Monitoring Report

Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site DMS Contract 004739 DMS Project Number 95363

Monitoring Year 02



Prepared for:

NCDMS, 1652 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

Construction Completed: March 2014 Data Collection: 2015 Submitted: January 2016

Design and Monitoring Firm



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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY / PROJECT ABSTRACT

The Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site, (TBWRS) completed in March 2014, restored 10.6 acres of non-riparian wetland along with 0.4 acre of upland preservation. The TBWRS is a non-riparian wetland system in the Cape Fear Basin (03030007 8-digit HUC) in southern Duplin County, North Carolina. The project is located in the 14-digit HUC 03030007090040 (Rock Fish Creek), which DMS has identified as a Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) (NCDENR, EEP 2009).

The project site is protected by an 11.72-acre permanent conservation easement held by the State of North Carolina. TBWRS is located on a single parcel located off of Cornwallis Road approximately two miles northwest of Wallace, North Carolina. The project site is bounded by Cornwallis Road to the west, a ditch along the property line to the south, and agricultural land to the east and north. Prior to construction, the site was actively used for row crop farming. The site had a long history of hydrologic modification in order to allow for farming to take place on the property.

The Cape Fear River Basin Restoration Priorities state the goals for the TBWRS's 14-digit HUC are to expand restoration opportunities and repair riparian buffers (NCDENR EEP, 2009). The project goals for TBWRS are in line with the basin priorities and include the following:

- Slow and treat the runoff of upslope agricultural drainage.
- Restore a Hardwood Flats Community.
- Develop valuable wetland habitat niches within a drained agricultural landscape.

The project goals will be addressed through the following objectives:

- Fill field ditches to restore surface flow retention and elevate local groundwater levels.
- Redevelop longer wetland flow patterns to increase surface flow retention time.
- Modify an existing pond to its natural seep condition to feed the downslope wetland.
- Restore a native forested hardwood wetland community using natives trees and seed mixes.

There are three non-credit generating areas on the site. There is 0.4-acre of uplands located in the forested northeastern corner of the project boundary. This area remained undisturbed and is included in the TBWRS conservation easement. There is a 0.2 acre utility easement on the west side of the site along Cornwallis Road that remained undisturbed. Additionally, the southernmost ditch, located adjacent to project easement, was left open and not filled. It is anticipated that leaving this ditch open will have minimal impacts to the overall hydrologic performance of the site. The hydrologic influence of this ditch was modeled using Lateral Effect, a software program that determines the lateral effect of a drainage ditch or borrow pit on adjacent wetland hydrology (NCSU BAE, 2011). This analysis determined that the potential horizontal drainage influence averages 76'. Due to the fact that the southern ditch cannot be filled because of the potential for hydrologic trespass, the area immediately adjacent to the ditch will not be a credit generating part of the site. It is assumed that with the onsite modifications, such as filling ditches and surface roughening, the entire site will have more surface and groundwater, which may decrease the effect of the ditch. For this reason, the non-credit generating portion of the site is assumed to be half of the zone of influence for the ditch.

The TBWRS provided mitigation for wetland impacts within Hydrologic Unit 03030007 by restoring 10.6 acres of wetland and preserving 0.4-acre of uplands, generating 10.6 riparian wetland mitigation units (WMU's). The TBWRS will be monitored to determine if the project is on-track to meeting jurisdictional wetland status. The wetland site will be deemed successful once hydrology is established and vegetation success criteria are met.

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and

figures in the report appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report and in the Mitigation Plan documents available on the DMSs website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices are available from DMS upon request.

2.0 MONITORING RESULTS

The TBWRS will be monitored to determine if the project is on-track to meeting jurisdictional wetland status. The wetland restoration area will be deemed successful once hydrology is established and vegetation success criteria are met. The site will be monitored for at least seven years or until the success criteria are achieved.

2.1 VEGETATION MONITORING

The success criteria for the planted species in the mitigation area will be based on survival. The site will demonstrate the re-establishment of targeted vegetative communities based on survival and growth of planted species and volunteer colonization, with an average stem density of 320 stems/acre after three years, 288 stems/acre after four years, 260 stems/acre after five years, and 210 stems/acre after seven years to be considered successful. To determine the success of the planted mitigation area, ten permanent vegetation monitoring plots (10 by 10 meters) have been established in the wetland restoration area at a density that represents the total mitigation acreage. The average density of these plots will determine whether the site meets the success criterion.

The second-year vegetation monitoring was based on the Level 2 CVS-EEP vegetation monitoring protocol. The site's average density for this monitoring period was 983 planted stems/acre. This represents an increase from the first year of monitoring, which is due to a supplemental planting that KCI conducted in March 2015. All ten plots had greater than 320 planted stems/acre. Including volunteers, the site averaged 1,117 total stems/acre. In general the site is well vegetated, with widespread herbaceous coverage and healthy planted stems.

2.2 HYDROLOGY MONITORING

Wetland hydrology will be monitored with a series of automatic gauges that record water table depth. The site must present continuous saturated or inundated hydrologic conditions for at least 8% of the growing season with a 50% probability of reoccurrence during normal weather conditions. A "normal" year is based on NRCS climatological data for Duplin County using the 30th to 70th percentile thresholds as the range of normal as documented in the USACE Technical Report "Accessing and Using Meteorological Data to Evaluate Wetland Hydrology, April 2000." The soil survey for Duplin County does not contain growing season data; therefore, due to its close proximity, the Sampson County soil survey was used. The estimated growing season begins March 18 and ends November 11 (239 days). The water table of the restored wetlands must be within 12" of the soils surface continuously for at least 8% (19 days) of the 239-day growing season. Wetland hydrology will be monitored with sixteen automatic gauges that record water table depth. Daily data will be collected from the automatic gauges over the 7-year monitoring period.

Due to the inherent variability in the site's soils and associated drainage characteristics, it is unlikely that the project will exhibit uniform hydrologic conditions across the site, making a single hydrologic performance criterion unrepresentative of the site's performance. As such, the gauge data can be evaluated and presented as a spatial average with each gauge representing the area half the distance to adjacent gauges. The spatial average will be the calculated value for comparison with the performance standard for credit validation. Gauges representing areas not achieving a minimum of 6.5% saturation will

be considered non-attaining even if the spatial average exceeds the credit validation performance standard.

To monitor the effect of the unfilled ditch described in Section 1.0, four sets of coupled gauges were installed perpendicular to the unfilled ditch. Each set includes a gauge that is 40' from the open ditch and another that is 75' from the ditch. An additional two gauges were installed between the coupled gauges to monitor hydrology less than 40' from the open ditch in the non-credit bearing zone.

The daily rainfall data were obtained from the NC State Climate Office for a local weather station in Jacksonville, NC. In 2015, the months of February, May, October and November experienced above average rainfall, while January, April, June, August, and September experienced average rainfall. The months of March, and July recorded below average rainfall for the site. Overall, the area experienced average rainfall during the 2015 growing season.

During the site's second growing season, all four of the gauges located 75' from the ditch had continuous saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for 8% (19 days) of the 239 day growing season (March 18 to November 11). All four of the gauges located 40' from the ditch also met this metric while only one of the two gauges located less than 40' from the ditch achieved 8% continuous saturation. A new gauge (Gauge 17) was installed in the restoration area before the start of the 2015 growing season. No gauges in the restoration area were below 8% saturation. Since no gauges were below 6.5% continuous saturation, all gauges were used in the analysis to determine the spatial average for the hydrology of the entire site. This analysis is based off percent saturation contours for the restoration area calculated from the gauge data. Following the method described above and as illustrated in the figure in Appendix D, it is determined that based on the spatial average, the site was continuously saturated for 30.6% of the growing season and met the hydrology success criteria of 8% for the second year of monitoring.

