# **Executive Summary of Design**

# Suck Creek Stream Restoration Project Moore County, North Carolina

Prepared for:
NCDENR-Wetlands Restoration Program
Raleigh, North Carolina

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## 1.0 Introduction

Suck Creek is situated approximately eight miles west of Carthage and eleven miles northwest of Pinehurst, NC. The project area, which is located to the west of U.S. Highway 15-501, is in active/open pasture on the Richardson Farm in Moore County, NC. The project site/easement is located on one property (owned by Robert Richardson). Suck Creek was identified as a potential stream restoration/mitigation opportunity by the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR) - Wetland Restoration Program (WRP) based on an evaluation by WRP staff and on work done by North Carolina State University (NCSU).

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. (KHA) was retained to provide feasibility/planning, design, construction observation, and post-construction documentation services for a corridor of Suck Creek. This document summarizes the background investigation, fatal flaw analysis, fieldwork, property owner input, and methodologies that went into preparing the design. A feasibility report for this site has not been done.

# 2.0 Existing Conditions

#### 2.1 Watershed

The project encompasses approximately 2,830 feet of perennial stream in open pasture on the Richardson Farm in Moore County, NC. Several small impoundments upstream of the project area serve as the headwaters of Suck Creek. Downstream of these impoundments are two +/-50-acre in-line lakes. There are designated Boy Scout camping grounds adjacent to the two large lakes.

Suck Creek is a tributary of McLendon's Creek. The headwaters of Suck Creek originate approximately 2.2 miles upstream of the dam. The tributary then flows 1,900 feet to the southeast until it connects with a drainage way within the Richardson Farm. Suck Creek then turns northeast, discharging into McLendon's Creek approximately 3,000 feet northeast of the farm. Elevations within the drainage basin range from 333 feet to 689 feet.

Based on the USGS Zion Grove, NC Quadrangle 1981 map, the contributing drainage area for this section of the stream (to the downstream terminus of the project reach) is approximately 3,072 acres (4.8 square miles), as shown in Figure 1. Based on KHA's field observation, the watershed currently consists of agriculture/farmland and forest with no significant residential, commercial, or industrial development.

In March 2002, Environmental Data Resources, Inc. conducted an environmental database search to identify potential or actual environmental concerns listed in the federal, state, or local regulatory agency databases. The database search did not reveal any reported environmental hazards on the subject property (Appendix F). No field studies were performed as part of KHA's assessment.

A database search of cultural and natural resources was performed by KHA through the NC State Historical Preservation Office, Archeology Office, and the Natural Heritage Program. According to the database review, work performed on the sites described in the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan section (Section 5.0) will not affect threatened and endangered species, critical habitats, listed historical sites, or known archeological sites. No field studies were performed as part of KHA's assessment.

# 2.2 Site Description

#### A. Overview

KHA evaluated a section of Suck Creek that begins at the upstream fence/property line and flows downstream to the downstream fence/property line, as identified for restoration by WRP (Figure 3). The project is located in open pasture on the Richardson Farm; the farm consists of cattle and chicken operations. The length of the stream segment located within the project corridor (from upstream property line to the downstream fence/property line) is approximately 2,830 feet (Figure 2). The average valley slope for the stream reach studied is 0.4 percent. The average stream gradient in the project area is 0.3 percent.

Figures 1 and 2 show the location of the stream in relation to roads and existing structures/utilities within the study area.

#### B. Farm Facilities, Structures, and Utilities

Structures and utilities within the project corridor are shown on the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan. A four-foot high electric fence parallels the existing stream corridor down to the downstream property line. There is a culvert (21-inch HDPE pipe) along a drainage ditch, approximately 350 feet downstream of the existing upstream ford. A two-inch PVC water line is located approximately 500 feet downstream of the existing upstream ford crossing.

### C. Vegetation

The first 800 feet of the stream corridor (beginning at the upstream property line/begin project) consist of a discontinuous buffer of woody vegetation and a single row of small-to-medium diameter trees along the stream banks (Photo 1a and 1b). The stream corridor that runs from the existing upstream ford crossing downstream 1,125 feet through open pasture consists of pasture/grass with little to no woody vegetation (Photo 2). A canopy of woody vegetation and a single row of small-to-medium diameter trees (Photo 3) line the stream corridor along the last 905 feet of stream. Refer to Preliminary Restoration Plan for the location of significant woody vegetation (>12 inches) within the project area.

#### D. Soils

Based on the North Carolina Soil Survey (Moore County, 1995), the soils at the site are mapped as Ch, Chewacla silt loam (Figure 3) which has 0 to 2 percent slopes (frequently flooded). The Chewacla series consists of nearly level, somewhat poorly drained soils, on flood plains along major streams

# 2.3 Channel Description

#### A. Horizontal and Vertical Stability

Large portions of the stream appear to have been straightened and relocated to one side of the valley, most likely to maximize the amount of pasture. The channel has become incised to entrenched, exhibiting a bank height ratio (low bank-height to max bankfull-depth) ranging from 1.1 to 2.3 (1.8 mean). A channel that is not incised will exhibit a bank height ratio of 1.0. The stream is exhibiting entrenchment ratios of between 1.3 and 1.4 (i.e., slightly entrenched). It appears that the combination of cattle accessing the stream and channel straightening has caused the channel to become incised-to-entrenched and thus unstable (Photo 4).

The channel is trending towards width/depth ratios of between 9 and 16, which suggests that the channel incision is causing the stream type to migrate between an unstable  $G \rightarrow F$  stream type. Rapid bank erosion (particularly downstream) is allowing the channel to transition to an F (wider) unstable stream type. Based on a qualitative assessment and a quantitative geomorphic field survey, the reach is classified as an unstable 'G4' and 'F4' stream type with unstable bank heights. This classification is based on the Rosgen Morphologic Stream Classification (Rosgen 1996). A complete morphology table is provided in the Preliminary Restoration Plan.

The instability created from an unstable form (dimension, pattern, and profile) along with the hoof shear from unlimited cattle access has led to accelerated bank erosion. The stream will continue to evolve towards further instability unless it is returned to a stable dimension, pattern, and profile with bank vegetation/buffer for stability and cattle are excluded.

#### B. Channel Materials

The stream substrate is composed predominately of fine to medium gravel. Small amounts of bedrock or rock outcroppings were observed throughout the stream reach. However, there is abundant bedrock upstream of the project area just upstream of the fence line/property line. Modified Wolman Pebble Counts were performed to classify the substrate in the stream channel (see Appendix A for plots of the particle size distribution). The table below summarizes the channel materials based on the pebble counts:

	TABLE 1	
	Channel Material	
	Particle Size - Millimeters	
Percent sand and <	39	
Percent Gravel	60	
Percent Cobble	0	
Percent Boulder	0	
Percent Bedrock	1	
D16 (mm)	0.091	
D35 (mm)	0.24	
D50 (mm)	7.7	
D84 (mm)	18	
D95 (mm)	24	

# C. Vegetation as Bank Protection

Along the first 800 feet (beginning at the upstream property line/begin project) and within the last 905 feet of stream, the banks are lined with a single row of small-to-medium diameter trees that are falling/slumping into the stream (Photos 1 and 3). The stream corridor that runs downstream 1,125 feet from the existing upstream ford crossing through open pasture consists of pasture/grass with little to no woody vegetation on the banks (Photos 2 and 8). The root mass from grass and other herbaceous vegetation is shallow and discontinuous, providing little to no protection against bank erosion. The last 905 feet of stream consist of a discontinuous buffer of woody vegetation and a single row of trees along the stream bank. Many of those trees are in poor health and are beginning to fall due to erosion around the root mass.

### D. Water Quality

NCDENR - Division of Water Quality (DWQ) has designated this stream as a Classification C, Nutrient Sensitive Waters (NSW) stream. This classification applies to freshwaters that are protected for secondary recreation, fishing, propagation and survival of aquatic life, and wildlife. The supplemental NSW classification applies to streams that are subject to growths of microscopic or macroscopic vegetation requiring limitations on nutrient inputs.

Based on visual observations, the stream appears to have relatively good clarity. No odors or sheens were observed in the stream. However, cattle have unlimited access to the stream and the lack of a buffer produces thermal pollution. No water quality sampling was performed as a part of KHA's assessment.

#### E. Habitat

Minimal habitat was observed along the stream reach. This lack of aquatic and terrestrial habitat is due primarily to the absence of canopy cover and buffer along the stream. Aquatic habitat is also absent due to the lack of stream features (pools, riffles, runs, and glides).

#### F. Flood Hazard

Based on the FEMA map, FIRM panel 37125C0075C, Quad 35079-C5, the project corridor is in Zone A, "Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined."

# 3.0 Goals and Objectives

# 3.1 Definition of Restoration

For the purposes of this project, stream restoration is defined as "the process of converting an unstable, altered or degraded stream corridor, including adjacent riparian zone and flood-prone areas to its natural or referenced, stable conditions considering recent and future watershed conditions. This process also includes restoring the geomorphic dimension, pattern and profile as well as biological and chemical integrity, including transport of water and sediment produced by the stream's watershed in order to achieve dynamic equilibrium."("Internal Technical Guide for Stream Work in North Carolina" April 2001 v.3.0).

# 3.2 Objectives

The objective of this project is to design adjustments to the stream reach that will increase its long-term stability and create a more functional riparian ecological community. The design will adjust the stream's geomorphic dimensions, patterns, and profiles. The proposed changes will reflect the reference reaches' stable conditions and their current geomorphic conditions. Additionally, vegetated buffers that match proximal natural ecological communities found in similar physiographic and climatic regions will be planted. The reach will be designed to maximize natural design and natural parameters, and to account for physical constraints within the project area.

A Priority I Restoration approach will be used to reestablish the restored channel on its previous floodplain (Rosgen 1997). This method of re-establishing a floodplain and stable channel will reduce bank height and stream bank erosion, reduce land loss, raise the water table, decrease sediment, improve aquatic and terrestrial habitats, improve land productivity, and improve the aesthetics of the stream and site.

# 4.0 Methodology/Design Considerations

The design methodology for Suck Creek follows guidelines set forth in NCDENR's "Internal Technical Guide for Stream Work in North Carolina" (April 2001 v.3.0). A summary of the analysis and coordination performed includes:

- Reference reach geomorphic survey (Rosgen Level III)
- Assessment of natural communities (both existing and reference)
- Assessment of the watershed's condition and potential
- Rosgen Level III classification of the stream
- Geomorphic field measurements
- Identification of constraints and opportunities
- Detailed topographic and geomorphic survey of the project corridor

A preliminary plan was developed using the above analysis (see the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan).

#### 4.1 Reference Reaches

Two reference reaches were identified and chosen to serve as a blueprint for design. The first reference is Richland Creek; a tributary of McLendon's Creek that is located northeast of the project area in Moore County, NC, as shown in Figure 4. This information was gathered and compiled by Dan Clinton and his staff during Mr. Clinton's research at NCSU. Based on the Rosgen classification system, this section of Richland Creek is classified as a 'C4' stream type. The information gained from the reference was used to design the proposed stream's Priority I Restoration pattern and profile.

A second reference reach was chosen to provide/confirm the dimensionless ratios for designing the proposed stream's dimension. The reference incorporates two stable sections of Suck Creek (located upstream of the project area) that run approximately 1,900 feet downstream of the dam. The first section is immediately upstream of the upstream fence/property line (Photo 5); the second is a stable section that is located immediately downstream of Beulah Hill Church Road (Photos 6 and 7). The two sections are shown in Figure 4. Based on the Rosgen classification system, these sections of Suck Creek are classified as a 'B4' stream type. The information gained

from the Suck Creek upstream reference reaches was used to design the proposed stream's dimension.

The complete morphologic measurements of both reference reaches are provided in the Preliminary Restoration Plan. This morphologic measurement table is per Appendix B of the "Internal Technical Guide for Stream Work in North Carolina" (April 2001 v.3.0).

# 4.2. Regional Curves and Regime Equations

The North Carolina Piedmont Regional Curves were used to check the primary stream's bankfull characteristics (width, depth, cross-sectional area, and discharge). However, the regional curves may not be valid for this site since the Suck Creek project area is downstream of several large lakes (greater than 50 acres). The upstream reference reach and stable bankfull indicators (width, depth, and cross-sectional area) found on-site were used as the basis for design: the Piedmont Regional Curves were not used for design. The Piedmont Regional Curves are provided in Appendix B for reference.

#### 4.3 Natural Communities

Field reconnaissance identified the existing natural communities and species, both adjacent to the stream and at the reference reach. There are small sections of patchy brush and weedy vegetation along most of the stream reach. Vegetation along the middle 1,125 feet of the project, beginning at the existing upstream ford crossing, is generally open pasture with little to no vegetation (Photos 2 and 4). There is more buffer — consisting of a single row of woody vegetation and small-to-medium diameter trees (Photos 1 and 3) — along the first 800 feet and the last 905 feet of the project corridor. Species that are appropriate for the physiographic area will be selected to maximize buffer potential and stream bank stability.

#### 4.4 Watershed Assessment

The watershed's conditions, as described in Section 2.1 of this report, were assessed by field reconnaissance and aerial photography. For the purpose of this design, it was assumed that there would be no major future commercial/industrial development, significant clear cutting timber

operations, or major modifications to the large lakes and/or outlet structures upstream in the watershed.

# 4.5 Survey (Topographic and Geomorphic)

A detailed survey of the site showed minimal physical limitations to restoration design. The only notable obstacle was the two-inch PVC water line. Also, cattle access and crossings will need to be considered. Cattle access and stream crossings will be coordinated with the property owner and the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS). A detailed description of the corridor's existing conditions is included in Sections 2.2 and 2.3 of this report. The morphology of Suck Creek in the project area is provided in the Morphology Measurement Table in the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan.

# 5. 0 Preliminary Restoration Plan

The preliminary restoration plan for Suck Creek involves restoring the altered stream corridor, including adjacent riparian zones, to its referenced, stable condition. The design is intended to account for the property owner's needs as well as physical constraints (utilities/roads) within the project area. Restoration will modify the stream's dimension, pattern, and profile to stable conditions. A Priority I Restoration approach (Rosgen 1997) will be used to convert the existing G/F4 stream to a stable C4 stream type at its previous elevation with floodplain. The channel will be re-established on its previous floodplain using relic channel or construction of a new bankfull channel. The existing incised channel will be filled or turned into discontinuous oxbow lakes. In addition, in-stream structures will be used to protect stream banks, provide habitat, control grade, and protect facilities and riparian buffers. A vegetated buffer (excluded from cattle) will be included in the restoration plan.

It is anticipated that in-stream structures such as rock cross vanes, root wads, rock vanes, and log vanes will be incorporated into the mitigation project. For additional details on the in-stream structures and approximate locations of known structures, refer to the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan. Some in-stream structures may need to be eliminated from or added to the restoration plan during final design and/or construction.

All restoration activities will take place within a conservation easement donated to WRP by Mr. Richardson (the property owner).

# 5.1 Vegetation/Buffer Plantings

Prior to the establishing a riparian buffer, the area will be sprayed with an aerial systemic herbicide approved for wetland use. The application of herbicide will occur during the growing season.

The riparian buffer will consist of three zones from the bankfull area to approximately 50 feet out on either side. Zone 1 (0 to 20 feet from the top of bank) is the stream bank zone consisting of tree and shrub species and native herbaceous seeding typically found along stream banks in the region. Zone 2 is a forested riparian area consisting of selected tree and shrub species, with varying tolerances of inundation and saturation, to be selectively planted based on microtopography and moisture regime. Zone 3 is a grass filter strip designed to promote dispersed flow into the forested riparian zone (Zone 2).

Zones 1 and 2 will be planted with transplants, livestakes and bare root seedlings depending on available stock, design plans, climate, and cost. Planting spacing will be determined according to planting type, and will be included in final design plans. It is anticipated that Zone 3 will be seeded using a mix of native species. The entire easement will be planted. The riparian buffer is shown in plan view. A preliminary species list is included in the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan.

# 5.2 Dimension, Pattern, and Profile

The stream is a straightened, linear 'G4/F4' channel. It will be modified through Priority I Restoration (Rosgen 1997) to a stream type 'C4,' a stable/referenced condition that is appropriate to the valley type and channel slope.

To match the proposed plan features and reference condition, the stream's profile will be modified with grade control structures. The profile will create the appropriate local grade changes that are necessary to create the features (riffles, runs, pools, and glides) associated with "C4" stream types.

The stream's new dimension will provide the appropriate cross-sectional area to transport sediment and the bankfull discharge. The new channel will be established on the previous floodplain using relic channel and a newly constructed bankfull channel. The existing incised channel will be partially filled to create discontinuous oxbow lakes.

The stream's pattern will be modified, where possible, to add stream length and to provide appropriate (reference) geometry. This geometry includes meander length, radius of curvature, belt width, and amplitude.

The proposed Priority I stream restoration plan (Rosgen 1997) is shown in the attached Preliminary Restoration Plan.

# 5.3 Fencing Plan

Exclusionary fencing will be installed along the length of the easement. Three stream crossings will be maintained so cattle can move from one side of the easement to the other in a controlled manner. The location of these crossings will be coordinated with the property owner and NRCS. NRCS's guidelines for exclusionary fencing and cattle crossings will be followed.

# 6.0 Monitoring and Success Criteria

The restoration design will be monitored for success through photographs, a channel stability assessment, and an evaluation of plant survival.

# 6.1 Reference Photographs

Monitoring: Photographs will be taken throughout the monitoring period to evaluate vegetative growth and the stability of instream structures along the restored stream's corridor. The location of the photograph points will be established and marked with stakes and a map with notations of the photo reference points will be generated. This aspect of monitoring will last for five years.

Photo-monitoring will include lateral (taken looking at the channel bars) as well as longitudinal photographs (taken looking upstream and downstream).

<u>Success</u> <u>Criteria</u>: The photographs will be used to subjectively evaluate the aggradation/degradation of the channel, bank erosion, structure stability, the growth of riparian vegetation, and the effectiveness of erosion control measures. The longitudinal photos should indicate the absence of mid-channel bars or an excessive increase in channel depth. The lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or continuing degradation of the bank over time. The successional maturation of riparian vegetation should be observed in a series of photos taken over time.

# 6.2 Channel Stability

Monitoring: For each Rosgen classified stream type, permanent cross-sections will be established and monitored along the restored stream's corridor. Cross-sections will be placed to monitor structures and/or features that may have an increased risk of failure. The location of each cross-section will be marked to establish the exact transect location. A common benchmark will be used for cross-sections. This benchmark will be used consistently to facilitate the easy comparison of year-to-year data. Data will be collected once a year for five years.

<u>Success Criteria</u>: Judgements of success or failure of restoration activities using this data will be subjective. If there are no or minimal changes to the cross-sections of the "as-built" during the monitored years, the restoration will be considered successful. Any minimal changes to the cross-sections during the monitoring period will be evaluated to determine whether they represent a movement toward a more unstable condition (down-cutting, deposition, erosion) or whether they are minor changes that represent an increase in stability (settling, vegetative changes, decrease in width/depth ratio). Unstable conditions that require remediation will indicate failure of restoration activities.

#### 6.3 Plant Survival

To establish vegetation in restoration areas, riparian and upland mixes, seeds, bare root, and live stake vegetation will be planted, as shown on the Preliminary Restoration Plan or as required in the contract's Special Provisions and Technical Specifications.

<u>Monitoring</u>: The survival of vegetation will be evaluated using survival plots or direct counts. The survival of plantings will be evaluated along the stream corridor of the restoration site. Plantings will be monitored for five years before success or failure is determined.

<u>Success Criteria</u>: For the plantings to be considered successful, a 70 percent survival rate of bare root seedlings and a 50 percent survival rate of livestakes, based on sample plots, will be required.

#### 7.0 Maintenance

The contractor will guarantee all vegetation for one year from the time of planting, per the contract's Special Provisions and Technical Specifications. After one year, WRP will remove dead or injured plants and replace them accordingly to achieve restoration goals.

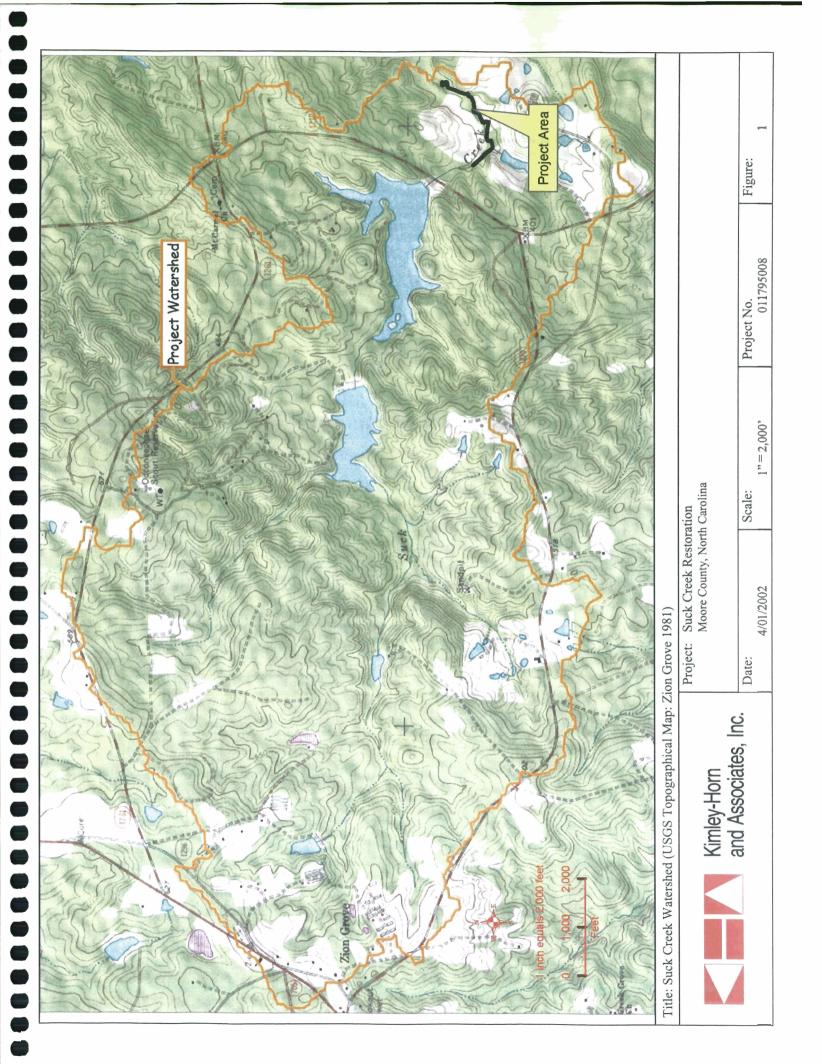
Invasive exotic plant species should be identified and treated for a minimum of five years. For woody invasive plants, the stem should be cut off at ground level and a 25 percent solution of appropriate herbicide (Rodeo for riparian areas) applied directly to the cut stump. Early fall is the best time to apply this treatment. For herbaceous weeds, use a herbicide and follow the manufacturer's suggested application rates.

