Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project

Year 2 Monitoring Report Rutherford County, North Carolina



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Table of Contents

EXEC	UTIVE SUMMARY	1
1.0	PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ATTRIBUTES	2
1.1	LOCATION AND SETTING	2
1.2	MITIGATION STRUCTURE AND OBJECTIVES	
1.3	PROJECT HISTORY AND BACKGROUND	
1.4	MONITORING PLAN VIEW	9
2.0	PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS	15
2.1	VEGETATION ASSESSMENT	
2.	1.1 Vegetation	
2.	1.2 Soil Data	
2.	1.3 Vegetative Problem Areas	
2.	1.4 Stem Counts	
2.2	STREAM ASSESSMENT	
2.	2.1 Morphologic Parameters and Channel Stability	
2.	2.2 Hydrology	
2.	2.3 Photographic Documentation of Site	
2.	2.4 Stream Stability Assessment	
2.3	AREAS OF CONCERN	
3.0	REFERENCES	20

Tables and Figures

Figure	1	Project Location Map
Table	1	Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives
Table	2	Project Activity and Reporting History
Table	3	Project Contacts
Table	4	Project Background
Figure	2	Restoration Approach by Project Reach
Table	5	Riparian Buffer Planting List
Table	6	Preliminary Soil Data
Table	7&7b	Stem Count Arranged by Plot
Table	8	Vegetative Problem Areas
Table	9	Hydrological (Bankfull) Verifications
Table	10	Stream Problem Areas
Table	11	Categorical Stream Feature Visual Stability Assessment
Table	12	Visual Morphological Stability Assessment
Table	13	Stream Reach Morphology and Hydraulic Data
Table	14	Cross-section Morphology and Hydraulic Data

	Appendices	
Exhibit	Vegetation Survey Data Tables	A
Exhibit	Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos	A
Exhibit	Qualitative Visual Stability Assessment Tables	B
Exhibit	Cross-section Plots with Annual Overlays	B
Exhibit	Longitudinal Profiles with Annual Overlays	B
Exhibit	Stream Reach Morphology and Hydraulic Data	B
Exhibit	Cross-section Morphology and Hydraulic Data	B
Exhibit	Riffle Pebble Count Size Class Distribution (UT1)	B
Exhibit	Stream Reference Station Photologs	B

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Puzzle Creek site was restored through a full delivery contract with the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). This report documents Year 2 monitoring data for the five-year monitoring period. The goals for the restoration project are as follows:

- Improve hydrologic connectivity between creeks and floodplains;
- Reduce sediment and nutrient loading through restoration of riparian areas and stream banks;
- Create geomorphically stable conditions on the Puzzle Creek project site; and
- Improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat along the project corridor.

To accomplish these goals, the following objectives were implemented:

- Removal of anthropogenic impacts from the stream corridor and rehabilitation of incised and eroding streams by stabilizing stream channels and improving floodplain access;
- Improving impacted buffers to aid in nutrient removal from runoff and stabilizing stream banks to reduce bank erosion and sediment contribution to streams;
- Providing more stable and diverse channel features such as depositional riffles and bars, creating deeper pools and areas of water re-aeration, and providing woody debris to increase instream habitat quality and diversity;
- Establishment of riparian areas characterized by native vegetation, organic debris, and bi-annual flooding which are protected by a permanent conservation easement. The establishment of native streambank and floodplain vegetation will improve bank stability, provide shade to decrease water temperature and improve terrestrial wildlife habitat.

Eight vegetation monitoring plots 100 square meters (m^2) (10m x 10m) in size were used to estimate survival of the woody vegetation planted on-site. The Year 2 vegetation monitoring indicated an average survival of 632 stems per acre. The data shows that the Site is on track to meet both the interim stem survival criteria for Year 3 (320 stems per acre) and the final success criteria of 260 trees per acre by the end of Year 5.

The design implemented at the Puzzle Creek mitigation project site involved Priority Level I and II Restoration, and Enhancement Level I approaches. The resulting design will ultimately yield stable C-type channels for Puzzle Creek, and the project tributaries. Restoration and enhancement work were completed in accordance with the approved design approach provided in the mitigation plan for Puzzle Creek and its tributaries. Longitudinal profile and cross-section data indicate that the project streams have remained stable since baseline monitoring data were collected in February 2011. Additionally, as the photo logs included in this report show, the herbaceous cover at the project site is flourishing, and in conjunction with other erosion control measures, is promoting bank stability on-site, while planted woody vegetation becomes more established. With the exception of two minor areas of bank erosion on Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek, no stream problem areas were noted. It is expected that these eroded areas will stabilize themselves; at this time, no intervention is proposed. Based on geomorphic data presented in Appendix B, this Site is currently on track to meet the hydrologic and stream success criteria specified in the Puzzle Creek Mitigation Plan.

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly Restoration Plan) documents, which are available on EEP's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from EEP upon request.

1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ATTRIBUTES

The Puzzle Creek Restoration site is located approximately three miles northeast of Bostic, in Rutherford County, North Carolina (Figure 1). The project site is situated in the Broad River Basin, within North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) sub-basin 03-08-02 and United States Geologic Survey (USGS) hydrologic unit 03050105070050. The Puzzle Creek project area drains agricultural and forested land, as well as a small area occupied by residential development. The general area in which the project is located is rural in character, and is not likely to change significantly in the foreseeable future. The largest percentage of land use in the watershed currently is in forested cover for wildlife habitat and hunting as well as timber production. The percentage of land in the watershed available to agriculture is 27% with over 60% of the watershed remaining as forest land.

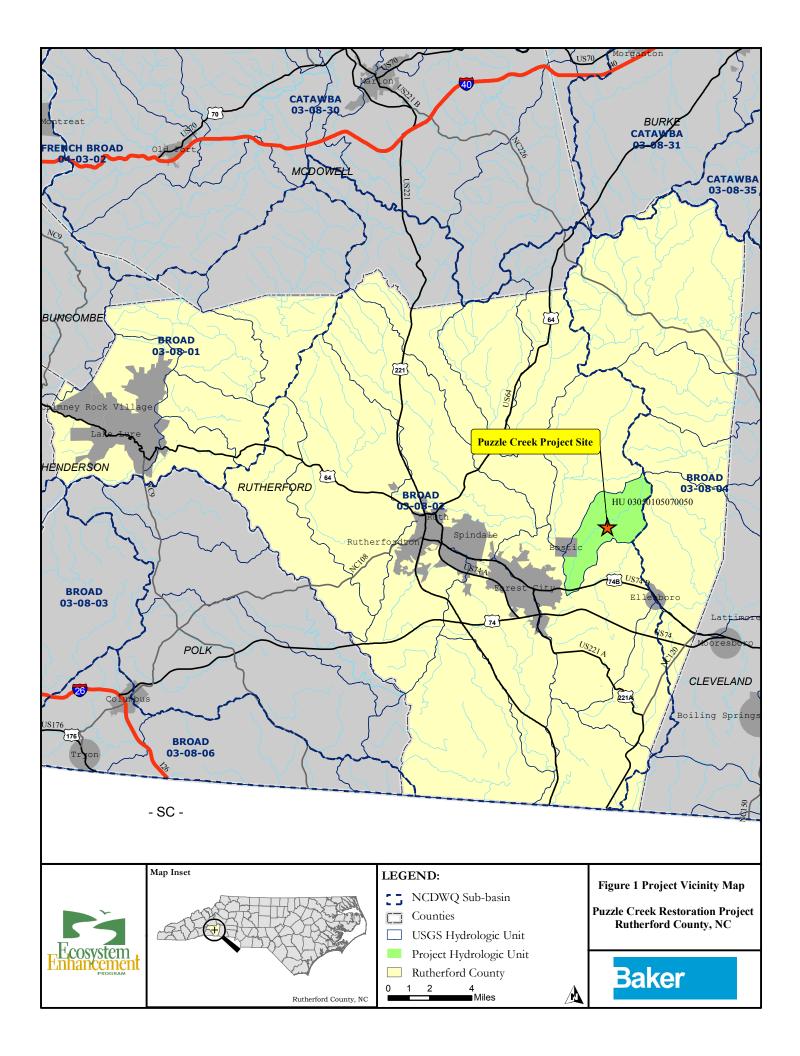
Orthophotography maps from the 1930's show residential and agricultural land use altering the Puzzle Creek watershed. Many streams were channelized to help mark property boundaries and to drain low lands for farming. Anthropogenic land use alteration and channelization of streams introduced instabilities from which the streams are still recovering. Incision, bank erosion, meander cutoffs, lateral bar formation, debris jams, and other ongoing stream processes typical of adjusting streams are found in the project reach. Segments of the unnamed tributary have achieved a degree of relative stability due to the presence of heavily wooded banks, developing floodplains which have been active in recent years, and bedrock that has prevented incision from becoming the driving factor in channel geomorphic development.

The project involved restoration or enhancement of four on-site streams: Puzzle Creek and three smaller unnamed tributaries (UT) identified in the project as UT1, UT2 and UT3. As noted in the Baseline Monitoring Report for Puzzle Creek, unnamed tributaries (UT2 and UT3) were added as short restored reaches as we recognized that work would be required on them within the easement area to facilitate connecting them to the mainstem. Total stream length across the project increased from approximately 4,849 LF to 5,073LF. The restoration and enhancement of 5,073 LF of stream within this project site has generated 4,966 stream mitigation units (SMUs).

1.1 Location and Setting

The Puzzle Creek restoration site is located approximately three miles northeast of Bostic in Rutherford County, NC. To access the site from Interstate 26, take the Hwy 74 East exit, Exit 67, toward NC-108/Columbus/Rutherford. Continue on Hwy 74 East for approximately 23 miles and turn left at the Old Caroleen Road Exit. Continue on Old Caroleen Road and take a right onto Riverside Drive before making another right onto the Hwy 74 Bridge. After crossing the bridge, turn left onto Bostic Sunshine Road which temporarily merges with S Main Street. Continue on Bostic Sunshine Road/S Main Street until reaching Piney Mountain Church Road whereupon a right turn should be made to access the project site, located at 2321 Piney Mountain Church Road.

Unnamed tributary 1(UT 1) flows west then northwest from the upstream end of the Schafer property boundary to a break in the easement. UT1 continues northwest from the break in the easement to its confluence with Puzzle Creek. Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek begins at Piney Mountain Church Rd (SR 1007) and continues southwest to the confluence with UT1. Reach 2 of Puzzle Creek begins at the confluence of with UT1 and continues northwest to the property boundary. The project site is accessible from Piney Mountain Church Rd. and Washburn Rd. (Figure 1).



1.2 Mitigation Structure and Objectives

Table 1 summarizes project data for each reach and restoration approaches used. The design implemented at the Puzzle Creek mitigation project site involved both Priority Level 1 and 2 approaches. The resulting design should ultimately yield primarily a C-type channel for Puzzle Creek and its tributaries within the project reach. Restoration and enhancement work on Puzzle Creek and UT1were completed in accordance with the approved design approach provided in the mitigation plan for Puzzle Creek.

Table 1. Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522											
Project Segment or Reach ID	Existing Feet/	Mitigation Type	Approach	Target Stream Type	Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Units		Stationing	Comment	
Puzzle Creek	1						1			D (1 1	(1 1
Reach 1	1,024LF	R	P1	C4/5	1,000 LF	1:1	1,0	00	0+00-10+00	Reroute channel middle of valley, pattern, dimension profile	improve on and
Reach 2	600 LF	R	PII		634 LF	1:1	63	34	10+00-16+34	Pattern adjustmen overly sinuous se profile and dimen adjustments	ection,
UT1 (Reach 1)										
Subreach ^A	2,036 LF	R	PII		2,150 LF	1:1	2,1	50	00+00-21+50	Pattern and profi adjustments; imp floodplain bench	rove ing
Subreach ^A	320 LF	E	LI	C4/5	320LF	1.5:1	21	3	21+50-24+70	Profile and dimen adjustments; imp floodplain access valley through th precluded pattern adjustments)	rove (narrow is reach
Subreach ^A	469 LF	R	PII		469 LF	1:1	46		24+70-29+39	Pattern and profi adjustments; imp floodplain bench	rove
Subreach ^A UT 2	400LF	R	PII	C4/5	400 LF	1:1	40)0	32+12-36+12	Slight pattern and adjustments, low bankfull elevatio bank near conflu	ering of n on right
Reach 1		R	PII	-	52 LF	1:1	52	2	1+39-1+91	Bank grading and stabilization; inv removal and re-p native riparian ve	asives lanting with
UT 3											
Reach 1		R	PI	-	48 LF	1:1	4	8	0+63-1+11	Bank grading and stabilization; inva removal and re-p native riparian ve	asives lanting with
Mitigation U	1			_							~
Stream (LF)	Riparian V		d (Ac)					Comment			
4,966											
Notes: ^A Sub-	Notes: ^A Sub-reaches are listed as they occur, going in a downstream direction as indicated by the stationing provided.										

Prior to the mitigation project, riparian sections along Puzzle Creek were utilized for pasture and were frequently mowed. Today much of the site is wooded, with acreage being managed for timber production and also as a timberland used for hunting and quite enjoyment. The primary causes of impairment found within the project reaches included previous efforts to channelize the streams, logging activities, an abundance of unstable log jams resulting in erosion, and the presence of non-native vegetation.

The upper reach (reach 1) of the mainstem of Puzzle Creek had severe lateral instability resulting in selfperpetuating debris jams. Bank erosion, falling trees, incision, and impingement on the valley wall were considered significant and continuing trends present on the reach. A combination of Priority I and Priority II Restoration approaches were implemented along Reach 1 based on the need to excavate the floodplain in some areas while in other areas a new channel would be excavated that utilized the existing floodplain. As was the case with all project reaches, unforested sections of floodplain as well as areas of recently disturbed floodplain were seeded and replanted with trees and shrubs native to the area to provide stability and create an adequate riparian buffer.

The reach of Puzzle Creek downstream of the confluence with UT1 (Reach 2) was suffering from a cycle of debris jams, lateral instability, bank erosion, channel avulsion, and falling trees. This section of Puzzle Creek was incised, although some flood relief was available by the presence of a remnant channel in the left floodplain. A combination of Priority I and Priority II Restoration was applied in Reach 2 to create a meandering pattern with stable riffles and pools. This approach resulted in the channel being moved away from the right valley wall. This provided marked improvements in the profile, cross-section, and stability of the channel pattern.

