# **Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project**

# Year 3 Monitoring Report Rutherford County, North Carolina



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Prepared for: North Carolina Ecosystem

Enhancement Program (NCEEP)

NCEEP Project Manager: Paul Wiesner



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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Puzzle Creek site was restored through a full delivery contract with the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). This report documents Year 3 monitoring data for the five-year monitoring period. The goals for the restoration project are as follows:

- Improve hydrologic connectivity between creeks and floodplains;
- Reduce sediment and nutrient loading through restoration of riparian areas and stream banks;
- Create geomorphically stable conditions on the Puzzle Creek project site; and
- Improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat along the project corridor.

To accomplish these goals, the following objectives were implemented:

- Removal of anthropogenic impacts from the stream corridor and rehabilitation of incised and eroding streams by stabilizing stream channels and improving floodplain access;
- Improving impacted buffers to aid in nutrient removal from runoff and stabilizing stream banks to reduce bank erosion and sediment contribution to streams;
- Providing more stable and diverse channel features such as riffles, creating deeper pools and areas of water re-aeration, and providing woody debris to increase instream habitat quality and diversity;
- Establishment of riparian areas characterized by native vegetation, organic debris, and flooding
  which are protected by a permanent conservation easement. The establishment of native
  streambank and floodplain vegetation will improve bank stability, provide shade to decrease
  water temperature and improve terrestrial wildlife habitat.

Eight vegetation monitoring plots 100 square meters  $(m^2)$  (10m x 10m) in size were used to estimate survival of the woody vegetation planted on-site. The Year 3 vegetation monitoring indicated an average survival of 575 stems per acre. The data shows that the Site has met both the interim stem survival criteria for Year 3 (320 stems per acre) and is on track to meet the final success criteria of 260 trees per acre by the end of Year 5.

The design implemented at the Puzzle Creek mitigation site involved Priority Level I and II Restoration, and Enhancement Level I approaches. The resulting design will ultimately yield stable C-type channels for Puzzle Creek, and the project tributaries. Restoration and enhancement work were completed in accordance with the approved design approach provided in the mitigation plan for Puzzle Creek and its tributaries. Longitudinal profile and cross-section data indicate that the project streams have remained stable since baseline monitoring data were collected in February 2011. Additionally, as the photo logs included in this report show, the herbaceous cover at the project site is flourishing, and in conjunction with other erosion control measures, is promoting bank stability, while planted woody vegetation becomes more established. There are two areas of concern noted in the Year 3 monitoring period. The first area of concern is that the streambanks of Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek immediately downstream of the Piney Mountain Church Rd Bridge are eroding from station 0+15 to 0+30. This area is associated with a utility crossing under the stream and was not well protected after recent work. This area will continue to be monitored to assess if maintenance is needed. The second is an area of bank erosion on Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek upstream of the confluence with UT1. It is expected that this area will require repair work and will be documented in the Year 4 Monitoring report. Based on geomorphic data presented in Appendix B, this Site is currently on track to meet the hydrologic and stream success criteria specified in the Puzzle Creek Mitigation Plan.

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in

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these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly Restoration Plan) documents, which are available on EEP's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from EEP upon request.

#### 1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND AND ATTRIBUTES

The Puzzle Creek Restoration site is located approximately three miles northeast of Bostic, in Rutherford County, North Carolina (Figure 1). The project site is situated in the Broad River Basin, within North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) sub-basin 03-08-02 and United States Geologic Survey (USGS) hydrologic unit 03050105070050. The Puzzle Creek project area drains agricultural and forested land, as well as a small area occupied by residential development. The general area in which the project is located is rural in character, and is not likely to change significantly in the foreseeable future. The largest percentage of land use in the watershed currently is in forested cover for wildlife habitat and hunting as well as timber production. The percentage of land in the watershed available to agriculture is 27% with over 60% of the watershed remaining as forest land.

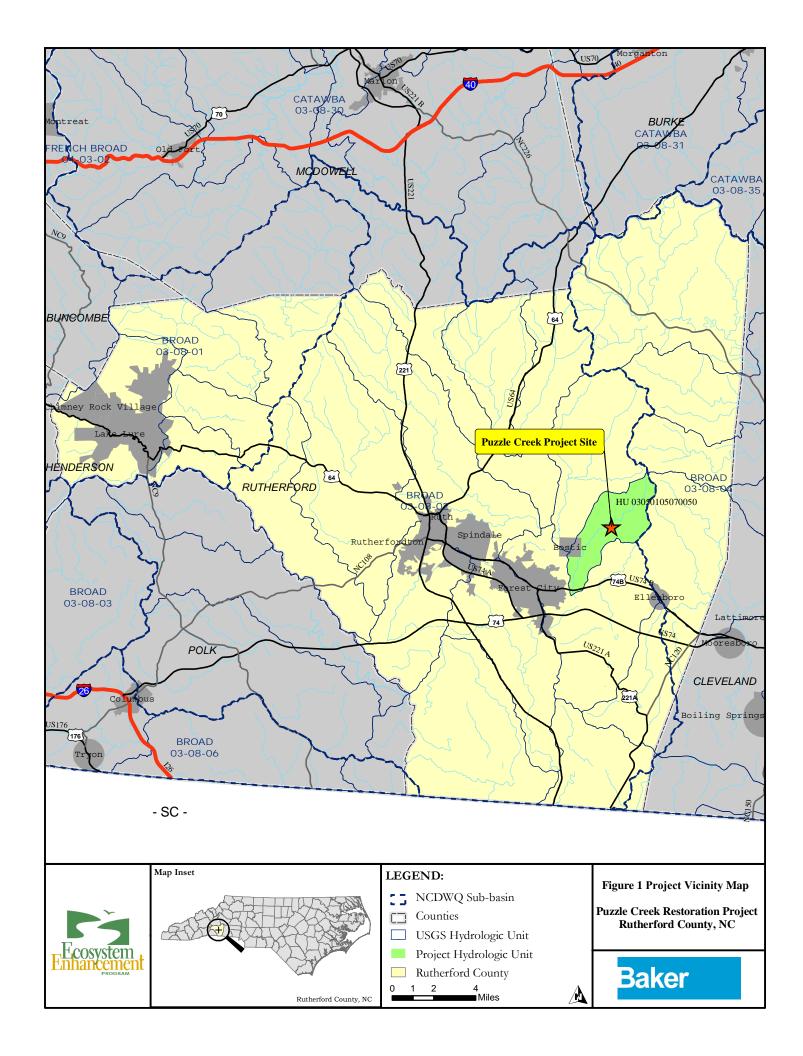
Orthophotography maps from the 1930's show residential and agricultural land use altering the Puzzle Creek watershed. Many streams were channelized to help mark property boundaries and to drain low lands for farming. Anthropogenic land use alteration and channelization of streams introduced instabilities from which the streams are still recovering. Incision, bank erosion, meander cutoffs, lateral bar formation, debris jams, and other ongoing stream processes typical of adjusting streams are found in the project reach. Segments of the unnamed tributary have achieved a degree of relative stability due to the presence of heavily wooded banks, developing floodplains which have been active in recent years, and bedrock that has prevented incision from becoming the driving factor in channel geomorphic development.

The project involved restoration or enhancement of four on-site streams: Puzzle Creek and three smaller unnamed tributaries (UT) identified in the project as UT1, UT2 and UT3. As noted in the Baseline Monitoring Report for Puzzle Creek, unnamed tributaries (UT2 and UT3) were added as short restored reaches as we recognized that work would be required on them within the easement area to facilitate connecting them to the mainstem. Total stream length across the project increased from approximately 4,849 LF to 5,073LF. The restoration and enhancement of 5,073 LF of stream within this project site has generated 4,966 stream mitigation units (SMUs).

# 1.1 Location and Setting

The Puzzle Creek restoration site is located approximately three miles northeast of Bostic in Rutherford County, NC (Figure 1). To access the site from Interstate 26, take the Hwy 74 East exit, Exit 67, toward NC-108/Columbus/Rutherford. Continue on Hwy 74 East for approximately 23 miles and turn left at the Old Caroleen Road Exit. Continue on Old Caroleen Road and take a right onto Riverside Drive before making another right onto the Hwy 74 Bridge. After crossing the bridge, turn left onto Bostic Sunshine Road which temporarily merges with S Main Street. Continue on Bostic Sunshine Road/S Main Street until reaching Piney Mountain Church Road whereupon a right turn should be made to access the project site, located at 2321 Piney Mountain Church Road.

Unnamed tributary 1(UT 1) flows west then northwest from the upstream end of the Schafer property boundary to a break in the easement. UT1 continues northwest from the break in the easement to its confluence with Puzzle Creek. Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek begins at Piney Mountain Church Rd (SR 1007) and continues southwest to the confluence with UT1. Reach 2 of Puzzle Creek begins at the confluence with UT1 and continues northwest to the property boundary. The project site is accessible from Piney Mountain Church Rd. (Figure 2).



# 1.2 Mitigation Structure and Objectives

Table 1 summarizes project data for each reach and restoration approaches used. The design implemented at the Puzzle Creek mitigation project site involved both Priority Level 1 and 2 approaches. The resulting design should ultimately yield primarily a C-type channel for Puzzle Creek and its tributaries within the project reach. Restoration and enhancement work on Puzzle Creek and UT1were completed in accordance with the approved design approach provided in the mitigation plan for Puzzle Creek.

Table 1. Proj Puzzle Creek						2						
Project Segment or Reach ID	Existing Feet/ Acres	Mitigation Type	Approach	Target Stream Type	Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Units	Stationin	ıg	Comment		
Puzzle Creek	<del> </del>			1		1	1	<del> </del>				
Reach 1	1,024LF	R	P1	C4/5	1,000 LF	1:1	1,000	0+00-10+	00	Reroute channel middle of valley, pattern, dimensio profile	improve n and	
Reach 2	600 LF	R	PII		634 LF	1:1	634	10+00-16-	⊦34	Pattern adjustment overly sinuous seprofile and dimeradjustments	ction,	
UT1 (Reach 1)												
Subreach A	2,036 LF	R	PII		2,150 LF	1:1	2,150	00+00-21-	<b>-50</b>	Pattern and profi adjustments; imp floodplain benchi Profile and dimer	rove ng	
				C4/5						adjustments; imp floodplain access valley through th	rove (narrow is reach	
Subreach A	320 LF	Е	LI		320LF	1.5:1	213	21+50-24-	⊦70	precluded pattern adjustments)		
Subreach A	469 LF	R	PII		469 LF	1:1	469	24+70-29-	⊦39	Pattern and profile adjustments; improve floodplain benching		
Subreach A	400LF	R	PII	C4/5	400 LF	1:1	400	32+12-36-	⊦12	Slight pattern and adjustments, lowe bankfull elevation bank near conflue	ering of n on right	
UT 2	1		1	1		1	1	1				
Reach 1		R	PII	-	52 LF	1:1	52	1+39-1+9	91	Bank grading and stabilization; inva- removal and re-p- native riparian ve	nsives lanting with	
UT 3	1			1		ı	ı	ı				
Reach 1		R	PI	-	48 LF	1:1	48	0+63-1+	1 1	Bank grading and stabilization; inva- removal and re-p- native riparian ve	sives lanting with	
Mitigation Un	nit Summat		11		70 L1	1.1	1 70	U 103-1T		native riparian ve	Scanon	
Stream (LF)				(A		Nonriparian Wetland To (Ac)				otal Wetland (Ac)	Buffer (Ac)	
5,073	4,966			N			NA			NA		
Notes: A Sub-	reaches are	listed	as they	occur,	going in a d	ownstre	am direct	tion as indicate	ated l	by the stationing	provided.	

Prior to the mitigation project, riparian areas along Puzzle Creek were utilized for pasture and were frequently mowed. Today much of the site is wooded, with acreage being managed for timber production and also as a timberland used for hunting and quite enjoyment. The primary causes of impairment found within the project reaches included previous efforts to channelize the streams, logging activities, an abundance of unstable log jams resulting in erosion, and the presence of non-native vegetation.

The upper reach (reach 1) of the mainstem of Puzzle Creek had severe lateral instability resulting in self-perpetuating debris jams. Bank erosion, falling trees, incision, and impingement on the valley wall were considered significant and continuing trends present on the reach. A combination of Priority I and Priority II Restoration approaches were implemented along Reach 1 based on the need to excavate the floodplain in some areas while in other areas a new channel would be excavated that utilized the existing floodplain. As was the case with all project reaches, unforested sections of floodplain as well as areas of recently disturbed floodplain were seeded and replanted with trees and shrubs native to the area to provide stability and create an adequate riparian buffer.

The reach of Puzzle Creek downstream of the confluence with UT1 (Reach 2) was suffering from a cycle of debris jams, lateral instability, bank erosion, channel avulsion, and falling trees. This section of Puzzle Creek was incised, although some flood relief was available by the presence of a remnant channel in the left floodplain. A combination of Priority I and Priority II Restoration was applied in Reach 2 to create a meandering pattern with stable riffles and pools. This approach resulted in the channel being moved away from the right valley wall. This provided marked improvements in the profile, cross-section, and stability of the channel pattern.

Throughout UT1, a combination of Priority I and II Restoration approaches was implemented. Reach 1 of UT1 flows west then northwest from the upstream end of the Schafer property boundary to a break in the easement above the waterfall. The primary issues addressed on UT1 were connectivity of the stream to the floodplain, localized erosion of streambanks and impingement on valley walls, sub-reaches with bed features that are inconsistent with the plan form of the stream, and non-native vegetation. At the uppermost end of the reach, floodplain connectivity was addressed by changing the bed profile, thereby raising the water surface. By creating backwater in meander bends, naturally-sustainable pools were created. Further downstream, a new channel was constructed to bring the stream away from the valley wall and to create more natural riffle-pool sequences. Below this offline section, banks were graded to improve stream stability and create the needed cross-section while following the existing channel course. A riprap stream crossing was installed in this reach for land-owner and forest fire response access to both sides of the creek. Below the crossing, intact banks and bed diversity minimized the meandering needed and restoration consisted of making minor changes to the channel cross-section, pattern and profile as necessary to improve bank stability and sediment transport continuity.