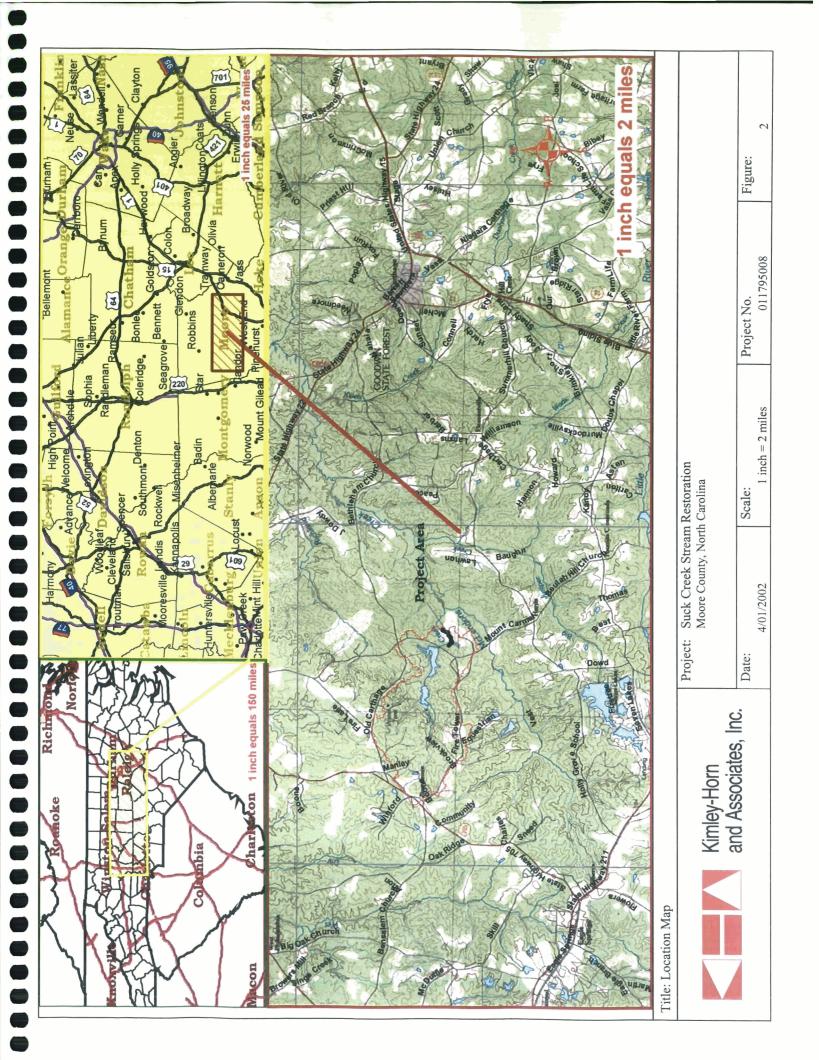
#### 8.0 References

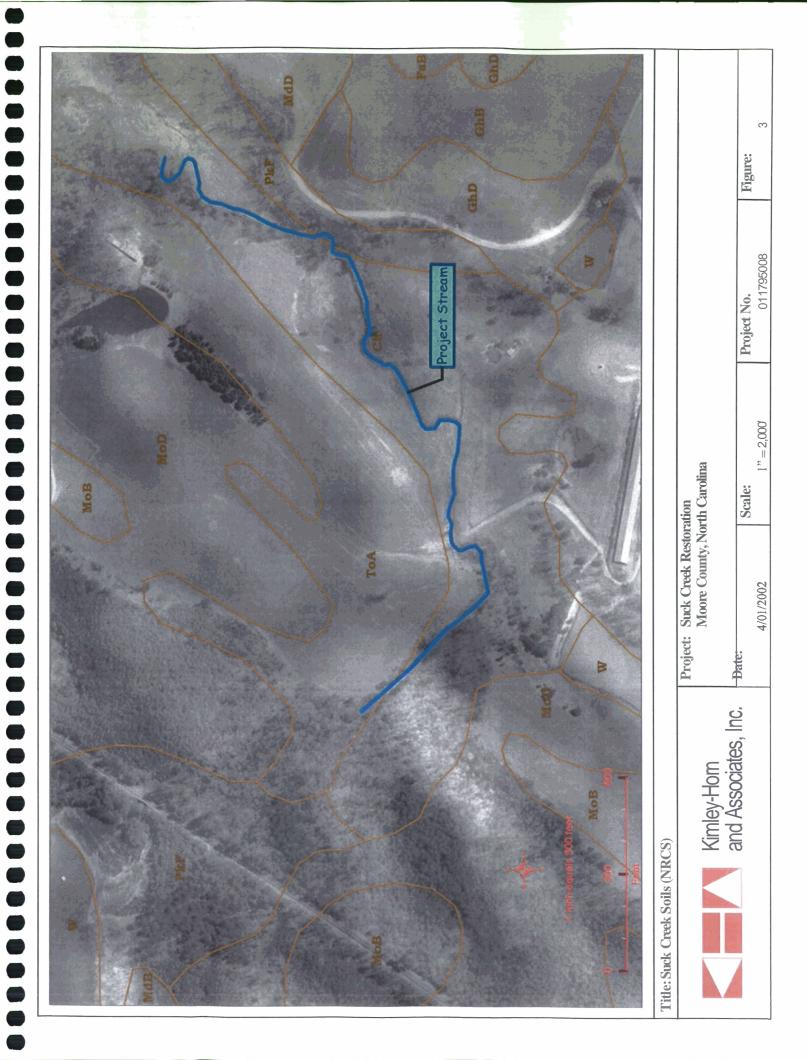
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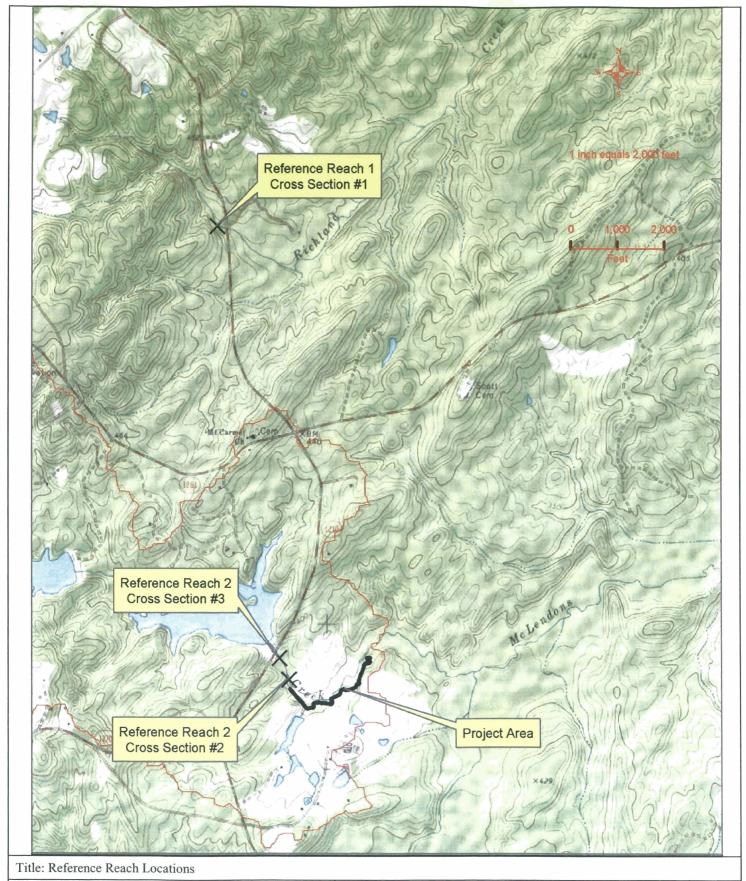
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**Figures** 











Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.

Project: Suck Creek Stream Restoration Moore County, North Carolina

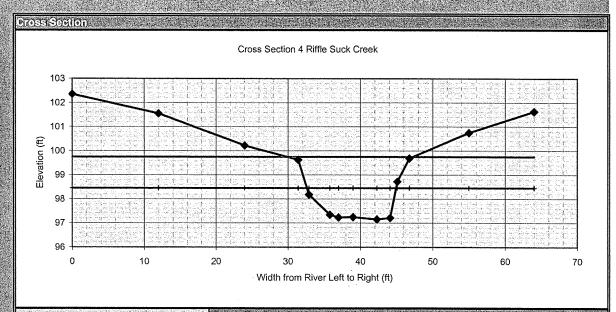
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Appendix A
On-Site Geomorphic Assessment

		BKF -     ELEV     Terrace L	3 995,78 3 995,78 2 995,39	7 996.19 994.82 4 994.82 995.32 2 995.32 7 995.22 7 995.22
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Suck Cree		200 FS depth F bed water B bed		12.36 0.06 10.75 11.24 0.2 10.3 13.27 1.73 1.11 12.28 0.33 1.11 12.28 0.33 1.7 12.38 0.32 1.7 12.38 0.32 1.15 12.38 0.32 1.15
		4000 Elevation BM HI FS 1003.52 TP 1003.52 TP		
+		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	88.5 88.7 57.2 57.2 58.5 19.5 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6 20.6	3.56 3.30 3.30 3.40 4.00 4.00 4.47 4.47 4.47
Sopa Profit 3.	(i) noilsveil3	cross section	End Kittle  Mid Pool  Begin Riffle  Bit Kiffle st Social  Mid Rim  1525  End Kiffle  1565  End Kiffle  1585  Cross Social  2162  Sogial Riffle  2161  End Riffle  2161  End Riffle  2161	Huld Run 215.2 Fegin Riffle 25 Seci 350 Fool 1816 August Riffle 25 Seci 360 Fool 1816 August Riffle 25 Seci 360 Fool 1816 August Riffle 25 Seci 310.8 August Riffle 25 Seci 310.8 August Riffle 310.8 Fool 1816 August Riffle 310.8 August Riffle 310.8 Fool 1816 August Riffle 310.
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Stream; Suck Creek Stream; Suck Creek atershed; — Losation; Upper Section Latitude; — County; — Date; —		straight length (ft) stream length valley length Valley length Meander Width Ratio Amplitude Ratio Meander Length Ratio Straight Length Ratio Straight Length Ratio	bankfull width (ft) pool-pool spacing (ft) riffe length (ft) pool length (ft) run length (ft) glide length (ft) channel sope (%) riffle skope (%)	pool slope (%)  Tun slope (%) glide slope (%) walley slope (%) walley slope (%) Riffle Length Ratio Pool Length Ratio Riffle Length Ratio Riffle Slope Ratio Pool Slope Ratio Pool Slope Ratio Run Slope Ratio
Straints Reference Stream Watershed: Location: Latitude: Longitude: County: Date:	Observers: Channel Type: Drainage Area (sem): Partern			

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Stream: Suck Creek			
Watershed:			
Location: Upper Section  Latitude:			
Landde:			
County:			
Date:			
Observers:			
Channel Type:			
Drainage Area (sq mi):		alest a special conference	Action 100 and
Dimension	typical	min	max
Riffle: x-area bankfull	is 6.5	12.8	188
width bankfull	13.0	12.3	13.7
hydraulic radius	1.0		
max depth	1.4	1.3	1.5
bank ht	3	2.5	8.5
width flood prone area	18.5	18.0	19.0
mean depth	1.04		
Pool: x-area pool	10.05	8.7	11.4
width pool	10	9.4	10.5
hydraulic radius	0.9	**************************************	SCHOOL STATE
max depth pool bank ht	1.6 4.7	1:3 3:3	1.9 6
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width glide	ent e		
max depth glide	1111111111	40.0	
Dimensionless Ratios:	typical	min	max
Width/Depth Ratio	12.5		
Entrenchment Ratio	1.4		
Riffle Max Depth Ratio	1.3	1.3	1.4
Pool Area Ratio	0.7	0.6	0.8
Pool Width Ratio	8.0	0.7	0.8
Pool Max Depth Ratio	1.5	1.3	1.8
Bank Height Ratio	2.1		
Run Area Ratio			
Run Width Ratio	~~~		
Run Max Depth Ratio			
Glide Area Ratio			
Glide Width Ratio			
Glide Max Depth Ratio			
	riffle	pool	run
Hydraulics:			
Hydraulics: channel slope (%)	0.400		
Hydraulics: channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs)	0.400		
Hydraulics: channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec)	0.400	0.0	
Hydraulics: channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq)	0.400 0.0 0.349	0.399	
Hydraulics: channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq)	0.400 0.0 0.349 0.250	0.399 0.225	 
Hydraulics:  channel slope (%)  discharge rate, Q (cfs)  velocity (ft/sec)  shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq)  shear stress (lbs/ft sq)  shear velocity (ft/sec)	0.400 0.0 0.349	0.399	
Hydraulics:  channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ff/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq) shear velocity (ff/sec) stream power (lbs/sec)	0.400 0.0 0.349 0.250	0.399 0.225	 
Hydraulics:  channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq) shear velocity (ft/sec) stream power (lbs/sec) unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec)	0.400 0.0 0.349 0.250 0.359	0.399 0.225 0.340 	
Hydraulics:  channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq) shear velocity (ft/sec) stream power (lbs/sec) unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec) relative roughness	0.400 0.0 0.349 0.250 0.359  16.9	0.399 0.225 0.340  16.3	
Hydraulics:  channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq) shear velocity (ft/sec) stream power (lbs/sec) unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec) relative roughness friction factor u/u*	0.400 0.0 0.349 0.250 0.359  16.9 0.0	0.399 0.225 0.340  16.3 0.0	
Hydraulics:  channel slope (%) discharge rate, Q (cfs) velocity (ft/sec) shear stress @ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq) shear velocity (ft/sec) stream power (lbs/sec) unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec) relative roughness	0.400 0.0 0.349 0.250 0.359  16.9	0.399 0.225 0.340  16.3	



section: Gross Section 4

Riffle Suck Creek

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12	+ 12 37	100	: 513.65			277	Com	K	March 2	32°88	132 Y	5.22	30230	1100	32450	20020		-62	160.00	6 5 6 6	300	0.53		22.57	200	and the	EAST.	1000	717	425
16	3.5	nε	3 C I	rr	וחו	10	n	50 E.			10.50		x -	6-3	1100	8	- Test	233	. W	Hoi	ela:	2 fa	161	457	alle		Si o i	Zati	HΒ	16
	100	u	,,,	<b>VI</b>	, L	., .	10.00				1		C.,	53	11.2	LEAN.		225	- AL		212	$x_{LL}$	A. L	707	2111	11.1	50J	A	11.	.89
			380	150	133	2000	2.46	2000	Course.	0.00	25,283	\$3.50	353	100	100	200	7.10	95.250	0.000	12000	40	82,64	Ave 2	264075	35.34	2000	201	100	150	10
								12.840																						

				description:	Modale la la
		1	neight of ins	trument (ft):	109.13
	or	nit	distance	FS	
notes	p	t.	(ft)	(ft)	elevation
	舼	#	0	6.78	102.35
	#[	#	112	7.58	101.55
	無	]#	24	8.91	100.22
TOB-L	#	]#	31.4	9.5	99.63
Bkf-L	羾	#	32.9	10.95	98.18
Wedge-L	粗	_#	35.8	11.79	97.34
4.1	#	]#	37	11.9	97.23
	無	#	39)	11.89	97.24
Thalwag	覼	_#	42/3	11.98	97.15
Wedge-R	蕉	_#	44.1	11.92	97.21
Bkf-R	拼	]#	45.1	10.41	98.72
TOB-R	#	婐	46.8	9,44	99.69
	無	]#	55	8.38	100.75
	#	#	64	7.5	101.63
	摧	#			
3 (1, 2, 1) (22)	拼	#	4,4		
	姐	#	Acceptant		
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100	#	]#		A Parket	
	凲	渊		59,400ES	
	凲	異			_
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17:15:1	粗	渊		4.500	
	#	渊			
20,000	M	#	100100	No. William	
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	H			AND COLUMN	

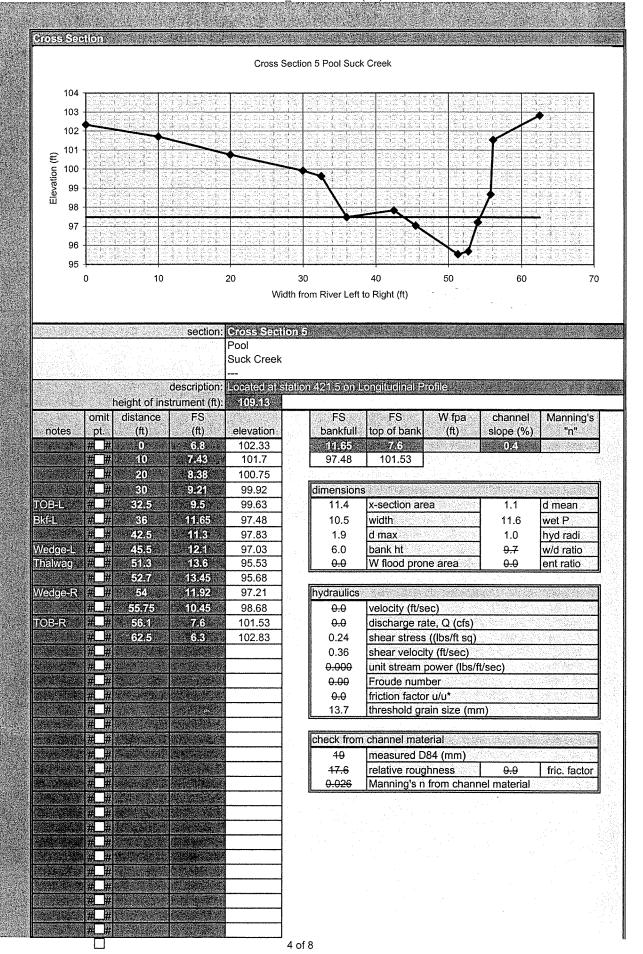
ioss Seption

-	FS bankfull	FS top of bank	W fpa (ft)	channel slope (%)	Manning's "n"	
	10.68	9,5	18.0	0.4		
	98.45	99.63				

limensior	IS 4		Maria California
12.8	x-section area	1.0	d mean
12.3	width	13.2	wet P
1.3	d max	1.0	hyd radi
2.5	bank ht	11.8	w/d ratio
18.0	W flood prone area	1.5	ent ratio

hydraulics	
0.0	velocity (ft/sec)
0.0	discharge rate, Q (cfs)
0.24	shear stress ((lbs/ft sq)
0.35	shear velocity (ft/sec)
0.000	unit stream power (lbs/ft/sec)
0.00	Froude number
0.0	friction factor u/u*
13.6	threshold grain size (mm)

check fron	n channel material		
19	measured D84 (mm)		
16.9	relative roughness	9.8	fric. factor
0.027	Manning's n from chann	el material	

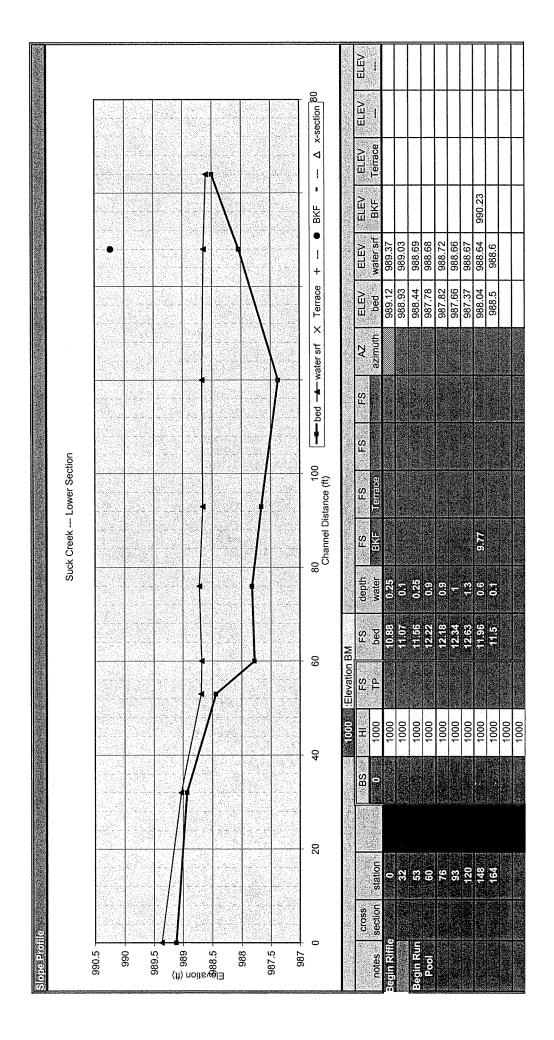


								Spale Section						<b>-</b>								3		10000	-Glide			bedrock	3%
											= - - - - -			I.					  				1	0	-*-Run		924	boulder	%0
												= 1 = 1 = 1											†	1000	- Pool		ate type	elqqoo	1%
																		1 - - - - -					1	100	-4-Riffle		Percent by substrate type	gravel	88%
							Creek														   	•			Percent Item		Percen	pues	24%
							Pebble Count, Suck Creek							*	<b>///</b>	11/2	<b>*</b>	<u> </u>	7		<b>*</b>	•		10	•			silt/clay	707
							Pebble (		Early San S								-      -	- <b>\</b>		\ 	 }- }-	-	•	ν				D95	23
	ınt,	~		lion													-/- -/-	<u> </u>				◆ I	=   -   -   -		Cur		an (mm)	D84	7
	Pebble Count,	Suck Creek		Upper Section																				0.1	(mm)	`	Size percent less than (mm)	D20	7.0
					Note:																			<u></u>	Particle Size (mm)		Size per	D35	7 80
								100%	- %U6		+ %08		%0/	+ %09	u	, sq.	+ 40%	u! <u>-</u>	1 1n %0%	E 20% +	Pe	+ %0L	+ %0	0.01				D16	0.50
Percent Run:	Percent Glide:	#	##	##	## 0	# #		##	##	##	## 0	## 0	## 0	##	##	##	##	##		#		##	##	##	## (	##	#	Ī	Ī
Perc	Perce	Total#	4.0	1.0	13.0	8.0	2.0	0.0	4.0	5.0	12.0	15.0	13.0	9.0	0.9	3.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	100	15
		(mm) e	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096		Weighted Count:	
50	50	Size Range	0	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	80	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048		Weigi	)
Percent Riffle:	Percent Pool:	Material	sit/clay	very fine sand	fine sand	medium sand	coarse sand	very coarse sand	very fine gravel	fine gravel	fine gravel	medium gravel	medium gravel	coarse gravel	coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	small cobble	medium cobble	large cobble	very large cobble	small boulder	small boulder	medium boulder	large boulder	very large boulder	pedrock		F