3.0 METHODOLOGY

The CVS-EEP protocol, Level 2 (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm) was used to collect vegetation data from the site. The vegetation monitoring was completed on June 30, 2015.

4.0 REFERENCES

Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm)

NCDENR, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. 2009. Lower Yadkin Pee-Dee River Basin Priorities 2009. Raleigh, NC. http://www.nceep.net/services/restplans/Yadkin_Pee_Dee_RBRP_2009_Final.pdf

NCSU BAE. North Carolina State University, Biological and Agricultural Engineering. 2011. Method to Determine Lateral Effect of a Drainage Ditch on Adjacent Wetland Hydrology. Last accessed 11/2012 at: http://www.bae.ncsu.edu/soil_water/projects/lateral_effect.html

USACE. 2003. Stream Mitigation Guidelines. USACE, NCDENR-DWQ, USEPA, NCWRC.

Appendix A

Project Vicinity Map and Background Tables

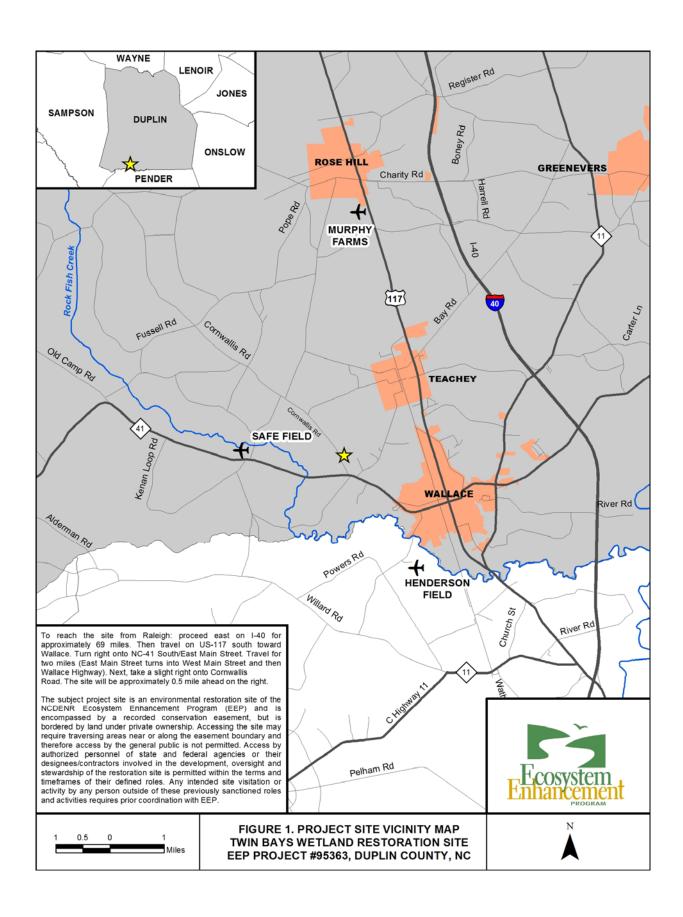


Table 1. Project	Compon	ents and	Mitigatio	n Credi	ts				
Twin Bays Wet	land Rest	oration S	ite, DMS						
	Stre	eam	Ripai Wetla	rian		edits riparian tland	Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphoro us Nutrient Offset
Туре	R	RE	R	RE	R	RE			
Acres					10.6				
Credits					10.6				
TOTAL CREDITS					1	0.6			
01422115				Project	Compo	nents			
Project Component -or- Reach ID	Project mponent Stationing/ -or- Location Existing Footage/ Acreage			age/		oroach PII etc.)	Restoratio n -or- Restoratio n Equivalen t	Restoratio n Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio
Wetland Area	Southern of pr	al and n portion oject ment	10.6 a	cres		-	Restoration	10.6 acres	1:1
			C	Compone	ent Sum	mation			
Restoration Level		eam r feet)		an Wetl acres)	and		-riparian and (acres)	Buffer (square feet)	Upland (acres)
			Riverine	٠ ا	on- erine				
Restoration						10.	.6 acres		
Enhancement									
Enhancement I									
Enhancement II									
Creation									
Preservation									0.4 acre
High Quality Preservation									
TOTAL		-	-		-	10.	6 acres	-	0.4 acre
TOTAL WMU	,	-	-		-		10.6	-	-

Activity or Report	Data Collection Complete	Actual Completion or Delivery
Mitigation Plan		Oct 13
Final Design - Construction Plans		Dec 13
Construction		Feb/March 14
Planting		March 14
Baseline Monitoring/Report	April 14	May 14
Year 1 Monitoring	Nov 14	Dec 14
Supplemental Planting		March 15
Year 2 Monitoring	July 15	Jan 16

Table 3. Project Contacts Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site, DMS Project # 95363								
Design Firm	KCI Associates of North Carolina, PC							
Design Firm	Landmark Center II. Suite 220							
	4601 Six Forks Rd.							
	Raleigh, NC 27609							
	Contact: Mr. Tim Morris							
	Phone: (919) 278-2512							
	Fax: (919) 783-9266							
Construction Contractor	KCI Environmental Technologies and							
	Construction, Inc.							
	Landmark Center II, Suite 220							
	4601 Six Forks Rd.							
	Raleigh, NC 27609							
	Contact: Mr. Tim Morris							
	Phone: (919) 278-2512 Fax: (919) 783- 9266							
Planting Contractor	Forestree Management Co.							
	1280 Maudis Road							
	Bailey, NC 27807							
	Contact: Mr. Tony Cortez							
	Phone: (252) 243-2513							
Monitoring Performers								
MY-00-02	KCI Associates of North Carolina, PC							
	Landmark Center II, Suite 220							
	4601 Six Forks Rd.							
	Raleigh, NC 27609							
	Contact: Mr. Adam Spiller							
	Phone: (919) 278-2514							
	Fax: (919) 783-9266							

Table 4. Project Information										
Twin Bays Wetland Restoration S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Project Name	T	win Bays Wetland Restoration	Site							
County	Duplin County									
Project Area (acres)	11.72 acres									
Project Coordinates (lat. and long.)	34.748418 N , -78.027129 W									
	Project Watershed Sun									
Physiographic Province	Coastal Plain									
River Basin		Cape Fear								
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit	03030007	USGS Hydrologic Unit 14-0	0303000709004 0							
DWQ Sub-basin		18-74-29b								
Project Drainage Area (acres)		25.4 acres								
Project Drainage Area Percentage of Impervious Area		2%								
CGIA Land Use Classification	93% Cultivated, 2% I	Mixed Shrubland, and 5% Low	-Intensity Development							
Wetla	and Summary Informa	ation (Post-Restoration)								
Parameters		Wetland Area								
Size of Wetland (acres)		10.6 acres								
Wetland Type (non-riparian, riparian riverine or riparian non-riverine)	Non-riparian									
Mapped Soil Series	Rains (Torhunta, Murville/Leon and Udorthents by detailed soil investigation)									
Drainage class		Poorly drained								
Soil Hydric Status		Drained Hydric								
Source of Hydrology		Hillside seepage / precipitatio	n							
Hydrologic Impairment		Ditching and Crops								
Native vegetation community		Hardwood Flats Community								
Percent composition of exotic invasive vegetation		0%								
	Regulatory Cor	siderations								
Regulation	Applicable?	Resolved?	Supporting Documentation							
Waters of the United States – Section 404	Yes	Yes, received 404 permit	N/A							
Waters of the United States – Section 401	Yes	Yes, received 401 permit	N/A							
Endangered Species Act*	No N/A N/A									
Historic Preservation Act*	No N/A N/A									
Coastal Zone Management Act * (CZMA)/ Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	No N/A N/A									
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	No	N/A	FEMA Floodplain Checklist							
Essential Fisheries Habitat*	No	N/A	N/A							

