STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES

GENERAL PERMIT NCG510000

TO DISCHARGE REMEDIATED GROUNDWATER AND SIMILAR WASTEWATERS CONTAMINATED WITH PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND/OR CHLORINATED SOLVENTS UNDER THE

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES)

In compliance with the provisions of North Carolina General Statute 143-215.1, other lawful standards and regulations promulgated and adopted by the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission, and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended, this permit is hereby issued to all owners or operators, hereafter permittees, which are covered by this permit as evidenced by receipt of a Certificate of Coverage (COC) from the Environmental Management Commission to allow the discharge of treated wastewater from the remediation of groundwater contamination resulting from gasoline, kerosene, diesel, fuel oil, jet fuel, and/or chlorinated solvents in accordance with the effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in Parts I, II, and III hereof.

This permit shall become effective **October 1, 2025.**

This permit shall expire at midnight on **September 30, 2030.**

Signed this day **August 22, 2025.**

DocuSigned by:
Michael Montebello
C464531431644FE...

Michael J. Montebello, NPDES Permitting Branch Chief
Division of Water Resources
By Authority of the Environmental Management Commission

PART I.

SECTION A. APPLICABILITY

[40 CFR 122; NC G.S. 143-215]

1. Activities Covered by This General Permit
   This General Permit covers point source discharges of treated wastewater from temporary construction dewatering, permanent dewatering, and the remediation of groundwater, that are contaminated with gasoline, diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene, fuel oil, and/or chlorinated solvents.

2. Geographic Area(s) Covered by This General Permit
   Discharges covered by this General Permit are located at any place within the State of North Carolina excluding the Cherokee Indian Tribal Reservation, which is subject to permitting by the US Environmental Protection Agency

3. Receiving Waters
   Receiving waters covered by this General Permit include all surface waters of the State of North Carolina including separate municipal storm sewer systems conveying water to surface waters, with the exception of receiving waters classified as Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) and/or High Quality Waters (HQW).

4. Limitations on Coverage
   a. This General Permit **does not authorize** discharges from construction dewatering and/or groundwater remediation with flows greater than (>) 0.25 MGD. An individual NPDES permit is required for those discharges.

   b. This General Permit includes monitoring for Total Lead for applicable discharges. If any other metals are detected in the discharge, it is not eligible for coverage under this General Permit and requires an individual NPDES permit.

   c. This General Permit **does not authorize** discharges that the Division has determined to be or which may reasonably be expected to be contributing to a violation of a water quality standard (as defined in 15A NCAC 02B .0100 - .0300).

   d. This General Permit **does not authorize** discharges to receiving waters classified as Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) and/or High Quality Waters (HQW).

   e. If the Division determines at any time that the discharge is causing or contributing to a violation of water quality standards or if the Division has any other grounds for modifying or revoking this permit, the Division may require corrective action or require the discharge be permitted differently in accordance with Part II, Section B of this General Permit. The Division may deny coverage under this permit and require submittal of an application for an individual NPDES permit based on a review of the Notice of Intent (NOI) or other information.

SECTION B. (1) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – GASOLINE (0.05 MGD)

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **less than or equal to (≤) 0.05 MGD** treated wastewater from a **gasoline contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS *[eDMR CODES]*		EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.05 MGD	Monthly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Benzene (µg/L)	*34030*	51 µg/L (Exception: 1.19 µg/L WS Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Toluene (µg/L)	*34010*	11 µg/L (Exception: 0.36 µg/L Trout Class, 370 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	*34371*	97 µg/L (Exception: 25 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Xylenes (µg/L)	*81551*	670 µg/L (Exception: 450 µg/L Trout Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) (µg/L)	*22417*	1500 µg/L (Exception: 19 µg/L WS Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Lead (µg/L)	*01051*	3 µg/L (Exception: 8.1 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Hardness [3] (as $CaCO_3$) (mg/L)	*00900*	Monitor & Report [3]	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
1,2 Dichloroethane (1,2 DCA) (µg/L)	*32103*	37 µg/L (Exception: 0.38 µg/L WS Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (1) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. For freshwater discharges, hardness sampling must be performed in conjunction with Total Lead sampling.
4. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Part I, Section C]. The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (2) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – OTHER FUELS (0.05 MGD)

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **less than or equal to (≤) 0.05 MGD** treated wastewater from a **diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene, or fuel oil contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	*[eDMR CODES]*	EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENT[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.05 MGD	Monthly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Oil and Grease [3] (mg/L) (EPA Method 1664 SGT-HEM)	00556	Monitor & Report [3]	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Naphthalene (µg/L)	34696	12 µg/L (Exception: 52 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Recoverable Phenolics (µg/L)	32730	300 µg/L	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (2) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. Monitoring for Oil and Grease uses test EPA Method 1664 (SGT-HEM) and is only required if free product is present at the site.
4. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Part I, Section C]. The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (3) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – GASOLINE & FUELS (0.05 MGD)

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **less than or equal to (≤) 0.05 MGD** treated wastewater from a **combined gasoline and diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene, or fuel oil contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	*[eDMR CODES]*	EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.05 MGD	Monthly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Benzene (µg/L)	*34030*	51 µg/L (Exception: 1.19 µg/L WS Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Toluene (µg/L)	*34010*	11 µg/L (Exception: 0.36 µg/L Trout Class, 370 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	*34371*	97 µg/L (Exception: 25 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Xylenes (µg/L)	*81551*	670 µg/L (Exception: 450 µg/L Trout Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) (µg/L)	*22417*	1500 µg/L (Exception: 19 µg/L WS Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Lead (µg/L)	*01051*	3 µg/L (Exception: 8.1 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Hardness [3] (as $CaCO_3$) (mg/L)	*00900*	Monitor & Report [3]	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
1,2 Dichloroethane (1,2 DCA) (µg/L)	*32103*	37 µg/L (Exception: 0.38 µg/l WS Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Oil and Grease [4] (mg/L) (EPA Method 1664 SGT-HEM)	00556	Monitor & Report [4]	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Naphthalene (µg/L)	34696	12 µg/L (Exception: 52 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Total Recoverable Phenolics (µg/L)	32730	300 µg/L	Quarterly	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [5] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [5]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [5] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [5]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (3) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. For freshwater discharges hardness sampling must be performed in conjunction with Total Lead sampling.
4. Monitoring for Oil and Grease uses test EPA Method 1664 (SGT-HEM) and is only required if free product is present at the site.
5. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Part I, Section C]. The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (4) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – GASOLINE (0.25 MGD)

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **greater than (>) 0.05 MGD and less than or equal to (≤) 0.25 MGD** treated wastewater from a **gasoline contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	*[eDMR CODES]*	EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.25 MGD	Weekly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Benzene (µg/L)	*34030*	51 µg/L (Exception: 1.19 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Toluene (µg/L)	*34010*	11 µg/L (Exception: 0.36 µg/L Trout Class, 370 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	*34371*	97 µg/L (Exception: 25 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Xylenes (µg/L)	*81551*	670 µg/L (Exception: 450 µg/L Trout Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) (µg/L)	*22417*	1500 µg/L (Exception: 19 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Lead (µg/L)	*01051*	3 µg/L (Exception: 8.1 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Hardness [3] (as $CaCO_3$) (mg/L)	*00900*	Monitor & Report [3]	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
1,2 Dichloroethane (1,2 DCA) (µg/L)	*32103*	37 µg/L (Exception: 0.38 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (4) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. For freshwater discharges hardness sampling must be performed in conjunction with Total Lead sampling.
4. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Part I, Section C]. The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (5) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – OTHER FUELS (0.25 MGD)

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **greater than (>) 0.05 MGD and less than or equal to (≤) 0.25 MGD** treated wastewater from a **diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene, or fuel oil contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	*[eDMR CODES]*	EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.25 MGD	Weekly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Oil and Grease [3] (mg/L) (EPA Method 1664 SGT-HEM)	00556	Monitor & Report [3]	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Naphthalene (µg/L)	34696	12 µg/L (Exception: 52 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Recoverable Phenolics (µg/L)	32730	300 µg/L	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [4] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [4]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (5) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. Monitoring for Oil and Grease uses test EPA Method 1664 (SGT-HEM) and is only required if free product is present at the site.
4. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Part I, Section C]. The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (6) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – GASOLINE & FUELS (0.25 MGD)

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **greater than (>) 0.05 MGD and less than or equal to (≤) 0.25 MGD** treated wastewater from a **combined gasoline and diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene, or fuel oil contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	*[eDMR CODES]*	EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.25 MGD	Weekly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Benzene (µg/L)	*34030*	51 µg/L (Exception: 1.19 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Toluene (µg/L)	*34010*	11 µg/L (Exception: 0.36 µg/L Trout Class, 370 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	*34371*	97 µg/L (Exception: 25 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Xylenes (µg/L)	*81551*	670 µg/L (Exception: 450 µg/L Trout Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) (µg/L)	*22417*	1500 µg/L (Exception: 19 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Lead (µg/L)	*01051*	3 µg/L (Exception: 8.1 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Hardness [3] (as $CaCO_3$) (mg/L)	*00900*	Monitor & Report [3]	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
1,2 Dichloroethane (1,2 DCA) (µg/L)	*32103*	37 µg/L (Exception: 0.38 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Oil and Grease [4] (mg/L) (EPA Method 1664 SGT-HEM)	00556	Monitor & Report [4]	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Naphthalene (µg/L)	34696	12 µg/L (Exception: 52 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Total Recoverable Phenolics (µg/L)	32730	300 µg/L	Monthly	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [5] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [5]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [5] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [5]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (6) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. For freshwater discharges hardness sampling must be performed in conjunction with Total Lead sampling.
4. Monitoring for Oil and Grease uses test EPA Method 1664 (SGT-HEM) and is only required if free product is present at the site.
5. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Section C.] The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (7) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – CHLORINATED SOVLENTS