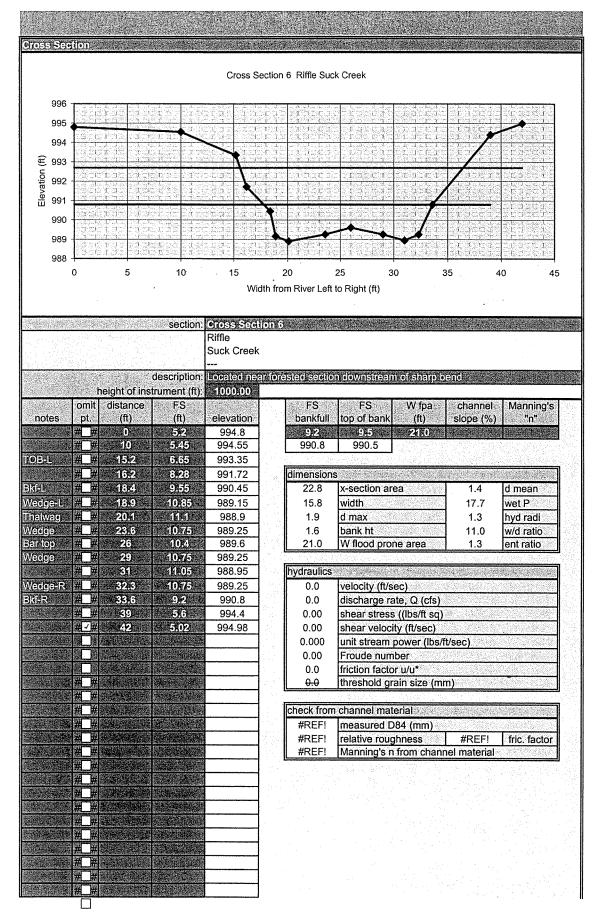
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Suck Creek											=							E		= = = =	ĒĒ		1000	t Item			bedro	%0
Suck Creek								8			] -  -										[ ] 	1		Percen			lder	%
Suck Creek   ##								<b>B</b>										1				1	g	•			pon	0
Suck Creek   Suc												=	=					E			ŧΞ	1	1 D	rcent		)e	pple	%(
Suck Creek   Suc								10000000000000000000000000000000000000			[		Ι.					F		 		I		ve Pe		ate ty	8	
Suck Creek   Suc								中国			-								-			†	d	ımulat		substr	ravel	34%
Suck Creek   Suc							~	曜						Ξ				E				*	4	® CC		ent by	ĝ	
Suck Creek							Creek	-						3							•	•		-	]	Perce	sand	14%
Suck Creek							Suck	100000	<b>19</b>	- 101		1	- 101	127	= -				•				_					
Suck Creek							Count,			1 1 1 1						100		2		<b>◆</b> =			<del>-</del>				silt/cla	2%
Suck Creek							epple (			1 -				-	- -	 		-  -		 	•							
Suck Creek							iffle Pe									-						1		(mm)	,		D95	23
Suck Creek   Suc	1t,						œ					Ξ		=		I :		Ē					•	e Size		1	4	
Suck Creek   Suc	Cour			no							-  -  -		-					Ē	1					Partic		n (mr	. D8	16
Count  3  4  4  5  7  100%  10	Pebble	Creek		- Secti	1			100															•			ss tha	09	0
Count  3  4  4  5  7  100%  10	Riffle	Suck		Uppel	yuea									Ξ Ξ				Ē			‡ = = = = =	‡	C	•		cent le	D	9.
Count  3  4  4  5  7  100%  10			y, fi		Note:						† :-   :-				+ +						  -  -					ze per	35	05
Count  1																	1,42						5			Si	D	7.
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00.00 00		mm)	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	-	7	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	90	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096		Total Particle Count:
Partici		nge (r		~																							31 31	Partic
Size Range (mm) 0 0.062 0.062 0.13 0.25 0.25 0.05 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		ize Ra	0	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	<b>~</b> -	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	90	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048		Total
	11			and	and	and	and	and	avel	avel	avel	avel	avel	avel	avel	avel	lave	alqu	aple	ple	ple	der	der	der	lder	der	Š	
Satisfies Count  Material  Silt/Clay  very fine sand fine sand medium sand coarse sand fine gravel fine gravel fine gravel fine gravel fine gravel medium gravel coarse gravel coarse gravel soarse gravel	e Cou	Aateria	ilt/clay	fine s	fine s	fium s	arse s	arse s	ine gra	ine gra	ine gra	um gra	um gra	rse gra	rse gra	rse gra	rse gra	all cot	yoo mr	ge cot	ge cot	all bou	noq III	m bou	le bou	le bou	bedr	
Riffie Rebible Count  Material  Silt/clay  Very fine sand  Medium sand  Coarse sand  Very coarse sand  Very fine gravel  fine gravel  fine gravel  medium gravel  coarse gravel  coarse gravel  small cobble  medium cobble  large cobble  small boulder  small boulder  small boulder  large boulder  large boulder  bedrock	Pebbl		S	very		mec	S	ery co	very f	-	+	medi	medi	COa	coa	ry coa	ry coa	Sm	medit	lar	ery lar	Sms	sms	mediu	larg	ry larg		
N SO N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Riffle							Ś					in			Ve	ve				۶			_		ve		

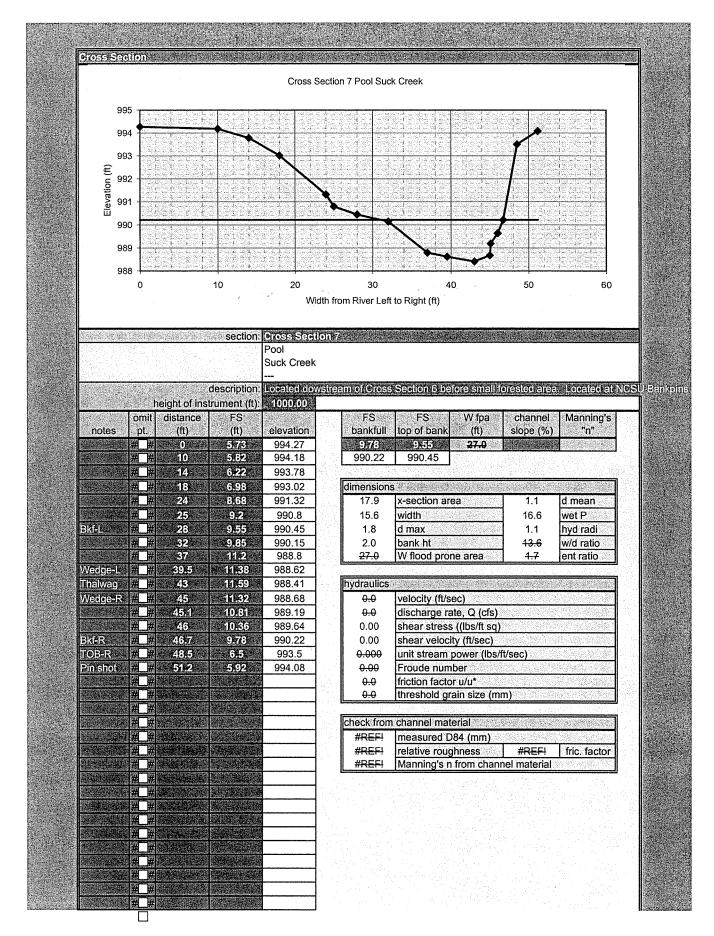
																						70000	-a- Cumulative Percent	A Dieneral Hans	Percent by substrate type	gravel   cobble   boulder   bedrock	52% 2% 0% 6%
						Suck Creek	事事	7																	Percent by s	sand	34% 5.
						Pool Pebble Count, Suck Creek															•	- 5				D95 silt/clay	43 6%
e Count;	7		tion			Pool									<b>                                    </b>				<b>*</b>		•	- *	Particle Size (mm)		an (mm)	D84 D	23 4
Pool Pebble Count.	Suck Creek		Upper Section	Note:									I C						\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		• •	- 6			Size percent less than (mm)	D20	5.6
				ž			100%			%08		iųĮ	%00g		ing System	% O+5	₩30%	7000	2	10%	%O		0.0		Size	D16 D35	0.43
		##	#	##	##	#	* *	##	##	##	##	**	##	##	##	# #	##	##	#	##	##	##	##	##	##	#	0
	Count	San San San	Section 1	7	7.	2			3	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	7.	3	4	3	3	1		1					100			3	50
	Je (mm)	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	90	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096		Total Particle Count:
	Size Range (mm)	0	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	- 256	362	512	1024	2048		Total Pa
Pool Pebble Count	Material	silt/clay	very fine sand	fine sand	medium sand	coarse sand	very coarse sand	very fine gravel	fine gravel	fine gravel	medium gravel	medium gravel	coarse gravel	coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	small cobble	medium cobble	large cobble	very large cobble	small boulder	small boulder	medium boulder	large boulder	very large boulder	bedrock	

	ľ							<del>)</del>	*****																Š	Γ.
							( - ( -														10000	Percent Item			boulder   bedrock	%0   %0
			100																		1000	•		type	copple   pc	1%
							i I													•	100	B - Cumulative Percent		Percent by substrate type	gravel	91%
					ck Creek			Ł			= : = : = :							• •				L		Percent	sand	8%
					Pebble Count, Suck Creek										11.00		**************************************				10	•			sittclay	%0
					Pebbl																<b>~</b>	Particle Size (mm)			D95	31
Pebble Count. Suck Creek		Jpper Section	ıment					- - - -				- b - b - b		-1- -1- -1-				  	-  -  -	]	•			s than (mm)	D84	23
Pebble Cou		Upper :	Note: Entrainment																	-	0.1			Size percent less than (mm)	5 D50	7 10.5
10			N			100%	-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\	<del>    %</del> 06	**************************************	```	% % O	± %00	→ %0º		66 40%	÷	70%	2	10%	→ %0	0.01			Size	6 D35	59 8.37
	<u> </u>	#.	#	#	#.	T##	,	<b>*</b>	# :	ů	ey.	er J	·ine	Will Calle	052.540	(C. 14.10)	2007	##		#	#	#	##	#	D16	4.759
Count		#	# - 1	# 24.00	9	2	2	# 2	7	7.1	9)	# (9)	18	#	# 8	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	#	100
te (mm)	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	90	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096	100	Total Particle Count:
Size Range (mm)	lo	0.062	0.13	0.25		1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048		Total Part
Pebble Count Material	silt/clay	very fine sand	fine sand	medium sand	coarse sand	very coarse sand	very fine gravel	fine gravel	fine gravel	medium gravel	medium gravel	coarse gravel	coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	small cobble	medium cobble	large cobble	very large cobble	small boulder	small boulder	medium boulder	large boulder	very large boulder	bedrock	



Reference Reach				estalling.
and the contract of the contract of the contract of	Suck Creek			
Watershed:	Laurag Canti			
. 31	Lower Section			
Latitude: Longitude:				
County:				
Date:				
Observers:				
Channel Type:				
Drainage Area (sq mi):	•••			
Dimension		4.		111
		typical	min	max
Riffle:	x-area bankfull	22.8		
	width bankfull	15.8	(1) Market K	Mary Walls
	hydraulic radius max depth	1.3 1.9	r or eparts	Tel Rice
	bank ht	1.6		
	width flood prone area	21.0		
	mean depth	1.44	1000	
Pool:	x-area pool	17.9	in a feat	a desirable
	width pool	15.6		
	hydraulic radius	1.1		
	max depth pool	1.8		Tile de la
	bank ht	2		W 1000 A
Run:	x-area run			**************************************
	width run			ucija ka
	hydraulic radius		A GROSSING	ere Garante de la
	max depth run			
Glide:	bank ht			
JIIUC.	x-area glide width glide	ar early for		
	max depth glide			
Dimensionless Ratios:		typical	min	max
	Width/Depth Ratio	10.9		
	Entrenchment Ratio	1.3	r (cylede)	144.200.10
	Riffle Max Depth Ratio	1.3		
	Pool Area Ratio	0.8		
	Pool Width Ratio	1.0	****	
	Pool Max Depth Ratio	1.2		
	Bank Height Ratio	0.8	<b>"但是我们</b>	
	Run Area Ratio			
	Run Width Ratio			
	Run Max Depth Ratio			
	Glide Area Ratio			
	Glide Width Ratio			
The street of th	Glide Max Depth Ratio			
Hydraulics:	channel alara (n)	riffle	pool	run
	channel slope (%)	0.470		
	discharge rate, Q (cfs)	0.0	0.0	Abolehio (Aliaka)
choor otroce	velocity (ft/sec)	0.0	0.0 0.528	
આવતા આવડક	@ max depth (lbs/ft sq) shear stress (lbs/ft sq)	0.381	0.328	
	and the second of the second o			
	shear velocity (ft/sec)	0.444	0.408	
unit of	stream power (lbs/sec) tream power (lbs/ft/sec)			
unit S	relative roughness	#REF!	#REF!	#REF!
	friction factor u/u*	0.0	0.0	#NEF!
	size @ max depth (mm)	35	33	
threshold arain s				
	reshold grain size (mm)	23	19	





	130								E								ES				= 1		E a		10000	Glide			bedrock	40/
									-					7											0	*- Run	, ,		boulder	
																								1	1000	- Pood -		ate type	cobble	
																							-  -  -		100	- Riffle		Percent by substrate type	gravel	
								k Creek														  -•		4		Percent Item		Percen	sand	
						-		Pebble Count, Suck Creek			- \  		<u>`</u> }		\ 		<u> </u>			<b>1</b>		• = = = = •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9	*			silt/clay	
								Pebble (										1				- <u>†</u>	\$ - \$ - \$ -	- -	<b>-</b>	Cumulative Percent				
		unt,	~		tion									7				-				•		-  -  -  -  -		-Cumi		an (mm)	D84	
		Pebble Count	Suck Creek	-	Lower Section													/	•	\  \		<u>_</u>	•		0.1	(mm)	,	Size percent less than (mm)	D20	
						Note:													E						_	Particle Size (mm)		Size per	D35	
									100%	/000	0/06	80%	100	- %0/	- %09	u	S S S E U	₩ 40%	oui-	1 Ju	£ 20%	Pel	10%	- %0	0.01	Ц.			D16	
	t Run:	Glide:		#	##	# #	#	#	#	#	##	#	##	#	#	#	#	##	##	#	#	##	#	#	# # 	#	# # 	#		Ī
	Percent Run:	Percent Glide:	Total #	12.0	7.0	17.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	18.0	11.0	14.0	4.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	100	
			(mm)	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096		Weighted Count:	
mt	50	50	Size Range (mm)	0	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5		2	4	9	82	11	16	22	32	45	64	90	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048		Weigh	
ghted Pebble Cou	Percent Riffle:	Percent Pool:	Material	silt/clay	very fine sand	fine sand	medium sand	coarse sand	very coarse sand	very fine gravel	fine gravel	fine gravel	medium gravel	medium gravel	coarse gravel	coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	small cobble	medium cobble	large cobble	very large cobble	small boulder	small boulder	medium boulder	large boulder	very large boulder	bedrock		

Riffle Pebble Count				77	- 1 - 1 - 1	Riffle Pebble Count	ile Count,					5	7	
Material	Size Range (mm)	lm)	Count			Suck Creek	×							
silt/clay	0	0.062	2 ‡	##		-								
very fine sand	0.062	0.13	Ŀ	##		Lower Section	tion							
fine sand	0.13	0.25	+ 2	##	Note:		The second second						ent a train	
medium sand	0.25	0.5	# American	##										
coarse sand	0.5	1	1	# #				Riffle Pebbl	Riffle Pebble Count, Suck Creek	uck Creek				
very coarse sand	_	2	4	## 100%	Te, thousand programs		Thorse Appendix Todalette	A Section of the section of the	Tara tara	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		中華中華	<b>8</b>	
very fine gravel	2	4	2	##				 		- - -				
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fine gravel	9	8	# 17 47	%08 ##	-									= [
medium gravel		11	# 17.07	##	# - T T								  	1111
medium gravel	11	16	# 125	₽ Pu # #	7 - 2 - 3 -									
coarse gravel	16	22	0)	%09° ##					\ <b>1</b>					
coarse gravel	22	32	4	##										
very coarse gravel		45	# 15 48 5 5 5	# #										
very coarse gravel	45	64	£	##										
small cobble		06	*	##										=   =
medium cobble	06	128	*	##										
large cobble	128	180	15	%07 ##	  0.				- - - -					
very large cobble	180	256	*	# # 10%	1				•					Ī
small boulder	256	362	#	%U ##			 - •			•				
small boulder	362	512	1	%) ##	_		. `	· -	- 5				•	- [
medium boulder	512	1024	# (** ) ** ** ** *	##	0.0	<del>-</del> .	Particle Size (mm)	(mm)	2		B Cumulative Percent	/e Percent	◆ Percer	Percent Item V
large boulder	1024	2048		##										
very large boulder	2048	4096	# 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	##	Size pe	Size percent less than (mm)	lan (mm)			Percent	Percent by substrate type	te type		
bedrock			#	£ D16	D35	D20	D84	D95	silt/day	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
	Total Particle Count:	Count	50	4.579	99.8	10.3	19	27	4%	%9	%06	%0	%0	%0

					7100			272													00001		7		<del>X</del>	\ %
- 1 - 1																E					100	nt			bedrock	%6
			10000000000000000000000000000000000000							-									 	•	0	-a-Cumulative Percent	Henry		boulder	%U
																E		= = = = = = = =			1000	-Cumulat	Demont	type	cobble	%0
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en ofi e			e.		uck Cree	7													•_ •_	•				Perc	pues	1001
					Pool Pebble Count, Suck Creek	- E47 E47 E47		<u>`</u>		1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2									•	•	10	2			silt/day	/000
					Pool Pebbl	5.000 per 6.000 per					 I -							  		1		(mm)			D95	24
Sount,		_				ACCEPTABLE IN															•	Particle Size (mm)		(mm)	D84	,
Pool Pebble Count, Suck Creek		ower Section				Telefort Section 193	1111			11.01		<b>\</b>	\ ====================================	1111	<b>, ja</b> [1] [1]		 	 •			0.1			Size percent less than (mm)	D20	
н 0			Note:				1 - 1 - 1																	Size perc	D35	040
						100%	7000	P 00	₩08	→ %02E	: : : : : :		→ %05 <u>T</u>	in:	901 5 5	₩30% ₩	30%	2	10%	<b>-</b>   %	0.01			200	D16	44444
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mm)	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096		1.1.1.1
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		very fine sand	fine sand	medium sand	coarse sand	e sand	gravel	fine gravel	fine gravel	gravel	ı gravel	coarse gravel	coarse gravel	gravel	gravel	small cobble	copple	large cobble	copple	small boulder	small boulder	ponider	large boulder	poulder	bedrock	
Pool Pebble Gount Material	silt/	very fin	Ш	mediu	coars	very coarse sand	very fine gravel	fine	fine	medium gravel	medium gravel	coarse	coarse	very coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	small	medium cobble	large	very large cobble	small t	small t	medium boulder	large t	very large boulder	q	

						*****								27	Ŧ						10000		Item			bedrock	%0
								2:	-									  			1000		<ul> <li>Percent Item</li> </ul>			boulder	%0
							1					1.									10		/e Percent		ate type	elqqoo	2%
									111 1 1 1 2			1.1.1.1.1						111111		•	100		-個- Cumulative Percent		Percent by substrate type	gravel	93%
						<b>Suck Creek</b>			<b>)</b>			1		<b>\</b>			- •	•	<b>\</b> -		10	!			Perce	sand	3%
						Pebble Count, Suck Creek	35 St 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		1.											•						silt/clay	2%
						Pebb			01:11			1. F1 F14							- 12		-		rarucie Size (mini)		(	D95	31
Pebble Count	reek		ower Section	intent															1		0.1		rarice		Size percent less than (mm	D84	22
Pebble	Suck Creek	-	Lower	Note: Sufrailment																4		,			percent les	. D50	12.5
				Ž			100%	, , ,	%08 %08	80%	%02	/000	% OO	20%	40%	30%		%07 %07	10% —	  -   %0	0.01				Size	3 D35	8 9.78
		##	##	###	##	##	##	# #	#.				# #			# GLC		#.	##	#	#	##	##	##	##	# D16	7.268
-	Count	2		2	<b></b>		100 may 100 mg	3	4	. 9	-IZ	-15	77	747	T.	T.	1		16								100
	ge (mm)	0.062	0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	64	06	128	180	256	362	512	1024	2048	4096		Total Particle Count:
ار. احاد	Size Range (mm)	0	1 0.062	1 0.13	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	9	8	11	16	22	32	45	9 64	90	128	180	r 256	r 362	r 512	1024	2048	) 	Total Pan
Pebble Count	Material	silVclay	very fine sand	fine sand	medium sand	coarse sand	very coarse sand	very fine gravel	fine gravel	fine gravel	medium gravel	medium gravel	coarse gravel	coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	very coarse gravel	small cobble	medium cobble	large cobble	very large cobble	small boulder	small boulder	medium boulder	large boulder	very large boulder	bedrock	

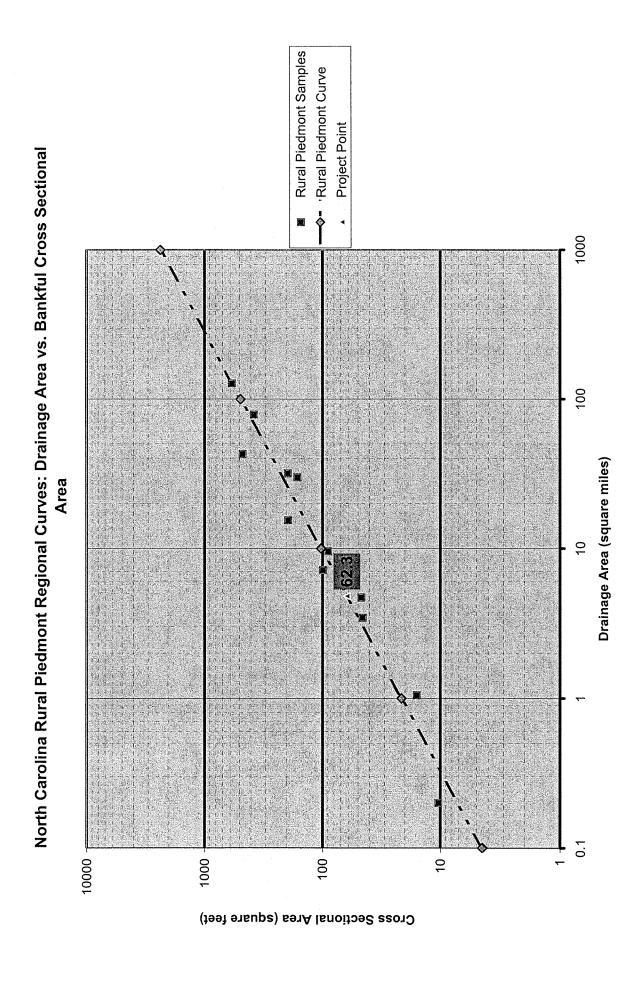
#### **MORPHOLOGY CHARACTERISTICS**

Restoration Site: Suck Creek USGS Station: N/A Reference Reach: Reference Reach I: Richland Creek, Reference Reach II: Suck Creek Upstream of Project Area