Appendix B

Visual Assessment Data



Table 5. Vegetation Condition Assessment

Twin Bays Restoration Site, DMS Project #95363

Easement Acreage 11.7 Planted Acreage 10.6 CCPV Number of Combined Vegetation Category Definitions Mapping Threshold Depiction Polygons % of Planted Acreage Acreage Very limited cover of both woody and Pattern and 0.1 acre 0 0.00 0.0% l. Bare Areas herbaceous material. Color Woody stem densities clearly below 2. Low Stem Density Pattern and 0 target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 0.1 acre 0.00 0.0% Color Areas stem count criteria. 0 0.00 0.0% **Total** Areas with woody stems of a size class 3. Areas of Poor Growth Pattern and 0 that are obviously small given the 0.25 acre 0.00 0.0% Rates or Vigor Color monitoring year. **Cumulative Total** 0 0.00 0.0% Areas or points (if too small to render 4. Invasive Areas of Pattern and 1,000 SF 0 0.00 0.0% Concern as polygons at map scale). Color Areas or points (if too small to render 5. Easement Pattern and 0 0.00 0.0% none as polygons at map scale). Color Encroachment Areas

Photo Reference Points



PP1a - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP1a - MY02 - 7/30/15



PP1b- MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP1b - MY02 - 7/30/15



PP2a - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP2a - MY02 - 7/30/15





PP3 - MY-00 - 4/10/14



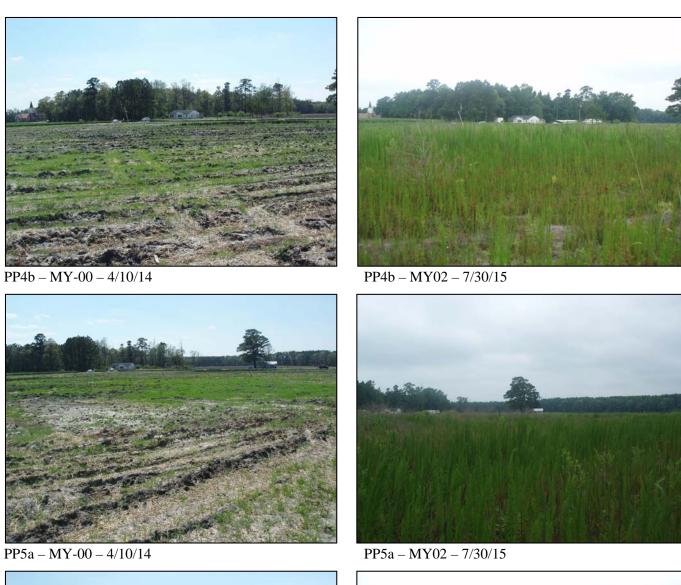
PP4a - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP3 - MY02 - 7/30/15



PP4a - MY02 - 7/30/15



PP5b - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP5b - MY02 - 7/30/15



PP6a - MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP6a - MY02 - 7/30/15



PP6b- MY-00 - 4/10/14



PP6b - MY02 - 7/30/15

Vegetation Plot Photos



Veg Plot #1 - MY02 - 7/30/15



 $\frac{1}{\text{Veg Plot } \#2 - \text{MY02} - 7/30/15}$



Veg Plot #3 - MY02 - 7/30/15



Veg Plot #4 - MY02 - 7/30/15



Veg Plot #5 - MY02 - 7/30/15



 $Veg\ Plot\ \#6 - MY02 - 7/30/15$



Veg Plot #7 – MY02 – 7/30/15



Veg Plot #9 – MY02 – 7/30/15



Veg Plot #8 – MY02 – 7/30/15



Veg Plot #10 – MY02 – 7/30/15

Appendix C

Vegetation Plot Data

Table 6. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment Twin Bays Restoration Site DMS Project #95363											
Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Monitoring Year 02 Planted Stem Density (stems/acre)	Monitoring Year 02 Total Stem Density (stems/acre)								
1	Yes	1,093	1,174								
2	Yes	971	1,295								
3	Yes	647	647								
4	Yes	1,093	1,133								
5	Yes	931	1,012								
6	Yes	1,578	1,700								
7	Yes	769	809								
8	Yes	728	890								
9	Yes	1,133	1,416								
10	Yes	890	1,093								

Table 7. CVS Vegetation Plot M	etadata						
Twin Bays Restoration Site DMS							
Report Prepared By	Bethany Williams						
Date Prepared	7/31/2015 11:32						
database name	KCI-2014-95363_Twin Bays.mdb						
database location	M:\2012\20122265 TwinBays\Monitoring\Vegetation CVS Database						
computer name	12-3ZV4FP1						
file size	62296064						
DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHE	ETS IN THIS DOCUMENT						
Metadata	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and						
	project data.						
Proj, planted	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes.						
Proj, total stems	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.						
Plots	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).						
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.						
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.						
Damage	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.						
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.						
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.						
Planted Stems by Plot and Spp	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.						
ALL Stems by Plot and spp	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.						
PROJECT SUMMARY							
Project Code	95363						
project Name	Twin Bays Restoration Site						
Description	Wetland restoration site						
River Basin	Cape Fear						
area (sq m)	24523.92						
Required Plots (calculated)	10						
Sampled Plots	10						

Table 8. CVS Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot and Species DMS Project Code 95363. Project Name: Twin Bays Restoration Site

