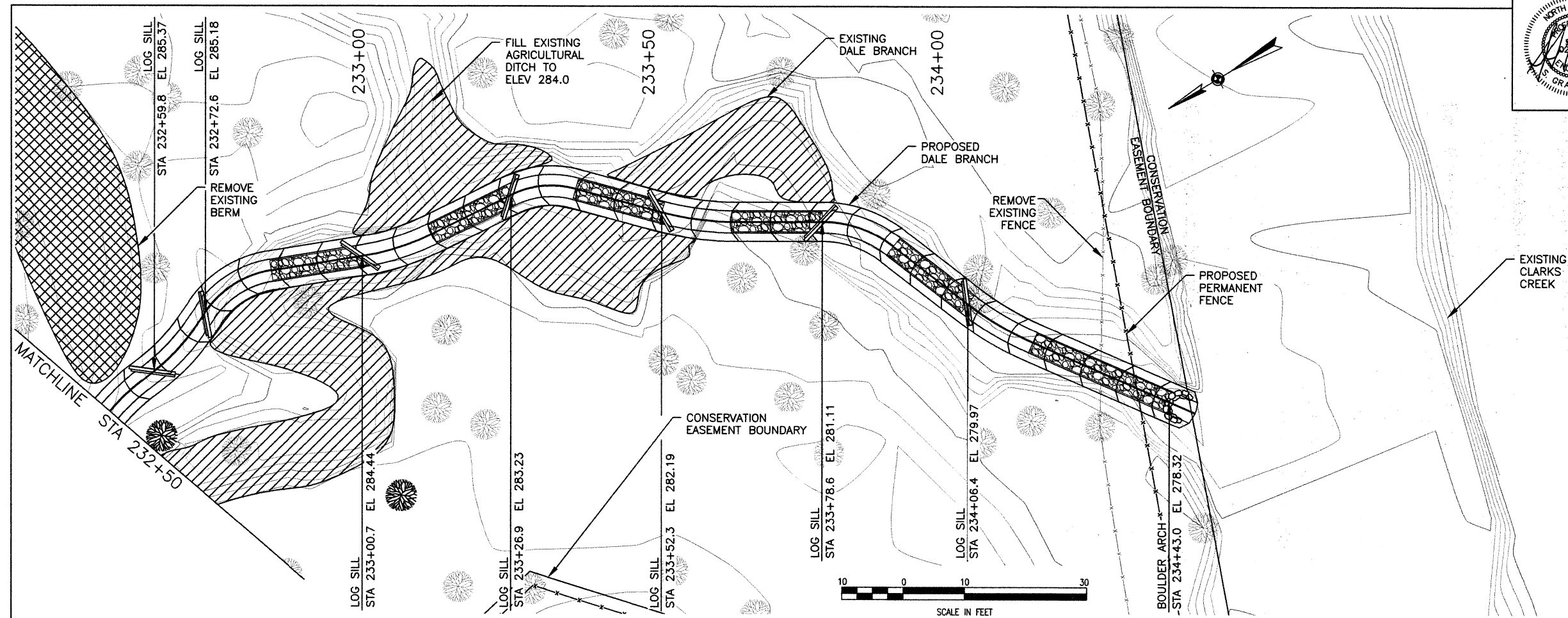
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DATE: 1/9/2014	CHD: BY SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:




LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
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- EXISTING TREE
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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

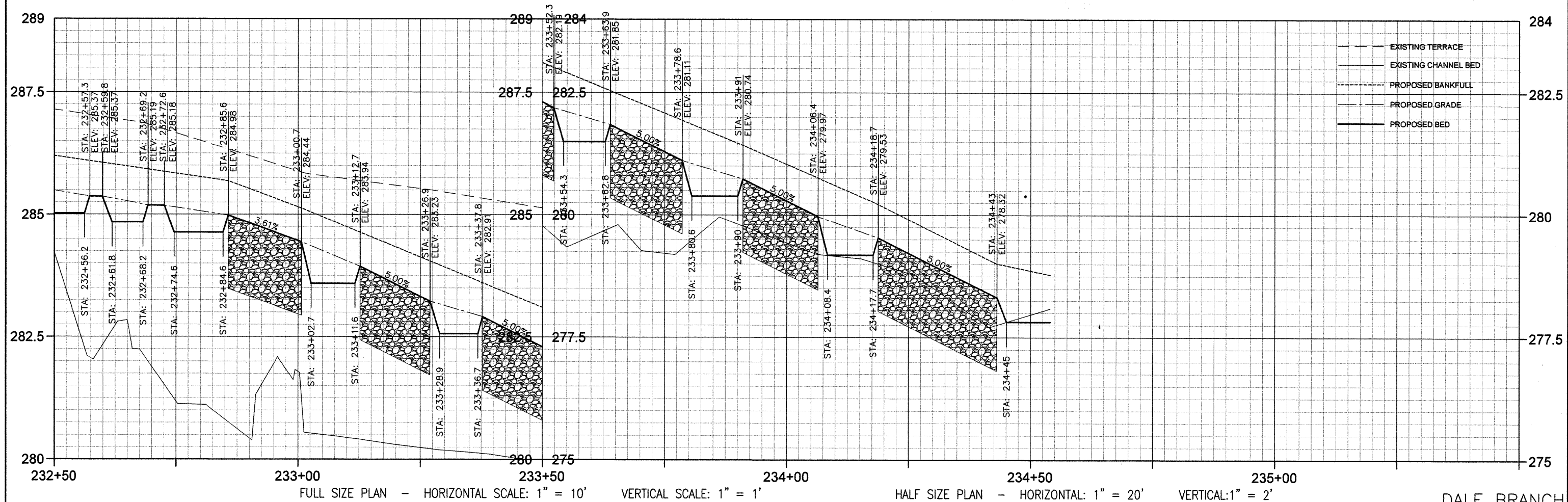
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DATE	1/9/2014	BY			
DATE		BY			
DATE		BY			

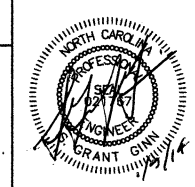
PROJECT NO. 1058
SHEET NUMBER 24

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE
- SAVE TREE





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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

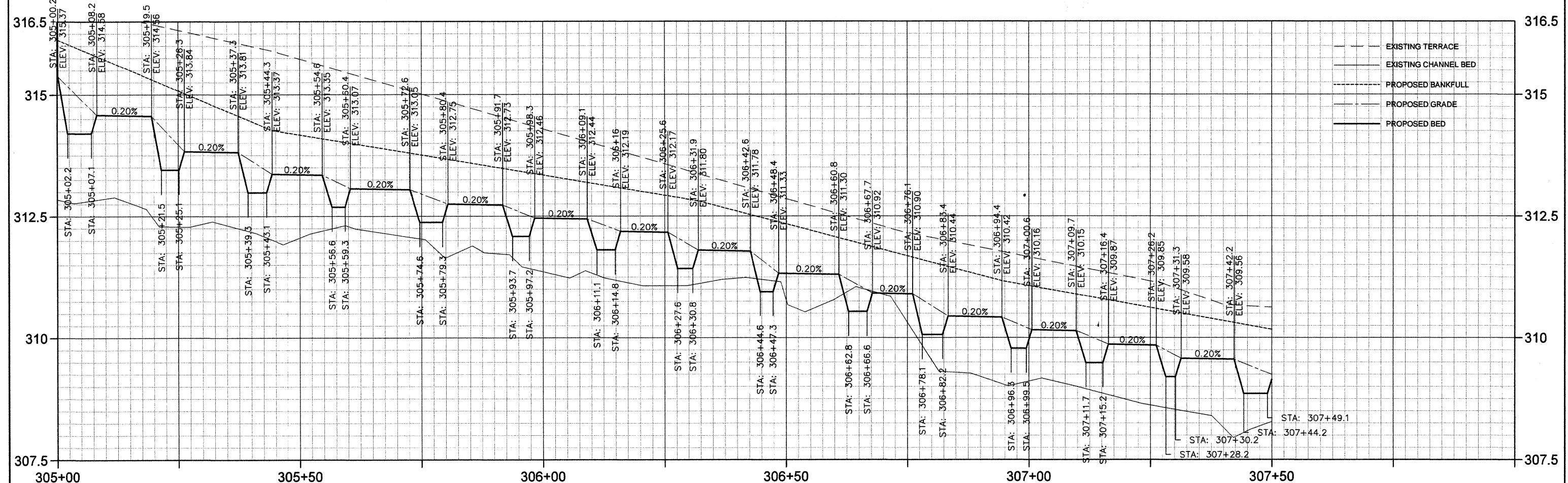
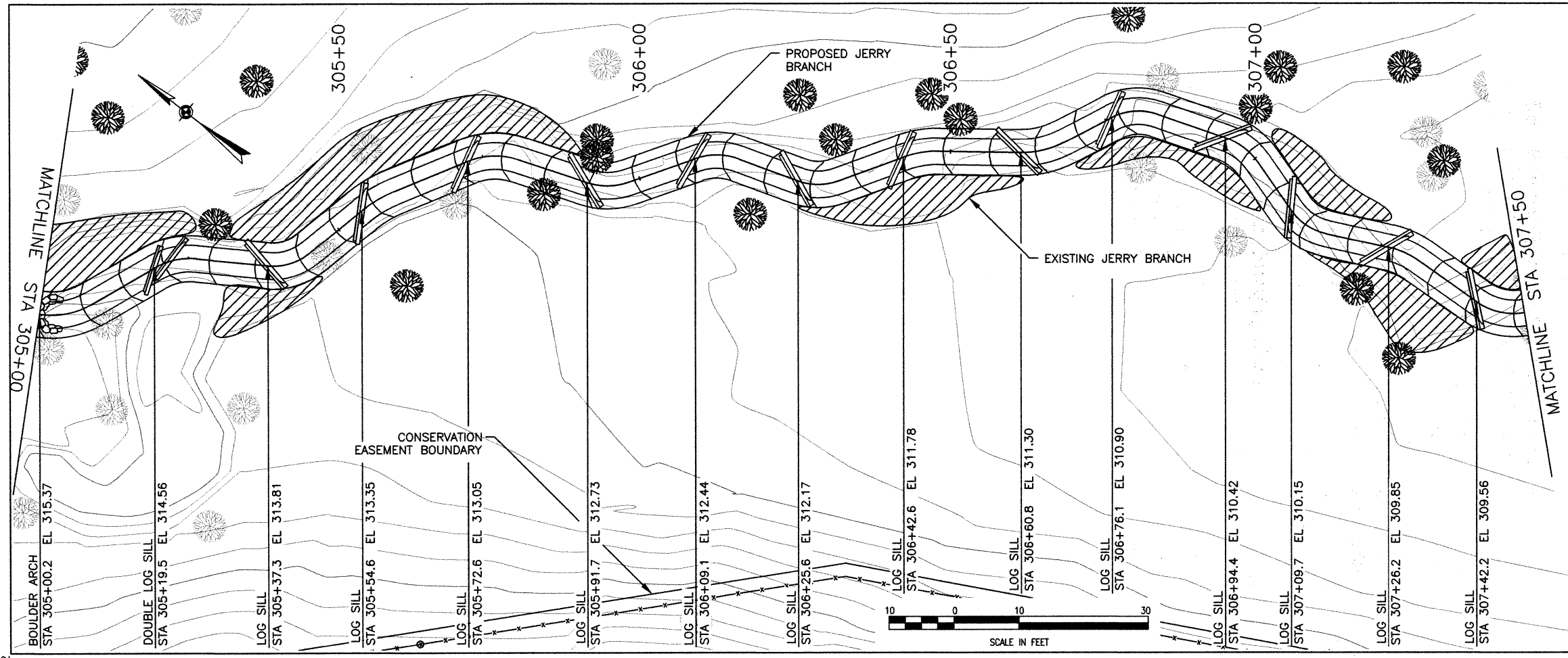
PLAN & PROFILE

SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY CME	PROJECT NO. 1058	SHEET NUMBER 27
DATE 1/9/2014	CHKD BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
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- SAVE TREE



FULL SIZE PLAN - HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1" = 10' VERTICAL SCALE: 1" = 1' HALF SIZE PLAN - HORIZONTAL: 1" = 20' VERTICAL: 1" = 2'