Stream Type (Rosgen)     Drainage Area (sq. mile)     Bankfull Width		G4> F4	1	_					1	
Drainage Area (sq. mile)     Bankfull Width			1	C4		C4	1	B4	1	C4
3. Bankfull Width		4.8		4.8		1.0		4.8		4.8
	Меал:	13.9	Меал:	20.0	Mean:	16.5	Mean:	17.0	Mean:	23.5
(W <sub>bkf</sub> )	Range:	12.3 - 15.8	Range:	15 - 20	Range:	16.2 - 16.7	Range:	15 - 20	Range:	
4. Bankfull Mean depth (d <sub>bbl</sub> )	Mean;	1.1 1.0 - 1.4	Mean:	1.5 1.2 - 1.8	Mean:	0.9 .99	Mean: Range:	1.3 1.2 - 1.8	Mean;	2.5
аөріп (а <sub>ым</sub> ) 5. Width/Depth Ratio	Range: Mean:	12.6	Range:	13.3	Range: Mean:	17.8	Range: Mean:	1.2 - 1.8	Range: Mean:	9.4
(W bit/d bit)	Range:	8.8 - 15.8	Mean: Range:	8.3 - 16.7	Range:	17.5 - 18.0	Range;	8.3 - 16.7	Range:	9.4
6. Bankfull cross-sectional	Mean:	16.5	Mean:	29.5	Mean:	15.2	Mean:	22.1	Mean:	63.0
Area (A Mr.)	Ranga;	12.8 - 22.8	Range:	18 - 36	Range:	15.0 - 15.2	Renge:	18 - 36	Range:	00,0
7. Bankfull Mean Velocity	Mean;		Mean:		Mean:	5.4	меал:		Mean;	4.4
(VbH)	Range:		Range:		Range:	5.05-5.81	Range;		Range:	
8. Bankfull Discharge, cfs	Меап:	•	Мевп:	•	Меап:	82.5	Меап:	-	Mean:	279.6
(Q <sub>bM</sub> )	Range:		Range:		Range:	75.8-88.3	Range:		Range:	
9. Bankfull Maximum Depth	Mean:	1.6	Мевп:	2.2	Мевп:	1.5	Mean:	2.0	Mean:	-
(d <sub>max</sub> )	Range:	1.3 - 1.5	Range:	1.8-2.9	Range:	1.4 - 1.5	Range:	1.9 - 2.1	Range:	
10. Max d <sub>ritt</sub> /d <sub>bM</sub>	Mean:	1.4	Мвап:	1.5	Mean:	1.6	Mean:	-	Меап:	•
ratio	Range:	1.3 - 1.5	Range:	1.1 - 1.8	Range:	1.1 - 1.6	Range:		Range:	
11. Low Bank Height to max	Mean:	1.8	Mean:	1.0	Mean:	1.0	Mean;	-	Mean:	-
d <sub>bkl</sub> ratio	Range:	1.1 - 2.3	Range:	1.0 - 1.2	Range:		Range:		Range:	
12. Width of Flood Prone Area (W tos)	Mean:	19.3 18.0 - 21.0	Mean:	64.0 60-66	Mean:	51.7 50 - 53.3	Mean: Range:	•	Mean:	-
13. Entrenchment Ratio	Range: Mean:	18.0 - 21.0	Range: Mean:	3.2	Range: Mean:	3.2	Mean:	1.5	Range: Mean:	5.3
(W <sub>los</sub> W <sub>bk</sub> )	Range:	1.3 - 1.4	Range:	3.0 - 3.3	Range:	3.0 - 3.3	Range:	1.3 - 1.6	Range:	2.7-31.6
14. Meander Length	Mean:	99.5	Mean:	180.0	Mean:	92.0	Mean:	7.3 - 7.0	Mean:	2.7-31.0
(L <sub>m</sub> )	Range:	75 - 129	Range:	112-280	Range:	90 - 94	Range:		Range:	
15. Relio of Meander Length to	Меап:	7.2	Mean:	9.0	Mean:	5.6	Mean:	<del></del>	Mean:	
Bankfull Width (L <sub>m</sub> /W <sub>bkl</sub> )	Ranga:	4,7 - 10.5	Range:	5.6 - 14.0	Range:	0.0	Range;		Range:	9-14
16. Radius of Curvature	Меап:	38.0	Mean:	50.0	Mean:	19,0	Меал:	-	Mean:	-
(R <sub>c</sub> )	Range:	24.4-52.0	Range;	24-60	Range:	14 - 26	Range:		Range;	
17. Ratio of Radius of Curvature	Mean:	2.7	Mean:	2.5	Мвап:	1.2	Мевл:	•	Mean:	-
to Bankfull Width (R M M)	Range:	1.5 - 4.2	Range:	1.2- 3.0	Range:	.87 - 1.59	Range:		Range;	2.5-3
18. Bell Width	Mean:	25.0	Меап:	80.0	Меал:	31.0	Mean:	-	Меап:	-
(W <sub>b</sub> )	Range:	15 - 35	Range:	30-400	Range:	25 - 40	Range:		Range:	
19. Meander Width Ratio	Mean:	1.8	Меап:	4.0	Mean:	1.9	Mean:	-	Mean:	•
(W bi /W bil)	Range:	1.1 - 2.5	Range:	1.52 - 20	Range:	1.52 - 2.43	Range:		Range:	
20. Sinuosity (k)	İ	1.2	Mean:	1.6 1.2 - 1.75	İ	1.2	1		Mean;	1.9 1.43-2.
(Stream Length / Valley Length) 21. Valley Stope (Sv <sub>elley</sub> )	├──	1.2	Range:	1.2 - 1.75		1.2	<del> </del>		Range:	1.43-2.1
(ft/ft)	1	0.0040	1	0.0040	İ	0.0136	1	-		
22. Average Siream Slope	<del> </del>		Mean;	0.003			<del>                                     </del>	<del></del>	Mean;	0.005
$(S_{avg}) = (S_{valley}/k)$	İ	0.0030	Range:	.0025003	ŀ	0.0133	l	0.0180	Range:	.000110
23. Riffle Slope	Mean:	0.0106	Mean:	0.0050	Меап:	0.03	Меап:		Mean:	•
(S <sub>rdf</sub> )	Range:	0 - 1.6	Range:	.00450096	Range;	.014041	Range:		Range:	
24. Ratio of Riffle Slope to Avg.	Мевп:	3.5	Меап:	2.0	Меап:	2,4	Меап;	<del></del>	Mean:	-
Slope (S <sub>rille</sub> /S <sub>erg</sub> )	Range:	0-3.5	Range:	1.8 - 3.2	Range:		Range:		Range:	1.5-2
25. Pool Slope	Mean:	0.0020	Mean:	0.0006	Mean:	0.0005	Mean:		Меап:	-
(S <sub>pool</sub> )	Range:	.0003003	Range:	0.00009 - 0.0012	Range:	.00014	Range:		Range:	
26. Ralio of Pool Slope to Avg.	Меап;	0.7	Меап:	0.200	Mean:	0.0338	Mean:	•	Mean;	-
Slope (Spool/Savg)	Range:	.1-1	Range:	.0364	Range:		Range:		Renge:	.23
27. Maximum Pool	Mean:	1.7	Mean:	4.5	Mean:	2.5	Mean:	•	Mean;	-
Depth (d pool)	Range:	1.3 - 1.9	Range:	3.9 - 6.3	Range:		Range:		Range:	
28. Ratio of Pool Depth to Avg.	Mean:	1.5 0.9 - 1.9	Mean:	3.0	Mean:	2.8	Мевп:	•	Mean:	3.0
Depth (d pool/d avg)	Range:		Range:	2.6-4.2	Range;		Range:		Renge:	2.5-3.5
29. Pool Widlh (W ∞ol)	Mean: Range:	11.8 9.4 - 15.6	Меал: Range:	26.0 14-34	Mean: Range:	11.1	Mean: Range:	-	Mean: Range:	-
(W pool) 30. Ralio of Pool Width to	Kange: Mean:	9.4 - 15.6	Mean;	1,3	Range: Mean:	0.7	Mean:		Капде: Меал:	1.5
Bankfull Width (W mal/W bh)	Ranga:	0.6 - 1.3	Range;	0.7 - 1.7	мвал. Range;	V.7	меан: Кепде:	-	мвал: Range:	1.3-1.7
R1. Ratio of Pool Area to	Mean:	0.8	Mean:	1.2	Mean:	1.3	Mean:		Меал:	1.5-1.1
Bankfull Area (A pool/A bkr)	Range:	0.8 - 0.8	Range:	*.2	Range:	1.5	Range:	=	Range:	-
32. Pool to Pool Spacing	Mean:	95.9	Mean:	100.0	Mean:	76.3	Mean:		Mean:	
(p - p)	Renge:	37 - 246	Range:	60-140	Range.	37.3 - 95.8	Range:	•	Range:	-
33. Ratio of Pool to Pool Spacing	Мевп:	6.9	Mean:	5.0	Mean:	4.6	Меап:	•	Меал:	
to Bankfull Width (p-p/Wbkf)	Range:	2.3 - 20 Bankfull field indica	Range:	3.0 - 7.0	Range:	2.26 - 5.82	Range:		Range:	5-7

Note: Q and V values likely high due to upstream impoundments. V calculated from Mannings and  $u/u^*$ .

## Appendix B Piedmont Regional Curves



Rural Piedmont Samples 'Rural Piedmont Curve **Project Point** 1000 100 Drainage Area (square miles) 0.1 1000 100 9 Cross Sectional Area (square feet)

North Carolina Rural Piedmont Regional Curves: Drainage Area vs. Bankful Width

Rural Piedmont Samples Rural Piedmont Curve **Project Point** 10 Cross Sectional Area (square feet)

Drainage Area (square miles)

North Carolina Rural Piedmont Regional Curves: Drainage Area vs. Bankful Depth

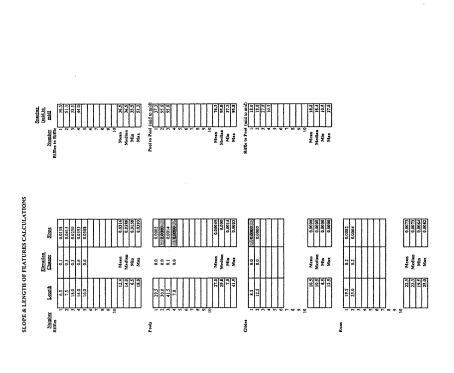
Rural Piedmont Samples 'Rural Piedmont Curve **Project Point** 1000 100 Drainage Area (square miles) 10000 1000 100 10 Cross Sectional Area (square feet)

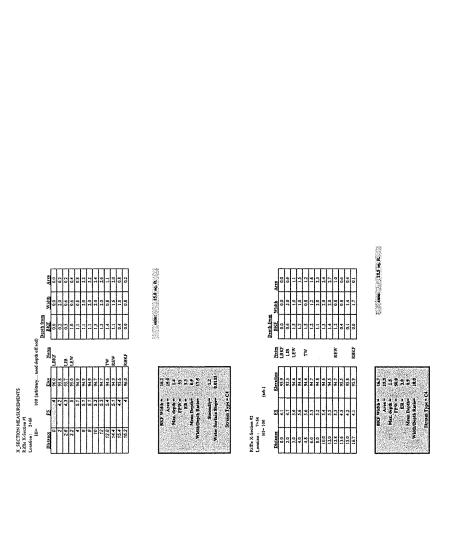
North Carolina Rural Piedmont Regional Curves: Drainage Area vs. Bankful Discharge

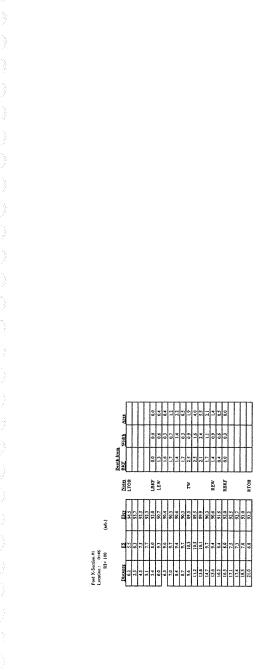
### Appendix C Reference Reach 1 Data – Offsite

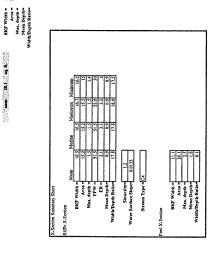
| Streng Name | Robinst Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek | Reduction Creek

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	Mid Feature Location, E-	8.8	23.8			42.3	61.0		80.3	93.5	112.3	129.0	156.8		200		_	_	183.8	0.861	218.5	242.0	252.5		
	4	-		_									381											_	
		L				L	L		_	L	L	L	106.03 TP Now taking TP3 ERI											_	
	Netes	TR	£		MP	Ľ	ı	Ϋ́	10	1,1	Tetan	Ĕ	TP Now	MP	100				16	T.R	Fruo	TR.	£	ΜЪ	TR
	RTOB Elec.							105.67 MP					106.0				104.33								
	RIOR							7.5					2.9				4.6								
	1708 Elec-							107.07		106.47	105.07									103,93					
	LTOB					ľ		6.1		6.7	1.8									5					
	IB Elev.		104.67			104.47		104.97		104,37	ľ		103.23							108.93		102.33			
	IB (FS)	-	8.5			8.7	l	8.2	ŀ	8.8	-		5.7				-		-			9.9			
	BKF Elev.	104.9	105.2	103.01	105.2	r	l	-		105.0		104.4	103.8	_	l		103.7	103.7	103.6						
00.001	REKE.	8.3	6,0	8.2	8.0	-	-		-	8.2	-	8.8	5.1	-	-		5.2	2.2	5.3	-			-		
BM EL- ERROR-	BKE Elex.	194.5	-	-	113.2	105.1	105.0		105.0	104.9	104.5			6.601	103.9	103.7	l			103.9	1.63.1	102.9	101.9	6 101	101.9
	E GEST	5.3	-	ŀ	r	2.5	8.2		8.2	2	8.7			5.0	5.0	5.2	ŀ			5.0	5.8	6.0	2.0	7.0	7.0
FS to BM~ 5.05	Water Surface Elex	104.08	103.99	103.95	103.95	103.98	103.67	103.72	103.72	103.73	103.28	103.12	102.57	102.58	102.61	102.52	102.50	102.52	102.51	102.51	68.101	101.73	100.69	100.70	100.71
ŭ.	Water Surface (ES)		9.18	9.22	9.72	9.19	9.50	9.45	9.45	4.6	68.6	10.05	96.3	6.35	6.32	6.41	6.43	6.41	6.42	6.47	20	7.20	8.24	8.23	8.22
		6.5	103.7	103.1	102.6	103.8	103.0	102.2	102.5	103.5	103.0	103.0	102.2	8.101	0.101	101.9	100.8	101.2	101.2	162.3	101.7	5 101	100.3	8.66	100.4
	Thand Wag																								
	Thawi Wag	9.3	9.5	101	9'01	9.4	10.2	11.0	10.4	9.7	10.2	10.2	6.7	7.1	7.9	7.0	4.1	7.7	7.7	9.9	7.2	7.4	9.8	9.1	8.5
	Distance	2.5	0.6	18.0	28.0	38.5	46.0	58.0	76.0	2,28	102.5	122.0	136.0	145.0	148.5	159.0	165.0	175.0	177.5	196.0	206.0	231.0	249.0	253.0	256.0









3223

sem: 20.1 sq. R.

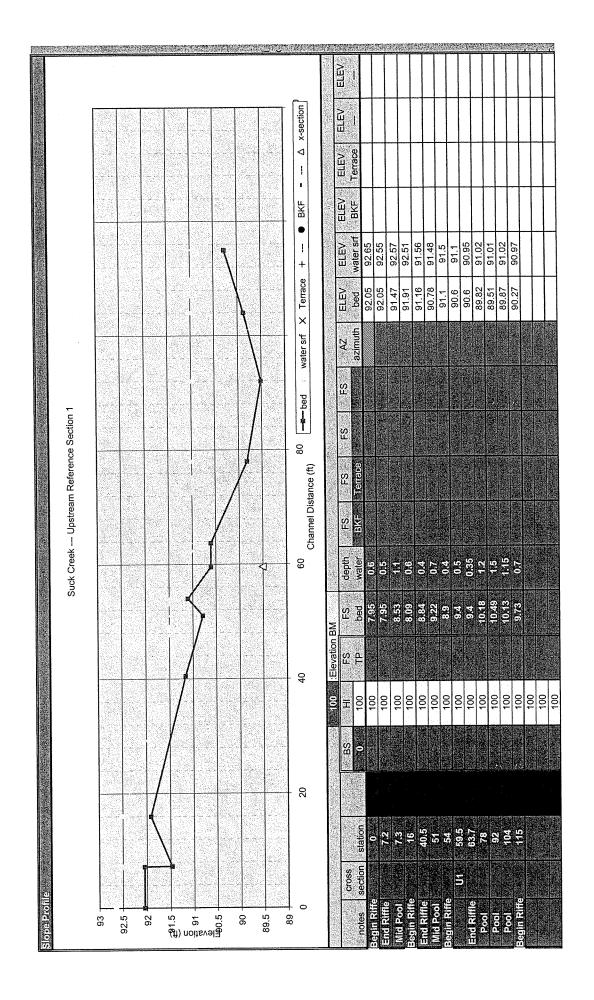
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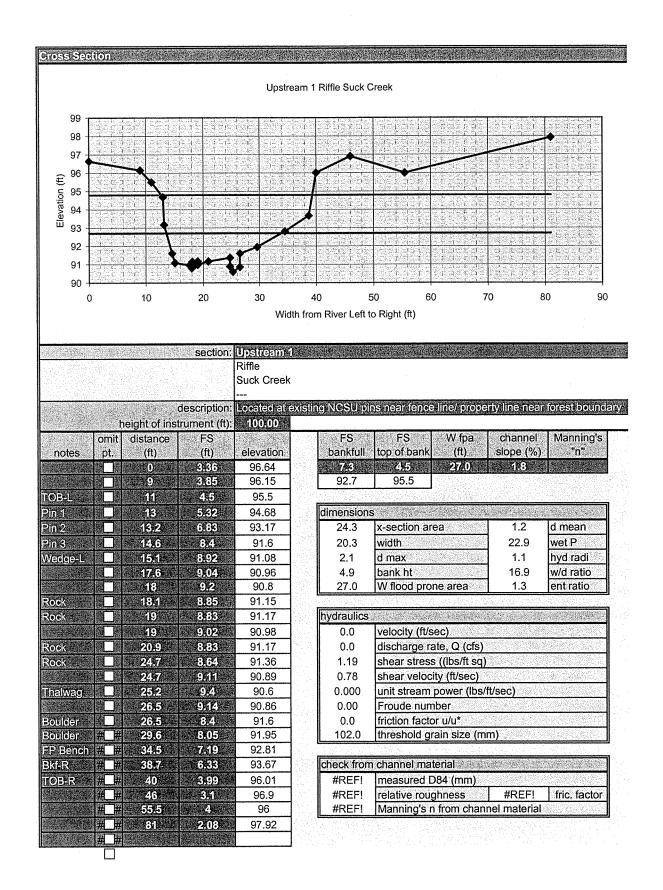
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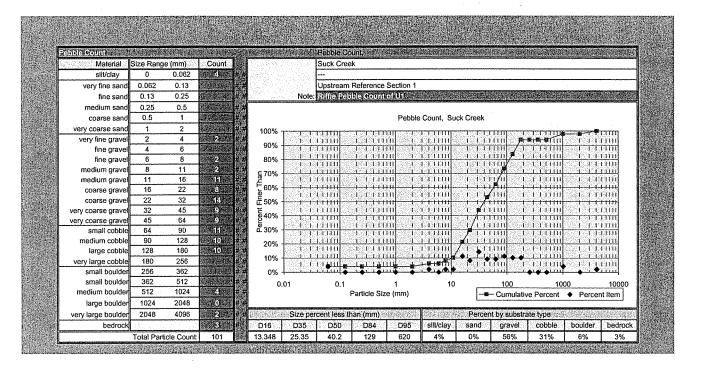
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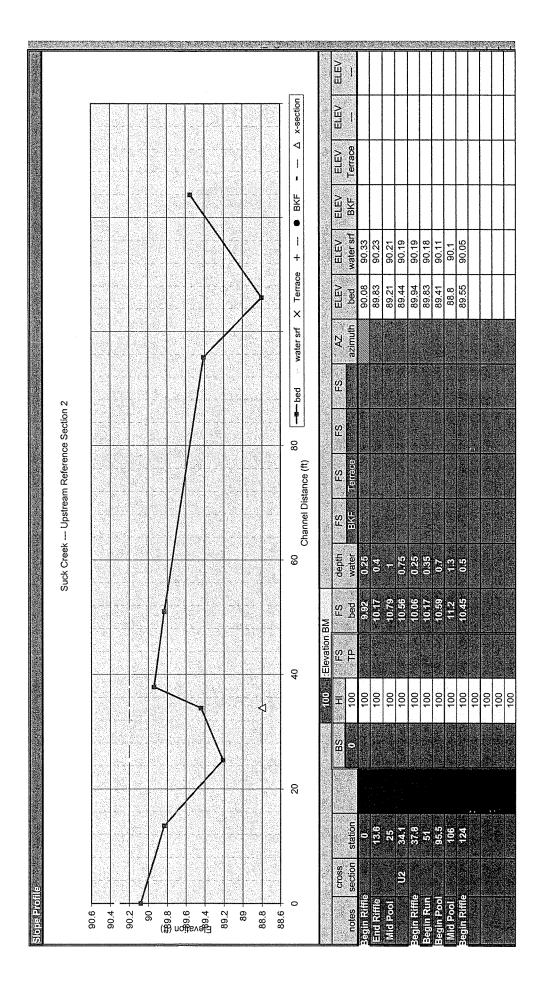
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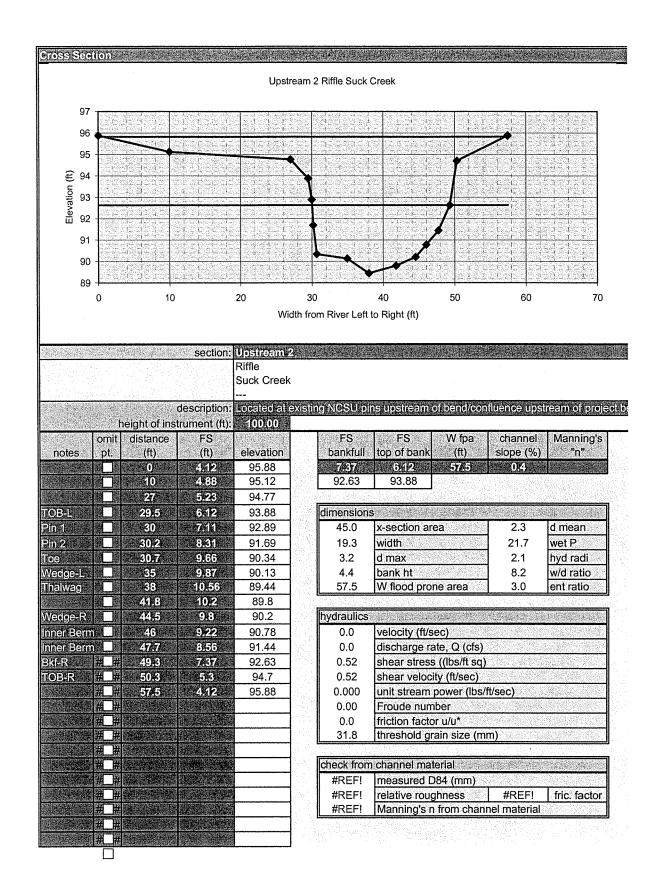
### Appendix D Reference Reach 2 Data – Onsite