Throughout UT1, a combination of Priority I and II Restoration approaches was implemented. Reach 1 of UT1 flows west then northwest from the upstream end of the Schafer property boundary to a break in the easement above the waterfall. The primary issues addressed on UT1 were connectivity of the stream to the floodplain, localized erosion of streambanks and impingement on valley walls, sub-reaches with bed features that are inconsistent with the plan form of the stream, and non-native vegetation. At the uppermost end of the reach, floodplain connectivity was addressed by changing the bed profile, thereby raising the water surface. By creating backwater in meander bends, naturally-sustainable pools were created. Further downstream, a new channel was constructed to bring the stream away from the valley wall and to create more natural riffle-pool sequences. Below this offline section, banks were graded to improve stream stability and create the needed cross-section while following the existing channel course. A riprap stream crossing was installed in this reach for land-owner and forest fire response access to both sides of the creek. Below the crossing, intact banks and bed diversity minimized the meandering needed and restoration consisted of making minor changes to the channel cross-section, pattern and profile as necessary to improve bank stability and sediment transport continuity.

In other less stable sections where the stream exhibited signs of channelization, the channel was taken offline to restore pattern and profile, creating a more stable channel with a more diverse channel bedform. A significant amount of bedrock is present throughout Reach 1. Consequently, the channel was brought back online where bedrock is present.

In other areas, where bedform is diverse, banks stable, and valley constraints present, modifications to the profile and cross-section were made, but the channel was kept in its existing alignment. For these reasons, an Enhancement Level I approach was taken in those sections of Reach 1.

In accordance with the approved mitigation plan for the site, construction activities began in September 2008. Toward the end of construction in October 2008 and shortly thereafter, the project site experienced a series of flood events. Post flooding conditions indicated that designed conditions in some areas needed to be reevaluated, particularly as they related to bank height and sinuosity. Baker evaluated the site to determine the appropriate course of action needed to stabilize the project area. It was determined that damage sustained on Puzzle Creek warranted re-mobilizing a construction crew to the site to repair damage to the site and to make adjustments to the channel alignment. Minor areas of erosion were stabilized and vegetated geolifts were added. Just upstream of the confluence with UT1 one meander was

removed to increase the meander length in this area. The last meander on Puzzle was determined to be excessively tight, so the radius was increased slightly by bringing the meander bend in slightly and a cross-vane was constructed at the head of the riffle to center the thalweg and hold elevation through the upstream pool.

During late fall and winter, a number of subsequent flood events impacted UT1, which had been completed by that time. In early 2009, Baker staff visited the site to assess channel and bank stability. Although there were no areas suffering from excessive erosion, there were some indications that the channel, as constructed, was not functioning to the level desired. Initially it appeared that meanders were attempting to elongate downstream and improper pattern was suspected; however, after some time passed and additional high flows passed through the channel it was determined that primarily the pattern of instability was due to the banks not being established at the proper elevation and the floodplain needing to be lower over a wider area. Channel pattern continued to be a concern and channel length was reduced by increasing meander length and reducing meander radius of curvature. In early 2010 the channel was modified by lowering the banks in some areas and lowering the floodplain elevation to accommodate bank flows; alignment modifications were also made. The repaired site has been observed for a number of months and appears to be stabilized by the channel modifications. Further observation has not resulted in any additional design concerns.

Plan modifications during construction involved the location and selection of instream structures and bank stabilization practices as well as the lowering of the bankfull elevation in isolated reaches along Puzzle Creek and UT1. Meander length and radius of curvature was also increased along two reaches of UT1. Another modification made included applying Priority I and II measures on two additional tributaries to Puzzle Creek that are located within the project area. Unnamed Tributary 2 (UT2) is located above the confluence of Puzzle Creek and UT1. The third unnamed tributary to Puzzle Creek, UT3, is located just upstream of the only cross-vane on Puzzle Creek and downstream of the confluence with UT1. These tributaries are included in the total Restoration footage due to the need to reconstruct the confluences of these streams as the mainstem was modified. Invasive vegetation removal and replanting of these areas with native riparian vegetation was carried out along these tributaries. The total linear feet of UT2 and UT3 where Restoration measures were applied is 52 LF and 48 LF, respectively. Restoration measures applied to UT2 and UT3 actually extend beyond the conservation easement boundary, but footage beyond the easement was not considered in calculating the mitigation credit provided by this site. These changes are documented in the attached as-built drawings. The final as-built stream length for the project as indicated in Table 1 is 5,073 LF.

1.3 Project History and Background

The chronology of the Puzzle Creek mitigation project is presented in Table 2 while the contact information for designers, contractors and plant material suppliers is presented in Table 3. Relevant project background information is presented in Table 4. Total stream length across the project increased from approximately 4,849 LF to 5,073LF.

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522					
Activity or Report	Data Collection	Completion or Delivery			
Restoration Plan	October 2007	December 2007			
Final Design-90%	October 2007	December 2007			
Construction	-	October 2008			
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area	-	October 2008			
Permanent seed mix applied to project site	-	October 2008			
Containerized and B&B plantings set out	-	October 2008			

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting HistoryPuzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522		
Flood Events; Site Repairs	-	October-November 2008
Site Evaluation on UT1	January 2009	-
Site Modifications and Repairs	April 2010	-
Mitigation Plan / As-built (Year 0 Monitoring – baseline)	July 2010	January 2011
Year 1 Monitoring	November 2011; January- February 2012	May 2012
Year 2 Monitoring	October 2012, March 2013	June 2013
Year 3 Monitoring		
Year 4 Monitoring		
Year 5 Monitoring		

Table 3. Project Contacts Table Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522				
Designer				
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd Suite 201, Asheville, NC 28806			
Whender Daker Engineering, me.	Contact: Micky Clemmons, Tel. 828.350.1408 x2002			
Construction Contractor				
River Works, Inc.	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511			
River works, flic.	Contact: Bill Wright, Tel. 919.818.6686			
Planting & Seeding Contractor				
River Works, Inc.	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511			
Kiver works, me.	Contact: George Morris, Tel. 919.459.9001			
Seed Mix Sources	Green Resources			
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Arborgen and Hillis Nursery			
Monitoring				
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd Suite 201, Asheville, NC 28806			
whenaei Bakei Eligineering, ilic.	Contact: Matthew Reid, Tel. 828.350.1408			

Table 4. Project Attribute Table Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522				
Project County	Rutherford County, NC			
Physiograhic Region	Piedmont Province. Borders Blue Ridge Escarpment			
Ecoregion	Southern Inner Piedmont			
Project River Basin	Broad			
USGS HUC for Project	03050105070050			
NCDWQ Sub-basin for Project	03-08-02			
Within extent of EEP Watershed Plan?	No			
WRC Class	Cool			
% of Project Easement Fenced or Demarcated	~5% (goat pasture)			
Beaver Activity Observed During Design Phase?	No			
Drainage Area (Square Miles or Acres)				
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	2.58 mi ²			
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	4.18 mi ²			

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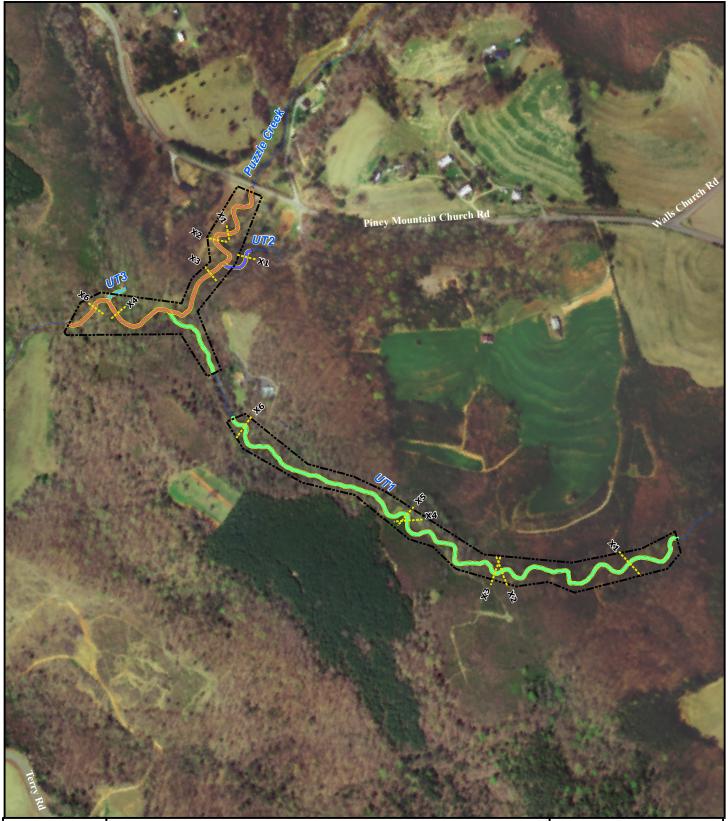
UT1Reach 1	1.6 mi^2
UT1 Reach2	1.6 mi ²
UT2	<.5 mi ²
Stream Order	Puzzle-3rd Order, UT1-2 nd Order, UT2-1 st Order
Restored Length	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	1,000 LF
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	634 LF
UT1Reach 1	3,339 LF
UT 2	52 LF
UT 3	48 LF
Perennial or Intermittent	Perennial (all project streams)
Watershed Type	Rural (Predominantly Forested)
Watershed LULC Distribution (Percent area)	
Forest	61%
Shrub	12%
Pasture	27%
Water	.45%
Drainage Impervious Cover Estimate (%)	<5%
NCDWQ AU/Index #	9-41-19
303d Listed	No
Upstream of 303d Listed Segment	No
Reasons for 303d Listing or Stressor	-
Total Acreage of Easement	11.64 Acres
Total Vegetated Acreage w/in Easement	n/a (Easement vegetated with exception of stream channel and access path)
Total Planted Acreage within the Easement	~10 Acres
Rosgen Classification (Pre-existing)	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	C4
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	E4
UT1Reach 1	B4c/C4
UT1 Reach2	B4c
Rosgen Classification of As-built	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	E4
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	E4
UT1Reach 1	E4/C4
UT1 Reach2	E4
Valley Type	VIII
Valley Slope	.001 to .0106
Valley Side Slope Range	n/a
Valley Toe Slope Range	n/a
Trout Waters Designation	No

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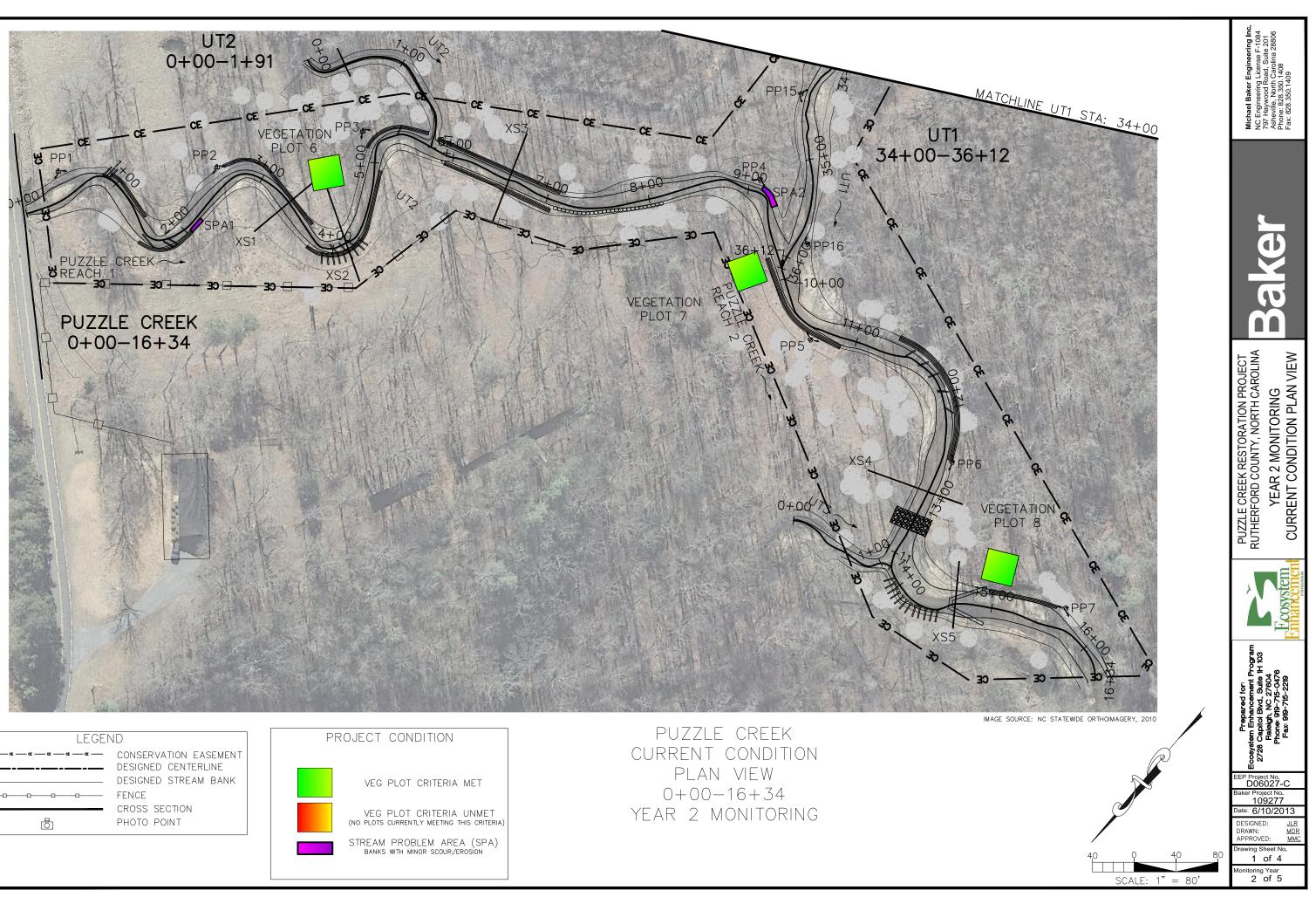
Table 4. Project Attribute TablePuzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522					
Species of Concern	No				
Dominant Soil Series and Characteristics	Chewacla/ Pa	acolet/Pacol	et-Bethlehem		
	Depth (in.)	% Clay	K Factor	T Factor	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5	
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	61"	22.5	.32	5	
UT1Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5	
UT1 Reach2	62"	27.5	.2	3	

1.4 Monitoring Plan View

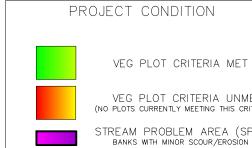
The five-year monitoring plan for the Puzzle Creek Mitigation Site includes criteria to evaluate the success of the geomorphic and vegetative components of the project. A current condition plan view (CCPV) depicting the monitoring features for the Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project is provided below. The plan view provides a layout of channel pattern as well as the location of structures designed to aid in dimension and profile stability. Other features shown on the plan view include the location of crest gauges, vegetation monitoring plots, cross-sections, reference photo stations, and the location of maintenance and repair work completed. The plan view also provides call outs at the locations of problem areas. With the exception of intermittent areas of kudzu encroachment and patches of Chinese privet or multiflora rose scattered throughout the project reaches on Puzzle Creek and UT1, there are no additional problems present. These areas with invasive species are being treated to eradicate them if possible. Baker will continue to monitor the presence of invasives within the easement and treat them accordingly. Figure 2 illustrates the project as it is delineated by reach.

