ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT YEAR 1 (2010)

VICKI'S THICKET RIPARIAN BUFFER MITIGATION SITE CRAVEN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

(EEP Contract No. 002283) [DWQ Reference No. 10-0652]



Prepared for:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES ECOSYSTEM ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA



Prepared by:

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October 2010

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Restoration Systems, LLC has completed riparian buffer restoration at the Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") through the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) Full Delivery Process (RFP 16-001383) to provide 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site is located approximately 3.5 miles southeast of Dover in Craven County. The Site is located in United States Geological Survey Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03020202080010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-04-08) of the Neuse River Basin. Site streams drain to Core Creek (Stream Index 27-90), which is included on the draft 2008 303(d) list for impaired biological integrity and low dissolved oxygen resulting from agricultural crop production.

Prior to construction, the Site was characterized by ditched agricultural land used for row crop production. Land use practices including the maintenance and removal of vegetation, regular plowing, and use of agricultural chemicals had resulted in degraded water quality.

The goals and objectives of this project focused on improving local water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished by the following.

- 1. Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agriculture production by a) ceasing the application of agricultural herbicides, pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural materials into and adjacent to Site ditches and open waterways and b) providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to ditches and waterways to treat surface runoff that may be laden with sediment and/or agricultural pollutants.
- 2. Reducing sedimentation/siltation within on-Site and downstream receiving waters by a) increasing retention time for surface waters entering and leaving the Site, b) reducing erosion associated with vegetation maintenance and agricultural plowing to Site ditches, and c) planting a forested vegetative buffer adjacent to Site ditches and waterways.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation by ripping compacted soils and revegetating the Site to increase frictional resistance on floodwaters crossing the Site.
- 4. Providing terrestrial wildlife habitat including a forested riparian corridor within an area that was previously cleared and highly dissected by agricultural land use.

This project was constructed in late winter/early spring 2010. Planting of the entire 31.35-acre Site resulted in 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. As a whole, the densities of vegetation plots across the Site were above the required 320 stems per acre with an average of 728 planted stems per acre in the First Monitoring Year (2010). In addition, each individual plot met success criteria based on planted stems alone

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Location and Setting

Restoration Systems, LLC has completed riparian buffer restoration at the Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site (hereafter referred to as the "Site") through the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) Full Delivery Process (RFP 16-001383) to provide 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units. The Site is located approximately 3.5 miles southeast of Dover in Craven County (Figure 1, Appendix A). The Site is located in United States Geological Survey Hydrologic Unit and Targeted Local Watershed 03020202080010 (North Carolina Division of Water Quality Subbasin 03-04-08) of the Neuse River Basin (USGS 1974).

Directions to the Site from Kinston, North Carolina:

- Take 70 East for approximately 8 miles
- Take the Dover exit and follow Old 70/Wilson Street for approximately 4.3 miles east
- Turn right over the railroad tracks to wire gate.
- > Site coordinates:
 - o Latitude 35.18812°N, Longitude 77.38613°W (NAD83/WGS84)

1.2 Project Goals and Objectives

The goals and objectives of this project focused on improving local water quality, enhancing flood attenuation, and restoring aquatic and riparian habitat. These goals were accomplished by the following.

- 1. Removing nonpoint sources of pollution associated with agriculture production by a) ceasing the application of agricultural herbicides, pesticides, fertilizers, and other agricultural materials into and adjacent to Site ditches and open waterways and b) providing a vegetative buffer adjacent to ditches and waterways to treat surface runoff that may be laden with sediment and/or agricultural pollutants.
- 2. Reducing sedimentation/siltation within on-Site and downstream receiving waters by a) increasing retention time for surface waters entering and leaving the Site, b) reducing erosion associated with vegetation maintenance and agricultural plowing to Site ditches, and c) planting a forested vegetative buffer adjacent to Site ditches and waterways.
- 3. Promoting floodwater attenuation by ripping compacted soils and revegetating the Site to increase frictional resistance on floodwaters crossing the Site.
- 4. Providing terrestrial wildlife habitat including a forested riparian corridor within an area that was previously cleared and highly dissected by agricultural land use.

1.3 Project Structure, Restoration Type, and Approach

Prior to construction, the Site was characterized by ditched agricultural land used for row crop production. Land use practices including the maintenance and removal of vegetation, regular plowing, and use of agricultural chemicals had resulted in degraded water quality.