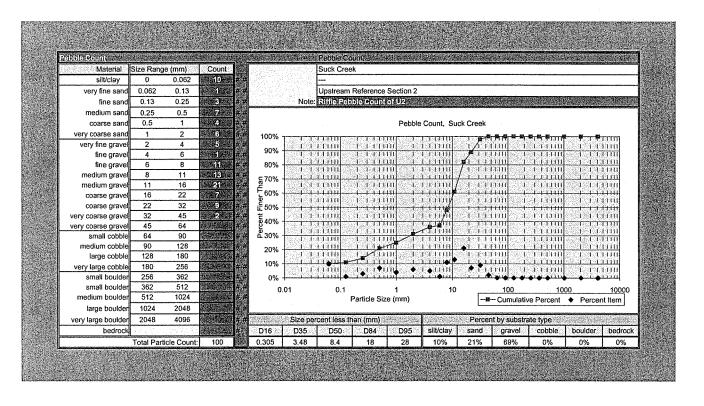


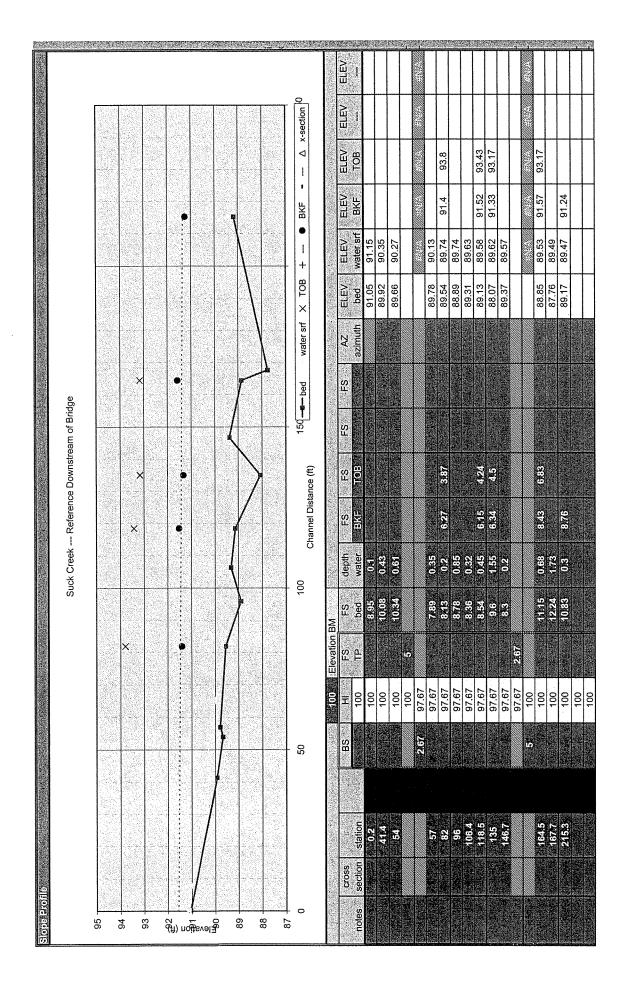


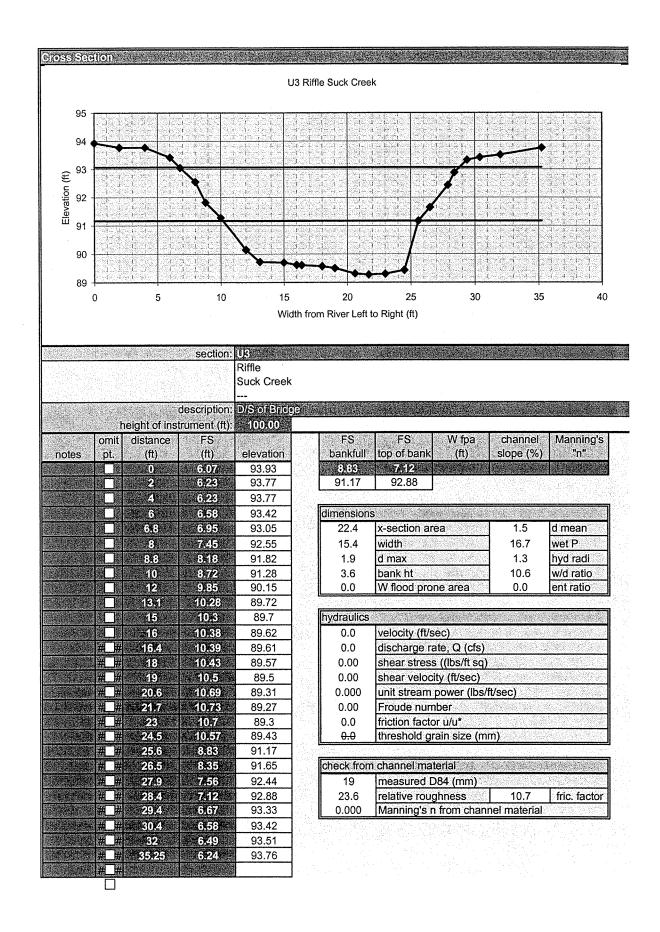


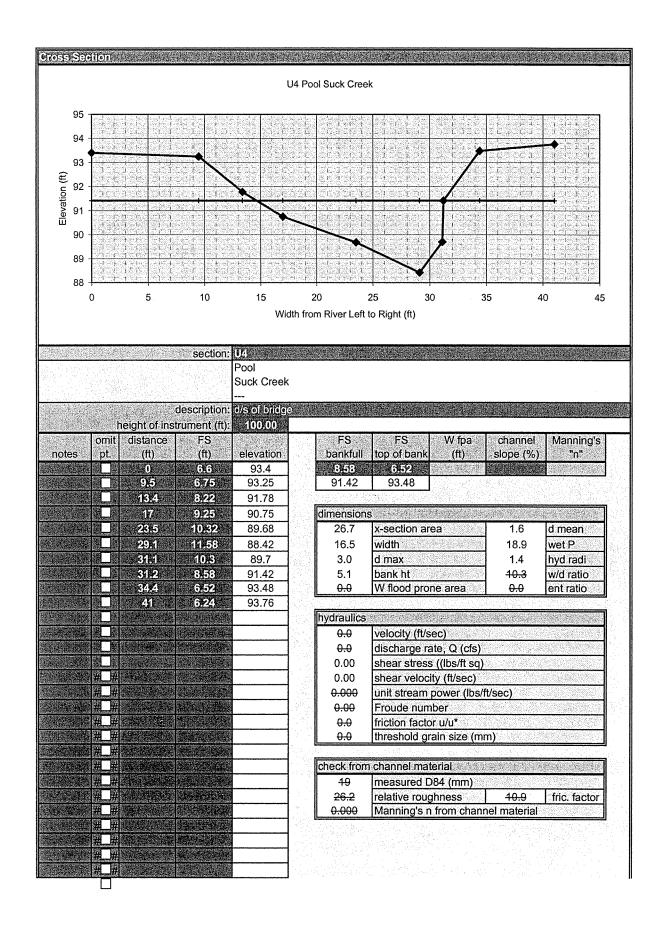


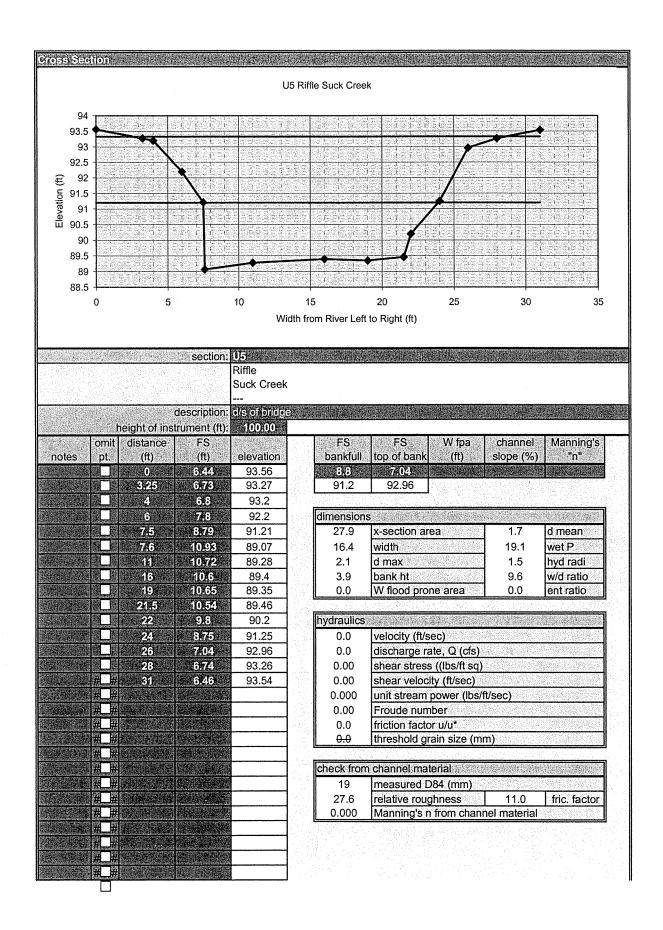












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Appendix E Site Photos



Project

Prepared by: Nghi Thieu

Client: NCDENR-Wetlands Restoration

Program

Job Number: 011795008

**Location:** Moore County, North Carolina **Page** 1 of 5



Photo 1a: View of the first 800 feet of the project reach near the first ford crossing, looking upstream.

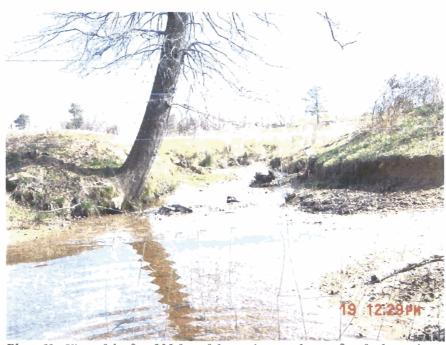


Photo lb: View of the first 800 feet of the project reach near first ford crossing, looking downstream.



Project

Prepared by: Nghi Thieu

Client: NCDENR-Wetlands Restoration

Program

**Job Number:** 011795008

Location: Moore County, North Carolina Page 2 of 5



**Photo 2:** Looking downstream from the project stream's upper section; woody vegetation is not present on stream.



**Photo 3:** Looking downstream from the project stream's lower section; woody vegetation is present on stream banks, but is falling in dun to erosion.



Project

Prepared by: Nghi Thieu

Client: NCDENR-Wetlands Restoration

Program

**Job Number:** 011795008

Location: Moore County, North Carolina

Page 3 of 5



**Photo 4:** Looking downstream of upper section of project stream; the stream channel is unstable due to denuded banks and hoof shear.



**Photo 5:** Looking upstream at the cross-section of the reference reach on Suck Creek upstream of the project, near the fence line of Robertson property. The Rosgen stream type is B4.



Project

Prepared by: Nghi Thieu

Client: NCDENR-Wetlands Restoration

Program

**Job Number:** 011795008

**Location:** Moore County, North Carolina **Page 4** of 5



Photo 6: Looking downstream from the cross-section of the reference reach on Suck Creek approximately 300 feet downstream of Beulah Hill Church Road. The Rosgen stream type is B4.



**Photo** 7: Looking downstream from cross section of 24 type reference reach located on Suck Creek upstream of project and located 325 feet downstream of Beulah Hill Church Road.



Project

Prepared by: Nghi Thieu

Client: NCDENR-Wetlands Restoration

Program

**Job Number:** 011795008

Location: Moore County, North Carolina Page 5 of 5



Photo 8: Looking upstream at the existing upstream ford crossing.

Appendix F EDR



## The EDR Radius Map with GeoCheck®

Suck Creek Richardson Rd Carthage, NC 28327

Inquiry Number: 747152.3s

March 19, 2002

## The Source For Environmental Risk Management Data

3530 Post Road Southport, Connecticut 06490

**Nationwide Customer Service** 

Telephone: 1-800-352-0050 Fax: 1-800-231-6802 Internet: www.edrnet.com

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Physical Setting Source Addendum	. <b>A-1</b>
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Physical Setting Source Records Searched	A-8

Thank you for your business.
Please contact EDR at 1-800-352-0050
with any questions or comments.

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A search of available environmental records was conducted by Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR). The report meets the government records search requirements of ASTM Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments, E 1527-00. Search distances are per ASTM standard or custom distances requested by the user.

#### TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

#### **ADDRESS**

RICHARDSON RD CARTHAGE, NC 28327

#### **COORDINATES**

Latitude (North):

35.330600 - 35° 19' 50.2"

Longitude (West):

79.539800 - 79° 32' 23.3"

Universal Tranverse Mercator: Zone 17 UTM X (Meters): UTM Y (Meters):

632715.4 3910486.0

#### USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP ASSOCIATED WITH TARGET PROPERTY

Target Property:

2435079-C5 ZION GROVE, NC

Source: USGS 7.5 min quad index

#### **TARGET PROPERTY SEARCH RESULTS**

The target property was not listed in any of the databases searched by EDR.

#### **DATABASES WITH NO MAPPED SITES**

No mapped sites were found in EDR's search of available ( "reasonably ascertainable ") government records either on the target property or within the ASTM E 1527-00 search radius around the target property for the following databases:

#### **FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD**

NPL..... National Priority List

Proposed NPL......Proposed National Priority List Sites

System

CERC-NFRAP...... CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned

CORRACTS...... Corrective Action Report

RCRIS-TSD...... Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System RCRIS-LQG...... Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System RCRIS-SQG...... Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System

ERNS..... Emergency Response Notification System

#### STATE ASTM STANDARD

SHWS...... Inactive Hazardous Sites Inventory SWF/LF....List of Solid Waste Facilities LUST\_\_\_\_\_\_ Incidents Management Database
UST\_\_\_\_\_ Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Database

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

AST Database

#### **FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL**

CONSENT..... Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees

ROD Records Of Decision

Delisted NPL National Priority List Deletions

FINDS\_\_\_\_\_Facility Index System/Facility Identification Initiative Program Summary Report

HMIRS..... Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System

MLTS..... Material Licensing Tracking System

MINES..... Mines Master Index File NPL Liens Federal Superfund Liens PADS...... PCB Activity Database System

TRIS..... Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System

TSCA..... Toxic Substances Control Act

FTTS......FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, &

Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)

#### STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

NC HSDS..... Hazardous Substance Disposal Site IMD\_\_\_\_\_ Incident Management Database

#### **EDR PROPRIETARY HISTORICAL DATABASES**

Coal Gas ...... Former Manufactured Gas (Coal Gas) Sites

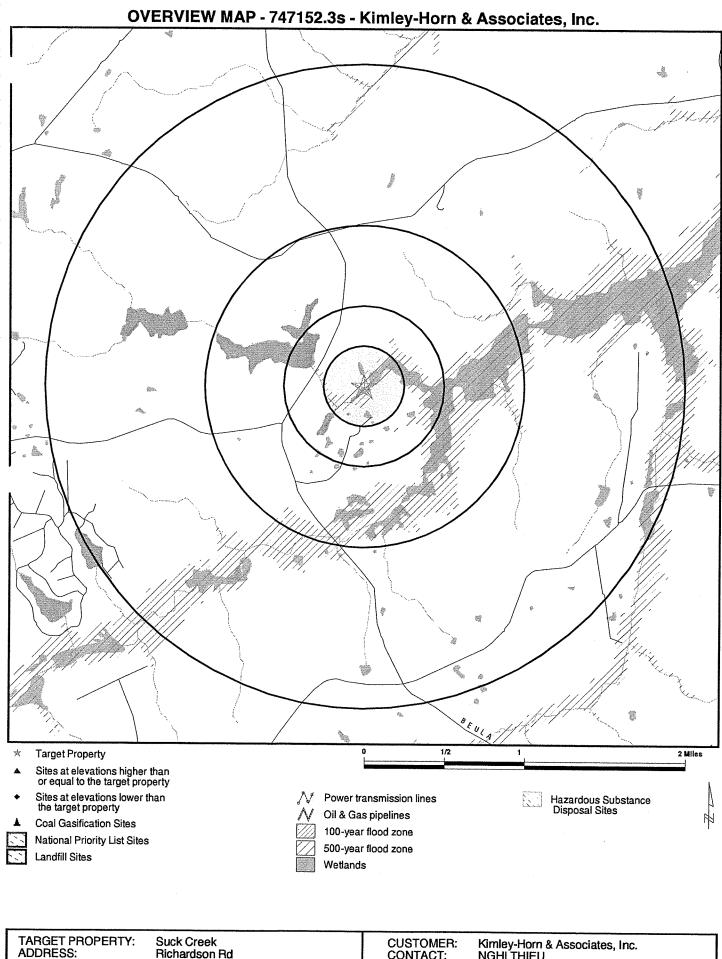
#### SURROUNDING SITES: SEARCH RESULTS

Surrounding sites were not identified.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Due to poor or inadequate address information, the following sites were not mapped:

Site Name	Database(s)
MOORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT ROY F. BURT ENTERPRISES STANLEY CASE GOODS (FORMER) ALEX CADDELL'S EXXON CAROLINA WATER SERVICE CORNWALLS SERVICE STATION HILLCREST COMMUNITY STORE SPIVEYS GARAGE	FINDS, FTTS SHWS SHWS LUST, IMD LUST, IMD UST UST UST
CARTHAGE FOOD MART ALEX'S EXXON	UST
TAYLOR'S EXXON	UST UST
D & M SERVICE	UST
BUNA B. MCLEOD	UST
SANDHILLS FARMLIFE	UST
SHORT STOP #11	UST
SHORT STOP #76	UST
PINEHALL SERVICE STATION	UST
PROPERTY OF DEXTER SPORTS SUP	UST
COX 15-501 CITGO	UST
FUEL MATE EXPRESS #4	UST
SANDHILLS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	UST
DUART	UST
DIV OF HWYS (ASPHALT STORAGE FAC)	AST
DIV OF HWYS (MOORE CO MAINT)	AST



ADDRESS: CITY/STATE/ZIP: LAT/LONG: Suck Creek Richardson Rd Carthage NC 28327 35.3306 / 79.5398 CUSTOMER: CONTACT: INQUIRY #: DATE:

Kimley-Horn & Associates, Inc. NGHI THIEU 747152.3s

March 19, 2002 10:42 am

DETAIL MAP - 747152.3s - Kimley-Horn & Associates, Inc. 1/16 **Target Property** 1/4 Miles Sites at elevations higher than or equal to the target property Sites at elevations lower than the target property Power transmission lines Hazardous Substance Disposal Sites Oil & Gas pipelines Coal Gasification Sites 100-year flood zone Sensitive Receptors 500-year flood zone National Priority List Sites Wetlands Landfill Sites

TARGET PROPERTY: ADDRESS: CITY/STATE/ZIP: LAT/LONG: Suck Creek Richardson Rd Carthage NC 28327 35.3306 / 79.5398 CUSTOMER: CONTACT: INQUIRY #: DATE: Kimley-Horn & Associates, Inc. NGHI THIEU 747152.3s

March 19, 2002 10:42 am

#### **MAP FINDINGS SUMMARY**

Database	Target Property	Search Distance (Miles)	< 1/8	1/8 - 1/4	1/4 - 1/2	1/2 - 1	> 1	Total Plotted
FEDERAL ASTM STANDARI	2							
NPL Proposed NPL CERCLIS CERC-NFRAP CORRACTS RCRIS-TSD RCRIS Lg. Quan. Gen. RCRIS Sm. Quan. Gen. ERNS		1.250 1.250 0.750 0.500 1.250 0.750 0.500 0.500 0.250	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 NR	0 0 0 NR 0 0 NR NR NR	0 NR NR 0 NR NR NR	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
STATE ASTM STANDARD								
State Haz. Waste State Landfill LUST UST AST		1.250 0.750 0.750 0.500 0.250	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 NR	0 0 0 NR NR	0 NR NR NR NR	0 0 0 0
FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEME	ENTAL							
CONSENT ROD Delisted NPL FINDS HMIRS MLTS MINES NPL Liens PADS RAATS TRIS TSCA FTTS		1.250 1.250 1.250 0.250 0.250 0.250 0.250 0.250 0.250 0.250 0.250	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 NR NR NR 0 NR NR NR NR	0 0 NR NR NR NR NR NR NR	0 0 0 NR NR NR NR NR NR NR	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SU	IPPLEMENTAL	=						
NC HSDS IMD EDR PROPRIETARY HISTOR	RICAL DATABA	1.250 0.250 ASES	0	0 0	0 NR	0 NR	0 NR	0 0
Coal Gas AQUIFLOW - see EDR Phy		1.250	0 ndum	0	0	0	0	0

TP = Target Property

NR = Not Requested at this Search Distance

<sup>\*</sup> Sites may be listed in more than one database

Map ID		
Direction		<b>4</b>
Distance		
Distance (fi	t.)	
Elevation	Site	

MAP FINDINGS

Database(s)

EDR ID Number EPA ID Number

Coal Gas Site Search: No site was found in a search of Real Property Scan's ENVIROHAZ database.