JERRY BRANCH



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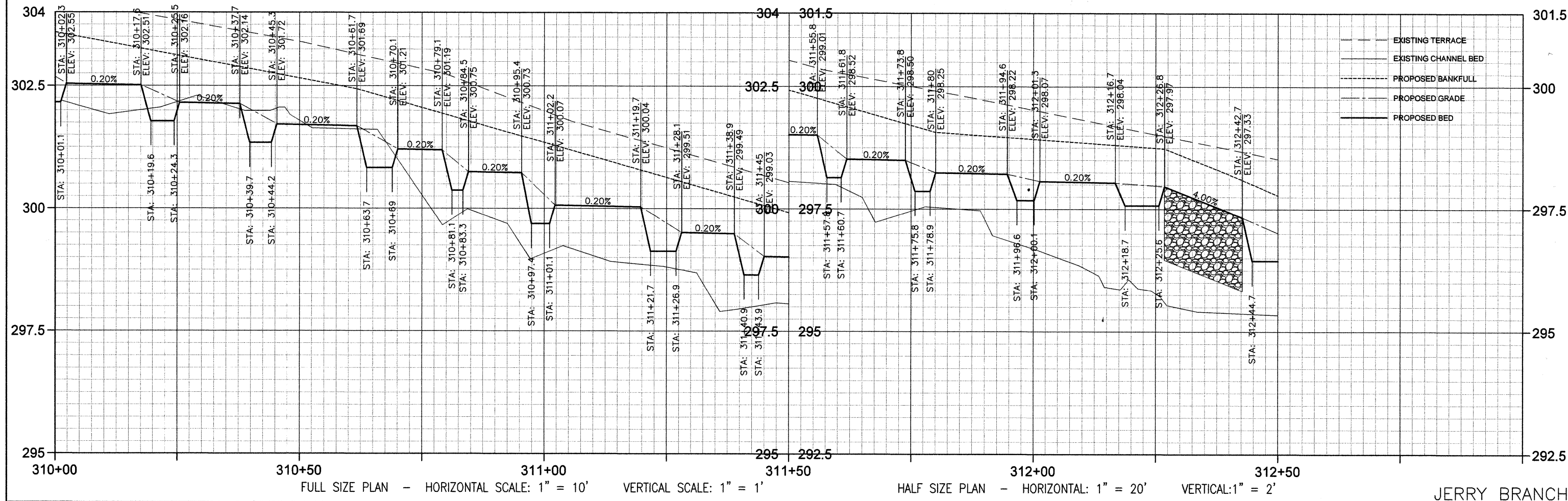
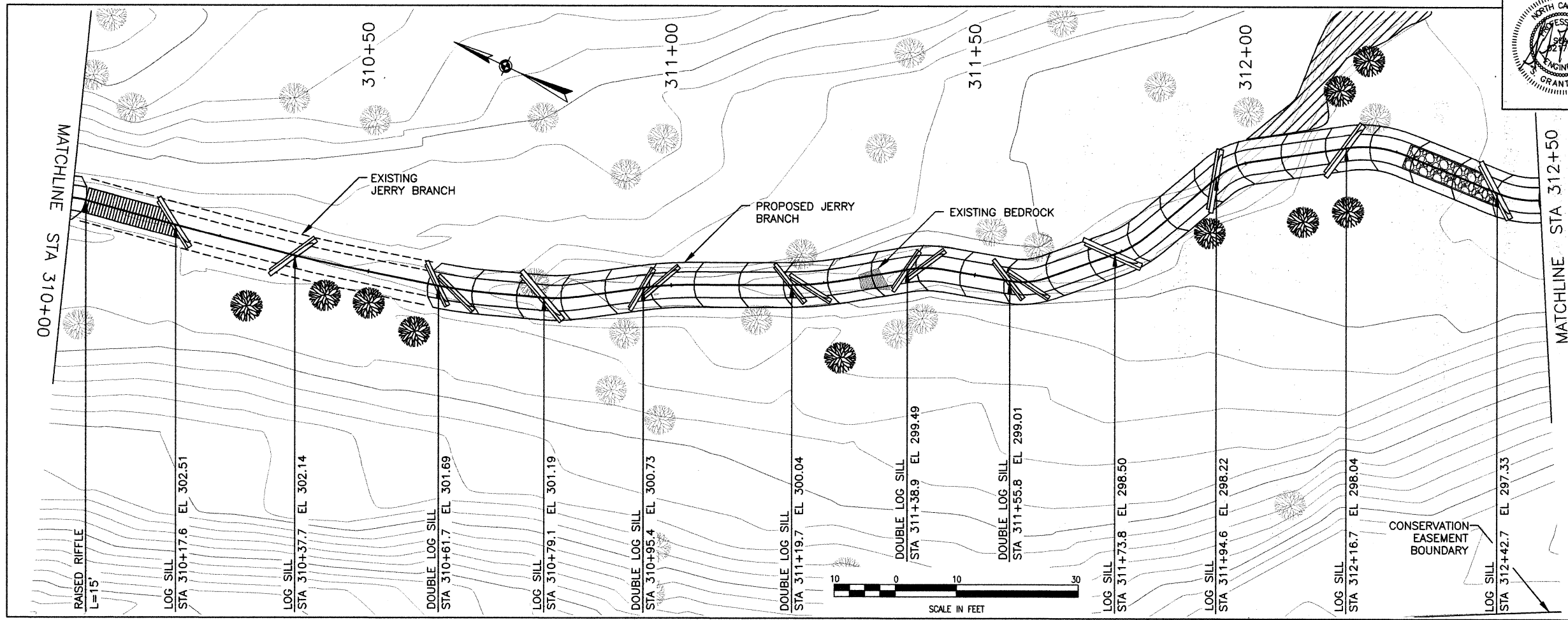
PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE
TITLE: **PLAN & PROFILE**

SCALE: AS NOTED	DRAWN BY: CME	PROJECT NO.: 1058	SHEET NUMBER: 29
DATE: 1/9/2014	CHKD. BY: SGG		
DATE:	BY:	REV:	DESCRIPTION:

LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
- PROPOSED FILL
- PROPOSED CUT
- EXISTING FENCE
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- SAVE TREE

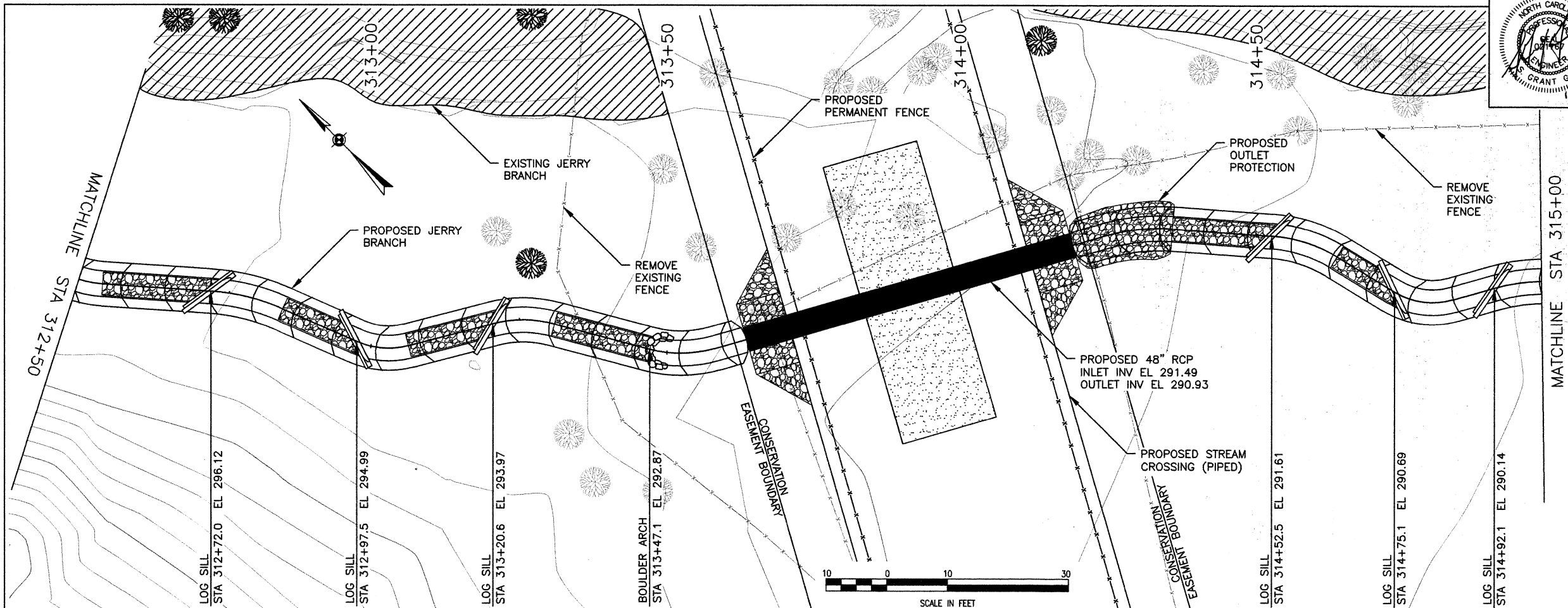


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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

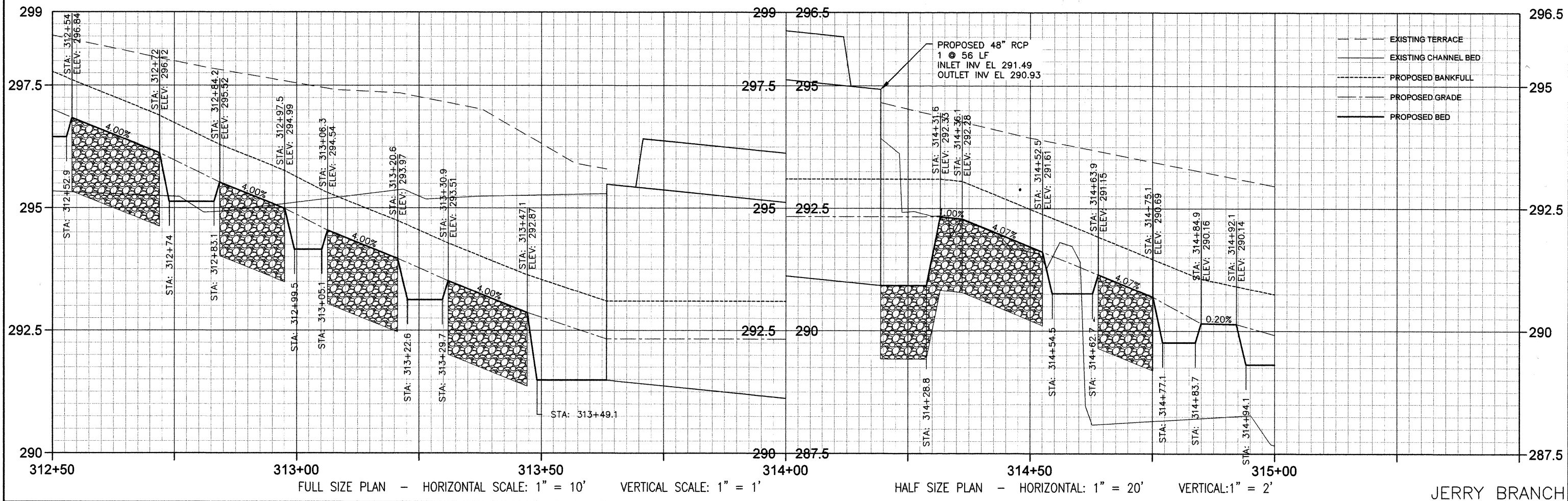
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DATE 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

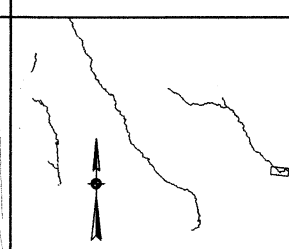


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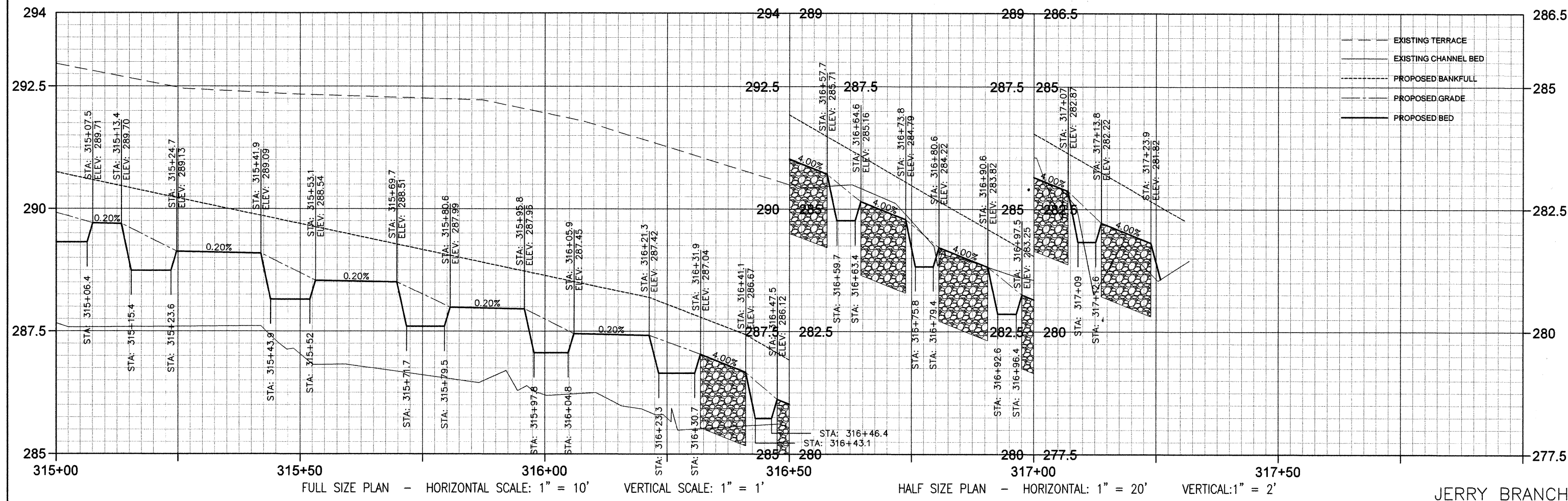
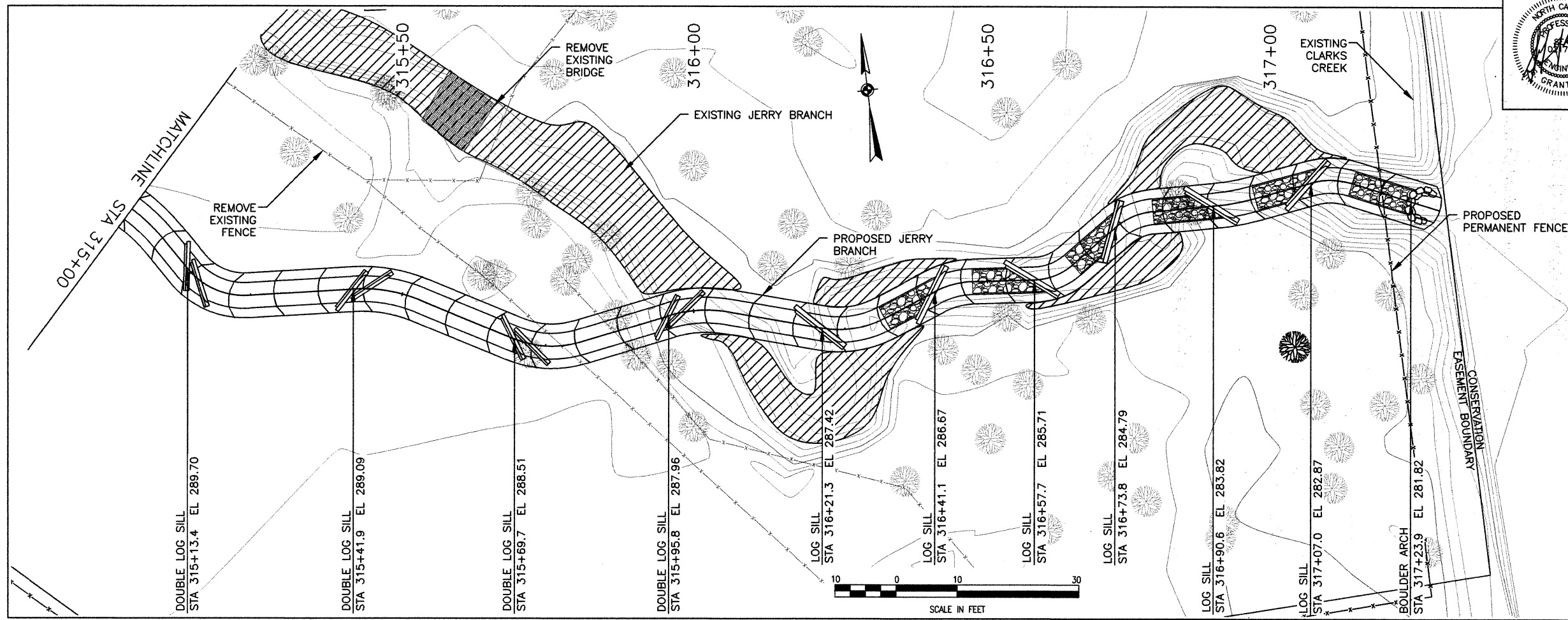
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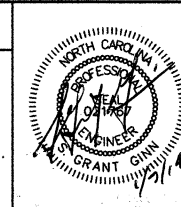
- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
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- EXISTING TREE
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- LEGEND**
- PROPOSED RESTORATION
 - IN-LINE RESTORATION
 - PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
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 - SAVE TREE