In other less stable sections where the stream exhibited signs of channelization, the channel was taken offline to restore pattern and profile, creating a more stable channel with a more diverse channel bedform. A significant amount of bedrock is present throughout Reach 1. Consequently, the channel was brought back online where bedrock is present.

In other areas, where bedform is diverse, banks stable, and valley constraints present, modifications to the profile and cross-section were made, but the channel was kept in its existing alignment. For these reasons, an Enhancement Level I approach was taken in those sections of Reach 1.

In accordance with the approved mitigation plan for the site, construction activities began in September 2008. Toward the end of construction in October 2008 and shortly thereafter, the project site experienced a series of flood events. Post flooding conditions indicated that designed conditions in some areas needed to be reevaluated, particularly as they related to bank height and sinuosity. Baker evaluated the site to determine the appropriate course of action needed to stabilize the project area. It was determined that damage sustained on Puzzle Creek warranted re-mobilizing a construction crew to the site to repair

damage to the site and to make adjustments to the channel alignment. Minor areas of erosion were stabilized and vegetated geolifts were added. Just upstream of the confluence with UT1 one meander was removed to increase the meander length in this area. The last meander on Puzzle was determined to be excessively tight, so the radius was increased slightly by bringing the meander bend in slightly and a cross-vane was constructed at the head of the riffle to center the thalweg and hold elevation through the upstream pool.

During late fall and winter, a number of subsequent flood events impacted UT1, which had been completed by that time. In early 2009, Baker staff visited the site to assess channel and bank stability. Although there were no areas suffering from excessive erosion, there were some indications that the channel, as constructed, was not functioning to the level desired. Initially it appeared that meanders were attempting to elongate downstream and improper pattern was suspected; however, after some time passed and additional high flows passed through the channel it was determined that primarily the pattern of instability was due to the banks not being established at the proper elevation and the floodplain needing to be lower over a wider area. Channel pattern continued to be a concern and channel length was reduced by increasing meander length and reducing meander radius of curvature. In early 2010 the channel was modified by lowering the banks in some areas and lowering the floodplain elevation to accommodate bank flows; alignment modifications were also made. The repaired site has been observed for a number of months and appears to be stabilized by the channel modifications. Further observation has not resulted in any additional design concerns.

Plan modifications during construction involved the location and selection of instream structures and bank stabilization practices as well as the lowering of the bankfull elevation in isolated reaches along Puzzle Creek and UT1. Meander length and radius of curvature was also increased along two reaches of UT1. Another modification made included applying Priority I and II measures on two additional tributaries to Puzzle Creek that are located within the project area. Unnamed Tributary 2 (UT2) is located above the confluence of Puzzle Creek and UT1. The third unnamed tributary to Puzzle Creek, UT3, is located just upstream of the only cross-vane on Puzzle Creek and downstream of the confluence with UT1. These tributaries are included in the total Restoration footage due to the need to reconstruct the confluences of these streams as the mainstem was modified. Invasive vegetation removal and replanting of these areas with native riparian vegetation was carried out along these tributaries. The total linear feet of UT2 and UT3 where Restoration measures were applied is 52 LF and 48 LF, respectively. Restoration measures applied to UT2 and UT3 actually extend beyond the conservation easement boundary, but footage beyond the easement was not considered in calculating the mitigation credit provided by this site. These changes are documented in the as-built drawings. The final as-built stream length for the project as indicated in Table 1 is 5,073 LF.

# 1.3 Project History and Background

The chronology of the Puzzle Creek mitigation project is presented in Table 2 while the contact information for designers, contractors and plant material suppliers is presented in Table 3. Relevant project background information is presented in Table 4. Total stream length across the project increased from approximately 4,849 LF to 5,073LF.

Activity or Report	Data Collection	Completion or Delivery		
Restoration Plan	October 2007	December 2007		
Final Design-90%	October 2007	December 2007		
Construction	-	October 2008		
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area	-	October 2008		
Permanent seed mix applied to project site	-	October 2008		
Containerized and B&B plantings set out	-	October 2008		
Flood Events; Site Repairs	-	October-November 2008		
Site Evaluation on UT1	January 2009	-		
Site Modifications and Repairs	April 2010	-		
Mitigation Plan / As-built (Year 0 Monitoring – baseline)	July 2010	January 2011		
Year 1 Monitoring	November 2011; January-February 2012	May 2012		
Year 2 Monitoring	October 2012, March 2013	June 2013		
Year 3 Monitoring	October 2013, March 2014	June 2014		
Year 4 Monitoring				
Year 5 Monitoring				

Table 3. Project Contacts Table Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522								
Designer								
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd Suite 201, Asheville, NC 28806							
Whender Baker Engineering, me.	Contact: Micky Clemmons, Tel. 828.350.1408 x2002							
<b>Construction Contractor</b>								
Pivor Works Inc	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511							
River Works, Inc.	Contact: Bill Wright, Tel. 919.818.6686							
Planting & Seeding Contractor								
River Works, Inc.	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511							
	Contact: George Morris, Tel. 919.459.9001							
Seed Mix Sources	Green Resources							
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Arborgen and Hillis Nursery							
Monitoring								
Michael Baker Engineering Inc	797 Haywood Rd Suite 201, Asheville, NC 28806							
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	Contact: Matthew Reid, Tel. 828.350.1408							

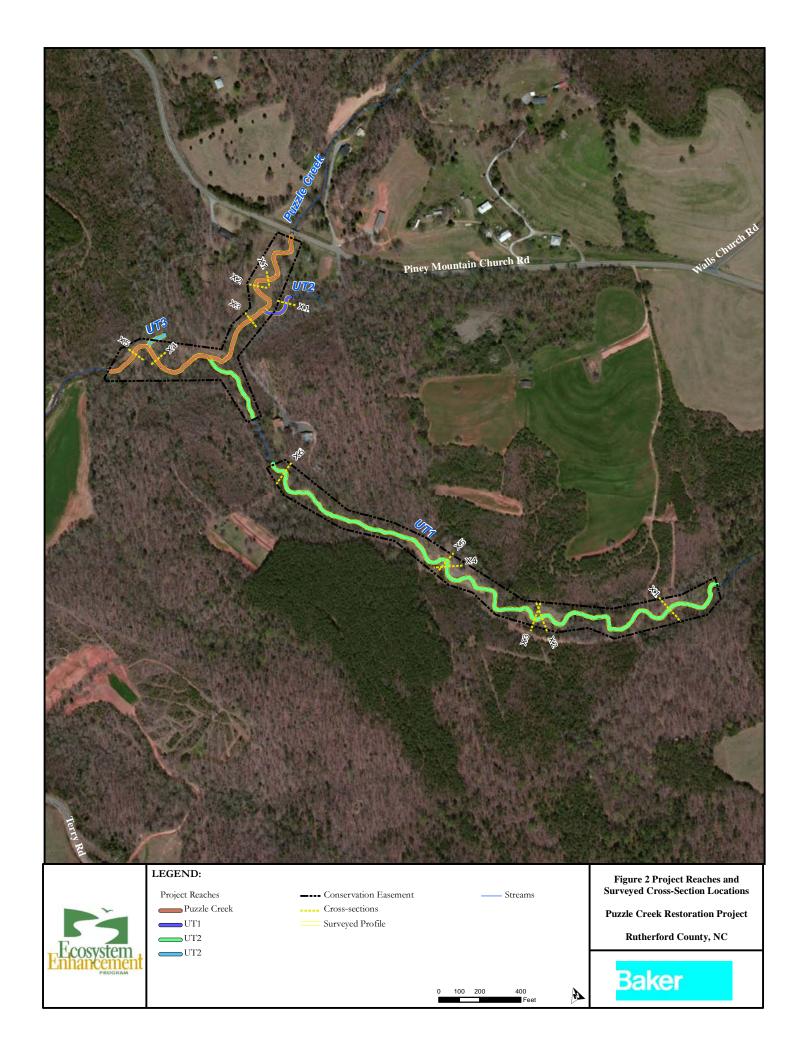
Table 4. Project Attribute Table Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522	
Project County	Rutherford County, NC
Physiographic Region	Piedmont Province. Borders Blue Ridge Escarpment
Ecoregion	Southern Inner Piedmont

Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522 Project River Basin	Broad
USGS HUC for Project	03050105070050
NCDWQ Sub-basin for Project	03-08-02
Within extent of EEP Watershed Plan?	No
WRC Class	Cool
% of Project Easement Fenced or Demarcated	~5% (goat pasture)
Beaver Activity Observed During Design Phase?	No
Drainage Area (Square Miles or Acres)	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	2.58 mi <sup>2</sup>
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	4.18 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT1Reach 1	1.6 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT1 Reach2	1.6 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT2	<.5 mi <sup>2</sup>
Stream Order	Puzzle-3rd Order, UT1-2 <sup>nd</sup> Order, UT2-1 <sup>st</sup> Order
Restored Length	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	1,000 LF
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	634 LF
UT1Reach 1	3,339 LF
UT 2	52 LF
UT 3	48 LF
Perennial or Intermittent	Perennial (all project streams)
Watershed Type	Rural (Predominantly Forested)
Watershed LULC Distribution (Percent area)	
Forest	61%
Shrub	12%
Pasture	27%
Water	.45%
Drainage Impervious Cover Estimate (%)	<5%
NCDWQ AU/Index #	9-41-19
303d Listed	No
Upstream of 303d Listed Segment	No
Reasons for 303d Listing or Stressor	-
Total Acreage of Easement	11.64 Acres
Total Vegetated Acreage w/in Easement	n/a (Easement vegetated with exception of stream channel and access path)
Total Planted Acreage within the Easement	~10 Acres
Rosgen Classification (Pre-existing)	
	C4
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	
Puzzle Creek Reach 1 Puzzle Creek Reach 2	E4

Table 4. Project Attribute Table Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project#92522						
Rosgen Classification of As-built						
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	E4					
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	E4					
UT1Reach 1	E4/C4					
UT1 Reach2	E4					
Valley Type	VIII					
Valley Slope	.001 to .0106					
Valley Side Slope Range	n/a					
Valley Toe Slope Range	n/a					
Trout Waters Designation	No					
Species of Concern	No					
Dominant Soil Series and Characteristics	Chewacla/ Pa	acolet/Pacol	<u> </u>			
	Depth (in.)	% Clay	K Factor	T Factor		
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5		
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	61"	22.5	.32	5		
UT1Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5		
UT1 Reach2	62"	27.5	.2	3		

# 1.4 Monitoring Plan View

The five-year monitoring plan for the Puzzle Creek Mitigation Site includes criteria to evaluate the success of the geomorphic and vegetative components of the project. A current condition plan view (CCPV) depicting the monitoring features for the Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project is provided below. The plan view provides a layout of channel pattern as well as the location of structures designed to aid in dimension and profile stability. Other features shown on the plan view include the location of crest gauges, vegetation monitoring plots, cross-sections, reference photo stations, and the location of maintenance and repair work completed. The plan view also provides call outs at the locations of problem areas. With the exception of intermittent areas of kudzu encroachment and patches of Chinese privet or multiflora rose scattered throughout the project reaches on Puzzle Creek and UT1, there are no additional problems present. These areas with invasive species are being treated to eradicate them if possible. Baker will continue to monitor the presence of invasives within the easement and treat them accordingly. Figure 2 illustrates the project as it is delineated by reach.





Project No. 92522

er Project No. 109277

6/3/2014 DESIGNED:

DRAWN: APPROVED:

Monitoring Year 3 of 5

SCALE: 1" = 80'



PHOTO POINT

B

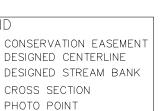
STREAM PROBLEM AREA (SPA)
BANKS WITH SCOUR/EROSION

VEG PLOT CRITERIA UNMET (NO PLOTS CURRENTLY MEETING THIS CRITERIA)

6/3/2014

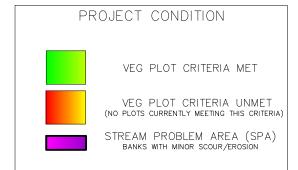
PPROVED:

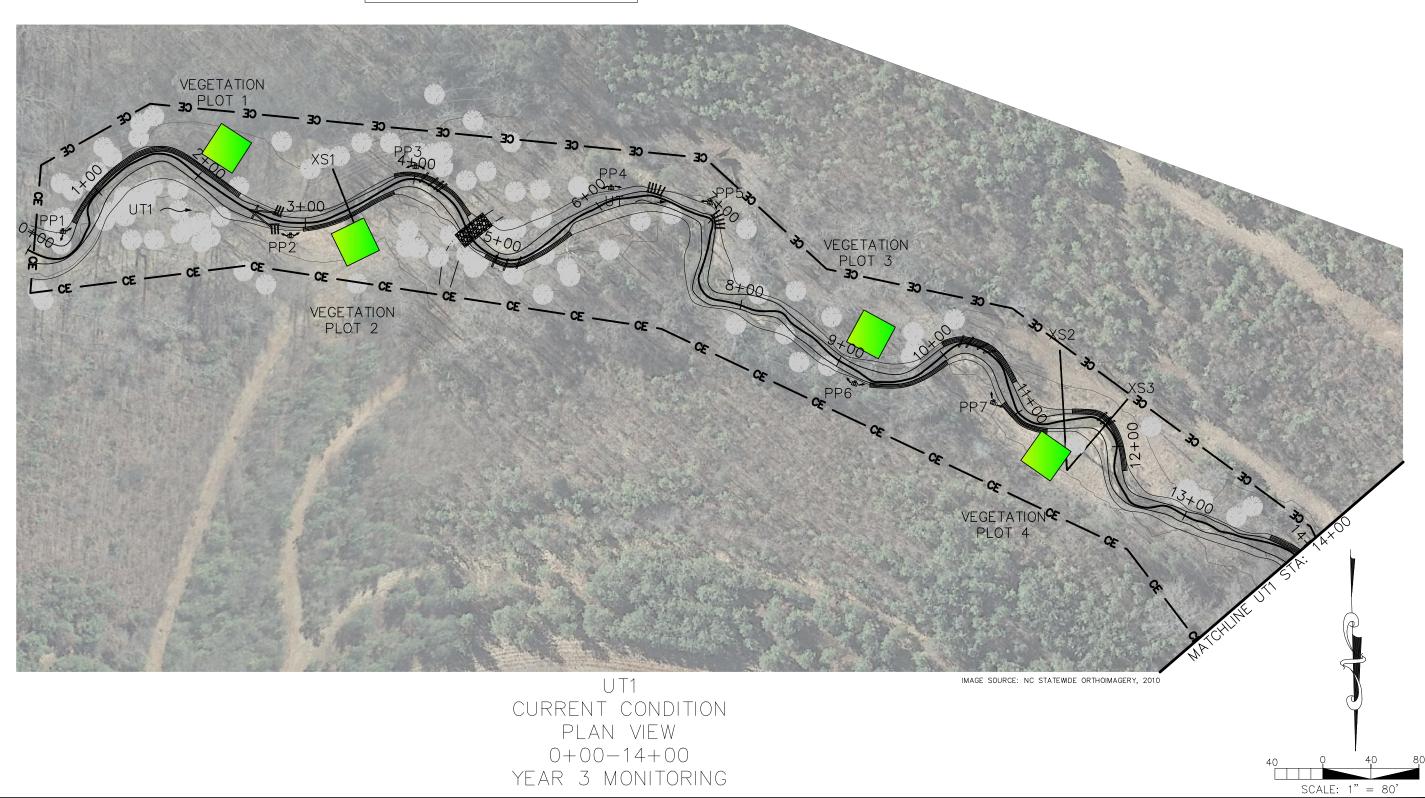
2 of 4 lonitoring Year 3 of 5



LEGEND

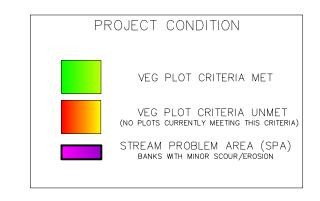
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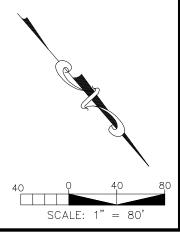