NO SITES FOUND

## ORPHAN SUMMARY

City	EDR ID	Site Name	Site Address	Zip Database(s)	se(s)	Facility ID
CARTHAGE	U001203793	CORNWALLS SERVICE STATION	RT 1 BOX 1	28327 UST		0-027757
CARTHAGE	U003007872	HILLCREST COMMUNITY STORE	4915 HWY 15-501 SOUTH	28327 UST		0-002678
CARTHAGE	S104919087	ROY F. BURT ENTERPRISES	HWY 15/501			NONCD0000064
CARTHAGE	U001199547	SPIVEYS GARAGE	S.R. 1637	28327 UST		0-020943
CARTHAGE	A100187560	DIV OF HWYS (ASPHALT STORAGE FAC)	RT2			
CARTHAGE	A100187563	DIV OF HWYS (MOORE CO MAINT)	RT 2			
CARTHAGE	U003134167	CARTHAGE FOOD MART	HIGHWAY 22/24/27 WEST	28327 UST		0-002687
CARTHAGE	1004433163	MOORE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT	HWY 24	28327 FINDS, FTTS	FITS	
CARTHAGE	\$101573426	ALEX CADDELL'S EXXON	HWY 24-27		IMD	11630
CARTHAGE	U003562836	ALEX'S EXXON	HWY 24-27			0-020660
CARTHAGE	U003562839	TAYLOR'S EXXON	HWY 24-27	_		0-020673
CARTHAGE	U001199381	D & M SERVICE	10600 HIGHWAY 24/27	28327 UST		0-020617
CARTHAGE	U001200556	BUNA B. MCLEOD	RT. 4 BOX 106	28327 UST		0-022660
CARTHAGE	U001204787	SANDHILLS FARMLIFE	RT 4	28327 UST		0-029512
CARTHAGE	S101572074	CAROLINA WATER SERVICE	RT 5 BOX 41	28327 LUST, IMD	MD	7795
CARTHAGE	U001187264	SHORT STOP #11	PO BOX 1327/ HIGHWAY 15/501			0-001903
CARTHAGE	U003145529	SHORT STOP #76	PO BOX 1237 HIGHWAY 15 501 EAST	28327 UST		0-020906
CARTHAGE	U001200561	PINEHALL SERVICE STATION	CARTHAGE & VASS HWY	28327 UST		0-022665
CARTHAGE	U001440022	PROPERTY OF DEXTER SPORTS SUP	CORNER OF US 15/50/AND SR 1661	28327 UST		0-033407
CARTHAGE	U001187750	COX 15-501 CITGO	15-501 HIGHWAY	28327 UST		0-002634
CARTHAGE	U001206329	FUEL MATE EXPRESS #4	7249 15-501 HWY	28327 UST		0-032404
CARTHAGE	U001206282	SANDHILLS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	STATE ROAD 1831	28327 UST		0-032330
DUART	U001201489	DUART	N.C. HIGHWAY 87	28327 UST		0-023988
WEST END	S103554572	STANLEY CASE GOODS (FORMER)	HWY 211	27376 SHWS		NCD049845266

To maintain currency of the following federal and state databases, EDR contacts the appropriate governmental agency on a monthly or quarterly basis, as required.

Elapsed ASTM days: Provides confirmation that this EDR report meets or exceeds the 90-day updating requirement of the ASTM standard.

#### FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD RECORDS

NPL: National Priority List

Source: EPA Telephone: N/A

National Priorities List (Superfund). The NPL is a subset of CERCLIS and identifies over 1,200 sites for priority cleanup under the Superfund Program. NPL sites may encompass relatively large areas. As such, EDR provides polygon coverage for over 1,000 NPL site boundaries produced by EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) and regional EPA offices.

Date of Government Version: 01/29/02 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/25/02

Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 02/04/02

Elapsed ASTM days: 21

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/04/02

#### **NPL Site Boundaries**

Sources:

EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC)

Telephone: 202-564-7333

EPA Region 1

Telephone 617-918-1143

EPA Region 3

Telephone 215-814-5418

EPA Region 4

Telephone 404-562-8033

**EPA Region 6** 

Telephone: 214-655-6659

EPA Region 8

Telephone: 303-312-6774

Proposed NPL: Proposed National Priority List Sites

Source: EPA Telephone: N/A

> Date of Government Version: 01/17/02 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/25/02

Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 02/04/02

Elapsed ASTM days: 21

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/04/02

CERCLIS: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System

Source: EPA

Telephone: 703-413-0223

CERCLIS contains data on potentially hazardous waste sites that have been reported to the USEPA by states, municipalities. private companies and private persons, pursuant to Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). CERCLIS contains sites which are either proposed to or on the National Priorities List (NPL) and sites which are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL.

Date of Government Version: 11/21/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/04/02

Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 12/26/01

Elapsed ASTM days: 40

Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/26/01

CERCLIS-NFRAP: CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned

Source: EPA

Telephone: 703-413-0223

As of February 1995, CERCLIS sites designated "No Further Remedial Action Planned" (NFRAP) have been removed from CERCLIS. NFRAP sites may be sites where, following an initial investigation, no contamination was found, contamination was removed quickly without the need for the site to be placed on the NPL, or the contamination was not serious enough to require Federal Superfund action or NPL consideration. EPA has removed approximately 25,000 NFRAP sites to lift the unintended barriers to the redevelopment of these properties and has archived them as historical records so EPA does not needlessly repeat the investigations in the future. This policy change is part of the EPA's Brownfields Redevelopment Program to help cities, states, private investors and affected citizens to promote economic redevelopment of unproductive urban sites.

Date of Government Version: 11/21/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/04/02 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 12/26/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 40 Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/16/01

**CORRACTS:** Corrective Action Report

Source: EPA

Telephone: 800-424-9346

CORRACTS identifies hazardous waste handlers with RCRA corrective action activity.

Date of Government Version: 11/14/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 01/14/02 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 11/14/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 61

Date of Last EDR Contact: 11/14/01

RCRIS: Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System

Source: EPA/NTIS Telephone: 800-424-9346

Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System. RCRIS includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery

Act (RCRA).

Date of Government Version: 06/21/00 Date Made Active at EDR: 07/31/00 Database Release Frequency: Varies Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 07/10/00 Elapsed ASTM days: 21

Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/14/02

ERNS: Emergency Response Notification System

Source: EPA/NTIS Telephone: 202-260-2342

Emergency Response Notification System. ERNS records and stores information on reported releases of oil and hazardous

substances.

Date of Government Version: 08/08/00 Date Made Active at EDR: 09/06/00 Database Release Frequency: Varies Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 08/11/00

Elapsed ASTM days: 26

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/01/02

#### FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL RECORDS

**BRS:** Biennial Reporting System

Source: EPA/NTIS Telephone: 800-424-9346

The Biennial Reporting System is a national system administered by the EPA that collects data on the generation and management of hazardous waste. BRS captures detailed data from two groups: Large Quantity Generators (LQG)

and Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/99

Database Release Frequency: Biennially

Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/17/01

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/18/02

CONSENT: Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees

Source: EPA Regional Offices

Telephone: Varies

Major legal settlements that establish responsibility and standards for cleanup at NPL (Superfund) sites. Released periodically by United States District Courts after settlement by parties to litigation matters.

Date of Government Version: N/A

Database Release Frequency: Varies

Date of Last EDR Contact: N/A

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A

ROD: Records Of Decision

Source: NTIS

Telephone: 703-416-0223

Record of Decision. ROD documents mandate a permanent remedy at an NPL (Superfund) site containing technical and health information to aid in the cleanup.

Date of Government Version: 09/30/00 Database Release Frequency: Annually

Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/07/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/08/02

**DELISTED NPL:** National Priority List Deletions

Source: EPA Telephone: N/A

The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP) establishes the criteria that the EPA uses to delete sites from the NPL. In accordance with 40 CFR 300.425.(e), sites may be deleted from the

NPL where no further response is appropriate.

Date of Government Version: 01/29/02 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/04/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/06/02

FINDS: Facility Index System/Facility Identification Initiative Program Summary Report

Source: EPA Telephone: N/A

Facility Index System. FINDS contains both facility information and 'pointers' to other sources that contain more detail. EDR includes the following FINDS databases in this report: PCS (Permit Compliance System), AIRS (Aerometric Information Retrieval System), DOCKET (Enforcement Docket used to manage and track information on civil judicial enforcement cases for all environmental statutes), FURS (Federal Underground Injection Control), C-DOCKET (Criminal Docket System used to track criminal enforcement actions for all environmental statutes), FFIS (Federal Facilities Information System), STATE (State Environmental Laws and Statutes), and PADS (PCB Activity Data System).

Date of Government Version: 10/29/01 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/07/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/08/02

HMIRS: Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation

Telephone: 202-366-4526

Hazardous Materials Incident Report System. HMIRS contains hazardous material spill incidents reported to DOT.

Date of Government Version: 09/30/01 Database Release Frequency: Annually Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/21/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/22/02

MLTS: Material Licensing Tracking System Source: Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Telephone: 301-415-7169

MLTS is maintained by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and contains a list of approximately 8,100 sites which possess or use radioactive materials and which are subject to NRC licensing requirements. To maintain currency,

EDR contacts the Agency on a quarterly basis.

Date of Government Version: 10/25/01 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/07/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/08/02

MINES: Mines Master Index File

Source: Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration

Telephone: 303-231-5959

Date of Government Version: 12/14/01 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/02/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/01/02

NPL LIENS: Federal Superfund Liens

Source: EPA

Telephone: 205-564-4267

Federal Superfund Liens. Under the authority granted the USEPA by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, the USEPA has the authority to file liens against real property in order to recover remedial action expenditures or when the property owner receives notification of potential liability. USEPA compiles a listing of filed notices of Superfund Liens.

TC747152.3s Page GR-3

Date of Government Version: 10/15/91

Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/26/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/27/02

PADS: PCB Activity Database System

Source: EPA

Telephone: 202-260-3936

PCB Activity Database. PADS Identifies generators, transporters, commercial storers and/or brokers and disposers

of PCB's who are required to notify the EPA of such activities.

Date of Government Version: 09/30/01

Database Release Frequency: Annually

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/12/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/13/02

RAATS: RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System

Source: EPA

Telephone: 202-564-4104

RCRA Administration Action Tracking System. RAATS contains records based on enforcement actions issued under RCRA pertaining to major violators and includes administrative and civil actions brought by the EPA. For administration actions after September 30, 1995, data entry in the RAATS database was discontinued. EPA will retain a copy of the database for historical records. It was necessary to terminate RAATS because a decrease in agency resources made it impossible to continue to update the information contained in the database.

Date of Government Version: 04/17/95

Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned

Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/11/01

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/11/02

TRIS: Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System

Source: EPA

Telephone: 202-260-1531

Toxic Release Inventory System. TRIS identifies facilities which release toxic chemicals to the air, water and

land in reportable quantities under SARA Title III Section 313.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/99

Database Release Frequency: Annually

Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/26/01

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/25/02

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

Source: EPA

Telephone: 202-260-5521

Toxic Substances Control Act. TSCA identifies manufacturers and importers of chemical substances included on the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory list. It includes data on the production volume of these substances by plant

Date of Government Version: 12/31/98

Database Release Frequency: Every 4 Years

Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/22/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/22/02

FTTS: FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)

Source: EPA/Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances

Telephone: 202-564-2501

FTTS tracks administrative cases and pesticide enforcement actions and compliance activities related to FIFRA, TSCA and EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act). To maintain currency, EDR contacts the Agency on a quarterly basis.

Date of Government Version: 01/11/02 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/26/01

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/25/02

FTTS INSP: FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)

Source: EPA

Telephone: 202-564-2501

Date of Government Version: 01/14/02

Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/26/01

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 03/25/02

#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA ASTM STANDARD RECORDS

SHWS: Inactive Hazardous Sites Inventory

Source: Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources

Telephone: 919-733-2801

State Hazardous Waste Sites. State hazardous waste site records are the states' equivalent to CERCLIS. These sites may or may not already be listed on the federal CERCLIS list. Priority sites planned for cleanup using state funds (state equivalent of Superfund) are identified along with sites where cleanup will be paid for by potentially responsible parties. Available information varies by state.

Date of Government Version: 01/02/02 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/12/02 Database Release Frequency: Annually

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 01/16/02 Elapsed ASTM days: 27 Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/16/02

SWF/LF: List of Solid Waste Facilities

Source: Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources

Telephone: 919-733-0692

Solid Waste Facilities/Landfill Sites. SWF/LF type records typically contain an inventory of solid waste disposal facilities or landfills in a particular state. Depending on the state, these may be active or inactive facilities or open dumps that failed to meet RCRA Subtitle D Section 4004 criteria for solid waste landfills or disposal sites.

Date of Government Version: 01/02/02 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/01/02 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 01/15/02 Elapsed ASTM days: 17 Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/14/02

**LUST: Incidents Management Database** 

Source: Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources

Telephone: 919-733-1315

Leaking Underground Storage Tank Incident Reports, LUST records contain an inventory of reported leaking underground storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain these records, and the information stored varies by state.

Date of Government Version: 12/10/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 01/02/02 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 12/10/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 23 Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/10/01

UST: Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Database

Source: Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources

Telephone: 919-733-1308

Registered Underground Storage Tanks. UST's are regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and must be registered with the state department responsible for administering the UST program. Available information varies by state program.

Date of Government Version: 11/02/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 12/20/01 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 12/10/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 10 Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/10/01

AST: AST Database

Source: Department of Environment, Health & Natural Resources

Telephone: 919-715-6170

Facilities with aboveground storage tanks that have a capacity greater than 21,000 gallons.

Date of Government Version: 01/02/02 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/04/02 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 01/22/02 Elapsed ASTM days: 13

Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/22/02

#### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL RECORDS

**HSDS:** Hazardous Substance Disposal Site

Source: North Carolina Center for Geographic Information and Analysis

Telephone: 919-733-2090

Locations of uncontrolled and unregulated hazardous waste sites. The file includes sites on the National Priority List as well as those on the state priority list.

Date of Government Version: 06/21/95 Database Release Frequency: Biennially Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/05/02 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/03/02

IMD: Incident Management Database

Source: Department of Health and Natural Resources

Telephone: 919-733-1315

Groundwater and/or soil contamination incidents

Date of Government Version: 01/25/02

Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/28/02

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 04/29/02

#### **EDR PROPRIETARY HISTORICAL DATABASES**

Former Manufactured Gas (Coal Gas) Sites: The existence and location of Coal Gas sites is provided exclusively to EDR by Real Property Scan, Inc. ©Copyright 1993 Real Property Scan, Inc. For a technical description of the types of hazards which may be found at such sites, contact your EDR customer service representative.

#### Disclaimer Provided by Real Property Scan, Inc.

The information contained in this report has predominantly been obtained from publicly available sources produced by entities other than Real Property Scan. While reasonable steps have been taken to insure the accuracy of this report, Real Property Scan does not guarantee the accuracy of this report. Any liability on the part of Real Property Scan is strictly limited to a refund of the amount paid. No claim is made for the actual existence of toxins at any site. This report does not constitute a legal opinion.

#### OTHER DATABASE(S)

Depending on the geographic area covered by this report, the data provided in these specialty databases may or may not be complete. For example, the existence of wetlands information data in a specific report does not mean that all wetlands in the area covered by the report are included. Moreover, the absence of any reported wetlands information does not necessarily mean that wetlands do not exist in the area covered by the report.

Oil/Gas Pipelines/Electrical Transmission Lines: This data was obtained by EDR from the USGS in 1994. It is referred to by USGS as GeoData Digital Line Graphs from 1:100,000-Scale Maps. It was extracted from the transportation category including some oil, but primarily gas pipelines and electrical transmission lines.

Sensitive Receptors: There are individuals deemed sensitive receptors due to their fragile immune systems and special sensitivity to environmental discharges. These sensitive receptors typically include the elderly, the sick, and children. While the location of all sensitive receptors cannot be determined, EDR indicates those buildings and facilities - schools, daycares, hospitals, medical centers, and nursing homes - where individuals who are sensitive receptors are likely to be located.

Flood Zone Data: This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 1999 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Data depicts 100-year and 500-year flood zones as defined by FEMA.

**NWI:** National Wetlands Inventory. This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 1999 from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

#### GEOCHECK®- PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE ADDENDUM

#### **TARGET PROPERTY ADDRESS**

SUCK CREEK RICHARDSON RD CARTHAGE, NC 28327

#### TARGET PROPERTY COORDINATES

Latitude (North):

35.330601 - 35° 19' 50.2"

Longitude (West): Universal Tranverse Mercator: 79.539803 - 79° 32' 23.3"

UTM X (Meters):

Zone 17 632715.4

UTM Y (Meters):

3910486.0

EDR's GeoCheck Physical Setting Source Addendum has been developed to assist the environmental professional with the collection of physical setting source information in accordance with ASTM 1527-00, Section 7.2.3. Section 7.2.3 requires that a current USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map (or equivalent, such as the USGS Digital Elevation Model) be reviewed. It also requires that one or more additional physical setting sources be sought when (1) conditions have been identified in which hazardous substances or petroleum products are likely to migrate to or from the property, and (2) more information than is provided in the current USGS 7.5 Minute Topographic Map (or equivalent) is generally obtained, pursuant to local good commercial or customary practice, to assess the impact of migration of recognized environmental conditions in connection with the property. Such additional physical setting sources generally include information about the topographic, hydrologic, hydrogeologic, and geologic characteristics of a site, and wells in the area.

Assessment of the impact of contaminant migration generally has two principle investigative components:

- 1. Groundwater flow direction, and
- 2. Groundwater flow velocity.

Groundwater flow direction may be impacted by surface topography, hydrology, hydrogeology, characteristics of the soil, and nearby wells. Groundwater flow velocity is generally impacted by the nature of the geologic strata. EDR's GeoCheck Physical Setting Source Addendum is provided to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of potential contaminant migration.

#### GEOCHECK® - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

#### **GROUNDWATER FLOW DIRECTION INFORMATION**

Groundwater flow direction for a particular site is best determined by a qualified environmental professional using site-specific well data. If such data is not reasonably ascertainable, it may be necessary to rely on other sources of information, such as surface topographic information, hydrologic information, hydrogeologic data collected on nearby properties, and regional groundwater flow information (from deep aquifers).

#### **TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION**

Surface topography may be indicative of the direction of surficial groundwater flow. This information can be used to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of nearby contaminated properties or, should contamination exist on the target property, what downgradient sites might be impacted.

#### USGS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP ASSOCIATED WITH THIS SITE

Target Property: 2435079-C5 ZION GROVE, NC

Source: USGS 7.5 min quad index

#### GENERAL TOPOGRAPHIC GRADIENT AT TARGET PROPERTY

Target Property: General SE

Source: General Topographic Gradient has been determined from the USGS 1 Degree Digital Elevation Model and should be evaluated on a relative (not an absolute) basis. Relative elevation information between sites of close proximity should be field verified.

#### HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION

Surface water can act as a hydrologic barrier to groundwater flow. Such hydrologic information can be used to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of nearby contaminated properties or, should contamination exist on the target property, what downgradient sites might be impacted.

Refer to the Physical Setting Source Map following this summary for hydrologic information (major waterways and bodies of water).

#### **FEMA FLOOD ZONE**

Target Property County FEMA Flood
Electronic Data

MOORE, NC YES - refer to the Overview Map and Detail Map

Flood Plain Panel at Target Property: 37125C0075C / CWPP

Additional Panels in search area: 37125C0100C / CWPP

37125C0090C / CWPP

NATIONAL WETLAND INVENTORY

NWI Electronic Data Coverage

NWI Quad at Target Property
ZION GROVE

Data Cover.

YES - refer.

GROVE YES - refer to the Overview Map and Detail Map

#### HYDROGEOLOGIC INFORMATION

Hydrogeologic information obtained by installation of wells on a specific site can often be an indicator of groundwater flow direction in the immediate area. Such hydrogeologic information can be used to assist the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the impact of nearby contaminated properties or, should contamination exist on the target property, what downgradient sites might be impacted.

#### GEOCHECK® - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY

#### **AQUIFLOW®**

Search Radius: 2.000 Miles.

EDR has developed the AQUIFLOW Information System to provide data on the general direction of groundwater flow at specific points. EDR has reviewed reports submitted by environmental professionals to regulatory authorities at select sites and has extracted the date of the report, groundwater flow direction as determined hydrogeologically, and the depth to water table.

MAP ID

Not Reported

LOCATION FROM TP

**GENERAL DIRECTION GROUNDWATER FLOW** 

#### **GROUNDWATER FLOW VELOCITY INFORMATION**

Groundwater flow velocity information for a particular site is best determined by a qualified environmental professional using site specific geologic and soil strata data. If such data are not reasonably ascertainable, it may be necessary to rely on other sources of information, including geologic age identification, rock stratigraphic unit and soil characteristics data collected on nearby properties and regional soil information. In general, contaminant plumes move more quickly through sandy-gravelly types of soils than silty-clayey types of soils.

#### GEOLOGIC INFORMATION IN GENERAL AREA OF TARGET PROPERTY

Geologic information can be used by the environmental professional in forming an opinion about the relative speed at which contaminant migration may be occurring.

#### **ROCK STRATIGRAPHIC UNIT**

#### **GEOLOGIC AGE IDENTIFICATION**

Category: Stratified Sequence

Era:

Mesozoic

System:

Triassic

Series:

Triassic

Code:

Tr (decoded above as Era, System & Series)

Geologic Age and Rock Stratigraphic Unit Source: P.G. Schruben, R.E. Arndt and W.J. Bawiec, Geology of the Conterminous U.S. at 1:2,500,000 Scale - a digital representation of the 1974 P.B. King and H.M. Beikman Map, USGS Digital Data Series DDS - 11 (1994).

#### DOMINANT SOIL COMPOSITION IN GENERAL AREA OF TARGET PROPERTY

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Soil Conservation Service (SCS) leads the National Cooperative Soil Survey (NCSS) and is responsible for collecting, storing, maintaining and distributing soil survey information for privately owned lands in the United States. A soil map in a soil survey is a representation of soil patterns in a landscape. Soil maps for STATSGO are compiled by generalizing more detailed (SSURGO) soil survey maps. The following information is based on Soil Conservation Service STATSGO data.

Soil Component Name:

MAYODAN

Soil Surface Texture:

sandy loam

Hydrologic Group:

Class B - Moderate infiltration rates. Deep and moderately deep. moderately well and well drained soils with moderately coarse

textures.

Soil Drainage Class:

Well drained. Soils have intermediate water holding capacity. Depth to

water table is more than 6 feet.

#### **GEOCHECK<sup>®</sup> - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY**

Hydric Status: Soil does not meet the requirements for a hydric soil.