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **less than or equal to (≤) 0.25 MGD** treated wastewater from **chlorinated solvent contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS	[eDMR CODES]	EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.25 MGD	Weekly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Monthly [3]	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Monthly [3]	Grab	Effluent
Benzene (µg/L)	*34030*	51 µg/L (Exception: 1.19 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) (µg/L)	*34475*	3.3 µg/L (Exception: 0.7 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Trichloroethylene (TCE) (µg/L)	*39180*	30 µg/L (Exception: 2.5 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Hexachlorobutadiene (µg/L)	*CO702*	18 µg/L (Exception: 0.44 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Tetrachloroethane (1,1,2,2) (µg/L)	*81549*	4 µg/L (Exception: 0.17 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Vinyl chloride (µg/L)	*39175*	2.4 µg/L (Exception: 0.025 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Chloroform (µg/L)	*32106*	2000 µg/L (Exception: 60 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Toluene (µg/L)	*34010*	11 µg/L (Exception: 0.36 µg/L Trout Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	*34371*	130 µg/L (Exception: 68 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
1,2 Dichloroethane (1,2 DCA) (µg/L)	*32103*	650 µg/L (Exception: 9.9 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Total Xylenes [5] (µg/L)	*81551*	Monitor & Report [5]	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) [5] (µg/L)	*22417*	Monitor & Report [5]	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [6] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [6]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [6] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [6]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (7) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Part I, Section D].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. After a minimum of 12 samples have been collected over a 12-month period, the permittee may request that the Division reduce the monitoring frequencies for these parameters to Quarterly.
4. After a minimum of 12 samples have been collected over a 12-month period and all samples are non-detect, the permittee may request that the Division reduce the monitoring frequencies for these parameters to Quarterly.

5. Monitoring data for these parameters will be collected over the course of this permit period and used for the development of future limits. See Section 3 of the factsheet for more information.
6. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Section C.] The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNTS.

SECTION B. (8) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS – PETROLEUM + CHLORINATED SOLVENTS

[15A NCAC 02B .0400 et seq., 02B .0500 et seq.]

During the period beginning on the effective date of the permit and lasting until expiration, the Permittee is authorized to discharge **less than or equal to (≤) 0.25 MGD** treated wastewater from a **combined gasoline, diesel fuel, aviation fuel, kerosene, fuel oil, and/or chlorinated solvent contaminated groundwater** remediation system to the receiving waters. Such discharges shall be limited, monitored and reported[1] by the permittee as specified below:

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS		EFFLUENT LIMITS	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS[1]		
[eDMR CODES]		Daily Maximum [2]	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
Flow (MGD)	*50050*	0.25 MGD	Weekly	Recording	Effluent
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (mg/L)	*CO530*	30.0 mg/L (Exception: 10.0 mg/L Trout Class)	Monthly [3]	Grab	Effluent
pH (s.u.)	*00400*	6.0 ≤ pH ≤ 9.0	Monthly [3]	Grab	Effluent
Benzene (µg/L)	*34030*	51 µg/L (Exception: 1.19 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Toluene (µg/L)	*34010*	11 µg/L (Exception: 0.36 µg/L Trout Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Ethylbenzene (µg/L)	*34371*	130 µg/L (Exception: 68 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
1,2 Dichloroethane (1,2 DCA) (µg/L)	*32103*	650 µg/L (Exception: 9.9 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Total Xylenes [5] (µg/L)	*81551*	Monitor & Report [5]	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) [5] (µg/L)	*22417*	Monitor & Report [5]	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Total Lead (µg/L)	*01051*	3 µg/L (Exception: 8.1 µg/L SB/SC Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Total Hardness [6] (as $CaCO_3$) (mg/L)	*00900*	Monitor & Report [6]	Monthly [3]	Grab	Effluent
Oil and Grease [7] (mg/L) (EPA Method 1664 SGT-HEM)	00556	Monitor & Report [7]	Monthly [3]	Grab	Effluent
Naphthalene [5] (µg/L)	34696	Monitor & Report [5]	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Total Recoverable Phenolics (µg/L)	32730	300 µg/L	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) (µg/L)	*34475*	3.3 µg/L (Exception: 0.7 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Trichloroethylene (TCE) (µg/L)	*39180*	30 µg/L (Exception: 2.5 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Hexachlorobutadiene (µg/L)	*CO702*	18 µg/L (Exception: 0.44 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Tetrachloroethane (1,1,2,2) (µg/L)	*81549*	4 µg/L (Exception: 0.17 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Vinyl chloride (µg/L)	*39175*	2.4 µg/L (Exception: 0.025 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Chloroform (µg/L)	*32106*	2000 µg/L (Exception: 60 µg/L WS Class)	Monthly [4]	Grab	Effluent
Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs) [8] (EPA Method 624.1) (µg/L)	*76029*	Monitor & Report	Annual [8]	Grab	Effluent
Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs) [8] (EPA Method 625.1) (µg/L)	*76028*	Monitor & Report	Annual [8]	Grab	Effluent

Section B. (8) Footnotes:

1. Beginning on January 1, 2026, the permittee shall submit Discharge Monitoring Reports electronically using the NC DWR's eDMR application system [see Section D.].
2. The Daily Maximum limits apply to all waters with stream class/parameter exceptions noted in the table above. Refer to the Certificate of Coverage (CoC) for receiving stream classification. Waters classified as HQW/ORW are excluded from coverage under this General Permit.
3. After a minimum of 12 samples have been collected over a 12-month period, the permittee may request that the Division reduce the monitoring frequencies for these parameters to Quarterly.
4. After a minimum of 12 samples have been collected over a 12-month period and all samples are non-detect, the permittee may request that the Division reduce the monitoring frequencies for these parameters to Quarterly.
5. Monitoring data for these parameters will be collected over the course of this permit period and used for the development of future limits. See Section 3 of the factsheet for more information.
6. For freshwater discharges hardness sampling must be performed in conjunction with Total Lead sampling.
7. Monitoring for Oil and Grease uses test EPA Method 1664 (SGT-HEM) and is only required if free product is present at the site.
8. An effluent pollutant scan using EPA Methods 624.1 and 625.1 must be performed once per calendar year, between May 1st and September 30th [see Section C.] The detection of analytes not found in the above effluent table must be reported to the Division, and additional sampling may be required.

THERE SHALL BE NO DISCHARGE OF FLOATING SOLIDS OR FOAM IN OTHER THAN TRACE AMOUNT

SECTION C. ADDITIONAL MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

[G.S. 143-215.1(b)]

a. **EPA Method 624.1 – Organics, Total Purgeables (VOCs).** The permittee shall conduct Annual effluent pollutant scans using protocols as defined in E.P.A. Document EPA 821-R-16-008 entitled "Method 624.1: Purgeables by GC/MS". The parameter code for reporting EPA Method 624.1 is **76029**. Parameter codes for reporting analytes associated with this method are listed in EPA Method 624.1: Tables 1 and 2 below.

b. **EPA Method 625.1 – Base Neutrals & Acids (Semi-VOCs).** The permittee shall conduct Annual effluent pollutant scans using protocols as defined in E.P.A. Document EPA 821-R-16-007 entitled "Method 625.1: Base/Neutrals and Acids by GC/MS". The parameter code for reporting EPA Method 625.1 is **76028**. Parameter codes for reporting analytes associated with this method are listed in EPA Method 625.1: Tables 1, 2 and 3 below.

c. **Standard Conditions.** Analytical methods shall be in accordance with 40 CFR Part 136 and shall be sufficiently sensitive to determine whether parameters are present in concentrations greater than applicable standards and criteria (See Part II. Section D). Laboratory reports shall be kept on file in accordance with records retention requirements found in Part II. Section D.

d. **Effluent Scan Reporting.**
   i. For the eDMR application system, under the parameter code for the pollutant scan, indicate whether the test was performed by entering "1" for "yes" and "0" for "no".
   ii. Any detection of analytes shall be entered in eDMR, using the appropriate parameter code listed in the tables below. Once an analyte is detected, the parameter should be reported in eDMR at the same monitoring frequency as the pollutant scan until further notice by the Division.
   iii. Parameter codes noted with "+" in the tables below may not currently be allowed in eDMR and will need to be added by the eDMR administrator. Please submit requests to add parameters to the appropriate eDMR contacts with the Division.
   iv. Any analytes in the tables below that do not have an assigned parameter code are noted as "No Code". These parameters shall be noted in the comments section of eDMR by noting the analyte detected, the CAS Registry No. and the reported concentration.
   v. A current *List of Parameters Allowed for DMRs* can be found at the following webpage: https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/edmr/user-documentation.