14+00-25+00 YEAR 3 MONITORING

### LEGEND CONSERVATION EASEMENT DESIGNED CENTERLINE DESIGNED STREAM BANK CROSS SECTION Ö PHOTO POINT





PUZZLE CREEK RESTORATION PROJECT
RUTHERFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
YEAR 3 MONITORING
CURRENT CONDITION PLAN VIEW

er Project No. 109277

6/3/2014

3 of 4 onitoring Year 3 of 5

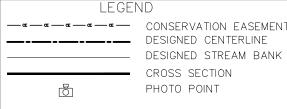
YEAR 3 MONITORING CURRENT CONDITION PLAN VIEW

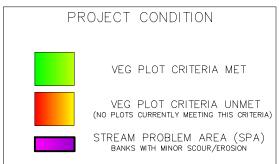
EP Project No. 92522

Baker Project No. 109277 Date: 6/3/2014

4 of 4 onitoring Year 3 of 5

SCALE: 1" = 80'





### 2.0 PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS

The five-year monitoring plan for the Puzzle Creek mitigation project includes criteria to evaluate the success of the vegetation and stream components of the project. The specific locations of vegetation plots, permanent cross-sections, reference photo stations and crest gauges are shown on the CCPV submitted with this report.

# 2.1 Vegetation Assessment

#### 2.1.1 Vegetation

Successful restoration of the vegetation on a site is dependent upon hydrologic restoration, active planting of preferred canopy species, and volunteer regeneration of the native plant community. In order to determine if the criteria are achieved, eight vegetation monitoring quadrants were installed across the restoration site. The size of individual quadrants varies from 100 square meters for tree species to 1 square meter for herbaceous vegetation. Level 1 CVS vegetation monitoring will occur in spring, after leaf-out has occurred, or in the fall prior to leaf fall. At the end of the first growing season during baseline surveys, species composition, density, and survival were evaluated. Individual quadrant data provided during subsequent monitoring events will include diameter, height, density, and coverage of vegetation. Individual seedlings were marked to ensure that they can be found in succeeding monitoring years.

Photographs are used to visually document vegetation success in sample plots. Reference photos of tree and herbaceous conditions within plots are taken at least once per year. Photos of the plots are included in Appendix A of this report.

The interim measure of vegetative success for the site is the survival of at least 320, 3-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of Year 3 of the monitoring period. The final vegetative success criteria is the survival of 260, 5-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of Year 5 of the monitoring period.

Temporary seeding applied to streambanks beneath the erosion matting sprouted within two weeks of application and has provided excellent ground coverage. Live stakes and bare root trees planted are also flourishing and will increasingly contribute to streambank stability. Bare-root trees were planted throughout the conservation easement. A minimum 30-foot buffer was established along all restored stream reaches. In general, bare-root vegetation was planted at a target density of 680 stems per acre, in an 8-foot by 8-foot grid pattern. Planting of bare-root trees was completed in the winter of 2009-2010. Species planted are listed below.

Table 5. Riparian Buff	er Planting List				
	Plan-NCEEP Project #92522				
Proposed Bare-Root an	d Live Stake Species (may a	also include seed or contai	ner species)		
Common Name	Scientific Name	% Planted by Species	# of Stems		
	Riparian Buffer I	Plantings			
Trees Overstory					
Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis	20%	136		
Willow Oak	Quercus phellos	7%	48		
River birch	Betula nigra	15%	102		
Persimmon	Diospyros virginiana	10%	68		
Tulip Poplar	Liriodendron tulipifera	20%	136		
Green Ash	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	15%	102		
Swamp Chestnut Oak	Quercus michauxii	8%	54		
Black Cherry	Prunus seritona	5%	34		
Understory Trees/Shrubs	3				
Pawpaw	Asimina triloba	15%	102		
Witch-hazel	Hamamelis virginiana	15%	102		
Spicebush	Lindera benzoin	20%	136		
Sweet Shrub	Calycanthus floridus	15%	102		
Redbud	Cercis canadensis	10%	68		
Flowering Dogwood	Cornus floridus	15%	102		
Arrowwood Viburnum	Viburnum dentatum	10%	68		
	Riparian Livestake	Plantings			
Ninebark	Physocarpus opulifolius	na			
Elderberry	Sambucus canadensis	na			
Silky Willow	Salix sericea	na			
Silky Dogwood	Cornus amomum	na			
Note: Species selection	may have changed due to refi	nement or availability at the	time of planting.		

#### 2.1.2 Soil Data

Table 6. Preliminary Soil Data Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92522											
Dominant Soil Series and Characteristics   Chewacla/ Pacolet/Pacolet-Bethlehem											
Depth (in.) % Clay K Factor T Factor %O											
Puzzle Creek Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5	.75-2.5						
Puzzle Creek Reach 2	61"	22.5	.32	5	.75-2.5						
UT1Reach 1	61"	22.5	.32	5	2-2.5						
UT1 Reach2	62"	27.5	.2	3	2-2.5						

## 2.1.3 Vegetative Problem Areas

There are no major vegetation problem areas at this time. However, Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*) and, to a lesser extent, Multiflora rose are scattered intermittently on-site. Kudzu, is encroaching upon the easement area, from outside of the area, on the lower end of Reach 2 of Puzzle Creek as well as at the upstream end of UT1 (Table 8, Appendix A). The planting and seeding contractor for the Site or an alternate provider will be scheduled to treat areas where invasive vegetation is present during the spring of 2014.

#### 2.1.4 Stem Counts

The mitigation plan for the Puzzle Creek Site specifies that the number of quadrants required will be based on the species/area curve method, as described in NCEEP monitoring guidance documents. The size of individual quadrants is 100 square meters for woody tree species, and 1 square meter for herbaceous vegetation. Eight vegetation plots, each 10 by 10 meters or, when constrained, 5 by 20 meters in size, were established across the restored site.

#### 2.1.4.1.1 Results

Tables 7 and 7b in Appendix A presents information on the stem counts for each of the vegetation monitoring plots. Data from the Year 3 monitoring event showed a range of 400-680 planted stems per acre, with approximately 88% of the stems being in good to excellent condition. Nearly 9% of the stems planted are missing or have died; however a number of volunteers, namely river birch, sweet gum, poplar, and sycamore, have also begun populating the project area. The average density of planted stems, based on data collected from the eight monitoring plots during Year 3 monitoring, is 575 stems per acre which indicates that the Site has met the interim minimum success criteria of 320 trees per acre by the end of Year 3 and is on track to meet the final success criteria of 260 trees per acre by the end of Year 5. The locations of the vegetation plots are shown on the CCPV.

No discrete woody or herbaceous vegetation problem areas were identified during Year 3 monitoring. Although the density of herbaceous cover varies across the site, conditions observed on-site during the Year 3 monitoring survey found ground cover in the easement area to be sufficient for aiding in site stabilization. Survival rates of planted woody stems in the vegetation plots indicate that plantings across the easement area are of sufficient density to meet regulatory requirements, as well as the site stabilization and habitat enhancement goals originally set forth in the mitigation plan.

#### 2.2 Stream Assessment

### 2.2.1 Morphologic Parameters and Channel Stability

Geomorphic monitoring of restored stream reaches is being conducted over a five year period to evaluate the effectiveness of the restoration practices installed. Monitored stream parameters include channel dimension (cross-sections), profile (longitudinal survey), pattern, bed composition, bank stability, bankfull flows, and stability of reference sites documented by photographs. Crest gauges, as well as wrack lines, will be used to document the occurrence of bankfull or greater events. The methods used and any related success criteria are described below for each parameter. For monitoring this site, twelve permanent cross-sections and two crest gauges were installed. Longitudinal profiles were also completed on Puzzle Creek, UT1 and UT2. Detailed channel morphology was surveyed with a total station by Baker; survey data is georeferenced.

#### **2.2.1.1 Dimension**

Twelve permanent cross-sections were installed to help evaluate the success of the mitigation project. Permanent cross-sections were established throughout the project site as follows: five cross-sections were located on Puzzle Creek, and six cross-sections were located on UT1. One cross-section was also located on UT2 to monitor restoration efforts associated with riparian improvements, pattern and profile adjustments made at the confluence of UT2 and Puzzle Creek. Cross-sections selected for monitoring were located in representative riffle and pool reaches and each cross-section was marked on both banks with permanent pins to establish the exact transect used. A common benchmark will be used for cross-sections and consistently referenced to facilitate comparison of year-to-year data. The cross-sectional surveys will include points measured at all breaks in slope, including top of bank, bankfull,

edge of water, and thalweg, if the features are present. Riffle cross-sections were classified using the Rosgen Stream Classification System.

There should be little change in the as-built cross-sections. If changes do take place, they will be evaluated to determine if they represent movement toward a more unstable condition (e.g., down-cutting or erosion) or movement toward increased stability (e.g., settling, vegetative changes, or deposition along the banks).

#### 2.2.1.1.1 Results

As-built cross-section monitoring data for stream stability was collected in January and February 2011. The twelve permanent cross-sections along the restored channels were resurveyed in March 2014 to document stream dimension for Monitoring Year 3. Cross-sectional data is presented in Table 13 (Appendix B) and the location of cross-sections is shown on the plan sheets submitted with this report.

The cross –sections show that there has been little to no adjustment in stream dimension across the project reaches since construction. What adjustment has occurred has primarily been observed in riffle cross-sections that are exhibiting signs of narrowing. Based on field observations, this narrowing can be attributed to herbaceous vegetation that has become well established. Some of the Yr-3 cross-sections do show deposition of sediment on the floodplain due to extensive overbank flooding in the previous year or deposition within the channel as it is moving through the project reach. At this time, cross-sectional measurements do not indicate any streambank or channel stability issues.

The bankfull width and cross-sectional area dimensions for UT2 were previously misidentified. Adjustments to the As-built through Year 2 surveys have been made to reflect the true bankfull elevation and cross-sectional area. The cross-sections show that there has been little to no adjustment to stream dimension across the project reaches since construction. At this time, cross-sectional measurements do not indicate any streambank or channel stability issues.

### 2.2.1.2 Pattern and Longitudinal Profile

Longitudinal profiles for Year 3 were also surveyed during March 2014; profiles of the various project reaches are provided in Appendix B. A longitudinal profile was conducted for the entire project length on Puzzle Creek, 3,000 LF of UT1, and 80 LF of UT2. In previous monitoring years, the entire length of UT2 was surveyed. For Year 3, the UT2 profile begins just upstream of where the stream flows into the conservation easement. The entire length of UT2 that flows within the conservation easement is represented in the longitudinal profile survey. Longitudinal profiles will be replicated annually during the five year monitoring period.

Measurements taken during longitudinal profiles include thalweg, water surface, and the low top of bank. The pools should remain relatively deep with flat water surface slopes, and the riffles should remain steeper and shallower than the pools. Bed form observations should be consistent with those observed for channels of the design stream type. Profile data collected reflect stable channel bedform and a diverse range of riffle and pool complexes.

All measurements were taken at the head of each feature (e.g., riffle, pool) and the maximum pool depth. Elevations of grade control structures were also included in the longitudinal profiles surveyed. Surveys were tied to a permanent benchmark. Puzzle Creek and its tributaries are C-type streams primarily characterized by riffle-pool sequences. As the site is monitored, reaches will be evaluated for significant changes in pattern. Any changes that warrant repair will be discussed in future monitoring reports.

#### 2.2.1.2.1 Results

The longitudinal profiles show that the bed features are stable. As noted in the Stream Reach Morphology Data Tables in Appendix B (Table 14), riffle and pool characteristics do not appear to have changed much since construction; the measurements obtained for Year 3 are acceptable when compared to reference reach and design data provided for the project reaches. There was also little to no change in the profile of UT1 to Puzzle Creek. No areas of instability were noted during Year 3 monitoring.

#### 2.2.1.3 Substrate and Sediment Transport

Bed material analysis consists of a pebble count taken in the same constructed riffle during annual geomorphic surveys of the project site. This sample, combined with evidence provided by changes in cross-sectional and profile data will reveal changes in sediment gradation that occur over time as the stream adjusts to upstream sediment loads. Significant changes in sediment gradation will be evaluated with respect to stream stability and watershed changes.