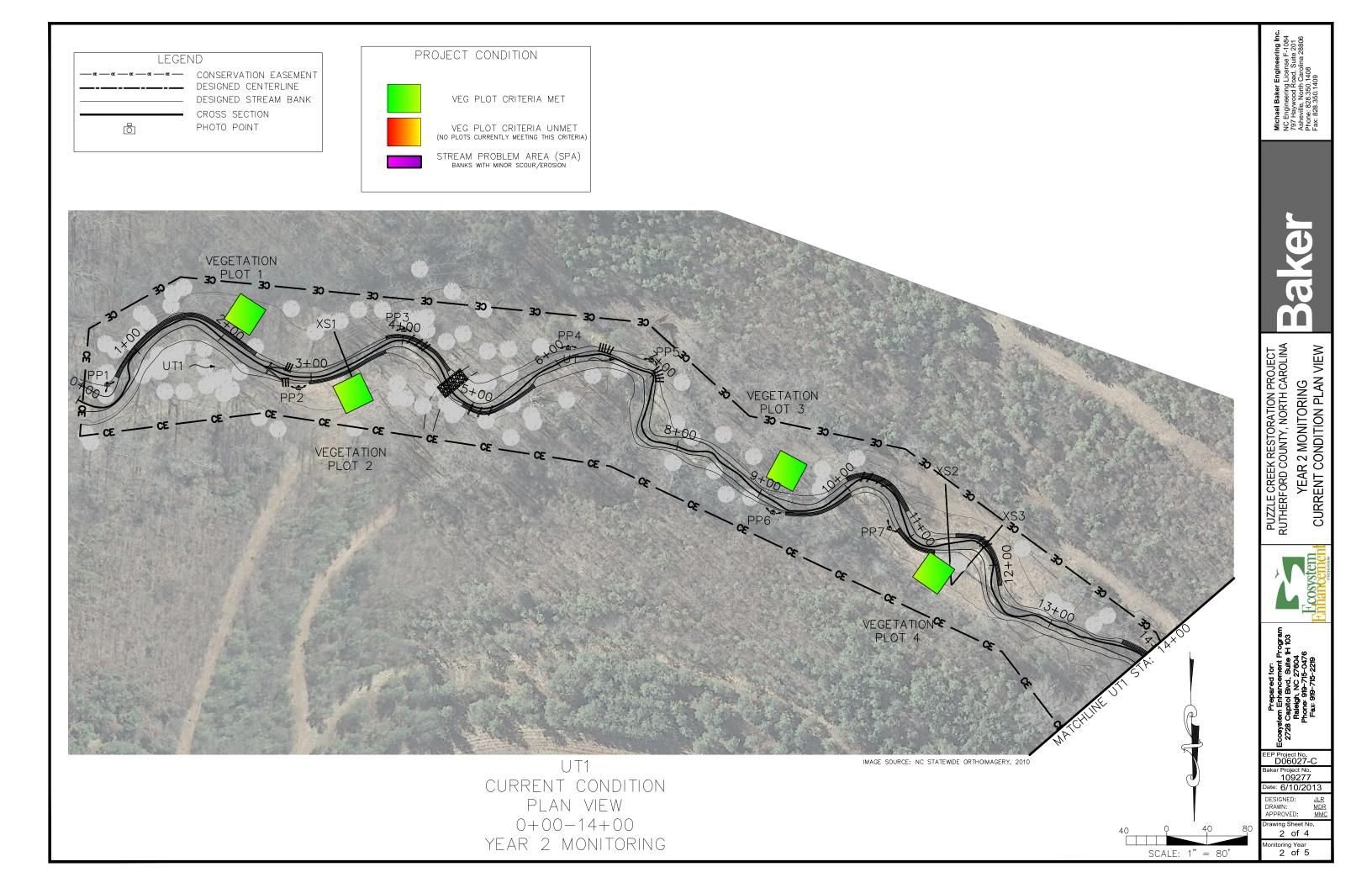


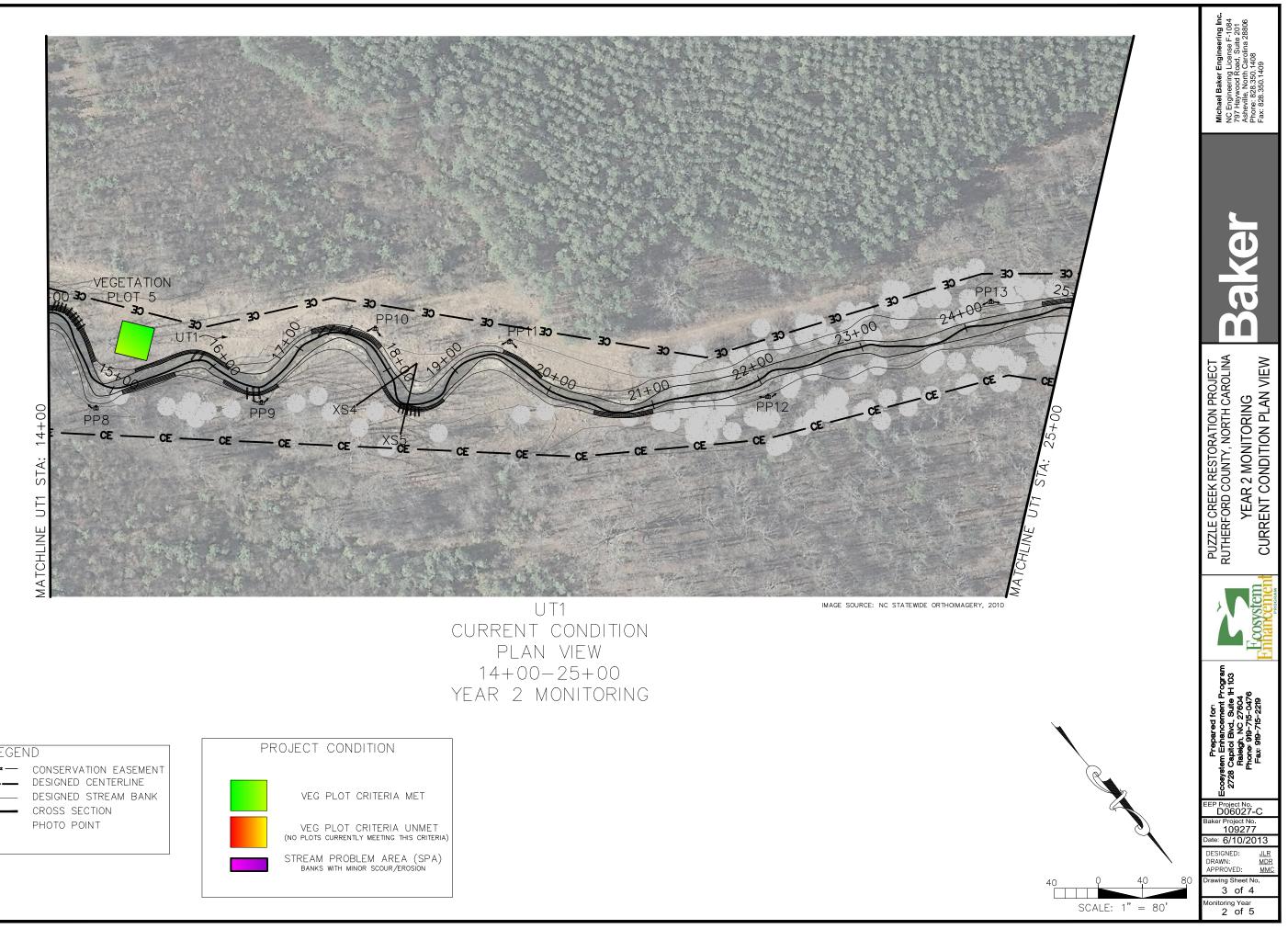
Ecosystem Enhancement PROGRAM	LEGEND: Project Reaches Puzzle Creek UT2 UT1	Conservation Easement Cross-sections Surveyed Profile	Streams	Figure 2 Restoration Summary Map Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Rutherford County, NC
	UT3		0 100 200 400 Feet	Baker

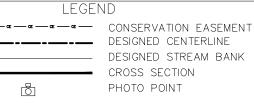


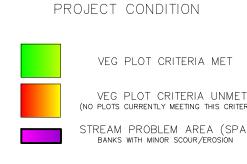
LEGEN	ND
CE CE CE CE	CONSERVATION EASEMENT DESIGNED CENTERLINE
	DESIGNED STREAM BANK
	FENCE
	CROSS SECTION
0	PHOTO POINT

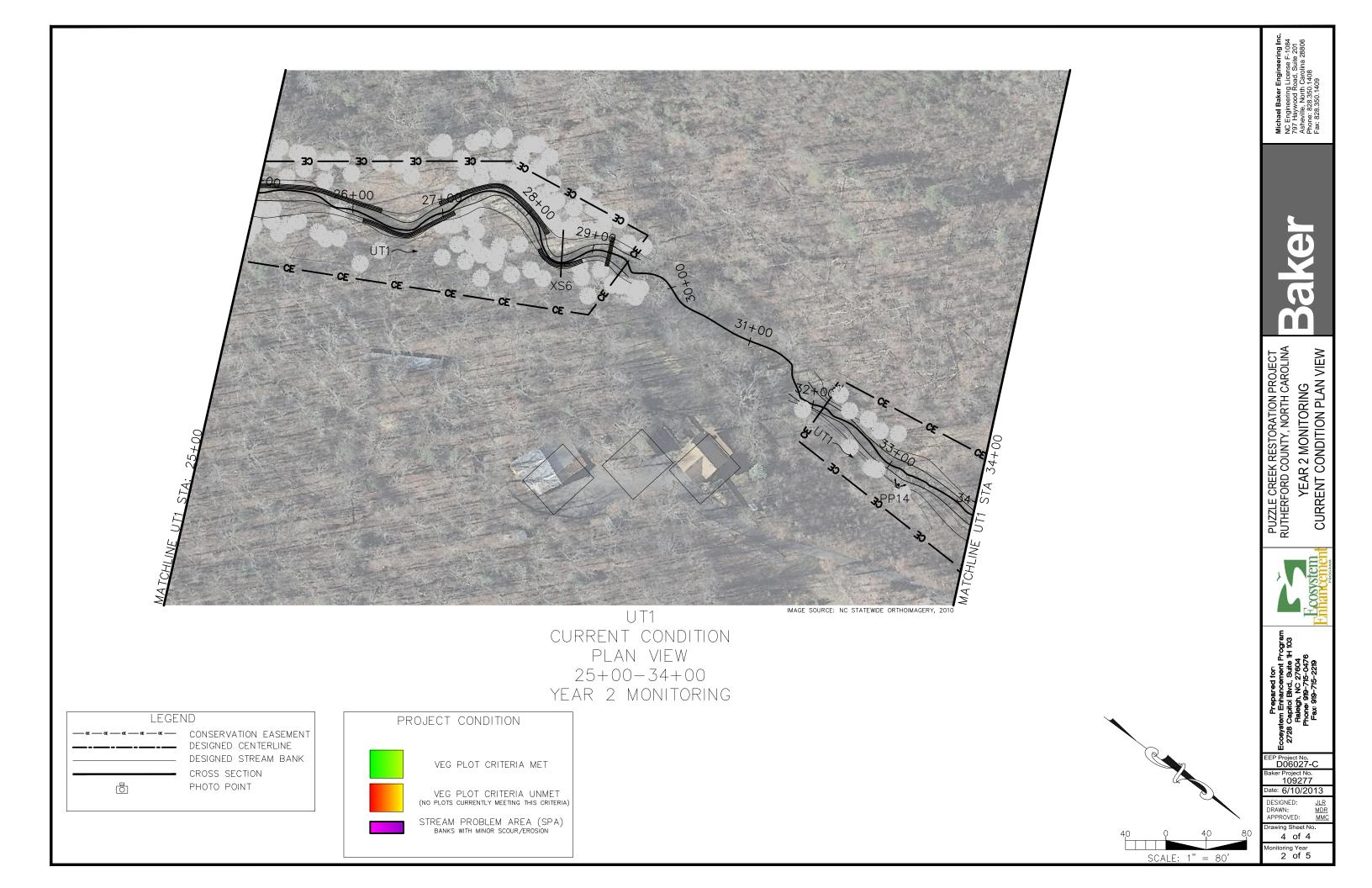












2.0 PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS

The five-year monitoring plan for the Puzzle Creek mitigation project includes criteria to evaluate the success of the vegetation and stream components of the project. The specific locations of vegetation plots, permanent cross-sections, reference photo stations and crest gauges are shown on the CCPV submitted with this report.

2.1 Vegetation Assessment

2.1.1 Vegetation

Successful restoration of the vegetation on a site is dependent upon hydrologic restoration, active planting of preferred canopy species, and volunteer regeneration of the native plant community. In order to determine if the criteria are achieved, eight vegetation monitoring quadrants were installed across the restoration site. The size of individual quadrants varies from 100 square meters for tree species to 1 square meter for herbaceous vegetation. Level 1 CVS vegetation monitoring will occur in spring, after leaf-out has occurred, or in the fall prior to leaf fall. At the end of the first growing season during baseline surveys, species composition, density, and survival were evaluated. Individual quadrant data provided during subsequent monitoring events will include diameter, height, density, and coverage of vegetation. Individual seedlings were marked to ensure that they can be found in succeeding monitoring years.

Photographs are used to visually document vegetation success in sample plots. Reference photos of tree and herbaceous conditions within plots are taken at least once per year. Photos of the plots are included in Appendix A of this report.

The interim measure of vegetative success for the site is the survival of at least 320, 3-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of Year 3 of the monitoring period. The final vegetative success criteria is the survival of 260, 5-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of Year 5 of the monitoring period.

Temporary seeding applied to streambanks beneath the erosion matting sprouted within two weeks of application and has provided excellent ground coverage. Live stakes and bare root trees planted are also flourishing and will increasingly contribute to streambank stability. Bare-root trees were planted throughout the conservation easement. A minimum 30-foot buffer was established along all restored stream reaches. In general, bare-root vegetation was planted at a target density of 680 stems per acre, in an 8-foot by 8-foot grid pattern. Planting of bare-root trees was completed in the winter of 2009-2010. Species planted are listed below.