EPA Method 624.1: Table 1 – Purgeables

* All the analytes in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte [alternative nomenclature]	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
Acrolein	107-02-8	34210	1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	34496
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	34215	1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	32103
Benzene	71-43-2	34030	1,1-Dichloroethene [1,1-Dichloroethylene]	75-35-4	34501
Bromodichloromethane [Dichlorobromomethane]	75-27-4	32101	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene [trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene]	156-60-5	34546
Bromoform	75-25-2	32104	1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	CO541
Bromomethane [Methyl Bromide]	74-83-9	34413	*cis*-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	34704
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	32102	*trans*-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	34699
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	34301	Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	34371
Chloroethane	75-00-3	85811	Methylene chloride [Dichloromethane]	75-09-2	34423
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether (mixed)	110-75-8	34576	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	34516
Chloroform	67-66-3	32106	Tetrachloroethene [PERC]	127-18-4	34475

EPA Method 624.1: Table 1 – Purgeables

* All the analytes in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte [alternative nomenclature]	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
			[Tetrachloroethylene]		
Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride)	74-87-3	34418	Toluene	108-88-3	34010
Dibromochloromethane [Chlorodibromomethane]	124-48-1	32105	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	34506
1,2-Dichlorobenzene [ortho-dichlorobenzene, 1,2-DCB]	95-50-1	34536	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	34511
1,3-Dichlorobenzene [meta-dichlorobenzene, 1,3-DCB]	541-73-1	34566	Trichloroethene [TCE] [Trichloroethylene]	79-01-6	78391
1,4-Dichlorobenzene [para-dichlorobenzene, 1,4-DCB]	106-46-7	34571	Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	39175

EPA Method 624.1: Table 2 – Additional Purgeables

Analyte [alternative nomenclature]	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
Acetone	67-64-1	81552	Ethyl methacrylate	97-63-2	73570+
Acetonitrile [Methyl cyanide]	64047	73207	Ethylene oxide	75-21-8	76999
Acrolein	107-02-8	34210	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-63-3	CO702
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	34215	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	34396
Allyl alcohol [2-Propen-1-ol]	107-18-6	73505+	2-Hexanone	591-78-6	75166+
Allyl chloride [3-Chloropropene]	107-05-1	78109+	Iodomethane	74-88-4	No Code
t-Amyl ethyl ether [TAEE]	919-94-8	No Code	Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	77033
t-Amyl methyl ether [TAME] [Tert-Amyl Methyl Ether]	994-05-8	22421	Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	77223
Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	73128+	p-Isopropyltoluene [4-Isopropyltoluene]	99-87-6	03980
Bromoacetone	598-31-2	No Code	Methacrylonitrile	126-98-7	81593+
Bromobenzene	108-86-1	81555+	Methanol	67-56-1	77885
Bromochloromethane	74-97-5	70009+	Malonitrile	109-77-3	No Code
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	51695+	Methyl acetate	79-20-9	77032
n-Butanol [1-Butanol]	71-36-3	45265	Methyl acrylate	96-33-3	51010
2-Butanone [MEK]	78-93-3	78356	Methyl cyclohexane	108-87-2	No Code
t-Butyl alcohol [tert-Butyl alcohol] [TBA]	75-65-0	51008	Methyl iodide	74-88-4	No Code
n-Butylbenzene	104-51-8	77342	Methyl methacrylate	80-62-6	81597
sec-Butylbenzene	135-98-8	77350	4-Methyl-2-pentanone [MIBK] [Methyl isobutyl ketone]	108-10-1	78133+
t-Butylbenzene [Tert-butylbenzene]	72477	77353	Methyl-t-butyl ether [MTBE] [Methyl tert-butyl ether] [Propane, 2-methoxy-2-methyl]	1634-04-4	22417
t-Butyl ethyl ether [ETBE] [Ethyl-Tert Butyl Ether]	637-92-3	22422+	Naphthalene	91-20-3	34696
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	77041	Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	34447
Chloral hydrate	302-17-0	39108+	N-Nitroso-di-n-butylamine [N-Nitrosodibutylamine]	924-16-3	73609
Chloroacetonitrile	107-14-2	No Code	2-Nitropropane	79-46-9	No Code
1-Chlorobutane	109-69-3	No Code	Paraldehyde	123-63-7	No Code
Chlorodifluoromethane [Freon 22]	75-45-6	45028+	Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	No Code
2-Chloroethanol	107-07-3	77046+	Pentafluorobenzene	363-72-4	No Code
bis (2-Chloroethyl) sulfide [Mustard Gas]	505-60-2	No Code	2-Pentanone	107-19-7	No Code
1-Chlorohexanone	20261-68-1	No Code	2-Picoline [2-Methylpyridine]	109-06-8	77088+
Chloroprene [2-chloro-1,3-butadiene]	126-99-8	81520+	1-Propanol [n-Propyl alcohol]	71-23-8	77018+
3-Chloropropene [Allyl chloride]	107-05-1	78109+	2-Propanol [Isopropanol]	67-63-0	77015
3-Chloropropionitrile	542-76-7	No Code	Propargyl alcohol	107-19-7	No Code
2-Chlorotoluene [Orthochlorotoluene]	95-49-8	38681	beta-Propiolactone	57-57-8	No Code
4-Chlorotoluene [p-Chlorotoluene]	106-43-4	61227+	Propionitrile [ethyl cyanide]	107-12-0	51466
Crotonaldehyde	123-73-9	77028	n-Propylamine	107-10-8	No Code
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	77097+	n-Propylbenzene	103-65-1	77224
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane [Dibromochloropropane]	96-12-8	49146	Pyridine	110-86-1	77045
1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	77651	Styrene	100-42-5	81708

EPA Method 624.1: Table 2 – Additional Purgeables

Analyte [alternative nomenclature]	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
[Ethylene dibromide]					
Dibromomethane [Methylene Bromide]	74-95-3	38679	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	630-20-6	77562+
cis-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	1476-11-5	No Code	Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	81607
trans-1,4-Dichloro-2-butene	110-57-6	49263+	o-Toluidine	95-53-4	77142
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene [cis-1,2-DCE] [cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene]	156-59-2	77093	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	87-61-6	77613+
Dichlorodifluoromethane	75-71-8	34668	Trichlorofluoromethane [Freon 11]	75-69-4	34488+
1,3-Dichloropropane	142-28-9	77173+	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	77443+
2,2-Dichloropropane	594-20-7	46366+	1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	51565+
1,3-Dichloro-2-propanol	96-23-1	No Code	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	77222
1,1-Dichloropropene	563-58-6	77168+	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	77226
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	34704+	Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	77057+
1:2,3:4-Diepoxybutane	1464-53-5	No Code	m-Xylene [1,3-Xylene]	108-38-3	81710+
Diethyl ether [ethoxyethane]	60-29-7	81576	o-Xylene [1,2-Xylene]	95-47-6	81711+
Diisopropyl ether [DIPE] [Isopropyl ether]	108-20-3	81577	p-Xylene [1,4-Xylene]	106-42-3	34728
1,4-Dioxane [Dioxane]	123-91-1	82388	m+o- Xylene	179601-22-0	No Code
Epichlorohydrin	106-89-8	81679+	m+p- Xylene	179601-23-1	85795+
Ethanol	64-17-5	77004	o+p- Xylene	136777-61-2	78121+
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	81585	Xylene (mix of m+o+p)	NA	81551

EPA Method 625.1: Table 1 – Non-Pesticide/PCB Base/Neutral Extractables

* All the analytes in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte [alternative nomenclature]	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	34205	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	34631
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	34200	Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	34336
Anthracene	120-12-7	CO220	Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	34341
Benzidine	92-87-5	39120	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	34611
Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3	CO526	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	CO626
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	34247	Di-n-octylphthalate	117-84-0	34596
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2	34230	Fluoranthene	206-44-0	CO376
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	34242	Fluorene	86-73-7	34381
Benzo(ghi)perylene	191-24-2	34521	Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	CO700
Benzyl butyl phthalate [Butyl Benzyl Phthalate]	85-68-7	34292	Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	CO702
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	34278	Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	34396
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	CO100	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	34403
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether [2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane)]	108-60-1	34283	Isophorone	78-59-1	34408
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-55-3	34636	Naphthalene	91-20-3	34696
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	34581	Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	34447
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72-3	34641	N-Nitrosodi-*n*-propylamine	621-64-7	34428
Chrysene	218-01-9	34320	Phenanthrene	85-01-8	34461
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	34556	Pyrene	129-00-0	34469
Di-*n*-butylphthalate	84-74-2	39110	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	CO551

EPA Method 625.1: Table 2 – Acid Extractables

* All the analytes in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte (alternative nomenclature)	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	70012	2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	34591
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	34586	4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	34646
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	34601	Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	39032
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	34606	Phenol	108-95-2	34694
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	34616	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	34621
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol [4,6-dinitro-o-cresol]	534-52-1	34657			