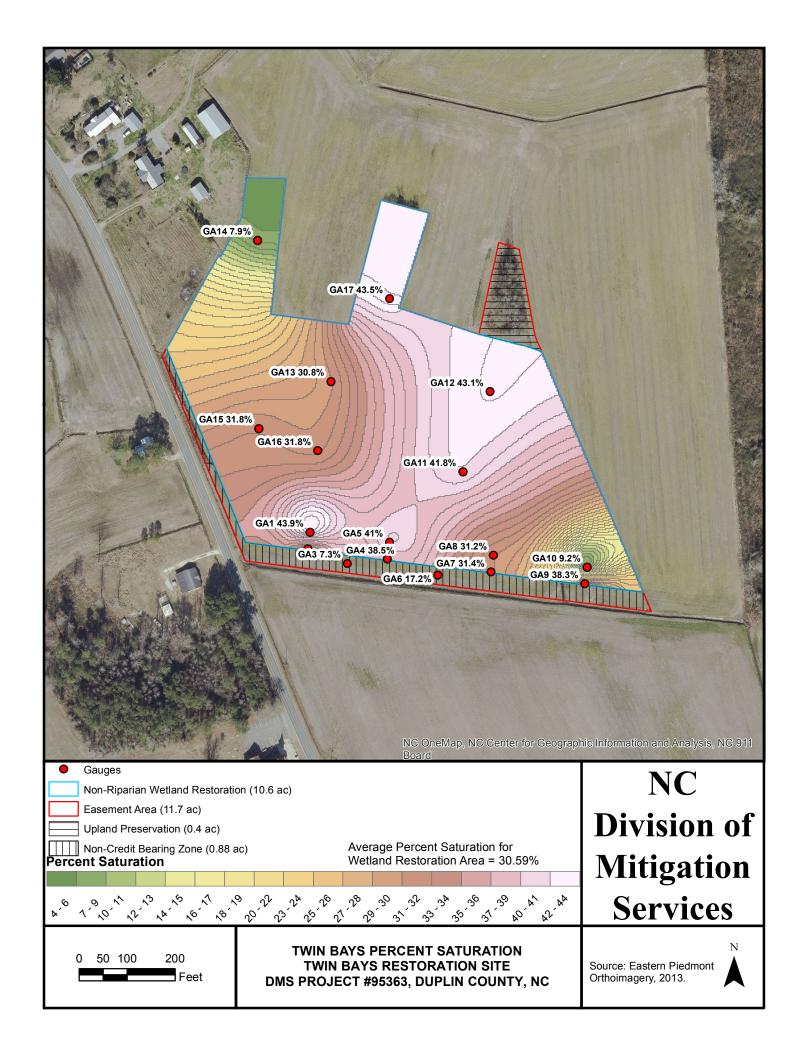
				Current Plot Data (MY2 2015)																												
			953	63-01-	0001	95363	3-01-0	002	953	363-01 ₋	-0003	95	363-01	-0004	953	63-01-0	005	9536	53-01-0	006	953	63-01-0	0007	953	63-01-	8000	953	363-01-0	0009	953€	63-01-00)10
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS P	-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoL	S P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS I	P-all	T
Acer rubrum	Red maple	Tree			1			2	1	L	1 :	1		1			1			1				2	2	2	<u>,</u>		1			
Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	Shrub				5	5	5							2	2	2															
Baccharis halimifolia	Eastern Baccharis	Shrub			1			5									1						1						1	L		2
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	5	[]	5 5				1	L	1	1	3	3 3	6	6	6	16	16	16				1	1	. 1	. 5	, 5	, -	5 11	11	11
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree				11	11	11	1	L	1	1	3	3 3				8	8	8	2	2	2	1	1	. 1	L					
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweetgum	Tree						1																								
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tuliptree	Tree							2	2	2 :	2																		1	1	1
Magnolia virginiana	Sweetbay	Tree							1	L	1 :	1			6	6	6	3	3	3	5	5	5									
Nyssa biflora	Swamp Tupelo	Tree																											1.0	5		2
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree																3	3	3						4	Į.					
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oal	Tree	7	7	7 7	4	4	4	6	6	6 (6	8	8 8	3	3	3	7	7	7	12	12	12	10	10	10) 2	. 2	2 2	<u>,</u>		
Quercus pagoda	Cherrybark Oak	Tree										1	1 1	1 11	. 1	1	1							2	2	2 2	2 3	, 2	3 3	4	4	5
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	4	4	1 4								2	2 2	1	1	1										9	Ĉ) c	4	4	4
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree																		2												
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	Shrub																											0.1	\$		
Taxodium distichum	Bald Cypress	Tree	6	6	6	i																		1	1	. 1	. 8	, 8	٤ اد	3 1	1	1
Ulmus americana	American Elm	Tree																														
Unknown		Shrub or Tree																														
Vaccinium corymbosum	Highbush Blueberry	Shrub	5	5	5 5	4	4	4	4		4 4	4			4	4	4	2	2	2				1	1	. 1	1	. 1		1	1	1
		Stem count	27	27	7 29	24	24	32	16	5 1	6 1	6 2	7 2	7 28	23	23	25	39	39	42	19	19	20	18	18	22	28	28	3 35	5 22	22	27
		size (ares)		1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1	
		size (ACRES)		0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02	
		Species count	5	5	5 7	4	4	7	7	7	7	7	5	5 6	7	7	9	6	6	8	3	3	4	7	7	' 8	6	ϵ	<u>ي</u> ز	6	6	8
	S	tems per ACRE	1093	1093	1174	971	971	1295	647	64	7 64 ⁻	7 109	3 109	3 1133	931	931	1012	1578	1578	1700	769	769	809	728	728	890	1133	1133	1416	890	890	1093

Table 8. CVS Stem Count Total and Planted by Plot and Species DMS Project Code 95363. Project Name: Twin Bays Restoration Site

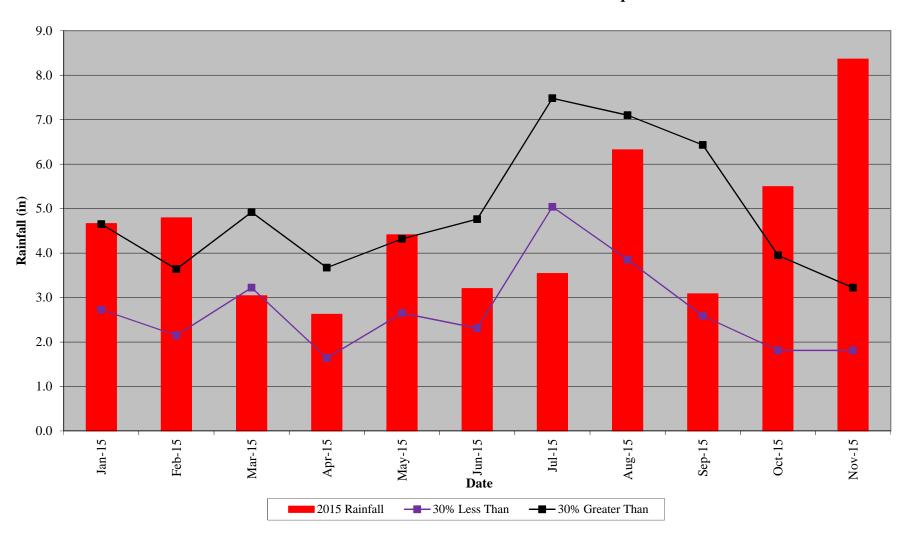
	-	-	Annual Means								
			M	Y2 (201	L 5)	М	Y1 (201	L 4)	M	Y0 (201	4)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т	PnoLS	P-all	Т
Acer rubrum	Red Maple	Tree	3	3	9	3	3	7	5	5	5
Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	Shrub	7	7	7	8	8	8	11	11	11
Baccharis halimifolia	Eastern Baccharis	Shrub			11			7			
Betula nigra	River Birch	Tree	48	48	48	48	48	48	47	47	47
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Green Ash	Tree	26	26	26	24	24	24	5	5	5
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweetgum	Tree			1			1			
Liriodendron tulipifera	Tuliptree	Tree	3	3	3	1	1	1	18	18	18
Magnolia virginiana	Sweetbay	Tree	15	15	15	13	13	13	17	17	17
Nyssa biflora	Swamp Tupelo	Tree			5						
Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	Tree	3	3	7	3	3	3			
Quercus michauxii	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Tree	59	59	59	54	54	54			
Quercus pagoda	Cherrybark Oak	Tree	21	21	22	23	23	23	22	22	22
Quercus phellos	Willow Oak	Tree	20	20	20	9	9	9			
Salix nigra	Black Willow	Tree			2			3			
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	Shrub			3						
Taxodium distichum	Bald Cypress	Tree	16	16	16	6	6	6	1	1	1
Ulmus americana	American Elm	Tree							8	8	8
Unknown		Shrub or Tree				10	10	10	104	104	104
Vaccinium corymbosum	Highbush Blueberry	Shrub	22	22	22	20	20	20	22	22	22
		Stem count	243	243	276	222	222	237	260	260	260
		10			10		10				
		0.25			0.25			0.25			
		Species count	12	12	17	13	13	16	11	11	11
	St	ems per ACRE	983	983	1117	898	898	959	1052	1052	1052