Table 5. Riparian Buff Puzzle Creek Mitigation	fer Planting List Plan-NCEEP Project #92522)	
ě	nd Live Stake Species (may		ner species)
Common Name	Scientific Name	% Planted by Species	# of Stems
	Riparian Buffer	Plantings	
Trees Overstory			
Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	20%	136
Willow Oak	Quercus phellos	7%	48
River birch	Betula nigra	15%	102
Persimmon	Diospyros virginiana	10%	68
Alternate Species			
Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	20%	136
Green Ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	15%	102
Swamp Chestnut Oak	Quercus michauxii	8%	54
Black Cherry	Prunus seritona	5%	34
Understory Trees/Shrub	S		
Pawpaw	Asimina triloba	15%	102
Witch-hazel	Hamamelis virginiana	15%	102
Spicebush	Lindera benzoin	20%	136
Alternate Species			
Sweet Shrub	Calycanthus floridus	15%	102
Redbud	Cercis canadensis	10%	68
Flowering Dogwood	Cornus floridus	15%	102
Arrowwood Viburnum	Viburnum dentatum	10%	68
	Riparian Livestak	e Plantings	
Ninebark	Physocarpus opulifolius	na	
Elderberry	Sambucus canadensis	na	
Silky Willow	Salix sericea	na	
Silky Dogwood	Cornus amomum	na	
Note: Species selection	may have changed due to ref	inement or availability at the	e time of plantin

2.1.2 Soil Data

Table 6. Preliminary Soil DataPuzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP F	Project #92522				
Dominant Soil Series and Characteristics	Chewacla/ Pa	acolet/Paco	let-Bethleher	n	
	Depth (in.)	% Clay	K Factor	T Factor	%OM
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5	.75-2.5
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	61"	22.5	.32	5	.75-2.5
UT1Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5	2-2.5
UT1 Reach2	62"	27.5	.2	3	2-2.5

2.1.3 Vegetative Problem Areas

There are no major vegetation problem areas at this time. However, Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) is scattered intermittently in areas on-site as is kudzu, which is primarily encroaching upon the easement area on the lower end of Reach 2 of Puzzle Creek as well as the upstream end of UT1 (Table 8, Appendix A). The planting and seeding contractor for the Site will be scheduled to treat areas where invasive vegetation is present during the spring of 2013.

2.1.4 Stem Counts

The mitigation plan for the Puzzle Creek Site specifies that the number of quadrants required will be based on the species/area curve method, as described in NCEEP monitoring guidance documents. The size of individual quadrants is 100 square meters for woody tree species, and 1 square meter for herbaceous vegetation. Eight vegetation plots, each 10 by 10 meters or 5 by 20 meters in size, were established across the restored site.

2.1.4.1.1 Results

Tables 7 and 7b in Appendix A presents information on the stem counts for each of the vegetation monitoring plots. Data from the Year 2 monitoring event showed a range of 405-809 planted stems per acre, with approximately 86% of the stems being in good to excellent condition. Nearly 13% of the stems planted are missing or have died; however a number of volunteers, namely birch, sweetgum, poplar, and sycamore, have also begun populating the project area. The average density of planted stems, based on data collected from the eight monitoring plots during Year 2 monitoring, is 632 stems per acre which indicates that the Site is on track for meeting the minimum success interim criteria of 320 trees per acre by the end of Year 3 and the final success criteria of 260 trees per acre by the end of Year 5. The locations of the vegetation plots are shown on the CCPV.

No discrete woody or herbaceous vegetation problem areas were identified during Year 2 monitoring. Although the density of herbaceous cover varies across the site, conditions observed on-site during the Year 2 monitoring survey found ground cover in the easement area to be sufficient for aiding in site stabilization. Survival rates of planted woody stems in the vegetation plots indicate that plantings across the easement area are of sufficient density to meet regulatory requirements, as well as the site stabilization and habitat enhancement goals originally set forth in the mitigation plan.

2.2 Stream Assessment

2.2.1 Morphologic Parameters and Channel Stability

Geomorphic monitoring of restored stream reaches is being conducted over a five year period to evaluate the effectiveness of the restoration practices installed. Monitored stream parameters include channel dimension (cross-sections), profile (longitudinal survey), pattern, bed composition, bank stability, bankfull flows, and stability of reference sites documented by photographs. Crest gauges, as well as wrack lines, will be used to document the occurrence of bankfull or greater events. The methods used and any related success criteria are described below for each parameter. For monitoring this site, twelve permanent cross-sections and two crest gauges were installed. Longitudinal profiles were also completed on Puzzle Creek, UT1 and UT2. Detailed channel morphology was surveyed with a total station by Baker; survey data is georeferenced.

2.2.1.1 Dimension

Twelve permanent cross-sections were installed to help evaluate the success of the mitigation project. Permanent cross-sections were established throughout the project site as follows: five cross-sections were located on Puzzle Creek, and six cross-sections were located on UT1. One cross-section was also located on UT2 to monitor restoration efforts associated with riparian improvements, pattern and profile adjustments made at the confluence of UT2 and Puzzle Creek. Cross-sections selected for monitoring were located in representative riffle and pool reaches and each cross-section was marked on both banks with permanent pins to establish the exact transect used. A common benchmark will be used for cross-sections and consistently referenced to facilitate comparison of year-to-year data. The cross-sectional surveys will include points measured at all breaks in slope, including top of bank, bankfull,

edge of water, and thalweg, if the features are present. Riffle cross-sections were classified using the Rosgen Stream Classification System.

There should be little change in the as-built cross-sections. If changes do take place, they will be evaluated to determine if they represent movement toward a more unstable condition (e.g., down-cutting or erosion) or movement toward increased stability (e.g., settling, vegetative changes, or deposition along the banks).

2.2.1.1.1 Results

As-built cross-section monitoring data for stream stability was collected in January and February 2011. The twelve permanent cross-sections along the restored channels were resurveyed in January and March 2013 to document stream dimension for Monitoring Year 2. Cross-sectional data is presented in Table 13 (Appendix B) and the location of cross-sections is shown on the plan sheets submitted with this report.

The bankfull width and cross-sectional area dimensions for UT2 were previously misidentified. Adjustments to the As-built through Year 2 surveys have been made to reflect the true bankfull elevation and cross-sectional area. The cross-sections show that there has been little to no adjustment to stream dimension across the project reaches since construction. At this time, cross-sectional measurements do not indicate any streambank or channel stability issues.

2.2.1.2 Pattern and Longitudinal Profile

Longitudinal profiles for Year 2 were also surveyed during January and March 2013; profiles of the various project reaches are provided in Appendix B. A longitudinal profile was conducted for the entire project length on Puzzle Creek, UT2, UT3, and 3,000 LF of UT3. Longitudinal profiles will be replicated annually during the five year monitoring period.

Measurements taken during longitudinal profiles include thalweg, water surface, and the left and right top of bank. The pools should remain relatively deep with flat water surface slopes, and the riffles should remain steeper and shallower than the pools. Bed form observations should be consistent with those observed for channels of the design stream type. Profile data collected reflect stable channel bedform and a diverse range of riffle and pool complexes.

All measurements were taken at the head of each feature (e.g., riffle, pool) and the maximum pool depth. Elevations of grade control structures were also included in the longitudinal profiles surveyed. Surveys were tied to a permanent benchmark. Puzzle Creek and its tributaries are C-type streams primarily characterized by riffle-pool sequences. As the site is monitored, reaches will be evaluated for significant changes in pattern. Any changes that warrant repair will be discussed in future monitoring reports.

2.2.1.2.1 Results

The longitudinal profiles show that the bed features are stable. As noted in the Stream Reach Morphology Data Tables in Appendix B (Table 14), riffle and pool characteristics do not appear to have changed much since construction; the measurements obtained for Year 2 are acceptable when compared to reference reach and design data provided for the project reaches. There was also little to no change in the profile of UT1 to Puzzle Creek. No areas of instability were noted during Year 2 monitoring.

2.2.1.3 Substrate and Sediment Transport

Bed material analysis consists of a pebble count taken in the same constructed riffle during annual geomorphic surveys of the project site. This sample, combined with evidence provided by changes in cross-sectional and profile data will reveal changes in sediment gradation that occur over time as the stream adjusts to upstream sediment loads. Significant

changes in sediment gradation will be evaluated with respect to stream stability and watershed changes.

2.2.1.3.1 Results

For this project, a pebble count was collected on UT1. Visual observations and a review of pebble count data collected during Year 2 monitoring did not yield any signs that sediment transport functions have been hampered by the mitigation project; specifically, no significant areas of aggradation or degradation within the project area were observed. The pebble count data (Appendix B) indicates that the stream is moving fines through the system though there is yet to be a marked trend in larger pebbles making up a greater percentage of the bed material.

2.2.2 Hydrology

2.2.2.1 Streams

The occurrence of bankfull events within the monitoring period will be documented by the use of crest gauges and photographs. Crest gauges were installed on the floodplain at bankfull elevation. One crest gauge was set up near Vegetation Plot #3 on UT1 while another gauge was set up near the first two cross-sections in Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek. The crest gauges record the highest watermark between site visits and are checked at each site visit to determine if a bankfull event has occurred. Photographs are used to document the occurrence of wrack lines and sediment deposition on the floodplain during monitoring site visits.

Two bankfull flow events must be documented on each crest gauge within the 5-year monitoring period. The two bankfull events must occur in separate years; otherwise, the stream monitoring will continue until two bankfull events have been documented in separate years.

2.2.2.1.1 Results

Between October 29, 2012 and the conclusion of Year 1 monitoring in February 2012, the Site was found to have had at least two bankfull events based on crest gauge readings obtained on UT1 and Puzzle Creek. Information on these events is provided in Table 9 of Appendix B.

2.2.3 Photographic Documentation of Site

Photographs will be used to document restoration success visually. Reference stations were photographed during the as-built survey; this will be repeated for at least five years following construction. Reference photos are taken once a year, from a height of approximately five to six feet. Permanent markers will ensure that the same locations (and view directions) are utilized during each monitoring period. Selected site photographs are shown in Appendix B.

2.2.3.1 Lateral Reference Photos

Reference photo transects were taken of the right and left banks at each permanent crosssection. A survey tape was captured in most photographs which represents the cross-section line located perpendicular to the channel flow. The water line was located in the lower edge of the frame in order to document bank and riparian conditions. Photographers will make an effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

2.2.3.2 Structure Photos

Photographs of primary grade control structures (i.e. vanes and weirs), along the restored streams are included within the photographs taken at reference photo stations. Photographers will make every effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

Lateral and structure photographs are used to evaluate channel aggradation or degradation, bank erosion, success of riparian vegetation, structure function, and stability, and effectiveness of erosion control measures subjectively. Lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or degradation of the banks. A series of photos over time should indicate successive maturation of riparian vegetation and consistent structure function. Photo documentation of the site during Year 2 monitoring reflects stable site conditions in restored or enhanced areas as well as healthy stands of herbaceous and woody vegetation in the riparian corridors.

2.2.4 Stream Stability Assessment

In-stream structures installed within the restored streams included cover logs, rootwads, rock vanes, log vanes, and boulder toe protection. The Year 2 visual observations of these structures throughout the project site indicate that little or no changes have occurred since the baseline survey was performed; structures are functioning as designed and are holding their elevation and grade.

Two areas of bank erosion were noted in Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek near Stations 2+00 and 9+00. These areas, approximately 10 LF and 12LF respectively, have eroded due to shear stress. However, the extent of erosion is minor and the areas should stabilize without any repairs.

The Categorical Stream Feature Visual Stability Assessment and Visual Morphological Stability Assessment tables in Appendix B (Tables 10 through 12), summarize the condition of project structures and bank conditions.

Quantitative reference reach and design data used to determine the restoration approach, as built data, as well as Year 2 monitoring data are summarized in Tables 13 and 14 of Appendix B.

2.3 Areas of Concern

At this time, there are no areas of concern. The streambanks immediately upstream of Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek are eroding. However, the eroding banks are outside of the project easement. This area will continue to be monitored for possible impacts to the project area. Given that this area is outside of the easement boundary, Baker currently has no plans to replant or grade the eroding streambanks.

Maintenance of the site for invasive vegetation control is ongoing and the two areas where bank erosion was noted will continue to be monitored and treated as necessary. The planting and seeding contractor will be notified of the need for invasives treatment, and a site visit to remove and/or spray the vegetation will be scheduled this spring. Given the presence of seed sources and proximity of invasive vegetation to the easement boundary, it is anticipated that invasives treatment will be ongoing in subsequent monitoring years.

3.0 REFERENCES

Leopold, L.B., M. Wolman, and J. Miller. 1964. "Fluvial Processes in Geomorphology." W. H. Freeman, San Francisco, CA.

Peet, R.K., T.R. Wentworth and P.S. White. 1998. "A flexible, multipurpose method for recording vegetation composition and structure." Castanea 63:262-274.