#### 2.2.1.3.1 Results

For this project, a pebble count was collected on UT1. Visual observations and a review of pebble count data collected during Year 3 monitoring did not yield any signs that sediment transport functions have been hampered by the mitigation project; specifically, no significant areas of aggradation or degradation within the project area were observed. The pebble count data (Appendix B) indicates that the stream is moving fines through the system, and there is a marked trend in larger pebbles making up a greater percentage of the bed material. The Year 3 data show a marked change in bed composition when compared to the last two years and indicate significant sorting and transport of fines out of the sampled riffle. This is likely a function of the high flows that the stream has experienced over the previous year.

### 2.2.2 Hydrology

#### **2.2.2.1** Streams

The occurrence of bankfull events within the monitoring period will be documented by the use of crest gauges and photographs. Crest gauges were installed on the floodplain at bankfull elevation. One crest gauge was set up near Vegetation Plot #3 on UT1 while another gauge was set up near the first two cross-sections in Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek. The crest gauges record the highest watermark between site visits and are checked at each site visit to determine if a bankfull event has occurred. Photographs are used to document the occurrence of wrack lines and sediment deposition on the floodplain during monitoring site visits.

Two bankfull flow events must be documented on each crest gauge within the 5-year monitoring period. The two bankfull events must occur in separate years; otherwise, the stream monitoring will continue until two bankfull events have been documented in separate years.

#### 2.2.2.1.1 Results

Between October 29, 2012 and the conclusion of Year 3 monitoring in March 2014, the Site was found to have had at least two bankfull events based on crest gauge readings obtained on UT1 and Puzzle Creek and observed wrack lines. Crest gauges and physical observations only indicate how high flows have been since the last observation, so they only indicate that flows have exceeded bankfull; however, based on the record rainfall in this area over the last year we believe that this site had multiple bankfull or greater events. Based on our documented observations, Puzzle Creek has had at least 4 bankfull events and UT1 has had 3 since construction ended. Information on these events is provided in Table 9 of Appendix B.

#### 2.2.3 Photographic Documentation of Site

Photographs will be used to document restoration success visually. Reference stations were photographed during the as-built survey; this will be repeated for at least five years following construction. Reference photos are taken once a year, from a height of approximately five to six feet. Permanent markers will ensure that the same locations (and view directions) are utilized during each monitoring period. Selected site photographs are shown in Appendix B.

#### 2.2.3.1 Lateral Reference Photos

Reference photo transects were taken of the right and left banks at each permanent cross-section. A survey tape was captured in most photographs which represents the cross-section line located perpendicular to the channel flow. The water line was located in the lower edge of the frame in order to document bank and riparian conditions. Photographers will make an effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

#### 2.2.3.2 Structure Photos

Photographs of primary grade control structures (i.e. vanes and weirs), along the restored streams are included within the photographs taken at reference photo stations. Photographers will make every effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

Lateral and structure photographs are used to evaluate channel aggradation or degradation, bank erosion, success of riparian vegetation, structure function, and stability, and effectiveness of erosion control measures subjectively. Lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or degradation of the banks. A series of photos over time should indicate successive maturation of riparian vegetation and consistent structure function. Photo documentation of the site during Year 3 monitoring reflects stable site conditions in restored or enhanced areas as well as healthy stands of herbaceous and woody vegetation in the riparian corridors.

### 2.2.4 Stream Stability Assessment

In-stream structures installed within the restored streams included cover logs, rootwads, rock vanes, log vanes, and boulder toe protection. The Year 3 visual observations of these structures throughout the project site indicate that little or no changes have occurred since the baseline survey was performed; structures are functioning as designed and are holding their elevation and grade.

There are three stream problem areas identified. The first problem area is an area of bank erosion on Puzzle Creek Reach 1 immediately downstream of the Piney Mountain Church Rd Bridge from station 0+15 to 0+30. This area is associated with a utility crossing under the stream that was not well protected after recent work. The area should stabilize over time and will be monitored to determine if corrective action should be taken. The second area was also in Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek and consists of bank erosion beginning at station 9+25 and extending to the confluence of Puzzle Creek and UT1. This area is approximately 75 LF and has likely eroded due to the shear stress on the streambank caused by fast moving water during peak flows. The extent of erosion has increased since Year 2 monitoring occurred and will require repairs. The third problem area is bank erosion that was identified on Puzzle Creek Reach 2 near station 16+00. This area is approximately ten feet in length, and is currently stable due to existing tree roots and vegetation. The area of erosion does not require repairs at this time and will likely become more stable over time.

The Categorical Stream Feature Visual Stability Assessment and Visual Morphological Stability Assessment tables in Appendix B (Tables 10 through 12), summarize the condition of project structures and bank conditions.

Quantitative reference reach and design data used to determine the restoration approach, as built data, as well as Year 3 monitoring data are summarized in Tables 13 and 14 of Appendix B.

### 2.3 Areas of Concern

At this time, there are two areas of concern. The streambanks of Reach 1 of Puzzle Creek immediately downstream of the Piney Mountain Church Rd Bridge are eroding from station 0+15 to 0+30. This area is associated with a utility crossing under the stream and was not well protected after recent work. The area will continue to be monitored for possible impacts to the project area. The second area of concern is the eroding bank upstream of the confluence of Puzzle Creek and UT1. This area will require repair work. A repair plan is being designed and will be implemented in 2014.

Maintenance of the site for invasive vegetation control is ongoing and the two areas where bank erosion was noted will continue to be monitored and repaired as necessary. The planting and seeding contractor will be notified of the need for invasives treatment, and a site visit to remove and/or spray the vegetation will be scheduled this spring. Given the presence of seed sources and proximity of invasive vegetation to the easement boundary, it is anticipated that invasives treatment will be ongoing in subsequent monitoring years.

During a site visit with EEP in 2013, some evidence of beaver activity was noted. Two beaver dams were identified on Puzzle Creek Reach 1 near station 0+61 and just downstream from the confluence with UT1. At the time of the Year 3 survey, no beaver dams were present throughout the project site. The removal of the dams could have been aided by the record precipitation received in 2013 and the resultant increase stream flows. Beaver activity will continue to be monitored and documented in the Year 4 Monitoring Report.

Two landowner mowing encroachment areas were noted within the conservation easement during the 2013 visit with EEP. The first area is along the left floodplain of Puzzle Creek Reach 1 in an area that was previously maintained as grass. The landowner was unaware of the exact location of the conservation easement boundary. During the Year 3 survey, Baker staked out the conservation easement in this area and discussed the boundary with the landowner. The landowner will no longer mow this area, and additional trees will be planted in 2014 throughout the affected area. The second area is on the right floodplain of Puzzle Creek Reach 1 along a fence line installed during construction to exclude goats. The landowner has mowed an approximately 48" wide swath on the conservation easement side of the fence. Baker will notify the neighbor of this encroachment and resolve the problem.

#### 3.0 REFERENCES

Leopold, L.B., M. Wolman, and J. Miller. 1964. "Fluvial Processes in Geomorphology." W. H. Freeman, San Francisco, CA.

Peet, R.K., T.R. Wentworth and P.S. White. 1998. "A flexible, multipurpose method for recording vegetation composition and structure." Castanea 63:262-274.

# APPENDIX A

- 1. STEM COUNT ARRANGED BY PLOT (TABLES 7 AND 7B)
- 2. VEGETATION PROBLEM AREAS (TABLE 8)
- 3. VEGETATION PLOT PHOTOLOG

Puzzle Creek Mitigation Site	e Project #92522																	
m a .	a v			Current Data (Yr 2 2012) AB (2010) MY (2011) MY2 (2012) MY3 (2013) MY4 (2014) MY5 (2015)														
Tree Species	Common Name	Type	Plot 1	Plot 2	Plot 3	Plot 4	Plot 5	Plot 6	Plot 7	Plot 8	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals	Totals	Survival %	Probable Cause
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree							2	2	2	5	5	4			100%	
Diospyros virginiana	American Persimmon	Tree	1	2	1	3	2	1	2	4	19	19	19	16			84%	
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree		4	6		3				17	14	14	13			76%	
Liriodendron tulipfera	Tulip Poplar	Tree		4	2	3				1	11	11	11	10			91%	
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree	1	1		10	3	3	5	2	27	25	25	25			93%	
Prunus serrulata	Black Cherry	Tree							3		5	4	4	3			60%	
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Tree	1					2	1	3	10	8	8	7			70%	
											4.0	- 10						Beaver; outcompeted
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	5				1	4		1	18	13	13	11			61%	by surrounding veg.
Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	Tree	2	2				2	1	1	5	8	8	8			100%	Damaged during over
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree		1						1	3	2	2	2			67%	bkf storm event
Understory Species																		
Alnus serrulata	Tag Alder	Tree	2			1	1	3	3		12	10	10	10			83%	
Asimina triloba	Pawpaw	Tree			1						2	1	1	1			50%	Unknown
Cercis canadensis	Redbud	Tree				2					2	2	2	2			100%	
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	Tree			,					2	7	3	3	3			43%	Damaged during over bkf storm event
Volunteers	Flowering Dogwood	TICC			1						,			J			4370	oki storni event
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	Tree	1										1	1				
Alnus serrulata	Tag Alder	Tree	Ė										2					
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	87+	87+	133+	80+				
Liriodendron tulipfera	Tulip Poplar	Tree	5				4		3	3	1+	3	10	15				
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum	Tree	10		3	10	10	10	10	10		17	77	63+				
Pinus spp.	Pine	Tree	2				2	3	3				1	8				
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree	2	2	3	4		6	10		25+	56	16	26+				
Quercus rubra	Northern Red Oak	Tree									45+	45+	1					
-	Plot area	(acres)	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025							Averages	
		Count	10	8	8	8	9	9	10	10							9	
	Planted Ster		12	14	11	19	10	15	17	17							14	
	Ster	ns/Plot	42	26	27	43	36	44	53	40							39	
	Planted Stems Pe	er Acre	480	560	440	760	400	600	680	680							575	

	tble 7b. Stem Count Arranged by Plot uzzle Creek Mitigation Project.#92522																																		
	·			Current Plot Data (MY3 2013)													Annual Means																		
		Species	E9252	22-01-0	001	E9252	22-01-0	002	E9252	22-01-0	003	E925	22-01-0	004	E9252	22-01-0	005	E9252	2-01-00	006	E9252	2-01-00	07	E9252	2-01-00	008	MY	3 (201)	3)	MY	2 (2012	2)	MY	1 (2011)	)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Type	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Tree	2	2	2							1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3				10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Asimina triloba	pawpaw	Tree							1	1	1																1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree																			2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Cercis canadensis	eastern redbud	Tree										2	2	2													2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Cornus florida	flowering dogwood	Tree							1	1	1													2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	4	4	16	16	16	19	19	19	19	19	19
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree				4	4	4	6	6	6				3	3	3										13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	14
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree				4	4	4	2	2	2	3	3	3										1	1	1	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11	11
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	1	1	1	1	1	1				10	10	10	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	2	2	2	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree																			3	3	3				3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	1	1	1													2	2	2	1	1	1	3	3	3	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	5	5	5										1	1	1	4	4	4				1	1	1	11	11	11	13	13	13	13	13	13
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	2										2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree					1	1																	1	1		2	2		2	2		2	2
		Stem count	12	12	12	13	14	14	11	11	11	19	19	19	10	10	10	15	15	15	17	17	17	16	17	17	113	115	115	123	125	125	123	125	125
	size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1			8			8			8		
size (ACRI			(	0.025		(	0.025			0.025			0.025			0.025		(	0.025		(	0.025		(	).025			0.20			0.20			0.20	
	Sp	ecies count	6	6	6	5	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	8	9	9	13	14	14	13	14	14	13	14	14
	Stems	per ACRE	480	480	480	520	560	560	440	440	440	760	760	760	400	400	400	600	600	600	680	680	680	640	680	680	565	575	575	615	625	625	615	625	625

Table 8. Vegetation Problem			
Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project	et: Project No. 92522		
	Puzzle Creek Re	each 1 (1,000 LF)	
Feature Issue	Station No./Range	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	Intermittently Scattered Throughout	Ligustrum sinense -source outside easement and persisting after treatment	N/A
	Puzzle Creek R	teach 2 (634 LF)	
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	Intermittently Scattered Throughout	Kudzu-source outside easement near Veg Plot 8, Ligustrum sinense -source outside easement and persisting after treatment	N/A
	UT1 (3,	339 LF)	
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	Intermittently Scattered Throughout	Kudzu-source outside easement, Ligustrum sinense - source outside easement and persisting after treatment	N/A

# Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Photo Log - Vegetation Plot Photo Points

#### Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and pink flagging tape.



11/12/2013



11/12/2013

Photo 1: Veg Plot 1



11/12/2013 Photo 3: Veg Plot 2



Photo 2: Veg Plot 1: Herbaceous Plot

11/12/2013

Photo 4: Veg Plot 2: Herbaceous Plot



11/12/2013 Photo 5: Veg Plot 3



11/12/2013

Photo 6: Veg Plot 3: Herbaceous Plot

# Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Photo Log - Vegetation Plot Photo Points

#### Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and pink flagging tape.



11/12/2013

Photo 7: Veg Plot 4



11/12/2013

Photo 8: Veg Plot 4: Herbaceous Plot



11/12/2013 Photo 9: Veg Plot 5



11/12/2013

Photo 10: Veg Plot 5: Herbaceous Plot



11/12/2013 Photo 11: Veg Plot 6



11/12/2013

Photo 12: Veg Plot 6: Herbaceous Plot

# Puzzle Creek Restoration Project Photo Log - Vegetation Plot Photo Points

#### Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and pink flagging tape.