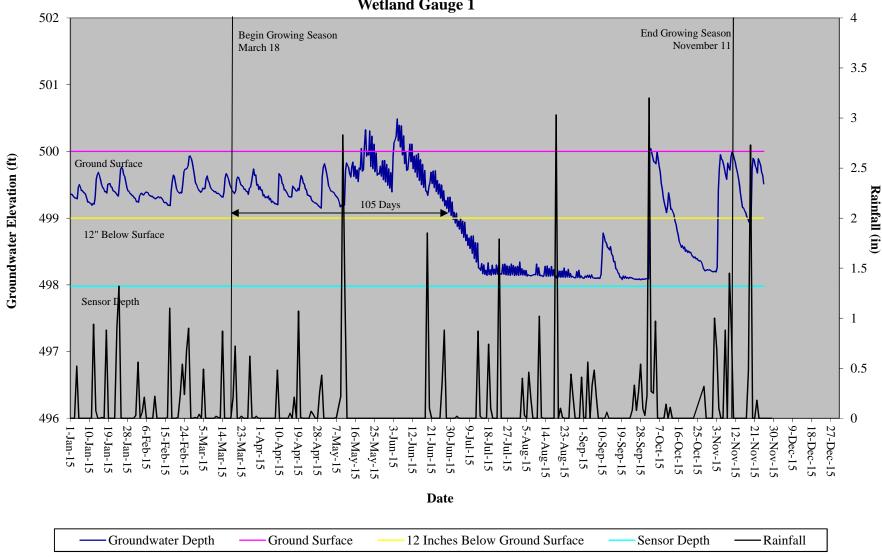
Appendix D

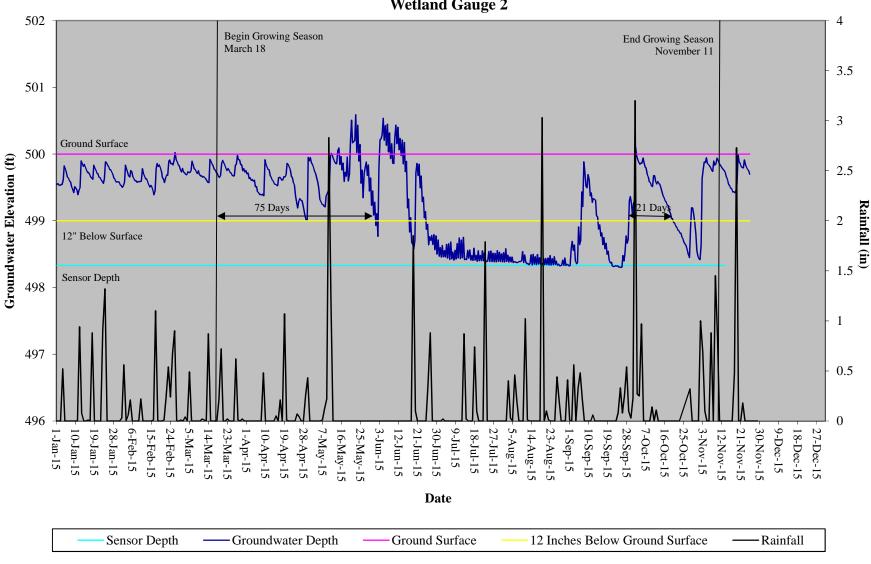
Hydrologic Data



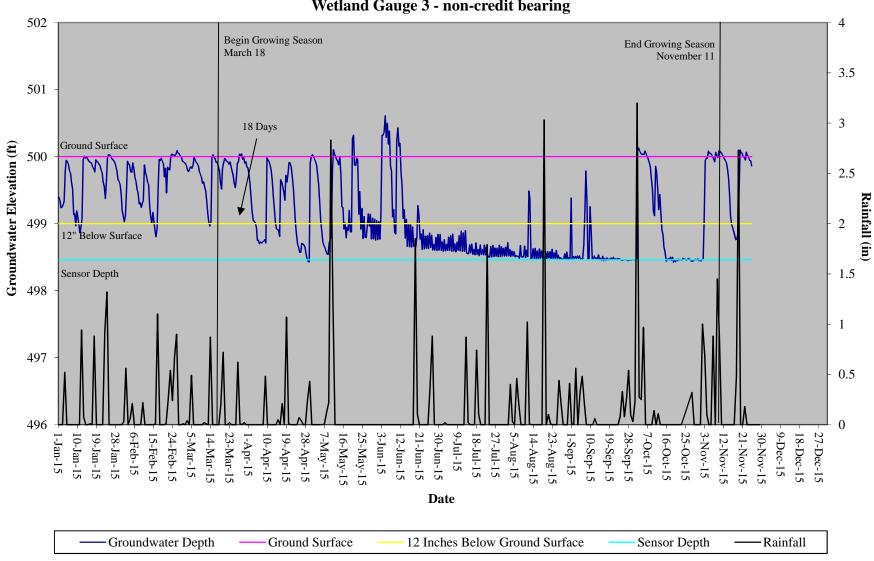
Twin Bays Wetland Restoration Site 30-70 Percentile Graph WETS Station Name: KOAJ - Albert Ellis Airport