APPENDIX A

- 1. STEM COUNT ARRANGED BY PLOT (TABLES 7 AND 7B)
- 2. VEGETATION PROBLEM AREAS (TABLE 8)
- **3.** VEGETATION PLOT PHOTOLOG

Table 7. Stem Count Arrang	ged by Plot																	
Puzzle Creek Mitigation Site	Project #92522																	
Tree Species	Common Name	Tumo			Curi	ent Data	a (Yr 2 2	2012)			AB (2010)	MY (2011)	MY2 (2012)	MY3 (2013)	MY4 (2014)	MY5 (2015)	Survival %	Probable Cause
Tree Species	Common Name	Туре	Plot 1	Plot 2	Plot 3	Plot 4	Plot 5	Plot 6	Plot 7	Plot 8	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals	Survival 70	rrobable Cause
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree			1				2	2	2	5	5				100%	
Diospyros virginiana	American Persimmon	Tree	2	2	2	4	2	1	2	4	19	19	19				100%	
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree		4	5		3	1	1		17	14	14				82%	
Liriodendron tulipfera	Tulip Poplar	Tree		4	3	3				1	11	11	11				100%	
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree	1	1		10	3	3	5	2	27	25	25				93%	
Prunus serrulata	Black Cherry	Tree							4		5	4	4				80%	
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Tree	1					3	1	3	10	8	8				80%	
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	6				1	4		2	18	13	13				72%	Beaver; outcompeted by surrounding veg.
Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	Tree	2	2			1	2	1	1	5	8	8				100%	
Quereus rubru			2					2	1	1	5	0	0				10070	Damaged during over-
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree		1						1	3	2	2				67%	bkf storm event
Understory Species																		
Alnus serrulata	Tag Alder	Tree	2			1	1	3	3		12	10	10				83%	
Asimina triloba	Pawpaw	Tree			1						2	1	1				50%	Unknown
Cercis canadensis	Redbud	Tree				2					2	2	2				100%	
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	Tree			1					2	7	3	3				43%	Damaged during over- bkf storm event; others
Volunteers																		
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	Tree	1										1					
Alnus serrulata	Tag Alder	Tree		1	1								2					
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	20	20	10	20	15	3	20	25	87+	87+	133+					
Liriodendron tulipfera	Tulip Poplar	Tree	5				1		4		1+	3	10					
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	Tree	20			1	10	25	20	1		17	77					
Pinus spp.	Pine	Tree							1				1					
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree	1	1	4	1	1	5	2	1	25+	56	16					
Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	Tree							1		45+	45+	1					
]	Plot area (acres)	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025							Averages	
		Species Count	t 9	8	8	7	8	9	11	10							9	
	Pla	anted Stems/Plot	14	14	13	20	10	17	19	18							16	
		Stems/Plot	t 61	36	28	42	37	50	67	45							46	
	Planted	Stems Per Acre	567	567	526	809	405	688	769	728							632	

Table 7b. Stem Count Ar	ranged by Plot																												
Puzzle Creek Mitigation I	roject-#92522																												
														Cu	irrent Plot	Data (MY	2 2012)										A	nnual Mea	ins
			92	2522-01-	-0001	92	522-01-0	0002	92	522-01-	0003	92	522-01-00	004	92	522-01-00	05	92	522-01-000)6	92	2522-01-00	007	92	522-01-00	08	I	MY2 (2012	2)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	S P-all	Т	PnoLS	S P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	Tree	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Asimina triloba	Paw Paw	Tree	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	0	0	20	0	0	20	0	1	11	0	0	20	0	0	15	0	0	3	0	2	22	0	2	27	0	2	17
Diospyros virginiana	American Persimmon	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	4	4	2	2	2
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree	0	0	0	4	4	4	5	5	5	0	0	0	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	2
Liriodendron tulipfera		Tree	0	0	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	1	3	3	3
Platanus occidentalis	Sycamore	Tree	1	1	2	1	1	2	0	0	4	10	10	11	3	3	4	3	3	8	5	5	7	2	2	3	4	4	5
Prunus serrulata	Black Cherry	Tree	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	0	0	0	4	4	4
	Swamp Chestnut																												
Quercus michauxii	Oak	Tree	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	2
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	6	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4	4	4	0	0	0	2	2	2	3	3	3
Quercus rubra	Red Oak	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
Understory Species																													
Alnus serrulata	Tag Alder	Tree	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	2	2	2
Cercis canadensis	Redbud	Tree	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	Tree	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	Tree	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	0	0	25	0	0	20	0	0	1	0	0	13
Pinus spp.	Pine	Tree	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
**	4	Stem count	14	14	61	13	14	36	11	13	28	20	20	42	10	10	37	17	17	50	17	19	67	15	18	45	29	31	63
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1	
	S	ize (ACRES)		0.025	5		0.025			0.025		1	0.025			0.025			0.025		1	0.025		1	0.025		1	0.025	
	S	Species count	6	6	10	5	7	8	4	6	8	5	5	7	5	5	8	7	7	9	7	9	11	7	9	10	12	14	17
	Sten	- 1s per ACRE	567	567	2469	526	567	1457	445	526	1133	809	809	1700	405	405	1497	688	688	2023	688	769	2711	607	728	1821	592	632	1851
							•			•	•																		

	Puzzle Creek Re	ach 1 (1,000 LF)	
Feature Issue	Station No./Range	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
nvasive/Exotic Populations	Intermittently Scattered Throughout	Ligustrum sinense -source outside easement and persisting after treatment	N/A
	Puzzle Creek R	each 2 (634 LF)	
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	Intermittently Scattered Throughout	Kudzu-source outside easement near Veg Plot 8, Ligustrum sinense -source outside easement and persisting after treatment	N/A
		339 LF)	
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
nvasive/Exotic Populations	Intermittently Scattered Throughout	Kudzu-source outside easement, Ligustrum sinense - source outside easement and persisting after treatment.	N/A

Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Photo Log - Vegetation Plot Photo Points

Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and pink flagging tape.





Photo 1: Veg Plot 1







10/29/2012 Photo 5: Veg Plot 3



10/29/2012

Photo 2: Veg Plot 1: Herbaceous Plot



10/29/2012 Photo 4: Veg Plot 2: Herbaceous Plot



10/29/2012 Photo 6: Veg Plot 3: Herbaceous Plot

Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Photo Log - Vegetation Plot Photo Points

Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and pink flagging tape.





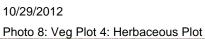






Photo 7: Veg Plot 4

Photo 9: Veg Plot 5



10/29/2012 Photo 11: Veg Plot 6

Photo 10: Veg Plot 5: Herbaceous Plot



10/29/2012 Photo 12: Veg Plot 6: Herbaceous Plot

Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Photo Log - Vegetation Plot Photo Points

Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and pink flagging tape.



10/29/2012



10/29/2012 Photo 15: Veg Plot 8



10/29/2012 Photo 14: Veg Plot 7: Herbaceous Plot



10/29/2012 Photo 16: Veg Plot 8: Herbaceous Plot

APPENDIX B

- **1.** HYDROLOGICAL (BANKFULL) VERIFICATIONS (TABLE 9)
- 2. STREAM PROBLEM AREAS (TABLE 10)
- **3.** CROSS-SECTION PLOTS WITH ANNUAL OVERLAYS
- 4. LONGITUDINAL PROFILES WITH ANNUAL OVERLAYS
- 5. CATEGORICAL STREAM FEATURE VISUAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT (TABLE 11)
- 6. VISUAL MORPHOLOGICAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT (TABLE 12)
- 7. STREAM REACH MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (TABLE 13)
- 8. CROSS-SECTION MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (TABLE 14)
- 9. RIFFLE PEBBLE COUNT SIZE CLASS DISTRIBUTIONS
- **10.** STREAM REFERENCE STATION PHOTO LOGS

zzle Creek Restoration Proje	ect No. 92522	-		
			Gauge Water	mark
			(inches above b	ankfu
			Puzzle Cr.	UT
Date of Data Collection	Date of Event	Method of Data Collection	Reach 1	
2/3/2012	Between January 2011 and 2/2/12	Gauge measurement	2.52"	2.28
10/29/2012	Between 2/2/12 and 10/29/12	Gauge measurement	2.75", 1.75"	2.25

	Puzzle Creek Reach 1 (1,000 LF)													
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number											
Bank Erosion	Near 2+00 and 9+00	N/A	N/A											
	Puzzle Creek Reach	12 (634 LF)												
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number											
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											
	UT1 (3,339)	LF)												
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number											
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A											

		Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
	Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
ſ	Riffle	Е	38.1	18.76	2.03	3	9.23	1	4.2	882.67	882.67

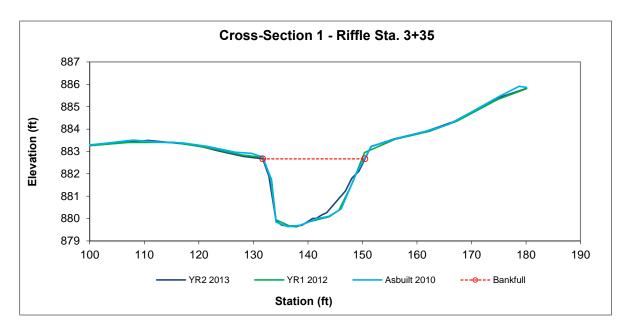




Photo 1: XS-1 facing right bank



Photo2: XS-1 facing left bank



Photo 3: XS-1 facing upstream



Photo 4: XS-1 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	E	60.2	24.86	2.42	4.48	10.27	1.2	3.8	882.19	883.02

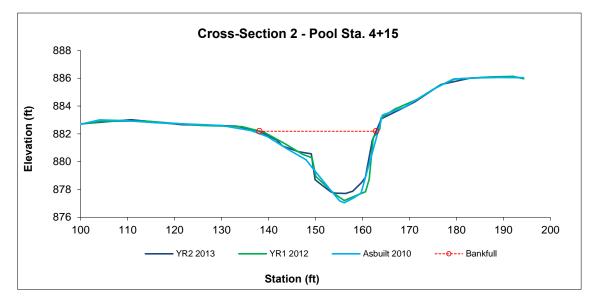




Photo 5: XS-2 facing right bank



Photo 6: XS-2 facing left bank



Photo 7: XS-2 facing upstream



Photo 8: XS-2 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	E	42.7	18.33	2.33	3.2	7.87	1	3.6	880.39	880.39

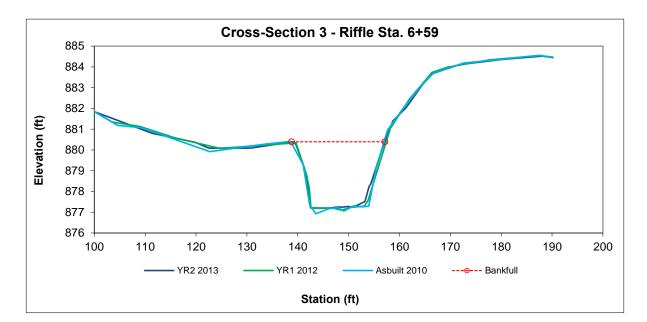




Photo 9: XS-3 facing right bank

Photo 10: XS-3 facing left bank



Photo 11: XS-3 facing upstream



Photo 12: XS-3 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	E	62.2	25.97	2.39	3.54	10.85	2.2	3.1	875.91	880.07

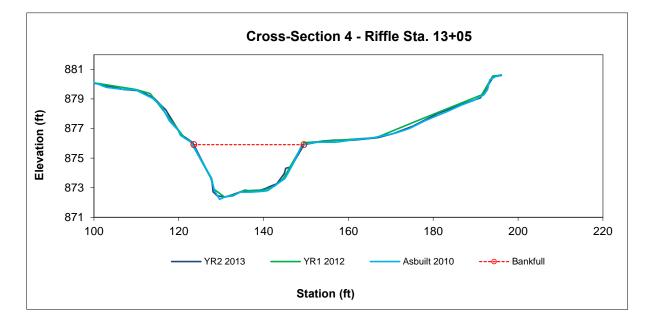




Photo 13: XS-4 facing right bank



Photo 14: XS-4 facing left bank



Photo 15: XS-4 facing upstream



Photo 16: XS-4 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	100.7	34.01	2.96	6.32	11.49	1.4	1.9	874.89	877.73

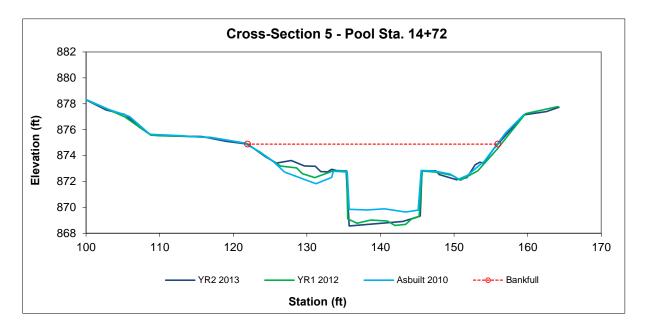




Photo 17: XS-5 facing right bank

Photo 18: XS-5 facing left bank



Photo 19: XS-5 facing upstream



Photo 20: XS-5 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	21.3	12.28	1.74	2.52	7.08	2.7	4.7	925.16	929.44

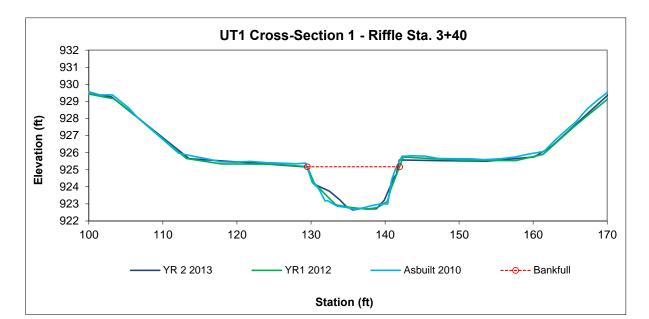




Photo 25: UT1 XS-1 facing right bank





Photo 27: UT1 XS-1 facing upstream

Photo 26: UT1 XS-1 facing left bank



Photo 28: UT1 XS-1 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	32.9	19.82	1.66	2.54	11.96	1.3	3.9	919.27	919.99

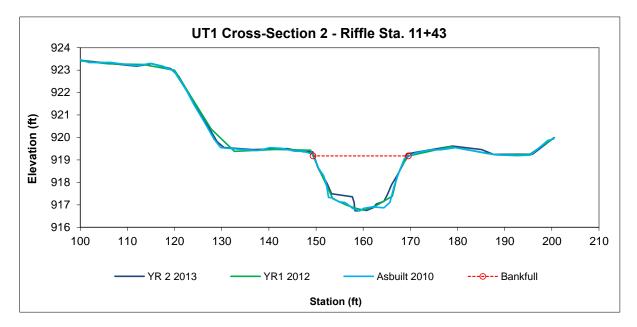




Photo 29: UT1 XS-2 facing right bank

Photo 30: UT1 XS-2 facing left bank



Photo 31: UT1 XS-2 facing downstream

Photo 32: UT1 XS-2 facing upstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	33.5	25.58	1.31	3.42	19.51	1.4	3.1	918.56	919.99

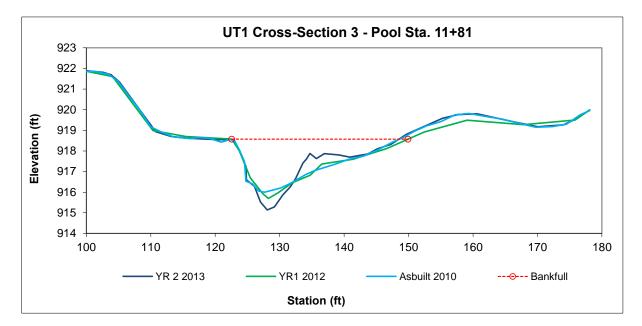




Photo 33: UT1 XS-3 facing right bank



Photo 34: UT1 XS-3 facing left bank



Photo 35: UT1 XS-3 facing upstream



Photo 36: UT1 XS-3 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature		BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	С	29.4	19.98	1.47	2.45	13.57	1.1	2.7	913.21	913.34