As constructed, Site activities restored historic riparian buffer functions by planting the entire 31.35-acre Site with native riparian vegetation. This resulted in 28.38 Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units (Table 1, Appendix B and Figure 2, Appendix A). Riparian Buffer Mitigation Units were verified by North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) representative Lia Myott Gilleski during a field visit conducted on June 17, 2010. A copy of the verification letter is included in Appendix D. Approximately 2.97 acres of the Site exist outside of the 200-foot buffer area. These areas were planted; however, the area is not eligible to provide credit. The target natural community consisted of Coastal Plain Bottomland Hardwood

Forest (Schafale and Weakley 1990). Table 5 (Appendix C) outlines woody species planted within the Site. Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, project contacts, and background information are summarized in Tables 2-4 (Appendix B).

2.0 MONITORING PLAN

Monitoring of Site restoration efforts will be performed for vegetation components of the Site for five years or until success criteria are fulfilled. After planting was completed, an initial evaluation was performed to verify planting methods were successful and to determine initial species composition and density. Twenty-one sample vegetation plots (10-meter by 10-meter) were installed within the Site as per guidelines established in CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.0 (Lee et al. 2006). In each sample plot, vegetation parameters to be monitored include species composition and species density. Visual observations of the percent cover of shrub and herbaceous species will also be documented by photograph.

2.1 Vegetation Success Criteria

Characteristic Tree Species include woody tree and shrub species planted at the Site (Table 5, Appendix C) or outlined for the appropriate plant community in Schafale and Weakley (1990). An average density of 320 stems per acre of Characteristic Tree Species must be surviving after year 5 monitoring.

2.2 Maintenance and Contingency

In the event that success criteria are not fulfilled, a mechanism for contingency will be implemented. If vegetation success criteria are not achieved based on average density calculations from combined plots over the entire restoration area, supplemental planting may be performed with tree species approved by regulatory agencies. Supplemental planting will be performed as needed until achievement of vegetation success criteria.

2.3 Vegetation Sampling Results and Comparison to Success Criteria

Quantitative sampling of vegetation was conducted in September 2010. Results are provided in Appendix C. Vegetation success criteria for year 1 (320 stems per acre) were exceeded for the 2010 annual monitoring year with an average density of 728 planted stems per acre across the Site. In addition, each individual plot met success criteria based on planted stems alone.

3.0 CONCLUSIONS

As a whole, the densities of vegetation plots across the Site were above the required 320 stems per acre with an average of 728 planted stems per acre in the First Monitoring Year (2010). In addition, each individual plot met success criteria based on planted stems alone.

Summary of Planted Stem Vegetation Plot Results

	Planted Stems/Acre						
Plot	Year 1 (2010)	Year 2 (2011)	Year 3 (2012)	Year 4 (2013)	Year 5 (2014)		
1	647		, , ,				
2	728						
3	809						
4	809						
5	931						
6	890						
7	971						
8	526						
9	486						
10	769						
11	688						
12	971						
13	850						
14	1093						
15	728						
16	526						
17	647						
18	445						
19	647						
20	526						
21	607						
Average Plots 1-21	728						