11/12/2013

Photo 13: Veg Plot 7



11/12/2013 Photo 15: Veg Plot 8



11/12/2013

Photo 14: Veg Plot 7: Herbaceous Plot



11/12/2013

Photo 16: Veg Plot 8: Herbaceous Plot

## APPENDIX B

- 1. HYDROLOGICAL (BANKFULL) VERIFICATIONS (TABLE 9)
- 2. STREAM PROBLEM AREAS (TABLE 10)
- 3. Cross-section Plots with Annual Overlays
- 4. LONGITUDINAL PROFILES WITH ANNUAL OVERLAYS
- 5. CATEGORICAL STREAM FEATURE VISUAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT (TABLE 11)
- 6. VISUAL MORPHOLOGICAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT (TABLE 12)
- 7. STREAM REACH MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (TABLE 13)
- 8. CROSS-SECTION MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (TABLE 14)
- 9. RIFFLE PEBBLE COUNT SIZE CLASS DISTRIBUTIONS
- 10. STREAM REFERENCE STATION PHOTO LOGS

Table 9. Verification of Bank Puzzle Creek Restoration Proje	full or Greater than Bankfull Events ct No. 92522			
			Gauge Water	rmark
			(inches above b	ankfull)
			Puzzle Cr.	UT1
Date of Data Collection	Date of Event	Method of Data Collection	Reach 1	
2/3/2012	Between January 2011 and 2/2/12	Gauge measurement	2.52"	2.28"
10/29/2012	Between 2/2/12 and 10/29/12	Gauge measurement	2.75", 1.75"	2.25"
3/31/2014	Between 10/29/12 and 3/31/14	Gauge measurement	1.50"	2.50"

Puzzle Creek Reach 1 (1,000 LF)									
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number						
Bank Erosion	0+15-0+30	Shear stress caused by highvelocity flow against bank after recent utility work left banks vulnerable	N/A						
Bank Erosion	9+25-10+00	Shear stress caused by highvelocity flow against bank	N/A						
	Puzzle Cre	ek Reach 2 (634 LF)							
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number						
Bank Erosion	15+95-16+05	Shear stress caused by highvelocity flow against bank	N/A						
	UI	C1 (3,339 LF)							
Feature Issue	Station No.	Suspected Cause	Photo Number						
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A						

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	41	19.35	2.12	3.45	9.12	1.2	4.1	882.77	883.53

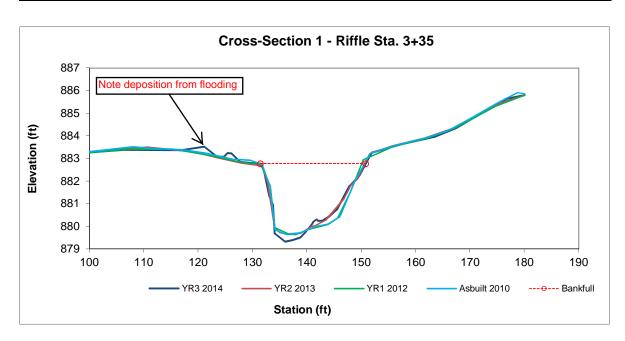




Photo 1: XS-1 facing right bank



Photo2: XS-1 facing left bank



Photo 3: XS-1 facing upstream



Photo 4: XS-1 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	Е	60.2	25.56	2.35	4.29	10.86	1.2	3.7	882.26	883

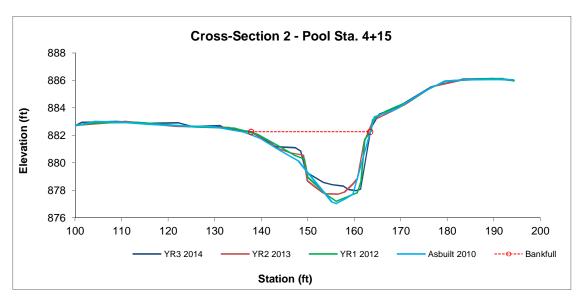




Photo 5: XS-2 facing right bank



Photo 6: XS-2 facing left bank



Photo 7: XS-2 facing upstream



Photo 8: XS-2 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	49.5	17.04	2.9	3.7	5.87	1.4	4.1	880.33	881.84

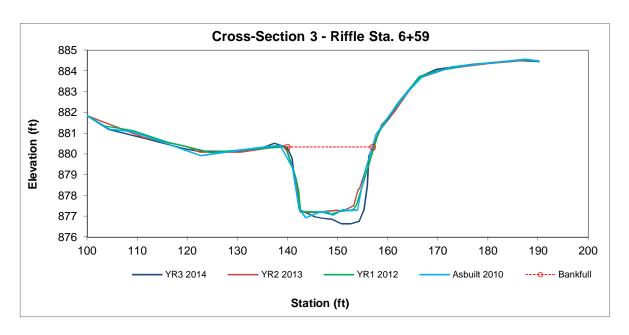




Photo 9: XS-3 facing right bank



Photo 10: XS-3 facing left bank



Photo 11: XS-3 facing upstream



Photo 12: XS-3 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	62.4	26.13	2.39	3.58	10.95	2.1	3.1	875.95	880.06

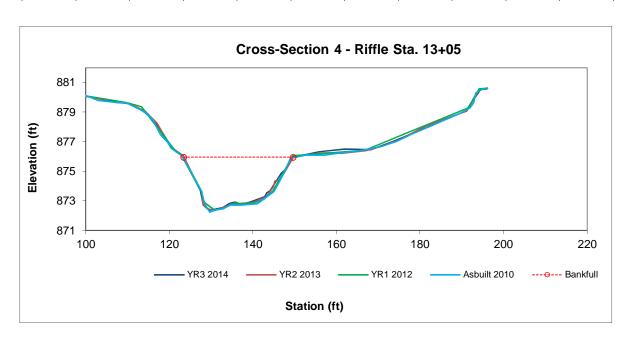




Photo 13: XS-4 facing right bank



Photo 14: XS-4 facing left bank



Photo 15: XS-4 facing upstream



Photo 16: XS-4 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	108.3	34.94	3.1	6.83	11.27	1.4	1.8	875.18	877.69

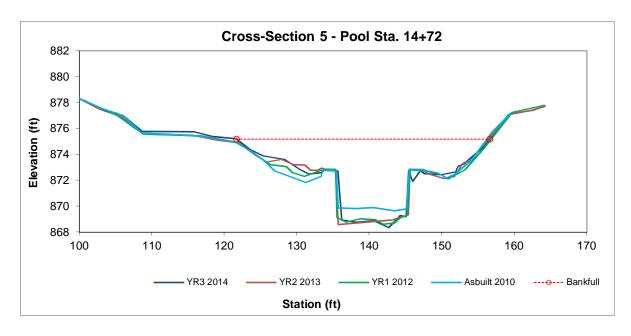




Photo 17: XS-5 facing right bank



Photo 18: XS-5 facing left bank



Photo 19: XS-5 facing upstream



Photo 20: XS-5 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	23.7	13.2	1.8	2.64	7.35	2.5	4.5	925.4	929.44

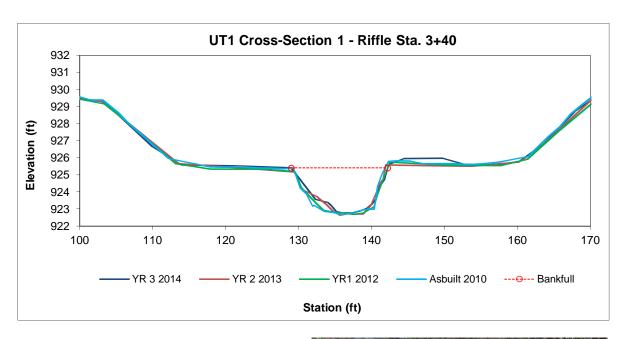




Photo 25: UT1 XS-1 facing right bank



Photo 26: UT1 XS-1 facing left bank



Photo 27: UT1 XS-1 facing upstream



Photo 28: UT1 XS-1 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	30.3	18.68	1.62	2.56	11.51	1.3	4.1	919.25	919.98

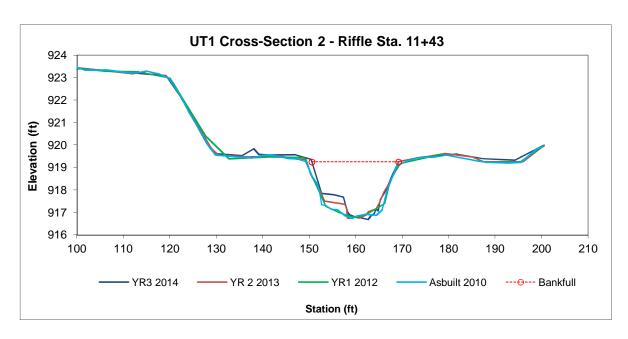




Photo 29: UT1 XS-2 facing right bank



Photo 30: UT1 XS-2 facing left bank



Photo 31: UT1 XS-2 facing downstream



Photo 32: UT1 XS-2 facing upstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	41.2	29.57	1.39	3.57	21.21	1.2	2.6	919.14	920.02

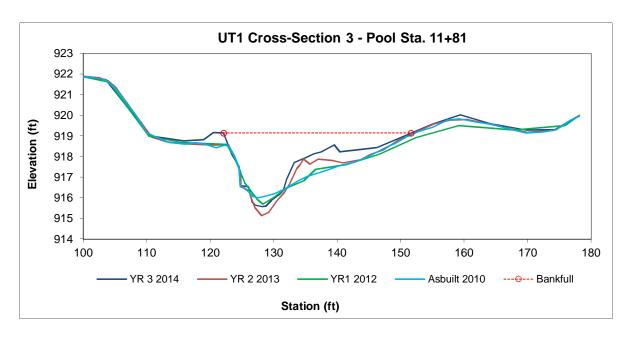




Photo 33: UT1 XS-3 facing right bank



Photo 34: UT1 XS-3 facing left bank



Photo 35: UT1 XS-3 facing upstream



Photo 36: UT1 XS-3 facing downstream

ı											
١											
-		Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
- 1	<b>.</b>		DIZE 4					DILD	ED	DICE EI	TOD EI
ı	Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
ſ	Riffle	C	30	20.07	1.49	2.5	13.45	1.1	2.7	913.33	913.49

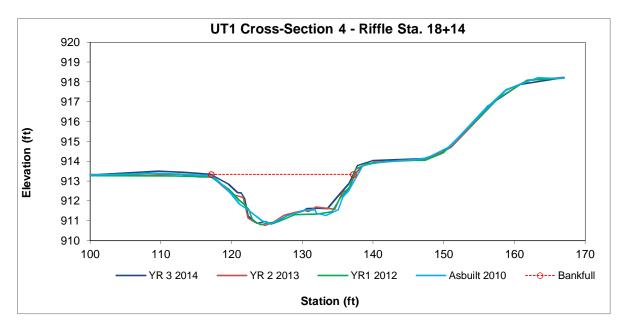




Photo 37: UT1 XS-4 facing right bank



Photo 38: UT1 XS-4 facing left bank



Photo 39: UT1 XS-4 facing upstream



Photo 40: UT1 XS-4 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	52.7	26.04	2.02	5.45	12.87	1	2.5	913.32	913.45

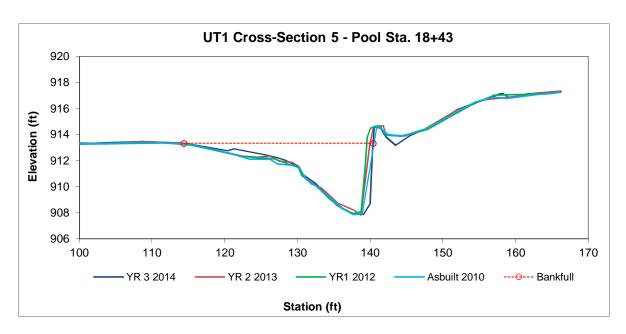




Photo 41: UT1 XS-5 facing right bank



Photo 42: UT1 XS-5 facing left bank



Photo 43: UT1 XS-5 facing upstream



Photo 44: UT1 XS-5 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	С	33.2	17.71	1.87	3.29	9.45	2.1	2.3	903.49	907.22

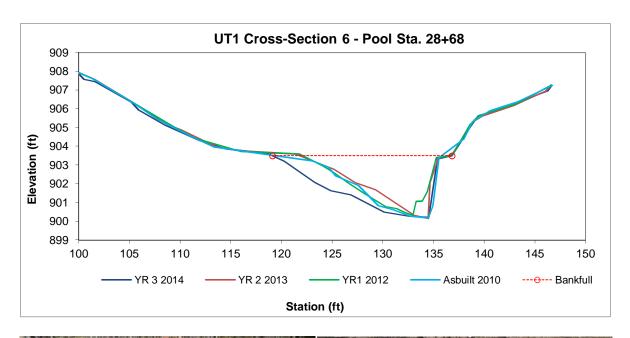




Photo 45: UT1 XS-6 facing right bank

Photo 46: UT1 XS-6 facing left bank



Photo 47: UT1 XS-6 facing upstream

Photo 48: UT1 XS-6 facing downstream

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF					
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	Е	1.4	3.39	0.43	0.71	7.95	4.1	1.9	881.94	884.15