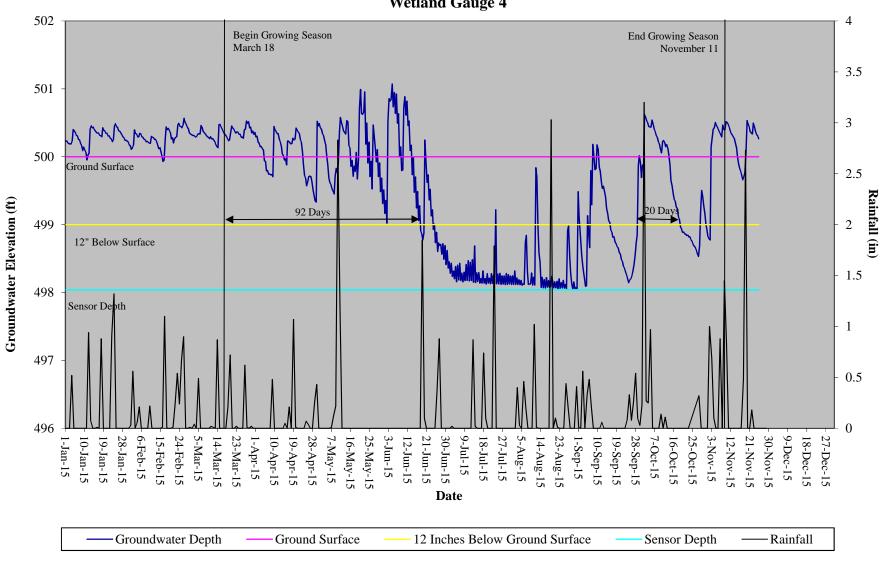


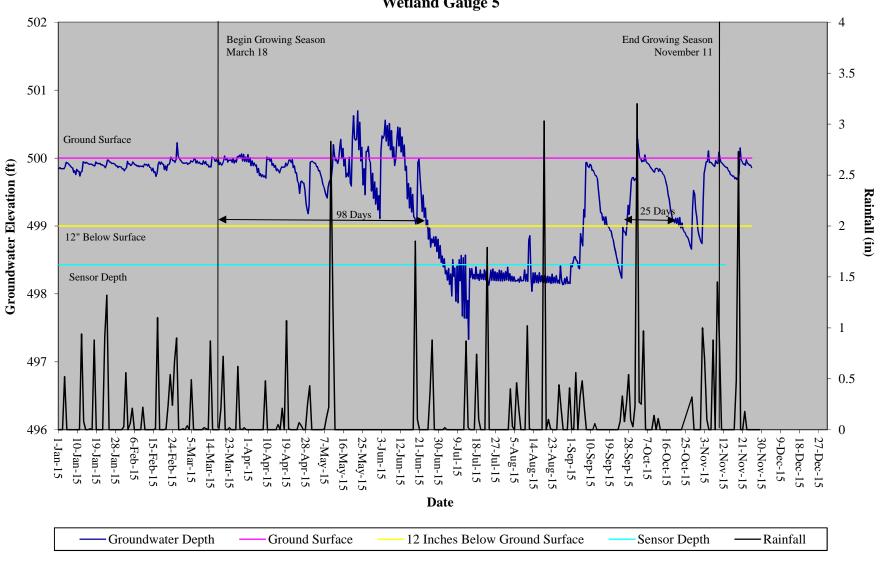




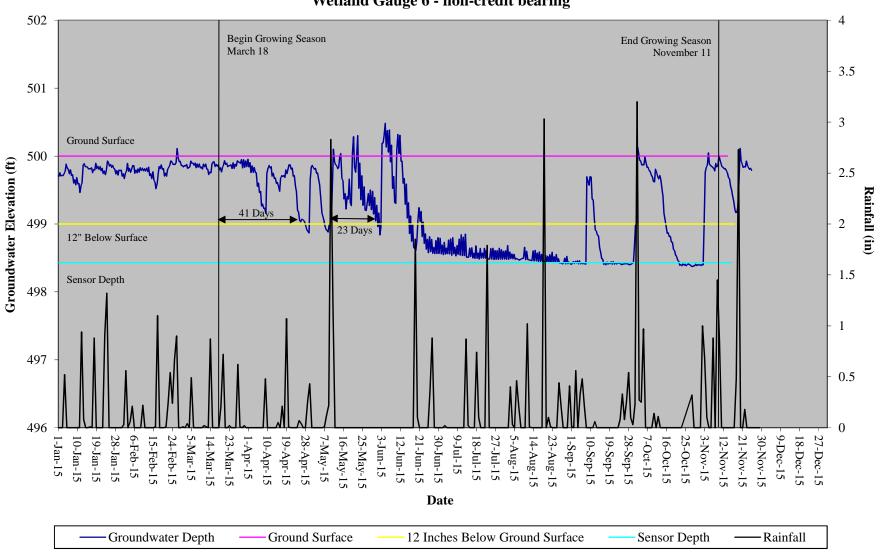
Twin Bays Restoration Site Hydrograph Wetland Gauge 3 - non-credit bearing