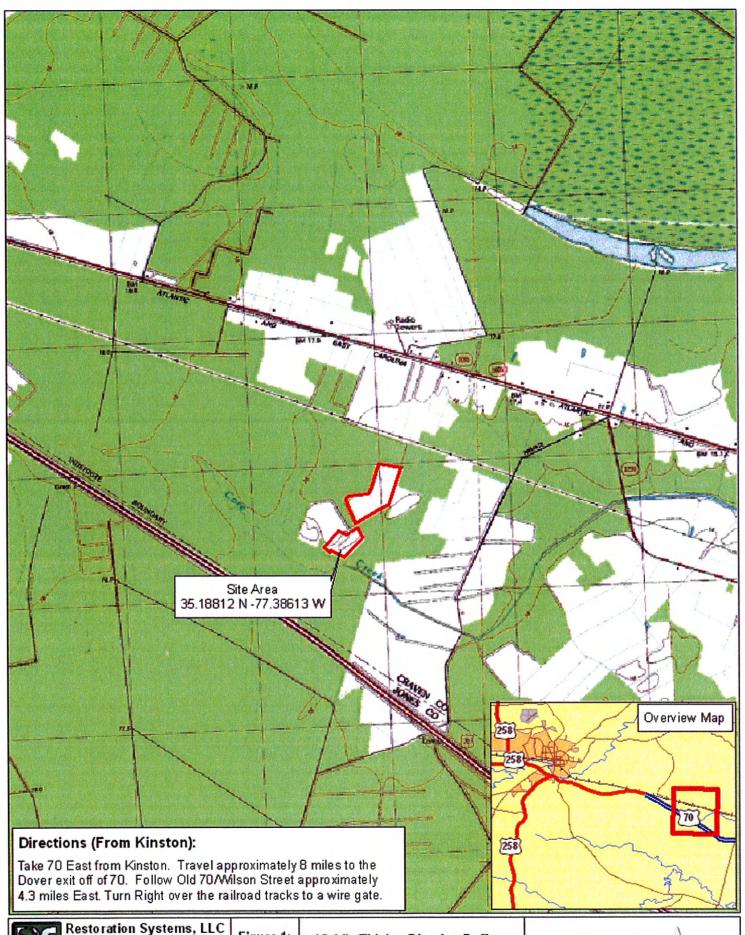
4.0 REFERENCES

- Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2006. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation. Version 4.0. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2007. Redbook, Surface Waters and Wetlands Standards. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2008a. Draft North Carolina Water Quality Assessment and Impaired Waters List (2008 Integrated 305(b) and 303(d) Report) (online). Available: http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/tmdl/documents/B.Draft2008303dList.pdf [November 10, 2008]. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Raleigh, North Carolina.
- North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ). 2008b. Draft Basinwide Planning Program: Neuse River Basinwide Water Quality Plan-June 2008. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. Raleigh, North Carolina.
- Schafale, M.P. and A.S. Weakley. 1990. Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina: Third Approximation. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.

United States Geological Survey (USGS). 1974. Hydrologic Unit Map - 1974. State of North Carolina.

Appendix A. Figures

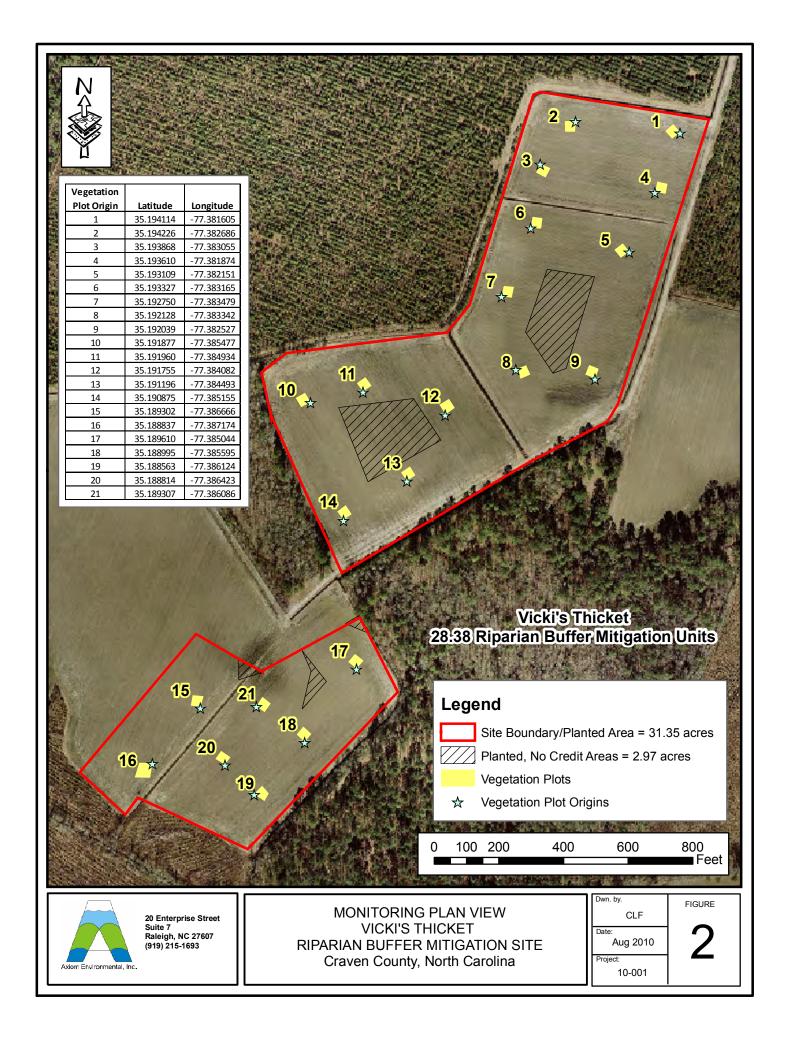
Figure 1. Site Location Figure 2. Monitoring Plan View





Restoration Systems, LLC 1101 Haynes St. Suite 211 Raleigh, NC 27604 tel: 919.755.9490 Figure 1: Site Location

Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site Craven County, NC 1:28,151 N 0 550 1,100 2,200 3,300 4,400



Appendix B. General Tables

Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and Objectives
Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History
Table 3. Project Contacts Table
Table 4. Project Attributes Table

Table 1. Site Restoration Structures and Objectives

Component Summation					
Restoration Level	Riparian buffer mitigation was completed by planting the entire 31.35-acre				
Riparian Buffer Restoration	Site with native forest vegetation; credit was received for 28.38 acres of the				
28.38 Buffer Mitigation Units	Site.				