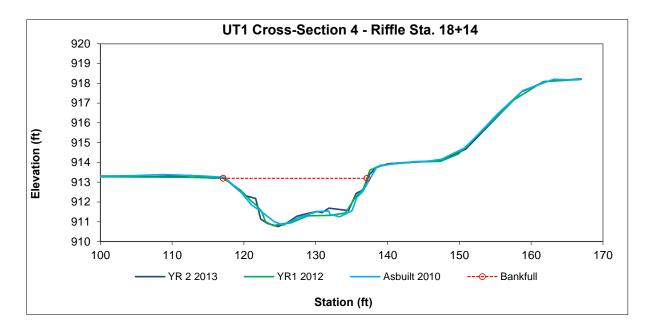




Photo 37: UT1 XS-4 facing right bank



Photo 38: UT1 XS-4 facing left bank



Photo 39: UT1 XS-4 facing upstream



Photo 40: UT1 XS-4 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature		BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	50.7	25.84	1.96	5.49	13.17	1	2.6	913.33	913.46

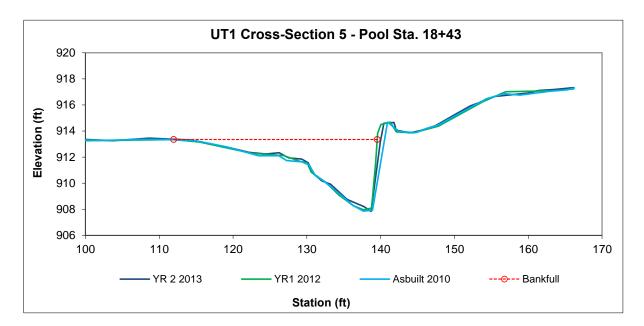




Photo 41: UT1 XS-5 facing right bank



Photo 42: UT1 XS-5 facing left bank



Photo 43: UT1 XS-5 facing upstream



Photo 44: UT1 XS-5 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature		BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	23.3	15.45	1.51	3.44	10.25	2.1	2.8	903.59	907.26

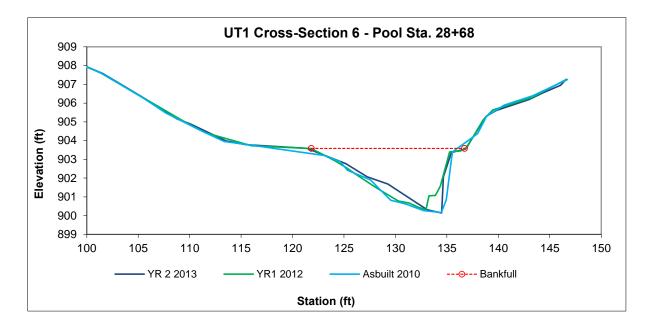




Photo 45: UT1 XS-6 facing right bank

Photo 46: UT1 XS-6 facing left bank



Photo 47: UT1 XS-6 facing upstream

Photo 48: UT1 XS-6 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Туре	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	Е	1.7	3.34	0.5	0.8	6.69	3.9	1.9	881.95	884.23

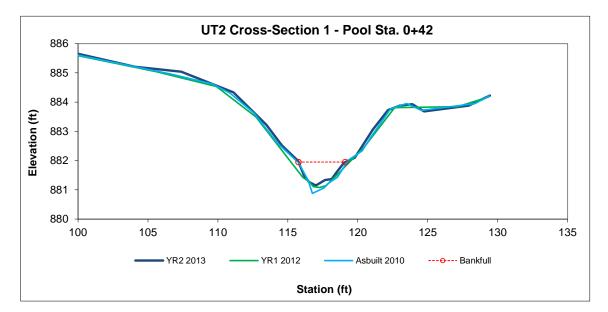




Photo 21: UT2 XS-1 facing right bank

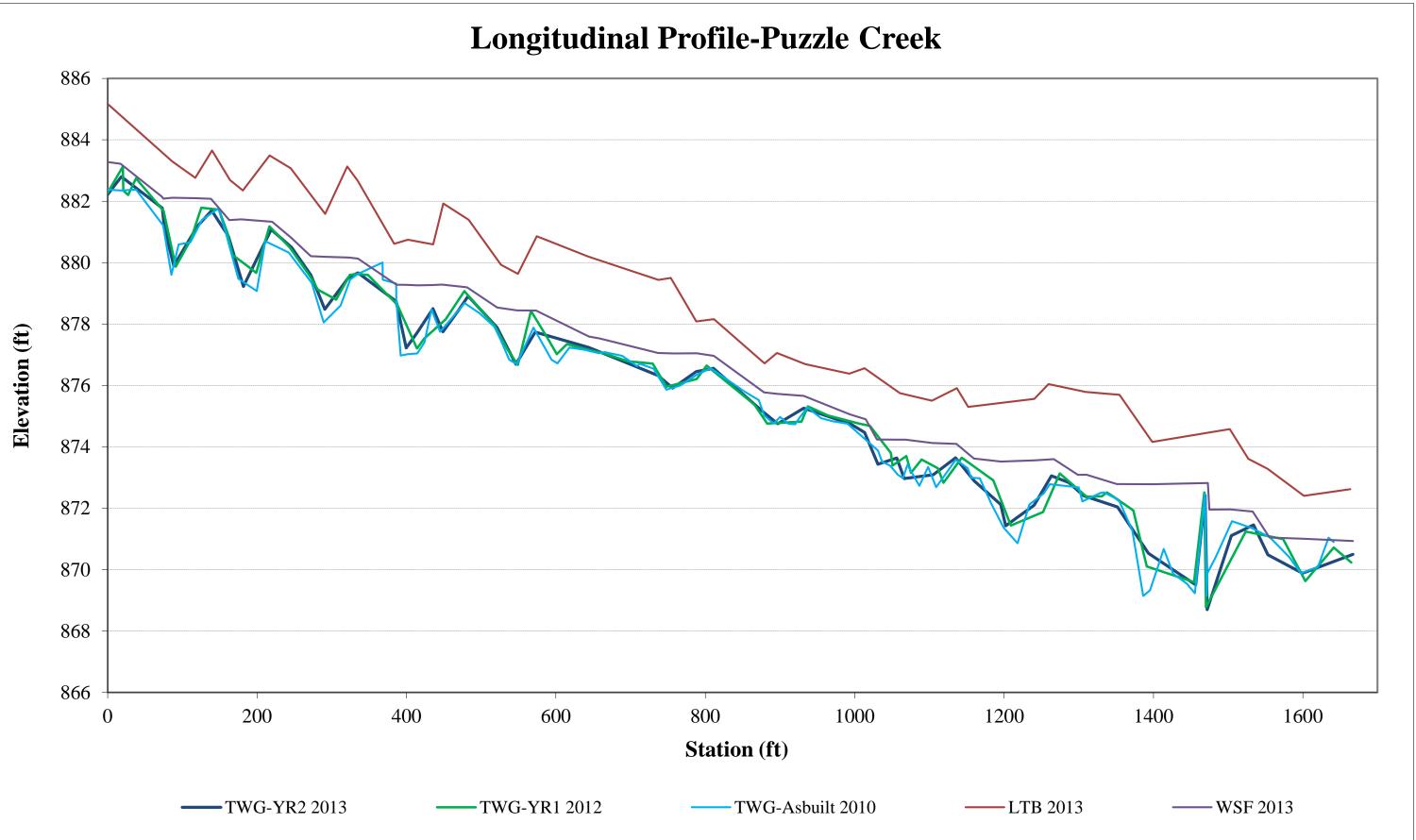
Photo 22: UT2 XS-1 facing left bank

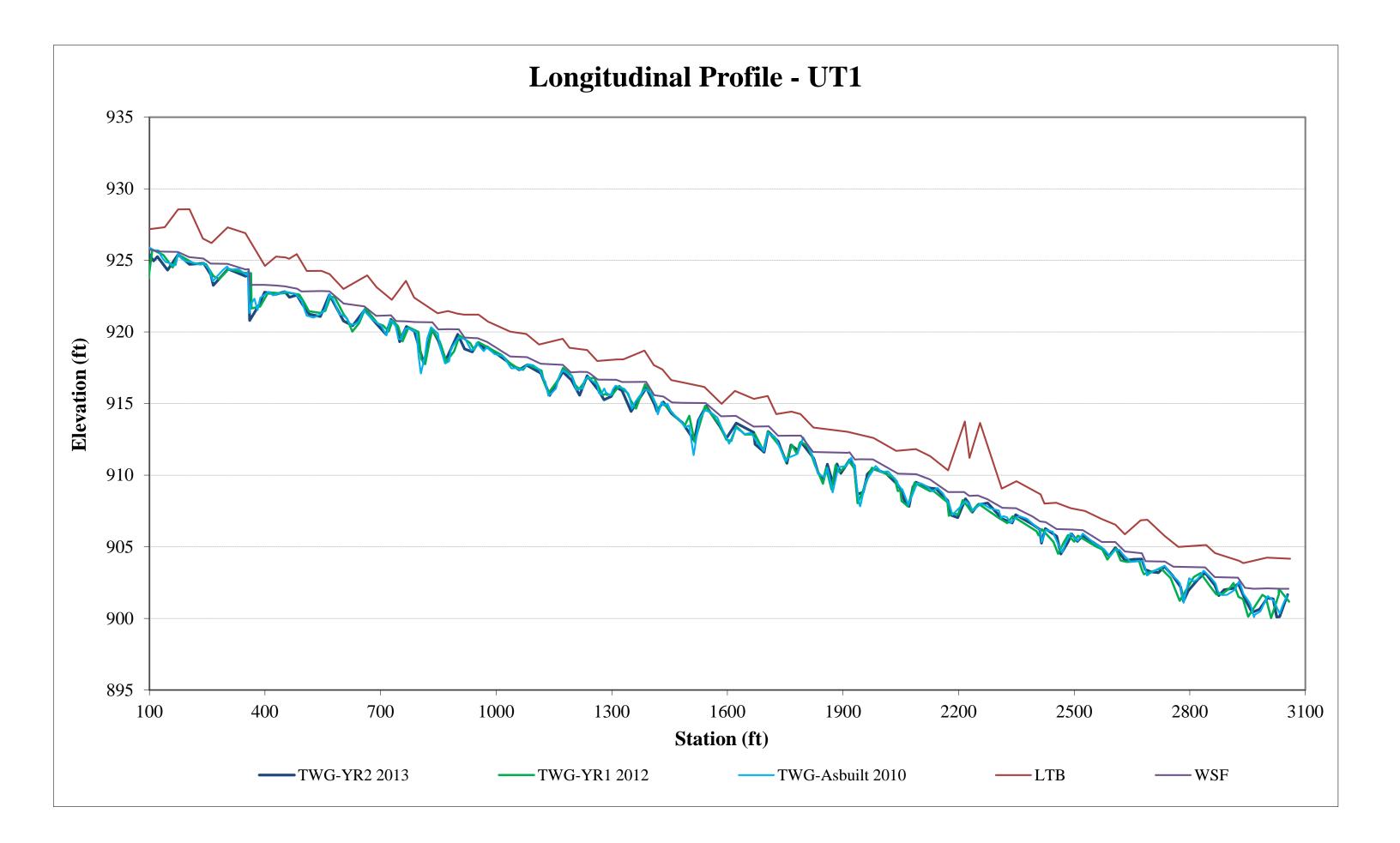


Photo 23: UT2 XS-1 facing upstream



Photo 24: UT2 XS-1 facing downstream





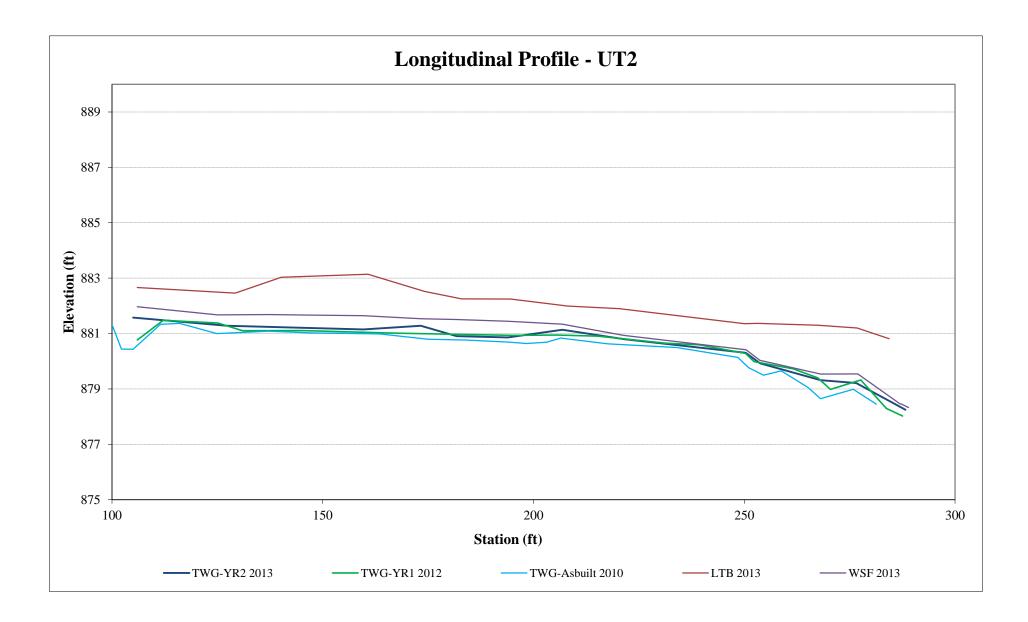


Table 11. Categorical			•	ssessment		
Puzzle Creek Mitigation	5	5				
	Puzzle	e Creek Rea	ach 1 (1,000) LF)		
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%			
Pools	100%	100%	100%			
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%			
Meanders	100%	100%	100%			
Bed General	100%	100%	100%			
Bank Condition	100%	100%	98%			
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%			
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	100%	100%	100%			
Wads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%			
	Puzz	e Creek Re	each 1 (634	LF)		
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%			
Pools	100%	100%	100%			
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%			
Meanders	100%	100%	100%			
Bed General	100%	100%	100%			
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%			
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%			
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	100%	100%	100%			
Wads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%			
		UT1 (3,3	839 LF)			
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%			
Pools	100%	100%	100%			
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%			
Meanders	100%	100%	100%			
Bed General	100%	100%	100%			
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%			
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%			
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	100%	100%	100%			
Wads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%			