EPA Method 625.1: Table 3 – Additional Extractable Analytes

Analytes noted as "*" in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte (alternative nomenclature)	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
Acetophenone	98-86-2	81553	2,2',4,4',5',6-Hexachlorobiphenyl	60145-22-4	No Code
2-Acetylaminofluorene [2-Acetyl aminoflourcene]	53-96-3	82204	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene *	77-47-4	34386+
1-Acetyl-2-thiourea	591-08-2	No Code	Hexachlorophene	70-30-4	51541+
Alachlor	15972-60-8	39161+	Hexachloropropene	1888-71-7	No Code
Aldrin *	309-00-2	39330	Hexamethylphosphoramide [HMPA]	680-31-9	82196+
Ametryn	834-12-8	38402+	Hexanoic acid	142-62-1	77190+
2-Aminoanthraquinone	117-79-3	No Code	Hexazinone	51235-04-2	30264+
Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3	No Code	Hydroquinone	123-31-9	77165+
4-Aminobiphenyl [p-Aminobiphenyl]	92-67-1	77581+	Isodrin	465-73-6	51527+
3-Amino-9-ethylcarbazole	132-32-1	No Code	2-Isopropylnaphthalene	2027-17-0	No Code
Anilazine	101-05-3	No Code	Isosafrole	120-58-1	No Code
Aniline	62-53-3	77089	Kepone	143-50-0	81281+
o-Anisidine	90-04-0	No Code	Leptophos	21609-90-5	51382+
Aramite	140-57-8	No Code	Longifolene	475-20-7	No Code
Atraton	1610-17-9	No Code	Malachite green	569-64-2	51478+
Atrazine	1912-24-9	39033+	Malathion	121-75-5	39530
Azinphos-methyl (Guthion)	86-50-0	82616+	Maleic anhydride	108-31-6	No Code
Barban	101-27-9	38418+	Merphos	150-50-5	30009+
Benzanthrone	82-05-3	No Code	Mestranol	72-33-3	No Code
Benzenethiol	108-98-5	No Code	Methapyrilene	91-80-5	No Code
Benzoic acid	65-85-0	77247	Methoxychlor	72-43-5	39480
2,3-Benzofluorene	243-17-4	No Code	2-Methylbenzothioazole	120-75-2	No Code
p-Benzoquinone	106-51-4	No Code	3-Methylcholanthrene	56-49-5	61225+
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	77147+	4,4'-Methylenebis(2-chloroaniline)	101-14-4	78123+
alpha-BHC *	319-84-6	39336	4,4'-Methylenebis(N,N-dimethylaniline)	101-61-1	No Code
beta-BHC *	319-85-7	39338	4,5-Methylenephenanthrene	203-64-5	No Code
gamma-BHC [Lindane] *	58-89-9	39344	1-Methylfluorene	1730-37-6	No Code
delta-BHC *	319-86-8	34198	Methyl methanesulfonate	66-27-3	No Code
Biphenyl	92-52-4	81513+	2-Methylnaphthalene	91-57-6	77416
Bromacil	314-40-9	30311+	Methylparaoxon	950-35-6	No Code
2-Bromochlorobenzene	694-80-4	No Code	Methyl parathion	298-00-0	39600+
3-Bromochlorobenzene	108-37-2	No Code	1-Methylphenanthrene	832-69-9	No Code
Bromoxynil	1689-84-5	51136	2-(Methylthio)benzothiazole	615-22-5	51079+
Butachlor	2318-4669	77860	Metolachlor	51218-45-2	39356+
Butylate [Sutan]	2008-41-5	81410+	Metribuzin	21087-64-9	82630+
n-C10 [*n*-decane]	124-18-5	77427	Mevinphos	7786-34-7	39610+
n-C12 [*n*-undecane]	1120-21-4	No Code	Mexacarbate	315-18-4	38506+
n-C14 [*n*-tetradecane]	629-59-4	77691+	MGK 264 [Pyrodone]	113-48-4	No Code
n-C16 [*n*-hexadecane]	544-76-3	77757+	Mirex	2385-85-5	39755
n-C18 [*n*-octadecane]	593-45-3	77804	Molinate [Ordram]	2212-67-1	49562+
n-C20 [*n*-eicosane]	112-95-8	77830+	Monocrotophos	6923-22-4	51385+
n-C22 [*n*-docosane]	629-97-0	77859+	Naled	300-76-5	38855+
n-C24 [*n*-tetracosane]	646-31-1	No Code	Napropamide [Devrinol]	15299-99-7	49564+
n-C26 [*n*-hexacosane]	630-01-3	77901+	1,4-Naphthoquinone	130-15-4	No Code
n-C28 [*n*-octacosane]	630-02-4	No Code	1-Naphthylamine	134-32-7	No Code
n-C30 [*n*-triacontane]	638-68-6	No Code	2-Naphthylamine	91-59-8	82191+
Captafol	2425-06-1	No Code	1,5-Naphthalenediamine	2243-62-1	No Code
Captan	133-06-2	39640+	Nicotine	54-11-5	No Code
Carbaryl [Sevin]	63-25-2	39750	5-Nitroacenaphthene	602-87-9	No Code
Carbazole	86-74-8	77571	2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	78306+
Carbofuran	1563-66-2	81405+	3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	78300+
Carboxin	5234-68-4	No Code	4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	78870+
Carbophenothion [Trithion]	786-19-6	51042+	5-Nitro-*o*-anisidine	99-59-2	No Code
Chlordane *	57-74-9	51032+	4-Nitrobiphenyl	92-93-3	No Code
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether *	111-44-4	34273	Nitrofen	1836-75-5	No Code
Chloroneb	2675-77-6	51139+	5-Nitro-*o*-toluidine	99-55-8	No Code
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	50312+	Nitroquinoline-1-oxide	56-57-5	No Code
Chlorobenzilate	510-15-6	39460+	N-Nitrosodi-*n*-butylamine	924-16-3	73609

EPA Method 625.1: Table 3 – Additional Extractable Analytes

Analytes noted as "*" in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte (alternative nomenclature)	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
			[N-Nitrosodibutylamine]		
Chlorfenvinphos	470-90-6	04083+	N-Nitrosodiethylamine	55-18-5	78200+
4-Chloro-2-methylaniline	95-69-2	No Code	N-Nitrosodimethylamine [NDMA] *	62-75-9	34438
3-(Chloromethyl)pyridine hydrochloride	6959-48-4	No Code	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine *	86-30-6	34433
4-Chloro-2-nitroaniline	89-63-4	No Code	N-Nitrosomethylethylamine	10595-95-6	No Code
Chlorpropham	101-21-3	81322+	N-Nitrosomethylphenylamine	614-00-6	No Code
Chlorothalonil [Daconil (C8Cl4N2)]	1897-45-6	51140+	N-Nitrosomorpholine [Morpholine, 4-nitroso-]	59-89-2	73617+
1-Chloronaphthalene	90-13-1	No Code	N-Nitrosopiperidine [1-Nitrosopiperidine]	100-75-4	73619+
3-Chloronitrobenzene	121-73-3	No Code	N-Nitrosopyrrolidine	930-55-2	78206+
4-Chloro-1,2-phenylenediamine	95-83-0	No Code	*trans*-Nonachlor [Chlordane - Nonachlor, Trans]	39765-80-5	39071+
4-Chloro-1,3-phenylenediamine	5131-60-2	No Code	Norflurazon	27314-13-2	51151+
2-Chlorobiphenyl	2051-60-7	No Code	2,2',3,3',4,5',6,6'-Octachlorobiphenyl	40186-71-8	No Code
Chlorpyrifos	2921-88-2	81403+	Octamethyl pyrophosphoramide	152-16-9	No Code
Coumaphos	56-72-4	81293+	4,4'-Oxydianiline	101-80-4	No Code
m+*p*-Cresol	15831-10-4	No Code	Parathion [Ethyl parathion]	56-38-2	39540+
o-Cresol [ortho-Cresol] [2-Methylphenol]	95-48-7	78395	PCB-1016 [Arochlor 1016] *	12674-11-2	34671
p-Cresidine	120-71-8	No Code	PCB-1221 [Arochlor 1221] *	11104-28-2	39488
Crotoxyphos [Ciodrin]	7700-17-6	82565+	PCB-1232 [Arochlor 1232] *	11141-16-5	39492
2-Cyclohexyl-4,6-dinitro-phenol	131-89-5	No Code	PCB-1242 [Arochlor 1242] *	53469-21-9	39496
Cyanazine	21725-46-2	04041+	PCB-1248 [Arochlor 1248] *	12672-29-6	39500
Cycloate	1134-23-2	81892+	PCB-1254 [Arochlor 1254] *	11097-69-1	39504
p-Cymene [4-Isopropyltoluene] *p*-Isopropyltoluene]	99-87-6	03908	PCB-1260 [Arochlor 1260] *	11096-82-5	39508
Dacthal [DCPA]	1861-32-1	39770+	PCB-1268 [Arochlor 1268] *	11100-14-4	51581+
4,4'-DDD *	72-54-8	39310	Pebulate	1114-71-2	49563+
4,4'-DDE *	72-55-9	39320	Pentachlorobenzene	608-93-5	77793+
4,4'-DDT *	50-29-3	39300	Pentachloronitrobenzene [PCNB]	82-68-8	49206+
Demeton-O	298-03-3	No Code	2,2',3,4',6-Pentachlorobiphenyl	68194-05-8	No Code
Demeton-S	126-75-0	No Code	Pentachloroethane	76-01-7	81501+
Diallate (*cis* or *trans*)	2303-16-4	No Code	Pentamethylbenzene	700-12-9	No Code
2,4-Diaminotoluene [2,4-Toluenediamine]	95-80-7	78888+	Perylene	198-55-0	77801+
Diazinon	333-41-5	39570	Phenacetin	62-44-2	73183+
Dibenz(a,j)acridine	224-42-0	73542+	*cis*-Permethrin	61949-76-6	No Code
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	81302+	*trans*-Permethrin	61949-77-7	No Code
Dibenzo(a,e)pyrene	192-65-4	51737+	Phenobarbital	50-06-6	No Code
Dibenzothiophene	132-65-0	No Code	Phenothiazene	92-84-2	No Code
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane [Dibromochloropropane]	96-12-8	49146	1,4-Phenylenediamine	624-18-0	No Code
3,5-Dibromo-4-hydroxybenzonitrile [Bromoxynil]	1689-84-5	51136+	1-Phenylnaphthalene	605-02-7	No Code
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-p-benzoquinone	719-22-2	No Code	2-Phenylnaphthalene	612-94-2	No Code
Dichlone	117-80-6	39150+	Phorate	298-02-2	46313+
2,3-Dichloroaniline	608-27-5	77533	Phosalone	2310-17-0	81291+
2,3-Dichlorobiphenyl	16605-91-7	No Code	Phosmet [Imidan]	732-11-6	51154+
2,6-Dichloro-4-nitroaniline [Dichloran]	99-30-9	38446+	Phosphamidon	13171-21-6	78881+
2,3-Dichloronitrobenzene	3209-22-1	No Code	Phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	77453+
1,3-Dichloro-2-propanol	96-23-1	No Code	*alpha*-Picoline [2-Methylpyridine]	109-06-8	77088+
2,6-Dichlorophenol [2,4-Dichlorophenol]	120-83-2	34601	Piperonyl sulfoxide	120-62-7	No Code
Dichlorvos [2,2-Dichlorovinyldimethyl phosphate]	62-73-7	39109	Prometon	1610-18-0	51155+
Dicrotophos	141-66-2	04310+	Prometryn	7287-19-6	51156+
Dieldrin *	60-57-1	39380	Pronamide	23950-58-5	51157+
1,2:3,4-Diepoxybutane	1464-53-5	No Code	Propachlor	1918-16-7	51158+
Di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate [Bis(2-ethylhexyl) adipate]	103-23-1	51174+	Propazine	139-40-2	51159+
Diethylstilbestrol	56-53-1	82192+	Propylthiouracil	51-52-5	No Code
Diethyl sulfate	64-67-5	No Code	Pyridine	110-86-1	77045
Dilantin [Phenytoin]	57-41-0	51744+	Resorcinol [1,3-Benzenediol]	108-46-3	77164+