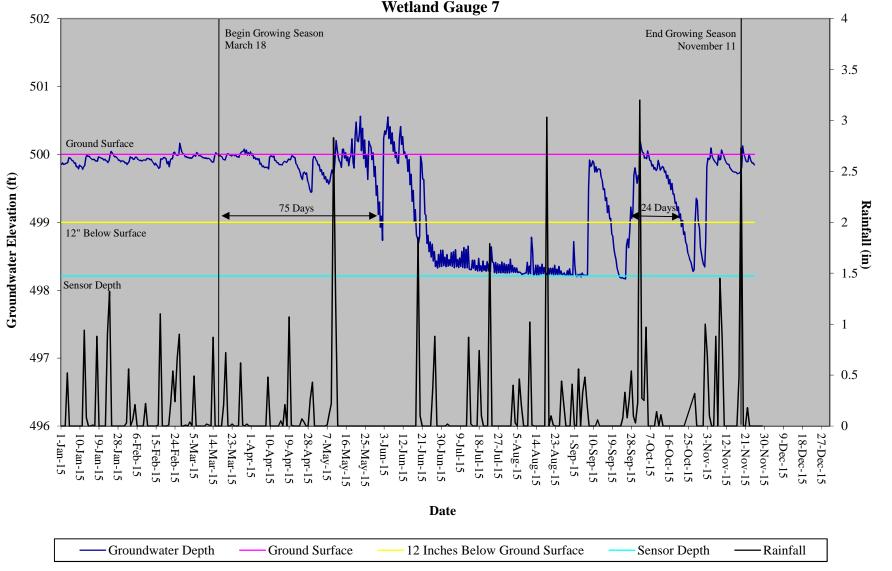


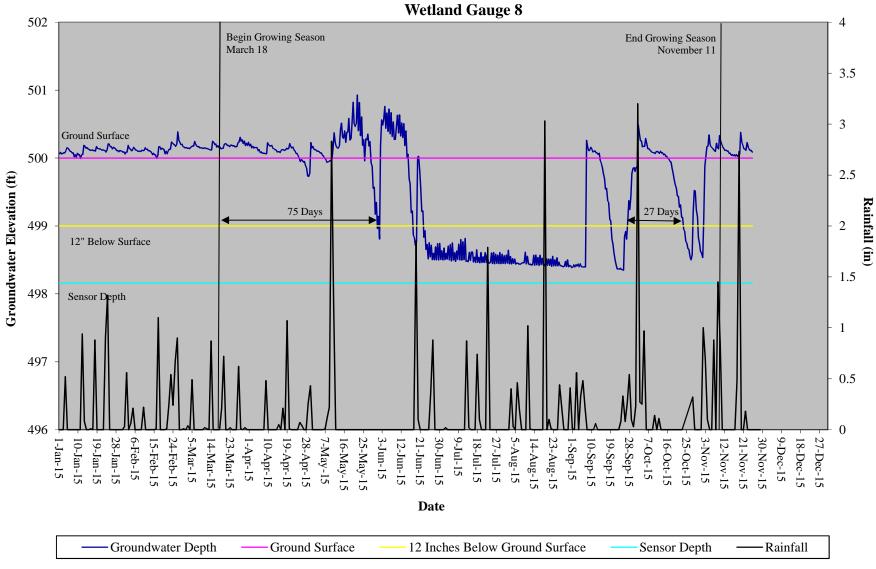


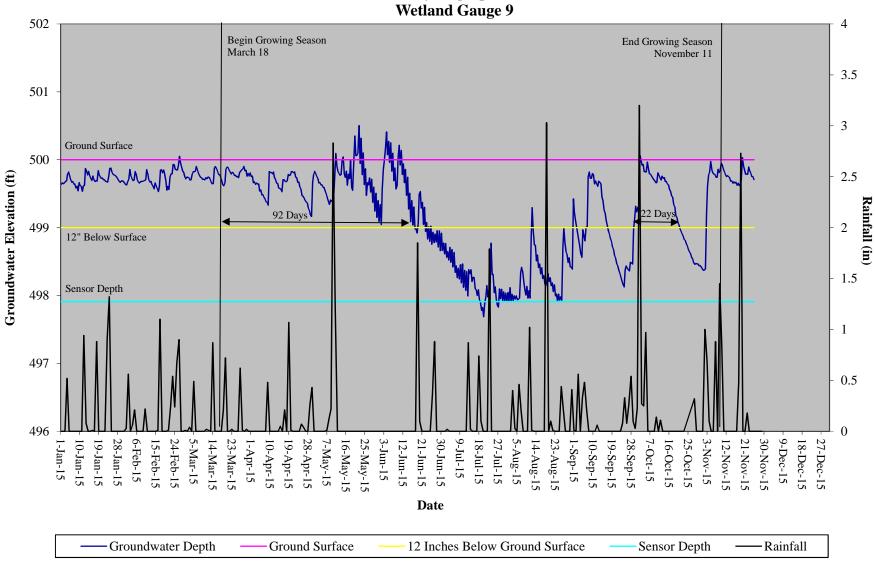


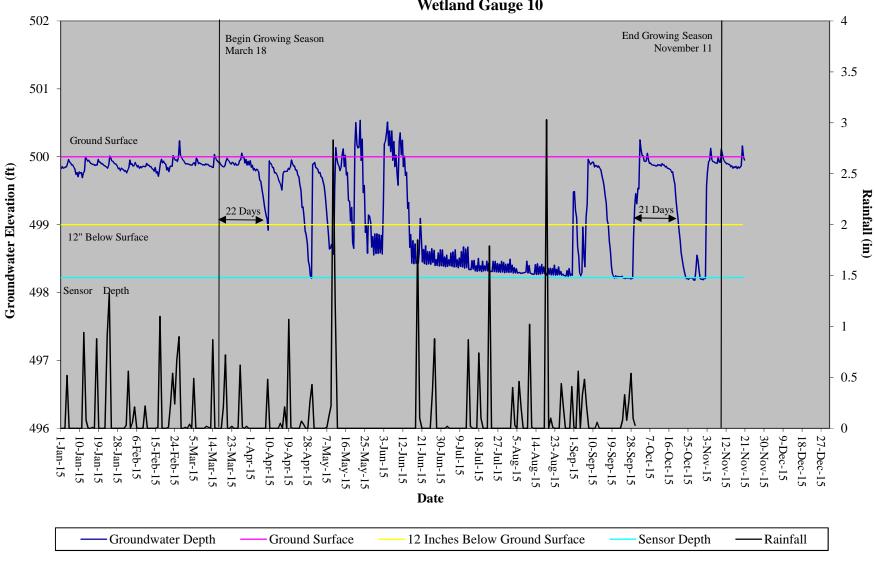
Twin Bays Restoration Site Hydrograph Wetland Gauge 6 - non-credit bearing