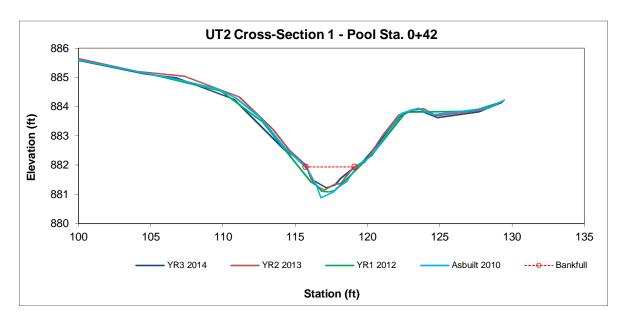




Photo 21: UT2 XS-1 facing right bank



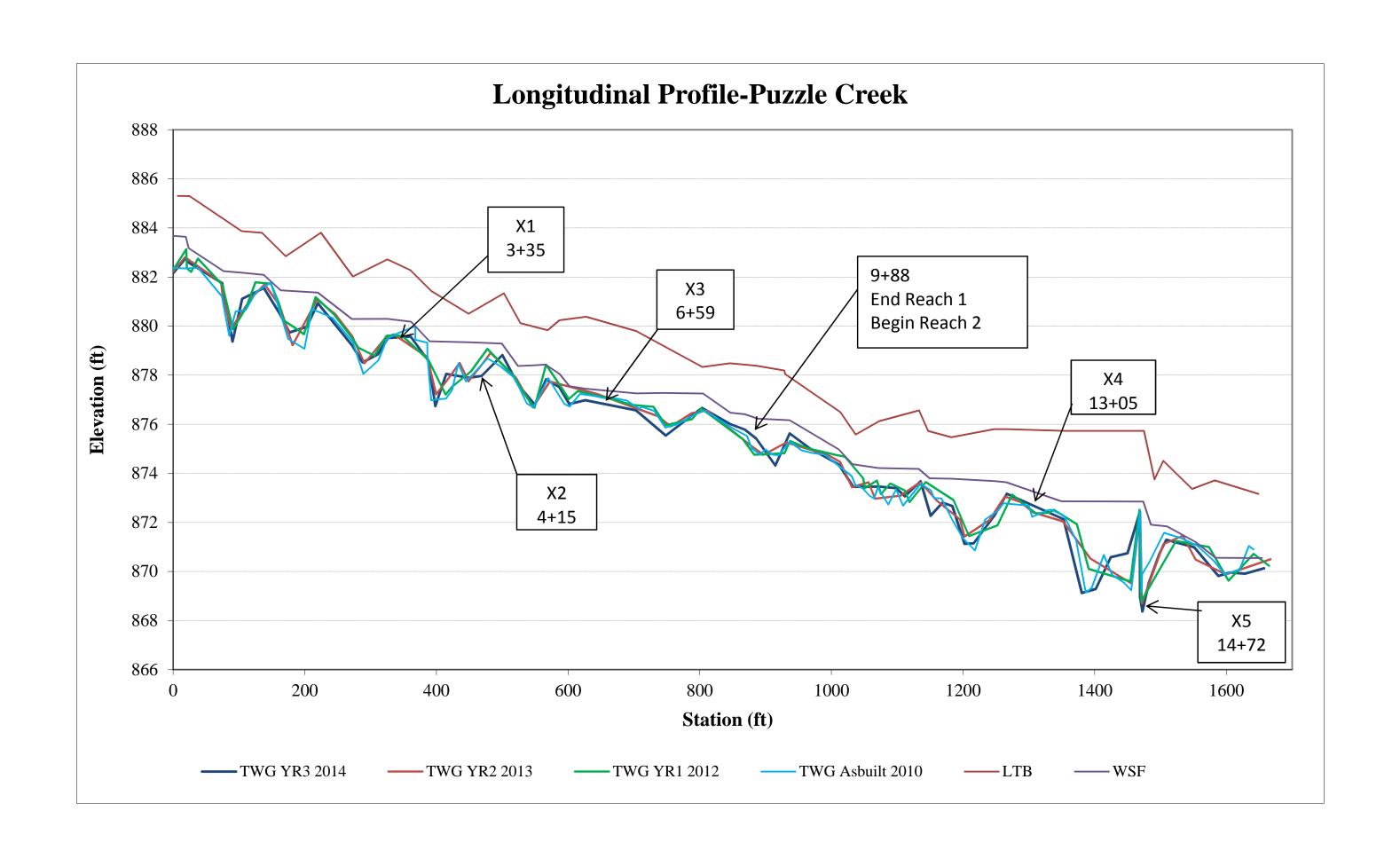
Photo 22: UT2 XS-1 facing left bank

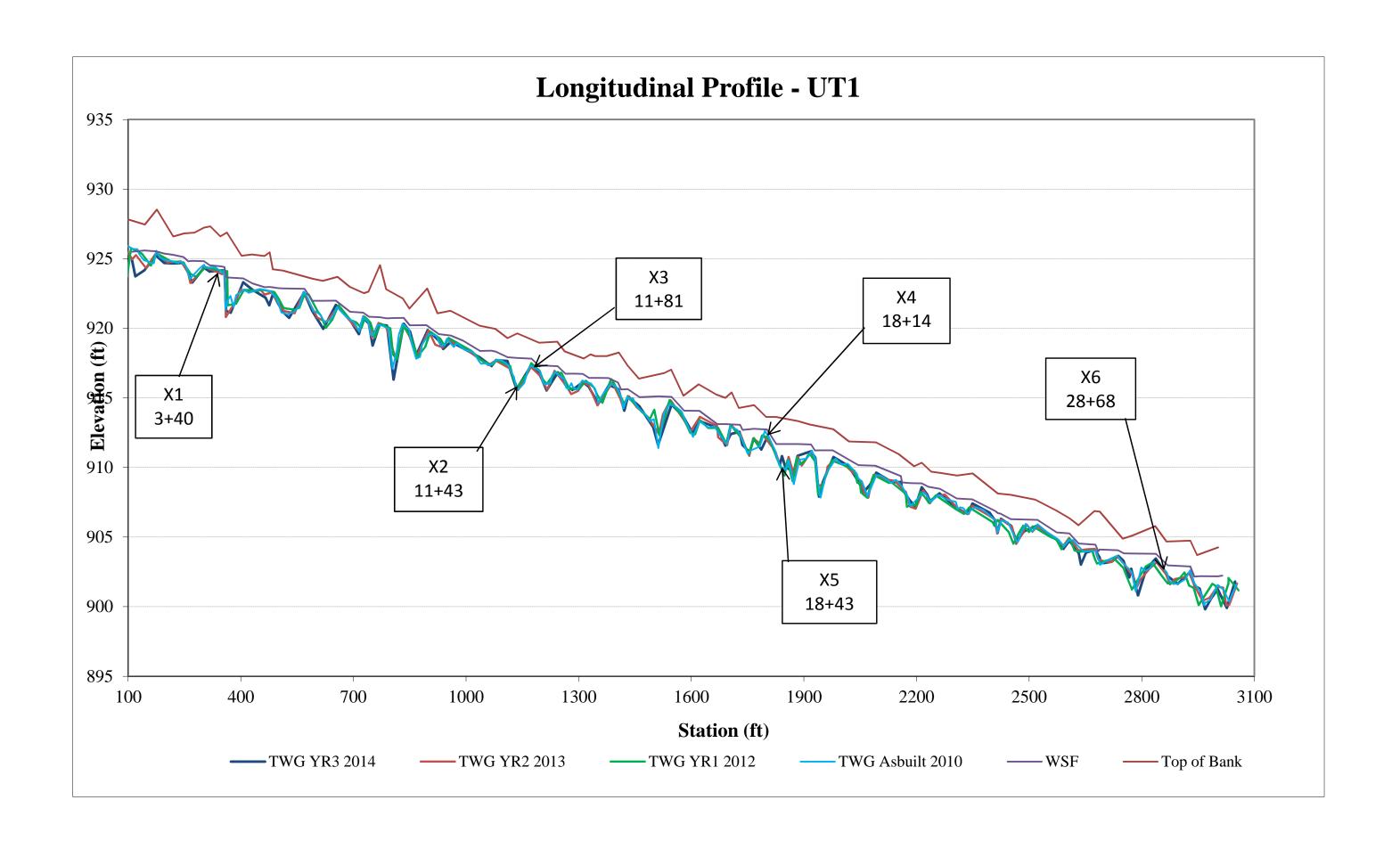


Photo 23: UT2 XS-1 facing upstream



Photo 24: UT2 XS-1 facing downstream





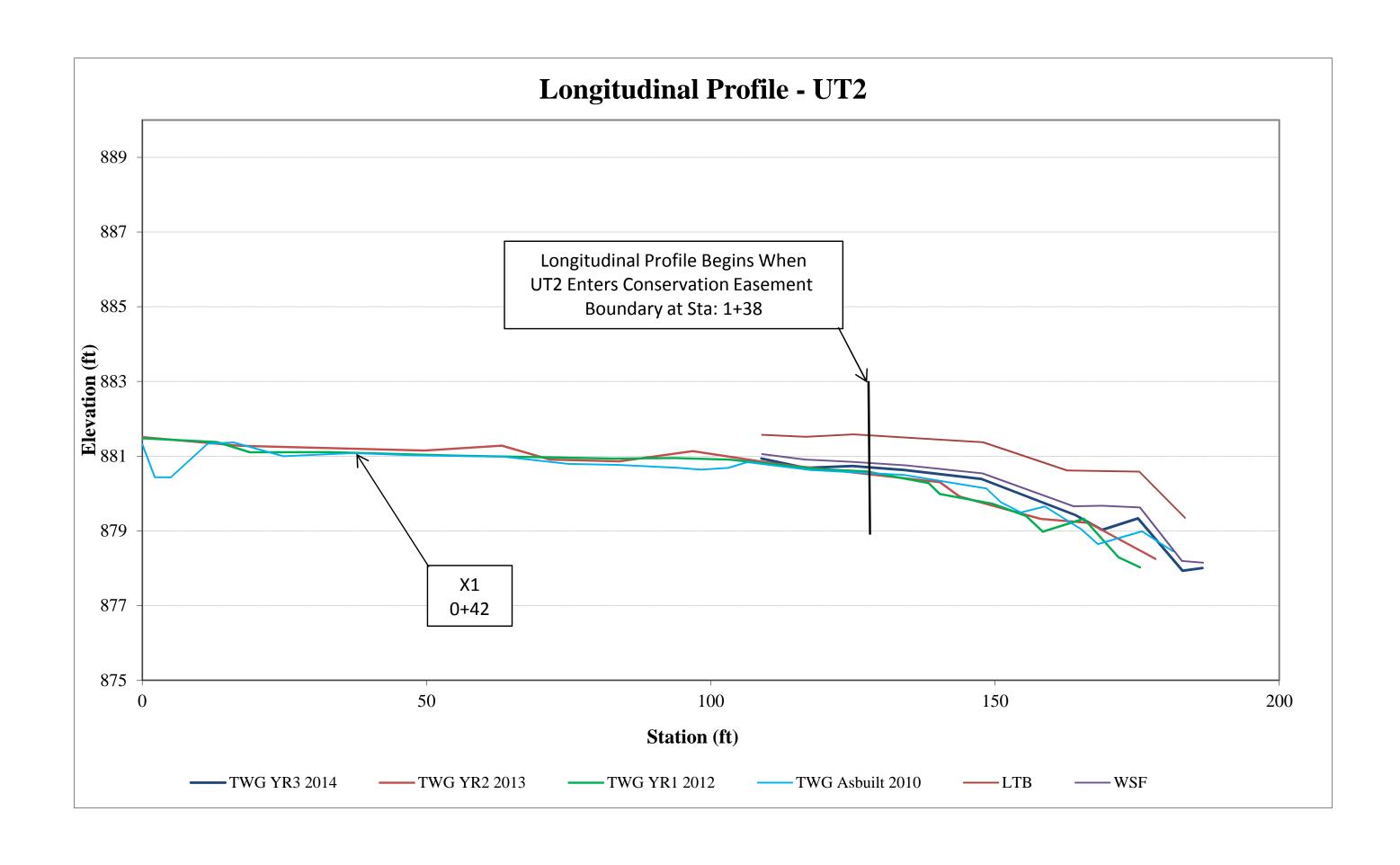


Table 11. Categorical				ssessment		
Puzzle Creek Mitigatio		J				
			ach 1 (1,000			
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bed General	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bank Condition	100%	100%	98%	95%		
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Wads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
	Puzz	e Creek Ro	each 2 (634	LF)		
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bed General	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	99%		
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Wads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
		UT1 (3,3	39 LF)			
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bed General	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Wads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%	100%		

	nal Morphological Stability Assessment					
Puzzle Creek N	Mitigation Project: Project No. 92522  Puzzle Creel	Reach 1 (1,000 LF)				
		(# Stable) Number		Total Number	% Performing	Feature
Feature		Performing	Total number	/ feet in unstable	in Stable	Perfomance
Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	as Intended	per As-Built	state	Condition	Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	Q Q	Q	N/A	100	Mean of Total
A. Killies	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	9	9	N/A N/A	100	
		9	9	N/A	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	9	9			
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	9	9	N/A	100	100%
	5. Length appropriate?	9	9	N/A	100	100%
D. D I.	1 December (a comparison to accompany detical an animation 2)	10	10	NY/A	100	
B. Pools	Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)     Sufficiently does (May Peal D.May Phile 1.62)	10	10	N/A N/A	100 100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	10	10	N/A	100	100%
	3. Length appropriate?	10	10	IN/A	100	100%
C. Thalweg	1 IV-stroom of1 (strootype)toring?	1	1	N/A	100	
C. Tharweg	Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A N/A	100	100%
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
D. M 1	1. O start and in state of the interference in the start in the			NY/A	NY/A	
D. Meanders	Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?     Of those grading, # w/concomitant point bay formation?	6	6	N/A	N/A N/A	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	6	6	N/A	N/A N/A	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	6	6	N/A		NT/A
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	6	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
E Dad	1 Cananal abancal had accordation and the Committee	NY/A	NY/A	0/0	100	
E. Bed	General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	
General	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-	37/4	37/4	0.00	100	1000/
	cutting or head cutting?	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	100%
				27/	100	
F. Vanes,	Free of back or arm scour?	1	1	N/A	100	
Rock/Log	2. Height appropriate?	1	1	N/A	100	
Drop	Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	1	1	N/A	100	1000/
Structures	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
G. Wads/	1. Free of scour?	5	5	N/A	N/A	
Boulders,						
Coverlogs	2. Footing stable?	5	5	N/A	N/A	100%
	Puzzle Cree	k Reach 2 (634 LF)				
		(# Stable) Number		Total Number	% Performing	Feature
Feature			Total number	/ feet in unstable		
Category		Performing		/ feet in unstable	in Stable	Perfomance
	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	Performing as Intended			in Stable Condition	Perfomance Mean or Total
A Difflee	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	as Intended	per As-Built	state	Condition	Perfomance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	as Intended 5	per As-Built	state N/A	Condition 100	
A. Riffles	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	as Intended 5 5	per As-Built 5 5	state N/A N/A	Condition 100 100	
A. Riffles	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?     Facet grades appears stable?	as Intended 5 5 5	per As-Built 5 5 5	state N/A N/A N/A	Condition 100 100 100	
A. Riffles	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?     Facet grades appears stable?     Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	as Intended	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5	state N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Condition 100 100 100 100 100	Mean or Total
A. Riffles	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?     Facet grades appears stable?	as Intended 5 5 5	per As-Built 5 5 5	state N/A N/A N/A	Condition 100 100 100	
	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?     Facet grades appears stable?     Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?     Length appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  5  7  7  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8  8	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  5	state N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Condition 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Mean or Total
A. Riffles  B. Pools	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?     Facet grades appears stable?     Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?     Length appropriate?      Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6	state  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	Mean or Total
	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?)	as Intended 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6	state N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	Mean or Total
	Present?     Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?     Facet grades appears stable?     Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?     Length appropriate?      Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6	state  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/A  N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	Mean or Total
B. Pools	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  6	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	Mean or Total
	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?  1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  6	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	Mean or Total
B. Pools C. Thalweg	I. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  I. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?  I. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?  1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?  1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders E. Bed	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders	I. Present?  2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?  3. Facet grades appears stable?  4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?  5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)  2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)  3. Length appropriate?  1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?  2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?  1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?  2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?  3. Apparent Re within spec?  4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?  1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)  2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders E. Bed	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4	state N/A	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders E. Bed General	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf > 1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing downcutting or head cutting?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders E. Bed General F. Vanes,	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Re within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing downcutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100%
B. Pools  C. Thalweg  D. Meanders  E. Bed General  F. Vanes, Rock/Log	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?  1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding. # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing downcutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100%
B. Pools C. Thalweg D. Meanders E. Bed General F. Vanes,	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf>1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A  N/A  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100% 100%
B. Pools  C. Thalweg  D. Meanders  E. Bed General  F. Vanes, Rock/Log	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate?  1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate?  1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding. # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing downcutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100%
B. Pools  C. Thalweg  D. Meanders  E. Bed General  F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing downcutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate? 4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  1  4  4  4  4  4  1  N/A  N/A  N/A  1  1  1  1	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  1  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100% 100%
B. Pools  C. Thalweg  D. Meanders  E. Bed General  F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures  G. Wads/	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf>1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  N/A  N/A  N/A	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100% 100%
B. Pools  C. Thalweg  D. Meanders  E. Bed General  F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Present? 2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)? 3. Facet grades appears stable? 4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining? 5. Length appropriate? 1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) 2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?) 3. Length appropriate? 1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering? 2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering? 1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion? 2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation? 3. Apparent Rc within spec? 4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? 1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation) 2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing downcutting or head cutting? 1. Free of back or arm scour? 2. Height appropriate? 3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate? 4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	as Intended  5  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  1  4  4  4  4  4  1  N/A  N/A  N/A  1  1  1  1	per As-Built  5  5  5  5  6  6  6  1  1  4  4  4  4  1  N/A  N/A	State   N/A   N/	Condition  100  100  100  100  100  100  100  1	100% 100% 100% 100%