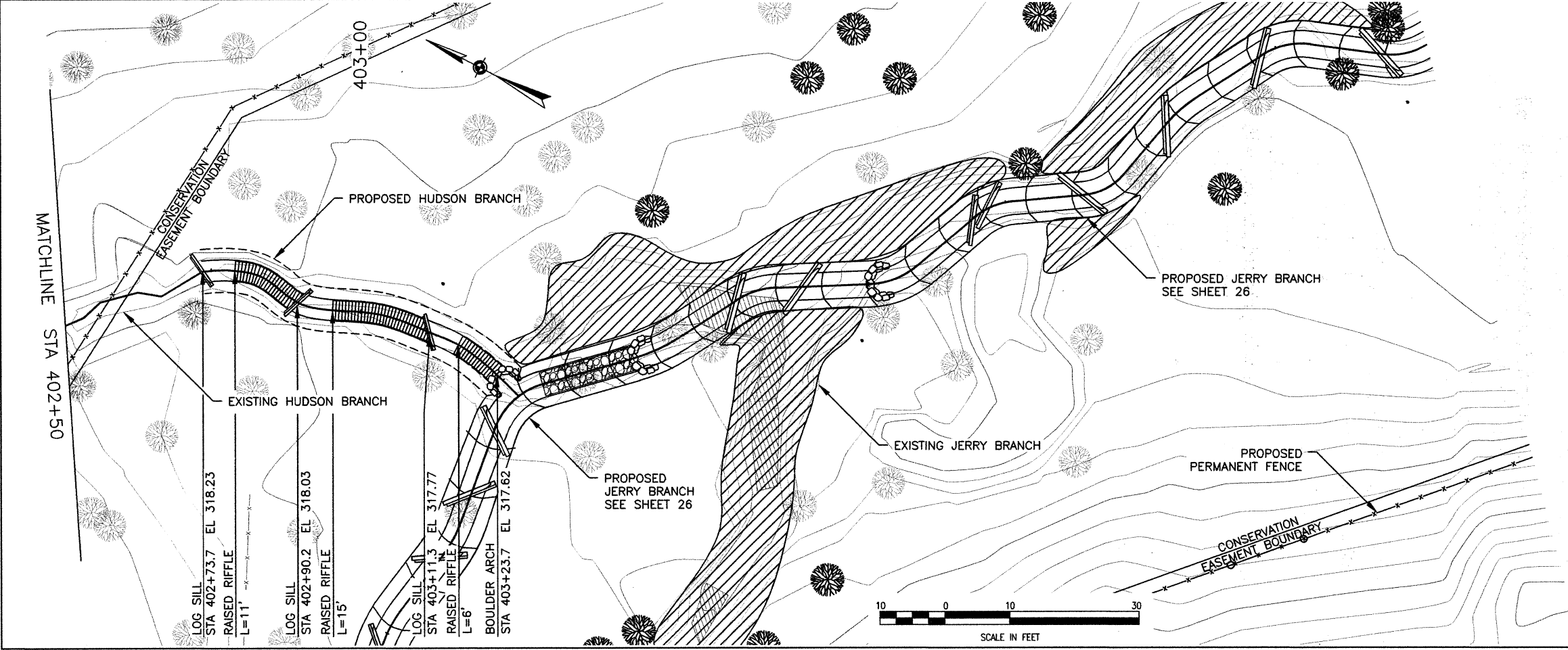


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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC & EXCHANGE

PLAN & PROFILE

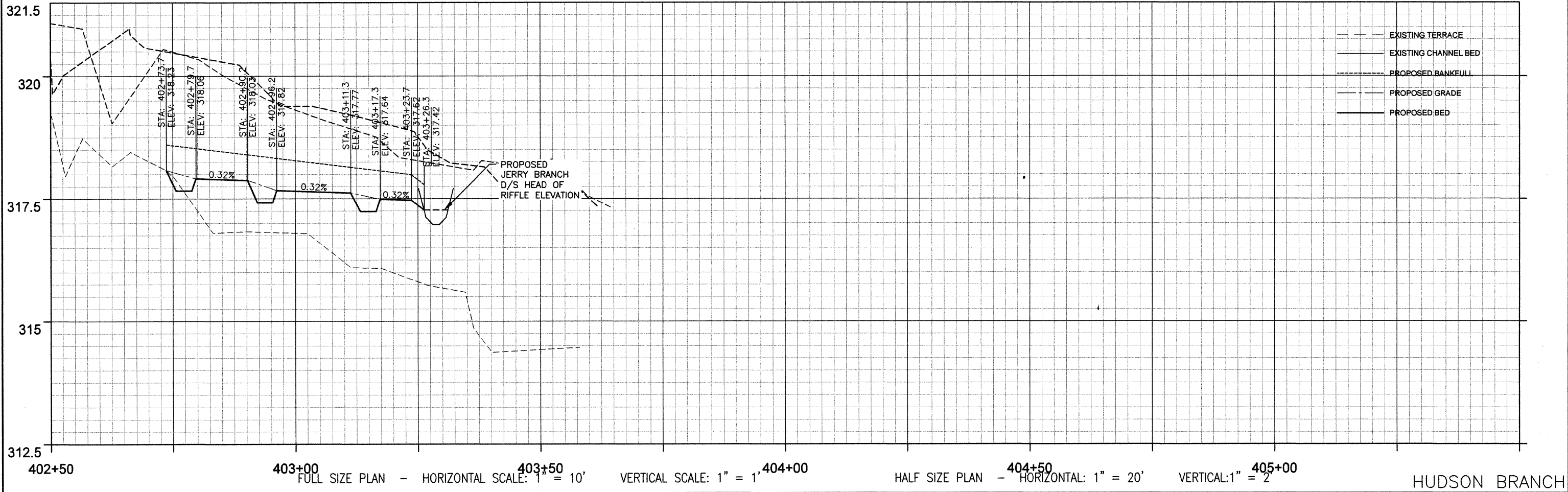
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DATE 1/9/2014	CHKD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

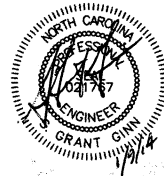


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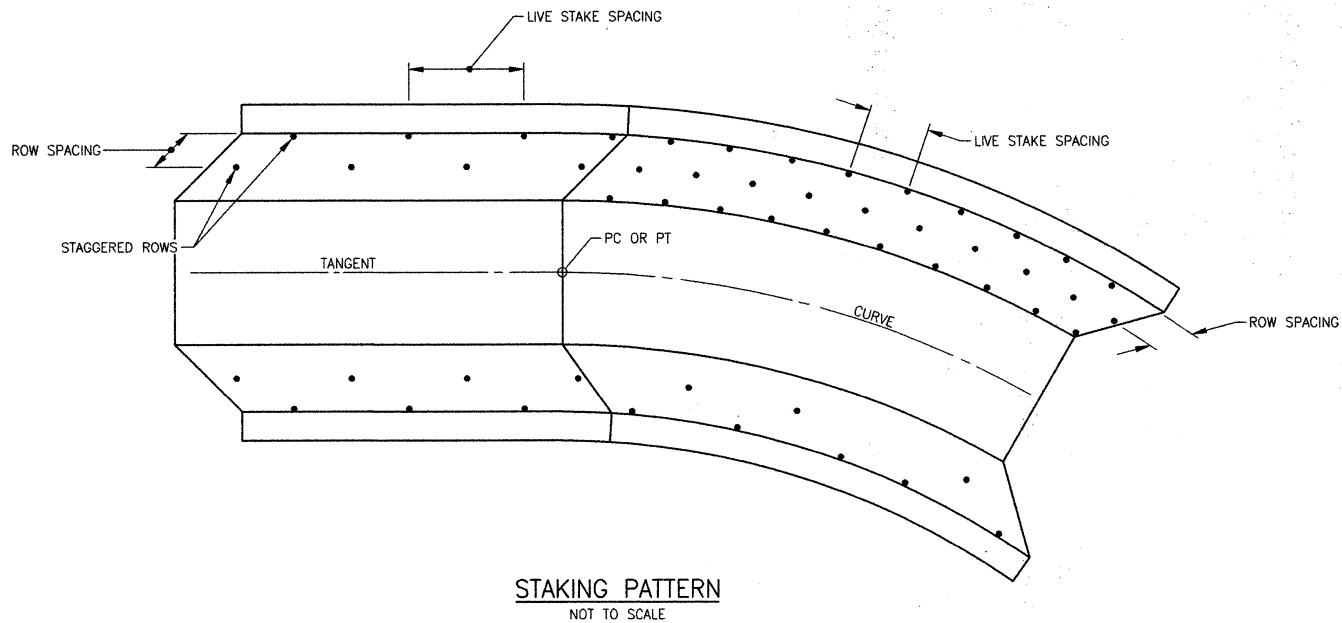
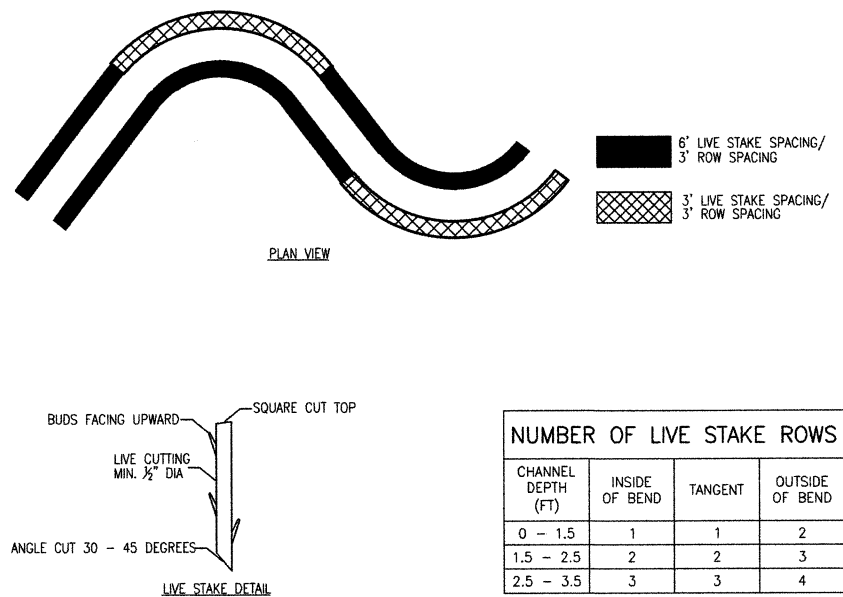
LEGEND

- PROPOSED RESTORATION
- IN-LINE RESTORATION
- PROPOSED ARMORED RIFFLE
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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE			
TITLE PLANTING DETAILS			
SCALE AS NOTED	DESIGN BY MMF	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER P-1
DATE 1/9/2014	CREATED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



PLANTING NOTES:

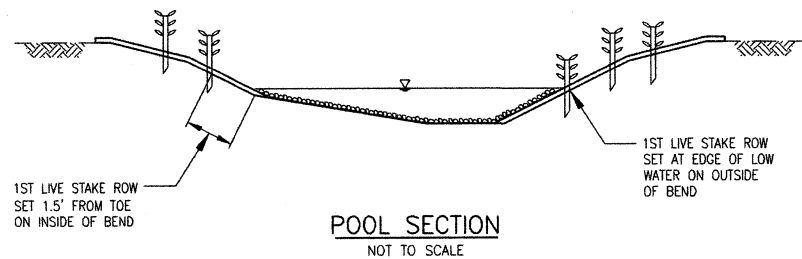
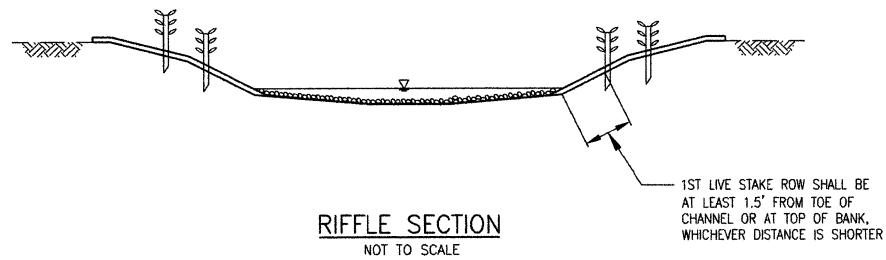
- TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEED
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS WILL BE STABILIZED USING MULCH AND TEMPORARY SEED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE GROUND COVER AND CONDITION THE SOIL.
 - MULCH MUST BE ADDED TO ACHIEVE 80% COVERAGE (ROUGHLY 2 TONS/ACRE FOR WHEAT STRAW)
 - A FERTILITY SOIL TEST SHALL BE USED TO DETERMINE FERTILIZER AMOUNTS OR, IF NO SOIL TEST IS AVAILABLE, A STANDARD MIXTURE SHALL BE APPLIED OF 2 TONS OF LIME PER ACRE AND 700-1000 LBS OF 10-10-10 FERTILIZER PER ACRE.

BARE ROOT PLANTINGS

- PLANT BARE ROOT SHRUBS AND TREES IN AREAS AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS.
- PROVIDE 8' OF SPACING BETWEEN PLANTS.
- LOOSEN COMPACTED SOIL AND PLANT IN HOLES FORMED WITH A MATTOCK, DIBBLE BAR OR EQUAL.
- PROVIDE PLANTING HOLE SUFFICIENT IN SIZE AND DEPTH TO PREVENT CROWDING OF ROOTS.
- ROOTS SHALL BE KEPT MOIST DURING TRANSPORTATION, DISTRIBUTION, AND INSTALLATION.
- PLANTS SHALL BE HEELED-IN INTO MOIST SOIL IF NOT PROMPTLY PLANTED AFTER DELIVERY TO THE PROJECT SITE.

LIVE STAKES:

- STAKES SHOULD BE CUT AND INSTALLED ON THE SAME DAY.
- STAKES THAT ARE SPLIT SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED.
- STAKES SHALL BE INSTALLED PERPENDICULAR TO THE BANK AND WITH BUDS POINTING UPWARDS.
- STAKES SHALL BE 1/2 TO 2 INCHES IN DIAMETER AND 2 TO 3 FEET IN LENGTH.
- AFTER INSTALLATION, THE TOP PORTION OF STAKES SHALL BE PRUNED WITH A SQUARE CUT LEAVING NO LESS THAN 3 INCHES AND NO MORE THAN 6 INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND.