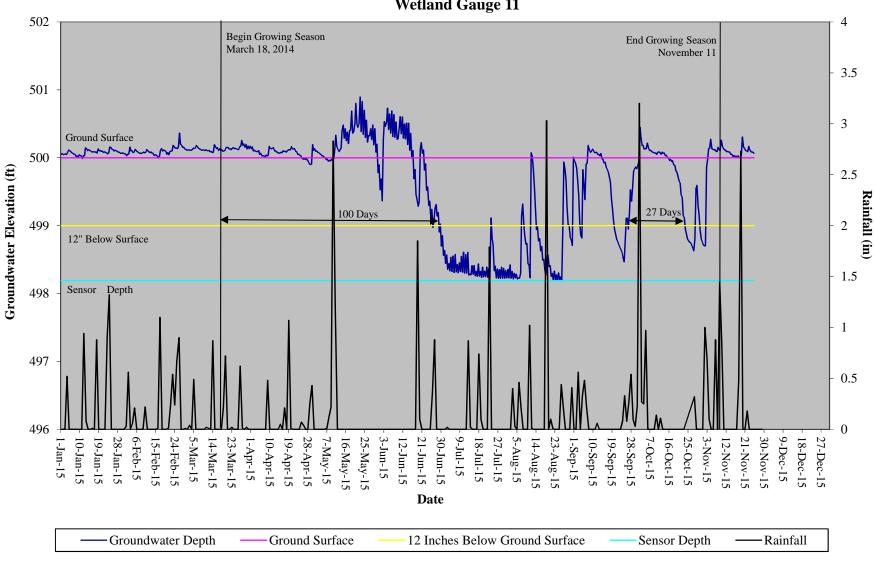


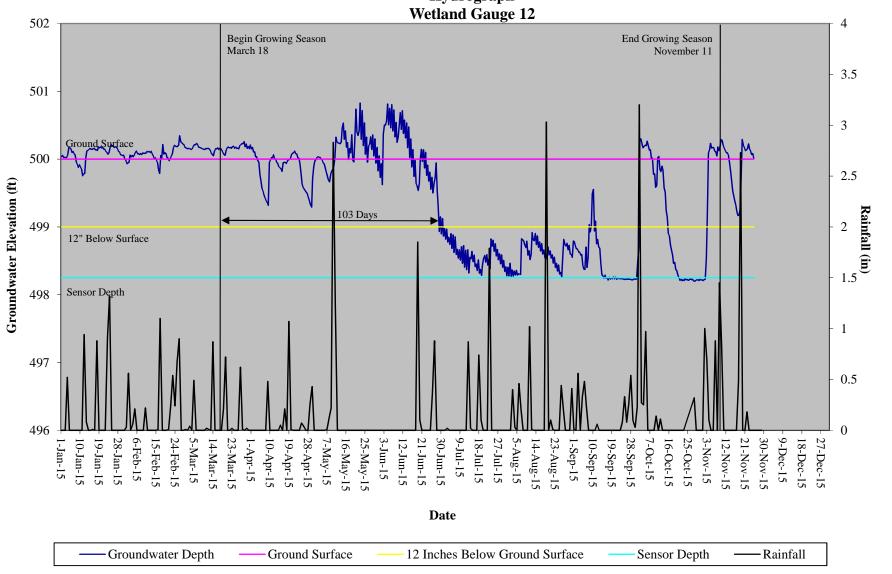


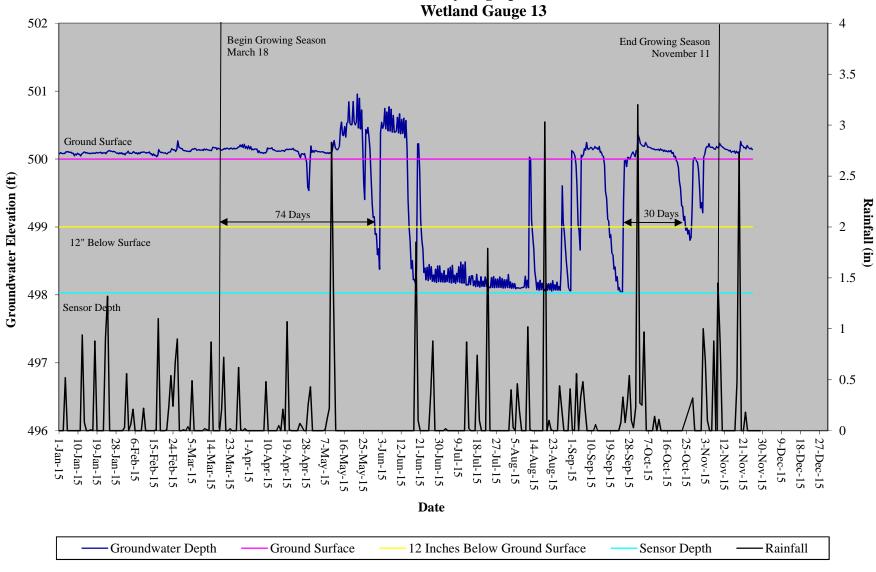


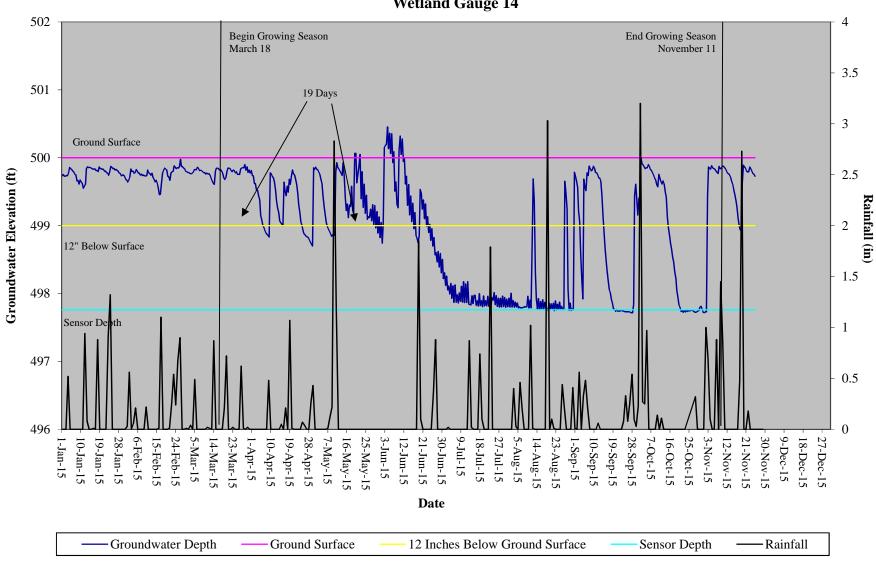


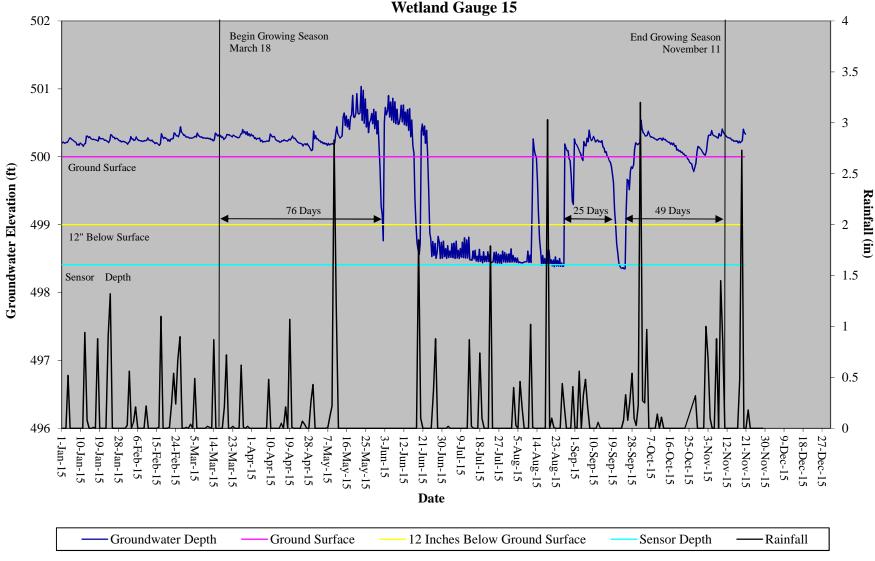


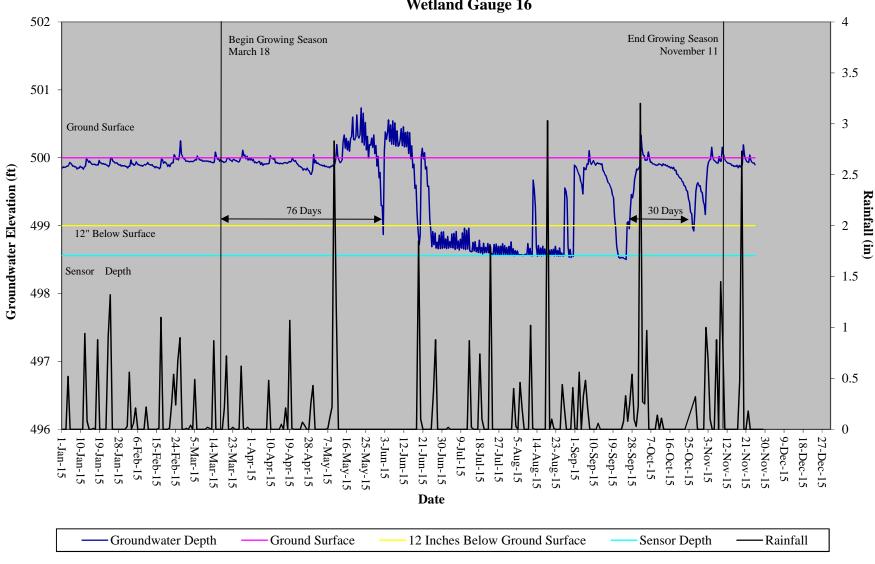












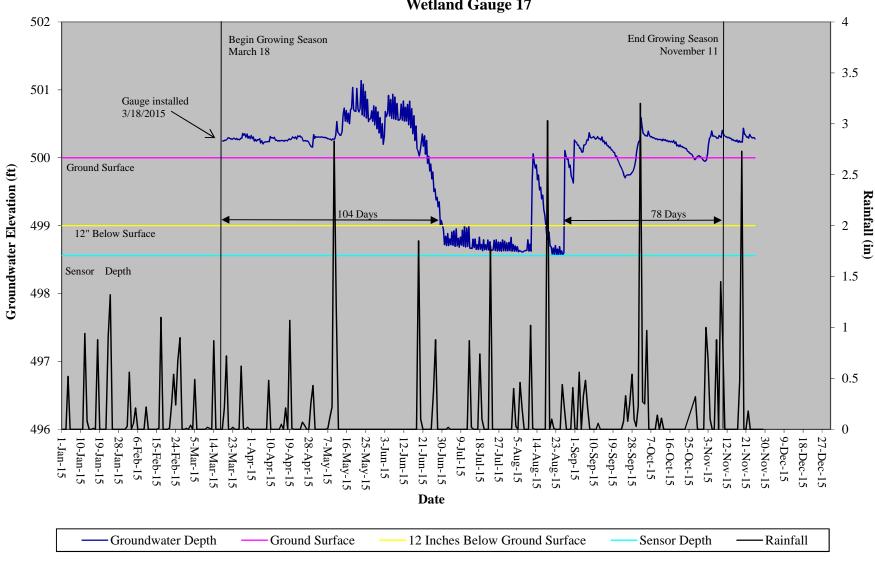


	Table 9. Wetland Hydrology Attainment Table Twin Bays Restoration Site, DMS Project #95363										
	Great	ter than 8%			ion/Max C (Percenta		Days				
Gauge #	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-05	MY-06	MY-07					
	2014 Yes/25	2015 Yes/105	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
Gauge 1	(10.5%)	(43.9%)									
Gauge 2	No/16 (6.5%)	Yes/75 (31.4%)									
Gauge 3*	No/13 (5.2%)	No/18 (7.3%)									
Gauge 4	Yes/26 (10.9%)	Yes/92 (38.5%)									
Gauge 5	Yes/27 (11.1%)	Yes/98 (41.0%)									
Gauge 6*	No/13 (5.4%)	Yes/41 (17.2%)									
Gauge 7	Yes/27 (11.1%)	Yes/75 (31.4%)									
Gauge 8	Yes/24 10.0%	Yes/75 (31.4%)									
Gauge 9	No/17 (6.9%)	Yes/92 (38.3%)									
Gauge 10	Yes/24 (9.8%)	Yes/22 (9.2%)									
Gauge 11	Yes/28 (11.7%)	Yes/100 (41.8%)									
Gauge 12	No/14 (5.9%)	Yes/103 (43.1%)									
Gauge 13	No/15 (6.1%)	Yes/74 (30.8%)									
Gauge 14	Yes/22 (9.0%)	Yes/19 (8.0%)									
Gauge 15	Yes/27 (11.1%)	Yes/76 (31.8%)									
Gauge 16	Yes/49 20.3%	Yes/76 (31.8%)									
Gauge 17**	-	Yes/104 (43.5%)									

^{* =} Gauge in the non-credit bearing zone

^{** =} Gauge installed 3/8/2015