EPA Method 625.1: Table 3 – Additional Extractable Analytes

Analytes noted as "*" in this table are Priority Pollutants (40 CFR part 423, appendix A).

Analyte (alternative nomenclature)	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code	Analyte	CAS Registry No.	ICIS Parameter Code
[5,5-Diphenylhydantoin]					
Dimethoate	60-51-5	46314+	Safrole	94-59-7	77545+
3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4	51769+	Simazine	122-34-9	39055+
Dimethylaminoazobenzene [p-Dimethylaminoazobenzene]	60-11-7	73179+	Simetryn	1014-70-6	No Code
7,12-Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	57-97-6	No Code	Squalene	7683-64-9	No Code
3,3'-Dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7	51647+	Stirofos [Tetrachlorvinphos]	22248-79-9	38686
N,N-Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	77110+	Strychnine	57-24-9	No Code
3,6-Dimethylphenathrene	1576-67-6	No Code	Styrene	100-42-5	81708
alpha, alpha-Dimethylphenethylamine	122-09-8	No Code	Sulfallate	95-06-7	No Code
Dimethyl sulfone	67-71-0	No Code	Tebuthiuron	34014-18-1	51160+
1,2-Dinitrobenzene	528-29-0	No Code	Terbacil	5902-51-2	30234+
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	99-65-0	45622+	Terbufos	13071-79-9	51462+
1,4-Dinitrobenzene	100-25-4	No Code	Terbutryn	886-50-0	51162+
Dinocap	39300-45-3	No Code	*alpha*-Terpineol	98-55-5	77493
Dinoseb [Dinitrobutyl phenol] [2-sec-Butyl-4,6-dinitrophenol]	88-85-7	30191+	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	95-94-3	77734+
Diphenylamine	122-39-4	77579+	2,2',4,4'-Tetrachlorobiphenyl	2437-79-8	No Code
Diphenyl ether	101-84-8	No Code	2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-*p*-dioxin [Dioxin] [TCDD]	1746-01-6	34675
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	34346	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	58-90-2	77770
Diphenamid	957-51-7	78004+	Tetrachlorvinphos	22248-79-9	38686+
Diphenyldisulfide	882-33-7	No Code	Tetraethyl dithiopyrophosphate [Sulfotepp]	3689-24-5	82201+
Disulfoton	298-04-4	39010	Tetraethyl pyrophosphate [TEPP]	107-49-3	39620+
Disulfoton sulfoxide	2497-07-6	No Code	Thianaphthene [2,3-Benzothiophene]	95-15-8	No Code
Disulfoton sulfone	2497-06-5	No Code	Thioacetamide	62-55-5	No Code
Endosulfan I *	959-98-8	34361	Thionazin	297-97-2	51381+
Endosulfan II *	33213-65-9	34356	Thiophenol [Benzenethiol]	108-98-5	No Code
Endosulfan sulfate *	1031-07-8	34351	Thioxanthone	492-22-8	No Code
Endrin *	72-20-8	39390	Toluene-1,3-diisocyanate	26471-62-5	No Code
Endrin aldehyde *	7421-93-4	34366	Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate	584-84-9	78144+
Endrin ketone, in water *	53494-70-5	78008	*o*-Toluidine	95-53-4	77142
EPN	2104-64-5	81290+	Toxaphene *	8001-35-2	39400
EPTC [Eradicane] [S-Ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate]	759-94-4	81894+	Triadimefon, organic pesticide	43121-43-3	51163+
Ethion	563-12-2	39398+	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	87-61-6	77613+
Ethoprop	13194-48-4	81758+	2,4,5-Trichlorobiphenyl	15862-07-4	No Code
Ethyl carbamate	51-79-6	No Code	2,3,6-Trichlorophenol	933-75-5	No Code
Ethyl methanesulfonate	62-50-0	73184+	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	77687
Ethylene thiourea	96-45-7	38928+	Tricyclazole	41814-78-2	No Code
Etridiazole	2593-15-9	No Code	Trifluralin	1582-09-8	39030+
Ethynylestradiol-3-methyl ether	72-33-3	No Code	1,2,3-Trimethoxybenzene	634-36-6	No Code
Famphur	52-85-7	38462+	2,4,5-Trimethylaniline	137-17-7	No Code
Fenamiphos	22224-92-6	No Code	Trimethyl phosphate	512-56-1	No Code
Fenarimol	60168-88-9	51145+	Triphenylene	217-59-4	No Code
Fensulfothion	115-90-2	30004	Tripropyleneglycolmethyl ether	20324-33-8	No Code
Fenthion	55-38-9	30006+	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	99-35-4	73653+
Fluchloralin	33245-39-5	No Code	Tris(2,3-dibromopropyl) phosphate	126-72-7	22410+
Fluridone	59756-60-4	51588+	Tri-*p*-tolyl phosphate	78-32-0	No Code
Heptachlor *	76-44-8	39410	O,O,O-Triethyl phosphorothioate [Phosphorothioic acid, O,O,O-triethyl ester]	126-68-1	73652+
Heptachlor epoxide *	1024-57-3	39420	Trithiane	3325-33-5	No Code
2,2',3,3',4,4',6-Heptachlorobiphenyl	52663-71-5	No Code	Vernolate	1929-77-7	82200+

SECTION D. ELECTRONIC REPORTING OF DISCHARGE MONITORING REPORTS

[G.S. 143-215.1(b)]

Federal regulations require electronic submittal of all discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) and program reports. The final NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule was adopted and became effective on December 21, 2015.

NOTE: This special condition supplements or supersedes the following sections within Part II of this permit (*Standard Conditions for NPDES Permits*):

- Section B. (11.) Signatory Requirements
- Section D. (2.) Reporting
- Section D. (6.) Records Retention
- Section E. (5.) Monitoring Reports

1. Reporting Requirements [Supersedes Section D. (2.) and Section E. (5.) (a)]

The permittee shall report discharge monitoring data electronically using the NC DWR's Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR) internet application.

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month(s) shall be summarized for each month and submitted monthly electronically using eDMR. The eDMR system allows permitted facilities to enter monitoring data and submit DMRs electronically using the internet. The eDMR system may be accessed at: https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/edmr.

If a permittee is unable to use the eDMR system due to a demonstrated hardship or due to the facility being physically located in an area where less than 10 percent of the households have broadband access, then a temporary waiver from the NPDES electronic reporting requirements may be granted and discharge monitoring data may be submitted on paper DMR forms (MR 1, 1.1, 2, 3) or alternative forms approved by the Director. Duplicate signed copies shall be submitted to the following address:

NC DEQ / Division of Water Resources / Water Quality Permitting Section
ATTENTION: Central Files
1617 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617

See "How to Request a Waiver from Electronic Reporting" section below.

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month(s) shall be summarized for each month and reported via the eDMR system no later than the last calendar day of the month following the completed reporting period. Regardless of the submission method, the first DMR is due on the last day of the month following the issuance of the permit or in the case of a new facility, on the last day of the month following the commencement of discharge.

Starting on **December 21, 2025**, the permittee must electronically report the following compliance monitoring data and reports, when applicable:

- Sewer Overflow/Bypass Event Reports;
- Pretreatment Program Annual Reports; and
- Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 316(b) Annual Reports.

The permittee may seek an electronic reporting waiver from the Division (see "How to Request a Waiver from Electronic Reporting" section below).

2. Electronic Submissions

In accordance with 40 CFR 122.41(l)(9), the permittee must identify the initial recipient at the time of each electronic submission. The permittee should use the EPA's website resources to identify the initial recipient for the electronic submission.

Initial recipient of electronic NPDES information from NPDES-regulated facilities means the entity (EPA or the state authorized by EPA to implement the NPDES program) that is the designated entity for receiving electronic NPDES data [see 40 CFR 127.2(b)].

EPA plans to establish a website that will also link to the appropriate electronic reporting tool for each type of electronic submission and for each state. Instructions on how to access and use the appropriate electronic reporting tool will be available as well. Information on EPA's NPDES Electronic Reporting Rule is found at: https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2015/10/22/2015-24954/national-pollutant-discharge-elimination-system-npdes-electronic-reporting-rule

Electronic submissions must start by the dates listed in the "Reporting Requirements" section above.