	UT	1 (3,339 LF)				
		(# Stable) Number		Total Number	% Performing	Feature
Feature		Performing	Total number	/ feet in unstable	in Stable	Perfomance
Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	as Intended	per As-Built	state	Condition	Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	26	26	N/A	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	26	26	N/A	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	26	26	N/A	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	26	26	N/A	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	26	26	N/A	100	100%
B. Pools	Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	24	24	N/A	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	24	24	N/A	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	24	24	N/A	100	100%
C. Thalweg	Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	
	Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
D. Meanders	Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	21	21	N/A	N/A	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	21	21	N/A	N/A	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	21	21	N/A	N/A	
	Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	21	21	N/A	N/A	N/A
E. Bed	General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	
General	Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-					
	cutting or head cutting?	N/A	N/A	0/0	100	100%
F. Vanes,	Free of back or arm scour?	1	1	N/A	100	
Rock/Log	2. Height appropriate?	1	1	N/A	100	
Drop	Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	1	1	N/A	100	
Structures	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	1	1	N/A	100	100%
G. Wads/	1. Free of scour?	13	13	N/A	N/A	
Boulders, Coverlogs	2. Footing stable?	13	13	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology and Hydraulic Data Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92522

# Baseline Stream Summary Puzzle Creek: Reach 1

Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Refere	ence Rea	ch(es)		Design			(As-Built)	)		Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5	
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	17.9	7.8	11.3	14.8		22.0		19.8	18.4	21.3	17.7	18.0	18.4	18.3	18.6	18.8	17.0	18.2	19.4						
Floodprone Width (ft)		17	39	62		100+		69	74	80	66	73	80	66	72	78	69	75	80						
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	2.03	0.80	1.45	2.10		1.90		2.10	2.30	2.49	2.21	2.34	2.46	2.03	2.18	2.33	2.12	2.51	2.9						
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.30	1.95	2.60		2.5		3.28	3.38	3.47	3.12	3.18	3.24	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.45	3.58	3.7						
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	40.8	7.5	19.3	31.0		42.5		44.7	45.2	45.7	40.8	42.1	43.4	38.1	40.4	42.7	41.0	45.3	49.5						
Width/Depth Ratio		5.4	8.3	11.1		11.6		7.4	8.8	10.1	7.2	7.8	8.3	7.9	8.5	9.2	5.9	7.5	9.1						
Entrenchment Ratio		1.8	4.9	7.9		>4.5		3.7	3.8	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.4	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1						
Bank Height Ratio		1.3	1.4	1.4		1.3		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.4						
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		3.1	9.9	3.3		4.5			4.2			4.5			4.7			4.2							ı
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)			62		68		156	75	92	117	75	92	117	75	92	117	75	92	117						
Radius of Curvature (ft)			13		35		68	20	39	81	20	39	81	20	39	81	20	39	81						
Meander Wavelength (ft)			64		136		160	137	155	173	137	155	173	137	155	173	137	155	173						
Meander Width Ratio		6.0	7.0	8.0	3.1		7.1		5.0			5.1			5.0			5.1							
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)					25		100	31	60	113	24	65	115	24	62	93	25	62	83						
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.001	0.029	0.058		0.014		0.005	0.012	0.019	0.003	0.013	0.028	0.006	0.015	0.028	0.004	0.020	0.045						ı
Pool Length (ft)					7		60	34	57	86	14	35	63	56	79	106	57	86	110						
Pool Spacing (ft)		24	33	42	58		136	55	115	168	52	109	147	93	122	147	87	124	151						
Substrate and Transport Parameters																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95		.5/.35/	.92/30.04	4/56.91																					
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2						0.90			0.90			0.94			0.83			0.83							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2						4.0			3.8			4.2			3.9			3.5							
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Channel length (ft)						1000			1000			1000			1000			1000							
Drainage Area (SM)		0.2	1.9	2.3		2.6			2.6			2.6			2.6			2.6							
Rosgen Classification			C/E4			C4-5			E4			E4			E4			E4							1
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	176.56		190			190			190			190			190			190							
Sinuosity			1.9			1.3			1.3			1.4			1.4			1.4							
BF slope (ft/ft)			0.009		0.009	0.009	0.009		0.009			0.009			0.009			0.009							

Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology and Hydraulic Data
Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92522

# Baseline Stream Summary Puzzle Creek: Reach 2

Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Refere	ence Rea	ich(es)		Design		(	(As-Buil	t)		Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5	
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	24.7	7.8	11.3	14.8		25.0			25.6			26.6			26.0			26.1							
Floodprone Width (ft)		17	39	62		100+			82			84			81			81							
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	2.58	0.80	1.45	2.10		2.10			2.48			2.48			2.39			2.39							
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.30	1.95	2.60		2.70			3.66			3.66			3.54			3.58							
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	68.0	7.5	19.3	31.0		52.6			63.4			66.1			62.2			62.4							
Width/Depth Ratio		5.4	8.3	11.1		11.9			10.4			10.7			10.9			11.0							
Entrenchment Ratio		1.8	4.9	7.9		>4.0			3.2			3.2			3.1			3.1							
Bank Height Ratio		1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0		1.2		1.0			1.0			2.2			2.1							
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		3.1	9.9	3.3		4.8			3.9			3.8			4.0			4.0							
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)			62		87		198	62	113	154	62	113	154	62	113	154	62	113	154						
Radius of Curvature (ft)			13		45		62	37	46	53	37	46	53	37	46	53	37	46	53						
Meander Wavelength (ft)			64		174		248	234	256	269	234	256	269	234	256	269	234	256	269						
Meander Width Ratio		6.0	7.0	8.0	3.5		8.0		4.4			4.3			4.3			4.3							
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)					25		100	32	56	87	42	64	98	60	76	85	48	70	86						
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.001	0.029	0.058		0.016		0.005	0.011	0.019	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.009	0.009	0.010	0.013	0.016	0.019						
Pool Length (ft)					7		60	34	53	83	53	65	77	58	78	106	49	73	101						
Pool Spacing (ft)		24	33	42	74		174	85	121	168	79	121	182	104	133	165	92	125	164						
Substrate and Transport Parameters																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95		.5/.35/	.92/30.04	4/56.91																					
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2						1.1			1.1			1.0			1.1			1.1							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2						5.1			4.2			3.7			4.3			4.3							
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Channel length (ft)						634			634			634			634			634							
Drainage Area (SM)		0.2	1.9	2.3		4.2			4.2			4.2			4.2			4.2							
Rosgen Classification			C/E4			C4-5			E/C4			E/C4			E/C4			E/C4							
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	250		190			250			250			250			250			250							
Sinuosity			1.9			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2							
BF slope (ft/ft)			0.009			0.008			0.008			0.011			0.010			0.010							

Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology and Hydraulic Data
Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92522

	·					Base	ine Str	eam S	ummary	: UT1															
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Refere	nce Rea	ach(es)		Design	ı		As-Built			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5	
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	14.6	7.8	11.3	14.8	14.0		18.0	12.4	17.8	20.4	12.5	16.9	20.2	12.3	16.9	20.0	13.2	14.4	20.1						
Floodprone Width (ft)		16.7	39.1	61.5		50+		44.1	58.1	76.1	41.4	57.3	76.3	43.0	57.7	77.0	41.6	58.1	77.1						
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.74	0.80	1.45	2.10	1.50		1.70	1.53	1.69	1.99	1.54	1.67	1.85	1.47	1.60	1.74	1.5	1.7	1.9						
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.3	2.0	2.6				2.3	2.73	3.5	2.4	2.64	3.3	2.5	2.74	3.4	2.5	2.7	3.3						
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	29.5	7.5	19.3	31.0	24.0		28.0	24.6	29.5	31.9	23.1	28.0	33.8	21.3	26.7	32.9	23.7	29.3	33.2						
Width/Depth Ratio		5.4	8.3	11.1	8.2		12.0	6.2	10.9	13.1	6.7	10.3	13.0	7.1	10.7	13.6	7.4	10.4	13.5						
Entrenchment Ratio		1.8	4.9	7.9				2.3	3.4	4.8	2.7	3.5	4.7	2.7	3.5	4.7	2.3	3.4	4.5						
Bank Height Ratio		1.3	1.4	1.4	1.0		1.2	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.8	2.7	1.1	1.8	2.5						
Bankfull Velocity (fps)		3.1	1.3	3.3		5.4		4.4	4.8	5.7	4.1	5.0	6.1	4.3	5.2	6.6	4.2	4.8	5.9						
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)			62		50		93	44	66	87	44	66	87	44	66	87	44	66	87						
Radius of Curvature (ft)			13		28		52	23	39	54	23	39	54	23	39	54	23	39	54						
Meander Wavelength (ft)			64		130		213	143	175	220	143	175	220	143	175	220	143	175	220						
Meander Width Ratio		6	7	8	3		7	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	5	4						
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)					22		100	25	46	55	23	51	85	22	51	90	21	41	66						
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.0006	0.0291	0.0576	0.0120		0.0200	0.0060	0.0122	0.0169	0.005	0.019	0.035	0.005	0.019	0.039	0.004	0.019	0.029						
Pool Length (ft)					25		50	17	33	52	13	22	38	35	43	57	34	46	64						
Pool Spacing (ft)		24	33	42	50		90	56	91	127	55	92	131	55	91	135	61	94	136						
Substrate and Transport Parameters																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95		.5,	/.4/.9/30/	57	na	/.4/1/30	/57	.6/1	1/21/74/	114	.3/	6/14/60	/98	.22/7	7/13/45	/128	15/3	3/46/88	/140						
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2						1.24			1.14			0.65			0.65			0.65							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2						6.66			5.40			3.25			3.40			3.10							
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Channel length (ft)	2975					3,246			3,339			3,339			3,339			3,339							
Drainage Area (SM)		0.20	1.25	2.30		1.60			1.60			1.60			1.60			1.60							
Rosgen Classification			E5			C4-5			E/C4			E/C4			E/C4			E/C4					ĺ		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)		23	26	29		140			140			140			140			140							
Sinuosity	1.2		1.9			1.3			1.3			1.3			1.3			1.3					ĺ		
BF slope (ft/ft)						0.016			0.016			0.009			0.010			0.010							
Note: Although UT1 contains alternating re	estoration approaches,	it was de	cided to	leave U	T1 as or	ne reac	h for the	purpose	es of this	report a	s some	e of the	reache	s are le	ess tha	n 500 L	F.								