STREAMSIDE					
COMMON NAME	STRATUM	SCIENTIFIC NAME	SPACING (ft)	PLANT MATERIAL SIZE	TOTAL STEMS
Black Willow	midstory	Salix nigra	3x3	Live Stake	547
Buttonbush	understory	Cephalanthus occidentalis	3x3	Live Stake	547
Silky Dogwood	understory	Cornus amomum	3x3	Live Stake	547
Ninebark	understory	Physocarpus opulifolius	3x3	Live Stake	547
TOTAL					2188

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	SEEDING DENSITY (lbs/acre)	% MIX
PERMANENT MIX			
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	4.5	15
Broom Sedge	Andropogon virginicus	4.5	15
Indian Grass	Sorghastrum nutans	6	20
Eastern Gamma Grass	Tripsacum dactyoides	7.5	25
Lance-Leaved Coreopsis	Coreopsis lanceolata	3	10
Deer tongue	Panicum clandestinum	4.5	15
Totals		30	100%

BUFFER PLANTINGS					
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	PLANT MATERIAL SIZE	STEMS/ACRE	AREA (Acres)	TOTAL STEMS
River Birch	Betula nigra	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
Ironwood	Carpinus caroliniana	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
Shagbark Hickory	Carya ovata	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
Green Ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
Water Oak	Quercus nigra	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
Willow Oak	Quercus phellos	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
American Elm	Ulmus americana	Bare Root	85	16.9	1437
TOTAL					11492

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LBS/ ACRE
Temporary Seeding		
August to March (cool season)		
Oats		12
Wheat Grass	Triticum aestivum	12
Rye Grain	Secale cereal	13
Barley		13
April to August (warm season)		
Millet	Utochola ramose	20
Buckwheat	Fagopyrum esculentum	30

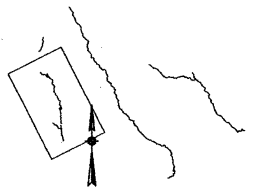


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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

PLANTING PLANS

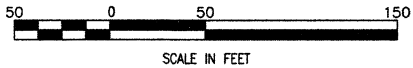
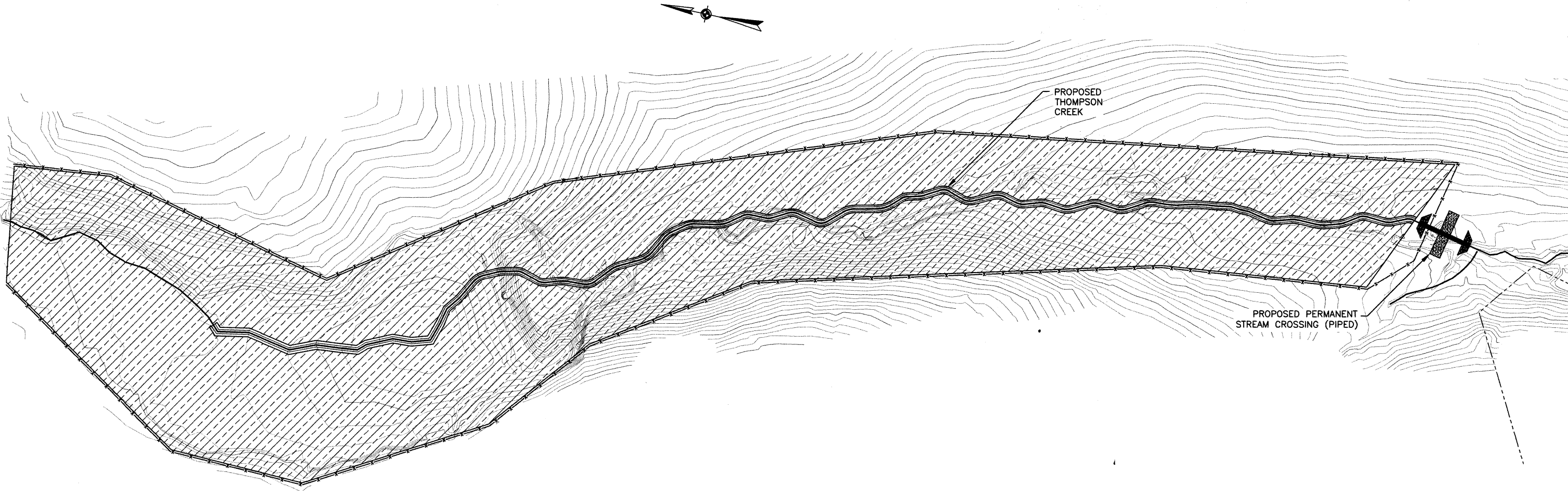
SCALE AS NOTED	DESIGN BY MMP	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER P-2
DATE 1/9/2014	CREATED BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND

 BUFFER PLANTINGS



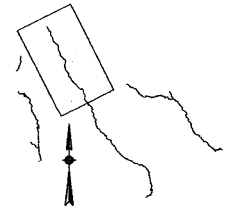


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PHONE: (828) 658-3649 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

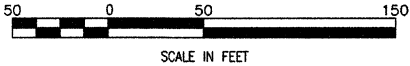
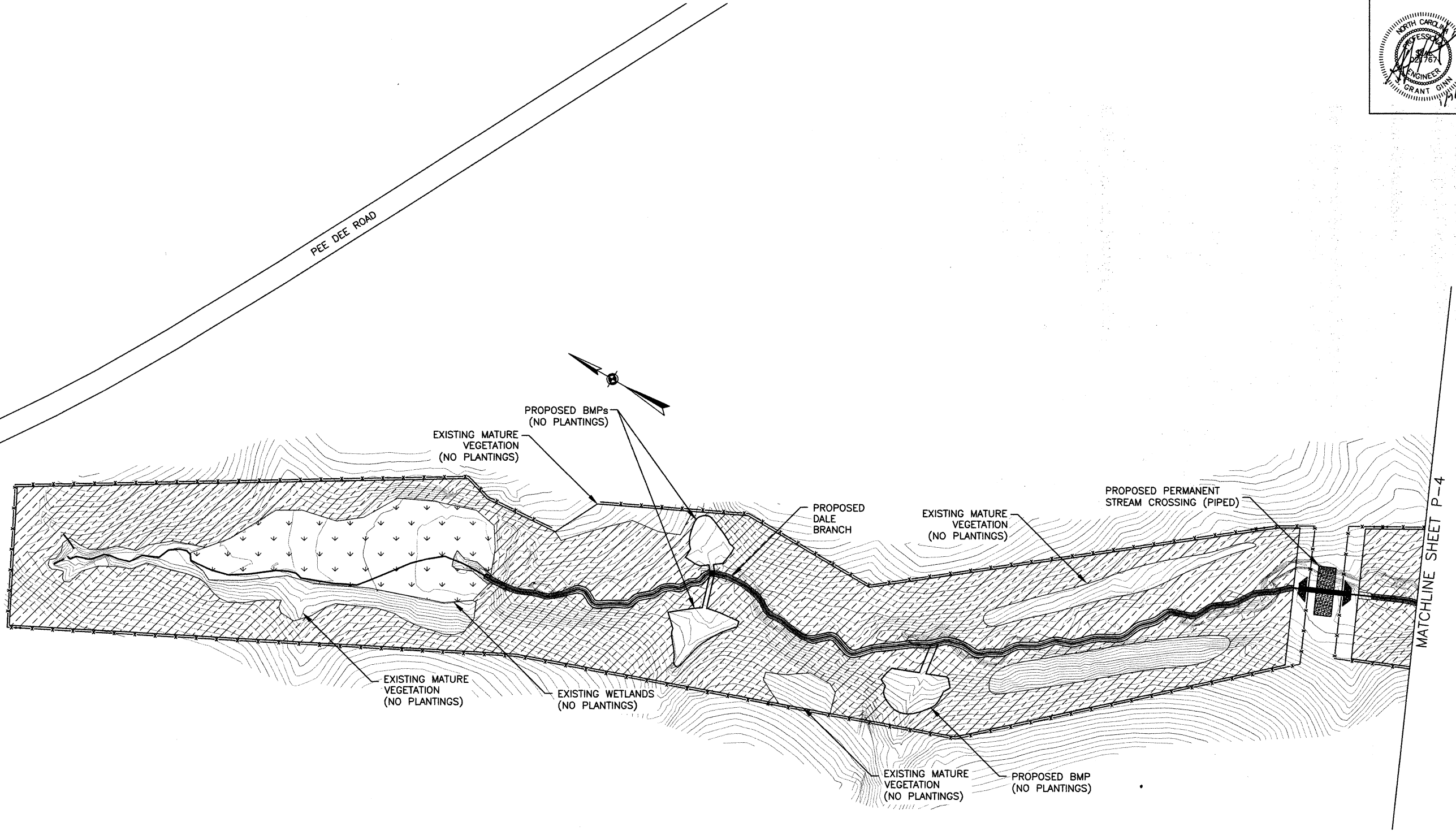
PLANTING PLANS

SCALE	AS NOTED	DRAWN BY	MMP	PROJECT NO.	1058	DRAWING NUMBER	P-3
DATE	1/9/2014	CHECKED BY	SGG				
DATE		BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION			



LOCATION KEY

LEGEND



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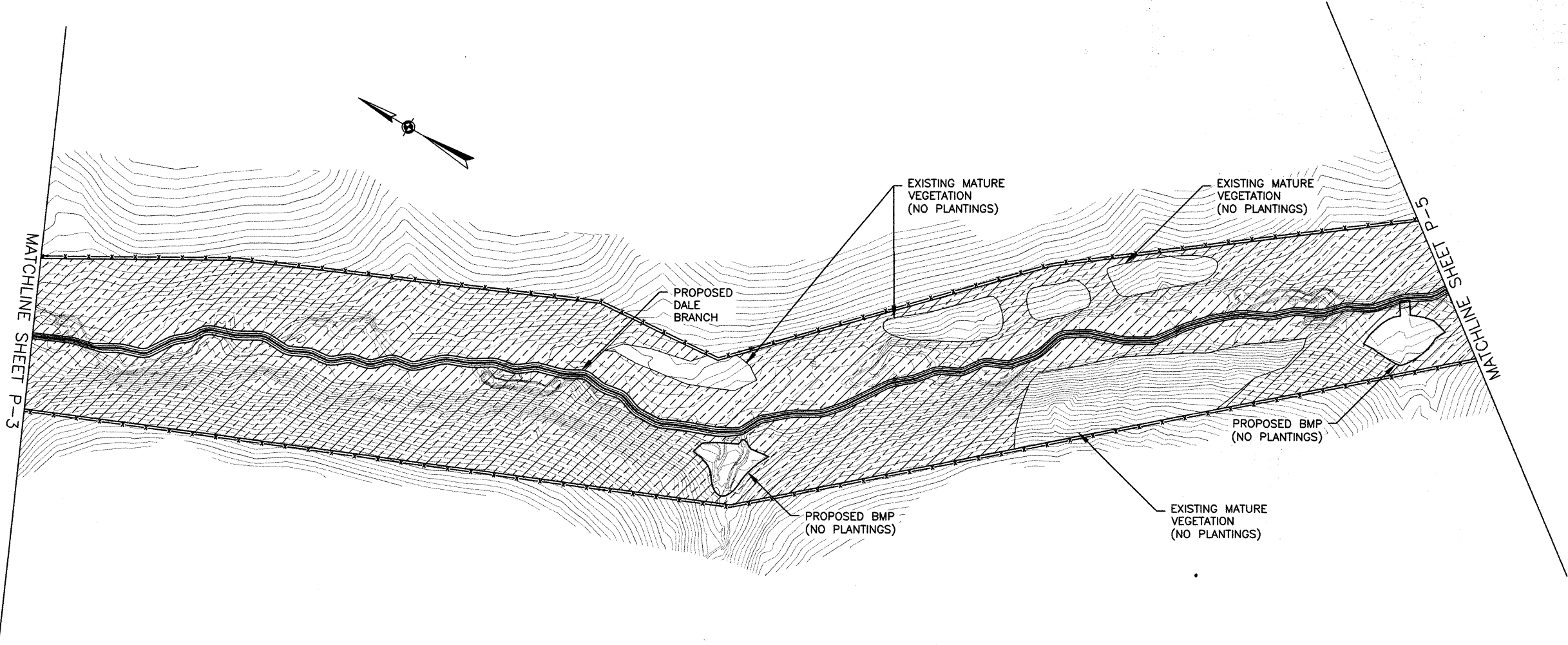
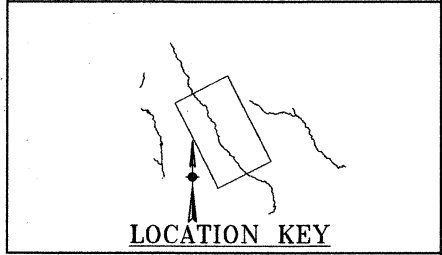
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

TITLE **PLANTING PLANS**

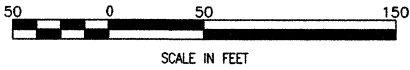
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DATE 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG		

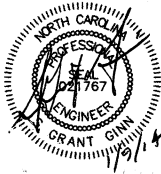
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LEGEND

	BUFFER PLANTINGS
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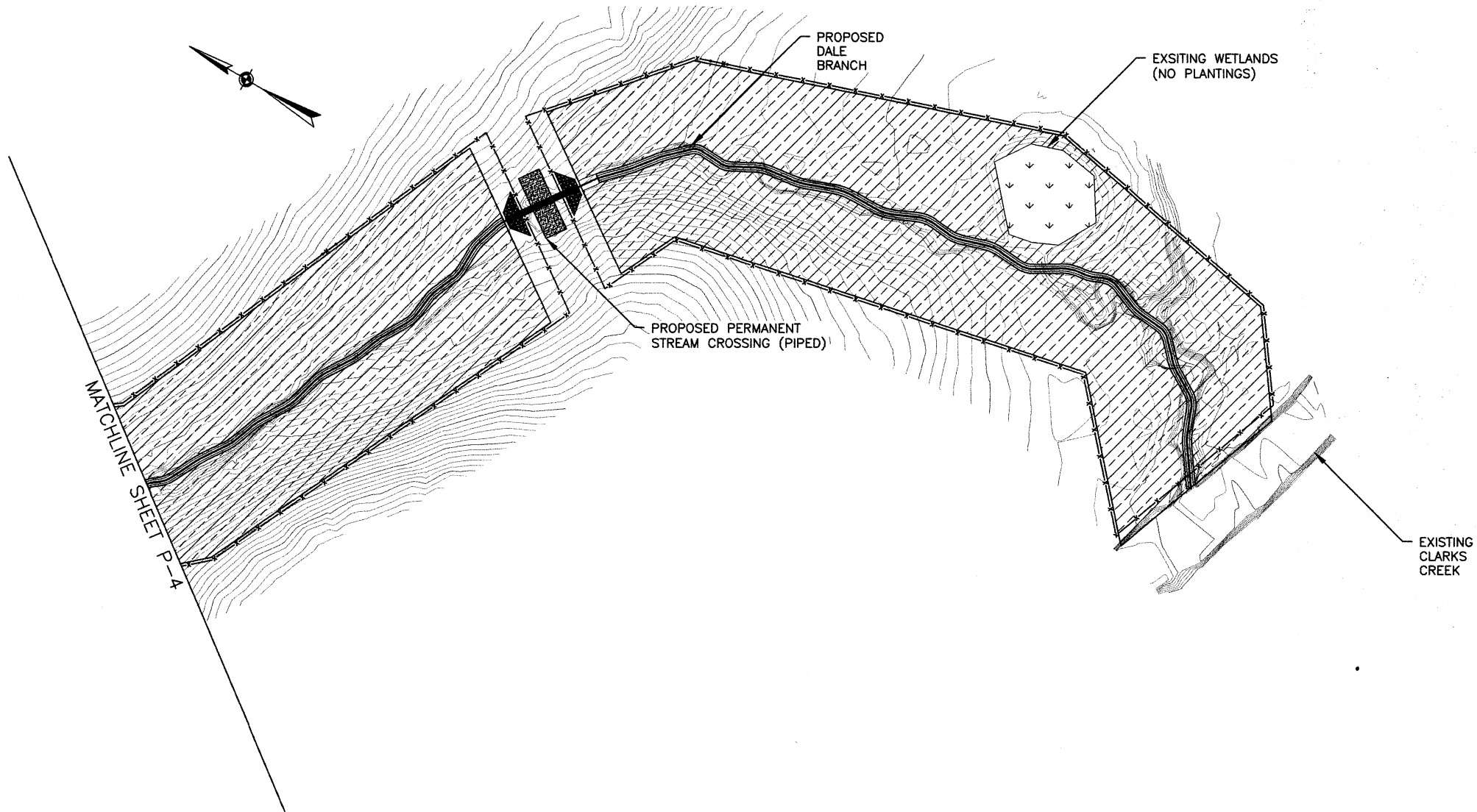
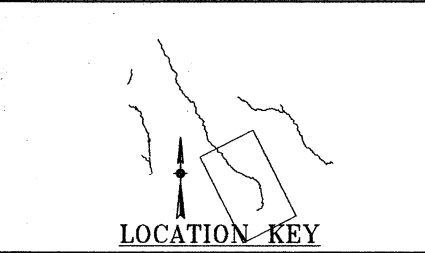
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION

OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

PLANTING PLANS

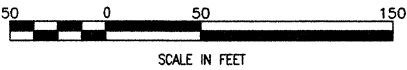
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DATE 1/9/2014	CHECK BY SGG		

DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

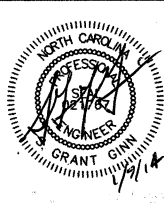


LEGEND

	BUFFER PLANTINGS
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DALE BRANCH

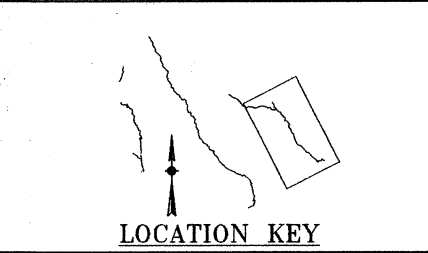


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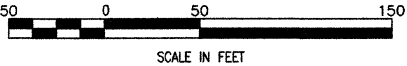
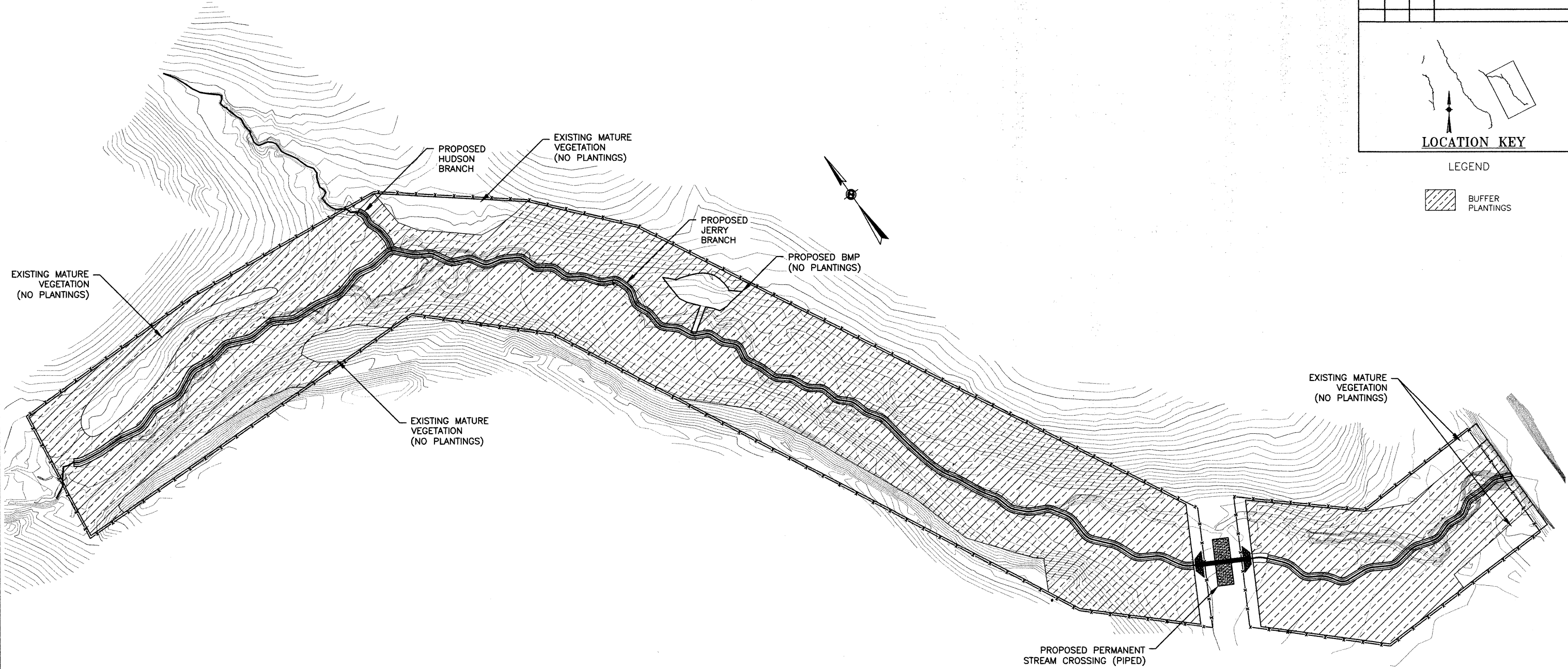
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

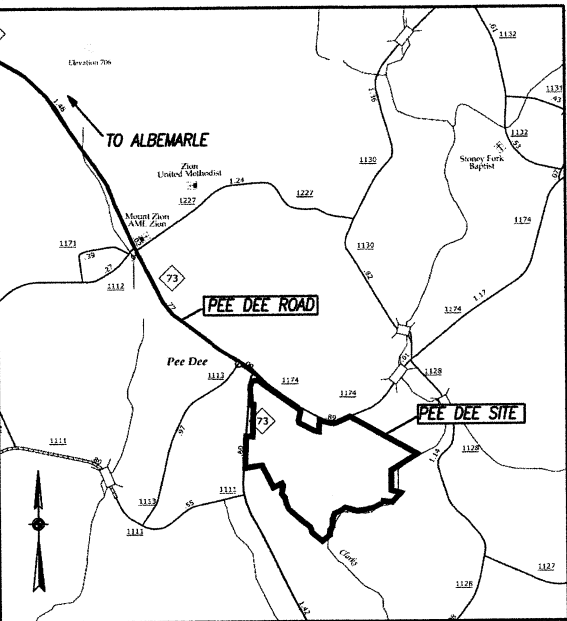
PLANTING PLANS

SCALE	AS NOTED	DRAWN BY	MMF	PROJECT NO.	1058	DRAWING NUMBER	P-6
DATE	1/9/2014	CHECKED BY	SGG				
DATE		BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION			



LEGEND





VICINITY MAP
NOT TO SCALE

ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

PEE DEE
STREAM RESTORATION PROJECT

THOMPSON CREEK, DALE BRANCH, JERRY BRANCH AND HUDSON BRANCH
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

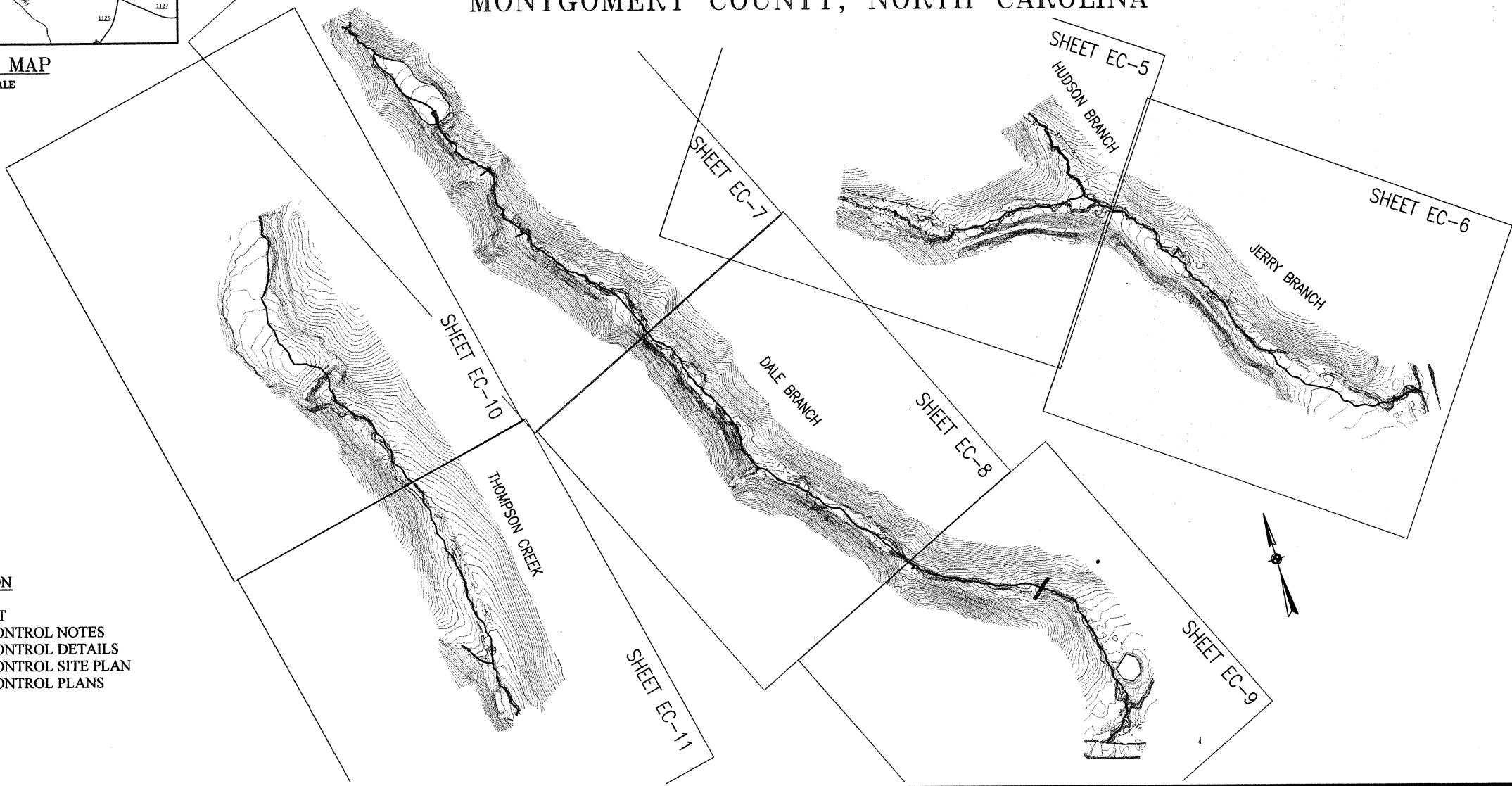
STATE	EEP PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
NC	95350	1	12

Final Plans		1/9/2014	
REV.	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
REVISIONS			

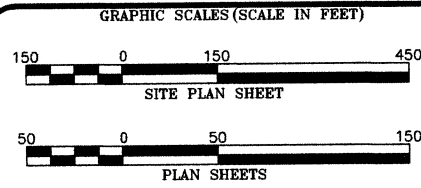
Disturbed Acreage: 32.3 ac

SHEET INDEX

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
EC-1	TITLE SHEET
EC-2	EROSION CONTROL NOTES
EC-3 - EC-3A	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
EC-4	EROSION CONTROL SITE PLAN
EC-5 - EC11	EROSION CONTROL PLANS



EROSION CONTROL PLANS



PROJECT LENGTHS

PROPOSED RESTORATION:	
THOMPSON CREEK	= 1314 FT
DALE BRANCH	= 2955 FT
JERRY BRANCH	= 1670 FT
HUDSON BRANCH	= 53 FT
PROPOSED ENHANCEMENT:	
THOMPSON CREEK	= 250 FT
DALE BRANCH	= 375 FT
TOTAL LENGTH	= 6617 FT

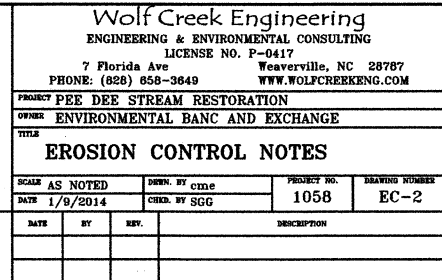
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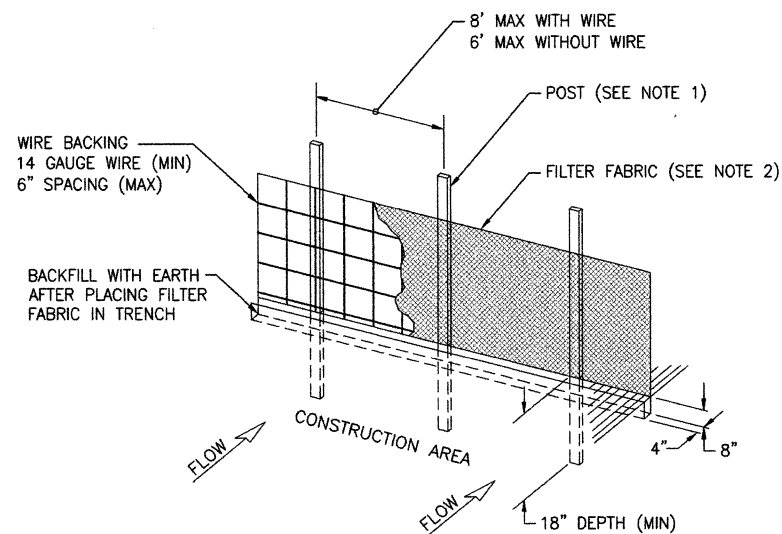
Wolf Creek Engineering, PLLC
License No. P-0417
7 Florida Avenue
Weaverville, North Carolina 28787
Phone: 828-658-3649
www.wolfcreekeng.com

Grant Ginn 1/9/14
PROJECT ENGINEER

Prepared for:

Tommy Cousins
PROJECT MANAGER



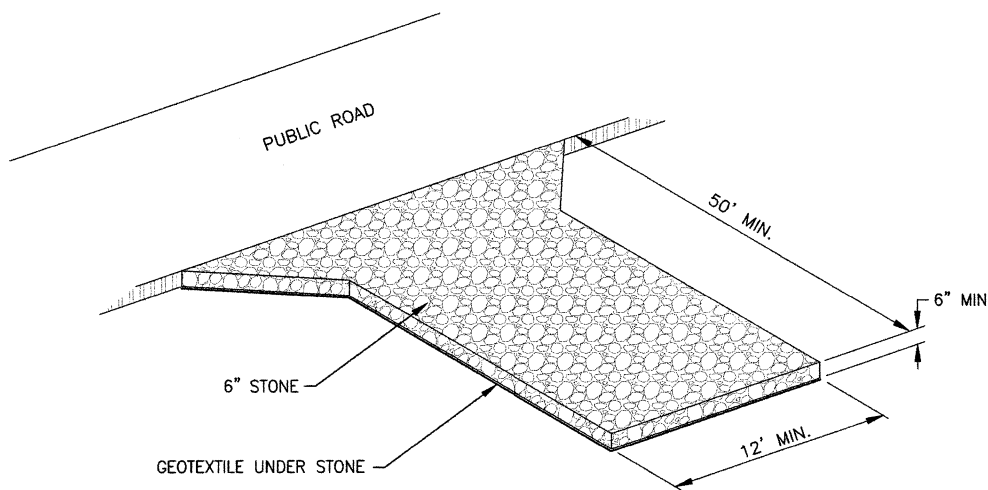


NOTES:

- POSTS SHALL BE EITHER 4-IN THICK PINE, 2-IN THICK OAK, OR 1.33 LB/LF STEEL WITH A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 4-FT. STEEL POSTS SHALL HAVE PROJECTIONS TO FACILITATE FASTENING FABRIC.
- FILTER FABRIC SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING:
 - MINIMUM WIDTH OF 36 INCHES.
 - EOS NOT LARGER THAN U.S. STANDARD SIEVE NO. 70
 - GRAB STRENGTH 90-120 LB.
 - CONFORM TO ASTM D-1682 OR ASTM D-177
- SILT FENCES TO BE INSTALLED IN LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO BEGINNING OF CONSTRUCTION TO CONTROL SEDIMENT.
- SILT FENCES TO BE MAINTAINED AND CLEANED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN IN FUNCTIONAL CONDITION. SILT FENCES SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT.
- SILT FENCES TO BE REMOVED AND THE AREA TO BE RESTORED TO ITS NATURAL CONDITION WHEN PERMANENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PROCEDURES ARE EFFECTIVE.

TEMPORARY SILT FENCE

N.T.S.

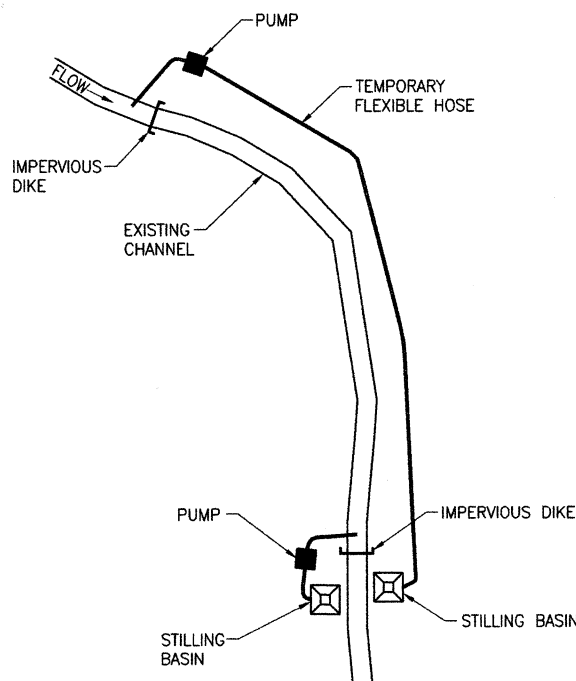


NOTES:

- MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN CONDITION NECESSARY TO PREVENT MUD OR SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE.
- IMMEDIATELY REMOVE ANY OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SPILLED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC ROADWAYS.

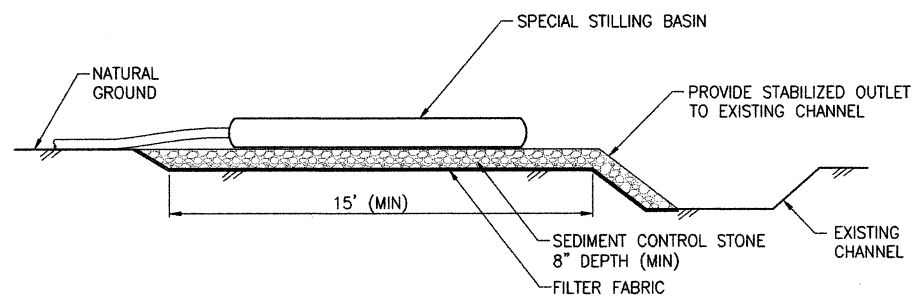
CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

N.T.S.



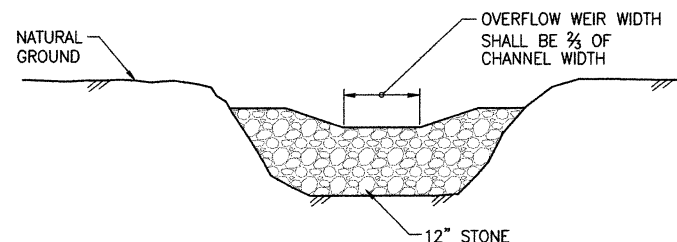
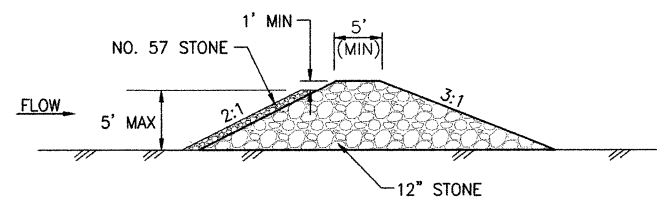
PUMP-AROUND OPERATION (TYP)

N.T.S.



SPECIAL STILLING BASIN WITH ROCK PAD

N.T.S.



TEMPORARY ROCK CHECK DAM

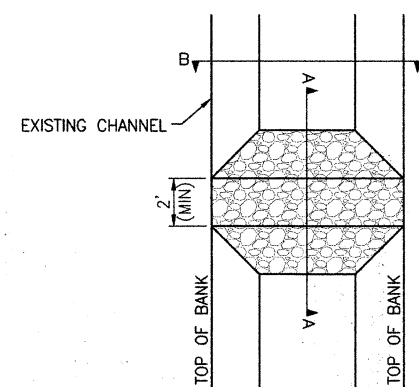
N.T.S.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR TYPICAL PUMP-AROUND

- INSTALL STILLING BASINS.
- INSTALL UPSTREAM PUMP AND TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE HOSE.
- PLACE UPSTREAM IMPERVIOUS DIKE AND BEGIN PUMPING OPERATIONS FOR STREAM DIVERSION.
- PLACE DOWNSTREAM IMPERVIOUS DIKE AND PUMPING APPARATUS. DEWATER ENTRAPPED AREA.
- PERFORM STREAM RESTORATION WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS.
- EXCAVATE ANY ACCUMULATED SILT AND DEWATER BEFORE REMOVAL OF IMPERVIOUS DIKES. REMOVE IMPERVIOUS DIKES, PUMPS, AND TEMPORARY FLEXIBLE HOSE. (DOWNSTREAM DIKE FIRST).
- ALL GRADING AND STABILIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN THE PUMP-AROUND AREA BETWEEN THE IMPERVIOUS DIKES. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE LOCATION OF THE IMPERVIOUS DIKES.
- REMOVE STILLING BASINS AND BACKFILL. STABILIZED DISTURBED AREA WITH SEED AND MULCH.

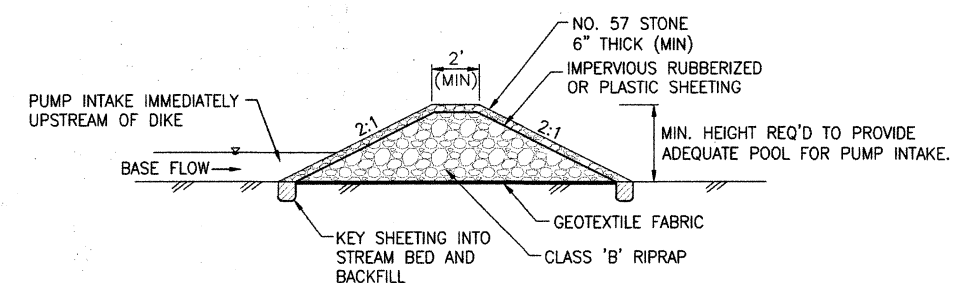
NOTES:

- ALL EXCAVATION SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ONLY DRY OR ISOLATED SECTIONS OF THE CHANNEL.
- IMPERVIOUS DIKES ARE TO BE USED TO ISOLATE WORK FROM STREAM FLOW WHEN NECESSARY.
- ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 24 HOURS.
- MAINTENANCE OF STREAM FLOW OPERATION SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO THE WORK. THIS INCLUDES SHEETING, DIVERSIONS PIPES, PUMPS AND HOSES.
- PUMPS AND HOSES SHALL BE OF SUFFICIENT SIZE TO DEWATER THE WORK AREA.



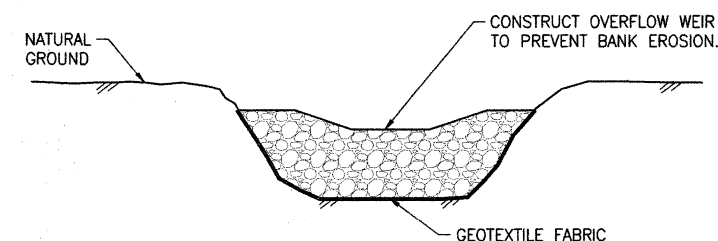
IMPERVIOUS DIKE PLAN

N.T.S.



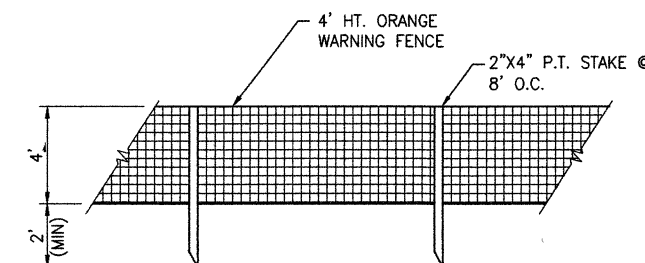
IMPERVIOUS DIKE SECTION A-A

N.T.S.



IMPERVIOUS DIKE SECTION B-B

N.T.S.

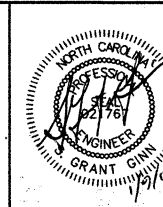


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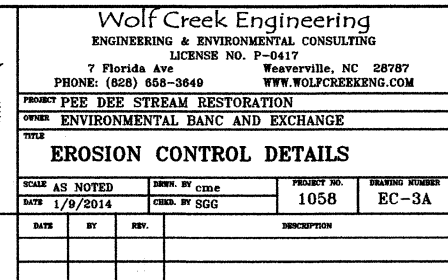
PROVIDE FENCE AS SHOWN ON PLAN. PROVIDE AT LEAST ONE FOOT OF DISTANCE FROM TREE TO FENCE FOR EACH INCH OF TREE DBH. LOCATE FENCE OUTSIDE OF CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.

TREE PROTECTION FENCE

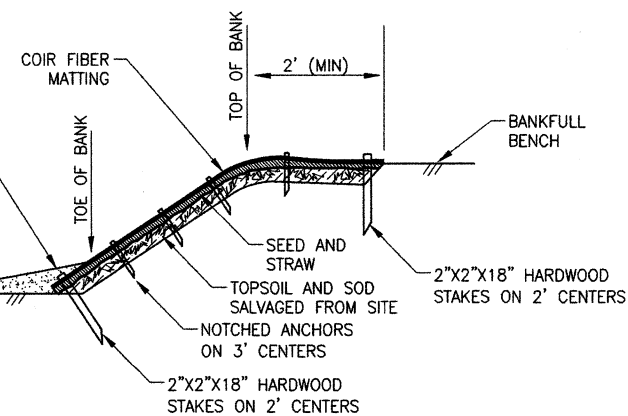
N.T.S.



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PROJECT FEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE			
TITLE EROSION CONTROL DETAILS			
SCALE AS NOTED	REVISED BY CDDC	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER EC-3
DATE 1/9/2014	CHD BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION

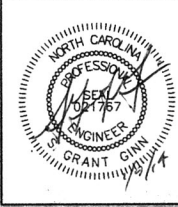
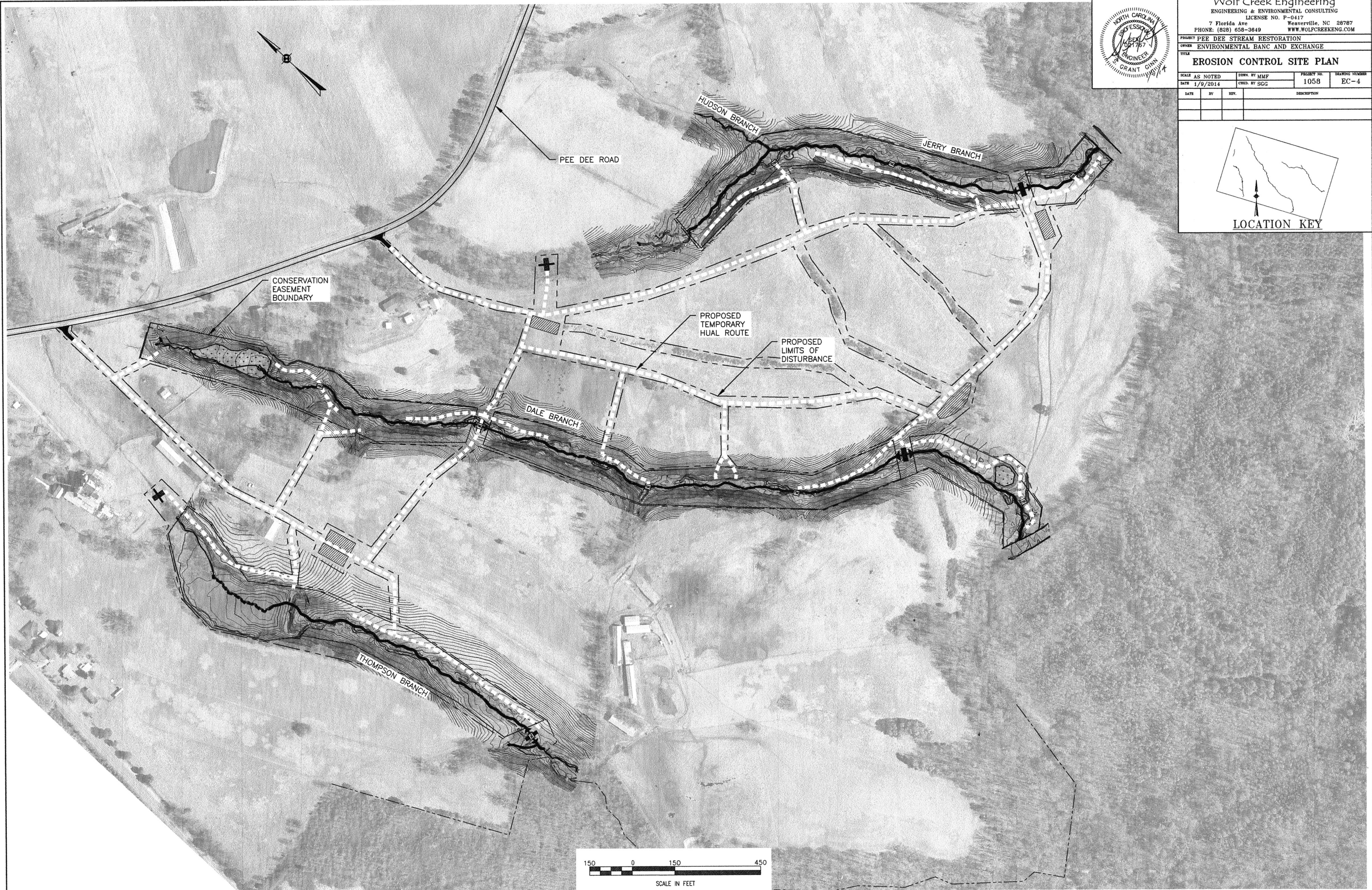


1. CONTRACTOR SHALL USE TIMBER MATS FOR ALL TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS EXCEPT WHERE PERMANENT PIPE OR FORD CROSSINGS ARE USED.
2. TIMBER MATS ARE TO BE SUFFICIENTLY LONG TO EXTEND BEYOND THE BANK SO THAT BANK FAILURE IS PREVENTED.
3. ALL TEMPORARY STREAM CROSSINGS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING CONDITION. REGULAR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE OF CROSSINGS IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.