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

	Data Collection	Completion
Activity or Report	Complete	or Delivery
Final Restoration Plan		July 2010
Site Planting		Late winter/early
		spring 2010
Mitigation Plan	April 2010	August 2010
Year 1 Monitoring	September 2010	October 2010

Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Table 3. 110 jett Contacts Table					
Designer	Restoration Systems, LLC				
	1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211				
	Raleigh, North Carolina 27604				
	(919) 755-9490				
Planting Contractor	Carolina Silvics				
	908 Indian Trail Road				
	Edenton, North Carolina 27932				
	Dwight McKinney (252) 482-8491				
Monitoring Performer	Axiom Environmental, Inc.				
	20 Enterprise Street, Suite 7				
	Raleigh, North Carolina 27607				
	Grant Lewis (919) 215-1693				

Table 4. Project Attribute Table

Project County	Craven County, North Carolina
Physiographic Region	Coastal Plain
Ecoregion	Carolina Flatwoods and Mid-Atlantic Floodplains/Low
	Terrace
Project River Basin	Neuse
USGS 14-digit HUC	03020202080010
NCDWQ Subbasin	03-04-08
Within EEP Watershed Plan Extent?	Yes-Targeted Local Watershed
WRC Class	Warm
% of project easement fenced	0 %
Beaver activity observed during design phase	No

Appendix C. Vegetation Data

Table 5. Planted Woody Species Vegetation Survey Data Tables Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photographs **Table 5. Planted Woody Vegetation**

Species	Quantity
American elm (<i>Ulmus americana</i>)	4500
Black gum (Nyssa sylvatica)	1500
Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)	1500
Loblolly pine (<i>Pinus taeda</i>)	4500
Northern red oak (Quercus rubra)	3000
River birch (Betula nigra)	1500
Sugarberry (Celtis laevigata)	1500
Swamp chestnut oak (Quercus michauxii)	4500
Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis)	3000
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	4500
TOTAL	30,000

CVS Database Output

Living planted stems, excluding live stakes, per acre: Negative (red) numbers indicate the project failed to reach requirements in a particular year.

Project Code	Project Name	River Basin	Year 1		
VT	Vickies Thicket	Neuse	728.43		

Total stems, including planted stems of all kinds (including live stakes) and natural/volunteer stems:

Project Code	Project Name	River Basin	Year 1
VT	Vickies Thicket	Neuse	1111.921981

Vigor

vigor	Count	Percent			
0	36	8.4			
1	10	2.3			
2	86	20.1			
3	226	52.8			
4	56	13.1			
Missing	14	3.3			

Damage

Damage	Count	Percent Of Stems
(no damage)	288	67.3
Unknown	62	14.5
Insects	38	8.9
Deer	35	8.2
Rodents	3	0.7
Vine		
Strangulation	1	0.2
Human		
Trampled	1	0.2

Vigor by Species

Species	CommonName	4	3	2	1	0	Missing	Unknown
Betula nigra	river birch	13	16	1		3		
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry		6	2			1	
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum		13	7	1	4	1	
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	7	27	3		3	2	
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	5	36	8		4	1	
Quercus nigra	water oak		1					
Quercus phellos	willow oak	7	38	15	2	2		
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry		10	12	5	4	1	
Quercus	oak		3	4		5	2	
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	1	9	17	2	5	1	
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	1	1			1		
Nyssa	tupelo		3					
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	22	20	2		1		
Ulmus	elm		1					
Ulmus americana	American elm		41	15		1	4	
Unknown			1			3	1	
16	15	56	226	86	10	36	14	