	al Morphological Stability Assessment					
Puzzle Creek N	Aitigation Project: Project No. 92522					
	Puzzle Cree	ek Reach 1 (1,000 LF)	1			
		(# Stable) Number	Total number	Total Number	% Performing	Feature
Feature	Mathic (and A. Derite and a Connection of the site of	Performing	per As-Built	/ feet in unstable	in Stable Condition	Perfomance
Category A. Riffles	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines) 1. Present?	as Intended 9	9	state N/A	100	Mean or Total
A. KIIIIes	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	9	9	N/A N/A	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	9	9	N/A	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	9	9	N/A	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	9	9	N/A	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	10	10	N/A	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?	10	10	N/A N/A	100	100%
	5. Length appropriate?	10	10	IN/A	100	10070
C. Thalweg	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	6	6	N/A	N/A	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	6	6	N/A	N/A	
	Apparent Rc within spec? A. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	6	6	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
	4. Sumerent noodplain access and renet?	U	0	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A
E. Bed	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	
General	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-					
	cutting or head cutting?	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	100%
F. Vanes,	1. Free of back or arm scour?	1	1	N/A	100	
Rock/Log	2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	1	1	N/A N/A	100	
Drop	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	1	1	N/A N/A	100	100%
Structures	4. The of piping of ould suderate landes.	1	1	19/11	100	10070
G. Wads/	1. Free of scour?	5	5	N/A	N/A	
Boulders,						
Coverlogs	2. Footing stable?	5	5	N/A	N/A	100%
	Puzzle Cre	ek Reach 2 (634 LF)				
		(# Stable) Number		Total Number	% Performing	Feature
Feature		Performing	Total number	/ feet in unstable	in Stable	Perfomance
Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	as Intended	per As-Built	state	Condition	Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	5	5	N/A	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	5	5	N/A	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	5	5	N/A	100	
	 Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? Length appropriate? 	5	5	N/A N/A	100	100%
	5. Length appropriate:	5	5	11/14	100	100 /0
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	6	6	N/A	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	6	6	N/A	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	6	6	N/A	100	100%
				N7/4	100	
C. Thalweg	Upstream of pool (structure) centering? Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A N/A	100	100%
	2. Downstream of poor (structure) centering?	1	1	1N/A	100	10070
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	4	4	N/A	N/A	
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	4	4 4	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	
D. Meanders	 Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? Apparent Rc within spec? 	4 4	4 4	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	
D. Meanders	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? Apparent Rc within spec? Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	4 4 4	4 4 4	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A
E. Bed	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Of the label of the second se	4 4	4 4	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-	4 4 4 N/A	4 4 4 N/A	N/A N/A N/A 0/0	N/A N/A N/A 100	
E. Bed	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Of the label of the second se	4 4 4	4 4 4	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A	N/A 100%
E. Bed General	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-	4 4 4 N/A	4 4 4 N/A	N/A N/A N/A 0/0 0/0	N/A N/A N/A 100	
E. Bed General F. Vanes,	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting?	4 4 N/A N/A	4 4 4 N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A 0/0	N/A N/A N/A 100	
E. Bed General	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	4 4 N/A N/A 1	4 4 4 N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A 0/0 0/0 N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A 100 100 100 100 100	100%
E. Bed General F. Vanes, Rock/Log	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate?	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1	4 4 4 N/A N/A 1 1	N/A N/A 0/0 0/0 N/A N/A	N/A N/A 100 100 100 100	
E. Bed General F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate? 4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1 1 1	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1 1 1	N/A N/A N/A 0/0 0/0 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A 100 100 100 100 100 100	100%
E. Bed General F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures G. Wads/	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1 1	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1 1	N/A N/A N/A 0/0 0/0 N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A 100 100 100 100 100	100%
E. Bed General F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate? 4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1 1 1	4 4 N/A N/A 1 1 1 1	N/A N/A N/A 0/0 0/0 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A 100 100 100 100 100 100	100%

	U	T1 (3,339 LF)				
		(# Stable) Number		Total Number	% Performing	Feature
Feature		Performing	Total number	/ feet in unstable	in Stable	Perfomance
Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	as Intended	per As-Built	state	Condition	Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	26	26	N/A	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	26	26	N/A	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	26	26	N/A	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	26	26	N/A	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	26	26	N/A	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	24	24	N/A	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	24	24	N/A	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	24	24	N/A	100	100%
C. Thalweg	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	
e	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	21	21	N/A	N/A	
Dimounders	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	21	21	N/A	N/A	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	21	21	N/A	N/A	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	21	21	N/A	N/A	N/A
E. Bed	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	
General	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down- cutting or head cutting?	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	100%
		1011				10070
F. Vanes,	1. Free of back or arm scour?	1	1	N/A	100	
Rock/Log	2. Height appropriate?	1	1	N/A	100	
Drop	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	1	1	N/A	100	
Structures	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
G. Wads/	1. Free of scour?	13	13	N/A	N/A	
Boulders, Coverlogs	2. Footing stable?	13	13	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology and																									
Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92522	2																								
									Summa Reach 1	ary															
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Refere	ence Rea Data	ch(es)		Design			(As-Built)			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5	
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	17.9	7.8	11.3	14.8		22.0		19.8	18.4	21.3	17.7	18.0	18.4	18.3	18.6	18.8									
Floodprone Width (ft)		17	39	62		100+		69	74	80	66	73	80	66	72	78									
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	2.03	0.80	1.45	2.10		1.90		2.10	2.30	2.49	2.21	2.34	2.46	2.03	2.18	2.33									
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.30	1.95	2.60		2.5		3.28	3.38	3.47	3.12	3.18	3.24	3.00	3.10	3.20									
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	40.8	7.5	19.3	31.0		42.5		44.7	45.2	45.7	40.8	42.1	43.4	38.1	40.4	42.7									
Width/Depth Ratio		5.4	8.3	11.1		11.6		7.4	8.8	10.1	7.2	7.8	8.3	7.9	8.5	9.2									
Entrenchment Ratio		1.8	4.9	7.9		>4.5		3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.4	3.6	3.9	4.2									
Bank Height Ratio		1.3	1.4	1.4		1.3		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0									
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		3.1	9.9	3.3		4.5			4.2			4.5			4.7										
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)			62		68		156	75	92	117	75	92	117	75	92	117									
Radius of Curvature (ft)			13		35		68	20	39	81	20	39	81	20	39	81									
Meander Wavelength (ft)			64		136		160	137	155	173	137	155	173	137	155	173									
Meander Width Ratio		6.0	7.0	8.0	3.1		7.1		5.0			5.1			5.0										
Profile			•				•																		
Riffle Length (ft)					25		100	31	60	113	24	65	115	24	62	93									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.001	0.029	0.058		0.014		0.005	0.012	0.019	0.003	0.013	0.028	0.006	0.015	0.028									
Pool Length (ft)					7		60	34	57	86	14	35	63	56	79	106									
Pool Spacing (ft)		24	33	42	58		136	55	115	168	52	109	147	93	122	147									
Substrate and Transport Parameters																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95		.5/.35/	.92/30.04	4/56.91																					
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2						0.90			0.90			0.94			0.83										
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2						4.0			3.8			4.2			3.9										
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Channel length (ft)						1000			1000			1000			1000										
Drainage Area (SM)		0.2	1.9	2.3		2.6			2.6			2.6			2.6										
Rosgen Classification			C/E4			C4-5			E4			E4			E4										
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	176.56		190			190			190			190			190										
Sinuosity			1.9			1.3			1.3			1.4			1.4										
BF slope (ft/ft)			0.009		0.009	0.009	0.009		0.009			0.009			0.009										

Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology	y and Hydraulic Da	ata																							
Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92	2522																								
									n Summ Reach																
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Refere	ence Rea Data	ach(es)		Desigr	ı		(As-Buil	t)		Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5	
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min I	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	24.7	7.8	11.3	14.8		25.0			25.6			26.6			26.0										
Floodprone Width (ft)		17	39	62		100+			82			84			81										
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	2.58	0.80	1.45	2.10		2.10			2.48			2.48			2.39										
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.30	1.95	2.60		2.70			3.66			3.66			3.54										
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	68.0	7.5	19.3	31.0		52.6			63.4			66.1			62.2										
Width/Depth Ratio		5.4	8.3	11.1		11.9			10.4			10.7			10.9										
Entrenchment Ratio		1.8	4.9	7.9		>4.0			3.2			3.2			3.1										
Bank Height Ratio		1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0		1.2		1.0			1.0			2.2										
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		3.1	9.9	3.3		4.8			3.9			3.8			4.0										
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)			62		87		198	62	113	154	62	113	154	62	113	154									
Radius of Curvature (ft)			13		45		62	37	46	53	37	46	53	37	46	53									
Meander Wavelength (ft)			64		174		248	234	256	269	234	256	269	234	256	269									
Meander Width Ratio		6.0	7.0	8.0	3.5		8.0		4.4			4.3			4.3										
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)					25		100	32	56	87	42	64	98	60	76	85									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.001	0.029	0.058		0.016		0.005	0.011	0.019	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.009	0.009	0.010									
Pool Length (ft)					7		60	34	53	83	53	65	77	58	78	106									
Pool Spacing (ft)		24	33	42	74		174	85	121	168	79	121	182	104	133	165									
Substrate and Transport Parameters																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95		.5/.35/	.92/30.0	4/56.91																					
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2						1.1			1.1			1.0			1.1										
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2						5.1			4.2			3.7			4.3										
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Channel length (ft)						634			634			634			634										
Drainage Area (SM)		0.2	1.9	2.3		4.2			4.2			4.2			4.2										
Rosgen Classification			C/E4			C4-5			E/C4			E/C4			E/C4										
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	250		190			250			250			250			250										
Sinuosity			1.9			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2										
BF slope (ft/ft)			0.009			0.008			0.008			0.011			0.010										

Table 13. Stream Reach Morpholo		: Data																							
Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #	92522																								
	-									Baseli	ne Stream	Summar	/: UT1												
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Referen	ce Reach	(es) Data		Desigr	ı		As-Buil	t		Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5	
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	14.6	7.8	11.3	14.8	14.0		18.0	12.4	17.8	20.4	12.5	16.9	20.2	12.3	16.9	20.0									
Floodprone Width (ft)		16.7	39.1	61.5		50+		44.1	58.1	76.1	41.4	57.3	76.3	43.0	57.7	77.0									
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.74	0.80	1.45	2.10	1.50		1.70	1.53	1.69	1.99	1.54	1.67	1.85	1.47	1.60	1.74								I	
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.3	2.0	2.6				2.3	2.73	3.5	2.4	2.64	3.3	2.5	2.74	3.4									
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	29.5	7.5	19.3	31.0	24.0		28.0	24.6	29.5	31.9	23.1	28.0	33.8	21.3	26.7	32.9								I	
Width/Depth Ratio		5.4	8.3	11.1	8.2		12.0	6.2	10.9	13.1	6.7	10.3	13.0	7.1	10.7	13.6									
Entrenchment Ratio		1.8	4.9	7.9				2.3	3.4	4.8	2.7	3.5	4.7	2.7	3.5	4.7									
Bank Height Ratio		1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0		1.2	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.8	2.7								I	
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		3.1	1.3	3.3		5.4		4.4	4.8	5.7	4.1	5.0	6.1	4.3	5.2	6.6									
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)			62		50		93	44	66	87	44	66	87	44	66	87									
Radius of Curvature (ft)			13		28		52	23	39	54	23	39	54	23	39	54									
Meander Wavelength (ft)			64		130		213	143	175	220	143	175	220	143	175	220									
Meander Width Ratio		6	7	8	3		7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4									
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)					22		100	25	46	55	23	51	85	22	51	90									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.0006	0.0291	0.0576	0.0120		0.0200	0.0060	0.0122	0.0169	0.005	0.019	0.035	0.005	0.019	0.039									
Pool Length (ft)					25		50	17	33	52	13	22	38	35	43	57									
Pool Spacing (ft)		24	33	42	50		90	56	91	127	55	92	131	55	91	135									
Substrate and Transport Parameters																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95			5/.4/.9/30/5	57	r	a/.4/1/30	/57	.6	6/11/21/74	/114		.3/6/14/60/9	3	2	22/7/13/45/12	28									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2						1.24			1.14			0.65			0.65										
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2						6.66			5.40			3.25			3.40										
Additional Reach Parameters												0.10													
Channel length (ft)	2975					3.246			3.339			3.339			3.339						1				
Drainage Area (SM)		0.20	1.25	2.30		1.60			1.60			1.60			1.60					1	1			1	
Rosgen Classification			E5			C4-5			E/C4			E/C4			E/C4					1					
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)		23	26	29		140			140			140			140									i – †	
Sinuosity	1.2		1.9			1.3			1.3			1.3			1.3			1		1	1			├ ─── †	
BF slope (ft/ft)						0.016			0.016			0.009			0.010									i – †	
	estoration approach	nes, it was	s decided to	leave U	T1 as one	reach fo	r the purpo	ses of th		as some of	the reaches	0.000	an 500 LF.		2.510	1								·	1
	contains alternating restoration approaches, it was decided to leave UT1 as one reach for the purposes of this report as some of the reaches are less than 500 LF.																								