3. How to Request a Waiver from Electronic Reporting

The permittee may seek a temporary electronic reporting waiver from the Division. To obtain an electronic reporting waiver, a permittee must first submit an electronic reporting waiver request to the Division. Requests for temporary electronic reporting waivers must be submitted in writing to the Division for written approval at least sixty (60) days prior to the date the facility would be required under this permit to begin submitting monitoring data and reports. The duration of a temporary waiver shall not exceed 5 years and shall thereupon expire. At such time, monitoring data and reports shall be submitted electronically to the Division unless the permittee re-applies for and is granted a new temporary electronic reporting waiver by the Division. Approved electronic reporting waivers are not transferrable. Only permittees with an approved reporting waiver request may submit monitoring data and reports on paper to the Division for the period that the approved reporting waiver request is effective.

Information on eDMR and the application for a temporary electronic reporting waiver are found on the following web page:

http://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/edmr

4. Signatory Requirements [Supplements Section B. (11.) (b) and Supersedes Section B. (11.) (d)]

All eDMRs submitted to the permit issuing authority shall be signed by a person described in Part II, Section B. (11.)(a) or by a duly authorized representative of that person as described in Part II, Section B. (11.)(b). A person, and not a position, must be delegated signatory authority for eDMR reporting purposes.

For eDMR submissions, the person signing and submitting the DMR must obtain an eDMR user account and login credentials to access the eDMR system. For more information on North

Carolina's eDMR system, registering for eDMR and obtaining an eDMR user account, please visit the following web page:

http://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/water-resources/edmr

Certification. Any person submitting an electronic DMR using the state's eDMR system shall make the following certification [40 CFR 122.22]. NO OTHER STATEMENTS OF CERTIFICATION WILL BE ACCEPTED:

"I certify, under penalty of law, that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing violations."

5. **Records Retention [Supplements Section D. (6.)]**
The permittee shall retain records of all Discharge Monitoring Reports, including eDMR submissions. These records or copies shall be maintained for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the report. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time [40 CFR 122.41].

PART II
STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS

Section A. Definitions

2/Month
Samples are collected twice per month with at least ten calendar days between sampling events. These samples shall be representative of the wastewater discharged during the sample period.

3/Week
Samples are collected three times per week on three separate calendar days. These samples shall be representative of the wastewater discharged during the sample period.

Act or "the Act"
The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, also known as the Clean Water Act (CWA), as amended, 33 USC 1251, et. seq.

Annual Average
The arithmetic mean of all "daily discharges" of a pollutant measured during the calendar year. In the case of fecal coliform, the geometric mean of such discharges.

Arithmetic Mean
The summation of the individual values divided by the number of individual values.

Bypass
The known diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility including the collection system, which is not a designed or established or operating mode for the facility.

Calendar Day
The period from midnight of one day until midnight of the next day. However, for purposes of this permit, any consecutive 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day may be used for sampling.

Calendar Week
The period from Sunday through the following Saturday.

Calendar Quarter
One of the following distinct periods: January through March, April through June, July through September, and October through December.

Composite Sample
A sample collected over a 24-hour period by continuous sampling or combining grab samples of at least 100 mL in such a manner as to result in a total sample representative of the wastewater discharge during the sample period. The Director may designate the most appropriate method (specific number and size of aliquots necessary, the time interval between grab samples, etc.) on a case-by-case basis. Samples may be collected manually or automatically. Composite samples may be obtained by the following methods:

(1) Continuous: a single, continuous sample collected over a 24-hour period proportional to the rate of flow.
(2) Constant time/variable volume: a series of grab samples collected at equal time intervals over a 24 hour period of discharge and combined proportional to the rate of flow measured at the time of individual sample collection, or
(3) Variable time/constant volume: a series of grab samples of equal volume collected over a 24 hour period with the time intervals between samples determined by a preset number of gallons passing the sampling point. Flow measurement between sample intervals shall be determined by use of a flow recorder and totalizer, and the preset gallon interval between sample collection fixed at no greater than 1/24 of the expected total daily flow at the treatment system, or
(4) Constant time/constant volume: a series of grab samples of equal volume collected over a 24-hour period at a constant time interval. Use of this method requires prior approval by the Director. This method may only be used in situations where effluent flow rates vary less than 15 percent. The following restrictions also apply:
    - Influent and effluent grab samples shall be of equal size and of no less than 100 milliliters
    - Influent samples shall not be collected more than once per hour.

- Permittees with wastewater treatment systems whose detention time < 24 hours shall collect effluent grab samples at intervals of no greater than 20 minutes apart during any 24-hour period.
- Permittees with wastewater treatment systems whose detention time exceeds 24 hours shall collect effluent grab samples at least every six hours; there must be a minimum of four samples during a 24-hour sampling period.

Continuous flow measurement
Flow monitoring that occurs without interruption throughout the operating hours of the facility. Flow shall be monitored continually except for the infrequent times when there may be no flow or for infrequent maintenance activities on the flow device.

Daily Discharge
The discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants measured in units of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day. (40 CFR 122.2; see also "Composite Sample," above.)

Daily Maximum
The highest "daily discharge" during the calendar month.

Daily Sampling
Parameters requiring daily sampling shall be sampled 5 out of every 7 days per week unless otherwise specified in the permit. Sampling shall be conducted on weekdays except where holidays or other disruptions of normal operations prevent weekday sampling. If sampling is required for all seven days of the week for any permit parameter(s), that requirement will be so noted on the Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Page(s).

DWR or "the Division"
The Division of Water Resources, Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

Effluent
Wastewater discharged following all treatment processes from a water pollution control facility or other point source whether treated or untreated.

EMC
The North Carolina Environmental Management Commission

EPA
The United States Environmental Protection Agency

Facility Closure
Cessation of all activities that require coverage under this NPDES permit. Completion of facility closure will allow this permit to be rescinded.

Geometric Mean
The Nth root of the product of the individual values where N = the number of individual values. For purposes of calculating the geometric mean, values of "0" (or "< [detection level]") shall be considered = 1.

Grab Sample
Individual samples of at least 100 mL collected over a period of time not exceeding 15 minutes. Grab samples can be collected manually. Grab samples must be representative of the discharge (or the receiving stream, for instream samples).

Hazardous Substance
Any substance designated under 40 CFR Part 116 pursuant to Section 311 of the CWA.

Instantaneous flow measurement
The flow measured during the minimum time required for the flow measuring device or method to produce a result in that instance. To the extent practical, instantaneous flow measurements coincide with the collection of any grab samples required for the same sampling period so that together the samples and flow are representative of the discharge during that sampling period.

Monthly Average (concentration limit)
The arithmetic mean of all "daily discharges" of a pollutant measured during the calendar month. In the case of fecal coliform or other bacterial parameters or indicators, the geometric mean of such discharges.

Permit Issuing Authority
The Director of the Division of Water Resources.

Quarterly Average (concentration limit)
The arithmetic mean of all samples taken over a calendar quarter.

Severe property damage
Substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage excludes economic loss caused by delays in production.

Toxic Pollutant:
Any pollutant listed as toxic under Section 307(a)(1) of the CWA.

Upset
An incident beyond the reasonable control of the Permittee causing unintentional and temporary noncompliance with permit effluent limitations and/or monitoring requirements. An upset does not include noncompliance caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

Weekly Average (concentration limit)
The arithmetic mean of all "daily discharges" of a pollutant measured during the calendar week. In the case of fecal coliform or other bacterial parameters or indicators, the geometric mean of such discharges.

Section B. General Conditions

l. Duty to Comply
The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the CWA and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application [40 CFR 122.41].

a. The Permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the CWA for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under section 405(d) of the CWA within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

b. The CWA provides that any person who violates section[s] 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any such sections in a permit issued under section 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under sections 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed $37,500 per day for each violation. [33 USC 1319(d) and 40 CFR 122.41(a)(2)]

c. The CWA provides that any person who negligently violates sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405 of the Act, or any condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under section 402(a)(3) or 402(b)(8) of the Act, is subject to criminal penalties of $2,500 to $25,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than 1 year, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a negligent violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than $50,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than 2 years, or both. [33 USC 1319(c)(1) and 40 CFR 122.41(a)(2)]

d. Any person who knowingly violates such sections, or such conditions or limitations is subject to criminal penalties of $5,000 to $50,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing violation, a person shall be subject to criminal penalties of not more than $100,000 per day of violation, or imprisonment of not more than 6 years, or both. [33 USC 1319(c)(2) and 40 CFR 122.41(a)(2)]

e. Any person who *knowingly* violates section 301, 302, 303, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of the Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of the Act, and who knows at that time that he thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than $250,000 or imprisonment of not more than 15 years, or both. In the case of a second or subsequent conviction for a knowing endangerment violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not more than $500,000 or by imprisonment of not more than 30 years, or both. An organization, as defined in section 309(c)(3)(B)(iii) of the CWA, shall, upon conviction of violating

the imminent danger provision, be subject to a fine of not more than $1,000,000 and can be fined up to $2,000,000 for second or subsequent convictions. [40 CFR 122.41(a)(2)]

f. Under state law, a civil penalty of not more than $25,000 per violation may be assessed against any person who violates or fails to act in accordance with the terms, conditions, or requirements of a permit. [North Carolina General Statutes § 143-215.6A]

g. Any person may be assessed an administrative penalty by the Administrator for violating section 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318 or 405 of this Act, or any permit condition or limitation implementing any of such sections in a permit issued under section 402 of this Act. Administrative penalties for Class I violations are not to exceed $16,000 per violation, with the maximum amount of any Class I penalty assessed not to exceed $37,500. Penalties for Class II violations are not to exceed $16,000 per day for each day during which the violation continues, with the maximum amount of any Class II penalty not to exceed $177,500. [33 USC 1319(g)(2) and 40 CFR 122.41(a)(3)]

2. Duty to Mitigate
The Permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit with a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment [40 CFR 122.41(d)].

