

Study for the Ongoing Assessment of Falls of the Neuse Reservoir 2012 Results

Purpose

The objective of this study is to evaluate progress in attainment of water quality standards and use support in Falls of the Neuse Reservoir (Falls Lake) as required by the Falls water supply nutrient strategy (15A NCAC 02B.0275). Data for load reduction estimates are not part of this particular study. This report summarizes sample results collected in 2012.

Methods

A detailed study plan can be found at <http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wq/fallsjordan>. This study has 11 stations that were sampled monthly for one year. Chemical samples were collected from the photic zone and analyzed for total phosphorus (TP), total nitrogen (TN), TOC, ammonia (NH₃), nitrate + nitrite (NO₃+NO₂), total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN), turbidity, and chlorophyll *a* (Chla). Duplicate samples were collected at one station per sampling event on a rotating schedule. Results for each duplicate station were averaged and used as a single result for data analyzed in 2012. Physical measurements of dissolved oxygen (DO), temperature, pH and conductivity were collected through the water column in one meter (m) increments with a multparameter meter.

Results

Results are presented by station in the two management areas, Lower Falls Lake (Figure 1) and Upper Falls Lake (Figure 2). These figures show annual mean (average), minimum and maximum concentrations for TP, TN, TOC (mg/L), Chla (µg/L), and turbidity (NTU) from the photic zone; DO (mg/L) and pH (s.u.) from a depth of 0.15 m (surface sample). Data summaries are calculated from twelve sampling events (n = 12), except at NEU020D (n=11). Percent exceedance of state water quality standards are shown for each station during the 2012 sampling. All nitrate + nitrite and ammonium data below detection (< 0.02 mg/L) were entered as 0.01 mg/L to calculate TN values.

Figure 2. Lower Falls Lake 2012 Results.

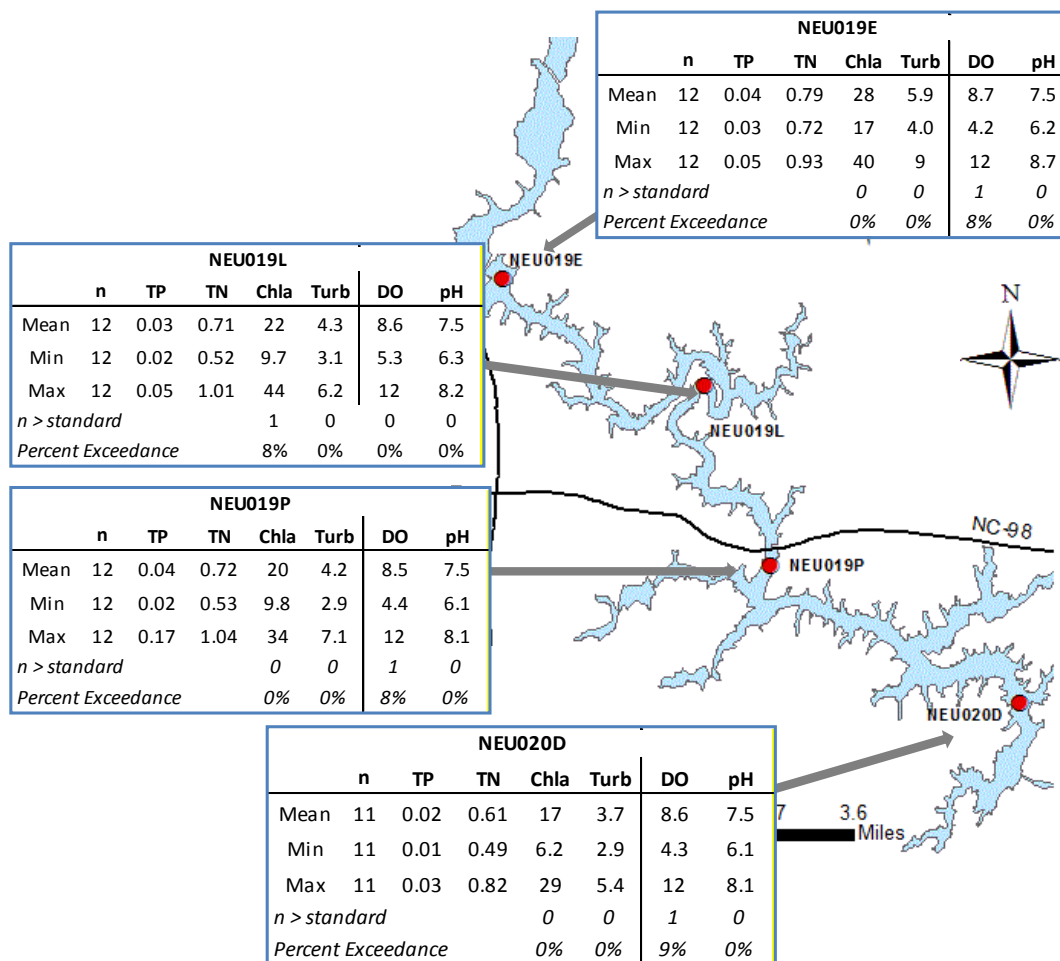


Figure 2. Upper Falls Lake 2012 Results.