Damage by Species

Damage by species									
Species	CommonName	Count of Damage Categories	(no damage)	Deer	Human Trampled	Insects	Rodents	Unknown	Vine Strangulation
Betula nigra	river birch	6	27	5		1			
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	5	4			2	3		
Magnolia virginiana	sweetbay	0	3						
Nyssa	tupelo	3		1		1		1	
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	12	14	3		3		6	
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	3	39			1		2	
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	7	38			7			
Quercus	oak	4	10			2		2	
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	16	38	2		9		5	
Quercus nigra	water oak	1		1					
Quercus phellos	willow oak	18	46	2		1		15	
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	22	13	2		10		10	
Sambucus canadensis	Common Elderberry	16	16	4				12	
Ulmus	elm	1		1					
Ulmus americana	American elm	25	36	14		1		9	1
Unknown		1	4		1				
16	15	140	288	35	1	38	3	62	1

Damage by Plot

Damage by	, 1100							
plot	Count of Damage Categories	(no damage)	Deer	Human Trampled	Insects	Rodents	Unknown	Vine Strangulation
1	7	12	1				6	
2	11	12	2		3		6	
3	8	14	8 5					
4	12	13	5		5		2	
5	10	16	7				2	1
6	6	17	3				3	
7	4	20	2	1			1	
8	1	13			1			
9	1	18					1	
10	7	16	1				6	
11	8	12			5		3	
12	14	15	2		4		8	
13	6	15	1		4		1	
14	12	15			6		6	
15	9	12	2		1		6	
16	4	10			2		2	
17	5	11	1		2		2	
18	2	13					2	
19	6	12			3		3	
20	2	12					2	
21	5	10			2	3		
21	140	288	35	1	38	3	62	1

	# species	7	9	9	5	6	9	10	7	9	6	9	8	8	6	5	5	9	7	9	5	9
	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	889	809	809	931	1133	1133	1052	269	486	1983	971	1174	931	4168	1093	728	692	1214	890	971	647
	Total Living Stems PER ACRE	889	809	809	931	1133	1133	1052	269	486	1983	971	1174	931	4168	1093	728	692	1214	890	971	647
	Natural (Volunteer) Stems PER ACRE	40	81	0	121	202	243	81	243	0	1214	283	202	81	3076	364	202	121	692	243	445	40
	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes PER ACRE	647	728	809	608	931	890	971	526	486	769	688	971	850	1093	728	526	249	445	647	526	209
	Planted Living Stems per ACRE	647	728	809	809	931	890	971	526	486	769	688	971	850	1093	728	526	647	445	647	526	607
	Total Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	17	20	20	23	28	28	26	19	12	49	24	29	23	103	27	18	19	30	22	24	16
•	Zotal Living Stems	17	20	20	23	28	28	26	19	12	49	24	29	23	103	27	18	19	30	22	24	16
	Natural (Volunteer) Stems	1	2	0	3	5	6	2	6	0	30	7	5	2	76	9	5	3	19	6	11	1
	Bad/Missing Sm912	3	5	2	5	3	1	0	1	7	4	3	5	0	0	3	1	0	4	2	1	0
	Planted Living Stems EXCLUDING Live Stakes	16	18	20	70	23	22	24	13	12	19	17	24	21	27	18	13	16	11	16	13	15
u	Planted Living sm9t2	16	18	20	20	23	22	24	13	12	19	17	24	21	27	18	13	16	11	16	13	15
Plot Information	Year	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Infor	Plot Level	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Plot	folq	1	2	3	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21

Appendices

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	21	3	3		\downarrow			1		9								1		1					15
	20	2						1		1						7				2					13
	19	2	2			1		1		7						3									16
	18		2				1	1		7						2		1		2					11
	17		1			1	2			7						7				3					16
	16	3								4						3		7		1					13
	15	4								3						8		1		2					18
	14	3				1	3	9		T			3			2		3					2		27
	13						1	1		7	1		7			4		4					1		21
	12						2	4		4	1		4			1		9					2		24
	11						2	8		1	2		7					2							17
	10	1		•	1		3	8		7	1		7			4							2		19
	6	7					1	1								3				1			4		12
	8						1	7					3			4		1		1			1		13
	7	4			1			8		3	1		2					1		2			3	1	24
	9	1						3		2						9		1					9		22
	r	1					1	4					2			3		1		1	1		9		23
	4						2						5					2		2			9		20
	3	4						7					3	1				2					8		20
	2						1	1		1			3							4			8		18
	1						1				1		2			2		1		5			4		16
	avg# sm9ts	2.5	2		1	1	1.62	2.31		2.93	1.17		4.08	1		4.13		1.93		2.08	1		4.31	1	
	# plots	12	4		2	3	13	16		15	9		12	1		15		15		13	1		13	1	16
	lotoT Planted smst2	30	8		2	3	21	37		44	7		49	1		62		29		27	1		99	1	378
Planted Stems by Plot	Common Name	river birch	sugarberry	:	sweetbay	tupelo	blackgum	loblolly pine	American	sycamore	oak	swamp	chestnut oak	water oak		willow oak	northern red	oak	Common	Elderberry	elm	American	elm		15
Planted Sto	Species	Betula nigra	Celtis laevigata	Magnolia	virginiana	Nyssa	Nyssa sylvatica	Pinus taeda	Platanus	occidentalis	Quercus	Quercus	michauxii	Quercus nigra	Quercus	phellos		Quercus rubra	Sampacus	canadensis	Ulmus	Ulmus	americana	Unknown	16