3. Civil and Criminal Liability
Except as provided in permit conditions on "Bypassing" (Part II.C.4), “Upsets” (Part II.C.5) and "Power Failures" (Part II.C.7), nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the Permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties for noncompliance pursuant to NCGS 143-215.3, 143-215.6 or Section 309 of the Federal Act, 33 USC 1319. Furthermore, the Permittee is responsible for consequential damages, such as fish kills, even though the responsibility for effective compliance may be temporarily suspended.

4. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability
Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the Permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the Permittee is or may be subject to under NCGS 143-215.75 et seq. or Section 311 of the Federal Act, 33 USG 1321. Furthermore, the Permittee is responsible for consequential damages, such as fish kills, even though the responsibility for effective compliance may be temporarily suspended.

5. Property Rights
The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State or local laws or regulations [40 CFR 122.41(g)].

6. Onshore or Offshore Construction
This permit does not authorize or approve the construction of any onshore or offshore physical structures or facilities or the undertaking of any work in any navigable waters.

7. Severability
The provisions of this permit are severable. If any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby [NCGS 150B-23].

8. Duty to Provide Information
The Permittee shall furnish to the Permit Issuing Authority, within a reasonable time, any information which the Permit Issuing Authority may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The Permittee shall also furnish to the Permit Issuing Authority upon request, copies of records required by this permit [40 CFR 122.41(h)].

9. Duty to Reapply
If the Permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the Permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit [40 CFR 122.41(b)].

10. Expiration of Permit
The Permittee is not authorized to discharge after the expiration date. In order to receive automatic authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the Permittee shall submit such information, forms, and fees as are required by the agency authorized to issue permits no later than 180 days prior to the expiration date unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Director. (The Director shall not grant permission for applications to be

submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.) [40 CFR 122.21(d)] Any Permittee that has not requested renewal at least 180 days prior to expiration, or any Permittee that does not have a permit after the expiration and has not requested renewal at least 180 days prior to expiration, will subject the Permittee to enforcement procedures as provided in NCGS 143-215.6 and 33 USC 1251 et. seq.

11. Signatory Requirements
All applications, reports, or information submitted to the Permit Issuing Authority shall be signed and certified [40 CFR 122.41(k)].

    a. All permit applications shall be signed as follows:
        (1) For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this Section, a responsible corporate officer means: (a) a president, secretary, treasurer or vice president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision making functions for the corporation, or (b) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, provided, the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures .
        (2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
        (3) For a municipality, State, Federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official [40 CFR 122.22].
    b. All reports required by the permit and other information requested by the Permit Issuing Authority shall be signed by a person described in paragraph a. above or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
        (1) The authorization is made in writing by a person described above;
        (2) The authorization specified either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or well field, superintendent, a position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.); and
        (3) The written authorization is submitted to the Permit Issuing Authority [40 CFR 122.22]
    c. Changes to authorization: If an authorization under paragraph (b) of this section is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section must be submitted to the Director prior to or together with any reports, information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative [40 CFR 122.22]
    d. Certification. Any person signing a document under paragraphs a. or b. of this section shall make the following certification [40 CFR 122.22]. NO OTHER STATEMENTS OF CERTIFICATION WILL BE ACCEPTED:

        "I certify, under penalty of law, that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing violations."

12. Permit Actions
This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition [40 CFR 122.41(f)].

13. Permit Modification, Revocation and Reissuance, or Termination
The issuance of this permit does not prohibit the permit issuing authority from reopening and modifying the permit, revoking and reissuing the permit, or terminating the permit as allowed by the laws, rules, and regulations

contained in Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 122 and 123; Title 15A of the North Carolina Administrative Code, Subchapter 02H .0100; and North Carolina General Statute 143.215.1 et. al.

14. Annual Administering and Compliance Monitoring Fee Requirements
The Permittee must pay the annual administering and compliance monitoring fee within thirty days after being billed by the Division. Failure to pay the fee in a timely manner in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .0105(b)(2) may cause this Division to initiate action to revoke the permit.

Section C. Operation and Maintenance of Pollution Controls

1. Certified Operator
Owners of classified water pollution control systems must designate operators, certified by the Water Pollution Control System Operators Certification Commission (WPCSOCC), of the appropriate type and grade for the system, and, for each classification must [T15A NCAC 08G .0201]:

   a. designate one Operator In Responsible Charge (ORC) who possesses a valid certificate of the type and grade at least equivalent to the type and grade of the system;

   b. designate one or more Back-up Operator(s) in Responsible Charge (Back-up ORCs) who possesses a valid certificate of the type of the system and no more than one grade less than the grade of the system, with the exception of no backup operator in responsible charge is required for systems whose minimum visitation requirements are twice per year; and

   c. submit a signed completed "Water Pollution Control System Operator Designation Form" to the Commission (or to the local health department for owners of subsurface systems) countersigned by the designated certified operators, designating the Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC) and the Back-up Operator in Responsible Charge (Back-up ORC):

      (1) 60 calendar days prior to wastewater or residuals being introduced into a new system; or

      (2) within 120 calendar days following:

         - receiving notification of a change in the classification of the system requiring the designation of a new Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC) and Back-up Operator in Responsible Charge (Back-up ORC) of the proper type and grade; or
         - a vacancy in the position of Operator in Responsible Charge (ORC) or Back-up Operator in Responsible Charge (Back-up ORC).

      (3) within seven calendar days of vacancies in both ORC and Back-up ORC positions replacing or designating at least one of the responsibilities.

   The ORC of each Class I facility (or the Back-up ORC, when acting as surrogate for the ORC) must:

   - Visit the facility as often as is necessary to insure proper operation of the treatment system; the treatment facility must be visited at least weekly
   - Comply with all other conditions of 15A NCAC 08G .0204.

   The ORC of each Class II, III and IV facility (or the Back-up ORC, when acting as surrogate for the ORC) must:

   - Visit the facility as often as is necessary to insure proper operation of the treatment system; the treatment facility must be visited at least five days per week, excluding holidays
   - Properly manage and document daily operation and maintenance of the facility
   - Comply with all other conditions of 15A NCAC 08G .0204.

2. Proper Operation and Maintenance
The Permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the Permittee to install and operate backup or auxiliary facilities only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit [40 CFR 122.41(e)].

   NOTE: Properly and officially designated operators are fully responsible for all proper operation and maintenance of the facility, and all documentation required thereof, whether acting as a contract operator [subcontractor] or a member of the Permittee's staff.

3. Need to Halt or Reduce not a Defense
   It shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the condition of this permit [40 CFR 122.41(c)].

4. Bypassing of Treatment Facilities
   a. Bypass not exceeding limitations [40 CFR 122.41(m)(2)]

      The Permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of Paragraphs b. and c. of this section.

   b. Notice [40 CFR 122.41(m)(3)]
      (1) Anticipated bypass. If the Permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass; including an evaluation of the anticipated quality and effect of the bypass.
      (2) Unanticipated bypass. The Permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Part II.E.6. (24-hour notice).

   c. Prohibition of Bypass
      (1) Bypass from the treatment facility is prohibited and the Permit Issuing Authority may take enforcement action against a Permittee for bypass, unless:
         (A) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or severe property damage;
         (B) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate backup equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
         (C) The Permittee submitted notices as required under Paragraph b. of this section.
      (2) Bypass from the collection system is prohibited and the Permit Issuing Authority may take enforcement action against a Permittee for a bypass as provided in any current or future system-wide collection system permit associated with the treatment facility.
      (3) The Permit Issuing Authority may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Permit Issuing Authority determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in Paragraph c. (1) of this section.

5. Upsets
   a. Effect of an upset [40 CFR 122.41(n)(2)]: An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of paragraph b. of this condition are met. No determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is final administrative action subject to judicial review.
   b. Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset: Any Permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
      (1) An upset occurred and that the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
      (2) The Permittee facility was at the time being properly operated; and
      (3) The Permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Part II.E.6.(b) of this permit.
      (4) The Permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Part II.B.2. of this permit.
   c. Burden of proof [40 CFR 122.41(n)(4)]: The Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof in any enforcement proceeding.

6. Removed Substances
   Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or control of wastewaters shall be utilized/disposed of in accordance with NCGS 143-215.1 and in a manner such as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering waters of the State or navigable waters of the United States except as permitted by the Commission. The Permittee shall comply with all applicable state and Federal regulations governing the disposal of sewage sludge, including 40 CFR 503, Standards for the Use and Disposal of Sewage Sludge; 40 CFR Part 258, Criteria For Municipal Solid Waste Landfills; and 15A NCAC Subchapter 2T, Waste Not Discharged To

Surface Waters. The Permittee shall notify the Permit Issuing Authority of any significant change in its sludge use or disposal practices.

7. Power Failures
The Permittee is responsible for maintaining adequate safeguards (as required by 15A NCAC 02H .0124) to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failures either by means of alternate power sources, standby generators or retention of inadequately treated effluent.

Section D. Monitoring and Records

1. Representative Sampling
Samples collected and measurements taken, as required herein, shall be representative of the permitted discharge. Samples collected at a frequency less than daily shall be taken on a day and time that is representative of the discharge for the period the sample represents. All samples shall be taken at the monitoring points specified in this permit and, unless otherwise specified, before the effluent joins or is diluted by any other wastestream, body of water, or substance. Monitoring points shall not be changed without notification to and the approval of the Permit Issuing Authority [40 CFR 122.41(j)].