Table 14. Cross-section Morphology and Hydraulic Data Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92522

Puzzle Creek Restoration Proje	ect #925	522																				
							Р	uzzle	Creek	Reach '	1											
			Cross S		1				Cross	Section 2	2			Cr	oss Se	ection 3	3					
Parameter				ffle						Pool	-				Riff							
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1 I	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5				
Dimension				1							r											
BF Width (ft)	21.3	18.4	18.8				23.3	24.1	24.9				18.4		8.33							
Floodprone Width (ft)		80.1	78.3				94.3	94.3					68.7		66.0							
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)		40.8	38.1				56.8	62.1	60.2				45.7		2.70							
BF Mean Depth (ft)		2.21	2.03				2.44	2.58							2.33							
BF Max Depth (ft)		3.12	3.00				4.75	4.90					3.47		3.20							
Width/Depth Ratio Entrenchment Ratio		8.3	9.2 4.2				9.5	9.4 3.9	10.3				7.4		7.87 3.60							
Wetted Perimeter (ft)		4.4 22.9	4.Z 22.8				4.1 28.1	29.3	3.8 29.7				3.7 23.4									
			1.7				20.1	29.3	29.7				23.4		23.0 1.9							
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.8	1.8	1.7				2.0	Z.1	2.0				2.0	1.9	1.9							
Substrate d50 (mm)	-	-	-					-	-				-	-	-							
d50 (mm) d84 (mm)	-	-	-				-	-	-				-	-	-							
084 (IIIII)	-	-	-	I	D	la Craak	Baach		-				-	-	-							
			0			zle Creek	Reach	2	0	O a ati a m I	-											
Baramatar			Cross S		ł					Section 5)											
Parameter	AB	MY1		ffle MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1		Pool MY3	MY4	MY5										
Dimension	AD		IVI T Z	IVI 13	IVIT4	IVI 1 D	AD		IVI T Z	IVI 1 3	IVI 14	IVI 10										
Dimension BF Width (ft)	25.6	26.6	26.0	1			34.6	34.7	34.0	-	1	1										
Floodprone Width (ft)		83.8	20.0 80.5				59.5	64.1	64.3													
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)		66.1	62.2				99.9	105.8														
BF Mean Depth (ft)	2.48	2.49	2.39				2.89	3.05														
BF Max Depth (ft)		3.66	3.54				5.34	6.33														
Width/Depth Ratio		10.7	10.9				12.0	11.4														
Entrenchment Ratio		3.2	3.1				1.7	1.9	1.9													
Wetted Perimeter (ft)		31.5	30.8				40.3	40.8														
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	2.1	2.1	2.0				2.5	2.6	2.5													
		AB (2010			M	IY-1 (201 ⁻				MY-2 (20 ⁻	13)		MY	7-3 (2013	3)		MY	′-4 (201	(4)	MY-F	5 (2015)	
Parameter	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med			Max				Max		Min 1	Aax Me	d
Pattern																						
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	62	154	103		62	154	103		62	154	103											
Radius of Curvature (ft)	20	81	42		20	81	42		20	81	42											
Meander Wavelength (ft)		269	206		137	269	206		137	269	206											
Meander Width Ratio		8.4	5.1		1.8	8.7	5.3		1.8	8.4	5.1											
Profile											•											
Riffle length (ft)		113	60		24	115	64		24	93	67											
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.019			0.003	0.028	0.010		0.006		0.016											
Pool Length (ft)		86	57		14	77	58		56	106	75				_							
Pool Spacing (ft)	55	168	115		52	182	115		93	147	122											
	ļ								L											<u> </u>		
Substrate	ļ								L											<u> </u>		
d50 (mm)									L											<u> </u>		
	Į								L											<u> </u>		
Additional Decal D	I								⊢											<u> </u>		_
Additional Reach Parameters		4 004		-		4 004			L	1 001					_					L		
Valley Length (ft)		1,281		-		1,281			⊢	1,281										L		-
Channel Length (ft) Sinuosity		<u>1,634</u> 1.3				1,634			L	<u>1,634</u> 1.4										<u> </u>		
		1.3				1.4			L	1.4 0.007										<u> </u>		_
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft) BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.008				0.008			<u> </u>	0.007										<u> </u>		
Rosgen Classification		E/C4		-		E/C4			⊢	E/C4										L		
	I	L/04				L/04				∟/04										L		

									U	T1														
	· · · · ·		Cross S	Section '	1					Section 2	>			(Cross S	ection	3			(Cross S	ection 4	1	
Parameter				ffle	1					Riffle	-				Pc		5			,		ffle	+	
i urumeter	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1			MY4	MY5	AB	MY1			MY4	MY5	AB	MY1		MY3	MY4	MY5
Dimension																								
BF Width (ft)	12.4	12.5	12.3				19.0	20.2	19.8				24.8	27.4	25.6				20.4	20.1	20.0			
Floodprone Width (ft)		58.2	57.3				76.1	76.3					72.1	73.7	78.1				53.3	53.2	53.5			
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	24.6	23.1	21.3				31.9	33.8					32.9	36.4	33.5				31.7	30.8	29.4			
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.99	1.85	1.74				1.68	1.67					1.33	1.33	1.31				1.55	1.54	1.47			
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.62	2.48	2.52				2.33	2.42					2.47	2.87	3.42				2.42	2.40	2.45			
Width/Depth Ratio	6.2	6.7	7.1				11.3	12.1					18.7	20.6	19.5				13.1	13.0	13.6			
Entrenchment Ratio	4.8	4.7	4.7				4.0	3.8	3.9				2.9	2.7	3.1				2.6	2.7	2.7			
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	16.4	16.2	15.8				22.4	23.6					27.5	30.0	28.2				23.5	23.1	22.9			
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.5	1.4	1.4				1.4	1.4	1.4				1.2	1.2	1.2				1.3	1.3	1.3			
Substrate																								
d50 (mm)																								
d84 (mm)																								
			Cross S	Section !	5				Cross	Section 6	3													L
Parameter				sol	-					Pool	-													
i arameter	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2		MY4	MY5												
Dimension	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10111	11/12	10110	T. 1	INITO		10/11	10112	ini i O	T 1 1 1													
BF Width (ft)	25.5	27.6	25.8				19.6	14.9	15.5															
Floodprone Width (ft)	66.3	66.2	66.2				44.1	41.4																
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	53.2	52.3	50.7				30.0	24.2																
BF Closs Sectional Area (12) BF Mean Depth (ft)	2.09	1.90	1.96				1.53	1.62																
BF Mean Depth (it) BF Max Depth (ft)		5.38	5.49				3.53	3.26																
Width/Depth Ratio	12.2	14.6	13.2				12.8	9.2	10.3															
Entrenchment Ratio	2.6	2.4	2.6				2.3	9.2	2.8															
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	2.6		2.0				2.3	2.o 18.1	2.o 18.5															
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	29.0	31.4 1.7	1.7				1.3	1.3	1.3															
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1.0	1.7	1.7				1.5	1.3	1.3															
Substrate d50 (mm)												r												
uo4 (mm)						N/ 4 (004)				1)/ 0 /00	10)			(0 (00)				4 4 (00)	4.4)			/ = /00/		
Parameter		AB (2010	1	-		1Y-1 (201)	· ·	-		/Y-2 (20 ⁻	,			7-3 (20 ⁻	,			Y-4 (20				7-5 (201	,	
D. //	Min	Max	Med	-	Min	Max	Med	-	Min	Max	Med		IVIIN	Max	ivied		IVIIN	Max	ivied		IVIIN	Max	ivied	
Pattern		07	00	_		07		_		07	00													
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	44	87	66	_	44	87	66	_	44	87	66													1
Radius of Curvature (ft)	23	54	39	-	23	54	39		23	54	39													4
Meander Wavelength (ft)	143	220	175	_	143	220	175	_	143	220	175													1
Meander Width Ratio	1.7	7.0	4.4		1.6	7.0	4.3		1.7	7.1	4.4							L			L			
Profile	05		50			05	50		- 00	00	4.4							-			I			
Riffle length (ft)		55	52	-	23	85	58		22	90	44						ļ				I			
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.017	0.011	-	0.005	0.035	0.016		0.005		0.018						ļ				I			
Pool Length (ft)	17	52	30	-	13	38	22		35	57	41						ļ				I			
Pool Spacing (ft)	56	127	95		55	131	89		55	135	84							L			I			
Quile streets	L								L												L			
Substrate	L	61				4.4			L	10											L			
d50 (mm)		21		-		14				13														4
d84 (mm)		74				60			<u> </u>	45											l			
	L								L												L			
Additional Reach Parameters		0.015				0.01-			L	0.015														
Valley Length (ft)		2,915				2,915			L	2,915											L			
Channel Length (ft)	ļ	3,339				3,339			⊢	3,339											ļ			
Sinuosity		1.3				1.3			<u> </u>	1.3														
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)	I	0.014				0.01			⊢	0.01											L			
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.016				0.01			⊢	0.01							L							
Rosgen Classification		E/C4				E/C4				E/C4														

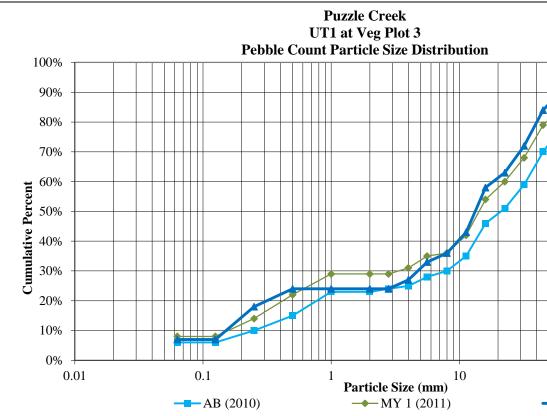
								UT2							
			Cross S	ection 2	1										
Parameter				ool											
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5									
Dimension															
BF Width (ft)	3.8	4.4	3.34												
Floodprone Width (ft)	8.1	7.6	6.5												
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	2.4	2.4	1.7												
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.63	0.54	0.50												
BF Max Depth (ft)		0.92	0.80												
Width/Depth Ratio		8.0	6.7												
Entrenchment Ratio		1.7	1.9												
Wetted Perimeter (ft)		5.5	4.3												
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.5	0.4	0.4												
Substrate															
d50 (mm)															
d84 (mm)															
Parameter		AB (2010))		Μ	1Y-1 (201 <i>°</i>	1)	MY-2 (2013)		M	Y-3 (2013)	MY-4 (2014)		MY-5 (2015)	
Farailleter	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med	Min Max Med		Min	Max Med	Min Max Med	Ν	1in Max Med	i I
Pattern															
Channel Beltwidth (ft)															
Radius of Curvature (ft)															
Meander Wavelength (ft)															
Meander Width Ratio															
Profile															
Riffle length (ft)															
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)															
Pool Length (ft)															
Pool Spacing (ft)															_
									_	<u> </u>					_
Substrate	Į								_	I			_		
d50 (mm)									_	<u> </u>					
d84 (mm)									_	<u> </u>			_		_
									_	—			-		_
Additional Reach Parameters						44		·	_	—			-		_
Valley Length (ft)		41				41		41	-				-		_
Channel Length (ft)		52				52		52	-	 			-		-
Sinuosity		1.3				1.3		1.3	-	 			-		-
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.016				0.019		0.021 0.010	-	<u> </u>			-		-
BF Slope (ft/ft)	l	0.016 E				0.012 E		0.010 E	-	 			-		_
Rosgen Classification		E				E		E							

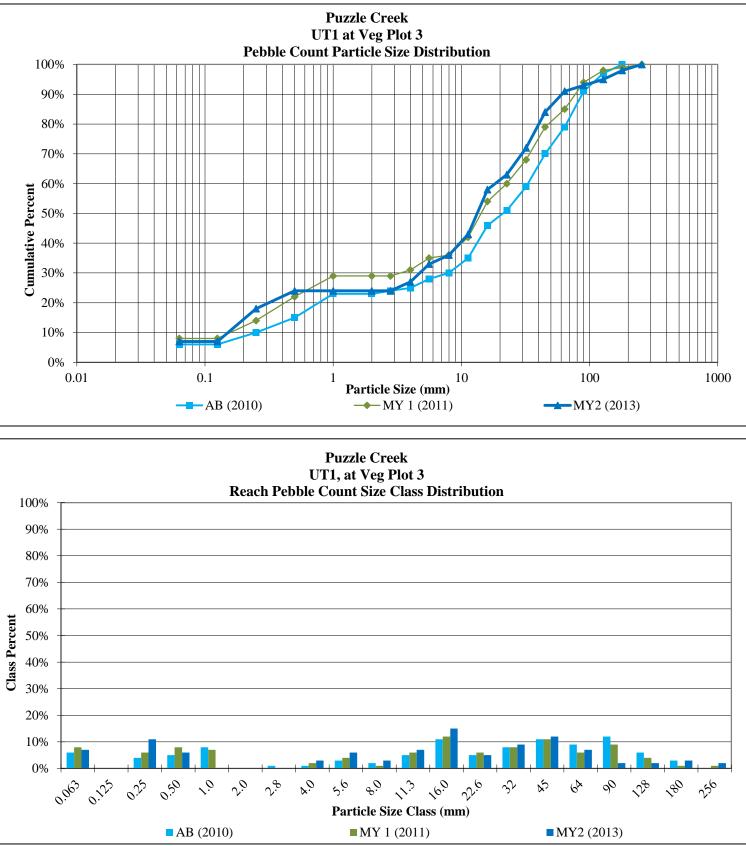
Cross-Section Pebble Count (UT1) Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project, EEP# 92522

SITE OR PROJECT:	Puzzle Creek
REACH/LOCATION:	Riffle in front of Veg Plot 3
FEATURE:	Riffle

				2013	
MATERIAL	PARTICLE	SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063	7	8%	8%
	Very Fine	.063125			8%
	Fine	.12525	11	6%	14%
Sand	Medium	.2550	6	8%	22%
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0		7%	29%
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0			29%
	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8			29%
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0	3	2%	31%
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6	6	4%	35%
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0	3	1%	36%
Gravel	Medium	8.0 - 11.0	7	6%	42%
Graver	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	15	12%	54%
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	5	6%	60%
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	9	8%	68%
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	12	11%	79%
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	7	6%	85%
	Small	64 - 90	2	9%	94%
Cobble	Small	90 - 128	2	4%	98%
Cobble	Large	128 - 180	3	1%	99%
	Large	180 - 256	2	1%	100%
	Small	256 - 362			100%
Boulder	Small	362 - 512			100%
Boulder	Medium	512 - 1024			100%
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048			100%
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048			100%
Total % o	of whole count		100	100%	100%

Summary Da	ata
Channel mate	rials
D ₅₀ =	13.00
$D_{84} =$	45.00
$D_{95} =$	128.00





Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project Puzzle Creek Photo Log - Photo Points

Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape.
- 3. Photos taken October 2012 and January 2013.



Photo Point 1: facing downstream

Photo Point 2: facing upstream



Photo Point 2: facing downstream

Photo Point 3: facing upstream



Photo Point 3: facing downstream

Photo Point 4: facing upstream



Photo Point 4: facing downstream

Photo Point 5: facing upstream



Photo Point 5: facing downstream

Photo Point 6: facing upstream



Photo Point 6: facing downstream

Photo Point 7: facing upstream

Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project Photo Log - UT1 Photo Points

Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape.
- 3. Photos taken October 2012 and March 2013 (PPT 16).



Photo Point 2: facing downstream

Photo Point 3: facing upstream



Photo Point 3: facing downstream

Photo Point 4: facing upstream



Photo Point 4: facing downstream

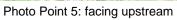




Photo Point 5: facing downstream

Photo Point 6: facing upstream



Photo Point 6: facing downstream

Photo Point 7: facing upstream



Photo Point 7: facing downstream

Photo Point 8: facing upstream



Photo Point 9: facing upstream

Photo Point 9: facing downstream



Photo Point 10: facing upstream





Photo Point 11: facing upstream



Photo Point 12: facing upstream

Photo Point 11: facing downstream



Photo Point 12: facing downstream



Photo Point 13: facing upstream



Photo Point 13: facing downstream



Photo Point 14: facing upstream



Photo Point 15: facing downstream

Photo Point 16: facing upstream