Corrosion Potential - Uncoated Steel: HIGH

Depth to Bedrock Min:

> 60 inches

Depth to Bedrock Max:

> 60 inches

			Soil Layer	r Information			
	Bou	ındary		Classi	fication		
Layer	Upper	Lower	Soil Texture Class	AASHTO Group	Unified Soil	Permeability Rate (in/hr)	Soil Reaction (pH)
1	0 inches	12 inches	sandy loam	Granular materials (35 pct. or less passing No. 200), Silty, or Clayey Gravel and Sand.	COURSE-GRAINED SOILS, Sands, Sands with fines, Silty Sand.	Max: 6.00 Min: 2.00	Max: 6.00 Min: 4.50
2	12 inches	18 inches	silty clay loam	Silt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct. passing No. 200), Silty Soils.	FINE-GRAINED SOILS, Silts and Clays (liquid limit less than 50%), Lean Clay	Max: 2.00 Min: 0.60	Max: 6.00 Min: 4.50
3	18 inches	47 inches	clay	Silt-Clay Materials (more than 35 pct. passing No. 200), Clayey Soils.	FINE-GRAINED SOILS, Silts and Clays (liquid limit 50% or more), Elastic silt.	Max: 2.00 Min: 0.60	Max: 5.50 Min: 4.50
4	47 inches	60 inches	variable	Not reported	Not reported	Max: 0.00 Min: 0.00	Max: 0.00 Min: 0.00

#### OTHER SOIL TYPES IN AREA

Based on Soil Conservation Service STATSGO data, the following additional subordinant soil types may appear within the general area of target property.

Soil Surface Textures: silt loam

fine sandy loam channery - silt loam

clay loam loam

Surficial Soil Types:

silt loam

fine sandy loam channery - silt loam

clay loam loam

Shallow Soil Types:

loam

sandy clay loam

clay

very channery - silt loam

silt İoam

Deeper Soil Types:

unweathered bedrock

#### **GEOCHECK® - PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE SUMMARY**

weathered bedrock loamy sand

#### **ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORD SOURCES**

According to ASTM E 1527-00, Section 7.2.2, "one or more additional state or local sources of environmental records may be checked, in the discretion of the environmental professional, to enhance and supplement federal and state sources... Factors to consider in determining which local or additional state records, if any, should be checked include (1) whether they are reasonably ascertainable, (2) whether they are sufficiently useful, accurate, and complete in light of the objective of the records review (see 7.1.1), and (3) whether they are obtained, pursuant to local, good commercial or customary practice." One of the record sources listed in Section 7.2.2 is water well information. Water well information can be used to assist the environmental professional in assessing sources that may impact groundwater flow direction, and in forming an opinion about the impact of contaminant migration on nearby drinking water wells.

#### WELL SEARCH DISTANCE INFORMATION

DATABASE

Federal USGS Federal FRDS PWS State Database	1.000 Nearest PWS within 1 mile 1.000	
EDERAL USGS WELL INFO	DRMATION	
MAP ID	WELL ID	LOCATION FROM TP
No Wells Found		
EDERAL FRDS PUBLIC W	ATER SUPPLY SYSTEM INFORMATION	
MAP ID	WELL ID	LOCATION FROM TP
No PWS System Found		

SEARCH DISTANCE (miles)

#### STATE DATABASE WELL INFORMATION

		LOCATION
MAP ID	WELL ID	FROM TP
No Wells Found		

Note: PWS System location is not always the same as well location.

# PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE MAP - 747152.3s €400 300 -1/2 2 Miles Major Roads

Water Wells

Public Water Supply Wells

**Å** Groundwater Flow Direction

GI) Indeterminate Groundwater Flow at Location

GV) Groundwater Flow Varies at Location

Cluster of Multiple Icons

Earthquake epicenter, Richter 5 or greater

Wildlife Areas
Natural Areas

Rare & Endangered Species

TARGET PROPERTY: ADDRESS: CITY/STATE/ZIP: LAT/LONG: Suck Creek Richardson Rd Carthage NC 28327 35.3306 / 79.5398 CUSTOMER: CONTACT: INQUIRY #:

DATE:

Kimley-Horn & Associates, Inc. NGHI THIEU

/#: 747152.3s

March 19, 2002 10:43 am

## GEOCHECK®-PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE MAP FINDINGS RADON

#### **AREA RADON INFORMATION**

Federal EPA Radon Zone for MOORE County: 3

Note: Zone 1 indoor average level > 4 pCi/L.

: Zone 2 indoor average level >= 2 pCi/L and <= 4 pCi/L.

: Zone 3 indoor average level < 2 pCi/L.

MOORE COUNTY, NC

Number of sites tested: 7

Area	Average Activity	% <4 pCi/L	% 4-20 pCi/L	% >20 pCi/L
Living Area - 1st Floor	0.329 pCi/L	100%	0%	0%
Living Area - 2nd Floor	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported
Basement	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported	Not Reported

#### PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE RECORDS SEARCHED

#### HYDROLOGIC INFORMATION

Flood Zone Data: This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 1999 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Data depicts 100-year and 500-year flood zones as defined by FEMA.

**NWI:** National Wetlands Inventory. This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 1999 from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

#### **HYDROGEOLOGIC INFORMATION**

#### AQUIFLOWR Information System

Source: EDR proprietary database of groundwater flow information

EDR has developed the AQUIFLOW Information System (AIS) to provide data on the general direction of groundwater flow at specific points. EDR has reviewed reports submitted to regulatory authorities at select sites and has extracted the date of the report, hydrogeologically determined groundwater flow direction and depth to water table information.

#### **GEOLOGIC INFORMATION**

#### Geologic Age and Rock Stratigraphic Unit

Source: P.G. Schruben, R.E. Arndt and W.J. Bawiec, Geology of the Conterminous U.S. at 1:2,500,000 Scale - A digital representation of the 1974 P.B. King and H.M. Beikman Map, USGS Digital Data Series DDS - 11 (1994).

#### STATSGO: State Soil Geographic Database

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Soil Conservation Service (SCS) leads the national Cooperative Soil Survey (NCSS) and is responsible for collecting, storing, maintaining and distributing soil survey information for privately owned lands in the United States. A soil map in a soil survey is a representation of soil patterns in a landscape. Soil maps for STATSGO are compiled by generalizing more detailed (SSURGO) soil survey maps.

#### **ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL RECORD SOURCES**

#### **FEDERAL WATER WELLS**

PWS: Public Water Systems

Source: EPA/Office of Drinking Water

Telephone: 202-260-2805

Public Water System data from the Federal Reporting Data System. A PWS is any water system which provides water to at least 25 people for at least 60 days annually. PWSs provide water from wells, rivers and other sources.

PWS ENF: Public Water Systems Violation and Enforcement Data

Source: EPA/Office of Drinking Water

Telephone: 202-260-2805

Violation and Enforcement data for Public Water Systems from the Safe Drinking Water Information System (SDWIS) after August 1995. Prior to August 1995, the data came from the Federal Reporting Data System (FRDS).

**USGS Water Wells:** In November 1971 the United States Geological Survey (USGS) implemented a national water resource information tracking system. This database contains descriptive information on sites where the USGS collects or has collected data on surface water and/or groundwater. The groundwater data includes information on more than 900,000 wells, springs, and other sources of groundwater.

#### PHYSICAL SETTING SOURCE RECORDS SEARCHED

#### STATE RECORDS

#### North Carolina Wildlife Resources/Game Lands

Source: Center for Geographic Information and Analysis

Telephone: 919-733-2090

All publicly owned game lands managed by the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission and as listed in Hunting

and Fishing Maps for North Carolina Game Lands, 1989-90.

#### North Carolina Rare/Endangered Species and Natural Areas

Source: Natural Heritage Occurrence Sites Center for Geographic Information and Analysis

Telephone: 919-733-2090

#### North Carolina Public Water Supply Wells

Source: Department of Environmental Health

Telephone: 919-715-3243

#### **RADON**

**Area Radon Information:** The National Radon Database has been developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and is a compilation of the EPA/State Residential Radon Survey and the National Residential Radon Survey. The study covers the years 1986 - 1992. Where necessary data has been supplemented by information collected at private sources such as universities and research institutions.

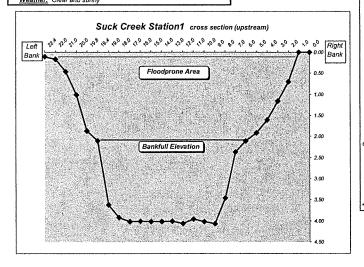
**EPA Radon Zones:** Sections 307 & 309 of IRAA directed EPA to list and identify areas of U.S. with the potential for elevated indoor radon levels.

#### OTHER

Epicenters: World earthquake epicenters, Richter 5 or greater

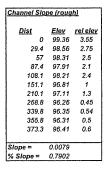
Source: Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

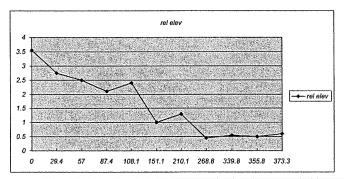
Appendix G NCSU Data on Project Site (1997-1999) Field Crew: Neil W, Will H, Dan C
Date: 5/23/1997
Location: Suck Creek. Aprox. 150ft downstream of bridge
Purpose: Develop permanent x-section as reference
for stream bank stabilization at Richardson's
Weather: Clear and sunny



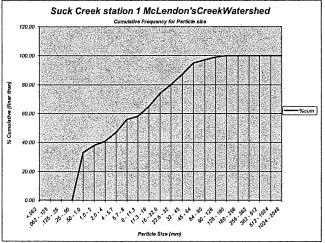
	Width	Depth		Bankfull	
(note)	(ft.)	(ft.)	Corrected Depth	<u>elevation</u>	bkf area
RFP	0.0	0.18	0.00		
	1.0	0.18	0.00		
	2.0	0.88	0.70		
	3.0	1.34	1.16		
	4.0	1.79	1.61		
	5.0	2.10	1.92		
BKF	6.0	2.29	2.11	0.00	0.00
	7.0	2.55	2.37	0.26	0.26
	8.0	3.64	3.46	1.35	1.35
	9.0	4.25	4.07	1.96	1.96
	10.0	4.20	4.02	1.91	1.91
	11.0	4.14	3.96	1.85	1.85
	12.0	4.24	4.06	1.95	1.95
	13.0	4.19	4.01	1.90	1.90
	14.0	4.20	4.02	1.91	1.91
	15.0	4.20	4.02	1.91	1.91
	16.0	4.19	4.01	1.90	1.90
	17.0	4.20	4.02	1.91	1.91
	18.0	4.10	3.92	1.81	1.81
* EOW	19.0	3.80	3.62	1.51	0.60
estimated bkf	19.4	2.29	2.11	0.00	0.00
	19.8	2.05	1.87		
	20.0	1.20	1.02		
	21.0	0.65	0.47		
	22.0	0.35	0.17		
LFP	22.4	0.29	0.11		
* Aareed upon	best inc	dicator of	bankfull elevation.		

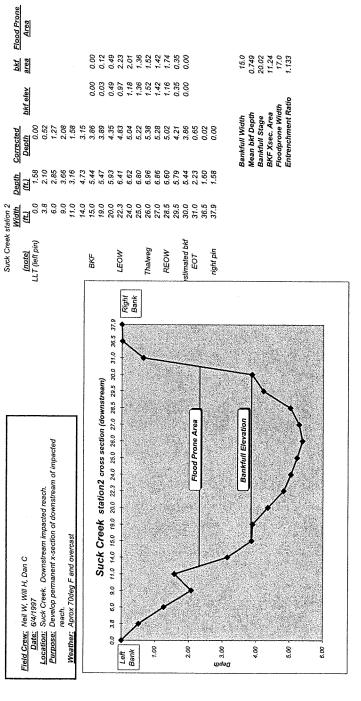
13.40
1.58
1.95
21.22
21.40
1.60

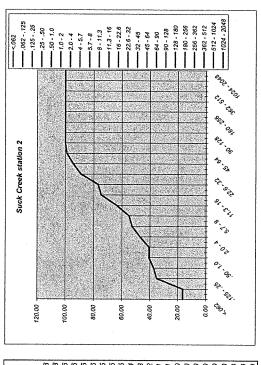


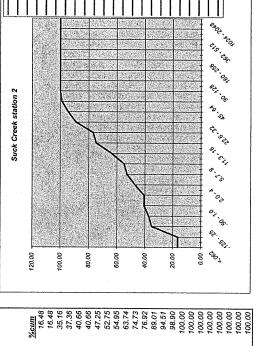


	Particle			
Particle description	size	total #	item %	%cum
Silt/Clay	<.062	0	0	0.00
Very Fine Sand	.062125	0	0	0.00
Fine Sand	.12525	0	0	0.00
Medium Sand	.2550	0	0	0.00
Coarse Sand	.50 - 1.0	33	33	33.00
Very Coarse Sand	1.0 - 2	5	5	38.00
Very Fine Gravel	2.0 - 4	3	3	41.00
Fine (1) Gravel	4 - 5.7	6	6	47.00
Fine (2) Gravel	5.7 - 8	9	9	56.00
Medium (1) Gravel	8 - 11.3	2	2	58.00
Medium (2) Gravel	11.3 - 16	7	7	65.00
Coarse (1) Gravel	16 - 22.6	9	9	74.00
Coarse (2) Gravel	22.6 - 32	6	6	80.00
Very Coarse (1) Gravel	32 - 45	7	7	87.00
Very Coarse (2) Gravel	45 - 64	8	8	95.00
Small (1) Cobbles	64 - 90	2	2	97.00
Small (2) Cobbles	90 - 128	2	2	99.00
Large (1) Cobbles	128 - 180	1	1	100.00
Large (2) Cobbles	180 - 256		0	100.00
Small (1) Boulder	256 - 362		0	100.00
Small (2) Boulder	362 - 512		0	100.00
Medium Boulder	512 - 1024		0	100.00
Large- Very Large Boulder	1024 - 2048		0	100.0
	total # part.	100		









Pebble count

**DATE:** 5/23/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Suck Creek--Upstream of Richardson Farm; just downstream of Camp.

CREW: Will Harman, Neil Woerner & Dan Clinton
NOTES: LPIN located at 0'. X-Sect 1

RPIN is located at 22.4'.

Left Bank.

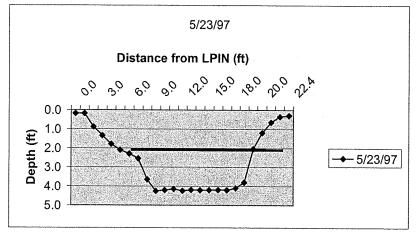
Stream Type: B4c

STATION	<u>BS</u>	HI	FS	ELEVATION NOTES			
0.0			0.2	LPIN (rebar)			
1.0			0.2	, ,			
2.0			0.9				
3.0			1.3				
4.0			1.8		SITE 1: B	ANKFULL G	EOMETRY CALCS.
5.0			2.1		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA
6.0			2.3	BKF	1.0	0.0	0.0
7.0			2.6		1.0	0.5	0.5
8.0			3.6	REW	1.0	8.0	0.8
9.0			4.3		1.0	1.0	1.0
10.0			4.2		1.0	1.2	1.2
11.0			4.1		1.0	2.3	2.3
12.0			4.2		1.0	2.9	2.9
13.0			4.2		1.0	2.9	2.9
14.0			4.2		1.0	2.8	2.8
15.0			4.2		1.0	2.9	2.9
16.0			4.2		1.0	2.9	2.9
17.0			4.2		1.0	2.9	2.9
18.0			4.1		1.0	2.9	2.9
19.0			3.8	LEW			
19.8			2.1		12.0		25.7
20.0			1.2				
21.0			0.7			W * 1/3	4.0
22.0			0.4			1/3 NB A	5.7
22.4			0.3	LPIN		Anb/A	0.22
						Max D	2.9
						Mean D	2.1

W/D

BEHI

5.6



**DATE:** 7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Suck Creek--Upstream of Richardson Farm; just downstream of Camp.

CREW: Jan Patterson, Jon Williams & Dan Clinton

NOTES: LPIN located at 0'.

RPIN is located at 22.4'.

Left Bank.

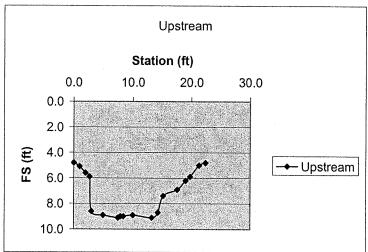
X-Sect 1

							_		
STATION	<u>B\$</u>	Ħ	FS	ELEVATION	NOTES				
0.0			4.8		LPIN (rebar)				
1.0			5.1			SITE 1: B	ANKFULL G	EOMETR	Y CALCS.
2.0			5.6			WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
2.7			5.9		LBKF	0.5	0.0	0.0	
3.0			8.6		LEW/WS	1.2	2.7	3.1	
5.0			8.9			2.3	3.0	6.8	
7.5			9.1		TW	1.5	3.2	4.6	
7.9			9.0			0.5	3.1	1.4	
8.4			9.0		LIN INTP	1.1	3.1	3.3	
10.0			8.9			2.4	3.0	7.2	
13.2			9.1			2.2	3.2	6.9	
14.3			8.7		REW	1.0	2.8	2.8	
15.2			7.4			1.7	1.5	2.5	
17.6			6.9		Top Bench	1.9	1.0	1.9	
19.0			6.2			1.1	0.3	0.3	
19.8			5.9		RBKF	1.2	0.0	0.0	
21.3			5.0						
22.4			4.8		RPIN	17.1		40.7	
4.2			8.3		TOE PIN		W * 1/3	5.7	
							1/3 NB A	19.1	
							Anb/A	0.47	Very High
							Max D	3.2	. 0
							Mean D	2.4	
	Γ						W/D	7.2	
	1					1			

BEHI

30.1

High



DATE:

5/4/1996

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Suck Creek--Upstream of Richardson Farm; just downstream of Camp.

CREW:

Will Harman, Neil Woerner, Justin & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Installed TOE PIN (rebar). Exposed Length =0.45 ft.

X-Sect 1

Pin Ext. Notes

0.80

PIN 1 (top)

above LBKF

0.75

PIN 2 (bottom)

below LBKF

DATE:

7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Suck Creek--Upstream of Richardson Farm; just downstream of Camp.

CREW:

Jan Patterson, Jon Williams & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.

Pin extensions were taken on bottom of pin

Toe pin (orange stake) located at 13.8' on X-Sect at elevation ft.

X-Sect 1

<u>Vertical</u>	<u>Horizontal</u>	Pin Ext.	Notes	<u>Date</u>	Days Between
0.60	1.70	0.80	PIN 2 (bottom)	5/4/1996	
0.90	1.60			7/20/1998	3/17/1902
1.60	1.50			4/1/1999	9/11/1900
2.40	1.70	0.80	PIN 1 (top)		
3.10	2.70				
3.60	4.40				

DATE:

4/1/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Suck Creek--Upstream of Richardson Farm; just downstream of Camp.

CREW:

Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Signs of erosion and undercut. Left Bank.

X-Sect 1

Pin Ext. Notes

0.75

PIN 1 (top)

0.80

PIN 2 (bottom)

DATE: 9/2/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect above fence in upper portion of pasture in woods.

CREW: Will Harman & Dan Clinton

NOTES: X-Sect 2

Width	Depth	Area	Notes
0.7	1.3	0.9	Top Bench
1.8	2.7	3.0	EW
9.0	2.3	16.6	
12.0	2.8	8.4	TW
14.0	1.7	3.4	EW
18.0	1.4	5.6	
22.0	0.6	2.4	
24.5	0.0	0.0	
23.8		40.2	

DATE: 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect above fence in upper portion of pasture in woods.

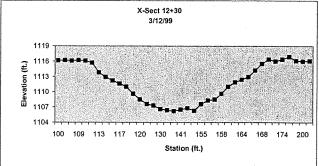
SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect above CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES: LPIN located at 1.0'. X-Sect 2

RPIN is located at 44.2'.

Weather: clear, breezy ~40 degrees

STATION	BS	HI	ES	ELEVATION NOTES			
1.0			5.18	LPIN			
3.0			5.3				
5.5			5.3	Beside Poplar			
7.0			6.1	LTOB			
8.6			6.8		SITE 2; B	ANKFULL O	SEOMETRY CALCS.
9.1			7.2		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA
9.4			7.9	LBKF	0.4	0.0	0.0
9.8			9.3		0.8	1.4	1.1
11.0			10.6	LEW	1.3	2.7	3.5
12.4			10.6		1.2	2.7	3.1
13.3			10.6		0.7	2.7	1.9
13.8			10.6	TOE PIN	0.9	2.7	2.3
15.0			10.8		1,3	2.9	3.6
16.3			10.7		0.7	2.8	2.0
16.4			9.8	Rock	0.7	1.9	1.3
17.7			10.4		1.0	2.5	2.4
18.3			10.4	LIN INTP	1.2	2.5	2.9
20.0			10.5		1.4	2.6	3.5
21.0			10.7		1.0	2.8	2.8
22.0			10.9	TW	1.5	3.0	4.5
24.0			10.7		1.8	2.8	5.0
25.6			10,8		1.7	2.9	4.8
27.3			10.7	REW	1.5	2.8	4.2
28.6			9.3	LOW Feature	1.7	1.4	2.4
30.7			8.8	Recent High Water	3.8	0.9	3.4
36.1			7.9	RBKF	3.4	0.0	0.0
37.4			6.6				
40.0			4.9	RTOB	26.7		54.7
44.2			4.9	RPIN			
						W * 1/3	8.9



W\*1/3 8.9 1/3 NB A 24.1 Anb/A 0.44 High Max D 3.0 Mean D 2.0 W/D 13.0

29.6 Moderate

DATE: 9/2/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect above fence in upper portion of pasture in woods.

CREW: Will Harman & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Horizontal measurements reflect ??.

Left Bank X-Sect 2

Vertical 0.20	Horizontal 2.60	Pin Ext.	Notes WS	<u>Date</u> 9/2/1997	Days Between
0.70	3.30	0.30	PIN 3 (bottom)	3/5/1999	7/2/1901
2.10	5.60	1.00	PIN 2		
3.70	4.80	0.35	PIN 1 (top)		

DATE: 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect above fence in upper portion of pasture in woods.

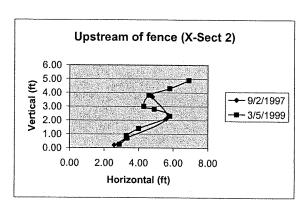
CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.

Pin extensions were taken on bottom of pin X-Sect 2

Toe pin (orange stake) located at 13.8' on X-Sect at elevation ft.

<b>Vertical</b>	<b>Horizontal</b>	Pin Ext.	Notes
0.25	2.90		WS
0.70	3.35	0.35	PIN 3 (bottom)
0.90	3.30		
1.40	4.00		
2.30	5.80	1.20	PIN 2
2.80	4.90		
3.00	4.30		
3.80	4.60	0.25	PIN 1 (top)
4.30	5.80		
4.90	6.90		



**DATE:** 7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

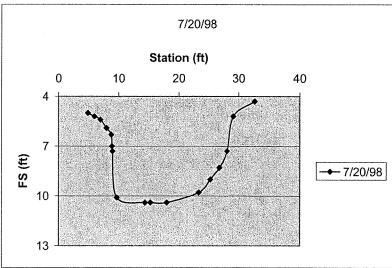
SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below fence that crosses stream in woods (3rd X-Sect).