2. Reporting
Monitoring results obtained during the previous month(s) shall be summarized for each month and reported on a monthly Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) Form (MR 1, 1.1, 2, 3) or alternative forms approved by the Director, postmarked no later than the last calendar day of the month following the completed reporting period.

The first DMR is due on the last day of the month following the issuance of the permit or in the case of a new facility, on the last day of the month following the commencement of discharge. Duplicate signed copies of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be submitted to the following address:

NC DENR / Division of Water Resources / Water Quality Permitting Section
ATTENTION: Central Files
1617 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617

3. Flow Measurements
Appropriate flow measurement devices and methods consistent with accepted scientific practices shall be selected and used to ensure the accuracy and reliability of measurements of the volume of monitored discharges. The devices shall be installed, calibrated and maintained to ensure that the accuracy of the measurements is consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device. Devices selected shall be capable of measuring flows with a maximum deviation of less than 10% from the true discharge rates throughout the range of expected discharge volumes. Flow measurement devices shall be accurately calibrated at a minimum of once per year and maintained to ensure that the accuracy of the measurements is consistent with the accepted capability of that type of device. The Director shall approve the flow measurement device and monitoring location prior to installation.

Once-through condenser cooling water flow monitored by pump logs, or pump hour meters as specified in Part I of this permit and based on the manufacturer's pump curves shall not be subject to this requirement.

4. Test Procedures
Laboratories used for sample analysis must be certified by the Division. Permittees should contact the Division's Laboratory Certification Section (919 733-3908 or http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/wq/lab/cert) for information regarding laboratory certifications.

Facilities whose personnel are conducting testing of field-certified parameters only must hold the appropriate field parameter laboratory certifications.

Test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall conform to the EMC regulations (published pursuant to NCGS 143-215.63 et. seq.), the Water and Air Quality Reporting Acts, and to regulations published pursuant to Section 304(g), 33 USC 1314, of the CWA (as amended), and 40 CFR 136; or in the case of sludge use or disposal, approved under 40 CFR 136, unless otherwise specified in 40 CFR 503, unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit [40 CFR 122.41].

To meet the intent of the monitoring required by this permit, all test procedures must produce minimum detection and reporting levels that are below the permit discharge requirements and all data generated must be reported down to the minimum detection or lower reporting level of the procedure. If no approved methods are determined

capable of achieving minimum detection and reporting levels below permit discharge requirements, then the most sensitive (method with the lowest possible detection and reporting level) approved method must be used.

5. Penalties for Tampering
The CWA provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate, any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than $10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years per violation, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this paragraph, punishment is a fine of not more than $20,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than 4 years, or both [40 CFR 122.41].

6. Records Retention
Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the Permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five years (or longer as required by 40 CFR 503), the Permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including:

- all calibration and maintenance records
- all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation
- copies of all reports required by this permit
- copies of all data used to complete the application for this permit

These records or copies shall be maintained for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Director at any time [40 CFR 122.41].

7. Recording Results
For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the Permittee shall record the following information [40 CFR 122.41]:

a. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
b. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
c. The date(s) analyses were performed;
d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
e. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
f. The results of such analyses.

8. Inspection and Entry
The Permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative (including an authorized contractor acting as a representative of the Director), upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to;

a. Enter, at reasonable times, upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the CWA, any substances or parameters at any location [40 CFR 122.41(i)].

Section E Reporting Requirements

l. Change in Discharge
All discharges authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit. The discharge of any pollutant identified in this permit more frequently than or at a level in excess of that authorized shall constitute a violation of the permit.

2. Planned Changes
The Permittee shall give notice to the Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility [40 CFR 122.41(l)]. Notice is required only when:

a. The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for new sources at 40 CFR 122.29(b); or

b. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements under 40 CFR 122.42(a)(1); or

c. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the Permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.

3. Anticipated Noncompliance
The Permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes to the permitted facility or other activities that might result in noncompliance with the permit [40 CFR 122.41(l)(2)].

4. Transfers
This permit is not transferable to any person without prior written notice to and approval from the Director in accordance with 40 CFR 122.61. The Director may condition approval in accordance with NCGS 143-215.1, in particular NCGS 143-215.1(b)(4)b.2., and may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit, or a minor modification, to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the CWA [40 CFR 122.41(l)(3), 122.61] or state statute.

5. Monitoring Reports
Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified elsewhere in this permit [40 CFR 122.41(l)(4)].

a. Monitoring results must be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) (See Part II.D.2) or forms provided by the Director for reporting results of monitoring of sludge use or disposal practices.

b. If the Permittee monitors any pollutant more frequently than required by this permit using test procedures approved under 40 CFR Part 136 and at a sampling location specified in this permit or other appropriate instrument governing the discharge, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted on the DMR.

6. Twenty-four Hour Reporting

a. The Permittee shall report to the Director or the appropriate Regional Office any noncompliance that potentially threatens public health or the environment. Any information shall be provided orally within 24 hours from the time the Permittee became aware of the circumstances. A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance, and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance [40 CFR 122.41(l)(6)].

b. The Director may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports under this section if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

c. Occurrences outside normal business hours may also be reported to the Division's Emergency Response personnel at (800) 662-7956, (800) 858-0368 or (919) 733-3300.

7. Other Noncompliance
The Permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under Part II.E.5 and 6. of this permit at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in Part II.E.6. of this permit [40 CFR 122.41(l)(7)].

8. Other Information
Where the Permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information [40 CFR 122.41(l)(8)].

9. Noncompliance Notification
The Permittee shall report by telephone to either the central office or the appropriate regional office of the Division as soon as possible, but in no case more than 24 hours or on the next working day following the occurrence or first knowledge of the occurrence of any of the following:

a. Any occurrence at the water pollution control facility which results in the discharge of significant amounts of wastes which are abnormal in quantity or characteristic, such as the dumping of the contents of a sludge digester; the known passage of a slug of hazardous substance through the facility; or any other unusual circumstances.

b. Any process unit failure, due to known or unknown reasons, that render the facility incapable of adequate wastewater treatment such as mechanical or electrical failures of pumps, aerators, compressors, etc.

c. Any failure of a pumping station, sewer line, or treatment facility resulting in a by-pass without treatment of all or any portion of the influent to such station or facility.

Persons reporting such occurrences by telephone shall also file a written report within 5 days following first knowledge of the occurrence. Also see reporting requirements for municipalities in Part IV.C.2.c. of this permit.

10. Availability of Reports
Except for data determined to be confidential under NCGS 143-215.3 (a)(2) or Section 308 of the Federal Act, 33 USC 1318, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Division. As required by the Act, effluent data shall not be considered confidential. Knowingly making any false statement on any such report may result in the imposition of criminal penalties as provided for in NCGS 143-215.1(b)(2) or in Section 309 of the Federal Act.

11. Penalties for Falsification of Reports
The CWA provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than $25,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two years per violation, or by both [40 CFR 122.41].

12. Annual Performance Reports
Permittees who own or operate facilities that primarily collect or treat municipal or domestic wastewater and have an average annual flow greater than 200,000 gallons per day shall provide an annual report to the Permit Issuing Authority and to the users/customers served by the Permittee (NCGS 143-215.1C). The report shall summarize the performance of the collection or treatment system, as well as the extent to which the facility was compliant with applicable Federal or State laws, regulations and rules pertaining to water quality. The report shall be provided no later than sixty days after the end of the calendar or fiscal year, depending upon which annual period is used for evaluation.

The report shall be sent to:

NC DENR / Division of Water Resources / Water Quality Permitting Section
ATTENTION: Central Files
1617 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1617

PART III
OTHER REQUIREMENTS

Section A. Construction

a. The Permittee shall not commence construction of wastewater treatment facilities, nor add to the plant's treatment capacity, nor change the treatment process(es) utilized at the treatment plant unless (1) the Division has issued an Authorization to Construct (AtC) permit or (2) the Permittee is exempted from such AtC permit requirements under Item b. of this Section.

b. In accordance with NCGS 143-215.1(a5) [SL 2011-394], no permit shall be required to enter into a contract for the construction, installation, or alteration of any treatment work or disposal system or to construct, install, or alter any treatment works or disposal system within the State when the system's or work's principle function is to conduct, treat, equalize, neutralize, stabilize, recycle, or dispose of industrial waste or sewage from an industrial facility and the discharge of the industrial waste or sewage is authorized under a permit issued for the discharge of the industrial waste or sewage into the waters of the State. Notwithstanding the above, the permit issued for the discharge may be modified if required by federal regulation.

c. Issuance of an AtC will not occur until Final Plans and Specifications for the proposed construction have been submitted by the Permittee and approved by the Division.

Section B. Groundwater Monitoring

The Permittee shall, upon written notice from the Director, conduct groundwater monitoring as may be required to determine the compliance of this NPDES permitted facility with the current groundwater standards.

Section C. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances

The Permittee shall notify the Permit Issuing Authority as soon as it knows or has reason to believe (40 CFR 122.42):

a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels";
   (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 µg/L);
   (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 µg/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
   (3) Five times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application.

b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels";
   (1) Five hundred micrograms per liter (500 µg/L);
   (2) One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
   (3) Ten times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application.

Section D. Facility Closure Requirements

The Permittee must notify the Division at least 90 days prior to the closure of any wastewater treatment system covered by this permit. The Division may require specific measures during deactivation of the system to prevent adverse impacts to waters of the State. This permit cannot be rescinded while any activities requiring this permit continue at the permitted facility.