Appendices

All Stems by Plot (Planted & Natural Recruits)

21		3	3	1	ı					1	9						1		1				16
20	5	2		5)				1	1	1					7			3				25
19	2	4	7				1			2	7					3							24
18	1		2	10	1			1		6	2	2	,	7		2	7		2				34
17			1				1	2		3	2					7			n				19
16	3	3		-						1	2					3	2						19
15	8	4		1	ı						m	1				∞	2		3				30
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13	1							1		2	2	1	1	,		4	4				-	ı	23
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10		2		30		2		3		3	2	1	(7		9					2	ı	53
6		2						1		2		1	,	-		3			1		ı)	16
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4	2							7					L	C			3	1	2		σ)	24
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7				1				3		1	7	1	,	4				1	4		×	-	25
н								1				1	ſ	7		7	1	1	9		Δ	•	18
avg# sm9ts	2.9	2.75	7	7.93		1.5	1	1.92	1	5.17	3	1.2	1	3.79	1	4.27	2.27	1	2.21	1	4 38	1	
# plots	10	12	4	14		2	3	13	2	18	15	10	,	T4	1	15	15	4	14	1	7,	4	20
Total Planted smet2	56	33	8	111		3	3	52	7	93	45	12	Ĺ	52	1	64	34	4	31	1	57	4	613
Common Name	eastern baccharis	river birch	sugarberry	Sweetelm	0	sweetbay	tupelo	blackgum	longleaf pine	loblolly pine	American svcamore	oak	swamp chestnut	Odk -	water oak	willow oak	northern red oak	flameleaf sumac	Common Elderberry	elm	American elm		19
Species	Baccharis halimifolia	Betula nigra	Celtis laevigata	Liquidambar stvraciflua	Magnolia	virginiana	Nyssa	Nyssa sylvatica	Pinus palustris	Pinus taeda	Platanus occidentalis	Quercus	Quercus	rnichauxii	Quercus nigra	Quercus phellos	Quercus rubra	Rhus copallinum	Sambucus canadensis	Ulmus	Ulmus	Unknown	20

Vickies Thicket Year 1 (2010) Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken September 2010

















Vickies Thicket Year 1 (2010) **Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos** Taken September 2010 (continued)















Vickies Thicket Year 1 (2010) Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photos Taken September 2010

(continued)













Appendix D. NCDWQ Verification Letter



North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Division of Water Quality Coleen H. Sullins Director

Dee Freeman Secretary

August 13, 2010

Craven County DWQ #: 10-0652

Mr. Tim Baumgartner EEP Full Delivery Section 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27604

Re:

Beverly Eaves Perdue

Governor

Vicki's Thicket Preliminary Restoration Approval

Dear Mr. Baumgartner:

The Division of Water Quality received a final restoration plan for the Vicki's Thicket Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site on August 10, 2010. On June 17, 2010, Lia Myott Gilleski conducted a site visit to the above referenced site. By copy of this correspondence, DWQ approves the concept presented in the restoration plan and that it is expected to produce 28.38 acres of nutrient offset credit for Neuse 03020202. The As-built report will provide a more accurate credit accounting.

Please copy DWQ with the As-built report and yearly monitoring reports, referencing the EEP Contract number (and DWQ number if applicable).

Please feel free to contact Lia Myott Gilleski at (919) 733-1786 if you have any questions regarding this correspondence.

Sincerely

Ian McMillan, Acting Supervisor 401 Oversight/Express Review Program

Cc (w/out encl.)

File Copy (Lia M. Gilleski) Chris Pullinger – DWQ WaRO

John Huisman – DWQ Nonpoint Source Planning Unit Cyndi Karoly – DWQ Wetlands and Stormwater Branch