CREW: Jan Patterson, Jon Williams & Dan Clinton

NOTES: LPIN located at 0'. ~200 ft upstream of cattle crossing

RPIN is located at 27.8'.

STATION	<u>BS</u>	Н	ES	ELEVATION NOTES				
4.9			5.00	LPIN/LTOB				
6.0			5.2					
7.0			5.4					
8.0			5.9					
8.8			6.3	Edge of Bank	SITE 3: BANK	FULL GOEMI	ETRY CA	LCS.
8.9			7.0	PIN 1 (top)	WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
9.0			7.3	- LBKF(LIN INTP)	0.4	0.0	0.0	
9.7			10.1	LEW	2.7	2.8	7.6	
14.4			10.4	TW	2.8	3.1	8.7	
15.3			10.4	LIN INTP	1.8	3.1	5.6	
18.0			10.4		4.0	3.1	12.4	
23.3			9.8	REW/WS	3.6	2.5	9.0	
25.2			9.0		1.7	1.7	2.9	
26.7			8.3		1.4	1.0	1.4	
28.0			7.3	RBKF (moss line)	1.2	0.0	0.0	
29.1			5.2					
32.6			4.3	RPIN/RTOB	19.0		47.5	
12.0			10.3	TOE PIN		W * 1/3	6.3	
						1/3 NB A	21.8	
						Anb/A	0.46	Very High
						Max D	3.1	, ,
						Mean D	2.5	
						W/D	7.6	
				, W. 1		BEHI	39.6	High
1					ı			•



DATE: 9/13/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek-McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below fence that crosses stream in woods (3rd X-Sect),

CREW: Louise O'Hara & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Width	Depth	Area	NOTES
0.0	0	0.00	LBKF
0.8	3.3	2.64	LEW
5.3	4.1	18.45	TW
8.0	4	10.80	
14.1	3.4	20.74	REW
18.3	2	8.40	Top of Bench
20.3	0	0.00	
20.3		61.03	

DATE: 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek-McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below fence in woods that crosses stream (3rd X-Sect).

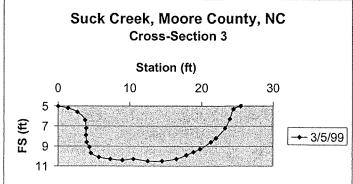
CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES: LPIN located at 0'.

RPIN is located at 27.8'.

Weather: clear, breezy 40 degrees

ATION I	BS I	H FS	ELEVATION NOTES				
0.0		5.02	LPIN				
1.4		5.2					
2.7		5.6	LTOB				
3.8		6.4		SITE 3: BAI	NKFULL GEO	METRY C	ALCS.
3.9		7.9		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
.95		7.2	LBKF	0.1	0.0	0.0	
4.0		8.6		0.2	1.4	0.3	
1.4		9.1		0.3	1.9	0.6	
4.6		9.7	LEW	0.7	2.5	1.6	
5.7		10.1		1.4	2.9	3.9	
7.3		10.3		1.7	3.1	5.1	
9.0		10.4		1.6	3.2	5.1	
0.5		10.3		1.8	3.1	5.4	22.1
2,5		10.5	TW	2.0	3.3	6.6	
4.5		10.5		2.0	3.3	6.6	
6.5		10.3		1.7	3,1	5.3	
7.9		9.9		1.2	2.7	3.2	
8.9		9.6	REW/WS	1.0	2.4	2.3	
9.8		9.3		1.2	2.1	2.5	
1.3		8.6		1.1	1.4	1.5	
2.0		8.2		1.0	1.0	1.0	
3.3		7.2	RBKF	1.0	0.0	0.0	
4.0		6.3					
4.5		5.3	RTOB	19,4		51.1	
5.5		5.0					
6.0		4.6			W * 1/3	6.5	
7.8		4.32	RPIN		1/3 NB A	22.1	
					Anb/A	0.43	High
4.6		9.6	L WS		Max D	3.3	
8.9		9.6	R WS		Mean D	2.6	
					_ W/D	7.3	
					BEHI	39,6	High



DATE: 9/13/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek-McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below fence across stream (3rd X-Sect).

CREW: Louise O'Hara & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Left Bank ~200 ft upstream of cattle crossing area

Vertical 0.60	Horizontal 0.20	Pin Ext.	Notes WS	Date	Davs Between
1.10	0.30	0.10	PIN 1 (top)	9/13/1997	
2.20	0.85	0.20	PIN 2	7/20/1998	11/5/1900
3.30	1.10	0.25	PIN 3 (bottom)	3/5/1999	8/15/1900
3.80	1.00		BKF		
5.30	3.80		TOB		

DATE: 7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just BELOW fence crossing stream in woods (3rd X-Sect).

CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.

Pin extensions were taken beside pin. Toe Pin @ 12'. Left Bank.

100 PIII (@ 12.	Len bank.	
-200 ft upstream	n of cattle crossing	J

Vertical	Horizontal	Pin Ext.	Notes
0.80	3.00	0.10	PIN 3
2.10	3.40	0.25	PIN 2
3.30	3.40	0.20	PIN 1 (top)
3.50	1.20		
4.60	4.30		
4.70	4.65		LIN INTP
5.40	7.10		LTOB

DATE: 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just BELOW fence across stream in woods (3rd X-Sect).

CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

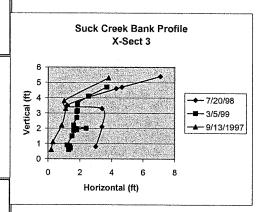
NOTES: Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.
Pin extensions were taken above pin.

Pin extensions were taken above pin.

REF: 5.7 ft since could not find Toe Pin.

~200 ft upstream of cattle crossing

Vertical	Horizontal	Pin Ext.	Notes
0.60	1.30		WS
0.70	1.40		
0.85	1.35	0.35	PIN 3 (bottom)
0.90	1.20		
1.50	1.50		
1.85	1.60		
1.90	1.80		CAVE
1.95	1.70	0.20	PIN 2
2.00	2.40		
2.20	1.60		
2.70	1.80		
3.10	1.80		
3.15	1.85	0.20	PIN 1
3.60	1.85		
4.10	2.55		
4.70	3.70		LTOB



**DATE:** 7/20/1998

OCATION Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

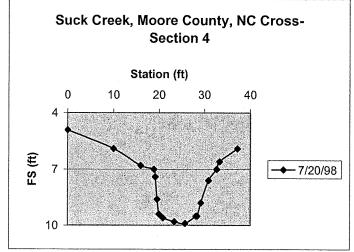
SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below cattle crossing (4th X-Sect).

CREW: Jan Patterson, Jon Williams & Dan Clinton

NOTES: About 50 ft below cattle X-ing. Could not locate LPIN.

RPIN located ~4ft from bank.

STATION	B\$	Ш	FS	ELEVATION NOTES				
0.0			4.90	L Terrace				
10.0			5.9		SITE 4: BA	ANKFULL G	EOMETRY CA	ALCS.
16.0			6.8		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
18.9			7.0	LTOB/LBKF	1.6	0.0	0.0	
19.2			7.4	Top PIN	0.4	0.4	0.1	
19.6			8.6	Bottom PIN	0.4	1.6	0.6	
20.0			9.4		0.6	2.4	1.6	
20.9			9.6	LEW	1.7	2.6	4.4	
23.4			9.8		2.4	2.8	6.7	
25.7			9.9	TW	2.4	2.9	6.8	
28.1			9.5	LIN INTP	1.4	2.5	3.4	
28.4			9.5	REW/WS	0.5	2.5	1.4	
29.2			8.8	Bottom PIN	1.3	1.8	2.3	
30.9			7.6	Top PIN	1.8	0.6	1.1	
32.7			7.0		1.2	0.0	0.0	
33.3			6.6	RTOB				
37.2			5.9	RPIN	13.8		28.3	



W * 1/3	4.6	
1/3 NB A	8.1	
Anb/A	0.28	Low
Max D	2.9	
Mean D	2.1	
W/D	6.7	
BEHI	38.5	High

DATE: 9/13/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below cattle crossing (4th X-Sect).

CREW: Louise O'Hara & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Width	Depth	Area	NOTES
0.0	0.5	0.00	
1.0	1.1	1.10	
1.5	2.5	1.25	
2.4	2.55	2.30	
3.7	2.7	3.51	
5.5	2.8	5.04	
7.2	2.9	4.93	
9.5	2.5	5.75	
12.1	0.55	1.43	
13.7	0	0.00	

25.31

DATE: 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below cattle crossing (4th X-Sect).

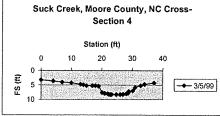
CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton
NOTES: LPIN located at 0'.

RPIN is located at 37.2'.

Weather: Clear, breezy ~50 degrees

L						d		
STATION	BS	н	F <b>S</b>	ELEVATION NOTES				
0.0		;	3.2	~LPIN-could not find				
4.0		;	3.6					
7.0			4.0					
10.0			4.2					
13.0		4	4.7					
14.0			4.9					
15.0			5.2		SITE 4: BAN	KFULL GEC	METRY (	CALCS.
17.0			5.2		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
18.0			5.2	LTOB/LBKF	1.0	0.0	0.0	
19.0			5.4		1.1	0.2	0.2	
20.2			7.6	LEW/WS	1.0	2.4	2.4	
21.0			7.9		0.9	2.7	2.4	5.1
22.0			8.0		0.7	2.8	2.0	
22.4			3.2		0.4	3.0	1.4	
22.9			8.3	LIN INTP	0.5	3.1	1.4	
23.3			3.3	TW	1.0	3.1	2.9	
24.8			8.3		1.4	3.1	4.3	
26.1			3.3		1.1	3.1	3.4	
27.0			3.2	Bedrock	1.0	3.0	3.0	
28.1			3.0		0.9	2.8	2.4	
28.7			7.8	REW	0.4	2.6	1.0	
28.9			7.2	Low Feature	0.8	2.0	1.5	
30.2			7.0		1.0	1.8	1.8	
30.9			5.9		1.3	0.7	0.9	
32.8			5.2	RBKF	1.6	0.0	0.0	
34.0			4.8					
37.2		4	.30	RPIN	14.8		31.1	
20.2			7.6	L WS		W * 1/3	4.9	
28.7		7	7.6	R WS		1/3 NB A	9.8	
[ <del></del>						Anb/A	0.31	Low
Suck Creek, Moore County, NC Cros				tv. NC Cross-		Max D	3.1	
		Section				Mean D	2.1	
		Occilo	7			W/D	7.0	
		Station (ft	١.			BEHI	37.9	High

High



**DATE:** 9/13/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below cattle crossing (4th X-Sect).

CREW: Louise O'Hara & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.

Right bank used for calculations.

#### RIGHT BANK

<b>Vertical</b>	<b>Horizontal</b>	Pin Ext.	<u>Notes</u>	<u>Date</u>	Days Between
0.00	0.30		WS	9/13/1997	
0.70	1.00	0.10	PIN 1	7/20/1998	11/05/00
2.00	2.40	0.15	PIN 2	3/5/1999	8/15/1900
3.70	4.10				
3.20	6.70		TOB		

**DATE:** 7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below cattle crossing (4th X-Sect).

CREW: Jan Patterson, Jon Williams & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Right Bank used for calculations.

#### RIGHT BANK

#### LEFT BANK

Pin Ext.	<u>Notes</u>	Pin Ext.	Notes
0.33	PIN 1(top)	0.45	PIN 1(top)
0.20	PIN 2 (bottom)	0.54	PIN 2 (bottom)

**DATE:** 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below cattle crossing (4th X-Sect).

CREW: Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES: Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.

Pin extensions were taken above pin.

REF: 5.7 ft.

Right bank. REF. 28.1 ft Left bank. REF 22 ft.

Right Bank used for calculations.

#### RIGHT BANK

#### LEFT BANK

<u>Vertical</u>	<u>Horizontal</u>	Pin Ext.	Notes	<u>Vertical</u>	<b>Horizontal</b>	Pin Ext.	Notes
0.45	0.75		WS	0.5	2		WS
0.70	0.95			1.15	2	0.5	PIN 2
0.80	0.90	.5/.2	PIN 2	1.6	2.5		
0.90	1.55			2.3	2.5	0.45	PIN 1
0.95	1.95			2.6	3		LTOB
1.10	2.25						
1.40	2.55						
1.95	2.80	0.30	PIN 1				
2.40	3.30		ROB				
3.00	4.80		RBKF				

Est. Shear Stress

		Anb/A		BEHI		Erosion			
	Date	Value	Rating	Value	Rating	ft	yr	ft/yr	
upstream	7/20/1998	0.47	Very High	30.1	High	0.0	2.4	0.0	**
1	3/5/1999	0.44	High	29.6	Moderate	0.2	1.6	0.2	
2	7/20/1998	0.46	Very High	39.6	High	0.0	0.9	0.0	**
2	3/5/1999	0.43	High	39.6	High	0.0	0.7	0.0	**
3	7/20/1998	0.28	Low	38.5	High	0.1	0.9	0.1	**
3	3/5/1999	0.31	Low	37.9	High	0.1	0.7	0.2	**
4	7/20/1998	0.23	Low	50.3	Extreme	0.3	0.9	0.3	
4	3/5/1999	0.55	Extreme	52.5	Extreme	0.5	0.7	0.7	
downstream	7/20/1998	0.48	Very High	38.5	High	0.1	0.7	0.1	

**DATE:** 7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

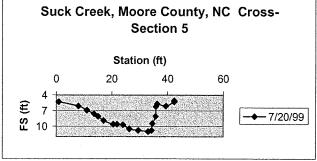
SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just before enters woods downstream (5th X-Sect).

CREW: Dan Clinton & Will Harman NOTES: LPIN located at 0.9'. RPIN is located at 42.4'.

~30 ft from cluster of trees before stream enters woods on left bank

orange end pin on left bank; rebar end pin on right bank

STATION	<u>B\$</u>	Ш	FS	ELEVATION NO	TES				
0.9			5.3	LPII	N				
8.0			6.1						
11.0			6.9			SITE 5: B.	ANKFULL G	EOMETI	RY CALCS.
13.6			7.6			WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
15.0			8.1	LBK	(F	1.7	0.0	0.0	
17.0			8.9	Тор	Low Terrace	2.8	8.0	2.2	
20.5			9.6			2.5	1.5	3.7	
21.9			9.6	LIN	INTP	1.8	1.5	2.6	
24.0			9.7			2.2	1.6	3.5	
26.3			10.5			2.8	2.4	6.6	
29.5			10.8	LEV	V/WS	3.4	2.7	9.0	
33.0			11.0	TW		2.4	2.9	6.8	
34.2			10.8	REV	N/WS	0.8	2.7	2.0	
34.5			9.5			0.8	1.4	1.1	
35.7			8.1	RBH	<b>KF</b>	0.6	0.0	0.0	
35.8			6.2						
36.3			5.7	RTC	OB	20.7		37.6	
39.4			6.1						
42.4			5.3	Bes	ide RPIN		W * 1/3	6.9	
42.4			5.1	RPI	N		1/3 NB A	8.5	
							Anb/A	0.23	Low
			***************************************	,-1w	<del></del> 1		Max D	2.9	
e.	iok Crost	. Maa	Countr	NC Cross			Mean D	1.8	
31	ick creek			NC Cross-			W/D	11.4	
		Sect	ion 5				BEHI	50.3	Extreme



**DATE:** 3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just before enters woods downstream (5th X-Sect).

**CREW:** Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES: LPIN located at 0.9'.

RPIN is located at 42.4'.

STATION	BS	НІ	<u>FS</u>	ELEVATION NOTES				
0.9			5.2	LPIN				
5.5			5.6					
8.0			5.9					
10.8			6.7					
12.0			7.4					
13.2			7.6		SITE 5: B.	ANKFULL G	EOMETR	Y CALCS.
14.0			7.5		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
15.1			8.1	LBKF	0.8	0.0	0.0	
15.5			8.3		1.2	0.2	0.2	
17.5			8.7		1.5	0.6	0.9	
18.5			8.8		1.5	0.7	1.1	
20.5			9.3		2.4	1.2	2.8	
23.2			9.4		2.0	1.3	2.6	
24.5			9.7		1.4	1.6	2.2	
26.0			10.2		1.3	2.1	2.7	
27.1			10.4	LEW/WS	1.4	2.3	3.2	
28.8			10.6	LIN INTP	1.2	2.5	3.0	
29.5			10.7		1.6	2.6	4.2	
32.0			11.0	TW	2.5	2.9	7.3	
34.5			10.9		1.5	2.8	4.1	
34.9			10.6	REW	0.3	2.5	0.8	
35.1			9.1		0.4	1.0	0.4	
35.6			8.1	RBKF	0.4	0.0	0.0	
35.9			6.0	RTOB				
36.4			5.7		20.5		35.4	
37.6			5.7					
39.0			6.0			W * 1/3	6.8	
41.0			5.6			1/3 NB A	19.6	
42.3			5.2	Ground in front of RF	PIN	Anb/A	0.55	Extreme
42.4			4.92	Top RPIN (rebar)		Max D	2.9	
				•		Mean D	1.7	
27.1			10.4	L WS		W/D	11.9	
34.9			10.5	R WS		BEHI	52.5	Extreme

DATE:

9/2/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Richardson Farm X-Sect just before enters woods downstream (5th X-Sect).

CREW:

Will Harman & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Vertical 0.50 0.90 1.40 1.90 2.80 4.20	Horizontal 1.10 1.40 1.60 2.40 2.70 2.60	0.20 0.20 0.15 0.20	Reset	Notes WS PIN 4 Top of Bench PIN 3 (BKF) PIN 2 PIN 1	<u>Date</u> 9/2/1997 7/20/1998 3/5/1999	<u>Days Between</u> ######### 8/15/1900
4.80	2.70			ТОВ		

DATE:

7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

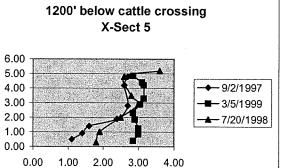
SITE: CREW: Richardson Farm X-Sect just before enters woods downstream (5th X-Sect).

Louise O'Hara & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

PIN 1 is missing

Vertical 0.30	Horizontal 1.80	Pin Ext.	Reset	Notes WS
1.00	1.90	0.83		PIN 4 (bottom)
2.00	2.50	0.46		PIN 3
2.90	3.00	0.29		PIN 2
3.50	2.80			
4.80	2.60			
5.20	3.60			TOB



3.00

Horizontal (ft)

4.00

DATE:

3/5/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Richardson Farm X-Sect just before enters woods downstream (5th X-Sect).

Vertical (ft)

CREW:

Jan Patterson & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Horizontal measurements reflect bank profile.

Pin extensions were taken above pin.

TOE PIN 32.5 ft on X-Sect

0.40 2.85 WS	
0.85 3.00 1.90 0.25 PIN	4
1.25 3.00	
1.85 2.90 0.80 0.15 PIN	3
2.30 2.85	
2.90 3.05 0.45 0.2 PIN	2
3.30 3.15	
4.20 3.15 0.65 0.3 PIN	1
4.40 3.10	
4.85 2.85 RTC	В

**DATE:** 7/20/1998

OCATION Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

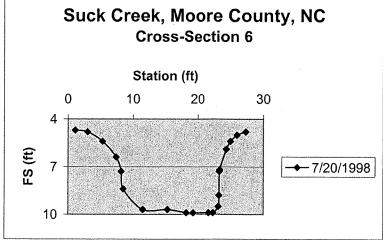
SITE: Richardson Farm X-Sect just below sampler R-1 in woods.

**CREW:** Dan Clinton & Will Harman **NOTES:** Gage plate reading 0.6 ft.

Right Bank

Cross-section is farthest downstream--X-Sect 6

						_		
STATION	<u>BS</u>	Н	<u>FS</u>	ELEVATION NOTES				
1.1			4.7	LPIN				
3.0			4.8	LTOB				
5.3			5.4		SITE 6: B	ANKFULL G	OEMETR	RY CALCS.
7.4			6.4		WIDTH	DEPTH	AREA	
8.2			7.3	LBKF	0.6	0.0	0.0	
8.5			8.4		1.7	1.1	1.8	
11.5			9.7		3.4	2.4	8.2	
15.3			9.7		3.4	2.4	8.0	
18.2			9.9	LEW/WS	2.0	2.6	5.2	
19.3			9.9	TOE PIN (beside)	1.8	2.6	4.6	
21.7			9.9	TW	1.6	2.6	4.0	
22.4			9.9	REW/WS	0.8	2.6	2.0	
23.2			9.5		0.5	2.2	1.0	
23.3			8.8	Bottom PIN	0.1	1.5	0.1	
23.4			7.3	RBKF	0.0	0.0	0.0	
23.4			7.2	Mid PIN				
24.4			5.9	Top PIN	15.2		34.8	
25.0			5.4					
26.0			5.0			W * 1/3	5.1	
27.3			4.8	RPIN/RTOB		1/3 NB A	16.8	
						Anb/A	0.48	
19.3			9.4	TOE PIN		Max D	2.6	
	***************************************				7	Mean D	2.3	
Suck Creek, Moore County, NC						W/D	6.6	
	Suc		• .	ore County, NC		BEHI	38.5	High



DATE:

9/2/1997

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Richardson Farm X-Sect just below sampler R-1 in woods.

CREW:

Jan Patterson, Jon Williams & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Cross-section is farthest downstream--X-Sect 6

<u>PIN</u>	Pin Ext.	<b>Notes</b>	<u>Date</u>	Days Between
PIN 3	0.45	(bottom)	9/2/1997	·
PIN 2	0.3	(middle)	7/20/1998	11/16/1900
PIN 1	0.25	(top)	4/1/1999	9/11/1900

DATE:

7/20/1998

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Richardson Farm X-Sect just below sampler R-1 in woods.

CREW:

Will Harman & Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Cross-section is farthest downstream--X-Sect 6

<u>Vertical</u>	<u>Horizontal</u>	Pin Ext.	Reset	Notes
0.70	4.10	0.31		PIN 3 (bottom)
1.20	4.60			
2.40	4.20	0.24		PIN 2
3.70	5.00	0.35		PIN 1(top)
4.20	5.80			
4.70	8.20			RTOB

DATE:

4/1/1999

LOCATION: Suck Creek--McLendon's Creek Watershed

SITE:

Richardson Farm X-Sect just below sampler R-1 in woods.

CREW:

Dan Clinton

NOTES:

Cross-section is farthest downstream--X-Sect 6

<u>PIN</u>	Pin Ext.	<b>Notes</b>
PIN 3	0.65	(bottom)
PIN 2	0.25	(middle)
PIN 1	0.35	(top)