

#### What Are Riparian Buffers?

The word riparian refers to the banks of streams, rivers, lakes, estuaries or other waters. A healthy riparian buffer has a combination of woody vegetation, shrubs, herbs, and native grasses growing on it to keep streambanks in place, remove unwanted pollutants, create healthy critter habitat, and reduce flooding.

Riparian buffers are managed as one or more zones. The zone closest to the water protects the streambank and shoreline from erosion. The outer zone slows and spreads out the flow of stormwater, and traps pollutants before they enter the body of water.

### Purpose of the Goose Creek Rules

*The buffer rules for Goose Creek is to recover and sustain the population of the federally endangered Carolina Heelsplitter.* 

# Learn more about buffer applicability

If you are unsure if the riparian buffer rules apply to your property/project, check the Applicability section of the specific Rule. List of the buffer rules: **deq.nc.gov/ncbufferrules** 

Use the mapping resources on the DWR main Buffer Rules page to help identify buffered water bodies:

#### deq.nc.gov/ncbufferrules

Have questions? Contact your Local Government or the NC Division of Water Resources: deq.nc.gov/ncbufferrulescontacts

Contact DWR's Mooresville Regional Office for more information (704) 663-1699



# **Benefits of Riparian Buffers**

# PROVIDE PROTECTION

- Remove nutrients
- Filter sediment
- Trap pollutants
- Reduce erosion
- Slow velocity of runoff, allow infiltration
- Reduce economic loss from floods

#### **PROVIDE HABITAT**

- Home to plant & animal species
- Shade- thermal protection of stream
- Provide large woody and leaf debris (instream habitat and food)

### PROVIDE AESTHETIC VALUE

- Absorb noise from waterfront activities
- Provide privacy
- Provide recreational value such as fishing and birdwatching



Division of Water Resources Buffer Permitting Branch 1617 Mail Service Center | Raleigh, NC 27699-1617 (919) 707-3631

# Goose Creek

# Riparian Buffer Rules





# How wide are riparian buffers?

Within the 100-year\* floodplain, undisturbed riparian buffers are required within 200 feet of water bodies. Outside the 100-year\* floodplain, undisturbed riparian buffers are required within 100 feet of water bodies.

\*The 100-year floodplain is the 1% annual change floodplain as delineated by the North Carolina Floodplain Mapping Program in the State Division of Emergency Management (<u>www.ncfloodmaps.com</u>).

**Streams:** measured landward from the top of the bank or from the rooted herbaceous vegetation on each side of the stream.

**Ponds, lakes and reservoirs:** measured landward from the normal water level.

# Where the riparian buffers apply

The riparian buffer rules apply to the following types of water bodies that are shown on the **most recent published version of the soil survey maps** prepared by the NRCS or the **most recent USGS 1:24,000 scale quadrangle topographic maps**:

- Perennial streams
- Lakes
- Modified Natural streams
- Intermittent streams
- Ponds (including beaver ponds), not including agriculture ponds

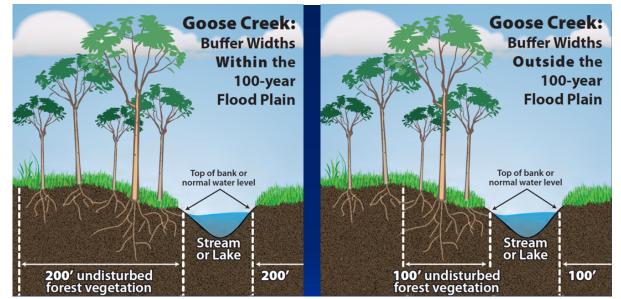
# What is allowed in riparian buffers?

The riparian buffer must remain undisturbed, regardless of property size or type of land use, unless the use is listed in the rules as deemed allowable, allowable upon authorization, allowable with mitigation upon authorization, prohibited.

Under certain conditions, there are Exemptions when existing uses are present and ongoing. This Rule shall not apply to portions of the riparian buffer where a use is existing and ongoing. Refer to the specific rule for details. 15A NCAC 02B .0734 (6)

Refer to the Table of Uses in the rules for specific activities.

- **Deemed Allowable:** allowed without approval from NCDWR or delegated local authority provided that the activity meets the provision listed in the table of uses
- Allowable upon Authorization: may occur only after written authorization from NCDWR or delegated local authority
- Allowable with Mitigation upon Authorization: may occur only after written authorization from NCDWR or delegated local authority that includes a mitigation strategy.
- **Prohibited:** not allowable unless a variance is granted form the N.C. Environmental Management Commission. Activities not listed are prohibited.
- Allowable with Exception: Activities not listed may be authorized by the Authority with appropriate mitigation strategy.



Stormwater runoff into the riparian buffer shall meet dispersed flow as defined in 15A NCAC 02H .1002.



# What is dispersed flow?

Dispersed flow means uniform shallow flow that is conveyed to a vegetated filter strip as defined in 15A NCAC 02H 1059, another vegetated are, or stormwater control measure (SCM).

### Purpose of dispersed flow

Dispersed flow removes pollutants through infiltration and settling, as well as to reduce erosion prior to stormwater reaching surface waters.

SCM designs can be found in the Stormwater Design Manual at <u>https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/energy-</u> <u>mineral-and-land-resources/stormwater/stormwaterprogram/stormwater-design</u>



The Goose Creek Watershed rules: http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/csu/GooseCreek.html