BANK PROTECTION
SOD AND MAT
NOT TO SCALE

- NOTES:**
1. COIR MATTING TO BE UNDERLAIN BY TOPSOIL/SOD, SEED AND STRAW.
2. MATTING SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO THE INTRODUCTION OF WATER TO A STREAM SECTION.

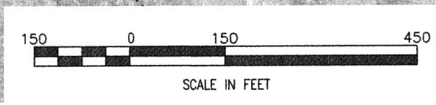
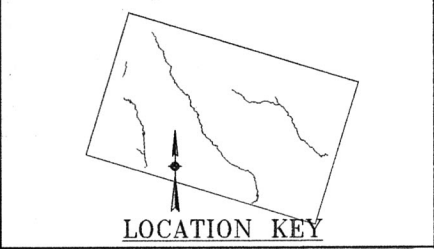


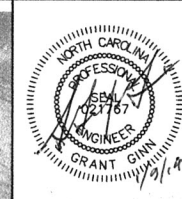
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PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

EROSION CONTROL SITE PLAN

SCALE: AS NOTED	DRAWN BY: MMF	PROJECT NO.: 1058	DRAWING NUMBER: EC-4
DATE: 1/8/2014	CHECKED BY: SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



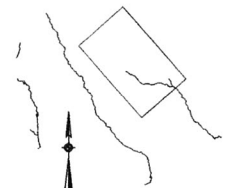


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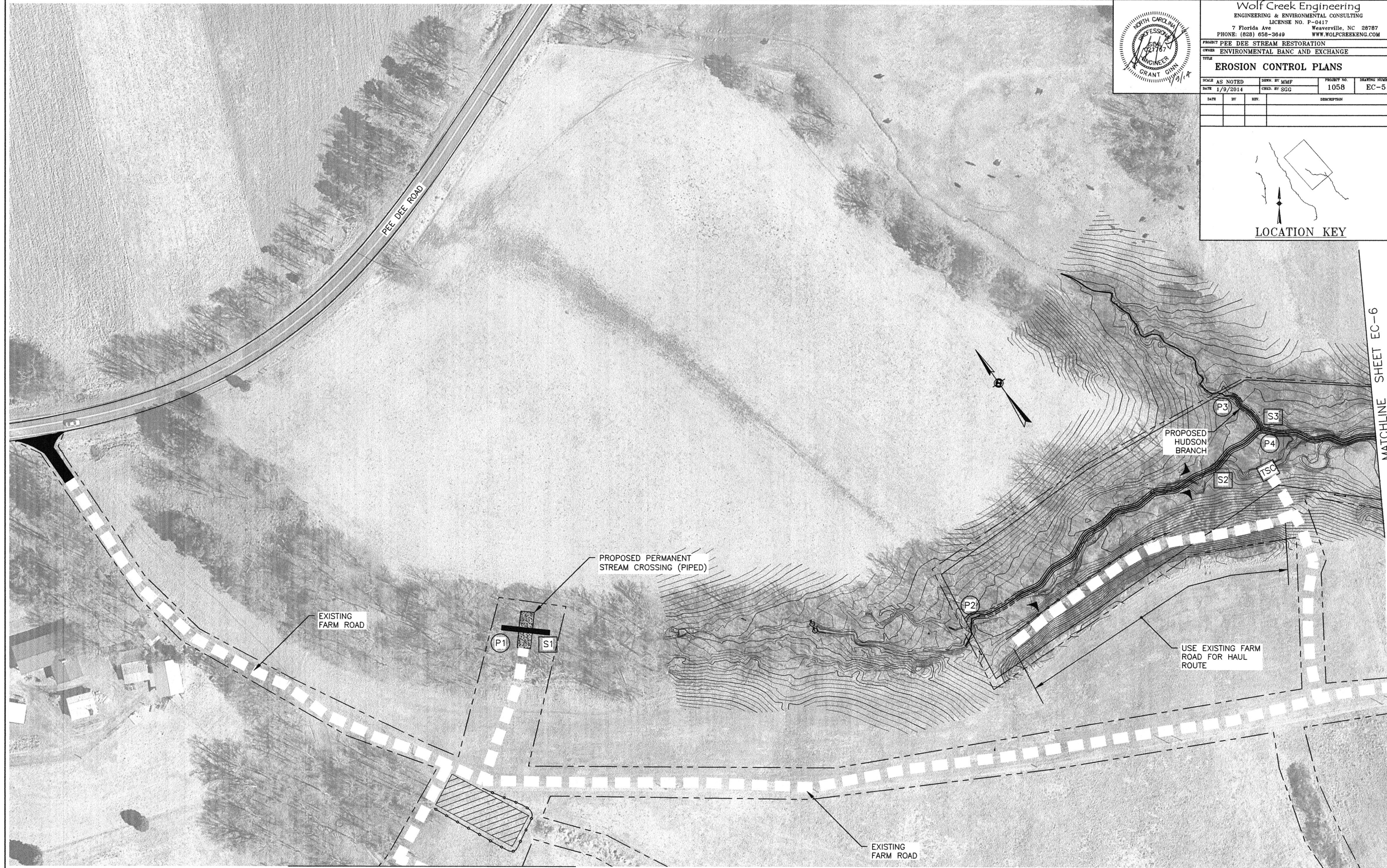
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

EROSION CONTROL PLANS

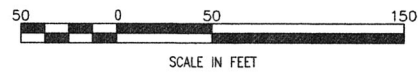
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DATE 1/9/2014	CHKD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY




MATCHLINE SHEET EC-7 & EC-8



MATCHLINE SHEET EC-6

JERRY BRANCH

MATCHLINE SHEET EC-5

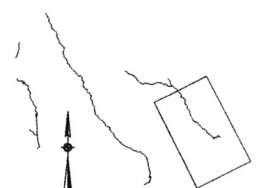


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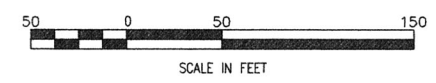
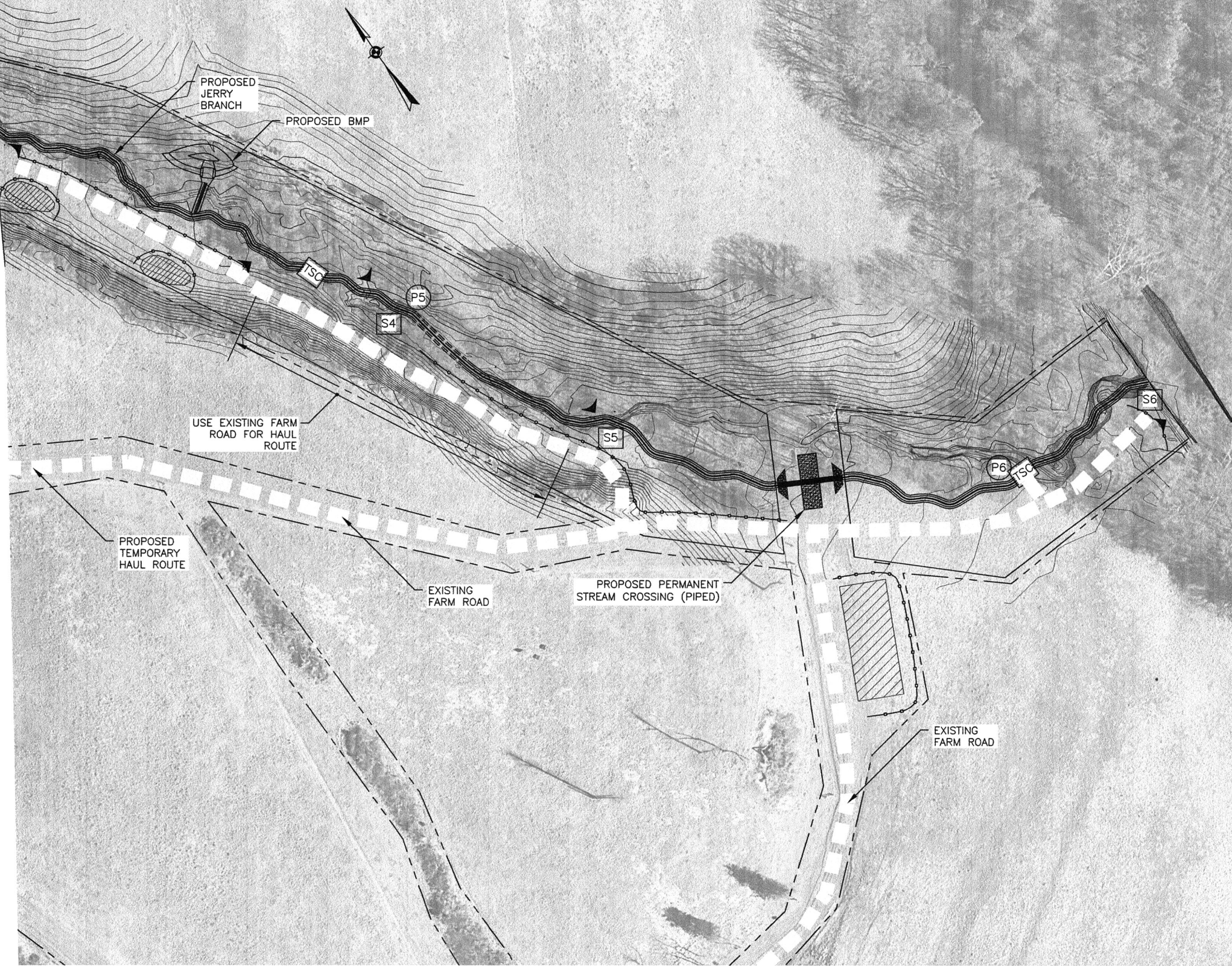
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

EROSION CONTROL PLANS


SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY MMF	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER EC-6
DATE 1/9/2014	CHGD. BY SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



LOCATION KEY



JERRY BRANCH

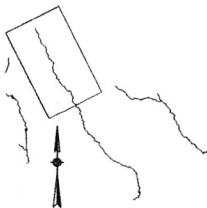


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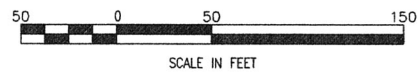
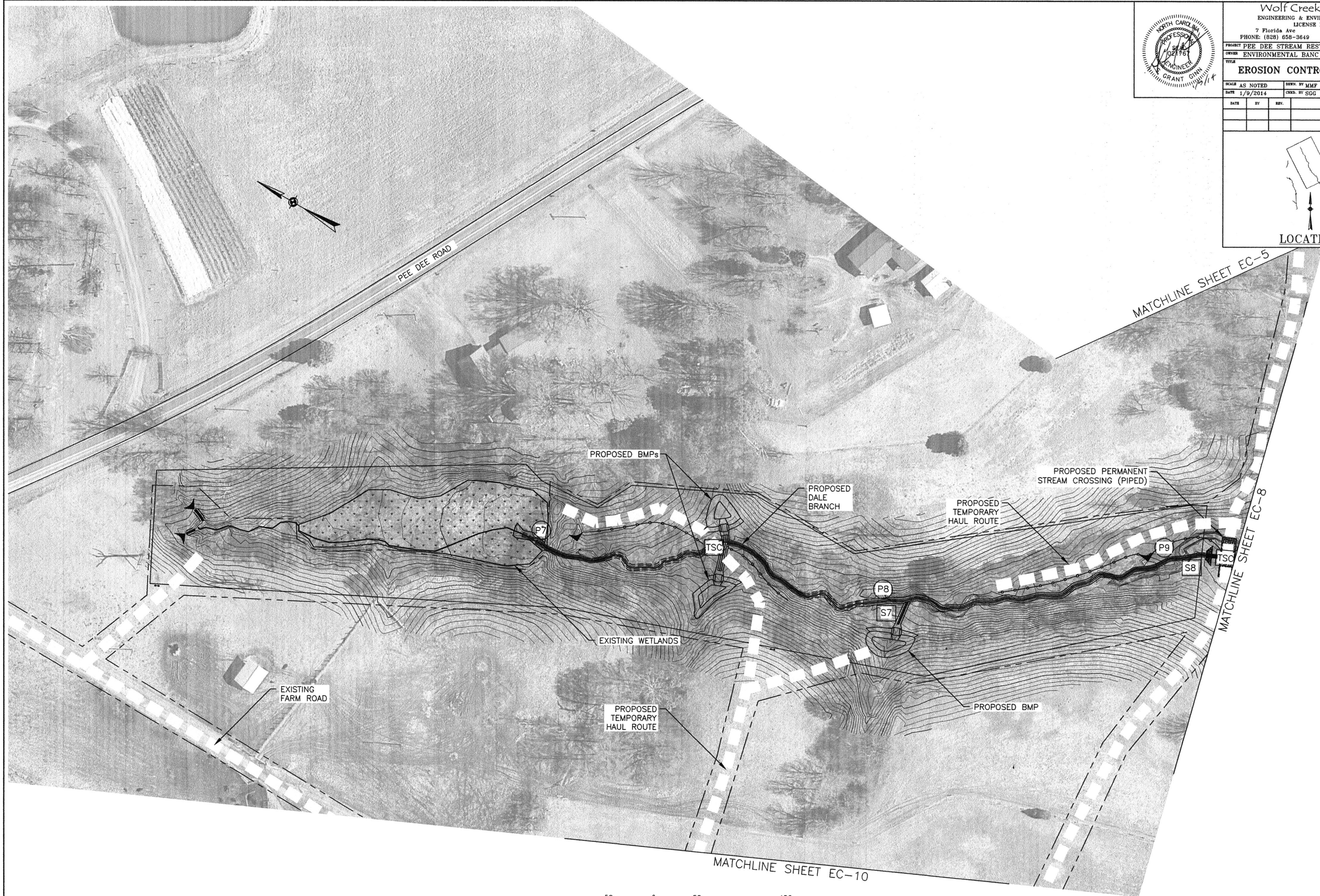
PROJECT: PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER: ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