Table 14. Cross-section Morphology and Hydraulic Data Puzzle Creek Restoration Project #92522

T UZZIC OTCCK NCSTOTATION T TOJ	JOE // JE																			 		
								Puzzle	Creel	k Reach	1											
			Cross S	ection 1					Cross	Section 2	2			С	ross Se	ction 3						
Parameter				ffle						Pool					Riff							
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5				
Dimension																						
BF Width (ft)		18.4	18.8	19.4			23.3	24.1	24.9	25.6			18.4	17.7	18.3	17.0						
Floodprone Width (ft)	80.1	80.1	78.3	80.0			94.3	94.3	94.3	94.2			68.7	65.9	66.0	69.3						
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	44.7	40.8	38.1	41.0			56.8	62.1		60.2			45.7	43.4	42.7	49.5						
BF Mean Depth (ft)	2.10	2.21	2.03	2.12			2.44	2.58	2.42	2.35			2.49	2.46	2.33	2.90						
BF Max Depth (ft)	3.28	3.12	3.00	3.45			4.75	4.90	4.48	4.29			3.47	3.24	3.20	3.70						
Width/Depth Ratio	10.1	8.3	9.2	9.1			9.5	9.4	10.3	10.9			7.4	7.2	7.87	5.87						
Entrenchment Ratio	3.8	4.4	4.2	1.2			4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7			3.7	3.7	3.6	4.1						
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	25.5	22.9	22.8	23.6			28.1	29.3	29.7	30.3			23.4	22.6	23.0	22.8						
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7			2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0			2.0	1.9	1.9	2.2						
Substrate																						
d50 (mm)	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-						
d84 (mm)	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-						
					Puzz	le Creek	Reach	2														
			Cross S	ection 4	1				Cross	Section 5	5											
Parameter				ffle						Pool												
	AB	MY1		MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1		MY3	MY4	MY5										
Dimension																						
BF Width (ft)	25.6	26.6	26.0	26.1			34.6	34.7	34.0	34.9												
Floodprone Width (ft)		83.8	80.5	81.3			59.5	64.1		64.1												
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	63.4	66.1	62.2	62.4			99.9		100.7	108.30												
BF Mean Depth (ft)		2.49	2.39	2.39			2.89	3.05		3.10												
BF Max Depth (ft)		3.66	3.54	3.58			5.34	6.33		6.83												
Width/Depth Ratio		10.7	10.9	11.0			12.0	11.4		11.3												
Entrenchment Ratio		3.2	3.1	3.1			1.7	1.9	1.9	1.8												
Wetted Perimeter (ft)		31.5	30.8	30.9			40.3	40.8		41.1												
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0			2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6												
		AB (2010			M	Y-1 (2011				MY-2 (20	12)		M	/-3 (201	3)		MY	-4 (201	4)	MY-5	(2015)	
Parameter	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med	-	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max				Max			ax Med	_
Pattern		Max	Wied	•	14	Wich	Mod	-		Max	wied			Max	iviou			Wax	iviou		ax Moa	-
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	62	154	103		62	154	103		62	154	103		62	154	103		1			$\overline{}$		-
Radius of Curvature (ft)	20	81	42		20	81	42		20	81	42		20	81	42					-+		-
Meander Wavelength (ft)		269	206		137	269	206	-	137	269	206		137	269	206							-
Meander Wavelength (It)  Meander Width Ratio		8.4	5.1	-	1.8	8.7	5.3	-	1.8	8.4	5.1		1.8	9.0	5.4							-
Profile	1.0	0.4	3.1		1.0	0.1	0.0		1.0	0.4	0.1		1.0	3.0	J. <del>T</del>			i				-
Riffle length (ft)	31	113	60		24	115	64	-	24	93	67		25	83	74				-			-
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.019	0.013		0.003	0.028	0.010	-	0.006		0.016		0.004	0.045								-
Pool Length (ft)		86	57		14	77	58	-	56	106	75		57	110	101					-+		-
Pool Spacing (ft)		168	115		52	182	115	-	93	147	122		87	151	124					-+		-
1 oor opacing (it)	- 55	100	110		52	102	110	-	33	177	122		07	101	127							-
Substrate								-														-
d50 (mm)	<b>l</b>							-											-			-
d84 (mm)	<b>l</b>							-											-			-
40 <del>-1</del> (IIIII)									<b>-</b>													-
Additional Reach Parameters									<b>-</b>													-
Valley Length (ft)		1,281				1,281			<b>-</b>	1,281				1,281								-
Channel Length (ft)		1,634				1,634			<b>-</b>	1,634				1,634								-
Sinuosity		1.3				1.4				1.4				1.4								1
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.008				0.008				0.007				0.007								-
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.008				0.008				0.007				0.007								-
Rosgen Classification	-	E/C4				E/C4				E/C4				E/C4								-
Rosgen Classification		⊏/∪4				⊏/∪4				⊑/∪4				⊏/∪4								

									l	JT1														
			Cross S	ection 1	ļ				Cross	Section 2	2			С	ross Se	ction 3				(	Cross S	ection 4	1	
Parameter			Rif	fle						Riffle					Pod	ol					Ri	ffle		
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Dimension																								
BF Width (ft)		12.5	12.3	13.2			19.0	20.2		18.7			24.8	27.4	25.6	29.6			20.4	20.1	20.0	20.1		
Floodprone Width (ft)		58.2	57.3	59.9			76.1	76.3		77.1			72.1	73.7	78.1	78.0			53.3	53.2	53.5	53.8		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	24.6	23.1	21.3	23.7			31.9	33.8		30.3			32.9	36.4	33.5	41.2			31.7	30.8	29.4	30.0		
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.85	1.74	1.80			1.68	1.67	1.66	1.62			1.33	1.33	1.31	1.39			1.55	1.54	1.47	1.49		
BF Max Depth (ft)		2.48	2.52	2.64			2.33	2.42		2.56			2.47	2.87	3.42	3.57			2.42	2.40		2.50		
Width/Depth Ratio		6.7	7.1	7.4			11.3	12.1	12.0	11.5			18.7	20.6	19.5	21.2			13.1	13.0	13.6	13.5		
Entrenchment Ratio	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.5			4.0	3.8	3.9	4.1			2.9	2.7	3.1	2.6			2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7		
Wetted Perimeter (ft)		16.2	15.8	16.8			22.4	23.6	23.1	21.9			27.5	30.0	28.2	32.4			23.5	23.1	22.9	23.1		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4			1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4		ļ	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3			1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3		<u>.                                    </u>
Substrate d50 (mm)											1	I					1							Т
d84 (mm)																								
do+ (IIIII)			Cross S							Section 6	<u> </u>	l												<u> </u>
Parameter			Po		,					Pool	,													
i didilictor	AB	MY1			MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	i											
Dimension	7.13		Wilz	WITO		WITO	713		10112	MITO		WITO	l											
BF Width (ft)	25.5	27.6	25.8	26.0			19.6	14.9	15.5	17.7			l											
Floodprone Width (ft)	66.3	66.2	66.2	66.1			44.1	41.4		41.6														
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2 )	53.2	52.3	50.7	52.7			30.0	24.2		33.2			1											
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.90	1.96	2.02			1.53	1.62		1.87			1											
BF Max Depth (ft)		5.38	5.49	5.45			3.53	3.26	3.44	3.29														
Width/Depth Ratio	12.2	14.6	13.2	12.9			12.8	9.2	10.3	9.5			1											
Entrenchment Ratio	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.5			2.3	2.8	2.8	2.1			1											
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	29.6	31.4	29.8	30.1			22.6	18.1	18.5	21.4			1											
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8			1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5														
Substrate		•	•	-	-			•	-		•	-												
d50 (mm)																								
d84 (mm)																								
Parameter		AB (2010				IY-1 (201				/IY-2 (20				Y-3 (201				Y-4 (20°				Y-5 (20°		
	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med	
Pattern																								4
Channel Beltwidth (ft)		87	66		44	87	66		44	87	66		44	87	66									4
Radius of Curvature (ft)	23	54	39		23	54	39		23	54	39		23	54	39									4
Meander Wavelength (ft)		220	175		143	220	175		143	220	175		143	220	175									4
Meander Width Ratio	1.7	7.0	4.4		1.6	7.0	4.3		1.7	7.1	4.4		1.7	6.6	4.1							l .		
Riffle length (ft)	25	55	52		23	85	58		22	90	44		21	66	42									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)		0.017	0.011		0.005	0.035	0.016		0.005	0.039	0.018		0.004	0.029	0.020									
Pool Length (ft)		52	30		13	38	22	-	35	57	41		34	64	43									
Pool Spacing (ft)	56	127	95		55	131	89		55	135	84		61	136	92									1
. so. spacing (ii)											·								-			ļ		
Substrate	1																							
d50 (mm)		21				14				13				46										1
d84 (mm)		74				60				45				88										1
/																								
Additional Reach Parameters																								
Valley Length (ft)		2,915				2,915				2,915				2,915										
Channel Length (ft)		3,339				3,339				3,339				3,339										
Sinuosity		1.3				1.3				1.3				1.3										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.014				0.01				0.01				0.01										
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.016				0.01				0.01				0.01										
Rosgen Classification		E/C4				E/C4				E/C4				E/C4										

									UT2				
			Cross S										
Parameter			Po										
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5							
Dimension													
BF Width (ft)		4.4	3.3	3.4									
Floodprone Width (ft)		7.6	6.5	6.6									
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	2.4	2.4	1.7	1.4									
BF Mean Depth (ft)		0.54	0.50	0.43									
BF Max Depth (ft)		0.92	0.80	0.71									
Width/Depth Ratio		8.0	6.7	8.0									
Entrenchment Ratio		1.7	1.9	1.9									
Wetted Perimeter (ft)		5.5	4.3	4.3									
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3									
Substrate													
d50 (mm)													
d84 (mm)													
Parameter		AB (2010	))		N	1Y-1 (2011			MY-2 (2012)	MY-3 (2013)	MY-4 (2014)	MY-5 (201	
Farameter	Min	Max	Med		Min	Max	Med	Min	Max Med	Min Max Med	Min Max Med	Min Max	Med
Pattern													
Channel Beltwidth (ft)													
Radius of Curvature (ft)													
Meander Wavelength (ft)													
Meander Width Ratio													
Profile													
Riffle length (ft)													
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)													
Pool Length (ft)													
Pool Spacing (ft)													
Substrate			-										
d50 (mm)													
d84 (mm)													
Additional Reach Parameters													
Valley Length (ft)		41				41			41	41			
Channel Length (ft)		52				52			52	52			
Sinuosity		1.3	-			1.3	, and the second		1.3	1.3			
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.016				0.019			0.021	0.021			
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.016				0.012			0.010	0.010			
Rosgen Classification		Е				Е			E	E			

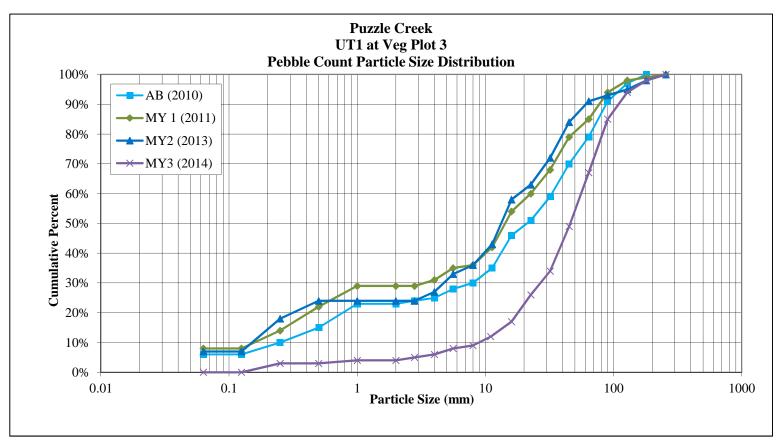
## **Cross-Section Pebble Count (UT1)**

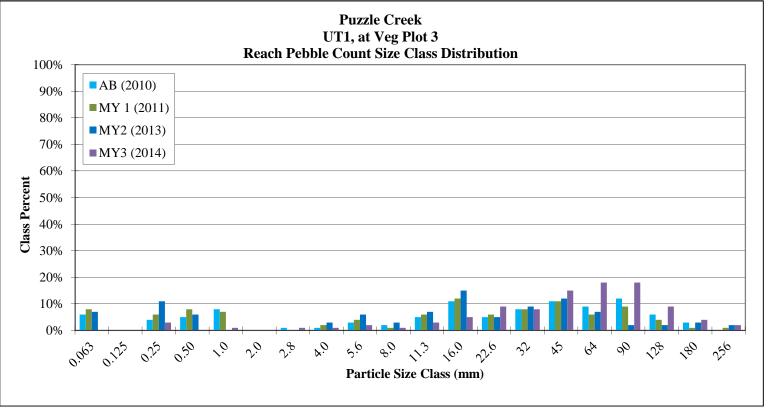
Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project, EEP# 92522

SITE OR PROJECT:	Puzzle Creek
REACH/LOCATION:	Riffle in front of Veg Plot 3
FEATURE:	Riffle

				2013	
MATERIAL	PARTICLE	SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063			0%
	Very Fine	.063125			0%
	Fine	.12525	3	3%	3%
Sand	Medium	.2550			3%
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0	1	1%	4%
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0			4%
	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8	1	1%	5%
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0	1	1%	6%
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6	2	2%	8%
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0	1	1%	9%
Gravel	Medium	8.0 - 11.0	3	3%	12%
Gravei	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	5	5%	17%
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	9	9%	26%
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	8	8%	34%
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	15	15%	49%
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	18	18%	67%
	Small	64 - 90	18	18%	85%
Cobble	Small	90 - 128	9	9%	94%
Copple	Large	128 - 180	4	4%	98%
	Large	180 - 256	2	2%	100%
	Small	256 - 362			100%
Boulder	Small	362 - 512			100%
Boulder	Medium	512 - 1024			100%
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048			100%
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048			100%
Total %	of whole count		100		

Summary Da	ata
Channel mate	rials
$D_{50} =$	45.89
$D_{84} =$	88.31
$D_{95} =$	139.39





# Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project Puzzle Creek Photo Log - Photo Points

### Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape.
- 3. Photos taken March 2014.



Photo Point 1: facing downstream

Photo Point 2: facing upstream



Photo Point 2: facing downstream

Photo Point 3: facing upstream



Photo Point 3: facing downstream

Photo Point 4: facing upstream



Photo Point 4: facing downstream

Photo Point 5: facing upstream



Photo Point 5: facing downstream



Photo Point 6: facing upstream



Photo Point 6: facing downstream

Photo Point 7: facing upstream

## **Puzzle Creek Mitigation Project Photo Log - UT Photo Points**

### Notes:

- 1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
- 2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape.
- 3. Photos taken March 2014.



Photo Point 1: UT facing downstream



Photo Point 2: facing downstream

Photo Point 3: facing upstream





Photo Point 3: facing downstream

Photo Point 4: facing upstream



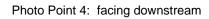




Photo Point 5: facing upstream



Photo Point 5: facing downstream



Photo Point 6: facing upstream



Photo Point 6: facing downstream

Photo Point 7: facing upstream





Photo Point 7: facing downstream

Photo Point 8: facing upstream





Photo Point 9: facing upstream

Photo Point 9: facing downstream



Photo Point 10: facing upstream



Photo Point 10: facing downstream



Photo Point 11: facing upstream



Photo Point 11: facing downstream



Photo Point 12: facing upstream



Photo Point 12: facing downstream



Photo Point 13: facing upstream

Photo Point 13: facing downstream



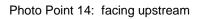




Photo Point 15: facing upstream



Photo Point 15: facing downstream



Photo Point 16: facing upstream