EROSION CONTROL PLANS

SCALE: AS NOTED	DRAWN BY: MMF	PROJECT NO.: 1058	DRAWING NUMBER: EC-7
DATE: 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY: SGG		
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



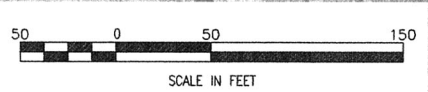
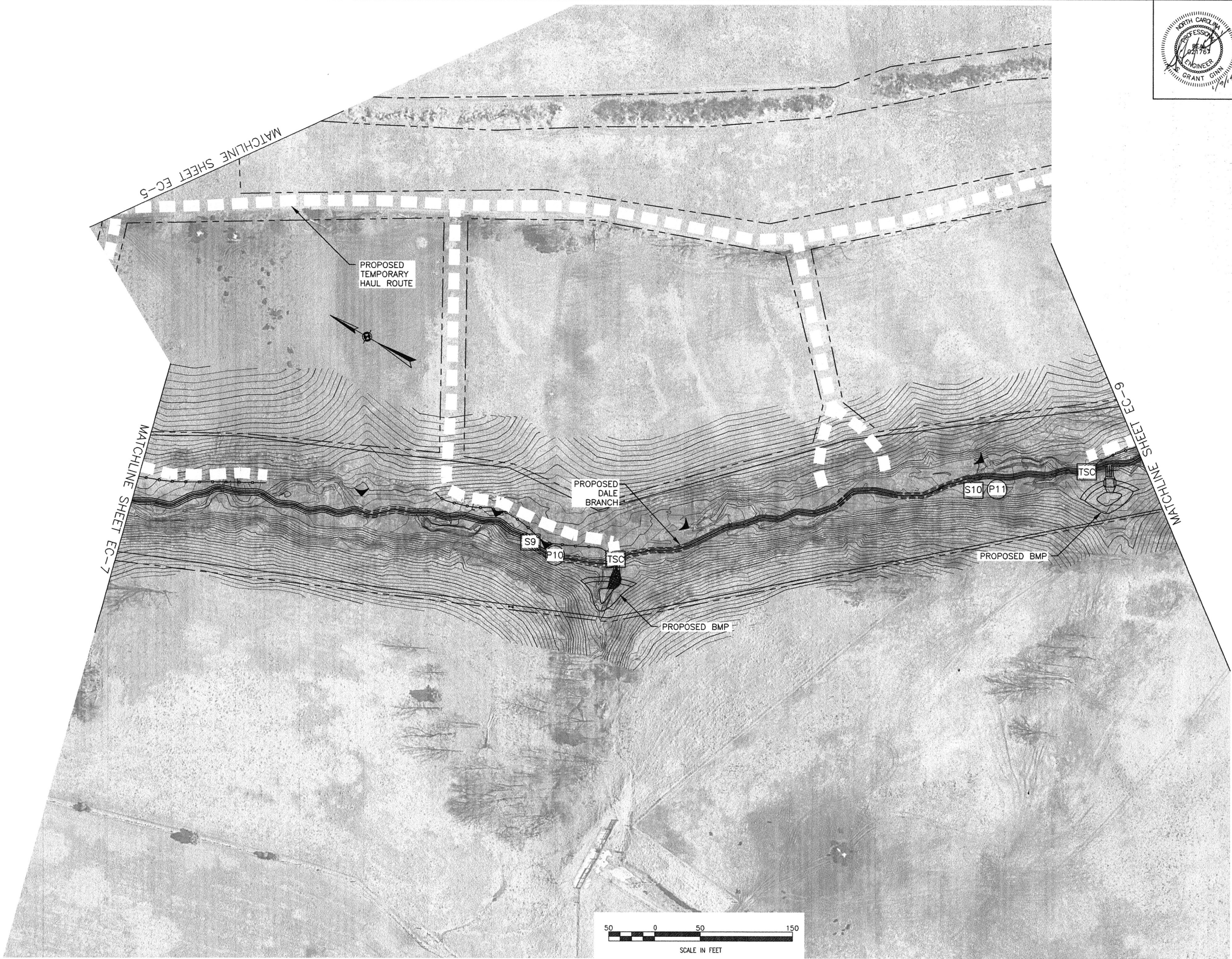
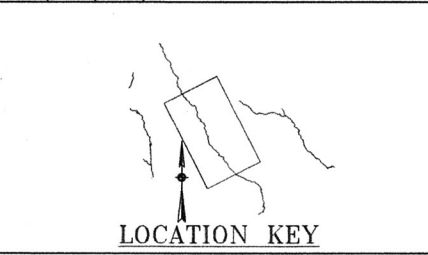
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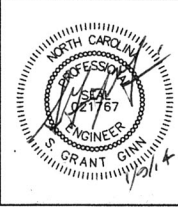
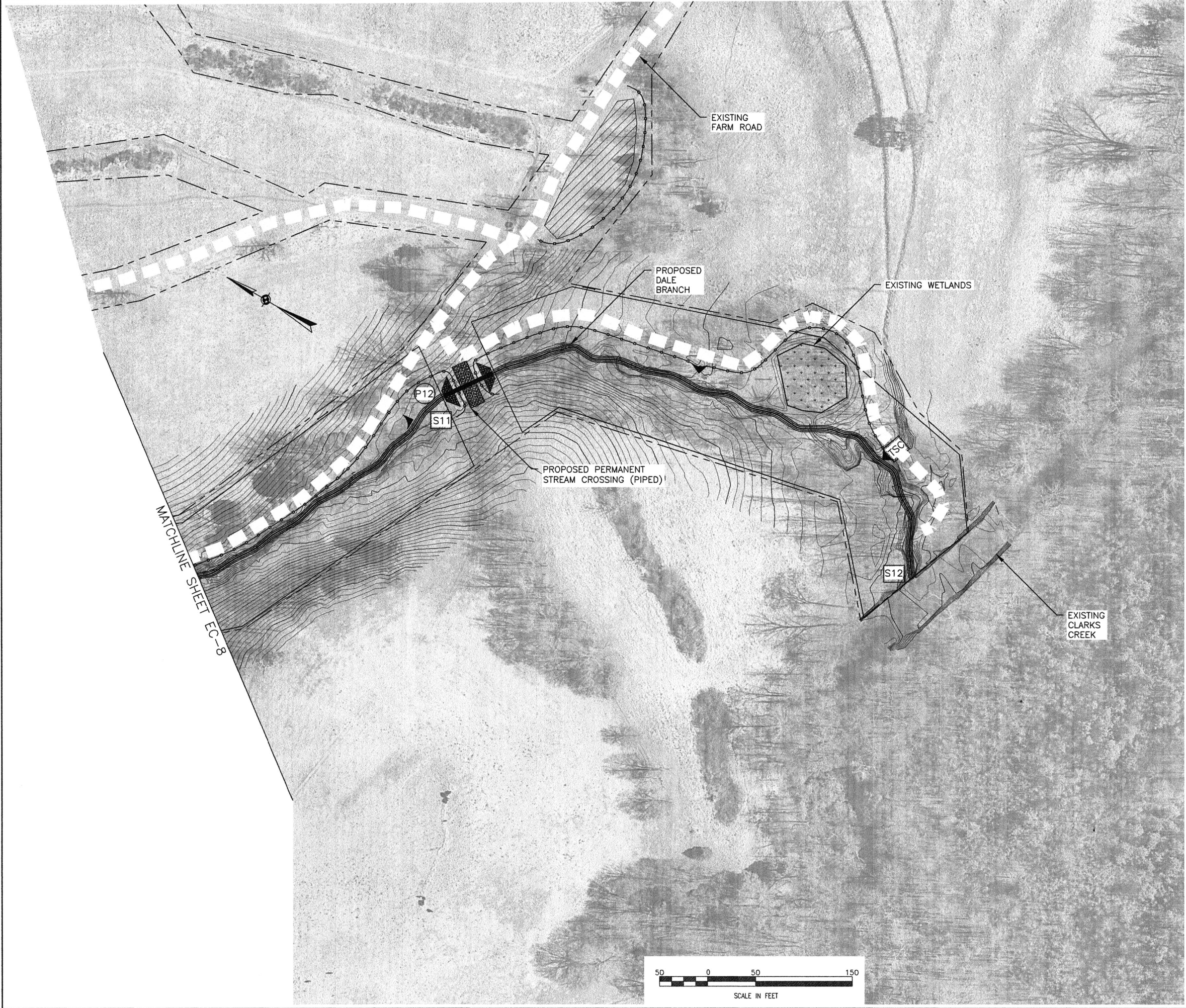
DALE BRANCH



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PHONE: (828) 658-3649		WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM	
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE			
TITLE			
EROSION CONTROL PLANS			
SCALE AS NOTED	DESIGN BY MMF	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER
DATE 1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG		EC-8
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION




DALE BRANCH



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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION			
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE			
TITLE			
EROSION CONTROL PLANS			
SCALE	AS NOTED	DESIGN BY MMF	PROJECT NO. 1058
DATE	1/9/2014	CHECKED BY SGG	DRAWING NUMBER EC-9
DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



DALE BRANCH

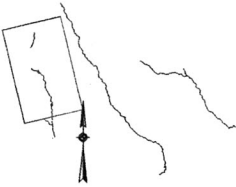


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PHONE: (828) 658-3649 WWW.WOLFCREEKENG.COM

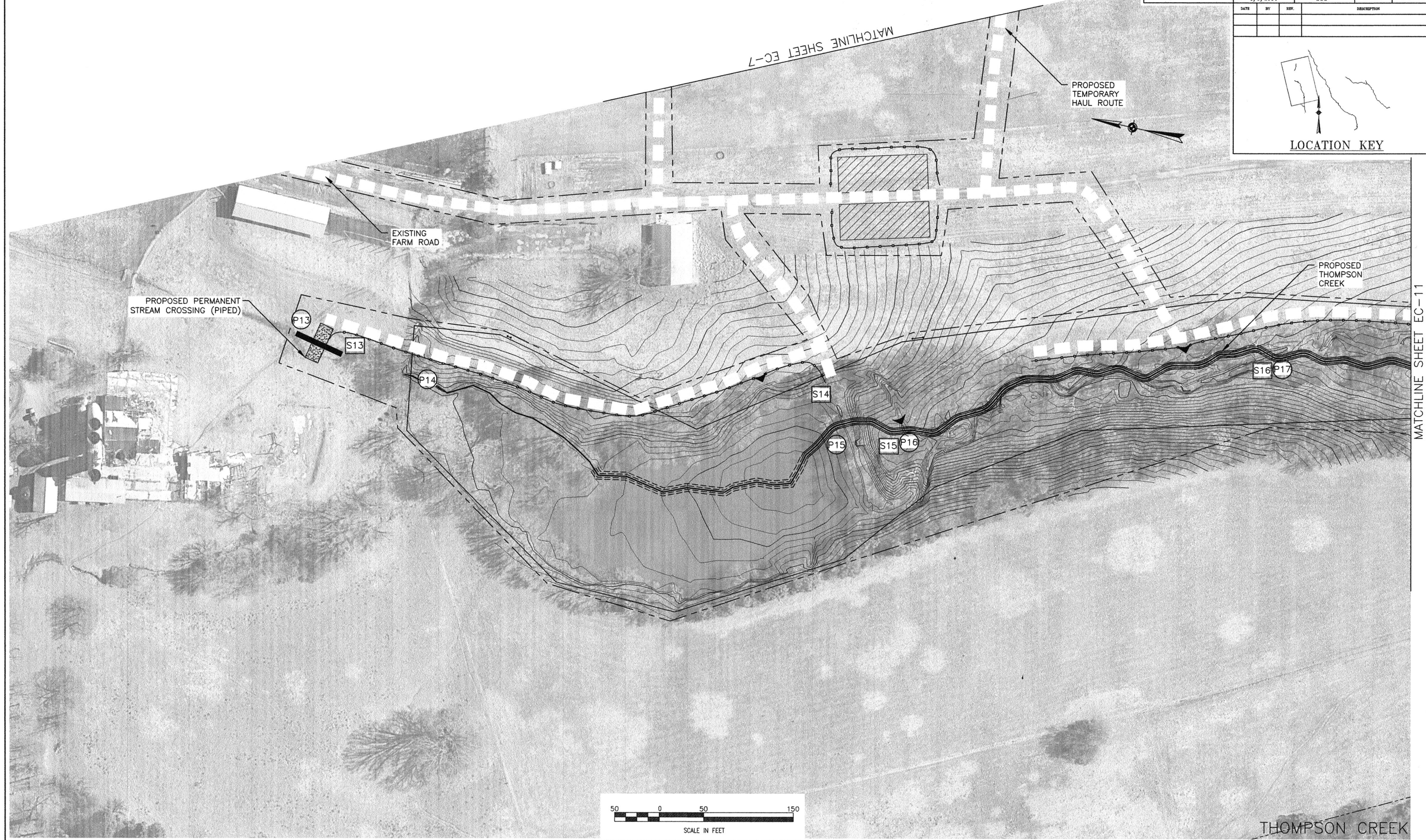
PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

EROSION CONTROL PLANS

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DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION		



LOCATION KEY





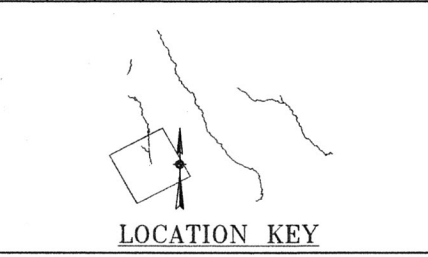
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PROJECT PEE DEE STREAM RESTORATION
OWNER ENVIRONMENTAL BANC AND EXCHANGE

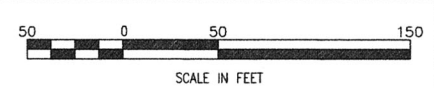
EROSION CONTROL PLANS

SCALE AS NOTED	DRAWN BY MMF	PROJECT NO. 1058	DRAWING NUMBER EC-11
DATE 1/9/2014	CHKD. BY SGG		

DATE	BY	REV.	DESCRIPTION



MATCHLINE SHEET EC-10



THOMPSON CREEK